

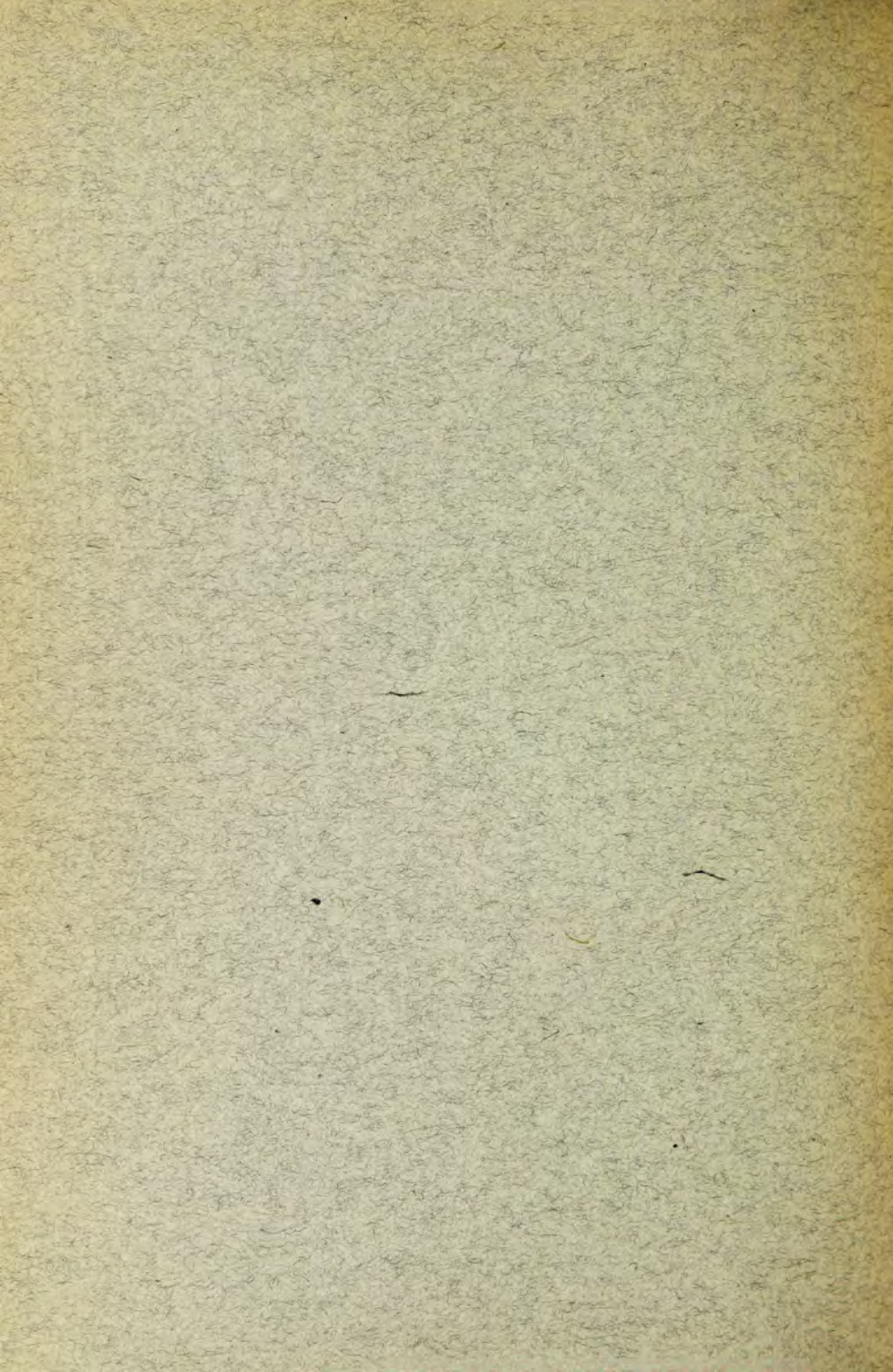
# OFFICIAL PUBLICATIONS OF CORNELL UNIVERSITY

VOLUME VI

NUMBER 12

## ANNOUNCEMENT OF THE COLLEGE OF LAW 1915-16

JUNE 1, 1915  
PUBLISHED BY CORNELL UNIVERSITY  
ITHACA, NEW YORK



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## CALENDAR OF THE COLLEGE OF LAW

1915-16

### FIRST TERM

Sept. 17,	Friday,	Entrance examinations begin.	
Sept. 27,	Monday,	{ Examination of candidates for advanced standing and for removal of conditions begins. University scholarship examinations begin. Registration of new students.	
Sept. 28,	Tuesday,		Registration of new students.
Sept. 29,	Wednesday,	Registration of old students.	
Sept. 30,	Thursday,	{ Instruction begins.	
		{ The President's annual address to all students, 12 M.	
Nov.		Thanksgiving recess.	
Dec. 22,	Wednesday,	Instruction ends.	} Christmas recess.
Jan. 5,	Wednesday,	Instruction resumed.	
Jan. 11,	Tuesday,	Founder's Day.	
Jan. 31,	Monday,	Term examinations begin.	

### SECOND TERM

Feb. 12,	Saturday,	Second term begins.	Registration.
April 5,	Wednesday,	Instruction ends.	} Spring recess.
April 13,	Thursday,	Instruction resumed.	
May 27,	Saturday,	Navy Day.	
June 7,	Wednesday,	Term examinations begin.	
June 21,	Wednesday,	Commencement.	

1916-17

### FIRST TERM

Sept. 15,	Friday,	Entrance examinations begin.	
Sept. 25,	Monday,	{ Examination of candidates for advanced standing and for removal of conditions begins.	
Sept. 28,	Thursday,		Instruction begins.

# THE COLLEGE OF LAW OF CORNELL UNIVERSITY

## FACULTY OF THE COLLEGE OF LAW

JACOB GOULD SCHURMAN, A.M., D.Sc., LL.D., President.

FRANK IRVINE, B.S., LL.B., Dean of the Faculty and Professor of Practice and Procedure.<sup>1</sup>

EDWIN HAMLIN WOODRUFF, LL.B., Professor of Law; Acting Dean.

ALFRED HAYES, A.M., LL.B., Professor of Law.

CHARLES TRACEY STAGG, LL.B., Professor of Procedure and Secretary of the College.

CHARLES KELLOGG BURDICK, A.B., LL.B., Professor of Law.

GEORGE GLEASON BOGERT, A.B., LL.B., Assistant Professor of Law.

DEWITTE B. WYCKOFF, LL.B., Acting Assistant Professor of Law.

WILLIAM MACOMBER, A.B. (of the Buffalo Bar, author of "The Fixed Law of Patents"), Lecturer on the Patent Laws of the United States.

JAMES WHITE PERSONS, LL.B., (Referee in Bankruptcy, Buffalo), Lecturer on the United States Bankruptcy Act.

Judge HARRINGTON PUTNAM, A.B., LL.D., (Justice of the New York Supreme Court, Brooklyn), Lecturer on the Law of Shipping and Admiralty.

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EDWARD ECKER WILLEVER, Librarian.

## THE COLLEGE YEAR

The College year for 1915-16 begins Monday, September 27, 1915, and closes Wednesday, June 21, 1916, and is divided into two terms with an intermission of about two weeks at Christmas and a brief recess at the middle of the second term. Students should present themselves promptly for registration on the dates fixed for that purpose in the calendar. Permits for late registration will be granted only for the most urgent reasons.

## COURSES OF INSTRUCTION

The preparation afforded by high schools and academies is generally not an adequate foundation for professional study. This has been shown by experience and is now recognized by those most interested in legal education. The College of Law therefore offers two courses of instruction, one extending through four years and the other through three years. Both courses include the same law subjects, and both are designed to afford a thorough training in the principles of Anglo-American law, in both the substantive law and the law of procedure.

**Four Year Course.** The four year course is designed primarily for those students who have only the preparation afforded by high schools and preparatory schools. The first year of this course consists almost entirely of studies pursued in the College of Arts and Sciences. It includes a single law subject, torts. Of the subjects in Arts and Sciences three are prescribed, the remainder are elected by the student, but his election must be made with the advice and consent of the

<sup>1</sup>Leave of absence, first term 1915-16, but gives course 37a.

Dean of the College of Law. A year of carefully selected college work is thus afforded preliminary to professional study.

**Three Year Course.** The three year course is designed for college graduates or for those who have completed at least one year of college work. It includes only law subjects, with a limited opportunity after the first year for electing subjects in Arts and Sciences.

**Six Year Combined Course.** Attention is called to the six year combined course in Arts and Sciences, and Law. Although ordinarily seven years are required in order to obtain both degrees, A.B. and LL.B., yet a student may obtain both degrees in six years. Under the regulations of the College of Arts and Sciences a qualified senior may take all of his work in the College of Law, receiving the degree of A.B. at the end of the year, and at the same time completing the work of the first year of the three year law course in the College of Law; by two additional years of residence in the College of Law, he will be able to satisfy the requirements for the degree LL.B.

## ADMISSION TO THE COLLEGE OF LAW

Every applicant for admission to Cornell University must file at the Registrar's Office either a certificate of his good moral character, or in case he has previously attended some other college or University without graduating from it, a certificate of his honorable dismissal from that institution.

Applications for admission to the College of Law are entertained from the following four classes.

1. Persons who desire to begin as freshmen the four year course leading to the degree LL.B.
2. Persons who desire to begin the first year of the three year course leading to the degree LL.B.
3. Students who desire to be admitted with advanced standing.
4. Persons who desire to register as special students not candidates for the degree LL.B.

The conditions for the admission of these four classes are separately described herein.

All applicants should enter at the beginning of the academic year, and those who enter the three year law course are received only at that time. Applicants for admission to the four year course may, however, be admitted at the beginning of the second term of the first year; but such applicants will be required to attend the sessions of the Summer School during the two succeeding summers, in order to obtain credit for the amount of work in Arts and Sciences which is included in the four year law course. In this way a student who enters at the beginning of the second term will be able to graduate with the class which entered at the beginning of the first term of that year. Applicants who desire admission at the beginning of the second term must file their certificates and credentials with the Registrar of the University not later than January 15.

Applicants for admission expecting to take the New York Bar Examinations should, unless they have received the A.B. or equivalent degree, procure, at the beginning of their course, from the Department of Education at Albany a Regents' Law Student Certificate and file it with the clerk of the Court of Appeals. This,

except in the case of special students, is not a prerequisite to admission to the College, but is, under the rules of the Court of Appeals, a prerequisite to the counting of time spent in the study of law in preparation for the bar examinations. The rules governing the subject of admission to the New York Bar, with dates of holding bar examinations, may be obtained on application to F. M. Danaher, Secretary of the Board, 41-42 Bensen Building, Albany, New York.

Students expecting to take the bar examinations in other states should inform themselves concerning the preliminary educational requirements of their several states and should secure the necessary evidence that those requirements are satisfied.

### 1. THE FOUR YEAR COURSE

Applicants for admission to the four year course must be at least seventeen years of age, and must offer A, B, or C, as below.

A. Fifteen entrance units arranged as follows: English 3, history 1, elementary algebra 1, plane geometry 1, foreign languages 3, elective 6. The term unit signifies the equivalent of five prepared recitations a week for one year in a study or 120 sixty minute hours. Two hours of laboratory work is reckoned as equivalent to one hour of prepared recitation. All three of the above units in foreign languages must be in one foreign language, but a student who lacks one of the three units in a foreign language and presents fifteen permitted entrance units, will be allowed to enter upon condition of making up his deficiency in the third unit in a foreign language prior to the beginning of his second year; and if this deficiency be made up by taking the work for the third unit in the University, the credit thus received will also be accepted and counted as part of the work required to be taken in the College of Arts and Sciences by first year students in the four year law course. Any number of elective units in a second language will be accepted. If the applicant offers at least two units in a second language any number of units in a third language will be accepted. The A requirements for admission to the College of Law may be satisfied in any one of the following ways:

1. By passing the required Cornell University Entrance examination.
2. By passing the College Entrance Examination Board examinations in the required subjects.
3. By passing the necessary Regents' examinations (for students who have prepared in New York State).
4. By presenting an acceptable school certificate.

The subjects and the maximum and minimum amounts of credit in each that may be offered for admission to the College of Law are:

1a. English A . . . . .	2 units	4c. Third Year German . . . . .	1 unit
1b. English B . . . . .	1 unit	5a. First Year French . . . . .	1 unit
2a. First Year Greek . . . . .	1 unit	5b. Second Year French . . . . .	1 unit
2b. Second Year Greek . . . . .	1 unit	5c. Third Year French . . . . .	1 unit
2c. Third Year Greek . . . . .	1 unit	6a. First Year Spanish . . . . .	1 unit
3a. First Year Latin . . . . .	1 unit	6b. Second Year Spanish . . . . .	1 unit
3b. Second Year Latin . . . . .	1 unit	6c. Third Year Spanish . . . . .	1 unit
3c. Third Year Latin . . . . .	1 unit	7a. First Year Italian . . . . .	1 unit
3d. Fourth Year Latin . . . . .	1 unit	7b. Second Year Italian . . . . .	1 unit
4a. First Year German . . . . .	1 unit	7c. Third Year Italian . . . . .	1 unit
4b. Second Year German . . . . .	1 unit	8a. Ancient Hist. . . . .	$\frac{1}{2}$ unit or 1 unit

8b. Modern History. $\frac{1}{2}$ unit or 1 unit	11. Chemistry . . . . . 1 unit
8c. Am. His., Civics. $\frac{1}{2}$ unit or 1 unit	12. Phys. Geog. . . . . $\frac{1}{2}$ unit or 1 unit
8d. English History. $\frac{1}{2}$ unit or 1 unit	13. Biology . . . . . 1 unit
9a. Elementary Algebra. . . . . 1 unit	14. Botany . . . . . $\frac{1}{2}$ unit or 1 unit
9b. Intermed. Algebra. . . . . $\frac{1}{2}$ unit	15. Zoology . . . . . $\frac{1}{2}$ unit or 1 unit
9c. Advanced Algebra. . . . . $\frac{1}{2}$ unit	17. Drawing . . . . . $\frac{1}{2}$ unit or 1 unit
9d. Plane Geometry. . . . . 1 unit	18. Manual Training. . . . . 1 unit
9e. Solid Geometry. . . . . $\frac{1}{2}$ unit	19. { Any High School subject or subjects not already used . . . . . $\frac{1}{2}$ unit or 1 unit
9f. Plane Trigonometry. . . . . $\frac{1}{2}$ unit	
9g. Spher. Trigonometry. . . . . $\frac{1}{2}$ unit	
10. Physics . . . . . 1 unit	

For the dates of the Cornell entrance examinations, a full statement of the requirements in each entrance subject, and the requirements governing acceptance of College Entrance Board, Regents', and preparatory school certificates, see the General Circular of Information, which may be obtained, without charge, by addressing The Secretary, Cornell University, Ithaca, New York.

B. The Arts College Entrance Diploma or the Science College Entrance Diploma issued by the Department of Education of the State of New York.

C. A diploma or certificate of graduation from a university or a college, or a certificate that the applicant has met the entrance requirements and satisfactorily completed one year of study in a university or a college of approved standing, in a general, not a professional course.

## 2. THE THREE YEAR COURSE

Applicants for admission to the three year course in the College of Law must be at least eighteen years of age and must present C as outlined above under the four year course.

## 3. ADMISSION TO ADVANCED STANDING

Applicants for admission to advanced standing in the three year course must be at least nineteen years of age; satisfy the entrance requirements for admission to that course; and pass a satisfactory examination in the work of the first year of that course. Applicants for advanced standing in the four year course must be at least eighteen years of age; satisfy the entrance requirements for admission to that course and pass a satisfactory examination in the work of the first year of the three year course. The second year of the four year course may thus be anticipated by applicants who have not had a year of college work, but who nevertheless are able at the time of admission to pass satisfactory examinations in the work of the first year of the three year course. The work of the junior and senior years must be pursued in actual residence.

Examinations for advanced standing are held at the University in 1915 on Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday, September 27, 28 and 29, as follows: Monday, 9 a. m., contract and agency; 3 p. m., torts; Tuesday, 9 a. m., criminal law; 3 p. m., property; Wednesday, 9 a. m., civil procedure. (In 1916 the examinations begin on Monday, September 25.)

#### 4. ADMISSION AS SPECIAL STUDENTS

Applicants who are twenty-one years of age may, in the discretion of the Faculty, be admitted to the College as special students not candidates for a degree, provided they present the New York Regents' Law Student Certificate or a substantial equivalent. This privilege will be granted only upon written application specifying the age of the applicant and the amount of preparatory study or of previous law study, and accompanied, if practicable, with certificates from the preparatory school, law school, or attorney under whose direction such studies have been pursued. New York students will not be admitted as special students unless they present a Regents' Law Student Certificate. Applicants are advised to correspond with the Dean of the College before presenting themselves in person. Special students may be admitted as candidates for a degree if they satisfy the entrance requirements before the beginning of their second year in the College.

#### 5. ADMISSION OF STUDENTS FROM OTHER COLLEGES OF THE UNIVERSITY

Subject to the regulations of the college in which he is registered, and of the College of Law, a student from another college of the University may elect work in the College of Law.

The provisions applying to students from the College of Arts and Sciences are: (a) seniors in good standing in the College of Arts and Sciences are allowed, with permission of the Faculty of Arts and Sciences and with the consent of the Faculty of Law in each case, to take all or any part of their work in the College of Law and count it towards graduation in both colleges. Under this provision a student may in six years satisfy the requirements for the degree of A.B., and for the degree of LL.B.; (b) by a rule of the College of Arts and Sciences, students registered in that college for the degree of Bachelor of Arts must pass at least twelve hours each term within the College of Arts and Sciences in order to secure residence credit for the term; but they may take additional hours in another college of the University. By a rule of the College of Law students from other colleges may, with the permission of the Law Faculty in each case, elect work in this college; but they are not permitted to do so before the beginning of their junior year, except upon presentation of special reasons to the Dean of the Law Faculty. Work permitted to be taken in the College of Law may be counted towards the law degree. Students from other colleges who elect work in the College of Law (except those who, in their senior year, elect the whole of the first year work in the College of Law) should, before making their election of courses, advise with the Dean of the Law Faculty as to the subjects to be elected and the order in which they should be taken.<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Advice to students from New York State. Students from the College of Arts and Sciences who intend to elect courses in the College of Law in preparation for admission to the New York Bar, should not pursue work in the College of Law until the beginning of their senior year; and then should elect the whole of the prescribed work of the first year of the three year law course. Otherwise their law credits cannot be counted toward the time certificate required for admission to the bar. The Board of Law Examiners will not accept the time certificate for any year of study in a law school unless the student has followed, during that year, the work required for that year by the curriculum of the law school which issues the certificate.

## THE FOUR YEAR COURSE

### First or Freshman Year

2. **Torts (including Master and Servant).** Three hours. Wigmore's Cases on Torts. 2 vols.; Huffcut's Cases on Agency (2d ed.). Professor HAYES.

This elementary treatment of the general principles of tort liability, a basic subject in law, serves to introduce the student to legal terminology and reasoning. The essentials of the important wrongs not arising out of contract are studied. The latter part of the course consists of an examination of the relationship of master and servant, including statutory modifications of the master's liability, and Workmen's Compensation Acts.

**Elementary Economics.** (Political Science 51). Three hours. Assistant Professors BLAKEY and USHER, Dr. SMITH and Mr. GILMAN.

An introduction to economics including a survey of business organization and corporation finance; principles of value, money, banking, and prices; international trade; free trade and protection; wages and labor conditions; the control of railroads and trusts; socialism; principles and problems of taxation.

**English History to 1509.** (History 31). First term. Three hours. Professor LUNT.

An outline of political, constitutional, economic, and social history, intended as an introductory course.

**English Constitutional History to the Sixteenth Century.** (History 33). Second term. Three hours. Prerequisite, History 31. Professor LUNT.

A study of the formation and growth of English institutions, designed to be particularly useful to those who intend to study law.

**Electives.** Subjects in the College of Arts and Sciences. Six or seven hours each term. All electives are subject to the approval of the Dean of the College of Law. For a statement of the courses from which selections may be made, see the Announcement of the College of Arts and Sciences, which may be obtained gratis by addressing the Secretary of the University.

### Second or Sophomore Year

1a. **Contract.** Four hours until the Spring recess. Huffcut's Anson on Contract (2d Am. ed.); Huffcut and Woodruff's Cases on Contract (3d ed.). Professor WOODRUFF.

[Courses 1a and 1b constitute a continuous course and registration must be for the entire year.]

The principles controlling the formation, operation, and termination of the contractual obligation, and the legal consequences of breach of contract are discussed in detail. The subject is fundamental and is a necessary preliminary to various subjects which involve special applications of contract law and are separately treated later in the law course. The study of the application of equitable remedies to breach of contract is embodied in the course in equity.

1b. **Agency.** Four hours from the Spring recess. Huffcut's Cases on Agency (2d ed.). Professor WOODRUFF.

Contracts created not solely by the action of the contracting party himself, but formed by him through a representative, constitute the particular subject matter of the course. The creation and termination of the relation of agency, and the rights and duties of the principal the agent, and the other party to the contract, in respect to one another, are discussed. Those cases where a representative does a mechanical act, as distinguished from making a contract or representation, are treated under the topic master and servant in the course in torts.

3. **Criminal Law and Procedure.** First term. Four hours. Mikell's Cases on Criminal Law. Professor BURDICK.

A study of the criminal law, both common and statutory, including the historical development of this branch of the law as well as the analysis of the necessary elements of crimes, and the consideration of the principal classes of crimes. This study is supplemented by instruction in criminal procedure.

4. **Property I.** Three hours. Finch's Selected Cases on the Law of Property in Land (2d ed.). Assistant Professor BOGERT.

This course treats of the distinctions between real and personal property and defines real property by considering what are the constituents and incidents of land; deals with estates in land from the point of view of quantity, discussing the fee, life estate, estate for years and lesser interests; continues with the subjects of the use and profits of land, incorporeal interests in land, joint ownership of land, the acquisition of title to land by adverse possession, and the descent and distribution of real and personal property in cases of intestacy.

5. **Civil Procedure.** Second term. Four hours. Professor IRVINE.

The course is introduced by lectures on the relation of procedure to substantive law, the development of the reformed procedure, and the organization and jurisdiction of courts, State and Federal. These lectures are followed by the study of the principles of common law pleading, and of portions of the first five chapters of the New York Code of Civil Procedure and selected cases on topics included therein.

6. **Brief Making.** One hour. Professor STAGG.

A course dealing with the various classes of law books, their purposes, and uses, with instruction in the finding and collating of authorities and the preparation of briefs. Library work in finding cases and preparing briefs. Registration must be for the entire year.

**Electives.** Subjects in Arts and Sciences. Three to six hours each term. All electives are subject to the approval of the Dean of the College of Law.

### Third or Junior Year

20. **Property II.** First term. One hour. Selected cases and collateral reading. Assistant Professor BOGERT.

The more common kinds of personal property are here considered in connection with the transactions concerning them (except sale) which most frequently occur. Bailments, gifts, and liens are discussed and the peculiar incidents of copyright and trademark property are treated.

20a. **Sales.** First term. Three hours. Bogert's Sale of Goods. Case book to be announced. Assistant Professor BOGERT.

This course comprises the formation of the contract of sale of personal property, the respective rights and duties of buyer and seller regarding the performance of this contract, the origin and incidents of warranties regarding the goods sold, and the remedies open to buyer and seller, respectively, in the various contingencies incidental to sales of goods.

**21. Partnership.** Second term. Two hours. F. M. Burdick's Cases on Partnership. Professor BURDICK.

A consideration of the law of partnership in its various aspects, including limited partnership and the related subject of joint stock companies.

**22. Probate Law.** First term. Three hours. Selected cases and statutes. Professor STAGG.

Includes a discussion of the right to dispose of property by will and the nature of the modern testamentary instrument; a detailed study of the law's formalities for the due execution and revocation of a will and of the various classes of legacies and devises; also an examination of the nature, jurisdiction, and procedure of probate courts in their relation to the administration of decedents' estates.

**23. Equity Jurisdiction.** Three hours. Ames's Cases in Equity Jurisdiction, 2 vols. Professor HAYES.

The aim of this course is to present the origin and development of chancery jurisdiction as modified by the American courts, and especially to show the availability and remedial value of the great principles of equity. The simpler bills such as interpleader, bills of peace, and those for reformation or rescission are first considered. A study is made of specific performance and of the preventive power of the court by injunction.

**24. Insurance.** Second term. Two hours. Woodruff's Cases on Insurance. Professor WOODRUFF.

The special subject matter treated is the insurance contract, and the peculiar applications of the principles of contract, agency, evidence, and equity to this species of contractual obligation. The contracts of fire and life insurance are selected for detailed study; statutory provisions affecting insurance contracts are considered; and attention is given to the main features of state control of insurance.

**25. Domestic Relations and the Law of Persons.** First term. Two hours. Woodruff's Cases on Domestic Relations and the Law of Persons (2d ed.). Professor BURDICK.

This course includes the law of parent and child; guardian and ward; husband and wife, including marriage and divorce; and the legal disabilities of infants.

**26. Evidence.** Second term. Four hours. Thayer's Cases on Evidence (2d ed.); Chase's Stephen's Digest of the Law of Evidence. Professor IRVINE.

This course includes in general all questions relating to evidence in both civil and criminal cases. It deals with judicial notice, presumptions, admissions, relevancy, and the rule against hearsay with its exceptions. It also covers opinion evidence, real evidence, documentary evidence, the best evidence rule, the parol evidence rule, and the examination of witnesses.

**28. Civil Procedure.** First term. Three hours. New York Code of Civil Procedure, and selected cases. Acting Assistant Professor WYCKOFF.

This course covers the subject of code pleading and kindred matters, and is based upon the New York Code of Civil Procedure, chapters 6 and 8, in connection with which many illustrative cases are used. Among the specific matters treated are counterclaims, amended and supplemental pleadings, verification of pleadings, frivolous and sham pleadings, the joinder of causes of action, and various regulations of practice.

28a. **Procedural Papers.** Second term. Two hours. Assigned statements of facts, selected cases, and statutes. Professor STAGG.

In this course, the purpose is to have the abstract rules of code pleading concretely applied by the actual preparation of various pleadings based upon assigned statements of facts. These papers are discussed in class room and in individual consultations. The course also includes the preparation of motion papers and a general examination of motion practice.

29. **Damages.** Second term. One hour. Case book to be announced. Assistant Professor BOGERT.

This course deals with the respective functions of court and jury in the fixing of damages, the kinds of damages allowed and the various elements which enter into the estimation of damages.

29a. **Theory of Law.** Second term. One hour. Professor HAYES. [Alternate years, not given in 1915-16. Not required.]

The nature and purpose of law; the several schools of jurisprudence; sources of law; the province of the written and the unwritten law; growth and adaptation of law.

This course is an elective for juniors and seniors in the College of Law, and is also open to juniors and seniors in the other colleges of the University.

**Electives.** [Not required.] Not to exceed three hours in Arts and Sciences for students whose second year work has been satisfactory.

### Fourth or Senior Year

30. **Mortgages.** Second term. Two hours. Durfee's Cases on Mortgages. Professor STAGG.

This course includes a discussion of the history and development of the modern mortgage, including equitable liens, with a detailed study of mortgage law in its present day application; it also includes an examination of the procedure for the foreclosure of the mortgage.

31. **Suretyship.** Second term. Two hours. Hening's Cases on Suretyship. Professor BURDICK.

A discussion of the law of principal and surety, arising from contract or otherwise. Among the topics principally considered are the nature of the obligation of suretyship, the guarantor's and indorser's liability, and subrogation.

32. **Private Corporations.** First term. Four hours. Canfield and Wormser's Cases on Private Corporations. Acting Assistant Professor WYCKOFF.

A discussion of all matters of importance relating to private corporations. The subject comprises the legal status, rights, powers, and duties of promoters, subscribers, corporations de facto, corporations de jure, officers, directors, stockholders and creditors. Among the topics treated are the creation, dissolu-

tion and legislative control of corporations. The powers of corporations and the doctrine of ultra vires are studied in detail.

**33. Quasi-Contracts.** First term. Two hours. Woodruff's Cases on Quasi-Contracts. Professor WOODRUFF.

This course deals with the common law remedy in those cases where one person has conferred benefits upon another, under such circumstances as would permit the latter to enrich himself unjustly if he were not compelled to respond to the extent of the money value of the benefits received by him. Some, among the various instances discussed, are cases of benefits conferred under mistake, or under constraint, or in misreliance upon an unenforceable contract, or through warrantable intervention in another's affairs.

**34. Carriers and the Law of Public Service.** Second term. Three hours. Case book to be announced. Professor BURDICK.

In this course are considered the bases of the duty of public service, and the extent of that duty, as well as what rates are legal when fixed by the company, and when fixed by the state, and what constitutes illegal discrimination. The peculiar duties and liabilities of common carriers of goods and passengers are also discussed.

**35. Negotiable Paper.** First term. Three hours. Smith and Moore's Cases on Bills and Notes. Professor BURDICK.

A discussion of the formal requisites of bills, notes, and checks, the obligations incurred by the various parties to such instruments, and the steps necessary to perfect the holder's rights. Throughout the course special attention is given to the provisions of the Uniform Negotiable Instruments Law, which has been adopted in New York and a large majority of the other states.

**36. Constitutional Law.** First term. Two hours. Hall's Cases on Constitutional Law. Professor HAYES.

The fundamental doctrines of the American constitutional system are treated. After a discussion of the general relations and powers of the federal government and the states, the great cases dealing with the power of the courts as to unconstitutional statutes are studied in their relation to fundamental rights, the due process clause, taxation, interstate commerce and the impairment of the obligation of contracts.

**37. Civil Procedure.** First term. Four hours. New York Code of Civil Procedure, Chapters 7, and 9 to 17 inclusive, with selected cases on topics included therein. Professor STAGG.

Code practice. Seniors who do not intend to take the New York Bar Examinations may omit course 37, but those availing themselves of this privilege are required to substitute course 37a together with such other elective work as will in the opinion of the Dean constitute a substantial equivalent. No time certificate for the New York Bar Examinations will be given to those who make this substitution.

**37a. Jurisdiction and Procedure of the Federal Courts.** First term. One hour. Professor IRVINE.

This course is an elective open to seniors, but is required of those seniors who, not intending to take the New York Bar Examinations, do not take course 37.

38. **Property III.** Second term. Two hours. Selected cases and collateral reading. Assistant Professor BOGERT.

Future interests in property and the rules governing their creation are here considered. Powers to dispose of property are also treated. The latter part of the course is devoted to a discussion of the essentials of conveyances of real estate, the law regarding the recording of such instruments, the drafting of deeds, and the searching of titles to real estate.

38a. **Trusts.** Second term. Two hours. Bogert's Elements of the Law of Trusts. Case book to be announced. Assistant Professor BOGERT.

This course deals with the distinctions between trusts and other similar relationships, the creation of trusts and the purposes for which they may be created, the settlor and the trust property, the trustee and the cestui que trust and their respective qualifications, powers, rights, and duties, and the extinction of the trust.

40. **Public Officers and Municipal Corporations.** Second term. Two hours. Goodnow's Cases on Officers; Beale's Cases on Municipal Corporations. Professor HAYES.

A study of the general principles of administrative law. An examination of the nature, acquisition, and termination of public office is followed by a consideration of the jurisdiction and powers of officers, the conclusiveness of administrative determinations, and the writs, such as mandamus and habeas corpus by which the public protects itself from official abuse and compels the performance of official duty. The latter part of the course is devoted to a brief study of the creation, powers, and liabilities of municipal corporations.

41. **Conflict of Laws.** Second term. Two hours. Case book to be announced. Professor STAGG.

An elective open to seniors in the College of Law. A study of the conflict of laws with special reference to the recognition and enforcement of rights which have been acquired under the laws of another state.

**Elective.** See also course 29a.

## THE THREE YEAR COURSE

### First Year

1a. Contract; 1b. Agency; 2. Torts; 3. Criminal Law and Procedure; 4. Property I; 5. Civil Procedure; 6. Brief Making.

### Second or Junior Year

Same as Third Year of the Four Year Course.

### Third or Senior Year

Same as Fourth Year of the Four Year Course.

## MATTERS APPLICABLE TO BOTH COURSES

### SPECIAL COURSES OF LECTURES BEFORE THE COLLEGE OF LAW

ATTENDANCE REQUIRED OF JUNIORS AND SENIORS

**The Patent Laws of the United States.** Twelve lectures. [1916-17]. Mr. MACOMBER.

**The Law of Shipping and Admiralty.** Six lectures. [1916-17] Judge PUTNAM.

**The Federal Bankruptcy Act.** Ten lectures. [1915-16]. Mr. PERSONS.

**Mining Law and Irrigation Law.** Ten lectures. [1915-16].

Each of the above courses is given in alternate years.

### SPECIAL LECTURES BEFORE THE COLLEGE OF LAW.

Provision is also made for several single lectures to be given from time to time by successful practitioners, upon topics of immediate interest. The schedule for 1914-15:

DON R. ALMY, A.B., LL.B., New York: The Conduct of a Jury Trial.

CHARLES A. BOSTON, LL.B., New York, Chairman of the Committee on Professional Ethics, New York County Lawyers' Association: Legal Ethics.<sup>1</sup>

HENRY W. SACKETT, A.B., New York: The Modern Lawyer's Test.

Judge IRVING G. HUBBS, LL.B., Pulaski, Justice of the New York Supreme Court: Hints to Young Practitioners.

Judge HARRY L. TAYLOR, A.B., LL.B., Buffalo, Justice of the New York Supreme Court: Criminals and Others.

Professor ROSCOE POUND, Ph.D., LL.M., Harvard University Law School: Some Procedural Reforms.

### SPECIAL COURSES OF UNIVERSITY LECTURES, 1914-15

**Justice in the Modern State.** Ten lectures. Professor ROSCOE POUND, Ph.D., LL.M., Carter Professor of General Jurisprudence in the Harvard University Law School.<sup>2</sup>

**The Signs of the Times; The Anti-trust Laws; Being President of the United States.** Four lectures. Hon. WILLIAM HOWARD TAFT, LL.D., D.C.L., Professor of Constitutional Law in the Yale University Law School.<sup>2</sup>

Many lectures by non-residents are given each year under the auspices of the University or some of its other colleges and are frequently of particular interest and value to students in the College of Law.

### ELECTIVES IN THE COLLEGE OF ARTS AND SCIENCES

In addition to the courses that law students are required to take in the College of Arts and Sciences in their first year of the four year law course, the College of Arts and Sciences offers instruction in a large number of subjects of par-

<sup>1</sup>On the Frank Irvine Foundation, established in 1913, by the Conkling chapter of Phi Delta Phi.

<sup>2</sup>On the Goldwin Smith Foundation in the College of Arts and Sciences.

ticular value to the lawyer. Courses are thus provided on international law, Roman law, canon law, and on many general and special topics in history, government and administration, economics, and public speaking. (See Announcement of the College of Arts and Sciences, which may be had without charge by addressing the Secretary of the University.) These courses are open to law students, subject to the regulations of the College of Arts and Sciences and to the prior demands of the regular schedule of professional courses in the College of Law.

### EXAMINATION AND CLASS STANDING

Examinations are held at the end of the term in the work of that term, and in September for the removal of conditions. The following grades are given upon examinations: A, excellent; B, good; C, fair; D, poor; Cond., failure to pass. AA may be given for a paper of exceptional excellence. A student failing for the first time to maintain the standard required for remaining in the college will ordinarily be permitted to return the following year and repeat the entire work of the term during which the failure occurred; but a student who fails the second time will be permanently dropped. Detailed provisions with respect to examinations and class standing are stated in the Rules for the Guidance of Law Students issued on Registration Day of the first term.

### PRACTICE DEPARTMENT<sup>1</sup>

A law school curriculum should not be confined to instruction in the principles of substantive law. The rules whereby those principles are practically administered should engage a large part of the student's attention in order that upon graduation he may be reasonably qualified to begin the actual, though not necessarily independent, practice of his profession. It is realized that a mastery of the details of practice can be acquired only as a result of years of experience. The Faculty believes, however, that it is within the power and is a part of the duty of a law school to afford adequate instruction in the principles of pleading and in the general and fundamental rules of practice. To this end several courses are offered. In the first year the student receives instruction in legal bibliography, the use of authorities, the actual finding and collating of authorities, and the preparation of briefs upon elementary subjects. This is given in the class room and by library practice. He is also instructed in the organization and jurisdiction of courts, federal as well as state, and the principles of common law pleading. The commencement of actions is then treated. In the first term of the junior year the course embraces parties to actions and the principles of code pleading. This course is followed in the second term by a course in which various pleadings and

<sup>1</sup>Rule VI of the New York State Board of Law Examiners (taking effect December 1, 1912) is in part as follows:

The Board will divide the subjects of examination into two groups, as follows: Group One Pleading and Practice and Evidence; Group Two, Substantive Law, viz.: Real Property, Contracts, Partnership, Negotiable Paper, Principal and Agent, Principal and Surety, Insurance, Bailments, Sales, Criminal Law, Torts, Wills and Administration, Equity, Corporations, Domestic Relations, Legal Ethics and the Constitution of New York State and the United States. Each applicant will be required to obtain the requisite standard in both groups and on his entire paper to entitle him to a certificate from the Board. If he obtains the required standard in either group and not on his entire paper he will receive a pass card for the group which he passes and will not be required to be re-examined therein. He will be re-examined in the group in which he failed or on the entire paper if he failed in both groups at any subsequent examination for which he is eligible and for which he gives notice as required by these rules.

other instruments are drawn by the student, based upon hypothetical statements of facts. These papers are discussed in the class room and in individual consultation with the students preparing them. In the first half of the senior year there is given a somewhat extended course in New York practice. This course is not required of students who do not expect to take the New York Bar Examinations, but students from other states are encouraged to take it, as it is believed that a specific study of actual practice in one jurisdiction is better than a general survey of rules common to a number of jurisdictions but which do not alone afford an accurate knowledge of the practice actually existing in any. A course is also given in the practice of probate courts, and in the last term of the senior year a practical course in conveyancing. In this way the student is so grounded in the principles that he should, after coming to the Bar, readily become proficient in the art of procedure.

## EQUIPMENT

**Boardman Hall.** Boardman Hall was erected for the exclusive use of the College of Law. It is a three-story structure, 202 by 58 feet, built of Cleveland sandstone with interior finish of oak. On the first floor are three lecture rooms and necessary cloak rooms. On the second floor are the offices of the several professors. On the third floor are the library rooms with accommodations for over sixty thousand volumes and three hundred readers.

**Law Library.** The library of the College of Law numbers about 47,000 volumes, to which generous additions are made yearly. It includes the library of the late Nathaniel C. Moak of Albany, N. Y., which was presented in 1893 by Mrs. A. M. Boardman and Mrs. Ellen D. Williams, as a memorial to Judge Douglass Boardman, the first dean of the College. In reports of the Federal courts, reports of the several American State jurisdictions and in English, Scotch, Irish, Canadian, Australian, and English colonial reports, the law library is practically complete to date. The Earl J. Bennett collection of Statute Law, provided for by the gift of Earl J. Bennett, LL.B., 1901, embraces about 3,200 volumes of the session laws of all the states, and is of unusual fulness and value. The library also possesses a similarly adequate collection of text books and statutes and complete sets of substantially all law periodicals in English.

**General Library.** The University Library containing about 445,000 volumes (exclusive of the number of volumes in the Law Library) and 68,000 pamphlets, is accessible to law students in the same way as to students in the other colleges.

**Gymnasium and Physical Culture.** The University gymnasium, under the direction of the Professor of Physical Culture, is open to all students in the University.

Candidates for a degree in the four year course must take during the first two years three hours of physical training a week; the first year in the Department of Military Science and Tactics and the second year either in that department or in the Department of Physical Culture as they may elect. Candidates for a degree in the three year course must take during their first year three hours a week of physical training and may elect to take it in either department. Women take all their work in the Department of Physical Culture. Drill and physical training are not required of college graduates. See the General Circular of Information, pages 29 and 30.

**Cornell Infirmary.** The infirmary, together with an endowment, was presented to the University in 1897, by Dean Sage and William H. Sage. The building, to which an addition has been erected with a capacity of sixty-two beds, is equipped with all modern appliances for the care of patients, has a staff of trained nurses, and is open to all students.

## DEGREES AND CERTIFICATES

**Degree.** The degree of Bachelor of Laws (LL.B.) is conferred upon all students who have met the entrance requirements and satisfactorily completed all the work of the curriculum. (For requirements as to admission to advanced standing, see p. 6).

**Certificate of Attendance.** Each student who has been in regular attendance upon the College, whether entitled to a degree or not, may, on application to the Faculty, receive an official certificate of attendance, which states the time of his attendance, and, if desired, the measure of his attainments. The certificate of a year's satisfactory attendance required by the Bar examiners, implies not only regular attendance upon, but also the successful completion of the prescribed course of instruction for a full year (not less than ten hours a week). Students in the four year course will therefore receive no time certificate for the first year, but will after regular attendance and on the successful completion of that course receive a time certificate for three years.

## SCHOLARSHIPS AND PRIZES

**State Scholarships.** Under the law of the State of New York the Commissioner of Education is empowered to award annually a number of free scholarships in Cornell University equal to the number of Assembly districts in the State of New York. Each scholarship entitles the holder to free tuition for four years beginning in the September immediately following the award of the scholarship. For further information, see the General Circular of Information, page 34.

**University Undergraduate Scholarships.** Eighteen University Undergraduate Scholarships, continuing for two years and of an annual value of \$200 each, are offered each year to members of the incoming freshman class. The award is made on the basis of a special competitive examination held in Ithaca in September between the period of the entrance examinations and the opening of the University. For further information see the General Circular of Information, page 35.

**Boardman Senior Law Scholarship.** A Senior Law Scholarship of the value of one hundred dollars, the gift of Judge Douglass Boardman, the first dean of the College, is awarded annually in June to the junior who has, in the judgment of the Faculty, done the best and most satisfactory work in law subjects to the end of his junior course<sup>1</sup>. It is available during the senior year and is payable in the same way as are other University undergraduate scholarships. This scholarship may be forfeited in case the Faculty is satisfied that the holder has not maintained a high standard of work, or has been guilty of any conduct unbecoming the holder of such a scholarship.

<sup>1</sup>Awarded for 1914-15 to Lorenzo Hughes Utter, Friendship, N. Y.

**Fraser Scholarships.** Two scholarships of the value of \$100 and \$50, respectively, the gift of an alumnus of the College of Law, in memory of Alexander Hugh Ross Fraser, former librarian of the College, are awarded annually about the beginning of the college year to seniors whose law course has been taken entirely in Cornell University. They are awarded to students who have most fully evidenced high qualities of mind and character by superior achievement in scholarship and by those attributes of manliness which earn the commendation of teachers and fellow students. The award is made upon recommendation of the senior class by vote from a list of members submitted by the Faculty as eligible by reason of superior scholarship.<sup>1</sup> The holder of the Boardman Scholarship is not eligible.

**University Prizes.** Various prizes in literature, declamation, debate, etc., are offered annually. For details concerning their award, the special pamphlet on prizes, to be obtained from the Secretary of the University, should be consulted.

### FEEES AND EXPENSES

**Tuition Fees.** The fee for tuition for all law students, except special students, is \$125 a year, payable in instalments of \$70 at the beginning of the first term and \$55 at the beginning of the second term. The fee for special students in law is \$150 a year, payable in instalments of \$85 at the beginning of the first term and \$65 at the beginning of the second term.

A matriculation fee of \$5 is charged all students on first entering the University. An Infirmary fee of \$3 a term, payable at the beginning of each term, is charged to all students.

A fee of \$10 to cover expenses of graduation, degree, etc. is charged to each person taking the baccalaureate degree. This fee must be paid at least ten days before Commencement.

Further and more particular information, as to fees and expenses will be found in the General Circular of Information, pp. 31-34.

**Expenses.** A student's expenses at Cornell, beyond the stated University fees and an outlay for textbooks, depends in large measure on his personal tastes and habits. In the College of Law, the books for the first year cost from \$25 to \$40. By the sale of books at the end of each year the cost of books for the ensuing year may ordinarily be entirely met. His expenses, other than those for board and room, may be estimated at the normal rate prevailing throughout that section of the country in which Ithaca is situated.

The cost of board and room furnished with heat and light varies from \$5 to \$12 a week. By the formation of clubs, students are sometimes able to reduce their expenses for board and room.

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Further information upon points not covered by this announcement may be had by addressing THE COLLEGE OF LAW, CORNELL UNIVERSITY, ITHACA, NEW YORK.

<sup>1</sup>Awarded for 1914-15 to Percy Wilson Phillips, Southampton, N. Y., and Paul Anthony Rieser, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

## CATALOGUE OF STUDENTS

1914-15

## SENIORS

Abel, DeForest Williams	Ithaca
Adair, Herbert Johnson	Portland, Ind.
Alsop, John Henry, jr.	New Franklin, Mo.
Altman, Henry, jr.	Buffalo
Binks, Albert Ernest	Cromwell, Conn.
Burke, Robert Emmett	Morristown, N. J.
Cashin, John Martin	Kingston
Coffey, Charles Patrick	Matteawan
Coiner, Beverly Hare	Tacoma, Wash.
Colie, Eldon Francis	Buffalo
Colyer, Charles Manning	Central Bridge
Corwith, Everett Palmer	Rockville Center
Crane, Francis Eugene	Dover, N. J.
Cucurullo, Frank	Brooklyn
Cuthbert, Winslow Ridge	Tuckahoe
Dodge, William Wallace	Los Angeles, Cal.
Flannery, Edward James	Addison
Gaberman, Louis Yurlic	Hartford, Conn.
Gilbert, Charles Sherwood	Burlington, Ia.
Gillerist, William Aloysius	Golden's Bridge
Goldstein, Morris, A.B.	Buffalo
Haeberle, Walter George	Niagara Falls
Hamilton, Shepard Murray	Brittan, S. Dak.
Harrington, Charles Mason	Plattsburg
Harris, Morgan King	Ithaca
Hartzberg, William Howard	Buffalo
Haskell, Albert, jr.	Cortland
Heath, John Manly	Catskill
Hoffman, Ward Nicholas	Lewiston
Holmes, Francis Relyea	Ithaca
Horwitz, Walter Milton	New York City
Hutchinson, Robert Addis	Ithaca
Inglehart, George Gifford	Watertown
Jandorf, Sydney Ralph	New York City
Johnson, William Manville	Lowville
Knapp, Theodore Albert	Saratoga Spa
Krieger, Andrew Edward	Salamanca
Leibowitz, Samuel Simon	Brooklyn
Levy, Gilbert Mintz	Brooklyn
McCredie, James David	Aurora, Ill.
MacNeill, Earl Schworm	Cohoes
Markel, John	Waterloo
Meruk, Robert Lincoln	Brooklyn
Miller, Clayton Walters	LaGrange, Ill.
Miller, Thomas Maxwell, A.B.	Canton, Ohio
Moeckel, William	New York City
Morse, Robert Virgil, M.E.	Ithaca
Mosmann, Ernest	Newark, N. J.
Munsick, Donald Bert	Maplewood, N. J.
Nebenzahl, Meyer	Far Rockaway
Nelson, John Allan	Ozone Park
Oliver, Lucile Elizabeth, A.B.	Onawa, Iowa
O'Malley, James Gerald	Olyphant, Pa.
Page, Roy Miller	Fosterdale
Phillips, Percy Wilson	Southampton

Pitkin, Alson W.  
 Rieser, Paul Anthony  
 Schatz, Nathan Arthur  
 Shimkin, Nathan  
 Shinaman, Harvey Ray  
 Stilson, James Barney  
 Taber, David Fairman, jr.  
 Torres, Allah  
 Utter, Lorenzo Hughes  
 Weisbrod, Frederick  
 Zorn, Walter George

Corinth  
 Poughkeepsie  
 Hartford, Conn.  
 Brooklyn  
 Troy  
 West Candor  
 Brooklyn  
 East Orange, N. J.  
 Friendship  
 Brooklyn  
 Brooklyn

### JUNIORS

Abelson, Arthur Isador  
 Alberger, Franklin Augustus  
 Alexander, Ivan Grant  
 Allen, Don Clinton  
 Baldwin, Garson  
 Bareford, Harold Shaw  
 Barton, Robert Govers  
 Bloodgood, Clarence Munson  
 Butler, James Norland  
 Byrne, Harry Francis  
 Crocheron, LeRoy Edge  
 Curran, Arthur Bernard  
 Curtis, Frank Reid  
 Dixon, John Edward  
 Doing, Mahlon Benjamin  
 Flegel, Clarence Hubert, B.S.  
 Foster, Donald Crofoot  
 Gardner, Braton Richardson  
 Ginsburg, Harry  
 Gwilliam, Roscoe Chambers  
 Hall, George Harold, A.B.  
 Hallock, Harold Coleman  
 Hamburg, Alexander Maxwell  
 Howe, Frank Byron, jr.  
 Inness, Joseph Kissam  
 Joy, Allan Rensalaer, jr.  
 Kelsey, Raymond Turner  
 Lamont, Wilbur Johnson  
 Lazo, Mario  
 Lent, Frank Burdett  
 Lewis, John Shanahan  
 Lunden, Walter Carl  
 McLauchlin, Russell Jaehne  
 Oppermann, William Wells  
 Orr, Ralph William  
 Plumb, Leon Alton, A.B.  
 Pouch, Harold Rainsford  
 Repp, Roscoe Conkling  
 Roth, Paul Krusa  
 Salzman, Harry Abraham  
 Schauf, Willis Adam  
 Schnackenberg, George Herman  
 Seymour, Clinton Kirby  
 Shaw, James Roger  
 Siaca, Ramón E.  
 Smith, Selby Gilbert

Utica  
 Ithaca  
 Marathon  
 Ovid  
 Rochester  
 Millville, N. J.  
 New Rochelle  
 Catskill  
 Greenwich, N. J.  
 Brooklyn  
 Hackensack, N. J.  
 Clyde  
 Brooklyn  
 Ithaca  
 Brooklyn  
 LeRoy, Ill.  
 Homer  
 Montrose, Pa.  
 Elmira  
 Ogden, Utah  
 St. Johnsville  
 Clinton Corners  
 Brooklyn  
 Saratoga Springs  
 Brooklyn  
 Portland, Ore.  
 Cleveland, Ohio  
 Catskill  
 New York City  
 Ithaca  
 Tribes Hill  
 Mount Jewett, Pa.  
 Detroit, Mich.  
 Poughkeepsie  
 Adams, Mass.  
 Macedon  
 New Brighton  
 Bolivar  
 Brooklyn  
 Newark, N. J.  
 Brooklyn  
 Cornwall  
 Saginaw, Mich.  
 Rockland Lake  
 Santurce, Porto Rico  
 Buffalo

Sovocool, Benjamin Franklin  
 Steinbrenner, Julius Frederick  
 Stenberg, Charles  
 Swift, Emmons Glazier  
 Toolan, John Edward  
 Tucker, James Barnes, A.B.  
 Van Buren, George Burnett  
 Whitman, Carroll Nunn, A.B.  
 Wilde, Byder Wellington, jr.  
 Wilson, Robert Henry, jr.

Myers  
 Niagara Falls  
 Union Hill, N. J.  
 Mayville  
 Perth Amboy, N. J.  
 Provo, Utah  
 Poughkeepsie  
 Chicago, Ill.  
 Hazleton, Pa.  
 Brooklyn

SOPHOMORES<sup>1</sup>

Abbey, Archibald Soutar  
 Abramson, Charles  
 Aierstok, Leonard Gutekunst  
 Atwood, Allen Albert  
 \*Behringer, Benjamin Francis  
 \*Bragg, Harry Graham  
 Cassady, Mark Cook  
 Clary, Francis Joseph  
 Colorado, Rafael Antonio  
 Conroy, James Joseph  
 \*Darby, Albert Morley  
 Dayton, Kenneth  
 DeBaun, Milton  
 Dye, Marvin Rood  
 Eichenbaum, Louis Lemuel  
 Ely, Harry Charles  
 Everett, Charles Raymond  
 Franklin, George Thomas  
 Frost, Warren James  
 Gargiulo, William Randolph  
 Gass, Daly Rado  
 \*Gates, Edmund Jayne, A.B.  
 \*Goertz, Herbert Arthur  
 \*Heffernan, George Paul  
 \*Hollenback, Warren  
 \*Holt, Harper Allen  
 Howell, George Blaine  
 \*Ingersoll, Frank Bostwick  
 Jayne, Lester Hand  
 Kelley, Chester Leon  
 Kimmerle, August Gabriel  
 Klauber, Henry  
 \*Knight, John Alden, jr.  
 \*Knowles, Raymond Alonzo  
 Krebs, Walter Winston  
 Lermer, Herman Bernard  
 Lewis, Alfred Henry  
 Machan, John Henry  
 Newbury, George Adelbert  
 Nicholas, Apollon John  
 Oboler, Archibald  
 \*Pickett, Walter Herdman  
 \*Reed, Eugene Barrett  
 \*Rohde, Frederick Leonard  
 \*Rosenthal, Archie Ulysses  
 \*Roth, Charles Gereson

Paso Estancia, Cuba  
 Bayonne, N. J.  
 Newark, N. J.  
 St. Cloud, Minn.  
 Paterson, N. J.  
 Baltimore, Md.  
 Hartford, Conn.  
 Seneca Falls  
 San Juan, Porto Rico  
 Albany  
 Philadelphia, Pa.  
 Winsted, Conn.  
 Haverstraw  
 Forestville  
 Jersey City, N. J.  
 Silver Springs  
 Kingston  
 Ovid  
 Newport  
 Brooklyn  
 Pittsburgh, Pa.  
 Wilkes-Barre, Pa.  
 Newark, N. J.  
 Wilkes-Barre, Pa.  
 Lock Haven, Pa.  
 Ithaca  
 Ithaca  
 Pittsburgh, Pa.  
 East Setauket  
 Rockville Center  
 Sea Cliff  
 Rosebank  
 Williamsport, Pa.  
 Niagara Falls  
 Johnstown, Pa.  
 Newark, N. J.  
 Caldwell, N. J.  
 Monticello  
 Ripley  
 New York City  
 Brooklyn  
 Brooklyn  
 Springfield, Mo.  
 Stapleton  
 St. Louis, Mo.  
 Richmond

<sup>1</sup>Students whose names are marked \* are in the first year of the three year course.

Santee, Clyde Bennett  
 Schultze, Emily Christine  
 Shelley, Leander Ivon  
 Shershevsky, Arthur Louis  
 Shultz, George Lester  
 \*Steele, Milton Hoyt  
 \*Strong, Hewlett Peters  
 Weimar, Matthew William  
 Wentz, Alfred Joseph  
 Wolford, Clayton Chester

Scatchtown  
 Brooklyn  
 Middletown  
 Hartford, Conn.  
 Skaneateles  
 Binghamton  
 Ogdensburg  
 Buffalo  
 Wilkes-Barre, Pa.  
 Ithaca

## FRESHMEN

Aungst, James Maurice  
 Bailey, Frederick Eugene  
 Bick, Henry, jr.  
 Boyce, Edward Doak  
 Braymer, George Winfield, jr.  
 Brown, George Richard  
 Carples, Bernard John Ross  
 Cherry, Lewis Williamson  
 Coira, Enrique  
 Daniels, John Alden  
 Delaney, Finan Daniel  
 DeWire, Lee Frederick  
 Dunn, George William  
 Farquhar, Roger Vereker  
 Finkelstein, Benjamin  
 Finklestein, Joseph George  
 Fisch, Hyman  
 Flannery, John Gordon, jr.  
 Foster, Jennie Martha Guthrie  
 Fulton, Albert Scidmore  
 Gilleran, William James  
 Grant, Robert Parks, jr.  
 Hertz, Walter  
 Hickman, Arthur Reynolds  
 Holt, William Stull  
 Hooton, Gordon Brooks  
 Houston, Horace King  
 Ingalsbe, Maurice Parley  
 Jennings, John Arthur  
 Kaufmann, Victor Rossman  
 Kennedy, Harold Clark  
 Kress, Walter Jay  
 Lasser, Aaron  
 Lazo, Carlos  
 Levin, Reuben  
 McCarthy, Frank Charles  
 McDonald, Gerald Malcolm  
 Mudge, Benjamin Harrison  
 Mullaney, Thomas Francis  
 Myers, Irving  
 Nazel, John Milton  
 Olney, Herbert Mason  
 Olsen, Arthur  
 Robbins, Chester May  
 Ross, Alan  
 Sanderson, Earl J.  
 Scala, Joseph

Canton, Ohio  
 Hammondsport  
 Brooklyn  
 Brooklyn  
 Granville  
 Buffalo  
 New York City  
 Little Rock, Ark.  
 Ciales, Porto Rico  
 Buffalo  
 Fairbanks, Alaska  
 Dorloo  
 East Greenbush  
 Red Bank, N. J.  
 Haverstraw  
 Albany  
 New York City  
 Beacon City  
 Portsmouth, Ohio  
 Johnstown  
 Ellenville  
 Clayton  
 Newark, N. J.  
 Kirkwood, Mo.  
 Brooklyn  
 Terre Haute, Ind.  
 Chicago, Ill.  
 Oakfield  
 Rochester  
 Far Rockaway  
 Hudson  
 Johnstown, Pa.  
 Newark, N. J.  
 New York City  
 Bennington, Vt.  
 Syracuse  
 Reynoldsville, Pa.  
 Barker  
 New York City  
 Rochester  
 Philadelphia, Pa.  
 Vernon Centre  
 South Norwalk, Conn.  
 West Harwick, Mass.  
 Brooklyn  
 Seneca Falls  
 Bayonne, N. J.

Schwartz, John Rupley  
 Smith, Jonas Milton  
 Smith, Sidney William, jr.  
 Solfleisch, Florence Madeline  
 Stalter, Charles Cooper  
 Teeter, Lowell Homer  
 Thornton, Thomas  
 Tutchings, Harvey Inkpen  
 Van Atta, Ronald Campbell  
 Yellen, Max Mandel

Poughkeepsie  
 Sharon Springs  
 Ogdensburg  
 Bogota, N. J.  
 Paterson, N. J.  
 Canton, Pa.  
 Ellenville  
 Johnstown  
 Waverly  
 Buffalo

## SPECIAL STUDENTS

Averill, Lloyd Bernard  
 Armington, Ralph Stanley  
 Donley, Raymond Pierre  
 Gantz, Joseph Milton  
 Vigorito, Thomas Francis

Worcester, Mass.  
 Brooklyn  
 Seneca Falls  
 Wilkes-Barre, Pa.  
 Paterson, N. J.

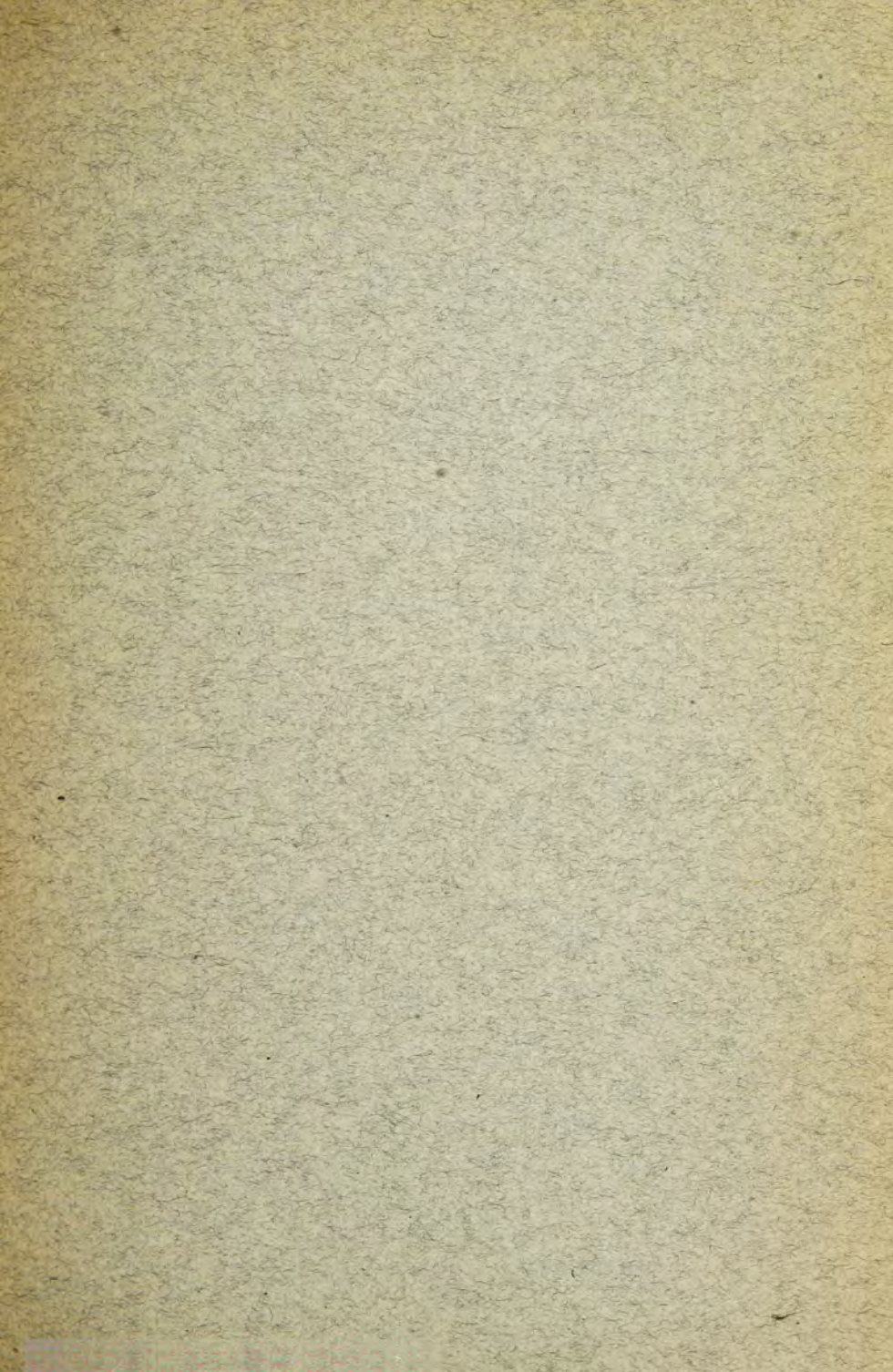
STUDENTS FROM OTHER COLLEGES ELECTING WORK  
 IN THE COLLEGE OF LAW

Baldwin, Morgan Smiley  
 Barr, James Lackner  
 Blancke, Leo Mulford  
 Blehdon, Gilbert Randolph  
 Candee, Robert C.  
 Chapin, Stanley Douglas  
 Chapman, Wilbur Fiske  
 Dicker, Harry Aaron  
 Dole, Arthur, jr.  
 Doyle, Arthur William  
 Evans, George Bryan, jr.  
 Hendrickson, Robert Edward  
 Horner, J. Richey, jr.  
 Maguire, William Howard  
 Malone, Joseph Garcin  
 Marquette, Bleecker  
 Moore, Russell York  
 Nichols, Howard G.  
 Nightingale, Lionel Grenelle, M.E.  
 Nix, Robert Williamson, jr.  
 Obre, Arthur Lippincott  
 O'Brien, John Emmett  
 O'Connell, Edward Cummings  
 Ostrow, Emanuel Munich  
 Post, Ivan Edmund  
 Prindle, Edward Brewster  
 Radeloff, John Arthur  
 Rea, George Peters  
 Schlager, Charles  
 Smith, Andrew Lenox  
 Smith, William Dudley  
 Sophrin, Michael  
 Theodore, Millard Edward  
 Walcott, Sidney Stevens

East Orange, N. J.  
 River Forest, Ill.  
 Essex Falls, N. J.  
 Buffalo  
 Medical Lake, Wash.  
 Portland, Ore.  
 Philadelphia, Pa.  
 Ithaca  
 Chicago, Ill.  
 Akron, Ohio  
 Philadelphia, Pa.  
 Bridgehampton  
 Cleveland, Ohio  
 Toledo, Ohio  
 Louisville, Ky.  
 Schenectady  
 Winsted, Conn.  
 Ithaca  
 Brooklyn  
 East Rockaway  
 Rhinebeck  
 Shortsville  
 Barrytown-on-Hudson  
 Brooklyn  
 Catskill  
 New York City  
 Brooklyn  
 Hamburg  
 Binghamton  
 Bolton Landing  
 Schenectady  
 Brooklyn  
 New York City  
 Washington, D. C.

## SUMMARY

Seniors .....	66
Juniors .....	56
Sophomores .....	56
Freshmen .....	57
Specials .....	5
<hr/>	
Total Law Students .....	240
From Other Colleges .....	34
<hr/>	
Total receiving instruction in law .....	274



OFFICIAL PUBLICATIONS OF CORNELL UNIVERSITY

Issued at Ithaca, New York, monthly from July to November inclusive, and semi-monthly from December to June inclusive.

[Entered as second-class matter, August 31, 1910, at the post office at Ithaca, New York, under the Act of July 16, 1894.]

These publications include

The Annual Register (for the year 1914-15, published January 15, 1915), price 50 cents.

Catalogue Number for 1913-14 (containing lists of officers and students), price 25 cents.

Book of Views, price 25 cents.

Directory of Faculty and Students, Second Term, 1914-15, price 10 cents, and the following informational publications, any one of which will be sent gratis and post-free on request. The date of the last edition of each publication is given after the title.

General Circular of Information for Prospective Students, January 1, 1915.

Announcement of the College of Arts and Sciences, May 1, 1915.

Announcement of the Department of Chemistry, May 15, 1915.

Announcement of Sibley College of Mechanical Engineering and the Mechanic Arts, February 1, 1915.

Announcement of the College of Civil Engineering, March 1, 1915.

Announcement of the College of Law, June 1, 1915.

Announcement of the College of Architecture, May 15, 1914.

Announcement of the New York State College of Agriculture, June 1, 1914.

Announcement of the Winter Courses in the College of Agriculture, June 15, 1914.

Announcement of the Summer Term in Agriculture, April 15, 1915.

Announcement of the New York State Veterinary College, April 1, 1914.

Announcement of the Graduate School, February 15, 1915.

Announcement of the Summer Session, April 1, 1915.

Annual Report of the President, October 1, 1914.

Pamphlets on prizes, samples of entrance and scholarship examination papers, special departmental announcements, etc.

Announcement of the Medical College may be procured by writing to the Cornell University Medical College, Ithaca, N. Y.

Correspondence concerning the publications of the University should be addressed to

The Secretary of Cornell University,  
Ithaca, New York.