

Anthony Ong

Web Bio

Information

Biography

Biographical Statement

Anthony Ong is an associate professor in the Department of Human Development. He also has an appointment in the Department of Medicine at Weill Cornell Medical College. His research aims to advance understanding of human aging and plasticity across multiple levels of analysis, including neurobiological systems, emotion-cognition interactions, and sociocultural processes. This work is guided by a process model of environmental action that encompasses variation in dual risk and resilience, vantage sensitivity, and differential susceptibility.

Teaching

Professional

Current Professional Activities

Director of the Emotions, Stress, and Health Lab, Cornell University
Associate Professor of Gerontology in Medicine, Weill
Cornell Medical College

Research

Extension

Education

Courses

Websites

Administration

Publications

Selected Publications

Ong, A. D., Zautra, A. J., & Reid, M. C. (in press). Chronic pain and the adaptive significance of positive emotions. *American Psychologist*.

Ong, A. D., Exner-Cortens, D., Riffin, C., Steptoe, A., Zautra, A., & Almedia, D. (2013). Linking stable and dynamic features of positive affect to sleep. *Annals of Behavioral Medicine, 46*, 52-61.

- Ong, A. D., Burrow, A. L., Fuller-Rowell, T. E., Ja, N., & Sue, D. W. (2013). Racial microaggressions and daily well-being among Asian Americans. *Journal of Counseling Psychology, 60*, 188-199.
- Selçuk, E., & Ong, A. D.** (2013). Perceived partner responsiveness moderates the association between received emotional support and all-cause mortality. *Health Psychology, 32*, 231-235
- Fuller-Rowell, T. E., Evans, G. W., & Ong, A. D. (2012). Poverty and allostatic load: The mediating role of perceived discrimination. *Psychological Science, 23*, 734-739.
- Ong, A. D., Rothstein, J. D., & Uchino, B. N. (2012). Loneliness accentuates age differences in cardiovascular responses to social evaluative threat. *Psychology and Aging, 27*, 190-198.
- Ong, A. D., Fuller-Rowell, T. E., Bonanno, G., & Almeida, D. (2011). Spousal loss predicts alterations in diurnal cortisol activity through prospective changes in positive emotion. *Health Psychology, 30*, 220-227.
- Ong, A. D. (2010). Pathways linking positive emotion and health in later life. *Current Directions in Psychological Science, 19*, 358-362.
- Ong, A. D., Fuller-Rowell, T. E., & Bonanno, G. A. (2010). Prospective predictors of positive emotions following spousal loss. *Psychology and Aging, 25*, 653-660.
- Ong, A. D., Zautra, A., & Reid, M. C. (2010). Psychological resilience predicts decreases in pain catastrophizing through positive emotions. *Psychology and Aging, 25*, 516-523.
- Ong, A. D., Bergeman, C. S., & Boker, S. M. (2009). Resilience comes of age: Defining features in later adulthood. *Journal of Personality, 77*, 1777-1804.
- Ong, A. D., Fuller-Rowell, T. E., & Burrow, A. L. (2009). Racial discrimination and the stress process. *Journal of Personality and Social Psychology, 96*, 1259-1271.
- Ong, A. D., Bergeman, C., Bisconti, T., & Wallace, K. (2006). Psychological resilience, positive emotions, and adaptation to stress in later life. *Journal of Personality and Social Psychology, 91*, 730-749.
- Ong, A. D., & Allaire, J. (2005). Cardiovascular intraindividual variability in later life: The influence of social connectedness and positive emotions. *Psychology and Aging, 20*, 476-485.
- Ong, A. D., & Bergeman, C. S. (2004). The complexity of emotions in later life. *Journal of Gerontology: Psychological Sciences, 59B*, P55-60.