

BV-932 M

ANNOTATED COMPUTER OUPUT FOR SPLIT PLOT DESIGN: GENSTAT ANOVA

by

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ABSTRACT

In order to provide an understanding of covariance analyses for split plot designs, analyses are first conducted on a data set without the covariate. Then an analysis with the covariate is performed. The third example has a different experiment design for the whole plots and the covariate is constant for all split plots within a whole plot. Computer packages may only give portions of the analysis correctly. Some packages require two procedural calls to obtain a portion of the correct results. GENSTAT requires only one procedural call.

INTRODUCTION

This is part of a continuing project that produces annotated computer output for the analysis of balanced split plot experiments with covariates. The complete project will involve processing three examples on SAS/GLM, BMDP/2V, SPSS-X/MANOVA, GENSTAT/ANOVA, and SYSTAT/MGLH. Only univariate results are considered. We show here the results from GENSTAT ANOVA.

For Example 1, the data are artificial and were constructed for ease of computation; the experiment design for the whole plots is a randomized complete block and the split plot treatments are randomly allocated to the split plot experimental units within each whole plot. Example 2 is the same as Example 1 except that a

covariate varies from split plot to split plot. The data for Example 3 come from an experiment wherein the whole plot treatments were laid out in a completely randomized design and the split plot treatments were randomly allotted to the split plot experimental units within each whole plot. The value of the covariate varies from whole plot to whole plot but is constant for all split plots within a whole plot treatment.

We present the elementary computational steps. Simple hypothetical data are used for the first two examples so that it is easy to provide all detailed computations to illustrate how each number is obtained. Some readers may wish to skip the detailed computations. The third example comes from Winer (1971). The detailed computations are given in his book (p. 803).

Data SP-1

Split plot data with whole plots arranged in
randomized complete block design
(hypothetical data)

Block	Whole plot treatment								Total	
	W1				W2					
	split plot treatment				Total	S ₁	S ₂	S ₃		
Block	S ₁	S ₂	S ₃	S ₄	Total	S ₁	S ₂	S ₃	S ₄	Total
1	3	4	7	6	20	3	2	1	14	20
2	6	10	1	11	28	8	8	2	18	36
3	6	10	4	4	24	10	8	9	13	40
Total	15	24	12	21	72	21	18	12	45	96

Total and Means

	Blocks (8 observations)		W(whole plots) (12 observations)		S(split plot) (6 observations)			
	Total	Mean	Total	Mean	Total	Mean		
1	40	5	W1	72	6	S ₁	36	6
2	64	8	W2	96	8	S ₂	42	7
3	64	8				S ₃	24	4
Grand Total	168					S ₄	66	11
Grand Mean		7						

$$\text{Model: } Y_{ijk} = \mu + \rho_j + \tau_i + \delta_{ij} + \alpha_k + (\alpha\tau)_{ik} + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

μ = mean τ_i = effect of whole plot i
 ρ_j = effect of block j α_k = effect of split plot k
 δ_{ij} = error (a) $(\alpha\tau)_{ik}$ = effect of interaction of
 ϵ_{ijk} = error (b) whole plot i and split plot k

Analysis of Variance

Source	(*)	df	SS
B (Blocks)	= R($\rho \mu, \tau, \alpha, \alpha\tau$)	2	48
W (whole plot treatments)	= R($\tau \mu, \rho, \alpha, \alpha\tau$)	1	24
BxW (error (a))	= R($\delta \mu, \rho, \tau, \alpha, \alpha\tau$)	2	16
S (split plot treatments)	= R($\alpha \mu, \rho, \tau, \alpha\tau$)	3	156
SxW (interaction of S and W)	= R($\alpha\tau \mu, \alpha, \tau, \rho$)	3	84
(**) SxB:W (error (b))	= R($\epsilon \mu, \alpha, \tau, \alpha\tau, \rho$)	12	112
Total (Corrected for mean)	= R($\rho, \tau, \delta, \alpha, \alpha\tau, \epsilon \mu$)	23	440
Mean	= R(μ)	1	1176
Total (Uncorrected for mean)	= R($\mu, \rho, \tau, \delta, \alpha, \alpha\tau, \epsilon$)	24	1616

(*) Notation follows that of Searle (1971); since the design is balanced,
 $R(\rho | \mu, \tau, \alpha, \alpha\tau) = R(\rho | \mu)$, etc. The simpler notation is used later.

(**) SxB:W means SxB within W.

Calculations of sums of squares:

$$N = 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4 = 24, \bar{Y} = 7$$

$$R(\mu, \rho, \tau, \delta, \alpha, \alpha\tau, \epsilon) = \sum_{i=1}^2 \sum_{j=1}^3 \sum_{k=1}^4 Y_{ijk}^2 = (3^2 + 6^2 + 6^2 + \dots + 18^2 + 13^2) = 1616$$

$$R(\mu) = N\bar{Y}^2 = 24 \cdot (7)^2 = 1176$$

$$R(\rho, \tau, \delta, \alpha, \alpha\tau, \epsilon | \mu) = 1616 - 1176 = 440$$

$$R(\rho|\mu) = R(\mu, \rho) - R(\mu) = \frac{(40^2 + 64^2 + 64^2)}{8} - 1176 = 1224 - 1176 = 48$$

$$R(\tau|\mu) = R(\mu, \tau) - R(\mu) = \frac{(72^2 + 96^2)}{12} - 1176 = 1200 - 1176 = 24$$

$$R(\delta|\mu, \rho, \tau) = R(\delta, \mu, \rho, \tau) - R(\mu, \rho) - R(\tau, \mu) + R(\mu)$$

$$= \frac{(20^2 + 28^2 + 24^2 + 20^2 + 36^2 + 40^2)}{4} - 1224 - 1200 + 1176$$

$$= 1264 - 1224 - 1200 + 1176 = 16$$

$$R(\alpha|\mu) = R(\alpha, \mu) - R(\mu) = \frac{(36^2 + 42^2 + 24^2 + 66^2)}{6} - 1176 = 1332 - 1176 = 156$$

$$R(\alpha\tau|\mu, \alpha, \tau) = R(\alpha\tau, \mu, \alpha, \tau) - R(\mu, \alpha) - R(\mu, \tau) + R(\mu)$$

$$= \frac{(15^2 + 24^2 + 12^2 + 21^2 + 21^2 + 18^2 + 12^2 + 45^2)}{3} - 1332 - 1200 + 1176$$

$$= 1440 - 1332 - 1200 + 1176 = 84$$

$$R(\epsilon|\mu, \rho, \delta, \alpha, \tau, \alpha\tau) = R(\epsilon, \mu, \alpha, \rho, \delta, \tau, \alpha\tau) - R(\mu, \rho, \tau, \delta) - R(\mu, \alpha, \tau, \alpha\tau) + R(\tau, \mu)$$

$$= 1616 - 1264 - 1440 + 1200 = 112$$

Data SP-2

Data SP-2: Data SP-1 with the following covariate Z
which varies with split plot

Covariate (Z)

		whole plot				W2					
		W1				W2					
		S ₁	S ₂	S ₃	S ₄	Total	S ₁	S ₂	S ₃	S ₄	Total
B ₁		1	2	1	2	6	2	0	2	4	8
B ₂		2	2	0	4	8	4	1	3	4	12
B ₃		3	5	2	0	10	3	2	4	7	16
Total		6	9	3	6	24	9	3	9	15	36

Totals and Means

blocks (8 observations)			W (whole plot) (12 observations)			S (split plot) (6 observations)		
Total	Mean		Total	Mean		Total	Mean	
1	14	14/8	1	24	2.0	1	15	2.5
2	20	20/8	2	36	3.0	2	12	2.0
3	26	26/8				3	12	2.0
Grand						4	21	3.5
<u>Total</u>	<u>60</u>	<u>2.5</u>						

$$\text{Model: } Y_{ijk} = \mu + \rho_j + \tau_i + \delta_{ij} + \alpha_k + (\alpha\tau)_{ik} + \beta_1(\bar{z}_{ij\cdot} - \bar{z}_{\dots}) + \beta_2(z_{ijk} - \bar{z}_{ij\cdot}) + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

ρ_j = effect of jth block

τ_i = effect of ith whole plot

α_k = effect of kth split plot

β_1 = whole plot regression slope

β_2 = split plot regression slope

δ_{ij} = error a

ϵ_{ijk} = error b

Table of sum of squares and products

Source	df	YY	YZ	ZZ
B	2	48	18	9
W	1	24	12	6
BxW (error a)	2	16	4	1
S	3	156	33	9
SxW	3	84	33	21
SxB:W (error b)	12	112	17	20
Mean	1	1176	420	150
Total	24	1616	537	216

YY column is the same as in SP-1, ZZ column is computed in the same fashion. Thus, only computations for YZ column are illustrated.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Total}_{YZ} &= \sum_{i=1}^2 \sum_{j=1}^3 \sum_{k=1}^4 Y_{ijk} \cdot Z_{ijk} \\ &= 3(1) + 6(2) + \dots + 14(4) + 18(4) + 13(7) = 537 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Mean}_{YZ} = N\bar{Y}\dots\bar{Z}\dots = \frac{168 \cdot 60}{24} = 420$$

$$\begin{aligned} B_{YZ} &= \frac{\sum_{j=1}^3 \left(\sum_{i=1}^2 \sum_{k=1}^4 Y_{ijk} \right) \left(\sum_{i=1}^2 \sum_{k=1}^4 Z_{ijk} \right)}{2 \cdot 4} - 420 = \frac{40(14) + 64(20) + 64(26)}{8} - 420 \\ &= 438 - 420 = 18 \end{aligned}$$

$$w_{YZ} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^2 \left(\sum_{j=1}^3 \sum_{k=1}^4 Y_{ijk} \right) \left(\sum_{j=1}^3 \sum_{k=1}^4 Z_{ijk} \right)}{3(4)} - 420 = 432 - 420 = 12$$

$$B \times W_{YZ} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^2 \sum_{j=1}^3 (\sum_{k=1}^4 Y_{ijk}) (\sum_{k=1}^4 Z_{ijk})}{4} - 438 - 432 + 420 \\ = 454 - 438 - 432 + 420 = 4$$

$$S_{YZ}: \frac{\sum_{k=1}^4 (\sum_{i=1}^2 \sum_{j=1}^3 Y_{ijk}) (\sum_{i=1}^2 \sum_{j=1}^3 Z_{ijk})}{2(3)} - 420 = 453 - 420 = 33$$

$$S \times W_{YZ}: \frac{\sum_{i=1}^2 \sum_{k=1}^4 (\sum_{j=1}^3 Y_{ijk}) (\sum_{j=1}^3 Z_{ijk})}{3} - 453 - 432 + 420 \\ = 498 - 453 - 432 + 420 = 33$$

$S \times B: W_{YZ}$:

$$\sum_{i=1}^2 \sum_{j=1}^3 \sum_{k=1}^4 Y_{ijk} Z_{ijk} - 454 - 498 + 432 \\ = 537 - 454 - 498 + 432 = 17$$

Analysis of Variance and Covariance

Source		df	SS
B (block)	$= R(\rho \mu, \tau)$	2	48
W (whole plot treatment)	$= R(\tau \mu, \rho, \beta_1)$	1	3.4286
Regression (a)	$= R(\beta_1 \mu, \rho, \tau)$	1	16.0
BxW (error (a))	$= R(\delta \mu, \rho, \tau, \beta_1)$	1	0.0
S (split plot treatment)	$= R(\alpha \mu, \rho, \tau, \alpha\tau, \beta_2)$	3	84.243
SxW (interaction of S and W)	$= R(\alpha\tau \mu, \rho, \tau, \alpha, \beta_2)$	3	37.474
Regression (b)	$= R(\beta_2 \mu, \rho, \tau, \alpha, \alpha\tau)$	1	14.450
SxB: W (error (b))	$= R(\epsilon \mu, \rho, \alpha, \tau, \alpha\tau, \beta_2)$	11	97.550

$$\hat{\beta}_1 = B \times W_{YZ} / B \times W_{ZZ} = 4/1 = 4$$

$$\hat{\beta}_2 = S \times B: W_{YZ} / S \times B: W_{ZZ} = 17/20 = 0.85$$

The SS's adjusted by regression on Z are illustrated below:

$R(\rho | \mu) = 48$, remains same since it is not of interest to adjust for Z on the blocks.

$$R(\tau, \delta | \mu, \rho, \beta_1) = (W_{YY} + B \times W_{YY}) - \frac{(W_{YZ} + B \times W_{YZ})^2}{W_{ZZ} + B \times W_{ZZ}}$$

$$= (24 + 16) - \frac{(12 + 4)^2}{6 + 1} = 40 - \frac{256}{7} = 3.4286$$

$$R(\delta | \mu, \rho, \tau, \beta_1) = B \times W_{YY} - \frac{(B \times W_{YZ})^2}{B \times W_{ZZ}} = 16 - \frac{4^2}{1} = 0$$

$$R(\tau | \mu, \rho, \beta_1) = R(\tau, \delta | \mu, \rho, \beta_1) - R(\delta | \mu, \rho, \tau, \beta_1)$$

$$= 40 - \frac{256}{7} - 0 = 3.4286$$

$$R(\beta_1 | \mu, \tau, \rho) = \frac{(B \times W_{YZ})^2}{B \times W_{ZZ}} = \frac{4^2}{1} = 16$$

$$R(\alpha, \epsilon | \mu, \rho, \tau, \alpha\tau, \beta_2) = (S_{YY} + S \times B : W_{YY}) - \frac{(S_{YZ} + S \times B : W_{YZ})^2}{S_{ZZ} + S \times B : W_{ZZ}}$$

$$= (156 + 112) - \frac{(33+17)^2}{9+20}$$

$$= 268 - 86.207 = 181.793$$

$$R(\alpha\tau, \epsilon | \mu, \rho, \alpha, \tau, \beta_2) = (S \times W_{YY} + S \times B : W_{YY}) - \frac{(S \times W_{YZ} + S \times B : W_{YZ})^2}{S \times W_{ZZ} + S \times B : W_{ZZ}}$$

$$= 84 + 112 - \frac{(33+17)^2}{21+20} = 196 - 60.976 = 135.024$$

Note: $R(\alpha, \epsilon | \mu, \beta_2)$ and $R(\alpha\tau, \epsilon | \mu, \alpha, \tau, \beta_2)$ are intermediate steps for later use.

$$R(\beta_2 | \mu, \rho, \alpha, \tau, \alpha\tau) = \frac{(SxB:W_{YZ})^2}{SxB:W_{ZZ}} = \frac{17^2}{20} = 14.450$$

$$R(\epsilon | \mu, \rho, \alpha, \tau, \alpha\tau, \beta_2) = SxB:W_{YY} - \frac{(SxB:W_{YZ})^2}{SxB:W_{ZZ}} = 112 - \frac{17^2}{20} = 112 - 14.45 = 97.55$$

$$R(\alpha | \mu, \rho, \tau, \alpha\tau, \beta_2) = R(\alpha, \epsilon | \mu, \rho, \tau, \alpha\tau, \beta_2) - \text{SS error b} = 181.793 - 97.55 \\ = 84.243$$

$$R(\alpha\tau | \mu, \rho, \alpha, \tau, \beta_2) = R(\alpha\tau, \epsilon | \mu, \rho, \alpha, \tau, \beta_2) - R(\epsilon | \mu, \rho, \alpha, \tau, \alpha\tau, \beta_2) \\ = 135.024 - 97.55 = 37.474$$

Data SP-3

Split plot data with plots arranged in a completely randomized design and a covariate Z that is constant within the whole plot. (Winer, 1971, p. 803)

whole plot	Subject	Split plots		Z	Total
		B ₁	B ₂		
		Y	Y		Y
A ₁	1	10	8	3	18
	2	15	12	5	27
	3	20	14	8	34
	4	12	6	2	18
A ₂	5	15	10	1	25
	6	25	20	8	45
	7	20	15	10	35
	8	15	10	2	25
	Total	132	95	39	227
	Mean	16.5	11.9	4.88	

$$\text{Model: } Y_{ijk} = \mu + \tau_i + \delta_{ij} + \alpha_k + (\tau\alpha)_{ik} + \beta_1(Z_{ij} - \bar{Z}_{..}) + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \tau_i &= A \text{ effect (whole plot)} & \delta_{ij} &= \text{error (a)} & \epsilon_{ijk} &= \text{error (b)} \\ \alpha_k &= B \text{ effect (split plot)} & \beta_1 &= \text{whole plot regression slope} \end{aligned}$$

Analysis of variance and covariance

<u>Source</u>		<u>df</u>	<u>SS</u>
A (whole plot)	= $R(\tau \mu, \beta_1)$	1	44.492
Regression	= $R(\beta_1 \mu, \tau)$	1	166.577
Error (a)	= $R(\delta \mu, \tau, \beta_1)$	5	61.298
B (split plot)	= $R(\alpha \mu, \tau, \alpha\tau)$	1	85.563
AxB (interaction)	= $R(\tau\alpha \mu, \tau, \alpha)$	1	0.563
Error (b)	= $R(\epsilon \mu, \tau, \alpha, \tau\alpha)$	6	6.375

Table of SS and products

<u>Symbol</u>	<u>\bar{Y}^2</u>	<u>ZY</u>	<u>Z^2</u>
W	68.06	12.38	2.25
E(a)	227.88	163.00	159.50
S	85.563	0	0
WS	0.563	0	0
E(b)	6.375	0	0

$$\hat{\beta}_1 = \frac{163.00}{159.50} = 1.02$$

Since the computations are illustrated in Winer (1971, p. 803-5) we have omitted them here.

References

- Federer. W.T. (1955), Experimental Design, Theory and Application. The Macmillan Co., New York, Chapter 16.
- Federer, W.T., and Henderson, H.V. (1979), Covariance Analysis of Designed Experiments X Statistical Packages: An Update, Proc., Comp. Sci. and Stat.: 12th Ann. Sym. on the Interface.
- GENSTAT A General Statistical Program Release 4.04 (1983), Rothamsted Experimental Station.
- Searle, S.R., (1971), Linear Models, Wiley, N.Y., 532pp.
- Searle, S.R., Hudson, G.F.S., and Federer, W.T. (1985), Annotated Computer Output for Covariance-Text, BU-780-M, Biometrics Unit Mimeo Ser., Cornell University, Ithaca, NY.
- Winer, B.J., (1971), Statistical Principles in Experimental Design, McGraw-Hill Book Company, New York: 907pp.

SP-1 and SP-2: Control Language

Control Language is typed in upper case and comments are in bold face.

```
'REFE' SPLIT => file name
'UNITS' $ 24 => number of observations
'FACTOR' BLOCKS $3
    : PLOTS $2           } define levels of each factor
    : SUBPLOTS $4
'READ/FORM=P, PRIN=D' BLOCKS, PLOTS, SUBPLOTS, X, Y => Input variables
'RUN'
1 1 1 1 3
1 1 2 2 4
1 1 3 1 7
1 1 4 2 6
1 2 1 2 3
1 2 2 0 2
1 2 3 2 1
1 2 4 4 14
2 1 1 2 6
2 1 2 2 10
2 1 3 0 1
2 1 4 4 11
2 2 1 4 8
2 2 2 1 8
2 2 3 3 2
2 2 4 4 18
3 1 1 3 6
3 1 2 5 10
3 1 3 2 4
3 1 4 0 4
3 2 1 3 10
3 2 2 2 8
3 2 3 4 9
3 2 4 7 13
'EOD' => tell GENSTAT that data flow ends
'BLOCKS' BLOCKS/PLOTS/SUBPLOTS => define error terms (strata) of a
                                    factorial model
'TREATMENTS' PLOTS*SUBPLOTS => treatment terms of a factorial model
'COVARIATES' X => covariate
'ANOVA' Y => invokes analysis of variance on Y variable
'RUN'
'STOP'
'
```

SP-3: Control Language

OK, SLIST SPLIT3.0GEN

```
'REFE' SPLIT3
'UNITS' $ 16
'FACTOR' PLOT $2
    : SUBPLOT $2
    : SUBJECT $8
'READ/FORM=P, PRIN=D' SUBJECT, PLOT, SUBPLOT, Y, Z
'RUN'
1 1 1 10 3
1 1 2 8 3
2 1 1 15 5
2 1 2 12 5
3 1 1 20 8
3 1 2 14 8
4 1 1 12 2
4 1 2 6 2
5 2 1 15 1
5 2 2 10 1
6 2 1 25 8
6 2 2 20 8
7 2 1 20 10
7 2 2 15 10
8 2 1 15 2
8 2 2 10 2
'EOD'
'BLOCKS' PLOT/SUBJECT/SUBPLOT
'TREATMENT' PLOT*SUBPLOT
'COVARIATES' Z
'ANOVA' Y
'RUN'
'STOP'
```

- SP-1: Split plots with whole plots arranged in RCB design
 SP-2: Split plots with whole plots arranged in RCB with a covariate with split plot

Analysis of variance table on covariate Z

******* ANALYSIS OF VARIANCE *******

VARIATE: Z

SOURCE OF VARIATION	DF	SS	SS%	MS	VR
BLOCKS STRATUM	2	9.000	13.64	4.500	
BLOCKS.PLOTS STRATUM					
PLOTS	1	6.000	9.09	6.000	12.000
RESIDUAL	2	1.000	1.52	0.500	
TOTAL	3	7.000	10.61	2.333	
BLOCKS.PLOTS.SUBPLOTS STRATUM					
SUBPLOTS	3	9.000	13.64	3.000	1.800
PLOTS.SUBPLOTS	3	21.000	31.82	7.000	4.200
RESIDUAL	12	20.000	30.30	1.667	
TOTAL	18	50.000	75.76	2.778	
GRAND TOTAL	23	66.000	100.00		
GRAND MEAN		2.50			
TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS			24		

ANOVA for Y variable without covariate Z

***** ANALYSIS OF VARIANCE *****

VARIATE: Y

SOURCE OF VARIATION	DF	SS MS	SS% VR (F-statistics)
BLOCKS STRATUM	2 R($\rho \mu, \tau, \alpha, \alpha\tau$)	48.000 24.000	10.91
BLOCKS.PLOTS STRATUM	1 R($\tau \mu, \rho, \alpha, \alpha\tau$)	24.000	5.45
PLOTS		24.000	3.000 = $\frac{24.00}{8.00}$
RESIDUAL	2 R($\delta \mu, \rho, \tau, \alpha, \alpha\tau$)	16.000 8.000	3.64
TOTAL	3	40.000 13.333	9.09
BLOCKS.PLOTS.SUBPLOTS STRATUM			
SUBPLOTS	3 R($\alpha \mu, \rho, \tau, \alpha\tau, \delta$)	156.000 52.000	35.45 5.571
PLOTS.SUBPLOTS	3 R($\alpha\tau \mu, \alpha, \tau, \rho, \delta$)	84.000 28.000	19.09 3.000
RESIDUAL	12 R($\epsilon \mu, \alpha, \tau, \alpha\tau, \rho, \delta$)	112.000 9.333	25.45
TOTAL	18	352.000 19.556	80.00
GRAND TOTAL	23	440.000	100.00
GRAND MEAN		7.00	
TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS		24	

***** ANALYSIS OF VARIANCE *****
 (ADJUSTED FOR COVARIATE)

VARIATE: Y

SOURCE OF VARIATION	DF	SS	SS%	MS	VR (F-statistic)	COV EF = covariance efficiency factor
BLOCKS STRATUM						
COVARIATE	1	(*) pooled	36.000	8.18	36.000	3.000
RESIDUAL	1		12.000	2.73	12.000	2.000
TOTAL	2	R($\rho \mu, \tau$)	48.000	10.91	24.000	
BLOCKS.PLOTS STRATUM						
PLOTS	1	R($\tau \mu, \rho, \beta_1$)	3.429	0.78	3.429	0.143
COVARIATE	1	R($\beta_1 \mu, \rho, \tau$)	16.000	3.64	16.000	
RESIDUAL	1	R($\delta \mu, \rho, \tau, \beta_1$)	0.000	0.00	0.000	
TOTAL	3		19.429	4.42	6.476	
BLOCKS.PLOTS.SUBPLOTS STRATUM						
SUBPLOTS	3	R($\alpha \mu, \rho, \tau, \alpha\tau, \beta_2$)	84.243	19.15	28.081	3.166
PLOTS.SUBPLOTS	3	R($\alpha\tau \mu, \rho, \tau, \alpha, \beta_2$)	37.474	8.52	12.491	1.409
COVARIATE	1	R($\beta_2 \mu, \rho, \tau, \alpha, \alpha\tau$)	14.450	3.28	14.450	1.629
RESIDUAL	11	R($\epsilon \mu, \rho, \alpha, \tau, \alpha\tau, \beta_2$)	97.550	22.17	8.868	1.052
TOTAL	18		233.717	53.12	12.984	
GRAND TOTAL	23	301.146	68.44			

GRAND MEAN

TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS

7.00

24

NOTE: low value of COV EF (usually close to unity) indicates high correlation between treatment and covariate e.g. COV EF for plots is .143; indicating correlation between

(*) Block is just a nuisance factor; hence only

R($\rho | \mu, \tau$) = 48 is used in Analysis of variance

\bar{W}_i and \bar{Z}_i ($\bar{W}_1 = 6$, $\bar{W}_2 = 8$, $\bar{Z}_1 = 2$, $\bar{Z}_2 = 3$)

***** COVARIANCE REGRESSIONS *****

COVARIATE (Z)	COEFFICIENT	SE
BLOCKS STRATUM		
Z (β_0 is not of interest)	$\hat{\beta}_0 = 2.0$ $= \frac{B_{YZ}}{B_{ZZ}} = \frac{18}{9}$	1.15
BLOCKS.PLOTS STRATUM		
Z	$\hat{\beta}_1 = 4$	0
BLOCKS.PLOTS.SUBPLOTS STRATUM		
Z	$\hat{\beta}_2 = 0.85$	0.666

***** TABLES OF MEANS *****
(ADJUSTED FOR COVARIATE)

VARIATE: Y

GRAND MEAN 7.00

PLOTS	1	2	
8.00	6.00 = $\bar{Y}_{2..} - \hat{\beta}_1(\bar{z}_{2..} - \bar{z}_{...}) = 8 - 4.0(3 - 2.5) = 6$		

SUBPLOTS	1	2	3	4
6.00	7.43	4.43	10.15 = $\bar{Y}_{..4} - \hat{\beta}_2(\bar{z}_{..4} - \bar{z}_{...})$	
			$= 11 - 0.85(\frac{21}{6} - \frac{60}{24})$	
			$= 11 - .85 = 10.15$	

SUBPLOTS	1	2	3	4
PLOTS	1 7.00	9.15	6.85	9.00
2 5.00	5.70	2.00	11.30 = $\bar{Y}_{2..4} - \hat{\beta}_1(\bar{z}_{2..} - \bar{z}_{...})$	
			$- \hat{\beta}_2(\bar{z}_{2..4} - \bar{z}_{2..}) = 15 - 4(3 - 2.5) - .85(\frac{15}{3} - 3) = 11.30$	

***** STANDARD ERRORS OF DIFFERENCES OF MEANS *****

TABLE

PLOTS

SUBPLOTS

PLOTS

SUBPLOTS

REP

12

6

3

SED

0.000

1.844

2.718

***** STRATUM STANDARD ERRORS AND COEFFICIENTS OF VARIATION *****

STRATUM

DF

SE

CV%

BLOCKS

1

1.225

17.5

BLOCKS.PLOTS

1

0.000

0.0

BLOCKS.PLOTS.SUBPLOTS

11

2.978

42.5

$$2.978 = \frac{\text{unadjusted standard error}}{\sqrt{\text{COV EF of Residual}}} \\ = \frac{\sqrt{9.333}}{\sqrt{1.052}}$$

NOTE:

$$\text{S.E } (\hat{\bar{Y}}_{i..} - \hat{\bar{Y}}_{i...}) = \left\{ \frac{2E_a}{r(s)} \left(1 + \frac{W_{zz}/(w-1)}{B \times W_{zz}} \right) \right\}^{1/2} \\ = 0.0$$

$$\text{S.E } (\hat{\bar{Y}}_{..k} - \hat{\bar{Y}}_{..k'}) = \left\{ \frac{2E_b}{r(w)} \left(1 + \frac{S_{zz}/(s-1)}{S \times B: W_{zz}} \right) \right\}^{1/2} \\ = \left\{ \frac{2(97.55)}{3(2)(11)} \left(1 + \frac{9/(4-1)}{20} \right) \right\}^{1/2} = 1.844$$

$$\text{S.E } (\hat{\bar{Y}}_{i.k} - \hat{\bar{Y}}_{i.k'}) = \left\{ \frac{2E_b}{r} \left(1 + \frac{(S_{zz} + S \times W_{zz})/w(s-1)}{S \times B: W_{zz}} \right) \right\}^{1/2} \\ = \left\{ \frac{2(97.55)}{3(11)} \left(1 + \frac{(9+21)/(2)(3)}{20} \right) \right\}^{1/2} = 2.718$$

where $W = \text{no. of whole plot} = 2$
 $r = \text{no. of blocks} = 3$

$S = \text{no. of split plot} = 4$
 $E_a = \text{error a} = 0$

$E_b = \text{error b} = 97.55/11$

SP-3: Split plots with whole plot arranged in CRD with a covariate constant within whole plot

***** ANALYSIS OF VARIANCE ***** ANOVA on Covariate Z

VARIATE: Z

SOURCE OF VARIATION	DF	SS	SS%	MS	VR
PLOT.SUBJECT STRATUM					
PLOT	1	2.250E 0	1.39	2.250E 0	0.085
RESIDUAL	6	1.595E 2	98.61	2.658E 1	
TOTAL	7	1.618E 2	100.00	2.311E 1	
PLOT.SUBJECT.SUBPLOT STRATUM					
SUBPLOT	1	0.000E 0	0.00	0.000E 0	
PLOT.SUBPLOT	1	0.000E 0	0.00	0.000E 0	
RESIDUAL	6	0.000E 0	0.00	0.000E 0	
TOTAL	8	0.000E 0	0.00	0.000E 0	
GRAND TOTAL	15	1.618E 2	100.00		
GRAND MEAN		4.88			
TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS		16			

Notice that SS in plot.subject.subplot stratum are all zeroes since Z is constant within whole plot.

ANOVA on Y without covariate Z

***** ANALYSIS OF VARIANCE *****

VARIATE: Y

SOURCE OF VARIATION	DF	SS	SS%	MS	VR
PLOT.SUBJECT STRATUM					
PLOT	1	68.063	17.52	68.063	1.792
RESIDUAL	6	227.875	58.66	37.979	
TOTAL	7	295.938	76.19	42.277	
PLOT.SUBJECT.SUBPLOT STRATUM					
SUBPLOT	1	85.563	22.03	85.563	80.529
PLOT.SUBPLOT	1	0.563	0.14	0.563	0.529
RESIDUAL	6	6.375	1.64	1.063	
TOTAL	8	92.500	23.81	11.563	
GRAND TOTAL	15	388.438	100.00		
GRAND MEAN		14.19			
TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS		16			

Covariance Analysis

***** ANALYSIS OF VARIANCE *****
 (ADJUSTED FOR COVARIATE)

VARIATE: Y

SOURCE OF VARIATION	DF	SS	SS%	MS	VR	COV	EF
PLOT.SUBJECT STRATUM							
PLOT	1 $R(\tau \mu, \beta_1)$	44.492	11.45	44.492	3.629	0.986	
COVARIATE	1 $R(\beta_1 \mu, \tau)$	166.577	42.88	166.577	13.587		
RESIDUAL	5 $R(\delta \mu, \tau, \beta_1)$	61.298	15.78	12.260		3.098	
TOTAL	7	272.367	70.12	38.910			
PLOT.SUBJECT.SUBPLOT STRATUM							
SUBPLOT	1 $R(\alpha \mu, \tau, \alpha\tau)$	85.563	22.03	85.563	80.529	1.000	
PLOT.SUBPLOT	1 $R(\tau\alpha \mu, \tau, \alpha)$	0.563	0.14	0.563	0.529	1.000	
RESIDUAL	6 $R(\epsilon \mu, \tau, \alpha, \tau\alpha)$	6.375	1.64	1.063		1.000	
TOTAL	8	92.500	23.81	11.563			
GRAND TOTAL	15	364.867	93.93				
GRAND MEAN		14.19					
TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS		16					

***** COVARIANCE REGRESSIONS *****

COVARIATE	COEFFICIENT	SE
PLOT.SUBJECT STRATUM		
Z	$\hat{\beta}_1 = 1.02$	0.277

***** TABLES OF MEANS *****
 (ADJUSTED FOR COVARIATE)

VARIATE: Y

GRAND MEAN 14.19

PLOT 1 2

$$12.51 \quad 15.87 = \bar{Y}_{2..} - \hat{\beta}_1(\bar{Z}_{2..} - \bar{Z}_{..}) = 16.25 - 1.02(5.25 - 4.88) \\ = 15.87$$

SUBPLOT 1 2
 16.50 11.88 same as unadjusted mean

SUBPLOT 1 2

PLOT

1 14.63 10.38

$$2 \quad 18.37 \quad 13.37 = \bar{Y}_{2..} - \hat{\beta}_1(\bar{Z}_{2..} - \bar{Z}_{..}) = 13.75 - 1.02(5.25 - 4.88) \\ = 13.37$$

***** STANDARD ERRORS OF DIFFERENCES OF MEANS *****

TABLE	PLOT	SUBPLOT	PLOT
			SUBPLOT
REP	8	8	4
SED	1.763	0.515	1.829
EXCEPT WHEN COMPARING MEANS WITH SAME LEVEL(S) OF: PLOT			0.731

***** STRATUM STANDARD ERRORS AND COEFFICIENTS OF VARIATION *****

STRATUM	DF	SE	CV%
PLOT.SUBJECT	5	2.476	17.5
PLOT.SUBJECT.SUBPLOT	6	$1.031 = \frac{\sqrt{1.063}}{\sqrt{1.000}}$	7.3

$$\left[\frac{\text{residual MS of unadjusted}}{\text{COV EF of adjusted residual}} \right]^{1/2}$$

=