



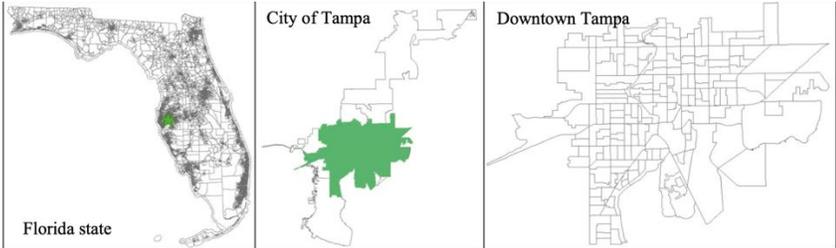
UTC Project Information – Center for Transportation, Environment, and Community Health	
<i>Project Title</i>	Development of Framework for Identifying Mobility Desert or Identifying multi-modal deserts: a multivariate outlier detection approach
<i>University</i>	University of South Florida
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<i>Funding Sources and Amount Provided (by each agency or organization)</i>	USDOT: \$74,398 USF: \$37,199
<i>Total Project Cost</i>	\$111,597
<i>Agency ID or Contract Number</i>	Sponsor Source: Federal Government CFDA #: 20.701 Agreement ID: 69A3551747119
<i>Start and End Dates</i>	10/01/2020 – 12/31/2021
<i>Brief Description of Research Project</i>	Providing all means of travel facilitates people’s access to jobs, healthcare, critical activities, and other services. To enable equal multi-modal mobility services to the public, it is important to evaluate equity in accessing different travel modes. In this study, we proposed a concept called “multi-modal deserts” and developed an approach to identify them. Multi-modal deserts refer to areas with limited mobility services that constrain people from accessing services and opportunities. Framed under multi-modality, multivariate outlier detection was applied to identify areas’ mobility services that significantly deviate from other areas by analyzing road network factors and travel modes. Downtown Tampa, Florida, was selected as an empirical case to demonstrate the proposed method, and 11 multi-modal deserts were identified among 182 Census Block Groups. In addition, spider charts were used to illustrate and compare the features of these multi-modal deserts. The results show that two multi-modal deserts in central Downtown Tampa have the highest poverty ratios and have very limited access to all travel modes. For such multi-modal deserts, transit and shared micromobility need to be better served in a way to enrich the travel mode choices for low-

income residents. Other multi-modal deserts are at the edge of Downtown Tampa, which has no access to shared micromobility and limited access to transit. The results will help local authorities identify mobility gaps by better allocating resources and improving equal access to opportunities for all citizens.

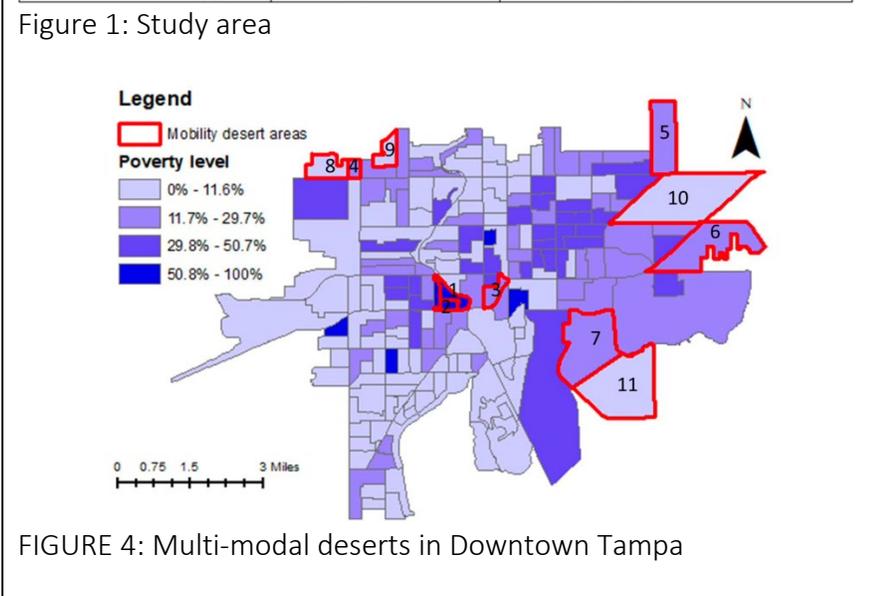
Describe Implementation of Research Outcomes (or why not implemented)

Place Any Photos Here

The method is used for the case study of Tampa Downtown, where there are public transit, shared micromobility, and other ground transportation modes.



The figure consists of three maps. The first map shows the state of Florida with a green dot indicating the location of Tampa. The second map shows the City of Tampa with a green shaded area representing the study area. The third map shows a detailed view of Downtown Tampa with a grid of streets and a green shaded area representing the study area.



Impacts/Benefits of Implementation (actual, not anticipated)

This study developed a new method to evaluate the combined effect of multimodal transportation options, which advances the knowledge in this field and provides a tool for local transportation agencies to make decisions on transportation project priority and countermeasures to improve transportation equity.

Web Links

- Reports
- Project website

<http://ctech.cee.cornell.edu/final-project-reports>