## Cornell University Calendar

### Fall Semester
- Residence halls open
- Freshman orientation begins
- New-student orientation begins
- Registration-course exchange
- Instruction begins
- Physical education classes begin
- Fall break; instruction suspended
- Instruction resumes
- Pre-course enrollment for spring
- Family Weekend
- Homecoming
- Thanksgiving recess; instruction suspended, 11:10 p.m.
- Instruction resumes
- Study period
- Final examinations begin
- Final examinations end
- Residence halls close

### Winter Session Period Begins
- Three-week classes begin
- Winter session period ends

### Spring Semester
- Residence halls open
- Registration-course exchange
- Instruction begins
- Physical education classes begin
- Spring break; instruction suspended
- Instruction resumes
- Pre-course enrollment for fall
- Instruction ends
- Study period
- Final examinations begin
- Final examinations end
- Residence halls close

### Summer Session
- Three-week session
- Eight-week session
- Six-week session

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2000-01</th>
<th>2001-02</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Wednesday, November 22</td>
<td>Tuesday, January 14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monday, November 27</td>
<td>Thursday–Friday, January 17–18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Saturday, December 2</td>
<td>Monday, January 21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sunday–Wednesday, December 3–6</td>
<td>TBA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thursday, December 7</td>
<td>Saturday, March 16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Friday, December 15</td>
<td>Monday, March 25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Saturday, December 16</td>
<td>TBA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tuesday, December 26</td>
<td>Saturday, May 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tuesday, January 2</td>
<td>Sunday–Wednesday, May 5–8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Saturday, January 20</td>
<td>Thursday, May 9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monday, January 18</td>
<td>Friday, May 17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tuesday, January 16</td>
<td>Saturday, May 18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thursday–Friday, January 18–19</td>
<td>Sunday–Saturday, May 19–25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monday, January 22</td>
<td>Sunday, May 26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TBA</td>
<td>Monday, June 11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Saturday, March 17</td>
<td>Wednesday, May 29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monday, March 26</td>
<td>Monday, June 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TBA</td>
<td>Monday, June 25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The dates shown in this calendar are subject to change at any time by official action of Cornell University.

In this calendar, the university has scheduled classes, laboratories, and examinations on religious holidays. It is the intent of the university that students who miss those activities because of religious observances be given adequate opportunity to make up the missed work.

The Law School and College of Veterinary Medicine calendars differ in a number of ways from the university calendar. Please consult the catalogs of those colleges for details.

The courses and curricula described in this catalog, and the teaching personnel listed herein, are subject to change at any time by official action of Cornell University.

The rules and regulations stated in this catalog are for information only and in no way constitute a contract between the student and Cornell University. The university reserves the right to change any regulation or requirement at any time.

This catalog was produced by Media and Technology Services at Cornell University.
College of Engineering  176
Administration  176
Facilities and Special Programs  176
Degree Programs  176
Undergraduate Study  176
Special Programs  179
Master of Engineering Degree Programs  181
Academic Procedures and Policies  181
Engineering Career Services  185
Agricultural and Biological Engineering  185
Applied and Engineering Physics  186
Applied Mathematics  188
Chemical Engineering  188
Civil and Environmental Engineering  189
Computer Science  191
Earth and Atmospheric Sciences  192
Electrical and Computer Engineering  194
Materials Science and Engineering  195
Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering  196
Nuclear Science and Engineering  198
Operations Research and Industrial Engineering  199
Statistical Science Department  202
Theoretical and Applied Mechanics  202
Engineering Courses  203
Engineering Common Courses  203
Agricultural and Biological Engineering  207
Applied and Engineering Physics  208
Chemical Engineering  210
Civil and Environmental Engineering  212
Computer Science  219
Earth and Atmospheric Sciences  223
Electrical and Computer Engineering  226
Materials Science and Engineering  231
Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering  234
Nuclear Science and Engineering  239
Operations Research and Industrial Engineering  240
Theoretical and Applied Mechanics  243
Faculty Roster  245

Graduate School  248

School of Hotel Administration  249
Administration  249
Degree Program  249
Facilities  249
Undergraduate Curriculum  249
Graduate Curriculum  251
Management Operation  251
Human Resources Management  252
Financial Management  253
Food and Beverage Management  255
Marketing and Tourism  257
Property Asset Management  258
Communication  259
Operations Management, Information Technology  260
Law  261
Other Courses  261
Faculty Roster  262

College of Human Ecology  263
Administration  263
College Focus  263
Facilities  263
Degree Programs  263
Undergraduate Affairs  263
Majors  264
Design and Environmental Analysis  264
Human Biology, Health, and Society  265
Human Development  265
Nutritional Sciences  265
Policy Analysis and Management  266
Textiles and Apparel  266
Interdepartmental Major in Biology and Society  267
Individual Curriculum  267
Special Opportunities  267
Urban Semester Program in New York City  268
Academic Advising and Student Services  269
Graduation Requirements and Policies  271
Procedures  272
Grades and Examinations  275
Academic Standing  277
Academic Honors and Awards  278
College Committees and Organizations  278
Interdepartmental Courses  279
Urban Semester Program in Multicultural Dynamics in Urban Affairs  279
Design and Environmental Analysis  280
Human Development  283
Policy Analysis and Management  290
Textiles and Apparel  296
Faculty Roster  298

School of Industrial and Labor Relations  300
Administration  300
Degree Programs  300
The School  300
Graduate Degrees  300
Departments of Instruction  300
Resident Instruction  300
Study Options  301
Requirements for Graduation  301
Scheduling and Attendance  302
Academic Standing and Grades  302
Special Academic Programs  303
Collective Bargaining, Labor Law, and Labor History  303
Human Resource Studies  306
International and Comparative Labor  310
Interdepartmental Courses  311
Labor Economics  311
Organizational Behavior  313
Social Statistics  317
ILR Extension  319
Faculty Roster  321

Law School  322

Johnson Graduate School of Management  334
INTRODUCTION

Courses of study (cuinfo.cornell.edu/Academic/Courses/), a catalogue of Cornell University’s many academic programs and resources, contains information about colleges and departments, interdisciplinary programs, undergraduate and graduate course offerings, and procedures. Additionally, a student handbook, distributed to all incoming students, describes life at Cornell. The Policy Notebook (www.univco.cornell.edu/policy/library.html), also distributed to each new student, summarizes pertinent university policies, including the campus Code of Conduct and the Code of Academic Integrity. Students should consult with their college’s advising office for specific information on their college’s academic policies and procedures, degree programs, and requirements.

All these publications are also available for viewing on CUINFO the university’s electronic information system, and in print at the various university libraries, the Office of the Dean of Students, the Office of the Dean of the University Faculty, the Office of University Counsel, the Office of the Judicial Administrator, and the college offices.

Not included in this publication is information concerning the Medical College and the Graduate School of Medical Sciences, located in New York City.

The following are offices and sources of information about admission to Cornell University.


Medical College and Graduate School of Medical Sciences. Office of Admissions, 1300 York Avenue, New York, NY 10021, 212–746–1067.

CUINFO ON THE WEB

It is not possible to keep this single-volume course list completely up-to-date. The most current information regarding course schedules, sections, rooms, credits, and registration procedures may be found on CUINFO, Cornell’s electronic information source, and in the Course and Time Roster and the Course and Room Roster, published each semester by the Office of the University Registrar. You may access CUINFO through the web. The URL is: www.cornell.edu.

Students are also advised to consult individual college and department offices for up-to-date course information.

EXPLANATION OF COURSE NUMBERING SYSTEMS

The course levels have been assigned as follows:

100-level course—introductory course, no prerequisites, open to all qualified students

200-level course—lower-division course, open to freshmen and sophomores, may have prerequisites

300-level course—upper-division course, open to juniors and seniors, prerequisites

400-level course—upper-division course, open to seniors and graduate students, 200- and 300-level course prerequisites or equivalent

500-level course—professional level (e.g., management, law, veterinary medicine)

600-level course—graduate-level course, open to upper-division students

700-level course—graduate-level course

800-level course—master’s level, thesis, research

900-level course—doctoral level, thesis, research

The list of courses that follows is arranged in two broad groups.

Group 1: Divisions that offer both undergraduate- and graduate-level courses

Agriculture and Life Sciences

Architecture, Art, and Planning

Arts and Sciences

Engineering

Hotel Administration

Human Ecology

Industrial and Labor Relations

Nutritional Sciences

Officer Education

Group 2: Graduate professional divisions

Law

Management

Veterinary Medicine

There are no courses offered by the Graduate School as a unit; graduate-level courses are contained in the various departments that offer the instruction.

Within each division, courses are generally arranged in alphabetical order by department and in numerical order within the departments. All courses, 0–999 are briefly described for those divisions (group 1) offering instruction to both undergraduate and graduate students. Courses in the graduate professional divisions (group 2) are designated by number and title only.

ACCREDITATION

Cornell University is accredited by the Middle States Association of Colleges and Schools. A copy of the most recent reaffirmation of Cornell’s accreditation can be found at www.spc.cornell.edu/Accreditation/Status. Requests to review additional documentation supporting Cornell’s accreditation should be addressed to Michael Matier, Director, Institutional Research and Planning, Cornell University, 440 Day Hall, Ithaca, NY 14853–2801, mmw5@cornell.edu.

Advanced Placement

CREDIT FOR ADVANCED PLACEMENT

Definition and Purpose of Advanced Placement Credit

Advanced placement credit is college credit that students earn before they matriculate as freshmen. Students may use credit they receive for advanced placement to satisfy degree requirements only as specified by the individual college at Cornell. Although such credit counts toward the bachelor’s degree, its primary purpose is to exempt students from introductory courses and to place them in advanced courses. Its value is that it allows students to include more advanced courses in their undergraduate curricula.

Sources of Advanced Placement Credit

Advanced placement credit may be earned from one of the following:

a. Achieving the requisite score from the Advanced Placement Examinations (AP exams) from the College Entrance Examination Board (CEEB) in Princeton, NJ. The requisite scores, which vary by subject, are determined by the relevant departments at Cornell and are listed on page 7. Some departments at Cornell offer departmental exams (usually during orientation), for placement and advanced placement credit.

b. Passing a regular course taught at an accredited college to college students and approved by the relevant department at Cornell. Some departments have delegated the review of courses to college staff according to guidelines they have formulated. Some departments review each request individually. Some departments accept credit from virtually all accredited colleges; some do not.

c. See below for international credentials.

Please note: Cornell University does not accept credit for courses sponsored by colleges but taught in high schools to high school students, even if the college provides a transcript of such work. Students who have taken such courses may, however, earn credit by taking an appropriate exam as described in paragraph a above.
DETERMINATION OF CREDIT AND PLACEMENT

The table on page 7 provides information on how credit and placement are determined for the most subjects. Supplementary information for subjects requiring additional explanation is provided below.

Biological Sciences
Any student who earns a score of 5 on the CEEB Advanced Placement Examination in biology may elect to receive eight credits and be exempted from all introductory biology courses.

Students not majoring in biological sciences who score a 4 or 5 may earn, respectively, six or eight advanced placement credits. This will satisfy the distribution requirement in biological sciences for students in the College of Human Ecology and a portion of the group B distribution requirement for students in the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences. For students in the College of Arts and Sciences, credits may be applied toward distribution in science and quantitative reasoning as stipulated by the college.

Biological sciences majors who receive a score of 5 may receive eight credits and be exempt from all introductory biology courses or elect to receive four credits and select one of the options allowed for majors with a score of 4. The student receiving a score of 4 must fulfill the introductory biology requirement by taking BIO G 101-102, 101/103, 102/104, or 103-104 or 105 or 106 (Biological Sciences, Lectures and Laboratory). These students should consult information available in the BIO G 101-104 course (1140 Comstock Hall) and in the Office of Undergraduate Biology (216 Stimson Hall) to determine which semester to complete the introductory biology requirement. For students in doubt, BIO G 101/103 is advised. These students will receive a total of eight introductory biology credits (four advanced placement credits plus four course credits).

Chemistry
The Department of Chemistry offers two sequences that satisfy prerequisites for further work in the department. Chemistry 207-208, an eight-credit sequence that includes qualitative analysis, and Chemistry 215-216, a nine-credit sequence that includes qualitative and quantitative analysis. Freshmen may qualify for advanced placement and advanced standing credits in chemistry by satisfactory performance on the CEEB Advanced Placement Examination in chemistry or by passing an advanced standing examination offered by the department. A score of 5 on the CEEB examination entitles a student to four credits. A student may earn four or eight credits by suitable performance on the departmental examination. To take the departmental examination, students must sign up beforehand in the Undergraduate Office, 303 Upson Hall.

Students who receive scores of 700 or better on the CEEB SAT II examination in English composition, 700 or better on the CEEB SAT II examination in literature, or 4 or 5 on the CEEB Advanced Placement Examination in English are eligible to enroll, space permitting, in the following English freshman writing seminars: 270, 271, 272.

Advanced placement credits may not be used to fulfill requirements of the English major or distribution requirements of the College of Arts and Sciences.

Mathematics and Statistics
The Cornell calculus sequences discussed below are described under "Basic Sequences" in the Department of Mathematics section of this catalog.

The regular freshman calculus courses at Cornell do not differ substantially from calculus courses given in many high schools, and it is best to avoid repeating material that has already been covered at an appropriate level. Secondary school students who have had the equivalent of at least one semester of
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Score</th>
<th>Advanced Placement Credit</th>
<th>Placement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Arabic</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Department of Near Eastern Studies determines credit and placement based on departmental examination.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biology</td>
<td>5 (majors)</td>
<td>8 credits or 4 credits</td>
<td>Placement out of all introductory courses. Students may choose to accept only 4 credits and follow the guidelines for majors with a score of 4.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4 (majors)</td>
<td>4 credits</td>
<td>4 AP credits awarded after completion of any combination of 4 credits from 101-104 or 105 or 106. Consult department to determine which semester to take to complete introductory biology.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5 (nonmajors)</td>
<td>8 credits</td>
<td>Placement out of all introductory courses.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemistry</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>4 credits</td>
<td>Department determines placement. No advanced placement credit for students who take 206, 207, or 211; but students may choose to accept 4 AP credits if they take 215. Department offers placement exam during fall orientation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Computer science</td>
<td>4,5</td>
<td>4 credits</td>
<td>Placement out of C.S. 100.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Economics, micro</td>
<td>4,5</td>
<td>3 credits</td>
<td>Placement out of Economics 101.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Economics, macro</td>
<td>4,5</td>
<td>3 credits</td>
<td>Placement out of Economics 102.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>English</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>3 credits</td>
<td>Placement out of one Freshman Writing Seminar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(all except A/5)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3 credits</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>French language</td>
<td>4,5</td>
<td>3 credits</td>
<td>Department of Romance Studies determines placement. Students may earn additional credit by taking CASE examination.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>French literature</td>
<td>4,5</td>
<td>3 credits (and proficiency)</td>
<td>Department of Romance Studies determines placement.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>German</td>
<td>4,5</td>
<td>3 credits (and proficiency)</td>
<td>Department of German Studies determines placement. Students may earn additional credit by taking the CASE examination.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Government and politics, U.S.</td>
<td>4,5</td>
<td>3 credits</td>
<td>Placement out of Government 111.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Government and politics,</td>
<td>4,5</td>
<td>3 credits</td>
<td>Placement out of Government 131.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>comparative</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Greek, Ancient and Modern</td>
<td>4,5</td>
<td>3 credits</td>
<td>Department of Classics determines credit and placement based on departmental examination.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hebrew</td>
<td>4,5</td>
<td>3 credits</td>
<td>Department of Near Eastern Studies determines placement based on departmental examination.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>American history</td>
<td>4,5</td>
<td>4 credits</td>
<td>Department of Romance Studies determines placement. Students may earn additional credit by taking the CASE examination.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>European history</td>
<td>4,5</td>
<td>4 credits</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>History of art</td>
<td>4,5</td>
<td>3 credits</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Italian language</td>
<td>4,5</td>
<td>3 credits</td>
<td>Department of Romance Studies determines placement.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Italian literature</td>
<td>4,5</td>
<td>3 credits (and proficiency)</td>
<td>Department of Romance Studies determines placement.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Latin</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Department of Classics determines credit and placement based on departmental examination.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mathematics BC (excluding</td>
<td>4,5</td>
<td>8 credits</td>
<td>Placement out of all 1st- and 2nd-semester calculus courses (Math 106, 111-112, 121-122, 191-192, 193). Permission to take any 3rd-semester calculus course (Math 221, 222, 295, or 213).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>engineering students see</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>following page for more details)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mathematics AB (excluding</td>
<td>3,4,5</td>
<td>4 credits</td>
<td>Placement out of all 1st-semester calculus courses (Math 106, 111, 121, 191, 193). Permission to take any 2nd-semester calculus course (Math 112, 122, or 192).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>engineering students see</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>following page for more details)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Music</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Department determines credit and placement based on departmental examination.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Persian</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Department of Near Eastern Studies determines credit and placement based on departmental examination.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physics B</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>8 credits</td>
<td>Placement out of Physics 101–102. Students with a score of 4 or 5 on Mathematics BC may choose placement out of Physics 112 or 207 (4 credits).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td>8 credits</td>
<td>Placement out of Physics 101–102.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4 credits</td>
<td>Placement out of Physics 101.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physics C-Mechanics</td>
<td>4,5</td>
<td>4 credits</td>
<td>Students may choose placement out of Physics 112 or 207, or placement into Physics 116 with no AP credit. For more information, contact department representative.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physics C-Electricity/Magnetism</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>4 credits</td>
<td>Placement out of Physics 213.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Psychology</td>
<td>4,5</td>
<td>3 credits</td>
<td>Placement out of Psychology 101.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sociology</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Department determines credit and placement.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spanish language</td>
<td>4,5</td>
<td>3 credits</td>
<td>Department of Romance Studies determines placement. Students may earn additional credit by taking the CASE examination.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spanish literature</td>
<td>4,5</td>
<td>3 credits (and proficiency)</td>
<td>Department of Romance Studies determines placement.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statistics (excluding</td>
<td>4,5</td>
<td>3 credits</td>
<td>Placement out of Biometry 200, ILRST 210 or Mathematics 171.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>engineering students)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turkish</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Department of Near Eastern Studies determines credit and placement based on departmental examination.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

†Cornell Advanced Standing Examination. Contact Callean Hile, 303 Morrill Hall, for French, Italian, and Spanish. Contact Marguerite Mizelle, 183 Goldwin Smith Hall, for German.
analytic geometry and calculus should, if possible, take one of the CEEB's two Advanced Placement Examinations (calculus AB or calculus BC) during their senior year. Students who have been awarded Advanced Placement credit by their colleges for calculus or statistics may not also receive academic credit at Cornell for similar courses. In particular, students who have been awarded AP credit for a semester of calculus (4 academic credits) may not also receive academic credit for any first-semester calculus course (Math 106, 111, 121, 191, 193). Students who have been awarded AP credit for 2 semesters of calculus (8 academic credits) may not also receive academic credit for any first-semester calculus course (Math 106, 111, 121, 191, 193) or any second-semester calculus course (Math 112, 122, 192). Finally, students who have been awarded AP credit for statistics (3 academic credits) may not also receive academic credit for any of the introductory statistics courses Biometry 200, ILRST 210, or Math 171.

The following rules apply to students being admitted to all colleges except the College of Engineering.

Students with a grade of 4 or 5 on the BC examination may take the appropriate third-semester course (Mathematics 213, 221, 223 or 293), but students entering Mathematics 293 may have to make up some material on vectors and multivariable calculus. Students with a 2 or 3 on the BC examination or a 3, 4, or 5 on the AB examination may take the appropriate second-semester course (Mathematics 112, 122, or 192). However, students who receive the borderline passing scores of 2 on the BC examination or 3 on the AB examination are strongly advised to take Math 112 rather than the more demanding courses 122 or 192. Advanced placement credit will be awarded appropriately; however, no credit will be granted for a grade of 1 on the BC or 1 or 2 on the AB examination. A placement examination in mathematics is offered at Cornell only during orientation week and should be taken by students who

1) have had at least a semester of calculus but did not take a CEEB Advanced Placement Examination,

2) believe that the placement assigned on the strength of the CEEB Advanced Placement Examination is not high enough in their case.

Students are strongly urged to take the departmental placement test even if they feel that their grasp of the material is uncertain. The grade on this test does not become part of a student's record. No advance registration for the departmental examination is necessary. For the policies of the College of Engineering regarding advanced placement and credit, please consult the college's section of this catalog.

Modern Languages
Students who have studied a language for two or more years and want to continue study in that language at Cornell must present the results of a placement test. See "Placement Tests" and "Advanced Placement credit" under "Foreign Language Requirements" in the Arts and Sciences section of this catalog. Students who have had a year of formal study or substantial informal study since they last took a placement test should take the examination again during orientation week if they plan to continue course work.

Advanced standing credit may be entered on a student's record as follows:

1) Students with a score of 4 or 5 on the language Advanced Placement Examination of the CEEB, earn three credits, and are eligible to take Cornell's Advanced Placement Examination (CASE). Outstanding performance on this examination can result in a maximum of six credits.

2) Students who achieve a minimum score of 65 on the Cornell language placement test given during orientation week are eligible to take Cornell's Advanced Standing Examination (CASE). Outstanding performance on this examination can result in a maximum of six credits.

3) For formal language work at an accredited college, credit is considered by the department on submission of a transcript and may be entered on the student's Cornell record.

4) Native speakers of languages other than English may, on examination by the appropriate professor, be granted a maximum of three credits if they can demonstrate proficiency equivalent to course work on the 200 level or above at Cornell. Additional credit will be considered only for those who pursue advanced work in their native language. Students may not receive both advanced placement credit for competence in their native language and Cornell credit for English as a second language.

Information about times and places to take placement tests is available in the orientation booklet and from Academic and Career Counseling Services on the web at dml.cornell.edu/html/place/testschedule.html. For more information, see the College of Arts and Sciences section on language course placement, or contact Callicae Hile, 303 Morrill Hall for French, Italian, and Spanish; Marguerite Mizelle, 183 Goldwin Smith Hall, for German; Jenka Fyfe, Morrill Hall, for Russian; Kim Robinson, 388 Rockefeller Hall, for Asian languages.

Music
Advanced placement and credit are awarded only in music theory and only on the basis of a comprehensive examination administered by the Department of Music, normally during orientation week. If special arrangements are made, the examination may be administered at other times during the academic year. Inquiries may be directed to the Department of Music (telephone: 607-255-4097).

**Physics**
Advanced placement and credit are awarded on the basis of the CEEB Advanced Placement Examination in physics (Physics B or Physics C), certain international examinations, or the departmental examination (which may be taken during orientation week or at other times as arranged). For information about the departmental examination, students should consult the director of undergraduate studies, 101 Clark Hall, or the department chair, 109 Clark Hall.

Physics B: Students earning a score of 4 or 5 may receive eight credits for noncalculus-based Physics 101 and 102. Those earning a score of 5 in physics B and a score of 4 or 5 in calculus BC may choose to accept four credits in calculus-based Physics 112 or 207 instead of eight credits in Physics 101 and 102. Those earning a score of 3 will receive four credits in Physics 101.

Physics C—Mechanics: Students earning a score of 4 or 5 may receive four credits for Physics 112 or 207, or placement into Physics 116, a first-semester honors course, with no AP credit.

Physics C—Electricity and Magnetism: Students earning a score of 5 may receive four credits for Physics 213.

A student planning a major in Physics or Applied and Engineering Physics and who is eligible for AP credit should consult with his/her adviser or the department representative.

Advanced placement into a next-in-sequence course depends on the completion of the appropriate mathematics prerequisites before enrollment. To qualify for advanced placement credit, it is not necessary to continue the study of physics.

General information and advice may be obtained from the director of undergraduate studies, 101 Clark Hall, or from the Department of Physics, 109 Clark Hall.

**ADVANCED PLACEMENT AND CREDIT FOR INTERNATIONAL CREDENTIALS**
Following are the policies currently in effect for G.C.E. "A" Level Examinations and International Baccalaureate Higher Level Examinations. Students may submit results of the French Baccalauréat or German Abitur for possible credit depending on the stream or specialization followed. Accepted students holding any other secondary school credentials are urged to sit for the Advanced Placement Examinations of the College Entrance Examination Board or for the departmental examinations offered during orientation week.

**General Certificate of Education (GCE) Advanced ("A") Level Examination** exchanges are awarded advanced standing and credit. Students must present the original or a certified copy of their examination certificate in order to receive credit.

Following is a list of subjects and the marks for which credit will be awarded:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Marks</th>
<th>Credit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Biology</td>
<td>A or B</td>
<td>8 credits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemistry</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>8 credits (Chem 207 and 208)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>B</td>
<td>4 credits (Chem 207)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Economics</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>6 credits (Econ 101 and 102)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Literature</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>6 credits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>B</td>
<td>3 credits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>History</td>
<td>A, B</td>
<td>4 credits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>or C</td>
<td>4 credits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mathematics</td>
<td>A or B</td>
<td>8 credits (Math 111 and 112)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>C</td>
<td>4 credits (Math 111)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Music</td>
<td>subject to departmental review</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
INTERNAL TRANSFER DIVISION

Late Course Enrollment and Late Add/ Drop/Change Fees

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Academic Unit</th>
<th>Late Course Enrollment Fee</th>
<th>Late Course Add/Drop/Change Fee</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Continuing Education and Summer Sessions</td>
<td>$100</td>
<td>$100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Johnson Graduate School of Management</td>
<td>No fee</td>
<td>No fee</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Law School</td>
<td>$30</td>
<td>$20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physical education</td>
<td>$30*</td>
<td>$30*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Veterinary medicine</td>
<td>$30*</td>
<td>$30*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Consult the college office for special considerations and requirements.

AUDITING COURSES

Summer school and extramural students may officially register as visitors (auditors) in courses and have this entered on their permanent records if their attendance is reported as satisfactory. Graduate students may register for courses as auditors but will not have the courses listed on their transcripts. Undergraduates may not register to audit courses.

LEAVES AND WITHDRAWALS

A leave of absence must be requested from the college in which the student is enrolled. A leave of absence is granted for a specified time, after which the student is expected to return to resume coursework. Students should inform their college of intent to return.

A student may withdraw from the university at the student’s discretion. In addition, a college may withdraw a student who fails to return at the end of a period of authorized leave. Medical leaves are granted and processed through University Health Services.

Internal Transfer Division

Students may not always be satisfied with the original Cornell school or college into which they’ve been admitted. They may decide to transfer from one college to another, within the university. This process is called internal transfer, and application procedures and deadlines vary by college. It may be possible to be admitted directly into a new program. Students who are uncertain if they immediately qualify for direct transfer, however, should apply to the Internal Transfer Division (ITD).

To apply, candidates must interview with the division’s director and submit an essay to the ITD office outlining their reasons for wanting to transfer. Internal Transfer Division applicants must also fulfill the application requirements (e.g., interviews, essays) of their target college as if they were applying for direct transfer. In many cases, colleges formally sponsor students in ITD and

University Registration

University registration is the official recognition of a student’s relationship with the university and is the basic authorization for a student’s access to services and education. Completion of registration is essential to student’s access to services and education.

To become a registered student at Cornell University, a person must:

- complete course enrollment according to individual college requirements;
- settle all financial accounts, including current semester tuition;
- satisfy New York State health requirements;
- have no holds from the college, the office of the Judicial Administrator, Gannett Clinic, or the Bursar.

Individuals must become registered students by the end of the third week of the semester. Cornell University does not allow persons who are not registered with the university in a timely manner to attend classes. The university reserves the right to require unauthorized, unregistered persons who attend classes or in other ways seek to exercise student privileges to leave the university premises. The university does not permit retroactive registration and does not record courses or grades for unregistered persons.

COURSE ENROLLMENT

Pre-course enrollment for each semester at Cornell takes place partway through the preceding semester. Dates are announced in advance and are posted in school and college offices. Students are expected to meet with their advisors during this period to affirm that the courses they plan to take will ensure satisfactory progress toward a degree.

New students and transfer students may be sent course enrollment instructions by their college offices before they arrive on campus. Procedures vary from college to college.

COURSE ADD/DROP/CHANGE

Students may adjust their schedules during add/drop/change periods. A form is completed by the student and signed by both the student’s advisor and an appropriate representative of the department offering the course (an instructor, department staff member, or college registrar, depending on the college). The completed and signed form must be returned to the student’s college office to be processed. Professional schools, Continuing Education and Summer Sessions, and the Department of Physical Education and Athletics have different course enrollment and add-drop policies. See the chart below for their course add/drop/change fees.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Marks</th>
<th>Credit</th>
<th>University Registration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Philosophy</td>
<td>A or B</td>
<td>3 credits</td>
<td>subject to departmental review</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physics</td>
<td>A or B</td>
<td>4 credits for Physics 101, 112, or 207, 4 additional credits for Physics 213 are granted for a combination of grades of A or B and a minimum of 8 Advanced Placement or Advanced Standing credits in Mathematics. Students planning to major in physics are encouraged to enroll in Physics 116.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

International Baccalaureate (IB) Higher Level Examination passes are awarded advanced standing and credit on receipt of the original or a certified copy of the examination results.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Marks</th>
<th>Credit</th>
<th>University Registration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Anthropology</td>
<td>subject to departmental review</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biology</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>8 credits</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemistry</td>
<td>6 or 7</td>
<td>4 credits (Chem 207)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Computer Science</td>
<td>6 or 7</td>
<td>4 credits (CS 100)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Economics</td>
<td>6 or 7</td>
<td>6 credits</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>English</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>6 credits</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>History</td>
<td>6 or 7</td>
<td>4 credits</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mathematics</td>
<td>6 or 7</td>
<td>8 credits (prospective math, science, and engineering majors must consult with math department to determine prerequisite for placement in third-semester math courses)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Music</td>
<td>subject to departmental review</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Philosophy</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>3 credits</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physical Science</td>
<td>6 or 7</td>
<td>8 credits (4 credits, Chemistry 105; 4 credits, Physics 101)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physics</td>
<td>6 or 7</td>
<td>4 credits (Phys 101, 112, or 207)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

New York State health requirements must be satisfied. Because these requirements are intended to safeguard the public health of students, the university has a responsibility to enforce the state regulations through registration procedures.

The policy on university registration is intended to describe clearly the meaning of and the procedures for registration so that students can complete the process efficiently and be assured of official recognition as registered students. With the clear communication of the steps for registration, it is hoped that compliance will occur with a minimum of difficulty.

Students may not always be satisfied with the original Cornell school or college into which they’ve been admitted. They may decide to transfer from one college to another, within the university. This process is called internal transfer, and application procedures and deadlines vary by college. It may be possible to be admitted directly into a new program. Students who are uncertain if they immediately qualify for direct transfer, however, should apply to the Internal Transfer Division (ITD).

To apply, candidates must interview with the division’s director and submit an essay to the ITD office outlining their reasons for wanting to transfer. Internal Transfer Division applicants must also fulfill the application requirements (e.g., interviews, essays) of their target college as if they were applying for direct transfer. In many cases, colleges formally sponsor students in ITD and
essentially guarantee admission if students successfully complete the requirements (taking particular courses, earning a specified grade point average while enrolled in ITD) that are outlined in their letter of sponsorship. Although sponsorship does not guarantee admission to the Internal Transfer Division, it is the most important factor determining acceptance into ITD. Students can apply simultaneously for direct transfer and to ITD, so that if direct transfer is denied they might be offered the option of being sponsored in the Internal Transfer Division. For more information about transfer requirements, students should contact the admissions office of the college they hope to enter and the office of the Internal Transfer Division, 220 Day Hall (255-4386).

**Bursar Information**

**TUITION, FEES, AND EXPENSES**

**Tuition for Academic Year 2000-2001**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Endowed Divisions</th>
<th>Tuition for Academic Year 2000-2001</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Undergraduate</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Architecture, Art, and Planning</td>
<td>$24,760</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arts and Sciences</td>
<td>$24,760</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engineering</td>
<td>$24,760</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hotel Administration</td>
<td>$24,760</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Graduate</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graduate School (with major chair in an endowed division)</td>
<td>$24,760</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Professional</strong></td>
<td><strong>Graduate School (with major chair in an endowed division)</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Law School</td>
<td>$27,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>First year</td>
<td>$27,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Continuing Management</td>
<td>$27,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>First year</td>
<td>$27,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Continuing Management</td>
<td>$27,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Statutory Divisions</strong></td>
<td><strong>Graduate School—Veterinary Medicine</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agriculture and Life Sciences</td>
<td>$10,830</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Human Ecology</td>
<td>$10,830</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Industrial and Labor Relations</td>
<td>$10,830</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New York resident*</td>
<td>$20,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nonresident*</td>
<td>$20,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Graduate</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graduate School (with major chair in agriculture, human ecology, or industrial and labor relations)</td>
<td>$12,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graduate School—Veterinary Medicine</td>
<td>$13,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Professional</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Veterinary Medicine</td>
<td>$15,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New York resident*</td>
<td>$15,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nonresident*</td>
<td>$21,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Summer Session (1999)</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Per credit</td>
<td>$600 (estimated)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Other Tuition and Fees</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In absentia fees</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graduate</td>
<td>$200 per term</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Undergraduate</td>
<td>$15 per term</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Law and Management</td>
<td>$75 per term</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The amount, time, and manner of payment of tuition, fees, or other charges may be changed at any time without notice.

**Residency status is determined at the time of admission by the college. Change in residency status is determined by the bursar.**

**Fees and Expenses**

Undergraduate applicants to Cornell pay a nonrefundable $65 application fee when submitting an application for admission. The graduate application fee is $65. Application to the Johnson Graduate School of Management costs $90 (domestic), $120 (international).

**Tuition Refund Policy**

Amounts personally paid for tuition may be refunded if the student requests a leave of absence or withdrawal from the office of the dean of his or her college of enrollment. The date of this request will determine the tuition liability for the semester. Previously matriculated students who terminate their registration with the university during a fall or spring semester in this manner will be charged tuition from the university registration day through the date of their request as follows:

- first six days of the semester (including university registration day), no charge;
- seventh day of the semester, 10 percent; second week, 20 percent; third week, 30 percent; fourth week, 40 percent; fifth week, 60 percent; sixth week, 80 percent; seventh week to the end of the semester, 100 percent.

First-time matriculants will be charged tuition from the university registration day through the date of their request as follows:

- first six days of the semester (including university registration day), no charge;
- seventh day of the semester, 10 percent; second and third weeks, 20 percent; fourth week, 30 percent; fifth and sixth weeks, 40 percent; seventh week, 50 percent; eighth and ninth weeks, 60 percent; tenth week to the end of the semester, 100 percent.

Repayment policy. Students receiving financial aid from the university who withdraw during a term will have their aid reevaluated, possibly necessitating repayment of a portion of aid received. Repayment to aid accounts depends on the type of aid received, government regulations, and the period of time in attendance. A partial semester will generally count as one of the eight semesters of financial aid eligibility normally allowed a student.

**Proration Schedule for Withdrawals and Leaves of Absence**

**Fall 2000 and Spring 2001**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Previously Matriculated Students</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fall 2000</td>
<td>Spring 2001</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No charge</td>
<td>1/8-8/27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10% charge</td>
<td>8/28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20% charge</td>
<td>8/29-9/11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30% charge</td>
<td>9/12-9/18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40% charge</td>
<td>9/19-10/2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60% charge</td>
<td>10/3-10/9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80% charge</td>
<td>10/10-10/23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100% charge</td>
<td>10/24</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**BILLING AND PAYMENT**

**Billing**

Tuition and room and board charges will be billed in July and December and must be paid prior to registration. The due date for these semester bills will normally be five to ten working days prior to registration day. All other charges, credits, and payments will appear on monthly statements mailed before the twenty-fifth of every month. It is possible that some charges will not be listed on the first bill and will appear on a subsequent monthly bill. A student must be prepared to pay any charges appearing on a subsequent bill even though the student receives a financial aid stipend before the charges are billed.

All bills are due by the date stated on the bill; all payments must be received by that date to avoid finance charges. Payments are not processed by postmark.

Please inform the Office of the Bursar of any change in billing address. Address changes made at other offices will not change the billing address. The address initially used on billing statements will be the home address as listed on each student's application for admission.

**Payments**

An individual who has outstanding indebtedness to the university will not be allowed to register* or reregister in the university, receive a transcript of record, have academic credits certified, be granted a leave of absence, or have a degree conferred. University policy precludes the use of any current financial aid for payment of past-due charges. The Office of the Bursar acts as a clearinghouse for student charges and credits that are placed directly on a student's bill by several departments and offices of the university. Since the Office of the Bursar does not have detailed records concerning many items that appear on a bill, students should contact the office involved if they have questions.

For further information, students should contact the Office of the Bursar, Cornell University, 220 Day Hall, Ithaca, New York 14853-2801 (telephone: 607-255-2336; fax: 607-255-6442). E-mail: UCO-Bursar@cornell.edu

**STUDENT HEALTH INSURANCE**

Because of the high cost of medical care, it is Cornell University policy that every full-time registered student (including students registered in absentia and nondegree students) must have health insurance coverage. You have two options.
1. enroll in the Student Health Insurance Plan (SHIP), or
2. waive the SHIP if you have comparable health insurance that meets Cornell's requirements.

The Student Health Insurance Plan is developed especially for Cornell students and provides extensive coverage at a reasonable cost for most on- or off-campus medical care. Complete and current details of the SHIP, its cost, and an enrollment/waiver form will be mailed to each student with the July bursar bill.

To ensure that you are covered by an active and adequate health insurance plan, each year you will be enrolled automatically in the SHIP unless you submit a waiver form that affirms you have comparable insurance in place, from the day you become a registered student, and agree to maintain that coverage while a student at Cornell. If you have adequate health insurance coverage and plan to waive the Student Health Insurance Plan, you must submit the waiver form each year by the deadline to avoid a charge.

Fall enrollees: you will receive an enrollment/waiver form for the SHIP with your July bursar bill that you must return by 8/25/00.

Spring enrollees: you will receive the form after you arrive at Cornell; deadline is 2/23/01.

Late registrants: the form is due no later than 30 days after the initial bill for the insurance charge.

The Student Health Insurance Plan provides coverage 24 hours a day, 365 days a year, anywhere in the world. Students graduating mid-year may be eligible to purchase a five-month plan. Students enrolled in the SHIP may enroll their eligible dependents for an additional cost (fall deadline: September 29). Graduates and professional students who prefer to pay monthly must enroll in the installment payment plan no later than September 29. Because of policy restrictions, the plan is nonrefundable (except for dependents who no longer meet eligibility requirements and students who withdraw from Cornell within the first 30 days of the academic year).

For more information, contact the:

Student Insurance Office
Gannett Health Center
Ho Plaza
Ithaca, NY 14853-3101, USA
Telephone: 607-255-6363
E-mail: SICI@cornell.edu
Web: www.gannett.cornell.edu/studentinsurance

Class Attendance, Meeting Times, and Examinations

CLASS ATTENDANCE AND ABSENCES

Students are expected to be present throughout each term at all meetings of courses for which they are registered. The right to excuse a student from class rests at all times with the faculty member in charge of that class.

Absences because of religious beliefs. In accordance with Section 224-a of the New York State Education Law, each student who is absent from school because of his or her religious beliefs must be given an equivalent opportunity to register for classes or make up examinations, study, or work requirements that he or she may have missed because of such absence on any particular day or days. No fees of any kind shall be charged by the university for making available to such student such equivalent opportunity.

Class Meeting Times
Monday/Wednesday

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Start Times</th>
<th>End Times</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>50 MIN</td>
<td>08:00 AM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75 MIN</td>
<td>08:40 AM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 MIN</td>
<td>09:05 AM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 MIN</td>
<td>10:10 AM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 MIN</td>
<td>11:15 AM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 MIN</td>
<td>12:20 PM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 MIN</td>
<td>01:25 PM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 MIN</td>
<td>02:30 PM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 MIN</td>
<td>03:35 PM</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Tuesday/Thursday

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Start Times</th>
<th>End Times</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>50 MIN</td>
<td>08:00 AM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75 MIN</td>
<td>08:40 AM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 MIN</td>
<td>09:05 AM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 MIN</td>
<td>10:10 AM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 MIN</td>
<td>11:15 AM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 MIN</td>
<td>12:20 PM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 MIN</td>
<td>01:25 PM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 MIN</td>
<td>02:30 PM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 MIN</td>
<td>03:35 PM</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Laboratories and similar exercises

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1 HR 55 MIN</th>
<th>08:00 AM</th>
<th>09:55 AM</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10:10 AM</td>
<td>12:05 PM</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12:20 PM</td>
<td>02:15 PM</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>02:30 PM</td>
<td>04:25 PM</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>07:30 PM</td>
<td>09:55 PM</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10:10 AM</td>
<td>12:35 PM</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>02:00 PM</td>
<td>04:25 PM</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>07:30 PM</td>
<td>09:55 PM</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10:10 AM</td>
<td>01:10 PM</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>01:25 PM</td>
<td>04:25 PM</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>07:30 PM</td>
<td>10:30 PM</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

No classes or laboratory exercises are to be held between the hours of 4:25 p.m. and 7:30 p.m. Monday through Thursday, after 4:25 p.m. on Friday, after 12:20 p.m. on Saturday, and all day Sunday.

Evening preliminary examinations that will be given outside of normal class hours may be scheduled on Tuesday and Thursday evenings only, beginning at 7:30 p.m. All room assignments are scheduled by the Office of the University Registrar. The dates and times of these examinations are listed in the course rosters for each term.

Evening academic activities commencing at 7:30 p.m. on Mondays and Wednesdays, other than regularly scheduled courses and prelims previously approved by the office of the university faculty, are not permitted. Violation of these rules interferes with other university activities (athletic, musical, theatrical, employment, etc.).

Any exception to the above regulations, other than those for evening preliminary examinations, will require permission of the dean or director of the college or school offering the course. Exceptions to the regulations on evening preliminary examinations require approval of the dean of the university faculty. All such exceptions must include provision of special arrangements for the students for whom conflicts are generated by such an exception.

FINAL EXAMINATIONS

Final examinations for undergraduate courses are scheduled by the Office of the University Registrar. Examinations may be one, two, or two and one-half hours in length at the discretion of the department concerned. The schedule of final examinations is available in the Course and Time Roster and the Course and Room Roster, both of which are published through the Office of the University Registrar each semester. Examinations not listed in the registrar’s examination schedule will be arranged by the professor in charge and must fall within the announced examination period, except by permission of the dean of the faculty in accordance with existing faculty legislation.

General Rules Governing Final Examinations

Legislation of the university faculty governing study periods and examinations is as follows:
1. No final examinations can be given at a time other than the time appearing on the official examination schedule promulgated by the university registrar's office without prior written permission of the dean of the faculty.

2. No permission will be given, for any reason, to schedule final examinations during the last week of classes or the designated study period preceding final examinations.

3. Permission will be given by the dean of the faculty to reschedule examinations during the examination period itself if requested in writing by the faculty member, but only on condition that a comparable examination also be given for those students who wish to take it at the time the examination was originally scheduled. The faculty member requesting such a change shall be responsible for making appropriate arrangements for rooms or other facilities in which to give the examination. This should be done through the university registrar's office.

4. No tests are allowed during the last week of scheduled classes unless such tests are part of the regular week-by-week course program and are followed by an examination (or the equivalent) in the final examination period.

5. Papers may be required of students during the study period if announced sufficiently far in advance that the student did not have to spend a significant segment of the study period completing them.

6. Faculty can require students to submit papers during the week preceding the study period.

7. Take-home examinations should be given to classes well before the end of the regular term and should not be required to be submitted during study period but rather well into the examination period.

The university policies governing study period and final examinations are:

a) Each course should require that a final examination or some equivalent exercise (for example, term paper, project report, final critique, oral presentation, or conference) be conducted or due during the period set aside for final examinations.

b) Although not specifically prohibited, it is university policy to discourage more than two examinations for a student in one 24-hour time period and especially on any one day. It is urged that members of the faculty consider student requests for a make-up examination, particularly if their course is the largest of the three involved and thus has the strongest likelihood of offering a make-up for other valid reasons, i.e., illness, death in the family, etc.

c) Students have a right to examine their corrected exams, papers, etc., to be able to question their grading. (Note that students have no absolute right to the return thereof.) Exams, papers, etc., as well as grading records, should be retained for a reasonable time after the end of the semester, preferably till the end of the following term, to afford students such right of review.

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**EVENING PRELIMINARY EXAMINATIONS**

The most convenient times and places for "prelims" are the normal class times and classrooms. In cases where the only alternative is to hold evening preliminary examinations, they may be scheduled only on Tuesday and Thursday evenings and only after 7:30 p.m.

An alternative time to take the examination must be provided for those students who have academic, athletic, or employment conflicts at the time scheduled.

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**Grading Guidelines**

The official university grading system is composed of letter grades with pluses and minuses. Passing grades range from A+ to D-; F is failing. INC denotes a grade of incomplete, and R is the grade given at the end of the first semester of a year-long course. The grades of INC and R do not have quality-point equivalents. These are the quality-point equivalents:

- A+ = 4.5
- A = 4.0
- A- = 3.7
- B+ = 3.3
- B = 3.0
- B- = 2.7
- C+ = 2.3
- C = 2.0
- C- = 1.7
- D+ = 1.3
- D = 1.0
- D- = 0.7
- F = 0.0

This is how a term average is computed:

- **Course**
- **Grade**
- **Points**
- **Credits**
- **Product**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Points</th>
<th>Credits</th>
<th>Product</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chemistry 105</td>
<td>B+</td>
<td>3.3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>9.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>English 151</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>1.7</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>5.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEA 145</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>12.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CEH 100</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>9.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEA 111</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>2.0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>6.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total**: 16 42.0

To arrive at the term average, add the products (credits x quality points) and divide by the number of credits taken. Here, 42 divided by 16 equals 2.63.

The cumulative average (an average of grades from two or more terms) equals the sum of the products of all the grades at Cornell divided by the total number of credits taken.

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**S-U GRADES**

On September 6, 1972, the Faculty Council of Representatives passed the following legislation:

- **Resolved, that:**
  - A. the S-U system have symbol equivalents which are uniform within the university: "S" means C- or above; "U" means D+, D, D-, or failure.
  - B. S-U options be chosen by the student during the first three weeks of the term.
  - C. the Announcements and/or supplementary course registration materials describing each course include a description of the course grading options, particularly if the course is graded with an exclusive S-U.
  - Any change in grading options must be announced by the instructor within the first two weeks of the term.
  - D. course requirements (required reading, term paper, etc.) be the same for students electing S-U grades as for those electing letter grades.

The rules for the S-U option are further defined by each of the academic units. They are as follows:

**Agriculture and Life Sciences.**

- (a) Must have 100 credit hours with A, B, C, D grades.
- (b) The S-U option is available only in those courses so designated in the course catalog after approval by the Educational Policy Committee. (c) Freshmen may not exercise the S-U option.

**Architecture, Art, and Planning.**

- (a) All courses specifically required for a degree or certificate. Various departments may designate specific required courses where S-U will be permitted. (b) In a course so designated as S or U, the entire class is so graded. The instructor must announce this decision within the first two weeks of the time. (c) Where the option for S or U exists, both student and instructor must agree on the option. This agreement must be made by the end of the third week of class. (d) The option must be made by the end of the first three weeks of class. (e) The option must be used for the final grade.

**Arts and Sciences.**

- (a) Courses that count toward satisfaction of major requirements should not be taken for an S or U grade unless the department grants permission. (b) Permission of instructor. (c) A minimum of 80 of the 120 hours required for the A.B. degree must be in courses for which the student has received letter grades.

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courses (not counting PE) may be counted towards degree requirements during a student's college career.

**Industrial and Labor Relations.** (a) This option may be elected, if available in I&LR electives, or in out-of-college electives but not including directed studies. (b) Degree requirements include a minimum of 105 letter grade (A to D-) credits. (c) Student must also be in good academic standing. (d) A "U" is considered the equivalent of an "F" in determining a student's academic status. (e) Limited to two courses per term, not to exceed four hours in any one course.

**Internal Transfer.** (a) S-U grades permitted only when it is the only option or (b) when specifically approved by an admissions officer in the school or college to which the student plans to transfer.

**Veterinary Medicine.** (a) There are four courses in the veterinary core curriculum that are offered on an S-U basis only. All other required core courses must be taken for a letter grade. (b) Elective courses for veterinary students may be offered on an S-U basis at the option of the professor.

### INCOMPLETE

The grade of incomplete is appropriate only when two basic conditions are met:

1. The student has a substantial equity at a passing level in the course with respect to work completed, and
2. The student has been prevented by circumstances beyond the student's control, such as illness or family emergency, from completing all of the course requirements on time.

A grade of incomplete may not be given merely because a student fails to complete all course requirements on time. It is not an option that may be selected at the student's own discretion.

While it is the student's responsibility to initiate a request for a grade of incomplete, reasons for requesting one must be acceptable to the instructor, who establishes specific make-up requirements. The instructor has the option of setting a shorter time limit than that allowed by the student's college for completing the course work. Several colleges require that a statement signed by the instructor be on file indicating the reason for the grade of incomplete and the restriction, if any.

It is the responsibility of the student to see that all grades of incomplete are made up within the deadline and that the grade has been properly recorded with the student's college registrar.

### CHANGES IN GRADES

Changes in a grade may be made only if the instructor made an error in assigning the original grade.

### OFFICIAL TRANSCRIPTS

An official transcript is one that bears the official signature of the university registrar, sent in a sealed envelope directly from the Office of the University Registrar to another institution or agency as directed by the student. Transcripts can be obtained through the Office of the University Registrar, B7 Day Hall.

### University Requirements for Graduation

The university has only two requirements for graduation that must be fulfilled: the swim test and physical education courses. A student's college determines degree requirements such as residency, number of credits, distribution of credits, and grade averages. See the individual requirements listed by each college or school or contact the college registrar's office.

### PHYSICAL EDUCATION

#### Classes

All undergraduate students must complete two terms of work in physical education unless exempted from this requirement for medical or other special reasons for advanced standing on admission. For transfer students the requirement is reduced by the number of terms satisfactorily completed, not necessarily including physical education, in a college of recognized standing before entering Cornell.

Credit in physical education may be earned by participating in courses offered by the Department of Athletics and Physical Education, participating on an intercollegiate athletic team as a competitor or manager, or performing in the marching band.

Physical education is a requirement of the first two terms at Cornell. Students must register for it in each term, except those in which postponements are granted, until the requirement is satisfied.

Temporary postponements may be granted on the basis of physical disability, schedule conflicts, or excessive work load (employment exceeding 20 hours a week). The Garnett Health Center can provide certifications based on health, and the financial aid office can provide certifications of employment. Students should see the director or assistant director of Physical Education to establish postponements or waiver of the requirement. Questionable or unusual cases may be resolved by petition to the Faculty Advisory Committee on Athletics and Physical Education.

#### Swim Test

The University Faculty Committee on Physical Education has established a basic swimming and water safety competency requirement for all entering freshman undergraduate students. Normally, the test is given for women in the Helen Newman pool and for men in the Teagle pool as part of their orientation process. The test consists of a feet-first entry into the deep end of the pool and a continuous 75-yard swim using front, back, and optional strokes. Any student who cannot pass the swim test is required to include the course Basic Swimming and Water Safety in his or her program of physical education before electives can be chosen. Students will receive a grade of incomplete in Physical Education until they have passed the swim test or fulfilled the requirement by satisfactory attendance in two terms of Basic Swimming and Water Safety. Students unable to meet the swim requirement because of medical, psychological, or religious reasons must petition the University Faculty Committee on Physical Education for a waiver of the requirement. When a waiver is granted by the Faculty Committee on Physical Education, an alternate requirement is imposed. The alternate requirement substitutes a course in either Advanced First Aid (Emergency Response) or Wellness and Fitness for the original swimming requirement.

### STUDENT RESPONSIBILITIES

Students are responsible for meeting all requirements for the courses in which they are enrolled, as defined by the faculty members teaching the courses. It is also the student's responsibility to be aware of the specific major, degree, distribution, college, and graduation requirements for completing his or her chosen program of studies. Students should know how far they have progressed in meeting those requirements at every stage of their academic career.

### Student Records Policy

Under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 (FERPA), Cornell University is required to advise students of their rights concerning their education records. Education records include records directly related to a student and maintained by an educational institution or party acting on its behalf. The law gives students the right to:

a) inspect and review their education records;

b) challenge contents of education records;

c) a hearing if the challenge is unsatisfactory;

d) include an explanatory statement in the education records if the outcome of the hearing is unsatisfactory;

e) prevent disclosure of personally identifiable information*;

f) secure a copy of the institutional policy which includes the location of all education records**; and

g) file complaints with the Department of Education concerning institutional failure to comply with the act.

*Directory information is a category of personally identifiable information that includes name, home address, local address, local telephone listing, dates of attendance at Cornell, major field of study and college attended, previous educational agency or institution attended, participation in officially recognized activities (in athletics, the weight and height of members of athletic teams), degrees earned, and awards. Directory information may be released unless the student indicates otherwise at the time of registration. Students who wish no release of their directory information must inform the office of the university registrar in writing within 10 days of the date of official university registration. Students may rescind their no release request at any time in writing to the office of the university registrar.

**Cornell University Policy on Access to and Release of Student Education Records* is available on the web at URL: WWW.UNIVCO.CORNELL.EDU/policy/ASI.html.
POLICY ON POSTING OF STUDENT INFORMATION

In compliance with the university’s policy on student educational records, and the U.S. Department of Education’s Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 (FERPA), restricted student information may not be posted.

Accordingly, the following student information is considered restricted and therefore may not be posted:

- Student social security number
- Student identification number
- Courses elected
- Grades earned
- Grade point average
- Class rank
- Date of birth
- Place of birth
- Home telephone listing
- Academic and disciplinary actions
- Student or administrative committees
- The most recent student educational records from previous educational agency or institution
- Financial arrangements between the student and the university
- Any other education record containing personally identifiable information

For further information, please refer to the revised Policy on Access to and Release of Student Education Records on the web at www.univco.cornell.edu/policy/asi.html.

Academic Integrity

Absolute integrity is expected of every Cornell student in all academic undertakings. Any fraudulent act by a student to advance his or her academic status merits a severe penalty for the fraudulent act by a student to advance his or her academic status merits a severe penalty for the fraudulent act by a student to advance his or her academic status merits a severe penalty.

PROTECTION OF HUMAN SUBJECTS IN RESEARCH

The University Committee on Human Subjects is the official review board of all university projects that use humans as research subjects. Projects affected by this restriction include, but are not limited to, surveys, questionnaires, studies of existing data, documents, records in which there are no identifiers, as well as mental and physical tests of human subjects. Requests for student information must be submitted in writing to the Assistant Vice President for Academic Programs and Campus Affairs, 311 Day Hall. All proposals involving human subjects in any category must be submitted to the committee for review.

Inquiries, communications, and requests for guidelines should be directed to the committee’s Executive Secretary, 120 Day Hall (255-2945). The guidelines are also available at the web address www.osp.cornell.edu.

USE OF ANIMALS FOR COURSES

Vertebrate animals serve as an invaluable aid in instruction. It is recognized, however, that some students have ethical objections to the use of vertebrate animals in this manner. Courses that use vertebrate animals are identified as such in the course descriptions. Students who have concerns about the use of animals in these courses should consult the course instructor for more information about the precise ways in which the animals are used. A set of university guidelines on the use of vertebrate animals in teaching for faculty and students is printed below and is available from departments in which the courses are offered.

Guidelines for Faculty and Students with Respect to the Use of Animals in Instruction

Background: On December 8, 1987, the Cornell University Institutional Animal Care and Use Committee approved a series of guidelines recommended to them by the University Animal Welfare Committee. These guidelines were prepared by a subcommittee of faculty members, after they had the opportunity to evaluate the use of animals in undergraduate teaching (and student concerns for the same) from a representative sample of instructors.

Guidelines:

1. For demonstrating certain principles and procedures the use of animals in teaching is recognized as an invaluable, often essential, pedagogical device.
2. For courses in which vertebrate animals are to be used in dissection, surgery, or in other experimental procedures, the course description that appears in the Announcement “Courses of Study” should alert students to this fact.
3. A detailed description of the intended use of vertebrate animals should be available to students upon request to the instructor of each course.
4. Faculty members are encouraged to explain their reasons and need for using vertebrate animals and should indicate to students the availability of the procedures described in item 8 below.
5. Students are encouraged to discuss their concerns about the instructional use of vertebrate animals with the instructor in the course.
6. When consistent with pedagogical objectives, faculty members are encouraged to consider adopting alternative methods and procedures that do not involve the use of live animals.
7. When students object on ethical or other valid grounds, to participating in an exercise using vertebrate animals, instructors are encouraged to provide alternative means when consistent with pedagogical objectives, for learning the same material.
8. A student who is reluctant to voice his or her concerns about animal use in a particular course or who thinks these concerns have not received proper attention may seek assistance from the Director of the Cornell Center for Research Animal Resources (253-3520).

Interdisciplinary Centers, Programs, and Studies

ANDREW D. WHITE
PROFESSORS-AT-LARGE

The program has its origins in Cornell's early history. Andrew D. White, the first president of Cornell University, inaugurated the position of nonresident professor, to be held by eminent scholars, scientists, and intellectuals who periodically visit the university for the stated purpose of "contributing to the intellectual and cultural life of the university." Toward this end, Professors-at-Large engage in a variety of activities including public lectures, participation in ongoing courses, and collaborative research, as well as holding office hours for undergraduate and graduate students. Professors-at-Large serve for a six-year term and are full members of the faculty when in residence.

Term Ending in 2001

Pingree, David, historian of science

Term Ending in 2002

Chartier, Roger, cultural historian
Ernst, Richard R., physical chemist
Goodall, Jane, primatologist
Tobias, Phillip V., paleoanthropologist

Term Ending in 2003

Morrison, Toni, novelist
Rabinovich, Ilmar, historian of the Middle East, diplomat

Term Ending in 2004

Bal, Mieke, cultural analyst
Cleese, John, writer and actor
MacDonald, David W., mammalogist and behavioral ecologist
Siljakzic, Haris, political leader, historian of the Middle East

Term Ending in 2005

Jemison, Mae, astronaut
McDonough, William, architect
O’Brien, Stephen J., geneticist
Schechner, Richard, director of performance studies

Term Ending in 2006

Andy Goldsworthy, sculptor
Oliver Sacks, physician and writer

Center for Applied Mathematics

The Center for Applied Mathematics administers a broadly based interdisciplinary graduate program that provides opportunities for study and research over a wide range of
Numerical Mathematics and Operations
Research
CS 522 Software for Scientific Computing
CS 521 Matrix Computations
CS 622 Numerical Optimization and Nonlinear Algebraic Equations
CS 624 Numerical Methods for Differential Equations
CS 644 Machine Vision
CS 681 Analysis of Algorithms
CS 722 Topics in Numerical Analysis
CS 729 Seminar in Numerical Analysis
EE 425 Computer Methods in Digital Signal Processing
Math 425 Numerical Solution of Differential Equations
Math 728 Seminar in Partial Differential Equations

Discrete Mathematics and Geometry
Math 441–442 Introduction to Combinatorics
Math 445 Applicable Geometry
ORIE 653 Graph Theory and Network Flows
ORIE 656 Integer Programming
ORIE 659 Polyhedral Convexity

Information Communication and Control Theory
EE 411 Random Signals in Communications and Signal Processing
EE 425 Digital Signal Processing
EE 467–468 Communication Systems I and II
EE 471/MAE 478 Feedback Control Systems
EE 521 Theory of Linear Systems
EE 522 Theory of Nonlinear Systems
EE 525 Adaptive Filtering in Communication Systems
EE 526 Signal Representation and Modeling
EE 551 Error Control Codes
EE 552 Fundamental Information Theory
EE 553 Communication Networks
EE 555 Statistical Signal Processing
EE 556 Digital Communication
EE 577 Artificial Neural Networks
MAE 677 Robust and Optimal Control

Mathematical Biology
BTRY 451 Mathematical Modeling of Populations
BTRY 662, Chemical Ecology (also STBTRY 662)
Stat & Biom 651 Mathematical Population Studies and Modeling
Stat 657 & Biom 760 Special Topics in Theoretical and Computational Biology

Mathematical Economics
Econ 619 Econometrics I
Econ 620 Econometrics II
Econ 710 Stochastic Economics: Concepts and Techniques
Econ 717–718 Mathematical Economics
Econ 719–720 Advanced Topics in Econometrics

Mechanics and Dynamics
Chem E 731 Advanced Fluid Mechanics and Heat Transfer
Chem E 732 Diffusion and Mass Transfer
Chem E 751 Mathematical Methods of Chemical Engineering Analysis
M&AE 601 Foundations of Fluid Dynamics and Aerodynamics

M&AE 602 Fluid Dynamics at High Reynolds Numbers
M&AE 732 Analysis of Turbulent Flows
M&AE 735 Stability of Fluid Flow
M&AE 734 Turbulence and Turbulent Flow
M&AE 736 Computational Aerodynamics
M&AE 737 Computational Fluid Mechanics and Heat Transfer
T&AM 570 Intermediate Dynamics
T&AM 578 Nonlinear Dynamics and Chaos
T&AM 666 Finite Element Analysis
T&AM 671 Advanced Dynamics
T&AM 672 Celestial Mechanics (also Astro 579)
T&AM 673 Mechanics of the Solar System (also Astro 571)
T&AM 675 Nonlinear Vibrations
T&AM 678 Complex Systems
T&AM 751 Advanced Stochastic Processes
T&AM 752 Nonlinear Elasticity
T&AM 776 Applied Dynamical Systems

Probability and Statistics
EE 562 Fundamental Information Theory
EE 563 Communication Networks
EE 565 Statistical Signal Processing
EE 566 Wireless Networks
EE 569 Foundations of Inference and Decision Making
Math 671–672 Probability Theory
Math 674 Introduction to Mathematical Statistics
Math 777–778 Stochastic Processes
ORIE 561 Queueing Theory and Its Applications
ORIE 563 Applied Time-Series Analysis
ORIE 650 Applied Stochastic Processes
ORIE 651 Applied Probability
ORIE 662 Advanced Stochastic Processes
ORIE 670 Statistical Principles
ORIE 671 Intermediate Applied Statistics
STBTRY 408 Theory of Probability
STBTRY 409 Theory of Statistics

Robotics and Vision
CS 664 Machine Vision
EE 547 Computer Vision
EE 548 Digital Image Processing

Theoretical/Mathematical Physics/Chemistry
CHEM 792 Molecular Collision Theory
CHEM 793 Quantum Mechanics I
CHEM 794 Quantum Mechanics II
CHEM 796 Statistical Mechanics
CHEM 798 Special Topics in Physical Chemistry
EE 407 Quantum Mechanics and Solid State Physics
PHYS 553–554 (Astro 590–591) General Relativity
PHYS 561 Classical Electrodynamics
PHYS 562 (CHEM 796) Statistical Mechanics
PHYS 563 Statistical Physics
PHYS 572 Quantum Mechanics I
PHYS 574 Quantum Mechanics II
PHYS 651–652 Relativistic Quantum Field Theory

CORNELL CENTER FOR THE ENVIRONMENT

Rice Hall (255–7535)

The Cornell Center for the Environment (CCE) coordinates interdisciplinary research, teaching, and outreach programs on environmental issues. CCE's overarching goal is to continuously advance an intellectual community for the environment at Cornell University,
with the objective of promoting a sustainable future. To meet this goal CIE:

- initiates environmental courses and curricula at both the graduate and undergraduate levels;
- coordinates outreach programs that assist federal, state, and local government, international agencies, private organizations, businesses, and individuals in analyzing and solving environmental problems;
- organizes environmental events, lectures, festivals, and seminars; and
- serves as a clearinghouse for environmental information.

The CIE web page (www.cie.cornell.edu) is the principal source of environmental information for the Cornell students, faculty, and staff. Check it frequently for the latest updates on funding, seminars, courses, lectures, events, research opportunities, and new educational programs.

EDUCATION

Undergraduates and graduates can study the environment through programs in Cornell departments, centers, and institutes. Cornell has a strong tradition in environmental studies, with over 200 faculty across campus from the natural, biological, and social sciences working on various environmental issues.

Undergraduate Education

For undergraduate students, a listing of environmental course offerings is posted on the CIE web page (www.cie.cornell.edu) along with a listing of majors for students interested in the environment. Students are also encouraged to review the Courses of Study section on "Cornell's Undergraduate Environmental Programs."

Graduate Study

Graduate level environmental concentrations are found in many of Cornell's "Major Fields of Study," from Agricultural and Biological Engineering to Zoology. Similarly, there are opportunities for further study through several graduate minors. The Center for the Environment administers several graduate programs, including the Master of Professional Studies—Environmental Management Concentration, the Master of Science in Environmental Toxicology Graduate Field, and the Conservation and Sustainable Development Minor.

Master of Professional Studies—Environmental Management Program (MPS-EM)

Resolving complex environmental problems requires more than technological solutions and technical expertise. Environmental professionals also need broad-based administrative, analytical, and managerial skills to make cost effective decisions, perform impact analyses, effectively engage stakeholders, and work in a fluctuating legal, political, and regulatory arena. The MPS-EM Concentration is organized with these demands in mind. The program prepares graduates to work as multidisciplinary team members in the environmental management professions.

Students take common core courses including:

- Science and Technology of Environmental Management (ABEN 425);
- Managing Local Environmental Systems: Social Perspectives and Research Bases (Rural Sociology 560);
- Legal Aspects of Environmental Management (GRIP 551 or NTRES 408); and Environmental and Resource Economics (ARME 651). An interdisciplinary problem-solving project and 15-18 additional credit hours round out the program. For more information, contact CIE's education coordinator (607-255-7535 or cufc@cornell.edu).

Environmental Toxicology. CIE is the administrative home of the Environmental Toxicology Graduate Field. The field offers a multidisciplinary science program leading to an M.S. or Ph.D. degree. The three major areas of concentration in the program are: cellular and molecular toxicology; food and nutritional toxicology; and ecotoxicology and environmental chemistry. The graduate program prepares students for professional opportunities in academia, industry, private research institutes, and governmental agencies.

Conservation and Sustainable Development Minor (CSD). The minor was formed in response to the challenges facing society to provide for the health, safety, and welfare of people while maintaining the ecological integrity of natural ecosystems and the long-term sustainability of food, forage, and fiber production systems. Solutions to today's conservation and sustainable development problems will continue to elude a single disciplinary approach. These challenges must be met by a new kind of specialist that has holistic perspectives and is capable of working on interdisciplinary research and development teams. Hence, the Conservation and Sustainable Development Minor is oriented to graduate students desiring interdisciplinary approaches to real world problems.

Requirements for the minor include: (1) the CSD core course, Critical Issues in Conservation and Sustainable Development (NTRES 618); (2) at least two electives in subject areas outside the student's primary academic focus; and (3) an interdisciplinary problem-solving research or development project. Elective courses are chosen in consultation with the student's graduate committee that includes one representative from the CSD minor.

BEYOND THE CLASSROOM

Students interested in the environment will find many organizations, resources, and activities beyond the classroom setting, both on campus and in the regional area. CIE sponsors guest lectures and co-hosts conferences with groups from across the campus. In addition, CIE organizes the annual Cornell Environmental Film Festival and the Jill and Ken Iscol Distinguished Environmental Lectures.

RESEARCH AND OUTREACH

CIE is home for several environmental institutes offering students opportunities for study, project work, research, and outreach. These programs are focused on a variety of issues from watershed management to sustainable economic development to environmental risks. CIE programs include:

- Water Resources Institute (WRI)
- Institute for Comparative and Environmental Toxicology (ICET)
- Waste Management Institute (WMI)
- Institute for Resource Information Systems (Cornell IRIS)
- Program for Environment and Community (PEC)
- Program on Breast Cancer and Environmental Risk Factors in New York State (BCERF)
- Work and Environment Initiative (WEI)
- Environmental Inquiry (EI)
- Environmental Risk Analysis Program (ERAP)
- CIE Watersheds Program.

Several other programs affiliated with the Center include:

- Superfund Basic Research and Education Program (SBREP)
- Ocean Resources and Ecosystems Program (OREP)
- Cornell Institute for Research in Chemical Ecology (CIRCE)
- Program in Biochemistry and Environmental Change (PBEC)
- Environmental Outreach Council.

For additional information about the environment at Cornell contact:

Center for the Environment

Cornell University

Ithaca Hall

Ithaca, NY 14853-5601

Tel: 607/255-7535

Fax: 607/255-0238

Email: cufc@cornell.edu

Web: www.cie.cornell.edu

Liserv: Environment-L@cornell.edu

THE MARIO EINAUDI CENTER FOR INTERNATIONAL STUDIES

170 Uris Hall (255-6370)

The Mario Einaudi Center for International Studies, established in 1961 to encourage and support comparative and interdisciplinary research on international subjects, is one of the largest and most diverse centers of its kind in the United States. Currently, it includes four U.S. Department of Education Title VI National Resource Centers and 18 other area, development, topical, and educational programs. More than 500 faculty members voluntarily collaborate in the center's programs with well over 500 graduate students involved directly in its international programs. Undergraduate students may choose concentrations in International Relations, Latin American Studies, Modern European Studies, South Asian Studies, or Southeast Asian Studies. (See also Africana Studies and Research Center, Asian Studies, and International Agriculture for related majors and concentrations.)

As the world changes, Cornell's international programs are poised to anticipate and respond to those developments. While some programs offer study of geographic regions, others focus on such topics as international agriculture, nutrition, population, law, planning, politics, rural development economics, and world peace. As programs gain momentum and recognition to attract their own resources, the center applies its resources to new pilot

...
activities that bring faculty and students together across traditional disciplines and departmental boundaries.

Each year the center brings an eminent world leader to campus as the Henry E. and Nancy Horton Bartels World Affairs Fellow to deliver a public lecture, meet with classes, and interact informally with faculty and students. Together with the Peace Studies Program, the center hosts a Current Events Roundtable each June that attracts a large number of Cornell alumni to join faculty in discussion of key world events.

Besides the educational and research opportunities the center makes available on the Ithaca campus, it also provides foreign study options for undergraduate students through the Cornell Abroad Program and encourages graduate students' overseas field research by hosting an annual competition for travel grants and administering the Fulbright fellowship program. The center also is the administrative home of the International Students and Scholars Office, the principal campus resource serving Cornell’s large international community.

Cornell is committed to the study of the global community in all its complexity—through a faculty of preeminent scholars and teachers, outstanding research facilities, instruction in more than 40 languages, and a library system with 2,500,000 volumes related to international and comparative studies.

For additional information on current programs, publications, and courses, contact:
The Mario Einaudi Center for International Studies
Cornell University
170 Uris Hall
Ithaca, NY 14853-7601
USA
Phone: 607-255-6370
FAX: 607-255-5000
www.einaudi.cornell.edu

The Einaudi Center Programs
Center Administration:
Ron Herring, director
170 Uris Hall

East Asia Program (formerly China-Japan Program):
Vivienne B. Shue, director
140 Uris Hall

Latin American Studies Program:
Debra Castillo, director
190 Uris Hall

South Asia Program:
Christopher Minkowski, director
170 Uris Hall

Southeast Asia Program:
Thak Chaloemtiratana, director
180 Uris Hall

Institute for African Development:
David Lewis, director
170 Uris Hall

Institute for European Studies:
Jonas Pontusson, director
120 Uris Hall

International Agriculture:
Norman Uphoff, director
B31 Warren Hall

Berger International Legal Studies:
John Barceló, director
309 Myron Taylor Hall

International Political Economy:
Jonathan Kushner, director
B2 McGraw Hall

Gender and Global Change:
Lourdes Benetria, director
391 Uris Hall

International Studies in Planning:
Barbara Lynch, director
106 West Sibley Hall

Population and Development Program:
Douglas Gurak, director
200 West Sibley Hall

Comparative Societal Analysis:
Mary Brinton, director
346 Uris Hall

Participatory Action Research:
David Pelletier, director
378 Martha Van Burenelaer Hall

Peace Studies Program:
Barry Strauss, director
Matthew Evangelista, acting director
130 Uris Hall

Program in International Nutrition:
Jean Pierre Habicht, director
218 Savage Hall

Program on Comparative Economic Development:
Erik Thorbecke, director
458 Uris Hall

Cornell International Institute for Food, Agriculture, and Development:
Norman Uphoff, director
B31 Warren Hall

Cornell Food and Nutrition Policy Program:
David Sah, director
308 Savage Hall

Program on International Relations:
Matthew Evangelista, director
160 Uris Hall

Cornell Abroad:
Richard Gaulton, director
474 Uris Hall

International Students and Scholars:
Brendan O'Brien, director
B50 Caldwell Hall

COGNITIVE STUDIES

282 Uris Hall (255–6431) (cogst@cornell.edu)

Cognitive Studies focuses on the nature and representation of knowledge. It approaches the study of perception, action, language, and thinking from several perspectives—theory, experiment, and computation—with the aim of gaining a better understanding of human cognition and the nature of intelligent systems. The comparison between human and artificial intelligence is an important theme, as is the nature of mental representations and their acquisition and use. Cognitive Studies draws primarily from the disciplines of computer science, linguistics, neuroscience, philosophy, and psychology. The field of cognitive studies is primarily represented by faculty in the following departments: Communication, Computer Science, Design and Environmental Analysis, Economics, Education, Human Development, Linguistics, Mathematics, Neurobiology and Behavior, Philosophy, Psychology, and Sociology, as well as the Johnson Graduate School of Management.

Undergraduate Programs

An undergraduate concentration in cognitive studies in the College of Arts and Sciences provides a framework for the design of structured, individualized programs of study in this growing interdisciplinary field. Such programs of study are intended to serve as complements to intensive course work in a single discipline as represented by faculty in an individual department. For further information on the undergraduate program, see “Cognitive Studies Concentration” in the College of Arts and Sciences section. Contact Linda LeVan (255–6431 or cogst@cornell.edu).

Graduate Programs

Cornell offers a graduate field minor in cognitive studies. Cornell’s unique program of graduate training, which seeks to tailor an optimal program of study and research for each individual, fosters interdisciplinary committees. It is the norm for students interested in cognitive studies to combine faculty members from such fields as Philosophy, Computer Science, Linguistics, Psychology, or Neurobiology and Behavior on common committees. For further information on the graduate Field of Cognitive Studies, contact Joe Halpern and Ron Hoy, directors of graduate studies, (255–9562 or 254–4318, halpern.cs.cornell.edu or rrh3@cornell.edu), or Linda LeVan, executive staff assistant, 282 Uris Hall, Office of Cognitive Studies (255–6431, cogst@cornell.edu).

Courses

Courses from across the university that are relevant to the Cognitive Studies program are listed in this catalog under Arts and Sciences in the section “Special Programs and Interdisciplinary Studies.”

CORNELL ABROAD

474 Uris Hall 607/255–6224, fax 607/255–8700, e-mail: CUAbroad@cornell.edu
web homepage: www.einaudi.cornell.edu/cuabroad

Study abroad is an integral part of a Cornell education. We live in an increasingly global society in which knowledge, resources, and authority transcend national and regional boundaries. To help students develop the knowledge, skills, and attitudes necessary for global citizenship in the twenty-first century, Cornell Abroad offers a wide range of international study opportunities that reflect the fundamental educational goals and objectives of the university. Study abroad is a continuous experience with study on campus, enabling students to make regular progress toward the degree.

Qualified students study abroad through programs administered by Cornell and other American institutions, and by enrolling directly in foreign universities. Among the many study abroad programs available, students select programs with thoughtful planning and apply with the approval of their colleges and faculty advisers. In all cases, students must apply through Cornell Abroad, whose staff services the planning and application process.

LOCATIONS ABROAD

Cornell students majoring in a broad array of fields in all seven undergraduate colleges regularly study in more than 40 countries. The
following list includes programs chosen frequently by students with college approval; those locations preceded by an asterisk (*) are programs run directly by Cornell.

AFRICA
Botswana, Cameroon, Kenya, Madagascar, Tanzania, Uganda: School for International Training;
Ghana: University of Ghana (through the Council of International Educational Exchange, CIEE);
Kenya: Wildlife Management (School for Field Studies);
South Africa: Universities of Cape Town and Natal

ASIA
China: Chinese University of Hong Kong; Inter-University Program for Chinese Language Studies at Tsinghua University; Peking, and Nanjing Universities (CIEE); International Chinese Language Program at National Taiwan University; IES Beijing
India: School for International Training;
Indonesia: Institut Keguruan Dan Ilmu Pendidikan (IKIP) in Malang (CIEE);
Japan: *Kyoto Center for Japanese Studies; various universities enjoy admissions, advising, and counseling services, as well as an array of cultural activities, provided by the Cornell-Brown-Penn UK Centre.
Korea: Yonsei University;
Nepal: *Cornell-Nepal Study Program (Samyukta Adhyayan Karkam Nepal) at Tribhuvan University;
Thailand: Khon Kaen University (CIEE);
Vietnam: University of Hanoi (CIEE);

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND
Australian National University, Canberra; University of Sydney; University of Melbourne; University of New South Wales, Sydney; University of New England, Armidale; University of Queensland, Brisbane; University of Western Australia, Perth; School for International Training; Sydney Internship (Boston University); Otago and Lincoln Universities in New Zealand;

EUROPE
Denmark: *Denmark's International Study Program (DIS);
France: *EDUCO (Cornell, Duke, and Emory in Paris) at Universite de Paris VII, Paris I, Institut d’Etudes Politiques de Paris (*Sciences Po*); Critical Studies Program at the University of Paris (CIEE); Paris Internship (Boston University); IES Dijon Business Program
Germany: Berlin Consortium for German Studies at the Free University of Berlin; Wayne State University in Munich and Freiburg;
Greece: College Year in Athens;
Ireland: Trinity College Dublin and University Colleges of Dublin, Galway, and Cork;

Italy: Cornell College of Art, Architecture, and Planning Program in Rome; Bologna Cooperative Studies Program; Intercollegiate Center for Classical Studies in Rome; Syracuse University program in Florence;
Netherlands: Leiden University, University of Utrecht, Center for European Studies;
Russia: St. Petersburg University (CIEE); Moscow International University and other universities (American Council of Teachers of Russian);
Spain: *Cornell-Michigan-Penn program at the University of Seville; various language and culture programs;
Sweden: *Swedish Child Care and Family Policy Internship at the University of Göteborg; The Swedish Program at the University of Stockholm;
United Kingdom: *Direct enrollment at: University of Bristol; Cambridge University; University of East Anglia; University of Edinburgh, University of Glasgow; University of Manchester; University of Nottingham; Oxford University; University of Reading; University of St. Andrews; University of Sussex; University of Warwick; University of London: King’s College, University College (including the School of Slavonic and East European Studies), Imperial College of Science and Technology, and the London School of Economics and Political Science, School of Oriental and African Studies.
Students studying at these 17 British universities enjoy admissions, advising, and counseling services, as well as an array of cultural activities, provided by the Cornell-Brown-Penn UK Centre. Externally sponsored programs in the UK include the British American Drama Academy, the Beaver College, Boston, and Rochester University internships, and the Marymount College Program at the London College of Fashion.

LATIN AMERICA, CENTRAL AMERICA, AND THE CARIBBEAN
Argentina and Chile: various university-based study abroad programs, such as COPA, through Butler University and the University of Illinois;
Belize, Brazil, Chile, Ecuador: School for International Training;
Costa Rica: Organization for Tropical Studies (OTS) Undergraduate Semester Abroad in tropical biology; School for Field Study; Universidad National (Heredica);
Ecuador and Jamaica: Partnership for Service Learning;
Honduras: Escuela Agricola Panamericana (Zamorano);
Mexico: Instituto Tecnologico y de Estudios Superiores de Monterrey (ITESM); Universidad de las Americas-Puebla (UDLA); Universidad Iberoamericana; School for Field Studies in Baja California;

MIDDLE EAST AND NORTH AFRICA
Egypt: American University in Cairo;
Israel: Ben-Gurion University; Haifa University; Hebrew University of Jerusalem; Tel Aviv University;
Morocco: School for International Training

Other Locations
Cornell students are by no means limited to the locations listed above. In recent years, they have also studied in Austria, Czech Republic, Dominican Republic, Finland, the Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Switzerland, Turkey, Venezuela, and elsewhere.

Who Studies Abroad
Students from all seven undergraduate colleges and from all major fields study abroad; they are generally expected to have a cumulative grade point average of 3.0 or above. More than 500 undergraduates studied abroad last year. Because the colleges usually require that students complete at least 40 hours of undergraduate credit on the Ithaca campus, students who transfer to Cornell as juniors are usually unable to count study abroad credit toward their Cornell degree.

When Students Study Abroad and for How Long
Students may study abroad their sophomore, junior, or senior year. Junior year is the traditional choice, but second semester sophomore year or first semester senior year is increasingly popular. To ensure preparation, it is important to begin planning for study abroad in the freshman year. Although semester-long programs are usually available, academic year programs are highly recommended.

Application Process
Applications for all study abroad programs—Cornell programs, as well as those administered externally by other institutions—are available at Cornell Abroad, 474 Uris Hall, where students are encouraged to consult the library of study abroad materials, talk with staff, and attend information meetings. The Cornell Abroad web site is a good place to browse through program offerings and to explore links to universities and programs worldwide. Students meet with the study abroad advisers in their colleges to choose programs that fit the needs of their degree programs. Each applicant completes a written statement of academic purpose outlining goals for study abroad and the program of study that will be followed. Applications are signed by both the faculty adviser and the college study abroad adviser. Arts and Sciences, Human Ecology, and Industrial and Labor Relations students submit applications to their college for forwarding to Cornell Abroad. Agriculture and Life Sciences, Architecture, Art, and Planning, Engineering and Hotel Administration students submit applications directly to Cornell Abroad. Cornell Abroad reviews all applications and forwards them to programs and universities as necessary. All students who wish to receive academic credit for study abroad must apply through Cornell Abroad and their undergraduate college.

The application deadline for study abroad in the fall 2001 semester and the 2001–2002 academic year is February 15, 2001, for all programs except Oxford and Cambridge, for
which the deadline to study at those universities for the full year in 2001–2002 is November 1. Many universities and programs admit on a rolling basis and before and after these dates. Students planning to study abroad in the spring semester should initiate the application process during the preceding spring. Early application may improve your chances of admission. In all cases, it is a good idea to check with Cornell Abroad.

Registration, Credit Transfer, and Grades

Students who apply through Cornell Abroad to programs approved by their colleges, as outlined above, remain registered at Cornell during study abroad. They are eligible for financial aid and receive full academic credit for pre-approved courses of study completed with satisfactory grades. Students enrolled for full load of courses abroad, according to the college policy; this applies to all programs, whether run directly by Cornell or not. Students who have transferred into Cornell with 60 or more credit hours are not likely to receive aid for study abroad assuming they would thereby need more than eight semesters to earn the undergraduate degree. Some programs abroad offer need-based and merit-based scholarships.

Security Abroad and Related Issues

The decision to study in a particular region of the world must be made by each student and his or her family in light of their own interpretation of current events. The director, associate director, and staff stay in regular contact with representatives abroad and receive information regarding rapidly changing political situations through the U.S. Department of State Office of Citizens Emergency Services and other agencies. As long as the Department does not restrict travel by U.S. citizens, Cornell Abroad does not recommend limitations on student plans for study abroad. Cornell Abroad will do everything possible to notify students immediately if they should be at risk when official travel restrictions are issued. Nothing is as important as student security and well-being.

Responsibility for a decision to withdraw from a program or return home early rests with the individual and his or her family. There can be no guarantee that students who withdraw from programs sponsored by colleges and universities other than Cornell; they are advised to inquire about those institutions’ policies regarding the completion of academic work and the potential financial implications of a premature departure. In the event of a disrupted semester, refunds of tuition and fees, and the appropriate number of credits to be awarded will be reviewed by Cornell and affiliated institutions on a case-by-case basis. Responsibility for determining that study abroad programs strive to facilitate student completion of academic programs even under unusual circumstances and have tuition refund policies based on pro-rated formulas.

Sources of Information and Advice Concerning Study Abroad

Cornell Abroad (474 Uris Hall): Richard Gaulton Ph.D., director; Beatrice B. Szekely Ph.D., associate director; Libby Okihiro, student services coordinator; Kathy Lynch, financial services coordinator. The Cornell Abroad library contains an extensive collection of university catalogs and study abroad program brochures, files of course syllabi and evaluations, books, videotapes, and some information on travel, summer study, and work abroad. Comprehensive information is provided on the Cornell Abroad web site which incorporates linkages to universities, programs, and resources worldwide. In the early weeks of every semester, faculty, staff, and student staff discuss programs in a series of information meetings announced in the Cornell Daily Sun and on the Cornell Abroad web homepage (www.einaudi.cornell.edu/cuabroad).

College Study Abroad Advisers


CORNELL-IN-WASHINGTON PROGRAM

311 Caldwell Hall (225-4090)

Cornell-in-Washington is a program that offers students from all colleges in the university an opportunity to earn full academic credit for a semester of study in Washington, D.C. The aim of the program is to give students a chance to take advantage of the rich resources of the national capital. Washington, as the center of much of the nation's political energy, is an ideal place to study American public policy and the institutions and processes through which it is formulated and implemented. At the same time, Washington's rich collection of libraries, museums, theaters, and art galleries, offers an opportunity to explore American history, literature, art, and the full range of the American humanistic tradition. The Cornell-in-Washington Program offers two study options: (1) studies in the American experience, and (2) studies in the American experience. Students take courses from Cornell faculty, conduct individual research projects, and work as externs in the Washington community.

The program is housed at the Cornell Center, 2148 O Street, NW, Washington, D.C. 20037. The academic and administrative space is located on the first floor and 27 residential units for approximately 60 students and faculty are on the upper floors.

The Cornell-in-Washington program is open to qualified juniors and seniors from all colleges, schools, and divisions of the university. Students enroll in one core course, which involves a major research project often carried out in conjunction with an externship. Students also select one or two other seminars from such fields as government, history, economics, history of art, and social policy. All seminars are taught by Cornell faculty and carry appropriate credit toward fulfillment of major, distribution, and other academic requirements. In addition, students work as externs with congressional committee offices, executive-branch agencies, interest groups, arts and research institutions, and other organizations involved in public policy and American culture.
Tuition
Students are registered as full-time students, earn Cornell credit, pay full tuition, and remain eligible for financial aid.

Housing
Apartments are rented at the Cornell Center during the academic year. All are fully furnished (except for dishes, cookware, towels and bedding) and reasonably priced by both Washington and Cornell standards. Two students are assigned to each efficiency and three to each one-bedroom apartment. Because of the limited number of spaces and the need for accurate planning, a non-refundable deposit of $150 is required to reserve a space. Students are discouraged from bringing automobiles. The public transportation system, consisting of both bus and subway service, is extensive and convenient to the Center and street parking is not available.

Applications
Application forms are available from the Cornell-in-Washington office at 311 Caldwell Hall. Applications should be submitted the semester prior to participation.

Information
The Cornell-in-Washington website is located at ciw.cornell.edu. Regular information meetings are held on campus in early October and March. These meetings are advertised in the Cornell Daily Sun and on campus bulletin boards. Additional information concerning externships, courses, housing and other features of the program may be obtained at either the Cornell-in-Washington office at 311 Caldwell Hall (607) 255-4090, or in Washington at the Cornell Center, 2148 O Street, NW, Washington, DC 20037, (202) 466-2184.

CORNELL INSTITUTE FOR PUBLIC AFFAIRS
473 Hollister Hall (255-8018)
The Cornell Institute for Public Affairs (CIPA) is a university-wide institute that offers a two-year graduate professional program leading to a Master of Public Administration. Our mission is to develop professionals who can be effective, ethical, and creative leaders in government and in the private sector's interface with government.

CIPA emphasizes the interactions between public and private interests for the benefit of all sectors of society. At CIPA, we utilize Cornell's cutting-edge strengths as a major research university to understand rapidly evolving public interests, technological opportunities, ecological constraints, individual aspirations, and political possibilities. Examples of Cornell's extraordinary breadth of policy-related specialties include science and technology; health, education; and social services administration, agricultural, food, and nutrition policy; international development; environmental studies; peace studies; labor relations; city and regional planning; and ethics in public life. These areas of expertise provide a diverse base for the CIPA Fellows (our students) to pursue the study of public affairs. Thus, CIPA Fellows take courses and work with faculty from all of Cornell's Colleges as well as the Cornell Law School, with whom a joint M.P.A.-J.D. degree is offered, and the Johnson Graduate School of Management.

The CIPA program has been developed to offer both a sound foundation in the principles, tools and techniques for a career and leadership in public policy either in the public or private sector. CIPA also offers the flexibility to accommodate and encourage the specialized policy-related interests of our students.

The two-year curriculum is structured into three parts: five interdisciplinary core courses taken by all CIPA Fellows; "competency" area requirements to develop the wide variety of skills and professional perspectives necessary for the practice of public policy; and sectoral specialization through additional courses and the completion of a thesis in the area of the fellow's policy focus.

The Core Courses
These courses have been developed especially for CIPA Fellows to provide a common, hands-on experience in employing the latest analytical tools to guide the formulation of programs, their supporting institutions, and their effective administration. They will also provide strategies for implementing change in complex heterogeneous societies.

CIPA I: Quantitative Techniques for Policy Analysis and Program Management (CRP 621)
Provides students with the basic management tools essential for the contemporary career in public affairs. It includes hands-on practice with formal management techniques, including investment analysis and linear and dynamic programming.

CIPA II: Public Political Economy (ECON 539)
Uses techniques of economic analysis to understand the need for various public programs, to estimate the value of new programs and policies, to forge desirable institutional structures for service delivery, and to anticipate and evaluate outcomes.

CIPA III: Administration, Politics, and Public Affairs (GOVT 621)
Explores the processes and institutional context of public affairs and analyzes the political and administrative structure and dynamics of policy development and implementation.

CIPA IV: Social Policy (526)
Integrates a variety of analytic methods, especially statistics and simulation models, to explore the structure of public programs and to assess their direct and indirect consequences.

CIPA V: Models and Quantitative Methods (CRP 528)
Demonstrates the use and limits of models and quantitative techniques in forming and administering policy.

The Area Requirements
In addition to the five core courses, fellows must also complete satisfactorily a series of foundation subject or "competency" area requirements that are essential to the training of public policy professionals. These competency areas are: administration, politics, and policy; economics; math and statistics; finance, regulation; and ethics and public law.

The Sectoral Specialty
At least three courses taken by individual fellows will be in their sectoral specialty or "concentrations." These are widely divergent and depend on the unique interests and background of the individual student.

The CIPA Thesis
Each fellow must complete a thesis, which applies the conceptual tools, theories, and analytical techniques to a problem in the fellow's area of sectoral expertise. As the culmination of each M.P.A. course of study, this thesis must be both critical and creative, reflecting the fellow's ability to identify, analyze, and generate supportable solutions to important public policy questions.

Additional Requirements
All M.P.A. candidates must spend four semesters in residence to complete the degree.

The Faculty
In addition to our five core faculty members (Richard E. Schuler, director, economics and civil and environmental engineering; Steven Caldwell, sociology; Arch Dotson, government; David Lewis, city and regional planning; and Peter Stein, physics) who offer the five core courses and advise the fellows in the development of their programs of study, over 100 faculty members at Cornell participate in the graduate field of public affairs and policy. All faculty members are available to supervise the theses of individual Fellows whose policy interests coincide with faculty expertise.

Special Programs
The combined four-year M.P.A./J.D. and M.P.A./M.B.A. degree programs are available for interested applicants. For selected Cornell undergraduates who are accepted by the end of their junior year, a combined five-year bachelor's/M.P.A. program can be arranged.

Student Organization
The Cornell Public Affairs Society, governed by the fellows, conducts a weekly colloquium with guest speakers, a bi-weekly television program, "Point-Of-View," aired on the local public access channel, and publishes, edits, and sponsors student authors for its annual public policy journal, "The Current," as well as arranging regular social events.

Application
Applicants are required to submit GRE general test scores. CIPA has a policy of rolling admissions. Students requesting aid, however, must submit applications by February 15 for consideration. For an application or more information, contact Cornell Institute for Public Affairs, 472 Hollister Hall (phone: 607 255-8018; fax: 607 255-5240; e-mail: cipa@cornell.edu, web site: www.cipa.cornell.edu).

Financial Support
As a professional program, the financial aid resources of CIPA are extremely limited. Students of unusual merit and documented need will be considered for support, but CIPA is unable to provide any one student full support. Therefore, applicants are encouraged to explore and take advantage of all available sources of external funding.

For an application or more information, contact Cornell Institute for Public Affairs, 472 Hollister Hall (phone: 607 255-8018; fax: 607 255-5240; e-mail: cipa@cornell.edu).
A one-credit seminar series (HORT 480) is offered each fall; noncredit classes and workshops (for publications, and class brochures (for assists and gardeners.* Maps, information, vegetables, international crops, rock garden plants, peonies, poisonous plants, ground covers, rhododendrons, wildflowers, and a winter garden.

Students are encouraged to volunteer as photographers, authors, tour guides, computer assistants and gardeners.* Maps, information, publications, and class brochures (for noncredit classes and workshops) are available in the Garden Gift Shop in the Lewis Headquarters Building at the botanical garden. Noncredit courses in horticulture, landscape design, botanical arts, and natural history are offered throughout the year. A one-credit seminar series (HORT 480) is offered each fall; a three-credit Public Garden Management course, (HORT 485) is offered every other spring semester. A number of student internships are also offered each summer.

Related Courses
AN SC 414 Ethics and Animal Science
B&R 206 & ALES 206 Ethics and the Environment
CEH 356 Economics of Welfare Policy
CRP 459 Ethics and Practical Judgment in Planning Practice
ENGR 360/ 360 Engineering Ethics
GOVT 474/PHIL 460 Topics in Social and Political Philosophy
HSS 656 Ethics, Public Policy, and American Society
ILRH 266 Women at Work
ILRC 401 My Brother's Keeper
ILRC 482 Ethics at Work
ILRC 488 Liberty and Justice For All
ILRC 604 Theories of Equality and Their Application in the Workplace
LAW 655 International Human Rights
LAW 667 Law and Ethics of Lawyering
LAW 718 Ethnic Conflict and International Law
NBA 578 Business Ethics
NRES 407 Religion, Ethics, and the Environment
NRES 411 Seminar in Environmental Ethics
PHIL 145 Contemporary Moral Issues
PHIL 241 Ethics
PHIL 245 Ethics and Health Care
PHIL 246 Ethics and the Environment
PHIL 341 Ethical Theory
PHIL 344 History of Ethics: Ancient and Medieval
PHIL 345 History of Ethics: Modern
PHIL 346 Modern Political Philosophy

Henry Shue, director, 119 Statius Hall, 255–8515; Henry Shue, Wyn and William Y. Hutchison Professor of Ethics and Public Life; Kathryn Abrams, Professor of Law.

PROGRAM IN REAL ESTATE
114 West Sibley Hall (255–7110)

The two-year Master of Professional Studies (M.P.S.) degree in Real Estate is an interdisciplinary degree program that combines courses from nearly every college at Cornell University. The degree is designed for aspiring real estate professionals who are in the initial to early stages of their careers. Two entities provide support for the degree program. The Program in Real Estate exists at Cornell University to serve as the integrating organizational unit for financial management and administration of academic real estate activities on and off campus. The Field of Real Estate is a committee of faculty members from several different colleges that is directly involved in the design and administration of the real estate curriculum.

The professional study of real estate is concerned with the finance, exchange, development, management, marketing, and many other aspects of the real estate business. Real estate professionals also bring an understanding of the long-range social, political, ethical, and environmental implications of decisions about real estate. The 62 credit hours of course work needed to earn the degree provide a comprehensive and lasting foundation for professional careers in real estate.

Students take core courses in principles of real estate, real estate development process, advanced real estate, managerial finance, residential development, real estate law, construction planning and operations, and real estate marketing and management, along with elective courses in their chosen areas of concentration. Many concentration options are possible and may be structured from the hundreds of related courses taught at Cornell University (e.g., an international real estate concentration).

Admissions
Admissions procedures for the M.P.S. (Real Estate) program are supervised by the Graduate School and Real Estate Field. Applicants to the program must have completed a bachelor's degree with a good academic record. They must achieve Graduate Management Admission Test (GMAT) or Graduate Record Examination (GRE) scores that are at the level required in other Cornell graduate professional degree programs; and at least two letters of recommendation from undergraduate college faculty members (and if appropriate, from employers) familiar with the student's academic and professional work must be submitted. There is no work experience requirement for admission (although work experience is preferred). Foreign students, for whom English is a second language, will need to achieve acceptable TOEFL scores. For more information, contact C. Bradley Olson, director of the Program in Real Estate (607–255–7110) or Professor Matthew Drennan, director of graduate studies (607–255–7426) or e-mail real_estate@cornell.edu.
SCIENCE OF EARTH SYSTEMS: AN INTERCOLLEGE MAJOR

During the past several decades, with the increasing concern about air and water pollution, nuclear waste disposal, the ozone hole, and global climate change, the scientific community has gained considerable insight into how the biosphere, hydrosphere, atmosphere, and lithosphere systems interact. It has become evident that we cannot understand and solve environmental problems by studying these individual systems in isolation. The interconnectedness of these systems is a fundamental attribute of the Earth system, and understanding their various interactions is crucial for understanding our environment.

The Science of Earth Systems (SES) major emphasizes the rigorous and objective study of the Earth system as one of the outstanding intellectual challenges of modern science and as the necessary foundation for the future management of our home planet. In this program, Cornell's strengths across a broad range of earth and environmental sciences have been coalesced to provide students with the tools to engage in what will be the primary challenge of the twenty-first century.

Graduates of Cornell's SES program are well prepared for several career and advanced study options:

- Graduate work leading to the M.S. and/or Ph.D. in any of the earth science sub-disciplines (e.g., atmospheric science, geology/geophysics, bio-geochemistry, hydrology, oceanography).
- Employment in environmentally-oriented careers in both the private and public sector at the B.S. or B.A. level.
- Advanced degree in environmental law or policy. These fields value students with an understanding of the science behind legal and policy decisions.
- Advanced degree in teaching, for example, earth science at the middle or high school level.
- Medical school. The emphasis on basic sciences in the SES curriculum makes the SES major a suitable springboard for a career in medicine.

The SES major is available for students in the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences and the College of Arts and Sciences. In the College of Engineering, the SES curriculum may be completed by choosing the SES option in the Department of Earth and Atmospheric Sciences. The SES major has its home in the Department of Earth and Atmospheric Sciences, but relies on the collaboration of several departments across the university.

The SES Curriculum

The SES curriculum provides strong preparation in mathematics, physics, chemistry, and biology during the freshman and sophomore years. In the junior and senior years, students take a set of SES core courses and an additional set of advanced disciplinary or interdisciplinary courses that build on the basic sequences.

The requirements for the major are as follows:

1. Basic Math and Sciences
   - MATH 111 and 112, or MATH 191 and 192, or MATH 190 and 192
   - PHYSICS 207 and 208, or PHYSICS 112 and 213, if PHYSICS 214 will also be taken (see below)
   - CHEM 207 and 208
   - BIOLOGY 101/103 and 102/104 (or 105–106) or BIOLOGY 109 and 110
   - THREE ADDITIONAL 3–4 credit courses in basic science and math, generally 100- and 200-level classes. At least one of the following must be included in the selection:
     - EAS 201 Physics and Chemistry of the Earth
     - BIOIDS 61 Ecology and the Environment
   - Other examples are MATH 293 and MATH 294, biochemistry, organic chemistry, PHYS 214, and introductory statistics. With the exception of an introductory statistics course, the additional basic courses should require at least one of the classes listed in a–d above as a prerequisite.

2. Science of Earth Systems Core Courses
   - EAS 302 Evolution of the Earth System
   - EAS 351/ASTRO 331 Climate Dynamics
   - EAS 321/NATURES 321 Introduction to Biogeochemistry

3. Concentration Courses
   - Four intermediate to advanced-level courses (900-level and up) that build on the core courses and have prerequisites in the "Basic Math and Sciences" courses listed.
   - These classes build depth and provide the student with a specific expertise in some facet of earth system science. Possible areas of concentration include Climate Dynamics, Biogeochemistry, Ecological Systems, Environmental Geology, Ocean Sciences, Environmental Biophysics, Hydrological Systems, and Soil Science

For more information contact Professor Kerry H. Cook, Department of Earth and Atmospheric Sciences, kkc6@cornell.edu and visit the web site: www.geo.cornell.edu/ses/

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICAL SCIENCE

301 Malott Hall (255-8066)


The university-wide Department of Statistical Science at Cornell coordinates activities in statistics and probability at the undergraduate, graduate, and research levels.

Students interested in graduate study in statistics and probability can apply to the Graduate Field of Statistics or to one of the other graduate fields of study that offer related course work. Students in the Field of Statistics plan their graduate program with the assistance of their Special Committee. For detailed information on opportunities for graduate study, students should contact the Director of Graduate Studies, 301 Malott Hall.

The department also offers an undergraduate program through the Biometrics Unit in the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences and an Engineering Statistics minor in the College of Engineering. Undergraduate majors and certificate programs are currently under development for other colleges. For information, contact the Undergraduate Coordinator, (301 Malott Hall, 255–8066). Statistics courses offered by the departments listed below will fill distribution requirements in many of the colleges.

A free consulting service is offered through the Biometrics Unit in the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences. Statistical computing consulting is available through the Office of Statistical Consulting, B21 Savage Hall, 255–1926.

The department is organized into four units: Biometrics, Engineering Statistics, Mathematical Statistics and Probability, and Social Statistics. The areas covered include agricultural statistics, biostatistics, economic and social statistics, epidemiology, manufacturing statistics, quality control and reliability, probability theory, sampling theory, statistical computing, statistical design, statistical theory, and stochastic processes and their applications.

Course designations

The following course identifiers are used to designate the courses offered by the separate units: Biometrics Unit (CALS), BTRY, Engineering Statistics Unit (ENGR), STENG; Mathematical Statistics Unit (ARTS), STMATH; Social Statistics Unit (ILR), STSOC. To enroll in one of the courses, see the listing for the appropriate college.

Descriptions of undergraduate and graduate courses are listed below.

Department of Statistical Science

ST 501–502 Applied Statistical Analysis

This is the two-semester core course for students in the Master of Professional Studies (M.P.S.) degree program in applied statistics in the Department of Statistical Science. Enrollment is limited to students enrolled in the M.P.S. program. The course consists of a series of modules on various topics in applied statistics. Some modules will include guest lectures from practitioners. Parallel with the course, students complete a year-long, in-depth data analysis project.

ST 501: Applied Statistical Analysis

Letter only. Topics include, but are not limited to: statistical computing systems, statistical software packages, data management, statistical graphics, and simulation methods and algorithms.

ST 502: Applied Statistical Analysis

Letter only. Topics include, but are not limited to: sample surveys and questionnaire design, data sources, experimental design, and data mining.

Biometrics Unit

BTRY 100 Statistics and the World We Live In (enroll in BTRY 100)

BTRY 261 Statistical Methods I (enroll in BTRY 261)
### Engineering Statistics Unit

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Enrollment Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>STENGR 270</td>
<td>Basic Engineering Probability</td>
<td>(enroll in ENGRD 270 or OR&amp;IE 270)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STENGR 310</td>
<td>Introduction to Probability and</td>
<td>(enroll in OR&amp;IE 360)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STENGR 360</td>
<td>Engineering Probability and</td>
<td>(enroll in OR&amp;IE 360)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STENGR 561</td>
<td>Introductory Engineering</td>
<td>(enroll in OR&amp;IE 361)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STENGR 467</td>
<td>Telecommunication Systems I</td>
<td>(enroll in ELE 467)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STENGR 474</td>
<td>Statistical Data Mining</td>
<td>(enroll in OR&amp;IE 474)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STENGR 476</td>
<td>Applied Linear Statistical Models</td>
<td>(enroll in OR&amp;IE 476)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STENGR 512</td>
<td>Fundamental Information Theory</td>
<td>(enroll in ELE 502)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STENGR 517</td>
<td>Artificial Neural Networks</td>
<td>(enroll in ELE 577)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STENGR 523</td>
<td>Introductory Engineering</td>
<td>(enroll in OR&amp;IE 523)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STENGR 560</td>
<td>Engineering Probability and</td>
<td>(enroll in OR&amp;IE 560)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STENGR 561</td>
<td>Queuing Theory and Its Applications</td>
<td>(enroll in OR&amp;IE 561)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STENGR 577</td>
<td>Quality Control</td>
<td>(enroll in OR&amp;IE 577)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STENGR 581</td>
<td>Simulation Modeling</td>
<td>(enroll in OR&amp;IE 581)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STENGR 582</td>
<td>Simulation Analysis</td>
<td>(enroll in OR&amp;IE 582)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STENGR 650</td>
<td>Applied Stochastic Processes</td>
<td>(enroll in OR&amp;IE 650)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STENGR 651</td>
<td>Probability</td>
<td>(enroll in OR&amp;IE 651)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STENGR 670</td>
<td>Statistical Principles</td>
<td>(enroll in OR&amp;IE 670)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STENGR 671</td>
<td>Intermediate Applied Statistics</td>
<td>(enroll in OR&amp;IE 671)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STENGR 768</td>
<td>Selected Topics in Applied</td>
<td>(enroll in OR&amp;IE 768)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STENGR 769</td>
<td>Probability</td>
<td>(enroll in OR&amp;IE 769)</td>
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### Mathematical Statistics and Probability Unit

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Enrollment Notes</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>STMATH 171</td>
<td>Statistical Theory and Application</td>
<td>(enroll in MATH 171)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STMATH 411</td>
<td>Introduction to Analysis</td>
<td>(enroll in MATH 411)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STMATH 471</td>
<td>Basic Probability</td>
<td>(enroll in MATH 471)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STMATH 472</td>
<td>Statistics</td>
<td>(enroll in MATH 472)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STMATH 474</td>
<td>Basic Stochastic Processes</td>
<td>(enroll in MATH 474)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STMATH 621</td>
<td>Measure Theory and Lebesgue</td>
<td>(enroll in MATH 621)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STMATH 671-</td>
<td>Probability Theory</td>
<td>(enroll in MATH 671-672)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STMATH 674</td>
<td>Introduction to Mathematical</td>
<td>(enroll in MATH 674)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STMATH 771-</td>
<td>Seminar in Probability and</td>
<td>(enroll in MATH 771-772)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STMATH 777-</td>
<td>Stochastic Processes</td>
<td>(enroll in MATH 777-778)</td>
</tr>
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</table>

### Social Statistics Unit

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Enrollment Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>STSOC 611</td>
<td>Program Evaluation and Research</td>
<td>(enroll in ILRST 611)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STSOC 612</td>
<td>Statistical Classification Methods</td>
<td>(enroll in ILRST 612)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STSOC 613</td>
<td>Bayesian and Conditional</td>
<td>(enroll in ILRST 613)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STSOC 614</td>
<td>Structural Equations with Latent</td>
<td>(enroll in ILRST 614)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STSOC 615</td>
<td>Expert Systems and Probabilistic</td>
<td>(enroll in ILRST 615)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STSOC 630</td>
<td>Econometrics II</td>
<td>(enroll in ECON 630)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STSOC 639</td>
<td>Econometrics I</td>
<td>(enroll in ECON 639)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STSOC 711</td>
<td>Robust Regression Diagnostics</td>
<td>(enroll in ILRST 711)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STSOC 712</td>
<td>Theory of Sampling</td>
<td>(enroll in ILRST 712)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STSOC 713</td>
<td>Counting Processes with Statistical Applications</td>
<td>(enroll in ILRST 713)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STSOC 714</td>
<td>Topics in Modern Statistical Distribution Theory</td>
<td>(enroll in ILRST 714)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STSOC 715</td>
<td>Likelihood Inference</td>
<td>(enroll in ILRST 715)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STSOC 716</td>
<td>Statistical Consulting</td>
<td>(enroll in ILRST 716)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STSOC 717</td>
<td>The Analysis of Discrete Data</td>
<td>(enroll in ILRST 717)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STSOC 730</td>
<td>Advanced Topics in Econometrics</td>
<td>(enroll in ECON 730)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STSOC 731</td>
<td>Time Series Econometrics</td>
<td>(enroll in ECON 731)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STSOC 739</td>
<td>Advanced Topics in Economics I</td>
<td>(enroll in ECON 739)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STSOC 799</td>
<td>Directed Studies (Graduate)</td>
<td>(enroll in ILRST 799)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Related Courses in Other Departments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Department</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Enrollment Notes</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ARME 411</td>
<td>Introduction to Econometrics</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARME 417</td>
<td>Decision Models for Small and Large Business</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARME 710</td>
<td>Econometrics I</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARMF 713</td>
<td>Quantitative Methods I</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BTRY 90</td>
<td>Introduction to Biometrics</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BTRY 101</td>
<td>Introduction to Biometry I</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BTRY 102</td>
<td>Introduction to Biometry II</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BTRY 421</td>
<td>Matrix Computations</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BTRY 498</td>
<td>Undergraduate Supervised Teaching</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CEE 594</td>
<td>Engineering Management Methods II</td>
<td>(enroll in ECE 594)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CEE 621</td>
<td>Water-Resources Systems II</td>
<td>(enroll in ECE 621)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHEM 794</td>
<td>Quantum Mechanics</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHEM 796</td>
<td>Statistical Mechanics</td>
<td>(enroll in CHEM 796)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COM S 522</td>
<td>Computational Tools and Methods for Finance</td>
<td>(enroll in COM S 522)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COM S 624</td>
<td>Numerical Solution of Differential Equations</td>
<td>(enroll in COM S 624)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COM S 625</td>
<td>Computational Molecular Biology</td>
<td>(enroll in ECE 625)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CRP 321</td>
<td>Introduction to Quantitative Methods for the Analysis of Public Policy</td>
<td>(enroll in CRP 321)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CRP 632</td>
<td>Methods of Regional Sciences and Planning I</td>
<td>(enroll in CRP 632)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECON 321</td>
<td>Applied Econometrics</td>
<td>(enroll in ECON 321)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GOVT 602</td>
<td>Field Seminar in Political Methodology</td>
<td>(enroll in GOVT 602)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GOVT 605</td>
<td>Comparative Methods</td>
<td>(enroll in GOVT 605)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H ADM 371</td>
<td>Hospitality Quantitative Analysis</td>
<td>(enroll in H ADM 371)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HD 401</td>
<td>Empirical Research</td>
<td>(enroll in HD 401)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NS 637</td>
<td>Epidemiology Seminar</td>
<td>(enroll in NS 637)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NS 641</td>
<td>Applied Regression</td>
<td>(enroll in NS 641)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NS 642</td>
<td>Field Seminar in Political Methodology</td>
<td>(enroll in NS 642)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NS 643</td>
<td>Program Evaluation and Research Design</td>
<td>(enroll in NS 643)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NS 647</td>
<td>Qualitative Methods for Program Evaluation</td>
<td>(enroll in NS 647)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 316</td>
<td>Modern Physics I</td>
<td>(enroll in PHYS 316)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The Cornell Program in Comparative and Environmental Toxicology is a broadly based inter-college program facilitated by the Institute for Comparative and Environmental Toxicology (ICET). ICET serves as a focal point for all research, teaching, and cooperative extension activities in the broad interdisciplinary area of environmental toxicology at Cornell and encourages the development of collaborative programs between faculty members in many university departments.

### Graduate Studies

The graduate field of Environmental Toxicology provides training leading to the M.S. or Ph.D. degrees. There is both breadth and depth in many facets of environmental toxicology and related disciplines. The program offers a combination of research and didactic training that is designed to prepare students for solving the problems of modern toxicology. Concentrations include cellular and molecular toxicology, nutritional and food toxicology, ecotoxicology and environmental chemistry; and a minor concentration of risk assessment, management, and public policy. Required by that concentration associated with the program focuses on the interactions of drugs, pesticides, and other potentially hazardous environmental agents with a wide variety of living organisms (including humans) as well as the ecosystems with which these organisms are associated.

### Courses

Courses in environmental toxicology are cosponsored by the university’s academic departments and are open to all graduate students and to undergraduates who have permission of the instructor. The titles and numbers of these courses are listed below. Details of course content are provided in the catalog under the listings of the cosponsoring department. Further information concerning the program and the development of new courses may be obtained through the director of graduate studies, 213 Rice Hall, telephone: 255-8008, e-mail: envtox@cornell.edu; www.cfe.cornell.edu/cfe/education.

#### College of Agriculture and Life Sciences

- **Agricultural and Biological Engineering** offers environmental study opportunities through a combination of engineering sciences, biology, and applications courses. In the ABEN major, there are several concentrations including, among others, environmental systems engineering and environmental systems technology.

- **Atmospheric sciences** is a major offered through the Department of Earth and Atmospheric Sciences. In this program, students study weather and climate, forecasting, and analysis of atmospheric behavior.

- **Biometry and Statistics** majors learn to use quantitative methods to solve problems in the biological, physical, and social sciences.

- **Communication** offers a curriculum for communication in the life sciences that deals with the effect of communication on environmental, health, science, and agricultural issues and with public perceptions of risk.

- **Crop and Soil Sciences** provides instruction in four specializations: agronomy, crop science, science of earth systems (see multi-college opportunities below), and soil science. The department also has strong programs in the environmental information sciences including geographic information systems and remote sensing.

- **Entomology** provides students with a basic background in biological and environmental sciences, with a special emphasis on the study of insects.

- **Environmental Science** is a new major being approved for the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences. For more information about this new major, contact the Center for the Environment (cufe@cornell.edu or 607-255-7535).

- **Landscape Architecture** focuses on the art of landscape design as an expression of cultural values combined with the natural processes of the ambient environment. The program promotes interaction among the areas of horticulture, architecture, and city and regional planning.

- **Natural Resources** has four concentrations that focus on systems that yield renewable natural resources such as wildlife, forests, fish, and water.

- **Plant Sciences** students can specialize in plant biology, plant genetics and breeding, plant pathology, plant protection, or horticultural sciences including floriculture and ornamental horticulture, and fruit and vegetable science.

- **Rural Sociology** is a major that includes interrelated foci: (1) development sociology; (2) population, environment, and society; and (3) applied social data analysis.

- **General Studies** provides opportunities for motivated students—with their faculty adviser—to plan a sequence of courses suited to their individual interests, abilities, and objectives in an area not encompassed by existing programs.

### Office of Undergraduate Study in Biological Sciences

- **Biology** majors are enrolled in either the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences or the College of Arts and Sciences. Students can concentrate in a number of areas including biochemistry, ecology and evolutionary biology, marine biology and oceanography, general biology, microbiology, plant biology, plant biotechnology, and systemsatics and biotic diversity. Students can also enroll in the interdisciplinary biology and society major (see "Multi-College Majors" below).

### College of Architecture, Art, and Planning

- **Urban and Regional Studies** is offered by the Department of City and Regional Planning and is focused on the problems of human communities and regions.

### College of Arts and Sciences

- **Chemistry and Chemical Biology** offers a full range of courses in physical, organic, inorganic, analytical, theoretical, bioorganic, and biophysical chemistry.

- **Geological Sciences** is an interdisciplinary major that prepares students for advanced study in geology, geophysics, geochemistry, geobiology, and for careers in mineral and petroleum exploration or environmental geology.

- **Science and Technology Studies** is a major that focuses on the important roles of science and technology in society.
Students select a concentration that draws together a group of related courses. Current concentrations include science, technology, and public policy; technology, culture, and society; environment, science, and society; and history and philosophy of science. Science and Technology Studies also offers the biology and society major (see “Multi-Collage Majors” below).

College of Engineering
- Civil and Environmental Engineering offers an accredited undergraduate program in civil engineering and permits students to pursue one of two options, leading to a Bachelor of Science degree, one of which is environmental engineering. This option emphasizes study of environmental engineering, water resource systems, and fluid mechanics and hydrology.

College of Human Ecology
- Design and Environmental Analysis is concerned with planning, designing, and managing interior environments to satisfy human needs. The department offers concentrations in interior design, facility planning and management, and human factors and ergonomics.

Multi-College Majors
- Science of Earth Systems is designed to educate students across the breadth of the earth sciences without sacrificing the depth of understanding that is needed to face the environmental challenges of the twenty-first century. Students can focus on environmental science, climate dynamics, oceanography, hydrological science, geophysics, and environmental biophysics. The Science of Earth Systems major is open to students in the Colleges of Agriculture and Life Sciences, Engineering, and Arts and Sciences.
- Biology and Society is offered as a major by both the College of Arts and Sciences and the College of Human Ecology. Additionally, students in the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences can develop an approved sequence of courses under the college’s general studies option.
- Students in the biology and society major combine training in biology with exposure to perspectives from the social sciences and humanities on the social, political, and ethical aspects of modern biology.

Extramural Opportunities
At Cornell environmental experiences are not limited to classroom work or studies in a major field. There are many other ways to learn about the environment including formal experiences like the Undergraduate Research Programs or environmental courses such as the annual Seminar on Sustainable Development. Another course, Environmental Stewardship in the Cornell Community, was organized by undergraduate students to address new strategies for improving the university’s overall environmental performance.

Students can also study abroad in over 40 countries or gain valuable public policy experience by spending a semester in the Cornell-in-Washington program. To enhance their learning experience, students can connect with a variety of campus resources including Cornell Plantations, Laboratory of Ornithology, Agricultural Experiment Station, Center for the Environment, Ecology Research, or the Center for Religion, Ethics, and Social Policy.

Opportunities to associate with like-minded student colleagues can be found in many student-run organizations with environmental themes including the Cornell Greens, Cornell Students for Camel Breeding, Dilimun Hill Organic Farm, United Progressives, Entomaniacs, Cornell Rockhill Association, Wildlife Society, and the International Association of Camel Breeders. Students also publish Ursus, a magazine forum for environmental issues at Cornell.

Environmental lectures, seminars, and conferences are a Cornell specialty. At Cornell a student might hear a lecture by one of the university’s notable A. D. White Professors-at-Large, which include among others Jane Goodall, international expert on African primates, and William McDonough, a TIME Magazine “Hero for the Planet.” Also, in April each year, the Jill and Ken Iscol Distinguished Environmental Lecture features a prominent scientist or policymaker.

The surrounding Ithaca community offers Cornellians a range of environmental activities—anything from outdoor recreation to an organic farmers market to local activism—which most college towns cannot match. Local organizations like EcoVillage at Ithaca, Finger Lakes Land Trust, Cayuga Lake Watershed Network, and the various Finger Lakes State Parks are terrific local resources for the environmentally inclined. The area’s unique natural beauty is a haven for outdoor enthusiasts and casual observers of nature.

For more information on Cornell’s environmental programs contact Center for the Environment Attn: Education Coordinator 200 Rice Hall Ithaca, NY 14853 Tel: 607-255-7535 Fax: 607-255-0238 E-mail: csce@cornell.edu www.cfe.cornell.edu

Business and Preprofessional Study

UNDERGRADUATE BUSINESS STUDY

Undergraduate preparation for business is found in many schools and colleges at Cornell. Students most frequently take courses in more than one area, as well as in related fields, to construct a program to suit their interests and career objectives. Each of the following areas provides a different focus for application and use of business study and training, and students should consider carefully the implications of each program when making a choice. (Graduate study is available in the Johnson Graduate School of Management as well as in graduate fields following each of the undergraduate options.)

The areas most often pursued include applied economics and business management (College of Agriculture and Life Sciences), economics (College of Arts and Sciences), engineering, hotel administration, policy analysis and management (College of Human Ecology), industrial and labor relations, and sociology.

Applied economics and business management. This program is designed to prepare students for a career in public service. Emphasis is placed on the application of economic theory and management principles. Graduates of this program typically choose careers in investment banking or finance or with firms offering opportunities in sales, marketing, and consulting. Areas of specialization include business management and marketing, food industry management, agribusiness management, and farm business management and finance.

Economics. This program provides a broad view of that social science concerned with the description and analysis of the production, distribution, and consumption of goods and services, the understanding of monetary systems, and the comprehension of economic theories and models. It is viewed more often as professional than as training for immediate practice in business or economics.

Engineering. This area provides much of the management personnel of modern industry. Engineers frequently climb the ladders of technological management that lead to more general management responsibilities; more than half of the management level personnel of major corporations such as General Electric, Xerox, IBM, and Du Pont have engineering degrees. In addition to becoming managers by being effective technical supervisors, many students enter engineering explicitly anticipating graduate business education, judging that an engineering background is particularly appropriate for management in a technology-oriented society.

Hotel administration. The undergraduate program in hotel administration prepares individuals to be mid- to upper-level managers and entrepreneurs for the hospitality industry (lodging, food service, and travel) and allied fields. Instruction is provided in the areas of administration and general management, human resources management, accounting and financial management, food and beverage management, law, properties management, communication, science and technology, economics, and marketing.

Policy analysis and management. Study in the department develops an understanding of the market economy from both buyers’ and sellers’ perspectives. The focus is on the economic behavior and welfare of consumers in the private, public, and mixed sectors of the economy. An understanding of economics, sociology, and government policy provides the basis for an analysis of consumers’ rights and responsibilities.

Industrial and labor relations focuses on the interactions among human beings, organizations, and institutions. It encompasses not only the relationships between employer and employee but the political, economic, social, and psychological factors that affect those relationships. It includes the study of the hiring, training, and motivating of individual workers; negotiation and conflict resolution; and the economic and technological changes that affect the jobs the people perform. Finally, it embraces the many regulations and regulatory agencies created by our society to protect and help both employer and employee.
Sociology. The program provides disciplined understanding of society and social issues. The insights and analytical skills you will acquire are applicable to corporate, government, and nonprofit settings, and the department's focus on social organization and institutions will prepare you well for graduate or professional programs in business schools. (Also see the description of the Society and Economy Concentration in the Department of Sociology section of Arts and Sciences.)

Related Areas
Courses in areas directly related to these business programs are found in many of the university departments. For example, quantitative methods may be studied in the departments of Mathematics and Computer Science, and courses in public administration are found in the departments of government and City and Regional Planning. There are additional programs that allow students with an interest in business to focus on a particular geographic area. Examples are the Latin American Studies Program, the South Asia Program, and the Africana Studies and Research Center. Such interdisciplinary programs as the Program on Science, Technology, and Society and the various programs in international agriculture provide additional opportunities for study of interest to business students.

Combined Degree Programs
Because Cornell has the Samuel Curtis Johnson Graduate School of Management, special opportunities exist for highly qualified undergraduates to combine their undergraduate programs with graduate study in that school. Students in the double-registrar program generally receive a bachelor's degree after four years of study and a Master of Business Administration (M.B.A.) degree after the fifth year of study, rather than the usual sixth year. Students in all Cornell undergraduates colleges and schools are eligible to explore this option. There is also a program with the College of Engineering that allows qualified students to earn a B.S., M.B.A., and Master of Engineering degree in six years. Admission to these combined degree programs is limited to particularly promising applicants. Careful planning is required for successful integration of the work in the two schools.

SELECTED BUSINESS AND MANAGEMENT COURSES

Accounting
ARME 221 Financial Accounting
ARME 323 Managerial Accounting
H Adm 120 Survey of Financial Management
JGSM MBA 500 Intermediate Accounting
JGSM MBA 501 Advanced Accounting
JGSM MBA 505 Auditing
OR&IE 350 Cost Accounting Analysis and Control

Communications
Comm 201 Oral Communication
Comm 204 Effective Listening
Comm 272 Principles of Public Relations and Advertising
Comm 301 Business and Professional Speaking
Comm 372 Advanced Advertising
H Adm 165 Managerial Communication: Writing Principles and Procedures
H Adm 364 Advanced Business Writing

Computing
ARME 412 Introduction to Mathematical Programming
ABEN 204 Introduction to Computer Uses
COMS 100 Introduction to Computer Programming
COMS 101 The Computer Age
COMS 102 Introduction to Microcomputer Applications
Educ 247 Instructional Applications of the Microcomputer
H Adm 174 Microcomputing
H Adm 374 End-User Business Computing Tools
H Adm 375 Hotel Computing Applications

Economics
ARME 230 International Trade and Finance (also ECON 230)
ARME 415 Price Analysis (also ECON 415)
ARME 431 Food and Agricultural Policies
ARME 450 Resource Economics (also ECON 450)
ARME 451 Environmental Economics and Policy (also ECON 409)
ARME 464 Economics of Agricultural Development (also ECON 464)
CIE 321 Microeconomic Analysis
PAM 200 Intermediate Microeconomics
PAM 370 Wealth and Income (cross-listed with CEH 233)
PAM 450 Economics of Health Behavior
Econ 101 Introductory Microeconomics
Econ 102 Introductory Macroeconomics
Econ 314 Intermediate Microeconomic Theory
Econ 317 Intermediate Mathematical Economics I
Econ 318 Intermediate Mathematical Economics II
Econ 351 Industrial Organization
ILRIC 240 Economics of Wages and Employment
ILRIC 340 Economic Security

Entrepreneurship
ARME 325 Personal Enterprise and Small Business Management
ARME 425 Small Business Management Workshop
PAM 424 Families in Business
JGSM MBA 300 Entrepreneurship and Enterprise

Finance
ARME 324 Financial Management
ARME 404 Advanced Agricultural Finance Seminar
ARME 405 Farm Finance
PAM 204 Applied Public Finance
PAM 326 Personal Financial Management (cross-listed with CEH 315)
Econ 331 Money and Credit
Econ 335 Money and the Theory of Asset Markets
Econ 336 Public Finance: Resource Allocation
H Adm 125 Finance
H Adm 226 Financial Management
H Adm 322 Investment Management
H Adm 326 Corporate Finance
OR&IE 451 Economic Analysis of Engineering Systems

International Business
ARME 100 Economics for Business in a Global Economy
ARME 450 International Trade Policy
ARME 449 Global Marketing Strategy
Econ 102 Introductory Macroeconomics
Econ 313 Intermediate Macroeconomics
Econ 325 Economic History of Latin America
Econ 366 The Economy of the Soviet Union
Econ 369 Selected Topics in Socialist Economies: China
Econ 661 International Trade Theory and Policy
Econ 362 International Monetary Theory and Policy

Law, Regulation, and Ethics
ARME 250 Environmental Economics
ARME 320 Business Law I
ARME 321 Business Law II
ARME 422 Estate Planning
Comm 428 Communication Law
Comm 429 Legal Issues in Business and Electronic Communication
Econ 302 The Impact and Control of Technological Change
Econ 304 Economics and the Law
Econ 308 Economic Analysis of Government (also Civil and Environmental Engineering 322)
Econ 354 Economics of Regulation
Econ 552 Public Regulation of Business
Educ 477 Law and Educational Policy
Govt 380 International Law
H Adm 422 Taxation and Management Decisions
ILR 201 Labor Relations Law and Legislation
ILR 330 Comparative Industrial Relations Systems: Western Europe
ILR 331 Comparative Industrial Relations Systems: Non-Western Countries
PAM 340 Consumer Law & Protection

Management
ARME 220 Introduction to Business Management
ARME 302 Farm Business Management
ARME 328 Innovation and Dynamic Management (also H Adm 418)
ARME 402 Seminar in Farm Business Planning and Managerial Problem Solving
ARME 426 Cooperative Management and Strategies
ARME 427 Advanced Agribusiness Management
Econ 326 History of American Business Enterprise
H Adm 103 Principles of Management

Manufacturing
Econ 302 The Impact and Control of Technological Change
OR&IE 410 Industrial Systems Analysis
OR&IE 421 Production Planning and Control

Marketing
ARME 240 Marketing
ARME 340 Futures and Options Trading
ARME 342 Marketing Management
ARME 344 Consumer Behavior
ARME 346 Dairy Markets and Policy
ARME 347 Strategic Marketing for Horticultural Firms
ARME 448 Food Merchandising
PAM 223 Consumers in the Marketplace
PAM 323 Consumers in the Marketplace II
H Adm 245 Principles of Marketing
PRELAW STUDY

Law schools do not prescribe any particular prelaw program, nor do they require any specific undergraduate courses as do medical schools. Law touches nearly every phase of human activity, and there is practically no subject that cannot be considered of value to the lawyer. Therefore, no undergraduate course of study is totally inappropriate. Students contemplating legal careers should be guided by certain principles, however, when selecting college courses.

1. Interest encourages scholarship, and students will derive the greatest benefit from those studies that stimulate their interest.

2. Of first importance to the lawyer is the ability to express thoughts clearly and cogently in both speech and writing. Freshman writing seminars, required of nearly all Cornell freshmen, are designed to develop these skills. English literature and composition, and communication courses, also serve this purpose. Logic and mathematics develop exactness of thought. Also of value are economics, history, government, and sociology, because of their close relation to law and their influence on its development and ethics, and philosophy, because of the influence of philosophic reasoning on legal reasoning and jurisprudence. Psychology and human development lead to an understanding of human nature and mental behavior. Some knowledge of the principles of accounting and of the sciences such as physics, biology, and engineering, and recommended and will prove of practical value to the lawyer in general practice in the modern world.

3. Cultural subjects, though they may have no direct bearing on law or a legal career, will expand students' interests; help cultivate a wider appreciation of literature, art, and music; and make better-educated and well-rounded persons.

4. Certain subjects are especially useful in specialized legal careers. For some, a broad scientific background—for example, in agriculture, physics, or engineering—when coupled with training in law, may furnish qualifications necessary for specialized work with the government, for counseling certain types of businesses, or for a career as a patent lawyer. A business background may be helpful for those planning to specialize in corporate or tax practice. Students who anticipate practice involving labor law and legislation might consider undergraduate study in the School of Industrial and Labor Relations. Whatever course of study is chosen, the important goals are to acquire perspective, social awareness, and a critical cast of mind, to develop the ability to think logically and analytically, and to express thoughts clearly and forcefully. These are the crucial tools for a sound legal education and a successful career.

The presence of the Cornell Law School on campus provides the opportunity for a limited number of highly qualified undergraduates registered in the College of Arts and Sciences at the university to be admitted to the Law School. At the time of entry they must have completed 105 of the 120 credits required for the Bachelor of Arts degree, including 92 credits of course work in the College of Arts and Sciences. It may be possible for exceptionally well-qualified students in other Cornell undergraduate colleges to arrange to enter the Law School after three years. The College of Human Ecology offers a program in which students spend their fourth year at the Law School. In addition, members of the Cornell Law School faculty sometimes offer undergraduate courses such as Nature, Functions, and Limits of Law, which are open to all undergraduates.

PREMEDICAL STUDY

Medical and dental schools, while not requiring or recommending any particular major course of study, do require that a particular selection of undergraduate courses be completed. These courses usually include general chemistry and organic chemistry, biology, physics, and a year of English composition (or a freshman writing seminar). In addition, many medical schools require or recommend mathematics and at least one advanced biological science course, such as biochemistry, genetics, embryology, histology, or physiology.

There is no major program that is the best for those considering medical or dental school, and students are therefore encouraged to pursue their own intellectual interests. Students are more likely to succeed at, and benefit from, subjects that interest and stimulate them. Therefore it is not required that medical colleges give special consideration to any particular undergraduate training beyond completion of the required courses. In the past, successful Cornell applicants to medical and dental schools have come from the Colleges of Arts and Sciences, Agriculture and Life Sciences, Human Ecology, and Engineering. The appropriate choice depends to a great extent on the student's other interests.

Exceptionally qualified students in the Colleges of Agriculture and Life Sciences, Arts and Sciences, and Human Ecology may apply for acceptance to the Medical College through a double registration procedure arranged between Cornell University and Cornell's Weill Medical College in New York City. This procedure allows registered students to save one year in pursuit of the bachelor's and M.D. degrees. This is not a traditional "seven year program": separate application to the Medical College is required. Further information about this procedure is available from the Health Careers Program office, 103 Barnes Hall, Ithaca, New York, 14853-1601.

PREVETERINARY STUDY

There is no specific preveterinary program at Cornell, and students interested in veterinary medicine as a career should select a major area of study that fits their interests while at the same time meeting the entrance requirements for veterinary college as listed below. Most preveterinary students at Cornell are enrolled in the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences, which offers several allied science majors, including animal science, that can lead to related careers if the student does not go to
veterinary college. Some enter other divisions of the university, especially the College of Arts and Sciences, because of secondary interests or the desire for a broad liberal arts curriculum.

The college-level prerequisite courses for admission to the College of Veterinary Medicine at Cornell are English composition, biology or zoology, physics, inorganic chemistry, organic chemistry, biochemistry, and microbiology. All science courses must include a laboratory. These requirements, necessary for admission to the College of Veterinary Medicine at Cornell, may vary at other veterinary colleges.

For information on additional preparation, including work experience and necessary examinations, students should consult the brochure, Admissions Information, obtained by writing to the Office of DVM Admissions, College of Veterinary Medicine, Cornell University, S2-009 Schurman Hall, Ithaca, New York 14853-6401. Information on the Guaranteed Admissions Program is available from the same address.

Qualified students in the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences may apply for acceptance in a double-registration program arranged between Cornell University and the College of Veterinary Medicine at Cornell. This program allows registered students to save one year in pursuit of the bachelor's and D.V.M. degrees. Further information about this program is available from the Health Careers Program office at the Career Center, Cornell University, 103 Barnes Hall, Ithaca, New York 14853-1601.


"Arbitrary and Capricious" describes actions which have no sound basis in law, facto, or reason are grounded solely in bad faith or personal desires. A determination is arbitrary and capricious only if it is one no reasonable mind could reach.

"Clear and convincing" as a standard of proof refers to a quantum of evidence beyond a mere preponderance but below that characterized as "beyond a reasonable doubt" and such that it will produce in the mind of the trier of fact a firm belief as to the facts sought to be established.

See the definition at section II.B.4.c.
ADMINISTRATION
Susan A. Heny, dean
Brian F. Chabot, associate dean
Michael P. Riley, acting assistant dean for public affairs
H. Dean Sutphin, associate dean and director of academic programs
Donald R. Viands, associate director of academic programs
W. Ronnie Coffman, associate dean and director of research
Anthony M. Shelton, associate director of research
Daniel J. Decker, associate director of research
D. Merrill Ewert, associate dean and director of research
Edward D. Harwood, associate director of cooperative extension
Margaret E. Smith Elinarson, associate director of cooperative extension
Theodore L. Hullar, director of the Center for the Environment
Norman T. Uphoff, director of international agriculture
James E. Haldeman, associate director of international agriculture

Office of Academic Programs Staff
Counseling and advising: Lisa Ryan, Bonnie Shelley
Registrar: Randy Stewart, Mary Milks, Patricia Austic
Admissions: Jason Locke, Ann LaFave
Career development: William Alberta, Amy Benedict-Martin, Laurie Gillespie
Minority programs: Catherine Thompson

Department Chairs
Agricultural and biological engineering: M. F. Walter, Riley-Robb Hall
Agricultural, resource, and managerial economics: A. M. Novakovic, Warren Hall
Animal science: A. W. Bell, Morrison Hall
Atmospheric science unit (part of earth and atmospheric sciences): S. J. Rihu, Bradfield Hall
Biometrics: N. S. Altman, Warren Hall
Communication: R. E. Ostman, Kennedy Hall
Crop and soil sciences: S. D. DeGloria, Emerson Hall
Ecology and evolutionary biology: R. G. Harrison, Corson Hall
Entomology: D. A. Rutz, Comstock Hall
Food science: D. Miller, Stocking Hall
Horticultural science: H. C. Wien, Plant Science Building
Landscape architecture: H. W. Gottfried, Kennedy Hall
Microbiology: S. H. Zinder, Wing Hall
Molecular biology and genetics: D. I. Shalloway, Biotechnology Building
Natural resources: J. P. Lassoie, Femow Hall
Neurobiology and behavior: C. Walcott, S. G. Mudd Hall
Plant breeding: E. D. Earle, Emerson Hall
Plant pathology: R. Loria, Plant Science Building
Rural sociology: P. D. McMichael, Warren Hall
Biometry: G. Casella, Warren Hall
Biometrics: B. W. Turnbull, Mallott Hall

College Focus
The College of Agriculture and Life Sciences provides educational programs that prepare men and women with technical, management, and leadership skills.

Facilities
The College of Agriculture and Life Sciences is located on the upper campus, up the hill from the central area of Cornell University, on land that was once part of the Ezra Cornell family farm.

Mann Library, with its extensive collections of materials in the agricultural and biological sciences, is at the east end of the Ag Quad. The student lounge and service center, known as the Alfalfa Room, and many of the college classrooms are in Warren Hall. Public computer facilities are available in Warren Hall, in Riley-Robb Hall, and in Mann Library.

DEGREE PROGRAMS
The College of Agriculture and Life Sciences offers programs leading to the degrees of Bachelor of Science, Master of Science, and Doctor of Philosophy. Professional degrees include the Master of Professional Studies and the Master of Arts in Teaching. Some registered professional licensing and certification programs are also available.

Each curriculum in the college creditable toward a degree is registered with the New York State Education Board and is linked with the national Higher Education General Information Survey (HEGIS) codes for federal and state reporting.

Graduate Degrees
Graduate study is organized by fields that generally coincide with the academic departments but may draw faculty from several disciplines in the various colleges of the university. The following graduate fields have primary affiliation in Agriculture and Life Sciences. Current directors of graduate studies are also listed.

Agriculture [M.P.S. (Agr.)]: H. D. Sutphin, Roberts Hall
Agricultural and Biological Engineering: D. J. Aneshansley, Riley-Robb Hall
Agricultural Economics: R. N. Boisvert, Warren Hall
Animal Breeding: E. J. Pollak, Morrison Hall
Animal Science: R. L. Quaas, Morrison Hall
Biochemistry, Molecular, and Cell Biology: W. J. Brown, Biotechnology Building
Biometry: G. Casella, Warren Hall
Communication: M. A. Shapiro, Kennedy Hall
Crop and Soil Sciences: S. J. Colucci, Bradfield Hall
Development Sociology: C. C. Geisler, Warren Hall
Earth and Atmospheric Sciences: S. J. Colucci, Bradfield Hall
Ecology and Evolutionary Biology: D. W. Winkler, Corson Hall
Education [also M.A.T.]: D. J. Trumbull, Kennedy Hall
Entomology: E. Shields, Comstock Hall
Environmental Toxicology: A. Yen, Rice Hall
Floriculture and Ornamental Horticulture: N. L. Bassuk, Plant Science Building

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Environmental Toxicology: A. Yen, Rice Hall
Floriculture and Ornamental Horticulture: N. L. Bassuk, Plant Science Building
**Bachelor of Science Degree**

Departments in the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences sponsor study for the B.S. degree in 19 major programs. To qualify for the degree, students must fulfill requirements established by the faculty of the college and administered through the Office of Academic Programs. The following units offer major fields of study for undergraduates. A faculty advising coordinator is listed for each unit. Students should consult with the faculty coordinator regarding requirements and opportunities for concentrations in the major field.

**Agricultural and Biological Engineering:** Jim Bartsch, 314 Riley-Robb Hall

**Agricultural, Resource, and Managerial Economics:** Dale Grossman, 204 Warren Hall

**Animal Sciences:** E. John Pollak, B-47

**Bradford Hall**

**Atmospheric Sciences:** Dan Wilks, 1113

**Bradford Hall**

**Biological Sciences:** Jeff Doyle, 200 Stanmore Hall; Bonnie Comella, 216 Stimson

**Biological and Society:** Judith Reppy, 130A Uris Hall

Biometry and Statistics: Steve Schwager, 424 Warren Hall

**Communication:** Brian Earle, 332 Kennedy Hall

Crop and Soil Sciences: Ray Bryant, 705

Bradfield Hall

Education: George Posner, 416 Kennedy Hall

Entomology: Quentin Wheeler, 3136

Comstock Hall

Floriculture and Ornamental Horticulture: Ken Mudge, 20 Plant Science Building

Food Science: Janice Brown, 101 Stocking Hall

Landscape Architecture: Herb Gottfried, 443 Kennedy Hall

Natural Resources: Jim Fabey, 12 Fernow Hall

Nutrition, Food, and Agriculture: Carole Bisogni, 334 MVR Hall

Plant Science Units (Plant Biology, Genetics and Breeding, Pathology/Protection, Pomology, Vegetable Crops): George Hudler, 315 Plant Science Building

Rural Sociology: Linda Williams, 220 Warren Hall

Science of Earth Systems: Kerry Cook, 3114 Sneel Hall

Special Programs in Agriculture and Life Sciences: Lisa Ryan, 140 Roberts Hall

**Summary of Basic College Requirements for Graduation**

1. **Credit Hours**
   a. Minimum: 120

   **Exception:** Credit for tutorial courses (Math 109, EDUC 003, and 00 level) **increase** the number of credits required for graduation by the number of credits in the course. The credits do not count toward the minimum 12 credits for full-time status.

   b. Minimum at Cornell: 60; **maximum** transferred in (C- or higher) 60

   c. Minimum from College of Agriculture and Life Sciences: 55 (includes credit used in the distribution and appropriate transfer credit)

   d. Maximum from endowed colleges (Arts and Sciences; Architecture; Art, and Planning; Engineering; and Hotel School) without additional charge: 55 (includes credit used in the distribution AND failed courses)

   e. Minimum with letter grade: 100; **maximum** with S-U grade based on 120 credits: 20 (pro-rated for transfer students) with maximum of one course per semester

   f. Maximum independent study, teaching experience, internships based on 120 credits: 15 (pro-rated for transfer students)

   g. Credit for physical education does not count toward the **minimum** 12 credits or the minimum 12 credits for full-time status (see #6).

   **2. Residence**

   a. Students are entitled to enroll eight full-time semesters (prorated for transfer students). A full-time semester requires a minimum of 12 credits per semester, not counting physical education. **Tutorial courses (see #1A) are counted.**

   b. A minimum of seven semesters is required, with a GPA of 2.0 or greater.

   c. International transfer students must be enrolled in CALS for at least two semesters, **not including** residency in Internal Transfer Division.

   d. The final semester before graduation must be in residence at Cornell as a full-time student in good academic standing (see #3 B).

   **Exception:** Students with eight or fewer credits remaining for graduation and with circumstances that prevent full-time study may petition for approval to complete remaining credits at another institution or part-time in CALS.

   **3. Grade-point Average (GPA)**

   a. Cumulative GPA: 1.70 or above must be maintained. Includes only grades earned at Cornell after matriculating into the college.

   b. Final semester: 1.70 or above based on a minimum of 12 credits, or 2.00 or above if graduating in seven semesters.

   **4. Distribution**

   The purpose of the distribution requirement is to provide a broad educational background and to ensure a minimum level of competency in particular skills. Through study of the physical sciences, students develop quantitative and analytic skills based on an understanding of the physical laws governing the universe and through study of the biological sciences, they gain an appreciation of the variability of living organisms. The social sciences and humanities give students perspective on the structure and values of the society in which we live, and prepare them to make decisions on ethical issues that will affect their work and role in society.

   Through development of written and oral expression skills, students master the essentials of effective communication.

   Credits received for independent study, field, teaching, work experience, and internships cannot be used to fulfill the distribution requirement. Courses judged to be remedial in the discipline, such as Education 005, will not be counted.

   **Group A: Physical Sciences.** 9 credits of 100- or 200-level courses, in at least two disciplines, including at least one course in chemistry or physics.

   **Chemistry**

   **Physics**

   •Mathematics (excluding Education 005, Mathematics 101 and 109)

   Education 115

   Earth and Atmospheric Sciences (SCAS) 131, 260

   Crop and Soil Sciences (SCAS) 260

   Astronomy

   Geology

   Statistics and Biometry (including ARME 210, ILRST 210)

   The college mathematics requirement is described below.

   **Group B: Biological Sciences.** 9 credits, to include 6 of introductory biological science (introductory courses include BIO G 101-104, 105, 106, 109, 110.)
Biological Sciences (excluding 160, 200) (unless permission of the director of Undergraduate Biology is obtained), 209, or 367)
Animal Sciences 100, 221, 300, 301
Entomology 212
Nutritional Sciences 262
Plant Breeding 201, 225
Plant Pathology 309, 401

**Group C: Social Sciences and Humanities.** 12 credits (6 in each of the following two categories):
Social Sciences. 100- through 400-level courses in the following departments (excluding Freshman Seminars):
- American Indian Studies 401
- Anthropology
- Archaeology
- ARME 100, 416
- CEH 110/CEH 111 (cannot receive credit for these courses and Econ 101/Econ 102)
- Communication 116, 120, 410, 418, 420, 422
- Economics (excluding all ARME courses)
- Education 271, 311, 317, 370, 378
- Government
- HD 150 (cannot receive credit for this course and Soc 245)
- LA/CRP 261, 360, 363
- Psychology
- S & TS 324, 350, 390, 391, 400, 401, 402, 406, 407, 412, 425, 427, 431, 442, 467, 482
- Sociology (includes Rural Sociology except RS 100, 175, 318, 442)

Humarties. 100- through 400-level courses in the following departments (excluding Freshman Seminars and language courses):
- Africana Studies (literature and history)
- Asian American Studies
- Asian and Near Eastern Studies (literature and history)
- Classics (literature and history)
- Comparative Literature
- English (literature only)
- French, German, Italian, Russian, and Spanish (literature only)
- History
- History of Art/History of Architecture
- LA 282
- Music and Theatre Arts (theory, literature, and history only)
- Natural Resources 407, 411
- Philosophy
- Religious Studies
- Rural Sociology 100, 175, 318, 442
- WO/MNS/S&TS 442

**Group D: Written and Oral Expression.** 9 credits, of which at least 6 must be in written expression, selected from the following:
- Freshman Seminars
- Communication 117, 201, 350, 352, 260 (was 360), 263 (was 363), 365
- English 280-281, 288-289, 382-385, 388-389

Students scoring 4 or 5 on the English advanced placement exam may be awarded three credits and are exempt from one freshman seminar course.

5. **Math Requirement**

Faculty legislation requires minimum competency in mathematics to complete a degree in the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences. As a measure of competency in mathematics, all entering undergraduates, including those with advanced placement or transfer credit in calculus, must take the college math proficiency exam (administered during orientation). The exam score determines the college math graduation requirement, and provides placement information.

The exam has two components. Cutoff scores divide students into three groups, each with specific graduation requirements.

**Mathematics requirements and placement suggestions:**

- **Group I Students in this group are considered proficient in math for college graduation requirements.** If further math is needed for the major, placement score suggests calculus skill level (e.g., Math 111, 191, 193).
- **Group II Students in this group MUST complete a math course at Cornell.* Placement score suggests pre-calculus skill level (e.g., EDUC 115, Math 105, Biometry 101).
- **Group III Students in this group must take EDUC 005, basic review math in their first semester. Students must ALSO complete an additional math course at Cornell.* Transfer and AP math credit (up to six) will be recorded in Group A of the college distribution requirements. Additional transfer credit in math will be recorded as general electives. Students scoring in Group II or Group III of the college math proficiency exam must take a math course at Cornell*, regardless of transfer or AP math credit.

*Math courses at Cornell that may be used to fulfill math requirement:*

All courses in the Mathematics department (except 101 and 109)
EDUC 115
Biometry 101

6. **Physical Education**

- **a.** Pass a required swim test, administered during orientation.
- **b.** Two courses with a satisfactory grade (courses do not count toward 120 credits for graduation or the minimum 12 credits for full-time study).
- **c.** Students are expected to complete the physical education requirement in their first two semesters at Cornell.
- **d.** Transfer students are credited with one course of physical education for each semester previously enrolled full-time (12 or more credits) at another college.

**Faculty Advising**

- **a.** Each student is assigned to a faculty adviser soon after being admitted to the college. The faculty adviser will help the student plan a program of study of courses appropriate to the degree programs offered by the college.
- **b.** Course enrollment each semester should be planned in consultation with the faculty adviser. Students pre-enroll for courses by computer through CoursEnroll, under courses, classes, and exams on the Bear Access menu. Pre-enrollment by computer is not valid until the student's individual code is entered. This code, or adviser key, is provided to the student by the faculty adviser after approval of the choice of courses.
- **c.** All academic plans, such as acceleration and graduate study, should be made in consultation with the student's faculty adviser. Support of the adviser is essential if a student petitions for an exception to any of the requirements of the college.

**Progress toward the Degree**

- a. The progress of each student toward meeting the degree requirements is recorded each term in the college registrar's office on a Summary of Record form.
- b. Students who have been in residence for eight semesters and who have met the graduation requirements will be graduated. Students are entitled to attend for the full eight semesters even if they have completed the graduation requirements in fewer semesters, but must notify the College Registrar of their intent to return for the eighth semester. A student who wishes to continue study after graduation must apply for admission as a special student through the college admissions office, 177 Roberts Hall.
- c. Application to graduate. Students who are planning to graduate must complete an "Application to Graduate" by February 15th (for May graduates) or September 15th (for January graduates). The adviser signs the application after verifying that the requirements for the major have been completed. The college registrar signs after verifying that the college requirements will be fulfilled after successful completion of the student's final semester.

**Credit Earned While in High School**

Transfer credit will not be accepted for the Syracuse Project Advance Program and similar programs. If a student is enrolled in a college/university course during his/her high school years, transfer credit will be given only if certain criteria are met:

- 1. Course must be a standard course taught at the offering college.
- 2. High school must be a satellite location, as defined by a post-secondary institution.
- 3. Course must be a standard course taught at the offering college.
- 4. Application to graduate. Students who are planning to graduate must complete an "Application to Graduate" by February 15th (for May graduates) or September 15th (for January graduates). The adviser signs the application after verifying that the requirements for the major have been completed. The college registrar signs after verifying that the college requirements will be fulfilled after successful completion of the student's final semester.

**STUDENTS**

Undergraduate enrollment is approximately 3,100, with about 56 percent in the upper division. Each year about 850 students are graduated, while 635 freshmen and 250 new transfer students are enrolled. Members of the faculty of the college serve as chairs of the special committees of roughly 1,100 graduate students.
Admission
The College Admissions Committee selects applicants who are academically well prepared and appear most likely to profit from the college's various curricula. Most students come from New York State, but about 30 percent come from other parts of the United States or abroad. Slightly more than half of the undergraduates are women. Approximately 22 percent are identified as members of minority ethnic groups.

Transfer Students
Approximately 18 to 20 percent of the ALS undergraduate students are transfers who have taken part of their collegiate work at community colleges, agricultural and technical colleges, or other four-year institutions. Many of them hold an associate degree.

A Cornell student in good standing may apply for intra-university transfer to pursue a course of study unavailable in his or her current college. Guidelines are available in the Admissions Office of the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences, 177 Roberts Hall. The procedure includes filing a transfer request, meeting with a faculty member in the proposed area of study and submitting a letter explaining reasons for the transfer.

Consideration is given to students who have demonstrated an interest in their intended field of study, by taking appropriate prerequisite courses and courses within this area of study. Academic achievement is also considered. Students are seldom allowed to transfer during their freshman year. In some cases a student may be referred to the Internal Transfer Division to study for one semester before entering the college. A second semester is considered under unusual circumstances. During this trial semester the student must achieve a predetermined average (usually 2.7) and take approved courses to assure acceptance.

Special Students
A limited number of non-degree candidates who want to take selected courses in the college are admitted each year. Applicants should submit the standard Cornell application, a resume of their work experience, and a list of the courses they want to take. For more information and guidelines, students should contact the Admissions Office, 177 Roberts Hall.

Off-Campus Students
Programs in which students study off campus but enroll for credit in the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences include the Sea Semester, field study in human ecology or industrial and labor relations, Albany programs, Cornell-in-Washington, student teaching, IPM internship, and clinical microbiology internship. Students intending to receive Cornell credit for work done off campus should inform the college registrar at the time of enrolling for courses to ensure that proper registration will occur.

Off-Campus Courses
Students in CALS must be registered for at least 12 credits of course work each semester. It is expected that students will not be enrolled in course work at another institution while they are enrolled at CALS.

Two exceptions to enrollment elsewhere while being a full-time student at Cornell would be the joint enrollment agreements between Cornell and Ithaca College and Wells College. Other exceptions must be reviewed by the Committee on Academic Achievement and Petitions. Students must petition before enrolling for a course elsewhere. The committee may approve such petitions only when there are compelling circumstances such as severe scheduling problems or no equivalent course available at Cornell. Enrolling in a course at another college to avoid taking it at Cornell is not permitted.

Leave of Absence
A student wishing a break from studies in a future semester, or those who find it necessary to leave the university before the end of a semester, should submit a written petition for a leave of absence. Such action is necessary to clear the record for the semester and if not taken may affect the student's subsequent readmission to the university.

An approved leave is considered a voluntary interruption in study and holds the student's place in the college without reapplication to the university. Voluntary leaves are issued two ways: restricted for students in good academic standing (no restrictions placed on length of leave, activities pursued, and simple notification by student of intent to return), and restricted (length of leave and activities pursued may be specified, and a petition to return must be approved by the Petitions Committee).

A database is maintained by the Counseling and Advising Office to assist participation in pre-course enrollment the semester before a student's return.

Information and petition forms are available in the Counseling and Advising Office, 140 Roberts Hall.

Withdrawal
A student who wishes to leave the university permanently should file a petition for withdrawal. Such petitions are approved if the student is in good academic standing. Students who have withdrawn and who later decide to return must apply to the Admissions Office.

Graduation and Diplomas
Graduating seniors must complete the Application to Graduate (see the details in Part C of "Progress toward the Degree"). Diplomas are distributed to those who have completed the degree requirements and have been approved by the college faculty. After the commencement ceremony at Schoellkopf Field in May, graduates return to the Ag Quad to obtain their diplomas. For January and August graduates, diplomas are mailed.

ADVISING AND COUNSELING SERVICES
Faculty members in the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences recognize that students need information and advice to make intelligent decisions while in college. They believe that personal contact is the best way to provide information and advice on both academic and personal matters; they consider advising to be an important and integral part of the undergraduate program. Each student enrolled in the college is assigned to a faculty adviser in his or her major field of study to assist and guide in developing a program of study, and to enhance the student's academic experience.

The Counseling and Advising Office coordinates the faculty advising program, serves as the college's central undergraduate advising office, and offers personal counseling. Academic advising is available for students who are interested in international study, need to file petitions to waive college academic regulations, have disability concerns, are experiencing academic difficulties, or have requests for tutoring. The staff coordinates new student orientation, commencement activities, and the activities of Ho-Nun-De-Kah, the college's honor society. Students seek counseling and advising on a variety of issues including academic problems, course problems and college procedures, graduation requirements, personal and family problems, stress management, and time management.

Two counselors provide short-term counseling with an expertise in college policies and guidelines. Counseling is framed as appropriate to each student's academic circumstances. The staff is available on a walk-in basis, as well as by appointment.

The Office of Minority Programs serves to recruit, admit, monitor, and influence policy on behalf of all minority students in the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences.

The College Admissions Committee selects applicants who are academically well prepared and appear most likely to profit from the college's various curricula. Most students come from New York State, but about 30 percent come from other parts of the United States or abroad. Slightly more than half of the undergraduates are women. Approximately 22 percent are identified as members of minority ethnic groups.

The duties of the Office of Minority Programs are primarily carried out by the director, assistant director, and 12 peer advisers. Together, the staff acts as a major advocacy and advising group, as well as informational and referral center. Its constituency includes students, faculty, and the public.

Given the college's policy on non-exclusionary programming, the Office of Minority Programs is also responsible for some functions that serve the college's entire population. Presently, that includes reviewing non-minority applicant folders, serving as the Prehealth Program adviser and liaison, and...
providing ongoing support at all levels for the Office of Counseling and Advising.

The Office of Career Development offers a variety of helpful services in a friendly environment to all students and alumni of the college. Career development includes self-assessment, career exploration, decision making, and transition to employment or further study. Services are designed to assist students and alumni with those activities and to help them develop the career planning and job search skills they will find useful as their career paths progress and change.

The Career Library contains an extensive collection of current and useful material, including career information books, extensive internship files, employer directories, and job listings. Alumni Career Link is a database of 500 college alumni who have offered to help students and alumni with their career development in a variety of ways. Job search talks on topics such as resume writing, cover letter writing, and interview skills are presented throughout the semester and are available on videotape. An active on-campus recruiting program brings more than 80 employers to campus each year to interview students for full-time and summer jobs. Additionally, the office provides information on hundreds of internships.

The office, in conjunction with a network of college faculty members, assists students throughout their undergraduate years and beyond. For further information, students should contact Bill Alberta and the staff in 177 Roberts Hall.

Financial aid is administered through the university office in Day Hall. Endowment funds and annual donations provide supplemental aid for students in the college who are eligible for financial aid. Information about these college grants is available from the Office of Academic Programs in Roberts Hall for students who have their financial aid package established through the university office in Day Hall. Grants are processed through the university’s Office of Financial Aid.

Academic Integrity Policy

The College of Agriculture and Life Sciences faculty, students, and administration support and abide by the university Code of Academic Integrity. Its principle is that absolute integrity is expected of every student in all academic undertakings: students must in no way misrepresent their work, fraudulently or unfairly advance their academic status, or be a party to another student’s failure to maintain academic integrity.

The maintenance of an atmosphere of academic honor and the fulfillment of the provisions of the code are the responsibility of the students and the faculty. Therefore, all students and faculty members shall refrain from any action that would violate the basic principles of this code:

1) Students assume responsibility for the content and integrity of their submitted work, such as papers, examinations, or reports.
2) Students are guilty of violating the code if they
   • knowingly represent the work of others as their own
   • use or obtain unauthorized assistance in any academic work
   • give fraudulent assistance to another student
   • fabricate data in support of laboratory or field work
   • forge a signature to certify completion or approval
   • submit the same work for two different courses without advance permission
   • knowingly deprive other students of library resources, laboratory equipment, computer programs, and similar aids
   • in any other manner violate the principle of absolute integrity
3) Faculty members assume responsibility to make clear to students and teaching assistants specific regulations that apply to scholarly work in a discipline
4) Faculty members fulfill their responsibility to
   • maintain in all class, laboratory, and examination activities an atmosphere conducive to academic integrity and honor
   • make clear the conditions under which examinations are to be given
   • make clear the consequences of violating any aspects of the code
   • provide opportunities for students to discuss the content of courses with each other and help each other to master that content and distinguish those activities from course assignments that are meant to test what students can do independently
   • state explicitly the procedures for use of materials taken from published sources and the methods appropriate to a discipline by which students must cite the source of such materials
   • approve in advance, in consultation with other faculty members, which work submitted by a student and used by a faculty member to determine a grade in a course may be submitted by that student in a different course
   • monitor the work and maintain such records as will support the crucial underpinning of all guidelines: the students’ submitted work must be their own and no one else’s

Cornell’s Code of Academic Integrity spells out how individuals who have allegedly violated Cornell standards for academic integrity are to be confronted and, if found to be in violation of those standards, sanctioned. The code provides informal resolution of most perceived violations through a primary hearing between the faculty member, the student involved, and an independent witness. If necessary, a hearing before a hearing board follows.

The Academic Integrity Hearing Board for the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences consists of three elected faculty members, three elected student members, a chair appointed by the dean, and the director of counseling and advising, who serves as a non-voting record keeper. Professor Dale Grossman is the current chair.

Individuals who observe or are aware of an alleged violation of the code should report the incident to the faculty member in charge of a course or to the chair of the hearing board.

General information and details on procedures for suspected violations or hearings are available from the Counseling and Advising Office, 140 Roberts Hall.

ACADEMIC POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

Records

The college registrar maintains for each student a complete record of academic achievement. A permanent record is maintained for each matriculated student and updated as new information becomes available. The director of enrollment management and student records, registrar, and associate registrar are available to consult with students regarding the assignment of credit toward meeting distribution and elective requirements as listed on the Summary of Record form.

Registration Procedures

All students must register with the university and “check-in” with this college at the beginning of each semester. Check-in materials are available in 140 Roberts Hall as announced each term by the university registrar.

Course Enrollment Procedures

To enroll in courses, students will receive information from the university registrar; plan a schedule in consultation with their adviser; and pre-enroll by computer, through CoursEnroll in “Just the Facts” on the Bear Access menu. Pre-enrollment is not valid until the student enters the adviser key code into the computer. Adviser key codes are provided by faculty advisers after a discussion of selections and requirements takes place. The adviser key code changes each semester to ensure ongoing contact between student and faculty adviser.

To enroll in courses that involve independent study, teaching, or research, a student must file an independent study form, available in the college Registrar’s Office, 140 Roberts Hall. Students who will be studying off campus should notify the Registrar’s Office to ensure that proper registration will occur.

Students may enroll again for a course in which they received a grade of F in a previous semester. Both grades will be recorded and calculated as part of their GPA. If a student retakes a course in which a passing grade was earned, the second time will be for no credit. Students must not enroll again for a course in which they received an incomplete or NG. Instead, work for that course should be completed without further enrollment. The instructor files a manual grade form to the college registrar when a grade has been assigned. An incomplete not made up by the end of two successive semesters of residence reverts to a failure. In the case of a graduating senior, incompletes revert to failures at the time of graduation. Students enrolled in a two-semester course will receive an R at the end of the first
Students may add courses during the first three weeks of the term and change grading options or credit hours where applicable and may drop courses until the end of the seventh week. Students wishing to withdraw from a course after the end of the seventh week must petition to the college Committee on Academic Achievement and Petitions (also see Petitions Procedures below). Petition forms are available in Counseling and Advising, 140 Roberts Hall. Requests for course changes are approved only when the members of the committee are convinced that unusual circumstances are clearly beyond the control of the student. The committee assumes that students should have been able to make decisions about course content, total work load, and scheduling prior to the end of the seventh week of the semester. If a petition to drop a course is approved after the end of the seventh week of classes, the course remains on the student's record and a W (for "withdrawal") is recorded on the transcript.

Petitions Procedures
The Committee on Academic Achievement and Petitions is a college committee of six faculty and two student members. On behalf of the faculty, the committee

• reviews, at the end of each semester and at other times as shall seem appropriate to
the committee, the progress of students toward meeting graduation requirements
• receives and acts upon petitions from individual students asking for exceptions from
particular academic regulations or requirements of the college, or for
reconsideration of action previously taken by the committee
• acts upon readmission requests from persons whose previous enrollment was
terminated by the committee
• notifies the petitioner in writing of the action taken by the committee

A petition for exemption from a college academic requirement or regulation may be filed by any student who has grounds for exemption. Forms are available in the Counseling and Advising Office, 140 Roberts Hall. Counselors are available to assist with the process. A petition is usually prepared with the assistance of a student's faculty adviser, whose signature is required. The adviser's recommendation is helpful to the committee. The committee reviews the written petition and determines whether there is evidence of mitigating and unforeseen circumstances beyond the control of the student that would warrant an exemption or other action. Petitions for withdrawing from a course are discussed above.

Academic Deficiency Policies
At the end of each semester, the Committee on Academic Achievement and Petitions reviews the records of those students who in any respect are failing to meet the academic requirements of the college or who persistently fail to attend classes. For students not making satisfactory progress, the committee takes appropriate action, including, but not limited to, issuing warnings, placing them on probation, granting them leaves of absence, advising them to withdraw, suspension, or expulsion.

Specifically, the committee considers as possible cause for action failure to attend and participate in courses on a regular basis or, at the end of any semester, failure to attain one or more of the following:
• semester GPA of at least 1.7
• cumulative GPA of at least 1.7
• satisfactory completion of 12 or more credits per semester
• reasonable progress toward completion of distribution requirements
• appropriate completion of college and university requirements

In general terms, regular participation in course work with academic loads at a level sufficient to assure graduation within eight semesters and grades averaging C- (1.7) or higher are prima facie evidence of satisfactory progress and good academic standing.

Grade Reports
Grade reports for the fall semester are available on "Just the Facts" in January; grade reports for the spring semester are mailed by the Office of the University Registrar to students at their home address. If alternative addresses are reported to the college or university registrar by mid-May.

ACADEMIC HONORS
The college encourages high academic achievement and recognizes outstanding students in several ways:

Dean's List. Each semester, students are recognized for academic excellence by inclusion in the Dean's List. Eligibility for the Dean's List in the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences is determined by the following criteria:
1) a minimum course load for the semester of 12 letter-graded credits;
2) achievement of a semester GPA of at least 3.50; and
3) achievement of a "S" grade, or a "C" or better grade in each course (including physical education), with no Incompletes. Dean's List will be granted retroactively if students meet all the requirements after successful course completion to make up INC grades.

Bachelor of Science with Honors. Students receiving a cumulative GPA of 4.0 or greater (based on the last four full-time semesters of Cornell credits in residence, with a minimum of 48 letter graded credits) will graduate "summa cum laude."

Students receiving a cumulative GPA of greater than or equal to 3.75 and less than 4.0 (based on the last four full-time semesters of Cornell credits in residence, with a minimum of 48 letter graded credits) will graduate "magna cum laude."

Bachelor of Science with Distinction in Research. Students will graduate with a bachelor of science degree with distinction in research when, in addition to having completed all the graduation requirements, they have satisfactorily completed the research honors program in their area of interest and have been recommended for the degree by the honors committee of that area. Special requirements are given in the section on the Distinction in Research Honors Program.

Gamma Sigma Delta is an honor society of faculty and students in the Colleges of Agriculture and Life Sciences, Human Ecology, and Veterinary Medicine. The common bond is promotion of excellence in work related to the quality of our environment and life as it relates to agriculture and the related sciences. The Cornell chapter recognizes the academic achievements of students, faculty, and alumni of those colleges with nominations for membership and with special awards. To be eligible, seniors must be in the upper 15 percent of their major. Five juniors with the highest grade point average in the college are also nominated. Gamma Sigma Delta also promotes academic excellence through sponsorship of special programs in the three colleges.

Golden Key is a National Honor Society that recognizes and encourages scholastic achievement and excellence in all undergraduate fields of study. Juniors and seniors with a cumulative GPA of 3.60 or higher are eligible. Visit Golden Key's web site at gknhs.gsu.edu/

DISTINCTION IN RESEARCH HONORS PROGRAM
The Bachelor of Science degree with distinction in research will be conferred upon those students who, in addition to having completed the requirements for the degree of Bachelor of Science, have satisfactorily completed the honors program in their area of major interest and have been recommended for the degree by the honors committee of that area.

An undergraduate wishing to enroll in the honors program must have completed at least
55 credits, at least 30 of the 55 at Cornell. Also, the student must have attained a cumulative GPA of at least 3.0 (unless otherwise noted by a particular program) at the time of entry.

Interested students must make written application no later than the end of the sixth week of the first semester of their senior year, but are encouraged to make arrangements with a faculty member during the second semester of their junior year. An application form is available from the college registrar, 140 Roberts Hall, or from the area committee chair. (Biological sciences students should get applications at 200 Stimson Hall.)

Written approval of the faculty member who will direct the research and of the research program committee in the area is required. After the college registrar verifies the student’s GPA, the student will be officially enrolled in the honors program.

Academic credit may also be earned by enrolling in an appropriate independent study course. When applying for admission to the program, the student may, if appropriate, submit a budget and a modest request for funds to cover some of the costs the student incurs in doing the research.

The distinction in research honors committee for each area recommends to the college registrar those students who qualify for honors. Only those who maintain a GPA of at least 3.0 will be graduated with distinction in research.

Unless otherwise indicated in the following program area descriptions, the research report in the form of a thesis or journal article should be submitted to the research program committee no later than four weeks before the end of classes of the semester in which the student expects to graduate. Students in the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences wishing to participate in the distinction in research program must be accepted in one of the program areas approved by the faculty.

Students are not eligible for distinction in research by participating in a program offered by another college or administrative unit.

**Animal Sciences**

Faculty committee: W. B. Currie, chair; Y. R. Boisclair, S. M. Quirk, P. A. Johnson

The objective of the animal sciences distinction in research honors program is to provide outstanding undergraduates with the opportunity to pursue supervised independent research and to develop an awareness of the scientific process. It is expected that the research will require significant effort and creative input by the student in its design and execution and in the reporting of the results.

Those students with majors in animal sciences who are interested in doing a distinction in research project should consult with their faculty advisers early in their junior year. All students are expected to meet the college requirements in qualifying for the program and to complete the following:

- Identify a potential research honors project sponsor (i.e., a faculty member working in the animal sciences) and secure the candidate’s member’s commitment to sponsor the student in the research project. This should be accomplished early in the second semester of the junior year.
- Preregister during the spring semester for AS 496, Animal Sciences Honors Seminar, which is offered in the fall semester.
- Register for AS 499, Undergraduate Research.
- Participate in AS 402, Seminar in Animal Sciences, during the spring semester and report on and discuss the project and results (see exceptions under particular program areas).
- Submit a written thesis to the distinction in research honors committee by the scheduled deadline. Specific information regarding deadlines, format, and organization for the thesis will be provided.
- Meet with the distinction in research committee for a short oral defense of the thesis following a review of the thesis by the student’s sponsor and the research committee.

Details pertaining to the specific requirements of the program can be obtained from the office of the committee chair, 434 Morrison Hall.

**Biological Sciences**

Students interested in the distinction in research honors program in the biological sciences should consult with their faculty advisers and with potential faculty research sponsors early in their junior year. See “Independent Research and Honors Program” in the Biological Sciences section of this catalog for complete details. Information on faculty research, applications, and program requirements may be obtained from the Office of Undergraduate Biology, 216 Stimson Hall.

**Biology & Society**

Faculty committee: D. Pimentel, chair

The distinction in research honors program in Biology & Society is designed to provide independent research opportunities for academically talented undergraduate students in Biology & Society. Students who enroll in this program are expected, with faculty guidance, to do independent study and research dealing with issues in biology and society. Students participating in the program should find the intellectually stimulating and rewarding whether or not they intend to pursue a research career.

Biology & Society students are considered for entry into the research honors program at the end of the second semester of the junior year. Application forms for the program are available in the Biology & Society Office, 275 Clark Hall. To qualify for the Biology & Society distinction in research honors program, a student must have an overall Cornell cumulative GPA of at least 3.3, have formulated a research topic, and have found a project supervisor (with a Cornell academic appointment) and a Biology & Society faculty member willing to serve as his/her adviser. The director of undergraduate studies will appoint a third reader of the completed research applications will be reviewed by a committee headed by the director of undergraduate studies, who will notify students directly of the outcome. Students will be permitted to register for the distinction in research honors program only by permission of the Biology & Society program. Students must enroll for two semesters and may take three to five credits per semester up to a maximum of eight credits in B&SoS 498 and 499, Honors Project I and II. More information on the distinction in research honors program is available in the Biology and Society Office, 275 Clark Hall (255-6047).

**Important Deadlines**

(NOTE: If the following dates fall on a weekend, the deadline is the prior Friday).

- Last week of second semester of the junior year: Application for distinction in research honors program submitted to 275 Clark Hall.
- April 15: Thesis completed in a form satisfactory for evaluation and submitted to the three readers.
- April 29: Thesis defense accomplished.
- May 13: Two bound copies of completed and defended thesis submitted to director of undergraduate studies.

**Entomology**

Faculty committee: B. L. Peckarsky, chair

A distinction in research honors program in the area of entomology may be pursued by any qualified student in the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences (see the requirements at the beginning of this section). The student need not be specializing in entomology. Insects, because of their variety, small size, and easy availability, are convenient subjects for study in a wide array of problems dealing with living systems. Short life cycles, unique physiologies and developmental patterns, and species with easily managed colony requirements and a wide range of behavioral and biological diversity provide the raw material for research honors study. Cornell’s diverse faculty interests and extensive collections and library in entomology are also major assets if a student selects entomology as the area for research honors study.

The research honors committee requires that an undergraduate who is interested in embarking on a research honors project proceed with the following steps:

- Discuss the matter with his or her academic adviser, preferably in the junior year, so that a research project can be carefully planned. The possibility of conducting some research during the junior year and/or summer should be discussed.
- Discuss the project with an appropriate faculty member in the Department of Entomology who can serve as a supervisor to oversee the honors research. The faculty adviser will be of assistance in determining which faculty entomologist might be the best supervisor, the decision being based primarily on available faculty members’ areas of expertise.
- Prepare a brief, tentative plan for the project for discussion and approval of the honors project supervisor. The plan should include a statement of objectives or hypotheses, proposed methods for testing hypotheses, needs for laboratory space or shared equipment, and a budget outlining financial support needed for travel and supplies.
- Present a completed application to the chair of the entomology research honors committee no later than the end of the sixth week of the first semester of the senior year. Earlier submission is encouraged.
Submit a brief progress report, approved by the project supervisor, to the entomology research honors committee by midterm of the semester in which the student will complete his or her graduation requirements.

Present a formal seminar reporting the significant findings of the research to the Department of Entomology (preferably as a Jugatae seminar) in the last semester of the senior year.

Submit two copies of the final project report (honors thesis) to the chair of the entomology area research honors committee no later than two weeks before the last day of classes in the semester in which the student anticipates graduation. The thesis will be reviewed by the faculty honors project supervisor and one other referee selected by the chair of the honors committee. Referees will return the thesis to the student one week before the last day of classes. Changes indicate that changes must be made, the revised thesis should be submitted to the chair no later than the last day of classes.

**Natural Resources**

Faculty committee: J. B. Yavitt, chair; B. A. Knuth, J. P. Lassoie, E. L. Mills

The research honors program in natural resources provides an opportunity for undergraduates to pursue supervised independent research in the areas of (1) ecology and management of landscapes; (2) fish and wildlife biology and management; and (3) resource policy, management, human dimensions, and environmental education. The subject matter and nature of the research experience may be quite varied, but requires the guidance and supervision of a faculty member with substantial interest and expertise in the subject area chosen.

In addition to meeting requirements of the college, the student is expected to do the following:

- Register for the research honors program in the junior year or earlier.
- Select a faculty adviser who will help identify and formulate a research problem.
- Carry out an independent research effort that is original and separate from the work of others who may be investigating similar subjects.
- Describe and summarize the work in the format of a conventional master's thesis or scientific paper ready for journal publication. About half of the theses have been published.
- Work closely with at least two faculty or staff members who will agree to serve as readers for the thesis. Provide readers with a copy of the guidelines for evaluation of research honors theses available from the department's honors program committee.
- Take the lead role for meeting each of the above expectations.

**Nutritional Sciences**

Faculty committee: M. N. Kazarianoff

The research honors program offers students a research experience structured to give them the opportunity to choose a research project, search the literature relevant to it, plan and execute the research, and write it up in the form of a thesis. As in other types of research available to undergraduates, each student is guided by a faculty mentor. The honors project is designed to be spread over both semesters of the junior and senior years. Students who consider this option should be aware that it involves a number of deadlines and considerable time commitment. Before signing on for research honors, students need to consult with their academic advisers to make sure that honors will not interfere with other academic objectives, such as preparation for admission to medical school or making the dean's list. Although honors research credits for spring semester junior year and both semesters senior year are designated LET, individual mentors may choose the R grade for work in progress until the project has been fully completed. An outline of activities for both years is given below. Letters of invitation are sent to upcoming juniors during the summer.

**Junior Year**

- Fall Semester Course No: NS 398 (1 credit, S-U): Students are oriented to the program, and provided material that summarizes the range of research activities in DNS. Students begin making arrangements with faculty members. When these arrangements have been completed, students will begin a literature search that focuses on their research problems.
- Spring Semester Students register for NS 498 (1 credit, section 1). Additional faculty presentations of research opportunities are made, as well as orientation to supportive services available through DNS. Placements with faculty mentors should be completed by spring break. Each student may also register under the number NS 499 for 2-4 credits to work on a convenient number of credits, to be determined in consultation with the chosen adviser. Work carried out will have two objectives:
  1. Become familiar with literature and/or research methods appropriate to the problem for the honors research.
  2. Develop a research proposal.

The semester outcome will be written reports/discussions of the method(s) or literature searches and a short research proposal, evaluated by the research adviser.

**Senior Year**

- Fall Semester Students register under the number NS 499 (2-4 credits, LET, by arrangement with their mentors). They may begin their research earlier than fall, e.g., during the summer, or even earlier, but should be prepared to begin research early in the fall semester. The objective for the semester will be to conclude most of the hands-on research/data acquisition.
- Spring Semester Students will again register under course number NS 499 for 2-4 credits LET, by arrangement with their research mentors. Much of the allotted time will be spent on data analysis and on writing the honors thesis.

Several important deadlines should be noted:

1. Last week in March: The names of thesis readers are to be in the hands of the research honors committee.
2. Third to fourth week of April: A final draft of the thesis is handed to the readers.
3. First to second week of May: Scheduled seminars for oral presentations of each student's research.
4. Last day of classes: Final form of the thesis is handed to the research honors chairman.

To help students meet these deadlines, students register for NS 498 (1 credit, section 2) class sessions will be held before spring break for guidance in thesis writing and/or informal reporting of preliminary data. After spring break the group will meet once or twice (depending on number of students) to practice oral presentations of completed research.

*Grade is determined by each student's mentor.

**Two readers knowledgeable in the area of the student's research topic to be chosen by the research honors committee and faculty advisers.

**Physical Sciences**

Faculty committee: S. Colucci, chair; J.-Y. Parmange, S. S. H. Rizvi

The research honors program in physical sciences provides outstanding students with an opportunity to do independent research under the supervision of a faculty member in the departments of Agricultural and Biological Engineering, Food Science, Earth and Atmospheric Sciences, or Biometrics.

In addition to meeting the requirements of the college, the student is expected to:

- Identify a thesis adviser and thesis topic before the end of junior year.
- Working with the thesis adviser, prepare a budget and application form (due by the sixth week of senior year).
- Enroll in the program for a minimum of two semesters.
- Enroll in the appropriate departmental undergraduate research course for a total of at least six credits.
- Submit an outline of the thesis to the chair of the committee by the end of January (for a May graduation).
- Submit a draft of the thesis to the thesis adviser with sufficient lead-time for a revision to be prepared.
- Submit three copies of the thesis and names of recommended reviewers to the chair of the honors committee by three weeks before the end of classes in the semester in which graduation is expected.

There is no required format but the thesis is usually written in the form of a research journal article or a master's thesis. Further details of the program can be obtained from the chair of the physical sciences research honors committee.

**Plant Sciences**

Faculty committee: R. L. Obendorf, chair; I. A. Merwin, E. B. Nelson, F. S. Rossi

Students perform independent scientific research under the guidance of faculty members in fields of horticultural, agronomic, and soil sciences; plant biology; plant genetics...
and breeding, and plant pathology. For admission to the program, students must meet college requirements and submit to the Plant Sciences Honors Committee a proposal project (two to three pages) which includes a title; a brief background to the problem (justification and literature review); a clear statement of object(s) and hypothesis to be tested; methodology and experimental plan, necessary space, equipment and supplies, and a project budget. The proposal must be accompanied by a letter from the faculty supervisor stating that he or she has approved the project plan and that its completion within the remainder of the student's undergraduate tenure is feasible.

Successful completion of the research honors program requires acceptance by the honors committee of two copies of a research report. The report should be written in the format of a research publication in the appropriate scientific field. The acceptable report must have been reviewed and corrected according to recommendations of the research supervisor before the report is submitted to the honors committee. The report must be received by the honors committee at least two weeks before the last day of classes of the semester in which the degree is sought and must be accompanied by a letter from the research supervisor evaluating the research and, if appropriate, recommending graduation with distinction in research. The research honors committee will review the report within one week and may accept it or return it to the student with specific recommendations for revisions. A suitably revised version must be submitted to the committee before the second day of the examination period. When the committee accepts an honors report, the chair will recommend to the associate director of academic programs and to the college registrar that the student be graduated with distinction in research. One copy of the accepted report will be returned to the student with review comments from the committee.

Social Sciences

Faculty committee: R. F. Osmanski, S. Feldman, J. M. Conrad.

Students are accepted into the social sciences research honors program of the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences after meeting all the criteria described above. After evaluation of the student's written application, and on approval of a detailed thesis proposal. The application and proposal are due no later than the third week of the first semester of the senior year. Each student is encouraged to begin working on this proposal with a prospective faculty thesis adviser during the junior year. The purpose of the proposal is twofold. First, it formalizes a plan of study and establishes a set of expectations between the student and his or her faculty adviser. Second, the Honors Committee reviews the proposal to determine whether it is consistent with honors thesis requirements, and to make suggestions for improvement.

The proposal should be 5 to 10 typed, double-spaced pages and include the following sections:

- Research Topic: State the problem to be studied or the topic of interest. Review the relevant literature and the background of the problem or topic; include a more extensive bibliography.

- Research Questions/Empirical Hypotheses: Specify the questions to be answered or hypotheses to be empirically tested via collection of data and some mode of analysis accepted in the social sciences.

- Research Methods: Discuss the models to be constructed, data collection procedures (including survey instruments or experiments, if appropriate), and methods of analysis.

- Expected Significance: State what new knowledge or information is likely to be forthcoming and why it is important. Faculty advisers must be members of the graduate faculty. Exceptions to this rule will be granted for persons with special expertise who are deemed capable of thesis supervision; exceptions will be granted pending petition to the social science honors committee. Students may register for honors credit directed by the faculty adviser in conjunction with a research honors project.

Distinction in research is awarded upon approval of the research honors thesis by the social science honors committee. The research should deal with a substantive issue in one of the fields in the social sciences. Both the results of the research and the methodology (or the argument by which the results were achieved) must be reported. Reviews of the literature, practical conclusions or applications, or broad characterizations of an area of inquiry may constitute part of the research report but are not themselves sufficient to count as research. Honors theses should be written according to the form of any standard journal within the appropriate fields. Three copies of the thesis must be submitted to the chair of the social science committee no later than three weeks before the last day of classes of the semester for which the degree is sought. A supporting letter from the faculty member supervising the work also must be submitted. Approval of the thesis requires a majority vote of the honors committee.

The Division of Nutritional Sciences is an intercollege unit affiliated with the College of Human Ecology and the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences. The nutrition, food, and agriculture major offers students in the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences the opportunity to focus their studies in human nutrition while obtaining a strong background in courses related to agriculture and the life sciences. Students in the biological sciences major may also concentrate in nutrition. Courses offered by the Division of Nutritional Sciences support many undergraduate programs in the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences including animal science, biological sciences, communication, food science, international agriculture, plant sciences, and rural sociology. Nutritional sciences courses count toward the undergraduate degree requirement for 55 credit hours of courses in Agriculture and Life Sciences.

The American Indian Program (AIP) is a multidisciplinary intercollege program consisting of academic, research, extension, and student support components. Course work is intended to enhance students' understanding of the unique heritage of North American Indians and their relationship to other peoples in the United States and Canada. Students are challenged by such topics as the sovereignty of Indian nations and the contemporary relevance of Indian attitudes toward the environment. The program's instructional core consists of courses that focus on American Indian life from precontact times to the present, and feature the perspectives of Native American people.

Research areas among faculty active in the program include Indian education, social and economic development, agriculture, environmental issues, history, sociology, language, literature and the arts, and cultural preservation. Extension and outreach efforts in the program seek to develop solutions to problems identified by Indian communities and to facilitate the application of institutional resources, research, and expertise to community needs.

The American Indian Program's Akwe:kon Press publishes Native Voices, a multidisciplinary journal that covers issues across the western hemisphere and sponsors conferences, guest lectures, and forums on important local, national, and international issues. Akwe:kon, the American Indian residence house, offers undergraduate students a living environment that promotes intercultural exchange.
The American Indian Program offers a concentration in American Indian Studies to undergraduate students in conjunction with their major defined elsewhere in the university. The concentration will be earned upon completion of five courses: American Indian Studies 100 (Indian America to 1890) and American Indian Studies 175 (Contemporary American Indian Issues), plus three other courses selected from the American Indian Studies course listing, for a total of at least 15 credits. Students choosing a concentration in American Indian Studies should obtain application materials from the AIP office in 450 Caldwell.

AIP also offers a graduate minor. Students interested in choosing the minor should contact Daniel Usner, American Indian Program, 255-8402.

Science of Earth Systems (SES) major emphasizes the rigorous and objective study of the Earth system as one of the outstanding intellectual challenges of modern science and as the necessary foundation for the future management of our home planet. Within this program, Cornell's strengths across a broad range of earth and environmental sciences have been brought together to provide students with the tools to engage in what will be the primary challenge of the twenty-first century.

The major is available to students in the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences as well as students in the Colleges of Arts and Sciences and as an option, Engineering. The SES major has its home in the Department of Earth and Atmospheric Sciences, which spans all three colleges, but relies on the collaboration of several departments across the university.

The SES curriculum provides strong preparation in mathematics, physics, chemistry, and biology during the freshman and sophomore years. In the junior and senior years, students take a set of common SES core courses and an additional set of advanced disciplinary or inter-disciplinary courses that build on the basic sequences. Graduates of Cornell's SES program are well prepared for career and advanced study options in the earth and environmental sciences.

See the Science of Earth Systems listing in the section on "Major Fields of Study" for complete information about the SES curriculum. For more information contact Professor Kerry H. Cook, Department of Earth and Atmospheric Sciences, kc6@cornell.edu and visit the web site: www.geo.cornell.edu/SES/

The Comparative and Environmental Toxicology Program is an interdisciplinary intercollege program with research, teaching, and cooperative extension components coordinated by the Institute for Comparative and Environmental Toxicology (ICET). Courses are cosponsored by academic departments in several colleges of the university. A description of the program and general information is available from the director of the program through the ICET office, 213 Rice Hall or at www.bio.cornell.edu/icet. See also the Interdisciplinary Centers, Programs, and Studies section at the front of this catalog.

The Cornell Institute for Resource Information Systems (Cornell IRIS) is an interdisciplinary, inter-college unit affiliated with the Center for the Environment. The mission of Cornell IRIS is to advance the development and use of spectral and spatial information technology to benefit the environment. The Institute is comprised of three program areas in environmental resource inventory, remote sensing, and geographic information systems. A description of the program and general information is available from the Institute director through the Cornell IRIS office in 302 Rice Hall.

OFF-CAMPUS STUDY PROGRAMS

Study off campus is of two types. (1) credit may be earned at another institution and transferred to Cornell, or (2) credit may be earned in Cornell courses that require off-campus activity.

Students who plan to enroll in courses at another institution in the United States must petition for a leave of absence. Courses should be selected in consultation with the faculty adviser.

Albany Programs

Study off campus in Albany, the New York State capital, provides a unique opportunity to combine career interests with academic and legislative concerns. Formed opportunities are available. The Assembly Intern Program is offered in the spring semester and provides a placement with a staff member of the New York State Assembly. The Senate Assistants Program also occurs during the spring semester and has placements with New York State senators and selected staff. The Albany Semester Program is available during the spring, summer, and fall semesters and provides experience with a state agency such as the Libraries of Environmental Conservation, Education, or Labor. Each program has an academic component as well. Check the individual folders in the internship files in the ALS Career Development Office, 177 Roberts Hall.

Applications are collected and processed by the ALS Career Development Office, 177 Roberts Hall, in the term prior to assignments. Those accepted should plan a program of study in consultation with their faculty adviser. At least 12 credits must be carried to meet the residence requirement. Students should note that their last term average must be 1.7 or above. To receive academic credit for the internship, students enroll in ALS 400, for an S/U grade only.

Information and applications are available in the ALS Career Development Office, 177 Roberts Hall.

Cornell-in-Washington

The Cornell-in-Washington Program offers students from all colleges in the university an opportunity to earn full academic credit for a semester in Washington, D.C. Students take courses from Cornell faculty, conduct individual research projects, and work as externs. The Cornell-in-Washington Program offers two study options: (1) studies in public policy, and (2) studies in the American experience. Students take part in a public policy or humanities seminar which requires them to serve as externs in federal agencies, congressional offices, or nongovernmental organizations and to carry out individual research projects under the supervision of Cornell faculty. The required externships and all course enrollments are arranged through, and approved by, the Cornell-in-Washington Program. Students in the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences must register for ALS 500 and cannot receive credit for the externship experience alone. For further information, see program material at 150 Gander, 407-255-4090, or visit the Cornell-in-Washington web site at cwi.cornell.edu.

SEA Semester

The Sea Education Association is a nonprofit educational institution offering ocean-focused academic opportunities: field study, live, work, and study at sea. Science, the humanities, and practical seamanship are integrated in small, personal classes. The 17-credit program is 12 weeks in length. Six weeks are spent in Woods Hole, the following six weeks are spent on either one of SEA's two sailing vessels: the R/V Westward or the R/V Corwin Cramer. For more information, students should contact the Cornell Marine Programs office, G14 Stimson Hall (607-255-3717). SEA students should file the intent to study off campus form with the college registrar as early as possible to ensure proper registration and enrollment in courses.

Shoals Marine Laboratory

The Shoals Marine Laboratory, run cooperatively by Cornell University and the University of New Hampshire, is a seasonal field station located on the 95-acre Appledore Island off the coast of Portsmouth, New Hampshire, in the Gulf of Maine. SML offers undergraduate, beginning graduate and interested adults a unique opportunity to study marine science in a setting noted for its biota, geology, and history. Please refer to "Courses in Marine Science," under the section on the Office of Undergraduate Biology, for a list of courses offered.

For more information, contact the Shoals Marine Laboratory office, G14 Stimson Hall, 607-255-3717.

Internships

Several departments in the college offer supervised internships for academic credit. Arrangements should be made with the offering department for assignment of a faculty member who will be responsible for planning the program of work and for evaluating student performance.

For internships not governed by an established internship course, the student must enroll in a 497 course for the number of credits to be assigned. If the work is done during the summer, the student must enroll in the Cornell summer session for the agreed-upon credits.

In cases where the work is not done at Cornell, the awarding of credits depends upon a prior contractual arrangement between a Cornell professor and the student. Specific terms for receiving credit and a grade should be recorded, using the Independent Study, Research, Teaching, or Internship form, available in the Registrar's Office, 140 Roberts Hall.

A maximum of 15 (pro-rated for transfer students) of the 120 credits required for the degree may be taken in internships, independent study courses, and undergraduate teaching or research. No more than 6 of the
Programs are planned with considerable flexibility, allowing students to prepare for careers, graduate work, professional opportunities, and the responsibilities of educated citizens. Course requirements in each program area are different, but all students must meet minimum distribution requirements of the college.

**Agricultural and Biological Engineering**

The Department of Agricultural and Biological Engineering is at the focus of three great challenges facing humanity today: ensuring an adequate and safe food supply in an era of increasing world population, protecting and remediating the world's natural resources, including water, soil, air, biodiversity, and energy; and developing engineering systems that monitor, replace, or intervene in the mechanisms of living organisms. The undergraduate engineering program in the Department of Agricultural and Biological Engineering has a unique focus on biological systems, including the environment, that is realized through a combination of fundamental engineering sciences, biology, applications courses, and liberal studies. The program leads to a Bachelor of Science degree, which is awarded jointly by the Colleges of Engineering and Agriculture and Life Sciences and is accredited by the Engineering Accreditation Commission (EAC) of the Accreditation Board for Engineering and Technology (ABET).

Three concentrations in agricultural and biological engineering are offered: environmental engineering, biological engineering, and food production and process engineering. Students take courses in mathematics, statistics, computing, physics, chemistry, basic and advanced biology, fundamental engineering sciences (mechanics, thermodynamics, fluid mechanics, and transport processes), engineering applications, and design. Students select upper-level courses in the department in areas that include bioprocessing, soil and water management, bioenvironmental and facilities engineering, and environmental engineering aspects of animal physiology, environmental systems analysis, and waste treatment and disposal. Students select other courses in the College of Engineering that strengthen their program, such as environmental engineering or biomedical engineering. Students planning for medical school also take courses in the College of Arts and Sciences.

The living world is all around us and within us. The biological revolution continues and it has given rise to a growing demand for engineers who have studied biology and the environment, who have strong math and science skills, who can communicate effectively, who are sensitive to the needs of people, and who are interested in the challenges facing society. The Department of Agricultural and Biological Engineering is educating the next generation of engineers to meet these challenges.

Specific course requirements for the Accredited Engineering Programs are found in the College of Engineering section of this book. Specific course distribution requirements for the academic programs in environmental systems technology and agricultural systems technology include:

**A. Basic Subjects**

1. Calculus 8
2. Chemistry 6
3. Physics 8
4. Introductory biological sciences 6
5. Computer applications 4
6. Statistics or probability 3
7. Written and oral expression 9

**B. Advanced and Applied Subjects**

1. Five courses in the environmental, agricultural, or biological sciences 15
2. Five engineering or technology courses at the 500 level or above; at least 9 credits in agricultural and biological engineering 15

**C. Electives**

Additional courses to complete college requirements

**D. Total (minimum)** 120
For further details on the Agricultural and Biological Engineering and Technology Programs (including SES), see the department’s Undergraduate Programs brochure, available at 207 Riley-Robb Hall; contact the advising coordinator, Professor Jim Bartsch, at 255–2600; or visit the department’s web site at www.aben.cornell.edu.

Animal Sciences
The animal sciences program area offers a coordinated group of courses dealing with the principles of animal breeding, nutrition, physiology, management, and growth biology. Emphasis in subject matter is directed toward domestic animal species, dairy and beef cattle, horses, poultry, pigs, and sheep, while laboratory, companion, and exotic animal species are also included in research and teaching programs. The Animal Science Department has extensive facilities for animal production and well-equipped laboratories and classrooms, including a teaching barn, in which students can gain practical experience in the care and management of large animals at a campus location.

The program focuses on the application of science to the efficient production of animals for food, fiber, and pleasure and easily accommodates a variety of interests and goals. Beyond a core of basic courses (suggested minimum, 15 credits) students select production and advanced courses to fulfill an individually tailored program worked out in consultation with their advisers. In this way it is possible to concentrate by species as well as by subject matter (nutrition, physiology, growth biology, breeding, management). For each subject area supporting courses in other departments are readily available and strongly encouraged. Many science-oriented students elect a program emphasizing supportive preparation in the physical and biological sciences to graduate, veterinary, or professional study following graduation.

Dairy management is a popular program among students who may be preparing to manage a dairy farm or enter a related career. Other students may elect a program oriented toward economics and business in preparation for a career in the poultry, dairy, meat-animal, horse, feed, or meats industry. These are examples of the flexibility within these programs that can be developed to meet a student’s career interest related to animals. It is recommended that students obtain appropriate fieldwork or animal experience during summers. Several special training opportunities exist for highly motivated students. Underclass students whose academic records warrant it may, by arrangement with individual faculty members, engage in research (either for credit or for Honors) or assist with teaching (for credit). The Dairy Management Fellows Program offers an equally challenging but different type of experience for a highly select group of students.

Applied Economics and Business Management
The undergraduate program in applied economics and business management is based on principles of economic and managerial economics, courses in agricultural, resource, and managerial economics are supplemented with others in related areas such as computer science, economics, sociology, history, government, industrial and labor relations, hotel administration, consumer economics, animal sciences, plant sciences, natural resources, mathematics, and statistics.

Six areas of specialization are offered:
Agribusiness management is designed for students who have a special interest in the economics and management of businesses that provide services for the agricultural sector of the economy.

Agricultural and applied economics provides a general program in the economics of the agricultural sector and of resource use. It is an appropriate major for those students who (1) are interested in applied economics; (2) want to survey offerings in agricultural, resource, and managerial economics, such as management, marketing, economic development, policy, and environmental and resource economics; and (3) want to prepare for graduate work in agricultural economics. It is an appropriate option for those interested in the application of the principles of economics to problems in both the public and private sectors.

Business management and marketing applies the principles of economics and the tools of management to prepare students for careers in business. Special emphasis is given to developing decision-making skills and to the study of the structure and practices of business institutions. This prepares students for careers in market analysis, sales, banking, merchandising, production management, and general business management.

Environmental and resource economics provides training for students interested in applying economic concepts to problems of the environment and resource use. This specialization is a good option for those wishing to take positions as analysts with agencies that have environmental responsibility or face environmental regulations.

Farm business management and finance is intended for students with farm experience, who are interested in farming, farm management, or farm finance careers, in such positions as agricultural lenders, extension specialists, or consultants.

Food-industry management is designed for students interested in management or sales positions with the processing, manufacturing, or distribution segments of the food industry.

All of these areas of specialization can provide a strong foundation for graduate work. In planning a course schedule, students must work closely with their faculty adviser. Each area of specialization has its own set of requirements; recommended courses, yet all the areas have enough flexibility to satisfy the interests and abilities of individual students.

Atmospheric Science
Atmospheric Science is the study of the atmosphere and the processes that shape weather and climate. The curriculum emphasizes the scientific study of the behavior of weather and climate and applications to the important practical problems of weather forecasting and climate prediction. Students develop a fundamental understanding of atmospheric processes and acquire skill and experience in the analysis, interpretation, and forecasting of meteorological events. All students are required to complete a minimum of three semesters of calculus, two semesters of physics, and a semester each of chemistry, computer science, and statistics.

Atmospheric science courses are offered through the Department of Earth and Atmospheric Sciences (EAS). There are two options for the B.S. in Atmospheric Science through the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences:

Option A
1. Mathematics, Computer Science, and Statistics:
   a. Math 190/191, 192, 293, or Math 111, 112, 213
   b. Computer Sci. 100, or EAS 150
   c. ARME 210 or BTRY 215 or equivalent
   d. Math 294 or EAS 435
2. Basic Physical Sciences:
   a. Physics 207, 208, or Physics 112, 213, 214
   b. Chem 103, 207, or 211
3. Atmospheric Science:
   a. EAS 131, 250, 341, 342, 352, 447, 451
   b. At least two atmospheric science electives

Option B
1. Mathematics, Computer Science, and Statistics:
   a. Math 190/191, 192, 293, 294, or Math 111, 112, 221, 222
   b. Computer Sci. 100, or EAS 150
   c. ARME 210, BTRY 215, or equivalent
   d. Math 321, Math 420, or T&AM 410
2. Basic Physical Sciences:
   a. Physics 112, 213, 214
   b. Chem 207 or 211
3. Atmospheric Science:
   a. EAS 341, 342, 352, 451

Option A is intended to meet the needs of students whose primary interests are in forecasting and operational meteorology. Upon graduation, a student who has completed Option A will have satisfied both the curricular guidelines of the American Meteorological Society and the educational requirements of the National Weather Service for employment as a meteorologist. They will also be well qualified for positions in private-sector forecasting, environmental consulting firms, and in broadcast meteorology. In addition, Option A provides good preparation for graduate work in atmospheric science and closely related fields.

Option B is designed to focus on preparation for graduate study in atmospheric science as well as other sciences, and includes somewhat stronger coursework in mathematics and physics than does Option A. The minimum coursework in Option B does not satisfy the National Weather Service requirements or American Meteorological Society guidelines for employment in operational meteorology, but may be more appropriate for students with academic or research career goals. It can also be an attractive option for students transferring into the program as juniors.
Biological Sciences

Biology is a popular subject at many universities for a variety of reasons: it is a science that is in an exciting phase of development; it prepares students for careers in challenging and appealing fields such as human and veterinary medicine, environmental sciences, and biotechnology; and it deals with the inherently interesting questions that arise when we try to understand ourselves and the living world around us. Many of the decisions we face today deal with the opportunities and problems that biology has put before us.

The major in biological sciences is available to students enrolled in either the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences or the College of Arts and Sciences. The Office of Undergraduate Biology provides student services which are available to students from either college.

The biology major is designed to enable students to acquire the foundations in physical and life sciences necessary to understand modern biology and biological processes, studies in a specific area of biology. Programs of study include animal physiology, biochemistry, ecology and evolutionary biology, general biology, genetics and development, molecular and cell biology, microbiology, neurobiology and behavior, nutrition, plant biology, and systematics and biotic diversity. Students interested in the marine sciences may consult the Shulls Marine Laboratory Office, G14 Simpson Hall, 255-3717, for academic advice and career counseling. For more details about the biology curriculum see the section in this catalog on Biological Sciences.

Biology & Society

The Biology & Society program area is designed for students who wish to combine the study of biology with exposure to perspectives from the social sciences and humanities. Many of the most critical social issues of our time, from the implications of genetic engineering to the impact of global climate change, have biological processes at their core. At the same time these issues are inherently social, involving complex relationships among people, institutions, laws, and beliefs. The Biology & Society field of study provides the skills and perspectives to systematically confront problems with biological, social, and ethical dimensions. In consultation with a faculty member, students are expected to select their courses in the field to meet their own goals and interests. For a description of the Biology & Society requirements and courses, see the section on Biology and Society under "Special Programs and Interdisciplinary Study" in this publication or visit the web site at biosoc.sts.cornell.edu.

Students who elect Biology & Society as their major field of study leave Cornell with well-developed writing and analytical skills and a knowledge base that can lead to employment in a variety of fields. Many graduates have accepted positions as health counselors, writers, or policy analysts and researchers for government organizations, medical institutions, consumer or environmental groups, or scientific research institutes. Students have found that Biology & Society is also excellent preparation for professional training in medicine, law, and health services administration and for graduate programs in such fields as genetic counseling, nutrition, clinical psychology, public health, environmental studies, anthropology, sociology, and other related fields.

Admissions

Students must have completed a year of college-level biology and submit an application during their sophomore year. Students in the College of Agricultural and Life Sciences may be admitted directly into the field of study when they apply to the college; as with all students admitted prior to completing the biology prerequisite, the admission is provisional. It is the student's responsibility to assure that final acceptance is granted upon completion of the introductory biology sequence. Although only introductory biology is a prerequisite for acceptance, students will find it useful to have completed some of the requirements (obtain course checklist in 275 Clark Hall) by the end of their sophomore year. Juniors are considered on a case-by-case basis. Upper-division applicants should realize the difficulties of completing the biology and society requirements in less than two years.

The application includes:

- A one- to two-page statement explaining your intellectual interests in Biology & Society and why it is consistent with your academic goals and interests
- A selected theme
- A tentative plan of courses fulfilling Biology & Society requirements, including courses you have taken and those you plan to take
- A transcript of work taken at Cornell University, current as of the date of application.

The faculty admissions committee reviews applications twice a year, once each during the fall and spring semesters. A faculty adviser is assigned on admittance to the field. Approximately 50 faculty members from five colleges serve as advisers to Biology & Society students. The major program is coordinated for students in all colleges through the Biology and Society Office, 275 Clark Hall, where students can get information, specific course requirements, and application forms. Faculty and student advisers are available to discuss the Biology & Society requirements with you.

Requirements for the program are listed below. A full description and listings of courses that satisfy the requirements can be obtained in 275 Clark Hall or on the web site at biosoc.sts.cornell.edu. Also refer to the section on biology and society under 'Special Programs and Interdisciplinary Study' in this publication.

Biology and Society Requirements:

- Introductory biology (one year)
- College calculus (one course)
- Ethics (one course)
- Two social sciences/humanities foundation courses
- Three biology foundation courses
- One biology depth course
- Statistics (one course)
- Core course
- Five theme courses (a coherent group of five courses relevant to the student's special interest in Biology & Society, including a senior seminar that serves as a capstone course for the program).

Students should develop their theme and select their courses in consultation with a member of the Biology & Society faculty. A list of faculty is available in 275 Clark Hall. Further information may be obtained by calling (607) 255-6047 or sending an e-mail message to msw8@cornell.edu.

I. First-Year Writing Seminars

Check the current FWS pamphlet for information.

II. Foundation Courses

A. Ethics (select one)

B&SOC 205 Ethical Issues in Health and Medicine (also S&TS 205)

Fall. 4 credits. Limited to 150 students. Staff.

For description, see B&SOC 205.

B&SOC 206 Ethics and the Environment (also S&TS 206)

Spring. 4 credits. Limited to 60 students. Staff.

For description, see B&SOC 206.

B. Social Sciences/Humanities Foundation

(2 courses, 1 from any 2 areas)

1. History of Science

BIOG 207 Evolution (also S&TS 287 and HIST 287)

Fall or summer. 3 credits. W. Provine.

For description, see BIOG 207.

S&T S 233 Agriculture, History, and Society: From Squanto to Biotechnology

Fall. 3 credits. M. Rossiter.

For description, see S&T S 233.

S&T S 282 Science in Western Civilization (also HIST 282)

Fall. 4 credits. M. Dennis.

For description, see HIST 282.

S&T S 283 The Sciences in the Twentieth Century (also HIST 280)

Spring. 4 credits. M. Dennis.

For description, see S&T S 283.

[S&T S 355 Computers: From Babbage to Gates


For description, see S&T S 355.

S&T S 390 Science in the American Polity: 1800-1960 (also GOVT 308, AM ST 386)

Fall. 4 credits. M. Dennis.

For description, see S&T S 390.

[S&T S 433 Comparative History of Science


For description, see S&T S 433.

[S&T S 444 Historical Issues of Gender and Science (also WOMNS 444)


For description, see S&T S 444.

2. Philosophy of Science

S&T S 201 What is Science? An Introduction to the Social Studies of Science and Technology

Spring. 3 credits. J. Beppy.

For description, see S&T S 201.
S&TS 286 Science and Human Nature (also PHIL 286)
Spring. 4 credits. May be used to meet the philosophy of science requirement if not used to meet the core course requirement. For description, see PHIL 286.

S&TS 381 Philosophy of Science: Knowledge and Objectivity (also PHIL 381)
Fall. 4 credits. Limited to 30 students. R. Boyd.
For description, see PHIL 381.

3. Sociology of Science
B&SOC 301 Biology and Society: The Social Construction of Life (also S&TS 401)
Fall. 4 credits. Limited to 75 students. May be used to meet the sociology of science requirement if not used to meet the core course requirement. M. Lynch.
For description and prerequisites, see B&SOC 301.

B&SOC 342 Sociology of Science (also S&TS 442 and B&SOC 442)
Fall. 4 credits. H. Mialet.
For description, see S&TS 442.

[RAM 201 Determinants of Behavior
For description, see RAM 201.]

[R SOC 208 Technology and Society
For description, see R SOC 208.]

S&TS 201 What Is Science? An Introduction to the Social Studies of Science and Technology (also SOC 210)
Spring. 3 credits. J. Reppy.
For description, see S&TS 201.

S&TS 311 The Sociology of Medicine
Spring. 4 credits. Staff.
For description, see S&TS 311.

S&TS 411 Knowledge, Technology, and Property
Fall. 4 credits. Staff.
For description, see S&TS 411.

[SOC 434 The Sociology of Reproduction (also WOMNS 435)

4. Politics of Science
[B&SOC 406 Biotechnology and the Law (also S&TS 406)
For description, see S&TS 406.]

B&SOC 407 Law, Science, and Public Values (also GOVT 407 and S&TS 407)
Spring. 4 credits. M. Lynch.
For description, see S&TS 407.

[S&TS 391 Science in the American Polity: 1960-Now (also GOVT 309 and AM ST 389)
For description, see S&TS 391.]

[S&TS 427 Politics of Environmental Protection in America (also GOVT 427)
For description, see S&TS 427.]

5. Science Communication
COMM 260 Scientific Writing for Public Information
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Limited to 25 non-freshman or graduate students per section. For description and prerequisites, see COMM 260.

COMM 421 Communication and the Environment
Spring. 3 credits. May be used in the foundation only if not taken as a senior seminar. J. Shannahon.
For description, see COMM 421.

S&TS 285 Communication in the Life Sciences (also COMM 285)
Spring. 3 credits. B. Lewenstein.
For description and prerequisites, see COMM 285.

S&TS 352 Science Writing for the Mass Media (also COMM 352)
Fall. 3 credits. Not open to freshmen. Limited to 25 students. B. Lewenstein.
For description and prerequisites, see COMM 352.

S&TS 466 Communication of Science and Technology (also COMM 466)
Fall. 3 credits. May be used in the foundation only if not taken as a senior seminar. Limited to 15 students. Offered even fall semesters. B. Lewenstein.
For description and prerequisites, see COMM 466.

C. Biology Foundation (breadth requirement): Three courses: one from three of the following subject areas:

1. Biochemistry, Molecular and Cell Biology
BIOBM 330 Principles of Biochemistry, Individual Instruction
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Staff.
For description and prerequisites, see BIOBM 330.

BIOBM 331 Principles of Biochemistry: Proteins and Metabolism
Fall. 3 credits. G. Feigenson.
For description and prerequisites, see BIOBM 331.

BIOBM 333 Principles of Biochemistry, Lecture
Summer. 4 credits. H. T. Nivison.
For description and prerequisites, see BIOBM 333.

NS 262 The Cell and the External World
Spring. 3 credits. N. Noy.
For description and prerequisites, see NS 262.

NS 320 Introduction to Human Biochemistry
Fall. 4 credits. W. Anion and P. Stover.
For description and prerequisites, see NS 320.

2. Ecology
BIOES 261 Ecology and the Environment
Fall or summer. 4 credits. Not open to freshmen.
For description and prerequisites, see BIOES 261.

3. Genetics and Development
BIOGD 281 Genetics
Fall, spring, or summer. 5 credits. Not open to freshmen fall semester. Limited to 200 students.
For description and prerequisites, see BIOGD 281.

BIOGD 282 Human Genetics
Spring. 3 credits (2 cr. if taken after BIOGD 281). Limited to 25 per discussion group. M. L. Goldberg.
For description and prerequisites, see BIOGD 282.

4. Evolutionary Biology
BIOES 278 Evolutionary Biology
Fall or spring. 3 or 4 credits. Limited to 300 students. M. A. Geber.
For description, see BIOES 278.

5. Microbiology
BIOMI 290 General Microbiology Lectures
Fall, spring, or summer. 2 or 3 credits (2 credits if taken after BIOMI 192). Staff.
For description and prerequisites, see BIOMI 290.

6. Neurobiology and Behavior
BION 221 Neurobiology and Behavior I: Introduction to Behavior
Fall. 3, 4, or 5 credits. Not open to freshmen. H. K. Reeve.
For description and prerequisites, see BION 221.

BION 222 Neurobiology and Behavior II: Introduction to Neurobiology
Spring. 3 or 4 credits. Not open to freshmen. Each discussion limited to 20 students. R. Booker/Staff.
For description and prerequisites, see BION 222.

7. Botany
BIOPL 241 Introductory Botany
Fall. 3 credits. K. J. Niklas.
For description, see BIOPL 241.

8. Physiology and Anatomy
BIOAP 311 Introductory Animal Physiology, Lectures (also VETMED 346)
Fall. 3 credits. E. Locw and staff.
For description and prerequisites, see BIOAP 311.

NS 341 Human Anatomy and Physiology
Spring. 4 credits. Permission only. Must preregister for lab in 309 MVR during CourseEnroll. V. Utermohlen.
For description and prerequisites, see NS 341.

D. Biology Foundation (depth requirement): one course for which one of the above breadth requirement courses (2C) is a prerequisite.

E. Statistics (select one)
ARME 210 Introductory Statistics
Fall. 4 credits. C. van Es.
For description and prerequisites, see ARME 210.

BTRY 261/601 Statistical Methods I
Fall or summer. 4 credits. Note: BTRY 261 is limited to undergraduates. BTRY 601 is limited to graduate students and others by permission. Staff.
For description and prerequisites, see BTRY 261/601.

CRP 223 Introduction to Statistical Reasoning for Urban and Regional Analysis
Fall. 3 credits. Bhutta.
For description, see CRP 223.
ECON 319 Introduction to Statistics and Probability  
Fall. 4 credits. Y. Hong.  
For description and prerequisites, see ECON 319.

ILRST 210 Statistical Reasoning I  
Fall, spring, or summer. 3 credits. J. Angellotti.  
For description, see ILRST 210.

MATH 171 Statistical Theory and Application in the Real World  
Fall, spring, or summer. 4 credits. Staff.  
For description and prerequisites, see MATH 171.

PSYCH 350 Statistics and Research Design  
Fall. 4 credits. For description, see PSYCH 350.

[SOC 301 Evaluating Statistical Evidence  
For description, see SOC 301.

III. Core Courses

B&SOC 301 Biology and Society: The Social Construction of Life (also SATS 401)  
Fall. 4 credits. Limited to 75 students. M. Lynch.  
For description and prerequisites, see B&SOC 301.

SATS 286 Science and Human Nature (also PHIL 286)  
Spring. 4 credits. R. Boyd and N. Sturgeon.  
For description, see SATS 286.

IV. Themes

A. Natural Sciences Issues/Biology Elective  
Select from the following list of B&SOC approved Natural Science Issues courses or choose course(s) with intro biology as a prerequisite.

[B&SOC 314 Biological Basis of Sex Differences (also BIOAP 214 and WOMNS 214)]  
For description, see BIOAP 214.

B&SOC 347 Human Growth and Development: Biological and Behavioral Interactions (also HD 347 and NS 347)  
Spring. 3 credits. Offered alternate years. J. Haas and S. Robertson.  
For description and prerequisites, see HD 347.

[BIOS 275 Human Biology and Evolution (also ANTHR 275 and NS 275)]  
For description, see BIOS 275.

[BIOS 673 Human Evolution: Concepts, History, and Theory (also ANTHR 673)]  
Fall. 3 credits. Offered alternate years.  
For description, see BIOS 673.

BIOPL 247 Ethnobiology  
Fall. 3 credits. D. M. Bates.  
For description, see BIOPL 247.

HD 266 Emotional Functions of the Brain  
Fall. 3 credits. R. DePue.  
For description, see HD 266.

HD 344 Infant Behavior and Development  
Fall. 3 credits. Not open to freshmen. S. Roberson.  
For description and prerequisites, see HD 344.

HD 370 Experimental Psychopathology  
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to sophomores, juniors, and seniors. C. Maxwell-Miller.  
For description and prerequisites, see HD 370.

HD 436 Language Development (also LING 436, PSYCH 436, and COGST 436)  
Spring. 4 credits. B. Lust.  
For description, see HD 436.

NS 222 Maternal and Child Nutrition  
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 20. C. Garza.  
For description and prerequisites, see NS 222.

NS 331 Physiological and Biochemical Bases of Human Nutrition  
Spring. 4 credits. May be used to fulfill the Biology Depth requirement. M. Stipanuk.  
For description and prerequisites, see NS 331.

[NS 361 Biology of Normal and Abnormal Behavior (also PSYCH 361)]  
For description and prerequisites, see NS 361.

NS 475 Molecular Nutrition and Development  
Spring. 4 credits. May be used to fulfill the Biology Depth course requirement. P. Stower and D. Noden.  
For description and prerequisites, see NS 475.

NTRES 201 Environmental Conservation  
Spring. 3 credits. T. Fahey.  
For description, see NTRES 201.

PSYCH 326 Evolution of Human Behavior  
Fall. 4 credits. R. E. Johnston.  
For description and prerequisites, see PSYCH 326.

Examples of biology electives

AN SCI 300 Animal Reproduction and Development  
Spring. 3 credits.  
For description, see AN SCI 300.

HD 366 Psychobiology of Temperament and Personality  
Spring. 3 credits.  
For description, see HD 366.

B. Humanities/Social Sciences Elective (two courses)

Courses listed earlier as social science/humanities foundation courses (2.B.) are particularly appropriate as social science/humanities electives. A single course, however, cannot be used to meet both requirements.

Additional courses that are recommended as social science or humanities electives are:

Examples of humanities/social sciences electives

ARME 464 Economics of Agricultural Development  
Spring. 3 credits. For description, see ARME 464.

ANTHR 211 Nature and Culture @  
Spring. 3 credits. For description, see ANTHR 211.

CRP 380 Environmental Politics  
Fall or spring. 4 credits.  
For description, see CRP 380.

CRP 451/551 Environmental Law  
Fall. 4 credits. For description, see CRP 451/551.

[HD 241 History of Childhood in the United States  
Spring. 3 credits. Not offered 2000–2001. For description, see HD 241.]

HD 251 Social Gerontology  
Spring. 3 credits. For description, see HD 251.

[HD 258 The Historical Development of Women as Professionals 1800 to Present (also AM ST 258, HIST 238, and WOMNS 238)]  
Fall. 3 credits. Not offered 2000–2001. For description, see HD 258.

NS 421 Nutrition and Exercise  
Spring. 3 credits. For description, see NS 421.

NS 450 Public Health Nutrition  
Spring. 3 credits. For description, see NS 450.

NS 650 Food and Nutrition Assessment in a Social Context  
Fall. 3 credits. For description, see NS 650.

NS 651 Food and Nutrition Assessment in a Social Context  
Spring. 3 credits. For description, see NS 651.

[NTRES 400 International Environmental Issues  
Fall. 4 credits. Not offered 2000–2001. For description, see NTRES 400.]

NTRES 407 Religion, Ethics, and the Environment  
Fall. 4 credits. R. Baer.  
For description, see NTRES 407.

PAM 303 Ecology and Epidemiology of Health  
Fall. 3 credits.  
For description, see PAM 303.

PAM 350 Contemporary Issues in Women's Health  
Fall. 3 credits.  
For description, see PAM 350.

PAM 380 Human Sexuality  
Spring. 3 credits.  
For description, see PAM 380.

[PAM 381 Health Care Services and the Consumer  
Fall. 3 credits. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000–2001. For description, see PAM 381.]

PAM 435 U.S. Health Care Systems  
Spring. 3 credits.  
For description, see PAM 435.

[PAM 668 Long-Term Care and the Aged: Alternative Health and Social Service Delivery Systems  
Fall. 3 credits. Not offered 2000–2001. For description, see PAM 668.]

PHIL 241 Ethics (by petition for breadth requirement)  
Spring. 4 credits.  
For description, see PHIL 241.

[PHIL 368 Global Climate and Global Justice (also GOVT 468)  
Fall. 4 credits. Not offered 2000–2001. For description, see PHIL 368.]
S&TS 681 Philosophy of Science (also PHIL 681)
Spring. 4 credits. R. Boyd.
For description, see PHIL 681.

R SOC 201 Population Dynamics (also SOC 202)
Spring. 3 credits.
For description, see R SOC 201.

R SOC 205 International Development (also SOC 206)
Spring. 3 credits.
For description, see R SOC 205.

R SOC 220 Sociology of Health of Latinos and Ethnic Minorities (also LSP 220)
Fall. 3 credits.
For description, see R SOC 220.

S&TS 324 Environment and Society (also R SOC 324 and SOC 324)
Fall or summer. 3 credits.
For description, see R SOC 324.

[R SOC 490 Society and Survival
For description, see R SOC 490.

[S&TS 453 Reflections on Scientific Persons: Visibility and Invisibility of the Body
Spring. 4 credits. H. Mialer.
For description, see S&TS 453.

SOC 340 Health, Behavior, and Policy
Spring. 4 credits.
For description, see SOC 340.

C. Senior Seminars

[BIOPL 442 Current Topics in Ethnobiology
Fall. 2 or 4 credits. Must be taken for 4 credits to fulfill Biology & Society requirement. Offered alternate years. E. Rodriguez and D. M. Bates.
For description and prerequisites, see BIOPL 442.

[B&SOC 404 Human Fertility in Developing Nations (also R SOC 408)
For description and prerequisites, see R SOC 408.

[B&SOC 406 Biotechnology and the Law (also S&TS 406)
For description, see S&TS 406.

B&SOC 407 Law, Science, and Public Values (also GOVT 407 and S&TS 407)
Spring. 4 credits. M. Lynch.
For description, see S&TS 407.

[B&SOC 414 Population Policy (also R SOC 418)
For description, see R SOC 418.

[B&SOC 427 Politics of Environmental Protection (also GOVT 427 and S&TS 427)
For description, see S&TS 427.

B&SOC 422 Seminar in the History of Biology (also BIO G 467, HIST 415, and S&TS 447)
Summer (6-week session). 4 credits. Limited to 18 students. W. Provine.
For description, see BIO G 467.

B&SOC 461 Environmental Policy (also BIOES 661 and S&TS 661)
Fall and spring. 3 credits each term. Limited to 12 students. (Students must register for 6 credits each term since an "R" grade is given at the end of the fall term). D. Pimentel.
For description, see BIOES 661.

[B&SOC 469 Food, Agriculture, and Society (also BIO G 469 and S&T S 447)
For description, see BIO G 469.

COMM 421 Communication and the Environment
Spring. 3 credits. J. Shannah.
For description, see COMM 421.

S&TS 466 Public Communication of Science and Technology (also COMM 466)
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to 15 students.
B. Lewenstein.
For description and prerequisites, see COMM 466.

[HD 366 Psychobiology of Temperament and Personality
For description and prerequisites, see HD 366.

HD 418 Psychology of Aging
Spring. 3 credits. S. Cornellus.
For description, see HD 418.

[HD 610 Processes in Human Development
For description and prerequisites, see HD 610.

[HD 660 Social Development
For description, see HD 660.

[PAM 575 Housing and Long Term Care for the Elderly
For description and prerequisites, see PAM 575.

PAM 652 Health Care Services: Consumer and Ethical Perspectives
Fall. 3-4 credits. If using this course as a senior seminar, Biology & Society majors must take it for 4 credits. Enrollment limited; preference given to PAM students. A. Parrot.
For description and prerequisites, see PAM 652.

PAM 656 Managed Health Delivery Systems: Primary-Ambulatory Care
Spring. 3 credits. For undergraduate seniors only by permission of instructor. R. Battistella.
For description and prerequisites, see PAM 656.

PAM 659 Epidemiology, Clinical Medicine, and Management of Infectious Diseases
Spring. 3 credits. E. Rodriguez.
For description, see PAM 659.

[S&TS 645 Genetics: Politics and Society (also GOVT 634)
For description, see S&TS 645.

V. Other Courses

B&SOC 375 Independent Study
Fall or spring. 1–4 credits.
For description and prerequisites, see B&SOC 375.

[B&SOC 400 Undergraduate Seminar
Fall or spring. Variable credit. May be repeated for credit. Not offered 2000-2001.
For description, see B&SOC 400.

B&SOC 498 Honors Project I
Fall or spring. 3–5 credits. Staff.
For description and requirements, see B&SOC 498.

B&SOC 499 Honors Project II
Fall or spring. 3–5 credits. Staff.
For description and requirements, see B&SOC 499.

Biometry and Statistics

Biometry is the application of mathematical and statistical techniques to the life sciences. Statistics is concerned with quantitative aspects of scientific investigation: design, measurement, summarization of data, and drawing conclusions based on probability statements. Students with ability in mathematics and an interest in its applications will find this a rewarding and challenging major.
The work of a statistician or biometrician can encompass research, teaching, consulting, and computing in almost any mix and in a wide variety of applications. Opportunities for employment are abundant in universities, government, and businesses ranging from large corporations to small consulting firms; salaries are usually excellent.

While satisfying course requirements for a major in biometry and statistics, students can also take a wide variety of courses in other disciplines. In fact, students are encouraged to take courses in applied disciplines such as agriculture, biology, economics, and the social sciences that involve numerical data and their interpretation.

Students majoring in this area are required to take a computer science course (e.g., Computer Science 100), mathematics courses (at least three semesters of calculus), Biometry and Statistics 101, 102, 408-409, 417, 601-602, Industrial and Labor Relations 310, and Operations Research and Industrial Engineering 270. Experience gained through summer employment or work as an undergraduate teaching assistant is highly recommended. Students should consult Professor Steven J. Schwager for information.

**Communication**

The single most important thing for you to learn in college is how to assess and manage constantly changing information. No longer are skills and knowledge enough. The amount of information the public receives and is expected to understand is increasing exponentially. Communication is taking a more central role in science, technology, business, and public policy. Increasingly, government, industry, and special interest groups rely on communication specialists to aid in managing information—collecting, sorting, interpreting or reinterpreting, summarizing, and making information understandable and accessible to the general public, to interest groups, and to decision makers in organizations. Effective information management requires a thorough understanding of the communication process.

When you graduate from our department, you will be better at the basic communication skills of speaking, writing, and listening. Equally important, as a communication major you will also understand:

- communication processes, such as how communication influences attitudes, opinions, and behaviors
- how communication systems work in our society and in others
- how to apply your understanding of communication to solving problems in science, government, industry, health, and education.

The communication major is a program with a strong core of contemporary communication knowledge, theory, and practice. Required freshman courses are:

**Fall semester:**
Comm 120 Contemporary Mass Communication
Comm 121 Investigating Communication

**Spring semester:**
Comm 116 Communication in Social Relationships
Comm 117 Writing about Communication

This set of courses will provide you with a basic understanding of communication and the communication process. These courses also provide an opportunity to link practical application (such as writing and critical analysis) with up-to-date research and knowledge about communication.

During the sophomore year, you will take:

**Fall semester:**
Comm 201 Oral Communication
Comm 282 Communication Industry Research

**Spring semester:**
Comm 230 Visual Communication

After completing the courses in the core curriculum, all majors take an additional 12 credits in communication. You can choose to concentrate your advanced study in one of three focus areas:

- Communication in the Life Sciences. (Studies of the impact of communication on environmental, health, science, and agricultural issues, as well as public perceptions of risk.)
- Communication Planning and Evaluation. (Development of communication plans to solve problems for individuals or for organizations and evaluating the success of these plans.)
- Communication Systems and Technology. (Principles of how we use communication technologies and how we are influenced by these technologies.)

Detailed information on the distribution of courses is available from the department.

In designing the communication major, the faculty of the department has kept in mind the need for students to understand contemporary research-based knowledge about communication as well as their need to be competent communicators in the workplace and in society at large. Both are critical to successful careers and enlightened citizenship in the twenty-first century.

**Crop and Soil Sciences**

The Department of Crop and Soil Sciences provides instruction in three specializations: agronomy, crop science, and soil science. Employment opportunities are increased with practical experience, and the faculty of the department and the Career Development Office of the college are glad to help students search for relevant summer jobs and internship opportunities. Professional certification can also be obtained in these specializations.

**Agronomy** combines the study of crop production and soil management. It provides the student with a broad array of career opportunities after completion of the B.S. degree, including agricultural business, extension service, and farming. Graduate school is also possible after a well-planned program. Students should take at least 12 credits of crops and 12 credits of soils and design the remainder of their curriculum to meet specific interests and goals. Some students pursue a major in agronomy with a concentration in international agriculture.

**Crop science** is the application of basic biological and ecological science to the improvement and management of the world's main field crops used for human food and livestock feed. Courses required include 18 credits of crops, 12 credits of plant biology, and 6 credits of soil science. Students who anticipate a career in agricultural production or service after completion of the B.S. degree should take additional courses in economics, communication, plant pathology, entomology, and nutrition. Students planning graduate or professional study beyond the bachelor's degree should take advanced course work in organic chemistry and biochemistry, calculus, physics, and statistics.

**Soil science** is a basic discipline important in ecology, engineering, agriculture, and conservation. The curriculum in soil science combines physical and biological training to address critical issues in environmental and agriculture management related to soils. Students take 18 credits in soil science, including four courses in the introductory course. In addition, chemistry, mathematics, physics, and microbiology are required, as well as six credits of crop science to satisfy the major.

**Education**

The focus of the Department of Education is on the improvement of teaching and learning in school and other settings, as well as on the role of education in society. Students study concepts and develop skills necessary to analyze educational situations critically and to plan, implement, and evaluate educational programs. Study at the undergraduate level is structured around a core curriculum:

- An introductory course in current educational issues (Education 101) (3 credits)
- Course work in the social, philosophical, psychological, and social foundations of education (e.g., Education 271, 311, 317, 370, 378, 472, 477) (12 credits)
- Supervised field experience (e.g., Education 240 for non-majors and Education 420 for majors) (1-4 credits)
- A capstone course to integrate the students' undergraduate experience (Education 495) (2 credits)

Three specializations and three certification programs are available within the department.

**Agricultural, extension, and adult education** Agricultural, extension, and adult education is a program that combines preparation in both the agricultural and social sciences. The program prepares students for teaching careers in agriculture, science, and technology in public schools, the Cooperative Extension service, and extension and adult programs of agricultural businesses, government agencies, and a variety of private and not-for-profit organizations. The specialization involves courses in education and in a technical area of agriculture/biotechnology, community/economic development, natural resources, human ecology, or communication. Education courses prepare students to succeed as educators in a broad range of careers. Courses are selected to develop professional leadership and teaching competence. Students may elect to focus their study on agricultural education, extension education, and/or adult education. As an alternative, students may elect to major in one of the college's technical departments and develop a complementary program of study in one or more of the three areas of agricultural, extension, and adult education.
education. Further information is available from the agricultural, extension, and adult education coordinator, Kennedy Hall (Tel: 607-255-7381).

**Educational psychology** Studies in educational psychology have traditionally focused on teaching and learning in schools, but schools are only one location in which learning and teaching take place. An undergraduate emphasis in educational psychology at Cornell applies principles of teaching and learning to educational enterprises broadly defined.

Although graduate study is required for many careers in psychology, an undergraduate emphasis in educational psychology provides excellent preparation for graduate work or for many post-baccalaureate positions. Educational psychologists develop or supervise training programs in business, industry, the military, and government; design and evaluate curriculum and instructional materials; develop tests for educational and professional associations; evaluate social programs; work in human resource management; and conduct applied research for educational research organizations.

Students interested in concentrating their studies in educational psychology complete a total of 20 to 25 hours in educational psychology and related courses. Working with a faculty advisor, a student may design a program in one of a variety of applied areas: Instructional Systems Design and Development; Human Relations; Individual and Social Development; or the Educational Psychology of Human Learning Development.

Students interested in careers in educational psychology should apply for admission to the Department of Education. For more information regarding a concentration in educational psychology, contact: Coordinator, Educational Psychology Program, Education Department, Kennedy Hall (Tel: 607-255-0515).

**General education** The concentration in general education is appropriate for students seeking a solid foundation in the disciplines underlying the education professions. Students take courses in areas such as the art of teaching, philosophy of education, social foundations, and curriculum studies. Graduates of the concentration in general education may continue their studies at the graduate level or pursue careers in educational and human resource areas in business and industry, the human services, or government agencies. Further information about the general undergraduate education is available from the undergraduate coordinator (Tel: 607-255-9269).

**Teacher Education** Students at Cornell may pursue middle or secondary school teaching credentials in agricultural education, mathematics, biology, chemistry, physics, earth science, and general science.

**Agriculture.** Students completing the registered program as undergraduates in agriculture are eligible to teach agricultural subjects, introduction to occupations, occupational science or math, and introductory technology for grades 7 and 8. Passing scores on the National Teacher Examination (NTE) or New York State Teacher Certification Exam (NYSTCE) and one year of agricultural work experience are required for provisional certification, which is valid for five years. The master's degree required for permanent certification is offered through graduate study at Cornell. Students who complete the required course work may also be dual-certified to teach selected science subjects and work as a work experience coordinator through direct application to the State Education Department. For more information, contact the faculty adviser, the program option, and the certification coordinator (Tel: 607-255-9573).

**Science and Mathematics.** Students completing the registered program in science and mathematics may pursue secondary teaching credentials in biology, chemistry, earth science, general science, mathematics, and physics. Students can begin the program as Cornell juniors or seniors by completing an undergraduate minor in a scientific field and up to five courses in education. Students from all Cornell colleges may apply. In a year of graduate study, students take additional math and/or science courses and a supervised student-teaching experience. Students may also begin their certification studies as graduate students and complete a Master of Arts in Teaching (M.A.T.) degree, typically in three semesters. Students who choose to earn certification and do a research project can complete a Master of Science degree (M.S.) in a minimum of four semesters. Either the M.A.T. or the M.S. can be used to satisfy state requirements for certification. Students who complete either graduate program option and pass the New York State Teacher Certification Exam (NYSTCE) are eligible for New York State certification.

Students interested in careers in educational psychology should apply for admission to the Department of Education. For more information regarding a concentration in educational psychology, contact: Coordinator, Educational Psychology Program, Education Department, Kennedy Hall (Tel: 607-255-0515).

**Administrator Certification** Graduate students at Cornell can pursue New York State certification as a school administrator. This certificate is normally required of all candidates for a district-level position as a school administrator (e.g., superintendent, curriculum director, etc.). The certificate also enables building-level positions as principal and vice principal. New York State certification as a school administrator is usually recognized in other states.

Cornell's certification program is unique in that it is specifically designed to prepare administrators for small and rural school districts. Course work, the internship, and the doctoral dissertation or Master of Professional Studies project are all oriented toward addressing the practical problems that characterize such districts and preparing candidates to assume a leadership position in them. To earn certification, students complete at least one year of full-time, on-campus study followed by a one-year, half-time administration internship in a cooperating school district. To be eligible for the program, students should possess the equivalent of a master's degree and have a satisfactory graduate and undergraduate record and three years of teaching experience. For more information, contact the faculty adviser, the program option, and the certification coordinator (Tel: 607-255-9573).

**Entomology** The entomology curriculum provides students with a basic background in biological and environment systems, with special emphasis on the study of insects. Majors may pursue graduate studies in entomology or related sciences upon completion of the B.S. degree. Alternatively, students may immediately begin careers in various aspects of basic or applied insect biology including integrated pest management, insect pathology, environmental assessment, medical or veterinary entomology, insect toxicology, apiculture, insect systematics, or insect ecology. Because of the diversity of career options, the major includes a common core of requirement allowing flexibility in electives selected by students in consultation with their advisers.

**Specific requirements**

**Basic Sciences**

- One year of college mathematics, including a course in calculus, may substitute statistics and biometry
- One semester of physics
- Chemistry 206–208 or 207–208 (General Chemistry)
- Chemistry 257 (Organic and Biological Chemistry)

**General Biology**

- Introductory Biology
- Biological Sciences 281 (Genetics)
- Biological Sciences 278 (Evolutionary Biology)
- A choice of one: Biological Sciences 261 (Ecology and the Environment) or Biological Sciences 350 or 351 (Principles of Biochemistry)

**Entomology**

- Entomology 212 (Insect Biology)
- A choice of two:
  - Entomology 322 (Insect Morphology)
  - Entomology 331 (Insect Systematics)
  - Entomology 483 (Insect Physiology)

Students must also enroll in at least two additional entomology courses offered at the 300–400 level on more specialized topics.

**Food Science**

The mission of the Food Science Program is to educate students for careers in food science and technology. Graduates are prepared for entry level positions in industry, government, and research organizations or for advanced study in food science and related disciplines. Food scientists qualify for satisfying careers which focus on ensuring the sustainable availability of a safe, nutritious, affordable, and high quality food supply for people throughout New York State, the nation, and the world.

Students choose one of five specialization options: (1) Basic Food Science, (2) Food Engineering, (3) Food Processing, (4) Food Industry Operations and Management, and (5) Food Biotechnology. The first three options meet minimum curriculum standards set by the Institute of Food Technologists, the premier professional society for food scientists. Students choose an option based on individual interests and career goals.

The first two years of the program are focused on establishing a solid background in the physical and biological sciences, math, and communication. Required courses include chemistry (intro and organic), biology, microbiology, calculus, physics, freshman seminar, food science, and nutrition. The second two years emphasize the application of basic science and technology to the processing, storage, distribution, marketing, and final preparation of foods. Required courses include Food Engineering Principles,

Students are strongly encouraged to participate in research supervised by a faculty member and/or to work as an intern in a food company during summer breaks. Most faculty in the department have active research programs and welcome participation by undergraduate students. Students may receive academic credit or wages for faculty-directed undergraduate research. Many food companies recruit on campus for their summer internship programs. These internships are excellent opportunities for students to gain experience and establish contacts for future employment.

A state-of-the-art food processing and development laboratory, a full-scale dairy plant, and extensive laboratory facilities are available for training, research, and employment.

**Landscape Architecture**

Landscape Architecture focuses on the art of landscape design as an expression of cultural values combined with the natural processes of the ambient environment. The program's unique place within the university promotes interaction among the areas of horticulture, environmental science, architecture, and city and regional planning.

The course of study prepares students intellectually, technically, artistically, and ethically for the practice of landscape architecture. The curriculum focuses on graphic communication, basic and advanced design methods, landscape history and theory, plant materials, construction and engineering technology, and professional practice. Design studios deal with the integration of cultural and natural systems requirements as applied to specific sites at varying scales. Projects range from garden design, parks, housing, historic preservation, environmental rehabilitation, and urban design.

Landscape Architecture offers two professional degree alternatives: a four-year bachelor of science degree administered through the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences; a three-year Master of Landscape Architecture degree administered through the Graduate School for those who have a four-year undergraduate degree in another field. Both of these degrees are accredited by the Landscape Architecture Accreditation Board (LAAB) of the American Society of Landscape Architects. The major in each degree is composed of several parts: core courses related to professional education in landscape architecture, a concentration in a subject related to the core courses, and free electives.

The department also offers a two-year Master of Landscape Architecture Advanced Degree Program administered through the Graduate School, for those with accredited degrees in Landscape Architecture or Architecture. The two-year program entails core courses in the discipline and the development of a concentration in subject matter areas such as landscape history and theory, landscape ecology and urban horticulture, the cultural landscape, site/landscape and art, or urban design.

In addition, an undergraduate concentration in the American Cultural Landscape is available for nonmajors.

**Dual Degree Options**

Graduate students can earn a Master of Landscape Architecture and a Master of Science (Horticulture) or a Master of City and Regional Planning simultaneously. Students need to be accepted into both fields of study to engage in a dual degree program and must fulfill requirements of both fields of study. Thesis requirements are generally integrated for dual degrees.

**Study Abroad**

The faculty encourages study abroad and has two formally structured programs. The Denmark International Study (DIS) program is available primarily to senior undergraduates and third year graduates in the fall semester and is administered through Cornell Abroad. The Rome Program is made available to undergraduates and graduate students through the College of Architecture, Art, and Planning.

**Bachelor of Science Landscape Architecture Degree Sequence** (Please note that each semester the studio classes require a supply and field trip fee and all landscape architecture majors are required to pay an annual technology fee.)

### First Year

**Fall Term**

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<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
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<td>Biological sciences elective</td>
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<tr>
<td>Physical sciences elective</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
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<td>Written or oral expression elective</td>
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<td>Grounding in Landscape Architecture</td>
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<tr>
<td>Biological sciences elective</td>
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<tr>
<td>Social sciences or humanities elective</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
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<td>Physical sciences elective</td>
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### Second Year

**Fall Term**

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<td>Creating the Urban Eden: Woody Plant Selection, Design and Landscape Establishment</td>
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<tr>
<td>LA 201</td>
<td>Medium of the Landscape</td>
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<td>Social sciences or humanities elective</td>
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<td>Written or oral expression elective</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Free electives</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fall Term Credits</td>
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**Spring Term**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LA 202</td>
<td>Medium of the Landscape</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LA 315</td>
<td>Site Engineering I (first 7 weeks)</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LA 492</td>
<td>Creating the Urban Eden: Woody Plant Selection, Design and Landscape Establishment</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>First Year Credits</td>
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### Third Year

**Fall Term**

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<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LA 301</td>
<td>Integrating Theory and Practice</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LA 316</td>
<td>Site Engineering II (second 7 weeks)</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Concentration</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Historical studies</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Free electives</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fall Term Credits</td>
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**Spring Term**

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LA 302</td>
<td>Integrating Theory and Practice</td>
<td>5</td>
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<tr>
<td>Concentration</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Historical studies</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LA 318</td>
<td>Site Construction</td>
<td>5</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fourth Year Credits</td>
<td>16</td>
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### Fourth Year

**Fall Term**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Concentration</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social sciences or humanities elective</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Free elective</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Optional landscape architecture study abroad in Denmark or Rome)</td>
<td>12</td>
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**Spring Term**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LA 402</td>
<td>Urban Design in Virtual Space</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Concentration</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LA 412</td>
<td>Professional Practice</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Free elective</td>
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<tr>
<td>Summary of credit requirements</td>
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</table>

**Specialization requirements**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Distribution electives</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Free electives</td>
<td>9</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Concentration</td>
<td>15</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Master of Landscape Architecture (M.L.A.) License Qualifying Degree</td>
<td>120</td>
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</table>

Requirements of the three-year M.L.A. curriculum include 90 credits, six resident units of satisfactory completion of the core curriculum courses, and a thesis or a capstone studio. (Please note that each semester the studio classes require a supply and field trip fee and all landscape architecture majors are required to pay an annual technology fee.)

### First Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LA 505</td>
<td>Graphic Communication I</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Free electives</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LA 501</td>
<td>Composition and Theory</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Historical Studies</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LA 491</td>
<td>Creating the Urban Eden: Woody Plant Selection, Design and Landscape Establishment</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>First Year Credits</td>
<td>17</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Students admitted to the two-year M.L.A./A.D. program are required to complete 60 credits of course work, as approved by the members of their graduate committee. For landscape architects, this must include at least two advanced studios, a graduate seminar, a concentration, and a thesis. For architects the curriculum requires three advanced studios, two courses in plants and planting design, two courses in the history of landscape, two courses in engineering, a seminar in design theory, a course in professional practice, a concentration, and electives.

**Undergraduate Concentration for Nonmajors**

Students outside the professional program may choose the undergraduate concentration in the American Cultural Landscape to complement their major. The courses center on the landscape as an object, something to be studied for its own sake, and as a subject, as a means to understand society and its relationship to natural systems and diverse cultures. The cultural landscape includes its visible elements as well as perceptions and cultural ideas and values. The concentration consists of four courses, two required and two electives. Students may petition to substitute one course in the electives list. Direct inquiries to professors H. Gottfried or S. Baugher.

**Required.**

**Visual Studies (choose one):**

- Arch 11 Introduction to Architectural Design (4 cr)
- Art 121 Introduction to Painting (3 cr)
- Art 141 Introduction to Sculpture (3 cr)
- Art 151 Introduction to Drawing (3 cr)
- Art 158 Conceptual Drawing (3 cr)
- Art 159 Life and Still-Life (3 cr)
- Art 161 Photography I (3 cr)
- DEA 101 Design I: Fundamentals (3 cr)
- DEA 114 Drawing (3 cr)
- LA 141 Grounding in Landscape Architecture (3 cr)

**The Landscape**

- LA 282 The American Landscape (3 cr)

**Electives (choose two):**

- Arch 300 American Architecture and Building I (3 cr)
- Arch 391 American Architecture and Building II (3 cr)
- LA 260 Pre-Industrial Cities and Towns of North America (3 cr) offered alternate years
- LA 261 Urban Archaeology (3 cr)
- LA 262 Laboratory in Landscape Archaeology
- LA 263 American Indians, Planners, and Public Policy (3 cr)
- LANAR 525 History of American Landscape Architecture (3 cr)
- LA 569 Archeology in Preservation Planning and Design (3 cr) offered alternate years
- Distribution Elective

**Natural Resources**

The undergraduate curriculum in natural resources provides students with an integrated, broadly-based approach to understanding the relationships of organisms to their environment, and the ways in which humans affect those relationships. Natural resources are construed in the broad sense to include both the more traditional topics of renewable natural resources (e.g., wildlife, fisheries, forests) and the Earth's ecosystems of which those and other natural resources are a part. Students are encouraged to understand the scientific, ethical, and societal basis for protection and management of natural resources and environments through the application of ecological principles and knowledge of societal needs. Students who wish to do so may specialize further in natural resource ecology and management (including wildlife, fishery, forest, and aquatic sciences), or natural resource policy, management, and human dimensions. The department has a limited number of faculty who also advise students in the area of environmental studies. For details about core curricula in the Department of Natural Resources, consult our web site at www.dnr.cornell.edu. This information is also available in the department's Undergraduate Program Office in 12 Fennow Hall.

Opportunities for field-oriented studies in natural resources are available nearby at Cornell's Arnot Teaching and Research Forest, the Cornell Biological Field Station on Oneida Lake near Syracuse, as well as at numerous natural areas near campus. A research honors program is available for qualified students. Students should seek relevant work experience to complement their academic studies.

**Nutrition, Food, and Agriculture**

Nutritional sciences draws upon chemistry, biology, and the social sciences to understand complex relationships among human health and well-being, food and lifestyle patterns, food and agricultural systems, and social and institutional environments. The program in nutrition, food, and agriculture provides students with strong training in human nutrition in the context of an understanding and appreciation of the agricultural and life sciences. The program responds to the growing and important interrelationships of human nutrition and the agricultural and life sciences. Growing public interest in health and nutrition has placed new demands upon food producers, processors, and retailers. The problems of hunger and malnutrition in the United States and abroad require that nutritionists work together with specialists in areas such as agricultural economics, food production, and rural sociology. Advances in biotechnology provide researchers with new ways to understand human nutritional requirements and the regulation of human metabolism. Nutrition, food, and agriculture majors complete a core set of requirements and choose elective courses in the areas of their particular interest. The core curriculum includes introductory chemistry and biology, organic chemistry, biochemistry, physiology, and mathematics. Students complete five courses in nutritional sciences: NS 115 Nutrition and Health: Concepts and Controversy.
Plant sciences students can specialize in plant biology, plant genetics and breeding, plant pathology, plant protection, or horticultural sciences, including horticulture and ornamental horticulture, fruit science, or vegetable science. Students with well-defined interests upon arrival at Cornell can specialize in one of these programs in their freshman year. Others may prefer to start in the general plant sciences curriculum and specialize after exploring the program offerings.

Plant sciences is a multidisciplinary program, sponsored by the Department of Plant Breeding in Emerson and Bradfield Halls, and the Departments of Floriculture and Ornamental Horticulture, Fruit and Vegetable Science, Plant Pathology, and Plant Biology, all located in the Plant Science Building.

General plant science is intended for students who are interested in studying plants but has not yet centered on any one of the specialization areas within the major. Students may continue with this option throughout their undergraduate years, particularly if they are likely to be interested in and qualified for advanced studies beyond the bachelor’s degree. Students who plan to seek employment upon graduation may prefer to specialize. There are, however, excellent opportunities for general plant science graduates at the bachelor's degree level in the service and supply industries, as Cooperative Extension educators, as teachers, and as research technicians.

More than one hundred courses are offered that deal directly with some area of plant science. Other courses relating to plant science are offered in other departments. In addition, an interest in plant science may be combined with another specialization, such as agricultural and biological engineering, education, statistics, international agriculture, food science, or agricultural, resource, and business management.

Undergraduates are encouraged to obtain practical experience, which may involve internship and/or research under the direction of a faculty member or work in a commercial industry, research institute, botanical garden or arboretum, nursery, greenhouse, or farm operation. Departments will assist students in finding positions that will provide useful experience.

Fioriculture and ornamental horticulture applies principles of plant science, business management, and many other disciplines to the production and marketing of greenhouse, nursery, and turfgrass crops, as well as to the selection and management of plants in both indoor and outdoor landscapes. Programs prepare students for careers at the professional and managerial levels in horticultural business, landscape gardens and arboretums, research, teaching, communication, and extension. Students wishing to pursue graduate study may develop a program in basic sciences and their application in horticultural science. Lists of recommended courses for the areas of specialization are available from student advisers and from the undergraduate program coordinator.

Working with a faculty adviser, each student will tailor a program to achieve individual educational objectives in production horticulture, landscape horticulture, horticultural business management, or general horticultural science. A core of management courses also is strongly recommended for students planning horticultural business careers. Students are also encouraged to take courses in these areas: agricultural and biological engineering, soil science, computer science, ecology, entomology, geography, plant breeding, plant pathology, plant physiology, oral and written expression, plant taxonomy, and weeding science. Use of electives to pursue study in the humanities and in other areas of special interest to the student is encouraged.

Numerous opportunities to become familiar with the horticultural industries and professions are provided through field trips, guest lectures, undergraduate seminars, independent or small-group study, and work-experience programs. Questions concerning the undergraduate curriculum, advising, and related manners...
Courses include chemistry, mathematics, introductory biology, basic plant physiology, and introductory plant pathology. Additional plant pathology courses and other relevant courses from other fields are selected according to the particular interests of the student. Ornamental horticulture, plant breeding, pomology, vegetable crops, floriculture and ornamental horticulture, crop and soil sciences, and atmospheric sciences.

Plant protection is offered for students who are interested in the management of plant pests. It includes the study of insects, diseases, weeds, vertebrate pests, and other factors that prevent maximum crop production. This concentration can prepare students for careers in agrichemistry, the agrichemical industry, Cooperative Extension, pest management consulting, state and federal regulatory work, and a variety of other technical positions. Although designed as a terminal program for students desiring a practical preparation in general plant protection, this specialization can also provide an adequate background for graduate work in entomology, plant pathology, or weed science.

The following subjects are considered essential to the plant protection specialization: botany and plant physiology, general ecology, soils, crop science, and microbial ecology. Additional courses in introductory entomology, introductory plant pathology, plant disease control, weed science, and integrated pest management are recommended.

In addition, a number of other subjects pertinent to plant protection are recommended, depending on the student's interests: agricultural economics, agricultural and biological engineering, crop and soil sciences, atmospheric sciences, biochemistry, communication, pathology, entomology, general physics, genetics, meteorology, mycology, pesticides in the environment, and plant anatomy. Employment involving practical experience in plant protection between the junior and senior years is encouraged. The job may be on a farm, at an experimental station, with an agrichemical company, or with a regulatory agency.

Pomology (the science of fruit growing) provides students with knowledge of the scientific technology and the influence of environmental factors on the production, handling, and storage of deciduous fruit crops. New York is a national leader in fruit production.

Courses are selected by students in consultation with a faculty adviser. Flexibility in programs makes it possible to establish a course of study to fit the desired goals of individual students. The diverse pomology curriculum, complemented by courses in basic sciences and arts and electives in a student's area of interest, prepares pomology majors for a career in fruit production, agricultural business related to the fruit industry, storage and merchandising, or professional pomology. Job opportunities for graduates can be found in fruit production, marketing, sales and service, research, teaching, and extension.

Vegetable crops is offered for students with an interest in either applied or basic aspects of vegetable production. The high value of vegetables and their importance in the human diet makes them a major research area for trained personnel in all aspects of vegetable technology. A flexible curriculum is provided to prepare undergraduates for careers in a diversity of fields, including horticultural research, teaching, extension, production, processing, and marketing. A faculty adviser assists individual students in the selection of courses, which usually include: general horticulture, soils, plant recognizable types and identification, vegetable production, and post-harvest handling or marketing. Additional course work depends upon the interest of the student, and may include: vegetable physiology, plant breeding, entomology, plant pathology, weed science, ecology, crop and soil sciences, atmospheric sciences, nutritional science, agricultural economics, international agriculture, and agricultural and biological engineering.

The vegetable industry is an economically important component of agriculture in New York and in the United States. Recently, there has been increased interest in growing vegetables in tropical countries. Exciting challenges are facing the industry. Greater awareness of environmental and health issues is driving farming practices to depend less on agricultural chemicals. New technologies are being developed and implemented to help growers make this change while remaining profitable. Among these technologies are integrated pest management, genetic engineering, breeding for insect and disease resistance, low-input and organic cropping systems, and cultural practices that improve production efficiency and conserve agricultural resources.

The Department of Fruit and Vegetable Science has on-campus greenhouses and laboratories as well as two research farms in the Ithaca area that support our teaching program. Students are encouraged to gain hands-on experience growing vegetables and to pursue their individual interests through course work and by taking advantage of the many resources available in the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences.

Rural Sociology

Technological, economic, demographic, and environmental changes are social processes, and each has major impacts on individuals, social groups, societies, and the international order. At Cornell, rural sociology students study these and other facets of social change in both domestic and international settings. Among the topic areas in which faculty members in the Department of Rural Sociology specialize are international agricultural and rural development, community and regional development and changes in the United States, environmental sociology, aging and the life course, sociology of agriculture, rural industrialization and labor markets, technology and social change, population and development, political economy, women in development, race and ethnic relations, and research methodology. Most courses provide background in both domestic and international aspects of the subject matter. Normally, students will develop a specialization with either a domestic or international emphasis by choosing appropriate elective courses. All students learn the theory and methodology of sociology, and how to apply both to research and policy in their subject areas.

Recognizing that students are concerned with future career opportunities, the undergraduate program emphasizes acquisition of skills as
well as general knowledge in preparation for jobs or further study upon graduation. Accordingly, students are expected to become involved in the application of theory, methodology, principles, and concepts in the analysis of practical problems.

Rural sociology offers degree programs at both the undergraduate and graduate levels (B.S., M.S., M.P.S., or Ph.D.). These programs are offered through the Department of Rural Sociology and the Graduate Field of Development Sociology, both of which are located in Warren Hall. For many years, the department and graduate field have been recognized as among the top programs in the country, and both are known for providing orientations. The department is particularly well known for providing instruction in international as well as domestic aspects of community and rural development, environmental sociology, sociology of agriculture, population studies, and other topics. Faculty members in this department are committed to both quality instruction and research programs. Being located in a college of agriculture, the department maintains strong ties to the technical fields within the college as well as with the International Agriculture Program, the Biology and Society Program, the Cornell Institute for Social and Economic Research, the Rural Development Institute, the Gender and Global Change Program, the Life Course Institute, the Rural Development Program, the Hispanic Studies Program, the Program on Science, Technology and Society, and the Center for International Studies. Nearly half of the department faculty are associated with one or more area studies programs (the Southeast Asia Program, Latin American Studies Program, East Asia Program, or the Institute for African Development). Department members also maintain working relations with faculty in the Department of Sociology and other social science units located in other colleges at Cornell. Students are encouraged to supplement their course work by electing courses in this other departments and programs, thereby rounding out their educations with different perspectives.

The courses offered in rural sociology can be grouped into three broad categories: development sociology, population, environment and rural development policy, and social data and policy analysis. All students majoring in rural sociology are required to take five core courses: an introductory course (R SOC 101), methods (R SOC 213), theory (R SOC 301), social stratification (R SOC 370), and a course in statistics. Four elective Rural Sociology courses are also required of all majors.

The focus area in development sociology provides an understanding of the processes and policies that influence social and economic development in rural settings in North America and low-income countries in the developing world. Courses provide background in the sociology of development in both the advanced and developing countries. Students normally select a set of elective courses that represent either a domestic or international development is emphasized. These courses provide background in several aspects of development sociology, including (1) an understanding of the processes of socioeconomic change in low-income or Third World countries and training in the formulation of strategies to enhance the socioeconomic well-being of citizens of those countries, (2) analysis of the social structures and processes for development in nonmetropolitan settings in the United States, (3) analysis of the processes of agricultural change and development in industrialized and low-income countries, and (4) an understanding of the processes of technological development and change in agriculture and other rural industries in developed and developing countries.

Students are encouraged to complement courses in the department with course work in the history and economics of development, area studies, and the policy sciences.

Courses in the population, environment, and society focus area provide an understanding of (1) the causes and consequences of the major components of population change—fertility, mortality, and migration; (2) the major patterns of population distribution and population characteristics in the United States and the developing world; (3) the relationships between social structure and the biophysical environment; (4) the relationships between population change and natural resource utilization in development; and (5) impacts of public policy interventions on population size and composition or on natural resource availability and environmental quality. Students normally select the elective courses for the major so as to stress either population studies or sociological aspects of natural resources and the environment.

Students are encouraged to complement courses in the department with course work in demographic methods, household analysis, ecology and evolution, environmental studies, natural resources, and policy sciences.

Courses in the social data and policy analysis focus area provide (1) knowledge of research methodology, statistics, and computer applications, (2) an understanding of social, economic, political, and historical concepts essential for conducting meaningful analyses of practical problems and issues faced by organized regions, groups, states, and (3) knowledge and practice in policy analysis. Students ordinarily select electives in order to specialize in either policy analysis or in a particular area of public policy (international development policy, domestic rural development policy, environmental policy, or population policy, etc.).

Students are encouraged to complement courses in the department with course work in data collection and research design, evaluation research, computing, and advanced statistics.

Science of Earth Systems (SES)

During the past several decades, with the increasing concern about air and water pollution, nuclear waste disposal, the ozone hole, and global climate change, the scientific community has gained knowledge and insight into how the biosphere, hydrosphere, atmosphere, and lithosphere systems interact. It has become evident that we cannot understand and solve environmental problems by studying these individual systems in isolation. The interconnectedness of these systems is a fundamental attribute of the Earth system, and understanding their various interactions is crucial for understanding our environment.

The SES major emphasizes the rigorous and objective study of the Earth system as one of the outstanding intellectual challenges in modern science and as the necessary foundation for the future management of our home planet. Cornell's strengths across a broad range of earth and environmental sciences have been fused to provide students with the tools to engage in what will be the primary challenge of the twenty-first century.

The SES major has its home in the Department of Earth and Atmospheric Sciences, but relies on the collaboration of several departments across the university.

The SES curriculum includes a strong preparation in mathematics, physics, chemistry, and biology during the freshman and sophomore years. During the junior and senior years, students complete the SES core sequence, studying such topics as climate dynamics, chemical kinetics, geophysical oceanography, and biogeochemistry. These classes emphasize the interconnectedness of the Earth system, and are team-taught by professors from different traditional disciplines. The selection of upper-level, "concentration" courses allows the student to develop an area of expertise that complements the breadth of the introductory and SES core courses. Possible areas of concentration include climate dynamics, biogeochemistry, geophysical oceanography, environmental geology, ocean sciences, environmental biophysics, hydrological system, and soil science.

The SES major provides a strong preparation for graduate school in any one of the Earth system sciences, such as atmospheric sciences, geology/geophysics, oceanography, hydrology, ecology, and biogeochemistry. Students seeking employment with the B.S. degree will have many options in a wide variety of environmentally oriented careers in both the private sector and government. Students with the strong science background provided by the SES major are also highly valued by graduate programs in environmental law, public affairs, economics, and public policy. In addition, the emphasis on basic science makes the SES major excellent preparation for medical school.

The requirements for the major are as follows:

1. Basic Math and Sciences

   This part of the SES curriculum builds a strong and diverse knowledge of fundamental science and mathematics, providing the student with the basic tools needed in upper-level science classes.

   a. MATH 191 or 193, and MATH 192 (or MATH 111, 112)

   b. PHYSICS 207 and 208 (or PHYSICS 112, 213)

   c. CHEM 207 and 208

   d. BIOLOGY 101/103−102/104 (or 105−106) or BIOLOGY 109/110

   e. Three additional 3–4 credit courses in basic science and math, generally 100 and 200-level classes. At least one of the following courses must be included in the selection

   GEOL 201 Physics and Chemistry of the Earth
   BIOES 261 Ecology and the Environment

   Other examples are MATH 293 and MATH 294, biochemistry, organic chemistry, PHYS 214, introductory
Three 4-credit courses that emphasize the interconnectedness of the Earth system are required. These classes are founded on the sciences and mathematics courses. These courses and have prerequisites in the basic (300-level and up) that build on the core sciences. The concentration should be chosen before the junior year in consultation with an SES adviser whose interests match those of the student.

For more information contact Professor Kerry H. Cook, Department of Earth and Atmospheric Science. kkc6@cornell.edu and visit the web site: www.geo.cornell.edu/ ses/

Special Programs in Agriculture and Life Sciences

General Studies. The opportunity to develop an independent major in General Studies is available for students interested in pursuing a general education in Agriculture and Life Sciences. In consultation with a faculty adviser, students may plan a sequence of courses suited to their individual interests, abilities, and objectives in an area not encompassed by the existing programs. In addition to the distribution and other college requirements, this major may include a concentration of courses in one of several academic units of the college or university.

Students completing this major are often placed in careers in agriculturally related food and service enterprises. Many of the fast-growing occupations require the broad perspective, the scientific and technical skills, the attitudes and the analytical ability that a general education fosters.

General Studies includes production agriculture as well as technical work in the agricultural and life sciences. Many biotechnology concerns deal with aspects of agriculture, especially plants, crops, and ecosystems in the natural environment. A strong grounding in biological sciences as well as knowledge of the agricultural sciences is essential in this rapidly growing field. Students should plan basic course work in the major areas of study in the college—animal sciences, plant sciences, entomology, technology, agronomic sciences, biological sciences, and social sciences. Advanced courses may be selected in these and other areas of individual interest or career aspiration. A course of study for a special program must be planned with and approved by a college faculty adviser. Information on the options and names of faculty advisers prepared to advise in special programs are available in the Counseling and Advising Office, 140 Roberts Hall.

International Agriculture provides students with an understanding of the special problems of applying basic knowledge to the precepts of agricultural development in low-income countries. The student typically specializes in a particular subject and works with an adviser to plan a program oriented toward international agriculture. The courses in International Agriculture are designed to acquaint students with the socioeconomic factors in agricultural development, with the physical and biological nature of tropical crops and animals, and the various world views by which study programs exist. Study of a foreign language is required.

In addition to the college distribution requirements, students in International Agriculture must take a minimum of 30 credits toward the major. A minimum of seven credits in International Agriculture and eight credits in a modern foreign language are required. The other courses recommended are drawn from a wide range of disciplines. The objective is to familiarize students with the many facets of agricultural development in low-income countries. Students are encouraged to take additional specialized courses in one of the other program areas of the college.

**DESCRIPTION OF COURSES**

Undergraduate and graduate courses in the college are offered through the academic departments and units and also through the Biological Sciences undergraduate program and the Division of Nutritional Sciences.

Descriptions of undergraduate and graduate courses are arranged by department, in alphabetical order.

Graduate study is organized under graduate fields, which generally coincide with the departments. Graduate degree requirements are described in the Guide of the Graduate School. Courses for graduate students are described in the section on the academic department that offers them.

**INTERDEPARTMENTAL/INTERCOLLEGE COURSES**

**American Indian Studies**

American Indian Studies is the instructional component of the American Indian Program. It is a multidisciplinary program offering course work that enhances students' understanding of the pre-contact lives of North American Indians and their relationship to other peoples in the United States and Canada. Students are challenged by such topics as the sovereignty rights of Indian nations and the contemporary relevance of Indian attitudes toward the environment. The program's instructional core consists of courses that focus on American Indian life from pre-contact times to the present and feature the perspectives of Native American people.

The American Indian Program offers a concentration in American Indian studies to undergraduate students in conjunction with their major defined elsewhere in the university. The concentration will be earned upon completion of five courses: American Indian Studies 100 and American Indian Studies 175, plus three other courses selected from the American Indian studies course listing, for a total of at least 15 credits. Students choosing a concentration in American Indian studies should obtain application materials from the AIS office in 450 Caldwell. AIS also offers a graduate minor.

Students interested in choosing the minor should contact Daniel Usner, American Indian Program, 255-8402.


**AIS 100 Indian America to 1890 (also R SOC 100)**

Fall. 3 credits. W 7:30-10 P.M. plus sections. R. W. Venables.

Slide lectures survey the rich cultures and complex histories of the Indian nations north of Mexico. Indian arts and philosophies are compared and contrasted with those of Europe, Asia, Africa, Canada, and the United States. The origins of today's major legal issues involving American Indians are also discussed. The course begins with a survey of Indian America before Columbus and ends at Wounded Knee in 1890, the event which marks the end of the conquest of Indian America. Guest lecturers, including American Indian leaders, provide additional perspectives.

**AIS 110 Images of American Indians: Myths and Realities**


Images of American Indians juxtapose myth and reality. Whether real or unreal, they have touched the lives of American Indians in profound ways. What are the origins of American Indian images and why do they continue to proliferate in American culture? Were the images designed to justify American colonialism or to facilitate the assimilation of American Indians? To what extent, in both negative and positive ways, have popular images affected the culture and identity of American Indians?

**AIS 111 Communicating with Our Ancestors**

Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: none. Letter grades only. Lec, TBA, M. Dexter.

The concept of ancestors and future generations is an important part of contemporary indigenous cultures. What did the ancestors want their future generations to know? What do contemporary generations want their future generations to know? Indigenous is the study of sacred texts, narrative history, songs, stories, paintings, and writings that are used by cultures to transmit tribal memory. We will explore Eastern Woodlands indigenous geography by studying the audio, visual, textual, and graphic signs and symbols that are used to communicate within the same culture.

**AIS 175 Indian America in the Twentieth Century (also R SOC 175)**

Spring. 3 credits. W 10:10-11:00 plus sections. B. Baker.

This course addresses major U.S. policies affecting American Indians in the twentieth century, and ways in which American Indians pursued strategies to sway the process of social change. American Indian political,
interdepartmental/intercollege courses 53

economic, and cultural issues are examined through history, literature, art, and film. The approach of this course is interdisciplinary and an emphasis is placed on the study of American Indians as living cultures. Current trends are discussed, and the implications for American Indians. First-year students of U.S. Indian policy and the experiences of Indian people through the removal era will receive close attention.

AIS 277 American Indian History since 1850 (also HIST 277)
Spring. 4 credits. M W 10:10–11:00 plus sections. D. H. Usner
A historical study of American Indians in the United States and Canada from the mid-nineteenth century to the present. The active and complex role played by Indian people in their responses to government policies and to societal changes will be emphasized. Challenges faced and initiatives taken by Indians will be traced from the early reservation years to the current era of self-determination. Cultural change and continuity in Indian communities will be closely examined.

AIS 318 Ethnohistory of the Northern Iroquois (also R SOC 318)
Spring. 3 credits. Enrollment limited to 20. M 7:30–10:30. R. W. Venables. The development of Iroquois (Haudenosaunee) history and culture is traced to the present day.

AIS 329 Indians, Settlers, and Slaves in the Early South (also HIST 329)

AIS 429 Undergraduate Seminar in American Indians of Eastern North America (also R SOC 429)
4 credits. Not offered 2000–2001. D. H. Usner. A seminar examining the history of Native Americans in the eastern woodlands from colonial times to the present and the cultural and economic participation of Indians in the evolution of frontier societies will be examined. Major topics include fur-trade networks, political relations, removal, and the persistence of Indian communities in eastern states.

AIS 367 American Indian Politics and Policy (also R SOC 367)
Fall. 3 credits. Enrollment limited to 20. T R 2:55–4:10. B. Baker. This course addresses the Constitutional basis of the Federal-Indian relationship through an examination of treaties, land cessions, federal court decisions, and congressional law-policy. The effects of European and American forms of governance on traditional American Indian political structures are detailed and contrasted with contemporary tribal governments and political organizations. Issues relating to sovereignty and self-governance with respect to American Indian tribes are addressed relative to state and federal governments.

AIS 394 Topics in American Indian Literature (also ENGL 394)

AIS 401 Anthropological Linguistics
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. S 2:30–4:25. K. Connelly. We will investigate by linguistic comparison, core human differences in worldview, perception, and identity. This course focuses on Iroquoian thought and worldview as evidenced in culturally central forms of language use. We will focus on a published, native-language, text version of an epic oral narrative.

AIS 440 The Social Impact of Resource Development (also R SOC 440)

AIS 442 American Indian Philosophies: Selected Topics (also R SOC 442)
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Enrollment limited to 15. W 7:30–10:30. R. W. Venables. This course provides an opportunity for students to read and discuss a wide range of American Indian philosophies.
AIS 600 American Indian Studies
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. Lec, TBA. Staff.
This seminar surveys the field of American Indian Studies across different academic disciplines. Designed specifically for students considering the graduate minor in American Indian Studies, it offers some common intellectual ground beyond the more specialized avenues of scholarship. Various areas of study will be explored, with an emphasis on current methods, theories, and problems involved in researching Indian topics in Canada and the United States.

[AIL 624 Graduate Seminar in American Indian History (also HIST 624)]
D. H. Usner.
This seminar examines, through a selected series of major topics and problems, the historical study of North American Indians. Emphasis is placed on current interpretations and directions.

[AIL 665 Native American Contributions to Anthropological Thought (also ANTHR 665)]
B. Lambert.

Department of Statistical Science
The university-wide Department of Statistical Science coordinates undergraduate and graduate study in statistics and probability. A list of suitable courses can be found in the "Interdisciplinary Centers, Studies, and Programs" section at the front of this catalog (see p. 22).

NONDEPARTMENTAL COURSES

ALS 191 Transition and Success in Cornell
Fall. 1 credit. Prerequisites: must be an entering student in CALS. Letter grade only. B. O. Earle (assisted by W. N. Alberta).
Discussion oriented course to enable all new CALS students to enjoy their experience at and transition to Cornell. Lecture, discussion, guest speakers, and assignments that explore Cornell's history, services, and organizations will be used. Emphasis on role of Agriculture and Life Sciences in future of all related careers.

ALS 134 Emergency Medical Technician
Fall and spring. 3 credits. S-U grades optional. Prerequisite: none—but basic and advanced first aid recommended. Lec, M 1:30-5:00, lab, W 1:30-5:00.
G. J. Coemman and A. F. Garnett. E.M.T. is an intensive 140-hour course taught throughout the fall and spring semesters. Enrollment, therefore, will occur for the fall term only. Course includes training in C.P.R. for the professional rescuer, oxygen administration, airway management, fracture management, bleeding control, patient assessment, spinal immobilization, medical antishock trousers, and defibrillation. Students will qualify for the New York State E.M.T. Certification Exam upon successful completion of the course. Classes will be conducted in the Teagle Hall second-floor classroom.

ALS 400 Internship
Fall, spring, or summer. 6 credits maximum. Not open to students who have earned internship credits elsewhere or in previous terms. S-U grades only.
Students may register only for internships in the New York State Assembly Intern Program, the New York State Senate Senate Internship Program, and the Albany Semester Program. A learning contract is negotiated between the student and the faculty supervisor(s), stating conditions of the work assignment, supervision, and reporting. Participation is required in any structured learning activities associated with the internship.

ALS 402 Agricultural Study Tour to Burgundy, France
Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisite: a registered CALS student. S-U grades optional.
L. A. Weston and P. Durand.
A two-week study tour held in the month of May in Burgundy, France. Students will experience French agriculture, history, and cuisine. Tour will include wine, fruit, vegetable, cheese dairy, beef and poultry production, and French university research facilities featuring modern agricultural research. Ten- to twenty-page paper requirement. Students will travel throughout Burgundy and Eastern France with Pascal Durand, professor at ENSEAD in Dijon France.

ALS 403 Internship Opportunities in Burgundy, France
Spring. Variable. 4 credits. Prerequisites: enrollment in the Agricultural Study Tour of Burgundy, France. Some French language experience preferred. S-U grades optional.
L. A. Weston and P. Durand.
Six- to eight-week internship experiences in Burgundy, France in agriculturally related subject areas including viticulture, agribusiness, agronomy, food science, and biotechnology. Final paper documenting internship experience required.

ALS 477 Environmental Stewardship in the Great Lakes
Fall and spring. 2-4 variable credits. T R 11:40-1:10. J. M. Regenstein plus a faculty adviser.
Each student will undertake an original project to improve the environment at Cornell while working with a faculty adviser and the Cornell infrastructure (generally campus life and/or facilities). Through seminar discussions and presentations on environmental activism, students will learn how to be more effective at developing environmental programs in the future, both during and after college. The final written report will also be presented orally at a public forum. (Note: If students prefer to take one or two credits of independent research, enroll in the Cornell College of Agriculture, this can be arranged. Assistance in finding a faculty adviser will be provided. This course may be taken more than once.)

ALS 480 Global Seminar: Sustainability of Environment and Food Systems
Spring. 1-3 credits. Letter grade. Lec, R 9:00-1:05. Lec, T 9:00-9:55, H. D. Suphan, P. A. Arneson, and D. Lee.
A distance learning course involving Cornell and seven universities in Europe, Central America, India, and Australia. This seminar provides students the opportunity to explore and learn about the dynamic linkages between sustainable development, food security, population, the environment, and socio-economic progress from a global perspective. Students across the various sites interact via Internet, satellite, and telecommunication technologies to analyze a series of inter-disciplinary case studies related to global sustainable development. At the end of the semester, international student teams prepare and present term projects using videoconferencing technologies.

ALS 500 Politics and Policy: Theory, Research, and Practice (also HSS 404 and GOVT 500)
Students in the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences must register for ALS 500. S. Jackson and staff.
This course, taught in Washington, D.C., forms the core of the public policy option of the Cornell-in-Washington Program. The central course objective is to provide students with the instruction and guidance necessary to analyze and evaluate their own chosen issue in public policy. Toward that end, the course has three components: (1) weekly lectures providing background on the structures and processes of national politics and policy as well as training in research methodology; (2) student development of individual research papers or projects. All three components interrelate to provide students with a strategy and framework for integrating classroom-based learning, field experience, and individual research. Applications are made through the Cornell-in-Washington office, 311 Caldwell Hall.

ALS 661 Environmental Policy (also Biology and Society 461 and BIOES 461)
Fall and spring. 3 credits each term. (Students must register for 6 credits each term; an "R" grade is given at the end of the fall term.) Limited to 12 students. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Sem R 2:30-4:30 P.M. D. Pimentel.
This course uses an interdisciplinary approach to focus on environmental and policy issues. Ten to twelve students, representing several disciplines, investigate significant environmental problems. The research team spends two semesters preparing a scientific report for publication in Science or BioScience.

AGRICULTURAL AND BIOLOGICAL ENGINEERING

Note: Class meeting times are accurate at the time of publication. If changes are necessary, the department will provide new information as soon as possible.

ABEN 102 Introduction to Microcomputer Applications
Fall or spring. 3 credits. S-U grades optional. PC or Mac labs available. All students, including those pre-enrolled, must attend the first lecture to guarantee admittance and to select a laboratory section. Lec, fall: T R 12:20-1:10, spring: M 12:20-1:10, labs, M 1:25-4:25 or 7:30-
The third module uses presentation graphics and word processing to create effective visual and written documents for professional presentations.

Module 01 Matlab (weeks 1 to 5 of the spring semester)

Tentative coverage to include matrix/vector manipulation, basic math functions, graphing of 2-D and 3-D plots, file I/O, string and numerical manipulation, problem solving of linear and nonlinear algebraic functions and ordinary differential integration, curve fitting, and data analysis and statistics. In lab, the students will learn Matlab through examples. Grading based on completion of lab assignments, lecture quizzes, and lecture attendance.

Module 02 Spreadsheets (weeks 6 to 10 of the spring semester)

Using Microsoft Excel to include built-in functions, lookup tables, graphs, Visual Basic macros, whether advantages and disadvantages compared to a programming language. Grading based on completion of lab assignments, lecture quizzes, and lecture attendance.

Module 03 Presentation tools for the Professional Engineer (weeks 11 to 14 of the spring semester)

Using Microsoft Word to create a written report and Microsoft PowerPoint to create slides for an oral presentation of engineering projects for professional presentations. Special attention will be given to the execution of quality presentations. Grading based on lab assignments, lecture participation, and an oral PowerPoint presentation and written report to be submitted as the final exam.

ABEN 200 The ABEN Experience

Spring. 1 credit. S-U grades optional. Prerequisite: nonmajors by permission of instructor. Lect., T 1:25. J. A. Bartsch. A required course for majors in Agricultural and Biological Engineering. A forum to discuss the career opportunities for engineering students and the activities and curricula that will lead to these opportunities. A series of sessions by practitioners, Cornell faculty members, alumni, staff from Cornell career offices, and students. Students develop personalized written career plans, do a web search for jobs and internships, and select future courses to meet their career goals.

ABEN 250 Engineering Applications in Biological Systems (also Engineering Distribution 250)

Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: enrollment in an engineering curriculum. MATH 293 (coregistration permissible). Recommended for the sophomore year. Lect., M W F 12:20. B. A. Ahner. Case studies of engineering problems in agricultural, biological and environmental systems, including bioremediation, crop production, environmental controls, energy, biomedicine, and food engineering. Emphasis is on the application of mathematics, physics, and the engineering sciences to energy and mass balances in biological systems.

ABEN 299 Sustainable Development: A Web-Based Course

Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: sophomore standing and above. S-U grades optional. N. R. Scott. Sustainable development is the dominant economic, environmental, and social issue of the twenty-first century. This web-based course will develop the concepts of sustainable development as an evolutionary process, demanding the integration of the physical sciences and engineering with the biological and social sciences for design of systems. Topics include nature of ecosystems, global processes, sustainable communities, and industrial ecology and life cycle analysis.

ABEN 300 Career Development

Spring. 1 credit. S-U option. Prerequisites: ABEN 200 or permission of instructors. Lect., T 2:30–3:20. Staff. Career development for juniors who are thinking about jobs, graduate or professional school, or anything else. Students will work on planning their options after graduation. Development of resumes and cover letters, contacts with potential employers or graduate schools, job and school searches on the web, professional engineering registration, entrepreneurial opportunities, career offices at Cornell, and practice interviews. Students are active participants. ABEN 300 sessions, attendance at four sessions of ABEN 200, selected by each student, is required.

ABEN 301 Renewable Energy Systems

Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: college physics. Lect., T R 10:10-11:25. L. D. Albright. Introduction to energy systems with emphasis on protecting costs and designing renewable energy systems to convert environmental inputs into useful forms of energy. Course will cover solar energy, small-scale hydropower, wind, bio-conversion processes, house energy balances; and the public input of alternatives. Use of spreadsheet will be extensive.

ABEN 305 Principles of Navigation (also NAV 301)

Fall. 4 credits. 4 classes each week (lecture-recitation-project work). Lects., M W F 8:00-8:50; lab, R 8:00 or 9:05. J.-Y. Parlane. An introduction to the fundamentals of marine navigation emphasizing piloting and celestial navigation procedures. The course covers coordinate systems, chart projections, navigational aids, instrumental observations, time, star identification, use of the nautical almanac, tides and currents. Electronic navigation systems are also briefly discussed. This course does not satisfy ABEN technical electives.

ABEN 310 Advanced Metal Fabrication Techniques

Spring. 1 credit (2-credit option available). Prerequisite: ABEN 110 or permission of instructor. Lab, F 1:25–3:40. T. J. Cook. Principles and practices extending beyond the scope of ABEN 110. To include out-of-position, high carbon steel and cast iron welding. Soldering and brazing of aluminum, high surfacing, both tungsten (TIG) and metallic (MIG) inert gas welding, plasma-arc hard surfacing, both tungsten (TIG) and metal arc (MMA) welding, MIC, and arc welding.

ABEN 350 Biological and Environmental Transport Processes

Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: MATH 294 and fluid mechanics (co-registration permissible). Lects., M W F 11:15-12:05; disc, W 2:30-3:50. 2 evening prelims. K. G. Grehemelchin.
Understanding the principles of heat and mass transfer in the context of biological and environmental processes. Emphasis is on physical understanding of transport processes and simple reaction rates with application examples from plant, animal and human biology, the environment (soil/water/air), and industrial processing of food and biomaterials.

**ABEN 365 Properties of Biological Materials**

Mechanical and structural properties of biological materials. Mechanical testing of animal, plant, and food products. Laboratory exercises in quasi-static and dynamic testing of materials and interpretation of test results. Experimental techniques for determining engineering properties of these materials.

**ABEN 367 Introduction to Biological Engineering**
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: one year each calculus and introductory biology, minimum one term each college chemistry and physics. Not open to freshmen. S–U and grade optional. Lec, T R 10:10; Lab M or T 1:25–4:25. J. B. Hunter.

Explores the use of engineering principles to solve biological problems in the context of laboratory experiments. Topics may include artificial organs, genetic engineering, mass transfer in fermentation, enzyme kinetics, mechanics of plant or animal tissue, and DNA transfer. Many topics relate to ongoing research at Cornell. Appropriate for engineering and life science students. Field trips, demonstrations, and readings in current scientific literature.

**ABEN 371 Hydrology and the Environment (also GEOL 204)**
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: one course in calculus. 2 lecs, 1 lab. Lec, T R 9:05; lab, T, R 2:30–4:25. T. S. Steenhuis and L. Cathles.

Introduction to hydrology: the hydrologic cycle and the role of water and chemicals in the natural environment. Includes precipitation, infiltration, evapotranspiration, ground water, surface runoff, river meandering, flooding, and drought studies. Short field trips, and laboratories foster an understanding of concepts and principles of hydrologic processes.

**ABEN 411 Biomass Processing: Modeling and Analysis**

This course is designed to introduce students to how basic concepts from physical chemistry, enzyme and microbial kinetics, and transport phenomena are used to model biomass conversion and degradation processes. Examples of different agricultural and environmental processes are used to explore model development, solutions, and validation. There is a strong emphasis on the use of differential equations to model process dynamics.

**ABEN 418 Introduction to Biotechnology**
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ABEN 350 (co-registration allowed), biochemistry, microbiology, fluid mechanics, or permission of instructor. Lec, T R 8:40–9:55; Disc (8 weeks) M 3:35–4:25; Lab (6 weeks) M 9:30–10:20; T 4:30–5:25 or M 7:30–10:30. A. J. Baeumner.

This course will provide the students with an understanding of the scientific and engineering principles of biotechnology and their applications in agricultural, environmental and consumer protection, manufacturing, and processing. Topics include microbial synthesis, production and degradation, genetic engineering, immobilization, biosensor techniques, up- and down-stream processing, and fermentation techniques.

**ABEN 425 Science and Technology of Environmental Engineering**
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: graduate or senior. Letter only. Lec, T R 2:55–4:10. W. J. Jewell.

Quantitative description of decline in environmental quality due to human activities, and exploration of science and technology solutions to pollution and their limits. Tools used by engineers and scientists to understand the environment will be used to focus on water quality problems (two-thirds), air quality (one-sixth) and land quality (one-sixth).

**ABEN 427 Water Sampling and Measurement**
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: fluids or a hydrology course and MATH 191. Lec, T 10:10–11:00; Lab, T 1:25–4:25. D. D. Steenhuis.

Get your feet wet and your hands busy with this course on water sampling methods where science and engineering technologies are integrated to quantity, characterize, and analyze environmental engineering problems. This field-based laboratory course focuses on quantification of surface and subsurface flow and quality, and includes sampling techniques of soils, sediment, and biological waste products. Quality assurance and control protocols and evaluation of watershed loading of contaminants will be addressed.

**ABEN 435 Principles of Aquaculture**

An in-depth treatment of the principles of aquaculture: fish biology, waste treatment, engineering design, fish health, nutrition, processing, etc. This course is intended to build upon the undergraduate's previous course background and interests. Supervised "hands-on" laboratory experiences.

**ABEN 450 Bioinstrumentation**
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: MATH 294, ABEN 151, PHYS 213, or permission of instructor. Lec, M W F 8:40–9:50; Lab, M or T 2:30–4:25. Not offered 2000–2001. D. Aneshansley.

Biological and biomedical applications are emphasized in this laboratory-based course. The electronic instrument from sensor to computer is considered. Static and dynamic characteristics of components and systems are determined theoretically and empirically. General analog and digital signal condition circuits are designed, constructed, and tested. Course satisfies the capstone design requirement.

**ABEN 453 Computer-Aided Engineering: Applications to Biomedical and Food Processes**
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: computer programming (ABEN 151 or CS 100) and heat and mass transfer (ABEN 350 or equivalent). Lec, T 12:20–1:10; lab F 11:15. Computation disc/lab: F 11:15. A. K. Dutta.

Introduction to simulation-based design as an alternative to prototype-based design. Analysis and optimization of complex real-life processes using an industry-standard physics-based computational software on a supercomputer or high end personal computers. Biomedical processes and industrial food processing applications of heat and mass transfer are covered. Computational topics introduce the finite-element method, pre- and post-processing, and pitfalls of using computational software. Students choose their own term project, which is the major part of the course (no final exam). The course satisfies the College of Engineering upper-level computing application requirement. It also satisfies the capstone design experience requirement for ABEN students.

**ABEN 454 Physiological Engineering**

Engineering analysis and design in the physiology of animals and humans. Use of engineering principles to study how animals work in nature and to intervene in physiological functions. The two major engineering themes are: signal processing as related to neural conduction, sound processing, vision, and image processing; and systematics as applied to cardiovascular and respiratory systems, bioenergetics, and bird flight. Laboratories involve experiments, computing applications, field trips, and live animal demonstrations.

**ABEN 456 Biomechanics of Plants**
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: upper division undergraduate or graduate status, completion of introductory sequence in biology and one year each calculus, or permission of instructor. S–U or letter grade optional. Lec, T R 11:15–12:05; disc, W 2:30–3:20. J. R. Cooke and K. J. Niklas.

An engineering approach is taken to plant form and function following the text, Plant Biomechanics. Topics include: mechanical behavior of materials, effect of geometry on mechanical behavior, plant-water relations, plant cell walls, mechanical behavior of tissues, mechanical attributes of organs, the plant body, fluid mechanics and biomechanics and plant evolution.

**ABEN 471 Geohydrology (also Civil and Environmental Engineering 431 and Geology 445)**
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: Mathematics 294 and Engr 202, 2 lecs, 1 disc, lecture, field trip, W. B. Brutsaert, L. M. Cathles, J.-Y. Parlangue, T. S. Steenhuis. Intermediate-level study of aquifer geology, groundwater flow, and related design factors. Includes description and properties of natural aquifers, groundwater hydraulics, soil water, and solute transport.

**ABEN 473 Watershed Engineering**
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: fluid mechanics or hydrology. Lec, T R 9:05; disc, R 1:25–4:30. M. F. Walter.

Engineering principles are applied to the design of soil and water management.
technologies aimed at solving natural resource problems in the context of watersheds. Emphasis will be placed on rural and countryside engineering and small-scale design for water conveyance, soil erosion control, flood damage control, earthen dams, ponds, moisture conservation, drainage, and water supplies for the capstone design experience requirement.

ABEN 474 Drainage and Irrigation Design
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: Fluid mechanics or hydraulics, Lecs, M W F 12:20. T. S. Steenhuis and L. D. Geobring. This course will focus on design of drainage and irrigation systems for agriculture and nonagricultural purposes. The course will also briefly cover design for rural water supply and sanitation systems. Emphasis is placed on problem solving with actual situations used wherever possible. One major design project is required of each student. This course satisfies the capstone design experience requirement.

ABEN 475 Environmental Systems Analysis
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: Matlab and 2 years of calculus. Lecs, M W F 10:10–11:00. L. F. Walker. System analysis and its use in environmental quality management. Emphasis is on modeling of environmental problems, translation of models into efficient computational algorithms, and use of computer simulation and optimization procedures (search techniques, linear programming, and dynamic programming) to evaluate management alternatives. Applications include water quality management, air pollution control, solid waste management, and industrial ecology.

ABEN 476 Solid Waste Engineering
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: 1 semester of physics and chemistry. Lecs, T R 11:40–12:55. D. A. Haith. Planning and design of processes and facilities for management of municipal solid wastes. Source characterization and reduction; collection and transport systems; waste-to-energy combustion, sanitary landfills; composting; recycling and materials recovery facilities; and hazardous waste management. Emphasis on quantitative analyses.

ABEN 478 Ecological Engineering
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: junior-level environmental quality engineering course or equivalent. Lecs, T R 2:30–3:45. W. J. Jewell. Natural waste treatment systems are sustainable, driven by solar power, and generate useful and valuable by-products. Constructed wetlands, hydroponic applications of plants, wastewater farming, sludge and industrial residue application to land, soil restoration, bioremediation of toxics, and biofilters for air purification are examples of pollution control systems that depend on natural processes. Pollution control mechanisms in soils and plants are defined and used to design innovative treatment systems for agriculture, municipalities, and industry. This course satisfies the capstone design experience requirement.

ABEN 481 LRFD-Based Engineering of Wood Structures
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: ENG 202. Lecs, M W F 12:20 (Hollister Hall). K. G. Gebrechewchin. Two evening prelms. Computer-aided and manual computation procedures of Load and Resistance Factor Design (LRFD)-based engineering wood structures. Topics include national design codes and standards; estimation of design loads (dead, live, wind, snow, and seismic loads); determination of factored resistance and stiffness values; mechanical properties of wood and wood products; designs of beams, columns, trusses, frames, arches, bridges, and diaphragms; connections, and special wood structural members and systems. Engineering design judgment is also discussed as an integral component of the quantitative design procedure. ABEN students who wish to take the course to satisfy the capstone design requirement (optional) must sign up for an additional one credit hour of ABEN 496.

ABEN 482 Biothermal Engineering
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ABEN 250 and 350, or equivalent. Lecs, T R 11:15; lab, W 1:25–4:25. N. R. Scott. Analysis and design of the thermal and aerial environments of plants, animals, and humans. Thermal environmental requirements dictate the design of buildings to act as buffers between biological systems and weather. Heat flow, air flow, psychrometrics, energy balances, thermal biology, animal and plant models, thermal modeling, mechanical and natural ventilation, solar energy, and weather phenomena. This course satisfies the capstone design experience requirement.

ABEN 493 Technical Writing for Engineers
Fall. 1 credit. Prerequisites: co-registration with ABEN 454 or ABEN 473. Lecs, M 7:30–9:25 (5 evenings in first half of semester). Staff. This course meets the College of Engineering technical writing requirement when taken concurrently with ABEN 454 or ABEN 473. Class meets for five evening sessions during the fall semester and includes writing skills such as technical project reports, outlining, style, audience, and general writing mechanics.

ABEN 494 Special Topics in Agricultural and Biological Engineering
Fall or spring. 4 credits maximum. S-U grades optional. Hours to be arranged. Staff. The department teaches "trial" courses under this number. Offerings vary by semester and will be advertised by the department. Courses offered under the number will be approved by the department curriculum committee, and the same course will not be offered more than twice under this number.

ABEN 496 Senior Design in Agricultural and Biological Engineering
Fall and spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: senior standing in ABEN engineering program or permission of instructor. Note: completing an independent study form is required to register. Hours TBA. Staff. Involves capstone design experience, including a team project, incorporating analysis, design, evaluation, synthesis, and a written report of the end-product. This course may be taken in conjunction with an approved ABEN 496 course. (For approved ABEN course, see ABEN Undergraduate Program publication).

ABEN 497 Individual Study in Agricultural and Biological Engineering
Fall and spring. 1–4 credits. S-U option. Prerequisite: written permission of instructor and adequate ability and training for the work proposed. Normally reserved for seniors in upper two-fifths of their class. Students must register with an independent study form (available in 140 Roberts Hall). Hours TBA. Staff. Special work in any area of agricultural and biological engineering on problems under investigation by the department or of special interest to the student, provided, in the latter case, that adequate facilities can be obtained.

ABEN 498 Undergraduate Teaching
Fall and spring. 1–3 credits. Prerequisites: normally reserved for seniors in upper two-fifths of their class. Emphasis on teaching techniques, preparing course materials, teaching techniques, and regularly discussing objectives and techniques with the faculty member in charge of the course.

ABEN 499 Undergraduate Research
Fall and spring. 1–3 credits. Prerequisites: normally reserved for seniors in upper two-fifths of their class. Emphasis on research techniques, preparing course materials, grades assignments, and regularly discussing objectives and techniques with the faculty member in charge of the course. A comprehensive project emphasizing the application of agricultural technology to the solution of a real problem.

ABEN 551-552 Agricultural and Biological Engineering Design Project
Fall and spring. 3–6 credits. Prerequisites: admission to the M.Eng. (Agr.) degree program. Hours TBA. ABEN graduate faculty. Comprehensive design projects dealing with existing engineering problems in the field. Emphasis is on the formulation of alternative design proposals that include consideration of economics, nontraditional factors, engineering analysis, and complete design for the best design solution. Projects are supervised by faculty members on an individual basis. However, there is a formal orientation during the first four weeks of the semester. A formal report and public presentation of the results of the design project are required for completion of the course(s). A minimum of 3 to a maximum of 12 credits of 551–552 is required for the Master of Engineering degree. Students should register for 551 their first semester and complete any additional design project credits with 552. If more than six design project credits are desired in one semester, both 551 and 552 may be taken.
will evaluate the benefits as well as the potential risks of releasing them into the environment.

[ABEN 652 Instrumentation: Sensors and Transducers]
Application of instrumentation concepts and systems to the measurement of environmental, biological, and agricultural phenomena. Construction and characterization of electronic sensors and transducers will be emphasized. Image processing techniques will be introduced. A final project is required.

[ABEN 655 Thermodynamics and Its Applications]
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: Mathematics 293 or equivalent. Lecs, R 2:30-4:30.
J.-Y. Parlange.
Thermodynamics and its applications to problems in engineering and agriculture. Topics include basic concepts (equilibrium, entropy, processes, systems, potentials, stability, phase transitions) and applications (soil and water processes, dilute solutions, electromagnetism, surface phenomena, heat and mass transport, structure of organisms).

[ABEN 671 Analysis of the Flow of Water and Chemicals in Soils]
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: four calculus courses and fluid mechanics. Lecs, R 3:55-4:50 (first meeting—TBA after that). J.-Y. Parlange.
The course encompasses a full range from simple to complex methods to describe the chemical and water flows on the surface, in the vadose zone, and through the aquifer. Current analytical, semi-analytical, and computer-based techniques are discussed. Both homogeneous and heterogenous soils are analyzed. Offered alternately with Civil and Environmental Engineering 653—a complementary, but not identical, course.

[ABEN 672 Drainage]
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: ABEN 471 or ABEN 473; S-U grades optional. Offered alternate years. Lecs, M W F 12:20; lab, T 1:25-4:25. T. S. Steenhuis and L. D. Gehring.
Theory of water and solute flow in aquifers, hillslopes, and the vadose zone as it relates to artificial drainage is discussed. Drainage design as it relates to agricultural land, landfills, and land application sites will be critically reviewed. The importance of preferential flow on water quality of drainage waters is examined. Laboratory is used for hands-on experience with measuring soil parameters and for actual drainage design. This course satisfies the capstone design experience requirement.

[ABEN 673 Sustainable Development Seminar (also NBA 573)]
Spring. 1-3 credits. Prerequisites: upper division undergraduate and graduate students or permission of instructor. Lecs, F 1:30-3:30. N. R. Scott.
Sustainable development is the most positive concept to come out of the environmental movement in years. However, the concept of a sustainable world is not a constant. There are many aspects of sustainability involving economics, environment, and political, social, scientific, and technological developments. This seminar will explore topics such as energy, agricultural and food systems, green buildings and ecological design, corporate sustainability, and other contemporary issues.

[ABEN 678 Nonpoint Source Models]
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: computer programming and calculus. Lecs, T R 8:40-9:55. D. A. Haith.
Development and programming of simulation models for management of water pollution from runoff and percolation. Emphasis is on prediction of water and chemical inputs to surface waters and groundwater. Applications include watershed hydrology and sediment yield, urban and rural runoff, lake eutrophication, waste disposal sites, and pesticides, nutrients, and salts in drainage.

[ABEN 685 Biological Engineering Analysis]
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: T&M AM 310 or permission of instructor. Lecs, M W F 11:15. J. R. Cooke.
Engineering problem-solving strategies and techniques are explored. Students solve several representative engineering problems that inherently involve biological properties. Emphasis is on formulation and solution of mathematical models and the interpretation of results. The student's knowledge of fundamental principles is used extensively.

[ABEN 694 Graduate Special Topics in Agricultural and Biological Engineering]
Fall or spring. 4 credits maximum. S-U grades optional. Hours to be arranged. ABEN graduate faculty.
The department teaches "trial" courses under this number. Offerings vary by semester, and will be notified by the department. Courses offered under the number will be approved by the department curriculum committee, and the same course will not be offered more than twice under this number.

[ABEN 697 Graduate Individual Study in Agricultural and Biological Engineering]
Fall or spring. 1-6 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor; S-U grades optional. Hours to be arranged. ABEN graduate faculty.
Topics are arranged by the staff at the beginning of the term.

[ABEN 700 General Seminar]
Fall. 1 credit. S-U grades only. Staff.
Presentation and discussion of research and special developments in agricultural and biological engineering and related fields.

[ABEN 754 Watershed Management]
Spring. 2-3 credits. Prerequisite: graduate standing or permission of instructors. Lecs, M 12:20-2:40. T. S. Steenhuis and M. J. Pfeffer.
Traditional top-down approaches to watershed management have been challenged by advocates of public participation. These challenges have raised questions about how to effectively integrate science, policy, and public participation. In this course we will review different management approaches and evaluate their usefulness in dealing with different watershed management problems.

[ABEN 771 Soil and Water Engineering Seminar]
Fall and spring. 1-3 credits. Prerequisite: graduate status or permission of instructor. S-U grades only. TBA. Staff.
Study and discussion of research or design procedures related to selected topics in irrigation, drainage, erosion control, hydrology, and water quality.

[ABEN 781 Structures and Related Topics Seminar]
Spring. 1 credit. Prerequisite: graduate status or permission of instructor. S-U grades only. TBA. Staff.
The interactions of engineering and biology, especially the environmental aspects of plant, animal, and human physiology, are examined in order to improve communication between engineers and biologists.

[ABEN 900 Master's-Level Thesis Research]
Fall and spring. 1-15 credits. Prerequisite: permission of adviser. S-U grades. ABEN graduate faculty.

[ABEN 900 Graduate-Level Thesis Research]
Fall and spring. 1-15 credits. Prerequisite: permission of adviser. S-U grades. ABEN graduate faculty. Variable credit for Ph.D. research before the "A" exam is passed.

[ABEN 901 Doctoral-Level Thesis Research]
Fall and spring. 1-15 credits. Prerequisite: passing of Admission Candidacy Exam and permission of adviser. S-U grades. ABEN graduate faculty.
ARME 210 Introduction to Business Management
Spring. 3 credits. Priority given to CALS majors. Lecs. M W F 10:10-11:00.
J. M. Hagen
This course provides an overview of management and business. Human resources, marketing, finance, and strategy concerns are addressed with consideration paid to current issues such as globalization, ethics, quality, and strategic alliances. Case studies and guest executives are an important part of the course.

ARME 221 Financial Accounting
2 evening prelims and a comprehensive final, weekly homework assignments, and 1 written case study and one project using an electronic spreadsheet. J. S. Hopkins
A comprehensive introduction to financial accounting concepts and techniques, intended to provide a basic understanding of the accounting cycle, elements of financial statements, and the underlying theory of GAAP, and statements interpretation. Elements examined include inventory, depreciation, internal control of assets, time value of money, notes, stocks, bonds, and the statement of cash flows. Limited use of a financial data base of publicly held companies, introduction to financial information on the web.

ARME 230 International Trade and Finance (also ECON 230)
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ECON 101 or equivalent required; ECON 102 or equivalent recommended. Lecs. T R 1:25-2:40; 1 homework assignment to be arranged. 1 evening prelim. D. R. Lee
This course provides a one-semester introduction to international economic principles and issues. The course first surveys key topics such as the balance of trade, comparative advantage, tariff and non-tariff barriers, and multilateral institutions. The second part of the course treats selected topics in international finance, including exchange rates, balance of payments, and capital markets. Current issues such as the effects of trade liberalization, trade and economic growth, and instability in international capital markets are discussed throughout. This course is designed as an introduction to the concepts developed at a more advanced level in ARME 450 and ECON 361-362.

ARME 240 Marketing
Fall. 3 credits. No adds after first week of class. Lecs. M W F 10:10-11. M. G. Meloy
This course provides a broad introduction to the fundamentals of marketing. We explore the components of an organization's strategic marketing program, including how to price, promote, and distribute goods and services to people. Industry guest lectures and current marketing applications from various companies are presented and analyzed. In order to provide hands-on experience, students will work in teams with local not-for-profit organizations.

Note: Class meeting times are accurate at the time of publication. If changes are necessary, the department will provide new information as soon as possible.

ARME 100 Economics for Business in a Global Economy
Fall. 3 credits. Priority given to CALS majors. There are no restrictions to non-CAL S enrollments—pre-enrollment does not guarantee admission to the course. Prerequisite: past or concurrent enrollment in Economics 101, or the equivalent, required. Lecs. M W F 11:15-12:05. Labs TBA. Not offered fall 2000. Staff. Understanding individual markets and the world economy is critical for business success. This course focuses on understanding economic theories to help formulate business strategy, such as highly competitive markets, asset markets functioning, market power, government regulation, environmental policy, international trade, and macroeconomic policy. Students participate in eight laboratory market experiments.

ARME 210 Introductory Statistics
An introduction to statistical methods. Topics to be covered include the descriptive analysis of data, probability concepts and distributions, estimation and hypothesis testing, regression, and correlation analysis. Applications from business, economics, and other disciplines are used to illustrate the methods covered in the course.

ARME 250 Environmental Economics
Spring. 3 credits. Lecs. T R 2:55-4:10. D. Chapman
Concepts and methods used in the public and private analysis of environmental resources. Subjects include valuation, benefit-cost analysis, and ecological economics. Major current economic problems such as economic incentives in environmental policy, endangered species protection, forestry, energy use, world petroleum resources, and global warming. The growing world trade in resource-intensive manufactured products and the impact on income distribution, employment, and pollution. Comparative resource use and environmental protection in industrialized and developing countries.

ARME 320 Business Law I (also NBA 560)
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to juniors, seniors, and graduate students. Lecs. M W F 9:05-9:55; sec. W or R 1:25-4:25. On days farms are visited, the section period is 1:25-6:00.
W. A. Knoblauch
An intensive study of planning, directing, organizing, and controlling a farm business, with emphasis on the tools of managerial analysis and decision making. Topics include financial statements, business analysis, budgeting, and acquisition, organization, and management of capital, labor, land, buildings, and machinery.

ARME 321 Business Law II (also NBA 561)
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to juniors, seniors, and graduate students. Prerequisite: a course in business law or permission of instructor. Lecs. T R 8:40-9:55. D. A. Grossman
The first portion of this course examines legal issues in the formation and operation of business enterprises, particularly partnerships, corporations, and limited liability companies. The second portion of the course will review selected topics in business law, like employment discrimination, debtor/creditor relations, product liability, unfair competition, e-commerce law, and international business law.

ARME 323 Managerial Accounting
Fall. 3 credits. Priority given to CALS majors. Prerequisite: ARME 221 or equivalent. Lecs. M W 12:20-1:10; secs. R 10:10-12:05, 12:20-2:15 (2 secs), or 2:30-4:25 (2 secs); or F 10:10-12:05 or 12:20-2:15 (2 secs). 2 evening prelims, a third exam, weekly homework, one written case study, and one project using an electronic spreadsheet. J. S. Hopkins
An introduction to cost accounting that emphasizes the application of accounting concepts to managerial control and decision making. Major topics include product costing, standard costing, cost behavior, cost allocation, budgeting, inventory control, variance analysis, measuring divisional performance, and cost control in the manufacturing environment. Use of electronic spreadsheets is required.
ARME 324 Financial Management
This course focuses on managerial, financial, and economic decisions, corporate financial policy, risk management, and investments. Topics include the time value of money, capital budgeting decisions, financing alternatives, short-term financial policy, the cost of capital and the capital structure decision, distribution policy, mergers and acquisitions, options, forward and futures contracts, market efficiency and market anomalies, and personal financial considerations. ARME 325 Personal Enterprise and Small Business Management
Spring. 4 credits. Limited to juniors and seniors. Prerequisites: ARME 220 and 221 or permission of instructor. Absolutely no adds or drops after second class meeting. Term project in amount to approximately $100 per team. Lecs., T R 12:20–1:10; sec, W 2:30–4:25. Two additional hours to be arranged. D. Streeter.
Course is focused on the activities involved in planning and running a business, including the exploration of strategic dimensions, performance of marketing research, and planning of financial aspects related to the new company. Lectures and hands-on clinics include visits by real world entrepreneurs who discuss the start-up process and the challenges of managing growth in a small business. Term project is the development of a business plan, completed in teams no fewer than three.
ARME 326 Human Resource Management in Small Businesses
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: ARME 220 or ARME 302 or equivalent. S-U grades optional. Lecs., T R 10:10–11:25 or 11:40–12:55 or 2:55–4:10. 1 evening prelim. R. A. Milligan.
An introduction to the management of human resource in small businesses. The focus is on developing and using all of the capabilities of all small business personnel including owners, family members, and employees. Topics include recruitment, selection, compensation, training, empowerment, team building, leadership, performance management, and conflict resolution. Student involvement and active learning experiences are emphasized. ARME 327 Accounting for Entrepreneurs
Spring. 3 credits. This course is intended for non-ARME majors. Students may not receive credit for this course in addition to credit for ARME 221 and/or ARME 323.
This course provides an introduction to the principles of accounting used by entrepreneurs who plan, direct, and control, and make decisions about critical business activities in their companies. This course will provide future entrepreneurs with the requisite technical skills to accumulate, record, and communicate financial information about their businesses to internal and external parties of the firm. We will explore the principles of financial accounting (accounts receivable, inventory, fixed assets, liabilities, time value of money, investments, owners equity) and managerial accounting (budgeting, product costing, inventory management, break-even analysis) as they apply to small businesses. Use of accounting software and the Internet will be required and intended for students who have no prior accounting courses and who are preparing for an entrepreneurial career path.
ARME 328 Innovation and Dynamic Management (also H ADM 418)
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to juniors and seniors. Priority given to CALS juniors and seniors, then out of college seniors.
W. H. Lesser.
The focus of the course is on the use of futures and options as risk management tools. Commodities, exchange rate, and interest rate options, and commodity and interest rate derivatives are analyzed from the perspective of the hedger, but those interested in arbitrage and speculation will get some insights as well. Students will participate in a simulated trading exercise in which they will use price and market information and input from industry experts to manage a hedge position.
ARME 344 Consumer Behavior
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: ARME 240 or equivalent. Limited to 45 juniors and seniors. Priority given to CALS students.
This course introduces students to the psychological, sociological, and cultural theories of buyer behavior, with specific attention to consumer information processing and decision making. Course participation is expected as topics will be illustrated and explained. Student participation is emphasized. If a student has already taken NHA 626, they are not permitted to enroll in ARME 344. Students elected to both PAM 323 and ARME 344 or HADM 347 and ARME 344 due to overlap.
ARME 346 Dairy Markets and Policy
Spring, weeks 1–7. 1 credit. Limited to juniors and seniors. Prerequisites: ECON 101 or equivalent. S-U grades optional. Lecs., R 2:30–2:45. M. Stephenson.
An introduction to dairy markets and policy. Major topics include: milk pricing, marketing channels, dairy prices and demographics, world trade for dairy products, and policy issues. Class participation is expected as topics and new literature are explored.
ARME 347 Strategic Marketing for Horticulturists and Farmers
Spring. 1 credit. Prerequisite: ARME 240.
This course will emphasize applications in strategic marketing. Lectures focus on practical aspects of the planning, implementation, and control phases of the strategic marketing process. Students will develop a long-range marketing plan for a fruit, vegetable, greenhouse, nursery, winery, or related horticultural firm.
ARME 380 Independent Honors Research in Social Science
Fall or spring. 1 credit. Limited to students who have met the requirements for the honors program. See "Honors Program" in CALS section of this catalog. Provides qualified students an opportunity to conduct original research under supervision. Information available in ARME undergrad program office in Warren Hall.
ARME 402 Seminar in Farm Business Planning and Managerial Problem Solving
Fall. 3 credits. 4 half-day field trips. One day or half day trip. On days field trips are taken, class ens. F 12:30–1:20; or R 1:25–2:15. Not offered fall 2000. Staff.
A capstone seminar/workshop designed for juniors and seniors who plan to return to the family business or home farm or to take positions in banking, credit, or agribusiness, as well as those who wish to establish entrepreneurial businesses. The objective of the course is to pull together interdisciplinary knowledge and apply it in a problem-solving, critical-thinking management context. Topics include managerial analysis and strategic planning, human resource management, and business and family arrangements.
ARME 403 Farm Management Study Trip
Spring. 1 credit. Prerequisite: ARME 302. Open by application only. Secs. arranged. W. A. Knoblauch.
A special program to study production and management systems in diverse agricultural regions of the United States. Includes a trip (usually taken during spring break) to the region being studied. A different region is visited each year. The course meets in advance of the study trip and upon return from trip. A paper, selected by the student, which further explores an aspect of the trip, is a requirement for completing the course.
ARME 404 Advanced Agricultural Finance Seminar
Spring. 2 credits. Limited to 16 seniors with extensive course work in farm management and farm finance. Open by application prior to March 1 of the year before the course is offered. W 2:30–4:25. E. L. LaDue.
A special program in agricultural finance, conducted with financial support from the Farm Credit System. Includes two days at Northeast Farm Credit offices, one week in Farm Credit Association offices, a one-day program on FSA financing during fall term, a two- to four-day trip to financial institutions in New York City, and an actual farm consulting and credit analysis experience in the spring term.
ARME 405 Farm Finance
The principles and practices used in financing farm businesses, from the perspectives of the farmer and the farm lender. Topics include sources of capital, financing entry into agriculture, financial analysis of a business, capital management, financial statements, credit instruments, loan analysis, financial risk, and leasing.
ARME 406 Farm and Rural Real Estate Appraisal
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to 40 students. Prerequisites: ARME 302 or equivalent and permission of instructor. Lect, R 11:15–12:05; sec, R 1:25–4:25. 5 half-day field trips, 1 all-day field trip. On days field trips are taken, class ends at 6:00. Not offered spring 2001. Staff. The basic concepts and principles involved in appraisal. Factors governing the price of farms and rural real estate and methods of valuation are studied. Projects include appraising farms and other rural properties.

ARME 410 Business Statistics
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: ARME 210 or equivalent. Lec, M W F 11:15–12:05. 2 evening prelins. C. van Es. This course focuses on four major topics used to analyze data from marketing research, business, and economics. Topics studied are: survey sampling procedures, contingency table analysis, time series and forecasting, and experimental design and ANOVA. A brief introduction to nonparametric methods is also included. The course introduces a research project designed to give experience in collecting and interpreting data.

ARME 411 Introduction to Econometrics
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: ARME 210 and either ECON 313 or PAM 200, or equivalents. Lecs, T R 1:25–2:40. Optional section TBA. C. Barrett. The course introduces students to basic econometric principles and the use of statistical procedures in empirical studies of economic models. Assumptions, properties, and problems encountered in the use of multiple regression are discussed and simulated. Regression models, simulation, and forecasting techniques are introduced.

ARME 412 Introduction to Mathematical Programming
Fall. 3 credits. Primarily for juniors, seniors, and M.S. degree candidates. Prerequisite: ARME 210 or equivalent. Lecs, T R 11:40–12:55; sec, 1:25–2:40. F/W 2:15–4:15. J. E. Pratt. This is a course in applied mathematical programming. The emphasis will be on formulation, specification, and interpretation of solutions to mathematical models of problems in business. Standard problems such as blending, resource allocation, capital budgeting, transportation and financial planning, and inventory management will be studied. Integer and nonlinear programming will be introduced.

ARME 415 Price Analysis (also ECON 415)
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ARME 210 or equivalent. ECON 313 or PAM 200 or equivalent. Lecs, T R 8:40–9:55. C. Chung. The focus of this course is on the analysis of supply and demand characteristics of commodities with particular attention to agricultural products. Special attention is paid to empirical analysis. Institutional aspects of pricing, temporal and spatial price relationships, price forecasting, and the economic consequences of pricing decisions are included.

ARME 416 Demographic Analysis in Business and Government (also R SOC 331)
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: ARME 210 or equivalent. Lec, W F 1:25–2:15; sec, M 12:20–1:10 or M 1:25–2:15. W. Brown. For description, see R SOC 331.

ARME 417 Decision Models for Small and Large Businesses
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to juniors and seniors. Preference given to ARME majors. Prerequisites: ARME 210 or equivalent. Lecs, M W 2:30–3:20; lab W 7:30–9:25 or R 12:20–2:15 or R 2:30–4:25. C. L. van Es. This course examines the economic principles underlying business decision models and the relationship between business decisions. The course will illustrate the application of mathematical models to problems in the real world. Economic principles will be used to help students understand the structure of the decision, incorporate subjective probabilities as a way to portray risk, measure outcomes in a way that is consistent with attitudes toward risk, and understand the value of information. The importance of sensitivity analysis will be emphasized, as well as the need to combine both quantitative and qualitative considerations in decision making. Cases will be drawn from small business scenarios, the public policy debate, and modern comput­ ers. Implementing decision models with computers will be the focus of lab sessions.

ARME 422 Estate Planning (also NBA 562)
Fall. 1 credit. Limited to juniors, seniors, and graduate students. S-U grades only. Lecs, M. Groszmann. Fourteen sessions on the various aspects of estate-planning techniques. The law and use of trusts, the law of wills, federal and New York State estate and gift taxes, and substitutes for probate procedures are covered.

ARME 424 Strategic Management
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to seniors majoring in business management and marketing. T R 8:40–9:55, 10:10–11:25 or 1:25–2:40. B. L. Anderson. This is a capstone course designed to integrate what students have learned in other ARME courses with an emphasis on strategic decision making. Issues will be approached from the standpoint of the board of directors, chief executive officer, and business unit managers. What should be considered and how strategic decisions should be made are the focus of the course. While the primary focus is on public corporations, not-for-profits, cooperatives, and small business, strategic decisions will also be included. The course is built around several high-level guest executives and a series of case studies. Improving oral and written communication skills in a business context is emphasized.

ARME 425 Small Business Management Workshop
Fall. 4 credits. Limited to seniors. Prerequisite: ARME 252 or MBA 300 and permission of instructor. Term project work will amount to approximately $100 per team. TBA. D. Streeter. Students serve as counselors to small businesses in the central New York area and confront problems facing small personal enterprises. They learn to employ business principles to an existing business and the constraints of limited resources. The course is offered spring 2001. Staff.

ARME 426 Cooperative Management and Strategies
Spring. 3 credits. Recommended: ARME 220 or equivalent. Estimated cost of field trip, $80. Lecs, M W F 12:20–1:10. 2-day field trip required. B. L. Anderson. This course examines the economic principles underlying cooperative enterprises, cooperation, and not-for-profit organizations. The focus is on operating cooperatives in agriculture, although alternative types of cooperative organizations are discussed, such as credit unions, insurance cooperatives, employee stock ownership plans, housing cooperatives, flexible manufacturing networks, consumer cooperatives, and membership organizations.

ARME 427 Advanced Agribusiness Management
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ARME 220 or ARME 302. Lecs, T R 1:25–2:40. B. A. Gloy. The course is intended for students with an interest in agribusiness and is designed to integrate previous coursework and enhance problem identification and solving skills. The focus is on the evaluation, formulation, and implementation of strategy designed to create and sustain competitive advantage for agribusiness firms. The course covers industry analysis, firm analysis, market analysis, strategy formulation, risk analysis, strategy development, organizational design and structure, and leadership for agribusiness firms. This course is designed as a capstone course for the agribusiness management specialization.

ARME 430 International Trade Policy
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ECON 101–102 or equivalents and intermediate microeconomics. Recommended: ARME 230. Lecs, T R 1:25–2:40. Optional section TBA. N. Chau. This course examines the economic principles underlying international trade and monetary policy, and the policies, practices, and institutions that influence trade and foreign exchange markets. Applications to current topics in international trade policy, to trade in primary commodities, and to both developed and developing countries are also emphasized.

ARME 431 Food and Agricultural Policies
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: intermediate microeconomics. Lecs, T R 11:40–12:55; sec, R 2:30–3:20 or 3:35–4:25. D. de Gorter. The course deals broadly with how food and agricultural policies, including price support and storage or reserve policies, agricultural protection, soil conservation programs, the structure of agriculture, domestic food subsidy programs, environmental issues; and food safety. The important trade and agricultural policies in other countries is emphasized.

ARME 433 Devolution, Privatization, and the New Public Management (also CRP 412)
Fall. 3 credits. S-U grades optional. Lec, T 10:10–12:55. M. E. Warner. For description, see CRP 412.
ARME 443 Food-Industry Management
Fall. 4 credits. Limited to juniors and seniors majoring in business management and marketing or food industry management and grad students. Prerequisite: ARME 240 or 448 or permission of instructor. Lect, T R 11:40-12:55; sec T 1:25-2:40. D. J. Pernasio. A case-study approach is used to examine the application of management principles and concepts to marketing and distribution problems of the food industry. Cases covering new product introductions, merchandising strategies, and investment decisions are included. Guest speakers from the food industry present case-study solutions at the Tuesday afternoon section.

ARME 444 Food Marketing Colloquium
Fall. 1 credit. Limited to juniors and seniors with extensive course work in food industry management and marketing. Permission of the instructor. S-U grades only. R 3:35-4:25. D. J. Pernasio. ARME 446 and 447 have been developed as a two-semester special seminar that provides the weekly focus for the Food Marketing Fellows Program. The seminar will cover advanced topics in food marketing, many of which will have an important international dimension and will be presented by industry members. A number of field trips will be taken. Students will participate in research topics on various aspects of the food industry.

ARME 447 Food Marketing Colloquium
Spring. 1 credit. Limited to juniors and seniors with extensive course work in food industry management and marketing. Permission of instructor. S-U grades only. R 1:25-2:15. D. J. Pernasio. ARME 446 and 447 have been developed as a two-semester special seminar that provides the weekly focus for the Food Marketing Fellows Program. The seminar will cover advanced topics in food marketing, many of which will have an important international dimension and will be presented by industry members. A number of field trips will be taken. Students will participate in research topics on various aspects of the food industry.

ARME 448 Food Merchandising
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to juniors and seniors. Prerequisite: ARME 240. Lect, T R 11:40-12:55. D. J. Pernasio. Merchandising principles and practices as they apply to food industry situations. The various elements of merchandising such as buying, pricing, advertising, promotion, display, store layout, profit planning and control, and merchandising strategy are examined in this course. The consequences of food industry trends and initiatives for other industry members, public policymakers, and consumers are considered.

ARME 449 Global Marketing Strategy
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: previous marketing course. Limited to junior, senior, and graduate students. M W 2:55-4:10. J. M. Hagen. This course examines opportunities and challenges in the rapidly changing global marketplace. The seminar will cover the decision to serve a foreign market, alternative strategies for entry into foreign markets (such as exporting or establishing a local subsidiary), and issues in implementing those strategies. The course includes case analysis and discussion.

ARME 450 Resource Economics (also ECON 450)
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: MATH 111, ECON 313, and a familiarity with EXCEL. Lecs, M W F 2:30-3:20. J. M. Conrad. Dynamic models of renewable, nonrenewable, and environmental resources will be constructed to examine market allocation and optimal resource management.

ARME 451 Environmental Economics and Policy (also ECON 409)
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ECON 313, or intermediate microeconomics course, and calculus. Limited to undergraduate students. S-U grades optional. Lecs, T R 1:25-2:40. Not offered spring 2001. G. L. Poe. This course explores the economic foundations for public decision making about environmental commodities and natural resources, using tools from intermediate microeconomics. Emphasis is placed on the welfare economic approach for allocating public goods, with specific emphasis on market failure, externalities, benefit-cost analysis, and the use of nonmarket valuation techniques. Policy choices such as regulatory and property rights, institutional perspectives and ecological economic concepts will also be examined.

ARME 464 Economics of Agricultural Development (also ECON 464)
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ECON 101-102, or permission of instructor. Lecs, T R 11:40-12:55. R. P. Berk. This course is designed to provide an understanding of the economics of the agricultural sector in low-income countries. In addition, more general issues of economic development beyond the agricultural sector will be covered to provide the necessary context for an understanding of rural problems. Among the areas covered are the nature of development and technical change, welfare and income distribution, land reform, and the role of international institutions. Examples from a wide variety of developing countries will be used to illustrate the basis for economic analysis.

ARME 494 Undergraduate Special Topics in Agricultural, Resource, and Managerial Economics
Fall or spring. 4 credits maximum. S-U grades optional. Staff. The department teaches "trial" courses under this number. Offerings vary by semester and will be advertised by the department.

ARME 497 Individual Study in Agricultural, Resource, and Managerial Economics
Fall or spring. Variable credit. S-U grades optional. Staff. To be used for special projects designed by faculty members.

ARME 498 Supervised Teaching Experience
Fall or spring. 1–4 credits. Total of 4 credits maximum during undergraduate program. Students must register with an Independent Study form (available in 154 Warren Hall). Staff. Designed to give qualified undergraduates experience through actual involvement in planning and teaching courses under the supervision of department faculty. Students are expected to teach at least one hour per week for each credit hour. Students cannot receive both pay and credit for the same hours of preparation and teaching.

ARME 499 Undergraduate Research
Fall, spring, or summer. 1–4 credits. Limited to students with GPAs of at least 2.7. Students must register with an Independent Study form (available in 154 Warren Hall). S-U grades optional. Staff. Permits outstanding undergraduates to carry out independent study of suitable problems under appropriate supervision. Students cannot receive both pay and credit for the same hours of work.

ARME 605 Agricultural Finance
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: ARME 324 or 405 or equivalent. T R 8:40-9:55. B. A. Gloy. Advanced topics on agricultural finance. Topics include investment analysis, capital budgeting under uncertainty, decision analysis, risk management, capital structure, and financial intermediaries.

ARME 608 Production Economics (also ECON 408)
Fall. 3 credits. Recommended: ECON 313 and MATH 111 or equivalents. Lect, M W F 10:10-11:10. L. W. Tauer. The theory of production economics with emphasis on applications to agriculture and natural resources. Topics include the derivation, estimation, and use of production, cost, profit, demand, and supply functions. Production response over time and under risk is introduced.

ARME 630 Policy Analysis: Welfare Theory, Agriculture, and Trade (also ECON 430)
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: ARME 608 or CE&H 603, ECON 313, or equivalent intermediate micro theory incorporating calculus. Lect, M W 12:20-2:25. H. de Gorter. The first half of the course surveys the theory of welfare economics as a foundation for public policy analysis. Major issues addressed include the problem of social welfare measurement, the choice of welfare criteria and the choice of market or nonmarket allocation. Basic concepts covered include measurement of welfare change, including the compensation principle, consumer and producer surplus, willingness-to-pay measures, externalities, and the general theory of second-best optima. The second half of the course focuses on public policy analysis as applied to domestic agricultural policy and international trade. The domestic policy component examines major U.S. farm commodity programs and related food and macroeconomic policies and analyzes their effects on producers, consumers, and other groups. The international trade component examines the structure of world agricultural trade, analytical concepts of trade policy analysis, and the principal trade policies employed by countries in international markets.

ARME 633 Devolution, Privatization, and the New Public Management (also CRP 612)
Fall. 3 credits. S-U grades optional. Lec, T 10:10-12:35. M. F. Warnier. For description, see CRP 612.
This course focuses on the unique features of speculation, and public-policy issues. A foundation for a discussion of hedging, futures contracts. Emphasis is placed on the evaluation of price behavior including marketing margins and imperfect competition. Empirical tools to evaluate market characteristics will also be covered.

ARME 641 Commodity Futures Markets (also ECON 441)
Spring, weeks 8-14 (starts Mar. 13). 2 credits. Prerequisites: ARME 411 and 415 or equivalent. Lecs, T R 12:00-1:15. W. G. Tomek. This course is about markets for agricultural futures contracts. Emphasis is placed on models of price behavior on futures markets including relationships among cash and futures prices. These principles provide a foundation for a discussion of hedging, speculation, and public-policy issues.

ARME 651 Environmental and Resource Economics
Spring, 4 credits. Limited to graduate students. Lecs, T R 10:10-11:25. L. D. Chapman. A review of welfare economics, environmental externalities, and common property resources, and a survey of current environmental and natural resource policy. Techniques for measuring benefits and costs—including property value and wage hedonic approaches, travel cost models, and contingent valuation—are covered. Survey/data collection methods are described in detail. Explore innovative market mechanisms for resolving public good, common property, and externality problems. Students will be required to complete a paper describing their own formal economic analysis of a natural resource or environmental problem. Open to graduate students outside of economics. ARME 651 is a core course for the Environmental Management concentration/option.

ARME 652 Land Economics Problems (co-listed with CEE 529)
Fall or spring. 1 or more credits. Limited to graduate students. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. Lecs, W 7:30-9:25 p.m. D. J. Allerman. Special work on any subject in the field of land and resource economics.

ARME 665 Food and Nutrition Policy (also NS 685)
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: introductory microeconomics and intermediate statistics (e.g., through multiple regression), or permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. Lecs, M W 2:55-4:10. D. Sahn. For description, see NS 685.

ARME 666 Economics of Development (also ECON 466)
Spring, 3 credits. Prerequisites: ECON 313 and 314 or permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. Lecs, T R 11:40-12:55. Not offered spring 2001. S. C. Kyle. The course is designed as an introduction to the economics of development at the graduate level. The course will be split into two major sections, the first dealing with the microeconomics of households in developing countries and the second covering macroeconomic strategy and performance. A principal goal will be to illuminate the particular features of interest in which are important to economic analysis and policy. Special attention will be given to issues facing countries with important agricultural and resource sectors.

ARME 667 Topics in Economic Development (also ECON 770)
Spring, 3 credits. Prerequisite: basic first-year course in ECON or ARME, or instructor's permission. S-U grades optional. Lecs, T R 1:25-2:40. R. Kanbur. This course is targeted to second-year graduate students. Topics covered will vary from year to year and may include: poverty, inequality, intra-household allocation, structural adjustment, and debt. Examination will be by term paper.

ARME 670 Economics of Consumer Demand (also PAM 608)
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ECON 311 or 313 and 2 semesters of calculus. S-U grades optional. Lecs, T R 8:40-9:55. C. K. Ranyenyi. A graduate level introduction to theory and empirical research on household demand, consumption, and saving. Emphasis is on the use of the theory in empirical research. Topics include neo-classical theory of demand, duality, complete demand systems, conditional demand, demographic scaling and translating, consumption, and savings. As time allows, Becker and Lancaster models of demand will be introduced.

ARME 694 Graduate Special Topics in Agricultural, Resource, and Managerial Economics
Fall or spring. 4 credits maximum. S-U grades optional. Staff. The department teaches "trial" courses under the department. Topics (risk, supply response, and household production functions) based on student interest.

ARME 695 M.P.S. Research
Fall or spring. Limited to graduate students. S-U grades optional. Credit, class hours, and other details arranged with a faculty member. Staff. This course is used to develop special projects designed by faculty members. More than one topic may be given each semester in different sections. The student must register in the section appropriate to the topic being covered. The section number is provided by the instructor.

ARME 708 Advanced Production Economics
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: ARME 608, 710, or equivalent; ECON 609 is highly recommended. Offered alternate years. Not offered fall 2001 and 2002. Next offered fall 2003. Hours TBA. R. N. Boisvert. Theoretical and mathematical developments in production economics, with emphasis on estimating production relationships, scale economies, technical change, factor substitution. Developments in flexible functional forms, duality, and dynamic adjustment models are emphasized. Discussions of other topics (risk, supply response, and household production functions) based on student interest.

ARME 710 Econometrics I
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: matrix algebra and statistics at the level of BTRY 311 or BTRY 409 and 417 or ECON 619 preferred. Undergraduates must have permission of instructor. Lecs, M W F 8:40-9:55. T. D. Mount. This course together with ARME 711 provides a Ph.D.-level sequence in applied econometrics. 710 covers selected statistical models and associated estimators, including dynamic and other stochastic regressor models, seemingly unrelated regression and simultaneous equation models, and models with nonspherical error terms and specification errors.

ARME 711 Econometrics II
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: ARME 710 or equivalent. BTRY 417 recommended. Lecs, M W 10:10-12:05. T. D. Mount. Coverage beyond that of ARME 710 of linear regression models, including alternative methods of incorporating nonsample information and testing restrictions, diagnostic techniques for collinearity and influential observations, pooling data, stochastic coefficients, limited dependent variables, and latent variables.

ARME 712 Quantitative Methods I
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: some formal training in matrix algebra. A course at the level of BTRY 417 is highly recommended. Lecs, M W F 8:40-9:55. R. N. Boisvert. A comprehensive treatment of linear programming and its extensions, including postoptimality analysis. Topics in nonlinear programming, including separable, spatial equilibrium and risk programming models. Input-output models and their role in social accounting matrices and computable general equilibrium models are discussed. Applications are made to agricultural, resource, and regional economic problems.
ARME 713 Quantitative Methods II
This course is concerned with the analysis and optimization of dynamic systems. Course objectives are to (1) present the basic theory of dynamical systems and dynamic optimization, (2) introduce associated methods of optimization and numerical analysis, (3) review some applications of dynamic analysis from various subfields in economics, and thereby (4) equip students with basic theory and methods to perform applied research on dynamic allocation problems.

ARME 714 Experimental Economics
The course will survey both experimental economics methods and research as an approach to theory. Students will participate as subjects in a series of illustrative computerized experiments ranging from double auctions to public goods provision. Topics covered include experimental methods, decisions and games, markets (testing auction institutions); market power (monopoly, oligopoly); bargaining, compensation and performance; public goods; externalities, and voting; information and uncertainty; anomalies. Students must design and write a paper describing their own experiment.

ARME 717 Research Methods in Agricultural Economics
Spring. 2 credits. Limited to graduate students. M 2:30-4:25. R. N. Boisvert.
Discussion of the research process and scientific method as applied in agricultural economics. Topics include problem identification, hypotheses, sources of data, sampling concepts and designs, methods of collecting data, questionnaire design and testing, field organization, and analysis of data. During the semester each student develops a research proposal that may be associated with his or her thesis.

ARME 730 Seminar on International Trade Policy: Agriculture, Resources and Development
This course explores selected topics in the international trade policy literature. The seminar will cover topics in the relationship between the domestic market and world prices, the relationship between different agricultural systems and international trade, and the political economy issues related to international trade policy.

ARME 735 Public Finance: Resource Allocation and Fiscal Policy (also ECON 735)
Spring. 4 credits. Time TBA. R. Kanbur.
For description, see ECON 735.

ARME 740 Agricultural Markets and Public Policy
Spring, weeks 1–7. 2 credits. Limited to graduate students. Prerequisite: familiarity with multiple regression techniques at the ARME 411 level or higher. Recommended: ARME 610. T R 12:20–2:15. W. H. Lesser.
Develops the concepts and methodology for applying and analyzing the effects of public-policy directives to the improvement of performance in the U.S. food marketing system. Prospective topics include a survey of industrial organization principles, antitrust and other legal controls, and coordination systems in agriculture. Topics can be adjusted to students' interests.

ARME 750 Resource Economics
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ECON 609 and 618, or ARME 713. Lect. M W F 9:05-9:55. J. M. Conrad.
Optimal control and other methods of dynamic optimization will be used to study the allocation and management of natural resources.

ARME 751 Environmental Economics
Economic theory will be applied to the problems of managing environmental quality. Static and dynamic models of externality, decisions to preserve or develop natural environments, and methods of valuation will be presented.

ARME 762 Microeconomics of International Development
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: completion of first year Ph.D. course sequence in ARME or ECON, or instructor's permission. S-U grades optional. Lect. T R 11:40-12:55. C. B. Barrett.
This course focuses on models of individual, household, firm, firm, and market behavior in low- and middle-income developing economies. Topics covered include agricultural land, labor and financial institutions, technology adoption, food security and nutrition, risk management, intra-household analysis, reciprocity networks, and product-market policies. Empirical investigation is emphasized.

ARME 763 Macro Policy in Developing Countries
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ECON 609, 610, 613 (may be taken concurrently), or permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. Not offered spring 2001 and 2003; next offered spring 2002. Lect. T 2:00-2:55. S. C. Kyle.
This course examines macroeconomic policies in developing countries and their interaction with economic growth, development, and stability. Theoretical models useful for analysis of macro policies will be covered as well as an examination of empirical studies. Emphasis will be on research topics of current interest to students and professionals in the field, particularly the role of the interaction of macro policy with micro and sectoral analysis.

ARME 800 Master's-Level Thesis Research
Fall or spring. 1–9 credits. Prerequisite: permission of graduate committee chair. S-U grades only. Graduate faculty.
For students admitted specifically to a master's program.

ARME 900 Graduate-Level Thesis Research
Fall or spring. 1–9 credits. Prerequisite: permission of graduate committee chair. S-U grades only. Graduate faculty.
For students in a Ph.D. program only before the "A" exam has been passed.

AN SC 100 Domestic Animal Biology I
An introduction to the biology of economically important species (morphology, anatomy, and physiology) and its application to the management of animals in major livestock industries. Topics covered include fundamentals of genetic selection and relevant biometry, anatomy, quantitative cell biology, regulatory mechanisms, and genetic databases, major life support systems, and digestion. Students undertake the care and management of a large colony of Japanese quail and conduct a genetic selection experiment. Nonselected birds are culled and used by students in laboratory exercises examining aspects of growth and development. In other laboratories, living farm animals are used noninvasively and fresh organs from dead animals are examined.

AN SC 105 Contemporary Perspectives of Animal Science
Spring. 1 credit. Limited to freshmen, sophomores, and first-year transfers. T 1:25 or W 12:20. R. C. Gorewit and D. J. Cherry.
A forum to discuss the students' career planning and the contemporary and future role of animals in relation to human needs.

AN SC 120 Animal Domestication and Behavior
Fall. 3 credits. T R 8:40-9:55. E. A. Oltenacu.
This Freshman Writing Seminar will explore the relationship between humans and domestic animals. Students will study the role of animal behavior in the domestication process, both historically and in modern attempts to domesticate new species, and in finding solutions to current issues related to animal welfare.

AN SC 150 Domestic Animal Biology II
Second of a two-semester sequence (100/150) applying the basic biology of growth, defense mechanisms, reproduction, and lactation to aspects of the production and care of domestic animals. Fresh tissues and organs from dead animals along with preserved specimens will be used in laboratories, exercises, and demonstrations.
AN SC 212 Animal Nutrition
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: CHEM 208 or equivalent. Recommended: AN SC 100 and 150. Lecs, M W F 10:10; lab, M T W R or F 1:25-4:25. A. W. Bell and D. J. R. Cherry. An introduction to animal nutrition, including digestive physiology and metabolism of domestic animals and other species; nutrient properties and requirements for different aspects of animal production and performance; principles of feed evaluation and ration formulation. Laboratory classes include gastrointestinal tract dissections and a nutritional experiment performed on a laboratory or farm animal species.

AN SC 213 Nutrition of the Dog

AN SC 214 Nutrition of Exotic Animals

AN SC 215 Exotic Avian Husbandry and Propagation
Spring. 2 credits. Limited to 100 students. Prerequisites: AN SC 100, 150 or one year of introductory biology. Lec, M 2:30-4:30. J. Parks and D. Muscarella. Natural history, care, management, health, and breeding of exotic avian species with emphasis on psittacines (parrots and related species) and raptors (birds of prey). Lectures, demonstrations, and local field trips.

AN SC 216 Nutrition of the Cat

AN SC 221 Introductory Animal Genetics
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: a year of college biology. Lecs, T R 9:05; sec, T W R or F 2:45-4:25. E. J. Pollak. An examination of basic genetic principles and their application to the improvement of domestic animals, with emphasis on the effects of selection on animal populations.

AN SC 222 Introduction to Canine
Summer. 1 credit. Prerequisites: introductory biology or permission of instructor. E. J. Pollak and P. A. Oltenacu. Introduction to basic Mendelian genetics and single-inbred strain genetics in the dog. This distance-education course delivered by CD and web interaction for residents and nonresidents consists of lectures on basic genetic principles, probabilities, linkage and genetic testing, and seminars on genome mapping, inherited sexual disorders, breeding disorders, and eye defects. This course should not be taken for credit by students who have successfully completed AN SC 221.

AN SC 250 Dairy Cattle Principles
Fall. 3 credits. S-U grade optional. Lecs, T R 10:10; lab, T 1:25-4:25, D. M. Galton and T. Batchelder. Introduction to the background and scientific principles relating to dairy cattle production. Laboratories are designed to provide an understanding of production techniques. This course is a prerequisite for AN SC 251, 351, and AN SC 355.

AN SC 251 Dairy Cattle Selection
Fall. 2 credits. Prerequisite: AN SC 250 or equivalent. S-U grades optional. Lec, W 1:25-2:15; disc, W 2:15-4:25. D. M. Galton. Application of scientific principles of genetic programs in herds with different breeding programs. Emphasis on economical traits to be used to improve genetic progress and herd profitability.

AN SC 265 Horses
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: AN SC 100 and 150 or permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. Lecs, T R 9:05; lab, R 1:25-4:25. C. Collyer. Selection, management, feeding, breeding, and training of light horses.

AN SC 280 Molecular Biology in Agriculture and Medicine
Fall. 2 credits. Prerequisite: one year of introductory biology. Lec, T R 10:10. S. M. Quirk. The applications of molecular biology to animal research, animal agriculture, industry, and medicine are discussed. An introduction of basic recombinant DNA techniques is followed by topics such as transgenic animal production, mammalian cloning, genome projects, gene therapy, and genetic screening. Ethical issues raised by use of these techniques will be discussed.

AN SC 290 Meat Science (also FOOD 290)
Fall. 2 or 3 credits. Lecs, T R 11:15; lab, M or R 12:20-3:20. Lecture only, 2 credits; lecture plus lab, 3 credits. Lab cannot be taken without lecture. An introduction to meat science through a study of the structure, composition, and function of muscle and its conversion to meat. Properties of fresh and processed meat, microbiology, preservation, nutritive value, inspection, and sanitation are also studied. Laboratory exercises include anatomy, meat-animal slaughter, meat cutting, wholesale and retail cut identification, inspection, grading, curing, sausage manufacture, and quality control. An all-day field trip to commercial meat plant may be taken.

AN SC 300 Animal Reproduction and Development
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: AN SC 100-150 or equivalent and 1 year of introductory biology. Lecs, M W F 10:10. J. F. Parks. Comparative anatomy and physiology of mammalian and avian reproduction, with emphasis on domestic and laboratory animals. Fertilization through embryonic development, pregnancy, and development to sexual maturity. Emphasis on physiological mechanisms and application to fertility regulation. Separate laboratory offered to demonstrate fundamental aspects of reproduction and reproductive technology.

AN SC 301 Animal Reproduction and Development Lab
Spring. 1 credit. Prerequisite: AN SC 100-150 or equivalent. Concurrent enrollment in or completion of AN SC 300 required to register. Labs, M W or F 1:25-4:25. Each lab limited to 30 students. J. E. Parks. Demonstration of fundamental principles and applied aspects of mammalian and avian reproduction. A limited number of domestic animals will be used in some demonstrations. Dissection and examination of tissues from vertebrate animals will be included in selected laboratories.

AN SC 305 Farm Animal Behavior (also BIOAP 312)
Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisites: introductory animal physiology (AN SC 100 and 150 or equivalent); at least 1 animal production course or equivalent experience is recommended. S-U grades optional. Lec, T R 11:15. E. A. Oltenacu and K. A. Holm. The behavior of production species (avian and mammalian) influences the success of any management program. Students study behaviors relating to communication, learning, social interactions, reproduction, and feeding of domestic animals and their physiological basis. Management systems for commercial livestock production and their implications for animal behavior and welfare are stressed.

AN SC 314 Practice in Critical Thinking in the Biological Sciences
Fall. 1 credit. M 12:20. A. van Tienhoven. The course will consist of four or five presentations by the instructor of the "scientific method." Each week the students will critically review a published paper in the biological sciences as if it were a manuscript and submit their typed review. Each week a different student will be designated to collate these reviews and write an evaluation to the "editor-in-chief." This evaluation will be reported verbally and in writing. Students thus will learn to think, write, and speak critically. Enrollment is limited to 10 juniors and seniors. Preference will be given to transfer students.

AN SC 321 Applied Animal Genetics Seminar
Fall. 2 credits. Prerequisite: AN SC 221 or equivalent. S-U grades only. Lec, M 12:20; disc, M 1:25. P. A. Oltenacu and E. J. Pollak. Topics of interest related to the genetic definition and control of qualitative and quantitative traits in various species of animals are presented. Genetic conservation programs and current animal improvement strategies as well as challenges presented by new developments in reproductive biology and molecular genetics are addressed in a lecture discussion-type format.

AN SC 322 Equine Genetics Seminar
Fall. 1 credit. Prerequisite: AN SC 221 or equivalent. S-U grades only. Disc, T 1:25-2:15. P. A. Oltenacu and staff. Topics of equine genetics will be presented and discussed. Independent library research, a short written paper, and an oral presentation will be important parts of this course. Lecture topics may include the genetic aspects of color, abnormalities, metabolic diseases, unsoundness, and performance.
The course focuses on anatomy and physiology of various organs of poultry. Principles of poultry nutrition, breeding and embryology are discussed with an emphasis on their practical application. The student becomes familiar with the concept of least-cost feed formulation for poultry. The course also is designed to provide an understanding of current technology involved in commercial poultry production.

AN SC 341 Biology of Lactation

A comprehensive survey of the biology of the mammary gland. Lectures cover: (1) basic aspects such as anatomy and development of the mammary gland, biochemistry and hormone regulation of milk synthesis and regulation of gene expression in the mammary cells; (2) practical aspects such as the impact of lactation on nutrition, reproduction, and diseases. Lactation in the dairy cow provides the primary context to the course, but examples from other mammals including humans will be used.

AN SC 351 Dairy Herd Management

Application of scientific principles to practical herd management with components of reproduction, milking, housing, records, and production economics. Laboratories emphasize practical application in analyses of alternatives, decision making, field trips, and discussion.

AN SC 355 Dairy Nutrition and Health
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: AN SC 250 and permission of instructor. Letter only. Lec, T R 10:10; lab, W 1:25-4:25. D. M. Galton, L. E. Chase and T. L. Batchelder.

Application of scientific principles to practical herd management with components of nutrition and herd health. Laboratories emphasize practical applications, analyses of alternatives, decision making, field trips, and discussion.

AN SC 360 Beef Cattle

Emphasis is on the management of reproduction, nutrition, and selection in beef cattle enterprises. A cattle growth model is studied. Laboratories acquaint students with management skills through computerized simulations and working directly with cattle. Students spend several days during the semester feeding and caring for cows and their newborn calves.

AN SC 365 Equine Nutrition
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: AN SC 100, 212, and 265 or equivalent. S-U grades optional. Lec, M W F 9:05-9:55. H. F. Hinchcliff.

The principles of nutrition for horses will be presented. Digestive physiology, sources of nutrients, feeding programs for various classes of horses and interactions of nutrition and diseases will be discussed.

AN SC 370 Swine Nutrition and Management

This course focuses on swine nutrition, feeding, and management. Lectures are integrated basic nutrition and swine system including pig biology, digestive and metabolic development, nutritional biochemistry and physiology, and nutrition on environment, use of pig model in medicine, and current swine nutrition and biotechnology. Laboratory practice, animal projects, and problem troubleshooting are offered.

AN SC 380 Sheep

Emphasis is on the breeding, feeding, management, and selection of sheep from a production-system approach. Lectures and laboratories are designed to give students a practical knowledge of sheep production as well as the scientific background for improved management practices. Students work directly with sheep during laboratories and spend several days during the semester feeding and caring for ewes and their newborn lambs.

AN SC 400 Tropical Livestock Production

An analysis of constraints on livestock production in developing countries of the tropics, economic objectives and risk, and production methods. Emphasis is on strategic use of animal and plant resources, animal performance with inputs restricted, decision making, and alternative systems of production. Principles, real examples, independent study projects, and classroom interactions will aid problem-solving efforts to improve food security.

AN SC 401 Dairy Production Seminar
Spring. 1 credit. Limited to juniors and seniors. Disc, M 7:30 P.M. D. E. Bauman and T. L. Batchelder.

Capstone course where students, with the help of faculty members, complete a study of the research literature on topics of current interest in the dairy industry. Students then make an oral or written report on their topic with emphasis on integrating theory and practice.

AN SC 402 Seminar in Animal Sciences
Spring. 1 credit. Limited to juniors and seniors. May be repeated. S-U grades optional. Lec, M 4:30. W. B. Currie. Review of literature pertinent to topics of animal science, undergraduate research and Honors projects. Students present oral reports of their work for class discussion in addition to written reports.

AN SC 403 Tropical Forages

An overview of tropical grasslands, seeded pastures, and crop residues as feed resources; grass and legume characteristics; establishment and management of pastures; determination of feeding value of forages and crop residues; physiology of digestion of ruminants that affects feeding behavior; the problems of chemical inhibitors in plants; and preservation of tropical forages as hay or silage.

AN SC 410 Nutritional Physiology and Metabolism
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: biochemistry and physiology. M W F 11:15. R. E. Austic and D. E. Bauman.

A fundamental approach to nutrition focusing on the metabolic fate of nutrients and the interrelationships among nutrients, nutritional state, and metabolic processes. The overall goal is to increase understanding of metabolism and metabolic behavior through an integration of nutrition, biochemistry, and physiology.

AN SC 411 Applied Cattle Nutrition
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: AN SC 100 and 212 (or equivalent); AN SC 355 is encouraged. Lec, M W F 10:10; lab, M 12:25-4:25. M. E. Van Amburgh.

An applied approach to predicting nutrient requirements and feed utilization to meet requirements with wide variations in cattle type, feed composition, and environmental conditions. Dairy cattle are emphasized. Nutrient management to minimize cost of production and environmental effects is discussed. Computer models (Cornell Net Carbohydrate and Protein System) are used in the laboratory to apply the information presented in lectures and make evaluations of feeding programs on case study farms. Course is designed for juniors, seniors, and entering graduate students.

AN SC 412 Livestock and the Environment
Spring. 2 or 4 credits. No prerequisite for 2 credits (weeks 1-7). Students who have taken AN SC 411 (formerly 512) can sign up for 4 credits (full semester) for completing an independent project on whole-farm environmental planning. Lec, T R 11:15-12:05. D. G. Fox.

This course will explore controversial issues surrounding livestock and the environment, including competition with humans for food resources, impact of animal products on human health, and impact of livestock farms on environmental problems, including odor, pathogens, and excess nutrient effects on water quality. Those taking two additional credits will use computer software tools to evaluate aspects of whole-farm nutrient and environmental management on case study farms, with data collection and analysis continuing throughout the semester.

AN SC 414 Ethics and Animal Science
Fall. 2 credits. Enrollment limited to 20 students, juniors and seniors only. Lec, M 12:20, disc, T 12:20-1:10. One Saturday morning, required farm tour. D. J. R. Cherney.
AN SC 420 Quantitative Animal Genetics
Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisite: AN SC 221 or equivalent. Limited to 30 students. Lecs, M W F 9:05. J. A. Peterson. The course covers the fundamentals of quantitative genetics, emphasizing the use of mathematics and statistical techniques in animal science research. The course includes an introduction to the theory of genetics, genetic variation, and the quantitative analysis of genetic data. 

AN SC 425 Gamete Physiology and Fertilization
Fall. 2 credits. Limited to 50 students. Prerequisite: AN SC 300 or equivalent. Offered alternate years. Lecs, T 12:20-1:10. W. B. Currie. This course focuses on the structure and function of gametes, fertilization, and early embryonic development. Students will gain a understanding of the integration and regulation of endocrine and metabolic processes. 

AN SC 427 Fundamentals of Endocrinology
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: animal or human physiology or permission of instructor. Lecs, M W F 9:05. P. A. Johnson. Physiology and regulation of endocrine secretions. Neuroendocrine, reproductive, growth, and metabolic aspects of endocrinology are emphasized. Examples are selected from many animals, including humans. 

AN SC 456 Dairy Management Fellowship
Spring. 2 credits. Limited to seniors. Prerequisite: AN SC 351 and 355, and permission of instructor. S-U grades only. Hours TBA. D. M. Galton and T. Batchelder. The program is designed for undergraduates who have a sincere interest in dairy farm management. Objectives are to gain further understanding of the integration and application of dairy farm management principles and programs with respect to progressive dairying and related industries. 

AN SC 494 Special Topics in Animal Science
Fall or spring. 4 credits maximum. Prerequisite: undergraduate standing. S-U grades optional. Staff. The department teaches "trial" courses under this number. Offerings vary by semester and will be advertised by the department. Courses offered under the number will be approved by the department curriculum committee, and the same course will not be offered more than twice under this number.

AN SC 496 Introduction to Research
Fall. 1 credit. S-U grades only. Required of students undertaking Honors in Animal Science. Open to Honors students in other programs and those planning to pursue research, by permission of the instructor. Lecs, M 12:20-1:10. W. B. Currie. An exposure to the world of scientific research; identifying problems, devising hypotheses, realistic research plans; scientific writings and other forms of communication, including the publicizing of science; finding and managing reference materials; cost of research, funding, and beneficiaries; obligations imposed by society and regulatory agencies; responsibilities and freedom in science; ethical issues that affect scientists—interactions between sponsors, investigators, professors, trainees, and others. Students make oral presentations and prepare brief items of technical writing.

AN SC 497 Individual Study in Animal Science
Fall or spring. 1-3 credits; may be repeated for credit. Intended for students in animal sciences. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Students must register with an Independent Study form (available in 140 Roberts Hall). S-U grades optional. Staff. May include individual tutorial study or a lecture topic selected by a professor. Since topics may change, the course may be repeated for credit.

AN SC 498 Undergraduate Teaching
Fall or spring. 1, 2, or 3 credits; limited to 2 experiences during undergraduate career. Limited to students with a GPA of at least 2.7. Students must register with an Independent Study form (available in 140 Roberts Hall). Designed to consolidate the student's knowledge. A participating student assists in teaching a course allied with the student's education and experience. The student is expected to meet regularly with a discussion or laboratory section, to gain teaching experience, and regularly to discuss teaching objectives, techniques, and subject matter with the professor in charge.

AN SC 499 Undergraduate Research
Fall or spring. 6 credits maximum during undergraduate career. Limited to students who have earned 6 or more undergraduate research credits elsewhere in the college. Limited to juniors and seniors with a GPA of at least 2.7. Students must register with an Independent Study form (available in 140 Roberts Hall). Affords opportunities for students to carry out independent research under appropriate supervision. Each student is expected to review pertinent literature, prepare a project outline, conduct the research, and prepare a report.

AN SC 501 Amino Acids (also NS 601)
Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisites: physiology, biochemistry, and nutrition. Lecs, W F 12:20. Offered alternate years. Next offered spring 2002. S-U grades only. R. E. Armstrong. A course emphasizing the dynamic aspects of protein digestion and absorption, amino acid transport and amino acid and nitrogen metabolism, and their relationships to the nutritional requirements for amino acids.

AN SC 603 Mineral Nutrition: Metabolic, Health, and Environmental Aspects (also NS 603)
Fall. 2 credits. Prerequisites: biochemistry, physiology, and nutrition. Lecs T 2:20-4:25. Offered alternate years. Next offered fall 2000, 2002; not offered fall 2001. X. G. Lei and G. F. Combs Jr. This course focuses on the metabolic roles and environmental impacts of mineral nutrition in animal, human, and food systems. Team-taught lectures include general biochemical and physiological aspects of mineral metabolism and specific mechanisms of gene expression, regulation, and mammal health disorders associated with individual elements.

AN SC 604 Vitamins (also NS 604)
Fall. 2 credits. Lecs, T R 10:10. G. F. Combs, Jr. Text-based discussion sessions on nutritional aspects of the vitamins, including recent developments in nutritional and biochemical interrelationships with other nutrients and metabolites.

AN SC 606 Ruminant Nutrition: Microbial Ecology and Forage Chemistry

AN SC 610 Seminar
Fall and spring. 1 credit. S-U grades only. Students attend a weekly seminar on topics related to animal science. The requirement for an S grade is to regularly attend seminars during the semester. 

AN SC 619 Field of Nutrition Seminar
Fall and spring. No credit. No grades given. Lectures on current research in nutrition. 

AN SC 620 Seminar in Animal Breeding
Fall and spring. 1 credit. Limited to graduate students with a major or minor in animal breeding. S-U grades only. Hours TBA. 

AN SC 621 Seminar: Endo/Reprod Biology
Fall and spring. 1 credit. Prerequisites: permission of instructor. Registration limited to graduate students. S-U grades only. Lecs, W 4:00. W. R. Butler and staff. Current research in reproductive physiology is presented by staff members, graduate students, and visitors. 

AN SC 625 Nutritional Toxicology (also TOX 625)
Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisites: biochemistry and nutrition courses. S-U grades optional. Lecs, M W F 1:25-2:15; lab/disc, W 2:30-4:25. D. J. Brown. Exploration of toxicological principles and a selective survey of natural food and feed toxicants. At the end of this course, students will understand relationships between nutrition and toxicology; be prepared to conduct research concerning the effects of naturally occurring toxicants; and be able to use multimedia to present their understanding.
of a class of toxicants. Occasionally, the class will take walking field trips. In addition, students will read printed and electronic communications and create STELLA simulation models and a list of web pages related to a specific family of toxicants.

**AN SC 630 Bioenergetics/Nutritional Physiology**

An integrated systems approach to the nutritional physiology and energy metabolism of productive animals. Emphasis on extracellular regulation of tissue and organ metabolism of specific nutrients in relation to pregnancy, lactation, and growth. Critical discussion of techniques and approaches to the study of animal bioenergetics.

**AN SC 640 Individual Study in Animal Science**
Fall or spring. 1 or more credits. S-U grades optional. Hours TBA. Staff.

Study of topics in animal science more advanced than, or different from, other courses. Subject matter depends on interests of students and availability of staff.

**AN SC 650 Molecular Techniques for Animal Biologists**

A laboratory course designed for students with little or no experience with techniques in molecular biology. Emphasis will be on modern techniques used in conducting research in animal-related sciences such as nutrition, physiology, pharmacology, and immunology (e.g., subcloning, mutagenesis of DNA, RT-PCR, analysis of gene expression, protein expression). Lectures will introduce laboratory exercises and supplement laboratory topics. Students will perform an independent project requiring time outside scheduled laboratories and will give a scientific presentation.

**AN SC 694 Special Topics in Animal Science**
Fall or spring. 4 credits maximum. Prerequisite: graduate standing. S-U grades optional.

The department teaches "trial" courses under the same course will not be offered more than twice during the same academic year. Offerings vary by semester and will be advertised by the department. Courses offered under the number will be approved by the department curriculum committee, and the course name will not be offered more than twice under this number.

**AN SC 720 Advanced Quantitative Genetics**

This course covers statistical methods used in a variety of problems in the quantitative genetics of animal populations. The initial focus is the estimation of breeding values for purposes of ranking animals for selection. The core of the course is the mixed linear model; linear estimators and predictors are treated extensively. The importance of appropriate modeling is emphasized. Generalizations to nonlinear models, via Bayesian principles, are made, i.e., inferences from posterior distributions."

**AN SC 800 Master's-Level Thesis Research**
Fall or spring. Credit TBA. maximum 12 credits/semester. Prerequisite: permission of adviser. S-U grades only. Graduate faculty.

For students admitted specifically to a Master's program.

**AN SC 900 Graduate-Level Thesis Research**
Fall or spring. Credit TBA. maximum 12 credits/semester. Prerequisite: permission of adviser. S-U grades only. Graduate faculty.

For students in a Ph.D. program only before the "A" exam has been passed.

**AN SC 901 Doctoral-Level Thesis Research**
Fall or spring. Credit to be arranged. maximum 12 credits/semester. Prerequisite: permission of adviser. S-U grades only. Graduate faculty.

For students admitted to candidacy after the "A" exam has been passed.

**Related Courses in Other Departments**

**Introductory Animal Physiology (BIOAP 311)**
Introductory Animal Physiology Laboratory (BIOAP 319)

**Milk Quality (FOOD 351)**
Agriculture in the Developing Nations (INTAG 602)

**Lipids (NS 602)**

**Basic Immunology, Lectures (BIOG 305)**

**BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES**

The program of study in biology is offered by the Office of Undergraduate Biology. For course descriptions, see the section on Biological Sciences.

**BIOLOGY & SOCIETY**

The undergraduate major field of study in biology and society is offered through the Department of Science and Technology Studies. For a full description of courses which fulfill field requirements, go to the Biology and Society listing under 'Special Programs and Interdisciplinary Studies' in this publication.

**BIOMETRY AND STATISTICS**

N. S. Alman, chair, G. Casella, C. Castillo-Chavez, M. Contreras, R. Lloyd, R. Nielsen, S. J. Schwager

The Department of Biometrics in Statistical Science offers the following courses in Biometry and Statistics. Students need to register under Course Listings: College of Agriculture and Life Sciences—Biometry and Statistics.

**BTRY 90 Introductory to Biomathematics**
Spring. 1 credit. S-U grades optional. Prerequisite: 1 year of college-preparatory high school algebra.

An introductory course on the use of mathematics, computing, probability, and statistics in the biological sciences. Through the course, biological samples are used to develop quantitative ideas. Topics, which may change from semester to semester, will be selected from those covered in Biomtry 101. Each semester, a selection of topics from a list that includes basic statistics and probability, curve fitting, elementary matrix algebra, differentiation, integration, and difference and differential equations, will be taught. The course will meet twice a week for 50 minutes. Each class will be followed by a computer laboratory for an hour and fifteen minutes, where the students will use Mathematica, a symbolic mathematics and graphics package, to illustrate and expand the concepts covered in class.

**BTRY 100 Statistics and the World We Live In (also STBTRY 100)**
Fall. 3 credits.

Major concepts and approaches of statistics are presented at an introductory level. Three broad areas are covered: collecting data, organizing data, and drawing conclusions from data. Topics include sampling, statistical experimentation and design, measurement, tables, graphs, measures of center and spread, probability, the normal curve, confidence intervals, and statistical tests.

**BTRY 101 Introduction to Biometry I**
Spring. 4 credits. S-U grades optional.

Prerequisites: pre-calculus.

An introductory survey course in the use of mathematics, computing, and probability and statistics in the biological sciences. Case studies are used to develop the ideas of statistics, curve fitting, elementary matrix algebra, basic probability, and differentiation. Selected topics in differential and difference equations and integration will also be covered. A symbolic mathematics and graphics package (e.g., Maple or Mathematica) will be taught and used throughout the course.

**BTRY 102 Introduction to Biometry II**
Fall. 4 credits. S-U grades optional.

Prerequisite: BTRY 101 or 2 semesters of calculus.

This course is the continuation of Biometry 101. It provides a more in-depth view of the use of mathematics, computing, and probability and statistics in the biological sciences. Topics covered include discrete and continuous models, applications of differential and integral calculus, optimization methods, matrix algebra, and Markov models.

**BTRY 261 Statistical Methods I (also STBTRY 261)**
Fall. 4 credits. Letter only. Prerequisite: BTRY 100 (formerly 200) or prior experience in data collection and interpretation. Limited to undergraduates.

Statistical methods are introduced and used to analyze data arising from a wide variety of applications. Topics include descriptive statistics, point and interval estimation, hypothesis testing, inference for a single
population, comparisons between two populations, one- and two-way analysis of variance, analysis of categorical data, and correlation and regression analysis. Interactive computing is introduced through MINITAB statistical software. Emphasis is on basic principles and criteria for selection of statistical techniques. The lectures may cover topics with BTRY 401, sections, homeworks, and exams are administered separately.

**BTRY 302 Statistical Methods II (also STBTRY 302)**

Spring. 4 credits. Letter only. Prerequisite: BTRY 261 or BTRY 601. Limited to undergraduates.

A continuation of BTRY 261. Emphasis is on the use of multiple regression analysis, analysis of variance and related techniques to analyze data in a variety of situations. Topics include least squares estimation, multiple regression, model selection techniques, detection of influential points, goodness-of-fit criteria, principles of experimental design, analysis of variance for a number of designs including multway factorial, nested, and split plot designs, comparing two or more regression lines, and an overview of covariance. Emphasis is on the appropriate design of studies prior to data collection and the appropriate application and interpretation of statistical techniques. For practical applications, computing is done with the SAS statistical package. The lectures co-meet with BTRY 602. Homeworks and exams are administered separately.

**BTRY 400 Biometry Seminar (also STBTRY 400)**

Fall and spring 1 credit. S-U grades only. Prerequisite: BTRY 402, OR 409, or 602, or permission of instructor.

Students will attend a weekly seminar, the Biometrics Unit Discussion Series. Can be taken concurrently with BTRY 600 only with permission of instructor. Students can only take course twice.

**BTRY 408 Theory of Probability (also STBTRY 408)**

Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: MATH 112, 122, or 192, or permission of instructor.

An introduction to probability theory: foundations, combinatorics, random variables and their probability distributions, expectations, generating functions, and limit theory. Biological and statistical applications are the focus. Can serve as either a one-semester introduction to probability or a foundation for a course in the theory of statistics.

**BTRY 409 Theory of Statistics (also STBTRY 409)**

Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: BTRY 408 or equivalent.

The concepts developed in BTRY 408 are applied to provide an introduction to the classical theory of parametric statistical inference. Topics include sampling distributions, parameter estimation, hypothesis testing, and linear regression.

**BTRY 421 Matrix Computation**

Spring. 4 credits. Letter only. Prerequisite: pre-calculus. M. Contreras.

Introductory course in matrix computations that reviews linear algebra (vector spaces, linear independence) and emphasizes a matrix approach to solving systems (LU-factorization, QR-decomposition, SVD, Schur complements) and the role of the condition number of a matrix. Positive definite matrices, eigenvalues, and their applications in modeling will be discussed. Weekly homework assignments and a course project design to teach numerical and statistical simulations in Matlab using the theory of matrices are required.

**BTRY 451 Mathematical Modeling of Populations**

Fall. 3 credits. S-U grades optional. Prerequisites: MATH 112, BTRY 408, or equivalent. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000-2001.

This course will emphasize stochastic and deterministic models relevant to population genetics and population biology. Computer simulations and use of mathematical packages will be an integral part of the course.

**BTRY 494 Undergraduate Special Topics in Biometry and Statistics (also STBTRY 494)**

Fall or spring. 1-3 credits. S-U grades optional.

A course of lectures selected by the faculty. Because topics usually change from year to year, this course may be repeated for credit.

**BTRY 495 Statistical Consulting (also STBTRY 495)**

Spring. 2 credits. S-U grades only. Limited to undergraduates. Prerequisites or corequisites: BTRY 302 or 602 and 409 and permission of instructor.

Participation in the Department of Biometrics consulting service: faculty-supervised statistical consulting with researchers from other disciplines. Discussion sessions for joint consideration of selected consultations encountered during previous weeks.

**BTRY 497 Undergraduate Individual Study in Biometry and Statistics (also STBTRY 497)**

Fall and spring. 1-3 credits. S-U grades optional. Students must register with an Independent Study form (available in 140 Roberts Hall).

Consists of individual tutorial study selected by the faculty. Because topics usually change from year to year, this course may be repeated for credit.

**BTRY 498 Undergraduate Supervised Teaching (also STBTRY 498)**

Fall and spring. 2 credits. S-U grades optional. Students must register with an Independent Study form (available in 140 Roberts Hall).

Students assist in teaching a course appropriate to their previous training. Students will meet with a discussion or laboratory section and regularly discuss objectives with the course instructor.

**BTRY 499 Undergraduate Research (also STBTRY 499)**

Fall or spring. 1-3 credits. S-U grades optional. Limited to statistics and biometry undergraduates. Prerequisite: permission of faculty member directing research.

Students assist in teaching a course appropriate to their previous training. Students will meet with a discussion or laboratory section and regularly discuss objectives with the course instructor.

**BTRY 500 Statistics Seminar (also STBTRY 500)**

Fall and spring. 4 credits. Limited to graduate students; others by permission of instructor. Prerequisite: BTRY 601 or equivalent.

A continuation of BTRY 601. Emphasis is on the use of multiple regression analysis, analysis of variance, and related techniques to analyze data in a variety of situations. Topics include an introduction to data collection techniques, least squares estimation, multiple regression; model selection techniques; detection of influential points, goodness-of-fit criteria; principles of experimental design; analysis of variance for a number of designs, including multi-way factorial, nested, and split plot designs; comparing two or more regression lines; and analysis of covariance. Emphasis is on appropriate design of studies prior to data collection, and the appropriate application and interpretation of statistical techniques. For practical applications, computing is done with the MINITAB and SAS statistical packages.

**BTRY 603 Statistical Methods III (also STBTRY 603)**

Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: BTRY 601 and 602 or permission of instructor.

Offered alternate years. Not offered spring 2002.

Categorical data analysis, including logistic regression, loglinear models, stratified tables, matched pairs analysis, polytomous response and ordinal data. Applications in biomedical and social sciences.

**BTRY 604 Statistical Methods IV: Applied Design (also STBTRY 604)**

Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: BTRY 601 and 602 or permission of instructor.

Offered alternate years. Not offered spring 2002.

Applications of experimental design including such advanced designs as split plots, incomplete blocks, fractional factors. Use of the computer for both design and analysis will be stressed, with emphasis on solutions of real data problems.

**BTRY 639 Epidemiology Seminar (also STBTRY 639)**


This course will develop skills in the preparation and interpretation of epidemiological data by discussing current research topics and issues.

**BTRY 662 Mathematical Ecology (also STBTRY 662)**

Mathematical and statistical analysis of populations and communities: theory and methods. Spatial and temporal pattern analysis, deterministic and stochastic models of population dynamics. Model formulation, parameter estimation, and simulation and analytical techniques.

**BTRY 672 Topics in Environmental Statistics (also STBTRY 672)**
Fall and spring. 2 credits. S-U grades optional. Prerequisite: BTRY 601 or permission of the instructor.
This course is a discussion group focusing on statistical problems arising in the environmental sciences. These issues are explored in a number of different ways, such as student presentations of research papers, directed readings, and outside speakers.

**BTRY 682 Statistical Methods for Molecular Biology (also STBTRY 682)**
Fall. 2 credits. S-U only. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001.
Statistical and mathematical topics of current interest in molecular biology: genetic mapping, physical mapping, DNA sequence analysis, phylogenetic inference, population modeling. Topics may vary.

**BTRY 694 Graduate Special Topics in Biometry and Statistics (also STBTRY 694)**
Fall or spring. 1–3 credits. S-U grades optional. A course of lectures selected by the faculty. Because topics usually change from year to year, this course may be repeated for credit.

**BTRY 697 Individual Graduate Study in Biometry and Statistics (also STBTRY 697)**
Fall, spring, or summer. 1–3 credits. S-U grades optional. Consists of individual tutorial study selected by the faculty. Because topics usually change from year to year, this course may be repeated for credit.

**BTRY 717 Linear and Generalized Linear Models (also STBTRY 717)**
Statistical modeling and inference using linear models and generalized linear models. Estimation by least squares, maximum likelihood, quasi-likelihood and generalized estimating equations. The use of link functions and generalized linear models to accommodate nonlinear models and non-normally distributed data. The use of random effects to accommodate correlation structures in both linear mixed models and generalized linear mixed models and to model longitudinal data. Some use of software packages and illustrative examples.

**BTRY 795 Statistical Consulting (also STBTRY 795)**
Spring. 2 credits. S-U grades only. Limited to graduate students. Prerequisite or corequisite: BTRY 402 and BTRY 409 or equivalent.
Participation in the Department of Biometrics consulting service: faculty supervised statistical consulting with researchers from other disciplines. Discussion sessions for joint consideration of selected consultations encountered by the services during previous weeks. Since consultations usually change from semester to semester, the course may be repeated for credit.
COMM 230 Visual Communication
An introduction to visual communication theory. Course examines how visuals influence our attention, perspectives, and understanding. Examples of visuals drawn from advertising, TV news, documentaries, entertainment movies, print and interactive media are used to develop a theoretical framework for becoming more visually aware and for thinking more critically about how visuals influence us.

COMM 240 Communication Systems and Technology
A. P. Chan.
An exploration of the nature of communication systems and technologies. Topics include a brief history of communication and information technologies, descriptions of the uses, and impacts of technologies within the social system, and an introduction to electronic message design and construction.

COMM 250 Newswriting for Newspapers
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to 25 students.
Writing and analyzing news stories. A study of the elements that make news, sources of news, interviewing, writing style and structure, press problems, and press-society relations. Concentration on newswriting as practiced by newspapers in the United States. Two writing assignments each week, one done in class, one done out of class.

COMM 260 Science Writing for Public Information
Fall, spring, or summer. 3 credits. Limited to 25 nonfreshman or graduate students per section. Prerequisite: one college-level writing course. Lecs. M W 9:05-9:55; Lec. 02, M W F 10:10-11:00; Spring: Lec 01, M W F 9:05-9:55 or Lec 02, M W F 1:25-2:15. L. Cowdery.
An intensive course in simplifying scientific and technical material for specific audiences within the general public. Weekly assignments include instructions, descriptions, explanations, and summaries in such formats as the newsletter, brochure, and report. Audience analysis will be emphasized. Not oriented to the mass media.

COMM 263 Organizational Writing
Fall, spring, or summer. 3 credits. Limited to 25 junior, senior, or graduate students per section. Prerequisite: any college-level writing course. Lec. 01, M W F 10:10-11:00, Lec 02, M W F 11:15-12:05. L. VanBuskirk and staff.
Students write as members of different organizations, and as representatives of business, government, community, and other interests. Emphasis is on adapting tone to the audience and to the purpose of the message. Writing assignments include reports, memoranda, proposals, and letters. Assignments are based on cases developed from current web sites.

COMM 272 Principles of Public Relations and Advertising
Summer. 3 credits. Not open to freshmen. Staff.
Survey of the fields of public relations and advertising. Descriptions of organizations, jobs, and functions in the industry. The roles of public relations and advertising in society, the economic system, and organizations. Psychological and sociological principles as bases for appeals. Strategies for media selection and message execution. Introduction to research and regulation.

COMM 282 Communication Industry Research
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: COMM 116, 120, 121. Lec., M W 12:20-1:10; labs, F 9:05-11:00, F 12:20-2:15, or R 9:05-11:00. D. Scheufele.
Public opinion polls, readership/viewership studies, audience segmentation techniques, and media and message effect evaluation are all widely used in communication industries. This course covers the use of basic research design, measurement, sampling, and simple descriptive statistics in conducting these studies.

COMM 284 Sex, Gender, and Communication
Fall. 3 credits. Not open to freshmen. T R 2:55-4:10. L. VanBuskirk.
The course explores the personal, career, social, and economic implications of gender categories. Topics considered include theories of gender construction, social structures, personal relationships, and gender concerns in the workplace.

COMM 285 Communication in Life Sciences (also S&TS 285)
Spring. 3 credits. M W F 10:10-11:05.
B. Lewenstein.
Environmental problems, public health issues, scientific research—in each of these areas, communication plays a fundamental role. From the mass media to individual conversations, from technical journals to textbooks, from lab notes to the web, communication helps define social issues and research findings. This course examines the institutional and intellectual contexts, processes, and practical constraints on communication in the life sciences.

COMM 289 Business and Professional Speaking
Fall, spring, or summer. 3 credits. Prerequisite: COMM 201. Limited to second term sophomores, juniors, and seniors during fall and spring. Lec. M W 11:15-12:05; sec, T 2:20-4:25; W 1:25-3:20; R 10:10-12:05. B. Earle.
The study and practice of written and oral communication skills used in formal and informal organizations, including interviews, informative and persuasive speeches, reports, and discussions. Students exercise and enhance the organizational, analytical, and presentation skills needed in particular settings suited to their own business and professional careers.

COMM 303 Speech and Debate Practicum
Fall and spring. 2 credits. Limited to 10-15 Program in Speech and Debate members only; permission of instructor and completion of 1-year trial basis. Hours TBA. P. Sterzing.
Students will learn preparation for practice in CEDA (Cross Examination Debate Association) debate, Lincoln Douglas debate, or individual speaking events. The class will be divided into four groups according to level of experience, therefore it may be repeated to a maximum of eight credits.

COMM 330 Communication Technologies and Management of Information
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: COMM 240.
Appropriate use of communication and information technologies can facilitate the coordination, control, and management of information. This course surveys existing theories and practice of information management, integrating insights cutting across communication, economics, management science, and sociology.

COMM 350 Writing for Magazines
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: any college-level writing course. Limited to 25 juniors, seniors, and graduate students, or others with permission of instructor. Not offered 2000-2001. Extended out-of-class writing assignments. Fall: M 1:25-4:25; W 12:20-2:15; Staff.
A course in nonfiction freelance writing for magazines. Intensive fact writing to help students communicate more effectively through the medium of the printed word in magazines. Art and techniques of good writing are studied; magazines in many fields of interest are reviewed. All articles are analyzed and returned to the student to rewrite and submit to a magazine.

COMM 352 Science Writing for the Mass Media (also S&TS 352)
Fall. 3 credits. Not open to freshmen. Limited to 24 students. Prerequisite: 1 college-level writing course. Lecs. M W 9:05, lab, W 12:20-2:15; B. Lewenstein.
How to write about science, technology, and medicine for the mass media. Discussion topics include accuracy, simplicity, comprehensiveness, risk communication, and the history and social structure of science. Writing assignments focus on writing news and feature stories for newspapers and magazines, with excursions into newsletters, radio, TV, and other media.

COMM 353 Science Writing Practicum
Spring. 1 credit. Prerequisite: COMM 260, COMM/S&TS 352, ENG. 350 or permission of instructor. Hours TBA. Offered even-numbered years. B. Lewenstein.
Students will cover the annual meeting of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, held in February each year. Before the meeting, students will review science writing techniques and issues. At the meeting, students will meet with science writers and attend press conferences and scientific sessions. Students will write at least two stories. Students responsible for all costs of travel, lodging, and meals.

COMM 368 Text Editing and Management
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to 25 junior, sophomore, or graduate students. Prerequisite: COMM 250, 260, 263, 350 or 352; M W 12:20-1:10. L. Cowdery.
How to guide a manuscript from draft to presentation. Topics include production, copy editing and design, and editorial decision making. Publications include books, magazines, newsletters, and promotional and educational materials for...
internal and external use. Appropriate for those who will oversee publications as part of their work.

COMM 376 Planning Communication Campaigns
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: COMM 282 or equivalent social research course (may be taken concurrently). T R 10:10-11:25.
D. Scheufele.
Overviews theories that guide and influence social change efforts. Research techniques and communication tools used in communication planning and campaign design are reviewed. Class discussion focuses on social change efforts in nutrition and health, rural development, marketing, and the environment. Students work closely with a client in designing a communication campaign.

COMM 380 Independent Honors Research in Social Science
Fall or spring. 1-6 credits. Limited to undergraduates who have met the requirements for the honors program. R. Ostman and C. Scherer.

COMM 388 Issues in Teaching Communication
Fall credit. Prerequisite: must be past or current undergraduate teaching assistant for COMM 201, 204, or 301. Alternate M 7:30-9:10 p.m. K. Berggren.
This seminar brings together novice educators to discuss ideas, experiences, and practice. Integration of theory into actual education efforts is challenging for professional educators. Novice teachers are not aware of their common experiences, much less of a theoretical component to education. In discussions of actual teaching experiences, literature reviews, research reports, textbook chapters, curriculum, and evaluation tools, we will examine new ideas and practices. The primary goal of the seminar is to enrich and deepen the novice teaching experience.

COMM 405 Community Service Practicum
Fall and spring. 2 credits. May be repeated for credit. Limited to 10-15 Program in Speech and Debate members; permission of instructor required. Hours TBA. P. Stepp.
Students share their communication talents in structured experiences in which they design and implement a speech or debate project in local schools or the community.

COMM 410 Organizational Behavior and Communication
Fall. 3 credits. Labs limited to 15 junior, senior, or graduate students. Prerequisite: COMM 116 or equivalent.LEC, M W F 11:15-12:05. Sec 04, T 12:20-1:10; Sec 05, F 12:20-1:15. M. Campo.
Study of management and leadership in formal organizations with emphasis on the psychology of communication between supervisor and employee; examination of formal and informal communication networks, and interpersonal communication in an organizational context. Case studies analyzed in lab.

COMM 411 Leadership from a Communication Perspective
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 30 students. Lec, T 1:25-2:15. P. Repo.
Leadership is a product of human communication. Leadership competency can be increased by increasing communication competence. Leadership theories, particularly transformational leadership, will be studied, and gender/ethnic group differences will be stressed. Practical application will include leadership exercises and observation of leaders.

COMM 412 Communication Leadership Lab
Spring. 1 credit. Concurrent enrollment in COMM 411 required. Hours TBA. P. Stepp.
This course will provide laboratory experience in leadership and the methods used to analyze leadership in an organization. Students will take turns serving as a group leader of six to eight students in applying leadership theories to study leadership styles, leader-follower relations, organizational culture, and leadership competencies in an organization.

COMM 418 Communication and Persuasion
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to juniors and seniors only. Prerequisite: COMM 116 and 120 or introductory psychology or social psychology. T R 10:10-11:40. M. Campo.
The course focuses on theories of communication's influence on persuasion and attitude change. Students will become familiar with a variety of social-psychological theories of attitude change and persuasion. Those theories also will be applied to a variety of communication situations including mass communication, advertising, public relations/public information, and interpersonal communication. Lectures concurrent with COMM 618: graduate students should enroll in COMM 618.

COMM 420 Public Opinion and Social Processes
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to juniors and seniors only. Lec, T R 10:10-11:25. M. Campo.
The course provides an overview of the theoretical and applied literature related to the concept, "public opinion." Students investigate how public opinion is perceived and acted upon by society by studying relations between public opinion, communication, and social psychological variables are examined. Public opinion is studied using current theoretical and practical applications. Analysis and interpretation of public opinion polls and trends in public opinion on specific issues. Lectures concurrent with COMM 620: graduate students should enroll in COMM 620.

COMM 421 Communication and the Environment
Students will investigate how values, attitudes, social structure, and communication affect public perceptions of environmental risk and public opinion about the environment. A primary focus will be mass media's impact in public perceptions of the environment, how the media portrays the environment, and discussion of the implications of public consumption of environmental content.

COMM 422 Psychology of Television
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: introductory psychology or COMM 120. M W F 12:20-1:10 (one evening mid-semester prelab). M. Shapiro.
A survey of knowledge about the psychological influence of television and other audiovisual communication technologies. Topics may include: the history of concerns about television and movies, who watches television and why, how people understand and mentally process television, how television influences thinking and emotions, the effects of various forms (including entertainment, news, and advertising), the future forms of mass media including multimedia and virtual reality. Lectures concurrent with COMM 622; graduate students should enroll in COMM 622.

COMM 424 Communication in the Developing Nations
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to juniors and seniors. Lec, T 1:25-2:35; lab, T 2:35-4:25.
R. Colle.
The role of communication in development programs, particularly in the Third World. Emphasis is on communication interventions in agriculture, health, nutrition, family planning and community development, and especially on methods for designing communication strategies for reaching low-income rural people. Among the approaches considered are extension, social marketing, and development support communication. Lectures concurrent with COMM 624; graduate students should enroll in COMM 624.

COMM 426 Impact of Communication Technologies
B. Lewenstein.
Examine emerging technologies of communication, such as computer-based information systems and satellites and their potential for influencing communication processes and social systems. Also examines the impacts of previous communication innovations from cave painting to television. Meets with COMM 626; graduate students should enroll in COMM 626.

COMM 428 Communication Law
Spring. 3 credits. Offered even-numbered years. Limited to junior, senior, and graduate students; others by permission of the instructor. Lec, M W 11:15-12:05. D. Grossman.
A practical survey of the law governing mass media, primarily for those working in the field. Coverage includes restraints on news gathering and publication, privacy, defamation, copyright, broadcast and cable regulation, access, electronic media, and other issues of current interest.

COMM 429 Legal Issues in Business and Electronic Communication
The increase in commercial use of the Internet and new types of interactive electronic media in business create unique contexts for applying traditional principles of law. This course will examine the rights and responsibilities of parties involved in electronic communication, including information security (guaranteeing confidentiality and effective record-keeping), electronic contracts and EDI, rights in information (copyrights, trade secrets, trademarks, and patents), regulation of information content (pornography and advertising) and regulation of on-line conduct (criminal liability and civil exposure).

COMM 439 Interactive Multimedia: Design and Research Issues
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Lec, T 11:40-12:55; lab 01, T 1:25-2:15; lab 02, R 1:25-2:15. G. Gay.
COMM 440 Computer-Mediated Communication: Theory and Practice
Spring. 3 credits. Permission of instructor.
Letter grade only. Lec. T. 12:20-2:15, lab 01, T. 11:15-12:05; lab 02, R. 11:15-12:05.
G. Gay.
Course will focus on the design of computer interfaces and software from the user's point of view. The goal is to teach user interface designs that "serve human needs" while building feelings of competence, confidence, and satisfaction. Topics include formal models of people and interactions, collaborative design issues, psychological and philosophical design considerations, and cultural and social issues. Lectures concurrent with COMM 640; graduate students should enroll in COMM 650.

COMM 446 Public Communication of Science and Technology (also S&TS 446)
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to 15 students. Prerequisite: COMM 352 or 360, or Engineering 350, or permission of instructor. Offered even numbered years.
Explore the structure, meanings, and implications of "public communication of science and technology" (PCST). Examine the contexts in which PCST occurs, look at motivations and constraints of those involved in producing information about science for nonprofessional audiences, analyze the functions of "PCST." TIE existing ideas about PCST to general communication research, and learn how to develop new knowledge about PCST. Course format is primarily seminar/discussion.

COMM 476 Communication Fellows Program
Spring. 2 credits. M 2:55-4:10. Prerequisites: permission of instructor; limited to communication seniors selected based on goals and academic preparation.
B. O. Earle.
A series of lectures, seminars and guest speakers exploring the planning, evaluation and policy-making process. Includes a three-day trip to a metropolitan area to visit corporate leaders, administrative agencies, and policymakers. Fee charged.

COMM 486 Risk Communication
Spring. 3 credits. T R 1:25-2:40. C. Scherer.
An examination of theory and research related to the communication of scientific information about environmental, agricultural, food, health, and nutritional risks. Course will concentrate on social theories related to risk perception and behavior, and studies involving pesticide residues, waste management, water quality, environmental hazards, and personal health behaviors will be examined. Emphasis will be placed on understanding and developing theories of risk communication. Lectures concurrent with COMM 686; graduate students should enroll in COMM 686.

COMM 490 Senior Thesis in Communication
Fall. Spring. 3 credits; may be repeated for a total of 6 credits. Communication majors only. Staff.
Seniors conduct research based on a thesis proposal. Supervision provided by a member of the Communication graduate faculty. Thesis will be reviewed by faculty readers before approval.

COMM 494 Special Topics in Communication
Fall, spring, or summer. 1-3 credits variable. S-U grades optional. Prerequisite: permission of instructor.
Study of topics in communication not otherwise provided by department course and determined by the interest of the faculty and students.

COMM 496 Internship
Fall, spring, summer, and intersession. 1-3 credits. Students must apply no later than the spring pre-course enrollment period for a fall internship, or the fall pre-course enrollment period for a spring or summer internship.
Prerequisites: limited to communication juniors or seniors, 3.0 average in communication courses, and approval of academic advisor. S-U grades only.
Structured, on-the-job learning experience under supervision of communication professionals in a cooperating organization. Maximum of six credits total may be earned; no more than three per internship but flexibility allows six for one credit each, three for two credits each, or two for three credits each. Internships must be approved in advance by the student's academic advisor and must be supervised by a communication professional in fields of public relations, advertising, publishing, or broadcasting. Minimum of 60 on-the-job hours per credit required.

COMM 497 Individual Study in Communication
Fall or spring. 1-3 credits; may be repeated for a total of 6 credits with different courses.
Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not available to seniors.
Individual study under faculty supervision. Course will focus on theories and practical applications.

COMM 498 Communication Teaching Experience
Fall or spring. 1-3 credits; may be repeated for a total of 6 credits with different courses.
Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Limited to Juniors and Seniors.
Undergraduate students desiring classroom teaching experience. Prerequisite: 3.0 cumulative average (2.7 if teaching assistant for a skill development course) and permission of the faculty member who will supervise the work and assign the grade. Students must register with an Independent Study form (available in 140 Roberts Hall). Periodic meetings with the instructor cover realization of course objectives, evaluation of teaching methods, and student feedback. In addition to aiding with the actual instruction, each student prepares a paper on some aspect of the course.

COMM 499 Independent Research
Fall or spring. 1-3 credits; may be repeated for a total of 6 credits. Limited to seniors and graduate students. Prerequisite: 3.0 cumulative average. Students must register with an Independent Study form (available in 140 Roberts Hall). Permits outstanding students to conduct laboratory or field research in communication under appropriate faculty supervision. The research should be scientific: systematic, controlled, empirical. Research goals should include description, prediction, explanation, or policy orientation and should generate new knowledge.

COMM 510 Organizational Behavior and Communication
Fall. 3 credits. Lec. M W 10:10-11:00; sec. TBA. D. Kriskorian.
Study of management and leadership in formal organizations with emphasis on the psychology of communication between supervisor and employee; examination of formal and informal communication networks, and interpersonal communication in an organizational context. Case studies analyzed in lab. Lectures concurrent with COMM 410; graduate students should enroll in COMM 510.

COMM 410 Seminar in Organizational Communication
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: COMM 410/510 or one course in organizational behavior or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000-2001: Lec. M W 11:15-12:05; Lab F 10-11:40, D. Kriskorian.
Examination of contemporary research on the social psychology of interpersonal communication in organizations including supervisor-employee relations, leadership style, work motivation, organizational socialization, and formal and informal communication networks.

COMM 618 Communication and Persuasion
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: introductory research methods course and introductory psychology or social psychology course.
T R 10-11:40, D. Kriskorian.
The course focuses on theories of communication influence on persuasion and attitude change. Students will become familiar with a variety of social-psychological theories of attitude change and persuasion. Theories also will be applied to a variety of communication situations including mass communication, advertising, public relations/public information, and interpersonal communication. Lectures concurrent with COMM 418; graduate students should enroll in COMM 618.

COMM 620 Public Opinion and Social Processes
The course provides an overview of the theoretical and applied literature related to the concept "public opinion." Students investigate how public opinion is perceived and acted upon by society. Relationships between public opinion, communication, and social psychological variables are examined. Public opinion is studied using current theoretical and practical applications. Analysis and interpretation of public opinion polls and trends in public opinion on specific issues. Lectures concurrent with COMM 420; graduate students should enroll in COMM 620.
COMM 622 Psychology of Television
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: introductory psychology or social psychology and introductory research-methods course.
M. W. Shapiro.
A survey of knowledge about the psychological influence of television and other audiovisual communication technologies. Topics may include: the history of concerns about television and movies, who watches television and why, how people understand and mentally process television, how television influences thinking and emotions, the effects of various forms (including entertainment, news, and advertising), the future forms of mass media including multimedia and virtual reality. Lectures concurrent with COMM 422; graduate students should enroll in COMM 622.

COMM 624 Communication in the Developing Nations
Fall. 3 credits. Open to juniors, seniors, and graduate students. Lec, T 12:20-2:15; lab, T 11:15-12:05; lab 02, R 12:20-1:15. G. Gay.
The role of communication in development programs, particularly in Third World nations. Emphasis is on communication interventions in agriculture, health, nutrition, family planning and community development, and especially on the design of communication strategies for reaching low-income rural people. Among the approaches considered are extension, social marketing, and development support communication. Lectures concurrent with COMM 424; graduate students should enroll in COMM 624.

COMM 626 Impact of Communication Technologies
Examines emerging technologies of communication, such as computer-based information systems and satellites and their potential for influencing communication processes and social systems. Also examines the impacts of previous communication innovations from cave painting to television. Meets with COMM 426; graduate students enroll in COMM 626.

COMM 639 Interactive Multimedia: Design Issues
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Lec, T 11:40-12:55; lab 01, T 1:25-2:15; lab 02, R 1:25-2:15. G. Gay.
An overview of multimedia technologies (video, CD-ROM, digital video technologies, computer graphics, and text). Course will focus on theories and research applicable to interactive multimedia such as visualization, learner control, mental models, knowledge representations, and information processing. Course will also emphasize interactive multimedia design, application, and evaluation. Lectures concurrent with COMM 439; graduate students should enroll in COMM 639.

COMM 640 Computer Mediated Communication: Theory and Practice
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Lec, T 12:20-2:15; lab 01, T 11:15-12:05; lab 02, R 11:15-12:05. G. Gay.
Course will focus on the design of computer interfaces and software from the user's point of view. The goal is to teach user interface designers that "needs drive design" while building feelings of competence, confidence, and satisfaction. Topics include formal models of people and interactions, collaborative design issues, psychological and philosophical design concepts, and cultural and social issues. Lectures concurrent with COMM 440; graduate students should enroll in COMM 640.

COMM 641 Human-Computer Interaction
An examination of how people relate to, think about, and think with new communication technologies in schools, homes, and the workplace. Using assigned readings from multiple disciplines, class exercises, field studies, and case studies, students will study and critique aspects of human-computer interaction, social psychology, and other issues that shape the process and effectiveness of designing, implementing, and using computer systems.

COMM 676 Communication Planning for Social and Behavioral Change
Overview theories that guide and influence social change efforts. Research techniques and communication tools used in communication planning and campaign techniques and communication planning and campaign design are reviewed. Course seeks to integrate classical and contemporary theories, and design processes into an integrated communication plan.

COMM 680 Studies in Communication
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to graduate students in communication; others by permission of instructor. M W 8:40-9:55. J. Shanahan.
A review of classical and contemporary readings in communication, including key concepts and areas of investigation. An exploration of the scope of the field, the interrelationships of its various branches, and an examination of the role of theory in the research process.

COMM 681 Advanced Communication Theory
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: COMM 680 or graduate standing and permission of instructor. M W 2:55-4:10 with additional meetings TBA. Staff.
Development of, and contemporary issues in communication theory. Discussion will include the interaction between communication and society, social groupings, and mental processing.

COMM 682 Methods of Communication Research
An analysis of the methods used in communication research. Emphasis on understanding the rationale for survey, textual, experimental, and ethnographic research methods. Development of class research project from research question to final report. Computer use of Statistical Package for the Social Sciences (SPSS) to assist in data analysis. Familiarity with basic statistical concepts helpful.

COMM 683 Quantitative Research Methods in Communication
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: COMM 682 or equivalent. Lectures M 6:00-9:00 p.m. Not offered 2000-2001. Staff.
Experience in quantitative research techniques. The course provides an introduction to inter- and multi-disciplinary research through examination of the procedures, techniques, and assumptions associated with particular techniques of design and measurement, data collection, data preparation, data analysis, and hypothesis testing. Readings include a variety of fields and disciplines in the social and natural sciences.

COMM 685 Training and Development: Theory and Practice (also International Agriculture 685 and EDUC 685)
Analysis, design, conduct, administration, and evaluation of training programs for the development of human resources in small-farm agriculture, rural health and nutrition, literacy and nonformal education, and general community development. Design for scientists, administrators, educator-trainers, and social organizers in rural and agricultural development programs in the United States and abroad.

COMM 686 Risk Communication
Spring. 3 credits. T R 1:25-2:40. C. Scherer.
An examination of theory and research related to the communication of scientific information about environmental, agricultural, food, health, and nutritional risks. Course will concentrate on social theories related to risk perception and behavior. Case studies involving pesticide residues, waste management, water quality, environmental hazards, and personal health behaviors will be examined. Emphasis will be placed on understanding, applying, and developing theories of risk communication. Lectures concurrent with COMM 466; graduate students should enroll in COMM 686.

COMM 691 Seminar: Topics in Communication
Fall and spring. No credit. S-U grades only. Hours TBA. R. Ostman and A. Chan.
Some weeks scholars from a wide variety of fields will present varied topics in theory or research as it relates to communication; other weeks graduate students will present thesis (project) proposals to faculty and peers.

COMM 694 Special Topics in Communication
Fall, spring, or summer. 1-3 credits variable. S-U grades optional. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Hours TBA. Staff. Study of topics in communication not otherwise provided by a department course and determined by the interest of the faculty and students.

COMM 700 MPS Project Research
Fall or spring. 1-6 credits. May be repeated for a maximum of 6 credits. S-U grades only. Prerequisite: permission of committee chair.
Project research for Master of Professional Studies (Communication) students.

COMM 781 Seminar in Psychology of Communication
Spring. 3 credits. Letter grade. Offered odd-numbered years. Prerequisite: COMM 680 and 681 or equivalent graduate level theory in psychology or social psychology. Hours TBA. Not offered 2000-2001. M. Shapiro.
Discussion and analysis of selected current issues in the psychology of communication. Students will discuss and synthesize current research and theory in the mental processing of communication.
Courses by Subject

**COMM 794 Seminar in Communication Issues**
Fall, spring, or summer. 1–3 credits. Letter grade only. Prerequisite: permission of instructor.
Small group study of topical issue(s) in communication not otherwise examined in a graduate field course.

**COMM 797 Graduate Independent Study**
Fall, spring, or summer. 1–3 credits. Letter grade only. Prerequisite: permission of instructor.
Individual study concentrating on locating, assimilating, synthesizing, and reporting existing knowledge on a selected topic.

**COMM 798 Communication Teaching Laboratory**
Fall and spring. 1–3 credits each semester. Letter grade only. May be repeated once. Limited to graduate students. Prerequisite: permission of the faculty member who will supervise the work and assign the grade. Students must use the faculty member's section number to register. Graduate faculty.
Designated primarily for graduate students who want experience in teaching communication courses. Students work with an instructor in developing course objectives and philosophy, planning, and teaching.

**COMM 799 Graduate Research**
Fall, spring, or summer. 1–3 credits. Letter grade only. Prerequisite: appropriate communication graduate course work or permission of instructor.
Small group or individual research based on original, empirical, data-based designs regarding topical issues in communication not otherwise examined in a graduate field course.

**COMM 800 Master's-Level Thesis Research**
Fall or spring. 1–6 credits. May be repeated for a maximum of 6 credits. S-U grades only. Prerequisite: permission of committee chair.
Thesis research for Master of Science (Communication) students.

**COMM 901 Doctoral-Level Dissertation Research**
Fall or spring. 1–9 credits. May be repeated for a maximum of 9 credits. S-U grades only. Prerequisite: completion of "A" exam, permission of committee chair.
Dissertation research for doctoral candidates.

**CROP AND SOIL SCIENCES**


Note: class meeting times are accurate at the time of publication. If changes are necessary, the department will provide new information as soon as possible.

**CSS 798 Communication Teaching Laboratory**
Fall and spring. 1–3 credits each semester. Letter grade only. May be repeated once. Limited to graduate students. Prerequisite: permission of the faculty member who will supervise the work and assign the grade. Students must use the faculty member's section number to register. Graduate faculty.
Designated primarily for graduate students who want experience in teaching communication courses. Students work with an instructor in developing course objectives and philosophy, planning, and teaching.

**CSS 799 Graduate Research**
Fall, spring, or summer. 1–3 credits. Letter grade only. Prerequisite: appropriate communication graduate course work or permission of instructor.
Small group or individual research based on original, empirical, data-based designs regarding topical issues in communication not otherwise examined in a graduate field course.

**CSS 800 Master's-Level Thesis Research**
Fall or spring. 1–6 credits. May be repeated for a maximum of 6 credits. S-U grades only. Prerequisite: permission of committee chair.
Thesis research for Master of Science (Communication) students.

**CSS 901 Doctoral-Level Dissertation Research**
Fall or spring. 1–9 credits. May be repeated for a maximum of 9 credits. S-U grades only. Prerequisite: completion of "A" exam, permission of committee chair.
Dissertation research for doctoral candidates.

**Courses by Subject**

**CSS 190 Sustainable Agriculture**
This course is designed to be an enjoyable introduction to basic food production resource needs (soils, crops, and climates), and it emphasizes scientific principles of management that conserve or renew those resources for continuing benefit to society. The information is of general value for nonmajors and students new to the field. Laboratories include several field trips and stress hands-on experience with soils, crops, and descriptive climatology. Written assignments are prepared for the web. An extra credit can be earned by participation in team preparation and delivery of a lesson in sustainable agriculture.

**CSS 494 Special Topics in Crop and Soil Sciences (undergraduate level)**
Fall or spring. 4 credits maximum. S-U grades optional.
The department teaches "trial" courses under this number. Offerings vary by semester, and will be advertised by the department. Courses offered under the number are approved by the department curriculum committee, and the same course is not offered more than twice under this number.

**CSS 497 Individual Study in Crop and Soil Sciences**
Fall or spring. 1–6 credits. S-U grades optional. Students must register with an Independent Study form (available in 140 Roberts Hall).
The topics in soil science or crop science or atmospheric science are arranged at the beginning of the term for individual study or for group discussions.

**CSS 498 Teaching Experience in Crop and Soil Sciences**
Fall or spring. 1–5 credits. Students must register with an Independent Study form (available in 140 Roberts Hall). S-U grades optional.
Teaching experience in soil science or crop science is obtained by assisting in the instruction of a departmental course.

**CSS 499 Undergraduate Research**
Fall or spring. Credited TBA. Students must register with an Independent Study form (available in 140 Roberts Hall).
Independent research on current problems selected from any phase of crop science or soil science.

**CSS 695 Planning and Reporting Research**
Spring. 2 credits. First meeting the first T of the semester in 102 Bradford. G. W. Fick.
New graduate students and students starting to write their theses have found this course very helpful. Topics covered include scientific writing, reviewing, seminar presentations, and poster presentations. The nature of science and the scientific method are also discussed along with professional ethics in the conduct and communication of science.

**CSS 696 Seminar in Crop and Soil Sciences**
Fall and spring. 1 credit. S-U grades only. Lect., T 3:30–4:30. Staff.
Current research and selected topics in the crop and soil sciences and related fields.

**Crop Science**

**CSS 311 Grains and Nutriculticals**
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: CSS 260 or BIOL 241. Lecs., M W F 10:10; lab, M 1:25–4:25, 1 or 2 field trips during lab periods (until 5 P.M. or on weekends). R. L. Obendorf.
Globally, ten crops provide 75 percent of the caloric and protein needs of mankind by direct consumption or indirectly through animal and microbial products. Seed crops for starch, protein, oil, fiber, sugar, nutriculticals, pharmaceutical, and industrial uses are emphasized, including adaptation, growth and development, environmental stress, optimization of yield and quality, and genetic improvement in the context of food systems for improved health. Laboratory uses living plants, extensive crop garden, and computer simulation.

**CSS 312 Forage Crops**
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: introductory course in crop and/or soil science. Recommended: course in animal nutrition. Lecs., M W F 11:15; lab, T or W 1:25–4:25. G. W. Fick.
The production and management of crops used for livestock feed are considered in terms of establishment, growth, maintenance, harvesting, and preservation. Forage grasses, forage legumes, and corn are emphasized. Consideration is given to their value as livestock feed in terms of energy, protein, and other nutritional components.

**CSS 314 Tropical Cropping Systems: Biodiversity, Social, and Environmental Impacts (also INTAG 314)**
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: an introductory course in crop science or soil science or biology or permission of instructor. Lect., T R 8:40–9:55. E. C. Fernandes.
Characterization and discussion of traditional shifting cultivation, lowland rice-based systems, upland cereal-based systems, smallholder mixed farming including root crops and livestock, plantation fruit and oil crop systems, and agroforestry. In addition to species diversity and adaptation, factors such as climate, land quality, soil management, land tenure, labor, and markets are considered. The impact of tropical cropping systems on the environment are evaluated.

**CSS 315 Weed Science**
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: introductory course in biology or botany. Lecs., T R 10:10–11:25; lab, T or W 2:45–4:25. A. DiTommaso.
Principles of weed science are examined. Emphasis is on (a) weed biology and ecology, (b) chemistry of herbicides in relation to effects on plant growth and the environment, and (c) current management strategies that are...
relevant to both crop and noncrop ecosystems. Hands-on laboratory sessions cover seed identification and ecology, and herbicide selectivity and symptomology.

[CSS 317 Seed Science and Technology]


The principles and practices covered in the production, harvesting, processing, storage, testing, quality management, certification, and use of high-quality seed from improved cultivars. Information is applicable to various kinds of agricultural seeds. Hands-on laboratory experience.

[CSS 415 Principles and Practices of Agroforestry—Laboratory (also NTRES 415 and HORT 415)]

Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: senior or graduate standing or permission of instructor. S-U option. Lec, M W F 11:10-11:55. Lab, T 1:25-4:25. Offered alternate years. Offered fall 2000.

T. L. Setter. Techniques for field appraisal of the status of water in plants and soil, including methods used in physical laboratory studies, such as the psychrometer, pressure chamber, gas exchange analyzer, and abscisic acid analysis with ELISA.

[CSS 610 Physiology of Environmental Stresses]

Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: plant physiology. R 8:30-9:55. R. L. Obendorf. This course in seed biology describes the molecular, biochemical, physiological, environmental, and genetic regulation of seed development, maturation, and germination events including the deposition and mobilization of seed illustrations from the world's major food and feed seeds. Illustrations extend the principles to practical situations, industrial uses, and food systems for improved health.

[CSS 612 Seed Physiology and Biotechnology]

Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: plant physiology. T R 8:30-9:55. R. L. Obendorf. This course allows students to understand seed physiology and its regulation at the genetic and cellular level.

[CSS 613 Physiology and Ecology of Yield]


[CSS 614 Weed Ecology and Management]

Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: CSS 515 or equivalent. Lec, T 10:10-11:25. Offered alternate years. Offered spring 2001. A. DiTommaso. An examination of plant ecological principles governing weed population dynamics and weed-crop interactions in different crop and noncrop ecosystems. Application of these fundamentals for the development and implementation of environmentally sound and sustainable integrated weed management strategies is explored. Topics include weed biology and seedbank dynamics, weed demography and spatial variation, weed-crop interferences, bio-economic weed thresholds, and site-specific weed management.

[CSS 642 Plant Mineral Nutrition (ALSO BIO PL 642)]


A detailed study of the processes by which plants acquire and utilize mineral nutrients from the soil. Topics will include the uptake, translocation, and compartmentation of mineral elements; root-soil interactions; metabolism of mineral elements; the involvement of mineral nutrients in various physiological processes; and nutrition of plants adapted to extreme environmental stresses (e.g., acid soils). Specific mineral elements will be emphasized to illustrate the above topics.

[CSS 691 Special Topics in Crop Science]

Fall or spring. 1-6 credits. S-U grades only. Hours by arrangement. Graduate faculty. Limited to students specifically in a master's program.

[CSS 790 Graduate-Level Thesis Research in Crop Science]

Fall or spring. Credit by arrangement. S-U grades only. Hours by arrangement. Graduate faculty. Limited to students in a Ph.D. program only after the "A" exam has been passed.

[CSS 921 Doctoral-Level Dissertation Research in Crop Science]

Fall or spring. Credit by arrangement. S-U grades only. Hours by arrangement. Graduate faculty. Limited to students admitted for candidacy after the "A" exam has been passed.

Environmental Information Science

[CSS 389 Environmental Microbiology]

Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: BIOES 261 or BIOMI 290 or CSS 255 or permission of instructor. Lecs. M W F 10:10. W. C. Gihares.

The biology, behavior, and function of microorganisms in natural environments are discussed in relation to past and present environmental conditions on Earth. The role of microorganisms in ecologically and environmentally significant processes is also considered through discussion of specific topics such as elemental cycles, nutrient cycling, transformation of pollutant chemicals, wastewater treatment, and environmental biotechnology.

[CSS 411 Resource Inventory Methods (also CEE 411)]

Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Lec, M W 9:05-9:55; lab, M R 1:25-2:25. S. D. DeGloria.

A survey of resource inventory methods applied to field-based studies of environmental systems. Laboratory emphasis is on using maps, spatial databases, global positioning systems, and aerial photography to discrimi-
CROP AND SOIL SCIENCES

CSS 420 Geographic Information Systems
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: CSS (SCAS) 411 or permission of instructor. Lect., T R 9:05-9:55; lab, M W F 1:25-4:25. S. D. DeGloria. Principles and applications of geographic information systems for the characterization and assessment of agronomic and environmental resources. Methods for accessing, updating, analyzing, and mapping spatial data and information are emphasized. Needs assessment, coordinate systems, database design and maintenance, data transformations, and map accuracy assessment are considered.

CSS 465 Global Positioning System
Fall and spring. 1 credit. Prerequisite: CSS (SCAS) 411 or equivalent, or consent of instructor. Lect., F 9:05-12:05. S. D. DeGloria. Introduction to navigation-grade GPS instruments used in agricultural and environmental science. Topics include instrument familiarization; field-data collection and processing; real-time and post-differential correction; and GPS-GIS integration.

CSS 620 Spatial Modeling and Analysis
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: CSS (SCAS) 420, CSS (SCAS) 461, or permission of instructor. Lect., T R 9:05-9:55; lab, T W 1:25-4:25. S. D. DeGloria. Theory and practice in the development, integration, and visualization of spatial data for resource inventory, environmental process modeling, land classification and evaluation. Application and evaluation of advanced spatial analytical methods applied to environmental systems and databases of interest to the student are emphasized.

CSS 660 Remote Sensing Fundamentals (also CEE 610)
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Lect., M W 12:20-1:10; lab, T 2:30-4:25. Staff. An introduction to equipment and methods used in obtaining information about earth resources and the environment from aircraft or satellite. Coverage includes sensors, sensor and ground-data acquisition, data analysis and interpretation, and project design.

CSS 675 Modeling the Soil-Plant-Atmosphere System (also EAS 675)
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: CSS (SCAS) 483 or equivalent. Offered alternate years. Not offered spring 2001. Lect., T R 8:40-9:55. S. J. Riha. Introduction to the structure and use of soil-plant-atmosphere models. Topics covered will include modeling plant physiology, morphology, and development; potential crop production; and crop production limited by moisture and nutrient availability, plant-plant competition; and land surface processes as well as model data requirements, validation and scale. Use of soil-plant-atmosphere models for teaching, research, extension, and policy formation will be discussed.

CSS 694 Special Topics in Environmental Information Science
Fall or spring. 1–6 credits. S-U grades optional. Hours TBA. Staff. Study of topics in environmental science that are more specialized or different from other courses. Special topics to be covered will depend on staff and student interests.

CSS 860 Master's-Level Thesis Research in Environmental Information Science
Fall or spring. Credit by arrangement. S-U grades only. Graduate faculty. Limited to students specifically in a master's program.

CSS 960 Graduate-Level Dissertation Research in Environmental Information Science
Fall or spring. Credit by arrangement. S-U grades only. Hours by arrangement. Graduate faculty. Limited to students in a Ph.D. program only before the "A" exam has been passed.

CSS 961 Doctoral-Level Dissertation Research in Environmental Information Science
Fall or spring. Credit by arrangement. S-U grades only. Hours by arrangement. Graduate faculty. Limited to students admitted to candidacy after the "A" exam has been passed.

Soil Science

CSS 269 Soil Science (also EAS 260)
Fall. 4 credits. S-U grades optional. Lect., M W F 9:05, lab, M W T R 1:25. S. Riha. Designed for students interested in a comprehensive introduction to soil science from both an environmental and plant management perspective. This course is divided into three units. A soil characterization unit introduces students to soil characterizing, testing, mapping, classification, GIS, and land evaluation. A soil management unit addresses fertility, pest management, water, and microclimate, as well as erosion, conservation, pollution, and soil health. The unit on the role of soils in ecosystems considers topics such as biodiversity, soils as sinks and sources of greenhouse gases, and the impact of soils on land use. Labs will initially be field-oriented with an emphasis on learning practical skills needed to evaluate and manage soils. Subsequent labs will focus on accessing, interpreting and applying soil information.

CSS 321 Soil and Water Management
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: CSS (SCAS) 260 or equivalent. Lect., M W T R 9:05-11:25; lab, R 2:30-4:30. Offered alternate years. Next offered fall 2001. H. M. van Es. Course introduces students to the principles of soil and water interaction and to the effects of human intervention on these processes. Aspects of soil and water management, including hydrology, soil erosion and conservation, water management, contaminant movement, tillage, soil compaction, and water quality are examined. Case studies and policy approaches from both the United States and abroad are discussed.

CSS 326 Soil Morphology
Fall. 1 credit. Undergraduates only. Recommended for sophomores and juniors. R 1:25-4:25, all day field trip required. The principles for field identification of soil properties, profiles, and landscapes are presented. A series of soil pits are examined, described, classified, and interpreted in the field.

CSS 363 Soil Genesis, Classification, and Survey
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: CSS (SCAS) 260. Lect., M W F 11:15; lab, W 1:25-4:25. R. H. Bryant. Factors and processes of soil formation on which soil survey is based are discussed. Principles of field identification, classification, and survey, and interpretation are practiced in a field setting. An overview of soil databases, their content, development, and use for site evaluation and land classification is provided.

CSS 365 Environmental Chemistry: Soil, Air, and Water
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: CHEM 207–208. Lect., M W F 10:10-11:00. M. B. McBride. An overview of the chemical processes that control the concentrations and bioavailability of nutrients and pollutants in soil, air, and water. Particular attention is given to soil's function as a filter for contaminants. The history of environmental contamination and its impact on agricultural soils and ecosystems is described.

CSS 366 The Soil Ecosystem
Spring. 3 or 4 credits. Lecture only, 3 credits; lecture plus lab, 4 credits; lab cannot be taken without lecture. Prerequisite: BIOES 261 or BIOMI 290, or equivalent, or permission of instructor. Lect., T R 10:10-11:25; lab, W 1:25-4:25. J. E. Thies. Activities of the soil biota are crucial for the continued functioning and renewal of soil ecosystems. Through study of the soil as an ecosystem, students will gain an understanding of the diversity of soil organisms and the critical roles that microbial activities and interactions have in agricultural production and environmental protection. Through a small research project, students will also gain competencies in developing research questions and formulating hypotheses, planning appropriate methods for gathering and interpreting data, and summarizing research work.

CSS 372 Soil Fertility Management
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: CSS (SCAS) 260 or permission of instructor. Lect., T R 8:40-9:55; lab, R 1:25-4:25. Staff. An integrated discussion of soil crop yield relationships, with emphasis on the soil as a source of mineral nutrients for crops and the role of fertilizers and organic nutrient sources in crop production.

CSS 471 Properties and Appraisal of Soils of the Tropics
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: CSS (SCAS) 260 or equivalent. S-U grades optional. Hours by arrangement. R. B. Bryant. The course examines the conditions in which soils form, and considers ecological, geological, and vegetational factors that produce the diversity that exists among them. The main kinds of soils are recognized, their management properties described, and methods to alleviate the constraints to crop production and the preservation of the environment examined. Topics include the identification of soils, and their functions in sustaining traditional farming systems and advanced technological packages. The course pursues these themes reviewing the most recent sources of information generated in tropical countries and published in Latin-American,
French, and English journals. The last part of the course gives special attention to salt-cropping systems.

A detailed study of measurement processes and of the hydrostastics of aqueous solutions in soils and porous media, with emphasis on fundamental principles. Examination of the molecular aspects of water-solid interactions, including shrink-swell phenomena and the properties of absorbed water. Analysis of equilibrium water adsorption from thermodynamic and mechanistic (molecular) standpoints. Mechanical and thermodynamical analysis of the equilibrium status of aqueous solutions in deformable soils. Formal lectures are complemented by tutorial sessions.

CSS 669 Organic Matter—Soils, Sediments, and Waters
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: CSS (SCAS) 260 and CHEM 357-358 or equivalent. T R 11:15–12:30. J. M. Duxbury. A discussion of current concepts on the chemical nature, dynamics, and properties of natural organics and organo-mineral associations in terrestrial and aquatic environments. Interaction with anthropogenic organics and effects of anthropogenic activities on natural organics are considered.

CSS 671 Soil Chemistry
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: CSS (SCAS) 260 or equivalent. M. B. McBride. A detailed examination of the structure and chemical nature, dynamics, and properties of solid phases common to soils. Ion exchange, mineral-surface chemistry of colloidal particles and natural organics are considered.

CSS 693 Special Topics in Soil Science
Fall or spring. 1–6 credits. S-U grades optional. Study of topics in soil science that are more specialized or different from other courses. Special topics to be covered will depend on staff and student interests.

CSS 680 Master's-Level Thesis Research in Soil Science
Fall or spring. Credit by arrangement. Graduate faculty.

CSS 802 Graduate-Level Dissertation Research in Soil Science
Fall or spring. Credit by arrangement. Graduated program. Limited to students specifically in a master's program.

CSS 981 Doctoral-Level Dissertation Research in Soil Science
Fall or spring. Credit by arrangement. Graduated program. Limited to students admitted to candidacy after the "A" exam has been passed.

EAS 101 Introductory Geological Sciences
Fall, spring, or summer. 3 credits. Fall, staff; spring, J. M. Bird; summer, W. Brice. Designed to enhance an appreciation of the physical world. Natural environments, surface temperatures, dynamic processes such as mountain belts, volcanoes, earthquakes, glaciers, and river systems are emphasized. Interactions of the atmosphere, hydrosphere, biosphere, and lithosphere (Earth System Science). Water, mineral, and fuel resources; environmental concerns. Field trips in the Ithaca region.

EAS 102 Evolution of the Earth and Life
also BIO G 170

EAS 104 The Sea: An Introduction to Oceanography
also BIO ES 154
Spring. 3 credits (4 credits with lab section). Spring, C. H. Greene, W. M. White; summer, J. Chiment. A survey of the physics, chemistry, geology, and biology of the oceans for both science and nonscience majors. Topics include: sea-floor spreading and plate tectonics, marine sedimentation, chemistry of seawater, ocean currents and circulation, the oceans and climate change, ocean ecology, coastal processes, marine pollution, and marine resources.

EAS 105 Writing on Rocks

EAS 106 Vertebrate Fossil Preparation
Spring. 1 credit. Prerequisites: 1 introductory geology course or concurrent enrollment, class size is limited. J. Chiment. A laboratory-oriented course that will expose students to techniques of vertebrate fossil preparation. Roughing-out and fine prepartation of large specimens in solid matrix will be covered, as well as screen washing and microscope techniques for the recovery of micro-vertebrate remains. Specialized scanning techniques will be discussed. The class will meet for one hour each week for the first six weeks of the semester. Students will be assigned to an individual or group project requiring two hours of participation each week for the remainder of the semester.
EAS 107 How the Earth Works
Fall. 1 credit. J. L. Cane.
A user-friendly introduction to the workings and interactions of Earth, ocean, atmosphere, and life as they relate to understanding ongoing global change.

EAS 109 Dinosaurs
Fall. 1 credit. J. L. Cane.
An introductory survey course for anyone interested in dinosaurs. Lectures examine the fossil evidence and illustrate how various geological and biological disciplines contribute to understanding dinosaurs and their world.

EAS 111 To Know the Earth
Fall. 3 credits. J. M. Bird.

EAS 122 Earthquake! (also ENGRI 122)
Fall. 3 credits. L. D. Brown.
The science of natural hazards and strategic resources is explored. Techniques for locating and characterizing earthquakes and assessing the damage they cause; methods of using sound waves to image the Earth’s interior to search for strategic minerals; and the historical importance of such resources. Seismic experiments on campus to probe for groundwater, the new critical environmental resource.

EAS 131 Basic Principles of Meteorology (previously SCAS)
Fall. 3 credits. Lec. T R 11:15; lab, T W or R 1:25–4:25 and M W 7:00–9:30 p.m.
M. W. Wysocki.
A simplified treatment of the structure of the atmosphere: heat balance of the Earth; general and secondary circulations; air masses, fronts, atmosphere: heat balance of the Earth; general and secondary circulations; air masses, fronts, tornadoes, severe storms, wildfires, and meteor impacts. Applications of the science to complex to natural hazards: fractals, chaos, and self-organized criticality.

EAS 203 Natural Hazards and the Science of Complexity
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: 1 calculus course. Not offered 2000–2001.
D. L. Turcotte.
Studies of natural hazards, earthquakes, volcanic eruptions, floods, hurricanes, tornadoes, severe storms, wildfires, and meteor impacts. Applications of the science to complex to natural hazards: fractals, chaos, and self-organized criticality.

EAS 204 Ocean Sciences Laboratory
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite or co-requisite: ENGRI 123/EAS 104.
C. H. Greene, B. W. Monger.
A laboratory course investigating the physics, chemistry, geology, and biology of the oceans. This course is intended for science majors to supplement theoretical ocean courses in BIO ES 154/EAS 104. The course includes a discussion session and laboratory each week.

EAS 210 Introduction to Field Methods in Geological Sciences
1 lec. Saturday field trips. 3 credits.
Prerequisite: GEOG 161 (or 201) or permission of instructor. S. M. Kay.
The methods by which rocks are used as a geological database. Field methods used in the construction of geologic maps and cross sections; systematic description of stratigraphic sections. Field and laboratory sessions on Saturdays until Thanksgiving. One additional lecture during most of these weeks. One weekend field trip to eastern New York.

EAS 212 Caribbean Field Trip
Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Enrollment limited to 15.
Approximate cost $1,100. L. D. Brown.
A multidisciplinary look at earth science and environmental issues represented in the Yucatan Peninsula of Mexico. Base for operations will be the Centro Ecologico Akumal, located on the Caribbean coast south of Cancun. This coast and its associated reef epitomizes the conflict between ecological preservation and economic development on an international scale. Excursions may include visits to Merida, a historic Spanish town which lies above the Yucatan plateau structure that many believe resulted in the death of the dinosaurs; ruins at Chichen Itza, Mayapan, Coba, and Tulum associated with the rise and fall of Mayan culture; and wildlife (monkeys, jaguars, crocodiles, and monkeys). Interpretive staff will lead a comprehensive introduction to soil science for credit.

EAS 215 Introduction to Fortran Programming (previously SCAS)
Fall. 3 credits. Lec., T R 12:20–1:10; lab T 1:25–3:32. M. W. Wysocki.
An introduction to the elements of computer programming using Fortran. Exercises involve mainly meteorological problems.

EAS 220 Art, Archaeology, and Analysis (also ARKEO 285, ARTH 200, ENGRI 185, PHYS 209)
Spring. 3 credits. R. W. Kay.
An interdisciplinary course on the use of techniques of science and engineering in cultural research. Applications of physical and physiological principles to the study of archaeological artifacts and works of art. Historical and technical aspects of artistic creation. Analyses by modern methods to deduce geographic origins, and for exploration, dating, and authentication of cultural objects. Does not meet liberal studies distribution requirement for engineering.

EAS 250 Meteorological Observations and Instruments (previously SCAS)
Spring. 3 credits.
Prerequisite: EAS 131.
M. W. Wysocki.
Methods and principles of meteorological measurements and observations including surface, free-air, and remote systems. Instrument siting, mounting, and protection. Instrument response characteristics, calibration, and standardization. Recorders and data logging systems. Laboratory exercises in observation and data analysis. Intended to serve as preparation for Observers Examination.

EAS 260 Soil Science (also CSS 260) (previously SCAS)
Fall. 4 credits. S-U grades only.
Designed for students interested in a comprehensive introduction to soil science from both an environmental and plant management perspective, this course is divided into three units. A unit on soil information introduces students to soil characterization, testing, mapping, classification, GIS, and land evaluation. A soil management unit addresses fertility, pest management, water, and microclimate, as well as erosion, conservation, pollution, and soil health. The unit on the role of soils in ecosystems considers topics such as biodiversity, soils as sinks and sources of greenhouse gases, and the impact of soils on land use. Labs will be field-oriented with an emphasis on learning practical skills needed to evaluate and manage soils. Subsequent labs will focus on accessing, interpreting, and applying soil information.

EAS 296 Forecast Competition (previously SCAS)
Fall and spring. 1 credit. S-U grades only.
Prerequisites: sophomore undergraduate standing in atmospheric science, or permission of instructor. Time TBA.
D. S. Wilks.
This two-semester course provides daily exercise in probabilistic weather forecasting, in which students compete to forecast local weather most skillfully. Enroll for two consecutive semesters, with credit awarded after the second semester. May be repeated for credit.

EAS 302 Evolution of the Earth System (also SES 302)
Spring. 4 credits.
Prerequisites: MATH 112 or 192 and CHEM 207 or equivalent. Lecs and disc, TBA. B. L. Isacks and staff.
Co-evolution of life and the Earth system: Earth’s early history; plate tectonics, continental drift, and climate changes during the past billion years; mountain building, ice ages, and our own emergence during the past ten million years. Introduction to methods of interpreting information preserved in the rock record.
EAS 315 Geomorphology  
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: 1 of the following: a 3-credit EAS or SES course, or EAS 260. T. F. Jordan and B. L. Isacks.  
A study of the processes that sculpt the Earth's landscapes (above and below sea level) and the nature of those landforms. Landforms constructed by Earth's internal processes are the point of departure, as we examine their modification by physical interaction with the atmosphere and oceans. Also treated are depositional landforms that are generated by accumulations of grains or sediment. Laboratory exercises include both field examination of landforms of the Finger Lakes area and computer analysis of satellite images and Digital Elevation Models of examples from around the globe. Two Saturday field trips.

EAS 321 Introduction to Biogeochemistry (also SES 321, NTRES 321)  
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: CHEM 207, MATH 112, plus a course in biology and/or geology. L. A. Derry, J. Yavitt.  
Control and function of the Earth's global biogeochemical cycles. The course begins with a review of the basic inorganic and organic chemistry of biologically significant elements, and then considers the biogeochemical cycling of carbon, nutrients, and metals that take place in soil, sediments, rivers, and the oceans. Topics include weathering, acid-base chemistry, biological redox processes, nutrient cycling, trace gas fluxes, bio-active metals, the use of isotopic tracers, and mathematical models. Interactions between global biogeochemical cycles and other components of the Earth system are discussed.

EAS 326 Structural Geology  
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: MATH 112, EAS 101 or 201, or permission of instructor. R. W. Allmendinger.  
Nature and origin of deformed rocks at microscopic and macroscopic scales, with emphasis on structural geometry and kinematics. Topics include stress, strain, rheology, deformation mechanisms, minor structures, faulting, folding, and structural families.

EAS 331 Climate Dynamics (also ASTRO 331) (previously SCAS)  
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: MATH 112 or 192 or equivalent. Lecs, M W F 1:25-2:25; disc, W 2:30. K. H. Cook and P. J. Gierasch.  
Processes that determine climate and contribute to its change are discussed, including atmospheric radiation, ocean circulation, and atmospheric dynamics. Contemporary climate change issues are investigated and discussed in the context of natural variability of the system.

EAS 334 Micrometeorology  
The relationships of radiant energy, temperature, wind, and moisture in the atmosphere near the ground. The interplay between physical processes of the atmosphere, plant canopies, and soil is examined with emphasis on the energy balance.

EAS 341 Atmospheric Thermodynamics and Hydrostatics (previously SCAS)  
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: 1 year of calculus and 1 semester of physics. M W F 9:05-9:55, W. W. Knapp.  
Introduction to the thermodynamics and hydrostatics of the atmosphere and to the methods of description and quantitative analysis used in meteorology. Topics covered include thermodynamic processes of dry air, water vapor and moist air, and concepts of hydrostatics and stability.

EAS 342 Atmospheric Dynamics (previously SCAS)  
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: 1 year each of calculus and physics. K. H. Cook.  
Introduction to atmospheric dynamics and to the methods of description and quantitative analysis used in meteorology. Topics considered include equations of atmospheric motion, motion in the free atmosphere, vertical variations of wind and pressure fields, mathematical representation and characteristics of fronts, mechanisms of pressure change, concepts of circulation and vorticity, and effects of friction on atmospheric motion.

EAS 352 Synoptic Meteorology I (previously SCAS)  
Weather map analysis and forecasting techniques are studied by applying the principles of fluid flow and heat flow. This course will strengthen previously introduced meteorological concepts which will be applied to forecasting midlatitude synoptic scale weather systems, such as cyclones, anticyclones, jet streams, fronts, and waves.

EAS 355 Mineralogy  
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: EAS 101 or 201 and CHEM 207 or permission of instructor. S. Mahlburg Kay.  
Examination of minerals by hand-specimen properties and optical microscopy. Geological setting, classification, crystal structures, phase relations, chemical properties, and physical properties of minerals. X-ray diffraction is introduced. Independent research project.

EAS 356 Petrology and Geochemistry  
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: EAS 355. R. W. Kay.  
Principles of phase equilibrium as applied to igneous and metamorphic systems. Description, classification, chemistry, origin, regional distribution, and dating of igneous and metamorphic rocks. Geochemical distribution of trace elements and isotopes in igneous and metamorphic systems. The petrological evolution of the planets.

EAS 375 Sedimentology and Stratigraphy  
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: EAS 101 or 201 and CHEM 207 or permission of instructor. D. S. Wilks.  

EAS 388 Geophysics and Geoteconics  
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: MATH 192 (or 112) and PHYS 208 or 213. B. L. Isacks.  
Global tectonics and the deep structure of the solid earth as revealed by investigations of

EAS 411 Satellite Remote Sensing in Geosciences  
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. B. L. Isacks.  
Introduction in satellite remote sensing, image processing, geographic information systems (GIS), and analysis or digital elevation models using advanced computer workstations via participation in current research on earthquakes, glaciers, and tectonics.

EAS 417 Field Mapping in Argentina  
Summer. 3 credits. Prerequisites: EAS 210 and 326; Spanish desirable, but not required. S. Mahlburg Kay.  
Modern techniques of geological mapping applied in the region of San Juan, Argentina, including folded and faulted sedimentary rock units of the Andean Precordillera (San Juan River section), intensely deformed Precambrian metamorphic rocks of the Pampean Ranges (Pie de Palo), and shallow-level silicic intrusives (Cerro Blanco-Ulluo).

EAS 423 Petroleum Geology  
Introduction to hydrocarbon exploration and development. Exploration techniques, including well logs, fluid pressures, seismic-reflection methods, gravity, and magnetic measurements to map subsurface structures and stratigraphy. Petroleum origin and migration. Dispersal systems and depositional patterns of petroleum reservoirs. Economics of exploration, leasing, drilling, and production. Estimates of petroleum reserves, including tar sands and oil shales.

EAS 434 Reflection Seismology  
Fundamentals of seismic imaging by multichannel seismic reflection techniques as used in oil exploration and geophysical investigations. Covers survey design, acquisition, analysis, processing, and interpretation in both 2-D and 3-D. Includes discussion of related techniques such as seismic refraction analysis, tomographic inversion, vertical seismic profiling, shear wave exploration, and ground penetrating radar. Lab is keyed to state-of-the-art seismic processing, modeling, and interpretation software from LandMark.

EAS 435 Statistical Methods in Meteorology (previously SCAS)  
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: 1 introductory course each in statistics (e.g., BTRY 215 or ARFM 210) and calculus. T R 10:10–11:25. D. S. Wilks.  
Statistical methods used in climatology, operational weather forecasting, and selected meteorological research applications. Some statistical characteristics of meteorological data including probability distributions and correlation structures. Operational forecasts derived from multiple regression models including the MOS system. Forecast verification techniques and scoring rules. Time series analysis, EOFs, and other research topics as time permits.
EAS 437 Geophysical Field Methods
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: PHYS 213 or 208, or permission of instructor. L. D. Brown. Introduction to field methods of geophysical exploration, especially as applied to environmental issues. Emphasis on seismic, ground penetrating radar, gravity, and magnetic techniques. Field surveys carried out at the beginning of the semester are analyzed and interpreted. A field companion to EAS 436, which is recommended but not required prior to this course.

EAS 444 Tropical Meteorology (previously SCAS)

EAS 445 Geohydrology (also ABEN 471 and CEE 431)

EAS 447 Physical Meteorology (previously SCAS)
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: 1 year each of calculus and physics. M W F 10:10. Offered alternate years. Next offered 2001–2002. W. W. Knapp. Primarily a survey of natural phenomena of the atmosphere, with emphasis on their underlying physical principles. Topics include composition and structure of the atmosphere, atmospheric optics, acoustics and electricity, solar and terrestrial radiation, and principles of radar probing of the atmosphere.

EAS 451 Synoptic Meteorology II (previously SCAS)
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: EAS 341 and 342. Lecs, T R 9:05; lab, M 1:25–3:20. S. J. Colucci. Structure and dynamics of large-scale midlatitude weather systems, such as cyclones, anticyclones, and waves, with consideration of processes that contribute to temperature changes and precipitation. Laboratory sessions involve real-time weather forecasting and the computer application of a numerical model of the atmosphere to selected large-scale midlatitude weather events.

EAS 453 Advanced Petrology
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: EAS 356. Offered alternate years. R. W. Kay. Magmas and metamorphism in the context of plate tectonics. Major and trace element chemistry of magmas and petrology as monitors of the creation and modification of igneous rocks. Temperature and stress in the crust and mantle and their influence on reaction rates and textures of metamorphic rocks. Application of experimental studies to natural systems.

EAS 454 Advanced Mineralogy
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: EAS 355 or permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000–2001. W. A. Bassett. Crystallography and crystal chemistry of minerals and the methods of their study. X-ray diffraction, optical methods, and computer simulation of crystal structures. Emphasis on effects of high pressures and temperatures with implications for understanding the Earth's interior.

EAS 455 Geochemistry
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: GHEM 207 and MATH 192 or equivalent. Recommended: EAS 356. Offered alternate years. Next offered 2001–2002. W. M. White. The Earth from a chemical perspective. Formation of the elements, cosmochemistry, chemical evidence regarding the formation of the Earth and solar system; trace-element geochemistry; isotope geochemistry; geochemical thermodynamics and kinetics; chemical evolution of the crust, mantle, and core; weathering and the chemistry of natural waters; chemistry of rivers and the oceans; hydrothermal systems; and ore deposition.

EAS 456 Mesoscale Meteorology (previously SCAS)
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: EAS 341 and 342 or permission of instructor. T R 11:40–12:55. Offered alternate years. Next offered 2001–2002. S. J. Colucci. Structure and dynamics of midlatitude mesoscale weather systems such as fronts, jets, squall lines, convective complexes, precipitation bands, downslope windstorms, mountain breezes, sea breeze circulations, and lake effect snowstorms.

EAS 457 Atmospheric Air Pollution (previously SCAS)
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: EAS 341 or 1 course in thermodynamics, and 1 semester of chemistry, or permission of instructor. M W F 11:15–12:05. Offered alternate years. M. W. Wysocki. Course will examine sources, effects, transport, measurement, and controls of air pollution. The basic principles in each area will be discussed with an emphasis on their local, regional, and global impacts.

EAS 458 Volcanology

EAS 462 Marine Ecological Processes (also BIOES 452)
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 75 students. Prerequisite: EAS 436. Offered alternate years. C. D. Harvell and C. H. Greene. Lectures and discussion focus on current research in broad areas of marine ecology with an emphasis on processes unique to marine systems. A synthetic treatment of multiple levels of organization in marine systems including organismal, population, community, ecosystems, and evolutionary biology. Examples are drawn from all types of marine habitats, including polar seas, temperate coastal waters, and tropical coral reefs.

EAS 475 Special Topics in Oceanography
Spring, summer. 2–5 var. credits. Prerequisites: EAS 104 or BIOES 154, and permission of instructor. T. E. Jordan. Undergraduate instruction and participation in advanced areas of oceanographic research. Topics will change from term to term. Contact instructor for further information.

EAS 476 Sedimentary Basins: Tectonics and Mechanics
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: EAS 375 or permission of instructor. T. E. Jordan. Subsidence of sedimentary basins from the point of view of plate tectonics and geomechanics. Interactions of subsidence, sediment supply, and environmental characteristics in development of stratigraphic sequences. Stratigraphic characteristics of active-margin, passive-margin, and cratonic basins. Geophysical and stratigraphic modeling; sequence stratigraphy. Modern and ancient examples.

EAS 478 Advanced Stratigraphy
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: EAS 375 or permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. Next offered 2001–2002. T. E. Jordan. Modern improvements on traditional methods of study of ages and of genetic relationships among sedimentary rocks, emphasizing 3-D relationships. Techniques and applications of sequence stratigraphy at scales ranging from beds to entire basins. Physical correlation, dating techniques, and time resolution in sedimentary rocks. Stratigraphic control on the stratigraphic record. Numerical modeling.

EAS 479 Paleobiology (also BIOES 479)
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: 1 year of introductory biology for majors and either BIOES 274, 373, EAS 375, or permission of instructor. W. Allmon. A survey of the major groups of organisms and their evolutionary histories. Intended to fill out the biological backgrounds of Earth and atmospheric science students concerning the nature and significance of the fossil record for their respective studies.

EAS 481 Senior Survey of Earth Systems
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to seniors majoring in geological science. J. M. Bird. Survey course that integrates undergraduate course work, intended to enhance overall understanding of geological sciences. Emphasis on current models of Earth's dynamic systems (e.g., global climate change; mantle evolution). Guest lecturers; synthesis and review literature; scientific literature readings; discussions; student presentations.

EAS 483 Environmental Biophysics (also CSS 483) (previously SCAS)
Spring. 3 credits. Offered alternate years. Prerequisites: EAS/CSS 260 or equivalent, or permission of instructor: M W F 11:15. S. J. Riha. Introduction to basic principles of energy and mass transfer and storage in soil-plant systems. Energy budgets, soil heat flow, water movement in saturated and unsaturated soils, evapotranspiration, water, gas, and nutrient dynamics in the soil-plant-atmosphere continuum will be covered. Applications to agronomic and environmental problems and instrument design and use are considered through discussion and problem sets.
EAS 491-492 Undergraduate Research
Fall, spring. 1-4 credits. Staff.
Introduction to the techniques and philosophy of research in the earth sciences and an opportunity for undergraduates to participate in current staff research projects. Topics chosen in consultation with, and guided by, a staff member. A short written report is required, and outstanding projects are prepared for publication.

EAS 494 Special Topics in Atmospheric Science (undergraduate level)
Fall or spring. 8 credits maximum. S-U grades optional. Staff.
The department teaches "trial" courses under this number. Offerings vary by semester, and will be advertised by the department. The same course is not offered more than twice as EAS 494.

EAS 496 Internship experience
Fall or spring. 1-2 credits. S-U grades only. Staff.

EAS 497 Individual Study in Atmospheric Science
Fall or spring. 1-6 credits. S-U grades optional. Students must register with an Independent Study form. Staff.
Topics are arranged at the beginning of the term for individual study or for group discussions.

EAS 498 Teaching Experience in Atmospheric Science
Fall or spring. 1-5 credits. S-U grades optional. Students must register with an Independent Study form. Staff.
Teaching experience is obtained by assisting in the instruction of an atmospheric science course.

EAS 499 Undergraduate Research in Atmospheric Science
Fall or spring. Credit by arrangement. Students must register with an Independent Study form. Staff.
Independent research on current problems in atmospheric science.

EAS 500 Design Project in Geohydrology
Fall, spring. 3-12 credits. An alternative to an industrial project for M.Eng. students choosing the geohydrology option. May continue over 2 or more semesters. M. Cathles.
The project may address one of the many aspects of groundwater flow and contamination, and must involve a significant geological component and lead to concrete recommendations or conclusions of an engineering nature. Results are presented orally and in a professional report.

EAS 502 Case Histories in Groundwater Analysis
Spring. 4 credits. L. M. Cathles.
Groundwater flow in a specific area, such as a proposed nuclear-waste disposal site, analyzed in depth. Geological and resource data on the area are presented early in the course. Then the material is analyzed by students working as an engineering analysis team. Each student makes a weekly progress report and writes part of a final report. Results are presented in a half-day seminar at the end of the term.

EAS 622 Advanced Structural Geology I
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: EAS 325 and permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. Next offered 2001-2002. W. Allmendinger.
Stress-strain theory and application. Advanced techniques of structural analysis. Topics include finite and incremental strain measurement, microstructure, preferred orientation, and TFM analysis of solution and cleavage development, and experimental deformation. Applications to deformation of unconsolidated sediments, brittle and brittle-ductile deformation of supracrustal strata, and ductile deformation of high-grade metamorphic rocks. Kinematic analysis of shear zones and folds in these regimes.

EAS 624 Advanced Structural Geology II
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: EAS 326 and permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. R. W. Allmendinger.

EAS 628 Geology of Organic Belts
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. J. M. Bird.
A seminar course in which students study specific geologic evidence for an organic belt selected for study during the term. The course is intended to complement EAS 681.

EAS 634 Advanced Geophysics I: Fractals and Chaos in Geology and Geophysics
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: EAS 388 or permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. Next offered 2001-2002. D. L. Turcotte.
Definitions of fractal sets and statistical fractals, scale invariance, self-affine fractals, multifractals, applications to fragmentation, seismicity and tectonics, petroleum distribution and reserves, ore grade and tonnage, drainage networks and landforms, and floods and droughts. Definitions of chaos and self-organized criticality, renormalization groups, diffusion limited aggregation and percolation clusters, wavelet transforms, applications to mantle convection, the Earth's dynamo, and distributed seismicity.

EAS 635 Advanced Statistical Meteorology (previously SCAS)
Lectures and topics concurrent with EAS 435, plus an extra 30-minute session per week in which selected topics from EAS 435 are treated in more depth, and additional topics are covered which may vary from year to year according to student interest. Term project required. Not open to students who have taken EAS 435 for credit.

EAS 636 Advanced Geophysics II: Quantitative Geodynamics
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: EAS 388 or permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. D. L. Turcotte.
Stress and strain in the Earth, elasticity and plasticity, heat transfer, gravity, fluid mechanics, rock rheology, faulting, chemical geodynamics, flow in porous media.

EAS 641 Analysis of Biogeochemical Systems
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: MATH 293 or permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. Next offered 2001-2002. L. A. Derry.
Dynamics of biogeochemical systems. Kinetic treatment of biogeochemical cycles. Box models, residence time, response time. Analytical and numerical solutions of model systems. Eigen-analysis of linear systems. Feedback and nonlinear cases, problems of uncertainty in natural systems. Modeling software such as Stella II and Matlab; applications to current research of participants or recent literature.

EAS 651 Advanced Atmospheric Thermodynamics (previously ASTRO 651)
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: a good background in undergraduate calculus and physics is required. Offered alternate years. K. H. Cook, P. J. Gierasch, S. J. Colucci.
A survey of the fundamental physical processes in atmospheres. Topics include thermodynamics of atmospheric gases, moist effects, hydrostatics, convective instability, atmospheric radiation and radiative heating, radiative-convective equilibrium, clouds, cloud microphysics, and precipitation processes. Thermal structure and greenhouse effects on the Earth and other planets will be discussed. The course will be taught at the level of Fundamentals of Atmospheric Physics by Salby.

EAS 652 Advanced Atmospheric Dynamics (also ASTRO 652) (previously SCAS)
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: EAS 341 and 342 or permission of instructor. T R 11:40-12:55. Offered alternate years. S. J. Colucci, K. H. Cook, P. J. Gierasch.
Quasigeostrophic theory, atmospheric waves, hydrodynamic instability, the general circulation of the atmosphere, and topics selected from among numerical weather prediction and tropical, mesoscale, and middle atmosphere processes according to student interest.

EAS 656 Isotope Geochemistry
Spring. 3 credits. Open to undergraduates. Prerequisite: EAS 455 or permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. Next offered 2001-2002. W. M. White.
Nucleosynthetic processes and the isotopic abundance of the elements. Geochronology and cosmochemistry using radiocative decay schemes, including U-Ph, Rb-Sr, Sm-Nd, K-Ar, U-series isotopes, and cosmogenic isotopes such as 10Be and 26Al. Use of radiogenic and stable isotopes in petrology and their application to study of the evolution of the crust and mantle. Isotopic evidence regarding the formation of the Earth and the solar system. Stable isotopes and their use in paleotemperatures, paleontology, and the global climate system.

EAS 675 Modeling the Soil-Plant-Atmosphere System (also CSS 675) (previously SCAS)
Introduction to the structure and use of soil-plant-atmosphere models. Models covered will include modeling plant physiology, morphology, and development; potential crop production and crop production limited by moisture and nutrient availability; plant-plant competition; and human surface processes as well as model data requirements, validation, and scale. Use of soil-plant-atmosphere models for teaching, research, extension, and policy formation will be discussed.
EAS 681 Geotectonics
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. J. M. Bird.

EAS 692 Special Topics in Atmospheric Science (previously SCAS)
Fall or spring. 1–6 credits. S–U grades optional. Staff.
Study of topics in atmospheric science that are more specialized or different from other courses. Special topics to be covered will depend on staff and student interests.

EAS 695 Computer Methods in Geological Sciences
Fall, spring. 3 credits. L. Brown and B. L. Isacks.
Independent research projects using modern computational resources in the Department of Earth and Atmospheric Sciences. Possibilities include: image and seismic processing, seismic and geomechanical modeling, GIS, use of interpretational workshops for 3-D seismic and satellite imagery; modeling fluid flow through complex media.

EAS 700–799 Seminars and Special Work
Fall, spring. 1–3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Staff.
Advanced work on original investigations in earth and atmospheric sciences. Topics change from term to term. Contact appropriate professor for more information.

EAS 722 Advanced Topics in Structural Geology
R. W. Allmendinger.

EAS 731 Plate Tectonics and Geology
J. M. Bird.

EAS 733 Fractals and Chaos—Independent Studies
D. L. Turcotte.

EAS 751 Petrology and Geochemistry
S. Mahlburg Kay and R. W. Kay.

EAS 753 Advanced Topics in Mineral Physics
W. A. Bassett.

EAS 755 Advanced Topics in Petrology and Tectonics
J. M. Bird and W. A. Bassett.

EAS 757 Current Research in Petrology
S. Mahlburg Kay and R. W. Kay.

EAS 762 Advanced Topics in Petroleum Exploration
Fall. W. B. Travers.

EAS 771 Advanced Topics in Sedimentology and Stratigraphy
T. E. Jordan.

EAS 773 Paleobiology
J. L. Csine.

EAS 775 Advanced Topics in Oceanography
Spring. C. H. Greene.

EAS 780 Earthquake Record Reading
Fall. M. Barzangi.

EAS 781 Geophysics, Exploration Seismology
L. D. Brown.

EAS 783 Advanced Topics in Geophysics
B. L. Isacks.

EAS 789 Lithospheric Seismology (COCORP Seminar)
L. D. Brown.

EAS 793 Andes-Himalaya Seminar

EAS 795 Low Temperature Geochemistry
L. A. Derry.

EAS 796 Geochemistry of the Solid Earth
W. M. White.

EAS 797 Fluid-Rock Interactions
L. M. Cathles.

EAS 799 Soil, Water, and Geology Seminar
L. M. Cathles and T. S. Steenhuis.

EAS 850 Master’s-Level Thesis Research in Atmospheric Science (previously SCAS)
Fall or spring. Credit by arrangement. S–U grades only. Hours by arrangement. Graduate faculty. Limited to students specifically in the master's program in atmospheric science.

EAS 950 Graduate-Level Dissertation Research in Atmospheric Science (previously SCAS)
Fall or spring. Credit by arrangement. S–U grades optional. Hours by arrangement. Graduate faculty. Limited to students in the atmospheric science Ph.D. program only before the "A" exam has been passed.

EAS 951 Doctoral-Level Dissertation Research in Atmospheric Science (previously SCAS)
Fall or spring. Credit by arrangement. S–U grades optional. Hours by arrangement. Graduate faculty. Limited to students admitted to candidacy in the atmospheric science Ph.D. program after the "A" exam has been passed.

EDUCATION

EDUC 005 Basic Review Mathematics
Fall. 3 credits (this credit is not counted toward the 120 credits required for the degree). Lect., M W F 8:00 or 9:05. J. J. Lo. Review of concepts necessary for success in basic mathematics and statistics courses. Topics include algebra, problem solving, graphing, basic algebra skills, linear and quadratic functions, polynomial equations, exponents and logarithms, and trigonometry. Considerable emphasis is placed on learning mathematics for understanding and solving word problems.

EDUC 101 Introduction to Education
Fall. 3 credits. T R 11:40–12:55. C. A. Conroy.
An introduction to the field of education that is structured around an examination of three contemporary policy issues. The issues are chosen to help students understand important aspects of formal schooling systems (e.g., the public schools, colleges, and universities) as well as nonformal educational activities (e.g., adult education, extension education, and community education). The course is team-taught by two members of the faculty and is designed for students seeking a self-contained introduction to education that can also lead to additional study in the field.

EDUC 115 Introductory College Mathematics
Designed for students wishing to fulfill distribution requirements and/or prepare for study in calculus. This course offers a multi-representational approach to college-level precalculus mathematics, stressing conceptual understanding, problem solving, and applications in a technology-enhanced environment. Considerable emphasis is placed on numerical, graphical, and symbolic representations of functions and their transformations. Students will use graphing calculators in a collaborative lab setting.

EDUC 120 Education for Empowerment
Common themes running through the modules include human learning, teaching strategies, political/social/economic factors affecting education. The course provides an opportunity to sample different areas of study and to gain knowledge and awareness of one's own educational processes.

EDUC 210 Psychology of Learning and Memory
This course focuses with contemporary theories of learning, issues in the study of learning, and application of the principles of learning to the management of teaching and learning. Practical applications of research findings will be emphasized. One or more experimental projects and the use of microcomputers will be required.

EDUC 212 Psychological Foundations of Education
Spring and fall. 3 credits. S–U option available. Prerequisite: introductory psychology. W 2–4:25 plus times TBA. J. A. Dunn.
A lecture/discussion survey of the psychological foundations of educational practice. Topics include the selective contributions of developmental, social, and experimental psychology, including instructional technology, to American education.

EDUC 220 Community Learning and Service Partnership
Students learn to be self-directed learners, to integrate theory, and to be critical observers of their own experiential learning, issues of diversity and empowerment, interpersonal communication, and critical analysis. Concepts and skills are learned through participation in a campus-based adult education program, the
EDUC 240 The Art of Teaching

This course is designed for all students interested in finding out more about teaching. Students engage in field experiences to find out what teaching involves. Possible field experiences range from large group to tutorial situations, from preschool to adult education, from traditional school subject matters to nontraditional educational settings such as schools with a focus on secondary education.

EDUC 317 Sociology of Education

An introduction to the sociological study of schooling and education. Topics include the effects of social factors on educational achievement, the norms and values learned as part of the process of schooling, the relations between students and teachers, and the school's relations to the economic and political systems. All levels of education, relation to elementary school to the university, are considered.

EDUC 311 Educational Psychology

This course applies psychological concepts to educational settings such as schools with a focus on understanding the interaction between people, context, and knowledge in schools and other learning environments. It examines education as a social, moral, and interpersonal enterprise that respects differences between individuals. This course is designed to foster effective teaching and learning across the life span, but with a focus on secondary education.

EDUC 317 Psychology of Adolescence
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: introductory psychology. S-U grades optional. M W 11:15-12:05. Friday morning section TBA. D. E. Schrader.

This course surveys the nature of adolescent cognitive, social, moral, and self-development. Theories of adolescence are examined in the context of real-life experiences of adolescents using case analysis as a methodological tool. Educational implications will be discussed for both formal and informal settings.

EDUC 331 Careers in Agriculture, Extension, and Adult Education
Fall. 1-3 credits. Letter grade only. M 2:00-4:25. D. E. Foster and G. J. Applebee.

This course will offer modules in three areas of teaching: Adult Education, Cooperative Extension, and Agricultural Education. Each module will offer one hour of credit, and students may take one or more of the modules. The course will provide a historical perspective and an introduction to the organization and scope of programs for each module. Students will examine career opportunities and job characteristics of the professions addressed by each module. Course activities include field observations and experiences during arranged times.

EDUC 332 Instructional Methods in AgriScience Education
Spring. 1-3 credits. Prerequisite: enrollment in a Cornell teacher education program or permission of instructor. R 2:00-4:25. C. A. Conroy.

Selection, practice, and evaluation of methods in AgriScience education will be stressed. This course offers a modular approach to focus on teaching strategies and methodology unique to educational settings such as schools with a focus on secondary education. Credit will include field programs for each module. Students will include field experiences range from large group to tutorial situations, from preschool to adult education, from traditional school subject matters to nontraditional educational settings such as schools with a focus on secondary education.

EDUC 335 Youth Organizations

An examination of selected policy issues in current education. Included are such topics as equality of educational opportunity; student, parent, and teacher rights; and educational politics. Issues are treated from legal, sociological, and economic perspectives. mission oriented. Examination of educational policy is required for students who plan on participating in field experiences at arranged times.

EDUC 378 Political Economy of Education

A policy oriented examination of educational systems with emphasis on political and economic perspectives. Attention will be paid to both external and internal aspects of educational activities. Specific topics will include the changing contributions of education to earnings, school-community relations, power within educational organizations, the impact of technology in the workplace and in classrooms, and the sources and impact of educational costs. A variety of education settings will be examined including higher education and non-formal education.

EDUC 380 Independent Honors Research in Social Science
Fall or spring. 1-6 credits. Limited to students who have met requirements for honors program. S-U grades optional. A maximum of 6 credits may be earned in the honors program. Staff.

EDUC 401 Our Physical Environment
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Charge for laboratory supplies, approximately $7. T 1:25-4:25. V. N. Rockcastle.

A practical, relatively nonmathematical study of some basic relationships and physical interactions in the environment, with emphasis on physics and earth science. Attention is paid to analysis for understanding and techniques for teaching. An individual research project is included. Useful for teachers, environmental educators, and those for whom physical science seems difficult or uninviting.

EDUC 402 Knowing and Learning in Science, Mathematics, and Agriscience
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: enrollment in a Cornell teacher education program or permission of the instructor. M W 2:30-4:20. D. E. Schrader.

Students examine both current situations in the history and philosophy of science that explain how knowledge within a discipline develops and current theory and research that examines the individual's acquisition of knowledge. This material serves as a basis for students' individual research projects investigating neophytes' knowledge of science and mathematics concepts. All students enrolled must complete fieldwork. Fieldwork will comprise a minimum of three hours per week in an appropriate educational setting.

EDUC 403 Observing and Teaching Science, Mathematics, and Agriscience
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: enrollment in a Cornell teacher education program or permission of the instructor. C. A. Conroy.

Designed for prospective secondary teachers, this course provides a multiple-perspective orientation to the culture of schools and the work of teaching science and mathematics. Students spend six to eight hours each week observing in area schools. Students also plan and teach innovative lessons in the scheduled teaching laboratory. Readings and discussions include preparation, delivery, and evaluation of instruction classroom management, and other issues such as equity, tracking, and classroom language.

EDUC 413 Psychology of Human Interaction
Fall. 3 credits. Enrollment limited. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. T R 10-12:05. D. E. Hedlund and staff.

Designed to develop an understanding of, effective interpersonal communication and interaction. Appropriate for students in the helping professions, education, and areas involving management of human resources.

EDUC 414 Counseling Psychology
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: introductory psychology and personality psychology. T R 10-12:05. D. E. Hedlund and staff.

The processes of counseling are examined from various theoretical perspectives. Typical counseling issues are examined, and implications are drawn for counseling strategies, including psychological assessment, establishing therapeutic goals, intervention strategies, and evaluation of outcomes.

EDUC 420 Field Experience
Fall or spring. 1-4 credits. S-U grades optional. Undergraduate students must attach to their course enrollment material written permission from the faculty member who will supervise the work and assign the grade. Staff.
Students may engage in planned, semiprofessional, or professional practice in an educational enterprise. Each student prepares a plan of action, individualized purposes, and procedures and arranges with a faculty member to supervise and evaluate their field experience.

**EDUC 445 Curriculum Design Workshop**  
Summer. 3 credits. G. J. Posner.  
A general practical approach to course planning. Readings, group discussions, workshops, and individual conferences centering on each student's project. This project consists of designing a course in a subject area for an age level and an institutional setting of the student's choosing.

**EDUC 447 Curriculum Design Laboratory: A Technology-Intensive Course**  
Spring or summer. 3 credits. W. S. Carlsen.  
A project-focused introduction to course design, from needs assessment, through materials development, to the evaluation of student outcomes. The course involves the creation and implementation of an actual curriculum, and the nature of the project will vary from year to year. Students are expected to make extensive use of computer software writing, design, management, and communications. The summer section of 447 will be small and we anticipate that, rather than working on a single class project, students will undertake curriculum development projects of their own design.

**EDUC 472 Philosophy of Education**  
Fall. 3 credits. T 2:30-4:25. K. A. Strike.  
A study of central issues in the philosophy of education. Questions of ethics, political philosophy, and the theory of knowledge are examined and linked to current educational issues.

**EDUC 477 Law and Educational Policy**  
Fall. 3 credits. M 2:30-4:25. K. A. Strike.  
A study of recent federal court decisions concerning education. Emphasis on examining legal issues against a background of related educational issues and in terms of the consequences of legal decisions for the development and operation of educational institutions.

**EDUC 483 Comparative Studies in Adult Education**  
Spring. 3 credits. S-U grades optional. T R 3:35-5:00. Staff.  
Focuses on the variety of adult-education programs in countries around the world. Literature on comparative adult education, international conferences on adult education, UNESCO adult-education publications, and international community development are analyzed in relationship to each student's exploration of adult education in two countries. Description of adult education in other countries is shared by international students.

**EDUC 484 Special Topics in Education**  
Fall or spring. 4 credits maximum. S-U grades optional. Hours TBA. Staff.  
The department teaches "trial" courses under this number. Offerings vary by semester, and will be advertised by the department. Courses offered under the number will be approved by the department curriculum committee, and the same course will not be offered more than twice under this number.

**EDUC 495 Senior Seminar**  
Spring. 2 credits. Education majors or permission of instructors. S-U only. TBA. Undergraduate coordinator for the department.  
This seminar focuses in depth on two or three significant educational issues, which may vary from year-to-year depending on the interests and background of students and faculty. The seminar attempts to help students relate the knowledge gained in their particular concentrations to a set of broad issues in education. While education faculty will be involved in selecting the issues and providing guidance for the seminar, it is expected to provide the initiative and leadership in the classroom.

**EDUC 497 Individual Study in Education**  
Fall or spring. 1-3 credits. S-U grades optional. Students must register with an Independent Study form (available in 140 Roberts Hall). Hours TBA. Staff.  
A student may, with approval of a faculty adviser, study a problem or topic not covered in a regular course or may undertake tutorial study of an independent nature in an area of educational interest.

**EDUC 498 Undergraduate Teaching**  
Fall or spring. 1 or 2 credits; 4 credits maximum toward graduate career. Limited to students with GPA of at least 2.7. S-U grades optional. Students must register with an Independent Study form (available in 140 Roberts Hall). Hours TBA. Staff.  
Participating students assist in teaching a course allied with their education and experience. Students are expected to meet regularly with a discussion or laboratory section, to gain teaching experience, and regularly to discuss teaching objectives, techniques, and subject matter with the professor in charge.

**EDUC 499 Undergraduate Research**  
Fall or spring. 6 credits maximum during undergraduate career. Not open to students who have earned 6 or more undergraduate credits elsewhere in the college. Limited to juniors and seniors with GPAs of at least 2.7. Students must register with an Independent Study form (available in 140 Roberts Hall). Hours TBA. Staff.  
Affords opportunities for students to carry out independent research under appropriate supervision. Each student is expected to review pertinent literature, prepare a project outline, conduct the research, and prepare a report.

**EDUC 501 Communication Workshop**  
Summer and intersession. 2 credits. S-U grades optional. M. D. Gock.  
The course focuses on skills enabling individuals to cope with such concerns as motivation, dealing with difficult people, productive criticism, improving comprehension, adjusting to different learning styles, and communicating with the public. Practice is coordinated with theory and research findings. The ongoing dynamics of the course necessitate intense participation over a period of time, not provided by regularly scheduled 50-minute class periods. Additional auto-tutorial lab time is scheduled. Appropriate for anyone who works with people.

**EDUC 507 Environmental Inquiry (also NTRES 507)**  
Summer. 1-3 credits (V). S-U grades optional. Prerequisite: lifetime preservice or inservice secondary science teachers. Permission of one of the instructors required. W. S. Carlsen and M. E. Krasny.  
Exploration of selected topics in environmental science and environmental science education at the secondary school level. The subject-matter focus will vary from year to year, and will track ongoing research and development conducted through Cornell's Environmental Inquiry project, a collaboration between the Departments of Education and Natural Resources and the Center for the Environment. Current work centers on watershed dynamics, biodegradation, environmental toxicology, and invasive species.

**EDUC 513 Interpersonal Interaction**  
Designed to develop skills for an understanding of effective interpersonal communication and interaction. Appropriate for students in the helping professions, education, and areas involving management of human resources. A workshop design is required for the second credit. Participants must bring a tape recorder to class.

**EDUC 523 Food and Fiber Across the Curriculum**  
Summer. 0-3 credits. J. Hawkens.  
An intensive five-day course designed to help New York State elementary teachers and administrators implement the New York Agriculture in the Classroom Program and understand the complexity of New York's leading industry. Participants learn how to incorporate instructional materials and experiences with our food-fiber system can be used to teach students language arts, mathematics, science, and social studies. One credit is earned by class attendance and participation. Two credits require one additional project. Three credits require two additional projects.

**EDUC 548 Effective College Teaching**  
Spring. 1-3 credits. S-U grade option. T 5:00-7:00. D. Way.  
This course is designed to help participants become more effective college teachers. It will examine the basic principle of learning, identify different learning styles, and explore a variety of teaching techniques, methods, and technologies. Participants will also learn how to design a course and improve their effectiveness as teachers.

**EDUC 578 International TA Training Course: Cross-Cultural Classroom Dynamics, Pronunciation and Language, Video Teaching Practicum**  
Fall and spring. 2 credits. S-U only. T. Amsden, E. Burns, G. Wolfe, D. Mendelson.  
Designed for first-time international teaching assistants from countries in which English is not the primary language. The ITATP course focuses on three areas: cross-cultural classroom dynamics, video-tutorial lab time is scheduled. Appropriate for anyone who works with people.
EDUC 601 Secondary Agriculture, Science, and Mathematics Teaching Practicum
Fall or spring. 6 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Letter grades only. For graduate students enrolled in the Teacher Education in Science and Mathematics Program. M T W R F 9:00–10:00. W. S. Carlsen and staff.
Supervised student teaching in science or mathematics at the secondary level. Program includes teaching in a local school for ten weeks.

EDUC 602 Teaching Agriculture, Science/Mathematics: Methods, Materials, Practice
Fall or spring. 9 credits. Prerequisite: concurrent enrollment in EDUC 601 or permission of instructor. M T W R F 9:00–10:00. W. S. Carlsen and staff.
The course begins with full day sessions of intensive consideration of theoretical frameworks relevant to all aspects of student teaching. Assignments and a weekly seminar during the semester allow students to use those theories to develop and evaluate teaching materials and practices. Students will complete an extensive portfolio documenting their work.

[EDUC 606 Seminar in Science and Mathematics Education]
Explores topics in science and mathematics education. The focus of the seminar changes each year.

EDUC 609 Methods for Interpretive Research
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: course in research methods or measurement or permission of instructor. T R 2:55–4:10.
D. J. Trumbull.
This course examines some of the methods of educational interpretive research. An interpretive research perspective attends to the complex interactions between researcher, researched, and contexts and accepts the centrality of interpretation in the conduct of human affairs. This perspective imposes some unique demands on researchers wishing to justify the quality of their projects. In the class, students will practice methods for gathering and interpreting data by conducting a small project using methods as they relate to the aims and assumptions of interpretive research.

EDUC 611 Educational Psychology
A basic survey course for graduate students (selected undergraduates admitted with permission). Emphasis on psychological factors involved in human learning and the educational process. Set in a broad-based conceptual model of any behavioral setting for learning. A life-span developmental approach is used, appropriate for those seeking an introduction to educational psychology or a refresher course in contemporary educational psychology.

EDUC 614 Epistemological Development and Reflective Thought
Fall. 3 credits. S-U grades optional. M T W R F 12:20–2:15. J. B. Schrader
Insight into how individuals make sense of knowledge is essential to teaching and learning. This course examines theories of intellectual development and their implications for educating students of various age groups, particularly college students. The role of reflection on thinking (metacognition) and its impact on development of thought is explored.

[EDUC 615 Self and Interpersonal Development and Education]
D. E. Schrader
Interpersonal interactions affect teaching and learning. This course takes a life-span perspective as it explores constructive-developmental theories of self and others, and how such theories explain students’ understanding of their own and others’ actions in educational contexts.

EDUC 620 Internship in Education
Fall or spring. 1–6 credits. S-U grades optional. Each student, before course enrollment, must obtain the approval of a faculty member who will assume responsibility for supervising the work.
Staff.
An opportunity for practical experience in educational professions development.

EDUC 621 Work-Experience Coordinator Certification Course I
Summer. 3 credits. S-U grades optional. D. E. Foster.
The first of a two-course sequence designed to develop the competencies needed for certification as a coordinator of diversified cooperative work experience programs. The course focuses on the history and philosophy, types, operation, and evaluation of work-experience programs including articulation with JPTA and VESID. Field interviews are required. A prerequisite for Course II, EDUC 622.

EDUC 622 Work-Experience Coordinator Certification Course II
Summer. 3 credits. Prerequisite: EDUC 621 Work-Experience Certification Course I. D. E. Foster.
The second course for certification as a diversified cooperative work experience coordinator combines course work and directed field experience leading to the planning, development, and approval of a work-experience program in a local educational agency. Development of a philosophy and policy statement, budget, curriculum for related instruction, annual work plan by function, promotional materials, and all program forms for Board of Education approval required.

EDUC 630 Special Problems in Agricultural, Extension, and Adult Education
Fall or spring; may also be offered in summer. 1–3 credits. S-U grades optional. Hours TBA. Staff.
The course provides an opportunity for graduate-level study of individually selected problems and issues in agricultural, extension, and adult education.

EDUC 632 Teaching Agricultural, Extension, and Adult Education
Summer. 3 credits. Prerequisite: an introductory course in teaching methods or permission of instructor. Hours TBA. C. A. Conroy.
The focus of the course is on the selection, use, and evaluation of methods and materials for teaching. Methods for group and informal instruction are covered. Opportunity is provided for students to develop teaching competence based on their individual needs and interests. Development of self-evaluation skills is included. A class project on the development of instructional materials is required.

EDUC 633 Program Planning in Agricultural, Extension, and Adult Education
Current social and economic conditions affecting agriculture, extension, and adult education are examined. Principles, objectives, strategies, and sources of information are applied to program planning. Participants have an opportunity to observe ongoing programs in agriculture, extension, and adult education, and to pursue individual interests in program development and improvement.

EDUC 635 Experiential Learning
Staff.
Participants will explore various dimensions of scholar and practitioner thinking about the understanding and practice of experiential learning. Theoretical perspectives on experiential education, reflective practice, and a critical learning systems perspective will be explored through readings and applied assignments. The instructor will introduce methods of facilitation designed to encourage inquiry and dialogue for improvement of both nonformal and formal learning activities. The course process is intended to engage participants in reflective dialogue—nurturing emergence of learning community elements.

EDUC 644 Curriculum Theory and Analysis
An examination of the elements involved in making curriculum decisions and an analysis of current approaches to curriculum. The course focuses on the assumptions underlying any curriculum. The major task of each student is to choose and conduct an in-depth analysis of a curriculum. This course is the basic graduate course in curriculum.

EDUC 661 Administration of Educational Organizations
Fall. 3 credits. R 3:35–6:00. J. W. Sipple.
Perspectives on the administration of educational organizations. Consideration of social science, legal and ethical theories, and their application to both public schools and higher education. Intended for students who are considering careers as educational administrators, as well as for those who want to further their understanding of educational organizations.

EDUC 664 Educational Finance
Fall. 3 credits. S-U grades optional. W 3:35–6:00. Staff.
An analysis of the distribution and use of public and private resources for educational
EDUC 665 Administrative Decision Making  
Spring. 3 credits. S-U grades optional. W 2:35–6:00. Staff.  
An introduction to decision-making theory and its relevance to the field of educational administration. Specific applications will be made to the study and improvement of productivity in educational systems. A wide variety of educational settings will be considered, including higher education and nonformal education.

EDUC 680 Foundations of Extension Adult Education  
An analysis of alternative purposes, nature, and scope of extension, adult, and continuing education programs in the United States and abroad, with emphasis on the relationship of programs to historical, cultural, political, and social settings. Definitions, conceptual controversies, philosophical issues, and current research directions will be examined through a seminar approach.

EDUC 682 Community Education and Development  
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to 25 students.  
An examination of the concept of community; changes in community life; the analysis of community; alternative strategies for community development; patterns of response to community by universities, colleges, schools, cooperative extension, and government service agencies; and the functional dimensions of community education programming as participatory decision making, volunteers, leadership development, council formation and function, interagency coordination, and change-agents roles.

EDUC 685 Training and Development: Theory and Practice (also COMM 685, INTAG 685)  
Analysis, design, conduct, administration, and evaluation of training programs for the development of human resources in small-farm agriculture, rural health and nutrition, literacy and nonformal education, and general community development. Designed for scientists, administrators, educator-trainers, and social organizers in rural and agricultural development programs in the United States and abroad.

EDUC 694 Special Topics in Education  
Fall, spring, or summer. 1–3 credits.  
Prerequisite: permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. Hours TBA. Staff.  
Topics to be announced.

EDUC 711 Contemporary Issues in Educational Psychology  
Fall and spring. Variable. 3 credits. S-U grades optional. TBA. Educ psych staff.  
This is a graduate-level seminar dealing with key issues in contemporary psychology having implications for educational practice and research. Topics will vary from semester to semester. Students may take the course more than once.

EDUC 714 Moral Development and Education  
This seminar focuses on current topics in moral development research as related to the educational process. Topics include the question of the development of moral reasoning, gender differences, the relationship between moral judgment and moral action, questions related to moral education in secondary schools and university settings, and professional ethics in educational settings. This course takes a life-span perspective; however, special emphasis will be placed on development from adolescence through adulthood.

EDUC 718 Adult Learning and Development  
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. W 2:00–4:25. R. E. Ripple and A. Wilson.  
Deals with adult development and learning behavior from points of view of educational psychology and adult education. Inferences are drawn from theory and research to the practice of adult continuing education. Appropriate for graduate students in educational psychology, extension and continuing education, and community service education, and for others interested in adult learning and development.

EDUC 730 Seminar in Agricultural, Extension, and Adult Education  
Spring. 2 credits. S-U grades optional. R 8:00–9:55. S. Peters.  
Emphasis on current problems and research in agricultural, extension, and adult education. Includes discussion and analysis of student and staff research.

EDUC 745 Seminar in Curriculum Theory and Research  
Theoretical issues in curriculum and appropriate areas for curriculum research are discussed. Two current topics of interest are the hidden curriculum and school reform. Both topics serve to uncover the relation between ideology and research.

EDUC 760 Practicum Seminar in Educational Administration  
Fall, spring, and summer. 2 credits. S-U only. Hours TBA. J. W. Sipple and K. A. Strike.  
The practicum seminar is taken in conjunction with the administrative internship and serves to tie together previous coursework, current policy issues, and the concurrent internship. It involves two elements. First, current interns will meet regularly during the semester to bring their knowledge base (developed in the program) to bear on their current duties and problems and will collaboratively problem solve with faculty and other interns. Second, interns will participate in special topics seminars as needed in order to supplement coursework in critical areas. Examples of special topics are AIDS, sexual harassment in the workplace, child abuse, and substance abuse recognition.
ENTOMOLOGY


Courses by Subject

Apiculture: 260, 264
Behavior: 215, 325, 471, 662
Ecology: 452, 455, 456, 470, 471, 672
Introductory courses: 201, 212, 215
Medical entomology and veterinary entomology: 352
Morphology: 322
Pathology: 463
Pest management: 241, 277, 441, 443, 444, 477, 644
Physiology, development, and toxicology: 370, 400, 483, 490, 685
Systematics: 331, 453, 631, 632, 634, 635
Note: class meeting times are accurate at the time of publication. If changes are necessary, the department will provide new information as soon as possible.

[ENTOM 201 Alien Empire: Bizarre Biology of Bugs]
Insects are the most abundant and diverse animals on earth. This course will explore the bizarre biology of insects by examining their evolutionary history, anatomy, development, feeding habits, life-history strategies, behavior, and their interactions with humans (both positive and negative) through history. Optional field trips and one open lab will provide hands-on opportunities for examining these amazing animals.

[ENTOM 212 Insect Biology]
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: BIO G 101–102 or equivalent. Lecs, W F 10:10–11:00, labs T W or R 1:25–4:25. Lab fee $35.
Q. D. Wheeler.
Introduces the science of entomology by focusing on basic principles of systematics, morphology, physiology, behavior, and ecology of insects. The laboratory in early fall includes field trips to collect and study insects in the natural environment. A collection emphasizing ecological, behavioral, and taxonomic categories is required.

[ENTOM 215 Spider Biology: Life on a Silken Thread]
Fall. 2 credits. Prerequisite: introductory biology or permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. Lecs, W F 1:25–2:15.
J. Ewer.
An introduction to the fascinating world of spiders. Evolution, ecology, behavior, and physiology of spiders and their close kin will be explored from a modern perspective. Topics include identification of major spider families, spiders' unique use of silk, risky courtship, predatory behavior, diverse life styles, social spiders, and potential use in IPM insect behavior, to the behavioral dynamics of foraging, courtship, parental care, and social behavior. Topics include insect learning, perception, chemoreception, feeding strategies, predation, pollination, and examination of current issues in insect behavior.

[ENTOM 241 Applied Entomology]
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: BIO G 101–102 or equivalent. Lecs, T R 10:10; lab/disc, T or W 12:20–3:15. W. M. Tingley.
Introduction to major pest species and tactics for their management. Discussions of insect pest management requirements on farms, gardens, forests, and urban environments, along with descriptions of control methods, materials, and equipment.

[ENTOM 260 Introductory Beekeeping]
Fall. 2 credits. Lecs, T R 11:15. Staff.
Introduces the fundamentals of practical beekeeping, including the life history, physiology, and behavior of honey bees. The classical experiments on the dance language and the role of pheromones are reviewed. Some lectures are devoted to pollination of agricultural crops and the production of honey and beeswax.

[ENTOM 264 Practical Beekeeping]
Fall. 1 credit. Limited to 20 students. Prerequisite: ENTO 260 (may be taken concurrently). Lab, R 2–4:25. Staff.
This course consists of 14 laboratory sessions to acquaint students with practical methods of colony management. Laboratories involve actual work with honey bee colonies and equipment. Some of the topics covered are management of bees and the use of apple pollination, honey harvesting and processing, and disease identification and control.

[ENTOM 277 Natural Enemies Managing Pests: An Introduction to Biological Control]
Spring. 2 credits. S-U grades optional. Lecs, T R 1:25–2:15; lab demonstration, optional field trip. Offered alternate years. A. E. Hajek.
An introduction to the dynamic field of biological control. What is it and when should it be used? This course covers a diversity of types of biological control including use of parasitoids, predators, pathogens, and competitors as well as plant breeding to control pests from microbes to weeds to invertebrates and vertebrates. This course is intended for students curious about safely controlling pests.

[ENTOM 322 Comparative Insect Morphology]
Spring. 5 credits. Prerequisites: ENTO 212 or equivalent. Lecs, M W F 9:05; labs, M W 1:25–4:25. Offered alternate years.
B. N. Danforth.
This course provides a detailed introduction to the external and internal anatomy of insects. Lectures introduce basic concepts in insect morphology, such as the organization of the insect body plan and organ systems, functional morphology, homology, phylology, modularity, and development. The laboratory portion of the course introduces students to the basic methods of insect microdissection, specimen preparation, and scientific illustration. High-quality, publishable illustrations are produced based on student art-work.

[ENTOM 325 Insect Behavior]
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: introductory biology or introductory entomology or permission of instructor. Lecs, M W F 12:20. Offered alternate years. L. S. Rayor.
Insects are the most diverse organisms on earth, with equally diverse behavior. This course will explore the behavior of insects, ranging from the individual sensory and physiological mechanisms that are the basis of insect behavior, to the behavioral dynamics of foraging, courtship, parental care, and social behavior. Topics include insect learning, perception, chemoreception, feeding strategies, predation, pollination, and examination of current issues in insect behavior.

[ENTOM 331 Introductory Insect Systematics]
An introduction to the classification, evolutionary history, and distribution of the insects. Laboratory practice in the identification of orders, families, and representative genera of insects; methods of collection, preservation, and study. Lectures on theory and practice of insect systematics and major features of insect evolution. Insect collections are required.

[ENTOM 352 Medical and Veterinary Entomology]
The ecology of arthropods and their veterinary importance in temperate and tropical regions of the world will be emphasized in the role they play in causation or transmission of disease. The laboratory involves two field trips, techniques of collection and identification, dissections, methods of transmission, means of identification of a blood pathogen, and the source of a blood meal.

[ENTOM 370 Pesticides, the Environment, and Human Health (also TOX 370)]
Fall. 2 credits. Prerequisites: BIO G 101–102 or equivalent. Lecs, T R 9:05. Offered alternate years. J. G. Scott.
A survey of the different types of pesticides, their uses, properties, and effects on the environment. Discussion of the risks, benefits, regulation, politics, and current controversies associated with pesticide use.

[ENTOM 400 Insect Development (also BIOGD 402)]
The course will emphasize the mechanisms that underlie embryonic and post-embryonic developmental processes of insects. The portion of the course on embryonic development will lean heavily on knowledge obtained from Drosophila, but will also cover more classical studies as well as recent advances exploring the molecular basis for the evolution of body plan. The postembryonic development portion will cover the control of growth, molting, and metamorphosis. The laboratory will use modern techniques to illustrate developmental events at the organismal and cellular level. The discussion section will involve the analysis and presentation of primary research papers.]
ENTOMOLOGY 89

[ENTOM 441 Seminar in Insect Pest Management] Spring. 1 credit. Limited to 15 students. Prerequisite: ENTOM 241 or 444 or permission of instructor. S-U grades only. Hours TBA. Offered alternate years. Not offered spring 2001; next offered spring 2002. M. W. Lees and A. M. Shelton. Discussion and analysis of current topics in insect pest management.

ENTOM 443 Entomology and Pathology of Trees and Shrubs (also PL PA 443) Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: ENTOM 212 or equivalent and PL PA 241 or equivalent. S-U grades optional. Evening labs. Lecs, M W F 11:15; lab, F 1:25—4:25. Offered alternate years. P. A. Weston and G. W. Hudler. For students preparing for careers in horticulture, urban forestry, pest management, and natural history/science education. Deals with the nature, diagnosis, assessment, and management of insect and disease pests on trees and shrubs in forests, urban landscapes, Christmas tree plantations, and other sites where intensive pest management is practiced.

ENTOM 444 Integrated Pest Management (also PL PA 444) Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: BIOES 261, ENTOM 212 or 241, and PL PA 241 or their equivalents or permission of instructor. Lecs, M W F 9:05; labs, M 1:25—4:25. P. Arneson and J. Losey. Lectures integrate the principles of pest control, ecology, and economics in the management of pests across multiple systems. Laboratories consist of exercises to reinforce concepts presented in lecture and demonstrate pest control principles and techniques and the application of computer technology to management problems.

ENTOM 452 Herbivores and Plants: Chemical Ecology and Coevolution (also BIOES 452) Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: 1 year of introductory organic chemistry, BIOES 261, CHEM 257 or 375/385 and 251 or 301; or permission of instructor. Lecs, M W F 11:15. Offered alternate years. P. P. Feeny. Significance of plant chemistry in mediating interactions between plants and herbivorous animals; mechanisms and strategies of plant finding and exploitation by animals, especially insects, and of defense and escape by plants; evolutionary hypotheses for ecological patterns of resistance and attack; implications for human food and agriculture.

[ENTOM 453 Principles and Practice of Historical Biogeography (also BIOPL 453)] Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: a course in systematics or permission of instructors. S-U grades optional. Lecs, T R 10:10, lab T 1:25—4:30. Offered alternate years. Not offered fall 2000; next offered fall 2001. J. K. Liebherr and M. Luckow. A survey of techniques in historical biogeography and the development of modern biogeography; history in the context of classical, ecological, and phylogenetic analytical methods. Geological and paleontological aspects of biogeography will be presented, and the application of biogeographic patterns discussed. Laboratories will focus on computer applications and discussion of controversial issues.

[ENTOM 455 Insect Ecology (also BIOES 455)] Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: BIOES 261 or equivalent and ENTOM 212 or equivalent knowledge of another taxon. S-U grades optional. Lecs, M W F 11:15. Offered alternate years. Not offered fall 2000; next offered fall 2001. R. B. Root. Topics include the nature and consequences of biotic diversity, biogeography, coevolution, adaptive syndromes exhibited by various guilds, population regulation, impact of insects on ecosystems and functional analysis of communities, and differences in the organization of natural and managed systems. Ecological and evolutionary principles are integrated by thorough study of exemplars.

ENTOM 456 Stream Ecology (also BIOES 456 and NTRRES 456) Spring. 4 credits. Limited to 60 students. Recommended: BIOES 261. S-U grades optional. Lecs, T R 9:05, labs, T W or R 1:25—4:25. Offered alternate years. B. L. Peckarsky. Lecture: adds the patterns and processes occurring in stream ecosystems, including channel formation, water chemistry, watershed influences, plant, invertebrate, and fish community structure, nutrient cycling, trophic dynamics, colonization and succession, community dynamics, conservation, and the impacts of disturbances. Lab: a field project includes descriptive and experimental techniques and hypothesis testing related to environmental assessment.

[ENTOM 463 Invertebrate Pathology] Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: one year of introductory biology. S-U grades optional. Lecs, M W F 9:05, lab, W 1:25—4:25. Offered alternate years. Not offered spring 2001; next offered spring 2002. A. E. Hajek. Lecture presents principles of pathology as applied to invertebrates. Topics explored include noninfectious and infectious diseases caused by viruses, bacteria, fungi, protozoa, and nematodes, epizoicophy of insect diseases, and methods for control. Laboratory involves a diversity of pathogens and hosts using techniques such as microweometry, electrophoresis, immunocassay, density gradient centrifugation, soil extraction, and computer simulation.

[ENTOM 470 Ecological Genetics] Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: BIOES 278 or permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. Lecs, T R 10:10, disc, 1 hr/week TBA. Offered alternate years. Not offered spring 2001; next offered spring 2002. M. C. Cailiaud. A study of the genetic basis and evolution of ecologically important traits. Blending theory with an experimental approach to study evolution in nature, the course includes methods for measuring genetic variation and natural selection and the molecular analysis of genetic architecture; constraints and limits on evolution in natural populations; genetic aspects of coevolution, phenotypic plasticity, and conservation of endangered species. Examples are taken from studies of animals and plants.


[ENTOM 477 Biological Control] Fall. 5 credits. Prerequisites: ENTOM 212, BIOES 261, and permission of instructor. Lecs, T R 9:05; lab T 1:25—4:15. Offered alternate years. Not offered fall 2000; next offered fall 2001. Staff. Approach and procedures in biological control of arthropod pests and weeds. Demonstrations focus on using parasitoids and predators. Discussions focus on case histories.

ENTOM 483 Insect Physiology (also TOX 483) Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: ENTOM 212 or permission of instructor. Lecs, M W F 11:15; lab T 1:25—4:25 and a disc, TBA. Offered alternate years. J. G. Scott. An introduction to the often unique ways in which insects have met their basic needs. Each organ system is examined with emphasis on basic principles and specific examples. The student will also be introduced to some common methods used in physiological research and to the critical reading of scientific literature.

ENTOM 490 Toxicology of Insecticides (also TOX 490) Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: general chemistry. S-U grades optional. Lecs, M W F 9:05; disc 1:25—2:15, day TBA. Offered alternate years. J. G. Scott. The history, metabolism, and mechanism of action of synthetic and naturally occurring insecticides. Mechanisms of insecticide resistance, evaluation of insecticide toxicity, and new approaches to insect management and control with biotechnology will be discussed.

ENTOM 494 Special Topics in Entomology Fall or spring. 4 credits maximum. S-U grades optional. Hours TBA. Staff. The department teaches "trial" courses under this number. Offerings vary by semester, and will be advertised by the department. Courses offered under the number will be approved by the department curriculum committee, and the same course will not be offered more than twice under this number.

ENTOM 497 Individual Study in Entomology Fall or spring. Credit TBA. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Students must register with an Independent Study form (available in 140 Roberts Hall). Staff.

ENTOM 498 Undergraduate Teaching Fall or spring. Credit TBA. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Undergraduate teaching assistantship in an entomology course by agreement with the instructor. Students must register with an Independent Study form (available in 140 Roberts Hall). Staff.

Participating students assist in teaching a course allied with their education and experience. Students are expected to meet...
regularly with a discussion or laboratory session, to gain teaching experience, and to creatively test teaching objectives, techniques, and subject matter with the professor in charge.

[ENTOM 631] Systematics of the Coleoptera
Summer. 3 credits. Limited to 18 students. 3 week summer session. Prerequisites: an introductory course in insect taxonomy, and permission of instructor. Labs. M T W R F 9-4; Saturday field trips. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000-2001. Q. D. Wheeler. A comprehensive review of the comparative morphological phylogenetic relationships, classification, natural history, and distribution of the Coleoptera, including adult and immature stages. Laboratory practice in identification and methods for collection and study of beetles. A collection is required.

[ENTOM 632] Advanced Coleopterology
Summer. 1-3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. Lab. TBA. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000-2001. Q. D. Wheeler. An advanced course on the phylogeny and classification of selected subfamilies of Coleoptera; exercises in identification of beetles, generally to the level of genus or beyond. Taught by authority on taxon of interest, frequently including a visiting scholar. Can be repeated for credit.

[ENTOM 634] Special Topics in Systematic Entomology
Fall or spring, taught on demand. 2-4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Staff. Lectures on the classification, evolution, and biomics of selected taxa, with accompanying laboratory studies on identification and comparative morphology. Collections sometimes required.

[ENTOM 635] Insect Molecular Systematics
Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisites: permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. Not offered spring 2001. M. W. F 10:10. Coordinator: Jugatae. Analysis of DNA sequence variation can provide a powerful tool for resolving problems in insect systematics, from species level taxonomic decisions to higher level (ordinal) relationships. This course will introduce students to the basic methods of insect molecular systematics, including DNA extraction, gel electrophoresis, PCR, DNA purification, and DNA sequencing (manual and automated). Results will be analyzed using available computer programs. Students are encouraged to collect preliminary data for thesis or post-doctoral research.

[ENTOM 644] Advanced IPM: Theory and Implementation
Spring. 1-4 credits. S-U grades optional. Lec. M, W, F 10:10. Coordinator: J. E. Losey. This advanced course in integrated pest management (IPM) will be comprised of a rotating series of four-week intensive modules on specialized topics. Topics will range from basic ecology and genetics of pests and their natural enemies to specific strategies for pest management implementation. The course is designed to provide advanced IPM instruction for graduate and upper-level undergraduate students with intermediate backgrounds in IPM. In special cases, students with little or no background in IPM seeking intensive instruction on a specialized topic may enroll with permission of the instructor. Each module is a unique unit and students may take any or all modules each time the course is offered. Prerequisites and grading procedures will be determined by instructors(s) of each module. Potential modules include: Insecticide resistance and resistance management—J. Scott: Entomology (Ithaca); Crop protection decision making—J. Nyrop: Entomology (Geneva); Genetics of managed ecosystems—M. C. Caiaud: Entomology (Ithaca); Turf-grass insect IPM—M. Villani: Entomology (Geneva); Insect vectors of plant pathogens—Staff; IPM of soil-dwelling arthropods—M. Villani: Entomology (Geneva); Integrated weed and insect pest management—C. Mohlicl: Ecology & Evolutionary Biology; IPM implementation and extension—M. Hoffmann, J. Sanderson: Entomology (Ithaca); Plant resistance—Staff: Entomology. Plant Breeding, Integrated Pest Management in Tropical Agriculture—P. Arenson: Plant Pathology (also PL PA 655); IPM of natural systems—B. Blossey: Natural Resources; Sustainable strategies for pest management—Staff.

[ENTOM 682] Insect Behavior Seminar
Spring, 2 credits. Prerequisites: permission of instructor and ENTOM 212 and BIONB 221 or equivalents. S-U grades optional. Offered alternate years. Hours TBA. Staff. A seminar conducted by Jugatae, the insect behavior seminar. Students will develop the ability to design research on insect behavior and learn to communicate their results to others. They will also have an opportunity to practice their presentation skills. Students will present their research at the annual Jugatae Seminar, usually held in the fall semester.

[ENTOM 683] Seminar in Insect Physiology
Spring. 1 credit. Prerequisites: permission of instructor or either ENTOM 456, 471, or BIOES 261, 462. S-U grades optional. Hours TBA. Offered alternate years. B. L. Peckarsky. Discussion and analysis of current topics in the ecology of streams, lakes, and marine ecosystems, including student-generated synthesis of key papers in the literature.

[ENTOM 685] Seminar in Insect Toxicology
Spring. 1 credit. S-U grades optional. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. Not offered spring 2001; next offered spring 2002. Hours TBA. C. Gilbert. A seminar conducted by Jugatae, the insect toxicology seminar. Students will develop the ability to design research on insect toxicology and learn to communicate their results to others. They will also have an opportunity to practice their presentation skills. Students will present their research at the annual Jugatae Seminar, usually held in the fall semester.

[ENTOM 709] Teaching Entomology
Credit TBA. Teaching entomology or for extension training.

[ENTOM 800] Master's-Level Thesis Research
Credit TBA. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. Staff. A seminar conducted by Jugatae, the entomology club of Cornell University, to discuss topics of interest to its members and guests. All interested undergraduate and graduate students are encouraged to attend.

FOOD SCIENCE

[FOOD 101] Science and Technology of Foods
Fall. 1 credit. S-U grades only. M 1:25-2:15. J. H. Hotchkiss and staff. This course provides Cornell students with the knowledge needed to make healthy food choices. A systematic approach to food production, processing, distribution, and consumption will be presented. Each student will analyze the nutritional quality of his or her personal diet using a computer diet analysis program. Topics include relationships between diet and health, food processing, food safety, and discussions of contemporary issues relating to food quality, safety, and nutrition.
FOOD 200 Introductory Food Science
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: college level courses in chemistry and biology. M W F 11:15-12:05. J. H. Hotchkiss.
A comprehensive introduction to the principles and practice of food science and technology. Topics include: chemistry of foods; nutrition; food formulation, preservation, and processing; microbiology and fermentations; composition and processing of food commodities; and contemporary issues including food safety, regulation, and world trade needs. Interrelationships between the chemical, physical, nutritional, and quality properties of foods as affected by formulation, processing, and packaging are stressed.

FOOD 210 Food Analysis
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: CHEM 208 or equivalent. Lecs, W F 1:25-2:15, lab, M 12:20-3:20. R. H. Liu.
Introduces basic analytical techniques for food analysis and other biological analysis. Emphasizes fundamental principles of analytical chemistry, basic laboratory techniques, and modern instrumental methods. Gravitric, volumetric, and spectrophotometric methods, gas chromatography (GC), high-performance liquid chromatography (HPLC), infrared spectra (IR), and atomic absorption spectrometry are discussed.

FOOD 250 Kosher and Halal Food Regulations
A comprehensive introduction to kosher and halal foods in the American food industry with some coverage of home practices. The kosher food laws, their origin, and their application in modern food processing will be examined. The nature of the kosher supervision industry in America will be described. Halal laws will also be examined and the interactions between the two communities explored. Current food-related issues in both communities will be reviewed, including recent court decisions. Some aspects of ethnic foods will also be considered.

FOOD 290 Meat Science (also AN SC 290)
Fall. 2 or 3 credits. Lecs, T R 11:15; lab or R 12:20-2:20. D. E. Shaw.
An introduction to meat science through a study of the structure, composition, and function of muscle and its conversion to meat. Properties of fresh and processed meat, microbiology, preservation, nutritive value, inspection, and sanitation are also studied. Laboratory exercises include anatomy, meat-animal slaughter, meat cutting, wholesale and retail cut identification, processing, inspection, grading, quality control, and meat merchandising. An all-day field trip to commercial meat plants is taken.

FOOD 311 Milk and Frozen Desserts
Fall. 2 credits. Prerequisite: FOOD 322 or permission of instructor. R 12:20-4:25. J. M. Regenstein.
Introduces the engineering principles underlying food processes and equipment. Topics covered include thermodynamics, mass and energy balance, fluid mechanics, and heat and mass transport.

FOOD 321 Food Engineering Principles
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: FOOD 200 and introductory physics. M W F 9:05-9:55. S. S. H. Rizvi.
Introduces the engineering principles underlying food processes and equipment. Topics covered include thermodynamics, mass and energy balance, fluid mechanics, and heat and mass transport.

FOOD 322 Food Engineering Laboratory
Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisite: FOOD 321. Lab, T or R 1:25-4:10; lec, T 12:20. S. K. Sharma and S. S. H. Rizvi. Limited to 10 students in each lab session.
Provides hands-on experience with food engineering processes and measurements. Topics covered include mass and energy balances, rheology, fluid mechanics, heat transfer, refrigeration and psychrometry.

FOOD 351 Milk Quality
Fall. 1 credit. Prerequisite: AN SCI 250 or equivalent or permission of instructor. F 12:20. D. K. Bandler and D. P. Brown.
Focuses on the role of farm sanitation and milk handling as they affect milk flavor and quality. The course is an overview of quality control tests, basic microbiology, cleaning and sanitizing, and specially engineered processing and marketing fresh and storable dairy products.

FOOD 384 Applied and Food Microbiology (also BIOMI 394)
Fall. 2-3 credits. Prerequisites: BIOM 290-291. M W F 12:20-1:10. C. A. Batt.
Microorganisms play a central role in a variety of food, agricultural, and environmental processes. This course will present a comprehensive survey of the roles that microorganisms play in industrial/biotechnological processes as well as their importance in the safety and production of foods. Issues related to the biochemistry, genetics, and physiology of microorganisms important in these processes will be reviewed. A two-credit core section on food microbiology is complemented by a one-credit section on industrial/biotechnology applications.

FOOD 395 Food Microbiology Laboratory
Fall. 2 credits. Prerequisite: BIOMI 291 or equivalent. M W F 12:20-4:25. J. M. Regenstein.
Work includes study of the physiological characteristics of representative food microorganisms, practice in using general and special methods for microbiological testing and control of food products, and practice in the application of a systematic approach to controlling the safety of foods, or addressing safety issues of food.

FOOD 396 Food Safety Assurance
Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisite: MICRO 290 or permission of instructor. T 9:05-9:55. Offered alternate years.
This course provides information on processes to control biological, chemical, and physical hazards and assure the safety of foods. Topics include discussions on the Hazard Analysis Critical Control Point (HACCP) concept, good manufacturing practices, prerequisite programs, and the application of current technologies in reducing the risk of foodborne illnesses. Case studies and exercises will be used to demonstrate and apply the key principles that are discussed.

FOOD 400 Senior Seminar in Food Science and Technology
Fall. 1 credit. Limited to seniors. M 5:00-5:50. D. K. Bandler.

Students prepare and present a seminar on a topic of current interest in food science and technology.

FOOD 401 Concepts of Product Development
J. H. Hotchkiss.
A discussion of the sequence of events in developing and marketing new food products. Topics include food formulation, packaging, and labeling, food additive and ingredient regulations, taste panels, market testing, market research, and patents.

FOOD 405 Managing Food Waste without Trashing the Environment
Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisite: FOOD 200 or equivalent. Lec, 12:30-2:15, lab, M 2:30-4:25, Offered alternate years. Next offered spring 2001. J. M. Regenstein.
A look at the various waste streams generated by food plants, institutional feeders, supermarkets, and restaurants. What is the role of waste minimization? What technologies can control or remediate the problem? What are the disposal, composting, and recycling options? What are the legal requirements locally, statewide, and nationally related to food waste processes? This course will serve as a general introduction to available waste management technologies and to policy issues faced by a wide range of businesses and production plants.

[FOOD 406 Dairy and Food Fermentations]
This is a lecture course covering the basic principles of fermentation, the microbiology of food fermentations (including the physiology and genetics of fermentative microorganisms), starter cultures and their preparations and applications as well as specific examples of food fermentations. Selected textbook readings will be supplemented with papers from peer-reviewed journals. Significant parts of class will focus on discussion and critical analysis of the assigned reading materials, questions and hot topics.

[FOOD 410 Sensory Evaluation of Food]
Topics include the sensory evaluation methods used to test the flavor, appearance, and texture of foods by quantitative description and simple difference testing, consumer testing for product acceptability, sensory tests in quality control, strategic product research, and product development. The psychological principles in sensory testing and statistical methods for sensory data analysis are presented. The laboratory provides first-hand experience in organizing and conducting sensory tests and an introduction to online data collection and analysis. Undergraduate Food Science majors are required to take both the lecture and the laboratory.

[FOOD 415 Principles of Food Packaging]
The chemical and physical properties and manufacture of the basic materials used to construct packaging are discussed.
influence of packaging on shelf life is presented. Emphasis is on newer packaging technologies and materials. Economics, design, and regulation of food packaging are briefly presented.

**FOOD 417-418 Food Chemistry I and II**
Spring 417; fall 418. 3 credits first semester, 2 credits second semester. Prerequisites: BIOBM 330 or 331. S-U or letter grade. FOOD 417. M W F 9:05; FOOD 418, M W 9:05. Both courses will be offered in 2001. J. W. Brady.
A course on the chemistry of food and food ingredients. Chemical and physical properties of water, proteins, lipids, carbohydrates, and other food components are discussed in the context of their interactions and functional roles in foods. The effects of chemical changes during processing and storage on quality and nutritional aspects of several food commodity groups (milk, meat, fruits and vegetables, cereals and legumes) are described.

**FOOD 419 Food Chemistry Laboratory**
A laboratory course emphasizing fundamental chemical principles and laboratory techniques necessary for an understanding of the chemistry of foods. Relationships between chemical composition and functional, nutritional, and organoleptic properties of foods are stressed. Many of the laboratory techniques involved are common to those used in biochemistry laboratories (e.g., electrophoresis, chromatography, enzyme assays) but are applied to specific foods or beverages.

**FOOD 423 Unit Operations in Food Manufacturing**
Fall. 4 credits. Intended for seniors and food science majors. Loc. T R 11:15-12:05, recitation, T 12:20; lab, 12:54-2:54 T or TBA, S. J. Mulvany and S. K. Sharma. An integrated approach to understanding food manufacturing operations. Topics include major unit operations used for thermalization, freezing, and dehydration of foods. Emphasis is placed on the interplay between engineering design of processes and the physical and chemical traits that occur as food is produced from various commodities. The impact of process conditions on product safety, overall quality, and storage stability are also considered.

**FOOD 430 Understanding Wine**
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: introductory biology and chemistry or permission of instructor. Students must be 21 years old by the first day of class (Jan. 23, 2001) to enroll. S-U grades optional. T R 1:25-3:20. H. T. Lawless. An introduction to wine appreciation through the study of fermentation biology, wine composition, and sensory perception. Samples of wines will be used to illustrate the sensory properties, microbiological processes, and chemical components that determine wine quality. Students will learn to recognize the major features of wine that determine sensory quality and know the processes that produced them. Topics will include the psychology and chemistry of bouquet, taste, and aroma, the microbiology of fermentation and spoilage, and the sensory properties of wines from different grape varieties, viticultural practices, and wine-making techniques.

**FOOD 447 International Postharvest Food Systems**
Fall. 2 or 3 credits. Prerequisite: freshman chemistry, S-U or letter grade. T R 10:10-11:00. M. C. Bourne and staff. An interdisciplinary course designed for all undergraduate and graduate students. Describes postharvest food losses and methods to reduce the losses. Topics include storage and care of unprocessed and minimally processed foods such as cereal grains, fruits, vegetables, tubers, and fish; biology and control of fungi, insects, and parasites in foods; chemical causes of quality loss; effects of climate; and economic and social factors affecting food preservation and storage. Emphasis is given to the problems in developing countries. The third credit requires a written case study of a country or commodity.

**FOOD 450 Fundamentals of Food Law**
Spring. 2 credits. Offered alternate years. Next offered spring 2002, not offered spring 2001 or 2003. J. M. Regenstein. Introduction to the complex array of federal and state statutes and regulations that control the processes of food labeling, and distribution of food, including aspects of safety, nutrition, quality, and trade. Emphasis will be on the law and Drug Administration and U.S. Department of Agriculture regulations, but the course will also refer to other regulatory agencies. Emphasis will be placed on how a food or agricultural professional interacts with this legal system during legislative action, regulatory rule making, and with respect to compliance.

**FOOD 456 Advanced Concepts in Sensory Evaluation**
Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisite: FOOD 410. S-U grades optional. Offered alternate years. Next offered spring 2001. F 1:25-3:20. H. T. Lawless. Readings and discussions of primary source materials on sensory evaluation. Recent advances in sensory methods, historical materials in sensory evaluation, including research on recent advances in sensory methods, historical perspectives, psychophysics, perceptual biases, and multivariate statistical approaches. Topics include sensory properties of various milk constituents. Emphasis will be on the legal system during legislative action, regulatory rule making, and with respect to compliance.

**FOOD 494 Special Topics in Food Science**
Fall or spring. 4 credits maximum. S-U grades optional. The department teaches "trial" courses under this number. Offered alternate years. Next offered fall 2000. J. W. Brady.

**FOOD 497 Individual Study in Food Science**
Fall or spring. 3 credits maximum. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Students must register with an Independent Study Form (available in 140 Roberts Hall). S-U grades optional.

**FOOD 499 Undergraduate Research in Food Science**
Fall or spring. 4 credits maximum. S-U grades optional. Required of all food science graduate students. T 4:00-5:00.

A weekly seminar series on contemporary topics and issues in the Food Field of Food Science and Technology. Representatives from academia, industry, and government provide presentations on a wide variety of topics. Graduate students in the Field of Food Science and Technology may use the forum to present their research. Seminar is required of all graduate students in the Field of Food Science and Technology. Strongly recommended for graduate students minoring in Food Science and Technology.

**FOOD 604 Chemistry of Dairy Products**
Fall. 2 credits. Limited to 16 students. Prerequisites: organic chemistry, biochemistry, knowledge of dairy products, and permission of instructor. F 1:25-3:30. Offered alternate years. Next offered fall 2000. D. M. Barbano.
A detailed study of milk constituents and their properties. Properties of various milk constituents are related to observed physical and chemical changes that occur in dairy products during and after processing. This course will emphasize current research in dairy chemistry.

**FOOD 605 Physical Chemistry of Food Components**
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: an undergraduate course in physical chemistry. M W 10:10. Offered alternate years. Not offered fall 2000. J. W. Brady. This course will cover the physical properties of food molecules. Emphasis will be placed on the molecular basis of structural characteristics, colloidal properties, molecular interactions, foams, gels, and water binding of foods.

**FOOD 607 Advanced Food Microbiology**
This two-credit course explores advanced topics in food microbiology. A major emphasis is placed on critical evaluation of current literature and on microbial concepts that affect food microbiology. Specific areas that will be covered include microbial ecology of foods, rapid detection and typing methods for foodborne pathogens.
microbial modeling, pathogenesis of foodborne diseases, and food applications of genetic engineering. Some guest lectures may be arranged to provide an introduction to other advanced food microbiology topics (e.g., risk assessment.)

**FOOD 668 Chemometric Methods in Food Science**


Food science applications using multivariate statistical methods (chemometrics) include extracting information from large data sets, modeling molecular and product properties, optimizing analytical methods and processing operations, discerning relationships between product composition and sensory properties, identifying cultivars or species, and detecting adulteration. The techniques covered are also applicable to many other problems in biology and chemistry.

**[FOOD 616 Flavors—Analysis and Applications]**


**[FOOD 620 Food Carbohydrates (also NS 620)]**

Spring. 2 credits. Limited to qualified seniors and graduate students. Prerequisite: HOBM 330 or equivalent. T R 10:10. Offered alternate years. Next offered spring 2002; not offered spring 2001. H. T. Lawless and T. E. Acree. An advanced course in food chemistry and functionality in food systems and the changes occurring during food processing and storage.

An consideration of the chemistry of carbohydrates, including sugars, starches, pectins, hemicelluloses, gums, and other complex carbohydrates. Emphasis is on the intrinsic chemistry and functionality in food systems and the changes occurring during food processing and storage.

**[FOOD 621 Food Lipids]**

Fall. 2 credits. Letter grade. Prerequisites: FOOD 409 and a Biochemistry course. Offered alternate years. Next offered fall 2001; not offered fall 2000. R. J. Liu.

An advanced course in food lipids. Describes the physical, chemical, biochemical, and functional properties of lipids. Emphasis is on lipid oxidation, emulsions, functional foods associated with lipids, and modern analytical methodology of lipids.

**[FOOD 665 Engineering Properties of Foods]**


Theories and methods of measurement and prediction of rheological, thermal, and mass transport properties of foods and biomaterial systems. Emphasis is on physical-mathematical basis of measurement as well as the prediction processes. Examples of appropriate use of these properties in engineering design and analysis of food processes will also be provided.

**FOOD 694 Special Topics in Food Science**

Fall or spring. 4 credits maximum. S-U grades optional. Staff. The department teaches "trial" courses under this number. Offerings vary by semester, and will be advertised by the department. Courses offered under the number will be approved by the department curriculum committee, and the same course will not be offered more than twice under this number.

**FOOD 695 Current Readings in Food Science**

Fall and spring. 1 credit. Prerequisite: 300-to 400-level course relevant to the chosen topic. S-U grades only. Lec., by arrangement/1 hour per week. Staff.

A seminar series on current topics chosen by participating faculty and students on a rotating basis. Format consists of weekly discussion groups with each participant presenting at least one oral report based on independent reading. Multiple sections focusing on different topics may be taught in a given semester. Topics include (but are not limited to) Food Microbiology and Food Safety; Food Chemistry; Packaging; Food Engineering. This course can be taken multiple times. Graduate students in Food Science are strongly encouraged to enroll in this course. Interested students should contact the designated instructor(s) for each term.

**FOOD 698 Graduate Teaching Experience**

Fall and spring. 1 to 3 credits. S-U grades only. Staff.

Designed to give graduate students teaching experience through involvement in planning and teaching courses under the supervision of field faculty members. The experience may include leading discussion sections; preparing, assisting in, or teaching lectures and laboratories; and tutoring.

**FOOD 800 Masters-Level Thesis Research**

Fall or spring. Credit TBA. Maximum credit, 12. Prerequisite: limited to master's candidates; permission of Special Committee Chair. S-U grades only. Graduate faculty.

**FOOD 900 Graduate-Level Thesis Research**

Fall or spring. Credit TBA. Maximum credit, 12. Prerequisite: limited to doctoral students who have not passed the "A" exam; permission of Special Committee Chair. S-U grades only. Graduate faculty.

**FOOD 901 Doctoral-Level Thesis Research**

Fall or spring. Credit TBA. Maximum credit, 12. Prerequisite: limited to doctoral students who have passed the "A" exam; permission of Special Committee Chair. S-U grades only. Graduate faculty.

Related Courses in Other Departments

- Introduction to Computing (ABEN 151)
- Introduction to Business Management (ARME 220)
- Marketing (ARME 240)
- Food Industry Management (ARME 443)
- Biological and Environmental Transport Processes (ABEN 350)
- Computer-Aided Engineering: Applications to Biomaterials and Food Processing (ABEN 450)
- Practical Aspects of Postharvest Handling of Horticultural Crops (HORT 325)
- Introduction to Culinary Arts (H ADM 230)

FREEHAND DRAWING AND SCIENTIFIC ILLUSTRATION

Freehand Drawing is a program in the Department of Horticulture. Other courses offered by the department are listed under Horticulture.

**[FR DR 109 Nature Drawing]**


A beginning course with emphasis on the drawing of natural forms: plants, animals, and landscapes. Of particular interest to students in floriculture and ornamental horticulture, landscape architecture, biological sciences, nature education, or similar fields. Outside field notebook assignments.

**[FR DR 211 Freehand Drawing and Illustration]**

Fall. 2 credits. Prerequisite: FR DR 109 or equivalent. S-U grades optional. 6 studio hours scheduled in 2 or 3 hour units between 9:05 and 12:05 M T W R. Not offered fall 2000. R. J. Lambert. Progression to the organization of complete illustrations. Subject matter largely from sketchbooks, still life, and imagination. Composition, perspective, and ways of rendering in different media are considered.

**[FR DR 214 Watercolor]**

Spring. 2 credits. S-U grades optional. 4 studio hours scheduled in 2 hour units between 9:05 and 12:05 and 2 hours outside sketching, T R. R. J. Lambert.

A survey of watercolor techniques. Subject matter largely still life, sketchbook, and on-the-spot outdoor painting.

**[FR DR 316 Advanced Drawing]**

Fall. 2 credits. Prerequisite: FR DR 109, 211 or permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. 4 hours TBA. M R 9:05--12:05, 2 hours outside sketching. R. J. Lambert.

For students who want to attain proficiency in a particular type of illustration or technique.

**[FR DR 417 Scientific Illustration]**

Fall. 2 credits. Prerequisite: FR DR 211 or 316 or equivalent. S-U grades optional for graduate students only. Not offered fall 2000. R. J. Lambert.

A survey of methods of illustration. Training in techniques of accurate representation in media suitable for reproduction processes, including pen and ink, scratchboard, wash, and mixed media.
COURSES BY SUBJECT:

General horticulture: 100, 101, 102
Public garden management: 485
Crop production:
Agroforestry: 415
Fruit: 200, 442, 444, 445, 450
Greenhouse and controlled environments: 400, 410
Nursery: 400, 420
Turfgrass: 330, 475
Vegetable: 225, 456, 460
Extension education: 476, 629
Horticultural physiology: 400, 450, 455, 456, 460, 462, 615, 620
Independent study, research, and teaching:
Plant materials: 243, 300, 301, 491, 492
Postharvest physiology: 325, 475, 625, 630
Seminars: 600, 630
Special topics: 470, 493, 494, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 605, 700, 800, 900
Intensives: 496
Landscape horticulture: 301, 435, 440, 485, 491, 492
Plant materials: 243, 300, 301, 491, 492
Plant propagation: 400
Postharvest physiology: 325, 625, 630
Seminars: 600, 630
Special topics: 470, 493, 494, 496, 629, 630, 635, 694
Turfgrass management: 330, 475
Vegetable types and varieties: 220, 465

Note: class meeting times are accurate at the time of publication. Changes are necessary, the department will provide new information as soon as possible.

HORT 100 History of Horticulture
Fall. 2 credits. Lec, T 2-4:25. C. F. Gortzig.
A survey of the history and development of horticulture as a science, art, and profession. Discussions cover, from pre-historic to the present with emphasis on the 1700's to present. Field trips to historic sites taken during some class sessions.

HORT 101 Introduction to Horticulture
Fall. 3 credits. Lec, M W T 10:10; lab, T 12:25–4:25. Staff.
Introduction to the technology and career opportunities in horticulture and ornamental horticulture. Exploration of private and/or public sector activities: production (greenhouse, nursery, and sod), sales (retail and wholesale), landscape management (landscape management, recreational turfgrass management, urban horticulture) related professional and commercial fields. The role of science and technology in the continuing development of horticultural practice. Field trips to horticultural farms and demonstration sites.

HORT 102 General Horticulture
Spring. 4 credits. Each lab limited to 25 students. Lec, M W T 10:10; lab, M T W 2–4:25. L. D. Topoleski.
The subject matter of this course acquaints the student with the applied and basic science of horticulture. Open to all students who want a general knowledge of the subject or who want to specialize in horticulture but have a limited background in practical experience or training in plant science. Includes fruit, flower, and vegetable growing and gardening techniques.

HORT 200 Introductory Pomology
A general introduction to pomology—the science and art of fruit growing. Lectures and discussions emphasize the natural history, ecology, botany, physiology, integrated pest management, and diverse production systems for fruits grown in temperate climate areas. Lab sessions and field trips involve fruit anatomy and morphology, clonal selection and propagation, and postharvest handling and storage, environmental and sustainability issues, web-based information on fruit growing, and hands-on practice in local orchards and vineyards.

HORT 220 Vegetable Types and Identification
Fall 2 credits. Lec, T 2–4:25. L. Topoleski.
The subject matter of this course acquaints students with the species of vegetables grown in the Northeast and the pests and disorders encountered in their production. Subjects covered include identification of economically destructive weeds, diseases, and insects of vegetables, identification of vegetable and weed seeds, nutrient deficiencies, vegetable judging, and potato grade defects.

HORT 225 Vegetable Production
Fall. 4 credits. Lec, M W F 11:15; lab, W 2–4:25; 1 S field trip and 3 field trips (September), W 11:15–6:00. L. A. Ellerbrock.
Intended for those interested in the production, processing, and marketing of vegetables. Topics include are techniques, problems, and trends in the culture, harvesting, and storage of the major vegetable crops. Field trips to conventional and organic farms and hands-on experience in growing vegetables in the greenhouse are included.

HORT 243 Taxonomy of Cultivated Plants (also BIOPL 243)
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: 1 year of introductory botany or written permission of instructor. May not be taken for credit after BIOPL 248. Lec, M W T R 10:10–11:00; lab, M W 200–4:25. Offered every other year. M. A. Luckow.
A study of ferns and seed plants, their relationships, and their classification into families and genera, emphasizing cultivated plants. Particular emphasis is placed on gaining proficiency in identifying and distinguishing families and in preparing and using analytic keys. Attention is also given to the economic importance of taxa, to the basic taxonomic literature, and to the elements of nomenclature.

HORT 300 Herbaceous Plant Materials
Fall. 3 credits. Fee for lecture-laboratory manual: $35. Lec, T R 10:10; lab, T 2–4:25. W. B. Miller.
Identification, use, characteristics, and garden cultural requirements of annual and herbaceous perennial plants, especially those used in northern climates for special gardening experiences at selected campus locations. Field trips to nearby specialty nurseries. Garden planting design is not a component of the course.

HORT 310 Plants for Interiors
Study of plants for interiors: identification, design characteristics, and cultural requirements; the interior landscape industry (organization, bidding, installation, maintenance), use of plants as elements of planting designs (trees, shrubs, groundcovers, and accent plants including potted flowering plants and cut flowers). Required three-day field trip, estimated cost, $150.

HORT 325 Practical Aspects of Postharvest Handling of Horticultural Crops
A study of changes that occur in horticultural crops between harvest and consumer. Practices that affect the rate of change and the final effect on quality of the commodity are discussed. Maturity-quality indices, preharvest treatments, and harvesting/handling practices and storage/transportation requirements of selected horticultural crops are covered.

HORT 330 Turfgrass Management
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: SCAS 260. Lecs, M W T R 10:10; lab, F 10:10–12:05. Offered every other year. A. M. Petrovic.
Study of the scientific principles involved in the management of golf courses, athletic fields, parks and industrial grounds, and commercial sod production. Considerations given to principles of establishment, mowing, irrigation, growth and development, species selection, and nutrition in the management of turfgrass sites.

HORT 400 Principles of Plant Propagation
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: BIOL 242 and 244 or another course in plant physiology. Lecs, T R 9:05; lab, B 12:25–4:25. K. W. Mudge.
Sexual (seed) propagation and asexual (vegetative) propagation including cutage, graftage, tissue culture, layering, and specialized vegetative reproductive structures. Physiological, environmental, anatomical principles, and industry applications are stressed in lecture and hands-on skills laboratories. Examples include both temperate as well as tropical horticultural, agronomic, and forestry crops.

HORT 401 The Now, When and Why of Grafting—A Distance Learning Approach
Spring. 2 credits. Lec: autotutorial (web, cd); Lab: greenhouse/autotutorial. Discussion: e-mail. 1 introductory face-to-face meeting TBA. K. W. Mudge.
A six-week, web-based autotutorial approach to the principles and practices of grafting and budding as applied to plant propagation. Emphasis will be on the role of grafting in modern horticultural practice and on student development of hands on grafting skills. Instruction will involve micro web-based asynchronous presentation of lecture materials (web, cd-rom), assignment discussion (e-mail), and hands-on, autotutorial greenhouse laboratory exercises.

HORT 410 Production and Marketing of Crops Grown in Controlled Environments
Spring. 3 credits. Letter grade only. Offered odd years. Lecs, M W T R 10:10; lab, T 2–4:25. T. C. Weiler and staff.
Basics of establishing and managing agricultural production in environmentally optimized facilities; technology basics, systems and practices, structures, systems and equipment, materials handling, heating and cooling, lighting, fumigation and irrigation, environmental stewardship, integrated pest management, business management, world centers of production; production of cut, pot, bedding, vegetable, and fruit crops in controlled environments emphasizing predictive harvesting through environmental, physical, and chemical management of growth and development. Each student will grow one or more crops. Required: three-day field trip, estimated cost, $130.

[HORT 415 Principles and Practices of Agroforestry (also NTRES 415 and CSS [SCAS] 415)]

Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: senior or graduate standing or permission of instructor. S-U option. Lect., M W F 10:10-11:00. Optimal laboratory, HORT 416 (also NTRES 416 and CSS [SCAS] 416). Offered fall 2001. J. Lassoe, E. Fernandes, K. Mudge, L. Buck.

An introduction to modern and traditional agroforestry systems, an overview of the practice and its potential, emphasizing the relationship of human and natural resources on sustainable production through temporal integration of multipurpose woody plants (trees or shrubs) with annual or perennial crops or with livestock. Interactions between woody and nonwoody components of agroforestry systems are considered, based on above and belowground processes. The sustainability of agroforestry systems will be critically examined from biophysical, socioeconomic, and policy perspectives.

[HORT 416 Principles and Practices of Agroforestry—Laboratory (also NTRES 416 and CSS [SCAS] 416)]

Fall. 1 credit. Optional lab component of HORT 415 (also NTRES and CSS [SCAS]). S-U grades optional. Prerequisites: junior, senior, or graduate standing or permission of instructor; prior or concurrent enrollment in HORT 415. W 12:30-4:25. Offered fall 2001. J. Lassoe, K. Mudge, E. Fernandes, L. Buck.

An integrated set of laboratory and field exercises designed to develop competency in diagnostic and management skills applied to agroforestry practice. Sessions include field trips to local practitioners as well as working demonstration farms and forests, case study design and analysis, use of computer-based sources of information, and practical skills with woody plants including identification, propagation, pruning, and measurement.

[HORT 420 Principles of Nursery-Crop Production]

Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: HORT 400. Lect., M W F 9:05; lab, M 2-4:25. Field trips. Fall, weeks 1-7. 2 credits. Prerequisites: HORT 230 or 335. Lecs, M W F 9:05; lab, M 2:00-4:25. Offered even years. G. L. Good.

A study of the practices involved in the maintenance of woody ornamental plants in the landscape. The major emphasis will be on post-planting techniques, including water and fertilization management, weed management, pruning, and general tree care. Labs have a hands-on focus.

[HORT 440 Restoration Ecology]

Fall. Weeks 1–10. 3 credits. Prerequisite: upper division or graduate standing. Letter grade only. Lecs, T R 10:10; lab, F 1:25–4:25. Offered odd years, 2001. T. H. Whittaker.

An inquiry based treatment of the principles and methods of ecology, conservation biology, soil science and related disciplines applied to the restoration of degraded terrestrial habitats. Weekly labs, four weekend field trips, and a semester-long project may provide many opportunities for experiential learning. Substantial commitment outside of the classroom is expected.

[HORT 442 Berry Crops: Culture and Management]


A study of the evolution, breeding history, and physiology of strawberries, raspberries, blackberries, blueberries, and other minor small fruit crops. The influence of production systems that influence productivity, fruit quality, and pest damage. Marketing and economics will be considered, and alternative production practices for both commercial and home gardeners will be examined. Frequent field trips enhance classroom activities.

[HORT 444 Applied Viticulture]


Grape production and pre-production practices with emphasis on the Great Lakes and Finger Lakes regions. We will examine grape variety selection and vineyard management as affected by geography, meteorology, and vine anatomy/physiology. Protection of vines and grapes from injury by cultural, chemical, and natural means will also be explored. Laboratory exercises and field trips will develop hands-on experience in vineyard practices, marketing, and processing.

[HORT 445 Orchard Management]


The science and technology of deciduous tree-fruit production. Topics include tree-free and fruit physiology, orchard renovation and design systems, nutrition, irrigation and freeze protection practices, tree pruning and training, post-harvest fruit storage, marketing and economic spreadsheet models, monitoring and decision systems for integrated pest management, and efficient use of orchard equipment. Emphasis is on the agroecology of perennial crop systems, with labs providing hands-on experience in orchard management. Previous coursework in pomology and other plant sciences is suggested, but not a prerequisite.

[HORT 450 Soil Management and Nutrition of Perennial Crops]


Fundamentals of mineral nutrition and soil management for perennial horticultural crops. Soil management effects on crop performance, nutrient relationships, and interaction with other components of crop production systems are emphasized. Interpretation and critical review of precision aspects deal with diagnostic techniques, interpretation of tissue and soil analyses, and nutrient requirements for optimizing crop performance.

[HORT 455 Mineral Nutrition of Crops and Landscape Plants (also CSS [SCAS] 455)]

Spring. 3-5 credits. Prerequisites: CSS 260 and BIOL 242, or equivalent. Lects., M W F 9:05; lab, R 1:50–4:00. Not offered spring 2001, next offered spring 2002. H. C. Wien and staff.

A modular course on principles of plant mineral nutrition and nutrient management. A mandatory module on principles is followed by others on agronomic crops, vegetables, floriculture, and fruit crops. Each module carries one credit; a minimum of three credits must be taken in one semester. By the end of the course, students should understand the principles of mineral nutrient function in crop plants; should be able to diagnose deficiencies by symptoms and tissue tests and devise organic and conventional nutrient management schemes that yield produce and improve crop yield and mineral quality.

[HORT 460 Plant-Plant Interactions]

Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: any crop production on plant ecology course or permission of instructor. Lects., T R 9:05; lab/disc, M 2–4:25. Next offered spring 2002. D. W. Wolfe.

Mechanisms by which plants interfere or positively interact in the context of environmental conditions such as light, temperature, and fertility. Competitive and chemical interactions are considered between weeds and crops, among crops in polyculture, and between individuals in monoculture. Most examples will be taken from temperate and tropical monoculture and intercropping systems, but implications for natural ecosystems will also be considered.

[HORT 462 Vegetable Crop Physiology]


Study of the physiological processes that determine the timing, quantity, and quality of vegetable crop yields. Processes of flower induction, fruit set, fruit growth, and the relationships between vegetative and reproductive growth are covered. The course emphasizes practical hands-on greenhouse experiments and small group discussions.

[HORT 465 Vegetable Varieties and Their Evaluation]


Principles of vegetable variety evaluation and selection of techniques in relation to program objectives. Morphology, yield, and quality of selected crops will be studied in the field. The seed industry will be briefly discussed.

[HORT 470 Special Topics in Pomology]

Spring. 3 credits. Open to undergraduates by permission. Hours TBA. Staff.

Selected topics are considered with respect to the current literature, experimental techniques, or applied technologies. Topics change from one year to another and reflect the expertise and research interests of the professors who teach. Staff.
Hortic. 475 Golf Course Management
An advanced study of the management of golf course operations including selection of root zone materials, fertilization practices, integrated pest management practices, irrigation systems, environmental based decision making, personnel management, and financial operations. Analysis of a central New York golf course will provide the basis for discussion.

Hortic. 476 Practical Problem Solving in Horticulture
Fall. 2 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Lec/disc. W 1:25-4:25.
C. P. Mazza.
Foundation for extension or similar career oriented students. Application of horticultural science principles to practical situations faced primarily by home gardeners. Techniques of synthesizing information from various scientific disciplines. Classes led by staff in several departments. Topics are interdisciplinary, drawing from expertise in horticultural science, landscape and food, entomology, plant pathology, natural resources, and Cornell Plantations.

Hortic. 480 Plantations Seminar Series
Fall. 1 credit. S-U grade only. W 7:30 P.M.
D. A. Rakow.
A 10-week series of seminars given by prominent speakers on a variety of horticultural, natural sciences, and human cultural themes.

Hortic. 485 Public Garden Management
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: HORT 300 or HORT 301. HORT 230 or HORT 335. Lec, T R 10:10-11:00, lab, T R 11:15-12:05.
Two-and-a-half-day field trip to visit other botanical gardens and arboreta. Offered odd years. 2001. D. A. Rakow.
The course will explore the history of public gardens, types of contemporary public gardens, and the operation of botanical gardens and arboreta. Included will be separate units on: collections curation, design of collections, management of landscapes and natural areas, educational programming, interpretive programs, research, financial management, and staffing.

Hortic. 491 Creating the Urban Eden: Woody Plant Selection, Design, and Landscape Establishment (also LA 491)
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: major in horticulture or landscape architecture or permission of instructor. Lec, T R 12:20-1:10, lab, T R 1:25-4:25. N. L. Bassuk and J. P. Trowbridge.
This course will focus on the identification, uses, and establishment of woody plants in urban and garden settings. By understanding the environmental limitations to plant growth, we will be able to critically assess potential planting sites, select appropriate trees, shrubs, vines, and ground covers for a given site, and learn about the principles and practices of site amelioration and plant establishment. Design followed by written specifications and graphic details will be produced to implement these practices. A two-semester-long project where students will implement what they have learned by creating a new landscape will serve to integrate theory principles and practices.

Hortic. 492 Creating the Urban Eden: Woody Plant Selection, Design, and Landscape Establishment (also LA 491)
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: a passing grade in HORT/LA 491. Attendance limited to horticulture and landscape architecture majors or permission of the instructors. Lec, T R 12:20-1:10, lab, T R 1:25-4:25.
N. L. Bassuk and P. J. Trowbridge.
This course will focus on the identification, uses, and establishment of woody plants in urban and garden settings. By understanding the environmental limitations to plant growth, we will be able to critically assess potential planting site, select appropriate trees, shrubs, vines, and ground covers for a given site, and learn about the principles and practices of site amelioration and plant establishment. Design followed by written specifications and graphic details will be produced to implement these practices. A two-semester-long project where students will implement what they have learned by creating a new landscape will serve to integrate theory principles and practices.

Hortic. 494 Special Topics in Horticulture
Fall or spring. 4 credits maximum. S-U grades optional.
In Sections 01 and 02, the departments teach "trial" courses under this number. Offerings may vary by semester, and will be advertised by the departments. Courses offered under the number will be approved by the department curriculum committees, and the same course will not be offered more than twice under this number.

Section 01, Fruit and Vegetable Science
Section 02, Floriculture and Ornamental Horticulture

Hortic. 495 Undergraduate Seminar—Current Topics in Horticulture
Fall and spring. 1 credit. S-U grade only. W 4:00. A. Rangarajan, C. Watkins, and L. A. Weston.
Weekly seminars consist of graduate student research project reports, faculty research topics, as well as guest speakers from other universitites and/or industry. Required of graduate students majoring or minoring in horticulture. Undergraduate students register under HORT 495.

Hortic. 496 Internship in Horticultural Sciences
Fall or spring. Credit variable. S-U grades optional.
Prerequisite: permission of student's advisor in advance of participa­tion in internship programs. Students must register with an Independent Study form (available in 140 Roberts Hall) signed by the faculty member who will supervise their study and assign their grade. Hours TBA. Staff.

Hortic. 497 Independent Study in Horticultural Sciences
Fall or spring. Credit variable. S-U grades optional.
Prerequisite: permission of instructor(s). Students must register with an Independent Study form (available in 140 Roberts Hall). Independent study in horticultural science under HORT 495.

Hortic. 498 Undergraduate Teaching Experience
Fall or spring. Credit variable. S-U grades optional.
Prerequisites: previous enroll­ment in course to be taught or equivalent, and written permission of the instructor. Students must register with an Independent Study form (available in 140 Roberts Hall). Hours TBA. Staff.
Designed to give qualified undergraduate students teaching experience through actual involvement in planning and teaching horticultural sciences courses under the supervision of departmental faculty members. This experience may include leading discussion sections; preparing, assisting in, or teaching laboratories; and tutoring.

Hortic. 499 Undergraduate Research
Fall or spring. Credit variable. S-U grades optional.
Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Students must register with an Independent Study form (available in 140 Roberts Hall). Hours TBA. Staff.
Undergraduate research projects in horticultural sciences.

Hortic. 500 Master of Professional Studies (Agriculture) Project
Fall or spring. 1-6 credits. (6 credits maximum toward M.P.S. (Agriculture) degree). S-U grades optional.
A comprehensive project emphasizing the application of principles and practices to professional horticultural teaching, extension, and research programs and situations. Required of Master of Professional Studies (Agriculture) candidates in the respective graduate fields of horticulture.

Hortic. 600 Seminar in Horticulture
Fall and spring. 1 credit. S-U grades only. W 4:00. A. Rangarajan, C. Watkins, and L. A. Weston.
Weekly seminars consist of graduate student research project reports, faculty research topics, as well as guest speakers from other universities and/or industry. Required of graduate students majoring or minoring in horticulture. Undergraduate students register under HORT 495.

Hortic. 615 Quantitative Methods in Horticultural Research
Advantages and limitations of conventional experimental designs and analyses of greenhouse and field (including-on-farm) experiments. Use and interpretation of plant growth analysis techniques. Discussions will include critical analysis of published data and research in progress.

Hortic. 620 Woody Plant Physiology
Spring. 4 credits. BIOP 301, BIOM 331, CHEM 357, or equivalent, or permission of instructor. Letter grade only. Lec, T R 8:40-9:55. Lab, T 1:25-4:25. Offered odd years. 2001. T. H. Whitlow.
An examination of physiological processes in woody plants emphasizing whole plant integration and how these processes affect plant growth under both natural and cropping systems. Topics include photosynthesis, the woody plant form, structure and function of the root and shoot, growth periodicity, dormancy, growth analysis, carbon balance and allocation, root symbioses, and physiological responses to abiotic and biotic stress. Faculty from Geneva and Fruit and Vegetable Science collaborate in teaching.
Topics relate to extension in other countries. The department teaches "trial" courses under departmental faculty members. The experience through involvement in planning and the same course will not be offered more than twice under this number. Offerings vary by semester, and the course will not be offered more than twice under this number.

INTERNATIONAL AGRICULTURE

Note: class meeting times are accurate at the time of publication. If changes are necessary, the department will provide new information as soon as possible.

INTAG 300 Perspectives in International Agriculture and Rural Development
Fall. 2 credits. F 1:25-5:20. R. W. Everett. A forum to discuss both contemporary and future world food issues and the need for an integrated, multidisciplinary team approach in helping farmers and rural development planners adjust to the ever-changing food needs of the world.

INTAG 314 Tropical Cropping Systems: Biodiversity, Social, and Environmental Impacts (also CSS 314)
Fall. 5 credits. Prerequisites: an introductory course in crop science, soil science, or biology or permission of instructor. Lee, T R 8:40-9:55, F. C. Fernandez. Characterization and discussion of traditional shifting cultivation, lowland rice-based systems, upland cereal-based systems, smallholder mixed farming including root crops and livestock, plantation fruit and oil crop systems, and agroforestry. In addition to species diversity and domestication, factors such as climate, land quality, soil management, land tenure, labor, and markets are considered. The effect of tropical cropping systems on the environment is evaluated.

INTAG 402 Agriculture in the Developing Nations I
Fall. 2 credits. Prerequisite: International Agriculture 300. F 1:25-5:20. P. A. Arneson and staff. The goal of this course is to acquaint students with the major issues and problems in international agriculture and rural development and to show how problems in development are being addressed by international, government, and nongovernment agencies. The lectures, discussions, and assignments deal with the major issues and problems in international agriculture and rural development. Students will be able to discuss both contemporary and future world food issues and the need for an integrated, multidisciplinary team approach in helping farmers and rural development planners adjust to the ever-changing food needs of the world.

INTAG 403 Traditional Agriculture in Developing Countries
Fall. 3 credits. S-U grades only. T 8-8:50. H. D. Thurston, D. Bates, R. Blake, J. Lassoie, A. Power, E. Fernandez, T. Steinhaus. Today, perhaps over half of the world's arable land is farmed by traditional farmers. They developed sustainable agriculture practices which allowed them to produce food and fiber for millennia with few outside inputs. Many of these practices have been forgotten in developed countries but are still used by many traditional, subsistence, or partially subsistence farmers in developing countries. The course will examine traditional systems from several disciplinary points of view.

INTAG 497 Independent Study in INTAG
Fall and spring. 1-3 credits. S-U or letter grade. Prerequisites: permission of instructor and signed Independent Study Form. Staff. Independent Study in INTAG allows a student the opportunity to investigate special interests that are not treated in regularly scheduled courses. The student develops a plan of study to pursue under the direction of a faculty member.

INTAG 599 International Development M.P.S. Project Paper
Fall and spring. 1-6 credits. (A maximum of 6 credits may be applied toward M.P.S. degree requirements). Limited to M.P.S. candidates in the Field of International Development (ID). S-U grades only. N. Uphoff. A problem-solving project entailing either fieldwork and/or library work. The aim of the project is to give students supervised experience in dealing intellectually and analytically with a professional problem related to a substantive area of international development.

INTAG 599 International Agriculture and Rural Development M.P.S. Project Paper
Fall and spring. 1-6 credits. (A maximum of 6 credits may be applied toward M.P.S. degree requirements). Limited to M.P.S. candidates in the Field of International Agriculture and Rural Development (IARD). S-U grades only. R. Blake. A problem-solving project entailing either fieldwork and/or library work. The aim of the project is to give students supervised experience in dealing intellectually and analytically with a professional problem related to a substantive area of international agriculture and rural development.

INTAG 602 Agriculture in the Developing Nations II
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: INTAG 300 or equivalent, INTAG 402, and permission of instructor. Cost of field-study trip includes air fare and approximately $450 for lodging, meals, and personal expenses. T 8-8:50-4:25 until midterm only. R. W. Blake and staff.

INTAG 603 Administration of Agricultural and Rural Development (also GOVT 692)
Spring. 4 credits. M 2:30-5:30. N. T. Uphoff and T. W. Tucker. An intercollege course designed to provide graduate students with a multidisciplinary perspective on the administration of agricultural and rural development activities in developing countries. The course is oriented to students in agricultural or social sciences who may have administrative responsibilities.
during their professional careers.

[Intag 685 Training and Development: Theory and Practice (also COMM 685, EDUC 685 and ILR 658)]


Analysis, design, and administration of training programs for the development of human resources in small-farm agriculture, rural health and nutrition, literacy as nonformal education, and general community development. Designed for scientists, administrators, educator-trainers, and social organizers in rural and agricultural development programs in the United States and abroad.

[Intag 694 Graduate Special Topics in Intag]

Fall or spring. 1-4 credits. S-U or letter option. Staff.

The department teaches "trial" courses under this number. Offerings vary by semester and will be advertised by the department. Courses offered under the number are approved by the department curriculum committee, and the same course is not offered more than twice under this number.

[Intag 694.1 Special Topics: Fallow Management in the Tropics]

Fall. 1-3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor required. S-U or letter option. E. Fernandes and L. Fisher.

A discussion course developed in conjunction with the Cornell International Institute for Food, Agriculture and Development (CIIFAD). Students study traditional and introduced fallow practices in Asia, Africa, and Latin America, participate in the development of on-line fallow systems and species databases, test participatory methodologies adapted by the class for studying fallow management, and in most cases plan and carry out individual field studies. The course focuses upon fallow management practices of primarily resource-limited farmers in the broader rural context.

[Intag 697 International Development M.P.S. Seminar]

Fall. 1 credit. U only. N. Uphoff.

A seminar for M.P.S. students to discuss important issues in international development and to prepare them to write their project papers. Specific content varies.

[Intag 698 International Development M.P.S. Seminar]

Spring. 1 credit. S-U only. N. Uphoff.

A seminar for M.P.S. students to discuss important issues in international development and to prepare them to write their project papers. Specific content varies.

[Intag 699 International Agriculture and Rural Development M.P.S. Project Seminar]

Spring. 1 credit. S-U grade only. Required for, and limited to, M.P.S. IARD students or with permission of instructor. R. Blake.

The seminar provides students with the opportunity to develop and present their special projects. It also serves as a forum for discussion of current issues in low-income agricultural and rural development, with particular attention to interdisciplinary complexities.

Related Courses in Other Departments

How to Manage a Watershed (ABEN 754 and GOVT 644)

(Economics for Business in a Global Economy (ARME 100) Not offered 2000-2001.)

International Trade Policy (ARME 430)

Economics of Agricultural Development (ARME 464)


[Macro Policy in Developing Countries (ARME 763) Not offered 2000-2001.]

[Tropical Livestock Production (AN SC 400) Not offered 2000-2001.]

Tropical Forages (AN SC 403)

Southeast Asia Seminar: Country Seminar (ASIAN 601)

Southeast Asia Seminar: Country Seminar (ASIAN 602)


Seminar in International Planning (CRP 671)

Seminar in Project Planning in Developing Countries (CRP 675)

Communication in the Developing Nations (COMM 624)

Comparative Studies in Adult Education (EDUC 685)

International Postharvest Food Systems (FOOD 447)

[International Environmental Issues (NTRES 400) Not offered 2000-2001.]

Religion, Ethics, and the Environment (NTRES 407)

National and International Food Economics (NS 457)

International Nutrition Problems, Policy, and Programs (NS 680)

International Nutrition Seminar (NS 698)

Special Topics in International Nutrition (NS 699)

Plants, Genes, and Global Food Production (PL BR 201)

Integrated Pest Management in Tropical Agriculture (PL PA 655)

International Development (R SOC 205)

Comparative Issues in Social Stratification (R SOC 370)


Population and Development (R SOC 438)

Population, Environment, and Development in Sub-Saharan Africa (R SOC 495)

Sociological Theories of Development (R SOC 606)

[Land Reform Old and New (R SOC 643) Not offered 2000-2001.]

The Sociology of "Third World" States (R SOC 725)


[Comparative Extension Education Systems (CRP 666 and LA 666) Not offered 2000-2001.]

Comparative Studies in Adult Education (CRP 666 and LA 666)

Introduction to the representation and design of landscapes and to working in a studio setting. Freehand drawing, measured drawings, and model making are used to understand design principles of the changing landscape.

[La 141 Grounding in Landscape Architecture]

Fall. 4 credits. Limited to 15 students. Letter grade only. Cost of drafting supplies, about $200.

Introduction to the representation and design of landscapes and to working in a studio setting. Freehand drawing, measured drawings, and model making are used to understand design principles of the changing landscape.

[La 142 Grounding in Landscape Architecture]

Spring. 4 credits. Limited to approximately 20 students; freshman landscape architecture majors or permission of instructor. Cost of basic drafting equipment, fees, and supplies, about $250.

Fundamentals of landscape design applied to small-scale site-planning projects. Work in the studio introduces course participant to the design process, design principles, construction materials, planting design, and graphics.

[La 201 Medium of the Landscape]

Fall. 5 credits. Limited to landscape architecture majors. Cost of basic drafting equipment, supplies, and fees, about $200; expenses for field trip, about $250.

This studio course emphasizes the design process and principles involved in organizing and giving form to outdoor space through the use of structures, vehicular and pedestrian circulation systems, earthform, water, and vegetation.

[La 202 Medium of the Landscape]

Spring. 5 credits. Prerequisite: LA 201 with a grade of C or better. Cost of supplies and fees, about $250; expenses for field trip, about $250.

This course will focus upon the role of materials in design, design theory, and design vocabulary associated with landscape architectural projects.

[La 260 Pre-Industrial Cities and Towns of North America (also CRP 360 and CRP 666 and LA 666)]

Fall. 5 credits. Offered alternate years. Various American Indian civilizations as well as diverse European cultures have all exerted their influences on the organization of town and city living. Each culture has altered the landscape in their own unique way as they created their own built environments.

[La 261 Urban Archaeology (also CRP 261)]

Fall. 3 credits. Urban archaeologists study American Indian, colonial, and nineteenth-century sites which now lie within the boundaries of modern cities. This course explores how urban centers evolve: what lies beneath today's cities, and how various cultures have altered the urban landscape. Students will participate in a local archaeological excavation.

[La 262 Laboratory in Landscape Archaeology (also ARKEO 262)]

Spring. 3 credits. Required for LA 261 or CRP 261 or permission of instructor. Various American Indian civilizations and European cultures have all altered the landscape to meet the needs of their cultures. Students will learn how to interpret the American Indian and Euro-American landscapes of specific archaeological sites by identifying and dating artifacts, studying soil samples, and creating site maps.

[La 263/547 American Indians, Planners, and Public Policy (also CRP 363/547)]

Spring. 3 credits. Offered in alternate years. Not offered spring 2001.

Decisions made by public agencies and private enterprise too often lead to the
flooding, polluting, strip-mining, or other destruction of American Indian reservations, archaeological sites, and burial grounds. The central focus of the course is how to address urban and regional problems without imperiling the cultural survival of minorities.

**LA 282 The American Landscape**

Fall. 3 credits.

An interdisciplinary study of the environmental and cultural history of the American landscape. Topics include the relation of landscape to culture, landscape use and ecological change, regional and national landscapes, and perceptions of landscape expressed in paintings, photographs, and literature.

**LA 292 Creating a Second Nature**

Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: none, but ARKK 100, ANTHR 100, or CLASSICS/HISTORY OF ART 220 recommended.

Offered alternate years.

What can archaeological investigation tell us about the landscape of cultures that spent much of their civic and private lives out of doors? This course seeks the evidence for the markets, parks, gardens, fields, and burial places central to daily life in the ancient Near East and Classical Worlds and formative of our current ideas of these landscapes.

**LA 301 Integrating Theory and Practice I**

Fall. 5 credits. Prerequisite: LA 202 with a grade of C or better. Cost of supplies and fees, about $250; expenses for field trip, about $250.

Course participants will be engaged in the art and science of site-scaled design. This includes relating construction and planting details to concepts and program.

**LA 302 Urban Design in Virtual Space**

Spring. 5 credits. Cost of supplies and fees, about $250; basic expenses for field trip, about $250.

A sequence of projects introducing students to advanced skills in large-scale urban design, including 3-D computer modeling and digital design media as tools for shaping the form of the city.

**LA 315 Site Engineering I**

Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor.

Lectures and studio projects focusing on the professional skills and knowledge required to competently and creatively develop grading plans for project-scale site design.

**LA 316 Site Engineering II**

Fall. 2 credits. Prerequisite: LA 315 or permission of instructor.

Lectures and studio projects dealing with earthwork estimating; storm water management, site surveys, site layout, and horizontal and vertical road alignment.

**LA 318 Site Construction**

Spring. 5 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor.

Detail design and use of landscape materials used in project implementation. Exploration of construction materials, including specifications, cost estimates, and methods used by landscape architects in project implementation are the foci for this course. The course includes lectures, studio problems, and development of drawings leading to construction documentation for a comprehensive project. Students will develop a process of self criticism related to measured drawings specific to the comprehensive project. Course participants will fabricate material prototypes in wood and metal.

**LA 402 Integrating Theory and Practice**

Spring. 5 credits. Prerequisite: LA 301 with a grade of C or better. Cost of supplies and fees, about $250; expenses for field trip, about $250.

The studio will engage course participants in service-oriented community design projects. Theories of place-making, community and participatory design and planning, and sustainability will be explored through practice-based learning. Students will be expected to work independently and collaboratively on team projects in the community. One class period per week will be designated for community field work. Studio theme for 2000-2001. TBA.

**LA 410 Computer Applications in Landscape Architecture**

Fall or spring. 3 credits. Offered to landscape architecture students only. Limited to 15 students.

This course is designed to develop a working knowledge of various computer software applications with emphasis on Autocad. The course will explore other applications relative to land-use planning and the profession of Landscape Architecture.

**LA 412 Professional Practice**

Spring. 1 credit.

Presents the student with a comprehensive understanding of the role of the professional landscape architect and the problems and opportunities one may encounter in an office or other professional situations. Topics discussed include practice diversity, marketing professional services, office and project management, construction management, computers in the profession, and ethics.

**LA 483 Design Criticism**

Fall. 5 credits.

Writing design criticism: Emphasis on analytical descriptions and interpretations or works and on the role of criticism in design discourse.

**LA 486 Community Design Workshop**


This class will offer hands-on learning of the design process through the designing and building of service-oriented community projects (parks, public spaces, school gardens, downtown revitalization). This course will enable students to both study and experience design and implementation skills at all levels of the design process. Students will learn and practice skills related to community design primarily through work on the participating design and planning phase of the project.

**LA 487 Experiential Community Design**


This class will offer the opportunity to learn, hands-on, the design process through the designing and building of service-oriented community projects (parks, public spaces, school gardens, downtown revitalization). This course will enable students to both study and experience design and implementation skills at all levels of the design process. Students will be engaged in the community-build phase of a community design project initiated the previous spring semester.

**LA 490 Rome Wasn't Built in a Day**

Spring. 3 credits.

In this electronic course, students will learn about how the form and spatial structure of the city of Rome has evolved through time. Using the interactive CD-ROM "Layers of Rome" as a digital text, the course will engage participants in the investigations of urban design in Rome both as a case study and as a vehicle for exploring concepts applicable to many contemporary cities worldwide. The material focuses on the intersection between historical studies of urban space, architectural geography, urban landscape formation, and the design of cities. Tutorials, readings and exercises will be developed using the Layers of Rome CD, web searches, digital networking, and various interactive learning technologies geared toward urban analysis and visual design media.

**LA 491 Creating the Urban Eden: Woody Plant Selection, Design, and Landscape Establishment (also HORT 491)**

Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: major in horticulture or landscape architecture or permission of instructor. Cost of supplies, about $50; expenses for field trips, about $50.

This course will focus on the identification, uses, and establishment of woody plants in urban and garden settings. By understanding the environmental limitations to plant growth, we will be able to critically assess potential planting sites, select appropriate trees, shrubs, vines, and ground covers for a given site, and learn about the principles and practices of site amelioration and plant establishment, Design followed by written specifications and graphic details will be produced to implement these practices.

**LA 492 Creating the Urban Eden: Woody Plant Selection, Design, and Landscape Establishment (also HORT 492)**

Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: a passing grade in HORT/LA 491. Attendance limited to horticulture and landscape architecture majors or permission of the instructors.

This course will focus on the identification, uses, and establishment of woody plants in urban and garden settings. By understanding the environmental limitations to plant growth, we will be able to critically assess potential planting sites, select appropriate trees, shrubs, vines, and ground covers for a given site, and learn about the principles and practices of site amelioration and plant establishment. Design followed by written specifications and graphic details will be produced to implement these practices. A two-semester-long project where students will implement what they have learned by creating a new landscape will serve to integrate theory principles and practices. Together, HORT/LA 491 and 492 constitute an integrated course. 492 may not be taken for credit unless the student has a passing grade in HORT 491.

**LA 494 Special Topics in Landscape Architecture**

Fall or spring. 1-3 credits; may be repeated for credit. S/U grades optional.

Topical subjects in landscape architectural design, theory, history, or technology. Group study of topics not considered in other courses.

**LA 495 Green Cities: The Future of Urban Ecology (also CRP 495)**

Fall. 4 credits.
Explores the history and future of the ecology of cities and their role in solving the present global ecological crisis. The politics, design, and economics of "green cities" are examined in terms of transportation, renewable energy, solid waste and recycling, land use, and the built environment.

**LA 497 Individual Study in Landscape Architecture**
Fall or spring, 1-5 credits; may be repeated for credit. Students must register with an Independent Study form (available in 140 Roberts Hall). S-U grades optional. Work on special topics by individuals or small groups.

**LA 498 Undergraduate Teaching**
Fall or spring, 1-2 credits. Prerequisites: previous enrollment in course to be taught and permission of instructor. Students must register with an Independent Study form (available in 140 Roberts Hall).

Designed to give qualified undergraduates experience through actual involvement in planning and teaching courses under the supervision of department faculty.

**LA 501 Composition and Theory**
Fall, 5 credits. Limited to graduate students. Cost of drafting supplies and fees, about $250. Field trip about $250.
Basic principles of natural and cultural processes that form "places" in the landscape. Projects focused on design applied to the practice of landscape architecture: particularly the relationship between measurement, process, experience, and form at multiple scales of intervention.

**LA 502 Composition and Theory**
Spring, 5 credits. Limited to graduate students. Cost of drafting supplies and fees, about $250; expenses for field trip, about $250.

The studio will focus on the spatial design of project-scale site development. Students will develop their expertise in applying the design theory, vocabulary, and graphic expression introduced in LA 501.

**LA 505 Landscape Representation I**
Fall, 3 credits. Prerequisites: concurrent enrollment in LA 501 or permission of instructor.

This class introduces students to both conventional and unconventional modes of landscape architectural design representation. Drafting, orthographic drawing, axonometric project, lettering, analysis and concept drawing will be taught alongside more expressive modes of direct site study and representation.

**LA 506 Graphic Communication II**
Spring, 3 credits. Prerequisites: LA 505 and concurrent enrollment in LA 502 or permission of instructor.

An intermediate level course focused on modes of landscape representation from ideation to presentation. Representation modes may include freehand, process drawing, analysis and orthographic drawing, concept modeling, composite drawings; and visual books.

**LAMAR 524 History of European Landscape Architecture**
Spring, 3 credits. Offered through the College of Architecture, Art, and Planning.

**LAMAR 525 History of American Landscape Architecture**
Fall, 3 credits. Offered through the College of Architecture, Art, and Planning.

**LA 545 The Parks and Fora of Imperial Rome**
Spring, 3 credits. Prerequisites: advanced standing in a design field, classics or history of art, or by permission of the instructor.

This advanced seminar is seeking students in classics, art history, archaeology, landscape architecture, and architecture to bring their knowledge of Latin, Greek, Italian, archaeology, drawing, design, or computer modeling to a collaborative study of the ancient fora and public parks depicted on the Severan Marble plan of Rome.

**LA 569 Archaeology in Preservation Planning and Site Design (also CRP 569)**
Spring, 3 credits. Offered alternate years. Students develop the research skills needed to complete environmental review projects and historic landscape plans.

**LA 582 The American Landscape**
Fall, 3 credits.

An interdisciplinary study of the environmental and cultural history of the American landscape. Topics include the relation of landscape to culture, landscape use and ecological change, regional and national landscapes, and perceptions of landscape expressed in paintings, photographs, and literature. At the graduate course level, students will be required to complete additional outside work and to attend an additional class session.

**LA 590 Theory Seminar**
Spring, 3 credits.

Seminar in contemporary landscape design theory. For graduate students and seniors.

**LA 598 Graduate Teaching**
Fall or spring, 1-3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Students must register with an Independent Study form.

Designed to give qualified students experience through involvement in planning and teaching courses under the supervision of faculty members. The experience may include leading discussion sections, preparing, assisting in desk critiques, and preparing lectures. There will be assigned readings and discussion sessions on education theory and practice throughout the term. (Credit hours are determined by: 2 hours per week = 1 credit hour).

**LA 601 Integrating Theory and Practice I**
Fall, 5 credits. Limited to graduate students. Cost of supplies and fees, about $250; expenses for field trip, about $250.

The studio will focus on site-scaled projects that engage cultural and natural systems. Theories of place-making, sustainable design, and landscape representation will be critically explored through design projects that derive from and affirm a sense of site and place. The integration of site knowledge and site construction aims to support a deepening level of correspondence between design and site.

**LA 602 Integrating Theory and Practice II**
Spring, 5 credits. Limited to graduate students. Cost of drafting supplies and fees, about $250; expenses for field trip, about $250.

The studio will build upon your prior course work with an expectation that course participants can creatively manipulate the program and conditions of a site with increased emphasis placed on how things are constructed and contemporary technology. This course will focus on the expression of design solutions that grow from and affirm an explicit sense of site and place. Social, cultural, physical, and historic factors and their relationship to site design and planning will be critically explored through theory and practice in this studio.

**LA 615 Site Engineering I**
Spring, 2 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor.

Lectures and studio projects focusing on the professional skills and knowledge required to competently and creatively develop grading plans for project-scale site design.

**LA 616 Site Engineering II**
Fall, 2 credits. Prerequisite: LA 615 or permission of instructor.

Lectures and studio projects dealing with earthwork estimations, soil water management, site surveys, site layout, and horizontal and vertical road alignment.

**LA 618 Site Construction**
Spring, 5 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor.

Detail design and use of landscape materials used in project implementation. Exploration of materials, including specifications, cost estimates, and methods used by landscape architects in project implementation are the focus for this course. The course includes lectures, short studio problems, and the development of drawings leading to construction documentation for a comprehensive project. Students will develop a process of self-criticism related to measured drawings specific to the comprehensive project. Course participants will fabricate material prototypes in wood and metal.

**LA 619 Advanced Site Grading**
Grading skills and knowledge applied as a design component of site planning projects.

**LA 666 Pre-Industrial Cities and Towns of North America (also CRP 666)**
Fall, 3 credits. Offered alternate years. Various American Indian civilizations as well as diverse European cultures have all exerted their influences on the organization of town and city living. Each culture altered the landscape in their own unique way as they created their own built environments.

**LA 680 Graduate Seminar in Landscape Architecture**
Fall or spring, 1-3 credits. May be repeated for credit. Limited to graduate students. S-U grades optional.

Topical subjects in landscape architectural design, theory, history, or technology. Seminar topics and group study not considered in other courses.

**LA 694 Special Topics in Landscape Architecture**
Fall or spring, 1-3 credits; may be repeated for credit. S-U grades optional.
Topical subjects in landscape architectural design, theory, history, or technology. Group study of topics not considered in other courses.

**Natural Resources**

**NTRES 201 Introductory Field Biology**
Fall. 4 credits. Limited to 90 students. Open to sophomores and juniors with an adviser in Natural Resources or by permission of instructor. Prerequisites: BIO G 101 and 102 or equivalent. 2 overnight weekend field trips required. Cost of field trips, approximately $12. Lee, W 9:05; labs, M W 1:25–4:25 or T R 1:25–4:25. T. Gavvin and C. Smith.

Introduction to methods of inventorying, identifying, and studying plants and animals. Students are required to learn the taxonomy, natural history, and how to identify approximately 170 species of vertebrates and 80 species of woody plants. Selected aspects of current ecological theory are stressed. The interaction of students with biological events in the field and accurate recording of those events are emphasized.

**NTRES 270 Conservation of Birds**
Spring or summer. 2 credits. Prerequisite: NTRES 210 or permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. Next offered spring 2002. C. R. Smith.

A course for majors and nonmajors, focusing on science-based bird conservation and management at the organism, population, community, and landscape levels. Current resource management issues relevant to birds will be explored in the context of agricultural practices, habitat management, tropical deforestation, the design and management of natural preserves, endangered species management, global climate change, and the economic importance of bird study as an outdoor recreational activity.

**NTRES 271 Conservation of Birds Laboratory**

A field-oriented course designed to teach skills of bird observation and identification based on the integration of field marks, songs and calls, and habitat cues. Topics covered will include the choice and effective use of field guides, binoculars, and other tools for bird identification, procedures for taking and organizing field notes; the relationships of birds to their habitats and to other birds; and methods and procedures for censusing and surveying songbird populations.

**NTRES 301 Forest Ecology**
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: introductory biology. M W F 11:15. T. J. Fahey.

A comprehensive analysis of the distribution, structure, and dynamics of forest ecosystems. Topics include paleoecology of forests, ecophysiology of forest trees, disturbance, succession and community analysis, primary productivity, and nutrient cycling.

**NTRES 302 Forest Ecology Laboratory**

Field trips designed to familiarize students with the nature of regional forests and to provide experience with approaches to quantifying forest composition and its relation to environmental factors. Optional weekend field trips to Adirondacks and White Mountains, New Hampshire. Group research projects in local forests.

**NTRES 305 Wildlife Ecology**
Fall. 3 credits. Letter grade only. Prerequisite site: NTRES 210 and background in biology or ecology strongly recommended: completion or concurrent enrollment in CALS math requirement. M W F 9:05–9:55. E. Cochoo.

An in-depth analysis of the ecological factors influencing the natural fluctuation and regulation of animal population numbers. The course will examine in detail models of single species and multi-species dynamics, with emphasis on understanding the relationship between ecological processes at the individual and population level. Computer-based simulations will be used to reinforce concepts presented in lecture.

**NTRES 306 Coastal and Oceanic Law and Policy**
Summer. 2 credits. July 3–10. A special 1-week course offered at Cornell's Shoals Marine Laboratory (SML), on an island off Portsmouth, N.H. For more details and an application, consult the SML office, G14 Stimson Hall. Estimated cost (includes tuition, room and board, and ferry transportation), approximately $1,000.

Intended for persons interested in careers in management of marine or coastal resources or in the natural sciences. Subjects include law and policy related to ocean dumping, marine sanctuaries, environmental impact statements, water and air pollution, fisheries management, offshore gas and oil production, and territorial jurisdiction. Lectures on the status and history of law are accompanied by discussion of relevant policy and efficacy of various legal techniques. A case study that requires extensive use of the laboratory's library and personnel is assigned. The week concludes with a mock hearing.

**NTRES 308 Natural Resources Management**

Focus is on fish, wildlife, forest, and water resources. Concepts emphasized include the comprehensive planning process and human dimensions of resource management. Students integrate biological, social, and institutional dimensions of management through case studies. Grades are based on individual and group performance.

**NTRES 309 Sovereign Tribes and Environments**
Summer. 1 credit. Prerequisite: none; recommended: one course each in Natural Resources and American Indian Program. Consult Cornell University Summer Session catalog for scheduling information. S. M. Penningroth.
Under federal law, Native American tribes possess significant attributes of sovereignty. This course introduces American Indian territories as a policy arena where tribal jurisdiction and traditions merge with the goals of economic development and cultural survival to shape resource management decisions. Lectures, class discussions, case studies, and a mandatory field trip to an Iroquois territory.

NTRES 321 Introduction to Biogeochemistry (also GEOL 321, SES 321)
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: college-level chemistry, plus a course in biology and/or geology. Lec, T R 12:20-1:10; lab, T or R 2:30-4:25. J. B. Yavitt and L. A. Derry. Control and function of the Earth's global biogeochemical cycles. The course begins with a review of the basic inorganic and organic chemistry of biologically significant elements, and then considers the biogeochemical cycling of carbon, nutrients, and metals that take place in soil, sediments, rivers, and the oceans. Topics include weathering, acid-base chemistry, biological redox processes, nutrient cycling, trace gas fluxes, bio-active metals, the use of isotopic tracers, and mathematical models. Interactions between global biogeochemical cycles and other components of the Earth system are discussed.

NTRES 340 Quantitative Population Analysis
Spring. 3 credits. Letter grade only. Prerequisites: college-level course in statistics or mathematics recommended. M W F 9:05-9:55. P. J. Sullivan. The dynamics and demographics of aquatic and terrestrial populations are examined using statistical techniques and computer modeling. The course will emphasize (1) estimation of population abundance using statistical surveys, mark-recapture methods, cohort analysis, and other sampling techniques, and (2) analysis of population growth dynamics through mathematical and statistical models representing the fundamental processes of birth, death, growth, and movement. Topics will include applications to aquatic and terrestrial populations of resource and conservation interest.

NTRES 350 Global Ecology and Management
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: college-level courses in biology and chemistry. M W F 12:20-1:10, disc sec. M or W 1:25-2:15. J. B. Yavitt. Human accelerated environmental changes threaten the integrity of nature. This course explains the ecological principles that comprise this threat. Topics include increasing air and water concentrations of carbon dioxide and other gases, and pollution. Discussions explore the likely future behavior of nature given different global change scenarios.

NTRES 400 International Environmental Issues
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: junior standing or above. T R 10:10-12:05. J. Schelhas. Current international environmental issues are analyzed from an interdisciplinary perspective, with an emphasis on understanding the complex relationships between humans and the environment that underlie environmental problems and their solutions. Topics covered include conceptualization of environmental issues, population, property rights, human behavior, environmental values, environmental education, international policies, international organizations, globalization, conservation, and community-based conservation, and social conflict and unrest. Environmental issues covered include endangered species, biodiversity, tropical forests, global climate change, protected areas, indigenous peoples, and ocean fisheries. Emphasis on systematic analysis of environmental issues, written and oral presentations.

NTRES 402 Natural Resources Policy, Planning, and Politics
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: junior standing; special application process, and course fee (approx. $35). Lec, January two-week intersession; two 2-hour orientation sessions in fall semester and four 2-hour sessions in February and March. Completed applications due by October 23. Applications are available by contacting map10@cornell.edu or at www.dnr.cornell.edu/courses/course.html.
An introduction to the environmental policy process and its conceptual framework. Recognizing phenomena identified as natural resources or environmental problems and issues; aggregating interests; formulating and selecting alternative solutions; implementation and evaluation stages; roles of citizens, lobbyists, government actors. Case studies; presentations by and discussions with about twenty prominent Washington policy makers appearing as guest lecturers. Required interviews, term paper, oral reports. Several meetings in Ithaca before and after intensive January session in Washington.

NTRES 406 Ecology Risk Assessment (also TOX 406)
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: BIOES 261 or equivalent; permission of instructor if not an advanced student in natural sciences of engineering. M W F 11:15-12:05. Offered alternate odd years. J. W. Gillett. This course strives to develop understanding of and competence in the different types of ecological (nonhuman health) risk assessments. Focus is on cases for chemical, physical, and vector organisms in a variety of circumstances. The proposed USEPA approach under development will serve as the working model.

NTRES 407 Religion, Ethics, and the Environment
Fall. 4 credits. For juniors, seniors, and graduate students; others by permission only. S-U grades optional. S-U option. W 10:10-11:00. L. Buck, E. Fernandes, J. Lassioie, K. Mudge.
An in-depth analysis of the ecological and ethical dimensions of some of society's greatest problems and conflicts between exploitation and protection and stresses a practical understanding of how public and private values, economic considerations, and constitutional limitations affect management methods and objectives.

NTRES 410 Quantitative Methods in Wildlife Management
Spring. 3 credits. Letter grade only. Prerequisites: NTRES 210 and NTRES 305. Lec, T R 11:15-12:05; lab, R 2:30-4:25.
An in-depth analysis of the ecological and quantitative dimensions for decision making in modern wildlife management. This includes population and system modeling for evaluation of management decisions, and quantitative methods for adaptive management. Afternoon lab sessions will use computer-based approaches to reinforce concepts presented in lecture.

NTRES 411 Seminar in Environmental Ethics
Fall. 3 credits. For seniors, juniors and graduate students. S-U grades optional. W 1:25-4:50. J. W. Gillett. Moral concerns relative to the natural environment and agriculture. In successive years, the seminar will focus on such topics as (1) animal rights vs. ecosystem concerns, (2) natural resource management and the concept of the public interest, (3) applying environmental ethics in a democratic and pluralistic society, and (4) land use ethics.

NTRES 415 Principles and Practices of Agroforestry (also HORT 415 and CSS [SCAS] 415)
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: senior or graduate standing or permission of instructor. S-U option. M, W F 10:10-11:00. L. Buck, E. Fernandes, J. Lassioie, K. Mudge.
An introduction to modern and traditional agroforestry systems which involves spatial or temporal integration of multipurpose woody plants (trees and/or shrubs) with annual or perennial crops and/or with livestock. Interactions between woody and non-woody components of agroforestry systems are considered, based on above and below ground processes. The sustainability of agroforestry systems will be critically examined from biophysical, socioeconomic, and policy perspectives. Optional laboratory, NTRES 416 (also CSS and HORT).

NTRES 416 Principles and Practices of Agroforestry—Laboratory (also HORT 416 and CSS [SCAS] 416)
Fall. 1 credit. Optional lab component of NTRES 415 (also HORT and CSS [SCAS]). S-U grades optional. Prerequisites: junior, senior, or graduate standing or permission of instructor; prior or concurrent enrollment in NTRES 415. W 1:25-4:25. J. Lassioie, K. Mudge, E. Fernandes, L. Buck.
An integrated set of laboratory and field exercises designed to develop competency in diagnostic and management skills applied to agroforestry practice. Sessions include field trips to local practitioners as well as working demonstration farms and forests, case study design and analysis, use of computer-based sources of information, and practical skills.
with woody plants including identification, propagation, planting, pruning, and measurement.

NTRES 417 Wetland Resources
Summer. 2 credits. Prerequisite: 1 year of college biology. June 25-July 5. A special 1-week course at Cornell's Shallows Marine Laboratory (SML), on an island off Portsmouth, N.H. For more details and an application, consult the SML office, G14 Stimson Hall. Estimated cost (includes tuition, room and board, and ferry transportation), $1,000.
An examination of coastal and adjacent freshwater wetlands from historical, disturbance, and preservation perspectives, including fresh and salt water-marsh ecology and management. Field trips to selected examples of the wetlands under discussion and follow-up laboratories emphasize successional features, plant identification and classification, and examination of the dominant insect and vertebrate associations.

NTRES 418 Wetland Ecology and Management-Lecture
Fall. 3 credits. T R 1:25-2:40. B. L. Bedford. Examination of the structure, function, and dynamics of wetland ecosystems with an emphasis on principles required to understand how human impacts affect wetlands. Current regulations, protection programs, and management strategies are considered.

NTRES 419 Wetland Ecology and Management-Laboratory
Fall. 1 credit. Optional. Concurrent enrollment in NTRES 418 is required. W or R 10:10-11:15. 1 weekend field trip required. An integrated set of laboratory field exercises designed to expose students to: (a) the diversity of wetland ecosystems; (b) the vegetation, soils, water chemistry, and hydrology of wetlands in the region; (c) methods of sampling wetlands vegetation, soils, and water; and (d) methods of wetland identification and delineation.

NTRES 420 Ecological Management of Water Resources
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: introductory ecology and introductory chemistry or permission of instructor. MWF 9:05-9:55. R. Schneider. In-depth analysis of those ecological and biological principles relevant to the management of fresh and marine water resources, with emphasis on the effects of water management on community ecology. Lectures and discussion will integrate scientific literature with current management issues. Topics include: linkages between hydrologic variability and groundwater-surface connections, flow paths for dispersal, patchily distributed water resources, and water quality controls on organisms.

NTRES 428 Landscape Impact Analysis
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: 1 introductory and 1 advanced course in ecology or the equivalents, and junior standing. T R 1:25-2:40. B. L. Bedford. This course presents ecological concepts and analytical tools needed to evaluate environmental impacts to natural resources and ecosystems within an integrated context that incorporates the land use in which these resources occur. It explores diverse conceptual frameworks for landscape impact analysis and exposes students to modern tools for evaluating landscapes.

NTRES 438 Fishery Management
Introduction to management as an adaptive process that focuses on achievement of goals. Coverage includes sport and commercial fisheries and species restoration. Topics include setting goals and objectives, regulations, habitat management, population control, stocking, and management of trout, reservoirs, the Great Lakes and Pacific halibut. Ecological, social, political, and economic aspects of those topics are discussed.

NTRES 442 Techniques in Fishery Science
Fall. 5 credits. Limited to 15 upperclass and graduate fishery students. Cost of field trips, no more than $30. Offered alternate years. T R 1:25-4:25, 2 or more weekend field trips and 1 mid-week field trip. C. C. Krueger. Emphasis is on methods for collecting and analyzing data from fish populations and their habitats. Topics include passive and active fish-capture methods, tagging and marking, and physical-chemistry and habitat measurements. Assumptions and limitations inherent in data sets, research planning, and scientific report writing are also discussed. Several field trips provide hands-on experience in data collection on streams and lakes.

NTRES 450 Conservation Biology
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: a reasonable biology background. Limited to first 30 seniors, plus graduate students. Lec, T 10:10-12:05, disc, R 10:10 or 11:15. T. A. Gavin. Emphasis will be on biological topics that are important to the maintenance of biological diversity. Examples include population viability analysis, and the analysis of the demography and genetics of small populations as they are affected by habitat fragmentation and isolation. Students will gain thorough familiarity with these concepts and their potential application through lectures, discussion, and use of computer models. This course is intended primarily for students with a background in college biology. Students with no college biology background should enroll in BIOS 257.

NTRES 456 Stream Ecology (also ENTOM 456, BIOES 456)
Spring. 4 credits. Limited to 60 students. Prerequisites: none; BIOES 261 recommended. Offered alternate years. Lec T R 9:05-9:55, lab T W or R 1:25-4:25. B. Peckarsky.
Lecture addresses the patterns and processes occurring in stream ecosystems, including channel formation, water chemistry, watershed influences, and habitat formation. Fish community structure, nutrient cycling, trophic dynamics, colonization and succession, community dynamics, conservation and the impacts of disturbances. Lab: A project includes descriptive analytical techniques and hypothesis-testing related to environmental assessment.

NTRES 458 Human Dimensions of Natural Resource Management
Spring. 3 credits. S-U grades optional. Limited to juniors and seniors. Lec, T R 11:40-12:55. B. L. Bedford. This course focuses on how a social science-based understanding of human attitudes, values, and behaviors can be incorporated in natural resource management decisions and actions. Examples from federal, state, and nongovernmental fish, wildlife, and forest management programs are used to illustrate the importance of social-economic considerations in problem solving and decision making.

NTRES 459 Techniques for Demographic Analysis of Wildlife Population
Fall. 3 credits. Letter grade only. Prerequisites: CAI210 or permission of instructor. Lec, T R 11:25-12:15 P.M., lab, W 1:25-4:25 P.M. Next offered fall 2001. E. Cooch.
This course will explore the theory and application of a variety of statistical techniques in the study of population dynamics. We will cover the use of capture-recapture and recovery analysis to estimate survival probability, abundance (and density), immigration, emigration, population change (lambda), and sensitivity analysis using open and closed population models. We will also examine inference methods including covariate analysis and model selection.

NTRES 460 Quantitative Ecology of Fisheries Resources
Spring. 3 credits. S-U grades optional. Prerequisites: NTRES 442 recommended or permission of instructor. MWF 10:10-11:00. Offered alternate even years. Next offered spring 2002. P. J. Sullivan. The dynamics of marine and freshwater fisheries resources are examined with a view towards observation, analysis, and decision making within a quantitative framework. Growing pressure on fisheries resources, habitat modification, and increased uncertainty about the nature of biological systems are at the center of many fisheries' issues. Quantitative models are useful for integrating information needed by decision makers in addressing these issues. The course develops analytical methods to assess population dynamics and status of fisheries' resources and then demonstrates how the information may be transformed into useful information for decision makers.

NTRES 471 Management of Terrestrial Habitats
Spring or summer. 2 credits. Prerequisites: NTRES 210, 305, recommended; junior standing or above. Lec/lab, W 1:25-4:25. Offered alternate odd years. C. R. Smith.
A landscape ecological approach will be used to introduce students to habitat concept and to methods of inventorying, measuring, monitoring, describing, classifying, and restoring terrestrial habitats at a variety of temporal and spatial scales. Field trips will be taken to areas managed by both public and private land management organizations. An introduction to use of the Global Positioning System (GPS) is included.

NTRES 493 Individual Study in Resource Policy, Management, and Human Dimensions
Fall, spring, or winter. Credit TBA. S-U grades optional. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. R. A. Baer, T. Brown, L. E. Buck, D. J. Decker, J. Gillett, R. Knauf, R. McNeil, J. Schelhas. Topics in environmental and natural resource policy, management, and human dimensions are arranged depending on the interests of students and availability of staff. Students must
register with an Independent Study form (available in 140 Roberts Hall).

**NTRES 494 Special Topics in Natural Resources**


Topics in fish and wildlife biology and management are arranged depending on the interests of students and availability of staff. Students must register with an Independent Study form (available in 140 Roberts Hall).

**NTRES 496 Individual Study in Fish and Wildlife Biology and Management**

Fall or spring. Credit TBA. S-U grades optional. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. B. Bedford, B. Blosser, T. Fahey, M. Krasny, J. Lassoie, R. Schneider, R. Sherman, P. Smullldge, J. Yavitt.

Topics in ecology and management of landscapes are arranged depending on the interests of students and availability of staff. Students must register with an Independent Study form (available in 140 Roberts Hall).

**NTRES 498 Teaching in Natural Resources**

Fall and spring. 1–4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Students must register with an Independent Study form (available in 140 Roberts Hall). S-U grades optional.

Course designed to give students an opportunity to obtain teaching experience by assisting in labs, field trips for designated sections, discussions, and grading. Students will gain insight into the organization, preparation, and execution of course plans through application and discussions with instructor.

**NTRES 500 Professional Projects—M.P.S.**

Fall and spring. Credit TBA. Limited to graduates students working on professional master's projects. S-U grades only.

**NTRES 507 Environmental Inquiry (also EDUC 507)**

Summer. 1–3 credits (V). S-U grades optional. Prerequisite: limited to preservice or inservice secondary science teachers. Permission of one of the instructors required. W. Carlsen and M. E. Krasny.

Exploration of selected topics in environmental science and environmental science education at the secondary school level. The subject-matter focus will vary from year to year, and will track ongoing research and development conducted through Cornell's Environmental Inquiry project, a collaboration between the Departments of Education and Natural Resources and the Center for the Environment. Current work centers on watershed dynamics, biodegradation, environmental toxicology, and invasive species.

**NTRES 601 Seminar on Selected Topics in Natural Resources**

Fall or spring. 1 credit. S-U grades only. T 3:35–4:25; disc sec. T 4:30–5:00. Selected readings and discussions of research and/or current problems in natural resources.

**NTRES 604 Seminar on Selected Topics in Resource Policy and Management**

Fall. 2 credits. S-U grades only. M 3:00–4:30. Not offered in 2000–2001. Primarily for graduate students with a major or minor in resource policy and management and upper level undergraduates with a strong interest in resource policy analysis. Topics include the policy process, actors and stakeholders, legal and economic tools, and evaluation. Emphasis is placed on discussion, faculty-student interaction, communication skills, and current resource policy issues.

**NTRES 606 Ecotoxicology (also TOX 607)**

Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: graduate or senior status and two 300-level courses in chemistry, biological science, or toxicology. M W F 11:15–12:05. Offered alternate even years. Next offered spring 2002. J. W. Gillett.

Lectures, readings, and special guests focus on the principles of toxic chemicals on natural ecosystems, their components, and processes. Major topics include fate and transport of chemicals (chemodynamics), comparative biochemical toxicology, ecosystem simulation through mathematical and physical (microcosm) models, and relationships to regulation and environmental management.

**NTRES 610 Introduction to Chemical and Environmental Toxicology (also Toxicology 610)**

Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: biochemistry and animal physiology. Letter grade only. M W F 11:15–12:05. J. W. Gillett.

Introduction to the basic concepts of toxicology, exposure and biological responses to toxicants, methods of assessing toxicity, factors affecting specific toxic actions, and environmental impact of toxicants. Prerequisites: consent of instructor.

**NTRES 612 Wildlife Science Seminar**

Fall and spring. 1 credit. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. S-U grades only.

Check with department for availability. Discussion of individual research or current problems in wildlife science.

**NTRES 615 Case Studies and Special Topics in Agroforestry**

Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisites: NTRES/CSS/HORT 415 or permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. W 1:25–4:25.

L. E. Buck; J. P. Lassoie.

Interdisciplinary group of students examine case studies of agroforestry practice and research in developed and developing countries. Key current topics in the field are examined in depth, through lecture presentations, library research, and class discussion. Students prepare individual or team-written original case studies or critical analyses of existing case studies for presentation to class.

**NTRES 616 Forest Science and Management Seminar**

Fall and spring. 1 credit. Permission of instructor. S-U grades only. Check with department for availability.

**NTRES 618 Critical Issues in Conservation and Sustainable Development**

Fall. 3 credits. Preference to graduate students with minor in conservation and sustainable development; seniors by permission. Limited to 30 students. T R 2:30–4:25.

Establishes a conceptual foundation for analyzing and addressing conservation and development issues from an interdisciplinary perspective. Engages students in the inherent conflicts between natural resource conservation and rural development. Students work in interdisciplinary groups to analyze issues and cases from both developing and developed countries.

**NTRES 619 Field Practicum in Conservation and Sustainable Development**

Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: NTRES 618; preference given to graduate students with minor in conservation and sustainable development; permission of instructor. Limited to 12 students. Includes 2-week field study trip to a Latin American country in January.

An interdisciplinary study of a conservation and development problem in Latin America. The course will use an interdisciplinary research methodology that includes group problem identification, individual or rapid appraisal projects, and synthesis of group work to identify key conservation and development issues and research priorities for a selected site.

**NTRES 659 Techniques for Demographic Analysis of Wildlife Population**

Fall. 3 credits. Letter grade only. Prerequisites: CALS math requirements or permission of instructor. Lec, T R 1:25–2:15 p.m.; lab, W 1:25–4:25 p.m. Next offered fall 2001. E. Cooch.

This course will explore the theory and application of a variety of statistical techniques in the study of population dynamics. We will cover the use of capture-recapture and recovery analysis to estimate survival, growth, probability, abundance (and density), immigration, emigration, population change (lambda), and sensitivity analysis using open and closed population models. We will also examine inference methods including covariate analysis and model selection. Students enrolling for graduate credit will do extra work beyond that expected for undergraduates in the 400-level course (NTRES 459).

**NTRES 660 Quantitative Ecology of Fisheries Resources**

Spring. 3 credits. S-U grades optional. Prerequisites: NTRES 304 recommended or permission of instructor. M W F 10:10–11:00. Offered alternate even years. Next offered spring 2002. P. J. Sullivan.

This course is taught in conjunction with NTRES 460 (see description above). Students taking the course for graduate credit will be asked, in addition to the 400-level projects and homework, to construct and document a model of population or community dynamics that reflects and extends the concepts covered in the course.
PLANT BREEDING 105

Physical Sciences (ABEN 435, 475; CSS and EAS (SCS) 260, 321, 365, 371, 483; GEOG 102, 104; CEE 452)
Public Policy and Politics (GOVT 427, 428; BIO & SOC 461; CEE 529)
Resource Economics (ARME 100, 250, 450, 451; ECON 409)
Spatial Data Interpretation (CSS (SCS) 420, 461, 620, 660)

PLANT BREEDING

E. D. Earle, chair; W. R. Coffman; W. De Jong; S. Kresovich; M. M. Jahn; S. R. McCouch; M. A. Mutschler; K. V. Raman; M. E. Smith; M. E. Sorrells; S. D. Tanksley; D. R. Viands
Emeritus Professors: R. E. Anderson, H. L. Everett, H. M. Munger, R. R. Murphy, W. D. Farde, L. R. Plaisted and D. H. Wallace
Note: class meeting times are accurate at the time of publication. If changes are necessary, the department will provide new information as soon as possible.

PL BR 201 Plants, Genes, and Global Food Production
Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisite: 1 year of introductory biology or permission of instructor. Lecs. T R 11:15. S. R. McCouch
This course provides an introduction to plant breeding. It offers a sense of the historical and social role of plants in human food production systems. It also covers recent advances in molecular biology, to plant genetic improvement methods by discussing the history and current practice of plant breeding, tools available to breeders, choices and modifications of those tools to meet specific objectives, and challenges plant breeders face in developing varieties for the future.

PL BR 404 Genetic Diversity Laboratory
Spring. 1 credit. S-U only. Prerequisites: a course in genetics, plant breeding, or permission of instructor. T R 9:05-9:55. S. Kresovich
This course explores the structure of genetic variation within a species and how it ultimately may be maintained and utilized. Case studies representing organisms of biological interest and agricultural importance are employed to highlight biological and genetic theories, technologies, and approaches essential to conservation genetics and the improvement of crop and animal species. In complement, underlying ethical, legal, and social issues affecting conservation and use of genetic diversity are addressed.

PL BR 446 Plant Cytogenetics Laboratory
Spring. 1 credit. S-U only. Prerequisites: a course in genetics or permission of instructor. Will be offered as a 2-week module at a time to be arranged in Spring 2001. Check with department for further information. K. N. Watanabe
This course aims to provide fundamental knowledge and techniques in plant cytogenetics. Emphasis is on applications to research in plant genetics and plant breeding. Plant material will include a wide range of crop species. Basic techniques for examination of plant chromosomes are covered.

PL BR 494 Special Topics in Plant Breeding
Fall or spring. 4 credits maximum. S-U grades optional. Staff.
The department teaches "trial" courses under this number. Offerings vary by semester and will be advertised by the department. Courses offered under the number will be approved by the department curriculum committee and the same course will not be offered more than twice under this number.

PL BR 496 Internship in Plant Breeding
Fall or spring. Credits variable, may be repeated to a maximum of 6. Minimum of 60 on-the-job hours per credit granted. Prerequisites: permission of adviser and enrollment during the pre-enrollment period of the semester before the internship. Student must be a plant breeding junior or senior with a minimum 3.0 average in plant breeding courses. Students must attach to their course enrollment materials a "CALS/Independent Study, Research, Teaching, or Internship" form signed by the faculty member who will supervise their study and assign their credits and grade. S-U grades only. Staff. On-the-job learning experience under the supervision of professionals in a cooperating organization. A learning contract is written between the faculty supervisor and student, stating the conditions of the work assignment, supervision, and reporting.

Related Courses in Other Departments
Courses in many other departments are relevant to students majoring in Natural Resources. The following list includes some of the most closely related courses but is not exhaustive.

Environment and Society (R SOC 208, 324, 340, 410, 440, 450)
Environmental Law, Ethics, and Philosophy (SOCJS 200, CRP 451; PHIL 241, 246, 247, 381)
Human Systems and Communication (COMM 260, 285, 352, 421)
PL BR 497 Individual Study in Plant Breeding  
Fall or spring. Credits variable. May be repeated to a maximum of 6 S-U optional. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Students must register with an Independent Study form (available in 140 Roberts Hall). Staff.

PL BR 498 Undergraduate Teaching  
Fall or spring. Credits variable. May be repeated to a maximum of 6 S-U optional. Prerequisite: permission of instructor, and previous enrollment in course to be taught or equivalent. Students must register with an Independent Study form (available in 140 Roberts Hall). Staff.

Undergraduate teaching assistance in a plant breeding course. Teaching experience may include leading a discussion section, preparing and teaching laboratories, and tutoring.

PL BR 499 Undergraduate Research  
Fall or spring. Credits variable. S-U optional. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Students must register with an Independent Study form (available in 140 Roberts Hall). Staff.

Undergraduate research projects in plant breeding.

PL BR 604 Methods of Plant Breeding Laboratory  
Fall. 2 credits. Prerequisite: PL BR 403 or equivalent (may be taken concurrently). T R 1:25-4:15. M. E. Sorrells and R. E. Anderson.

Field trips to plant breeding programs involve discussion of breeding methods used, overall goals, selection and evaluation techniques, and variety and germplasm release. Additional labs include use of computers in plant breeding research and selection techniques for disease resistance. For a term project each student designs a comprehensive breeding program on a chosen crop.

PL BR 606 Advanced Plant Genetics  
Spring (Grades optional). Prerequisites: BIOGD 281, or equivalent. Lecs, T R 1:25-2:40. M. M. Jahn.

This course provides an advanced survey of genetics in higher plants. Topics include genetic analysis of developmental and metabolic processes, cytogenetics, mating behavior and barriers, and aspects of population and quantitative genetics.

PL BR 607 Analysis of Sequence Similarity  
Fall. 1 credit. Enrollment limited. S-U or letter grades optional. Prerequisites: basic biology, basic genetics, familiarity with computers. Permission of instructor required. 3 times a week for 4 weeks. Times TBA. Check with Plant Breeding Office for details. A. Baldo and S. McGuire.

This course will focus on the tools available for accessing nucleotide and protein sequence similarity in plants, animals, and microbes and the strengths and limitations of these approaches for answering biological questions. The mathematical and statistical background of the algorithms will be presented in lectures and weekly on-line projects will provide students with experience in addressing a range of biological problems involving sequence analysis.

PL BR 608 Comparative Genomics  

This course will emphasize how to access and integrate different types and sources of data using computer databases and a variety of querying mechanisms. Students will learn to integrate information derived from analysis of phenotypes, biochemical and metabolic pathways, DNA sequences, and genetic and physical maps using plant genome databases, and a variety of software packages.

PL BR 610 Advanced Plant Breeding Methods  
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: PL BR 403 or equivalent. BIOGD 281, or equivalent. M W F 12:20-1:10. M. Mutschler.

This course integrates information from a variety of disciplines to examine current issues in plant breeding. Topics covered include: issues surrounding the maintenance, selection, and use of germplasm resources; traditional plant breeding methods used for a variety of crops; integration of biochemical and molecular techniques into an applied breeding program; the commercial aspects of plant breeding program on a chosen crop; and breeding for pest resistance.

PL BR 616 Breeding for Pest Resistance  
Fall. 2 credits. S-U grades optional. Prerequisites: BIOGD 281 and PL BR 403 or equivalents. M W F 2:30-3:20. Offered alternate years. P. Griffiths.

A multidisciplinary examination of the challenge of incorporating disease and insect resistance into crop plants. Topics covered include national and international germplasm collections, identification of sources of resistance, resistance mechanisms in plants, monogenic and polygenic control of resistance, approaches for resistance, stability of genetic resistance mechanisms, and the use of biochemical, physiological, and molecular tools in breeding for pest resistance.

PL BR 622 Seminar  
Fall or spring. 1 credit. S-U grades only. T R 12:20-1:10. Staff and graduate students.

PL BR 650 Special Problems in Research and Teaching  
Fall or spring. 2 or more credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor supervising the research or teaching. Staff.

PL BR 653.2 Plant Biotechnology (also PL PA 663 and BIO PL 653.2)  
Fall. 1 credit. S-U grades optional. Prerequisite: BIO PL 655.1 or permission of instructor. Lecs, M W F 1:25-2:15 (12 lecs) Sept. 27-Oct. 25. E. D. Earle and M. Zaitlin.

This course deals with production and use of transgenic plants for agricultural and industrial purposes. Topics include procedures for gene introduction and control of gene expression, as well as strategies for obtaining transgenic plants that are resistant to insects, diseases, and herbicides, produce useful products, or have improved nutritional and food processing characteristics. Regulatory and social issues relating to plant biotechnology are discussed.

PL BR 653.3 Plant Genome Organization (also BIO PL 653.3)  

The structure and variation of plant nuclear genomes, including chromosome size, centromere/telomere structure, DNA packaging, transposable elements, genetic and physical mapping, positional gene cloning, genomic sequencing, and comparative genomics.

PL BR 653.6 Molecular Breeding and Genetic Diversity (also BIO PL 653.6)  

Application of DNA markers to the evaluation of genetic diversity in natural populations and germplasm collection as well as the identification, manipulation, and isolation of genes important to plant and animal productivity using molecular genetic techniques. Students will learn how to design and execute experiments to identify quantitative trait loci (QTLs), as well as how to apply molecular markers to plant and animal breeding programs. Strategies for the use of DNA polymorphisms in the management of genetic resources will also be taught.

PL BR 694 Special Topics in Plant Breeding  
Fall or spring. 4 credits maximum. S-U grades optional.

The department teaches “trial” courses under this number. Offers vary by semester, and will be advertised as course offerings. Courses offered under the number will be approved by the department curriculum committee, and the same course will not be offered more than twice under this number.

PL BR 716 Perspectives in Plant Breeding Strategies  

M. E. Sorrells. Emphasis is on discussion and evaluation of selected seminal papers and current literature. Selection of topics, objectives, methods, and strategies for both self- and cross-pollinated crops are reviewed and discussed. Extensive outside reading is required.

PL BR 717 Quantitative Genetics in Plant Breeding  

Discussion about quantitative genetics and quantitative trait loci (QTLs) for more efficient plant breeding. Specific topics include components of variance (estimated from various mating designs); theory and computer analysis for QTL, population structure, multiple locus regressions, and interval analysis; heritability; theoretical gain from selection; and genotypic and phenotypic correlation coefficients. During one period, plants in the greenhouse will be evaluated to provide data for computing quantitative genetic parameters.
PL BR 800 Master's-Level Thesis Research
Fall or spring. Credit TBA. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. Graduate faculty.
For students working on a master's thesis.

PL BR 900 Graduate-Level Dissertation
Fall or spring. Credit TBA. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. Graduate faculty.
For students in a Ph.D. program only before the "A" exam has been passed.

PL BR 970 Doctoral-Level Dissertation Research
Fall or spring. Credit TBA. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. Graduate faculty.
For students admitted to candidacy after the "A" exam has been passed.

PLANT PATHOLOGY

Note: class meeting times are accurate at the time of publication. If changes are necessary, the department will provide new information as soon as possible.

PL PA 101 Freshman Writing Seminar: Pests, Pesticides, People, and Politics
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 17 students. Lecs, M W F 8:00. Offered spring 2001. P. A. Arneson.
This seminar examines the use of pesticides, their impact on human health and the environment, and their regulation. Beginning with Rachel Carson's classic Silent Spring, we will examine many facets of the pesticide controversy through readings in current popular literature, technical journals, government documents, industry propaganda, and publications of various so-called "public interest groups." We will emphasize the need for critical thinking as we explore the power of the written word to persuade.

PL PA 102 Freshman Writing Seminar: Environmental Issues and the Changing Global Climate
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to 17 students. Lecs, T R 8:40. Not offered fall 2000.
This seminar provides an opportunity to learn more about the global, social, and political impact of environmental issues on scales ranging from local to global. Readings, discussions, and some hands-on experience will provide subjects for a seminar designed to teach writing at all levels of simple sentences to term papers.

PL PA 201 Magical Mushrooms, Mischievous Molds
Spring. 2 credits. S-U optional. Lecs, T R 11:15. G. W. Hudler.
A presentation of the fungi and their roles in nature and in shaping our past and present civilizations. The historical and practical significance of fungi as decomposers of organic matter, as pathogens of plants and animals, as food, and as sources of mind-altering chemicals are emphasized.

PL PA 241 Plant Diseases and Disease Management
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: one year of biology. Lecs, M W F 11:15; lab, T or W 1:25. W. E. Fry.
An introduction to plant diseases, their diagnosis, and their management. Topics covered include fungi, bacteria, viruses, nematodes, and viruses. Plant pathogen life cycles, plant disease epidemiology, disease forecasting, and the principles and practices of plant disease management. This course is intended for students who want a practical knowledge of plant diseases and their control. It is not an adequate prerequisite for plant pathology courses numbered 600 and above.

PL PA 309 Introductory Mycology
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: a year of biology or equivalent. Concurrent registration in PL PA 319 is recommended. Lecs, T R 9:05-9:55; labs, R 1:25-4:25. J. R. Aist.
An introduction to fungi, emphasizing biology, comparative morphology, and taxonomy.

PL PA 319 Field Mycology
Learn to identify mushrooms and other macrofungi and microfungi. Autumn field trips followed by evening lab sessions. Fungi are collected during field trips to sites in the Ithaca area. In the evenings, students learn to use technical field keys and to identify the fungi and learn about the ecology and biology of these enigmatic organisms. The course runs only for the first eight Wednesday of the semester. Grades are based on a collection project and a final laboratory examination.

PL PA 401 Basic Plant Pathology
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: 1 year of biology and BIO PL 241 or equivalent. Recommended: general microbiology, plant physiology. Lecs, T R 11:15, F 12:20, lab, T or W 1:25. Not offered fall 2000. Principles and practice of plant pathology. Lectures and discussions are coordinated to consider types of plant pathology and their population dynamics, disease cycles, diagnostic criteria and procedures, mechanisms of pathogen attack and plant defense, vector relationships, epidemiology, disease forecasting, loss assessment, and disease control. This course prepares students for graduate-level work in plant pathology.

PL PA 407 Nature of Sensing and Response (also BIO G 407)
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: BIO BM 350 or 353 or 531 and previous or concurrent registration in 332. Recommended: BIO GD 281. Lecs, T R 10:10-11:25. T. P. Delaney.
The responses of organisms and cells to their surroundings are examined to illustrate how biological systems both autonomic and abiotic environment and communicate sensing into appropriate responses. A wide variety of response systems will be explored to identify their unique features and to illustrate how similar processes are utilized by widely divergent organisms. Examples are drawn from prokaryote, plant and animal systems for environmental sensing, control of development and responses during disease. Discussion will also examine the role of genetics and biochemistry in understanding signal transduction pathways, as well as the way these systems are perturbed by mutation and disease.

PL PA 411 Plant Disease Diagnosis
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to 18 students. Prerequisites: PL PA 241 or equivalent and permission of instructor. Lecs, T R 10:10; lab T R 1:25-4:25. Alternate years. Next offered fall 2001. G. W. Hudler.
A method of diagnosing plant diseases caused by infectious and noninfectious agents is taught with emphasis on application of contemporary laboratory techniques and effective use of the literature. After seven weeks of formal lecture and laboratory sessions, students will spend the rest of the semester working on their own to determine the causes of plant diseases on samples that have either been received by the Plant Disease Diagnostic Lab or that have been prepared by instructors.

PL PA 443 Pathology and Entomology of Trees and Shrubs (also ENTOM 443)
Fall. 4 credits. Limited to 30 students. Prerequisites: PL PA 241 or equivalent, ENTOM 212 or 213, or equivalent. Lecs, M W F 11:15; lab F 1:25-4:25. Offered alternate years. G. W. Hudler, P. A. Weston.
For students preparing for careers in horticulture, urban forestry, natural resources, and pest management. Deals with identification, impact, assessment, biology, and management of insects and diseases that damage trees and shrubs. Emphasis is on pests of northeastern flora but examples from other parts of the country and the world are also used. Forest, shade, and ornamental plants are considered.

PL PA 444 Integrated Pest Management (also ENTOM 444)
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: BIO ES 261, ENTOM 212 or 241, or PL PA 241 or their equivalents or permission of instructor. P. A. Arneson and J. Losey.
Lectures integrate the principles of pest control, ecology, and economics in the management across multiple systems. Laboratories consist of exercises to reinforce concepts presented in lecture and demonstrate pest monitoring techniques and the application of computer technology to management problems.

PL PA 472 Microbial Control of Plant Diseases
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 20 students. Prerequisites: PL PA 241 or PL PA 401, BIOMI 290, or equivalent. Lecs, M W F 9:05-9:55; E. B. Nelson.
This course is intended to provide students with a broad exposure to the field of biological disease control. The basic ecological and molecular concepts and principles underlying microbial interactions with plants, as well as plant pathogens, and the role of these interactions in the suppression of fungal and bacterial diseases will be discussed. Emphasis will be placed equally on biological disease control in rhizosphere and phylloplane habitats. Topics will address aspects of root and leaf microbial ecology, plant pathogen ecology and behavior, ecological and molecular mechanisms of biological disease control, and manipulation and enhancement of biological control processes. Applied aspects such as delivery approaches, commercialization and registration of biological control organisms, and implementation of biological disease control practices in agriculture will also be covered.
PL PA 494 Special Topics in Plant Pathology
Fall or spring. 4 credits maximum. S-U grades optional.
The department teaches "trial" courses under this number. Offerings vary by semester, and are advertised by the department. Courses offered under the number are approved by the department curriculum committee, and the same course is not offered more than twice under this number.

PL PA 497 Independent Study
Fall or spring. 1–5 credits. Students must register with an Independent Study form (available in 140 Roberts Hall). S-U grades optional.

PL PA 498 Teaching Experience
Fall or spring. 1–5 credits. Students must register with an Independent Study form (available in 140 Roberts Hall). S-U grades optional.
Undergraduate teaching assistance in a mycology or plant pathology course by mutual agreement with the instructor.

PL PA 499 Undergraduate Research
Fall or spring. 3–5 credits. Students must register with an Independent Study form (available in 140 Roberts Hall). S-U grades optional.
An opportunity for research experience under the direction of a faculty member.

PL PA 642-661 Special Topics Series
Unless otherwise indicated, the following description applies to courses 642-661. Fall or spring. 1 credit. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. S-U grades only.
Weekly discussions of current topics in special areas of plant pathology and mycology. Students are required to do extensive reading of current literature and to present oral and written reports.

PL PA 644 Ecology of Soil-Borne Pathogens

PL PA 645 Plant Virology

PL PA 647 Bacterial Plant Diseases
Fall and spring. M 9:05. S. V. Beer.
Emphasizes current research in phytopathology undertaken in laboratories at Cornell.

PL PA 648 Molecular Plant Pathology

PL PA 649 Mycology Conferences
Fall. 1 credit. TBA. K. T. Hodge.

PL PA 650 Diseases of Vegetable Crops
Fall. TBA. Hours TBA. J. W. Lorbeer and T. A. Zitter.

PL PA 652 Field Crop Pathology
Spring. W 8:00. G. C. Bergstrom.

PL PA 654 Diseases of Florist Crops

PL PA 655 Integrated Pest Management in Tropical Agriculture (also ENTOM 644)

PL PA 661 Diagnostic Lab Experience
Summer and fall. 1 or 2 credits. S-U grades only. Requires 3 hrs/wk per credit hour. 2 hours TBA or M. G. Milgroom.

PL PA 662 Molecular Plant-Pathogen Interactions
T. P. Delaney, A. R. Collmer.

PL PA 663 Plant Molecular Biology
Fall. 1–5 credit. Prerequisites: BIO GS 281, BIO BM 350 or 351.

Section 01 Concepts and Techniques in Plant Molecular Biology (BIO PL 653.1)

Section 02 Plant Biotechnology (BIO PL 653.2)

PL PA 701 Concepts of Plant Pathology: Organismal Aspects
Spring. 3 credits. For graduate students with a major or minor in plant pathology; others by permission. Prerequisite: PL PA 401 or equivalent and permission of instructor. Lecs., T R 9:05; lab/disc., R 2–4:25. A. S. Galland.

Concepts in host-pathogen relationships with emphasis on roles of molecules and cells in determining the outcome of an interaction. Genetic, molecular biological, physiological, and cell biological approaches to experimental analysis of examples of host-pathogen systems are considered. Historical perspectives and recent research are reviewed and analyzed. Students prepare and review mock grant proposals.

PL PA 702 Concepts of Plant Pathology: Population Aspects
Fall. 3 credits. For graduate students with a major or minor in plant pathology; others by permission. Prerequisite: PL PA 401 or permission of instructor. Some background in statistics is recommended.

Theory and concepts in plant disease epidemiology and population biology of plant pathogens. Topics include: population dynamics of pathogens in time and space, interactions of pathogen and plant populations, and population genetics of pathogens. The discussion section is used for examining current plant pathology literature and other exercises complementary to lecture material.

PL PA 705 Phytovirology
Fall. 2 credits. For graduate students with a major or minor in plant pathology; others by permission. Prerequisite: PL PA 401 or equivalent or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001.
The course deals with plant-parasitic and plant-associated nematodes, their biology, morphology and systematics; ecology and role in ecosystem health; physiology and molecular aspects of nematode-plant interactions; population dynamics; interactions with other plant pathogens; and management options. Bioengineering, breeding for resistance, genetic mechanisms of host resistance, biological control, and technical methods of handling nematodes will also be covered. Emphasis will be placed on the nematode as an animal system.

PL PA 706 Phytonematology
Fall. 2 credits. For graduate students with a major or minor in plant pathology; others by permission. Prerequisite: PL PA 401 or equivalent or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001.
The course deals with plant-parasitic and plant-associated nematodes, their biology, morphology and systematics; ecology and role in ecosystem health; physiology and molecular aspects of nematode-plant interactions; population dynamics; interactions with other plant pathogens; and management options. Bioengineering, breeding for resistance, genetic mechanisms of host resistance, biological control, and technical methods of handling nematodes will also be covered. Emphasis will be placed on the nematode as an animal system.

PL PA 707 Phytobacteriology
Fall. 2 credits. Prerequisites: general microbiology, lectures and laboratory; introductory plant pathology. Offered alternate years. S. V. Beer.
A consideration of the prokaryotes that cause disease in plants and examples of the diseases they cause. The course emphasizes properties of bacterial pathogenesis, management of plant diseases, methods for manipulation of the pathogens, and recent developments in phytophthora. The current state of
knowledge of important phytopathogenic genera including their genetics and mechanisms of pathogenesis is reviewed. Laboratory practice in isolation, inoculation, identification, genetics, and physiology is included.

PL PA 709 Phytomycology
Spring. 2 credits. For graduate students with a minor or major in plant pathology or mycology; others by permission. Prerequisites: PL PA 401 and 309 or equivalents, or permission of instructor. Lec. F 1:25-2:30; lab. 2:30-4:30. Not offered 2001. J. W. Lorber.
Provides basic information on the biology of plant pathogenic fungi with emphasis on the structure, ecology, genetics, life cycles, and disease cycles of representative genera and species.

PL PA 715 Phytopathology Laboratory
Spring. 2 credits. Limited to 12 students. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. S-U grades only. Not offered spring 2000. S. G. Lazarowitz.

PL PA 738 Genetics and Development of Filamentous Fungi
Fall. 2 credits. Prerequisite: BIOG 241 or equivalent. Hours TBA. Next offered 2001–2002. B. C. Yoder. Molecular genetic and genomic approaches to the study of fungal biology. Applications of contemporary methodology to genetic dissection of developmental processes, such as plant pathogenesis (including host and tissue specificity) and reproduction, both sexual and asexual, are described. Experimental evidence supporting various hypotheses to explain fungal pathogenicity is evaluated. Examples are chosen from investigations of model plant pathogenic fungi such as Cochliobolus heterostrophus, Magnaporthe grisea, and Ustilago maydis and from well-known genetic models such as Aspergillus nidulans and Neurospora crassa.

PL PA 739 Advanced Mycology
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: PL PA 309 or equivalent and permission of instructor. Offered odd-years. 1 lecture; 2 labs TBA. K. T. Hodge. Advanced-level topics in mycology, including ecology and systematics of selected fungal genera. One lecture per week introduces the week's topics; students gain hands-on experience working with and identifying fungi during two laboratory sessions. The course is aimed at students pursuing or preparing for graduate-level work in mycology.

PL PA 788 Research in Molecular Plant Pathology
Fall and spring. 2, 4, or 6 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor before beginning research. S-U grades only. S. V. Beer. Guided research experiences in laboratories addressing questions concerning the interaction of pathogens (bacteria, fungi, viruses) and plants at the molecular level. Intended for beginning graduate students with a concentration in Molecular Plant Pathology and sufficient theoretical background and practical laboratory experience. Students submit plans and reports on each research experience.

PL PA 797 Special Topics
Fall or spring. 1–5 credits. S-U grades optional. An opportunity for independent study of a special topic.

PL PA 798 Graduate Teaching Experience
Fall or spring. 1–5 credits. S-U grades. Hours TBA. Graduate teaching assistance in a mycology or plant pathology course by mutual agreement with the instructor. This experience may include, but is not limited to, preparing, assisting in, and teaching laboratories, preparing and delivering lectures, leading discussion sessions, and tutoring.

PL PA 800 Master’s-Level Thesis Research
Fall or spring. Credit TBA. S-U grades optional. Prerequisite: permission of adviser. Graduate faculty. For students working on a master's degree.

PL PA 900 Graduate-Level Thesis Research
Fall or spring. Credit TBA. S-U grades optional. Prerequisite: permission of adviser. Graduate faculty. For doctoral candidates who have passed the "A" exam.

POMOLOGY (FRUIT SCIENCE)
See Horticulture.

RURAL SOCIOLOGY

Note: class meeting times are accurate at the time of publication. If changes are necessary, the department will provide new information as soon as possible.

R SOC 100 Indian America to 1890 (also AIS 100)
Fall. 3 credits. S-U grades. Enrollment limited to 550. W 7:30–10 p.m. R. W. Venables. Slide lectures survey the rich cultures and complex histories of the Indian nations north of Mexico. Indian arts and philosophies are compared and contrasted with those of Europe, Africa, Asia, Canada, and the United States. The origins of today's major legal issues involving American Indians are also discussed. This course begins with a survey of Indian America before Columbus and ends at Wounded Knee in 1890, the event which marks the end of the conquest of Indian America. Guest lecturers, including American Indian leaders, provide additional perspectives.

R SOC 101 Introduction to Sociology
Fall, spring, or summer. 3 credits. Enrollment limited to 300 in the fall, 400 in the spring. Lecs, T R 10:10–11:00; sec, various times. Fall, T. Hirschl; spring, staff. This course provides an introduction to theory and research in sociology. It demonstrates how the insights, theories, and methods of sociological analysis can be brought to bear on major issues of social life. A primary goal is to convey a sense of the manner in which sociologists formulate questions, and how the collection and analysis of data are used to evaluate those theories. The course will provide "hands-on" experience in analyzing sociological issues. Students undertake guided research exercises that involve using computers to analyze actual data. No prior background is presumed; necessary skills are covered in class and section meetings.

R SOC 103 Self and Society (also SOC 103)
Fall. 3 credits. S-U grades. Lec. T R 1:25–2:15. M. Macy. An introduction to microsociology, focusing on social processes in small groups, including the family. Emphasis is on leadership, conformity, social influence, cooperation and competition, distributive justice, and micro analyses of interaction.

R SOC 105 Economic Sociology (also SOC 105)
Fall. 3 credits. S-U grades only. T R 11:30–12:45. C. Leuenberger. This course examines how sociologists understand the economy as a social phenomenon. The focus is on classical and contemporary theorists as well as empirical studies in economic sociology. We will study the impact of the dynamics of capitalism and globalization on social life and how the economic organization of society can be related to religion, culture, and concepts of leisure. We will also investigate areas in which people interact with the economy on a daily basis: in selling, shopping, and consuming.

R SOC 175 Indian America in the Twentieth Century (also AIS 175)
Spring. S-U grades. Enrollment limited to 125. Lec. M W 10:10–11:00, sec, various times. B. Baker. This course addresses major U.S. policies affecting American Indians in the twentieth century, and ways in which American Indians pursued strategies to sway the process of social change. American Indian political, economic, and cultural issues are examined through history, literature, music/art, and film/documentary. The approach of this course is interdisciplinary and an emphasis is placed on the study of American Indians as living cultures. Current trends are discussed, and the implications for American Indians in the twenty-first century are explored. Guest lecturers, including American Indian scholars, leaders, and activists, provide additional perspectives.

R SOC 200 Social Problems (also SOC 200)
Fall. 3 credits. S-U grades optional. Enrollment limited to 100. T R 10:10–11:25. Not offered fall 2000. T. A. Hirschl. This course investigates a variety of current social problems from a sociological perspective. The course begins with an overview of sociological theories that may account for social problems and identifies common as well as competing elements of these theories. The theoretical framework is then applied to analyze a variety of social problems, which may vary semester to semester. Examples of social problems are homelessness, teenage pregnancy, deindustrialization, and homicide; among others. Emphasis in the course will be given to how social problems are measured,
This course provides an introduction to the relationships between demographic processes (fertility, mortality, and migration) and social lines. Discussion will cover special topics related to population growth and distribution, including marriage and family formation, labor force participation, urban growth and urbanization, resource allocation, and the environment.

[R SOC 202 Religion and Family in the United States (also SOC 201)]

Fall. 3 credits. S-U optional. Lec, M W 2:55–4:10. Not offered fall 2000. P. Becker. This course will examine how two fundamental social institutions—religion and the family—are interlinked in American society. As recently as the 1950s, religious institutions were organized around the needs of one dominant family form, the male-breadwinner family with a stay-at-home mother. But since the 1950s, that family form is no longer statistically dominant and is culturally normative. How do religious beliefs influence behavior within families like the raising of children? How do religious groups foster ideal family life, or influence our beliefs about what are “good” families? How do people’s family experiences and family values influence their participation in organized religion? We will begin to answer these questions by drawing on readings that explore the religion-family link in a variety of ethnic and social class contexts within the contemporary United States.

[R SOC 205 International Development (also SOC 206)]

Spring. 3 credits. Enrollment limited to 74. Lec, M W F 10:10–11:00. Staff. New questions concerning development models in the post-Cold War era are examined from a comparative and global perspective on North-South relations. While the focus is the Third World, the issues confronting it are often global, even when they concern the most basic issue of food security. Using films and various theoretical perspectives, we examine Southern societies (economies, ecologies, class/gender relations) and the impact of global forces on Southern resources. Such forces include global food systems, new forms of export production, development agencies, multilateral institutions, local bureaucracies, transnational corporations, the debt crisis, and new technologies. We will also examine the new social movements, such as environmentalism, feminism, and grass roots activism.

[R SOC 206 Gender and Society (also WOMNS 206)]

Spring. 3 credits. Enrollment limited to 100. Lec, M W F 11:15–12:05, sec, various times. B. Weinert. Course will familiarize students with origin of gender hierarchies, social and behavioral similarities/differences between females and males, and the development that biological, psychoanalytic, psychological and sociological perspectives help to understand the differences. United States and cross-cultural comparisons of the consequences of gender inequality will be a major focus of the course. Objectives will be met through lectures, readings, films, participant observation, and personal experiences.

[R SOC 207 Problems of Contemporary Society (also SOC 207)]

Spring. 3 credits. S-U grades optional. Lec, T R 8:40–9:55. D. Heckathom. This course examines contemporary social problems, with a focus on their sources in the organization of industrial societies. Organizations are based on three fundamental types of institutions—social norms, hierarchies, and markets. Each is subject to distinctive types of failures resulting in problems that include poverty, prejudice and discrimination, intolerance and hate, alcohol and drug abuse, physical and mental illness, crime and delinquency, and urban problems. In analyzing these problems, we emphasize the institutional framework within which they are created and perpetuated, and the forms of institutional change required to address them.

[R SOC 208 Technology and Society]

Fall. 3 credits. Offered odd years. Next offered fall 2001. M W F 10:10–11:00. C. C. Geisler. The relationship between technology and society is among the most pervasive concerns of our time. Ultimately, what makes a technology useful or “appropriate” is a sociological question. Lectures and readings review classical debates regarding technology and society. Herein, students compare high technologies and appropriate technologies, identify problems associated with technology transfer to other societies, and create a list of important criteria by which technologies are judged appropriate or inappropriate using numerous case studies.

[R SOC 209 Social Inequality (also SOC 208)]

Fall. 3 credits. S-U optional. Tr R 1:25–2:40. D. Grusky. This course examines the nature and processes of social inequality in contemporary United States, with some comparisons to other industrial societies with different educational and class structures. Readings include theoretical and empirical materials on urban inequality and stratification along race, class, and gender lines. The course includes ethnographies of schools and workplaces as well as more quantitative research.

[R SOC 213 Social Indicators, Data Management, and Analysis]

Fall. 3 credits. Offered alternate years (complement of R SOC 214). Tr R 11:40–12:55. P. R. Ebers. A survey of definitions of social indicators and general principles of social indicators research will be illustrated from data on both develop­ed and less-developed countries. Data management and analysis of measures of poverty, level of living, inequality, quality of life, etc., based on census data, household surveys, and other primary and secondary data, will be examined using personal computers.

[R SOC 214 Research Methods for the Social Sciences]

Fall. Offered every year (complement of R SOC 213). 3 credits. Enrollment limited to 25. Tr R 11:40–12:55. Not offered fall 2000 through 2001; next offered fall 2002. L. B. Williams. A number of approaches to conducting research in the social sciences will be presented. These include experimental techniques, unstructured, semi-structured, and structured interviews, experiments, and focus groups. Some statistical techniques for data analysis will be discussed. A background in elementary statistics is preferred although it is not required.

[R SOC 215 Organizations: An Introduction (also SOC 215)]

Fall. 3 credits. S-U optional. Lec, T R 10:10–11:25. Not offered fall 2000. S. Han. This is an introductory course in the study of organizations. We will start by taking a look at various examples of organizing, including a street gang in a Boston neighborhood, a minority community, industrial corporations, modern universities, Silicon Valley and Route 128, and more. Hence, a sampler. These brief glimpses serve as exercises in looking behind and beyond diverse rhetoric for common patterns in organizational phenomena. The focus of the course is on research scholarship, not the training of managers. Nonetheless, the analytical skills you acquire are applicable to work in firms, government agencies, and nonprofit organizations.

[R SOC 220 Sociology of Health of Latinos and Ethnic Minorities (also LSP 220)]

Fall. 3 credits. S-U grades optional. Enrollment limited to 15. Tr R 10:10–11:25. P. A. Parra. Discusses the health status of minorities in the United States. This course explores intragroup diversity such as migration, economic status, and the influence of culture and environment on health status and access to health care. Although special attention is given to Latino populations, discussion encompasses other minorities who face similar problems.

[R SOC 261 Sociology of Sustainable Development]

Fall. 3 credits. S-U grades optional. M W 2:55–4:10. L. Gitter. This course is designed to offer a critical evaluation of sustainable development as concept and practice. Although scholars and practitioners now analyze and debate it, sustainable development is more common in practice than in theory. Powerful global organizations, governments, and local activists have adopted and adapted it since it was popularized in the 1987 Brundtland report, giving rise to more than 40 definitions by 1994. To determine the social usefulness of such a widely debated term, we will examine its evolution from the original eighteenth-century concept of development into sustainable development in the field of natural resource management in the 1970s and into an environmental critique of economic growth, or market society, in the 1980s. We will then debate the salience of this concept by evaluating case studies in the United States and other parts of the world.

[R SOC 201 Theories of Society (also SOC 375)]

Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: Rural sociology or sociology course. S-U grades optional. Offered alternate years. Enrollment is limited to 30. M W F 11:15–12:05. P. K. Gellert. An introduction to the “classical” sociological theorists (Marx, Weber, Durkheim) of the late
nineteenth and early twentieth century, as well as "erased" and missing sociological voices and narratives (see G. Perkins Gilman, W.E.B. DuBois). The course addresses the dramatic social upheavals including the fall of the old order, industrialization, capitalism, and rise of bureaucracy to which these thinkers reacted and the inspiring (and conflicting) visions for the future which they offered. The intellectual history, the influence of the theorists on subsequent sociology, and the potential for relevance to contemporary society are emphasized.

[R SOC 302 Evaluating Statistical Evidence (also SOC 301)]
A first course in statistical evidence in the social sciences, with emphasis on statistical inference and multiple regression models. Theory is supplemented with numerous applications.

[R SOC 318 Ethnohistory of the Northern Iroquois (also AIS 318)]
Spring. 3 credits. S-U grades optional. Enrollment limited to 20. M 7:30-10:30 p.m. R. W. Venables.
The development of Iroquois (Haudenosaunee) history and culture is traced to the present day.

[R SOC 324 Environment and Society (also S&T 324 and SOC 324)]
Spring or summer. 3 credits. Enrollment limited to 100. M W F 1:25-2:15. L. Gienna. The main objective of the course is to develop a critical understanding of the dominant trends in modern U.S. environmental thought like preservationism, conservationism, deep ecology, ecofeminism, social ecology, NIMBYism, risk assessment, and environmental equity. Another objective is to familiarize students with some major contemporary substantive environmental problems and policies. These topics include air and water quality, public lands management, biodiversity, deforestation, climate change, and ozone depletion. A sociological framework is applied to evaluate interrelationships of substantive and philosophical/theoretical issues.

[R SOC 331 Demographic Analysis in Business and Government (also ARME 416)]
An overview of the way demographic analysis is used in business and government. Through the use of case study and problem solving methods of learning, students come to understand how demographic concepts, methods, and data are used by demographers to solve problems in business and government. The course is designed for upper-level undergraduates from a variety of academic disciplines and professional programs. Students will work on problems drawn from consumer marketing, education, housing and real estate development, human resources, and health services.

[R SOC 336 Rural Areas in Metropolitan Society]
This course analyzes the changing structure and role of small towns and rural areas in developed nations. The focus is on adaptation of rural communities and populations to major trends including increased societal differentiation and complexity, increased societal interdependence, and rapid social, economic, technological, and ecological change. Alternative policies to ameliorate rural problems and/or enhance rural contributions to national development are considered. Students participate in group research projects in rural communities.

[R SOC 340 Sociology of Food Systems]
Our changing food and agricultural systems will be examined sociologically, with attention to how these reflect the social organization of an increasingly global society. What are the major trends? What drives them? What do these trends imply for people, communities, and the environment? What are the social, human health, and environmental issues? What might be better alternatives and what strategies of development might achieve them?

[R SOC 360 Sociology of American Indians (also AIS 361)]
This course is designed to emphasize the role of theory and research in our understanding of American Indians. Towards that end, the relationship between the nation-state and indigenous populations will be emphasized. Students will be exposed to the following theoretical perspectives: world systems and dependency, internal colonialism, social disintegration, the social construction of reality, political mobilization, and ethnic reorganization. The course is also historical and comparative. Students will study different Indian tribes located in the United States and Canada.

[R SOC 367 American Indian Politics and Policy (also AIS 367)]
This course addresses the Constitutional basis of the Federal-Indian relationship through an examination of treaties, Supreme Court decisions, and congressional law/policy. The effects of European and American forms of governance on traditional American Indian political structures are detailed and contrasted with contemporary tribal governments and political organizations. Issues relating to sovereignty and self-governance with respect to American Indian tribal governments are addressed relative to state and federal governments.

[R SOC 370 Comparative Issues in Social Stratification (also SOC 371)]
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: an introductory social science course. T R 1:25-2:40 or T R 8:40-9:55 (depending on professor). T. A. Lyons.
This course reviews both classical and contemporary issues in the comparative social stratification literature. Particular attention is given to the changing configurations of different labels, debates on the meaning of new economic constituencies, and the role of gender, race, ethnicity, and sexuality in assessing the patterns, meaning, and experiences of inequality. Throughout the course we will give special attention to the importance of understanding how questions of inequality are constructed and employed in understanding social inequality.

[R SOC 375 Classical Theory (also SOC 375)]
Introduces students to major macro-sociological paradigms and encourages them to participate in "cross-paradigm" debates. The three main theorists of sociology (i.e., Marx, Durkheim, and Weber) are compared with respect to their approaches to the social sciences, their views on human history, their conceptions of capitalist society, and their ideas on social change. The assigned reading focuses on the original writings of these theorists, while the lectures provide the requisite socio-historical context.

[R SOC 380 Independent Honors Research in Social Science]
Fall and spring. 1-3 credits. Limited to students who have met the requirements for the honors program. A maximum of 6 credits may be earned in the honors program. Staff.
Students should select a faculty adviser and begin proposal development during the junior year. Students must submit written proposals by the third week of the semester of their senior year to the departmental honors committee representative.

[R SOC 408 Human Fertility in Developing Nations (also B&SOC 404)]
A review of the major literature dealing with the social causation of variation in human fertility. Emphasis will be on international comparisons and on the methodology of field research.

[R SOC 410 Population and Environment]
A voluminous new literature is emerging, attempting to trace the connections between population dynamics and environmental change. The seminar will be devoted to a critical examination of this literature, stressing population change both as cause and consequence of environmental factors. In addition, the social and economic forces that mediate the population-environment relation will be examined.

[R SOC 418 Population Policy (also B&SOC 418)]
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: R SOC 201 or permission of instructor. Enrollment limited to 15. T R 10:10-11:25. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2001. Staff.
The ways in which societies try to affect demographic trends. Special focus is on government policies and programs to reduce fertility.

[R SOC 425 Gender Relations, Gender Ideologies, and Social Change]
Drawing on feminist and sociological theory and methods, and employing a comparative and global analytic framework, this course examines how gender ideologies, work-family
linkages, and the transformation of work and labor processes are based on and help transform gender relations. The course gives attention to the particularity of place and time as these help to situate gender relations in the different state, regional, and global configurations that contextualize and configure everyday life.

R SOC 430/629 Migration and Population Redistribution
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: a social science course or permission of instructor. T R 11:40-12:55. Offered alternate years. D. L. Brown.

This course analyzes the determinants and consequences of internal migration in urban and rural areas of developed and developing nations. Economic and demographic interrelationships are emphasized as are implications of changes in local and regional population structures, occupation for labor supply, the demand for goods and services, and infrastructure. Public policy implications of the inter-relations are investigated. Techniques and measurement issues associated with migration and population distribution are discussed. For 629, graduate students will also meet with the instructor every other week to discuss graduate readings and topics relevant to their papers.

R SOC 431/631 Comparative Ethnic Stratification: Demographic Perspectives
Spring. 3 credits. S-U grades optional. Prerequisite: Intro to Sociology or permission of instructor. T R 11:40-12:55. D. Gurak.

A comparative examination of ethnic stratification and mobility that focuses principally on dimensions of social groups that can be empirically measured using readily available demographic sources. These include residential segregation, occupation for labor supply, demand for goods and services, and infrastructure. Public policy implications of the interrelationships are investigated. Techniques and measurement issues associated with migration and population distribution are discussed. For 631, graduate students will also meet with the instructor every other week to discuss graduate readings and topics relevant to their papers.

R SOC 437 Aging and Aging Social Policy in the 1990s

A survey of three general approaches for conducting analysis and practice in community and rural development. These approaches include examinations of: (1) community structural changes and policymaking; (2) participatory processes for generating community development; and (3) planning strategies as mechanisms for creating community development opportunities.

R SOC 438/638 Population and Development
Fall. 3 credits. S-U grades optional. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. T R 11:40-12:55. D. Gurak.

We examine major historical and recent demographic transitions in mortality, fertility, social structure, and composition and explore the relationships between these transitions and the social, economic, and cultural changes being experienced by diverse societies prior to, during and following the onset and conclusions of the demographic shifts. Case studies from diverse historical periods and groups of migration and population distribution are discussed. For 638, graduate students will also meet with the instructor every other week to discuss graduate readings and topics relevant to their papers.

R SOC 440 The Social Impact of Resource Development (also AIS 440)

Social impact assessment (SIA) is a method of anticipating unwanted side-effects of projects, policies, and technologies before they happen and a decision tool for mitigation. The seminar explores SIA applications in different parts of the world and pays particular attention to impacts on native and indigenous peoples. Readings, lectures, and a course project are mandatory.

R SOC 442 American Indian Philosophies: Selected Topics (also AIS 442)
Spring. 3 credits. S-U grades optional. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Enrollment limited to 15. W 7:30-10:30. R. W. Venables.

This course provides an opportunity for students to read and discuss a wide range of American Indian philosophies.

R SOC 490 Society and Survival

Course surveys existing theories, methodological techniques, and research results relating to the social, economic, and cultural structures and processes affect survival chances in diverse societies. A comparative framework is presented, and the utility of existing knowledge for policy-related applications in different social contexts. Attention is given to the problems associated with impinging causality in morbidity and mortality data.

R SOC 494 Special Topics in Rural Sociology

The department teaches "trial" courses under this number. Offerings vary by semester, and will be advertised by the department. Courses offered under the number will be approved by the department curriculum committee, and the same course will not be offered more than twice under this number.

R SOC 495/695 Population, Environment, and Development in Sub-Saharan Africa
Fall. 3 credits. S-U grades optional. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. T R 2:55-4:10. P. E. Eberts.

This course examines trends in rapid population growth, weak economic growth, and growing environmental problems in Sub-Saharan Africa and examines the linkages among these dimensions. After reviewing the region, the course focuses on specific problems, including: urbanization, health and survival, population pressure and sustainable agriculture, refugees, and gender/family/community structures. Graduate students will be assigned additional readings and writing and will meet bi-weekly in a seminar format.

R SOC 497 Independent Study in Rural Sociology
Fall or spring. 3 credits variable (may be repeated for credit). Students must register with an Independent Study form (available at 140 Roberts Hall). Courses for students admitted specifically to a MPS program are mandatory.

R SOC 560 Managing Local Environmental Systems: Social Perspectives and Research Bases
Fall. 3 credits. S-U optional. Enrollment limited to 15. W 1:25-4:25. J. D. Francis.

Course is for students with diverse backgrounds: undergrads, grads, people in professional careers, others with interest in environmental issues, identification, resolution, and management. Course discussions include ecological, social, economic, and local government perspectives. Via lab exercises throughout the semester, student will have opportunities to apply the concepts and principles of these perspectives to analysis of specific local environmental management problems. Readings, lectures, and a course project are mandatory.

R SOC 599 M.P.S. Project
Fall and spring. 1-6 credits. S-U optional. Lec. TBA. Graduate faculty.

For students admitted specifically to a MPS program.

R SOC 601 Theoretical and Methodological Approaches to Community and Rural Development
Fall. 3 credits. Letter grade only. Prerequisite: graduate student. Lec. W 7:30-10:00. P. R. Eberts.

A survey of three general approaches for conducting analysis and practice in community and rural development. These approaches include examinations of: (1) community structural changes and policymaking; (2) participatory processes for generating community development; and (3) planning strategies as mechanisms for creating community development opportunities.
R SOC 603 Classical Sociological Theory
Fall. 4 credits. S-U grades optional. Prerequisites: open to graduate students only. T R 2:45–4:10. M. J. Pfeffer. Students will review the main streams of classical sociological thought, focusing on the work of Weber, Durkheim, and Marx. Course materials include original texts and secondary literature, an examination of key concepts, methods, and explanation in classical sociological thought. Important objectives of the course will be to identify the philosophical and conceptual core of the discipline and to critically evaluate the classical theories to contemporary social change and development.

R SOC 604 Theories of Social Change
Spring. 3 credits. S-U grades optional. T R 2:55–4:10. Not offered 2000–2001. P. D. McMichael. This course surveys major twentieth-century social theory. It constructs a framework from classical theory, and on theories relevant to understanding the processes of social change. Major topics covered will include mid-century functionalism, conflict theories, neo-Marxism, neo-Weberian economic sociology, and world-systems theory. Other topics, such as the "new sociology of culture," critical theory, structuration theory, neofunctionalism, the new methodological individualism, and the macro-micro link, will be covered briefly.

R SOC 605 Sociological Theories of Development
Spring. 3 credits. T 2:30–5:30. P. K. Gellert. This course is a critical examination of a historical range of theories and research in the sociology of development from the post-war period through the present. Major topics include modernization theory, dependency theory, world-system theory, the developmental state, global commodity chains, and globalization. Throughout the course, the course of development is questioned and critiqued both theoretically and in terms of practical challenges from environmental, indigenous and other social movements.

R SOC 607 Sociology of Natural Resources and Development
Fall. 3 credits. S-U optional. Offered odd years. R 1:25–4:25. P. K. Gellert. Building on theories in the sociology of development, this seminar will examine the role of natural resource extraction, processing, and exports to global markets in the developmental trajectories of nations in Asia, Africa, and Latin America. Engages students in both theoretical debates and practical implications of resource access, control, and conflict amongst various social actors ('stakeholders'). Detailed historical cases will be examined, primarily from Southeast Asia (Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines)."

R SOC 612 Population and Development in Asia (also WMNS 612)
Spring. 3 credits. Offered odd years. Not offered spring 2001. W 10:10–1:10. L. B. Williams. This graduate seminar considers issues surrounding population and development in Asia. Case studies pertaining to Southeast Asia will be highlighted. The linkages between population and development are highlighted and both are considered from a historical perspective. Recent social, economic, and demographic changes in the region are considered in depth. Engaging gender roles in the family, the course will engage broader social context are also examined.

R SOC 618 Research Design I
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: a statistics course. T R 12:20–2:15. J. D. Francis. First of a two-semester sequence (may be taken individually) in introductory graduate methods. Discusses problems of measurement, the design of instruments, study problems of reliability and validity. Common forms of measuring instruments are discussed. Concludes with an introduction to factor analysis. Students apply principles to development of formal and common types of scales. Computers will be used exclusively.

R SOC 619 Research Design II
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: an introductory methods course and a statistics course. T R 12:20–2:15. J. D. Francis. The second part of the two-semester sequence in introductory graduate methods, with emphasis on the statistical treatment of the following topics: regression, analysis of variance, analysis of covariance. Special attention is given to use of categorical variables in regression. Students develop and examine several analytical models using actual data to familiarize themselves with data handling and processing. Extensive use of computers.

R SOC 620 Sociology of the Community
Fall. 3 credits. R 1:25–4:25. D. Brown. This graduate seminar will critically analyze the intellectual core of community sociology, and its theoretical development over time. "Community," as a concept, is often reified and rarely critically examined, hence the course will begin by clarifying the various ways in which "community" has been conceptualized and operationalized by sociologists. The course will provide students with both a grounded conceptual foundation and an overview of multiple strategies for conducting research on community structure and change in the United States and internationally. The course will include a critical examination of the forms and shapes of sociological research on the community assumes. We will use a case study approach to examine the assumptions driving the methods and data sets of both contemporary and historical research.

R SOC 621 Foundations of Environmental Sociology
Fall. 3 credits. Open to graduate students only. S-U option. Enrollment limited to 20. W 10:10–12:15. Offered even years. L. Glenna. Foundations of Environmental Sociology provides graduate students with a broad survey of the literature in this disciplinary specialty area. Students will review the history of both environmental sociology as well as key literature in the various substantive foci of this specialty. The principle objective of this course is to provide graduate students specializing in environmental sociology with a firm grasp of the core, controversies, trends in the area. Sessions are conducted in a seminar style, and discussions are focused on close review of assigned readings.

R SOC 625 State, Economy, and Society

R SOC 630 Field Research Methods and Strategies
Fall. 3 credits. Enrollment limited to 20. W 10:10–1:10. Offered odd years. Next offered fall 2001. L. B. Williams. This course will cover a variety of methods: focus groups, in-depth interviews, participant observation, archival research, and structured surveys, among others. The importance of matching research questions with appropriate field methodologies and the strengths and weaknesses of various strategies of field research are assessed. Practical experience with a number of methodologies is offered. Ethical issues involved in fieldwork are highlighted.

R SOC 640 Community and Changing Property Institutions
Fall. 3 credits. R 1:25–4:25. Offered every years. C. C. Geisler. The seminar acquaints students with the evolution of property rights, from antiquity to the present, and features a number of property debates (the biological basis of ownership; private versus public ownership, property and value; the so-called "tragedy of the commons"; the "new" property). Readings explore land use regulation and property rights, common property issues, opposing land ethics, and new property forms in the future.

R SOC 641 Politics and Economics of Rural and Regional Development
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to upperclass or graduate students only. S-U grades optional. M 12:20–2:50. Offered alternate years. T. A. Lyson. A survey of social, political, and economic factors in local and regional development. Theories of community and regional development and underdevelopment are explored. Neoclassical, Marxist, and civil society theories are examined within local and global contexts.

R SOC 643 Land Reform Old and New
Spring. 3 credits. S-U grades optional. R 1:25–4:25. Offered odd years. Not offered 2000. C. C. Geisler. Land reform continues to be a major cornerstone of development planning. Between 1980 and 2000 the number of landless and near-landless in the Third World will approach one billion. Though land reform is a principal source of hope for the landless, its meanings are many and its models are controversial. The seminar acquaints students with land reform in antiquity as well as in contemporary settings (among others, Japan, the Philippines, Israel, India, Brazil, and the United States). Perennial issues of equity, efficiency, and sustainability will be discussed in each of these case study areas.

R SOC 645 Rural Economy and Society
Spring. 3 credits. W 1:25–4:25. Offered alternate years. Staff. The structure and dynamics of rural communities are examined in a comparative historical context.
framework focusing on continuities and divergences among imperialist and post colonial settings. Major topics include classical theories of rural social organization and their retheorization in contemporary peasant studies and agrarian political economy literatures, theorizations of locality, rurality and spatial complexity within the world economy, and critical issues framing the relationship between political and labor market restructuring and petty commodity and household production systems.

[R SOC 655 Advanced Techniques of Demographic Analysis


An examination of analytical techniques that assumes a basic knowledge of demographic data and research methodology. Life tables, demographic estimates with incomplete data, survey techniques to supplement inadequate vital registration systems, data management, multi-level models, and other multivariate procedures are among the topics to be covered.

[R SOC 661 Sustainable Agriculture and Development


This course examines the relationship between local agriculture and development as these are embedded in a globalization economy. Topics include an examination of the social scientific theoretical underpinnings of conventional agriculture, the social origins of sustainable agriculture, environmental and community sustainability, agricultural diversification strategies, community agriculture development, and the political and policy contexts of more sustainable agricultural systems.

[R SOC 671 Epistemological Challenges to Social Science Paradigms: A Feminist Inquiry (also WOMNS 671)


This course will review and analyze contemporary themes in feminist epistemological critiques of sociological methods and knowledge systems. It identifies mainstream explanations within the social sciences, introduces early feminist challenges to androcentric paradigms, and explores philosophical assumptions of postmodern and poststructural analyses. Substantive foci assess various methodological frameworks, archival and survey research, and the theoretical presuppositions of approaches from rationalism to postpositivism. We also address the linkages between theory and questions of political practice, individualism, and autonomy.

[R SOC 675 Global Patterns of International Migration


International migration to the United States and other countries has increased in recent decades. What accounts for that trend in an era when large-scale international migration is supposed to have ended and what are the implications of immigration for receiving countries? Theories and research on these issues are examined in the course from a comparative and interdisciplinary perspective. Several migration systems are examined, including those of North America and the European Community. Policies shaping immigration are also reviewed.

[R SOC 684 Special Topics in Rural Sociology

Fall or spring. 4 credits maximum. S-U grades optional. Prerequisites: three courses in sociology, one in statistics or research methods. The department teaches "trial" courses under this number. Offerings vary by semester, and will be advertised by the department. Courses offered under the number will be approved by the department curriculum committee, and the same course will not be offered more than twice under this number.

[R SOC 715 Comparative Research Methods


This seminar focuses on one comparative method in the social sciences. The logic of comparative inquiry forms the substantive base of the course. Topics include cross-national and cross-regional research design and an analysis of the comparative case study approach. Illustrations of the comparative research approach will cover a range of data types and problems.

[R SOC 718 Multidimensional Measurement and Classification

Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: previous course work in scaling and statistics. T R 12:20–2:15. Offered every odd year since 2001-2002. J. D. Francis.

An advanced course in measurement and scaling, building from work by Thurstone, Guttman, and Coombs to multidimensional measurements. Topics include philosophy of factor analysis, factor-analysis models, factoring design, factoring techniques, and comparison with factor-analysis models. Cluster analysis and multidimensional scaling are the other major techniques discussed. As much algebra is required. Use of these procedures, class time devoted to this topic. Computers are used to analyze fit to models.

[R SOC 719 Logistic and Log Linear Models


The first part of the course reviews multiple regression theory and procedures, after which extensions of these models to categorical data are discussed. Consideration is given to violations of assumptions and their effects. Then more advanced regression concepts and estimation techniques are discussed. The main focus of the course is on logit and log linear models. Computation labs are an integral part of the course.

[R SOC 725 The Sociology of "Third World" States

Fall. 3 credits. W 1:25–4:25. Offered alternate years. S. Feldman.

This course examines how processes of political and economic transformation have reshaped state capacities and processes of state formation. Particular attention is paid to questions of class formation, corporatist alliances, transnational interests, and alternative development strategies with the emergence of austerity, privatization, and trade liberalization and its neoliberalist ideology. Critical to this discussion are the contours of authoritarianism, nationalism, commodification, and fundamentalism as these reconfigure national and regional alliances and practices and shape interpretations of current processes of change, and terms of intervention and exchange.

[R SOC 730 Sociology of Global Change


Analyses of social change and development are increasingly sensitive to global context. They include the sociology of the world economy as a multi-layered entity anchored in an evolving international division of labor and the system of nation states, and the sociology of transnational political, economic, and cultural processes (e.g., food regimes, commodity chains, diasporas and transnational identities, the new regionalism, and transnational social movements). The seminar examines the substantive and methodological questions generated by research on these global processes, including questions of relevant units of analysis, situating global process in local events and subjectivities and vice versa, and examining the ways in which national structures and cultures interact with global structures and cultures.

[R SOC 741 Community Development and Local Control


Theories of community growth and decline and the current debate over the place of local control in community development in general are considered. Seminar themes include the role of neopopulism in community development, changing institutions of property as community development occurs, and changing definitions of "community."
Related Courses in Other Departments
(Others may be added)
Population Dynamics (SOC 205)
Gender Relations, Gender Ideologies, and Social Change (WMNS 524)

Summer Session Courses
Introduction to Sociology (6-week session)
Environment and Society (3-week session)
Sociology of Health and Human Behavior (3-week session)

Soil, Crop, and Atmospheric Sciences (SCAS) courses are located in the Departments of Crop and Soil Sciences (CSS) and Earth and Atmospheric Sciences (EAS) section of this catalog.

VEGETABLE CROPS
See Horticulture.

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Norvell, Wendell A., Ph.D., Colorado State U. Assoc. Prof., Crop and Soil Sciences
Novakovic, Andrew M., Ph.D., Purdue U. Prof., Agricultural, Resource, and Managerial Economics
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<tr>
<th>Name</th>
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<td>Robinson, Terence L.</td>
<td>Ph.D., Washington State U. Assoc. Prof.</td>
<td>Horticultural Sciences (Geneva)</td>
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<td>Robinson, Richard W.</td>
<td>Ph.D., Cornell U. Assoc. Prof.</td>
<td>Horticultural Sciences (Geneva)</td>
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<td>Rydell, Wendell L.</td>
<td>Ph.D., Indiana U. Assoc. Prof.</td>
<td>Entomology (Geneva)</td>
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<td>Rosenberger, David A.</td>
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<td>Rossi, Frank S.</td>
<td>Ph.D., Cornell U. Assoc. Prof.</td>
<td>Horticulture (Geneva)</td>
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<td>Rutz, Donald A.</td>
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<td>Entomology</td>
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<td>Sanderson, John P.</td>
<td>Ph.D., U. of California at Riverside. Prof.</td>
<td>Entomology</td>
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<td>Ph.D., U. of Wisconsin. Assoc. Prof.</td>
<td>Horticultural Sciences (Geneva)</td>
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<td>Scherer, Clifford W.</td>
<td>Ph.D., U. of Wisconsin. Assoc. Prof.</td>
<td>Communication</td>
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<td>Scheu, Dietram A.</td>
<td>Ph.D., U. of Wisconsin. Assoc. Prof.</td>
<td>Communication</td>
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<td>Schneider, Rebecca Ph.</td>
<td>D. U. of Wisconsin. Assoc. Prof. Natural Resources</td>
<td>Entomology</td>
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<td>Schrader, Dawn E.</td>
<td>Ph.D., Harvard U. Assoc. Prof.</td>
<td>Education</td>
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<td>Ph.D., U. of California at Riverside. Prof.</td>
<td>Agricultural, Resource, and Managerial Economics</td>
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<td>Schupp, James R.</td>
<td>Ph.D., Ohio State U. Asst. Prof.</td>
<td>Horticultural Sciences (Geneva)</td>
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<td>Schweizer, Bruce P.</td>
<td>Ph.D., U. of Wisconsin. Assoc. Prof.</td>
<td>Biometrics</td>
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<tr>
<td>Scott, Jeffrey G.</td>
<td>Ph.D., U. of California at Berkeley. Prof.</td>
<td>Entomology</td>
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<td>Scott, Norma R.</td>
<td>Ph.D., Cornell U. Assoc. Prof.</td>
<td>Agricultural and Biological Engineering</td>
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<td>Seem, Robert C.</td>
<td>Ph.D., Pennsylvania State U. Prof.</td>
<td>Plant Pathology (Geneva)</td>
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<td>Setter, Timothy L.</td>
<td>Ph.D., U. of Minnesota. Assoc. Prof.</td>
<td>Crop and Soil Sciences</td>
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<tr>
<td>Shanahan, J.</td>
<td>Ph.D., U. of Massachusetts-Amherst. Asst. Prof.</td>
<td>Communication</td>
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<tr>
<td>Shapiro, Michael A.</td>
<td>Ph.D., U. of Wisconsin. Assoc. Prof.</td>
<td>Communication</td>
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<tr>
<td>Shelton, Anthony M.</td>
<td>Ph.D., U. of California at Riverside. Prof.</td>
<td>Entomology</td>
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<td>Shields, Elson J.</td>
<td>Ph.D., U. of Wisconsin. Entomology</td>
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<td>Siebert, Karl J.</td>
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<td>Food Science and Technology (Geneva)</td>
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<td>Sieczka, Joseph B.</td>
<td>M.S., Cornell U. Assoc. Prof.</td>
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<td>Sipple, John W.</td>
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<td>Education</td>
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<tr>
<td>Smith, Einarson, Margaret E.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Smith, R. David</td>
<td>Ph.D., Cornell U. Assoc. Prof.</td>
<td>Animal Science</td>
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<tr>
<td>Soderlund, David M.</td>
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<td>Steenhus, Tammo S.</td>
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<td>Steeples, Mark E.</td>
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<td>Steeples, Pamela L.</td>
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<td>Straub, Richard W.</td>
<td>Ph.D., U. of Missouri. Assoc. Prof.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Styczyn, Mayone Ph.</td>
<td>Ph.D., Columbia U. Assoc. Prof.</td>
<td>Rural Sociology</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sullivan, Patrick J.</td>
<td>Ph.D., U. of Washington. Asst. Prof.</td>
<td>Natural Resources</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sulphin, H. Dean</td>
<td>Ph.D., Ohio State U. Assoc. Prof.</td>
<td>Education</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Additional Faculty Members:**

- Tankley, Steven D. Ph.D., U. of California at Davis. Assoc. Prof., Plant Breeding
- Tauer, Loren W., Ph.D., Iowa State U. Assoc. Prof., Agricultural, Resource, and Managerial Economics
- Taylor, Alan G., Ph.D., Oklahoma State U. Assoc. Prof., Horticultural Sciences (Geneva)
- Thies, Janice E. Ph.D., U. of Hawai. Assoc. Prof., Crop and Soil Sciences
- Thonney, Michael L. Ph.D., U. of Minnesota Assoc. Prof., Animal Science
- Timmons, Michael B. Ph.D., Cornell U. Assoc. Prof., Agricultural and Biological Engineering
- Topoleski, Leonard D. Ph.D., Purdue U. Assoc. Prof., Horticulture
- Trumbull, Deborah J. Ph.D., U. of Illinois. Assoc. Prof., Education
- Turgeon, B. Gillian, Ph.D., U. of Dayton. Assoc. Prof., Plant Pathology
- VanAmburgh, Michael E. Ph.D., Cornell U. Assoc. Prof., Animal Science
- vanEs, Harold M., Ph.D., North Carolina State U. Assoc. Prof., Crop and Soil Sciences
- Vandersall, Donald B. Ph.D., U. of Minnesota Assoc. Prof., Plant Breeding
- Villani, Michael G. Ph.D., North Carolina State U. Assoc. Prof., Entomology (Geneva)
- Walker, Larry P. Ph.D., Michigan State U. Assoc. Prof., Agricultural and Biological Engineering
- Walter, Michael F. Ph.D., U. of Wisconsin Assoc. Prof., Agricultural and Biological Engineering
- Wang, Shou E. Ph.D., Princeton Asst. Prof. Agricultural, Resource, and Managerial Economics
- Watkins, Christopher B., Rutgers U. Assoc. Prof., Horticulture
- Weiler, Thomas C. Ph.D., Cornell. Prof., Horticulture
- Welch, Ross M. Ph.D., U. of California at Davis. Prof., Crop and Soil Sciences
- Weston, Leslie A. Ph.D., Michigan State U. Assoc. Prof., Horticulture
- Wheeler, Quentin D. Ph.D., Ohio State U. Assoc. Prof., Entomology
- Whitlows, Thomas H. Ph.D., U. of California at Davis. Assoc. Prof., Horticulture
- Wiedmann, Martin D. Ph.D., Cornell U. Asst. Prof., Food Science
- Wien, Hans C. Ph.D., Cornell U. Assoc. Prof., Horticulture
- Wilcox, Wayne F. Ph.D., U. of California at Davis. Assoc. Prof., Plant Pathology (Geneva)
- Wilks, Daniel S. Ph.D., Oregon State U. Assoc. Prof., Earth and Atmospheric Sciences
- Williams, Linda Ph.D., Brown U. Assoc. Prof., Rural Sociology
- Wilson, Arthur L. Ph.D., U. of Georgia. Assoc. Prof., Education
- Wolfe, David W. Ph.D., U. of California at Davis. Assoc. Prof., Horticulture
- Worobo, Randy W. Ph.D., U. of Alberta. Assoc. Prof., Food Science and Technology (Geneva)
- Woytow, Joseph B. Ph.D., U. of Wyoming. Assoc. Prof., Natural Resources
- Yoder, Olen C. Ph.D., Michigan State U. Assoc. Prof., Plant Pathology
- Zitter, Thomas A. Ph.D., Michigan State U. Assoc. Prof., Plant Pathology
ADMINISTRATION
Ponis Olpadwala, dean
John Zissovici, associate dean
Walter Williams, director of alumni affairs and development
Cynthia K. Prescott, director of administration and finance
Reginald D. Ryder, director of minority educational affairs
Donna L. Kuhar, registrar

FACULTY ADVISERS
Architecture students are assigned faculty advisers for their first year. Upperclass students have one assigned adviser but are encouraged to seek assistance and advice from the most appropriate faculty member or college officer.

Students in the fine arts department are assigned a faculty adviser for the first year. After the first year, students may select their advisers. Students are required to have an adviser throughout their program in their area of concentration.

Undergraduate students in the Program of Urban and Regional Studies are assigned faculty advisers.

All students in the college are invited to share their concerns and seek advice from the volunteer student advisers at anytime.

Specific inquiries regarding rules, procedures, or deadlines should be addressed to:
Mark Cruvellier, chair, Department of Architecture
John Forester, chair, Department of City and Regional Planning
Roberto Bertola, chair, Department of Art

DEGREE PROGRAMS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Degree Program</th>
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<tr>
<td>Architecture</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fine Arts</td>
<td>B.F.A.</td>
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<tr>
<td>History of Architecture and Urbanism</td>
<td>B.A.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Urban and Regional Studies</td>
<td>B.S.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The college offers programs leading to the bachelor's degree—the five-year program in architecture leads to the Bachelor of Fine Arts. In addition, four-year programs with a concentration in either urban and regional studies or history of architecture lead to the Bachelor of Science.

Graduate-level programs are offered in art, architectural design and urban design, architectural sciences, history of architecture and urbanism, historic preservation planning, city and regional planning, regional science, and landscape architecture.

Students in each of these programs work in physical proximity to one another and thus gain a broader understanding of their own special area of interest through contact with the students and faculty in other disciplines.

Early in its development, the college set a limit on the number of students it would enroll and devised a selective method of admission. There are now more than 650 students and a full-time teaching staff of over sixty, supplemented by visiting professors and critics, part-time lecturers, and assistants.

Teachers and students mix freely, and much instruction and criticism is on an individual basis.

The college's courses are integral parts of the professional curricula. Fundamental subjects are taught by faculty members whose experience provides them with professional points of view. The concentration of professional courses within the college is balanced by the breadth of view gained from courses and informal learning in the rest of the university. The college believes that this breadth is an essential element of professional education. This conviction is evident in the form of the curriculum, the methods of teaching, and the extracurricular life of teachers and students.

FACILITIES

The college occupies Sibley Hall, Olive Tjaden Hall, Rand Hall, and the Foundry. Facilities for architecture and city and regional planning, as well as college administrative offices, the Visual Resources Facility, and the Fine Arts Library, are located in Sibley Hall. The Department of Art is housed in Olive Tjaden Hall. Sculpture facilities are in the Foundry and shop facilities in Rand. The Green Dragon Cafe, a student eatery and lounge, is located in the lower level of Sibley Dome. There are darkrooms in the Department of Art that are available for general use by students in the college and are primarily used as laboratories for the photography courses. A darkroom fee must be paid by each user. Information about darkroom rules and regulations, hours, and equipment is available at the darkroom circulation desk.

Through the generosity of the late Lillian P. Heller, the college also owns the Miller-Heller House, home of William H. Miller, the first student to graduate. This building is used to house visiting teachers and guests of the college and for occasional receptions and social events.

Libraries

The Fine Arts Library in Sibley Hall serves the College of Architecture, Art, and Planning through its collections on architecture, fine arts, city and regional planning, and landscape architecture. The library, with more than 176,000 books, is capable of supporting undergraduate, graduate, and research programs. Some 1,800 serials are currently received and maintained.

The Visual Resources Facility, made possible through gifts from George and Adelaide Knight, is located in Sibley Hall and contains the F. M. Wells Memorial Slide Collection, which consists of a large and growing collection of slides of architecture, architectural history, and art. The collection now includes approximately 450,000 slides.

The facilities of the libraries of other schools and departments on campus and the John M. Olin Library, designed primarily as a research library for graduate students, are also available.

Museums and Galleries

The Herbert F. Johnson Museum of Art was formally opened in May 1973. Although many of its exhibitions and activities relate directly to academic programs of the university, the museum has no administrative affiliation with any department. In this way, its programs freely cross academic boundaries, stimulating interchange among disciplines. With a strong and varied collection and a continuous series of high-quality exhibitions, it fulfills its mission as a center for the visual arts at Cornell. Throughout the year, works of students, faculty, and staff in the College of Architecture, Art, and Planning and of guest artists may be viewed in the John Hartell Gallery in Sibley Dome and in the Olive Tjaden Gallery in Olive Tjaden Hall. Art galleries are also maintained in Willard Straight Hall, where loan exhibitions of paintings and graphic work by contemporary artists are held.

Rome Program

The College of Architecture, Art, and Planning's Rome Program was founded in the fall of 1986 to provide instruction in Italy for students seeking excellence in art, architecture, and other disciplines. The program offers an educational experience that draws upon the rich past of Rome, its resources now and varied collection and a continuous series of high-quality exhibitions, it fulfills its mission as a center for the visual arts at Cornell. Throughout the year, works of students, faculty, and staff in the College of Architecture, Art, and Planning and of guest artists may be viewed in the John Hartell Gallery in Sibley Dome and in the Olive Tjaden Gallery in Olive Tjaden Hall. Art galleries are also maintained in Willard Straight Hall, where loan exhibitions of paintings and graphic work by contemporary artists are held.

The program in Rome offers components for students majoring in architecture, fine arts, planning, and liberal arts. Full course loads are available to all students in a curriculum that stresses the convergence of artistic, cultural, and architectural ideas vital to an understanding of the city. Students are responsible for planning course schedules that
ensure their particular requirements can be met, since course offerings in Rome are limited. For additional information, see individual department listings or contact the Rome Program Office, 149 Sibley Hall.

COLLEGE ACADEMIC POLICIES

Ownership of Student Work
All drawings, models, paintings, graphic art, and sculpture done in the studios and drafting rooms as a part of the instructional program are the property of the college until they have been graded and released by the instructor. Certain works may be retained by the college for retention for academic purposes.

Exhibitions of Student Work
Exhibitions of student work are held each semester as part of the yearly schedule of the Olive Tjaden Gallery and the John Hartell Gallery in Sibley Dome. These galleries display work from a specific course or exhibit examples of recent work by individual faculty, students, and visitors.

Scholastic Standards
Term by term, a candidate for an undergraduate degree in the college is required to pass all courses in which the student is registered and have an average for the term of not less than C (2.0). The record of each student who fails below the standard will be reviewed by the Student Records Committee for appropriate action, as described below:

1) Warning means that the student's performance is not up to expectations. Unless improvement is shown in the subsequent term, the student may be placed on final warning or required to take a leave of absence from the college.
2) Final Warning indicates that the student's record is unsatisfactory. Unless considerable improvement is shown in the subsequent term, the student shall be required to take a leave of absence from the college.
3) Required leave of absence: academic deficiency. The student is dismissed from the college and may not continue studies in it. This action may be taken by the college and is permanently prohibited from continuing studies in the College of Architecture, Art, and Planning.

The above actions are not necessarily sequential. A student who has received a warning may be placed on a required leave of absence for academic deficiency at the end of the next term if performance during that time is deemed to be grossly deficient. A cumulative average of at least C– (1.7) is required for graduation.

ARCHITECTURE


Professional Degree Program
The first professional degree in architecture is the Bachelor of Architecture. This degree counts toward the professional registration requirements established by the various states, National Architectural Accrediting Board, and the National Council of Architectural Registration Boards. The professional program is normally five years in length and is designed particularly for people who, before they apply, have established their interest and motivation to enter the field. It therefore incorporates both a general and professional educational base.

The program is oriented toward developing the student's ability to deal creatively with architectural problems on analytical, conceptual, and developmental levels. The sequence courses in design, consisting of studio work augmented by lectures and seminars, are the core of the program. Sequences of studies in the history of architecture and cities, culture and society, architectural theory, visual studies, environmental controls, structures, construction and computer graphics, and applications provide a base for the work in design.

In the first three years, the student has the opportunity to establish a foundation in the humanities and sciences through electives. During the fourth and fifth years, the student may expand through further detailed studies in these areas. Within the professional program a basis for understanding architecture in its contemporary and historical cultural contexts is established.

The structure of the program incorporates considerable flexibility for the individual student to pursue his or her particular interest in the fourth and fifth years. By carefully planning options and electives in the fifth year, it is possible for a qualified student to apply the last year's work for the Bachelor of Architecture degree to one of the graduate programs offered in the department. Some students are then able to complete the requirements for the master's degree in one additional year.

Note on Professional Accreditation
In the United States, most state registration boards require a degree from an accredited professional degree program as a prerequisite for licensure. The National Architectural Accrediting Board (NAAB), which is the sole agency authorized to accredit professional degree programs in architecture, recognizes two types of degrees: the Bachelor of Architecture and the Master of Architecture. A program may be granted a five-year, three-year, or two-year term of accreditation, depending on its degree of conformance with established educational standards.

Master's degree programs may consist of professional undergraduate degree and a professional graduate degree, which, when earned sequentially, comprise an accredited professional education. The preprofessional degree, however, is not, by itself, recognized as an accredited degree.

Rome Program
The program offers the opportunity for students from Cornell and other universities to spend one or two terms of study in Rome. This option is open to fourth- and fifth-year Cornell architecture students; outstanding third-year students are admitted by petition and a review of their design record. Courses offered by this department include design, thesis, thesis introduction, history, theory, architectural science, and visual studies. In addition, courses are offered by other departments in Italian language, Italian culture, and history of art. The program provides a unique urban and architectural experience drawing from the rich past of the city for sources of instruction and inspiration.

Overlap Program
For qualified students the department offers an option that combines the fifth year of the undergraduate program with the first year of the Master of Architecture program. In the fall of the fourth undergraduate year, interested students petition the department to substitute ARCH 601–602 or 603–604 for ARCH 501–502. At the same time, they complete graduate school applications and submit them with fee and portfolio to the graduate field assistant for architecture. Students accepted into the program may not normally begin until the fall of their fifth year and, once enrolled, may not transfer back into the 501–502 sequence.

Following admission into the Overlap Program, students may petition to apply toward the requirements of the master's degree a maximum of 30 credits, including ARCH 601–602 or 603–604 and other advanced courses taken in excess of distribution requirements for the Bachelor of Architecture degree.
<table>
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<tr>
<th>Curriculum</th>
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<tr>
<td><strong>First Year</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>101 Design I</td>
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<tr>
<td>181 History of Architecture I</td>
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<tr>
<td>151 Drawing I</td>
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<td>Math 111 Calculus or Math 106 or out-of-college elective</td>
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<td><strong>Spring Term</strong></td>
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<td>102 Design II</td>
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<td>182 History of Architecture II</td>
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<td>152 Drawing II</td>
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<td>263 Structural Concepts</td>
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<td>231 Architectural Analysis I</td>
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<td>261 Site Planning</td>
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<td>202 Design IV</td>
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<td>252 Architectural Analysis II</td>
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<td>262 Building Technology, Materials, and Methods</td>
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<td>264 Structural Elements</td>
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<td>361 Environmental Controls I—Lighting and Acoustics</td>
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<td>363 Structural Systems</td>
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<td>302 Design VI</td>
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<td>342 Architecture as a Cultural System</td>
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<td>362 Environmental Controls II—Mechanical and Passive Solar Systems</td>
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<td>411 Professional Practice</td>
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<td>humanities</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Of the electives, 15 credits are to be taken outside the College of Architecture, Art, and Planning, and 15 credits may be taken either in or outside the college.</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total credits</strong></td>
<td>176</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Architecture Concentrations for Majors**

The Department of Architecture recognizes any concentration earned within the university but outside of the department (using standards set by those departments) on the transcripts of its students. It is often advantageous for undergraduates to concentrate in specific sub-disciplines of architecture, especially if they anticipate application to specialized graduate programs, therefore, the following concentrations in architecture are offered within the department for B.Arch. and B.F.A. in Architecture candidates only:

- Architecture, Culture, and Society 342 (or equivalent), plus 9 credits in this area.
- Architectural Science and Technology 261, 262, 263, 264, 361, 362, 363, distribution requirement (3 credits), plus 6 credits in this area.
- History of Architecture 181, 182, distribution requirements (9 credits), plus 6 credits in this area (including a 4 credit hour seminar course) in this area.
- Theory of Architecture 231, 232, distribution requirements (6 credits), plus 6 credits in this area.
- Visual Studies in Architecture 151, 152, distribution requirement (3 credits), plus 9 credits in this area.

Students wishing to receive recognition for a concentration must submit a Concentration Request form to the Architecture Department Office. In order for a course to count toward a concentration, the grade must be C or better.

**Transfer Students**

Although the program leading to the Bachelor of Architecture is specifically directed to those who are strongly motivated to begin professional study when entering college, it is sufficiently flexible to allow transfers for students who have not made this decision until after they have been in another program for one or two years. Individuals who have already completed a nonprofessional undergraduate degree must also apply to...
transfer to the Bachelor of Architecture degree program, since the graduate program in architecture requires the Bachelor of Architecture degree or its equivalent for entrance.

Transfer students are responsible for completing that portion of the curriculum that has not been covered by equivalent work. Applicants who have had no previous work in architectural design must complete the 10-term design sequence. Since this sequence may be accelerated by attending summer terms, seven or eight regular terms and two or three summer terms are typically required.

For those who would benefit from an opportunity to explore the field of architecture before deciding on a commitment to professional education, the department offers an introductory summer program that includes an introductory studio in architectural design, lectures, and other experiences designed to acquaint the participants with opportunities, issues, and methods in the field of architecture.

Admission is offered to a limited number of transfer applicants who have completed a portion of their architecture studies in other schools. Each applicant's case is considered individually. Transfer students must complete a minimum of 70 credits and four terms in residence, three of which must be in architectural design (including four terms of design) in the Department of Architecture. Placement in the design sequence is based on a review of a representative portfolio of previous work.

**Alternative Programs**

**Bachelor of Fine Arts**

After completing the first four years of requirements, the student may choose to receive the degree of Bachelor of Fine Arts (B.F.A.) in architecture, which is not a professional degree.

**Bachelor of Science in History of Architecture**

The history of architecture major leads to a Bachelor of Science degree, conferred by the College of Architecture, Art, and Planning. The major is intended for transfer students from other programs at Cornell and from colleges and universities outside Cornell. Students in the Department of Architecture and the College of Arts and Sciences may take the major as part of a dual-degree program. The course of study in this major, available to students from a variety of academic backgrounds, offers the opportunity for a vigorous exploration of architecture and its history.

**Admission requirements.** Two years of undergraduate study, ARCH 181 and 182 or the equivalent. Students transferring from a B.Arch. program must be in good standing in their design sequence.

**Procedure.** Students from Cornell may transfer to the program at the beginning of the fall term of their third or fourth year of study. They submit a short application as prospective internal transfer students. Before applying, all prospective internal transfer students meet with a history of architecture faculty member to discuss scheduling for the program.

Students who wish to transfer to the program from outside Cornell must apply to the Department of Architecture by March 15. Applications may be considered after this date but are given lower priority. Applications for both internal and external transfer students are available from Elizabeth Cutter, Admissions Office, College of Architecture, Art, and Planning, Cornell University, Sibley Hall, Ithaca, NY 14853-6701.

**Curriculum.** A student entering the program is assigned an advisor from the history of architecture faculty in the Department of Architecture. Adviser and student together prepare an appropriate two-year course of study according to the following guidelines:

1) 24 credits of 300-level courses in architectural history: ARCH 380 through ARCH 399
2) 12 credits in 600-level architectural history seminars: ARCH 681 through ARCH 699; or 8 credits in a 600-level seminar plus ARCH 499, offered for honors candidates only
3) One 300-, 400-, or 600-level course in architectural theory
4) 24 credits in electives selected in consultation with the student's advisor
5) Language requirement, to be met in the manner specified for students enrolled in the College of Arts and Sciences

**Honors program.** Students will graduate with honors if during their two years of study in the program, they have a cumulative average of B or better in all courses, have no grade lower than A- in all history of architecture courses taken at the 300 level, and have completed an honors thesis (ARCH 499) deemed to be of distinguished quality by the history of architecture faculty.

**Dual Degree Options.** Students can earn both the B.S. and B.Arch. degrees either simultaneously or sequentially. Students who have transferred into the B.Arch. program at Cornell may find this to be a special opportunity for an enlarged and enriched program of study.

Students currently enrolled in the College of Arts and Sciences at Cornell can earn a B.A. in an art college major and a B.S. in the history of architecture in five years. In this option, students complete a minimum of 150 credits, including the B.S. prerequisites and curriculum requirements and 100 credits of the usual distribution and major requirements in the College of Arts and Sciences. Further information about this option is available at the Admissions Office, 151 East Sibley Hall, and at the Academic Advising Center of the College of Arts and Sciences, 55 Goldwin Smith Hall.

Students may also elect to continue toward a Master of Arts degree in the history of architecture. The M.A. ordinarily requires a minimum of two years of graduate work beyond the bachelor's degree; with this special sequential degree arrangement that time is shortened to one year.

**Summer Term in Architecture.** The summer term offers students the opportunity of a concentrated period of design work. Design is offered at both undergraduate and graduate levels; the term is six to eight weeks in duration.

Undergraduate design sequence courses, excluding 101 and 502, are offered in Ithaca. Normally there is also a design program abroad for third-, fourth-, and fifth-year students.

Students from schools of architecture other than Cornell are welcome to apply to enroll in any summer program.

At the graduate level participation in the summer program cannot be undertaken without the consent of the student's Special Committee.

Other department courses may be offered as elective courses, contingent upon student interest, faculty availability, and departmental approval.

The department offers a Career Explorations in Architecture Program for high school students and college students considering a professional education in architecture.

**Concentration In Architecture For Non-Majors.** This special concentration has been formulated specifically for those students not enrolled in the Department of Architecture and who are interested in complementing their current academic program with an introduction to various facets of architectural studies. Some students may wish to use the Concentration in Architecture for Non-Majors as a means of investigating possible graduate studies in architecture. Some may wish to develop architectural specialties within other disciplines. Students are admitted to this program through application to the Department of Architecture.

The curriculum for students accepted to the Concentration in Architecture Program totals 15 credit hours. Grades received must be C or better in all courses.

9 credits of required courses, including one semester each of:
- ARCH 130, 131, or 132: Introduction to Architecture 3 credits
- ARCH 151: Drawing I 2 credits
- ARCH 111: Concentration in Architecture: Design Studio 4 credits
- (ARCH 110: Introduction to Architecture: Design Studio, offered in the summer only, may substitute for ARCH 111.)

And 6 credits of elective department courses, chosen, for example from among the following:
- ARCH 130, 131, 132: Introduction to Architecture 3 credits
- ARCH 152: Drawing II 2 credits
- ARCH 181, 182: History of Architecture I, II 3 credits each
- ARCH 342: Architecture as a Cultural System 3 credits
- ARCH 231, 232: Architectural Analysis I, II 2 credits each
- ARCH 263, 264, 363: Structures 3 credits each
- ARCH 261, 361, 362: Environmental Controls 3 credits each
- ARCH 262: Building Technology 3 credits
- ARCH 476: Computer Applications 3 credits
Architectural Design

Courses in brackets are not offered this year. Each student in the architecture program (undergraduate, graduate, and in the Rome Program) is charged a fee each semester to help defray the continuing costs of refurbishing and replacing equipment.

Sequence Courses

ARCH 101 Design I
Fall. 6 credits. Limited to department students.
An introduction to design as a conceptual discipline directed at the analysis, interpretation, synthesis, and transformation of the physical environment. Exercises are aimed at developing an understanding of the issues, elements, and processes of environmental design.

ARCH 102 Design II
Spring. 6 credits. Limited to department students. Prerequisite: ARCH 101 and ARCH 151. A continuation of ARCH 101. Human, social, technical, and aesthetic factors related to space and form. Design problems range from those of the immediate environment of the individual to that of small social groups.

ARCH 201-202 Design III and IV
Fall and spring. 6 credits each term. Coregistration in ARCH 231-232 and completion of ARCH 151-152 required. Limited to department students. Prerequisite for ARCH 201 is ARCH 102 and ARCH 152. Prerequisite for ARCH 202 is ARCH 201.

ARCH 301-302 Design V and VI
Fall and spring. 6 credits each term. Limited to department students. Prerequisite for ARCH 301 is ARCH 202. Prerequisite for ARCH 302 is ARCH 301.

ARCH 401-402 Design VII and VIII
Fall and spring. 6 credits each term. Limited to department students. Prerequisite for ARCH 401 is ARCH 302. Prerequisite for ARCH 402 is ARCH 401 or ARCH 309.
Programs in architectural design, urban design, or architectural technology and environmental science, etc.

ARCH 501 Design IX
Fall or spring. 6 credits. Limited to department students. Prerequisite: ARCH 402.
Programs in architectural design, building typology investigations, and research leading to complete development of the student's thesis program. General instruction in the design, programming, and development of a thesis.

ARCH 502 Design X—Thesis
Fall or spring. 8 credits. Prerequisite: ARCH 501 or ARCH 500 and ARCH 510. Required of B.Arch. candidates who must satisfactorily complete a thesis. Students accepted for admission to the Overlap Program are exempt from the thesis requirement.

ARCH 601-602 Special Program in Architectural Design
Fall and spring. 9 credits each term. Limited to students who have been accepted into the Overlap Program. Registration by petition only.

ARCH 603-604 Special Program in Urban Design
Fall and spring. 9 credits each term. Limited to students who have been accepted into the Overlap Program. Registration by petition only.

Graduate Courses

ARCH 701-702 Problems in Architectural Design
Fall and spring. 9 credits each term. Basic first-year design course for graduate students whose major concentration is architectural design.

ARCH 703-704 Problems in Urban Design
Fall and spring. 9 credits each term. Basic first-year design course for graduate students whose major concentration is urban design.

ARCH 801 Thesis or Research in Architectural Design
Fall or spring. 9 credits. Prerequisite: ARCH 701 and ARCH 702.
Second-year design course for graduate students whose major concentration is architectural design.

ARCH 802 Thesis or Research in Urban Design
Fall or spring. 9 credits. Prerequisite: ARCH 703 and ARCH 704.
Second-year design course for graduate students whose major concentration is urban design.

Elective Design Courses

ARCH 103-104 Elective Design Studio
103, fall: 104, spring. 6 credits each term. Limited to students from outside the department. Prerequisite for ARCH 103: permission of instructor required. Prerequisite for ARCH 104: ARCH 103 and permission of instructor.

ARCH 200, 300, 400 Elective Design Studio
Fall or spring. 6 credits. This course is for students who are not architecture majors at Cornell. Prerequisite: permission of department office. Each student is assigned to a class of appropriate level.
For descriptions, see ARCH 201-202, ARCH 301-302, and ARCH 401-402.

ARCH 309 Elective Design Studio
Fall, spring, or summer. 6 credits. Foreign summer and Rome Programs only. Prerequisite: C or better in ARCH 202. ARCH 309 is a design studio that, upon completion, will be credited as an elective design studio. With the successful completion of ARCH 302, ARCH 309 may be used as a substitute for ARCH 401.

ARCH 500 Design IX Alternate Studio
Fall, spring, or summer. 6 credits. Foreign summer and Rome Programs only. Prerequisite: C or better in ARCH 202. ARCH 500 will be considered equivalent to ARCH 501 when taken concurrently with ARCH 510.
In order to take ARCH 502, one must have a grade of C or better in ARCH 500 and a passing grade in ARCH 510.
For description, see ARCH 401-402.

Related Courses and Seminars

ARCH 110 Introduction to Architecture: Design Studio
Summer. 3 credits. S/U option. Open to nonarchitecture majors in college; high school students in 11th and 12th grades, and any individuals with a minimum of a high school diploma interested in exploring the field of architecture. Not offered every year.
A course designed to introduce students to ideas, principles, and methods of solving architectural problems in a studio setting. Through a graduated sequence of exercises culminating in a major term project, students explore the architectural concepts of space, form, function, and technology. Instruction is via highly personalized critiques of individual student work by assigned department faculty as well as by periodic reviews of the group by invited faculty and guest critics. The course grade is based on the overall performance in the studio with special emphasis on the quality of a major studio project.

ARCH 111 Concentration in Architecture: Design Studio
Spring. 4 credits. Not open to architecture majors. Prerequisite: acceptance into the Concentration in Architecture Program.
A course designed to introduce students to ideas, principles, and methods of solving architectural problems in a studio setting. Through a graduated sequence of exercises culminating in a major term project, students explore the interrelationship of the architectural concepts of space, form, function, and technology. Instruction includes critiques of individual student work by department faculty as well as by periodic reviews by guest critics.

ARCH 303 Special Problems in Architectural Design
Fall or spring. Variable credit (maximum 3). Prerequisite: permission of instructor and approved independent study form. Independent study. This course does not count for design sequence credit.

ARCH 317 Contemporary Italian Culture
Fall or spring. Variable credit (maximum 3). For students in the Rome Program only.
This course provides a broad view of the culture and social structure of Italy, drawing from Italian literature, history, and current events.

ARCH 411 Professional Practice
Fall or spring. 3 credits. An examination of organizational and management theories and practices for delivering professional design services. Included is a historic overview of the profession and a review of the architect's responsibilities from the precontract phase through construction. Application of computer technology in preparing specifications.

ARCH 412 Professional Seminar
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: ARCH 411.
Visits to public and private agencies and architectural firms. Discussions relative to the various aspects of each firm's practice and the identification of agency roles.

ARCH 510 Thesis Introduction
Foreign summer programs and Rome program only. 3 credits. Must be taken in conjunction with ARCH 500. Prerequisite for ARCH 500 is ARCH 402. ARCH 500 will be considered equivalent to ARCH 501.
when taken concurrently with ARCH 510 during a foreign summer program or in Rome. Lectures, seminars, and independent research leading to complete development of the student's thesis program. General instruction in the definition, programming, and development of a thesis.

ARCH 605 Special Problems in Design
Fall and spring. Variable credit (maximum 3). Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Independent study. This course does not count for design sequence credit.

ARCH 610 Graduate Design Seminar
Fall. 3 credits. Intended for, but not limited to, graduate students in the Architectural Design and Urban Design Program. Issues in architectural and urban design.

ARCH 611-612 Urban Housing
611, fall; 612, spring. 3 credits each term. Limited to fourth- and fifth-year students in architecture and graduate students. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered every year.

ARCH 613 Transportation
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered every year. The affect of various transportation forms on the environment is considered from the perspectives of architects, engineers, planners, and human ecologists. Readings and discussions of past, current, and future transportation modes focus on aesthetic and physical aspects.

ARCH 614 Low-Cost Housing
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Aspects of low-cost housing involving engineering technology, architecture, physical planning, economics, and sociology.

ARCH 618-619 Seminar in Urban and Regional Design
618, fall; 619, spring. 3 credits each term. Limited to fifth-year and graduate students. Not offered every year. A broad range of issues and problems of urban and regional development and the context in which the designer functions are surveyed. Selected case studies are presented by the participants and visitors.

Architectural Theory

ARCH 130 An Introduction to Architecture: Lectures
Summer. 3 credits. S-U option. Open to nonarchitecture majors in college, high school students in 11th and 12th grades, and any interested with a minimum of a high school diploma interested in exploring the field of architecture. Not offered every year.

A survey course that covers the many facets of architecture: history, design principles, preservation, landscape architecture, building technology, and cultural factors. The format of the course comprises lectures, demonstrations, films, and field trips. Course evaluation is based on quizzes and a final examination.

ARCH 131 An Introduction to Architecture
Fall. 3 credits. Open to out-of-department students only. ARCH 131 is not a prerequisite for ARCH 132.

ARCH 132 An Introduction to Architecture
Spring. 3 credits. Open to out-of-department students only. ARCH 131 is not a prerequisite for ARCH 152. Nonarchitecture students are initiated into various types of architectural drawings and exposed to a variety of methods whereby architectural forms communicate both simple and complex meanings. Architecture in its relation to fields such as landscape architecture, urban design, structural design, interior design, set design, architectural history, preservation, and computer graphics will be included in the presentations, which will also deal with the various relationships established between an architect and a society. Cross-cultural and cross-cultural examples will be used in developing in the student a degree of fluency in the languages of architectural discourse.

ARCH 231 Architectural Analysis I
Fall. 2 credits. Architecture students must register concurrently in ARCH 201. An introduction to analysis of the object of study in the interest of broadening one's understandings of the ways in which architecture can connote and denote meanings.

ARCH 232 Architectural Analysis II
Spring. 2 credits. Architecture students must register for this course concurrently with ARCH 202. Advanced analytical studies focusing on complex architectural spaces, objects, images, and representations.

ARCH 334 Column, Wall, Elevation, Facade: A Study of the Vertical Surface in Architecture (also ARCH 634)
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Limited to third-year level students and above. Field and figure relationships (interrelation of parts dominated by the general character of the whole) are the general themes for studying numerous issues relevant to the design of elevations and facades.

The first part of the seminar is lecture/seminar format. Students are required to research and present a paper for discussion. In the latter part of the semester, students do exercises to demonstrate their understanding of the issues addressed.

ARCH 335 Theory of Architecture
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: ARCH 231-232 or permission of instructor. Not offered every year.

ARCH 336 Theory of Architecture
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Limited to third-year students and above. Not offered every year.

Theories of modern architecture: De Stijl, cubist and purist painting, industrialized architecture, Le Corbusier's architecture and urban theories, architectural sequence, facades, the free plan, "DOM-INO" theory.

ARCH 337 Special Investigations in the Theory of Architecture I
Fall or spring. Variable credit (maximum 3). Prerequisite: permission of instructor and approved independent study form. Independent study.

ARCH 338 Special Topics in the Theory of Architecture I
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered every year. Topic to be announced before preregistration.

ARCH 339 Elements, Principles, and Theories in Japanese Architecture
Spring. 3 credits. Not offered every year. An examination of Japanese architecture—buildings and gardens—and their contexts—landscapes, settlements, and cities. The course is addressed to those interested in Japanese architecture as a manifestation of Japanese culture and as a subject for analysis. Emphasis is on underlying concepts, ordering principles, formal typologies, space and its representation, perceptual phenomena, and symbolic content. Readings focus on theoretical treatments of these aspects by Japanese and Western writers.

ARCH 431 Theory of Architecture
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: third-year status. Not offered every year. Gardening and architecture: urban parks, villas and country houses; and Italian, French, and English landscape gardens. Site planning.

ARCH 432 Theory of Architecture
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: third-year status. Not offered every year. The development of urban form, urban intervention, contextualism, ideal cities, historic new towns, streets, piazzas, fortifications, public buildings and social housing types, site planning, and transportation.

ARCH 435 Architecture and Representation
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to degree candidates in architecture. Prerequisite: successful completion of ARCH 231-232. Not offered every year. A study of architecture as it functions as a representational art, referring to its past while inferring its present.

ARCH 634 Column, Wall, Elevation, Facade: A Study of the Vertical Surface in Architecture (also ARCH 334)
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Limited to third-year level students and above. For description, see ARCH 334.

ARCH 635 Critical Theory in Architecture
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered every year. An inquiry into the fundamental principles of architectural criticism in theory and practice, with emphasis on the structures of criticism in the twentieth century.

ARCH 637 Special Investigations in the Theory of Architecture II
Fall or spring. Variable credit (maximum 4). Prerequisite: permission of instructor and approved independent study form. Independent study.
ARCH 448 The Indian Example and the Visual Tradition in Culture
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: ARCH 442 or permission of instructor. Not offered every year.
This course provides a concise chronological summary of the major building traditions of Hindu India and explores the relationship between form and more general beliefs about the power of vision to reveal and transform. Topics include the sculptural program of the Hindu temple as a vehicle for the preservation and transmission of mythic texts, the oculus as an element and the eye as a motif, darshan, the spiritually transforming vision, and the destructive power of vision as revealed in myth and beliefs about “evil eye.”

ARCH 447-448 Architecture in Its Cultural Context I and II
447, fall; 448, spring. 4 credits each term. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered every year.
Fall term, theory; spring term, problem solving and method. An examination of the relationship between architecture and other aspects of culture. Emphasis on the motivations for particular architectural forms and especially on theories of architecture. Examples from the United States and Asia.

Visual Studies

ARCH 151 Drawing I
Fall. 2 credits. Freehand drawing with emphasis on line and perspective representation of form and space.

ARCH 152 Drawing II
Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisite: ARCH 151. Freehand drawing as a means of conceiving and expressing spatial form; line weight, shades and shadows, and figure drawing.

ARCH 251 Introductory Photo I (also ART 161)
Fall or spring. 3 credits each term. For description see ART 161.

ARCH 351 Photography II (also ART 261)
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: ARCH 251 or ART 161, or permission of instructor. For description see ART 261.

ARCH 450 Architectural Publications
Fall and spring. Variable credit (maximum 3). May be repeated for credit.
Colloquy and practicum on issues related to the production of an architectural journal, as well as other theoretical and practical production related to the exchange of architectural ideas. Exercises will cover both theoretical as well as hands-on aspects of architectural publication.

ARCH 445 Graduate Investigations in Architecture, Culture, and Society
Fall or spring. Variable credit (maximum 4). Prerequisite: permission of instructor and approved independent study form. Independent study.

ARCH 649 Graduate Investigations in Architecture, Culture, and Society
Fall or spring. Variable credit (maximum 4). Prerequisite: permission of instructor and approved independent study form. Independent study.

ARCH 458 Special Investigations in Visual Studies I
Fall or spring. Variable credit (maximum 4). Prerequisites: permission of instructor and approved independent study form. Independent study.

ARCH 459 Special Topics in Visual Studies II
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Topic to be announced before preregistration.

Visual Studies

ARCH 151 Drawing I
Fall. 2 credits. Freehand drawing with emphasis on line and perspective representation of form and space.

ARCH 152 Drawing II
Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisite: ARCH 151. Freehand drawing as a means of conceiving and expressing spatial form; line weight, shades and shadows, and figure drawing.

ARCH 251 Introductory Photo I (also ART 161)
Fall or spring. 3 credits each term. For description see ART 161.

ARCH 351 Photography II (also ART 261)
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: ARCH 251 or ART 161, or permission of instructor. For description see ART 261.

ARCH 450 Architectural Publications
Fall and spring. Variable credit (maximum 3). May be repeated for credit.
Colloquy and practicum on issues related to the production of an architectural journal, as well as other theoretical and practical production related to the exchange of architectural ideas. Exercises will cover both theoretical as well as hands-on aspects of architectural publication.

ARCH 457 Special Project in Photography
Fall or spring. Variable credit (maximum 3). Prerequisites: written proposal outlining the special project and permission of instructor. Not offered every year. Independent study.

ARCH 458 Special Investigations in Visual Studies
Fall or spring. Variable credit (maximum 4). Prerequisites: permission of instructor and approved independent study form. Independent study.

ARCH 459 Special Topics in Visual Studies II
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Topic to be announced before preregistration.

Visual Studies

ARCH 151 Drawing I
Fall. 2 credits. Freehand drawing with emphasis on line and perspective representation of form and space.

ARCH 152 Drawing II
Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisite: ARCH 151. Freehand drawing as a means of conceiving and expressing spatial form; line weight, shades and shadows, and figure drawing.

ARCH 251 Introductory Photo I (also ART 161)
Fall or spring. 3 credits each term. For description see ART 161.

ARCH 351 Photography II (also ART 261)
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: ARCH 251 or ART 161, or permission of instructor. For description see ART 261.

ARCH 450 Architectural Publications
Fall and spring. Variable credit (maximum 3). May be repeated for credit.
Colloquy and practicum on issues related to the production of an architectural journal, as well as other theoretical and practical production related to the exchange of architectural ideas. Exercises will cover both theoretical as well as hands-on aspects of architectural publication.

ARCH 457 Special Project in Photography
Fall or spring. Variable credit (maximum 3). Prerequisites: written proposal outlining the special project and permission of instructor. Not offered every year. Independent study.

ARCH 458 Special Investigations in Visual Studies
Fall or spring. Variable credit (maximum 4). Prerequisites: permission of instructor and approved independent study form. Independent study.

ARCH 459 Special Topics in Visual Studies II
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Topic to be announced before preregistration.

Visual Studies

ARCH 151 Drawing I
Fall. 2 credits. Freehand drawing with emphasis on line and perspective representation of form and space.

ARCH 152 Drawing II
Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisite: ARCH 151. Freehand drawing as a means of conceiving and expressing spatial form; line weight, shades and shadows, and figure drawing.

ARCH 251 Introductory Photo I (also ART 161)
Fall or spring. 3 credits each term. For description see ART 161.

ARCH 351 Photography II (also ART 261)
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: ARCH 251 or ART 161, or permission of instructor. For description see ART 261.

ARCH 450 Architectural Publications
Fall and spring. Variable credit (maximum 3). May be repeated for credit.
Colloquy and practicum on issues related to the production of an architectural journal, as well as other theoretical and practical production related to the exchange of architectural ideas. Exercises will cover both theoretical as well as hands-on aspects of architectural publication.
have historically had in the design of these structures. Engineers, on the other hand, have claimed bridge design as their responsibility and have failed it as evidence of Structural Art. Are the basic principles of bridge design such that this situation makes sense for our society? Or is a rethinking of the manner in which bridges are designed called for? Students in this course examine and experiment with the design of bridge structural forms, not only in terms of what is technically feasible but also, with equal emphasis, in the context of aesthetic, historical, and social considerations. Weekly meetings include lectures, discussion seminars, and studio-type design reviews.

ARCH 463 Special Topics in Structures
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Limited to 30 students. Prerequisites: ARCH 263, 264, and 363 or permission of instructor. Not offered every year.
Topic to be announced by preregistration.

ARCH 473 Special Investigations in Structures
Fall or spring. Variable credit (maximum 3). Prerequisite: permission of instructor and approved independent study form. Independent study.

ARCH 664 Vertigo Structures
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: ARCH 363 or equivalent. Limited enrollment. Not offered every year.
For description, see ARCH 364.

ARCH 665 Bridge Design
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: ARCH 363 or permission of instructor. Not offered every year.
For description, see ARCH 365.

Construction

ARCH 262 Building Technology, Materials, and Methods
Spring. 3 credits. Properties of materials—their use and application to the design of buildings and building systems. Discussion of various methods of building construction and assembly.

ARCH 485 Special Topics in Construction
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Limited to 30 students. Prerequisites: ARCH 262 or permission of instructor. Not offered every year.
Topic to be announced by preregistration.

ARCH 475 Special Investigations in Construction
Fall or spring. Variable credit (maximum 5). Prerequisite: permission of instructor and approved independent study form. Independent study.

Environmental Controls

ARCH 261 Environmental Controls—Site Planning
Fall. 3 credits. The basic principles involved in design in the outdoor environment. A brief historical perspective. A development of inventory including grading and drainage. Foundations, surfacing, and construction.

ARCH 361 Environmental Controls—Lighting and Acoustics
Fall. 3 credits. Basic properties and principles of sound and light. Sound phenomena, noise control, absorption, acoustical design; light, color, and form. Natural lighting possibilities and constraints as well as good and bad examples of artificial lighting.

ARCH 362 Environmental Controls—Mechanical and Passive Solar Systems
Spring. 3 credits. Basic thermal analysis of buildings. Human comfort criteria, energy conservation, passive solar design, HVAC distribution systems, overview of mechanical conveying systems, and plumbing.

ARCH 464 Special Topics in Environmental Controls
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Limited to 30 students. Prerequisites: ARCH 261, 361, and 362 or permission of instructor. Not offered every year.
Topic to be announced by preregistration.

ARCH 474 Special Investigations in Environmental Controls
Fall or spring. Variable credit (maximum 3). Prerequisite: permission of instructor and approved independent study form. Independent study.

Computer Applications

ARCH 372 Imaging and the Electronic Age
Spring. 3 credits. For undergraduate, non-computer-scientists. 2 lectures. 1 recitation. Not offered every year. D. Greenberg.
Natural lighting possibilities and constraints as well as good and bad examples of artificial lighting.

ARCH 375 Practicum in Computer Graphics (also COM S 417)
For description, see COM S 417.

ARCH 378 Microcomputer Applications in Design
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: previous knowledge of PC-based CAD or permission of instructor.
This course covers advanced principles, concepts, and applications of microcomputer-aided design, synthetic imaging, and animations. It combines seminar-style presentation with hands-on laboratory sessions. The course uses IBM PC platforms exclusively.

ARCH 379 Design by Computer
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: limited to third-year students and above. Not offered every year.
Exploration of the formalization of the design process for computability with the computer, and the role of computers in design. Lecture with CAD lab.

ARCH 476 Special Topics in Computer Applications
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Limited to 30 students. Prerequisites: ARCH 374 or 379 or permission of instructor. Not offered every year.
Topic to be announced by preregistration.

ARCH 477-478 Special Projects in Computer Graphics
477, fall; 478, spring. Variable credit (maximum 4). Limited to third-year students and above. Prerequisites: ARCH 374 plus concurrent registration in Computer Science 314 or equivalent, and permission of instructor.
Advanced work on computer graphics input and display techniques, including storage tube, dynamic vector, and color raster displays.

ARCH 479 Micro-Computer Applications in Design (also ARCH 679)
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: an introductory course in computer graphics or computer science, or permission of instructor; upper level undergraduate or graduate status.
The course explores the role of synthetic imaging and computer graphics in architectural design. The first half of the course is devoted to examining the new possibilities that information technologies offer for multimedia visualization of architecture, from abstract conceptual drawings, to sketching, photorealistic rendering, and multimodal representation, including motion and sound. The second part of the course explores the uses of information technologies to model and simulate the creative design process. These explorations include developing a library of design ideas as building blocks for design, creating multimodal, multidimensional, immersive, virtual environments; interactive transformation and synthesis of design concepts; and “reverse architecting” of canonical works. The emphasis of this course is on concepts as well as methods and techniques of computer graphics and their application to simulating the creative design process in architecture.

Graduate Courses

ARCH 679 Micro-Computer Applications in Design
For description, see ARCH 479.

ARCH 761-762 Architectural Science Laboratory
761, fall; 762, spring. 6 credits each term. Open to architectural science graduate students only. Projects, exercises, and research in the architectural sciences.

ARCH 763-764 Thesis or Research In Architectural Science
763, fall; 764, spring. Variable credit (maximum 12). Limited to architectural science graduate students. Independent study.
ARCHITECTURE, ART, AND PLANNING 2000-2001

Architectural History

The history of the built domain is an integral part of all aspects of the architecture curriculum, from design and theory to science and society. Incoming students take ARCH 181–182 in the first year, and three additional courses from the 380–399 series, preferably in the third and fourth years. Seminars are intended for advanced undergraduate and graduate students who do not satisfy undergraduate history requirements. Courses with the same number may only be taken once to satisfy history of architecture or in-college requirements.

Sequence Courses

ARCH 181 History of Architecture I
Fall. 3 credits. Required of all first-year students in architecture; open to all students in other colleges with an interest in the history of the built domain. The history of the built environment as social and cultural expression from the earliest to more recent times. Themes, theories, and ideas in architecture and urban design are explored, beginning with the earliest written records.

ARCH 182 History of Architecture II
Spring. 3 credits. Required of all first-year students in architecture. Open to all students in other colleges with an interest in the history of the built domain; may be taken independently of ARCH 181. The history of the built environment as social and cultural expression from more recent times to the present. Architecture and urban design themes, theories, and ideas are addressed in greater detail leading to the present time.

Directed Electives

ARCH 380 History of Theory
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ARCH 181–182 or permission of instructor. Not offered every year. This course, in which classroom discussion and debate play a central role, explores the history of important theoretical issues involving art and architecture. The readings, which span from the Greeks to today, focus on the relationship between the built environment and the construction and definition of cultural heritage, collective memory and civic identity, and the commodification or commercial celebration of specific buildings, sites, and urban events. We will focus on late eighteenth-, nineteenth-, and twentieth-century Europe. Particular attention will be awarded to the discourse surrounding the restoration of buildings (and figures such as Ruskin, Viollet-le-Duc, and Giovanni); political agendas guiding restoration and urban renewal projects; newly defined venues of modern urban spectacle (such as the world's fair, department store, morgue, and panorama); and the role played by tourism in the commodification of local and foreign sites.

ARCH 381 From Euporia to the Ghetto: Renaissance Urban Form
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ARCH 181–182 or permission of instructor. Not offered every year. Significant developments in European urban design from 1300-1600. Particular attention will be awarded to Italy and Spain. We will focus on a series of case studies: entire towns, specific urban spaces, and individual building types. Weekly discussions will contextualize the city within a larger cultural framework. We will consider how civic, economic, social, political, legislative, technical, and material concerns have had a significant impact on the form, function, and patronage of these places, spaces, and structures. The relevance of Renaissance theory to contemporary practice will also be emphasized through the discussion of several twentieth-century urban plans and built projects.

ARCH 382 Architecture of the Middle Ages (also ART H 332 and RELST 332)
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: ARCH 181–182 or permission of instructor. Not offered every year. For description, see ART H 332.

ARCH 383 The Construction of Modern Life: The Politics of Memory and the Commodification of Architecture
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ARCH 181–182 or permission of instructor. Not offered every year. This course will examine the complex relationship between the built environment, the construction and definition of cultural heritage, collective memory and civic identity, and the commodification or commercial celebration of specific buildings, sites, and urban events. We will focus on late eighteenth-, nineteenth-, and twentieth-century Europe. Particular attention will be awarded to the discourse surrounding the restoration of buildings (and figures such as Ruskin, Viollet-le-Duc, and Giovanni); political agendas guiding restoration and urban renewal projects; newly defined venues of modern urban spectacle (such as the world's fair, department store, morgue, and panorama); and the role played by tourism in the commodification of local and foreign sites.

ARCH 384 The Urban Landscape of Renaissance Rome: 1450–1600
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ARCH 181–182 or permission of instructor. Not offered every year. This class is an exploration into the urban morphology, architecture, and civic life of Renaissance Rome. The city was a thriving center for architectural practice. It drew practitioners from throughout the peninsula and served as an important theoretical model for architects elsewhere. We will survey the important issues, individuals, and building projects of the city between 1450 and 1600 with particular emphasis on the intellectual and physical rediscovery and re-appropriation of Antiquity; the role of the Vatican with its large popular and visitor base; resident church officials, foreign bankers, and dignitaries that made specific demands of the built environment; and the unique topography and natural resources of the city's location. The last portion of the course will address the legacy of the Renaissance during the period of Italian unification and the Fascist regime.

ARCH 385 Magnificent Utility—Architecture and the Arts of Persuasion
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ARCH 181–182 or permission of instructor. Not offered every year. Architects put revolutionary attitudes about form, space, light, and the arts into practice during the course of the seventeenth century. Focusing on the urban centers of Rome and Paris and the cultural landscapes of Spain, England, and Central Europe, this course explores how architecture, urban design, and the arts were employed to promote state and church.

ARCH 387 The Nineteenth Century—Style, Technology, and Individuality in the West
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ARCH 181–182 or permission of instructor. Not offered every year. An examination of the nineteenth-century efforts to create appropriate stylistic forms and expressions for emerging building technologies and typologies. The preservation of individual artistic expression against the backdrop of industrialization, urbanization, and professionalization will be emphasized. The course begins with Rationalist theory and its architectural expression and concludes with considerations of Art Nouveau, Modernismo, and Jugendstil.

ARCH 388 Modernism
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ARCH 181–182 or permission of instructor. Not offered every year. Precursors and proponents of the modern movement from the late nineteenth century into the 1940s are considered in this course. The cultural interests of the modern are examined in architectural and urban design for individuals, groups, and institutions, from Mies van der Rohe, Le Corbusier, and Frank Lloyd Wright to de Stijl, the Bauhaus, and design education. Attention is paid to the politics of design in serving the state during the 1930s.

ARCH 389 Architecture, Revolution, and Tradition
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ARCH 181–182 or permission of instructor. Not offered every year. From early eighteenth to early twentieth century, European society underwent profound change. Political absolutism—the doctrine of unlimited government control—was challenged; Enlightenment attitudes—commitments to human reason, science, and education—gained ascendance. This course considers architectural and urban design in these terms of tumult. It begins with efforts to foment architectural revolution within inherited traditions of form, with attempts to establish design traditions within revolutionary settings.

ARCH 390 American Architecture and Building I
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ARCH 181–182 or permission of instructor. Not offered every year. A review of architecture, building, and responses to the landscape from the prehistoric period to the Civil War. Architecture and building as social and collaborative arts will be emphasized and thus the contributions of artisans, clients, and users as well as professional architects and builders will be examined. The architectural expressions of Native Americans, African Americans, women, and others will be treated in addition to those of European colonists and settlers.

ARCH 391 American Architecture and Building II
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ARCH 181–182 or permission of instructor. Not offered every year. A continuation of Architecture 390 but may be taken independently. An account of American architecture, building, and responses to the environment from the post-Civil War period to the present day. Particular attention will be paid to the processes of industrialization, professionalization, and urbanization as well as to the manifestations of gender, class, race, and ethnicity in the built and architectural environments.
ARCH 392 Modern Architecture on Film
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ARCH 181-182 or permission of instructor. Not offered every year.
An exploration of certain themes deemed critical to modern architecture and urbanism through their representation in both commercial and avant-garde films from the medium’s birth until the present day. The focus will vary each semester with particular emphases to include the modern house and housing, the modern city, technology and visions of the future, and finally the image of the architect.
Representations of these themes in other forms such as painting, photography, theatre, literature, and advertising will also be examined. Selected readings in modern architecture and film, screenings in class, presentations, and papers.

ARCH 393 The Cumulative City
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ARCH 181-182 or permission of instructor. Not offered every year.
Well-established cities were transformed by radical and unimagined change in the nineteenth and twentieth centuries. Politics and economies were recast, populations exploded, and technologies reshaped transportation, communication, and building. This course explores transformation historically in the cumulative city, focusing on specific cities in America and Europe, Africa, and Asia. The cultural context of each city is examined to understand how it changed and how meanings became associated with evolving urban forms.

ARCH 394 Toward the Millennium
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ARCH 181-182 or permission of instructor. Not offered every year.
Theory and practice in architecture and urbanism are investigated from the 1950s to the present. From the Americanized International Style to the recent internationalism of design attitudes, the immediate past is explored historically to probe the matrix of meanings associated with contemporary form, urbanism, and technology.

ARCH 396 Special Topics in the History of Architecture and Urbanism
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ARCH 181-182 or permission of instructor. Not offered every year.

ARCH 397 Special Topics in the History of Architecture and Urbanism
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ARCH 181-182 or permission of instructor. Not offered every year.

ARCH 398 Special Topics in the History of Architecture and Urbanism
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ARCH 181-182 or permission of instructor. Not offered every year.

ARCH 399 Special Topics in the History of Architecture and Urbanism
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ARCH 181-182 or permission of instructor. Not offered every year.

Courses in Preservation
ARCH 583 Measured Drawing (also CRP 567)
For description, see CRP 567.

ARCH 584 Problems in Contemporary Preservation Practice (also CRP 563)
For description, see CRP 563.

ARCH 585 Perspectives on Preservation (also CRP 562)
For description, see CRP 562.

ARCH 586 Documentation for Preservation (also CRP 560)
For description, see CRP 560.

ARCH 587 Building Materials Conservation (also CRP 564)
For description, see CRP 564.

ARCH 588 Historic Preservation Planning Workshop: Surveys and Analyses (also CRP 561)
For description, see CRP 561.

Graduate Seminars in the History of Architecture and Urbanism
ARCH 680 Seminar in Historiography
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor.
Historiographic and methodological issues are examined in relation to the history of architecture and urbanism. Taught by different faculty members in successive years, the seminar is required of all first- and second-year graduate students in the History of Architecture and Urbanism Program.

ARCH 682 Seminar in Urban History
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered every year.
Topic to be announced.

ARCH 683 Seminar in the History of Theory
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered every year.
Topic to be announced.

ARCH 684 Seminar in the Italian Renaissance: Architecture, Politics, and Urbanism
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered every year.
Topic to be announced.

ARCH 686 Seminar in Seventeenth- and Eighteenth-Century Architecture and Urbanism
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered every year.
Topic to be announced.

ARCH 688 Seminar in Twentieth-Century Architecture and Urbanism
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered every year.
Topic to be announced.

ARCH 689 Seminar in the History of Cities
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered every year.
Topic to be announced.

ARCH 690 Seminar in American Architecture, Building, and Urbanism
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered every year.
Topic to be announced.

ARCH 692 Seminar in Nineteenth-Century Architecture, Building, and Urbanism
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered every year.
Topic to be announced.

ARCH 696 Seminar in Special Topics in the History of Architecture and Urbanism
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered every year.
Topic to be announced.

ARCH 697 Seminar in Special Topics in the History of Architecture and Urbanism
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered every year.
Topic to be announced.

ARCH 698 Seminar in Special Topics in the History of Architecture and Urbanism
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered every year.
Topic to be announced.

ARCH 699 Seminar in Special Topics in the History of Architecture and Urbanism
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered every year.
Topic to be announced.


ARCH 299 Undergraduate Independent Study in the History of Architecture and Urbanism
Fall or spring. Variable credit (maximum 3). Prerequisite: permission of instructor. May not be taken by students in design to satisfy undergraduate history requirements. Independent study for undergraduate students.

ARCH 499 Undergraduate Thesis in the History of Architecture and Urbanism
Fall or spring. 4 credits. For B.S. honors candidates in history only.

ARCH 799 Graduate Independent Study in the History of Architecture and Urbanism
Fall or spring. Variable credit (maximum 12). Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Independent study for graduate students.

ARCH 899 M.A. Essay in the History of Architecture and Urbanism
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Independent preparation of the M.A. essay, often developed from topics investigated in ARCH 680.

ARCH 999 Ph.D. Dissertation in the History of Architecture and Urbanism
Fall or spring. Variable credit (maximum 12). Independent study for the doctoral degree.
ART


Undergraduate Program

The curriculum in art is a program of study within the College of Architecture, Art, and Planning, as well as other colleges at Cornell.

The undergraduate curriculum in art is an excellent preparation for a career in the visual arts. Past graduates have found it to be an excellent preparation for a career in applied art, although no specific technical courses are offered in such areas as interior design, fashion, or commercial art.

The undergraduate curriculum in art, leading to the degree of Bachelor of Fine Arts, provides an opportunity for the student to combine a general liberal education with the studio concentration required for a professional degree. During the first four semesters, all students follow a common course of study designed to provide a broad introduction to the arts and a basis for the intensive studio experience of the last two years. Beginning with the third year, students concentrate in painting, sculpture, photography, printmaking, or combined media.

Studio courses occupy approximately one-half of the student's time during the four years at Cornell; the remainder is devoted to a diversified program of academic subjects with a generous provision for electives.

All members of the faculty in the Department of Art are practicing, exhibiting artists, whose work represents a broad range of expression.

A candidate for the B.F.A. degree may also earn a Bachelor of Arts degree from the College of Arts and Sciences or the College of Human Ecology, in a five-year dual degree program. This decision should be made early in the candidate's career (no later than the third semester) so that he or she can apply to be registered in both colleges simultaneously. Each student will be assigned an adviser in both colleges of their dual degree program to provide needed guidance. A candidate for two degrees must satisfy all requirements for both degrees. At least 62 of the total credits must come from courses offered in the Department of Art. In addition, all Department of Art requirements for freshman writing seminars, art history, and distribution must be met.

It is expected that a dual degree candidate will complete the pre-thesis and thesis requirements for the B.F.A. degree during either their fourth or fifth year.

Bachelor of Fine Arts Degree Requirements

Credits and Distribution

130 credits are required for the B.F.A. degree. A minimum of 62 are taken in the Department of Art. A minimum of 57 are taken outside the department.

Curriculum

Students are expected to take an average course load of 16 credits per semester during their four years. If a student wishes to take more than three studio courses in any one semester they must file a petition. All students must take at least one studio course a semester unless there are exceptional circumstances expressed in the form of a petition. Any request to deviate from the standard curriculum must be petitioned to the department prior to the act.

Specific Course Requirements

By the end of the second year, students must have completed an introductory course in each of the areas of painting, sculpture, printmaking, photography, and four drawing courses. By the end of the third year, all students must have completed an additional 12 credits beyond the introductory level in three of the four areas.

Concentration

Students must plan their programs to complete 27 credits in one of the studio areas of painting, sculpture, photography, or printmaking. Declaration of the area of concentration must be made during the second semester of the sophomore year. B.F.A. students complete a senior thesis in one area of concentration and are required to participate in the Senior Exhibition in the semester the thesis is taken.

Concentration Requirements (27 credits total; 26 in printmaking)

The required courses for each concentration are as follows:

Painting: ART 121, 221, 321, 322, 421, 422 (Thesis)
Sculpture: ART 141, 241, 341, 342, 441, 442 (Thesis)
Printmaking: ART 131/132/133 (2 of 3); 231, 232, 233 (1 of 3); 331, 431, 432 (Thesis) Photographs: ART 161, 261, 263/264, 361, 461 and one of the following: ART 264, 265, 261

Dual Concentration

If a student is interested in studying in more than one area, they may choose to do a dual concentration. The dual concentration requires a first area, in which the thesis is conducted, and a non-thesis second area. Pre-thesis and thesis must be taken in the first area of concentration. Students take 23 credits in the first area of concentration and 15 credits in the second area of concentration. Drawing is only available as a second area of concentration.

The required courses for the dual concentration are:

First Area of Concentration Total Credits
Painting: ART 121, 221, 321, 322, 421, 422 23
Sculpture: ART 141, 241, 341, 441, 442 22
Printmaking: ART 131/132/133 (2 of 3); 231, 232, 233 (1 of 3); 331, 431, 432 22
Photography: ART 161, 261, 263/264, 361, 461, 462 23
Second Area of Concentration Total Credits
Drawing: ART 151, 152, 251, 252, repeat 251 15
Painting: ART 121, 221, 321, 322 15
Sculpture: ART 141, 241, 341, 342 15
Printmaking: ART 131/132/133 (2 of 3); 231, 232, 233 (1 of 3); 331 14

Photography: ART 161, 261, 263/264, 265 (2 of 3) 15

Note: The total number of in/out-of-college elective credits required will be adjusted to allow for the additional credits required of the dual concentration.

Combined Media Concentration

The combined media concentration enables students to fulfill concentration requirements by combining several studio disciplines, including out-of-department studio courses such as those offered in the departments of music, theatre, and dance, etc. The student's proposed program must be approved by his or her adviser.

The required courses for the concentration in Combined Media (33 credits) are:

- 100 and 200 level studios
  - ART 1__, 2__; 200 and 300 level studios
  - ART 2__, 3__; 3__; 4__; 4__; (2 of 4)
  - 12
- ART 481, 482
- Out-of-college studio electives (minimum of 2)
- OCE Studio, OCE Studio
- Total
- 33 credits

Note: The total number of out-of-college elective credits required will be adjusted to allow for the additional credits required of the combined media concentration.

Rome Program

Students in good standing who have completed the requirements of the first two years of the curriculum are eligible for participation in the Rome Program. Students are admitted to the program by application and review of their academic records. Applications are submitted to the Rome Program coordinator. Students applying to the Rome Program must meet with their faculty adviser, the Art Department Rome Program adviser, and the department chair to obtain signatures of approval for admission to the program. Students in the department wishing to attend the Rome Program must register for a full semester of credits. The department recommends that students attend the program during the first or second semester of their junior year. Under special circumstances, seniors may petition to attend the Rome Program.

Rome Curriculum

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ART 300</td>
<td>Rome Studio</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fulfills 4 credits of concentration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ART 312*</td>
<td>Modern Art in Italy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ART 317</td>
<td>History of Art in Rome: Early Christian to the Baroque Age</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ART 318</td>
<td>History of Art in Rome: Renaissance in Rome and Florence</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Note: The total number of out-of-college elective credits required will be adjusted to allow for the additional credits required of the dual concentration.
Students may petition to take more than 16 credits per semester in the Rome Program. Students may study in Rome for one or two academic semesters.

*Fulfills 300-level Theory and Criticism requirement.

**Out-of-College Requirements**
A minimum of 57 electives credits must be taken outside of the college. In the first year, students must take two freshman writing seminars. Students are required to take courses from among three groups, which include: Physical and Biological Sciences (minimum of two courses, of at least 3 credits each), Social Sciences (minimum of three courses, of at least 3 credits each) and Humanities and Expressive Arts (minimum of three courses, of at least 3 credits each). All B.F.A. students are required to take 20 credits in the History of Art. One course must be taken in each of the following areas:
- Non-Western: 280, 378, 380, 381, 383, 384, 385, 386, 389, 395, 396

Three electives: any art history elective at the 300 level or above or any architectural history elective.

The university requirement of two terms in physical education must be met.

A candidate for the B.F.A. degree at Cornell is required to spend the last two terms of candidacy in residence at the university, subject to the conditions of the Cornell faculty legislation of November 14, 1962. No student may study in absentia for more than two terms.

Students who transfer into the undergraduate degree program in art must complete a minimum of four terms in residence at Cornell and a minimum of 60 credits at the university, of which 30 credits must be taken in the Department of Art, including four terms of studio work.

**For those students matriculating in fall of 2000:**
Students are required to take ART 111, Introductory Art Seminar; ART 121, Introductory Painting; or ART 141, Introductory Sculpture; Art History Elective, and a Freshman Writing Seminar during the fall semester of the freshman year. Art History Elective, ART 171, Electronic Imaging in Art, and an additional Freshman Writing Seminar must be taken during the spring semester of the freshman year. A 300-level course in Theory and Criticism must be taken sometime during the junior or senior year.

Courses that will fulfill Theory and Criticism requirement (note: offerings may change from year to year. Check the current course catalog):
- ART 312
- ARCH 447
- ART H 370, 464, 494, 594
- ENGL 395
- GERST 660
- AS&RC 304, 503
- ANTHR 320, 322, 453

**First Year**

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fall Term (Required Curriculum)</th>
<th>Credits</th>
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<tr>
<td>111 Introductory Art Seminar</td>
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<tr>
<td>Art History Elective</td>
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<tr>
<td>121 Introductory Painting</td>
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<tr>
<td>or 141 Introductory Sculpture</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>151 Drawing I</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Freshman Writing Seminar</td>
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<tr>
<td>In/Out College Electives</td>
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**Second Year**

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<tbody>
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<tr>
<td>131 Introductory Etching</td>
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<tr>
<td>132 Introductory Graphics</td>
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<tr>
<td>133 Introductory Lithography</td>
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<tr>
<td>161 Introductory Photography</td>
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<td>251 Drawing III</td>
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**Spring Term**

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**Third Year**

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<tr>
<td>Art Studio concentration</td>
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<tr>
<td>300-level course in Theory and Criticism</td>
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<tr>
<td>OCE</td>
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<td>In/OCE</td>
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<tr>
<th>Spring Term</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Art Studio concentration</td>
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<tr>
<td>OCE/Art History</td>
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<tr>
<td>In/OCE's</td>
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**Fourth Year**

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<th>Spring Term</th>
<th>Credits</th>
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<td>Thesis</td>
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<td>In/OCE's</td>
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<th>Credits</th>
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**The M.F.A. Program**
The Master of Fine Arts program requires four terms of full-time study, equal to a minimum of 60 credits. Graduate work done elsewhere or in the summer session is not applicable to the M.F.A. degree. The curriculum leading to the master's degree is flexible to accommodate the needs of the individual student and to enable the student to partake of the greater Cornell community. The ratio of graduate faculty to students allows an exceptional opportunity for individual mentoring.

Graduate students are provided individual studios and have 24-hour access to studios and labs.

Graduate students in art may enroll in introductory or advanced courses in any field of study offered at the university. Fifteen credits are required in each term of these, none credits are in studio work, and three credits are in Graduate Seminar (ART 611, 612, 613, 614). Students are required to take at least twelve credits of academic work outside the Department of Art during their four terms in residence. Candidates for the Master of Fine Arts degree must have completed eighteen credits in the history of art in the course of their graduate and/or undergraduate study. Every M.F.A. candidate must prepare a written thesis, offer a thesis exhibition of studio work completed during residency, and give an oral defense of the written and visual thesis. Gallery space is provided for a one-week solo thesis exhibition during the final spring semester.

**Course Information**
Most courses in the Department of Art are open to students in any college of the university who have fulfilled the prerequisites or have permission of the instructor.

Fees are charged for all studio courses. See the specific course description for course fees.

To take advantage of the special opportunities afforded by summer study, there are several course offerings during summer session.

**Guidelines for Independent Study**
A student who wants to undertake Independent Study must be a junior in good standing. Fine Arts students must have completed two years of the curriculum, including all first- and second-year studios and four semesters of drawing. An independent study cannot be used to fulfill any of the four drawing requirements. All students must have taken a minimum of one Cornell Art Department course in the area of the proposed independent study. It is recommended that the student take the independent study with a professor with whom they have previously studied. Out-of-department students may be exempt from the studio sequence requirement at the discretion of the supervising professor.
Independent studies must be petitioned to count toward required studio courses. Credit hours are variable up to a maximum of four.

Courses in Theory and Criticism

**ART 111 Introductory Art Seminar**  
Fall. 1 credit. S-U only. Limited to B.F.A. students.  
This course will investigate selected topics related to art and the multicultural experience. Students will study the basic vocabulary and tools used in the expression of art. They will question the nature of the visual arts as a discipline and survey art created by underrepresented American minority cultural groups.

**ART 214 Art and the Multicultural Experience**  
Fall. 3 credits.  
This course will investigate selected topics related to art and the multicultural experience. Students will study the basic vocabulary and tools used in the expression of art. They will question the nature of the visual arts as a discipline and survey art created by underrepresented American minority cultural groups.

**ART 312 Modern Art in Italy**  
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Rome Program only.  
This course is designed to introduce students to contemporary developments in Italian art and to major issues concerning the art world. Significant movements of the twentieth century, including Futurism, Metaphysical painting, and Magic Realism will be discussed. Post-war painting and sculpture will be emphasized. Visits with artists in studios, galleries, and museums will introduce students to the exchange between artists, dealers, and critics. Fulfills 300-level Theory and Criticism requirement for Fine Arts majors.

**ART 317 History of Art in Rome: Early Christian to the Baroque Age**  
Fall. 4 credits. Rome Program only.  
General survey of the early Christian period to the fantastic vision of Piranesi in the eighteenth century. Special emphasis will be placed on the developments of the Renaissance and Baroque periods. Weekly lecture and field trips.

**ART 318 History of Art in Rome: Renaissance in Rome and Florence**  
Spring. 4 credits. Rome Program only.  
A direct knowledge of art in its historical context is the aim of this course. Open both to students interested in history and those concentrating on the visual impact of art. Included are lectures and field trips.

**ART 419 Independent Study/Supervised Readings in Art**  
Fall, spring, or summer. 4 credits variable. Prerequisite: student must be a junior in good standing and have the written permission of the instructor. Independent reading and research allows a student the opportunity to investigate special interests that are not treated in regularly scheduled courses. The student develops a plan of study to pursue under the supervision of a faculty member.

**ART 611 Professional Skills for the Visual Artist**  
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to M.F.A. students.  
This seminar is designed to provide graduate students with an introduction to the concept of critical thinking with an emphasis on professional practice. The course will address the following topics: professional development, personal and professional growth, self-awareness, and the development of a personal philosophy of art. Students will be required to develop a personal statement and to present it to the class. Fulfills 600-level Theory and Criticism requirement for Fine Arts majors.

Students will complete a resource notebook that should be useful to them in the years after they graduate. Topics will include: funding resources, exhibition opportunities, employment options, documentation of work, health, safety, and legal issues.

**ART 612 Recent Practice in the Visual Arts**  
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to M.F.A. students.  
This seminar is designed to introduce graduate students to the recent developments in the visual arts. The seminar will be structured around a series of lectures and discussions, with the students actively participating in the critique of contemporary art. Students will be expected to contribute to discussions and to present their own critical essays.

**ART 613 On-Line Publication for the Visual Artist**  
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to M.F.A. students.  
This seminar is designed to provide graduate students with an introduction to the concept of critical thinking with an emphasis on professional practice. The course will address the following topics: professional development, personal and professional growth, self-awareness, and the development of a personal philosophy of art. Students will be required to develop a personal statement and to present it to the class. Fulfills 600-level Theory and Criticism requirement for Fine Arts majors.

This seminar explores the use of digital technologies in the visual arts, focusing on the development of online publications. Students will be introduced to the basic principles of digital design and learn to create web-based publications using popular software programs. The seminar will cover topics such as web design, digital imaging, and interactive multimedia. Students will be expected to complete a project that demonstrates their knowledge and skills.

**ART 614 Contemporary Theory in the Visual Arts**  
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to M.F.A. students.  
This seminar explores the current issues represented within the visual arts. It is designed to introduce graduate students to several approaches to critical inquiry and analysis of contemporary visual practice. Topics will vary but may include the following: postmodernism, theory and practice, feminist theory, and postcolonial criticism.

**ART 721-722, 821-822 Graduate Painting**  
Fall 721, spring 821, fall, 822, spring, first-year M.F.A. students. 9 credits. 821, fall; 822, spring; second-year M.F.A. students. 9 credits. Students are responsible, under faculty direction, for planning their own projects and selecting the media in which they are to work. All members of the faculty are available for individual consultation.

### Studio Courses in Painting

**ART 121 Introductory Painting**  
Fall, spring, or summer. 3 credits.  
The study of the language of painting through color, form, materials, and techniques. Aspects of traditional and modern pictorial composition are studied including proportion, space, and color theory through the representation of a variety of subjects.

**ART 221 Painting II**  
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: ART 121 or permission of instructor.  
A continuation of the study of aspects of pictorial composition initiated in ART 121, focusing on problems relating to the depiction of the figure, space, and light. Topics are explored within the context of historical and contemporary artistic expression.

**ART 321 Painting III**  
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: ART 221 or permission of instructor.  
A continuation of the study of aspects of pictorial composition initiated in ART 121, focusing on problems relating to the depiction of the figure, space, and light. Topics are explored within the context of historical and contemporary artistic expression.

**ART 322 Painting IV**  
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: ART 321 or permission of instructor.  
A continuation of the study of aspects of pictorial composition initiated in ART 121, focusing on problems relating to the depiction of the figure, space, and light. Topics are explored within the context of historical and contemporary artistic expression.

Fees for painting courses:
- 121, 221, 321, 322, 421, 422: $40

### Studio Courses in Printmaking

**ART 131 Introductory Intaglio**  
Fall and spring. 3 credits.  
An introduction to the two-dimensional thought processes and the language of vision. Students will explore design projects and the use of graphic materials, including collage, pochir, and screen printing.

**ART 132 Introductory Graphics**  
Fall and spring. 3 credits.  
A basic introduction to silkscreen techniques, with emphasis on engraving, lift ground, relief printing, monotypes, and experimental techniques.

**ART 133 Introductory Lithography**  
Fall and spring. 3 credits.  
The theory and practice of lithographic printing, using limestone block and aluminum plate. Basic lithographic techniques of crayon, wash, and transfer drawing are studied.
### Studio Courses in Sculpture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
<th>Fee for Sculpture Courses (in USD)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ART 231</td>
<td>Intaglio II</td>
<td></td>
<td>$105.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ART 232</td>
<td>Advanced Screen Printing</td>
<td></td>
<td>$185.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ART 233</td>
<td>Lithography II</td>
<td></td>
<td>$25.00</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Total $50</td>
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<tr>
<td>ART 241</td>
<td>Sculpture II</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>$75</td>
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**ART 131**

### Studio Courses in Photography

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<thead>
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<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ART 131</td>
<td>Pre-thesis in Photography</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>$105.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ART 132</td>
<td>Thesis in Photography</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>$185.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ART 133</td>
<td>Printmaking III</td>
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<td>$25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ART 134</td>
<td>Printmaking IV</td>
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**ART 741-742, 841-842 Graduate Sculpture**

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<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
<th>Fee for B &amp; W Courses (in USD)</th>
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<tr>
<td>ART 741</td>
<td>Graduate Sculpture</td>
<td>3</td>
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<td>ART 742</td>
<td>Graduate Sculpture</td>
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<tr>
<td>ART 841</td>
<td>Graduate Sculpture</td>
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<tr>
<td>ART 842</td>
<td>Graduate Sculpture</td>
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<td>$105.00</td>
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**ART 101 Photography I (also ARCH 251)**

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<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ART 101</td>
<td>Photography I</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>$75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ART 102</td>
<td>Photography II</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>$75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ART 103</td>
<td>Photography III</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>$75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ART 104</td>
<td>Photography IV</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>$75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ART 105</td>
<td>Photography V</td>
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**ART 161 Black-and-White Photography**

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ART 161</td>
<td>Black-and-White Photography</td>
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<tr>
<td>ART 162</td>
<td>Black-and-White Photography</td>
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**ART 168 Color Photography**

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<td>ART 168</td>
<td>Color Photography</td>
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<tr>
<td>ART 169</td>
<td>Color Photography</td>
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**ART 261 Photography II (also ARCH 351)**

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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ART 261</td>
<td>Photography II</td>
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<tr>
<td>ART 262</td>
<td>Photography III</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>$75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ART 263</td>
<td>Photography IV</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>$75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ART 264</td>
<td>Photography V</td>
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**ART 132 Photography**

<table>
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<th>Credits</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ART 132</td>
<td>Photography</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>ART 133</td>
<td>Photography</td>
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**ART 256 Photo Processes**

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<th>Course Title</th>
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<td>ART 256</td>
<td>Photo Processes</td>
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<tr>
<td>ART 257</td>
<td>Photo Processes</td>
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**ART 265 Studio Photography**

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<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>ART 265</td>
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<tr>
<td>ART 266</td>
<td>Studio Photography</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>$75</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

### Notes
- Courses are offered in the fall, spring, and sometimes in the summer.
- Prerequisites and credits vary by course.
- Students are responsible under faculty direction for planning their own projects and selecting the media in which they work.
- Members of the faculty are available for individual consultation.
- Weekly discussion sessions of works in progress are held.
ART 361 Photography III
Fall, spring, or summer. 4 credits. Prerequisite: ART 161, 261, or permission of instructor.
Continued study of creative use of photography, with emphasis on specialized individual projects.
ART 461 Pre-Thesis in Photography
Fall or spring. 6 credits. Prerequisite: ART 261, 263.
A studio course intended for photography majors and other qualified students.
ART 462 Thesis in Photography
Fall or spring. 6 credits. Prerequisite: ART 461.
A studio course intended for photography majors and other qualified students. Advanced photography project to demonstrate creative ability and technical proficiency.
ART 469 Independent Studio in Photography
Fall, spring, or summer. 4 credits variable. Prerequisite: student must be a junior in good standing and have the written permission of the instructor.
Independent studio in photography allows the student the opportunity to pursue special interests not treated in regularly scheduled courses. The student plans study and projects under the supervision of a faculty member selected to guide their progress and evaluate their results.
ART 761-762, 861-862 Graduate Photography
761, fall; 762, spring; first-year M.F.A. students. 9 credits. 861, fall; 862, spring; second-year M.F.A. students. 9 credits. Students are responsible, under faculty direction, for planning their own projects and selecting the media in which they will work. Members of the faculty are available for consultation. Discussion sessions of work in progress are held.

Studio Courses in Drawing
Fees for drawing courses: $25

ART 151 Drawing I
Fall, spring, or summer. 3 credits. A course that is general in nature and introduces students to principles and techniques of representation. Emphasis will be on creating the illusion of space and form through line, the rendering of light and shade, and studies in perspective. In addition, the student will have the opportunity to explore various media such as charcoal, chalk, pencil, pen, ink and wash, etc.

ART 152 Drawing II
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: ART 151. A general course in drawing that will emphasize figure study and life drawing. This course will build on the foundation of ART 151 and concentrate on the analytical study of the figure. Students will explore a variety of materials, traditional and contemporary.

ART 153 Conceptual Drawing
Summer. 3 credits. Emphasis on drawing from the imagination. The generation of ideas and their development in sketches is stressed. The intent is not to produce finished art but rather to experience a series of problems that require image and design concepts different from those of the artist working directly from nature.

ART 159 Life and Still-Life Drawing
Summer. 3 credits. The human figure and still life are studied both as isolated phenomena and in relation to their environment. Focuses on helping the student observe and discover.

ART 251 Drawing III
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ART 152. An intermediate drawing course in which students will study composition, the articulation of form, and the illusion of space in a variety of materials. Expressive content, conceptualization, and the exploration of materials will be stressed.

ART 252 Drawing IV
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ART 251. Advanced drawing with an emphasis on life drawing and figure composition. Individual expression will be encouraged along with creative investigation of materials and processes.

ART 459 Independent Studio in Drawing
Fall, spring, or summer. 4 credits variable. Prerequisite: student must be a junior in good standing and have the written permission of the instructor. Independent studio in drawing allows the student the opportunity to pursue special interests not treated in regularly scheduled courses. The student plans study and projects under the supervision of a faculty member selected to guide their progress and evaluate their results.

Special Studio Courses
Course fees:
171, 271, 272, 479 $105
391, 392 $50
481, 482, 489 $70

ART 171 Electronic Imaging in Art
Fall or spring. 3 credits. An introductory studio course using the computer as a tool for making art. Students will explore various approaches to 2- and 3-D image creation using software programs for imaging generation and processing. Intro to the web.

ART 271 Electronic 3-D Modeling and Animation
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: ART 171. A studio course in creating 2- and 3-D still and animated visualizations using computers and 3-D software for object modeling, animation, and rendering. Concentration on the web.

ART 272 Digital Video and Sound
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: ART 171. A studio course that introduces students to digital video including capture stills, animation, video, and sound with an introduction to interactive presentation and CD-ROM production. Concentration on the web.

ART 372 Special Topics in Art Studio
Fall, spring, or summer. Variable credit. An exploration of a particular theme or project.

ART 379 Independent Studio in Rome
Fall and spring. 4 credits variable. Prerequisite: student must be a junior in good standing, and have the written permission of the instructor. Rome Program only.

Independent studio in Rome allows non-art majors the opportunity to pursue special interests in fine arts not treated in regularly scheduled courses. The student plans a course of study or projects that meet the approval of the faculty member selected to guide their progress and evaluate the results.

ART 391 Media Arts Studio I
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: one of the following courses: ART 171, THETR 277, 377, MUSIC 120, or equivalent. Also student must be a junior and have permission of instructor. Lab fee $50. A collaborative interdisciplinary studio course in a variety of digital and electronic media, including art, architecture, music, film and video, and dance. Group projects and discussions will also investigate the artistic and interactive potential of a high-speed intranet connecting arts spaces on campus, including virtual and performative events.

ART 392 Media Arts Studio II
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: one of the following courses: ART 171, THETR 277, 377, MUSIC 120, or equivalent. Also student must be a junior and have permission of instructor. Lab fee $50. A collaborative interdisciplinary studio course in a variety of digital and electronic media, including art, architecture, music, film, and video. Group projects and discussions will also investigate the artistic and interactive potential of a high-speed intranet connecting arts spaces on campus, including virtual and performative events.

ART 400 Rome Studio
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Rome Program only. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Fee: $25. The content for the Rome studio will be determined by the instructor. Emphasis will be divided between work accomplished in the studio and work executed outdoors in the environs of Rome. Media will consist primarily of painting, drawing, sculpture, and photography, or those assigned by the instructor. ART 400 fulfills four credits of the concentration requirement.

ART 479 Independent Studio in Electronic Imaging
Fall, spring, or summer. 4 credits variable. Prerequisite: student must be a junior in good standing and have the written permission of the instructor. Independent studio in electronic imaging allows the student the opportunity to pursue special interests not treated in regularly scheduled courses. The student plans study and projects under the supervision of a faculty member selected to guide their progress and evaluate their results.

ART 481 Pre-Thesis in Combined Media
Fall or spring. 6 credits. Prerequisite: written permission of instructor on a combined media thesis form must be received in the art department prior to enrollment in this course. Students are responsible, under faculty direction, for planning their own projects and selecting the media in which they will work. The projects should reflect experiences gained by exploring and combining various media including those taken in studio courses outside the department. Students select a faculty member from the area of concentration most appropriate to their area of combined media.
**Requirements for Graduation:**

1. **General Education**
   - Freshman writing seminars: 2 courses
   - Foreign language: 3 courses or qualification in one foreign language
   - Distribution Requirements: 9 courses

   Students must take a total of nine courses for the distribution requirement: four courses (of three or more credits each) from Groups 1 and 2, at least two of which are from Group 1, and at least one of which is from Group 2; five courses from Groups 3 and 4, with at least two in each group and two in the same department. No single course may satisfy more than one distribution requirement. URS students must follow the College of Arts and Sciences guidelines specifying courses that meet the requirements for groups 1-4.

   - Group 1: Physical and biological sciences (2-3 courses required)
   - Group 2: Quantitative and formal reasoning (1-2 courses required)
   - Group 3: Social sciences and history (2-3 courses required)
   - Group 4: Humanities and the arts (2-3 courses required)

2. **Advanced Placement Credit**

   Students may apply up to two courses of approved advanced placement credit in calculus, computer science, and science toward satisfaction of the distribution requirement in Groups 1 and 2 above, if they complete at least one science course during their undergraduate career. They may apply no advanced placement credit toward the distribution requirement in Groups 3 and 4.

   - Grades of S-U courses cannot be applied to graduation or toward the 12-credit minimum required for good academic standing each semester. Please note that no course may satisfy more than one requirement.

   - Design
   - Economics
   - Environment
   - History
   - Politics/Policy
   - Quantitative Analysis

   a. Design
   - CRP 381: Principles of Spatial Design and Aesthetics
   - CRP 491: Rome Wasn’t Built in a Day
   - CRP 320: Regional Question: The Case of Italy (Rome)
   - CRP 401: Seminar in Urban Political Economy
   - CRP 404: Urban Economics
   - CRP 417: Industrial Restructuring: Implications for State and Local Policy

   b. Economics
   - CRP 380: Environmental Politics
   - CRP 395.15: Recycling & Solid Waste
   - CRP 395.31: Green Cities
   - CRP 443: Emerging Global Environmental Trends
   - *CRP 444: Resource Management & Environmental Law
   - *CRP 451: Environmental Law
   - *CRP 453: Environmental Aspects of International Planning
   - *Meets requirement only with instructor’s permission.

   c. Environment
   - CRP 380: Environmental Politics
   - CRP 395.15: Recycling & Solid Waste
   - CRP 395.31: Green Cities
   - CRP 443: Emerging Global Environmental Trends
   - *CRP 444: Resource Management & Environmental Law
   - *CRP 451: Environmental Law
   - *CRP 453: Environmental Aspects of International Planning
   - *Meets requirement only with instructor’s permission.

   d. History
   - CRP 261: Urban Archaeology
   - CRP 360: Pre-Industrial Cities and Towns of North America
   - CRP 361: Seminar in American Urban History
   - ARCH 399: Special Topics: Architectural History (Rome)
   - ART 317.20: Art History: Early Christian, Romanesque, and Gothic Art in Rome and Central Italy (Rome)
   - ART 318.20: Art History: Renaissance in Rome (Rome)
   - HIST 419: Seminar in American Social History: Race, Class, and the American City (Cornell-in-Washington)
Cornell faculty members teach these seminars, which provide credit toward fulfillment of major, distribution, and other academic requirements.

**Cornell Abroad.** We encourage qualified undergraduates to study abroad because exposure to foreign cultures can be an eye-opening aspect of a university education. In an increasingly interdependent world, the experience of living and learning in a foreign country is invaluable. We work continually to develop study abroad opportunities. Current programs are available in Great Britain, Spain, and Germany. Opportunities in Asia, the Mideast, and France should be forthcoming. We encourage URS students to explore these opportunities.

**Cornell-in-Rome Program.** The College of Architecture, Art, and Planning has a teaching facility in Rome located in the sixteenth-century Palazzo Massimo. Students in good standing can earn degree credits through courses taken with Cornell faculty assigned to Rome and with accredited instructors. Courses are available in areas of urban development, regional development, and architecture and art.

**Research and fieldwork.** Students are welcome to work with department faculty members on research or other opportunities that are appropriate to their particular interests. Fieldwork and community-service options also exist for students in the Urban and Regional Studies Program.

**Additional Degree Options**

**Linked degree options.** Urban and regional studies students may earn both a Bachelor of Science degree and a Master of Regional Planning (M.R.P.) degree in a fifth year of study. Ordinarily the professional M.R.P. degree requires two years of work beyond that for the bachelor’s degree. Under this option, a minimum of 30 credits and a master’s thesis or thesis project are required for the M.R.P. degree. Interested students apply to the Graduate School, usually in the senior year.

**Dual degree option.** A student accepted in the Cornell College of Arts and Sciences may earn both a B.A. in a College of Arts and Sciences major and a B.S. in urban and regional studies in a total of five years. Special requirements have been established for this dual degree program. Cornell students interested in pursuing the dual degree program should contact either the director of the Urban and Regional Studies Program or the appropriate dean of the College of Arts and Sciences for further information.

**Admissions Requirements and Procedures**

Among the most important criteria for admission to the Urban and Regional Studies Program are intellectual potential and commitment—a combination of ability, achievement, motivation, diligence, and use of educational and social opportunities. Nonacademic qualifications are important as well. The department encourages students with outstanding personal qualities, initiative, and leadership ability. Above all, the department seeks students with a high level of enthusiasm and depth of interest in the study of urban and regional issues. Applicants must complete a university application admission.

**Transfer Students**

In most cases, transfer applicants should no longer be affiliated with a high school and should have completed no fewer than 12 credits of college or university work at the time of application. High school students who have completed graduation requirements at midyear and are taking college courses for the rest of the academic year should apply as freshmen. Prospective candidates who believe that their circumstances are exceptional should consult with the Director of Admissions in the Cornell division of interest to them before filing an application.

Forms for transfer application and financial aid are available from the Cornell University Office of Admissions, 410 Thurston Avenue, Ithaca, NY 14850–2488. Official transcripts of all high school and college work must be submitted along with SAT or ACT scores and letters of recommendation.

Prospective transfers should have taken at least 6 credits in English. In addition, students should have taken basic college-level courses distributed across the natural and social sciences, humanities, and mathematics. Applicants whose previous course work closely parallels the “General Education” requirements of the Urban and Regional Studies curriculum will have relative ease in transferring. Nevertheless, students with other academic backgrounds, such as engineering, architecture, fine arts, management, and agriculture, are eligible to apply.

Although an interview is not required, applicants are urged to visit the campus. Applicants who want further information regarding the Urban and Regional Studies Program, may contact Professor William W. Goldsmith, Program Director, Urban and Regional Studies, Cornell University, 106 West Sibley Hall, Ithaca, NY 14853–6701 (telephone: 607-255-4613).

**The Graduate Program in City and Regional Planning**

The major concentrations of course work in city and regional planning are in the following areas:

- Built environment and urban development planning is concerned with physical facilities, the social, economic, and environmental forces that affect their design, and the process of development, plan making, and administration.
- History and historic preservation planning is a special program of study preparing students for work in history, analysis, and preservation of buildings, urban environments, and neighborhoods, including downtown business areas.
- Regional planning and regional science are concerned with socioeconomic issues and functional planning at the regional level, the forces that generate economic growth and social development, and the equitable distribution of resources which can best be used.
- Local and regional economic development is concerned with understanding and influencing how economic change may be harnessed to the benefit of communities, counteracting plant closings and more general regional decline and stimulating programs of socioeconomic change and development.
International planning offers a broad range of courses in international economic development, development planning, and political economy.

Quantitative methods and policy analysis courses are offered to prepare planners and researchers for a variety of situations and problems. Complementing these concentrations, planning theory and political economy courses examine the organizational and planning processes and the political and economic conditions in which planning and international development operate.

Several graduate degrees are offered: the Ph.D.; the Master of Regional Planning (M.R.P.), in a two-year program; the Master of Arts (M.A.) in historic preservation planning, in a two-year program, and, in special cases, the Master of Professional Studies (International Development) [M.P.S.O.D.I.], for the twelve-month international planning program.

Off-Campus Opportunities

Rome Program. Graduate students have the opportunity to spend one or two semesters in Rome, studying at Cornell's center at the Palazzo Massimo. Instruction is given by Cornell professors-in-residence and by other faculty. The program is structured to include work assignments in one of the international development organizations headquartered in Rome.

Course Information

Most courses in the Department of City and Regional Planning are open to students in any college of the university who have fulfilled the prerequisites and have the permission of the instructor.

The department attempts to offer courses according to the information that follows. However, students should check with the department at the beginning of each semester for late changes.

Undergraduate Program in Urban and Regional Studies

CRP 100 The American City
Fall. 3 credits. S-U grades optional for out-of-department students only.

An introductory course on the evolution of urban problems and opportunities facing the majority of this country's population as we approach the last decade of the twentieth century. Readings, discussions, and brief papers exploring topics ranging from suburban development to central city poverty, from environmental threats to downtown revitalization, and from municipal finance to central city poverty, will be one of the world's most successful cities. The course will cover applicable methods in probability, descriptive statistics, estimation, hypothesis testing, and regression.

CRP 261 Urban Archaeology
For description, see LA 261.

CRP 314 Planning, Power, and Decision Making
Fall. 5 credits.
This seminar examines various bases of political and professional power. What do professionals who want to serve the public need to know about power and decision-making processes in the institutional settings in which they operate? How and why can professionals make a difference when facing problems characterized by great complexity and severe inequalities among affected groups?

CRP 318 Politics of Community Development (also CRP 518)
Spring. 3 credits. Letter grade.
A seminar on city economic development and community institutions. Attention to issues of local politics, planning, housing, and economics. Term papers on field investigations are encouraged. Topics will vary from year to year.

CRP 321 Introduction to Quantitative Methods for the Analysis of Public Policy (also CRP 545)
Spring. 3 credits.
An introduction to the role and use of quantitative methods in the study of urban and regional issues. This course will focus on various types of models commonly used to analyze urban and regional policy, including regression models, cost-benefit analysis, and simulation, and others. Strengths and weaknesses of these methods will also be considered.

CRP 360 Pre-Industrial Cities and Towns of North America (also LA 260/LA 666 and CRP 666)
Fall. 3 credits. S-U grades optional. For description, see LA 260.

CRP 361 Seminar in American Urban History (also CRP 662)
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor.
Seminar in the historical evolution of the American city. Emphasis on factors in urban growth, the process of urbanization, the urban reform movement, and intellectual and social responses to the city.

CRP 363 American Indians, Planners, and Public Policy (also CRP 547 and LA 263/LAS47)
Spring. 3 credits. For description, see LA 363.

CRP 370 The Regional Question: The Case of Italy
Fall. 3 credits. For majors in urban and regional studies only. Rome Program only. The "southern problem" in Italy has long interested regional planners, economists, sociologists, and political scientists. This course will make use of field trips to the Mezzogiorno and the "Third Italy" to explore practical aspects of regional inequality. Special attention will be paid to theories that purport to explain why the south remains underdeveloped and why the "Third Italy" is thought to be one of the world's most successful regions—in economics, politics, and social life. We will examine how Italy's integration into the European Union affects and is affected by its regional issues.

CRP 371 Cuba: The Search for Development Alternatives
Fall. 3 credits. Open to sophomores, juniors, seniors.
Cuba is a symbol; it is also a society. This course looks beyond the symbol to Cuban society, environment, and political economy in a Caribbean context. Cuba's relations with other nations and their impacts on Cuban development will be emphasized. The 1959 Revolution was a defining moment in Cuban history and a central element in Cuban culture. Students will learn about the experiences that shaped the revolution, altered its course in the 1970s and 1980s, and led to profound experimentation and a renewed search for authenticity in the 1990s.

CRP 380 Environmental Politics
Spring. 4 credits.
Examines the politics of public decisions affecting the environment. Focuses on the roles played by different political actors, the powers of various interest groups, methods for influencing environmental decisions, and the political and social impacts of those decisions.

CRP 381 Principles of Spatial Design and Aesthetics (also CRP 581)
Fall. 3 credits. Course enrollment requires special permission of instructor and is limited to 30 students.
A lecture course that introduces the spatial and visual design vocabularies of cities. Aesthetic principles and theories of design are investigated for different types of urban spaces drawn from a variety of international examples, historic and modern. Included in the course are design methods and applications in the contemporary urban context of Europe and North America.

CRP 385 Special Topics
Fall, spring, summer. 4 credits. Hours to be arranged.

CRP 385.40 The History of Urban Form in America (also CRP 685.40)
Fall. 3 credits.
The history of city planning in America from colonial times to the early 20th century, including brief reviews of European influences on urban form. Lecture, discussions, short papers.

CRP 400 Introduction to Urban and Regional Theory
Fall. 4 credits. Open to juniors and seniors.
Introductory review of theories dealing with the spatial distribution of population and economic activity, drawn from various social science disciplines such as geography, economics, and sociology. Review of recent research dealing with such topics as population distribution, migration, location of industry and economic activity, and the spatial organization of urban and regional social systems.
ARCHITECTURE, ART, AND PLANNING 2000-2001

CRP 401 Seminar in Urban Political Economy
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: introductory economics or sociology, for URS students. CRP 400 also.
The world economy, the global city, and social change. Population, technology, and work in industrial and developing countries. Race, ethnicity, and nationality. Profits, subsistence, and poverty. Students may read and direct discussions on outstanding texts, write book reviews, and prepare brief reports.

CRP 404 Urban Economics (also CRP 504)
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: microeconomics.
Urban phenomena are analyzed from an economic point of view. Areas examined include economic aspects of urban processes and policies, determinants of urban growth and decline, urban land and housing, public services, and public policy. Some time will be spent in discussing problems of cities in developing countries.

CRP 408 Introduction to Urban Geographic Information Systems (GIS) (also CRP 508)
Spring. 4 credits. Letter grade.
Geographic Information Systems (GIS) have revolutionized the way we manage, analyze, and present spatial information. This course will focus on GIS in the social sciences. Many of the tools and methods discussed in GIS courses will be based on planning issues, but the concepts can be applied to many other disciplines such as government, economics, natural resources, and sociology. Some of the issues to be covered include: fundamentals of spatial analysis; overview of GIS technology and applications; design of GIS projects; gathering and analyzing data; and creating thematic maps.

CRP 412 Devolution and Public Sector Restructuring (also CRP 612)
Fall. 3 credits optional.
This course will address devolution and decentralization of government services in a national and international context and then focus on the local public sector response in the United States. Privatization, intermunicipal cooperation, and devolution/reorganization will be reviewed including changing roles for the private sector, nonprofit sector, and unions. Implications for policy, program design, public advocacy, and citizen involvement will be discussed. Special topics may include welfare reform. Graduate students will be expected to write an major research paper in addition to short papers throughout the term.

CRP 416 European City: The Public Sphere and Public Space
Fall. 2-4 credits variable. Open to all juniors and seniors. S/U option available to non-majors. Enrollment may be limited by the instructor. Rome Program only.
An examination of the social, economic, and political life of the European city, particularly through the concept of the "public sphere." Study of the socio-economic underpinnings of the city. How are cities organized, how do citizens relate to the state, the city to the nation, the nation to the global market? How and where do different groups of people live? How do they travel, inside the city and from city to city? How are new parts of the city developed and old ones preserved, transformed, or destroyed? What public services do people expect, and how are they delivered? What is the role of private business? How do Italians/Europeans contend with the urban environment, poor neighborhood services, and impoverished immigrants? In all these cases, how do Italian (or European) conditions and policies differ from those in the United States (or elsewhere)?

CRP 417 Industrial Restructuring:Implications for State and Local Policy (also CRP 517)
Fall. 4 credits.
A basic introduction to new issues arising from the way in which national and international economic shifts are affecting diverse Urban states localities. The course will focus on intra-industry restructuring, the location of economic activities, and state and local economic policy. Cases will be drawn from a variety of industries and national situations, with specific application to New York and other Northeast locations.

CRP 418 Local Government Restructuring in New York (also CRP 618)
Spring. 4 credits. Optional grade. Prerequisite: CRP 412/612.
Students will undertake research requested by New York State clients—statewide associations of local government, state agencies, and the public sector unto analyze and identify alternative approaches to restructuring local government service delivery. The course will begin with an overview of qualitative research methods: case studies, interviews techniques, and surveys. The class will work as a team with specific statewide client organizations to complete a project. Formal presentation and written public policy design will be part of the final product.

CRP 442 The Sociology of Science
For description, see S&TS 442.

CRP 443 Emerging Global Environmental Trends (also CRP 543)
Spring. 3 credits. Letter grade. Limited to 20 students. Open to juniors, seniors, and graduate students by permission of instructor.
This seminar focuses on the emergence of broad trends that suggest human society is facing a global environmental crisis. It will examine the factual grounds on which concern about these trends is founded, their implications, and the types of steps human society might take in order to reverse or otherwise alter these trends before they generate enormous and irreversibly tragic problems.

CRP 444 Resource Management and Environmental Law (also CRP 544)
Spring. 4 credits. Letter grade. Open to juniors, seniors, and graduate students by permission of instructor.
This course introduces the application of legal concepts and processes to the management of natural resources and natural resource areas. It explores the role of the constitution of law, statutory law, administrative regulations, and judicial decisions in managing these resources. Particular focus is given to the management of wildlife, wetlands, and critical resources on public lands. The course considers the inherent 12 issues of the United States and other industrialized countries. The first part of the course will introduce principles that guide the development of social policy including fairness and justice. Various conceptions of social policy will be examined, with reference to their influence on the design and extent of social welfare provision, comparing the United States with other industrialized countries. The second part of the course will examine the relationship between economic change and social policy in the United States. A series of current social policy controversies (such as AIDS, homelessness, abortion, and workfare) will illustrate how values and assumptions about state, economy, and society affect the forms of social welfare provision and how they are administered.

CRP 451 Environmental Law (also CRP 551)
Fall. 4 credits.
An introduction to how the legal system handles environmental problems. Study of federal statutes such as the National Environmental Policy Act, the Clean Air Act, and the Clean Water Act, and of important judicial decisions that have been handed down under federal environmental statutes and regulations. Discussion of environmental law topics from a policy management perspective. This course is designed for undergraduate and graduate students interested in urban issues, planning, natural resources, government, environmental engineering, law, business, architecture, landscape architecture, etc. Course assignments for graduate students will differ in some aspects from those for undergraduates.

CRP 453 Environmental Aspects of International Planning (also CRP 683)
Fall. 3 credits.
This seminar will examine the roles of diverse environmental actors—international organizations, national bureaucracies, scientific communities, NGOs, and social movement organizations—in shaping environmental debates and designing conservation and remediation programs in the Third World. Open to advanced undergraduate and graduate students in planning, environmental studies, and related social and natural sciences.

CRP 457 Community Service Fieldwork
Fall or spring. 4 credits variable. Permission is granted by instructor.
Undergraduate students work under the direction of a faculty member in the CRP department on a project that assists a public or nonprofit organization. Projects will involve urban and regional issues as defined by a "client" and agreed upon by the faculty member.

CRP 461 Methods of Archival Research
Spring. 3 credits.
Examination of methods of using archival materials, including documents in the Cornell archives and regional history collections, for research in the history of architecture, historic preservation, and history of urban development.
CRP 474 Third World Urbanization (also CRP 674)
Spring. 4 credits. S-U grades optional. Colonialism and economic globalization have profoundly impacted cities worldwide. The course focuses on the social, political, and spatial dimensions of these processes. We look at rural-urban dynamics and their implications for the structure of urban space and for concepts of state and citizenship. We assess the position of Third World Cities in the global economy and implications for employment, paying special attention to women workers and urban environment. The second half of the course focuses on responses to these massive changes: violence and repression, social movements, and transnationalism.

CRP 477 Issues in African Development (also CRP 677)
Fall and spring. 1 credit. S-U only. This course examines a broad range of critical concerns in contemporary Africa including food production, human resource development, migration, urbanization, environmental resource management, economic growth, and policy guidance. The weekly presentations are made by invited specialists. Students are required to write a term paper.

CRP 490 Student-Faculty Research
Fall or spring. 1-4 credits. Limited to undergraduate students in the Urban and Regional Studies Program. S-U grades only. Research, reading, and/or writing project in which a student and faculty member choose a topic related to urban and regional studies.

CRP 491 Rome Wasn't Built in a Day
Spring. 3 credits. Letter grade. In this electronic course, students will learn about how the form and spatial structure of the city of Rome has evolved over time. Using the interactive CD-ROM "Layers of Rome" as a digital text, the course will engage participants in the investigations of urban design in Rome both as a case study and as a vehicle for exploring concepts applicable to many contemporary cities worldwide. The material focuses on the intersection between historical studies of urban space, architectural geography, urban landscape formation, and the design of cities. Lectures, research, readings, and exercises will be developed using the Layers of Rome CD, web searches, digital networking, and various interactive learning technologies geared toward urban analysis and visual design media.

Graduate Courses and Seminars

CRP 504 Urban Economics (also CRP 404)
Spring. 4 credits. S-U only. For description, see CRP 404.

CRP 508 Introduction to Urban Geographic Information Systems (GIS) (also CRP 408)
Spring. 4 credits. Letter grade. For description, see CRP 408.

CRP 512 Public and Spatial Economics for Planners
Fall. 3 credits. Letter grade. No prior knowledge of economics required. Covers basic microeconomic theory and some topics in public economics. What distinguishes it from small courses in economics is that the context of every topic is both spatial and public. The concept of space is central to city and regional planning. The perspective of the public and nonprofit sectors is the same as that of city and regional planning. The course will also cover the economic theory necessary to understand the many applications of economics presented in subsequent courses in city and regional planning.

CRP 513 Planning Practice and Urban Structure Seminar
Fall. 4 credits. This introductory graduate seminar has several objectives. It exposes students to the theories and history of (1) planning, administration, and related public intervention in urban affairs, (2) the development of cities, and (3) the built environment. Topics are analyzed from the perspective of public economy. Students improve their understanding of the planning process and of the urban application of the social sciences, get practice in writing short papers, and explore one research topic in depth.

CRP 517 Industrial Restructuring: Implications for State and Local Policy (also CRP 417)
Fall. 4 credits. For description, see CRP 417.

CRP 518 Politics of Community Development (also CRP 318)
Spring. 3 credits. Letter grade. For description, see CRP 318.

CRP 519 Urban Theory and Spatial Development
Spring. 3 credits. Letter grade. This course complements theories of urbanization and spatial development with an introduction to issues of governance within urban regions in the United States and Western Europe. The course will discuss economic and political institutions and actors as they shape the spatial form of cities. The work of authors such as Paty Healey, Margit Mayer, David Harvey, Mike Davis, and Susan Fainstein will be discussed.

CRP 520 Statistical and Mathematical Concepts for Planning
Fall. 3 or 4 credits. An introduction to statistical and mathematical concepts and methods of importance in planning and policy analysis. Topics will include matrix algebra, probability, sampling, estimation, and regression as well as the use of a microcomputer statistical package.

CRP 521 Mathematical Foundation for Planning Analysis
Fall. 1 credit. S-U grades only. Meets for two hours, once each week, for approximately half the semester. Review of mathematical foundations for planning analysis. Topics include probability statistics, mathematical functions, and matrix algebra. Intended for students with prior course work as a refresher course in preparation for higher-level courses in planning analysis. Departmental permission required.

CRP 525 Introductory Methods of Planning Analysis
Fall. 4 credits. Letter grade. A course on quantitative and qualitative analysis of neighborhoods, cities, and regions. Focus is on data from places in the United States, but tools are applicable throughout the world: descriptive and inferential statistics; mapping; and observation. Required lab exposes students to essential microcomputer applications and builds skills in writing and analysis.

CRP 529 Mathematics for Planners
Fall. 4 credits. Variable. S-U grades optional. The course covers basic mathematical concepts and techniques—with an emphasis on calculus—needed by the student who wishes to take intermediate-level courses in economics, urban and regional analysis, qualitative methods for the social sciences and policy analysis. Topics include: matrix algebra, set theory, functions, differentiation, and integration.

CRP 532 Real Estate Development Process
Fall. 3 credits. Examination of various forms of development as well as the role of major participants in the processes. Review issues in residential, retail, industrial, office, and low-income housing projects. Some guest speakers and case studies.

CRP 533 Real Estate Marketing and Management
Fall. 3 credits. The course focuses on the tenant or user as the basic source of the value of real estate. Students explore the characteristics and needs of tenants, and how the ownership and management of buildings respond to these needs. Office buildings are considered in detail while key elements common to the operation and marketing of all types of property are reviewed. Topics include examination of tenant types, factors creating preferred locations, building services and operations, negotiation of lease agreements, marketing campaigns, and governmental regulations. Guest speakers and case studies.

CRP 537 Real Estate Seminar Series
Fall and spring. 1/2 credit per term. S-U grades only. Restricted to MFS/RE students. A one-credit course designed to bring students weekly into direct contact with real estate professionals mainly through the use of videoconferences originating from locations around the world.
This course will explore the theories and techniques of negotiation and mediation practice. Issues of power, participation, and strategy are central to our examinations of negotiation and mediation practice.

CRP 547 American Indians, Planners, and Public Policy (also CRP 363 and LA 283/LA547) Spring. 3 credits.

For description, see LA 363.

CRP 548 Social Policy and Social Welfare (also CRP 448) Spring. 4 credits.

For description, see CRP 448.

CRP 549 Ethics and Practical Judgment in Planning Spring. 4 credits variable.

An introduction to problems of practical judgment and ethics as they arise in planning and public-serving professional practice. Issues such as consent, interests, deliberation, and legitimacy are central concerns.

CRP 551 Environmental Law (also CRP 451) Fall. 4 credits.

For description, see CRP 451.

CRP 552 Urban Land-Use Planning I Fall. 3 credits

Surveys, analyses, and plan-making techniques for guiding physical development of urban areas; location requirements, space needs, and interrelations of land uses. Emphasis on residential, commercial, and industrial activities and community facilities; housing and neighborhood conditions. Lectures, seminars, and field exercises.

CRP 553 Urban Land-Use Planning II Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: CRP 552 or permission of instructor.

Seminar covering the essentials of growth management, zoning, and subdivision: the main tools for implementing a land-use plan. Agriculture and open space preservation, infrastructure timing controls, redevelopment, planned unit development, and much more.

CRP 555 Urban Systems Studio (also LA 701) Fall. 5 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor.

Application of urban design and town planning techniques to specific contemporary problems of city environments. Issues of urbanism are investigated and applied to physical design interventions involving the street, square, block, garden, and park systems. Topics covered in the studio include urban land-use development, spatial systems, and aesthetics, and private and public and private implementation of urban-design plans. Computer modeling and digital design media will be introduced as tools for urban design. This is a specially arranged collaborative studio with the Landscape Architecture Program.

CRP 557 City Planning Design Studio Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: previous design courses or permission of instructor. A series of individual and team small area design projects at district, neighborhood, and project scale. The course objective is to develop an understanding of the spatial issues, knowledge, and skills needed to design the functional, aesthetic, social, and cost needs of urban communities. Studio projects, field trips, and reading.

CRP 558 City and Regional Planning Workshop Fall and spring. 4 credits. S/U grades only. Students work on urban issues, such as housing, traffic and parking, economic development, zoning, and related planning issues with public or non-profit organizations in New York State. Projects are undertaken on a community-service basis for "clients" who specifically request planning assistance. Students work individually or in teams.

CRP 560 Documentation for Preservation (also ARCH 586) Fall or spring. 3 credits.

Methods of identifying, recording, collecting, processing, and analyzing information dealing with historic and architecturally significant structures, sites, and objects.

CRP 561 Historic Preservation Planning Workshop: Surveys and Analyses (also ARCH 588) Fall or spring. 4 credits. Techniques for the preparation of surveys of historic structures and districts; identification of American architectural styles, focusing on upstate New York; and explorations of local historical resources, funding sources, and organizational structures. Lectures and training sessions. Emphasis on fieldwork with individuals and community organizations.

CRP 562 Perspectives on Preservation (also ARCH 585) Fall. 3 credits.

Introductory course for preservationists. A survey of the historical development of preservation activity in Europe and America leading to a contemporary comparative overview. Field trips to notable sites and districts.

CRP 563 Problems in Contemporary Preservation Practice (also ARCH 584) Spring. Variable credit.

A review and critique of ongoing preservation projects and an investigation of areas of expertise currently being developed. Presented by staff and guest lecturers.

CRP 564 Building Materials Conservation (also ARCH 587) Spring. 3 credits. Open to juniors, seniors, and graduate students.

A survey of the development of building materials in the United States, chiefly during the nineteenth and early twentieth centuries, and a review of the measures that might be taken to conserve them.

CRP 565 Fieldwork or Workshop in History and Preservation Fall or spring. Variable credit. Work on applied problems in history and preservation planning in a field or laboratory setting or both.

CRP 567 Measured Drawing (also ARCH 553) Fall. 3 credits. For undergraduate architecture students and graduate students in history and preservation. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Combines study of architectural drawing as historical documents with exercises in preparing measured drawings of small buildings. Presents the basic techniques of studying, sketching, and measuring a building and the preparation of a finished drawing for publication.

CRP 569 Archaeology in Preservation Planning and Site Design (also LA 569) Spring. 3 credits.

For description, see LA 569.

CRP 581 Principles of Spatial Design and Aesthetics (also CRP 381) For description, see CRP 381.

CRP 605 Urban Public Finance Fall. 4 credits. Letter grade. Prerequisite: prior exposure to microeconomics.

An overview of neoclassical public economics theory, particularly those aspects of the theory that are central to urban public finance. In part two, the unusual three-tiered fiscal system of the United States is described along with the evolving fiscal and economic role of large municipal governments. Part three of the course presents the public finance theory of taxation. Major taxes and other revenue sources used by large municipalities are described and analyzed. Part four is the heart of the matter, namely the measurement and analysis of the fiscal condition of cities.

CRP 607 GIS Applications Workshop Spring. 3 credits. Letter grade. Prerequisites: a basic GIS course and knowledge of ArcView or ArcInfo. Students with exceptional programming and web design skills can take the class with the prior permission of instructor.

This course is a more advanced GIS class that focuses upon GIS applications and projects for one or more clients. Clients may be out-of-state and travel for meetings and/or site visits for data collection may be required. Contact the instructor directly to learn about project options for the current semester.

CRP 612 Devolution and Public Sector Restructuring (also CRP 412) Fall. 3 credits. S-U grades optional. For description, see CRP 412.

CRP 614 Gender and International Development (also WOMNS 614) Spring. 3 credits.

This course has four main objectives. First, to provide an analysis of the location of women in processes of development and to understand the centrality of gender in each case. Second, to examine theoretical and conceptual frameworks for the analysis, including an understanding of gender divisions and their interaction with other forms of inequality such...
as class, race, and ethnicity. Third, to reflect upon the linkages between the global economy and the gendered macro and micro processes of development. Fourth, to provide a basis for research, practical action, and policy formulation and for evaluating directions and strategies for social change.

CRP 616 Globalization and Development
Spring. 3 credits. Letter grade only.
This course concentrates on the current dynamics of national and international development, globalization of national economies, and the forces and trends that are shaping this process. Beginning with an analysis of economic restructuring taking place since the late 1960s, the emphasis is on the factors affecting the new international division of labor and production, the labor market, consumption, trade and finance, and the distribution of resources. This includes the analysis of processes through which the current neoliberal model is being built, such as trade liberalization, labor market flexibility, the erosion of nation states as economic units, and the formation of trade blocks and global institutions.

CRP 618 Local Government Restructuring in New York (also CRP 418)
Spring. 4 credits. S/U grades optional. Prerequisite: CRP 412/612. For description, see CRP 418.

CRP 621 Quantitative Techniques for Policy Analysis and Program Management
Spring. 4 credits. Selected analytical techniques used in the planning and evaluation of public policy and public investments are examined. Topics include simulation modeling, benefit-cost and cost-effectiveness analysis (including capital budgeting), and optimization strategies.

CRP 631 Local Economic Policy—Field Workshop
Fall. 4 credits. A group policy analysis exercise in an upstate New York city. Students do a combination of data analysis; interviews with labor, business, and public leaders; and problem papers addressed to current issues presented by a client group. Individual work is synthesized into a comprehensive report at the end of the semester.

CRP 632 Methods of Regional Science and Planning I
Spring. 4 credits variable. An introduction to some of the major methods and models used in regional science and planning. This course is half of a two-semester sequence (see CRP 731). Either course may be taken first. Both courses will cover topics related to the structure and assumptions of the models, model development, and their applications in regional science and planning. Where appropriate, computer implementation will be considered. CRP 730 emphasizes statistical and econometric models.

CRP 633 Methods of Regional Science and Planning II
Fall. 4 credits. See CRP 632. CRP 633 will provide an introduction to deterministic methods and models such as input/output models, social accounting models, and optimization models.

CRP 635 Workshop: State Economic Development Strategies
Spring. 4 credits. S-U grades optional. The purpose of this workshop is twofold: (1) to provide students with research tools useful in developing state-level economic development strategies; and (2) to provide a critical understanding of the primary economic development strategy used by U.S. state policymakers. Specific sites will be selected by students. Fieldwork is emphasized in the form of site visits, meetings with employees of state policymakers, firms, specific industries, and government agencies. The course will consist of lecture and discussion meetings. The workshop sessions will involve exercises in qualitative information gathering on economic development topics; use of the census in conjunction with geographic information systems for analysis and presentation; and shift-share analysis.

CRP 639.05 Special Topic: Regional Development, Planning, and the Market, with Emphasis on the Third World: Historical and Theoretical Perspective
Fall. 4 credits variable. Historical and conceptual background, and relevant case material, for dealing with urban and regional development using production analysis with a focus on the Third World. Consequences of the organization of production for urban-rural and regional interactions will be emphasized. This historically oriented theoretical framework will be compared to location, central place, and interregional feedback theories.

CRP 639.06 Special Topic: Regional Development, Planning, and the Market, with Emphasis on the Third World-II: Current Policy Perspective
Spring. 4 credits variable. The course focuses on the role of the market that can or cannot accomplish in terms of guiding economic, industrial, and regional development. Points of view represented range from completely unrestricted market operations to proactive industrial development policies in market contexts. Lessons are devised for Third World regional development policies drawn from the experience.

CRP 642 Critical Theory and the Micro-Politics of Practice
Spring. 4 credits variable. Trying to "solve problems," planners and policy analysts are constantly at a crossroads, shape participation, and negotiate relations of power. This seminar explores theories illuminating the communicative micro-politics of their daily practice. We explore issues of power and discourse, practical judgment and deliberation, productive and reproductive aspects of praxis, political speech, and action in diverse practical settings.

CRP 653 Legal Aspects of Land-Use Planning
Spring. 3 credits. Offered alternate years. Survey of legal issues affecting real estate industry. This class will be taken in conjunction with CRP 652. Preparation of elements of historic preservation law, statutory law and case law, environmental law, and regulatory law will be emphasized. Individual work is emphasized in the form of symposiums and reports.

CRP 655 Real Estate Project Workshop
Spring. 3 credits. Permission of instructor required. Students will be asked to undertake the preparation of reports analyzing various aspects of real estate activity. Individual and team working relationships will be required. A range of topics will be selected. Real estate field will be addressed including project feasibility, marketing, planning, and design, legal constraints and concerns, etc. Projects will focus on real world case studies and will require professional level reports suitable for oral and written presentations.

CRP 657 Real Estate Law
Fall. 3 credits. Letter grade. Examination of major legal concepts pertaining to acquisition, use, management, and transfer of real estate. Particular focus on important legal considerations pertaining to property rights, contracts, and public controls on the use of land. Consideration of important case law, statutory law, and sales and regulations. Discussion of current legal issues affecting real estate industry.

CRP 658 Residential Development
Spring. 3 credits. Letter grade. The course explores the residential development process from site acquisition through delivery and servicing of the finished product. Topics to be covered include market feasibility, land planning and acquisition, product selection and design considerations, project financing and feasibility, schedule and budgetary controls, contracting and construction issues, marketing and sales, and customer service. Current issues in providing competitive housing products in today's markets will also be explored. Composition of the residential development project team will be discussed, and fieldwork will be supplemented by presentations from visiting professionals as well as a visit(s) to an actual project(s).

CRP 661 Historic Preservation Planning Workshop: Plans and Programs
Fall or spring. 1-4 credits. Prerequisite: CRP 651. Preparation of elements of historic preservation plans, designs, legislation, and special studies. Individual or group projects are selected by students. Fieldwork is emphasized.

CRP 662 Seminar in American Urban History (also CRP 361)
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. For description, see CRP 361.

CRP 663 Historic Preservation Law
Spring. 3 credits. Offered alternate years. Survey of legal issues affecting real estate industry. This class will be taken in conjunction with CRP 653. Preparation of elements of historic preservation law, statutory law and case law, environmental law, and regulatory law will be emphasized. Individual work is emphasized in the form of symposiums and reports.

CRP 664 Economics and Financing of Neighborhood Conservation and Preservation
Spring. 3 credits. The economic and financial aspects of historic preservation and neighborhood conservation. Topics include public finance, selected issues in urban economics, real estate economics, and private financing of real estate projects.

CRP 665 Preservation Planning and Urban Change
Fall. 3 credits. An examination of fundamental planning concepts and issues as they relate to historic preservation. Neighborhood revitalization, federal housing programs, the role of public and private institutions, displacement, and other social issues are among the primary topics.
CRP 666 Pre-Industrial Cities and Towns of North America (also LA 666)
Fall. 3 credits. S-U grades optional.
For description, see LA 666.

CRP 669.40 The History of Urban Form in America (also CRP 395.40)
Fall. 3 credits
For description, see CRP 395.40.

CRP 670 Regional Planning and Development in Developing Nations
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: second-year graduate standing.
Extensive case studies of development planning are analyzed. Focus is on the political economy of the process of regional development through urbanization and in particular on the concepts of equity and efficiency, external economies, export linkages, and internal self-sufficiency and integration. Resource development, national integration, human development, and migration problems are discussed.

CRP 671 Seminar in International Planning
Spring. 1 credit. S-U grades only.
The international planning lecture series sponsors lectures by visiting scholars or professionals in the field of international development and planning. The only formal requirement for the course is a brief evaluation of the series at the end of the semester.

CRP 672 International Institutions
Fall. 3 credits. Letter grade.
Studying major international organizations of the post-WWII period like the UN, ILO, GATT-WTO, World Bank and IMF, and Bretton Woods. We examine how they functioned during and after the globalizing international economy. We explore weaknesses in global governance and in the international financial system, and we assess current debates and proposals for reform.

CRP 674 Third World Urbanization (also CRP 474)
Spring. 4 credits. S-U grades optional.
For description, see CRP 474.

CRP 675 Seminar in Project Planning in Developing Countries
Fall. 4 credits.
An examination of the problems and issues involved in preparing project proposals for presentation to funding agencies. Topics include technical design, financial feasibility, social impact analysis, and policy relevance, as well as techniques for effective presentation of proposals. The course is organized as a seminar-workshop providing both an analysis of the critical elements of effective proposals and an opportunity to use those elements in the preparation of proposals. A multidisciplinary perspective is emphasized.

CRP 677 Issues in African Development (also CRP 477)
Fall or spring. 1 credit. S-U grades only.
For description, see CRP 477.

CRP 683 Environmental Aspects of International Planning (also CRP 453)
Fall. 3 credits.
For description, see CRP 453.

CRP 703 Contemporary Theories of Regional Development
Fall or spring.
An advanced seminar, mainly for doctoral candidates, to review recent contributions to the literature. After a fast-paced review of basic material in political economy, students will read and present summaries of works by major contemporary theorists. A final paper is required.

CRP 711 Planning and Organization Theory
Fall or spring. 4 credits.
Advanced seminar on theoretical models of planning, organization, and urban structure. The first part of the course, which may be taken separately for one credit, provides an overview of administrative issues affecting urban planning. Next, attention is given to theories of organizational structure, growth, and change. Final sessions are devoted to the influence of urban and regional structures as context. Critical reading, short papers, and seminar discussion characterize the course.

CRP 722 Methods of Regional Science and Planning III
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: CRP 632 and CRP 633 or permission of the instructor.
An introduction to the design and implementation of Social Accounting Matrix and Computable General Equilibrium models and their uses, primarily in a regional context, for planning and policy analysis. The use of econometric methods and CGE models will be discussed. The GAUSS software package will be used in related computer exercises.

CRP 733 Seminar in Regional Models
Fall or spring. 3 credits. S-U grades optional. Prerequisites: sufficient methodological background to read the current literature.
A review of the classical and important current literature on socioeconomic and/or environmental models of subnational regions. Each student will be expected to identify his or her own area of interest and critically review and report to the class on important papers in that area.

CRP 790 Professional Planning Colloquium I
Fall. 1 credit.
Visiting lecturers address problems and opportunities in the practice of planning. Topical focus to be announced. The only formal requirement for the course is attendance and a brief evaluation at the semester's end.

CRP 791 Master's Thesis in Regional Science
Fall or spring. 12 credits variable. S-U grades optional. Hours to be arranged.
Regional Science faculty.

CRP 792 Master's Thesis, Project, or Research Paper
Fall or spring. 10 credits variable. S-U grades optional.

CRP 794 Planning Internships
Fall, spring, or summer. 1-12 credits variable.
Combines a professional planning internship in a metropolitan area with academic study to provide experience and understanding of the planner's role in formulating and implementing plans and policies. Salaried internships in federal or state agencies, legislative offices, and comparable settings include development of research, analysis, and other technical skills. Weekly seminars draw on student field experiences, assigned readings, and guest speakers to examine current issues of federal, urban, and regional policy from the perspective of planning practice.

CRP 795 Master's Thesis in Preservation Planning
Fall or spring. 1-6 credits variable.

CRP 796 Professional Writing and Publishing (Colloquium)
Fall or spring. 2 credits. S-U grades only.
Individual and group projects culminating in the production of a professional journal.

CRP 797 Supervised Readings
Fall or spring. 4 credits variable. Limited to graduate students by permission of instructor.

CRP 798 Colloquium in Regional Science, Planning, and Policy Analysis
Fall or spring. 1 credit.
Presentation and discussion of current research by faculty, visitors, and graduate students working on their dissertations. Typically, the colloquium will meet once a week during the semester.

CRP 800 Advanced Seminar in Urban and Regional Theory I
Fall. 3 credits.
The culture of urban spatial organization. Economic, technological, and social factors leading to urbanization and various kinds of spatial organizations are explored. Major theoretical contributions to the understanding of intra- and interurban distribution of population and economic activity are reviewed.

CRP 801 Advanced Seminar in Urban and Regional Theory II
Spring. 3 credits.
A continuation of City and Regional Planning 800, concentrating on recent developments.

CRP 810 Advanced Planning Theory
Fall. 3 credits.
A survey of the works of scholars who have contributed to current thinking about planning theory. Alternative assumptions concerning models of man and theoretical concepts concerning the nature of planning today are considered.

CRP 830 Seminar in Regional Science, Planning, and Policy Analysis
Fall or spring. 4 credits variable. S-U grades only.
This seminar will provide an opportunity to review some of the literature and current research in regional science, planning, and policy analysis. Specific topics covered will vary each year. Empirical and analytical research will be emphasized. Students will be expected to prepare and present a research paper during the semester on some aspect of the topics under review.

CRP 890 Planning Research Seminar I
Fall or spring. 2 credits.
Intended for doctoral candidates in city and regional planning, other students welcome. Presentation and discussion of current problem areas and research by advanced doctoral students, faculty members, and visitors.

CRP 892 Doctoral Dissertation
Fall or spring. 1-2 credits variable.

Special Topic Courses
Fall or spring. Variable credit.
Typical topics are.
Thesis requirements are generally integrated for dual degrees. Fulfill requirements of both fields of study. To engage in a dual degree program and must
Regional Planning simultaneously. Students Science (Horticulture) or a Master of City and
Graduate students can earn a Master of Architects.
Landscape Architecture Accreditation Board landscape and art, or urban design.
ations in subject matter areas such as landscape
( LAAB) of the American Society of Landscape
two-year program entails core courses in the
Dual Degree Options
School, for those with accredited degrees in
The department also offers a two-year Master of Landscape Architecture Advanced Degree Program, administered through the Graduate School, for those who have a four-year undergraduate degree in another field. The major is composed of several parts: core courses related to professional education in Landscape Architecture, a concentration in a subject related to the core courses, and free electives. Requirements of the three-year
M.L.A. curriculum include 90 credits, and six
resident units, satisfactory completion of the
core curriculum courses, and a thesis or a
capstone studio.
The Program
Landscape Architecture offers a three-year Master of Landscape Architecture License Qualifying Degree, administered through the Graduate School, for those who have a four-year undergraduate degree in another field. The major is composed of several parts: core courses related to professional education in Landscape Architecture, a concentration in a subject related to the core courses, and free electives. Requirements of the three-year
M.L.A. curriculum include 90 credits, and six
resident units, satisfactory completion of the
core curriculum courses, and a thesis or a
capstone studio.
The department also offers a two-year Master of Landscape Architecture Advanced Degree Program, administered through the Graduate School, for those with accredited degrees in Landscape Architecture or Architecture. The two-year program entails core courses in the discipline and the development of concentrations in subject matter areas such as landscape history and theory, landscape ecology and urban horticulture, the cultural landscape, site/landscape and art, or urban design.
Both of these degrees are accredited by the Landscape Architecture Accreditation Board (LAAB) of the American Society of Landscape Architects.

Dual Degree Options
Graduate students can earn a Master of Landscape Architecture and a Master of Science (Horticulture) or a Master of City and Regional Planning simultaneously. Students need to be accepted into both fields of study to engage in a dual degree program and must fulfill requirements of both fields of study. Thesis requirements are generally integrated for dual degrees.

Course Information
*L A 141 Grounding in Landscape Architecture
Fall. 4 credits.
*L A 142 Grounding in Landscape Architecture
Spring. 4 credits.
*L A 201 Medium of the Landscape
Fall. 5 credits.
*L A 202 Medium of the Landscape
Spring. 5 credits.
*L A 260 Pre-Industrial Cities and Towns of North America (also CRP 360, CRP 666 and LA 666)
Fall. 3 credits.
*L A 261 Urban Archaeology (also
CRP 261)
Fall. 3 credits.
*L A 262 Laboratory in Landscape Archaeology (also ARKEO 262)
Spring. 3 credits.
*L A 263 American Indians, Planners, and Public Policy (also CRP 363/547 and
LA 547)
Spring. 3 credits.
*L A 268 The American Landscape
Fall. 3 credits.
*L A 269 Creating the Second Nature
Spring. 3 credits.
*L A 301 Integrating Theory and Practice
Fall. 5 credits.
*L A 302 Urban Design in Virtual Space
Spring. 5 credits.
*L A 315 Site Engineering I
Spring. 2 credits.
*L A 316 Site Engineering II
Fall. 2 credits.
*L A 318 Site Construction
Spring. 5 credits.
*L A 402 Integrating Theory and Practice
Spring. 5 credits.
*L A 410 Computer Applications in Landscape Architecture
Fall or spring. 3 credits.
*L A 412 Professional Practice
Spring. 1 credit.
*L A 483 Design Criticism
Fall. 3 credits.
[*L A 486 Community Design Workshop
Spring. 3 credits. Not offered 2000–2001.]
[*L A 487 Experiential Community Design
Fall. 3 credits. Not offered 2000–2001.]
*L A 490 Rome Wasn’t Built in a Day
Spring. 3 credits.
*L A 491 Creating the Urban Eden: Woody Plant Selection, Design, and Landscape Establishment (also HORT 491)
Fall. 3 credits.
Spring. 3 credits.
*L A 494 Special Topics in Landscape Architecture
Fall or spring. 1–3 credits.
*L A 497 Individual Study in Landscape Architecture
Spring. 1–5 credits, may be repeated for credit. S-U grades optional. L. J. Mirin. Work on special topics by individuals or small groups.
*L A 498 Undergraduate Teaching
Fall or spring. 1–2 credits.
*L A 501 Composition and Theory
Fall. 5 credits.
*L A 502 Composition and Theory
Spring. 5 credits.
*L A 505 Graphic Communication I
Fall. 3 credits.
*L A 506 Graphic Communication II
Spring. 3 credits.
*L A 524 History of European Landscape Architecture
Fall. 3 credits. L. Mirin.
A survey from classical times to the present, emphasizing design principles and techniques that have established the landscape architecture tradition in Europe. Particular reference is made to the manner in which gardens, streets, plazas, parks, and new towns reflect in their built form, a range of responses to demands of culture, economics, technology, security, the law, and ecology.
*L A 545 The Parks and Fora of Imperial Rome
Spring. 3 credits.
*L A 547 Americans, Indians, Planners, and Public Policy (also CRP 363/547 and
LA 263)
Spring. 3 credits.
*L A 569 Archaeology in Preservation Planning and Site Design (also
CRP 569)
Spring. 3 credits.
*L A 582 The American Landscape
Fall. 3 credits.
*L A 590 Theory Seminar
Spring. 3 credits.
*L A 598 Graduate Teaching
Fall or spring. 1–2 credits.
*L A 601 Integrating Theory and Practice I
Fall. 5 credits. Limited to graduate students.
*L A 602 Integrating Theory and Practice II
Spring. 5 credits. Limited to graduate students.
*L A 615 Site Engineering I
Spring. 2 credits.
*L A 616 Site Engineering II
Fall. 2 credits.

LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE

LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE 141
**FACULTY ROSTER**

Azis, Iwan, Ph.D., Cornell U. Visiting Prof., City and Regional Planning  
Baughner, Sherene, Ph.D., SUNY at Stony Brook. Visiting Prof., City and Regional Planning  
Beneria, Lourdes, Ph.D., Columbia U. Prof., City and Regional Planning  
Bertoia, Roberto, M.F.A., Southern Illinois U. Assoc. Prof., Art  
Blum, Zevi, B.Arch., Cornell U. Assoc. Prof., Art  
Booth, Richard S., J.D., George Washington U. Assoc. Prof., City and Regional Planning  
Bowman, Stanley J., M.F.A., U. of New Mexico. Prof. Emeritus, Art  
Briggs, Laura M., Columbia U. Asst. Prof., Architecture  
Chi, Lily H., M. Phil., Cambridge U. Asst. Prof., Architecture  
Christopherson, Susan M., Ph.D., U. of California at Berkeley. Asst. Prof., City and Regional Planning  
Clavel, Pierre, Ph.D., Cornell U. Prof., City and Regional Planning  
Colby, Victor E., M.F.A., Cornell U. Prof. Emeritus, Art  
Crump, Ralph W., B.Arch., Cornell U. Prof. Emeritus, Architecture  
Cruzeiller, Mark R., M. Eng., Ph.D., McGill U. (Canada). Assoc. Prof., Architecture  
Curry, Milton S. F., M. Arch., Harvard U. Asst. Prof., Architecture  
Czarniak, Stan, Ph.D., U. of Pennsylvania Prof. Emeritus, City and Regional Planning  
Daly, Norman M.A., Ohio State U. Prof. Emeritus, Art  
Davis, Feclicia, M. Arch., Princeton U. Asst. Prof., Architecture  
Drennan, Matthew P., Ph.D., New York University. Prof., City and Regional Planning  
Esnard, Ann-Margaret, Ph.D., U. of Massachusetts-Amherst. Prof., City and Regional Planning  
Evett, Kenneth W., M.A., Colorado Coll. Prof. Emeritus, Art  
Forester, John, Ph.D., U. of California at Berkeley. Prof., City and Regional Planning  
Goehner, Werner H., Dipl. Ing., Technical U. Karlsruhe (Germany). M.Arch., Cornell U. Prof., Architecture  
Goldsmith, William W., Ph.D., Cornell U. Prof., City and Regional Planning  
Greenberg, Donald P., Ph.D., Cornell U. Prof., Architecture  
Hanchett, Thomas, Ph.D., U. of North Carolina. Asst. Prof., City and Regional Planning  
Hascup, George E., B.Arch., U. of California at Berkeley. Prof., Architecture  
Pilgrim, Lee R., M.Arch., Massachusetts Inst. of Technology. Prof. Emeritus, Architecture  
Hubbell, Kent L., M.F.A.S., Yale. Prof., Architecture  
Isard, Walter, Ph.D., Harvard U. Prof., City and Regional Planning  
Kira, Alexander, M.R.P., Cornell U. Prof. Emeritus, Architecture  
Kord, Victor, M.A.F.A., Yale U. Prof., Art  
Lasansky, D. Medina, Ph.D., Brown U. Asst. Prof., Architecture  
Lewis, David B., Ph.D., Cornell U. Assoc. Prof., City and Regional Planning  
Lobo, Jose, Ph.D., Cornell U. Prof., City and Regional Planning  
Locy, Jean N., M.F.A., Ohio U. Prof., Art  
Lynch, Barbara, Ph.D., Cornell U. Visiting Assoc. Prof., City and Regional Planning  
Lyons, Marcia, M.F.A., School of Visual Arts. Asst. Prof., Art  
MacDougal, Bonnie G., Ph.D., Cornell U. Assoc. Prof., Architecture  
Mikus, Eleanor M.A., U. of Denver. Prof. Emeritus, Art  
Miller, John C., M.Arch., Cornell U. Prof., Architecture  
Olpadowa, Porus, Ph.D., Cornell U. Assoc. Prof., City and Regional Planning  
Otto, Christian F., Ph.D., Columbia U. Prof., Architecture  
Ovaska, Arthur, M.Arch., Cornell U. Assoc. Prof., Architecture  
Pearman, Charles W., B.Arch., U. of Michigan. Prof., Architecture  
Pendall, Rolf, Ph.D., U. of Claifornia at Berkeley. Prof., City and Regional Planning  
Perlman, Barry A., M.F.A., Ohio U. Assoc. Prof., Art  
Poleskie, Stephen F., B.S., Wilkes Coll. Prof., Art  
Reps, John W., M.R.P., Cornell U. Prof. Emeritus, City and Regional Planning  
Richardson, Henry W., M.R.P., Cornell U. Prof., Architecture  
Saltzman, Sid, Ph.D., Cornell U. Prof., City and Regional Planning  
Schack, Mario L., M.Arch., Harvard U. Prof. Emeritus, Architecture  
Shaw, John P., M.Arch., Massachusetts Inst. of Technology. Prof Emeritus, Architecture  
Simchit, Andrea, B.Arch., Cornell U. Assoc. Prof., Architecture  
Singer, Arnold, Prof. Emeritus, Art  
Squier, Jack L., M.F.A., Cornell U. Prof., Art  
Stein, Stuart W., M.C.P., Massachusetts Inst. of Technology. Prof Emeritus, City and Regional Planning  
Taft, W. Stanley, M.F.A, California College of Arts and Crafts. Assoc. Prof., Art  
Tomian, Michael A., Ph.D, Cornell U. Asst. Prof., City and Regional Planning  
Trankic, Roger T., M.A., U.D.U., Harvard U. Prof., Landscape Architecture/City and Regional Planning  
Ungers, O. Mathias, Diploma, Technical U. Karlsruhe (Germany). Prof Emeritus, Architecture  
Vieotizis, Thomas, Ph.D., Massachusetts Inst. of Technology. Adjunct Prof., City and Regional Planning  
WalkingStick, Kay, M.F.A., Pratt Institute. Prof., Art  
Warke, Val K., M.Arch., Harvard U. Assoc. Prof., Architecture  
Warner, Mildred, Ph.D., Cornell U. Prof., City and Regional Planning  
Wells, Jerry A., B.Arch., U. of Texas. Prof., Architecture  
Woods, Mary N., Ph.D., Columbia U. Assoc. Prof., Architecture  
Zisswicke, John, M.Arch., Cornell U. Assoc. Prof., Architecture
The biology major provides a unified curriculum for undergraduates enrolled in either the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences or the College of Arts and Sciences. Courses in biological sciences are integral to many disciplines and are basic requirements in many schools and colleges at Cornell.

Graduate study in the biological sciences is administered by more than a dozen specialized fields within the Graduate School, as described in the Announcement of the Graduate School.

ORGANIZATION
Many different departments participate in the biology major.

Student services are provided by the Office of Undergraduate Biology (OUB), which includes the Behman Biology Advising Center. Co-located in Stimson Hall, the professional and student advisers provide academic and career advising, as well as help undergraduates find research opportunities on campus. Advisers in the OUB also follow the progress of biology majors and work closely with faculty advisers. Additional services and resources of the Biology Center include tutoring, lecture tapes, examination files, and extensive information on summer research opportunities and graduate programs. The center has comfortable areas for studying and relaxing.

The Shoals Marine Laboratory, a cooperative venture with the University of New Hampshire, is located on Appledore Island in the Gulf of Maine. Its base office in Stimson Hall provides academic and career advising for students interested in the marine sciences and administers the SEA Semester program for Cornell students pursuing studies at Woods Hole or aboard the schooner Westward or brigantine Corwith Cramer.

DISTRIBUTION REQUIREMENT
In the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences, the biological sciences distribution requirement (Group B) is for a minimum of 9 credits, including at least 6 credits of introductory biology satisfied by Biological Sciences 109-110, 105-106, or 101 and 103 plus 102 and 104, or 107–108, or any combination of the first term of one sequence and the second term of another. Advanced placement in biology with a score of 4 or 5 (6 or 8 credits, respectively) may be applied to the Group 1 distribution area in accordance with regulations stipulated by the Arts College.

In the College of Human Ecology, the natural sciences distribution requirement is for at least 6 credits selected from BIO G 109-110, 101 and 103 plus 102 and 104, 105–106 or 107–108 or from specified courses in chemistry or physics. Advanced placement in biology with a score of 4 or 5 (6 or 8 credits, respectively) may be applied to the distribution requirement in the natural sciences.

Note: BIO G 101–102–103–104 should be taken as a unit by students of any college except those with advanced placement credit. Switching from one introductory biology sequence to another at midyear may not be possible because of variation in presentation of topics. Students must receive permission of the instructor to switch sequences. Taking sequences in reverse or inconsecutive order is strongly discouraged.

USE OF ANIMALS IN THE BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES CURRICULUM: CORNELL UNIVERSITY
Students wishing to enroll in biology ("BIO") courses should know and understand the following criteria relative to the use of animals in the teaching program: as passed by the faculty of the Division of Biological Sciences in 1988, and reaffirmed in 1997:

1. "Live animals will be used for teaching in certain courses in the biological sciences. Some animals will require humane euthanasia after they have been used for teaching."

2. "Courses bearing the "BIO" description conform to the rules for the care of such animals as outlined in Guiding Principles in the Care and Use of Animals (as approved by the Council of the American Physiological Society), the Guide for the Care and Use of Laboratory Animals. (DH­EW­ publica­tion 86–23, revised 1996) and p. 14, Courses of Study), the Animal Welfare Act, and the New York State Public Health Law. Within these regulations, and in keeping with the principle of Academic Freedom of the Faculty, the use of animals to aid in teaching any biological sciences discipline is at the discretion of the professor in charge."

ADVANCED PLACEMENT
For information on credit for advanced placement in Biological Sciences, please see the section on Advanced Placement in the front of this publication.

THE MAJOR
The major of biological sciences is available to students enrolled in either the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences or the College of Arts and Sciences. The undergraduate program is coordinated for students in both colleges through the Office of Undergraduate Biology. By completion of the sophomore year, all students who intend to major in biological sciences must declare the major and a program of study through the Office of Undergraduate Biology. In 216 Stimson Hall.

Whenever possible, students should include the introductory biology, chemistry, and mathematics sequences in their freshman schedule and complete the organic chemistry lecture course in their sophomore year.

Biology majors should regularly monitor their progress in the major, and should assess as realistically as possible the likelihood of achieving at a level that is consistent with their academic and personal goals. Weak performance in core courses, particularly after the freshman year, may indicate a need to reevaluate aptitude and genuine interest in the major. Students with questions, particularly with concerns about their ability to complete the major, are encouraged to consult with their biology adviser, and to take advantage of the advising and counseling resources of the
Office of Undergraduate Biology as well as those of the university and their college.

The requirements for the biological sciences major are listed below. Requirements 1-8 must be taken for a letter grade. Courses taken for the program of study should be taken for a letter grade unless the course is offered for S/U or if the student's adviser grants permission.

1) Introductory biology for majors
   (one year): BIO G 101 and 103 plus 102 and 104, or 105–106. BIO G 107–108, offered during the eight-week Cornell Summer Session for eight credits, also satisfies the introductory biology requirement for majors.
   Students may choose to accept advanced placement if they have received a score of 5 on the Advanced Placement Examination of the College Entrance Examination Board (CEEB). Students with a score of 4 must fulfill the introductory biology requirement by taking BIO G 101–102, 101 and 103, 102–104, or 103–104. These students should consult information available in the course office (1140 Comstock Hall) and in the Biology Center (216 Simon Hall) to determine which semester to complete the introductory biology requirement. For students in doubt, completion of BIO G 101 and 103 is advised. These students receive a total of eight introductory biology credits (four AP credits plus four course credits).

2) General chemistry (one year):
   Chemistry 207–208,* or 206–208, or 215–216.*

3) College mathematics (one year): one semester of calculus (Mathematics 106, 111, 191 or their equivalent) plus one semester selected from the following:
   a. a second semester of calculus (Mathematics 112, 192, or their equivalents).
   b. a course in finite mathematics (Biology 101, 417, Mathematics 105, 231).
   c. a course in statistics (Biometry 261, Mathematics 171, Agriculture and Resource Management 210, Psychology 350, Industrial and Labor Relations 210 and 211).

Students interested in quantitative aspects of biology (e.g., computational, physical, population biology) are advised to satisfy the mathematics requirement with two semesters of calculus.

4) Organic chemistry: Chemistry 257 and 251, or 357–358 and 251, or 357–358 and 301, or 359–360 and 251, or 359–360 and 301.

5) Physics: Physics 207–208,* or 112–213,* or 101–102. Those who take Physics 112–213 are advised to complete Physics 214 as well.

6) Genetics: BIOGD 281.

7) Biochemistry: BIOBM 330, or 351 and 352, or 333.

8) Evolutionary Biology: BIOES 278 or BIOPL 443.

9) A program of study selected from the outline below.

10) Foreign language: students registered in the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences must satisfy the foreign language requirement for the biology major by (a) presenting evidence of successful completion of three or more years of study of a foreign language in high school or (b) attaining a score of 560 or more on the reading portion of the College Entrance Examination Board achievement test or (c) achieving "qualification" status in a language as defined by the College of Arts and Sciences or (d) successfully completing at least six college credits in a foreign language. Students registered in the College of Arts and Sciences must satisfy the language requirement as stated by that college.

Since modern biology has an important physical and quantitative orientation, students are advised to undertake basic science courses that emphasize this approach. Asterisks in the above list indicate the courses that provide this orientation, but all courses listed are acceptable. Although not required for the biological sciences major, a course in statistics is strongly recommended for students planning graduate study or a research career. Students should consult their faculty advisers when choosing appropriate courses in statistics.

Note: Core courses cannot count toward the Program of Study Requirements.

Programs of Study and Requirements

As noted in the list of requirements above, students accepted into the biological sciences major must choose a program of study. The program of study requirements are designed to help students achieve depth in one area of biology while ensuring that the selected advanced courses form a coherent and meaningful unit. Because of the flexibility allowed in satisfying these requirements, students should consult their faculty advisers. The possible programs of study are listed below.

1) Animal Physiology: BIOAP 311, Introductory Animal Physiology, Lectures, BIOAP 313, Histology; The Biology of Mammalian Tissues, BIOAP 316, Cellular Physiology, and BIOAP 319, Animal Physiology Experimentation. The Program of Study in Animal Physiology emphasizes whole-animal, tissue, and cell physiology, and provides considerable opportunity for studies using live animals. It is intended especially for students contemplating careers in biomedical practice or research. Advanced courses, though not required, include BIOAP 419, Advanced Animal Physiology Experimentation, which permits selected students to conduct supervised research projects of their choice, and BIOAP 458, Mammalian Physiology, which provides in-depth coverage of selected topics in mammalian and human physiology.

2) Biochemistry: Chemistry 300, Quantitative Chemistry (Chemistry 357–358 or 359–360); a minimum of four credits of organic chemistry laboratory (Chemistry 301–302 or 251–252–302 or 301 or 251–252); four credits of biochemistry laboratory courses (BIOBM 430), and Physical Chemistry (Chemistry 389–390 or 287–288 or 287–390 or 389–390).

Note: Chemistry 288 is designed for biologists. Five hours of Biochemistry are recommended (351 and 352 or 350 and 354) and students interested in graduate work in biochemistry should take Physical Chemistry and consider taking a third semester of calculus in preparation for CHEM 389–390. Be sure to complete CHEM 207–208 or 215–216 during the freshman year.

3) Molecular and Cell Biology: Chemistry 357–358 or 350–360; BIOBM 432, Survey of Cell Biology, four credits of BIOBM 430, Laboratories in Biochemistry (advanced), Molecular and Cell Biology, and at least seven additional credits of courses that have a cell biological or molecular biological orientation. The seven additional hours should include at least two courses from the following list (underlined courses are recommended as providing breadth in molecular and cell biology: BIOBM 450, Lipids; BIOAP 658, Molecular Mechanisms of Hormone Action; BIOBM 434, Applications of Molecular Biology; BIOBM 137, Eukaryotic Cell Proliferation; BIOBM 433, Introduction to Molecular and Cellular Function, BIOBM 632, Membranes and Bioenergetics; BIOBM 633, Biosynthesis of Macromolecules; BIOBM 635, Mechanisms of Metabolic Regulation and Mammalian Gene Expression; BIOBM 636, Cell Biology; BIOBM 639, The Nucleus; BIO G 305, Immunology; BIOBM 407, Nature of Sensing and Response: Signal Transduction in Biological Systems; BIOBM 443, Molecular Basis of Human Diseases; BIOGD 385, Developmental Biology; BIOGD 483, Molecular Aspects of Development; BIOGD 486, Molecular Evolution; BIOGD 486; Advanced Eukaryotic Genetics; BIOGD 682, Fertilization and the Early Embryo; BIOPL 343, Molecular Biology and Genetic Engineering of Plants; BIOPL 347, Laboratory in Molecular Biology and Genetic Engineering of Plants; BIOPL 444, Plant Cell Biology; BIOPL 641, Laboratory in Plant Molecular Biology; BIOPL 652, Plant Molecular Biology II; BIOPL 290, General Microbiology, Lectures: BIOPL 408, Viruses and Disease; BIOPL 485, Bacterial Genetics; BIOI 692, Protein-Nucleic Acid Interactions; BIOI 222, Neurobiology and Behavior I; Introduction to Neurobiology; BIOI 325, Neurotransmitters-Molecular Aspects; BIOI 425, Natural History of Ion Channels; BIOI 495, Molecular and Genetic Approaches to Neurosciences. Five hours of biochemistry are recommended (BIOBM 331 and 332 or 330 and 334). Be sure to complete CHEM 207–208 or 215–216 during the freshman year.

4) Ecology and Evolutionary Biology: BIOES 201, Ecology and the Environment, and 10 credits from the following course lists, including at least one course from each group:
   a. BIOPL 241, Introductory Botany; BIOES 274, The Vertebrates: Structure, Function, and Evolution; BIOES 573, Biology of the Marine
Applications are available at Cornell Abroad, administered through Duke University.

Courses for two three-credit courses at the 400 level are encouraged to gain experience in some aspect of field biology through course work at a biological field station or work experience.

The Program of Study

The Organization for Tropical Studies (OTS) offers an Undergraduate Semester Abroad Program, featuring two courses in biology (Fundamentals of Tropical Biology and Field Research in Tropical Biology) and one course each in Environmental Policy and Latin American Culture. Cornell biology majors, with a concentration in Ecology and Evolutionary Biology, who complete the OTS Program as part of Cornell Abroad can substitute the credit earned from the biology courses for two three-credit courses at the 400 level from list (b).

The Program of Study: General Biology requires a minimum of 13 credits each in three areas: General Biology, Microbiology, and Plant Biology. Students must complete additional course work in order to meet the credit requirements for the CALS major.

Invertebrates; BIOIM 415, Bacterial Diversity; BIOES 471, Mammaryology; BIOES 472, Herpetology, BIOES 475, Ornithology; BIOES 476, Bacterial Genetics; ENTO 212, Insect Biology.

(b) BIOES 263, Field Ecology; BIOPL 447, Molecular Systematics; BIOPL 448, Plant Evolution and the Fossil Record; BIOES 452, Herbivores and Plants: Chemical Ecology and Coevolution; BIOES 455, Insect Ecology; BIOES 456, Stream Ecology; BIOES 457 and 459, Limnology: Ecology of Lakes, Lectures and Laboratory; BIOES 461, Limnology and Marine Ecology; BIOES 462, Marine Ecology; BIOES 463 and 465, Plant Ecology and Population Biology, Lectures and Laboratory; BIOES 464, Macromolecules; BIOES 466 and 468, Physiological Plant Ecology, Lectures and Laboratory; BIOES 473, Ecology of Agricultural Systems; BIOES 478, Ecosystem Biology; BIOES 479, Paleobiology; BIOES 481, Population Genetics; BIOES 484, Molecular Evolution.

Note: One 400-level, four-credit course (including four credits from BIOIM 364) offered at Shoals Marine Laboratory may be applied toward the 10 credits. Students are encouraged to gain experience in some aspect of field biology through course work at a biological field station or work experience.

The Ecology and Evolutionary Biology program of study offers an undergraduate specialization in Marine Biology and Oceanography. A description of this specialization can be found in the section entitled COURSES IN MARINE SCIENCE.

Note: The Organization for Tropical Studies (OTS) offers an Undergraduate Semester Abroad Program, featuring two courses in biology (Fundamentals of Tropical Biology and Field Research in Tropical Biology) and one course each in Environmental Policy and Latin American Culture. Cornell biology majors, with a concentration in Ecology and Evolutionary Biology, who complete the OTS Program as part of Cornell Abroad can substitute the credit earned from the biology courses for two three-credit courses at the 400 level from list (b). The OTS Program is administered through Duke University. Applications are available at Cornell Abroad, 474 Uris Hall.

5) General Biology: The Program of Study in General Biology requires a minimum of 13 credits in addition to courses counted toward requirements 1–10 on page 144. These 13 credits must include

1) One course from each of three different programs of study in biology. Otherwise, these courses specifically listed as fulfilling a program of study requirement are acceptable without permission of adviser.

2) A course with a laboratory, and

3) A minimum of two upper-level (300 and above) courses of two or more credits each.

100-level courses are not acceptable for meeting any of these requirements.

BIOL 341 may not count as the lab course; BIO G 498 may not be used to fulfill the requirements of this program of study. BIO G 499 (minimum of two credits, but no more than three credits) may count as one of the upper-level courses, and may count as the laboratory course with approval of the adviser, but it cannot count as a course representing a program of study.

Note: It is possible to use a single course to fulfill more than one requirement. For example, BIOES 472, Herpetology, could count in all three areas: as a course in the Ecology & Evolutionary Biology program of study, as an upper level course, and as a course with a lab.

6) Genetics and Development: A minimum of 13 credits, usually chosen from the following courses: BIOGD 385, Developmental Biology; BIOGD 387, Developmental Aspects of Evolution; BIOGD 389, Embryology; BIOGD 480, Seminar in Developmental Biology; BIOGD 481, Population Genetics; BIOGD 482, Human Genetics and Society; BIOGD 483, Molecular Aspects of Development; BIOGD 484, Molecular Evolution; BIOGD 486, Advanced Bacterial Genetics; BIOMI 485, Bacterial Genetics; BIOMI 493, Developmental Neurobiology; BIOPL 343, Molecular Biology and Genetic Engineering of Plants; BIOGD 450, Vertebrate Development.

Students may also choose from the following courses to complete the 13-credit requirement: BIOGD 682, Fertilization and Early Development; BIOGD 684, Advanced Topics in Population Genetics; BIOGD 687, Developmental Genetics; BIOMI 633, Biosynthesis of Macromolecules; BIOMI 639, The Nucleus; BIOES 663, Theoretical Population Genetics; BIOMI 694, Genetics of Diverse Bacteria; BIOPL 641, Laboratory in Plant Molecular Biology; BIOPL 644, Plant Growth and Development; BIOPL 652, Plant Molecular Biology II; BIOPL 653, Plant Molecular Biology I; PL BR 606, Advanced Plant Genetics.

Up to three credits for this program of study may be chosen from other biological sciences courses, including BIO G 499. Undergraduate Research in Biology, with approval of the faculty adviser.

7) Microbiology: BIOMI 290, General Microbiology, Lectures; BIOMI 291, General Microbiology, Laboratory; BIOMI 300, Seminar in Microbiology; and at least three courses chosen from the following: BIOMI 391, Advanced Microbiology Laboratory, BIOMI 415, Bacterial Diversity; BIOMI 416, Bacterial Physiology; and BIOMI 485, Bacterial Genetics.

8) Neurobiology and Behavior: The two-semester introductory course sequence, Neurobiology and Behavior I and II (BIONB 221 and 222) with discussion section (four-credits per term), and seven additional credits. These additional credits must include a course from the neurobiology and behavior offerings (this course can NOT be BIONB 420, 720 or BIOG 499). However, BIONB 420, 720 and BIO G 499 MAY be used to supplement this neurobiology and behavior course to fulfill the seven additional credits. Please consult with your advisor for courses that may be applied towards the seven additional credits that are not listed in the Biological Sciences course offerings. BIO G 498 may not be used to fulfill the requirements of this program of study.

Note: Students who declare the Program of Study in Neurobiology and Behavior after taking BIONB 221 or 222 for only three credits must complete additional coursework in neurobiology and behavior. These students should consult the chair of the Section of Neurobiology and Behavior (W363 Seeley G. Mudd Hall) to determine what course(s) to use to make up the deficiency.

9) Nutrition: NS 331, Physiological and Biochemical Bases of Human Nutrition (4 credits) and at least nine credits of additional coursework in the biological aspects of nutrition, such as NS 315, Obesity and the Regulation of Body Weight; NS 332, Methods in Nutritional Sciences; NS 431, Mineral Nutrition and Chronic Disease; NS 441, Nutrition and Disease; NS 475, Molecular Nutrition and Development; NS 601, Food Chemistry and Determination of Food Values; and NS 614, Topics in Maternal and Child Nutrition. Some courses require NS 115 Nutrition and Health: Concepts and Controversies, which may be used as part of the additional nine credits.

Note: For students in the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences, credits in NS courses count towards the required 55 CALS credits. For students in the College of Arts and Sciences, NS credits will count toward the 100 hours required in A&S if those credits fulfill major requirements.

10) Plant Biology: Students choose one area of study from the following two options:

Option (a) Botany: Students are required to take Introductory Botany (BIOPL 241). Students should then choose, with the aid of their faculty adviser, a maximum of three of the following courses, for a total of at least 10 additional credits, to round out their botanical training: BIOPL 242 and 244, Plant Physiology, Lectures and Laboratory; BIOPL 247, Ethnobotany; BIOPL 248, Taxonomy of Vascular Plants; BIOPL 342 and 344, Plant Physiology, Lectures and Laboratory; BIOPL 343 and 347, Molecular Biology and Genetic Engineering of Plants, Lectures and Laboratory; BIOPL 345, Plant Anatomy; BIOPL 444, Plant Cell Biology; BIOPL 445, Photosynthesis; BIOPL 447, Molecular Systematics; BIOPL 448, Plant Evolution and the Fossil Record, BIOES 465 and 485, Plant Ecology and Population Biology, Lectures and Laboratory; or BIOES 466 and 468, Physiological Plant Ecology, Lectures and Laboratory.

Option (b) Plant Biotechnology: Students are required to take BIOPL 343 and 347, Molecular Biology and Genetic Engineering of Plants, Lectures and Laboratory. Students choose, in consultation with their faculty adviser, a minimum of 10 additional credits
from the following list: BIOPL 241, Introductory Botany; BIOPL 242 and 244, Plant Physiology, Lectures and Laboratory; BIOPL 342 and 344, Plant Physiology, Lectures and Laboratory; BIOPL 444, Plant Cell Biology; BIOPL 648, Plant Biochemistry; PL BR 401, Plant Cell and Tissue Culture; or PL BR 402, Plant Tissue Culture Laboratory.

11) Systems and Biotic Diversity: A minimum of 13 credits from the following groups, including at least seven from Group A, and three from Group B, and at least two laboratory courses (marked with *).

BIOG 499, Undergraduate Research in Biology, with approval of the adviser, can be used in fulfillment of up to four credits in Group A, and can count as one laboratory course if it has a laboratory component of two or more credits.

(a) *BIOES 274, The Vertebrates: Structure, Function, and Evolution; "BIOES 275, Invertebrates, Structure and Evolution; *BIOES 473, Vertebrate Paleontology; *BIOES 474, Vertebrate Paleobiology; *BIOES 475, Invertebrate Paleobiology; *BIOES 477, The Vertebrates: Classification and Evolution; *BIOPL 290, General Microbiology, Lectures; *BIOPL 291, General Microbiology, Laboratory; *BIOPL 415, Bacterial Diversity, Lectures; *BIOPL 241, Introductory Botany; *BIOPL 243, Taxonomy of Cultivated Plants; BIOPL 247, Ethnobiology; *BIOPL 248, Taxonomy of Vascular Plants; BIOPL 543, The Healing Forest; BIOPL 659, Families of Tropical Flowering Plants—Lecture; *BIOPL 646, Families of Tropical Flowering Plants—Lab. *ENTOM 212, Insect Biology; *ENTOM 215, Spider Biology; Life on a Silk Tread; *ENTOM 322, Insect Morphology; *ENTOM 331, Introductory Insect Systematics; *ENTOM 471, Freshwater Invertebrate Biology; *ENTOM 420, Systematics of the Coleoptera; PL PA 309, Introductory Mycology; *PL PA 319, Field Mycology.

(b) BIOES 464, Macroevolution; BIOES 479, Paleobiology; *BIOPL 440, Phylogenetic Systematics; BIOPL 447, Molecular Phylogenetics; *BIOPL 448, Plant Evolution and the Fossil Record; *BIOPL 453, Historical Biogeography; BIOPL 442, Current Topics in Ethnobiology.

12) Independent Option: Students who want to undertake a course of study not covered by the existing programs of study may petition the Biological Sciences Curriculum Committee. Information on independent option and Curriculum Committee petition forms are available in the Office of Undergraduate Biology, 216 Stimson Hall.

Genomics and BioInformatics: The term "genomics" refers to new ways that diverse biological problems can be addressed due to the availability of exponentially increasing amounts of data from genome sequencing and gene expression studies. Fueling the genomics explosion is a corresponding revolution in the management and analysis of data. This subdiscipline is often called "computational genomics" or, more broadly, "bioinformatics."

The impact of genomics is sweeping, from genetics and biochemistry to systematics and ecology, and courses scattered throughout the various biology programs study introduce genomic concepts and incorporate bioinformatic approaches. Some examples of biology courses with informatics and computational components or applications are: BIOM 293 (Introduction to Molecular Structure); BIOM 354 (Computer Graphics and Molecular Biology); BIOM 434 (Applications of Molecular Biology to Medicine, Agriculture, and Industry); BIOM 261 (Population and Evolutionary Ecology); BIOMG 481 (Population Genetics); BIOM 422 (Modeling Behavioral Evolution); BIOM 440 (Phylogenetic Systematics); BIOM 453 (Principles and Practice of Historical Biogeography).

Students majoring in biology and having proficiency with a computer and computational programming may wish to consider a career in bioinformatics. The computer, mathematical, and statistical skills required for a solid grounding in informatics go beyond what is required in the biology major. Therefore, students wishing to major in biology with an eye toward a career in bioinformatics should choose a biology program of study that most closely matches their interests in biology and also should take courses from the following lists of non-biology foundation courses.

Essential Bioinformatics foundation courses:

MATH 111*, 112*, and 213 or 221 (calculus and linear algebra courses).

COM S 100 (Introduction to Computer Programming).

BTRY 417 (Matrix Algebra). *Can be used to fulfill mathematics requirement for biology major.

Additional relevant foundation courses:


BTRY 601/602 (Statistical Methods).

BTRY 682 (Statistical Methods for Molecular Biology, undergraduate section to be offered in spring 2002).

COM S 211 (Computers and Programming).

COM S 222 (Introduction to Scientific Computation).

COM S 221 (Numerical Methods in Computational Molecular Biology).

COM S 409 (Data Structure and Algorithms for Computational Science).

MATH 222 (Linear Algebra and Calculus).

Independent Research and Honors Program

Individual research projects under the direction of a faculty member are encouraged as an important part of a biology education. Students interested in participating in research should contact faculty members with compatible research interests. Faculty members may consider students' previous academic accomplishments, interests and goals, and the availability of space and equipment when agreeing to supervise a student in his or her laboratory. Students conducting independent research may enroll for credit in Biological Sciences BIO G 499, Undergraduate Research in Biology, and must interact for this course with Undergraduate Biology, 216 Stimson Hall. The student's research project must have significant biological content in order to be considered for BIO G 499 credit. Students may not earn credit for research conducted outside of Cornell. Information about faculty research interests and undergraduate research opportunities is available in the Office of Undergraduate Biology, 216 Stimson Hall.

Up to three credits of research may be used to complete the program of studies in general biology, genetics and development, systematics and biogeography, as well as for courses of research in neurobiology and behavior.

The honors program in biological sciences is designed to offer advanced training in laboratory or field research through the performance of an original research project under the direct guidance of a member of the Cornell faculty. Applications for the honors program are available in the Office of Undergraduate Biology, 216 Stimson Hall, and must be submitted early in the senior year to the Honors Program Committee by the announced deadline. Application forms for the honors program are separate from the enrollment forms for BIO G 499, Undergraduate Research in Biology. To qualify for the program, students must have been accepted into the biological sciences major, have completed at least 30 credits at Cornell, and have an overall Cornell cumulative grade-point average of at least 3.0. In addition, students must have at least a 3.0 Cornell cumulative grade-point average in all biology, biochemistry, mathematics, and physics courses. (Grades earned in courses in other departments that are used to fulfill major requirements are included in this computation.) In addition, candidates must have a Cornell faculty member participate in honors research, and the student must arrange for a cosigner within Biological Sciences.

Students interested in the honors program should consult with the faculty advisors early during their junior year. Students are strongly encouraged to begin their research projects in their junior year, although they are not formally admitted to the honors program until the beginning of their senior year. Students...
who are considering study abroad during their junior year should consult with a member of
the Honors Committee during their sophomore year to plan a reasonable schedule for
honors research. The Honors Program
requires that student participants attend
honors seminars in which they give oral
presentations during the first and second
semesters of their junior year. Therefore,
students who are considering studying away
from campus during their senior year should
consult with a member of the Honors
Committee no later than the beginning of the first
semester of their junior year. Information pertaining to faculty research activities, thesis
due dates, seminars, and other requirements
may be obtained from the Office of Under
graduate Biology, 216 Stimson Hall.

CURRICULUM COMMITTEE

Many decisions pertaining to the curriculum
and to the programs of study are made by the
Biological Sciences Curriculum Committee.
The committee consists of faculty and elected
student members and welcomes advice and
suggestions from all interested persons.

ADVISING

Students in need of academic advice are
encouraged to consult their advisers or come
to the Office of Undergraduate Biology, 216
Stimson Hall.

Students interested in marine biology should
visit the Shoals Marine Laboratory Office, G14
Stimson Hall.

Students interested in the multidisciplinary
program of Biology and Society should see
"Special Programs and Interdisciplinary
Studies," in the College of Arts and Sciences
section of this catalog.

INDEX OF COURSES

The following course identifiers are used to
denote biological sciences courses in specific
areas: General Courses, BIO G; Animal
Physiology, BIOAP; Biochemistry, Molecular
and Cell Biology, BIOBM; Ecology and
Systematics, BIOES; Genetics and Develop­
ment, BIOGD; Microbiology, BIOMI;
Neurobiology and Behavior, BIONB; Plant
Biology, BIOP; Shoals Marine Laboratory,
BIOM.

Note: Biological sciences ("BIO") courses
count as agriculture and sciences credits for
students in the College of Agriculture and
Life Sciences and as arts and sciences credits
for students in the College of Arts and
Sciences.

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<tr>
<th>Course Index</th>
<th>Course</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BIO G</td>
<td>107</td>
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INDEX OF COURSES 147
GENERAL COURSES (BIO G)

Biological Sciences teaches three introductory biology course sequences during the academic year: BIO G 101-104, BIO G 105-106, and BIO G 109-110; and one during the eight-week summer session: BIO G 107-108, BIO G 101-104, 105-106, and 107-108 are intended for biological sciences majors and other students needing eight credits from an introductory sequence for majors (for example, students in a premedical curriculum). Any of these sequences meet the prerequisite for upper-level courses listing "one year of introductory biology for majors" as a prerequisite. BIO G 109-110 is a course sequence intended for nonmajors, and meets the prerequisite for many, but not all, upper-level courses listing "one year of introductory biology" as a prerequisite. Students can earn a maximum of eight credits in introductory biology (including advanced placement credits).

BIO G 101-102 Biological Sciences, Lectures
101, fall; 102, spring. 2 credits each term. Prerequisite: concurrent enrollment in BIO G 101 (fall) or 104 (spring). Passing grade (D or better) in 101 is prerequisite to 102 unless permission is obtained from instructor. May not be taken for credit after BIO G 105-106 or 109-110. S-U grades optional, with permission of instructor. Lecs, M W F 9:05 or 10:10. 2 hrs each week; to accommodate these, students must reserve all 3 days. Evening prelms: fall, Sept. 21 and Oct. 31; spring, Feb. 22 and Apr. 5. T. G. Owens and C. Walcott.

BIO G 103-104 Biological Sciences, Laboratory
103, fall; 104, spring. 2 credits each term. Prerequisite: concurrent enrollment in BIO G 101 (fall) or 102 (spring). 103 is prerequisite to 104 unless permission is obtained from instructor. No admiss after second week of classes. S-U grades optional, with permission of instructor. Lab, M T W or R 1:25-2:25, M or W 7:30-10:30 or T R 11-12, 101. Fee, $20 per week. One 3-hour each week and a weekly lec for discs, special lecs, etc. J. C. Glase, P. R. Ecklund, and staff.

BIO G 105-106 Introductory Biology
105, fall; 106, spring. 4 credits each term. Prerequisite: concurrent enrollment in BIO G 101 (fall) or 102 (spring). 105 is prerequisite to 106 unless permission is obtained from instructor. No admittance after second week of classes. S-U grades optional, with permission of instructor. Lect, T 9:05 (first lec of fall term, R 8/24 9:05); additional study and lab hours TBA. C. H. McFadden and staff.

BIO G 107-108 General Biology
Summer (8-week session; 107, weeks 1-4; 108, weeks 5-8). 4 credits each. Prerequisite: one year of college or permission of instructor. BIO G 101-103, 105, or 107 is a prerequisite for 108. One 3-hour each week and a weekly lec for groups, special lecs, etc. J. C. Glase, P. R. Ecklund, and staff.

BIO G 109-110 Biological Principles
109, fall; 110, spring. 3 credits each term. Limited to 600 students. A passing grade in 109 or 101-103 or 105 is prerequisite to 110 unless written permission is obtained from the instructor and the student has at least 3 credits of college biology. Since 109-110 together constitute an integrated survey, 109 cannot be used to satisfy the College of Arts and Sciences or College of Agriculture and Life Sciences distribution requirement unless it is followed by 110 or an exemption is obtained from the instructor. May not be taken for credit after BIO G 105-106 or 109-110. S-U grades optional, with permission of instructor. Lab, T 7:45 (first lec of fall term, R 8/24 9:05); additional study and lab hours TBA. C. H. McFadden and staff.

Designed both for students who intend to specialize in biological sciences and for those who want to obtain a thorough knowledge of biology as part of their general education. The fall semester covers the chemical and cellular basis of life, energy transformations, physiology, neurobiology, and behavior. The spring semester covers genetics, development, evolution, and ecology. Each topic is considered in the light of modern evolutionary theory and discussions of plant and animal systems are integrated. For those students who object to animal dissection, alternative materials are available for study. However, testing will involve identification of important structures in real organisms.
not choose lab sections during course enrollment; lab assignments are made during first day of classes. Each student must attend lab on alternate weeks. Evening: fall: Sept. 21 and Oct. 31; spring: Feb. 22 and Apr. 3. Lecs, M W F 9:05 or 10:10; lab, M T W R or F 2:45 or T 10:10-12:35. H. Greene, R. Turgeon, C. Berrish, and staff. Students who do not plan to major in biology may take this broad introductory course. The content is designed to appeal to anyone who seeks a comprehensive knowledge of biology as part of a general education. Broad goals of the course are to impart an understanding of the potential benefits and limitations of science, the complexity and workings of the natural world, and the internal machinery of life—how our bodies and those of other animals and plants work. Fall semester covers genetics and evolution, ecology and behavior, and conservation; spring semester covers cells, genetic engineering, function of plants and animals, and human health. Laboratory sections enable each student to meet with course staff and are used for problem-solving experiments, demonstrations, and discussions. There are dissections of preserved vertebrate, invertebrate, and plant materials; for those who object to dissection, alternative materials are available for study and there is no grade penalty for omitting dissection or observation of animals. Testing, for students choosing to be tested, will involve description of important structures in real organisms.

**BIO G 170 Evolution of the Earth and Life** *(also GEOL 101)*


**BIO G 200 Special Studies in Biology**

*Fall, spring, or summer.* 1–3 credits. Prerequisites: transfer- or special-student status and written permission from the Office of Undergraduate Biology. Students must register in 216 Simson Hall. S-U grades optional, with permission of instructor. Hours TBA. Staff. A registration device for students who want to take only a portion of a regular biological sciences course—for example, only the lectures or only the laboratory in a course that includes both. Only students who have already had training equivalent to the portion of the regular course that is to be omitted may register in this manner. This course may not be substituted for 100-level courses and may not be used in fulfillment of college distribution requirements except by permission from the Office of Undergraduate Biology.

**BIO G 202 The Diversity of Life**

*Fall.* 3 credits. S-U grades optional. Lecs, M W F 2:00–3:00. J. L. Davis, J. J. Doyle, E. Rodriguez. The main focus of this course is on the diversity of living and extinct species. This diversity is examined from an evolutionary perspective, with attention to the principles employed in the discovery of species and in the analysis of relationships among them. Interactions between humans and other species are examined during the latter portion of the semester.

**BIO G 207 Evolution (also HIST 287 and SATX 287)**

*Fall or summer.* 3 credits. Intended for students with no background in college biology. May not be taken for credit after BIOS 278. Does not meet the evolutionary biology requirement for the biological sciences major. S-U grades optional. Fall: Lecs, T R 10:10; disc, 1 hour each week TBA. W. B. Provine. Summer (6-week session): Lecs and disc, M W 6:00–9:00 P.M. W. B. Provine. Evolution is the central concept in biology. This course examines evolution in historical and cultural contexts. This course aims to understand the major issues in the history and current status of evolutionary biology, and explore the implications of evolution for culture. Issues range from controversies over mechanisms of evolution in natural populations to the conflict between creationists and evolutionists.

**BIO G 209 Introduction to Natural Science Illustration**

*Summer (6-week session).* 2 credits. Limited to 12 students. Prerequisite: free-hand drawing or permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. Lecs and labs, T R 6:30–9:30 p.m. B. S. King. An introduction to the art of natural science illustration for publication, and to the techniques of various media including pencil, pen and ink, watercolor, colored pencil, scratchboard, and carbon dust. Potentials and limitations of line and half-tone reproduction, copyright, and portfolio presentation are discussed.

**BIO G 305 Basic Immunology Lectures** *(also VETMI 315)*

*Fall.* 3 credits. Strongly recommended: basic courses in microbiology, biochemistry, and genetics. S-U grades optional, with permission of instructor. Lecs, T R 8:50–9:55, J. A. Marsh. A survey of immunology, with emphasis on the biological functions of the immune response.

**BIO G 320 Principles of Toxicology** *(also VETMI 320)*

*Spring.* 3 credits. Prerequisites: 1 year each of introductory biology and chemistry, with lab; 1 semester of organic chemistry lecture or waiver by instructor. Lec T R 1:25–4:20. S. Penningroth, R. Dietert, and S. Blake. An introduction to the interdisciplinary science of toxicology is presented, including selected material from biology, chemistry, ecology and pharmacology. Basic principles are illustrated by examining several "toxicological contexts," for example, DDT toxicity to wildlife, reproductive. Risk management is introduced as a new discipline in which regulatory agencies integrate science-based quantitative risk assessment with economic and social considerations to implement politically acceptable cleanups at hazardous chemical waste sites. Students form teams and present toxicological analyses of hypothetical "risk scenarios," recommending acceptable risk management strategies in response to environmental contamination. Occasional research talks by toxicology faculty introduce students to basic research in this interdisciplinary branch of Biological Science. This is an introductory level course in toxicology. The format is lecture, supplemented by case examples. It is appropriate for non-majors seeking basic literacy in environmental and human toxicology, and also serves as a "gateway course" for students interested in 400- and 600-level toxicology courses.

**BIO G 400 Undergraduate Seminar in Biology**

*Fall or spring.* Variable credit (1–3 credits assigned for individual seminar offerings). May be repeated for credit. S-U grades optional. Sem TBA. Staff. From time to time specialized seminars on topics of interest to undergraduates are offered by visiting faculty or faculty from the Sections of Ecology and Systematics, Genetics and Development, or Plant Biology. Topics and instructors are listed in the division's catalog supplement issued at the beginning of the semester. For students interested in Biochemistry, Physiology, or Neurobiology, please see descriptions under appropriate section.

**BIO G 401 Introduction to Scanning Electron Microscopy**

*Fall or spring, weeks 1–8.* 1 credit. Limited to 8 students (fall), 12 students (spring). S-U grades optional. Fee may be charged. Lec, T R 9:05–12:15 or T W or R 1:25–4:25. M. V. Parthasarathy. An introductory course that includes the principle and use of the scanning electron microscope. Students use biological material to explore and understand some of the fine biological architecture. In addition to preparing the specimens, the students use the scanning electron microscope to study and obtain micrographs of features that interest them.

**BIO G 403 Transmission Electron Microscopy for Biologists**

*Fall.* 1, 3, or 4 credits (3 credits if student takes both sections). Limited to 12 students. Prerequisites: BIOAP 313, BIOP 345 or 443. S-U grades optional. Two sections: Sec 01, 1 credit, weeks 1–4; sec 02, 3 credits, weeks 1–12. Students may register for one or both sections. Fee may be charged. Lec, T 11:15; labs, M W or T R 1:25–4:25. M. V. Parthasarathy. Section 01, 1 credit, weeks 1–4, covers the principles and use of the transmission electron microscope (TEM), with emphasis on proper operation of the instrument and interpretation of images obtained. Negatively stained materials are used for viewing with the transmission electron microscope. Section 02, 3 credits, weeks 5–12, covers the principles and techniques of preparing biological material for transmission electron microscopy. Using animal, plant, and microbial samples this section studies chemical fixatives, cryofixations, ultrathin sections, immunogold localization, quantitative microscopy, and metal shadowing techniques. Students have two additional weeks to complete laboratory assignments at the end of each section.

**BIO G 405 Biology of the Neotropics**

*Fall.* 2 credits. Prerequisite: introductory biology (majors, non-majors, or equivalent), or permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. Lec and disc, W 7:30–9:30 P.M. P. H. Winge, A. S. Flecker.
This course is an introductory survey of the biology of the New World tropics, with primary focus on moist lowland forests. The objectives are to learn the basic characteristics and phenomena important to understanding neotropical biology, to gain firsthand knowledge of the resources in tropical biology available at Cornell, and to learn how to organize and execute a meaningful seminar presentation.

**BIO G 406 Presentation Skills Biologists**

Spring. 1 credit. Prerequisites: previous research experience given to students accepted into the Honors Program. L. Southard and G. Hess. This course will cover oral and written communication skills used in presenting research to other scientists. Topics covered will include organization of scientific papers, presentation tips for research seminars, and preparation of visual aids using Power Point. All students will present a 10-minute seminar on their research and will evaluate other presentations.

**BIO G 410 Teaching Contemporary Biology**

Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: one year introductory biology, permission of instructor. L. Southard and S. Merkel. This course provides students with the opportunity to experience teaching high school science. Students will concentrate on a topic of current public interest, then develop teaching plans appropriate for high school students. The first part of the course consists of lectures, discussion, and laboratory experiments, which will familiarize the students with the scientific content of the course. Students will then work in teams with high school teachers to develop their own presentations. The final part of the course will include practice presentations and teaching at regional high schools.

**BIO G 431 Frontiers in Biophysics**

Fall. 1/2 credit. S-U grades only. Lec TBA. G. Feigenson and staff. A day of lectures on Saturday 9/23 giving an overview of current research in biophysics at Cornell by faculty from different departments across the university. Designed for undergraduates who are considering a career in biophysics and for graduate students who are interested in biophysics research opportunities at Cornell.

**BIO G 450 Light and Video Microscopy for Biologists**

Spring. 5 credits. Limited to 12 students. Prerequisites: one year of introductory biology and permission of instructor. Lecs, T R 1:25–2:30; lab, R 2:30–4:30. R. O. Wayne. Theoretical and practical aspects of light microscopy, including brightfield, darkfield, phase-contrast, polarization, Hoffman-modulation contrast, interference, differential-interference contrast, and fluorescence microscopes, as well as video- and computer-based digital image enhancement, are studied. Students learn both qualitative and quantitative techniques to probe noninvasively the structure and function of living cells.

**BIO G 467 Seminar in the History of Biology (also HIST 415, B&SOC 447, and B&T 447)**

Summer (6-week session). 4 credits. Limited to 18 students. S-U grades optional. W. B. Provine. Specific topic changes each year.

**BIO G 469 Food, Agriculture, and Society (also B&SOC 469 and S&T 469)**

Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 20 students. Prerequisite: an introductory ecology course or permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. Lecs, T R 1:25–2:40. Not offered 2000–2001. Next offered spring 2002. A. G. Power. A multidisciplinary course dealing with the social and environmental impact of food production in the United States and developing countries. Agroecosystems of various kinds are analyzed from biological, economic, and social perspectives. The impacts of traditional, conventional, and alternative agricultural technologies are critically examined in the context of developed and developing economies. Specific topics include pest management, soil conservation, plant genetic resources, biotechnology, and sustainable development.

**BIO G 498 Teaching Experience**

Fall or spring. 1–4 credits. Enrollment limited. Prerequisites: previous enrollment in the course to be taught or equivalent. Arts students must pass this course toward graduation. They may, however, upon petition to their class dean, carry fewer than 12 other credits and remain in good standing. This would affect Dean’s List eligibility, but not eligibility for graduating with Distinction. S-U grades optional, with permission of instructor. Hours TBA. Staff. Designed to give qualified undergraduate students teaching experience through actual involvement in planning and assisting in biology courses. This experience may include supervised participation in a discussion group, assisting in a biology laboratory, assisting in field biology, or tutoring. Biological sciences courses currently offering such experience include: BIO G 105–106, BIOAP 311, 313, 319; BIOM 330, 331; BIOES 274, 475; and BIOM 291, 292.

**BIO G 499 Undergraduate Research in Biology**

Fall or spring. Variable credit. Students in the College of Arts and Sciences may not register for more than 6 credits per term with one supervisor or 8 credits per term with more than one supervisor. Prerequisite: written permission of staff member who supervises the work and assigns the grade. Students must register in the Office of Undergraduate Biology in 216 Stimson Hall. Each student must submit an independent study statement describing the proposed research project during course registration. Applications (are available in the college offices and in 216 Stimson Hall.) Any faculty member in Biological Sciences may act as a supervisor. Supervisors outside of Cornell are not acceptable. S-U grades optional. Hours TBA. Staff. Practice in planning, conducting, and reporting independent laboratory and library research programs. Up to three credits of research may be used to complete the Program of Studies in general biology, genetics and development, and systematics and biotic diversity and four credits of research in neurobiology and behavior.

**BIO G 663 Nanobiotechnology (also AEP 663)**

Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Lecs, T R 1:25–2:40. Nanobiotechnology faculty. Nanobiotechnology is the application of nano- and microfabrication methods to build tools for exploring the mysteries of biological systems. It is a graduate-level course that will cover the basics of biology and the principles and practice of microfabrication techniques with a focus on applications in biomedical and biological research. One objective of the course is to facilitate a means through which biologists and engineers can communicate. A team design project that stresses interdisciplinary communication and problem solving will be one of the course requirements.

**BIO G 705 Advanced Immunology Lectures (also VETMI 705)**


**BIO G 706 Immunology of Infectious Diseases and Tumors (also VETMI 719)**

Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisite: BIO G 305 or permission of instructor. S-U grades optional, with permission of instructor. Lec, R 10:10–12:05. Offered alternate years. Coordinator: F. Denkers. Coverage at an advanced level of the immunology of diseases caused by selected viruses, protozoa, and helminthis, and tumor immunology.

**Related Courses in Other Departments**

The Saa: An Introduction to Oceanography (Biological Sciences [BIOS] 154)

Medicine and Civilization (Biology and Society 322)

Pathogenic Bacteriology and Mycology (Biological Sciences [BIOM] 404 and Veterinary Microbiology 318)

Viruses and Disease (Biological Sciences [BIOM] 408 and Veterinary Microbiology 408)

**ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY (BIOAP)**

**BIOAP 212 Human Physiology for Non-Biology Majors**

Spring. 3 credits. May not be taken for credit after BIOAP 311. Limited to 130 students. This course may be used toward the science distribution requirement of the College of Arts and Sciences and the Group B distribution requirement of the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences. This course may not be used to fulfill the requirements of any program of study in the biological sciences major. Evening pre-requisites: March 1 and Apr. 12. Lecs, M W F 1:25, disc, M W F 2:15. P. W. Concannon and L. Chaffey. Introduction to the physiology of all major organ systems and the relation of that physiology to human health and disease. Emphasis on understanding of major body functions and control mechanisms regulating each organ system. Students develop a fundamental understanding of how their bodies work that will be the basis of making informed decisions about their own health and medical needs and those of their families. Taught by physiologists of the Department of Biomedical Sciences.
BIOAP 311 Introductory Animal Physiology, Lectures (also VETPH 346)
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: one year of college biology, chemistry, and mathematics. Recommended: previous or concurrent course in physics. S-U grades optional. Lects., T R 11:15 E. R. Loew and staff.

A general course in animal physiology emphasizing principles of operation, regulation, and integration common to a broad range of living systems from the cellular to the organismal level. Structure/function relationships are stressed along with underlying physico-chemical mechanisms.

BIOAP 312 Farm Animal Behavior (also ANSC 305)
Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisites: Introductory animal physiology (ANSC 100 and 150 or equivalents). Recommended: at least one animal production course or equivalent experience. S-U grades optional. Lects., T R 11:15 E. A. Oltenacu, K. A. Houpt.
The behavior of various species (avian and mammalian) influences the success of any management program. Students study behaviors relating to communication, learning, social interactions, reproduction, and feeding of domestic animals, and their physiological basis. Management systems for commercial livestock production and their implications for animal behavior and welfare are stressed.

BIOAP 313 Histology: The Biology of the Tissues
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: one year of introductory biology. Recommended: BIOBM 350 or equivalent, and previous or concurrent enrollment in BIOAP 311. S-U grades optional, with permission of instructor. Evening prelms.: Sept. 28 and Nov. 9. Lects., T R 1:25, labs., T R 2:30-5:00. C. Wahl.

Provides students with a basis for understanding the microscopic, fine-structural, and functional organization of vertebrates, as well as methods of analysis and morphology at the cell and tissue levels. Dynamic interrelations of structure, composition, and function in cells and tissues are emphasized. The course may include work with vertebrate animals.

BIOAP 316 Cellular Physiology
Spring. 4 credits. Limited to 72 students, with preference given to students studying in animal physiology. Each lab limited to 36 students. S-U grades optional, and previous or concurrent enrollment in BIOBM 350 or 331 and 332 or 333. Evening prelms.: Feb. 27, Apr. 3, and Apr. 26. Lects., M W F 10:10; lab, M or T 12:55-5:00. A. Quarani and staff.

Lectures introduce students to cell and organ culture and to immunological techniques used to study cell structure and function in vivo and in vitro. Experiments performed in the laboratory are closely related to, and provide practical experience with, subjects covered in the lectures. Vertebrate animals are used in this course. No experimentation is performed on live animals.

BIOAP 319 Animal Physiology Experimentation
Fall. 4 credits. Designed for upper-level undergraduate and graduate students studying in physiology, and other students interested in biomedically related professions. Graduate students in the field of Physiology and related fields without equivalent background are strongly encouraged to enroll. Each of 2 afternoon laboratory sections is limited to 40 students. Prerequisite: concurrent or previous enrollment in BIOAP 311 or permission of instructor. Lect. R 12:20, lab, M or W 12:20-5:00 (includes disc section). Faculty.

A series of student-conducted in vivo and in vitro experiments designed to illustrate basic physiological processes in animals, with emphasis on relevance to humans, and to introduce students to physiology research techniques, instrumentation, experimental design, and interpretation of results. Techniques include anesthesia, surgical procedures, vivisection under anesthesia, and real-time computerized analysis of data. Experiments with living tissues and live animals examine properties of blood, muscle, and nerves; cardiovascular, respiratory, and renal function and their control; and endocrine regulation of renal, cardiovascular, and reproductive tissue activity. Experimental resources include live animals, frogs, rats, and rabbits, which are euthanized after the experiment. Home case studies, laboratory performance, and weekly quizzes are required. Grading is based on evaluation of these reports, take-home case studies, laboratory performance, and weekly quizzes.

BIOAP 458 Mammalian Physiology
Spring. 3 credits. Enrollment limited. Graduate student auditors allowed. Prerequisite: BIOAP 311 or equivalent. Students not meeting this prerequisite must obtain written permission of instructor in T8 014 Vet Research Tower before the first class. Evening prelms.: Feb. 20, Mar. 27, and Apr. 24. Lects., M W F 10:10. K. W. Beyenbach and staff.

The course offers an in-depth treatment of selected topics in mammalian and human physiology. Emphasis is on concepts and the working knowledge of physiology. Selected topics include: basic functional elements of biological systems; recurrent themes in physiology; design of multicellular animals; mammalian fluid compartments; homeostasis; membrane and epithelial transport; electro-physiology; cardiovascular physiology; gastrointestinal physiology; renal physiology; and acid-base physiology. The lectures incorporate clinical correlations whenever appropriate. Occasional guest lecturers talk about work and careers in basic research and/or clinical medicine. Recommended for veterinary science majors, pre-vet students, and beginning graduate students in physiology, nutrition, and animal science.

BIOAP 619 Lipids (also NS 602)
Fall. 2 credits. Lects., T R 11:15. A. Bensadoun.

Advanced course on biochemical, metabolic, and nutritional aspects of lipids. Emphasis is placed on critical analysis of current topics in lipid methodology, lipid absorption; lipoprotein secretion, molecular structure, and catabolism; molecular biology, function and regulation of lipoprotein receptors; mechanism of hormonal regulation of lipolysis and fatty acid synthesis; and cholesterol metabolism and atherosclerosis.

BIOAP 710-718 Special Topics in Physiology
Fall or spring. 1 or 2 credits for each topic. May be repeated for credit. Enrollment in each topic may be limited. S-U grades optional, with permission of instructor. Lectures, laboratories, discussions, and seminars on specialized topics.

BIOAP 711 Readings in Applied Animal Behavior
Fall. 1 credit. Prerequisite: BIOAP 311 or equivalent. Offered alternate years. Lect., 1 hour each week TBA. K. A. Houpt.

BIOAP 712 Thermoregulation and Exercise

BIOAP 713 The Physiological Control Systems That Control Ingestive Behavior: Food and Water Intake
Fall. 1 credit. T. R. Houpt.

A variety of species will be considered with emphasis on common mammalian species: rat, dog, goat, pig, horse, and human. A mixed lecture/seminar format will be used. Open to both graduate and undergraduate students.

BIOAP 714 Cardiac Electrophysiology
Fall. 1 credit. Offered alternate years. R. Gilmour.

Survey of cardiac potentials, passive membrane properties, ion channels, and cardiac arrhythmias. Emphasis on nonlinear dynamical aspects of cardiac electrophysiology and cardiac arrhythmias.

BIOAP 715 Stress Physiology: To Be Discussed as Part of Animal Welfare
Fall. 1 credit. Prerequisite: BIOAP 311 or equivalent. Offered alternate years. K. A. Houpt.

The emphasis will be on physiological assessment of stress.
BIOAP 719 Graduate Research in Animal Physiology (also VETPH 628)
Fall or spring. Variable credit. Prerequisites: written permission of the section chair and of the faculty member who supervises the work and assigns the grade. Students must register in Vet Research Tower 825. S-U grades optional. Hours TBA. Staff. Similar to BIO G 499 but intended for graduate students who are working with faculty members on an individual basis.

BIOAP 757 Current Concepts in Reproductive Biology

A team-taught survey course in reproductive physiology. Endocrinology. Lectures by a number of reproductive biologists on various aspects of male reproductive function (endocrine regulation, testis function, spermatogenesis, and sperm physiology/function), female reproductive function (endocrinology, ovarian development and functions, oocyte physiology/function), fertilization and early embryo development; pregnancy; and pedagogical and reproductive technology. Student participation in the form of discussions and/or presentations.

BIOAP 811 Advanced Physiological Methods I
Fall. 2 credits. Enrollment limited. Prerequisites: graduate student status or permission of course coordinator. S-U grades only. Lab TBA. Coordinator: J. Ray. This is a course primarily for graduate students in physiology and related disciplines. Experiments are carried out in the laboratories of physiology faculty members to acquaint graduate students with the latest techniques/methods in physiological research. Three modules are offered each semester by arrangement with the course coordinator.

BIOAP 812 Advanced Physiological Methods II
Spring. 2 credits. Enrollment limited. Prerequisites: graduate student status or permission of course coordinator. S-U grades only. Lab TBA. Coordinator: J. Ray. This is a course primarily for graduate students in physiology and related disciplines. Experiments are carried out in the laboratories of physiology faculty members to acquaint graduate students with the latest techniques/methods in physiological research. Three modules are offered each semester by arrangement with the course coordinator.

Related Courses in Other Departments
Adaptations of Marine Organisms (Biological Sciences [BIOG] 413)
Advanced Work in Animal Parasitology (Veterinary Microbiology 737)
Animal Development (Veterinary Anatomy 507)
Animal Reproduction and Development (Animal Science 300)
Developmental Biology (Biological Sciences [BIOGD] 385)
Embryology (Biological Sciences [BIOGD] 389)
Fundamentals of Endocrinology (Animal Science 427)

Insect Morphology (Entomology 322)
Integration and Coordination of Energy Metabolism (Biological Sciences [BIOBM] 637 and Nutritional Sciences 636)
Neuroanatomy (Veterinary Anatomy 504)
Sensory Function (Biological Sciences [BIONB] 492)
Teaching Experience (Biological Sciences [BIO G] 498)
Undergraduate Research in Biology (Biological Sciences [BIO G] 499)

BIOCHEMISTRY, MOLECULAR AND CELL BIOLOGY (BIOBM)

BIOBM 132 Orientation Lectures in Biochemistry
Spring, weeks 1–3. No credit. Primarily for freshmen, sophomores, and transfer students. S-U grades only (registered students receive a unsatisfactory grade for nonattendance). Lect, T R 10:10–11:00, for first three S of semester. Section chair and staff.

Discussions by six professors about their research and promising areas for research in the future.

BIOBM 233 Introduction to Biomolecular Structure (also CHEM 233)
Fall. 2 credits. Limited to 30 students. Prerequisites: CHEM 207–208 or equivalent. Lects, T R 2:30–3:20. S. E. Ealick. This course is intended for students with a basic understanding of chemistry who are considering a program of study in biochemistry. The interrelationship between the structure and function of biologically important molecules are explored. Emphasis is placed on understanding the way in which the three-dimensional arrangements of atoms determine the biological properties of both small molecules and macromolecules such as proteins and enzymes. The study of molecular structure is aided by interactive computer graphics for visualizing three-dimensional structures of molecules.

BIOBM 330–332 Principles of Biochemistry
Introduction biochemistry is offered in three formats: individualized instruction (330) and lectures (331 and 332) during the academic year and lecture (333) during the summer. Individualized instruction is offered to a maximum of approximately 250 students each semester. Lectures given fall semester (331), spring semester (332), and summer (333).

BIOBM 330 Principles of Biochemistry, Individualized Instruction
Fall or spring, 4 credits. Prerequisites: one year of introductory biology for majors and one year of general chemistry and CHEM 257 or 357–358 (CHEM 358 may be taken concurrently) or equivalent, or permission of instructor. Concurrent registration in BIOBM 334 is encouraged. May not be taken for credit after BIOBM 331, 332, or 333. S-U grade optional for graduate students only. Evening prelims: fall, Oct. 3 and Nov. 2; spring, Feb. 27 and Apr. 5. Hours TBA. J. E. Blankenship, P. C. Hinkle, and staff.

Fourteen units that cover protein structure and function, enzymes, basic metabolic pathways, DNA, RNA, protein synthesis, and an introduction to gene cloning. No formal lectures; autotutorial format.

BIOBM 331 Principles of Biochemistry: Proteins and Metabolism
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: one year of introductory biology for majors and one year of general chemistry and CHEM 257 or 357–358 (CHEM 257 or 357 should not be taken concurrently) or equivalent, or permission of instructor. May not be taken for credit after BIOBM 330 or 333. S-U grades with permission of instructor.

The chemical reactions important to biology, and the enzymes that catalyze these reactions, are discussed in an integrated format. Topics include protein folding, enzyme catalysis, bioenergetics, and key reactions of synthesis and catabolism.

BIOBM 332 Principles of Biochemistry: Molecular Biology
Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisites: one year of introductory biology for majors and previous or concurrent registration in organic chemistry, or permission of instructor. May not be taken for credit after BIOBM 330 or 333. S-U grades optional, with permission of instructor. Lects, T R 12:20–1:30. B. K. Tyte.

A comprehensive course in molecular biology that covers the structure and properties of DNA, RNA replication and recombination, synthesis and processing of RNA and proteins, the regulation of gene expression, and the principles and uses of recombinant DNA technologies.

BIOBM 333 Principles of Biochemistry: Proteins, Metabolism, and Molecular Biology
Summer (8-week session). 4 credits. Prerequisites: one year of introductory biology for majors and one year of general chemistry and CHEM 257, or 357–358, or equivalents, or permission of the instructor. May not be taken for credit after BIOBM 330, 331, or 332. S-U grades with permission of instructor. Lects, M W F 10:00–12:00. S. Ely or H. T. Nivison.
The content of this course is similar to that of BIOBM 330, however, it is presented in lecture format rather than as individualized instruction. The topics include the structure and function of proteins, enzyme catalysis, metabolism, and the replication and expression of genes.

BIOBM 334 Computer Graphics and Molecular Biology
Fall or spring. 1 credit. Prerequisite: concurrent registration in BIOBM 330. If space permits, students who have completed BIOBM 331 and have either taken or are concurrently taking, BIOBM 332 will be permitted to register during the first week of classes. Disc: TBA. J. E. Blankenship, P. C. Hinkle, and staff.

Visualization of complex biomolecules using Silicon Graphics computers. Group presentations on current topics in molecular biology.

BIOBM 407 Nature of Sensing and Response: Signal Transduction in Biological Systems (also PLPA 407)
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: BIOBM 330 or 333 or 331 and previous or concurrent registration in 332. Recommended: BIOGD 281. S-U grades optional. Lect T R 10:10–11:15. T. P. Delaney.
BIOCHEMISTRY, MOLECULAR AND CELL BIOLOGY 153

The responses of organisms and cells to their surroundings are examined to illustrate how biological systems sense their biotic and abiotic environment and communicate sensing into appropriate responses. A wide variety of response systems will be explored to identify their unique features and to illustrate how similar processes are utilized by widely divergent organisms. Examples are drawn from prokaryote, plant and animal systems for environmental sensing, control of development and responses during disease. Discussion will also examine the role of genetics and biochemistry in understanding signal transduction pathways, as well as the way these systems are perturbed by mutation and disease.

**BIOBM 430 Laboratories in Biochemistry, Molecular, and Cell Biology (also BIONB 430)**
Fall, spring, summer. 2 or 4 credits (students are expected to sign up for two sections for a total of 4 credits; limited space available for students taking only one section). Enrollment limited. Prerequisites: BIOBM 330, or 331 and previous or concurrent enrollment in 332, or 352 and previous or concurrent enrollment in 331 or 333, and permission of instructor. Strongly recommended: BIOGD 281. Form to apply for admission to this course is found on the web (www.h-biochem/bio/biobm430/signup.html). Registration in the course is official only if the form is completed before a student preregisters. Class assignments are affected by the date the enrollment form is returned. Preference given to undergraduate majors in the Biochemistry or Molecular and Cell Biology Programs of Study, and to graduate students with a minor in the Field of Biochemistry, Molecular and Cell Biology. Each section is seven weeks during the semester, which sections are offered in each semester depends on scheduling constraints and student preferences. Labs, M W 12:20-4:25 (disc, T 1:25-2:25) or T 9:05-4:25 (disc, R 1:25-2:25) or R 9:05-4:25 (disc, T 1:25-2:25).

**Section 01 Experimental Molecular Biology**
2 credits. S. Ely and H. T. Nivison. Experiments include cloning of DNA fragments, restriction mapping, DNA sequencing, Southern blotting, and PCR. The experiments emphasize quantitative aspects as well as experimental design.

**Section 02 Experimental Proteins and Enzymology**
2 credits. S. Ely and H. T. Nivison. Experiments include purification of enzymes by salt fractionation, ion exchange chromatography, and affinity chromatography, determination of kinetic parameters for an enzyme, analysis of proteins by rate zonal sedimentation, SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis, and immunoblotting.

**Section 03 Experimental Cell Biology**
Spring only. 2 credits. T. Huffaker. Experiments include culture of animal cells, purification and analysis of subcellular components, immune fluorescence and electron microscopy, and in vitro assays.

**Section 04 Experimental Molecular Neurobiology**

Experiments include PCR, cloning of DNA fragments, RNA purification, restriction digests, bacterial transformation, and DNA sequencing. Experiments will emphasize how molecular techniques can be applied to studying neurobiological problems.

**BIOBM 432 Survey of Cell Biology**
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: BIOBM 330, 333, or 351, and previous or concurrent registration in 332, or equivalent. Recommended: BIOGD 281. S-U grades optional for graduate students only. Lecs, M W 8:40-9:55, W. J. Brown, V. M. Vogt, D. Manor.
A survey of a wide array of topics focusing on the general properties of eucaryotic cells. The topics include methods used for studying cells, the structure and function of the major cellular organelles, and analyses of cellular processes such as mitosis, endocytosis, cell motility, secretion, cell-to-cell communication, gene expression, and oncogenesis. Some of the material is covered in greater depth in BIOBM 437, BIOGD 483, BIOBM 652, 636, and 639.

**BIOBM 434 Applications of Molecular Biology to Medicine, Agriculture, and Industry**
Fall. 5 credits. Enrollment limited to 36 students. Prerequisites: BIOBM 330 or 333 or 331 and 332. Recommended: BIOGD 281. S-U grades optional. Lecs, M W F 11:15. J. M. Galvo, S. Ely.
By considering various applications of biology, you may extend your knowledge of molecular biology and integrate information from biochemistry, cell biology, genetics, immunology, virology, microbiology, and plant biology. Topics include large-scale sequencing of genomes, drug discovery based upon genomics, mapping and cloning human disease genes, DNA vaccines, transgenic animals, engineering plants resistant to insects, and gene therapy. Problem solving and oral presentations are important aspects of this course.

**BIOBM 435-436 Undergraduate Biochemistry Seminar**
435, Fall, 436, spring. 1 credit each term. May be repeated for credit. Limited to upperclass students. Prerequisites: BIOBM 330, 333, or 352 or written permission of instructor. S-U grades only. Semester TBA. Organizational meeting first week of each semester at 4 P.M. Not offered fall 2000. Offered spring 2001. Fall: G. P. Hess, spring, staff. Selected papers from the literature on a given topic are evaluated critically during six or seven two-hour meetings.

**Molecular Neurobiology 435-01 (undergraduates) 735-01 (graduates) (also BIONB 420-02/720-05)**
Fall 2000 only. 2 credits. Limited to 40 students. S-U and letter grades. Prerequisites: BIOBM 330 or 332 (or equivalent molecular biology course), and BIOBM 222 (or equivalent neurobiology course). For graduate students with a strong background in one of those areas, the prerequisite in the other area is waived. Lecs, R 12:20-2:25, and seminars F 4:00-5:30 (5 times during the semester). R. Harris-Warrick, M. Wolfner, and staff. Five leading international experts will come to Cornell for public seminars that describe recent advances in data and theory at the intersection between neurobiology and molecular biology. Topic coverage will center around the structure and function of ion channels and neurotransmitter receptors. During the Thursday class meeting prior to each expert's visit, students and course faculty will present and discuss recent papers by the upcoming speaker. The following week, students will be required to attend two one-hour seminars by the speaker (Thursday at 12:20 P.M. and Friday at 4 P.M.) and a one-hour in-depth discussion meeting with the speaker after the Thursday seminar.

**BIOBM 437 Eukaryotic Cell Proliferation (also TOX 437)**
Fall. 2 or 3 credits. (Students may take lectures for 2 credits and discussions for 3 credits. Enrollment for discussion section is limited to 20, with preference given to graduate students.) Prerequisite: BIOG 101-102 or BIOG 105-106 and BIOBM 330 or BIOBM 331-332. Recommended: BIOGD 281 and BIOBM 432. S-U grades optional. Lecs, T R 12:20-1:10. Disc. TBA. R.-H. Chen.
The course covers a wide spectrum of issues related to cell proliferation in eukaryotes. Lectures include various aspects of the regulation of cell division cycle and signal transduction pathways, with additional topics on oncogenesis, cell aging, and cell death. The facts as well as concepts and topics behind the findings are discussed. Selected papers from the literature on a given topic are evaluated critically during six or seven two-hour meetings.

**BIOBM 439 Molecular Basis of Human Disease**
Fall. 1 credit. Prerequisites: BIOBM 330 or BIOBM 331-332. Recommended: genetics (e.g. BIOGD 283) and molecular biology (e.g., BIOBM 432 or BIOAP 316). S-U grades optional. Lecs, T R 11:15 for the first 7 weeks of the semester. (Note: beginning fall 2001 this will be a 2-credit course, offered T R 11:15 for the entire semester.) W. L. Kraus.
This course will examine how changes in the normal expression, structure, and activity of gene products caused by genetic mutations and environmental agents lead to human diseases. The material will focus on how proteins with modified structures and biochemical activities cause alterations in normal cellular processes, as well as the physiological consequences of these changes. Topics will be selected from hormones, neurobiology syndromes, inborn errors of metabolism, gene fusions resulting in hybrid proteins, gene amplification, gene inactivation, disruption of signaling pathways, disruption of metabolic pathways, and the molecular actions of environmental poisons and toxins. Examples of diseases will be selected to emphasize various aspects of cell biology, physiology, and immunology that have been presented in other courses. In addition, the methods used to identify the underlying biochemical and genetic basis of the diseases, as well as possible pharmacological and genetic therapies for treating the diseases, will be presented.

**BIOBM 631 Protein Structure and Function**
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: BIOBM 330 or 333 or 331 and 332 and organic chemistry. Recommended: physical chemistry. S-U grades optional. Lecs, M W F 9:05. L. Nicholson.
Presentations on the principles of protein structure and the nature of enzymatic
Lectures on topics of eucaryotic gene organization, regulation of gene expression, RNA processing, chromatin structure, the structure and movement of chromosomes, and the architecture of the nucleus. This course covers the structure and function of the nucleus at the molecular and cell biological levels, and together with BIOBM 37, 632 and 636, provides broad coverage of the cell biology subject area.

BIOBM 641 Laboratory in Plant Molecular Biology (also BIOPL 641) Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: BIOGD 281 or equivalent, BIOBM 330 or 331 or equivalent, and permission of instructor. Students must have completed BIOBM 367. Strongly advised to preregister by Nov. 29, in the Section of Plant Biology main office (Room 228 Plant Science Building). S-U grades optional. Lab, T 9:05-4:30. J. B. Nasrallah, M. R. Hanson.

Selected experiments on gene expression, gene transfer, and assay of reporter genes in plants. The course emphasizes the application of molecular biology methodology to plant systems. Additional lab time is required to complete assignments.

BIOBM 730 Protein NMR Spectroscopy (also VETPR 730) Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisites: CHEM 389 or 390 and CHEM 287 or 288 or permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. Lect, TBA. L. K. Nicholson, R. E. Owad.

The student acquires the tools necessary for in-depth understanding of multidimensional, multinuclear NMR experiments. Schemes for magnetization transfer, selective excitation, water suppression, decoupling, and others are presented. The application of these techniques to proteins for resonance assignment, structure determination, and dynamics' characterization is studied.

BIOBM 732-737 Current Topics in Biochemistry Fall or spring: 1/2 or 1 credit for each topic. May be repeated for credit. Prerequisite: BIOBM 330 or 331 and 332 or equivalent. S-U grades only.

Lectures and seminars on specialized topics. Topics for fall and spring to be announced in the division's course supplement published at the beginning of each semester.


Lectures briefly cover the fundamentals of crystallography and focus on methods for determining the three-dimensional structures of macromolecules.

BIOBM 750 Cancer Cell Biology (also VETPA 750) Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: BIOBM 330 or 331 or 332 and 333 or equivalent. Lect, TBA. Offered alternate years. J. Guan, R. Levine, B. Pauli, A. Yen.

"Course covers molecular, cellular, and genetic aspects of cancer." For course description see VETPA 750.

BIOBM 833 Research Seminar in Biochemistry Fall or spring. 1 credit each term. May be repeated for credit. Required of, and limited to, second-, third-, and fourth-year graduate students majoring in biochemistry. S-U grades only. Sem, M 12:20-1:30. T. C. Hulfer.

Each student presents one seminar per year on his or her thesis research and then meets with instructors and thesis committee members for evaluation.

BIOBM 836-837 Methods and Logic in Biochemistry, Molecular and Cell Biology 836, spring; 837, fall. 1 credit each term. Limited to first-year graduate students majoring in the Field of Biochemistry. Molecular and Cell Biology. S-U grades only. Sem and disc TBA. Fall: G. P. Hess; spring: J. Roberts. A seminar course with critical discussion by students of original research papers. A variety
ECOLOGY AND EVOLUTIONARY BIOLOGY (BIOES)

BIOES 154 The Sea: An Introduction to Oceanoigraphy (also GEOL 104)
Spring. 3 or 4 credits (4-credit option includes one 2 1/2 hour laboratory each week). S-sec. Lects, T-Th 11:40-12:55; lab, M or W 2:00-4:25, or M 7:30-9:55 p.m. C. H. Greene, W. M. White. A survey of the physics, chemistry, geology, and biology of the oceans for both science and non-science majors. Topics include: sea-floor spreading and plate tectonics, marine sedimentation, chemistry of seawater, ocean currents and circulation, the oceans and climate, ocean ecology, coastal processes, marine pollution, and marine resources.

BIOES 261 Ecology and the Environment
Fall or summer. 4 credits. Prerequisite: one year of introductory biology. S-U grades optional. Lects, M W F 11:15-12:10, disc, W 12:15-1:20, or R 1:25-2:30, or 3:35. R. B. Root and staff. An introduction to the science of ecology, the study of interactions between organisms and their environments. Major topics include demography, succession, biodiversity, biogeochemistry and ecosystems, and the evolution of adaptations. The influences of enemies, competitors, and mutualists on populations and communities are discussed. The effects of climate and human activities on ecological processes are also considered. Ecological principles are used to explain the issues associated with several environmental problems.

BIOES 263 Field Ecology
Fall. 2 credits. Limited to 25 students. Prerequisite: concurrent or previous enrollment in BIOES 261. Lect, R 1:25; lab, F 11:20-2:00; 1 weekend field trip to the Hudson Valley. R. B. Root. Field exercises designed to give students direct experience with field work, with emphasis on developing observational skills, journal keeping, and a landscape perspective. Topics include plant succession, niche relationships of insects, influence of herbivores, and competition on plant performance, decomposition of soil litter, foraging behavior, census methods, and use of scientific collections.

BIOES 264 Birds in Biology
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to 25 students. May not be taken for credit after BIOES 475. Intended primarily for biology nonmajors.

BIOES 267 Introduction to Conservation Biology
Fall. 3 credits. May not be taken for credit after NTRES 450. Intended for both science and non-science majors. Completion of BIOES 267 is not required for NTRES 450. S-U grades optional. Lects, M W 9:05; disc, F 9:05 or R 2:30; 1 Saturday field trip. A. S. Fleischman. An exploration of biological concepts related to conserving the earth's biodiversity, introducing ecological and evolutionary principles important for understanding major conservation problems. Topics include patterns of species and ecosystem diversity, causes of extinction, genetic risks of small populations, design of nature preserves, strategies for protecting endangered species, ecosystem restoration, and the value of biodiversity.

BIOES 274 The Vertebtates: Structure, Function, and Evolution
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: one year of introductory biology. Fee, $25. Lects, M W F 12:20; lab, M T or W 1:25-4:25. K. R. Zamudio. An introductory course in vertebrate organizational biology which explores the structure and function of vertebrates with an emphasis on trends in vertebrate evolution. Lectures will cover topics such as the origin and evolution of various vertebrate groups, sensory systems, thermoregulation, life history, locomotion, feeding, and sensory systems. Laboratories include dissections of preserved vertebrate animals and noninvasive live animal demonstrations.

BIOES 275 Human Biology and Evolution (also ANTHR 275 and NS 275)
Fall. 3 credits. S-U grades optional, with permission of either instructor. Lects, W F 10:10; disc, M 10:10 or TBA. Offered alternate years. K. A. R. Kennedy, J. D. Haas. An introduction to the biology of Homo sapiens through an examination of human evolution, biological diversity, and modes of adaptation to past and present environments. Evolutionary theory is reviewed in relation to the current evidence from the fossil record and studies of the evolution of human behavior. This adaptation covers a complex of biological and behavioral responses to environmental stress. Human diversity is examined as the product of long-term evolutionary forces and short-term adaptive responses. Topics such as creationism, the Piltdown fraud, the sociobiology debate, genetic engineering, race and IQ, and racism are presented as examples of current issues in human biology.

BIOES 278 Evolutionary Biology
Fall or spring. 3 or 4 credits. (4-credit option involves writing component and two discussion sections per week; limited to 20 students each semester. Students may not preregister for the 4-credit option; interested students complete an application form on the first day of class.) Limited to 300 students. Prerequisite: 1 year of introductory biology or permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. Evening prelms: fall, Sept. 21 and Oct. 26; spring, Feb. 27 and April 9. K. A. R. Kennedy. A broad survey of the fossil evidence for human evolution with special attention to skeletal and dental anatomy, geological contexts, paleoecology, dating methods, archaeological associations, and current theories of human origins and physical diversity.

BIOES 371 Human Paleontology (also ANTHR 371)
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: one year of introductory biology or ANTHR 101 or permission of instructor. Lects, M W F 2:30; lab, 1 hour each week TBA; occasional field trips. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000–2001. R. B. Root. A broad survey of the fossil evidence for human evolution with special attention to skeletal and dental anatomy, geological contexts, paleoecology, dating methods, archaeological associations, and current theories of human origins and physical diversity.

BIOES 373 Biology of the Marine Invertebrates
Fall (but taken in the previous summer at the Shouls Marine Laboratory [SML]). 4 credits. Limited to 30 students. Prerequisite: 1 year of introductory biology for majors. Permission of faculty required because it will be off campus. Two week, full-time course (August). Daily and evening lectures, laboratories, and field work. Total cost for room, board, and overhead at SML: $800. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000–2001. C. D. Harrell, J. G. Morin, SML Faculty. An introduction to the biology and evolution of the major invertebrate phyla, concentrating on marine representatives. In addition to the evolution of form and function, lectures cover aspects of ecology, behavior, physiology, chemical ecology, and natural history of invertebrates. The Shouls Marine Laboratory exposes students to a wealth of marine and terrestrial invertebrates in their natural habitats. Regular field excursions allow an excellent opportunity to study freshly collected and in situ representatives of most of the major phyla.

BIOES 452 Herbivores and Plants: Chemical Ecology and Coevolution (also ENTOM 452)
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: one year of introductory biology, BIOES 261, CHEM 253 or 357/358 and 251 or 301, or permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. Field trips, additional lectures, or laboratory demonstrations may be held in
place of F lecture. Offered alternate years. Lects, M W F 11:15. P. P. Feney. Topics include: plant chemistry in mediating interactions between plants and herbivorous animals; mechanisms and strategies of plant finding and exploitation by animals, especially insects, and of defense and escape by plants; evolutionary hypotheses for ecological patterns of resistance and attack, and implications for human food and agriculture.

**[BIOES 455 Insect Ecology (also ENTM 455)]**

Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: BIOES 261 or equivalent and ENTM 212 or knowledge of another grades optional. Lects, M W F 11:15. Offered alternate years Not offered 2000–2001. R. B. Root. Topics include the nature and consequences of biotic diversity, biogeography, coevolution, adaptive syndromes exhibited by various guilds, population regulation, impact of insects on ecosystems, comparative and functional analysis of communities, and differences in the organization of natural and managed systems. Ecological and evolutionary principles are integrated by thorough study of exemplars.

**[BIOES 456 Stream Ecology (also ENTM 456 and NTRES 456)]**

Spring. 4 credits. Recommended: BIOES 261. S-U grades optional. Field project with lab papers. Lects, T R 9:05; lab, T W or R 1:25–4:25. Offered alternate years. B. L. Peckarsky. Lecture: addresses the patterns and processes occurring in stream ecosystems, including channel formation; water chemistry; watershed influences; plant, invertebrate, and fish community structure; nutrient cycling; trophic dynamics, colonization, and succession; community dynamics; conservation; and the impacts of disturbances. Lab: a field project includes descriptive and experimental techniques, and a field practice test related to environmental assessment.

**[BIOES 457 Limnology: Ecology of Lakes, Lectures]**

Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: BIOES 261 or written permission of instructor. Recommended: introductory chemistry. Lects, M W F 11:15. Offered alternate years. N. G. Hairston, Jr. Limnology is the study of inland fresh waters and other, nonmarine, environments. This course focuses on lakes and ponds, which are discussed as distinct aquatic environments with clear terrestrial boundaries, and within which ecological interactions are especially evident. In lakes, interactions between organisms are often strong and adaptations easily recognized. Physical and chemical processes operate on the organism level and impact organisms in important ways and organisms, likewise, influence physics and chemistry. As a result, lakes provide excellent systems for understanding the links between physical (thermal, chemical, dissolved elements and compounds), and organismal dynamics. Lakes are exciting environments for study in their own right, and for gaining perspective on ecological and evolutionary processes in general.

**[BIOES 459 Limnology: Ecology of Lakes, Laboratory]**

Fall. 2 credits. Prerequisite: concurrent or previous enrollment in BIOES 457. Lab, T W or R 1:25–4:25; 1 weekend field trip. Fee, $10 (for food on field trip). Offered alternate years. N. G. Hairston, Jr. and staff. Laboratories and field trips devoted to studies of the biological, chemical, and physical properties of lakes and other freshwater environments. Excises focus on understanding the freshwater environment, on experiments, and on understanding these processes within lakes. Optional vertebrate dissection (fish) during one laboratory exercise and during a portion of the weekend field trip.

**[BIOES 461 Population and Evolutionary Ecology]**

Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: BIOES 261 or 278 or two semesters of calculus, or permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. Lects, M W F 9:05; lab, M or T 1:25–4:25. Offered alternate years. D. W. Winkler and staff. Problems of ecology are viewed from an evolutionary perspective, exploring issues of adaptation and fitness by developing advanced understanding of demography and interspecific interactions. Blending theory and empirical findings, the course explores population dynamics, life-history theory, dispersal; competition; predation; parasite-host coevolution; mutualisms; and sexual, and group selection. Methods of estimation and analysis are learned in laboratory.

**[BIOES 462 Marine Ecology (also GEOL 462)]**

Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 75 students. Prerequisite: BIOES 261. Lects and discs, M W F 10:10. Offered alternate years. C. D. Harvell, C. H. Greene. Lectures and discussion focus on current research in broad areas of marine ecology with an emphasis on processes unique to marine systems. A synthetic treatment of multiple levels of organization in marine systems including animal, population, community, and ecosystem levels. Examples are drawn from all types of marine habitats, including polar seas, temperate coastal waters, and tropical coral reefs.

**[BIOES 463 Plant Ecology and Population Biology, Lectures]**

Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: BIOES 261 or 278 or equivalent and permission of instructor. Recommended: some taxonomic knowledge of higher plants and microbes. Lects, M W F 11:15. Offered alternate years. M. A. Geber, P. L. Marks. This course examines the biological and historical factors affecting the structure of plant communities, and the distribution, abundance, and population dynamics of individual species. The influence of the environment, disturbance history, competition, and herbivory on the organization of plant communities are considered. Plant populations are also studied through an analysis of plant life histories and population growth and animal interactions. Throughout the course, attention is paid to the empirical patterns, experimental results, and theory. Readings are drawn from the primary literature.

**[BIOES 464 Macroevolution]**

Spring. 4 credits. Limited to 25 students. Prerequisite: previous or concurrent enrollment in BIOES 466. Lab, M 1:25–4:25, plus additional lab hours TBA. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000–2001. Staff. A detailed survey of the physiological approaches used to understand the relationships between plants and their environment. Lectures explore physiological adaptation; limiting factors; resource acquisition and allocation; photosynthesis, carbon, and energy balance; water use and water relations; nutrient relations; linking physiology, development, and morphology; stress physiology; life history and physiology; the evolution of physiological performance; and community and ecosystem levels. Readings drawn from the primary literature and textbooks.

**[BIOES 466 Physiological Plant Ecology, Lectures]**

Fall. 2 credits. Limited to 15 students. Prerequisite: previous or concurrent enrollment in BIOES 466. Lab, M 1:25–4:25, plus additional lab hours TBA. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000–2001. Staff. A detailed survey of the physiological approaches used to understand the relationships between plants and their environment. Laboratories integrate techniques to specific ecological problems and cover aspects of experimental design and computer-aided data analysis. Most laboratories are past the theories and four weeks of students spending an average of three hours/ week in additional lab time for this course.

**[BIOES 471 Mammalogy]**

Fall. 4 credits. Recommended: BIOES 274. S-U grades optional, with permission of instructor. Carpools to the Vertebrate Collections at Research Park is necessary several times during the semester. Fee, $15. Lects, M W F 12:20; lab, M T or W 1:25–4:25; 1 weekend field trip required. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000–2001. Staff. Lectures on the evolution, classification, distribution, and adaptations of mammals. Laboratory and fieldwork on systematics,
ecology, and natural history of mammals of the world, with primary emphasis on the North American fauna. Systematics laboratories held in the museums at Research Park. Live animals are studied in the field and are sometimes used in the laboratory for nondestructive demonstrations or experiments. The systematics laboratory exercises are based on museum specimens.

**BIOES 472 Herpetology**

Lectures cover various aspects of the biology of amphibians and reptiles, including evolution, zoogeography, ecology, behavior, and physiology. Laboratory topics include systematics, morphology, and behavior. Live animals are studied in the field and are used in the laboratory for nondestructive demonstrations and experiments. The systematics laboratory exercises are based on museum specimens and dissection of preserved materials.

**BIOES 473 Ecology of Agricultural Systems (also CSS [ACAS] 479)**
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to 45 students. Prerequisite: BIOES 261 or permission of instructor. S-U grade optional. During the first 6 weeks of class, the Thursday meetings may run to 5:00 because of field trips. Lecs and discs, T R 2:30-3:45. Not offered 2000-2001. Offered alternate years; next offered fall 2002. A. G. Power, E. C. M. Fernandes.

Analysis of the ecological processes operating in agricultural systems, with an emphasis on the interactions between organisms. Topics include nutrient dynamics in agroecosystems, plant competition and facilitation, intercropping, the role of beneficial organisms, mutualism in agroecosystems, plant-herbivore relations, plant-pest interactions, and evolutionary processes in agriculture. Case studies from both the tropics and the temperate zone are used to illustrate important concepts.

**BIOES 474 Laboratory and Field Methods in Human Anatomy (also ANTHR 474)**
Spring. 5 credits. Limited to 16 students. Prerequisite: one year of introductory biology or ANTHR 101 or permission of instructor. Recommended: permission of instructor by preregistering in E235. Conron. Independent research project required. Lecs and labs, T R 10:10-12:05. Offered alternate years. K. A. R. Kennedy.

Practical exercises and demonstrations of modern approaches to the methodology of biological anthropology. Emphasis on comparative human anatomy, osteology, description of skeletal subjects, paleoanthropology, cranial and postcranial, and relevant field techniques for the archaeologist and forensic anthropologist.

**BIOES 475 Ornithology**
Fall. 4 credits. Limited to 30 students. Prerequisite: permission of instructor by preregistering in E235. Conron. Recommended: BIOES 274, S-U grade optional, with permission of instructor. Carpooling to the Vertebrate Collections at Research Park is necessary once a week. Fee. $15.

Lecs and labs, T R 12:20-4:25; occasional field trips and special projects. Offered alternate years. D. W. Winkler.

Lectures cover various aspects of the biology of birds, including anatomy, physiology, systematics, evolution, behavior, ecology, and biogeography. Laboratory includes dissection of dead material, studies of skeletons and plumages, and specimen identification of avian families of the world and species of New York. Independent projects emphasize research skills.

**BIOES 476 Biology of Fishes**
Fall. 4 credits. Limited to 24 students. Recommended: BIOES 274 or equivalent experience in vertebrate zoology. S-U grade optional, with permission of instructor. A small lab fee may be required. Lecs, M W F 10:10; lab, M 1:25-4:25, with additional lab time TBA; 2 field trips. Offered alternate years. A. R. McCune.

An introduction to the study of fishes: their structure, evolution, distribution, ecology, physiology, behavior, classification, and identification, with emphasis on local species. Two field trips, including one full day trip; five animals are studied in the field and are sometimes used in the laboratory for nondestructive demonstrations or experiments. The systematics and dissection laboratories use preserved specimens.

**BIOES 478 Ecosystem Biology**
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: BIOES 261 or equivalent. S-U grade optional. Lecs and discs, T R 10:10-12:05. Offered alternate years. L. O. Hedin, R. W. Howarth.

Analysis of ecosystems in terms of energy flow and nutrient cycles, emphasizing an experimental approach and comparative aspects of terrestrial, freshwater, and marine ecosystems. Consideration of anthropogenic effects on ecosystems, such as from acid precipitation and offshore oil pollution. Analysis of climate change and regional environmental change from an ecosystem perspective.

**BIOES 479 Paleobiology (also GEOL 479)**
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: one year of introductory biology for majors and either BIOES 274, GEOL 375, BIOES 373, or permission of instructor. S-U grade optional. Lecs, M W F 12:20; lab TBA. W. Allmon.

A survey of the principles and practice of paleontology and the major groups of organisms and their evolutionary histories. Intended to fill out the biological background of geology students and the geological backgrounds of biology students concerning the nature and significance of the fossil record for their respective studies.

**BIOES 490 Topics in Marine Biology**
Spring. 2 credits. May be repeated for credit.Primarily for undergraduates. Limited to 15 students. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. S-U grade optional. Lee, F 2:30-4:25. J. Morin and M. Shulman. Seminar courses on selected topics in marine biology, may include laboratory or field trips. Topics and times of organizational meeting are shown in departmental course offerings listed on the web site.

**BIOES 499 Field Studies in Ecology and Systematics**
Fall or spring. Variable credit. Prerequisites: BIOES 261, a taxon-oriented course, and permission of instructor. S-U grade optional, with permission of instructor. Lecs and field trips TBA. Estimated costs: to be announced. Not offered 2000-2001. P. L. Marks, R. B. Root.

This course provides students with opportunities to learn field techniques and new biota by participating in an intensive series of field exercises. Extended weekend trips may be scheduled during fall break, intersession, or spring break. The regions visited, trip objectives, and other details are announced by the various instructors at an organizational meeting held at the beginning of the semester. Meetings on campus are devoted to orientation and reports on completed projects.

**Section 01: Life Histories of Marine and Freshwater Invertebrates**
Fall. 2 credits. Prerequisite: undergraduates must have previous experience or course work with marine or freshwater invertebrates. Two extended weekend field trips in early September and October. Fee. $100 (to help cover transportation and housing at Shools Marine Laboratory). Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000-2001. C. D. Harvell, N. G. Haisont, Jr.

Field trips to the Shools Marine Laboratory and Sharkelkon Point Field Station. Students employ experimental approaches to study the evolution of invertebrate life histories.

**Section 02: Graduate Field Course in Ecology**
Spring. 3 credits. Restricted to graduate students. A fee will be required to help cover food and lodging for trip to Florida. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000-2001. P. L. Marks, R. B. Root.

The course is designed to give graduate students experience in defining questions and designing field investigations. The class is based at the Archbold Biological Station in central Florida over spring break and during the following week. Several ecosystems including sand pine scrub, cattle ranches, cypress swamps, everglades, and coral reefs.

**BIOES 661 Environmental Policy (also ALS 661 and BA/SOC 461)**
Fall and spring. 3 credits each term. Students must register for 6 credits each term, since an "R" grade is given at the end of the fall term.) Limited to 12 students. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Sem, R 2:30-4:30. D. Pimentel.

This course focuses on complex environmental issues. Ten to twelve students, representing several disciplines, investigate significant environmental problems. The research team spends two semesters preparing a scientific report for publication in the journal BioScience. Thus far, every study has been published.

**BIOES 665 Limnology Seminar**

A seminar course on advanced topics in freshwater ecology.
[BIOES 668] Principles of Biogeochemistry
Spring. 4 credits. Limited to 20 students. Prerequisites: solid background in ecology, environmental chemistry, or related environmental science. Permission of instructor required for undergraduates. S-U grades optional. Lecs and disc, T R 10:10-12:05. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000-2001. R. W. Howarth, L. O. Hedin. Lectures cover the biotic controls on the chemistry of the environment and the chemical control of ecosystem function. Emphasis is on cycles of major elements and minor elements globally and in selected ecosystems, stressing the coupling of element cycles. A comparative approach is used to illustrate similarities and differences in element cycling among ecosystems. Analysis of both theoretical and applied issues, including global atmospheric changes and factors controlling the acidification of lakes and soils.

[BIOES 669] Plant Ecology Seminar
Spring. 1 credit. May be repeated for credit. Suggested for students majoring or minoring in plant ecology. S-U grades optional. Instructor: A. Geber. Includes review of current literature, student research, and selected topics of interest to participants.

[BIOES 670] Graduate Seminar in Vertebrate Biology
Fall or spring. 1 credit. May be repeated for credit. Primarily for graduate students, written permission of instructor required for undergraduates. S-U grades only. Sem TBA. Not offered 2000-2001. Staff. Seminar presentations and discussions by students on areas of current research in vertebrate biology. Topics vary from semester to semester.

[BIOES 671] Palaeoanthropology of South Asia (also ANTHRO 671 and ASIAN 620)
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to 15 students. Lec, M 2:30-3:30; sem, W 7:30-9:30 p.m. Offered alternate years. Instructor: A. Geber. The course explores recent developments in the prehistoric archaeology, palaeo-ecology, and biological anthropology of the ancient peoples of India, Pakistan, Sri Lanka, and the bordering countries. Issues of origin and decline of the Indus Civilization, fossil record of early humans in the Indian subcontinent, and current research topics are discussed.

Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: one year of introductory biology or ANTHR 101 or permission of instructor. Lec, M 2:30; sem and disc. W 7:30-9:30 p.m. Not offered 2000-2001. Offered alternate years. Next offered fall 2002. K. A. R. Kennedy. A survey of the historical background of present-day concepts of human evolutionary variations and adaptations in space and time. The formation of biological anthropology as an area of scientific inquiry within the social and biological sciences is reviewed. Students select their own topics within a broad range of readings in the history of Western concepts of human origins, diversity, and place in nature.

[BIOES 760] Special Topics in Evolution and Ecology
Fall or spring. 1-5 credits. May be repeated for credit. Enrollment limited. S-U grades optional, with permission of instructor. Hours TBA. Staff.

[BIOES 763] Workshop in Biogeochemistry
Fall or spring. 1 credit. May be repeated for credit. Limited to 15 students. Prerequisite: BIOES 668. S-U grades only. Workshop and disc, TBA. Staff. Provides a workshop in which graduate students interact with invited world-leading biogeochemists. Workshop topics will change each semester. A one-week workshop will be preceded by seven, one-hour preparatory discussions of readings.

[BIOES 767] Current Topics in Ecology and Evolutionary Biology
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor required for undergraduates. S-U grades only. Lecs and disc, T R 10:10-12:05. Critical evaluation and discussion of theory and research in evolutionary biology. Lectures by faculty and student-led discussions of topics in areas of current importance.

[BIOES 899] M.S. Thesis Research
Fall or spring. 1-15 credits. Prerequisite: admission to the Field of Ecology and Evolutionary Biology. S-U grades optional. Hours TBA. E&EB Field Faculty. Thesis research conducted by an M.S. student in the Field of Ecology and Evolutionary Biology with advice and consultation of a major professor who is a member of the Field.

[BIOES 999] Ph.D. Dissertation Research
Fall or spring. 1-15 credits. Prerequisite: admission to the Field of Ecology and Evolutionary Biology as a Ph.D. student. S-U grades optional. Hours TBA. E&EB Field Faculty. Dissertation research conducted by a Ph.D. student in the Field of Ecology and Evolutionary Biology with advice and consultation of a major professor who is a member of the Field.

Related Courses in Other Departments
Animal Social Behavior (Biological Sciences [BIONB] 427)
Early People: The Archaeological and Fossil Record (Anthropology 203 and Archaeology 203)
Evolution of the Earth and Life (Biological Sciences [BIOG] 170 and Geological Sciences 102)
Marine Sciences Courses (Biological Sciences [BIOISM] 160-499)
Mathematical Ecology (Biometry and Statistics 662)
Related Courses in Entomology (Entomology 331, 370, 453, 471, 631, 634, 672)
Related Courses in Natural Resources (Natural Resources 301, 302, 418, 419, 450, 490)
Taxonomy of Vascular Plants (Biological Sciences [BIOPL] 248)
Teaching Experience (Biological Sciences [BIOG] 498)
Undergraduate Research in Biology (Biological Sciences [BIOG] 499)
Undergraduate Seminar in Biology (Biological Sciences [BIOG] 400)
Zoologicalarchaeological Method and Zoologicalarchaeological Interpretation (Anthropology 463/464 and Archaeology 463/464)

GENETICS AND DEVELOPMENT (BIOGD)

BIOGD 184 Understanding Genetics
Spring. 3 credits. May not be taken for credit after BIOGD 281 or 282. This course may be used to fulfill the requirements for any program of study in the biological sciences major. S-U grades optional. Lecs, M W F 2:30. Offered alternate years. T. D. Fox. An introduction to genetics for students majoring in fields other than biology. Genetics is a rapidly developing science that has provided insight into all aspects of biology and practical tools which increasingly affect our lives. The course shows how major conclusions about inheritance have been derived from the experimental evidence drawing on examples from the biology of humans, other animals, plants, fungi, and bacteria. It also illustrates current and future applications of genetic discoveries. For example, the basic principles of inheritance, in conjunction with methods for the isolation and detection of specific gene fragments, is used to understand the detection of genetic diseases and the identification of individuals (DNA fingerprinting). Topics to be covered include the origin of mutations, use of genetic tools to alter the properties of organisms and the influence of inheritance on behavior.

BIOGD 281 Genetics
Fall, spring, or summer (8-week session). 5 credits. Not open to freshmen in fall semester. Enrollment may be limited to 200 students. Prerequisite: one year of introductory biology or equivalent. No admittance after first week of classes. Students do not choose lab sections during course enrollment; lab assignments are made during first day of classes. Lecs, T R 10:10-12:05, lab, T W or F 2:30-4:25; additional hours TBA. Problem-solving sessions strongly recommended. T or W 8:30-9:45 (additional session TBA if necessary). P. J. Bruns, T. D. Fox, M. L. Goldberg, R. J. MacIntyre. A general study of the fundamental principles of genetics in eukaryotes and prokaryotes. Discussions of gene transmission, gene action and interaction, gene linkage and recombination, gene structure, gene and chromosome mutations, genes in populations, and extrachromosomal inheritance. Aspects of recombinant DNA technology are discussed. In the laboratory, students perform experiments with microorganisms and conduct an independent study of inheritance in Drosophila.

BIOGD 282 Human Genetics
Spring. 2 or 3 credits (2 credits if taken after BIOGD 281). Each discussion limited to 25 students. Prerequisite: 1 year of introductory biology or equivalent; permission of instructor required for students who have taken BIOGD 281. S-U grades optional. Lecs, M W 10:10 (Lecs also F 10:10 first 3 weeks only); disc, R 10:10 or F 10:10 or 11:15. M. Goldberg. Spring 2001 Lecturer M. Goldberg, thereafter switching to a fall course. Taught alternate years by P. Bruns (Fall 01/Goldberg, fall 02/Bruns).
A course designed for nonmajors. Lecturers discussed in section meetings.

**BIOGD 385 Developmental Biology**
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: BIOGD 281. Lecs, M W F 11:15. K. J. Kemphues.
An introduction to the morphogenetic, cellular, and genetic aspects of the developmental biology of animals.

**BIOGD 387 Developmental Aspects of Evolution**
Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisite: BIOGD 281. S-U grades optional. Lecs, T R TBA. Offered alternate years. A. W. Blackler. An examination of the developmental mechanisms that underlie evolutionary change and organismal diversity and of the developmental constraints that contribute to evolutionary conservatism.

**BIOGD 389 Embryology**
Spring. 3 credits. Preference given to seniors. Prerequisites: 1 year of introductory biology and a knowledge of mammalian adult anatomy. Lecs, T R 10:10; labs, T or R 2-4:25. A. W. Blackler. A course in the embryonic development of vertebrate animals, with emphasis on the comparative aspects of morphogenesis and function at the tissue and organ levels. The laboratory has a strong morphogenetic bias, emphasizing the comparative aspects of developmental anatomy and preparation for medical studies.

**BIOGD 450 Vertebrate Development**
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: Introductory Biology. S-U and letter grades. Lecs, T R 11:40-12:55. Not offered 2000–2001. Offered spring 2002. This course is designed to examine the developmental characteristics of vertebrates. The course will begin with an introduction to recent evolutionary and molecular approaches to understanding the rise of vertebrates. The development of vertebrate structures, such as neural crest, specialized sense organs, and limbs, will be examined in detail with emphasis on the cellular and molecular events controlling their development.

**BIOGD 480 Seminar in Developmental Biology**
Spring. 1 credit. May be repeated for credit. Limited to upper-class students. Prerequisite: BIOGD 281. S-U grades only. Seminar TBA. Staff.

**BIOGD 481 Population Genetics**
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: BIOGD 281, BIOES 278, or equivalents. Lecs, M W F 9:55-10:45; disc, T 2:30-3:20. C. F. Aquadro. Population genetics is the study of the transmission of genetic variation through time and space. The class explores how to quantify this variation, what the distribution of variation tells us about the structure of natural populations, and about the processes that lead to evolution. Topics include the diversity and measurement of genetic variation, mating and reproductive systems, selection and fitness, genetic drift, migration and population structure, mutation, multilocus models, the genetics of speciation, quantitative traits, and the maintenance of neutral variation. Emphasis is placed on DNA sequence variation, and the interplay between theory and the data from experiments and natural populations. Specific case studies include the population genetic issues involved in DNA fingerprinting, the genetic structure and evolution of human populations, and the study of adaptation at the molecular level. Examples are drawn from studies of animals, plants, and microbes.

**BIOGD 482 Human Genetics and Society**
Fall. 3 credits. Enrollment limited to 24 senior biological sciences majors, with preference given to students studying molecular or population genetics. Prerequisites: BIOGD 281 and BIOBM 330 or 331 and 332, and permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. Disc, T 2:30-4:25 and R 2:30-3:50. R. A. Calvo. Presentation of some of the science and technology, plus discussion of the ethical, social, and legal implications of recent advances in human genetics. Among the topics considered are assisted reproductive technologies, genetic counseling, genetic screening (pre-implantation, prenatal, neonatal, pre-symptomatic, carrier, and workplace), wrongful life and wrongful birth, genetic effects of abused substances, genetics and behavioral and mental, and genetic diseases. Students lead many discussions. There is a major writing component in the course.

**BIOGD 483 Molecular Aspects of Development**
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: BIOGD 281, BIOBM 332 or 330 or 333, and BIOGD 385 or permission of instructor. Lecs, T R 2:30-4:00. Offered alternate years. M. F. Wolnfr. An advanced course in developmental biology, with emphasis on the molecular events underlying developmental processes. Simultaneously, a molecular biology course that focuses on how development modulates and uses transcriptional, post-transcriptional, translational and post-translational regulation of gene expression and cellular functions such as signal transduction and cell-cell communication. Numerous developmental systems are discussed and analyzed in microorganisms, plants and, especially, animals including fruit flies, nematode worms, and vertebrates such as mice, frogs, and humans. Course readings include original research articles. Discussion emphasizes specific experiments and approaches, results and their interpretation.

**BIOGD 484 Molecular Evolution**
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: BIOGD 281 and organic chemistry. Lecs, M W F 8:40-9:55. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000–2001. R. J. MacIntyre. An analysis of evolutionary changes in genes and their protein products. Theories on the evolution of the genetic code, the construction of phylogenetic trees from biophysical and biochemical data, and the role of gene duplications in evolution are discussed. The second half of the course concerns the evolution and the organization of genomes from viruses to higher eukaryotes, including the translation of satellite DNA sequences and transposable elements.

**BIOGD 485 Bacterial Genetics (also BIOM 485)**
Fall. 2 credits. Graduate students, see BIOM 485. Prerequisite: BIOGD 281. Recommended: BIOM 290 and BIOBM 330 or 331 and 332 or 333. Lecs, W 7:30-9:25 P.M. Staff. For course description, see BIOM 485.

**BIOGD 486 Advanced Eukaryotic Genetics**
Spring. 4 credits. Enrollment may be limited to 50 students. Prerequisites: BIOGD 281, BIOBM 330 or 333 and 332. S-U grades optional. Lecs, T 12:20–2:15 and R 12:20–1:10; disc R 1:25–2:15 or R 1:15–1:25. F. E. Alani. The course develops essential skills in eukaryotic genetic analysis through lectures and by reading, analyzing, and presenting research articles. Concepts are presented within the context of a well-studied field, such as chromosome segregation. The tools that have been developed to study this field are used to analyze other topics such as vegetative and meiotic cell cycle control, embryonic development, pathogen resistance in plants, and human genetics.

**BIOGD 600 Development of Sensory Systems**
Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisites: introductory biology, genetics, development, and neurobiology, or permission of instructor. S-U grades. Offered alternate years. Lec, M 7:00–8:40 P.M. K. J. Kemphues. This course will explore the unique and shared mechanisms used in sensory system development of both vertebrates and invertebrates. The first class of the course will provide a general introduction to the development of sensory systems in vertebrates and invertebrates. Following classes will involve the reading of current and classic papers in sensory system development. Students will choose a topic and articles from a list provided by the instructor. Students will be responsible for an oral presentation and short paper.

**BIOGD 682 Fertilization and the Early Embryo**
Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisites: BIOGD 281, BIOBM 332, 330 or 333, and BIOGD 385 or permission of instructor. Lec, R 2:30–4:25. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000–2001. M. F. Wolnfr. This course treats the earliest events in the formation of a new organism. The methods and findings of genetic, developmental, and molecular analyses are discussed. Readings in the recent literature and discussions focus on pre-gastrulation embryos from several animal species. Topics include fertilization (sperm/egg binding, sperm entry into egg), nuclear fusion, egg activation, initiation and terminating the cleavage, division period, cytoplasmic determinants, changes in nuclear and cytoplasmic architecture.

**BIOGD 684 Advanced Topics in Population Genetics**
Spring. 2 credits. Limited to 20 students. Prerequisites: BIOGD 281 or equivalent and written permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. Lec, T 2:30–4:25. Not offered 2000–2001. Offered alternate years. Next offered spring 2001. C. F. Aquadro. An in-depth exploration of current areas of research in population genetics. Readings primarily from recent books and the current literature. Specific topics are announced the previous fall and in the division's catalog supplement. Format includes lectures, discussion, and presentations by students.

**BIOGD 685 Advanced Bacterial Genetics (BIOM 485)**
Fall. 2 credits. Limited to graduate students in Biological Sciences; see BIOM 485. Prerequisites: BIOGD 281 or equivalent.
BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES - 2000-2001

Laboratory in Molecular Biology and Genetic Engineering of Plants (Biological Sciences [BIOPL] 347)
Laboratory in Plant Molecular Biology (Biological Sciences [BIOPL] 641)
Molecular Biology and Genetic Engineering of Plants (Biological Sciences [BIOPL] 343)
Plant Cell Genetics (Plant Breeding 446)
Plant Genome Organization (PLBR 653-03)
Plant Growth and Development (Biological Sciences [BIOPL] 644)
Plant Molecular Biology I (Biological Sciences [BIOPL] 653)
Plant Molecular Biology II (Biological Sciences [BIOPL] 652)
Protein-Nucleic Acid Interactions (Biological Sciences [BIOIM] 692)
The Nucleus (Biological Sciences [BIOIM] 639)
Undergraduate Research in Biology (Biological Sciences [BIO C] 499)
Molecular Neurobiology BIOM 420-02/720-05
Microbiology (BIOM)

[BIOM 192 Microorganisms on the Planet Earth]

A course in microbiology designed to introduce students, who have a limited background in biology, to the microorganisms that populate our planet earth. Among the microorganisms studied are the bacteria, the archaea/bacteria, some of the single-celled plants and animals, and the viruses. Topics covered are the basic nature of microorganisms, their evolution on earth, their composition and growth, their role in the ecology of this planet, their role in human history and disease, and their use in bioengineering. This course is not a prerequisite for advanced courses in microbiology.

BIOM 290 General Microbiology

Lectures
Fall, spring, or summer (6-week session). 2 or 3 credits (2 credits if taken after BIOM 192). Prerequisites: 1 year of introductory biology for majors and 1 year of college chemistry, or equivalent. Recommended: concurrent registration in BIOM 291. Lecs. M W F 11:15. Staff.
A comprehensive overview of the biology of microorganisms, with emphasis on bacteria. Topics include microbial cell structure and function, physiology, metabolism, genetics, diversity, and ecology. Applied aspects of microbiology are also covered such as biotechnology, the role of microorganisms in environmental processes, and medical microbiology.

BIOM 291 General Microbiology Laboratory

Fall or spring, 2 credits. Summer (6-week session), 2 credits. Prerequisite: concurrent or previous enrollment in BIOM 290. Lecs. M W F 12:20-1:10, or T R 12:20-1:10, or 2:30-4:25. C. M. Rehkguler.
A study of the basic principles and techniques of laboratory practice in microbiology, and fundamentals necessary for further work in the subject.

BIOM 292 General Microbiology Discussion

Spring. 1 credit. Prerequisite: concurrent or previous enrollment in BIOM 290. S-U grades only. D. D. TBA. C. M. Rehkguler.
A series of discussion groups in specialized areas of microbiology to complement BIOM 290.

BIOM 391 Advanced Microbiology Laboratory

A laboratory course that illustrates basic principles of experimental microbiology. The course is organized into four modules which last three weeks each: (1) ecology, (2) physiology, (3) genetics, and (4) structure and function. Students are encouraged to take this course during their third year of study.

BIOM 394 Applied and Food Microbiology (also FOOD 394)

Fall. 2-3 credits. Prerequisites: BIOM 290-291. M W F 12:20-1:10. C. A. Batt.
Microorganisms play a central role in a variety of food, agricultural, and environmental processes. This course will present a comprehensive survey of the roles that microorganisms play in industrial/biotechnological processes as well as their importance in the safety and production of foods. Issues related to the biosafety of microorganisms and the role of microorganisms important in these processes will be reviewed. A two-credit core section on food microbiology is complemented by a one-credit section on industrial/biotechnology applications.

BIOM 397 Environmental Microbiology

Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: BIOMS 201 or BIOM 290 or SCAS 200 or permission of instructor. Lecs. M W F 10:10. Not offered 2000-2001. W. C. Ghiorse.
The biology, behavior, diversity, and function of microorganisms in natural environments are discussed in relation to past and present environmental conditions on Earth. The role of microorganisms in ecologically and environmentally significant processes is also considered through discussion of specific topics such as elemental cycles, nutrient cycling, transformation of pollutant chemicals, wastewater treatment, and environmental biotechnology.

BIOM 404 Pathogenic Bacteriology and Mycology (also VETMI 404)

Offered alternate years. M. Wiedmann
This is a course in medical microbiology, presenting the major groups of bacterial and mycotic pathogens important to human and veterinary medicine. The emphasis of this course is infection and disease pathogenesis. Topics include disease causality, interactions of host, pathogen and environment, including immunity to bacteria and fungi; and principles of antimicrobial therapy and drug resistance. A companion seminar addresses the current
and classic literature related to microbial pathophysiology on the cellular and molecular level.

**BIOMI 408 Viruses and Disease I (also VETMI 408)**

Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisites: BIOMI 290, 291. BIO G 305, and permission of instructor. Recommended: BIODG 281. Lecs, M W 7:30 P.M. Offered alternate years. J. Casey.

The course covers basic concepts in virology with emphasis on virus-host interactions, strategies for gene regulation, and mechanisms of pathogenicity. Selected viral infections that result in immune dysfunction and neoplasia are highlighted in the context of approaches to prevent or reduce the severity of diseases.

**BIOMI 409 Viruses and Disease II (also VETMI 409)**

Fall. 2 credits. Prerequisites: BIOMI 290 and 291. Recommended. BIOMI 408. BIOMI 350-352, BIOMI 432. Lecs, T R 2:30-3:20 P.M. Offered alternate years. C. Whitaker.

This course will be complementary to BIOMI 408, Viruses and Disease I, and will emphasize RNA viruses. The course will be complete in its own right. As such, completion of BIOMI 408 is not a requirement, but is encouraged. The structure and classification of viruses, virus entry, genome replication and assembly will be studied with particular emphasis on virus-host cell interactions. Vaccination, chemotherapy and evolution of viruses will also be discussed.

**BIOMI 414 Bacterial Diversity**

Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: BIOMI 290, 291, and BIOMI 330 or 331 or 333. Lecs, M W F 11:15. Offered alternate years. Spring 2001/odd. S. H. Zinder.

A consideration of the physiology, ecology, genetics, and practical potential of important groups of bacteria. Topics include molecular methods for determining bacterial phylogeny and taxonomy, the evolution of diverse mechanisms of energy conservation, fixation of carbon and nitrogen, and adaptation to extreme environments.

**BIOMI 416 Bacterial Physiology**

Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: BIOMI 290, 291, and BIOMI 330 or 331 or 333, or their equivalents. Lecs, M W F 11:15. Offered alternate years. Spring 2002/even. J. P. Shapleigh.

The concern is with the physiological and metabolic functions of bacteria. Consideration is given to chemical structure, regulation, growth, and energy metabolism. Special attention is given to those aspects of bacterial metabolism not normally studied in biochemistry courses.

**BIOMI 417 Medical Parasitology (also VETMI 431)**

Fall. 2 credits. Prerequisites: courses pertaining to zoology and biology. Lecs, T R 3:35-4:25. Offered alternate years. D. Bowman.

A systematic study of anthropod, protozoan, and helminth parasites of public health importance with emphasis on epidemiologic, clinical, and zoonotic aspects of these parasites.

**BIOMI 418 Microbial Ecology**

Spring. 3 credits Prerequisites: BIOMI 290 and 291, or BIOMI 398 and instructor's permission, and BIOMI 330 or 331 and 332. Lecs, M W F 10:10-11. E. R. Argert.

Understanding the role of microorganisms in natural environments is one of the greatest challenges facing microbiologists. This course will introduce current biochemical and molecular methods to assess community diversity and microbial activity in a variety of ecosystems. Other topics discussed include bacterial growth and survival, population biology, and microbial interactions.

**BIOMI 420 Microbial Genomics**

Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisites: BIOMI 290, BIO G 201, BIOMI 350, or equivalent. Offered odd years. Lecs, T R 10:10-11:25. J. P. Shapleigh and J. D. Helmann.

Genomic information is revolutionizing biology. We will discuss the impact of genomic information on the study of microbial physiology, evolution, and biotechnology. Topics will include both techniques (automated DNA sequencing, assembly, annotation, DNA chips) and applications (genome-wide analysis of transcription, functional genomics).

**BIOMI 485 Bacterial Genetics**

Fall. 2 credits. Graduate students, see BIOMI 485. Prerequisites: BIOMI 281. Recommended. BIOMI 290 and BIOMI 330 or 331 and 332 or 333. Lecs, W 7:30-9:25 P.M. Staff.

Concepts and principles of formal genetic analysis as applied to prokaryotes, with emphasis on enterobacteria and their viruses. Topics include mutagenesis and isolation of mutants; genetic exchange, recombination and mapping; complementation, epistasis and suppression, transposons, gene expression and regulation; and genetics of bacterial pathogenesis.

**BIOMI 610 Introduction to Chemical and Environmental Toxicology (also TOX 610)**

Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: graduate standing in the field or consent of the instructor. Letter grades. Lecs, M W F 11:15-12:05. A. Hay.

Introduction to the general principles of toxicology including the sources, mechanisms, and targets of toxic agents. Special attention will be given to the interaction between toxic agents and biological systems at both the organismal and ecological level. The effects of both anthropogenic and natural toxins will be examined with respect to genetic and developmental toxicity as well as carcinogenesis and specific organ toxicity.

**BIOMI 652 (Section 02) Molecular Plant-Microbe Interactions (BIOP 652, Sec 03)**

Spring. 1 credit. Prerequisites: BIOG 281, BIOMI 330 or 331 or 333, and BIOP 653 (section 01) or their equivalents. S-U grades optional. Lecs, M W F 10:10 (12 lecs) first third of semester. S. C. Winans.

For course description, see BIOP 652, Sec 03.

**BIOMI 690 Prokaryotic Biology**

Fall and spring 2000-2001. 4 weeks/8 lectures. 1 credit. Section to be offered. T R. Time TBA.

**Section 1—Microbial Structure and Function**

Fall. J. P. Shapleigh.

Discussion of those macromolecules and assemblages of macromolecules that together define the structure of the prokaryotic cell. This will include external structures, such as cell wall, flagella, pili, and peptidoglycan and internal structures such as specialized vesicles and other large complexes.

**Section 2—Microbial Genetics**

Fall. J. D. Helmann.

Reviews the fundamental concepts of microbial genetics including mutations and their analysis, plasmids, conjugation, transformation, transduction, recombination, repair, and mutagenesis.

**Section 3—Microbial Physiology/Diversity**

Fall. S. H. Zinder.

An overview of prokaryotic physiological diversity. The major energy producing pathways of bacteria and their phylogenetic distributions among both bacteria and archaea are reviewed. Topics include fermentation, respiration, photosynthesis, and pathways of carbon and nitrogen fixation.

**Section 4—Microbial Pathogenesis**

Spring. S. C. Winans.

An introduction to the fundamental concepts of bacterial pathogenesis including the normal flora, pathogen entry and colonization, the production and regulation of toxins, horizontal transfer of pathogenesis determinants, and the roles of both specific and nonspecific host defenses. Examples will include bacterial pathogens of both animals and plants.

**Section 5—Environmental Microbiology**

Spring. E. L. Madsen.

A core course of concepts, methods, and current literature that reveals the multidisciplinary nature of environmental microbiology and its relationship to prokaryotic biology. The crucial roles that microorganisms play in catalyzing biogeochemical reactions throughout the biosphere will be discussed.

**BIOMI 791 Advanced Topics in Microbiology**

Fall or spring. 1 credit. May be repeated for credit. Prerequisite: graduate standing in microbiology. S-U grades only. Disc, T 4-5:00. Staff.

Reading and presentation by graduate students of current literature in selected areas of modern microbiology.

**BIOMI 794-796 Current Topics in Microbiology**

Fall, 794; spring, 796. 1/2 or 1 credit for each topic. May be repeated for credit. Designed primarily for graduate students in microbiology. Prerequisite: upper-level courses in microbiology. S-U grades only. Lecs TBA. Staff.

Lectures and seminars on special topics in microbiology.

**BIOMI 797 Scientific Communication Skills**

Fall and spring. 1 credit each semester. F 2:30-3:20.

The ability to communicate effectively is essential for success as a scientist. The primary goal of this course is to provide students with an opportunity to develop self-confidence and refine their formal oral presentation skills. Students will be asked to present topical seminars that will be critically evaluated by the instructor. Feedback for improving the presentation and peer evaluations will be emphasized. Taken in their first two semesters, a third semester is optional.
BIOMI 798 Graduate Research Seminar in Microbiology
Fall and spring. 1 credit each semester. Required of all graduate students in the Graduate Field of Microbiology. S-U grades only. F 1:25-2:15. Staff. Required of all graduate students in the Field of Microbiology. All graduate students in the Field of Microbiology are required to attend BIOM 798 and are required to present a seminar concerning their research at least once each year.

BIOMI 799 Microbiology Seminar
Fall and spring. Required of all graduate students in the Graduate Field of Microbiology and open to all who are interested. Sem TBA. Staff.

Related Courses in Other Departments
Advanced Food Microbiology (Food Science 607)
Advanced Immunology Lectures (Biological Sciences [BIO G] 705 and Veterinary Microbiology 705)
Advanced Soil Microbiology (Soil, Crop, and Atmospheric Sciences 666)
Advanced Work in Bacteriology, Virology, or Immunology (Veterinary Microbiology 707)
Bacterial Plant Diseases (Plant Pathology 647)
Basic Immunology. Lectures (Biological Sciences [BIO G] 305 and Veterinary Microbiology 315)
Ciliophorology (Biological Sciences [BIOS] 409)
Ecology of Soil-Borne Pathogens (Plant Pathology 644)
Food Microbiology. Laboratory (Food Science 395)
Food Microbiology. Lectures (Food Science 394)
Immunology of Infectious Diseases and Tumors (Biological Sciences [BIO G] 706 and Veterinary Microbiology 719)
Introduction to Scanning Electron Microscopy (Biological Sciences [BIO G] 401)
Introductory Mycology (Plant Pathology 309)
Light and Video Microscopy for Biologists (Biological Sciences [BIO G] 450)
Limnology. Ecology of Lakes. Lectures (Biological Sciences [BIOES] 457)
Magical Mushrooms, Mischievous Mushrooms (Plant Pathology 201)
Microbiology for Environmental Engineering (Civil and Environmental Engineering 451)
Plant Virology (Plant Pathology 645)
Principles of Biogeochemistry (Biological Sciences [BIOS] 688)

NEUROBIOLOGY AND BEHAVIOR (BIONB)
BIONB 111 Brain, Mind, and Behavior (also PSYCH 111 and COGST 111)
Spring. 3 credits. Intended for freshmen and sophomores in the humanities and social sciences. S-U grades optional. Lects, M W F 11:10-11:55; disc, F 1:25-2:15. E. Adkins Regan and R. R. Hoy. The course is about issues that relate to consciousness, awareness, attention, perception, cognition, and emotion to the mechanistic workings of the brain and hormonal system. The course will cover elementary neurophysiology, neuroanatomy, hormone physiology, ethology, plus relevant topics from psychology and clinical neurology. The course is for freshmen and presumes no biology or psychology background; no prerequisites; it is not for biology majors.

BIONB 221 Neurobiology and Behavior I: Introduction to Behavior
Fall. 3, 4, or 5 credits (4 credits with one discussion period and 2 credits with two discussion periods per week and participation in the Writing in the Majors program). 4- or 5-credit option required of students in the neurobiology and behavior program of study. Each 4-credit section is limited to 20 students, with preference given to students studying neurobiology and behavior. Enrollment in the 5-credit option is limited to 15 students. Students may not preregister for the 5-credit option; interested students complete an application form on the first day of class. Not open to freshmen. Prerequisite: 1 year of introductory biology for majors. May be taken independently of BIONB 222. S-U grades optional. Lect, M W F 12:20; disc TBA. H. K. Reeve and staff. A general introduction to the field of behavior. Topics include evolution and behavior, behavioral ecology, sociobiology, chemical ecology, communication, rhythmicity, orientation and navigation, and hormonal mechanisms of behavior.

BIONB 222 Neurobiology and Behavior II: Introduction to Neurobiology
Spring. 3 or 4 credits (4 credits with discussion and written projects). 4-credit option required of students studying neuroanatomy and behavior. Each discussion limited to 20 students, with preference given to students studying neurobiology and behavior. Not open to freshmen. Prerequisite: 1 year of introductory biology for majors and 1 year of chemistry. May be taken independently of BIONB 221. S-U grades optional. Lect, M W F 12:20; disc TBA. A. H. Bass and staff. A general introduction to the field of cellular and integrative neurobiology. Topics include neural systems, neuroanatomy, developmental neurobiology, electrical properties of nerve cells, synaptic mechanisms, neurochemistry, motor systems, sensory systems, learning, and memory. Some discussion sections include dissections of preserved brains.

BIONB 322 Hormones and Behavior (also PSYCH 322)
Spring. 3 credits. 2 lectures plus a section in which students will read and discuss original papers in the field, give an oral presentation, and write a term paper. Limited to juniors and seniors. Prerequisite: (1 of the following): (a) PSYCH 223 or (b) BIONB 221 or (c) BIONB 222 or (d) one year of introductory biology plus a course in psychology. S-U grades optional, but not recommended. Lect M W F 11:15; E. Adkins Regan. A major focus of the course will be comparative and evolutionary approaches to the study of the relationship between reproductive hormones and sexual behavior in vertebrates, including humans. Also included will be hormonal contributions to parental behavior, aggression, stress, learning and memory, and biological rhythms.

BIONB 324 Biopsychology Laboratory (also PSYCH 324)
Fall. 4 credits. Limited to 20 upperclass students. Prerequisite: experience in biology or psychology. BIONB 221 and 222 or PSYCH 123 and 222; and permission of instructor. Labs, T R 1:25-4:25; T. DeVooogt. Experiments designed to provide research experience in animal behavior (including learning) and its neural and hormonal mechanisms. A variety of techniques, species, and behavior patterns are included. Live animals are used in the laboratory.

BIONB 325 Neurodiseases—Molecular Aspects
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: two courses from BIONB 222, BIOGD 281, BIOBM 330, or 331; co-registration in one of the two is acceptable. S-U grades optional. Lects, T R 9:05; disc, T 1:30 or 2:30. T. R. Podleski. The intent of this course is to teach students how to use recombinant DNA techniques for the study of neurodiseases. How are genes responsible for diseases identified and how are the functions of these genes studied? Attention is focused on those neural diseases in which significant advances have been made using these techniques, for example, Alzheimer's, Huntington's, Prion diseases, schizophrenia, depression, disorders affecting ion channels, and muscular dystrophies. Emphasis is placed on how these studies provide a useful approach to studying the mammalian nervous system by exposing the functions of genes that would be difficult to identify in other ways.

BIONB 326 The Visual System
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: BIONB 222 or BIOAP 311, or permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. Lects, M W F 10:10; disc, 1 hour each week TBA. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000-2001. H. C. Howland. The visual systems of vertebrates are discussed in breadth and depth. Topics covered include the optics of eyes, retinal neurophysiology, structure and function of higher visual centers, and ocular development.

BIONB 328 Biopsychology of Learning and Memory (also PSYCH 332)
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: 1 year of biology and either a course in biopsychology or BIONB 222. Lects, M W F 11:15. T. DeVooogd. This course surveys the approaches that have been or are currently being used in order to understand the biological bases for learning and memory. Topics include vertebrate, "simple system" approaches, imprinting, avian song learning, hippocampal and cerebellar function, and human pathology. Many of the readings are from primary literature.

BIONB 392 Drugs and the Brain
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: BIONB 222 or equivalent with permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. Lects, T R 10:10-11:25; disc TBA. Offered alternate years. R. Harris-Warrick. An introduction to neuropharmacology. After a brief introduction to pharmacology, there is discussion of the major neurotransmitter families. Topics include the biological actions of the major psychoactive drugs in the brain, including cocaine, amphetamines, alcohol, psychedelics, marijuana, antidepressants and antipsychotics.
BIONB 396 Introduction to Sensory Systems (also PSYCH 396 and 696)

Spring. 4 credits. Limited to 25 students. Prerequisites: A prerequisite course in biology or biopsychology, plus a second course in behavior or biopsychology or cognitive science or neuroscience or perception. Students are expected to have knowledge of elementary physics, chemistry, and biology. S-U grades optional. Lecs. M W F 10:10. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000–2001.

B. P. Halpern

This course covers both those characteristics of sensory systems that are common across living organisms and those sensory properties that represent adaptations of animals to particular habitats, environments, or niches. The principles and limitations of major methods used to examine sensory systems will be considered. Emphasis will be on somesthetic, visual, and auditory systems. This course will be taught using the Socratic method, in which the instructor asks questions of the students will be assigned original literature in the form of printed or electronic journal articles or reviews, and will be expected to come to class having read, thought about, and prepared to discuss the assigned material or information resources. A course packet of reproduced articles, textbooks, a course web site, and other Internet sites will be used.

Students will submit brief analyses of, and responses to questions on, all assignments by e-mail to the course's electronic mailing list a day before each class meeting. The mailing list will distribute submissions to all members of the class and to the instructor. In addition to the brief written exercises, a web site or a term paper on a topic germane to these brief tri-weekly written exercises, a website will be required. All exams will be in take-home format. At the level of "From Sound to Synapse" by C. D. Geisler, "The Retina," by J. F. Dowling, courseinfo.cit.cornell.edu/courses/psych396/

BIONB 420/720 Topics in Neurobiology and Behavior

Fall or spring. Variable credit. May be repeated for credit. Primarily for undergraduates. S-U grades optional. TBA. Staff. Course on selected topics in neurobiology and behavior, can include lecture and seminar courses. Topics, instructors, and time of organizational meetings are listed in the catalog supplement issued at the beginning of the semester.

Molecular Neurobiology 420-02 (undergraduates) 720-05 (graduates) (also BIOL 453-01/735-01)

Fall. 2 credits. Limited to 40 students. S-U and letter grades. Prerequisites: BIOL 330 or 352 (or equivalent molecular biology course), and BIONB 222 (or equivalent neurobiology course). For graduate students with a strong background in one of those areas, the prerequisite in the other area is waived. Lecs. M W F 12:30–2:25, and seminars F 4:00–5:30 (five times during the semester). R. Harris-Warrick, M. Wölfner, and staff. Five leading international experts will come to Cornell for public seminars that describe recent advances in data and theory at the intersection between neurobiology and molecular biology. Topic coverage will center around the structure and function of ion channels and neurotransmitter receptors. During the Thursday class meeting prior to each expert's visit, students and course faculty will present and discuss recent papers by the upcoming speaker. The following week, students will be required to attend two one-hour seminars by the speaker (Thursday at 12:20 P.M. and Friday at 4:30 P.M.) and a one-hour in-depth discussion meeting with the speaker after the Thursday seminar.

BIONB 421 Effects of Aging on Sensory and Perceptual Systems (also PSYCH 511/711/LC1)

Fall. 3 or 4 credits. The 4-credit option involves a term paper or creation of a relevant web site. Limited to 25 students. Prerequisites: An introductory course in biology or psychology, plus a second course in perception or neurobiology or cognitive science or biopsychology. T R 10:10–11:25. B. P. Halpern.

A literature-based examination of post-maturational changes in the perceptual, structural, and physiological characteristics of somesthetic, visual, auditory, and chemosensory systems. Emphasis will be on human data, with nonhuman information included when especially relevant. Quality of life issues will be included. Current developments in human sensory prosthetic devices, and in regeneration or replacement of receptor structures or organs, will be examined. Brief written statements by E-mail of questions and problems related to a set of assigned readings will be required in advance of each class meeting, and will be automatically distributed to all members of the class. This course will be taught using the Socratic Method, in which the instructor asks questions of the students. Students read, analyze, and discuss in class difficult original literature, dealing with the subject matter of the course. Readings will be from the Courseinfo site: courseinfo.cit.cornell.edu/courses/psych431_nbb421/, from Internet sites, from a course packet, and from materials on reserve. Students are expected to come to each class having already done and thought about the assigned readings, and to take an active part in every class. All examinations will be take-home.

BIONB 422 Modeling Behavioral Evolution

Spring. 4 credits. Limited to 25 students. Prerequisites: BIONB 221, 1 year of calculus. 1 course in probability or statistics, and permission of instructor. Office: W309 Mudd Hall, phone: 254-4552. This course is open to advanced undergraduates and graduate students. S-U grades optional. Lecs. T R 2:30–4:00; computer lab, 1 class period per week TBA. Offered alternate years. H. K. Reeve.

This is an intensive lecture and computer lab course on modeling strategies and techniques in the study of behavioral evolution. Populations—genetic (including quantitative-genetic), static optimization, dynamic programming, and game-theoretic methods are emphasized. These approaches are illustrated by applications to problems ranging from foraging, sexual selection, sex ratio evolution, animal communication, and the evolution of cooperation and conflict within animal social groups. Students learn to assess critically recent evolutionary and behavioral models of interest or to extend pre-existing models in novel directions. The Mathematica software program is used as a modeling tool in the accompanying computer lab (no prior experience with computers required).

BIONB 424 Neuroethology (also PSYCH 424)


In the 1950s through the 1970s, ethologists attempted to understand the mechanisms of animal behavior and behavior analysis using quantitative methods, evolutionary analysis, careful observations of animals in their native habitats, and clever experimentation. Now, with the explosion of knowledge and techniques in the neurosciences, many of the ethologist's mechanisms are being explained in terms of neural systems. This course reviews the status of research in neuroethology, including mechanisms of behavior in insects and other invertebrates, and their underlying neural systems. In addition, the course reviews studies of the neural systems involved in decision making, in initiating action, and in coordinating fixed acts.

BIONB 425 Molecular Neurophysiology


Course focuses on ion channels, the primary proteins generating cellular electrical signals found in nerve cells and other eukaryotic cells (e.g., muscle, heart, glands). The latest electrophysiological and molecular genetic experiments will be reviewed. Diversity of electrophysiology deriving from channel structure and expression patterns must be considered in the contexts of behavior and behavioral plasticity (learning), neural development, and channel evolution. Course format includes written and oral presentations reviewing scientific literature in selected areas, and proposing new experiments.

BIONB 426 Animal Communication


A detailed examination of the study of communication by non-human animals. The course begins with an exploration of different conceptual frameworks used in the study of communication, then turns to specific studies of the mechanisms, ontogeny, functional design, and evolutionary history of the signaling systems used by animals. The class considers how communication provides humans with a window on the minds of other animals. Readings are drawn from the primary literature.

BIONB 427 Animal Social Behavior


An intensive course for upper-division students interested in behavioral ecology and sociobiology. Lectures, discussions, and student presentations examine topics including adaptation, communication, mating
BIONB 428 Topics in Behavior
Fall or spring. 2–4 credits. (Credits based on number of lectures and/or field exercises as outlined in the division's catalog course supplement and subject to approval through the instructor's office.) May be repeated for credit. Primarily for undergraduates. S-U grades optional. (Fall or spring.)

Courses on selected topics in behavior; can include lecture and seminar courses; may include laboratory. Past topics have included animal orientation, insect behavior, biophysics, and communication. Topics, instructors, and time of organizational meeting are listed in the division's catalog supplement issued at the beginning of each semester.

BIONB 429 Olfaction and Taste: Structure and Function (also PSYCH 429)
Spring. 3 or 4 credits (4 credits with term paper for research project, which can be but need not, study nonhuman vertebrates). Preference given to junior and senior psychology and biology majors and graduate students. Graduate students see PSYCH 629. Mandatory registration by reading and discussing current literature in these areas. Structure is examined at the light levels of the olfactory system as well as at the cellular level. Function is examined primarily in its neurophysiological and biochemical aspects. The emphasis is on vertebrates, especially air-breathing vertebrates in the case of olfaction, although there is some coverage of invertebrate forms. A textbook and a course packet of reproduced articles are used. See also Small and Taste in Health and Disease, edited by T. V. Getchell, R. L. Doty, L. M. Bartoshuk, and J. B. Snow; The Neurobiology of Taste and Smell, edited by T. E. Finger and W. L. Silver.

BIONB 430 Experimental Molecular Neurobiology
Spring. 2 credits. Limited to 12 students. Prerequisites: co-meeting with BIONB 430 lab. Mandatory registration via web page: www.bio.comell.edu/biochem/bionb/signup.html. Letter grade only. Disc. 1 hour each week on day other than lab day, Lab T or R all day, or M and W afternoons, to be coordinated with other BIONB 430 sections. Offered alternate years. D. L. Detcheverry.

Experiments include PCR, cloning of DNA fragments, RNA purification, restriction digests, bacterial transformation, and DNA sequencing. Experiments will emphasize how molecular techniques can be applied to studying neurobiological problems.

BIONB 440 Electronics in Neurobiology

The course will emphasize understanding of the electrical functioning of the nervous system and will enable students to build instrumentation to study the nervous system. It will be taught by mathematical analysis, simulation, and construction of circuit examples drawn from practical neurobiological instrumentation examples and the electronic basis of neurons.

BIONB 441 Computers in Neurobiology

This course is an introduction to computer instrumentation techniques and data reduction. It will give a basic understanding of the techniques used for coupling a biological experiment to a computer. It will include lectures on computer programming, computer visualization. Some computer modeling examples drawn from practical neurobiological problems will be done.

BIONB 470 Biophysical Methods (also A&EP 470 and VETPR 470)
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: basic knowledge of calculus, physics and mathematics is expected, but strong efforts are made to give an intuitive understanding of the mathematics and physics involved. Some knowledge of physical chemistry, molecular and cell biology, or neurobiology will be helpful. Depending on individual background, all students will find certain aspects easy and other aspects demanding. Letter grades only. Lecs. T R 8:40–9:55. M. Lindau.

An overview of the diversity of modern biophysical experimental techniques used in the study of biophysical systems at the cellular and molecular level. Topics include light microscopy, fluorescence microscopy, Fourier optics, and computer processing, and scientific visualization. Some computer modeling examples drawn from practical neurobiological problems will be done.

BIONB 491 Principles of Neurophysiology
Spring. 4 credits. Limited to 20 students. Prerequisite: BIONB 222 or written permission of instructor. S-U grades for graduate students with permission of instructor. Lecs. M W 10:10; lab, M or T 12:20–4:25; additional hours TBA. B. R. Johnson.

A laboratory-oriented course designed to teach the theory and techniques of modern cellular neurophysiology. Lecture time is used to introduce laboratory exercises and discuss results, to summarize the laboratory topics, and for discussion of primary research papers. Extracellular and intracellular recording and voltage clamp techniques are used to analyze neuron and sensory receptor firing properties, and examine the cellular basis for resting and action potentials and synaptic transmission. A variety of preparations are used as model systems. Computer acquisition and analysis of laboratory results are essential.

BIONB 492 Sensory Function (also PSYCH 492 or 632)
Spring. 4 credits. Limited to 25 students. Prerequisite: A 300-level course in biopsychology, or BIONB 222, or BIOP 311, or equivalent. Students are expected to have knowledge of elementary physics, chemistry, and behavior. S-U grades optional. Lecs. M, W 1:25–4:25. Optional alternate years. H. C. Howland, B. P. Halpern.

In general, this course will cover classical topics in sensory function such as vision, hearing, touch, and balance, as well as some more modern topics like sensory processing, location of stimulus sources in space, the development of sensory and nonclassical topics such as electroreception and internal chemoreceptors. The human and nonhuman systems will be discussed. In all cases the chemical, physical, and neuropsychological bases of sensory information will be treated, and the processing of this information will follow into the central nervous system.

BIONB 493 Developmental Neurobiology
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: BIONB 222 or permission of instructor. S-U grades optional, with permission of instructor. Lecs. T R 2:55–4:10. R. Booker.

Lectures cover the development of the nervous system, taking examples from both vertebrates and invertebrates. Emphasis is on cellular and molecular issues, that is, how do nerve cells differentiate both morphologically and biochemically? The role of cues such as hormones and developmental genes in neural development is discussed. Readings are taken from original journal articles.

BIONB 494 Comparative Vertebrate Neuroanatomy

Organization and evolution of neuroanatomical pathways as substrates for species-specific vertebrate behaviors. The course is divided into three major sections: development, general principles of brain organization, and co-evolution of vertebrate brain and behavior.

BIONB 495 Molecular and Genetic Approaches to Neuroscience

Focus of the course is on how different molecular and genetic approaches have led to major advances in neuroscience. Lectures, student presentations, and discussions examine original research articles. Topics include ligand-gated channels, potassium channels, seven tranmembrane receptors, development of the neuromuscular junction, neurotransmitter release, second messengers, and learning and memory.
[BIONB 496] Bioacoustic Signals in Animals and Man
R. R. Hoy.
Humans and most terrestrial animals live in a world of sound. Acoustic signals mediate social interactions and predator-prey behavior. This course teaches students about animal acoustical communication by introducing them to the different communication systems that are based on sound. The course presents the physical properties of sound, the physical and social phenomena of sound production and hearing, and an analysis of the behavioral context of signaling. In the laboratory students learn how to record, synthesize, and analyze acoustic signals with the aid of tape recorders and the Macintosh computer. Laboratories are designed around the lecture material and provide "real-world" exercises designed to stimulate discovery of the fundamental principles described in class. Class research projects on a selected topic in bioacoustics are required. The laboratory is based on software instrumentation running on a Macintosh II platform equipped with A/D-D/A data acquisition boards.

[BIONB 623] Chemical Communication [also CHEM 622]
Fall. 3 credits. Primarily for research-oriented students. Limited to 30 students. Prerequisites: 1 year of introductory biology for majors or equivalent, course work in biochemistry, and CHEM 358 or equivalent. Lect., M W 10:10; disc. F 10:30. Offered alternate years. T. Eisen,
J. Meinwald, W. L. Roelofs, and guest lecturers.
The production, transmission, and reception of chemical signals in communicative interactions of plants and microorganisms. Studies of insects are emphasized. Specific topics are treated with varying emphasis on chemical, biochemical, ecological, behavioral, and evolutionary principles.

[BIONB 626] Sex Differences in Brain and Behavior (also PSYCH 524)
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 12 students. Prerequisite: BIONB 322 or permission of instructor. Discs and sems TBA.
T. J. DeVoogd.
A survey of the newly discovered animal models for sex differences in the brain. Topics include the role of steroids in brain development, whether hormones can modify the structure of the adult brain, and the consequences of such sex differences in anatomy for behavior.

[BIONB 720] Seminar in Advanced Topics in Neurobiology and Behavior
Fall or spring. Variable credit. May be repeated for credit. Primarily for graduate students; written permission of instructor required for undergraduates. S-U grades optional. Sem TBA. Staff.
A hands-on workshop designed to familiarize graduate students with quantitative techniques as applied to behavioral ecology. Only one technique area will be considered in a given year. Possible areas are statistical analysis, spatial statistics, multivariate statistics, bioacoustical analysis, and event analysis. The material covered in the first weeks will attempt to bring everyone, regardless of background, up to a common starting point. All participants will be expected to do weekly homework, prepare an introduction to one sub-area, and create homework problems for that sub-area. The topic for a given semester is listed in the catalog supplement issued at the beginning of the semester.

[BIONB 721] Introductory Graduate Survey in Neurobiology and Behavior
Fall. 2 credits. Required of graduate students majoring in neurobiology and behavior. Concurrent registration in BIONB 221 and 222 not required. S-U grades only. Lecs and disc TBA. Staff.
A seminar on a specific topic in animal behavior. The instructor presents lectures during the first few course meetings; the remainder of the course is devoted to student presentations. Topic and instructor are listed in the division's catalog supplement issued at the beginning of the semester.

[BIONB 723] Advanced Topics in Animal Behavior
Fall or spring. Variable credit. May be repeated for credit. Primarily for graduate students in behavior. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. Sem and fieldwork TBA. Not offered 2000-2001. Staff.
A seminar-field experience course designed for first-year graduate students in animal behavior. Weekly seminars discussing field methodology, data collection, and hypothesis testing are followed by a two-week field experience (10 days to two weeks) in the field. Specific topics and field sites vary from semester to semester. Topic and instructor are listed in the division's catalog supplement issued at the beginning of the semester.

[BIONB 724] Field Methods in Animal Behavior
Fall or spring. Variable credit. May be repeated for credit. Primarily for graduate students in behavior. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. Sem and fieldwork TBA. Not offered 2000-2001. Staff.
A seminar-field experience course designed for first-year graduate students in animal behavior. Weekly seminars discussing field methodology, data collection, and hypothesis testing are followed by a two-week field experience (10 days to two weeks) in the field. Specific topics and field sites vary from semester to semester. Topic and instructor are listed in the division's catalog supplement issued at the beginning of the semester.

[BIONB 725] Behavioral Ecology Workshop
Fall. 2 credits. May be repeated for credit. Primarily for graduate students; written permission of instructor required for undergraduates. S-U grades only. Seminar TBA. Offered alternate years.
T. W. Bradbury, S. L. Vehrencamp.
A hands-on workshop designed to familiarize graduate students with quantitative techniques as applied to behavioral ecology. Only one technique area will be considered in a given year. Possible areas are statistical analysis, spatial statistics, multivariate statistics, bioacoustical analysis, and event analysis. The material covered in the first weeks will attempt to bring everyone, regardless of background, up to a common starting point. All participants will be expected to do weekly homework, prepare an introduction to one sub-area, and create homework problems for that sub-area. The topic for a given semester is listed in the catalog supplement issued at the beginning of the semester.

[BIONB 790] Advanced Topics in Cellular and Molecular Neurobiology
Fall or spring. Variable credit. May be repeated for credit. Limited to graduate students and advanced undergraduates studying neurobiology and behavior. Prerequisite: BIONB 222, S-U grades optional. Lecs and sem TBA. Not offered 2000-2001. Staff.
A lecture-seminar course on selected topics in cellular and molecular neurobiology. Students read original papers in the scientific literature and lead discussions of these articles. Suggestions for topics may be submitted by faculty or students to the chair of the Section of Neurobiology and Behavior. Topic and instructor are listed in the division's catalog supplement issued at the beginning of the semester.

[BIONB 792] Advanced Laboratory in Cellular and Molecular Neurobiology
Fall or spring. 2 credits. May be repeated for credit. Primarily for graduate students. Prerequisites: BIONB 330 or 331 or equivalent, BIONB 491 or equivalent, and written permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. Lab TBA. Not offered 2000-2001. Staff.
A two-week intensive laboratory course designed to provide experience with a specific technique currently used in cellular and molecular neurobiology. The technique under study and instructor in charge vary from semester to semester and are listed in the division's catalog supplement issued at the beginning of the semester.

[BIONB 793] Advanced Topics in Integrative Neurobiology
Fall or spring. Variable credit. May be repeated for credit. Primarily for graduate students; written permission of instructor required for undergraduates. S-U grades optional. Lecs and disc TBA. Not offered 2000-2001. Staff.
A course designed to provide in-depth knowledge of current research in anatomical and physiological bases of vertebrate and invertebrate behavior. Readings are primarily from specialty books and selected journal articles. Topic and instructor are listed in the division's catalog supplement issued at the beginning of the semester.

[BIONB 794] Advanced Laboratory Techniques in Integrative Neurobiology
Fall or spring. Variable credit. May be repeated for credit. Prerequisite: permission of instructor based upon a personal interview. Lab TBA. Not offered 2000-2001. Staff.
A laboratory in the integrative, or neuroethological, approach to studying animal behavior. Designed to provide practical working knowledge of research methods in anatomical, physiological, and behavioral approaches to studies of vertebrate and invertebrate behavior. The technique to be covered and instructor are listed in the division's catalog supplement issued at the beginning of the semester.

Related Courses in Other Departments
Animal Behavior (Psychology 535)
Biochemistry and Human Behavior (Psychology 361 and Nutritional Sciences 361)
Brain and Behavior (Psychology 425)
Developmental Biopsychology (Psychology 422)
include cell structure and function; plant metabolism, including photosynthesis; light relations in crops; plant–water relations; water uptake, transport, and transpiration; irrigation of crops; sugar transport; mineral nutrition; growth and development—hormones; responses to light, flowering, fruiting, dormancy, and abscission; stress; tissue culture; and genetic engineering of plants.

**BIOL 243 Taxonomy of Cultivated Plants**

Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: 1 year of introductory biology or written permission of instructor. May not be taken for credit after BIOL 248. Lecs, M W 10:10; labs, W 2–4:25. Offered alternate years.

M. A. Luckow.

A study of ferns and seed plants, their relationships, and their classification into families and genera, emphasizing cultivated plants. Particular emphasis is placed on gaining proficiency in identifying and distinguishing families and in preparing and using analytic keys. Attention is also given to the economic importance of taxa, to the basic taxonomic literature, and to the elements of nomenclature.

**BIOL 244 Plant Physiology, Laboratory**

Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisite: Concurrent enrollment in BIOL 242. May not be taken for credit after BIOL 344. Disc and lab, M T or W 12:20–4:25; T. Silva.

Experiments exemplify concepts covered in BIOL 242 and offer experience in a variety of biological and biochemical techniques, from the cellular to whole plant level.

**BIOL 245 Plant Biology**

Summer (6–week session). 3 credits. Limited to 24 students. Lecs, M–F 11:30–12:45; labs, M W 2–5:00; T. Silva.

Introductory botany, including plant identification. Emphasizes structure, reproduction, and classification of angiosperms and the history of life on earth. Laboratory emphasizes development of skills in handling plant materials, including identification. First and second weeks of laboratory are field trips, starting with the first day of classes. Those who register for an evening laboratory are still required to attend the afternoon field trips.

**BIOL 246 Plant Anatomy**

Fall. 3 credits. Lecs, T R 10:10–11:25. T. G. Owens.

An integrated and interdisciplinary study of the processes that contribute to the growth, competition, and reproduction of plants. Emphasis is on experimental design.

**BIOL 248 Taxonomy of Vascular Plants**

Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: 1 year of introductory biology. May not be taken for credit after BIOL 342. Disc and lab, M W 9:05; W 12:20–1:25; F 12:20.

D. M. Bates.

A consideration of the principles, methods, and issues of ethology. Emphasis is on the past and present ecological, evolutionary, economic, and cultural interrelationships of humans in traditional and lay societies with their plants and animals, as a means of understanding the place and function of humans in the biosphere. Traditional medicines, underutilized organisms, resource management, and ownership of nature, and methodology are among the topics covered.

**BIOL 249 Methods in Chemical Prospecting**


E. Rodriguez and M. Arelluín.

Student participants will attend theory and methodology classes, including biochemical assays and other techniques, related to investigation of natural products from the biological world, and apply these methodologies to individual research projects. Each student will present results of their research in a poster session, in addition to preparing a scientific report.

**BIOL 344 Plant Physiology, Laboratory**

Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisite: concurrent enrollment in BIOL 342. May not be taken for credit after BIOL 244. Similar to BIOL 244 but at a more advanced level.


Experiments exemplify concepts covered in BIOL 342 and offer experience in a variety of biochemical techniques, from the cellular to whole plant level, with emphasis on experimental design.

**BIOL 345 Plant Anatomy**

Fall. 4 credits. Limited to 15 students.

Prerequisite: 1 year of introductory biology or a semester of botany. Lecs, M W 9:05; labs, M W 2–4:25. Offered alternate years.


A descriptive course with equal emphasis on development and morphological structure, lecture, laboratory, and reading are integrated in a study guide. The laboratory offers the opportunity to develop the practical skills required to make anatomical diagnoses and to write anatomical descriptions.

**BIOL 346 Molecular Biology and Genetic Engineering of Plants**

Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisite: concurrent enrollment in BIOL 344 or written permission of instructor. May not be taken for credit after BIOL 242 unless written permission is obtained from instructor.

Experiments exemplify concepts covered in BIOL 242 and offer experience in a variety of biological and biochemical techniques, from the cellular to whole plant level. Emphasis is on the relationship between structure and function from the molecular to the whole-plant level.

An introduction to current studies involving recombinant DNA technology and its application to the improvement of plants. The course emphasizes genetic transformation methodology, gene expression systems, and strategies for increasing productivity. The course is directed at undergraduates who wish to become familiar with theory and practice of plant biotechnology.
BIOL 347 Laboratory in Molecular Biology and Genetic Engineering of Plants

An introduction to the processes of domestication, the evolutionary history of selected cultigens, and the role of plants in human lives, in subsistence and exchange, and in thought.

BIOL 349 Topics and Research Methods in Systematics
Fall or spring. 1-credit module (1 credit per section). Prerequisite: written permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. Staff.

A series of one-credit modules on specialized topics in systematics. Topics and instructors vary each semester. May not be taken every semester. Topics and instructors are listed in the division's catalog supplement issued at the beginning of the semester.

BIOL 444 Plant Cell Biology
Fall. 4 credits. Limited to 24 students. Prerequisites: BIOL 241 or equivalent, or permission of instructor. Lecs, T 2:30–4:25. R. E. Lees.

Evidence from microscopy, physiology, biochemistry, and molecular biology is used to try to unravel the mystery of the living cell. The dynamics of protoplasm, membranes, and the various organelles are studied. The mechanisms of cell growth and division, the relationship of the cytoskeleton to cell shape and motility, the interaction of the cell with its environment, and the processes that give rise to multicellular differentiated plants are investigated.

BIOL 445 Photosynthesis

An introduction to the processes of photosynthesis in plants, algae and bacteria. An interdisciplinary approach is emphasized incorporating biochemical, biophysical, physiological and molecular perspectives. The course will cover the range of processes involved in photosynthesis beginning with light harvesting and primary photochemistry through electron transport and inorganic carbon fixation. Emphasis will be placed on the regulation of photosynthesis from the cellular to the whole-plant level.

BIOL 446 Phylogenetic Systematics
Fall. 4 credits. Lec. 2 credits. Lab. 2 credits. Prerequisite: BIOL 241 or equivalent, or permission of instructor. Lecs, T R 10:10, labs, T R 2:30–4:25. Offered alternate years. K. C. Nixon.

An introduction to the theory and practice of phylogenetic analysis. Students are introduced to cladistic analysis using parsimony and gain experience with computer-aided analysis of taxonomic data, including both morphological and molecular data sources. Topics discussed include applications of phylogenetic methods to biogeography and evolutionary studies.

BIOL 447 Molecular Systematics
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: BIOS 278 or BIOD 281 or BMB 323, or written permission of instructor. Lecs, T R 8:30–9:55. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000–2001. T. G. Cowan, E. Rodriguez.

The theory and practice of using molecular evidence, particularly DNA sequence data, for addressing diverse systematic and evolutionary questions. Emphasis is on phylogeny reconstruction, particularly in eukaryotic systems. The organization and evolution of nuclear and organellar genomes is described from the standpoint of their suitability for systematic and evolutionary studies.

BIOL 448 Plant Evolution and the Fossil Record
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: BIOL 241 or equivalent, or permission of instructor. Lecs, T R 9:00; lab, R 12:20–2:15. Offered alternate years. K. J. Niklas, W. L. Crepet.

An introduction to evolution, surveying major changes in life over time from the origin of life to the present. Emphasis is placed on plant form and function, adaptations to particular ecologic settings, and evolutionary theory as it relates to plants.

BIOL 452 Systematics of Tropical Plants
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: BIOL 243 or BIOL 248. Letter grades only. Lec, M W
BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES - 2000-2001


An introduction to some modern methods in experimental plant biology. A partial list of techniques used includes fluorescence measurements, infrared CO₂ analysis, gel electrophoresis and autoradiographs, cellular membrane, cellular electrophoresis, microtome plate technology for enzyme assays, sensitive growth measurements, HPLC and GC-MS, and computer interfacing with laboratory equipment.

[BIOPL 644 Regulatory Factors in Plant Growth and Development] Spring. 1-2 credits (1 credit per section). Prerequisite: BIOPL 242 or 342 or equivalent, or permission of instructor. Two modules, which can be taken together or in isolation. These mesh with BIOPL 647 (quantitative whole-plant physiology), which is a companion module. S-U grades optional. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000-2001.

Section 01 Plant Hormones
1 credit. Lecs M W F 9:05 (14 lecs).

F. J. Davies.

Plant Hormones: their role in plant growth and development, analysis, biosynthesis and mode of action, including signal transduction, examined from a physiological, biochemical and molecular point of view. The interaction of hormones, gibberellins, cytokinins, ethylene, abscisic acid, brassinosteroids and other compounds as appropriate.

Sec 02 Phytochrome and Photomorphogenesis
1 credit. Lecs M W F 9:05 (12 lecs).

F. J. Davies.

A study of the regulation of plant growth and development by light as perceived through the pigments phytochrome and cryptochrome. This will include the biochemistry and molecular biology of phytochrome and the way in which phytochrome modulates plant growth, including molecular and genetic analysis of its effects and the mechanisms by which it acts. The role of phytochrome in detecting and modulating growth in natural and agricultural environments will also be covered.

BIOPL 647 Seminar in Systematic Botany
Fall or spring. 1 credit. May be repeated for credit. Prerequisite: written permission of course coordinator required for undergraduates. S-U grades optional. Term, T 12:20 Bailey Hortorum staff.

Lectures and discussions led by staff, visitors, and students on topics of current importance to systematic botany.


Selected areas of plant biochemistry are reviewed in the context of the plant life cycle and responses to the environment. Topics include metabolism of lipids, carbohydrates, organic acids, phenolic compounds, and proteins; nitrogen and sulfur assimilation, respiration, photosynthesis, development and replication of chloroplasts; and cell-wall composition and properties. Attention is paid to operation of control mechanisms.

[BIOPL 649 Physiology of Ion and Water Transport in Plants] Fall. 1-3 credits (1 credit per section). Prerequisite: BIOPL 342 or equivalent, or permission of instructor. Three modules to be taken independently, although section 01 is recommended before taking section 02. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000-2001. R. M. Spanswick.

Section 01 Basic Principles of Ion Transport and Electrophysiology
1 credit. Lecs T R 10:10-11:30 (9 lecs).

The biophysical basis of ion transport across cell membranes, including membrane structure, ion fluxes and their measurement, the thermodynamic criterion for active transport, and the relationship between ion transport and the electrical properties of cell membranes.

Section 02 Ion Transport in Plants
1 credit. Lecs T R 10:10-11:30 (9 lecs).

Transport of the major ions in plant cells and whole plants. Properties of proton ATPases and their relationship to transport of ions, sugars, and amino acids at the plasma membrane and tonoplast. Ion channels in plant cell membranes. Intercellular ion transport via plasmodesmata. Long distance ion transport in higher plants.

Section 03 Water Transport in Plants
1 credit. Lecs T R 10:10-11:30 (9 lecs).

Water relations of plant cells and tissues using water potential terminology. Permeability of plant cells to water and the role of aquaporins. Transport of water through whole plants, including transpiration, stomatal physiology and the effects of water stress.

BIOPL 651 Quantitative Whole-Plant Physiology
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: introductory physics, calculus, and plant physiology. S-U grades only. Lecs. T R 10:10-11:30. Offered alternate years. R. M. Spanswick.

An exploration of the extent to which physiological processes and their interactions can be formulated in a quantitative manner and integrated to describe various aspects of plant behavior, including growth and yield. Consideration is given to characterization of the plant environment, energy balance, gas exchange, water relations, photosynthesis, respiration, translocation, nutrient supply, and the timing of developmental events.

BIOPL 652 Plant Molecular Biology II
Spring. 1-4 credits (1 credit per section). Prerequisites: BIOGD 281 and BIOBM 330 or 332, or their equivalents. Recommended: BIOBM 331. S-U grades optional. A series of four-week modules on specialized topics. Coordinator: S. H. Howell. A series of four-week modules on specialized topics.


An examination of the molecular properties that control the development of host-parasite interactions in both microorganisms (bacteria, viruses, and fungi) and higher plants. Contemporary theories describing the genetic and molecular mechanisms of microbial pathogenesis and plant resistance are discussed.


The molecular genetics of plant development. This module focuses on vegetative development and includes topics such as the development of the shoot, root, and vasculature and the operation of the vegetative shoot apical meristem. Topics covered include a comparison to BIOPL 653, Sec 04 (Plant Development I), which covers molecular aspects of reproductive development.


Practical applications of molecular systematics/evolution for plant molecular biologists and other non-systematists. The course focuses on two basic issues: methods and principles for inferring relationships among genes and the use of data to hypothesize relationships among plants. Evolutionary patterns and processes of genes and gene families are discussed, as well as rates of sequence evolution, paralogy and orthology, the effects of recombination and concerted evolution of gene phylogenies, and the implications of using gene or allele phylogenies to infer organismal evolutionary patterns.

BIOPL 653 Plant Molecular Biology I Fall. 1-5 credits (1 credit per section). Prerequisites: BIOGD 281 and BIOBM 330 or 332, or their equivalents. Recommended: BIOBM 331. S-U grades optional. Coordinator: S. H. Howell. A series of four-week modules on specialized topics.

Section 01 Concepts and Techniques in Plant Molecular Biology (also PLPA 663.01) 1 credit. Lecs. M W F 10:10 (12 lecs) Aug. 30-Sept. 25. T. P. Delaney, G. B. Martin. This is an introductory module that provides a broad overview of molecular biology concepts relevant to the plant sciences, and serves as a prerequisite to other modules in the BIOPL 653 (fall) and BIOPL 652 (spring) series. The course is divided into two sections: 1) Gene discovery, which covers genetic, molecular, and genomic approaches to the isolation of plant genes; and 2) Gene characterization, which covers DNA sequencing, DNA and RNA blotting, use of gene databases, and various approaches to producing transgenic plants. Emphasis is on understanding the appropriate approach that is needed for different experiments.
Section 02 Plant Biotechnology (also PLBR 653.2 and PLPA 663)
This course deals with production and uses of transgenic plants for agricultural and industrial purposes. Topics include procedures for gene introduction and control of gene expression, as well as strategies for obtaining transgenic plants that are resistant to insects, diseases, and herbicides, produce useful products, or have improved nutritional and food processing characteristics. Regulatory and social issues relating to plant biotechnology are discussed.

Section 03 Plant Genome Organization (also PLBR 653.3)
The structure and variation of plant nuclear genomes, including changes in genome size, centromere/telomere structure, DNA packaging, transposable elements, genetic and physical mapping, positional gene clonmg, genomc sequencing and comparative genomics.

Section 04 Molecular Aspects of Plant Development I
This module focuses on the molecular genetics of plant reproduction. Current approaches to the elucidation of the molecular signals and pathways that lead to the establishment of the differentiated state of floral cells and organs are discussed. Topics include the establishment of pattern during floral morphogenesis, cell death and sex determination, gamete development, cell-cell signaling during pollination, and fertilization. The module is a companion to BIOPL 652, Sec 02 (Molecular Aspects of Plant Development II), which covers molecular aspects of vegetative development.

Section 05 Molecular Biology of Plant Organelles
1 credit. S-U grades optional. Lecs, M W F 1:25 (12 lecs) Oct. 27-Nov. 27. M. R. Hanson (odd years), D. B. Stern (even years).
An in-depth examination of the molecular biology of plant mitochondria (odd years) and plastids (even years). Topics include the organization, evolution, and expression of organellar genomes, RNA editing, and the expression of nuclear genes encoding structural or regulatory organellar proteins. Special topics include mitochondrially-encoded cytoplasmic male sterility, transformation and expression of foreign genes in chloroplasts, and the use of genetics to investigate nucleo-organellar interactions.

Section 06 Molecular Breeding and Genetic Diversity
Application of DNA markers to plant and animal using molecular genetic techniques. Students will learn how to design and execute experiments for identification of quantitative trait loci (QTLs) as well as how to apply molecular markers to plant and animal breeding programs. Strategies will also be taught for the use of DNA polymorphisms in the management of genetic resources.

Section 07 Biotechnology
Application of DNA markers to the evaluation of transgenic plants for agricultural and industrial purposes. Topics include procedures for gene introduction and control of gene expression, as well as strategies for obtaining transgenic plants that are resistant to insects, diseases, and herbicides, produce useful products, or have improved nutritional and food processing characteristics. Regulatory and social issues relating to plant biotechnology are discussed.

Section 08 Plant Genome Organization (also PLBR 653.3)
The structure and variation of plant nuclear genomes, including changes in genome size, centromere/telomere structure, DNA packaging, transposable elements, genetic and physical mapping, positional gene clonmg, genomc sequencing and comparative genomics.

Section 09 Molecular Aspects of Plant Development I
This module focuses on the molecular genetics of plant reproduction. Current approaches to the elucidation of the molecular signals and pathways that lead to the establishment of the differentiated state of floral cells and organs are discussed. Topics include the establishment of pattern during floral morphogenesis, cell death and sex determination, gamete development, cell-cell signaling during pollination, and fertilization. The module is a companion to BIOPL 652, Sec 02 (Molecular Aspects of Plant Development II), which covers molecular aspects of vegetative development.

Section 10 Molecular Biology of Plant Organelles
1 credit. S-U grades optional. Lecs, M W F 1:25 (12 lecs) Oct. 27-Nov. 27. M. R. Hanson (odd years), D. B. Stern (even years).
An in-depth examination of the molecular biology of plant mitochondria (odd years) and plastids (even years). Topics include the organization, evolution, and expression of organellar genomes, RNA editing, and the expression of nuclear genes encoding structural or regulatory organellar proteins. Special topics include mitochondrially-encoded cytoplasmic male sterility, transformation and expression of foreign genes in chloroplasts, and the use of genetics to investigate nucleo-organellar interactions.

Section 11 Molecular Breeding and Genetic Diversity
1 credit. Lecs, M W F 10:10 (12 lecs) Oct. 27-Nov. 27. D. B. Stern.
Application of DNA markers to plant and animal using molecular genetic techniques. Students will learn how to design and execute experiments for identification of quantitative trait loci (QTLs) as well as how to apply molecular markers to plant and animal breeding programs. Strategies will also be taught for the use of DNA polymorphisms in the management of genetic resources.

Section 12 Biotechnology
Application of DNA markers to the evaluation of transgenic plants for agricultural and industrial purposes. Topics include procedures for gene introduction and control of gene expression, as well as strategies for obtaining transgenic plants that are resistant to insects, diseases, and herbicides, produce useful products, or have improved nutritional and food processing characteristics. Regulatory and social issues relating to plant biotechnology are discussed.

Section 13 Plant Genome Organization (also PLBR 653.3)
The structure and variation of plant nuclear genomes, including changes in genome size, centromere/telomere structure, DNA packaging, transposable elements, genetic and physical mapping, positional gene clonmg, genomc sequencing and comparative genomics.

Section 14 Molecular Aspects of Plant Development I
This module focuses on the molecular genetics of plant reproduction. Current approaches to the elucidation of the molecular signals and pathways that lead to the establishment of the differentiated state of floral cells and organs are discussed. Topics include the establishment of pattern during floral morphogenesis, cell death and sex determination, gamete development, cell-cell signaling during pollination, and fertilization. The module is a companion to BIOPL 652, Sec 02 (Molecular Aspects of Plant Development II), which covers molecular aspects of vegetative development.

Section 15 Molecular Biology of Plant Organelles
1 credit. S-U grades optional. Lecs, M W F 1:25 (12 lecs) Oct. 27-Nov. 27. M. R. Hanson (odd years), D. B. Stern (even years).
An in-depth examination of the molecular biology of plant mitochondria (odd years) and plastids (even years). Topics include the organization, evolution, and expression of organellar genomes, RNA editing, and the expression of nuclear genes encoding structural or regulatory organellar proteins. Special topics include mitochondrially-encoded cytoplasmic male sterility, transformation and expression of foreign genes in chloroplasts, and the use of genetics to investigate nucleo-organellar interactions.

Section 16 Molecular Breeding and Genetic Diversity
1 credit. Lecs, M W F 10:10 (12 lecs) Oct. 27-Nov. 27. D. B. Stern.
Application of DNA markers to plant and animal using molecular genetic techniques. Students will learn how to design and execute experiments for identification of quantitative trait loci (QTLs) as well as how to apply molecular markers to plant and animal breeding programs. Strategies will also be taught for the use of DNA polymorphisms in the management of genetic resources.

Section 17 Biotechnology
Application of DNA markers to the evaluation of transgenic plants for agricultural and industrial purposes. Topics include procedures for gene introduction and control of gene expression, as well as strategies for obtaining transgenic plants that are resistant to insects, diseases, and herbicides, produce useful products, or have improved nutritional and food processing characteristics. Regulatory and social issues relating to plant biotechnology are discussed.

Section 18 Plant Genome Organization (also PLBR 653.3)
The structure and variation of plant nuclear genomes, including changes in genome size, centromere/telomere structure, DNA packaging, transposable elements, genetic and physical mapping, positional gene clonmg, genomc sequencing and comparative genomics.
of study requirements, students in marine biology are encouraged to enroll in the following courses:

1) BIOES 154, The Sea: An Introduction to Oceanography,
2) BIOES 375 Field Marine Biology and Ecology or a 400-level BIOES field course at the Shoals Marine Laboratory,
3) BIOES 462, Marine Ecology.

**Undergraduate Specialization in Ocean Sciences**

Science of Earth Systems majors have the option of specializing their program of study in the area of ocean sciences. This interdisciplinary specialization is intended for students with interests in understanding the interaction of biological, chemical, geological, and physical processes in ocean systems. In addition to fulfilling the Science of Earth Systems general requirements (see the SES program description in Interdisciplinary Centers, Programs, and Studies section of catalog), students in ocean sciences are required to take four advanced courses from the following list to fulfill their major requirements:

1) BIOES 357 Marine Invertebrate Zoology
2) BIOES 457 Limnology
3) BIOES 462 Marine Ecology
4) BIOES 478 Ecosystem Biology
5) BIOES 303 Ecology of Marine Fishes
6) BIOES 308 Marine Microbial Ecology
7) BIOES 309 Climates and Ecosystems
8) BIOES 329 Ecology of Animal Behavior
9) BIOES 364 Field Marine Science
10) BIOES 365 Underwater Research
11) BIOES 366 SEA: Introduction to Oceanography
12) BIOES 369 SEA: Oceanography I
13) BIOES 370 SEA: Oceanography II
14) BIOES 371 SEA: Oceanography III
15) BIOES 374 An Introduction to Field Ornithology
16) BIOES 375 Field Marine Biology and Ecology
17) BIOES 413 Experimental Marine Ecology
18) BIOES 418 Tropical Marine Science
19) BIOES 449 Seaweeds, Plankton and Seagrass
20) BIOES 376 Marine Invertebrate Zoology (note: not the same as BIOES 373)
21) BIOES 477 Marine Vertebrates
22) GEOL 375 Sedimentology and Stratigraphy
23) GEOL 455 Geochemistry
24) GEOL 475 Special Topics in Oceanography
25) GEOL 479 Paleobiology
26) NTRES 306 Coastal and Oceanic Law and Policy
27) NTRES 417 Wetland Resources

Students in both marine science specializations are exposed to an integrated program of study, emphasizing a natural progression of formal course work combined with ample opportunities for practical field experience.

**SHOALS MARINE LABORATORY (BIOG)**

GI4 Stimson Hall, 255–3717

The objective of the Shoals Marine Laboratory (SML) is to provide undergraduates, beginning graduate students, and other interested adults with a unique opportunity to explore marine sciences in an island setting noted for its biota, geology, and history. SML has established a national reputation for excellence and has become North America's largest marine field station focusing on undergraduate education.

The summer population of Appledore Island is limited to about one hundred people at any one time. Participants and faculty members can literally and figuratively immerse themselves in their explorations, free from distractions common to most academic institutions. Because SML is a residential facility, a sense of community develops that makes courses and seminars at SML outstanding educational and intellectual experiences. Participants learn from and exchange ideas with a wide range of specialists whose primary interests are marine but whose perspectives often differ, providing fertile ground for lively discussions.

Credit courses at Shoals Marine Laboratory are full-time, intensive learning experiences. Courses may be taken sequentially, but not concurrently. A typical day combines lecture sessions, laboratory and field work, field trips to nearby islands and the mainland, and collecting and research excursions aboard the Laboratory's 47-foot research vessel, John M. Kingsbury. Field experience is an integral component of all courses, using Appledore's extensive intertidal and subtidal zones, wading bird rookeries, and seahird colonies. Faculty, drawn from Cornell University, the University of New Hampshire, and other leading academies, are selected not only based on their academic excellence, but also on their teaching ability in the field. In addition, numerous guest lecturers include engineers, coastal planners, and specialists from private industry, government, and the academic community.

The Ithaca campus functions of the Shoals Marine Laboratory are centered in the Cornell Marine Programs Office, G14 Stimson Hall. The office serves as an advising center for students interested in the marine sciences, maintains a browsing library with updated information on graduate study and career opportunities as well as on marine programs at other institutions, and administers the SEA Semester, a 17-credit program offered in cooperation with the Sea Education Association (SEA). SML and SEA offer a joint sea/land semester for 18 credits, which combines both programs (BIOES 364, 366, 367, 368, 372).

The following marine sciences courses are currently administered by the Cornell Marine Programs Office.

**BIOG 150 The Oceanography of the Gulf of Maine**

Summer. 4 credits. Limited to 24 students. A special 2-week course offered at Cornell's Shoals Marine Laboratory (SML) on an island off Portsmouth, N.H. For more details and an application, contact the SML office, G14 Stimson Hall or the Sea Education Association office at P.O. Box 6, Woods Hole, MA, 02543. Daily 10am, labs, and fieldwork for 2 weeks. SML faculty.

An exciting opportunity to explore the offshore and near-coastal environments of the Gulf of Maine for pre-college and first-year non-science majors. Students spend 10 days aboard the Sea Education Association's sailing vessels round trip between Woods Hole, Mass., and the Isles of Shoals via Georges Bank and the Gulf of Maine. Besides operating the ship, students study the many characteristics of this unique ocean environment. Following the sea component, students spend seven days at Cornell's Shoals Marine Laboratory to collect data characteristic of the Isles of Shoals coastal environment.

**BIOG 161 Introduction to Field Marine Science**

Summer. 4 credits. S-U grades optional. A special 2-week course offered in cooperation with Roder University at Cornell's Shoals Marine Laboratory (SML) on an island off Portsmouth, N.H. Apply directly to Roder University, College of Continuing Studies. Contact Dr. Richard Alexander for application and information at: alexander@cornell.edu, (609) 895-5422. Offered alternate years.

This course allows students who are not biology majors to experience the breadth of the marine sciences under field conditions at an island laboratory. Aspects of biology, geology, earth science, chemistry, and physics are included. Specific topics include beach, salt marsh, tidal mud flat, tide pool, and benthic offshore environments. Identification of marine plants and animals, chemical and physical oceanography, marine geology, and ecology of kelp beds and urchin barrens.

**BIOG 204 Biological Illustration**

Summer. 2 credits. A special 1-week course offered at Cornell's Shoals Marine Laboratory (SML) on an island off Portsmouth, N.H. For more details and an application, contact the SML office, G14 Stimson Hall. Daily sessions for 1 week. SML faculty.

General discussion of scientific publishing, illustration labeling, color techniques, and printing processes. The course provides the scientist or science student a chance to experience several illustration techniques with the goal of obtaining an overview of scientific and wildlife illustrations. The student may choose a single technique to explore in depth. Course size is limited so that individual attention can be emphasized.

**BIOG 303 Ecology of Marine Fishes**

Summer. 4 credits. Prerequisite: 1 year of college-level biology. SCUBA certification recommended, not required. S-U grades optional. A special 2-week course offered at Cornell's Shoals Marine Laboratory (SML) on an island off Portsmouth, N.H. For more details and an application, consult the SML office, G14 Stimson Hall. Daily lecs and fieldwork for 2 weeks. SML staff.

This course presents principles, models, and methods for analysis of dynamics of fish populations and communities, and analysis of current research emphasizing theory and its potential uses in fisheries' management. Lab and field activities emphasize collection and analysis of data from the Gulf of Maine and adjacent estuarine habitats.
**BIOSM 308 Marine Microbial Ecology**  
Summer. 4 credits. Prerequisite: 1 year of college-level biology. S-U grades optional. A special 2-week course offered at Shools Marine Laboratory (SML) on an island off Portsmouth, N.H. For more details and an application, consult the SML office, G14 Stimson Hall. Daily lecs and fieldwork for 2 weeks. SML staff.

This course examines the fundamental role of marine microbial communities in the function of the biosphere. Lectures survey bacterial, protozoan, and micrometazoan assemblages from Arctic to deep sea vent communities. Laboratory exercises cover several principal techniques of field microbial ecology and explore the rich marine microbial environment surrounding the Isles of Shoals.

**BIOSM 309 Climates and Ecosystems**  
Summer. 4 credits. Prerequisite: 1 year of college-level biology, background preferred in physics/physical geography. S-U grades optional. A special 2-week course offered at Shools Marine Laboratory (SML) on an island off Portsmouth, N.H. For more details and an application consult the SML office, G14 Stimson Hall. Daily lecs, labs, and fieldwork. SML faculty.

A study of the fundamentals of organism-environment interaction developed through defining and measuring abiotic factors including solar radiation, temperature, atmospheric pressure, wind, and currents. On-site exploration of the dynamics of meteorology and the role of abiotic and biotic factors in the life of coastal and marine plants and animals including humans.

**BIOSM 329 Ecology of Animal Behavior**  
Summer. 4 credits. Prerequisite: 1 year of introductory college biology. Recommended: course work in ecology, psychology, or behavior. S-U grades optional. A special 2-week course offered at Cornell's Shoals Marine Laboratory (SML) on an island off Portsmouth, N.H. For more details and an application consult the SML office, G14 Stimson Hall. Daily lecs, labs, and fieldwork for 2 weeks. SML faculty.

The ecological significance of behaviors of coastal organisms, with emphasis on field and laboratory research methods. Lectures and readings address the major subareas of behavior (communication, orientation, social behavior, foraging, predator avoidance, and sensory mechanisms). Each student engages in short-term behavioral observation and prepares a research proposal for studying a problem within the course subject area.

**BIOSM 363 Marine Biology for Teachers**  
Summer. 3 or 4 credits (4-credit option: additional 4 days for individual research). Primarily for teachers, grades 6 through 12, but open to others with teaching experience. Prerequisite: 1 year of introductory college biology. S-U grades optional. A special 10-day course offered at Cornell's Shoals Marine Laboratory (SML) on an island off Portsmouth, N.H. For more details and an application, consult the SML office, G14 Stimson Hall. Daily lecs, labs, and fieldwork for 10 days. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000–2001. SML faculty.

Designed to give an overview of living marine organisms (algae, invertebrates, fishes, marine mammals, and shorebirds) and of the environment they inhabit. Fieldwork is emphasized. Occasional lectures and films deal with additional topics such as coastal-zone problems, marine fisheries, economics of marine organisms, and educational resources of the marine environment.

**BIOSM 364 Field Marine Science (FMS)**  
Summer. 6 credits. Prerequisite: 1 year of college biology. S-U grades optional. A special 4-week course offered twice each summer at Cornell's Shoals Marine Laboratory (SML) on an island off Portsmouth, N.H. For more details and an application, consult the SML Office, G14 Stimson Hall. Daily lecs, labs, and fieldwork for 4 weeks. 3 core faculty members assisted by up to 15 visiting lecturers, including representatives of governmental agencies. SML faculty.

Designed for the student who desires an initial overview of the marine sciences, this course emphasizes living material in natural habitats. Most of the course work is concerned with the biology of intertidal plants and animals, biological oceanography, ichthyology, and fisheries. Attention is also given to introduction to physical and chemical oceanography and marine geology. Marine biology and the effects of human activity on the marine environment. Students apply this knowledge by conducting a transect study toward the end of the course. FMS places additional emphasis on ichthyology, fisheries biology, general oceanography (biological, physical, and chemical marine geology). FMBE (BIOSM 375) places an additional emphasis on ecology, especially in the intertidal zone; ecological, evolutionary and physiological adaptations of marine organisms, and field experiments.

**BIOSM 365 Underwater Research**  
Summer. 4 credits. Prerequisites: 1 year of college-level biology, recognized scuba certification, and a medical examination. S-U grades optional. A special 2-week course offered at Cornell's Shoals Marine Laboratory (SML) on an island off Portsmouth, N.H. For more details and an application, consult the SML office, G14 Stimson Hall. Daily lecs, labs, and fieldwork for 2 weeks. SML faculty.

An introduction to marine pollutants; their effects of human activity on the marine environment; governmental agencies. SML faculty.

**BIOSM 374 Field Ornithology (An Introduction)**  
Summer. 4 credits. Prerequisite: 1 year of college-level biology. S-U grades optional. A special 4-week course offered at Cornell's Shoals Marine Laboratory (SML) on an island off Portsmouth, N.H. For more details and an application, consult the SML office, G14 Stimson Hall. Daily lecs, labs, and fieldwork for 4 weeks. SML faculty.

An introduction to field ornithology focusing on the biology, ecology, and behavior of the avifauna on the Isles of Shoals. The course focuses on field work designed to observe and study many concepts frequently taught in the classroom setting including territoriality, breeding biology, and survivalship. Students learn and apply numerous ornithological field methods including various census techniques, territory mapping, banding, behavioral observations, and creating a field notebook.

**BIOSM 375 Field Marine Biology and Ecology (FMBE)**  
Summer. 6 credits. Prerequisites: 1 full year of college level biology. S-U grades optional. A 4-week course offered at Cornell's Shoals Marine Laboratory (SML) on an island off Portsmouth, N.H. For more details and an application, consult the SML Office, G-14 Stimson Hall. Daily lecs, labs, and fieldwork for 4 weeks. SML faculty.

Designed for students seeking an introduction to the marine sciences and marine ecology; FMBE emphasizes field work in natural habitats. Examines aspects of the biology and ecology of marine organisms, including intertidal plants and invertebrates, fishes, marine mammals and birds, biological oceanography, and human impacts on the marine environment. FMBE places a special emphasis on the ecology of the intertidal zone, ecological, evolutionary and physiological adaptations of marine organisms. Students may not take FMBE after taking FMS (BIOSM 364).

**BIOSM 376 Marine Invertebrate Zoology**  
Summer. 6 credits. Prerequisite: 1 year of introductory biology and permission of instructors. S-U grades optional. A special 2-week course offered at Shools Marine Laboratory (SML) on an island off Portsmouth, N.H. For more details and an application, consult the SML office, G14 Stimson Hall. Daily lecs, labs, and fieldwork for 2 weeks. SML faculty.

An introduction to the biology and evolution of the major invertebrate phyla, concentrating on marine representatives. Emphasis is placed on the evolution of form and function, and the ecology, behavior, physiology, chemical ecology, and natural history of invertebrates. Appledore Island's unique location provides an excellent venue for the study of freshly collected and in situ representatives of most of the major phyla.

**BIOSM 402 Marine Pollution**  
Summer. 4 credits. Prerequisites: 1 year of college-level biology and chemistry or permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. A special 2-week course offered at Cornell's Shoals Marine Laboratory (SML) on an island off Portsmouth, N.H. For more details and an application, consult the SML office, G14 Stimson Hall. Daily lecs, labs, and fieldwork for 2 weeks. Offered alternate years. SML faculty.

An introduction to marine pollutants, their sources and control/treatment; the effects of marine pollution upon coastal ecosystems; and federal and state water pollution regulatory programs. Laboratory includes training in field collection of water samples, measurement and modeling of effluent plume dynamics, and measurement of microbial indicators of water quality, dissolved nutrients, BOD, dissolved oxygen, and toxicity.

**BIOSM 413 Experimental Marine Ecology**  
Summer. 6 credits. Prerequisite: 1 year of college level biology experience in ecology or physiology recommended. S-U grades optional. A special 4-week course offered at Cornell's Shoals Marine Laboratory (SML) on an island off Portsmouth, N.H. For more details and an application, consult the SML office, G14 Stimson Hall. Daily lecs, labs, and fieldwork for 3 weeks. SML faculty.
An introduction to the physiological ecology and functional morphology of marine plants and animals, with emphasis on selected algal and invertebrate examples from the Gulf of Maine. Topics covered include photosynthesis in the marine environment; respiration in intertidal and shallow subtidal organisms, including determination of temperature, light, salinity, oxygen and nutrient levels, and into functional analyses of metabolic phenomena. The process of scientific investigation is the predominant theme of the course.

**BIOSM 418 Tropical Marine Science (plus BIOSM 499)**
Summer. 8 credits and 4 credits of research. Offered to 12 students. Prerequisites: 1 year college-level biology; recognized SCUBA certification; medical exam; and permission of instructor. A special 8-week course offered in Akumal, Mexico. For more details, contact Shools Marine Laboratory, G-14 Stimson Hall, 255-3717. For certified divers only. Lectures, labs, and fieldwork for 2 weeks. SML faculty. In addition to lectures and laboratories, covering the basic principles of coral reef ecology, students participate in a coral reef monitoring survey. Following two weeks of course work, students engage in independent research projects.

**BIOSM 449 Seaweeds, Plankton and Seagrass: the Ecology and Systematics of Marine Plants**
Summer. 4 credits. Prerequisite: BIOSM 364 or 1 year of introductory biology. S-U grades optional. A special 2-week course offered at Cornell's Shoals Marine Laboratory (SML), on an island off Portsmouth, N.H. For more details and an application, consult the SML office, G14 Stimson Hall. Daily lecs, labs, and fieldwork for 2 weeks. SML faculty. An overview of the major marine algal groups, including aspects of anatomy, morphology, development, life histories, physiology, and use. Laboratories and fieldwork emphasize relationships between distribution and major environmental parameters and involve student projects.

**GEOL 475 Special Topics in Oceanography: Satellite Remote Sensing in Biological Oceanography**
Summer. 6 credits. Prerequisites. I course in oceanography and/or marine biology, or permission of the instructor. Strong computer skills are desired. S-U grades optional. A special 4-week course offered at Cornell's Shoals Marine Laboratory (SML), on an island off Portsmouth, N.H. and on campus at Cornell University. For more details and an application, consult the SML office, G14 Stimson Hall. Daily lecs, labs, and fieldwork for 4 weeks. SML faculty. "Remote Sensing" provides hands-on research experience in hydrologic optics and satellite remote sensing to advanced undergraduate and beginning graduate students. The course is comprised of four principal parts, each taught by a separate team of instructors at two different locations: Part 1 (nine days) will be conducted at Shools Marine Laboratory and aboard the R/V Kingsbury in waters surrounding the Isles of Shoals. Part 1 will be devoted to the theory and application of seawater optical properties, emphasizing the dependency of apparent optical property on chlorophyll and dissolved organic matter concentrations. Parts 2-4 (19 days) will be conducted at the Science of Earth Systems computer laboratory on the Cornell campus. Part 2 will cover satellite remote sensing of the apparent optical properties of seawater with an emphasis on processing SeaWiFS data using SeaDAS software and IDL programming language. Part 3 addresses satellite remote sensing of physical oceanographic processes that influence ecosystem dynamics with an emphasis on AVHRR-derived sea-surface temperature and SSM/I-derived ocean winds. Part 4 is devoted to independent projects; student will attempt to integrate SeaWiFS, AVHRR, and SSM/I data in order to address questions of biological-physical interactions.

**BIOSM 477 Marine Vertebrates**
Summer. 6 credits. Prerequisites: a course in vertebrate biology. S-U grades optional. A special 3-week course offered at Cornell's Shoals Marine Laboratory (SML), on an island off Portsmouth, N.H. For more details and an application, consult the SML office, G14 Stimson Hall. Daily lecs, labs, and fieldwork for 3 weeks. SML faculty. Topics in marine vertebrate biology emphasizing laboratory studies, field collections or observations, and readings from the current literature. Topics covered include systems of fishes of the Gulf of Maine, elasmobranch physiology, interpretation of life history and parameters from ontolith microstructure, teleost skeletomuscular structure and function, population biology and the contemporary Gulf of Maine fishery. Mesozoic marine reptiles, the biology of sea turtles in cold water, coloniality in sea birds, avian adaptations to life at sea, evolution and systematics of marine mammals, diving physiology, and ecology and conservation of existing marine mammal populations. Dissection of vertebrate animals is a part of one or more laboratory sessions.

**BIOSM 490 Topics in Marine Biology**
Summer. 1-2 credits. Prerequisite: 1 year of introductory biology and permission of instructors. S-U grades optional. A special course offered at Cornell's Shoals Marine Laboratory (SML), on an island off Portsmouth, N.H. and on campus at Cornell University. For more details, consult the SML office, G14 Stimson Hall. Daily lecs, labs, and fieldwork for 3 weeks. SML faculty. Seminar courses on selected topics in marine biology. Students and faculty will explore recent research through reading of the primary literature. Students may also include a lab or field trips. Offered in spring semester for two credits with a two-hour discussion per week. Offered at the Shools Marine Laboratory (summer) for one credit with four one-hour discussions per week for four weeks.
This course examines the complete history of the Isles of Shoals from Paleozoic intrusion, deformation and metamorphism to recent glaciation, sea-level change and wave erosion. Students will learn basic sampling and mapping techniques using the Brunton compass, pole-level/stadia rod, autolevel and GPS. Sea kayaks will be used for inter-island travel and explorations of the islands. No previous kayaking experience is required. Field efforts will focus on creating a series of thematic maps depicting island characteristics such as topography, bedrock geology and structure, vegetation and land use patterns.

**NTRES 306 Coastal and Oceanic Law and Policy**

**Summer. 2 credits.** A special 1-week course offered at Cornell’s Shoals Marine Laboratory (SML) on an island off Portsmouth, N.H. For more details and an application, consult the SML office, G14 Simson Hall. Daily lecs and disc for 1 week. SML faculty.

Intended for persons interested in careers in management of marine or coastal resources or in the natural sciences. Subjects include law and policy related to ocean dumping, marine sanctuaries, habitat protection, wetlands, offshore oil and gas production, and territorial jurisdiction. Lectures on the status and history of law are accompanied by discussion of relevant policies and analysis of the efficacy of various legal techniques. A case study that requires extensive use of the laboratory’s library and personnel is assigned. The week concludes with a mock hearing.

**NTRES 417 Wetland Resources**

**Summer. 2 credits. Prerequisite: 1 year of college-level biology. A special 1-week course offered at Cornell’s Shoals Marine Laboratory (SML) on an island off Portsmouth, N.H. For more details and an application, consult the SML office, G14 Simson Hall. Daily lecs and labs, and fieldwork. SML faculty.**

An examination of coastal and adjacent freshwater wetlands from historic, destruction, and preservation perspectives, including fresh- and salt-marsh ecology and management. Field trips explore wetlands under discussion and follow-up laboratories emphasize successional features, plant identification and classification, and examination of the dominant insect and vertebrate associations.

**BIOES 373 Biology of the Marine Invertebrates**

**Fall (but taken in the previous summer at the Shoals Marine Laboratory (SML)). 4 credits. Limited to 30 students. Prerequisite: 1 year of introductory biology for majors. Permission of faculty required for 2001.** Because it will be off campus 2 weeks, full-time course. Daily and evening lectures, laboratories, and field work.


An introduction to the biology and evolution of the major invertebrate phyla, concentrating on marine representatives. In addition to the evolution of form and function, lectures cover aspects of ecology, behavior, physiology, chemical ecology, and natural history of invertebrates. By being taught at the Shoals Marine Laboratory, students are exposed to a wealth of marine and terrestrial invertebrates in their natural habitats. Regular field excursions allow an excellent opportunity to study freshly collected and in situ representatives of most of the major phyla.

**BIOES 366-372 SEA Semester**

In cooperation with the Sea Education Association (SEA), the Shoals Marine Laboratory offers a semester-length sequence of courses designed to provide college undergraduates with a thorough academic, scientific, and practical understanding of the sea. This sequence is repeated approximately once every June by students returning for the following year. Students spend the first half of SEA Semester (a six-week shore component) in Woods Hole, MA, receiving instruction in oceanography, nautical science, and maritime studies. The second half of SEA Semester (a six-week sea component) is spent at sea aboard the R/V Westward or the R/V Corwith Cramer.

Enrollment is open to both men and women judged capable of benefiting from SEA Semester, a student must have successfully completed at least one college-level laboratory science course (or its equivalent) in order to be admitted to SEA Semester or SEA Summer Session.

No prior sailing experience is necessary. Cornell students enrolled in the SEA Semester must take the entire sequence.

For more information, contact the Shoals Marine Laboratory office, G14 Simson Hall, or call SEA directly at 800-552-3633. Program costs are to be paid in place of regular Cornell tuition and fees. Tuition for the entire 17-credit SEA Semester is approximately $4,000, which includes room and board at SEA.

Instructors for the SEA Semester include faculty of the Sea Education Association and the Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution and others.

**BIOES 383 SEA Practical Oceanography I**

3 credits. Prerequisites: concurrent enrollment in BIOES 366 and 368.

A survey of the characteristics and processes of the global ocean. Oceanographic concepts are introduced and developed from their bases in biology, physics, chemistry, and geology. Provides a broad background in oceanography with special attention to areas pertinent to the subsequent cruise. Guest lecturers from the Woods Hole research community interpret current trends and activities in this rapidly evolving field. Students develop individual projects to be carried out at sea.

**BIOES 367 SEA Introduction to Maritime Studies**

3 credits. Prerequisite: concurrent enrollment in BIOES 366 and 368.

An interdisciplinary consideration of our relationship with the marine environment. Covers the elements of maritime history, law, literature, and art necessary to appreciate our marine heritage and to understand the political and economic problems of contemporary maritime affairs.

**BIOES 368 SEA Introduction to Nautical Science**

3 credits. Prerequisites: concurrent enrollment in BIOES 366 and 367.

An introduction to the technologies of operation at sea. The concepts of navigation (piloting, celestial, and electronic), naval architecture, ship construction, marine engineering systems, and the physics of sail are taught from their bases in astronomy, mathematics, and physics. Provides the theoretical foundation for the navigation, seamanship, and engineering that students employ at sea.

**SEA Component (six weeks)**

Courses 369, 370 and 372 take place aboard the R/V Westward, a 125-foot steel auxiliary-powered staysail schooner built in 1961, or the R/V Corwith Cramer, a 154-foot steel auxiliary-powered brigantine built in 1987 for SEA. Both ships normally put to sea with a ship's company of 34. The professional staff of nine includes the captain, the chief scientist, three science watch officers, three deck watch officers, an engineer, and a steward. In addition, one or more visiting investigators are frequently aboard. Up to 24 students round out the complement.

**BIOES 369 SEA Practical Oceanography I**

4 credits. Prerequisite: BIOES 366.

Theories and problems raised in the shore component are tested in the practice of oceanography at sea. Students are introduced to the tools and techniques of the practicing oceanographer. During lectures and watch standing, students are instructed in the operation of basic oceanographic equipment; in the methodologies involved in the collection, reduction, and analysis of oceanographic data; and in the attendant operations of a sailing oceanographic research vessel.

**BIOES 370 SEA Practical Oceanography II**

4 credits. Prerequisites: BIOES 368 and 369.

Building on the experience of Practical Oceanography I, students assume increasing responsibility for conducting oceanographic research and overseeing operations of the vessel. The individual student is ultimately responsible directly to the chief scientist and the master of the vessel for the safe and orderly conduct of research activities and related operations of the vessel. Each student undertakes an individual research project designed during the shore component.

**BIOES 372 SEA Practical Oceanography III**

Summer. 3 credits. Prerequisites: BIOES 366, 367, and 368.

Theories and problems raised in class are tested in the practice of oceanography at sea. During lectures and watch standing, students are instructed in the operation of basic oceanographic equipment, in the methodologies involved in the collection, reduction, and analysis of oceanographic data, and in the attendant operations of sailing an oceanographic research vessel. Group research projects are completed.

**FACULTY ROSTER**

**New York State College of Agriculture and Life Sciences**

Adler, Kraig K., Ph.D., U. of Michigan, Prof., Neurobiology and Behavior

Alani, Eric E., Ph.D., Harvard U. Asst. Prof., Molecular Biology and Genetics
Liebhaber, James K., Assoc. Prof., Entomology/Plant Biology (Bailey Hortorum)

Mason, Hugh S., Adjunct Asst. Prof., Boyce Thompson Institute/Plant Biology

Richmond, Milo E., Assoc. Prof., USDA Fish and Wildlife Service/Natural Resources/Ecology and Evolutionary Biology

Rossman, Michael J., Adjunct Prof., Purdue U./Molecular Biology and Genetics

Stem, David B., Adjunct Prof., Boyce Thompson Institute/Plant Biology

Thompson, John F., Adjunct Prof., USDA Science and Education Administration/Plant Biology

Vehrencamp, Sandra, Ph.D., Cornell U. Prof., Neurobiology and Behavior/Library of Natural Sounds

Wheeler, Quentin D., Prof., Entomology/Plant Biology (Bailey Hortorum)

**College of Arts and Sciences**

Adkins-Regan, Elizabeth, Ph.D., U. of Pennsylvania. Prof., Neurobiology and Behavior/Psychology

Aquadro, Charles F., Ph.D., U. of Georgia. Prof., Molecular Biology and Genetics/Ecology and Evolutionary Biology

Bass, Andrew H., Ph.D., U. of Michigan. Prof., Molecular Biology and Genetics

Blackler, Antonie W., Ph.D., U. of London (England). Prof., Molecular Biology and Genetics

Booker, Ronald, Ph.D., Princeton U. Assoc. Prof., Neurobiology and Behavior

Breather, Anthony P., Ph.D., Leeds U. (England). Prof., Molecular Biology and Genetics

Brown, William J., Ph.D., U. of Texas Health Science Center at Dallas. Assoc. Prof., Molecular Biology and Genetics

Capranica, Robert R., Sc.D., Massachusetts Inst. of Technology. Prof., Emeritus, Neurobiology and Behavior

Chen, Rey-Huei, Ph.D., Harvard U. Asst. Prof., Molecular Biology and Genetics

Deitche, David, Ph.D., Harvard Med. School. Asst. Prof., Neurobiology and Behavior

Ferguson, Gerald W., Ph.D., California Inst. of Technology. Prof., Molecular Biology and Genetics

Finlay, Barbara, Ph.D., Massachusetts Inst. of Tech. Prof., Neurobiology and Behavior/Psychology

Geber, Monica A., Ph.D., U. of Utah. Assoc. Prof., Ecology and Evolutionary Biology

Gibson, Quentin H., Ph.D./D.Sc., Queen's U. (Northern Ireland). Greater Philadelphia Professor Emeritus in Biological Sciences, Molecular Biology and Genetics

Gilbert, Perry W., Ph.D., Cornell U. Prof. Emeritus, Neurobiology and Behavior

Greene, Harry W., Ph.D., U. of Tennessee. Prof., Ecology and Evolutionary Biology

Hairson, Nelson G., Jr., Ph.D., U. of Washington. Frank H. T. Rhodes Professor of Environmental Science, Ecology and Evolutionary Biology

Halpern, Bruce P., Ph.D., Brown U. Prof., Neurobiology and Behavior/Psychology

Hedin, Lars O., Ph.D., Yale U. Assoc. Prof., Ecology and Evolutionary Biology

Heppe, Leon A., Ph.D., U. of California at Berkeley. Prof., Emeritus, Molecular Biology and Genetics

Hess, George P., Ph.D., U. of California at Berkeley. Prof., Molecular Biology and Genetics

Hinkle, Peter C., Ph.D., New York U. Prof., Molecular Biology and Genetics

Howland, Howard C., Ph.D., Cornell U. Prof., Neurobiology and Behavior/Biomedical Sciences

Hoy, Ronald R., Ph.D., Stanford U. Prof., Neurobiology and Behavior

Huffaker, Thomas C., Ph.D., Massachusetts Inst. of Technology. Assoc. Prof., Molecular Biology and Genetics

Kennedy, Kenneth R. A., Ph.D., U. of California at Berkeley. Prof., Ecology and Evolutionary Biology

Leonard, Samuel L., Ph.D., U. of Wisconsin. Prof. Emeritus, Molecular Biology and Genetics

Linstert, Christine, Ph.D., Pierre and Marie Curie U. Asst. Prof., Neurobiology and Behavior

McCobb, David, Ph.D., U. of Iowa. Asst. Prof., Neurobiology and Behavior

MacDonald, June M. Fessenden, Ph.D., Tufts U. Assoc. Prof., Molecular Biology and Genetics/Program on Science, Technology, and Society

McFarland, William N., Ph.D., U. of California at Los Angeles. Prof Emeritus, Ecology and Evolutionary Biology

Nicholson, Linda, Ph.D., Florida State U. Asst. Prof., Molecular Biology and Genetics

Podleski, Thomas R. Ph.D., Columbia U. Prof., Neurobiology and Behavior

Power, Alison G., Ph.D., U. of Washington. Prof., Ecology and Evolutionary Biology/Science and Technology Studies

Provine, William B., Ph.D., U. of Chicago. Charles A. Alexander Professor of Biological Sciences, Ecology and Evolutionary Biology

Salpeter, Miriam M., Ph.D., Cornell U. Prof., Neurobiology and Behavior/ Applied and Engineering Physics

Seeley, Thomas D., Ph.D., Harvard U. Prof., Neurobiology and Behavior

Sherman, Paul W., Ph.D., U. of Michigan. Prof., Neurobiology and Behavior

Turgeon, Robert, Ph.D., Carleton U. (Canada). Prof., Plant Biology

Wallace, Bruce, Ph.D., Columbia U. Prof Emeritus, Molecular Biology and Genetics

Whitleck, Kathleen E., Ph.D., U. Washington Seattle. Asst. Prof., Molecular Biology and Genetics

Wilson, David B., Ph.D., Stanford U. Prof., Biochemistry, Molecular Biology and Genetics

Wolfner, Mariana F., Ph.D., Stanford U. Prof., Molecular Biology and Genetics


**Other Teaching Personnel**

Albrecht, Genia S., Ph.D., U. of Washington. Sr. Lecturer, Molecular Biology and Genetics

Berry, John Ph.D., Cornell U. Post Doc Plant Biology (Bailey Hortorum)

Corley, Carolyn Ph.D., Boston U. Sr. Lecturer, Plant Biology

Johnson, Bruce R., Ph.D., Boston U. Sr. Lecturer, Neurobiology and Behavior

Land, Bruce, Ph.D., Cornell U. Sr. Lecturer, Neurobiology and Behavior

Wahl-Loeve, Christina M., Ph.D., Cornell U. Lecturer, Physiology

**Joint Appointees**

Levin, Simon A., Adjunct Prof., Princeton U./Ecology and Evolutionary Biology

Likens, Gene E., Adjunct Prof., Institute of Ecosystem Studies/Ecology and Evolutionary Biology

**New York State College of Veterinary Medicine**

Gasteiger, Edgar L., Ph.D., U. of Minnesota. Prof. Emeritus, Physiology/Veterinary Physiology

Tapper, Daniel N., Ph.D., Cornell U. Prof. Emeritus, Physiology/Veterinary Physiology

Wasserman, Robert H., Ph.D., Cornell U. James Law Prof. Emeritus, Physiology/Veterinary Physiology/Nutritional Sciences

**Other Teaching Personnel**

Concannon, Patrick W., Ph.D., Cornell U. Sr. Res. Assoc., Veterinary Physiology/Physiology

**Joint Appointees**

Fortune, Joanne E., Ph.D., Cornell U. Prof., Veterinary Physiology/Physiology

Gilmour, Robert F., Ph.D., SUNY Upstate Medical Center. Assoc. Prof., Veterinary Physiology/Physiology

Houpt, Katherine A., Prof., Veterinary Physiology/Physiology

Houpt, T. Richard, Prof., Veterinary Physiology/Physiology

Nathaniel, Peter W., James Law Prof., Veterinary Physiology/Physiology

Robertshaw, David, Ph.D., Glasgow U. (Scotland). Prof., Veterinary Physiology/Physiology

Wootton, John F., Prof., Veterinary Physiology/Physiology

**College of Engineering**

**Joint Appointees**

Cisne, John L., Assoc. Prof., Geological Sciences/Biological Sciences

Webb, Watt W., Prof., Applied and Engineering Physics/Biological Sciences

**Biological Sciences**

**Joint Appointees**

Snedeker, Suzanne M., Asst. Prof., Center for the Environment/Biological Sciences

**Division of Nutritional Sciences**

**Joint Appointees**

Arion, William J., Prof., Nutritional Sciences/Molecular Biology and Genetics

Bensadjoud, Andre, Prof., Nutritional Sciences/Physiology

Kazarinoff, Michael N., Assoc. Prof., Nutritional Sciences/Molecular Biology and Genetics

Wright, Lemuel D., Ph.D., Oregon State Coll. Prof Emeritus, Nutritional Sciences/Molecular Biology and Genetics

*Joint appointment with the College of Arts and Sciences.

†Joint appointment with the College of Veterinary Medicine

‡Joint appointment with the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences

§Joint appointment with the College of Engineering.
FACILITIES AND SPECIAL PROGRAMS

Most of the academic units of the College of Engineering are on the Joseph N. Pew, Jr. Engineering Quadrangle. Facilities for applied and engineering physics are located in Clark Hall on the College of Arts and Sciences campus, and facilities for agricultural and biological engineering are centered in Kelsey-Robb Hall on the campus of the New York State College of Agriculture and Life Sciences.

Special university and college facilities augment the laboratories operated by the various engineering schools and departments, and special centers and programs contribute to opportunities for study and research.

Cornell programs and centers of special interest in engineering include the following:

- Center for Applied Mathematics. A cross-disciplinary center that administers a graduate program.
- Center for Manufacturing Enterprise. A joint venture of Cornell, industrial organizations, and the federal government to encourage the development and implementation of modern manufacturing systems.
- Center for Radiophysics and Space Research. An interdisciplinary unit that facilitates research in astronomy and the space sciences.
- Center for Theory and Simulation in Science and Engineering. A supercomputer facility used for advanced research in engineering and the physical and biological sciences.
- Cornell Electronic Packaging Alliance. A cooperative venture involving Cornell and several corporations in the areas of computing and microelectronics, organized to undertake pre-competitive, interdisciplinary research in electronic packaging.
- Cornell Nanofabrication Facility (part of the National Science Foundation funded National Nanofabrication Users Network). A center that provides equipment and services for research in the science, engineering, and technology of nanometer scale structures for electronic, chemical, physical, and biological applications.
- Cornell Waste Management Institute. A research, teaching, and extension program within the Center for Environmental Research that addresses the environmental, technical, and economic issues associated with solid waste; one facility sponsored by the institute is the Combustion Simulation Laboratory in the Sibley School of Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering.
- Institute for the Study of the Continents. An interdisciplinary organization that promotes research on the structure, composition, and evolution of the continents.
- Laboratory of Plasma Studies. A center for interdisciplinary research in plasma physics and lasers.
- Cornell Center for Materials Research. An interdisciplinary facility with substantial support from the National Science Foundation, providing sophisticated scientific measurement and characterization equipment.
- National Astronomy and Ionosphere Center. The world's largest radio-telescope facility, operated by Cornell in Arecibo, Puerto Rico.
- National Earthquake Engineering Research Center. A facility recently established by the National Science Foundation and a group of universities in New York State to study response and design of structures in earthquake environments.
- National Institutes of Health/National Science Foundation Developmental Resource in Biophysical Imaging and Optoelectronics. A resource that develops novel measurement and optical instrumentation for solving biophysical problems.
- Power Systems Engineering Research Center. A research and instructional program centered in a laboratory that has a complete real-time model of an electric power system.
- Program of Computer Graphics. An interdisciplinary research center that operates one of the most advanced computer-graphics laboratories in the United States.
- Program on Science, Technology, and Society. A cross-disciplinary unit that sponsors courses and promotes research on the interaction of science, technology, and society.
- SRC Program on Microscience and Technology. A center sponsored by the Semiconductor Research Corporation to promote research essential to the development of VLSI devices and circuits.
- Ward Laboratory of Nuclear Engineering. Irradiation, isotope production, and activation analysis facilities for interdisciplinary research.

The programs listed on this page are sponsored by College of Engineering units and several are industry affiliated. These are in the areas of injection molding, computer science, materials science, geologic study of the continents, and nanometer scale structures.

DEGREE PROGRAMS

Cornell programs in engineering and applied science lead to the degrees of Bachelor of Science, Master of Engineering (with field designation), Master of Science, and Doctor of Philosophy.

General academic information concerning the Bachelor of Science degree is given here under the heading "Undergraduate Study." Curricula for major studies are described under the various academic areas.

Programs leading to the Master of Science and Doctor of Philosophy degrees are administered by the Graduate School. They are described in the "Announcement of the Graduate School" and the special announcement, "Graduate Study in Engineering and Applied Science." The professional Master of Engineering programs and cooperative programs with the Johnson Graduate School of Management are described below.

UNDERGRADUATE STUDY

Bachelor of Science (B.S.) degrees are offered in the following areas:

- Agricultural and Biological Engineering
- Chemical Engineering
- Civil Engineering
- College Program
- Computer Science
- Electrical Engineering
- Engineering Physics
- Geological Sciences
- Materials Science and Engineering
- Mechanical Engineering
- Operations Research and Engineering

Students in the College of Engineering begin their undergraduate studies in the Common Curriculum, which is administered by the faculty members of the College Curriculum Governing Board (CCGB) through the associate dean for undergraduate programs and the Engineering Advising office. Subsequently, most students enter field programs, which are described separately for each academic area. Criteria for entrance into the field programs are described in the section titled "Affiliation with a Field Program." Alternatively, students may enter the College Program (described below), which permits them to pursue a course of study adapted to individual interests.
Students interested in bioengineering may arrange a suitable curriculum through the bioengineering option in one of the field programs or through the College Program. Students interested in implementing their field program with formal study in another traditional area of engineering may wish to consider one of the engineering minors offered by the college. Information about both the bioengineering option and engineering minors is available in the Engineering Advising Office, 167 Olin Hall. Students interested in environmental engineering and science may pursue the environmental option offered by the School of Civil and Environmental Engineering and the Department of Agricultural and Biological Engineering, or the science of earth systems (SES) option offered by the Department of Geological Sciences.

*Agricultural and biological engineering, chemical engineering, civil engineering, electrical engineering, engineering physics, materials science and engineering, mechanical engineering, and operations research and engineering are accredited by the Engineering Accreditation Commission of the Accreditation Board for Engineering and Technology.*

To major in agricultural and biological engineering students normally enroll in the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences for the first three years, and jointly in that college and the College of Engineering for the final year. Students initially enrolled in the College of Engineering, however, may affiliate with the field of agricultural and biological engineering and complete the degree solely within that college.

**Requirements for Graduation**

To receive the Bachelor of Science degree, students must meet the requirements of the Common Curriculum, as set forth by the College of Engineering, including the requirements of the field program, as established by the school or department with which they become affiliated. Students must meet the Common Curriculum as explained below. (Further explanation of the revised Common Curriculum and field flow charts are provided in the 2000–2001 edition of The Engineering Undergraduate Handbook.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Category</th>
<th>Credits</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1) Mathematics</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2) Physics (depending on field)</td>
<td>8-12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3) Chemistry (depending on field)</td>
<td>4-8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4) First-Year writing seminar*</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5) Computer programming†</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6) Engineering distribution (3 courses)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a. One Introduction to Engineering (ENGRI)</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>b. Two other engineering distribution courses (ENGRD)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7) Liberal studies distribution (6 courses)</td>
<td>18 (min.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8) Approved electives</td>
<td>6</td>
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<tr>
<td>9) Field program</td>
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<tr>
<td>a. Field required courses</td>
<td>30 cr. min.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. Field approved electives</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. Courses outside the field</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*One writing-intensive technical course or a course in technical or scientific writing must also be taken; this course may simultaneously satisfy some other requirement.

†One approved course in computing applications must also be taken; this course may simultaneously satisfy some other requirement, such as an engineering distribution course, an approved elective, or a field program course.

From 123 to 133 credits are required for graduation; the specific number of required credits will vary depending on which field program is chosen (see field curricula for specific field requirements). Two terms of physical education must be taken in the freshman year and students must demonstrate proficiency in swimming to satisfy a university requirement.

**Mathematics**

The normal program in mathematics includes MATH 191 (or 190), 192, 293, and 294. Every student must attain a grade of at least C- in MATH 191 (or 190), 192, 293, and 294, or other courses that may be approved as substitutes for these courses. If this requirement is not met at the first time a course is taken, the course must be repeated immediately and a satisfactory grade attained before the next course in the sequence may be taken. Failure to achieve at least a C- the second time around will generally result in dismissal from the engineering program. Courses that are taken a second time in order to meet this requirement do not yield additional credit toward a degree.

**Physics**

The normal program in physics includes PHYS 112, 213, and 214 or the corresponding honors courses (PHYS 116, 217, and 218). Engineering students are required to have attained a minimum grade of C- in MATH 191 or equivalent before taking PHYS 112. The same minimum grade is required in each subsequent mathematics course before taking the physics course for which it is a prerequisite (e.g., C- in MATH 192 before taking PHYS 213, or C- in MATH 293 before taking PHYS 214). Students in the field programs of ABEN, CHEM, CEE, COM S, GEOL (geoscience and SES options), or OR&E may substitute CHEM 208 for PHYS 214.

**Chemistry**

CHEM 211 or 207 is required for all students. CHEM 211 is a course designed for students who do not intend any further study in chemistry. Typically, CHEM 211 is taken during the freshman year, but students who wish to complete the physics program (PHYS 112, 213, and 214) first may postpone CHEM 211 until the sophomore year. In general, students intending to affiliate with the following departments and schools usually take CHEM 211: Applied and Engineering Physics, Civil Engineering (not students in the environmental engineering option), Computer Science, Electrical and Computer Engineering, Materials Science and Engineering, Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering, and Operations Research and Industrial Engineering. Students considering Chemical Engineering must take CHEM 207 in the fall of their freshman year, to be followed by CHEM 208 in the spring term. All students considering the environmental option in Civil Engineering, Agricultural and Biological Engineering, the science of earth systems option in Earth and Atmospheric Sciences, or a health-related career such as medicine, should take the CHEM 207–208 sequence.

**First-Year Writing Seminars**

Each semester of their freshman year, students choose a First-Year Writing Seminar from among more than one hundred courses offered by over thirty different departments in the humanities, social sciences, and expressive arts. These courses offer the student practice in writing English prose. They also assure beginning students the benefits of a small class.

**Technical Writing**

The ability to communicate is essential to successful professional practice. In addition to taking two First-Year Writing Seminars, engineering students must have a significant amount of instruction and practice in technical or scientific writing. They can fulfill this technical-writing requirement by enrolling in an Engineering Communications course (e.g., ENGRD 354 or ENGRD 355) offered in the Communications department (COMM 260, 263, or 352), or an approved writing-intensive engineering course, including:

- ABEN 493 (with coregistration in ABEN 450 or ABEN 473)
- ENGRD/A&EP 264
- CHEM 432
- M&AE 427
- MS&E 435
- MS&E 443–444

For information about other options for fulfilling the writing requirement, please consult the Engineering Advising Office, 167 Olin Hall or contact the Engineering Communications Program, 465 Hollister Hall.

**Computing**

In either the first or second term of their freshman year, students normally take COM S 100, Introduction to Computer Programming. Before graduation they must take an additional course with a significant amount of computing applications; this course may also be used to meet another graduation requirement. Courses that satisfy this requirement are ABEN 453, ABEN 475, ENGRD/COM S 211, ENGRD/COM S 222, ENGRD/CEE 214, ENGRD/A&EP 264, ELE E 423, M&AE 470, M&AE 479, M&AE 575, and M&AE 578. The recommended choice for students intending to enter the field program in Engineering Physics is ENGRD 264; in Chemical Engineering, ENGRD 211, 222, or 241; in Civil Engineering, ENGRD 241; in Computer Science, ENGRD 241, in Electrical Engineering, ENGRD 211; in Mechanical Engineering, M&AE 470, M&AE 479, M&AE 575, or M&AE 578; and in Operations Research and Engineering, ENGRD 211.

**Engineering Distribution**

Three engineering distribution courses (nine credits) are required. One course must be an Introduction to Engineering Course (designated by ENGRD) to be taken by the student during their freshman year. The Introduction to Engineering course will introduce students to the engineering process and provide a substantive experience in an open-ended problem solving context. See the Introduction to Engineering Course listing for current course offerings.
The other two distribution courses must be selected from two different categories listed below. A student may use any one of the possible substitutions described.

1) **Scientific computing**
- ENGRD 211, Computers and Programming
- ENGRD 222, Introduction to Scientific Computation
- ENGRD 241, Engineering Computation

2) **Materials science**
- ENGRD 261, Introduction to Mechanical Properties of Materials

3) **Mechanics**
- ENGRD 202, Mechanics of Solids
- ENGRD 203, Dynamics

Students in the field program in Engineering Physics may substitute A&EP 333 for ENGRD 203.

4) **Probability and statistics**
- ENGRD 270, Basic: Engineering Probability and Statistics

Students in the field program in Electrical Engineering may substitute ELE E 310 for ENGRD 270. Students in the field program in Engineering Physics may substitute ELE E 310 or MATH 471 for ENGRD 270. Students in the field programs in Civil Engineering and Agricultural and Biological Engineering may substitute CEE 304 for ENGRD 270.

5) **Electrical sciences**
- ENGRD 210, Introduction to Circuits for Electrical and Computer Engineers
- ENGRD 231, Introduction to Digital Systems
- ENGRD 264, Computer-Instrumentation Design

6) **Thermodynamics and energy balances**
- ENGRD 219, Mass and Energy Balances
- ENGRD 221, Thermodynamics

7) **Earth and life sciences**
- ENGRD 201, Introduction to the Physics and Chemistry of the Earth
- ENGRD 250, Engineering Applications in Biological Systems

8) **Biological and chemistry**
- BIO G 101 and 103, Biological Sciences, Lecture and Laboratory
- BIO G 105, Introductory Biology
- BIO G 107, General Biology (summer only)
- CHEM 389, Physical Chemistry I

Some fields require a specific engineering distribution course as a prerequisite for the upperclass course sequence. These requirements are:

Agricultural and Biological Engineering: ENGRD 202

Chemical Engineering: ENGRD 219

Civil Engineering: ENGRD 202

Computer Science: ENGRD 211

Electrical Engineering: ENGRD 231
(co-enrollment in ELE E 232 strongly recommended)

Geological Sciences: ENGRD 201

Materials Science and Engineering: ENGRD 251

Mechanical Engineering: ENGRD 202

Operations Research and Engineering: ENGRD 270

**Liberal Studies Distribution**

The six required liberal studies courses (totaling at least 18 credits) may be chosen from approved courses in four categories: (a) humanities or history, (b) social sciences, (c) foreign languages, and (d) expressive arts. (No First-Year Writing Seminar may be used to meet the liberal studies requirement.)

- At least two courses must be chosen from category (a).
- At least two courses in either category (a), (b), or (d) must be from the same field of study. One of these courses must be at or above the 200-level or be an explicit prerequisite of the other.

Following each category is a list of approved courses. Every effort has been made to keep the lists up to date, but errors sometimes occur. Students who wish to use a course that seems to fit the category description but is not listed should contact the Engineering Advising Office.

### a) Humanities or History

**American Studies**
- American Studies 101
- American Studies 201, 202
- Architecture 131, 132, 181, 182, 382
- Art 317, 318

**African Studies**
- African Studies 202, 204, 205, 211, 280, 285, 304, 310, 361, 370, 381, 404, 422, 425, 431, 432, 455, 475, 483

**Anthropology**
- Anthropology 290, 451, 452, 453, 455
- Anthropology (courses in Old World Anthropology only)

**Archeology**
- Archeology 200, 451, 452, 453, 455
- Archeology (courses in Old World Archeology only)

**Arts**
- Art 317, 318
- Architecture 131, 132, 181, 182, 382
- Architecture (all courses)

**Biology and Society**
- Biology and Society 201, 301, 314, 361, 382, 404, 442

**Communication**
- Communication 116, 120, 240, 410, 420

**Design**
- Design 210, 212, 271, 311, 317, 322, 360, 413, 477

**Economics**
- Economics (all courses except 315, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 325, 490, 645, 664, 700)

**English**
- English (all courses except 315, 326, 327, 328, 355, 360, 361, 366, 369, 390, 404, 406, 408, 420, 433, 444, 445, 451, 455, 474, 493

**Film**

**French**
- French (all courses)

**German**
- German (all courses)

**Geography**
- Geography (all courses)

**History**
- History (all courses)

**Humanities**
- Humanities (all courses)

**International**
- International (all courses)

**Labor**
- Labor (all courses)

**Law**
- Law (all courses)

**Literature**
- Literature (all courses)

**Music**
- Music (all courses)

**Philosophy**
- Philosophy (all courses)

**Psychology**
- Psychology (all courses)

**Religion**
- Religion (all courses)

**Russian**
- Russian (all courses)

**Science**
- Science (all courses)

**Technology**
- Technology (all courses)

**Theater**
- Theater (all courses)

**Women**
- Women (all courses)

**Writing**
- Writing (all courses)
c) Foreign Language

This category includes all foreign language courses; if two or more foreign language courses are used to fulfill part of the liberal studies requirement, they must be a sequence in the same language. The rules for placement and advanced placement credit in languages are those of the College of Arts and Sciences. Speakers of languages other than English may obtain up to six advanced placement credits equal to two courses according to these rules.

d) Expressive Arts

Africana Studies 303, 425, 430

Art (studio courses)

Biological Sciences 208, 209

Communications (all courses except 116, 120, 314, 410, 416, 420, 426, 465)

Design and Environmental Analysis 101, 102

Engineering (all Engineering Communications courses, which are designated ENGRC)

English (expository and creative writing courses, whose numbers end in the 80's, e.g., 288, 289, 382, etc.)

Floriculture (courses in Freehand Drawing and Scientific Illustration)

Industrial and Labor Relations 452

Music (courses in musical performance, musical organizations and ensembles; three one-credit courses equals one course)

Science and Technology Studies 352

Theater Arts (all courses except those listed in category (a) above)

Electives

- Approved electives—six credits required (approved by the academic adviser)
- Because these courses should help develop and broaden the skills of the engineer, advisers will generally accept the following as approved electives:
  1. One Introduction to Engineering course (ENGRI).
  2. Engineering distribution courses.
  3. Courses stressing written or oral communication.
  4. Upper-level engineering courses.
  5. Advanced courses in mathematics.
  6. Rigorous courses in the biological and physical sciences.
  7. Courses in business, economics, or language (when they serve the student’s educational and academic objectives).
  8. Courses that expand the field program or another part of the curriculum (Note: No ROTC courses may be used as approved electives unless they are co-listed by an academic department.)
  9. Field approved electives—nine credits (approved by engineering field program faculty and field faculty advisers).
  10. Students should refer to the field program curricula for descriptions of courses that meet this category.
  11. To ensure breadth of engineering studies, field programs will also include nine credits of courses outside the field.

Social Issues of Technology

It is important for engineers to realize the social and ethical implications of their work. Consequently, in selecting their humanities, social sciences, and approved electives, students are urged to consider courses listed in the "Science and Technology Studies" undergraduate area of concentration (see Interdisciplinary Centers and Programs section). These courses may provide students with an important perspective on their studies and their future careers.

Engineering Advising Office

From the time that students enter the college as freshmen until they are affiliated with a major field or the College Program before the second term of the sophomore year, they are under the administration of the Engineering Advising Office, which implements the academic policies of the College Curriculum Governing Board. The office offers general advising and counseling services and serves as the primary resource center for undergraduate students in the college. The Engineering Minority Programs office and the Women’s Programs in Engineering office provide additional specialized services.

Freshman Year Requirements

By the end of the freshman year, engineering students are expected to have completed (or received credit for) the following core requirements:

- MATH 191 (or 190) and MATH 192
- Two of the following: CHEM 211, 207, 208, PHYS 112, 113, 214*
- COM S 100
- Two First-Year Writing Seminars
- One Introduction to Engineering course (ENGRI designation)
- Two Physical Education courses

*Students with an interest in pre-med (or other health-related careers), Agricultural and Biological Engineering, Chemical Engineering, the environmental option in Civil Engineering, or the science of earth systems option in Geologic Sciences should enroll in the CHEM 207–208 sequence during their freshman year.

Affiliation with a Field Program

Students must apply for affiliation with a field program during the first term of their sophomore year, although earlier affiliation may be granted at the discretion of the field. This is done by visiting the undergraduate field consultant’s office in the field of their choice and completing the Application for Field Affiliation form. To affiliate with a field program, students must (1) have a 2.0 cumulative grade point average and (2) have satisfied the field’s course and grade requirements as specified below:

(Please note that fields may impose alternative affiliation requirements for students applying for affiliation later than the first semester of the sophomore year.)

Field Program Courses and Minimum Grade Requirements

Agricultural & Biological Engineering

No more than one grade below C- in mathematics and science courses and ABEN 151 or equivalent

Chemical Engineering

No more than one grade below C- in chemistry, mathematics, physics, or chemical engineering courses (both overall and in the term immediately prior to affiliation).

Civil Engineering

A 2.0 GPA in all engineering and science courses and a grade of C- or better in ENGRD 202 (for students in the environmental option who do not take ENGRD 202 prior to affiliation, a grade of C- or better in CHEM 208 is required)

Computer Science

Completion of MATH 293, ENGRD/COM S 211, and COM S 280; a grade of C or better in all COM S courses (excluding COM S 100), with the overall average of these courses being no less than 2.7; a grade of C or better in all MATH classes, with an overall average of these courses being no less than 2.7; an overall GPA of 2.5 or better recommended. (In the event of repeated courses, both grades will be counted in the averages used for affiliation.)

Electrical Engineering

Good academic standing in the College of Engineering; a grade of C or better in MATH 293 and PHYS 213.

Repeated technical courses used to satisfy this requirement require field approval.

Engineering Physics

A grade of B- or better in all required mathematics and physics courses

Geological Sciences

Good academic standing in the College of Engineering

Materials Science & Engineering

A grade of C- or better in all physics and chemistry courses and a grade of C or better in ENGRD 261.

Mechanical Engineering

A grade of C- or better in mathematics and science courses and ENGRD 202

Operations Research & Engineering

A grade of C- or better in MATH 191 and 192, and a 2.0 GPA in all mathematics, science, and engineering courses (both overall and in the term immediately prior to affiliation).

Students must be affiliated or conditionally affiliated by the end of their fourth semester or they will be withdrawn from the College of Engineering, unless allowed to participate in a terminal semester.

SPECIAL PROGRAMS

Dual Degree Option

A special academic option, intended for superior students, is the dual degree program, in which both a Bachelor of Science and
either a Bachelor of Arts or Bachelor of Fine Arts degree can be earned in about five years. Students registered in the College of Engineering, the College of Arts and Sciences, or the College of Architecture, Art, and Planning may apply and, after acceptance of their application, begin the dual degree program in their second or third year. Those interested should contact the appropriate coordinators of dual degree programs at the following locations: 55 Goldwin Smith Hall (for Arts and Sciences); or 135 East Sibley (for Architecture, Art, and Planning); and the Director of Engineering Advising, 167 Olin Hall.

Double Major in Engineering

The Double Major option, which makes it possible to develop expertise in two allied fields of engineering, generally requires at least one semester beyond the usual four years. Students affiliate with one field following normal procedures and then petition to enter a second field before the end of their junior year. All the requirements of both fields must be satisfied. Further information is available from the Engineering Advising Office, 167 Olin Hall, and the individual field consultant offices.

College Program

Individually arranged courses of study under the College Program are possible for those well-qualified students whose educational objectives cannot be met by one of the regular field programs. Often the desired curriculum is in an interdisciplinary area. Each program is developed by the student in consultation with faculty advisers and must be approved by the College Program Committee, which is responsible for supervising the student's work.

Students apply to enter the College Program by the end of the first term of the sophomore year. A student should seek assistance in developing a coherent program from professors in the proposed major and minor subject areas. If approved, the program is the curricular contract to which the student must adhere. Normally, students applying to the College Program should have a 3.0 cumulative grade point average.

Every curriculum in the College Program, with the exception of certain faculty-sponsored programs, must comprise an engineering major and an educationally related minor. The major may be in any subject area offered by schools or departments of the college; the minor may be in a second engineering subject area or in a logically connected nonengineering area. The combinations must clearly form an engineering education in scope and in substance and should include engineering design and synthesis as well as engineering sciences. In addition to 48 credits in the major and minor subjects, including at least 32 credits in engineering courses, each program includes the normally required courses in humanities and social sciences and approved electives.

Further information about the College Program may be obtained from the Director of Engineering Advising, 167 Olin Hall.

Important note: because no single standardized curriculum exists, the College Program is not accredited. College Program students who intend to seek legal licensing as a Professional Engineer should be aware that this non-accredited degree program will require additional education, work, and/or experience to qualify for eligibility to take the Fundamentals of Engineering examination, and may affect acceptance into engineering graduate programs.

Engineering Minors

The Engineering Minor is a supplement to the regular bachelor's degree programs in the college, including the College Program, and recognizes formal study of a particular technical subject area in engineering normally outside the student's major. Therefore, it may be necessary for some students choosing to complete the requirements for an engineering minor to spend more than the traditional eight semesters to complete their studies at Cornell. In many cases, however, courses fulfilling minor requirements may also satisfy degree requirements (e.g., distribution courses, approved electives, or field-approved electives). Students undertaking a minor are expected to complete the requirements during the time of their continuous undergraduate enrollment at Cornell.

To complete an engineering minor, an undergraduate engineering student must

- be enrolled in a major field program that approves the participation of its affiliates in the desired minor.
- successfully complete all the requirements for a bachelor of science degree in engineering.
- satisfactorily complete six courses (18 credit minimum) stipulated in a college-approved minor offered by an engineering school or department other than that which offers the student's major.
- Students may apply for certification of an engineering minor at any time after the necessary coursework has been completed in accordance with published standards. Students who receive certification in an approved engineering minor will be recognized by means of an official notation on their Cornell transcript following graduation.

The College of Engineering currently offers minors in the following areas (offering departments are indicated in parentheses):

- Applied Mathematics (T&AM)
- Biomedical Engineering (T&AM)
- Civil Infrastructure (CEE)
- Electrical and Computer Engineering (ECE)
- Engineering Management (CEE)
- Engineering Statistics (OR&IE)
- Environmental Engineering (ABEN/CEE)
- Geological Sciences (EAS)
- Industrial Systems and Information Technology (OR&IE)
- Materials Science and Engineering (MS&E)
- Mechanical Engineering (M&EAE)
- Operations Research and Management Science (OR&IE)
- Materials Science and Engineering (MS&E)
- Mechanical Engineering (M&EAE)
- Operations Research and Management Science (OR&IE)
- Environmental Engineering (ABEN/CEE)
- Geological Sciences (EAS)
- Industrial Systems and Information Technology (OR&IE)
- Materials Science and Engineering (MS&E)
- Mechanical Engineering (M&EAE)
- Operations Research and Management Science (OR&IE)
- Additional information on specific minors can be found in the departmental sections of this publication, The Engineering Undergraduate Handbook, the undergraduate field office of the department offering the minor, and the Engineering Advising Office.

Bioengineering Option

Students who elect this option will graduate with a B.S. degree in one of the traditional fields and with an administrative note on their transcript formally recognizing their efforts in bioengineering.

The requirements for completion of the option are four courses (12 credit hours minimum) and one credit hour of Bioengineering Seminar (ENGR 501). These courses can simultaneously satisfy other degree requirements and are not necessarily four additional courses. These four courses must be selected from two categories: science-based courses and bioengineering courses. At least one course must be from the science-based course list and at least two (totaling at least six credits) from the bioengineering course list. Each student interested in the bioengineering option can request (through the Engineering Undergraduate Programs office) a faculty consultant who will assist the student in course selection for this option. The bioengineering faculty consultant is in addition to the student's regular academic adviser.

A list of approved courses is available in the Engineering Advising Office, 167 Olin Hall or in the Engineering Undergraduate Programs Office, 222 Carpenter Hall.

International Programs

All students who plan to study abroad apply through Cornell Abroad; please see the Cornell Abroad program description in the introductory section of Courses of Study.

An international perspective, sensitivity to other cultures, and the ability to read and speak a second language are increasingly important to today's engineers. In keeping with the university goals of internationalizing the curriculum, the College of Engineering encourages students to study or work abroad during their undergraduate years. For further information on the many study abroad opportunities to add an international dimension to your undergraduate education, see the staff in the Engineering Advising Office, 167 Olin Hall. Information on co-op programs abroad is available from the Engineering Professional Programs Office in 146 Olin Hall.

Engineering Communications Program

The Engineering Communications Program (ECP) provides instruction in the written, oral, and visual presentation of technical and scientific information. Engineering Communications, ENGR 350, and Communications for Engineering Managers, ENGR 335, are three-credit seminars that give students a thorough introduction to these areas. These courses use material from the core engineering and business workplace, and many assignments are based on actual events and professional situations. Students learn to direct their writing and presentations to different audiences that have varying roles and levels of expertise. They learn about effective teamwork and deal with organizational and ethical issues in the communications they encounter and produce. Classes have lively discussion, and the limited size of sections ensures close attention to individual students' work. Occasionally, the program's instructors offer courses or independent studies in topics of special interest. ECP courses fulfill the college's technical writing requirement (see Requirements for Graduation).
In addition to offering communications seminars, the program works with the engineering fields to integrate communications instructional and technical courses. The program presents workshops and lectures on relevant communications topics and helps to develop assignments, instructional materials, and assessment strategies for writing and oral presentations. The goal of these writing-intensive efforts is to strengthen students’ understanding of engineering course material and increase their ability to communicate it.

The ECP also gives presentations to student groups on effective writing, oral communication, and teamwork and has been involved in innovative educational projects such as Peer Teaching in Engineering (ENGRG 470), a collaborative learning initiative in physics, mathematics, chemistry, and engineering design. The program awards several annual prizes for writing, oral presentation, and teamwork. For further information, contact the director, 465 Hollister Hall.

Engineering Cooperative Education Program

A special program for undergraduates in most fields of engineering is the Engineering Cooperative Education Program, which provides an opportunity for students to gain practical experience in industry and other engineering-related enterprises before they graduate. By supplementing course work with carefully monitored, paid jobs, co-op students are able to explore their own interests and acquire a better understanding of engineering as a profession.

To be eligible, a student must have been admitted to Cornell for four semesters or prior to working, with a cumulative GPA of 2.7 or higher. Students in Computer Science and Agricultural and Biological Engineering are eligible, even though they may not be registered in the College of Engineering. Applicants are interviewed by representatives of participating companies and select their work assignment from any offers they receive. Those students who are offered assignments and elect to join the program usually take their fifth-term courses at Cornell during the summer following their sophomore year and begin a work assignment that fall. They return to Cornell to complete term six with their classmates and then undertake a second work assignment with the same company the following summer. Co-op students return to campus for their senior year and graduate with their class.

Further information may be obtained from the Engineering Professional Programs Office, 146 Olin Hall.

MASTER OF ENGINEERING DEGREE PROGRAMS

One-year Master of Engineering (M.Eng.) programs are offered in 13 fields. These programs are discussed in this announcement in connection with the corresponding upperclass engineering field programs because the curricula are integrated. Cornell baccalaureate engineering graduates frequently begin their studies in the M.Eng. program, although the program is also open to qualified graduates of other schools. More information is available through the Master of Engineering web site: www.engineering.cornell.edu/EngProfProg. The M.Eng. degrees and the academic fields under which they are described are listed below.

- **M.Eng. (Airspace):** Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering
- **M.Eng. (Agricultural and Biological):** Agricultural and Biological Engineering
- **M.Eng. (Chemical):** Chemical Engineering
- **M.Eng. (Civil & Environmental):** Civil and Environmental Engineering
- **M.Eng. (Computer Science):** Computer Science
- **M.Eng. (Electrical):** Electrical and Computer Engineering
- **M.Eng. (Engineering Physics):** Applied and Engineering Physics
- **M.Eng. (Geology):** Earth and Atmospheric Sciences
- **M.Eng. (Materials):** Materials Science and Engineering
- **M.Eng. (Mechanical):** Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering
- **M.Eng. (Engineering Mechanics):** Theoretical and Applied Mechanics
- **M.Eng. (Nuclear):** Nuclear Science and Engineering
- **M.Eng. (OR&IE):** Operations Research and Industrial Engineering

Candidates for a professional master’s degree who wish to specialize in areas related to manufacturing may avail themselves of two special programs. The manufacturing systems engineering option may be centered in any one of the fields listed above. This option is attested to by a Dean’s Certificate in addition to a diploma at the time of graduation. An industrial internship program provides opportunities to combine on-campus education with off-campus industrial experience.

An M.Eng. option of potential interest to engineers from all fields is the program in Engineering Management, offered by the School of Civil and Environmental Engineering. This option is described in the section related to the M.Eng. (Civil & Environmental) degree.

Cornell engineering graduates in the upper half of their class will generally be admitted to M.Eng. programs; however, requirements for admission vary by field. Superior Cornell students who will have between one and eight credits remaining in their last undergraduate semester may petition their field representative for early admission to the M.Eng. program. Other applicants must have a baccalaureate degree or its equivalent from a college or university of recognized standing, in an area of engineering or science that is judged appropriate for the proposed field of study. They must also present evidence of undergraduate preparation equivalent to that provided by a Cornell undergraduate engineering education, a transcript, two letters of recommendation, and a statement of academic purpose. A candidate who is admitted with an undergraduate background that is judged inadequate must make up any deficiencies in addition to fulfilling the regular course requirements for the degree. Most fields require applicants from other under-graduate institutions to submit the results of the Graduate Record Examination (GRE) aptitude tests. All applicants from foreign universities must submit GRE scores and must have an adequate command of the English language. Financial aid providing partial support is available for very highly qualified candidates, primarily those who are residents of the United States.

Cooperative Programs with the Johnson Graduate School of Management

Outstanding students with relevant work experience may be admitted to one of two joint Master of Engineering and Master of Business Administration degree programs. One, which Cornell students enter during their undergraduate career, makes it possible to earn the B.S., M.Eng., and M.B.A. in six years—one year less than such a program would normally require. The second program, which is available to students who already hold baccalaureate degrees from Cornell or other institutions, requires five semesters and leads to both the M.Eng. and M.B.A. Students are required to apply for admission to both the College of Engineering and the Johnson Graduate School of Business Management.

Students interested in deferring admissions to the Johnson Graduate School of Business Management may be eligible for the Knight Scholarship Award. Upon completion of the M.Eng. degree, Knight Program students spend three to five years in relevant full-time work experience before starting the M.B.A. program. More information about the Knight program or admission to the joint degree programs may be obtained from the Office of Engineering Professional Programs, 146 Olin Hall.

ACADEMIC PROCEDURES AND POLICIES

Advanced Placement Credit

The College of Engineering awards a significant amount of advanced placement (AP) credit to entering students who demonstrate proficiency in the subject areas of introductory courses. Students can earn AP credit by receiving qualifying scores on any of the following:

1. Advanced placement examinations given and scored by the College Entrance Examination Board (CEEB);
2. General Certificate of Education (GCE) Advanced ("A") Level Examinations;
3. International Baccalaureate (IB) Higher Level Examinations; or
4. Cornell's departmental placement examinations, given during orientation week prior to the beginning of fall-term classes.

Advanced placement credit is intended to permit students to develop more challenging and stimulating programs of study. Students who receive AP credit for an introductory course may use it in three different ways.

1. They may enroll in a more advanced course in the same subject right away.
2. They may substitute an elective course from a different area.
Acceptable Subjects and Scores for CEEB or Cornell Departmental AP Exams

The most common subjects for which AP credit is awarded in the College of Engineering, and the scores needed on qualifying tests, are listed below. AP credit is awarded only for courses that meet engineering curriculum requirements.

Mathematics: MATH 191 (or 190), 192, 293, and 294 are required.

First-term math (MATH 191). AP credit may be earned by:
- a score of 3, 4, or 5 on the CEEB BC exam, or
- a score of 5 on the CEEB AB exam, or
- a passing score on the Cornell departmental exam for first-term math.

First-year math (through MATH 192). AP credit may be earned by:
- a passing score on the Cornell departmental exam for first-year math.

Physics: PHYS 112 and 213 are required.

PHYS 112. AP credit may be earned by:
- a score of 4 or 5 on the mechanics portion of the CEEB C exam, or
- a score of 5 on the CEEB B exam only if the student has at least one semester of AP or transfer credit in first-term mathematics at the time of matriculation, or
- a passing score on the Cornell departmental exam for PHYS 112.

Note: Students who have received credit for PHYS 112 may not enroll in PHYS 213 unless concurrently enrolled in MATH 293.

PHYS 213. Students receiving a 5 on the Electricity and Magnetism portion of the C-exam may choose to accept AP credit for PHYS 213 or placement in PHYS 217 with no AP credit for PHYS 213. For advice or more information contact Professor Joseph Rogers (607-255-8158), the departmental representative.

Chemistry: CHEM 207 or CHEM 211 is required.

CHEM 207 or CHEM 211. AP credits may be earned by:
- a score of 5 on the CEEB AP exam, or
- a passing score on the Cornell departmental exam for Chemistry.

Note: Students who are successful in obtaining AP credit for CHEM 207 and who are considering majors in Chemical Engineering or Materials Science and Engineering should consider enrolling in CHEM 215. Those who are offered AP credit for CHEM 207 and then elect to take CHEM 215 will also receive academic credit for CHEM 207. You may want to discuss this option with your faculty adviser.

Computing: COM S 100 is required. AP credit may be earned by:
- a score of 4 or 5 on the CEEB A or AB exam, or
- a passing score on the Cornell departmental exam for COM S 100.

Biology: Biology is not required of engineering students, although it is a popular option as an elective, especially for students who intend to pursue health-related careers. AP credit may be earned as follows:
- eight credits will be offered to students who receive a 5 on the CEEB AP exam; and
- six credits will be offered to students who receive a 4 on the CEEB AP.

Those who want to study more biology should contact the Office of Undergraduate Biology, 200 Stimson Hall, to discuss proper placement.

First-Year Writing Seminar: Two First-Year Writing Seminars for (a total of six credits) are required.
- AP credit for one First-Year Writing Seminar may be earned by a score of 5 on either of the CEEB AP English exams.

Students who earn a score of 4 on the AP English Literature and Composition exam will be offered three credits which may be applied toward the Humanities/History category of the Liberal Studies distribution requirement. Students who earn a score of 4 on the AP English Language and Composition exam will be offered three credits which may be applied toward the Expressive Arts category of the Liberal Studies distribution requirement.

Liberal Studies Distribution: Six courses beyond two First-Year Writing Seminars are required. Students may earn AP credit toward the liberal studies distribution by taking College Entrance Examination Board (CEEB) AP tests. AP credit earned in the humanities or social sciences cannot be used to fulfill the "upper level" liberal studies requirements.

Modern Languages: Students may earn AP credit for competence in a foreign language by taking the College Entrance Examination Board (CEEB) AP test or by taking the Cornell Advanced Standing Examination (CASE). Those who score 4 or 5 on the CEEB AP test are entitled to three credits. In order to qualify for the CASE exam, the student must score at least 650 on a College Placement Test (taken either in high school or at Cornell during Orientation Week). A score of 2 on the CASE entitles the student to three credits, and a score of 3 entitles the students to six credits which are equivalent to two courses. Modern language AP credits may be used to satisfy the foreign language category of the liberal studies distribution, or may meet an approved elective requirement, contingent on discussions with the faculty adviser.

Advanced Placement and Credit for International Credentials

Students who have successfully completed either a General Certificate of Education (GCE) Advanced ("A") Level Examination or an International Baccalaureate (IB) Higher Level Examination may be eligible for advanced placement credit in the College of Engineering as follows:

General Certificate of Education Advanced Level Examination (GCE "A")

Hong Kong Advanced Level examinations and the joint examination for the Higher School Certificate and Advanced Level Certificate of Education in Malaysia and Singapore—principal passes only—are considered equivalent in standard to GCE "A" Levels.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Marks</th>
<th>Credit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Biology</td>
<td>A or B</td>
<td>8 credits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemistry</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>8 credits (CHEM 207 and 208)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mathematics</td>
<td>A or B</td>
<td>8 credits (MATH 191/190 and 192)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physics</td>
<td>A or B</td>
<td>4 credits (CHEM 207)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Computer 4 credits (COM S 100)

Chemistry 6 or 7 4 credits (CHEM 207 or CHEM 211)

Mathematics 6 or 7 8 credits (engineering students must consult the math department to determine prerequisites for placement in third-semester math course.)

Physics 6 or 7 4 credits (PHYS 112)

Note: Advanced Placement credit based on GCE or IB results may also be awarded for courses that satisfy the liberal studies requirement in the College of Engineering. In such cases, the College of Engineering follows the AP guidelines found earlier in this publication under "General Information."

General Policies for Advanced Placement

The general policies in the College of Engineering governing awards of AP credit are as follows:
1. AP credit will not be offered in any subject area without a documented examination.
2. All AP examinations are normally taken and scored before fall-term classes begin. Students who take CEEB AP tests in high school should have an official report of their scores sent directly to Cornell as soon as possible. Students who have completed either GCE "A" Level or IB Higher Level Examinations must present the original or a certified copy of their examination certificate to the Engineering Advising Office, 167 Olin Hall. Those who wish to take departmental examinations should do so during Orientation Week;
Advanced Placement and Transfer Credit for courses at Cornell. Transfer credit will not be awarded for courses taken during a semester that must be equivalent in scope and rigor to such in writing by the secondary institution. The total number of credits required for graduation ranges from 123 to 133, depending on the field program. Therefore, an average semester credit load ranges from approximately 15 to 17 credits. Because mathematics is pivotal to the study and practice of engineering, students must meet these standards will result in a review by the Committee on Academic Standards, Petitions, and Credit (ASAP), and the actions of warning, stern warning, required leave of absence, or withdrawal from the College of Engineering may be taken.

1. At least 12 credits passed, including at least two courses from mathematics, science, and/or engineering
2. A C- or better in the mathematics course
3. A semester average of 2.0 or higher
4. No F, U, or INC grades

Requirements for second-semester freshman and first-semester sophomores to be in good standing are as follows. Failure to meet these standards will result in a review by the Committee on Academic Standards, Petitions, and Credit (ASAP), and the actions of warning, stern warning, required leave of absence, or withdrawal from the College of Engineering may be taken.

1. At least 14 credits passed in courses that meet engineering degree requirements
2. A C- or better in the mathematics course, if one was taken
3. A semester average of 2.0 or higher
4. No F, U, or INC grades

Academic Progress

To be eligible for field honors, a student must enter a program and maintain a cumulative GPA of 3.5. If the student's major field has an approved honors program and both the GPA and program requirements are fulfilled, the faculty of the field may commend that a student graduate with the additional diploma and transcript notation of "With Honors." For more specific information, see the field program outline in this catalog.

Dean's List

Dean's List citations are presented each semester to engineering students with exemplary academic records. The criteria for this honor are determined by the dean of the college. For 2000-2001, the requirement is a semester average of 3.4 or higher (without rounding), no failing, unsatisfactory, missing, or incomplete grades (even in physical education), and at least 12 letter-grade credits (not S-U). Students may earn Dean's List status retroactively if they meet these criteria after making up incomplete grades. Students who earn Dean's List status receive certificates from the Engineering Registrar's Office, and the honor is noted on the transcript.

Graduating with Distinction and Honors Program

Graduating with Distinction

Meritorous students graduating with a Bachelor of Science degree from the College of Engineering may also be designated cum laude, magna cum laude, or summa cum laude.

• Cum laude will be awarded to all engineering students with an overall GPA ≥ 3.5. Cum laude will also be awarded to all engineering students who received a semester GPA ≥ 3.5 in each of the last four semesters of attendance at Cornell; in each of these semesters, at least 12 letter graded credits must be taken with no failing, unsatisfactory, missing, or incomplete grades. If the student is an engineering co-op student, then the engineering co-op summer term will count as one of the last four. Students who were approved for pro-rated tuition in their final semester will be awarded cum laude if they received a semester GPA ≥ 3.5 in their last semester and met the conditions above in the prior four semesters. (The change in the cum laude policy will become effective for the class graduating in May 2001.)

• Magna cum laude will be awarded to all engineering students with an overall GPA ≥ 3.75 (based on all credits taken at Cornell).

• Summa cum laude will be awarded to all engineering students with an overall GPA ≥ 4.0 (based on all credits taken at Cornell).

Note: All GPA calculations are minimums and are not rounded.

Field Honors Program

To be eligible for field honors, a student must enter a program with and maintain a cumulative GPA of ≥ 3.5. If the student's major field has an approved honors program and both the GPA and program requirements are fulfilled, the faculty of the field may commend that a student graduate with the additional diploma and transcript notation of "With Honors." For more specific information, see the field program outline in this catalog.
S-U Grades

Many courses offered by the university may be taken either for a letter grade or for an S-U (satisfactory or unsatisfactory) grade designation. Under the S-U option, students earning the letter grade equivalent of C- or better in a course will receive a grade of S; those earning less than C- receive a grade of U. (Any course in which a U grade is received does not count toward graduation requirements.)

Engineering students may choose to receive an S-U grade option under the following conditions:

- The course in question must be offered with an S-U option.
- The student must have previously completed at least one full semester of study at Cornell.
- The proposed S-U course must count as either a liberal studies distribution or an approved elective in the engineering curriculum.
- Students may only elect to enroll S-U in one course each semester in which the choice between letter grade and S-U is an option. (Additional courses offered "S-U only" may be taken in the same semester as the "elected S-U" course.)

The choice of grading option for any course is initially made during the pre-enrollment period. Grading options may be changed, however, by submitting a properly completed Add/Drop Form to the Engineering Registrar by the end of the third week of classes. After this deadline, the grading option may not be changed, nor will a student be permitted to add a course in which they were previously enrolled in the current semester under a different grade option.

Residence Requirements

Candidates for an undergraduate degree in engineering must spend at least four semesters or an equivalent period of instruction as full-time students at Cornell. They must also spend at least three semesters of this time affiliated with an engineering field program or with the College Program.

Students who are on a voluntary leave of absence are permitted to register for courses extramurally only with the approval of their field (or the college, for unaffiliated students). No more than 18 credits earned through extramural study or acquired as transfer credit (or a combination thereof) after matriculation may be used to satisfy the requirements for the bachelor's degree in engineering.

Degree candidates may spend periods of time studying away from the Cornell campus with appropriate authorization. Information on programs sponsored by other universities and on procedures for direct enrollment in foreign universities is available at the Cornell Abroad Office, 174 Uris Hall. Programs for study abroad should be planned in consultation with the staff of the Engineering Advising Office, who can provide information on credit-evaluation policies and assist in the petitioning process.

Transferring within Cornell

It is not uncommon for students to change their academic or career goals after matriculation in one college and decide that their needs would be better met in another college at Cornell. While transfer between colleges is not guaranteed, efforts are made to assist students in this situation.

The office responsible for assisting students with the transfer process is the Internal Transfer Division Office. Students who wish to transfer out of the College of Engineering to another college at Cornell should consult initially with the Engineering Advising Office.

Students who wish to transfer into the College of Engineering can apply at the Engineering Advising Office—application forms are available in 167 Olin Hall. Students who would enter the college as second-semester sophomores may be accepted by a field program as part of the admission process. Students who would enter as a second-semester freshman or first-semester sophomore may be accepted into the college without the requirement of field affiliation but must be sponsored by a field program.

Students who hope to transfer into engineering should take courses in mathematics, chemistry, computer science, physics, and engineering that conform to the requirements of the Common Curriculum. Interested students should schedule an appointment with an adviser in the Engineering Advising Office, 167 Olin Hall.

Leaves of Absence

A leave of absence may be voluntary, medical, or required. A description of each follows:

Voluntary Leave: Students sometimes find it necessary to suspend their studies. To do this, students must petition for a leave of absence for a specified period of time and receive written approval.

Affiliated students request leave through their fields. Unaffiliated students request leave through the Engineering Advising Office; the first step is to interview to establish conditions for the leave and subsequent return. Those who take a leave before affiliation with a field and while not in good standing may be given a "conditional leave." This requires them to meet specific conditions, established at the time the leave is granted, before they will be reinstated.

Leaves of absence are not generally granted for more than two years. A leave of absence granted during a semester goes into effect on the day it is requested and lasts for a minimum of six months. If a leave is requested after the twelfth week of a semester, the courses in which the student was registered at the time of the request are treated as having been dropped (i.e., a "W" will appear on the transcript for each course). Students who leave the university are ineligible for leaves of absence. If courses taken during a leave are to satisfy Cornell degree requirements, they must be approved in advance through a transfer petition. (See previous section of Transfer Credit for details.)

Students who intend to take a leave of absence should check with the Office of Financial Aid and Student Employment to discuss financial implications; this is especially true for those who have taken out educational loans. Medical insurance eligibility may also be affected.

To return after a leave of absence, the conditions established when the leave was granted must be satisfied, and the college must be notified in writing, at least six weeks prior to the date the student plans to return to campus.

Medical Leave: Medical leaves are granted by the college only upon recommendation by a physician from Gannett Health Center. Such leaves are granted for a maximum of five years with the understanding that the student may return at the beginning of any term after the medical condition in question has been corrected. Students must satisfy the Gannett Health Center that the condition has been corrected before they may return. The student's academic standing will also be subject to review both at the time the leave is granted and upon the student's return.

Required Leave: A required leave of absence is imposed in cases where the academic progress of a student is so poor that continuing into the next semester does not appear prudent. An example where a leave of absence would be required might be failure in several courses in a semester. Unless the student is ahead in the curriculum, returning to the next semester makes better academic sense than continuing without the necessary background. In many cases, the leave is dictated by courses that are only offered in the fall or the spring semester. Leaves are given voluntarily when the probability of success is increased substantially by deferring the student's return one semester (or, in unusual circumstances, one year).

Rejoining the College

Students wishing to rejoin the college who have not yet affiliated with a field should request permission to rejoin in a letter to the Engineering Advising Office; affiliated students should contact their field office. This must be done at least six weeks before the beginning of the semester in which the student wishes to return. The letter should describe the student's activities while away from Cornell, detail any academic work completed during this time, and specify the courses the student intends to take upon return.

Withdrawal from the College

A withdrawal from the College of Engineering may be voluntary or required. Following is a description of each:

Voluntary Withdrawal: Students who voluntarily withdraw from the engineering degree program sever all connection with the college. Unaffiliated students who wish to withdraw should do so through the Engineering Advising Office. Affiliated students should contact their field office. If a withdrawal is requested during the semester, courses in which the student is enrolled must be dropped in accordance with applicable regulations. Any student who fails to register in the first three weeks of the semester, without benefit of a leave of absence or permission for study in absentia, will be deemed to have withdrawn.

Students who withdraw from the College of Engineering are eligible to apply for admission to one of the other six colleges at Cornell. The intra-university transfer process should be followed. If students who have withdrawn subsequently wish to return, they must make a formal application for readmission. This is rarely granted. It is subject to a review of the student's academic background and depends
on available space in the college and in the student's major field.

Required Withdrawal: Students are required to withdraw from the college only when their overall record indicates that they are either incapable of completing the program or not sufficiently motivated to do so. This action only withdraws them from the College of Engineering and does not, in and of itself, adversely affect their ability to transfer and complete a degree in one of the other colleges in the university.

ENGINEERING CAREER SERVICES

Individual advising and group seminars are available for students who desire assistance in career and job-search matters. More than 300 national employers visit the campus annually to recruit technical graduates. Additional job opportunities are posted electronically. Both undergraduate and graduate students can use these services to pursue temporary or permanent summer employment opportunities. Further information on all services is available from the Engineering Career Services Office, 201 Carpenter Hall (255-5006).

www.career.cornell.edu/ces

AGRICULTURAL AND BIOLOGICAL ENGINEERING


Bachelor of Science Curriculum

Agricultural and Biological Engineering is at the focus of three great challenges facing humanity today: ensuring an adequate and safe food supply in an era of expanding world population; protecting and remediating the world's natural resources, including water, soil, air, energy and biodiversity; and developing technologies to monitor, replace, or intervene in the biology of livingorganisms. The undergraduate engineering program in the Department of Agricultural and Biological Engineering has a unique focus on biological systems, including the environment, that is realized through a combination of fundamental engineering sciences, biology, applications courses, and liberal studies. The program leads to a Bachelor of Science degree and is accredited by the Engineering Accreditation Commission (EAC) of the Accreditation Board for Engineering and Technology (ABET).

Three concentrations in Agricultural and Biological Engineering are offered: environmental engineering, biological engineering, and food production and process engineering. All students, regardless of concentration, take courses in mathematics, statistics, computing, physics, chemistry, biology and advanced biology, fundamental engineering sciences (mechanics, thermodynamics, fluid mechanics, and transport processes), engineering applications, and design. Students select application courses in the department in areas that include bioprocessing, soil and water management, bioenvironmental and facilities engineering, bioinstrumentation, engineering aspects of animal physiology, environmental systems analysis, and waste treatment and disposal. Students select other courses in the College of Engineering that strengthen their program, such as environmental sciences or biomedical engineering. Students planning for medical school also take additional lab-based courses in biology and organic chemistry. Throughout the curriculum, emphasis is placed on communications and teamwork skills. Many undergraduate students participate in teaching assistantships, research assistantships, design teams, Engineering Coop, and study abroad. Students should have a strong aptitude for the sciences and mathematics and an interest in the complex social issues that surround technology.

The department also participates in a new interdisciplinary major, Science of Earth Systems (SES). Students in the joint program may minor in SES by taking 18 credits of engineering and science electives as part of their engineering program.

Career opportunities cover the spectrum of private industry, public agencies, educational institutions, and graduate programs in engineering, science, medicine, law, and other fields. In recent years, graduates have developed careers in environmental consulting, biotechnology, the pharmaceutical industry, biomedical engineering, management consulting, and international development.

The living world is all around us, and within us. The biological revolution continues and it has given rise to a growing demand for engineers who have studied biology and the environment, who have strong math and science skills, who can communicate effectively, and who are sensitive to the needs of people and who are interested in the challenges facing society. Agricultural and Biological Engineering is educating the next generation of engineers to meet these challenges. The department is located in Riley-Robb Hall and operates specialized facilities that are among the largest and most complete of their kind in the world.

For further details see the department's undergraduate programs publication, available at 207 Riley-Robb Hall, or contact the field's advising coordinator, Professor Jim Bartsch, at 255-2800.

The field program requirements are outlined below.

Basic Subjects

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MATH 191 (or 190, 192, 293, 294)</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calculus for Engineers and Engineering Mathematics</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Chemistry (207 and 208)</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physics I and II (112 and 213)</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Introductory biological sciences</td>
<td>6 or 8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ABEN 151, Introduction to Computing</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ABEN 200, Undergraduate Seminar</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engineering distribution (two courses, including ENGRD 202, Mechanics of Solids)</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liberal studies (two freshman seminars and at least two courses in humanities or history)</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Advanced and Applied Subjects

Engineering sciences in any field (must include fluid mechanics and thermodynamics), plus ABEN 250 and 350 (Engineering Applications in Biological Systems, Bio. & Env. Transport Processes), and a minimum of three agricultural and biological engineering courses (at least 9 credits) chosen from courses numbered 450 to 493.

Environmental, biological, or agricultural sciences (at least 3 credits of biological sciences beyond the introductory level)

Approved electives (at least 3 credits in the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences)

Total (minimum)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>123</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Agricultural and Biological Engineering Honors Program

Eligibility

This program is only available to seniors registered in the College of Engineering.

The Bachelor of Science degree with honors will be granted to students who, in addition to having completed the requirement for a bachelor's degree, have satisfactorily completed the honors program in the Department of Agricultural and Biological Engineering and have been recommended for the degree by the honors committee of the department. An honor's program student must enter with and maintain a cumulative GPA ≥ 3.5.

Content

An ABEN honors program shall consist of at least nine credits beyond the minimum required for graduation in ABEN. These nine credits shall be drawn from one or more of the following with at least four credit hours in the first category:

- A significant research experience or honors project under the direct supervision of an ABEN faculty member using ABEN 499, Undergraduate Research. A written senior honors thesis must be submitted as part of this component.
- A significant teaching experience under the direct supervision of a faculty member or as part of a regularly recognized course in the department (e.g., ABEN 151 or 250) under ABEN 498, Undergraduate Teaching.
- Advanced or graduate courses. These additional courses must be technical in nature, i.e., in engineering, mathematics, biology, chemistry and physics at the 400+ and graduate level.

Note: no research, independent study, or teaching for which the student is paid may be counted toward the honors program.

Timing

All interested students must complete a written application no later than the end of the third week of the first semester of their senior year, but are encouraged to make arrangements with a faculty member during the second semester of their junior year. A student must be in the program for at least two semesters before graduation.
Procedures
Each applicant to the ABEN honors program must have an ABEN faculty adviser to supervise the honors program. A written approval of the faculty member who will direct the research is required. After the college verifies the student's grade-point average, the student will be officially enrolled in the honors program.

Minor in Environmental Engineering
(Offered in cooperation with the School of Civil and Environmental Engineering)

Eligibility
Engineering undergraduates affiliated with the following fields are eligible to participate in the environmental engineering minor: A&EP, CHEM, COM S, EAS, ECF, M&AE, MS&E, OR&IE. A fundamental challenge for the engineering profession is development of a sustainable society and environmentally responsible industry and agriculture reflecting an integration of economic and environmental objectives. We are called upon to be stewards and managers of our nation’s resources, the air in our cities, and use and quality of water in our aquifers, streams, estuaries, and coastal areas. This minor encourages engineering students to learn about the scientific, engineering, and economic foundations of environmental engineering so that they are better able to address environmental management issues. The requirements for the environmental engineering minor are outlined below. For further details consult the Agricultural and Biological Engineering Undergraduate Programs Office, 207 Riley-Robb Hall, or the Civil and Environmental Engineering Undergraduate Programs Office, 221 Hollister Hall.

Requirements
To complete the minor, the student must take at least six courses (minimum of 18 credits), chosen as follows.

Students must select courses from the following group listings, with at least one course from each group.

Group A. Environmental Engineering Processes:
CEE 351 Environmental Quality Engineering
CEE 352 Water Supply Engineering
CEE 451 Microbiology for Environmental Engineering
CEE 453 Laboratory Research in Environmental Engineering
ABEN 476 Solid Waste Engineering
ABEN 478 Ecological Engineering
CEE 644 Environmental Applications of Geotechnical Engineering
ABEN 651 Bioremediation
CEE 653 Water Chemistry for Environmental Engineering
CEE 655 Pollutant Transport and Transformation in the Environment
CEE 658 Sludge Treatment, Utilization, and Disposal
CEE 654 Aquatic Chemistry

Group B. Environmental Systems:
ENGRI 113* Introduction to Environmental Systems (May count only if taken before the student's junior year.)
ABEN 475 Environmental Systems Analysis
CEE 529 Water and Environmental Resources Problems and Policies
CEE 597 Risk Analysis and Management
CEE 623 Environmental Quality Systems Engineering
ABEN 678 Nonpoint Source Models

Group C. Hydraulics, Hydrology, and Environmental Fluid Mechanics:
CEE 331 Fluid Mechanics (CHEME 323 or M&AE 325 may be substituted for CEE 331)
CEE 332 Hydraulic Engineering
ABEN 371 Hydrology and the Environment
CEE 431/ABEN 471 Geohydrology
CEE 432 Hydrology
CEE 435 Coastal Engineering
CEE 437 Experimental Methods in Fluid Dynamics
ABEN 473 Watershed Engineering
ABEN 474 Drainage and Irrigation Systems
CEE 633 Flow in Porous Media and Groundwater
CEE 655 Pollutant Transport and Transformation in the Environment
ABEN 671 Analysis of the Flow of Water and Chemicals in Soils
ABEN 672 Drainage

Academic Standards: A letter grade of C- or better in each course in the minor and a cumulative GPA of 2.0 or better for all courses in the minor.

Master of Engineering (Agricultural and Biological) Degree Program
The program for the M.Eng. (Agricultural and Biological) degree is intended primarily for those students who plan to enter engineering practice. The curriculum is planned as an extension of an undergraduate program in agricultural and biological engineering but can accommodate graduates of other engineering disciplines. The curriculum consists of 30 credits of courses intended to strengthen the students' fundamental knowledge of engineering and develop their design skills. At least three of the required 30 credits are earned for an engineering design project that culminates in a written and oral report.

A candidate for the M.Eng. (Agricultural and Biological) degree may choose to concentrate in one of the subareas of agricultural and biological engineering or take a broad program without specialization. The subareas include biological engineering, energy, environmental engineering, environmental management, food engineering, international agriculture, local roads, machine systems, soil and water engineering, and structures and environment. Elective courses are chosen from among engineering subject areas relevant to the student's interests and design project. Courses in technical communication, mathematics, biology, and the physical sciences may also be taken as part of a coherent program. Master of Engineering students in agricultural and biological engineering can qualify for the Dean's Certificate in energy, manufacturing, or bioengineering by choosing their design project and a number of electives from the designated topic areas. More information is available from the ABEN Student Services Office, 207 Riley Robb Hall (255-2173), or by e-mail at abengradfield@cornell.edu.

APPLIED AND ENGINEERING PHYSICS

Bachelor of Science Curriculum
The undergraduate engineering physics curriculum is designed for students who want to pursue careers of research or development in applied science or advanced technology and engineering. Its distinguishing feature is a focus on the physics and mathematics fundamentals, both experimental and theoretical, that are at the base of modern engineering and research and have a broad applicability in these areas. By choosing areas of concentration, the students may combine this physics base with a good background in a conventional area of engineering or applied science.

The industrial demand for engineering physics graduates with baccalaureates is high, and many students go directly to industrial positions where they work in a variety of areas that either combine, or are in the realm of, various more conventional areas of engineering. Recent examples include bioengineering, computer technology, electronic-circuit and instrumentation design, energy conversion, environmental engineering, geological analysis, laser and optical technology, microwave technology, nuclear technology, software engineering, solid-state-device development, technical management, and financial consulting. A number of our graduates go on for advanced study in all areas of basic and applied physics, as well as in a diverse range of areas in advanced science and engineering. Examples include applied physics, astrophysics, atmospheric sciences, biophysics, cell biology, computer science and engineering, electrical engineering, environmental science, fluid mechanics, geotechnology, laser optics, materials science and engineering, mechanical engineering, medical physics, mathematics, medicine, nuclear engineering, oceanography, and physics. The undergraduate program can also serve as an excellent preparation for medical school, business school, or specialization in patent law.

The Engineering Physics program fosters this breadth of opportunity because it both
stresses the fundamentals of science and engineering and gives the student direct exposure to many of these fundamentals. Laboratory experimentation is emphasized, and ample opportunity for innovative design is provided. Examples are ENGRD 110, The Laser and Its Applications in Science, Technology, and Medicine (a freshman introduction to engineering course); ENGRD/A&EP 264, Computer-Instrumentation Design (a recommended sophomore engineering distribution course); A&EP 330, Modern Experimental Optics (a junior/senior course); A&EP 363, Electronic Circuits (a sophomore/junior course); PHYS 410, Advanced Experimental Physics; and A&EP 438, Computational Engineering Physics (a senior computer laboratory).

Undergraduates who plan to enter the field program in Engineering Physics are advised to arrange their Common Curriculum with their developing career goals in mind. Students are also encouraged to take PHYS 112 or PHYS 116 during their first semester (if their advanced placement credits permit) and are recommended to satisfly the computing applications or technical writing requirement with the engineering distribution course ENGRD 264. Engineering physics students need to take only two engineering distribution courses, since they take in their junior year, counts as a third member of this category. Engineering Physics students are advised to take A&EP 363 in the spring semester of the sophomore year. Students with one semester of advanced placement in math, who have received a grade of A- or better in MATH 192, may wish to explore accelerating their mathematics requirements so as to enroll in A&EP 321 and 322 in the sophomore year. For advice on this option, consult with the A&EP associate director.

In addition to the requirements of the Engineering Common Curriculum,* the upperclass course requirements of the field program are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A&amp;EP 333, Mechanics of Particles and Solid Bodies</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A&amp;EP 355, Intermediate Electromagnetism</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A&amp;EP 356, Intermediate Electrodynamics</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A&amp;EP 361, Introductory Quantum Mechanics</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A&amp;EP 363, Electronic Circuits</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A&amp;EP 423, Statistical Thermodynamics</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A&amp;EP 434, Continuum Physics</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 410, Advanced Experimental Physics</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A&amp;EP 321, Mathematical Physics I; or MATH 421 (applied mathematics)</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A&amp;EP 322, Mathematical Physics II; or MATH 422 (applied mathematics)</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Applications of quantum mechanics</td>
<td>3 or 4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Five field-approved electives (15–19 credits), of which four must be technical. The technical electives are expected to be upper-level courses (300 or above).

Total field credits=58 credit hours minimum.

*The Engineering Common Curriculum allows students to take only four courses each semester of their freshman year if they so desire. This course load is fully consistent with the requirements of the EP major, but entering students with strong preparation are encouraged to consider taking an additional course during one of the two periods of the freshman year so that they may have additional flexibility in developing a strong, individualized educational program in their latter years, and for allowing options such as a semester or year abroad or early graduation.

Some courses (though the list is not all-inclusive) that will satisfy this requirement are PHYS 444, Nuclear and High-Energy Particle Physics; PHYS 454, Introductory Solid-State Physics; A&EP 438, Computational Engineering Physics; A&EP 440, Quantum and Nonlinear Optics; A&EP 609, Nuclear Physics for Applications (one is recommended); A&EP 640, Lasers and Optical Electronics; and ELE E 531, Quantum Electronics I.

Two of the four credits of PHYS 410 required for the BS degree in Engineering Physics can be satisfied by successfully completing A&EP/PHYS 330. The remaining two credits of PHYS 410 can then be satisfied by taking PHYS 400 for two credits, provided that the experiments completed in PHYS 400 do not overlap with those in A&EP/PHYS 330. (A list of experiments that are not appropriate will be prepared by the faculty and made available in the A&EP office.) If a student chooses this option, A&EP/PHYS 330 may also count as a technical elective, provided the remaining three technical electives are four credits each.

If a scientific computing course was not selected as an engineering distribution course, one of these technical electives may be needed to satisfy the computing applications requirement. For students going on to graduate school a third course in mathematics is recommended.

**Choosing elective courses.** A distinctive aspect of the Engineering Physics curriculum is the strong opportunity it provides students to develop individualized programs of study to meet their particular educational and career goals. These can include the pursuit of a dual major or the development of a broad expertise in one or more of a number of advanced technical and scientific areas. With at least seven technical and approved electives in the sophomore, junior, and senior years, Engineering Physics majors are encouraged to work closely with their adviser to develop a coherent academic program in accordance with those goals. For those students who look toward an industrial career, the electives should be chosen to widen their background in a specific area of practical engineering. A different set of electives can be selected as preparation for medical, law, or business school. For students who plan on graduate studies, the electives provide an excellent opportunity to explore advanced level and graduate courses, and to prepare themselves particularly well for graduate study in any one of a number of fields. Various programs are described in a special brochure available from the School of Applied and Engineering Physics, Clark Hall. Students interested in these options are advised to consult with their EP adviser, a professor active in their area of interest, or with the associate director of the school, Professor W. Wise.

Electives need not be all formal course work; qualified students are encouraged to undertake independent study under the direction of a member of the faculty (A&EP 490). This may include research or design projects in areas in which faculty members are active.

The variety of course offerings and many electives provide flexibility in scheduling. If scheduling conflicts arise, the school may allow substitution of courses nearly equivalent to the listed required courses.

The Engineering Physics Program requires that a minimum GPA of 2.7 (B-) be attained in all physics and mathematics courses taken by a student before entering the Engineering Physics field unless approval is obtained from the A&EP associate director. To remain in good standing in the field, the engineering physics student is expected to pass every course for which he or she is registered, to earn a grade of C- or better in specifically required courses, and to attain each semester a grade-point average for that semester of at least 2.3.

**Engineering Physics Honors Program Eligibility**

The Bachelor of Science degree with honors will be conferred upon those students who, while completing the requirements for a bachelor's degree, have successfully completed the honors program in the Department of Engineering Physics and have been recommended for the degree by the honors committee of the department. An honors program student must enter with and maintain a cumulative GPA $\geq 3.5$.

**Content**

The student must

1. Complete at least eight credits of field approved electives at the 400-level or higher and receive a minimum grade of an A- in each of the courses taken to fulfill this eight-credit requirement. These eight credits are in addition to the credits obtained by completing the senior thesis or special project requirement as discussed in item 2.

2. Enroll in A&EP 490 or an equivalent course over two semesters for the purpose of completing an independent research project or senior thesis under the supervision of a Cornell engineering or science faculty member. A minimum enrollment is to be two credits in the first semester and four credits in the second. The level of work required for a successful completion of this project or thesis is to be consistent with the amount of academic credit granted.

**Timing**

All interested students must complete a written application no later than the end of the third week of the first semester of their senior year, but are encouraged to make arrangements with a faculty member during the second semester of their junior year. A student must be in the program for at least two semesters before graduation.

**Procedures**

Before enrolling in A&EP 490, or the equivalent, the honoree candidate must submit a brief proposal outlining the topic and scope of the proposed project or thesis and a faculty supervisor's written concurrence to the associate director for undergraduate studies. This proposal will be reviewed by the A&EP Honors Committee and either approved or returned to the candidate to correct deficien-
cies in the proposal. The proposed research project or senior thesis is to consist of a research design or design project and must go beyond a literature search. The final steps in completing the honors project are a written and oral report. The written report is to be in the form of a technical paper with, for example, an abstract, introduction, methods section, results section, conclusions section, references, and figures. This report will be evaluated by the faculty supervisor and the chair of the A&EP Honors Committee.

Following the completion of the written report, an oral report is to be presented to an audience consisting of the faculty supervisor, the chair of the Honors Committee, and at least one other departmental faculty member, along with the other honors candidates. The final research project course grade will be assigned by the faculty supervisor, following the oral presentation and after consultation with the chair of the Honors Committee. A minimum grade of A is necessary for successful completion of the honors requirement.

**Master of Engineering (Engineering Physics) Degree Program**

The M.Eng. (Engineering Physics) degree may lead directly to employment in engineering design and development or may be a basis for further graduate work. Students have the opportunity to broaden and deepen their preparation in the general field of applied physics, or they may choose the more specific option of preparing for professional engineering work in a particular area such as laser and optical technology, nanotechnology and nanosciences, computational materials science, device physics, materials characterization, or software engineering. A wide latitude is allowed in the choice of the required design project.

One example of a specific area of study is solid-state physics and chemistry as applied to nanotechnology and nanosciences. Core courses in this specialty include the micro-characterization of materials (A&EP 661) and the micro-processing and microfabrication of materials (A&EP 662). The design project may focus on such areas as semiconductor materials, device physics, nanotechnology, or optoelectronics. Another area of study may be applied optics where core courses may be chosen from applied physics, electrical engineering, and physics.

Each individual program is planned by the student in consultation with the program chair. The objective is to provide a combination of a good general background in physics and introductory study in a specific field of applied physics. Candidates may enter with an undergraduate preparation in physics, engineering physics, or engineering. Those who have majored in physics usually seek advanced work with an emphasis on engineering; those who have majored in engineering and physics usually seek to strengthen their physics base. Candidates coming from industry usually want instruction in both areas. All students granted the degree will have demonstrated competence in an appropriate core of basic physics. If this has not been accomplished at the undergraduate level, subjects such as electricity and magnetism, or classical, quantum, and statistical mechanics should be included in the program.

The general requirement for the degree is a total of 30 credits for graduate-level courses or their equivalent, earned with a grade of C or better and distributed as follows:

1. a design project in applied science or engineering with a written final report (not less than 6 nor more than 12 credits)
2. an integrated program of graduate-level courses, as discussed below (17 to 23 credits)
3. a required special-topics seminar course (one credit)

The design project, which is proposed by the student and approved by the program chair, is carried out on an individual basis under the guidance of a member of the university faculty. It may be experimental or theoretical in nature; it is not experimental, a laboratory physics course is required.

The individual program of study consists of a compatible sequence of courses focused on a specific area of applied physics or engineering. It's purpose is to provide an appropriate combination of physics and physics-related courses (applied mathematics, statistical mechanics, applied quantum mechanics) and engineering electives (such as courses in biophysics, chemical engineering, electrical engineering, materials science, computer science, mechanical engineering, or nuclear engineering). Additional science and engineering electives may be included. Some courses at the senior level are acceptable for credit toward the degree; other graduate courses may be required as prerequisites but are not credited toward the degree.

Students interested in the M.Eng. (Engineering Physics) degree program should contact Professor Bruce Russel.

**APPLIED MATHEMATICS**

The Center for Applied Mathematics administers a broadly based interdepartmental graduate program that provides opportunities for study and research in a wide range of the mathematical sciences. For detailed information on opportunities for graduate study in applied mathematics, contact the director of the Center for Applied Mathematics, 657 Frank H. T. Rhodes Hall.

There is no special undergraduate degree program in applied mathematics. Undergraduate students interested in application-oriented mathematics may select an appropriate program in the Department of Mathematics or one of the departments in the College of Engineering.

A list of selected graduate courses in applied mathematics may be found in the description of the Center for Applied Mathematics, in the section "Interdisciplinary Centers and Programs."

**CHEMICAL ENGINEERING**


**Bachelor of Science Curriculum**

The undergraduate field program in Chemical Engineering comprises a coordinated sequence of courses beginning in the sophomore year and extending through the fourth year. Special programs in biochemical engineering and polymer sciences are available. Students who plan to enter the field program take CHEM 208 during the freshman year. The program for the last three years, for students who have taken an Introduction to Engineering course during the first year is as follows:

Semester 3

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MATH 293</td>
<td>Engineering Mathematics</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHYS 213</td>
<td>Electricity and Magnetism</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHEM 389</td>
<td>Physical Chemistry I (engineering distribution)</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
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Semester 4

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
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<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CHEM 290–301</td>
<td>Physical Chemistry</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ENGRD 219</td>
<td>Mass and Energy Balances (engineering distribution)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humans or social sciences</td>
<td>3</td>
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</tbody>
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Semester 5

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<th>Course Title</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CHEM 557</td>
<td>Introductory Organic Chemistry</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHEM 251</td>
<td>Organic Chemistry Laboratory</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHEME 313</td>
<td>Chemical Engineering Thermodynamics</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHEME 323</td>
<td>Fluid Mechanics</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Humans or social sciences</td>
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Semester 6

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<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CHEM 301</td>
<td>Nonresident Lectures</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHEM 324</td>
<td>Heat and Mass Transfer</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHEM 332</td>
<td>Analysis of Separation Processes</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHEME 372</td>
<td>Introduction to Process Dynamics and Control</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHEME 390</td>
<td>Reaction Kinetics and Reactor Design</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humans or social sciences</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Semester 7

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CHEME 432</td>
<td>Chemical Engineering Laboratory</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>Electives*</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humans or Social Sciences</td>
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Semester 8

<table>
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<th>Course Code</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CHEME 462</td>
<td>Chemical Process Design</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humans or social sciences</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electives*</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approved elective</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*The electives in semester seven and eight comprise six credits of field approved electives, and six credits of advanced CHEME electives. Advanced CHEME electives include any CHEME course 400 or higher level, except CHEME 490, 491, and 492.

| Approved electives include BIOMI 290, General Microbiology Lectures, BIOBM 330, 331, 332, and 333, Principles of Biochemistry; CEE 654, Aquatic Chemistry, CHEME 480, 188
Chemical Processing of Electronic Materials; CHEM 640, Polymeric Materials; FOOD 409, Food Chemistry; MS&E 206, Atomic and Molecular Structure of Matter; MS&E 300, Electrical, Optical, and Magnetic Properties of Materials; MS&E 541, Microprocessing of Materials; MS&E 531, Introduction to Ceramics; T&AM 310, Advanced Engineering Analysis I; any A&EP course numbered 333 or above; any CHEM course numbered 301 or above; any PHYS course numbered 300 or above.

**Master of Engineering (Chemical) Degree Program**

The professional master's degree, M.Eng. (Chemical), is awarded at the end of one year of graduate study with successful completion of 30 credits of required and elective courses in technical fields including engineering, mathematics, chemistry, physics, and business administration. Courses emphasize design and optimization based on the economic factors that affect design alternatives for processes, equipment, and plants. General admission and degree requirements are described in the college's introductory section.

Specific requirements include:

1. two courses in advanced chemical engineering fundamentals chosen from CHEM 711, 713, 731, 732, and 751
2. two courses in applied chemical engineering science chosen from CHEM 480, 520, 564, 690, 645, 656, and 661
3. a minimum of three credits of a design project, CHEM 565

Dean's certificate programs in Bioengineering, Engineering Management, Energy Engineering, and Manufacturing are available. A program offered jointly with the Food Science Department is also available, leading to both the Master of Engineering and the Master of Professional Studies degrees.

### CIVIL AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING


Bachelor of Science Curriculum

The School of Civil and Environmental Engineering (CEE) offers an accredited undergraduate program in civil engineering and permits the students to pursue one of two options leading to the B.S. degree: civil engineering or environmental engineering. Within civil engineering, while it is not necessary to do so, students may concentrate in structural engineering, geotechnical engineering, fluid mechanics and hydrology, water resource systems, or transportation. The environmental engineering curriculum emphasizes study of environmental engineering, water resource systems, and fluid mechanics and hydrology. Sample curricula are available in the CEE Undergraduate Program Office, 221 Hollister Hall.

### Requirements for Admission to the Field:

Students planning to enter the field program in Civil and Environmental Engineering are required to complete the following courses before or during the first semester of the sophomore year with a grade of C- or better for the civil option, ENGRD 202, Mechanics of Solids, for the environmental option, either ENGRD 202, Mechanics of Solids or CHEM 208, General Chemistry. In addition, the field requires a cumulative grade point average of at least 2.0 both overall and in engineering and sciences courses.

### Recommended Engineering Distribution Courses:

Students in the environmental option are required to take ENGRD 202 (Mechanics of Solids), as an engineering distribution course. The second engineering distribution may be selected according to their interests, and the following engineering distribution courses are recommended: ENGRD 201 Introduction to the Physics and Chemistry of the Earth, ENGRD 219 Mass and Energy Balances, ENGRD 221 Thermodynamics, ENGRD 250 Engineering Applications in Biological Systems, BIO G 101 and 103 Biological Sciences Lecture and Laboratory, BIO G 105 Introduction to Biology, BIO G 107 General Biology, or CHEM 289 Physical Chemistry.

Recommended engineering distribution courses for students planning to enter the civil engineering option are:

ENGRD 261, Introduction to Mechanical Properties of Materials, for students interested in structural engineering or civil engineering materials;
ENGRD 201, Introduction to the Physics and Chemistry of the Earth, for students interested in geotechnical engineering;
ENGRD 221, Thermodynamics, for students interested in fluid mechanics and hydraulic/hydrology;
ENGRD 211, Computers and Programming, for students interested in transportation;
ENGRD 241, Engineering Computation,* for all students.

### Field Program:

#### Civil Engineering Option

For the field program in Civil Engineering, students may elect to substitute CHEM 208 for PHYS 214. The following nine courses are required in addition to those required for the Common Curriculum.

**Core Courses**

ENGRD 203, Dynamics 3
ENGRD 241, Engineering Computation* 3
CEE 304, Uncertainty Analysis in Engineering 4
CEE 323, Engineering Economics and Management 3
CEE 331, Fluid Mechanics 4
CEE 341, Introduction to Geotechnical Engineering 4
CEE 351, Environmental Quality Engineering** 3
CEE 361, Introduction to Transportation Engineering* 3
CEE 371, Structural Behavior 4

### Additional requirements include a set of two field-approved electives and three design electives from an approved list of courses that is available in the CEE Undergraduate Program Office. In addition, students must complete one technical communications course from among the courses designated ENGR or approved communications courses. If the technical communications course is taken as an expressive art, then students must take an additional approved elective from a department or school other than Civil and Environmental Engineering.

*ENGR 241 can be used to satisfy both the computer application requirement and a field program requirement. If a student elects to use this course as a second distribution course, the student must take an additional field-approved elective to fulfill the core course requirements.

**ENGR 270 may be accepted (by petition) as a substitute for CEE 304 in the field program. But only if ENGR 270 is taken before entry into the field, or in some special cases where co-op or study abroad programs necessitate such a substitution.

### Environmental Engineering Option

These option requirements apply to all students in the Classes of 2002 and later. For the field program in Environmental Engineering, students must take CHEM 208 in place of PHYS 214. The following nine courses are required in addition to those required for the Common Curriculum.

**Common Courses**

CEE 304, Uncertainty Analysis in Engineering† 4
CEE 323, Engineering Economics and Management 3
CEE 331, Fluid Mechanics 4
CEE 341, Introduction to Geotechnical Engineering 4
CEE 351, Environmental Quality Engineering 3
CEE 451, Microbiology for Environmental Engineering§ 3
CEE 452, Laboratory Research in Environmental Engineering 3
ABEN 475, Environmental Systems Analysis 3

Additional requirements include one field-approved elective and three design electives from an approved list of courses that is available in the CEE Undergraduate Program Office. In addition, students must complete one technical communications course from among the courses designated ENGR or approved communications courses. If the technical communications course is taken as an expressive art, then students must take an additional approved elective.

†The requirement for students prior to the Class of 2002 is two field-approved electives and no requirement for a core course in introductory biology.
ENGINEERING - 2000-2001

$Students planning graduate level study in environmental engineering may take BIOM 290 Introduction to Microbiology in place of CEE 453. These students should also take CHEM 257 or CHEM 357 Introduction to Organic Chemistry as an approved elective.

Civil and Environmental Engineering Honors Program

Eligibility
The Bachelor of Science degree with honors will be granted to students who, in addition to having completed the requirements for a bachelor degree, have satisfactorily completed the honors program in Civil and Environmental Engineering and have been recommended for the degree by the faculty of the school. An honors program student must enter with and maintain a cumulative GPA ≥ 3.5.

Content
A CEE honors program shall consist of at least nine credits beyond the minimum required for graduation in CEE. These nine credits shall be drawn from one or more of the following components:

1. A significant research experience or honors project under the direct supervision of a CEE faculty member using CEE 400: Senior Honors Thesis (1-6 credits per semester). A significant written report or senior honors thesis must be submitted as part of this component.
2. A significant teaching experience under the direct supervision of a faculty member or as part of a regularly recognized course in the College of Engineering (i.e., ENGRG 470: Peer Teaching in Engineering or CEE 401: Undergraduate Teaching in CEE (1-3 credits per/semester).
3. Advanced or graduate courses at the 500-level or above.

The minimum number of credits in any component included in a program should be two. No research, independent study, or teaching for which the student is paid may be counted toward the honors program.

Timing
All interested students must apply no later than the beginning of the first semester of their senior year. Students are encouraged to apply as early as the first semester of their junior year. All honors program students must be in the program for at least two semesters prior to graduation.

Procedures
Each applicant to the CEE honors program must have a faculty adviser or faculty mentor to supervise the student's individual program. The application to the program shall be a letter from the student describing the specific proposed honors program and include the explicit proposal of the faculty adviser and the honors adviser. Each program must be approved by the CEE Curriculum Committee, although the committee may delegate approval authority to the associate director for all but unusual proposals.

Engineering Minor Programs
The School of Civil and Environmental Engineering currently offers three engineering minor programs: civil infrastructure, engineering management, and environmental engineering (offered in cooperation with the Department of Agricultural and Biological Engineering). Descriptions and requirements for each program follow.

Minor in Civil Infrastructure

Eligibility
Engineering undergraduates affiliated with the following fields are eligible to participate in the civil infrastructure minor: ABEN, A&EP, CHHEME, COM S, EAS, ECE, M&AE, M&S&E, OR&IE.

The minor in civil infrastructure is intended to introduce engineering undergraduates to the engineering methodologies of mechanics, materials, analysis, design, and construction and to show how these are used in solving problems in the development, maintenance, and operation of the built environment which is vital for any modern economy.

The requirements for the civil infrastructure minor are outlined below. For further details consult the Civil and Environmental Engineering Undergraduate Programs Office, 221 Hollister Hall.

Requirements
To complete the minor, the student must take at least six courses (minimum of 18 credits), chosen as follows:

I. Required Course: ENGRD 202 Mechanics of Solids
II. Additional Courses: choose any 5 (groupings are for information only)*

Geotechnical Engineering
CEE 341 Introduction to Geotechnical Engineering
CEE 640 Foundation Engineering
CEE 641 Retaining Structures and Slopes
CEE 644 Environmental Applications of Geotechnical Engineering

Structural Engineering
CEE 371 Structural Behavior
CEE 372 Structural Analysis
CEE 473 Design of Concrete Structures
CEE 474 Design of Steel Structures
CEE 476 Physical and Computational Material Simulation
ABEN 481 Design of Wood Structures
CEE 672 Fundamentals of Structural Mechanics
CEE 673 Advanced Structural Analysis

Other Related Courses
CEE 332 Hydraulic Engineering
CEE 361 Introduction to Transportation Engineering
CEE 595 Construction Planning and Operations

* Other CEE courses approved by petition in advance.

Academic Standards: a letter grade of C or better for each course in the minor.

Minor in Environmental Engineering
(Offered in cooperation with the Department of Agricultural and Biological Engineering)

Eligibility
Engineering undergraduates affiliated with the following fields are eligible to participate in the environmental engineering minor: A&EP, CHHEME, COM S, EAS, ECE, M&AE, M&S&E, OR&IE.

This minor focuses on giving engineering students a basic understanding of environmental economics, accounting, statistics, project management methods, and analysis tools necessary to manage technical operations and projects effectively. The minor provides an important set of collateral skills for students in any engineering discipline.

The requirements for the environmental management minor are outlined below. For further details, consult the Civil and Environmental Engineering Undergraduate Programs Office, 221 Hollister Hall.

Requirements
To complete the minor, the student must take at least six courses (minimum of 18 credits), chosen as follows:

I. Required Courses (3):
CEE 304† Uncertainty Analysis in Engineering
or ENGRD 270 Basic Engineering Probability and Statistics
or ELE 310 Introduction to Probability and Random Signals
CEE 323 Engineering Economics and Management
OR&IE 350 Financial and Managerial Accounting

II. Additional Courses—choose any 3*
CEE 490 Management Practice in Project Engineering
CEE 593 Management Engineering Methods I: Data, Information, and Modeling
CEE 594 Engineering Management Methods II: Managing Uncertain Systems
CEE 595 Construction Planning and Operations
CEE 597 Risk Analysis and Management
NBA 401 Entrepreneurship for Engineers

*Other courses approved by permission in advance.
†&T&M 310 may not be substituted for CEE 304.

Academic Standards: a letter grade of C or better for each course in the minor.

Minor in Engineering Management
(Offered in cooperation with the Department of Agricultural and Biological Engineering)

Eligibility
Engineering undergraduates affiliated with the following fields are eligible to participate in the environmental engineering minor: A&EP, CHHEME, COM S, EAS, ECE, M&AE, M&S&E, OR&IE.

A fundamental challenge for the engineering profession is development of a sustainable society and environmentally responsible industry and agriculture reflecting an integration of economic and environmental objectives. We are called upon to be trustees and managers of our nation's resources, the air in our cities, and use and quality of water in our aquifers, streams, estuaries and coastal areas. This minor encourages engineering
students to learn about the scientific, engineering, and economic foundations of environmental engineering so that they are better able to address environmental management issues.

The requirements for the environmental engineering minor are outlined below. For further details consult the Civil and Environmental Engineering Undergraduate Programs Office, 221 Hollister Hall, or the Agricultural and Biological Engineering Undergraduate Programs Office, 207 Riley-Robb Hall.

Requirements
To complete the minor, the student must take at least six courses (minimum of 18 credits), chosen as follows:

II. Students must select courses from the following group listings, with at least one course from each group.

Group A. Environmental Engineering Processes:

CEE 351 Environmental Quality Engineering
CEE 352 Water Supply Engineering
CEE 451 Microbiology for Environmental Engineering
CEE 453 Laboratory Research in Environmental Engineering
ABEN 476 Solid Waste Engineering
ABEN 478 Ecological Engineering
ABEN 671 Analysis of the Flow of Water and Chemicals in Soils

Group B. Environmental Systems:

ENGRI 113* Introduction to Environmental Systems (May count only if taken before the student's junior year.)
ABEN 475 Environmental Systems Analysis
CEE 529 Water and Environmental Resources Problems and Policies
CEE 597 Risk Analysis and Management
CEE 623 Environmental Quality Systems Engineering
ABEN 678 Nonpoint Source Models

Group C. Hydraulics, Hydrology, and Environmental Fluid Mechanics:

CEE 331 Fluid Mechanics (CHEM E 323 or MERA E 323 may be substituted for CEE 331)
CEE 332 Hydraulic Engineering
ABEN 471 Hydrology and the Environment
CEE 431/ABEN 471 Geohydrology
CEE 432 Hydrology
CEE 435 Coastal Engineering
CEE 437 Experimental Methods in Fluid Dynamics

ABEN 473 Watershed Engineering
ABEN 474 Drainage and Irrigation Systems
CEE 633 Flow in Porous Media and Groundwater
CEE 655 Transport, Mixing, and Transformation in the Environment
ABEN 671 Analysis of the Flow of Water and Chemicals in Soils
ABEN 672 Drainage

Academic Standards: A letter grade of C- or better in each course in the minor and a cumulative GPA of 2.0 or better for all courses in the minor.

Master of Engineering (Civil) Degree Program

The M.Eng. (Civil) degree program is a 30-credit (usually 10-course) curriculum designed to prepare students for professional practice. There are two options in this program: one in civil and environmental engineering design and one in engineering management. Both options require a broad-based background in an engineering field. Applicants holding an ABET-accredited (or equivalent) undergraduate degree in engineering automatically satisfy this requirement. Those without such preparation will require course work beyond the graduate program's 30-credit minimum to fulfill the engineering preparation requirement. Both options also require one course in professional (design-option) or managerial (management-option) practice and a two-course project sequence. The project entails synthesis, analysis, decision making, and application of engineering judgment. Normally it is undertaken in cooperation with an outside practitioner, with some options indicating an intensive, full-time session between semesters. The general degree requirements and admissions information are described above in the section entitled "Master of Engineering Degree Programs." Each student's program of study is designed individually in consultation with an academic adviser and then submitted to the school's Professional Degree Committee for approval.

For the M.Eng. (Civil) program in civil and environmental engineering design options, the requirements are:

1) Three courses, one in professional engineering practice (CEE 590) and a two-course design project (CEE 501 and 502).
2) Specialization in a major concentration area—three to five courses in either environmental engineering, environmental fluid mechanics/hydrology, geotechnical engineering, structural engineering, transportation management, or water resources and environmental systems engineering.
3) Technical electives.
4) Study in a related area or areas.
5) Three courses: Project Management (CEE 590), Engineering Management Methods (CEE 593 and 594), and the Management Project (CEE 591 and 592).

1) Five courses: Project Management (CEE 590), Engineering Management Methods (CEE 593 and 594), and the Management Project (CEE 591 and 592).
2) One course in finance, accounting, or engineering economics, as appropriate given a student's background.
3) One course in individual and/or organizational behavior from a recommended list.
4) Three courses from a disciplinary or functional specialization, subject to adviser's approval.

The School of Civil and Environmental Engineering cooperates with the the Johnson Graduate School of Management in two joint programs leading to both Master of Engineering and Master of Business Administration degrees. See the introductory section under College of Engineering for details.

Computer Science

The Department of Computer Science is affiliated with both the College of Arts and Sciences and the College of Engineering. Students in either college may major in computer science.

For the most current and accurate details, visit our web site at www.cs.cornell.edu/ugrad

Bachelor of Science Curriculum

The Department of Computer Science meets the University requirement for the bachelor of science degree. It consists of 120 credits over four years and includes some or all of the following components: liberal arts requirements, computer science courses, and related courses in such areas as mathematics, electrical engineering, and business administration. Computer Science majors take courses in algorithms, data structures, logic, programming languages, scientific computing, systems, and theory. Electives in artificial intelligence, computer graphics, computer vision, databases, multimedia, and networks are also possible. Requirements include:

• four semesters of calculus (MATH 191–192–293–294 or 111–122 (or 112)–221–222)
• two semesters of introductory computer programming (COM S 100 and ENGRD 211)
• a seven-course computer science core (ENGRD 222, COM S 280, 314, 414, and 482)
• two 400+ computer science electives, totaling at least six credits
• a computer science project course (COM S 413, 415, 418, 433, 473, 501, 514, 519, and 664)
• a mathematical elective course (ORIE 270, MATH 300+, TRAM 300+; etc.)
• two 300+ courses (field approved electives) that are technical in nature and total at least six credits
• a three-course specialization in a topic area other than computer science. These courses must be numbered 300-level or greater.
Note: All of the field electives described above must be courses of three or more credit hours, with the exception of the COM S project course, which may be two credits. The program is broad and rigorous, but it is structured in a way that supports in-depth study of outside areas. Intelligent course selection can set the stage for graduate study and employment in any technical area and any professional area such as business, law, or medicine. With the advisor, the computer science major is expected to put together a coherent program of study that supports career objectives and is true to the aims of liberal education.

**Computer Science Honors Program**

**Eligibility**
The Bachelor of Science degree with honors will be granted to students who, in addition to having completed the requirements for a bachelor degree, have:

- qualified for Latin honors in the College of Engineering (basically, a cumulative GPA ≥ 3.5)
- at least eight credits of COM S course work at or above the 500-level
- at least six credits of COM S 490 (independent research) spread over two semesters, with a grade of A- or better each term.

See the COM S undergraduate web site for more information on eligibility: www.cs.cornell.edu/ugrad

**Content**
Honors courses may not be used to satisfy the COM S 400+ elective requirement, the COM S project requirement, the math or field approved electives, or the specialization.

**Timing**
Honors' determinations are made during the senior year. Students wanting to be considered for honors should notify the Undergraduate Office in the Department of Computer Science via electronic mail at the following address: <ugrad@cs.cornell.edu>. The subject line for this message should read "HONORS TRACK." Related questions may be addressed to the graduate e-mail alias, or candidates can call or stop by 303 Upson Hall, 255-0982.

**Preparation**
Arrangements for doing COM S 490 research should be made directly with faculty members in the department. Students are encouraged to discuss potential contacts with their advisers and to browse the department's web page at www.cs.cornell.edu for specific leads on research opportunities.

The Department of Computer Science reserves the right to change to the honors program requirements at any time. Generally speaking, all members of the same graduating class in COM S will be subject to the same honors criteria.

**Master of Engineering (Computer Science) Degree Program**
The M.Eng. program in computer science is a one-year program that can be started in either the fall or spring semester. This program is designed to develop expertise in system design and implementation in many areas of computer science, including computer networks, Internet architecture, fault-tolerant and secure systems, distributed and parallel computing, high performance computer architecture, databases and data mining, multimedia systems, computer vision, computational tools for finance, computational biology (including genomics), software engineering, programming environments, and artificial intelligence.

A typical program in computer science includes several upper-division and graduate courses and a faculty-supervised project. The course and project requirements are flexible and allow students to build up a program that closely matches their interests. In particular, slightly under half the courses may be taken outside the computer science department (for example, many students choose to take several business administration courses). Project work, which may be done individually or in a small group, can often be associated with ongoing research in the Department of Computer Science in one of the areas listed above.

Cornell students may use the early admission option to effectively co-register for the M.Eng. program while completing the undergraduate degree. This option can be started in either the fall or spring semester. It applies to students who have at least one credit and no more than eight credits remaining to complete their undergraduate program. All remaining undergraduate degree requirements must be satisfied by the end of the first semester the student is enrolled in the M.Eng. "early admit" program.

For more information about the M.Eng. program in computer science and the early admission option for Cornell seniors, please consult our web page at: www.cs.cornell.edu/grad/eng

**Cooperative Program with the Johnson Graduate School of Management**
Undergraduates majoring in computer science may be interested in a program that can lead, in the course of six years, to B.S., M.Eng. (Computer Science), and M.B.A. degrees. This program, which is sponsored jointly by the College of Engineering and the Johnson Graduate School of Management, enables students to study several subjects required for the M.B.A. degree as part of their undergraduate curriculum. Planning must begin early, however, if all requirements are to be completed on schedule.

For further details and assistance in planning a curriculum, students can consult with their adviser, the undergraduate office in 303 Upson Hall, or the Johnson School directly.

**Atmospheric Science Option**
Atmospheric science is the study of the atmosphere and the processes that shape weather and climate. The curriculum emphasizes the scientific study of the behavior of weather and climate, and applications to the important practical problems of weather forecasting and climate prediction. Students develop a fundamental understanding of atmospheric processes, and acquire skill and experience in the analysis, interpretation, and forecasting of meteorological events. The atmospheric science option satisfies both the curricular guidelines of the American Meteorological Society and the educational requirements of the National Weather Service for employment as a meteorologist, which also qualifies graduates for positions in private-sector forecasting and environmental consulting firms. The option also provides excellent preparation for graduate work in atmospheric science and related fields.

Students following the atmospheric science option are required to take ENGRD 270 as the engineering distribution field course. The field program includes required introductory courses in atmospheric science (EAS 131) and EAS 250 (Instrumentation and Observations). Many of the upper division field courses require EAS 341 (Atmospheric Thermodynamics) and EAS 342 (Atmospheric Dynamics) as prerequisites, which are normally taken in the junior year. The additional required field program courses are EAS 351 (Climate Dynamics), EAS 352 (Synoptic Meteorology I), EAS 451 (Synoptic Meteorology II), EAS 435 (Statistical Methods in Meteorology), and EAS 447 (Physical Meteorology). Field-approved electives may be chosen from other EAS courses or from economics and hydrostatics) and EAS 342 (Atmospheric Dynamics) as prerequisites, which are normally taken in the junior year. The additional required field program courses are EAS 351 (Climate Dynamics), EAS 352 (Synoptic Meteorology I), EAS 451 (Synoptic Meteorology II), EAS 435 (Statistical Methods in Meteorology), and EAS 447 (Physical Meteorology). Field-approved electives may be chosen from other EAS courses or from economics and hydrostatics) and EAS 342 (Atmospheric Dynamics) as prerequisites, which are normally taken in the junior year. The additional required field program courses are EAS 351 (Climate Dynamics), EAS 352 (Synoptic Meteorology I), EAS 451 (Synoptic Meteorology II), EAS 435 (Statistical Methods in Meteorology), and EAS 447 (Physical Meteorology). Field-approved electives may be chosen from other EAS courses or from economics and hydrostatics) and EAS 342 (Atmospheric Dynamics) as prerequisites, which are normally taken in the junior year. The additional required field program courses are EAS 351 (Climate Dynamics), EAS 352 (Synoptic Meteorology I), EAS 451 (Synoptic Meteorology II), EAS 435 (Statistical Methods in Meteorology), and EAS 447 (Physical Meteorology). Field-approved electives may be chosen from other EAS courses or from economics and hydrostatics) and EAS 342 (Atmospheric Dynamics) as prerequisites, which are normally taken in the junior year. The additional required field program courses are EAS 351 (Climate Dynamics), EAS 352 (Synoptic Meteorology I), EAS 451 (Synoptic Meteorology II), EAS 435 (Statistical Methods in Meteorology), and EAS 447 (Physical Meteorology). Field-approved electives may be chosen from other EAS courses or from

**EARTH AND ATMOSPHERIC SCIENCES**
(Formerly the Departments of Geological Sciences and part of Soil, Crop, and Atmospheric Sciences)

B. L. Jacks, chair; S. J. Riha, associate chair; Directors of Undergraduate Studies: K. H. Cook (Science of Earth Systems), R. W. Kay (Geological Sciences), and D. S. Wilks (Atmospheric Science).


**Bachelor of Science Curriculum**
We live on a planet with finite resources and a finite capacity to recover quickly from human-induced environmental stresses. It is also a powerful planet, with geologic hazards such as earthquakes, hurricanes, and volcanic eruptions that alter the course of history with little prior warning. As the human population grows, understanding the earth and its resources becomes progressively more important for both future policymakers and ordinary citizens. Because the human need to understand the earth is so pervasive, we provide our students with three tracks covering the spectrum of modern earth sciences.

The Department of Earth and Atmospheric Sciences offers an undergraduate engineering program which permits students to pursue one of three options leading to a B.S. degree in geological sciences: the geoscience option, the atmospheric science option, and the science of earth systems (SES) option. The geoscience option stresses structure, composition, and evolution of our planet; the atmospheric science option covers the planetary processes producing weather and climate; and the SES option is concerned with processes on and near the earth's surface where the interactions of water, life, rock, and air produce our planetary environment. An engineering minor is available in one or a combination of these programs.
selected upper-division courses offered in other departments.

Geoscience Option

The geoscience option reveals Earth’s turbulent history from the formation of our solar system to the plate tectonic cycles that dominate Earth’s present. This history is highlighted by the co-evolution of life and the Earth system—from the origin of life to the modern inter-glacial phase during which our species has so proliferated. Topics of study also include the fundamental processes responsible for earthquakes, volcanic eruptions, and mountain building. The geoscience option prepares students for advanced study in geology, geophysics, geochemistry, and geobiology, and careers in environmental and petroleum exploration or environmental geology. Alternatively, it is a valuable major for a pre-law or pre-med program or in preparation for a career in K-12 education.

The geoscience option stresses a balanced overview of geology with considerable flexibility and a degree of specialization achieved by careful selection of field-approved electives. Students are required to take ENG RD EAS 201 as an engineering distribution course. For students interested in geobiology or paleontology, BIO G 101/103-102/104 (or BIO G 109-110) are recommended. CHEM 208 may be substituted for PHYS 214.

The geoscience option requires the following courses: the introductory outdoor field course; EAS 210, and the five core courses; EAS 326, 355, 356, 375, and 379. Two additional EAS field-approved courses and at least one field-approved elective must be EAS 300 through 600-level courses. The core courses may be taken in any reasonable sequence; except that EAS 355, which is offered in the fall, should be taken before EAS 356, which is offered in the spring. EAS 326, 355, 356, and 375 should be taken relatively early in the major program.

In addition, a requirement for an advanced outdoor field experience may be met by completing one of the following four-credit options: (a) EAS 417 (Field Mapping) (3 credits), EAS 418, and EAS 321 (3 credits). Students who want a more general background or want to remain uncommitted with regard to specialty must choose at least two of their field-approved electives from the same field. The field-approved electives outside the field may be chosen from offerings in other science or engineering fields or the liberal arts, but should be at the 300-level or above. Students may request substitution of EAS 491 and 492, Undergraduate Research, for a fourth-year field-approved elective if not if it is being used to fulfill the outdoor field requirement.

In addition to coursework, students learn by involvement in research projects. Facilities include equipment for processing seismic signals and digital images of the earth’s surface, instruments for highly precise isotope and element analyses, and extensive libraries of earthquake records, satellite images, core analysis, exploration seismic records. High-pressure, high-temperature mineral physics research uses the diamond anvil cell and the Cornell High Energy Synchrotron Source (CHESS). 

Undergraduates may be faculty members and graduate students in Argentina, British Columbia, the Aleutian Islands, Scotland, Switzerland, Tibet, and Barbados. Undergraduates are encouraged to participate in research activities, frequently as paid assistants.

Science of Earth Systems (SES) Option

The science of earth systems (SES) option provides an integrated view of Earth processes critical to the understanding of our environment. This scientific understanding is the primary foundation used to determine to what degree human societies can modify or adapt to future change. The SES option is for students interested in careers and/or graduate study in any of the earth system sciences or a future in environmental law, environmental engineering, science teaching, or environmental public policy. The SES option enables students in the College of Engineering to take part in the multi-disciplinary, intercollege program in the Science of Earth Systems. Collaborations with other departments provide breadth and depth to the program.

The SES option emphasizes a strong preparation in basic mathematics and sciences and an integrated approach to the study of the Earth system including the lithosphere, biosphere, hydrosphere, and atmosphere.

Students are required to take a second semester of a core set of three lower-division core courses: EAS 321 and 343, and (c) EAS 411-412 (Undergraduate Research, two credits each) with a significant component of field work; or (d) an approved outdoor field course taught by another college or university (four-credit minimum).

A selection of field-approved electives may provide specializations in geophysics, geochemistry (including petroleum and mineralogy), geobiology (paleontology), and geology applied to mineral and petroleum industries, environmental problems, hydrology, and civil engineering. Students intending to specialize in economic geology or pursue careers in the mining industries or mineral exploration should consider including economics courses among their liberal studies distribution courses. Students who want a more general background or want to remain uncommitted with regard to specialty must choose at least two of their field-approved electives from the same field. The field-approved electives outside the field may be non-EAS courses. The three SES core courses are:

- EAS 302 Evolution of the Earth System—Spring, 4 credits
- EAS 321 Biogeochemistry (also NTRES 321)—Fall, 4 credits
- EAS 351 Climate Dynamics (also ASTRO 351)—Fall, 4 credits

Areas of specialization include (but are not limited to) the following:

- Biogeochemistry
- Climate dynamics
- Ecological systems
- Environmental biophysics
- Environmental geology
- Hydrological sciences
- Soil science
- Ocean sciences

In addition to faculty in or associated with the Department of Earth and Atmospheric Sciences, faculty currently associated with the SES program include the following: W. Brutsaert (CEE); P. Gierasch (ASTRO); L. Hedlin (EEB); R. Howarth (EEB, EAS); J.-Y. Parlane (ABEN); J. Yavit (NTRES).

Earth and Atmospheric Science Honors Program

Eligibility

The Bachelor of Science degree (in geological sciences) with honors will be granted to students who, in addition to having completed the requirements for a bachelor’s degree, have satisfactorily completed the honors program in Earth and Atmospheric Sciences and have been recommended for the degree by the honors committee of the department. An honors program student must enter with and maintain a cumulative GPA ≥ 3.5.

Content

In addition to the minimum requirements, a student must

1. take at least nine credits above the minimum required for graduating and approved by the upperclass adviser;
2. have a written proposal of the honors project accepted by his or her faculty adviser and the director of undergraduate studies;
3. complete an honors thesis involving research (EAS 491-492 or 499, two or more credits each) of breadth, depth, and quality.

Timing

A student interested in completing an honors thesis must, by the beginning of the seventh semester, have a written proposal of the honors project accepted by the student’s adviser and the director of undergraduate studies.

Procedures

Each applicant to the Earth and Atmospheric Sciences honors program must have a faculty adviser to supervise the honors thesis research. Written approval by the faculty member who will direct the research is required. After the college verifies the student’s grade-point average, the student will be officially enrolled in the honors program.
Minor in Geological Sciences

Eligibility
Engineering undergraduates affiliated with the following fields are eligible to participate in the Geological Sciences minor: ABEN, A&EP, CEE, CHEM, COM S, ECE, M&AE, MS&E, OR&IE.

Whereas many engineering students will encounter and have to understand the natural operating systems of Earth in their professions, the tools and techniques used by earth scientists to understand these solid and fluid systems over the widest scales of space and time are of use to a wide cross-section of engineering students. This minor is designed to give a flexible set of options for students looking to complement training in their major field with a core education in Geological Sciences.

The requirements for the Geological Sciences minor are outlined below. For further details consult the Undergraduate Programs Office, 2122 Snee Hall.

Requirements
To complete the minor, the student must take at least six courses (minimum of 18 credits), chosen as follows:

I. Choose one or two of these three courses:
   ENGRD 201 Introduction to the Physics and Chemistry of the Earth
   EAS 210 Introduction to Field Methods in Geological Sciences
   EAS 203 Natural Hazards and the Science of Complexity

II. Choose at least two courses from the following list of core courses:
   EAS 302 Evolution of the Earth System
   EAS 321 Introduction to Biogeochemistry
   EAS 326 Structural Geology
   EAS 355 Mineralogy
   EAS 356 Petrology and Geochemistry
   EAS 375 Sedimentology and Stratigraphy
   EAS 388 Geophysics and Geoelectronics

III. To complete the minor, these three to four courses are to be supplemented with two to three additional EAS courses at the 300-level or higher. These may include, for example, additional courses from the above list of core courses, undergraduate research courses, and outdoor field courses.

Academic Standards: A letter grade of C- or better for each course in the minor and a cumulative GPA of 2.0 or better for all courses in the minor.

Electrical and Computer Engineering


Bachelor of Science Curriculum

The Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering offers an undergraduate field program which leads to a B.S. degree in electrical engineering. The curriculum provides a foundation which reflects the broad scope of this engineering discipline.

Concentrations include computer engineering and digital systems; control systems; electronic circuit design; information, communication, and decision theory; microwave electronics; plasma physics; power and energy systems; quantum and optical electronics; radio and atmospheric and space physics; and semiconductor devices and applications.

Electrical Engineering Field Program

Students planning to enter the field program in Electrical Engineering must take ENGRD 231 as an engineering distribution course. The fall of the sophomore year is the preferred term for ENGRD 231/ELE E 232 for students without advanced standing in mathematics. Electrical engineering students with an interest in computer engineering are encouraged to take ENGRD 211 as an engineering distribution course prior to entry into the field program. In addition, the field program normally begins in the spring of the sophomore year, as shown below. All of these courses (except ELE E 210 and ENGRD 231) are taught only once each academic year, either spring or fall, as indicated in the course descriptions.

Course  Credits
Field Required Courses
ELE E 210, Introduction to Circuits for Electrical and Computer Engineers  3
ELE E 215, Introductory Integrated Circuits Laboratory  1
ELE E 232, Digital Systems Design Laboratory  1
ELE E 301, Signals and Systems I  4
ELE E 303, Electromagnetic Fields and Waves  4
ELE E 315, Electronic Circuit Design  4
Field Approved Electives (36-credit minimum in the following categories)
Advanced Electrical and Computer Engineering Electives (8 courses)  24 minimum
Outside ECE Electives (3 courses)  9 minimum
Total minimum field credits  53

ELE E 310 can be taken in place of ENGRD 270 or TAM 310 to satisfy the college application of probability and statistics requirement.

These electives must include three 400-level electrical and computer engineering laboratory courses and at least two additional courses at the 400-level or above. The remaining electives may not include independent project courses, such as ELE E 391, 392, 491, or 492, and must be at the 300-level or above in Electrical and Computer Engineering.

Other courses that meet the laboratory requirement are described in the online ECE Handbook (The list is dynamic and changes frequently. Always refer to the latest information in the ECE Web Handbook.)

Students planning to enter the honors program (see Electrical and Computer Engineering Web Handbook for details).

Undergraduate specialization is achieved through the various electrical and computer engineering elective courses, as well as other courses in related technical fields within engineering, mathematics, the physical sciences, and the analytical biological sciences. The School of Electrical and Computer Engineering offers more than 30 courses that are commonly taken as electives by undergraduates.

An electrical and computer engineering honors program also exists for those students who so desire and meet the program entrance requirements. The honors program requires an additional senior ELE E course, a required senior year directed reading course, or a design project, and completion of the honors seminar. Details are available via the electrical and computer engineering homepage located through the web at www.ee.cornell.edu/.

All students majoring in electrical engineering are expected to meet the following academic standards.

1. Students must achieve a grade-point average of at least 2.3 every semester.
2. No course with a grade of less than C- may be used to satisfy degree requirements in the field program or serve as a prerequisite for a subsequent electrical and computer engineering course.
3. Students must complete satisfactorily ELE E 210, ELE E 215, MATH 294, and PHYS 214 by the end of the sophomore year in the field program of Electrical Engineering and make adequate progress toward the degree in subsequent semesters.
4. Honors program students must meet the GPA and progress requirements specified in the Electrical and Computer Engineering Web Handbook to remain active participants.

Electrical and Computer Engineering Honors Program

Eligibility, Entry, and Continuation
A student must apply to enter the ECE Honors Program and may do so as early as the beginning of the fifth semester or as late as the end of the sixth semester. A student must have a cumulative GPA of at least 3.5 to apply for entry. A student in the honors program whose cumulative GPA falls below 3.5 at the end of any semester will be dropped from the honors program by College of Engineering regulations. There is an additional requirement (see Honors Seminar) for entry into the program after the end of the fifth semester.
Honors Seminar

Any student in the honors program is required to take (or to have taken) an honors seminar during his or her junior year. The Honors Seminar is a two-credit semester-course (offered spring only) consisting of a weekly series of introductory research lectures by electrical and computer engineering faculty members. Each honors seminar enrollee will be required to write a number of short papers on topics covered in the lecture series. Many electrical and computer engineering faculty members will give a lecture or short series of lectures as part of the Honors Seminar.

Students in the honors program and students with a cumulative GPA of at least 3.5 who are considering entering the honors program must receive letter grades for the Honors Seminar.

Honors Project

Any student in the honors program is required to accumulate at least three credit hours from a senior year honors project consisting either of a design, ENGRD 470, or directed reading. All honors projects emphasize the development of communication skills. Design and reading-oriented honors projects require explicitly a written submission summarizing and concluding the project.

Additional Coursework

Any student in the honors program is required to take at least three credit hours of advanced (senior level) ECE coursework that has at least a 3.00-level prerequisite. These credit hours are in addition to any credit hours required as part of the ELE E field program.

The program described above requires honors program participants to amass at least nine credit hours over and above the 128 credit hours required for a B.S. degree, thus an honors degree requires a minimum of 137 credit hours.

Minor in Electrical and Computer Engineering

Eligibility

Engineering undergraduates affiliated with the following fields are eligible to participate in the electrical and computer engineering minor: ABEN, A&EP, CEE, CHEM, COM S, EAS, M&AE, MS&E*, OR&IE. (*MS&E students planning to pursue this minor must receive prior written approval from both MS&E and ECE, via petition.)

The School of Electrical and Computer Engineering offers a minor to students who wish to complement their major field by obtaining a background in electrical and computer engineering. The minor offers the opportunity to study analog and digital circuits, signals and systems, electromagnetic fields, and additionally specialize at higher levels in one of several different areas such as circuit design, electronic devices, communications, computer engineering, networks, or space engineering.

The requirements for the electrical and computer engineering minor are outlined below. For further details consult the Electrical and Computer Engineering Undergraduate Programs Office, 222 Phillips Hall.

Requirements

To complete the minor, the student must take at least six courses (minimum of 18 credits), chosen as follows:

1. Required Courses:
   - ELE E 210 Introduction to Circuits for Electrical and Computer Engineers
   - ELE E 215 Introductory Integrated Circuits Laboratory (ELE E 210 and 215 count as one course)
   - ENGRD 231 Introduction to Digital Systems
   - ELE E 232 Digital Systems Design Laboratory (ENGRD 231 and 232 count as one course)

2. Two of the following:
   - ELE E 301 Signals and Systems I
   - ELE E 303 Electromagnetic Fields and Waves
   - ELE E 315 Electronic Circuit Design

3. One other ELE E course at the 300 level or above (3 credit minimum)

4. One other ELE E course at the 400 level or above (3 credit minimum)

5. Academic Standards: A letter grade of C- or better for each course in the minor and a cumulative GPA of 2.3 or better for all courses in the minor.

6. Honors Project

The requirements for a Bachelor of Science degree in materials science and engineering are:

1. Completion of the common engineering curriculum including liberal studies electives
2. ENGRD 261, Introduction to Mechanical Properties of Materials
3. Completion of 12 required field courses:
   - ENGRD 202 Mechanics of Solids
   - MS&E 204 Materials Chemistry
   - MS&E 206 Atomic and Molecular Structure of Matter
   - MS&E 302 Mechanical Properties of Materials, Processing, and Design
   - MS&E 309 Thermodynamics of Condensed Systems
   - MS&E 304 Kinetics, Diffusion, and Phase Transformations
   - MS&E 305 Electronic Structure of Matter
   - MS&E 306 Electronic, Optical and Magnetic Properties of Materials
   - MS&E 307 Materials Design Concepts I
   - MS&E 403/405 Senior Materials Lab I or Senior Thesis I
   - MS&E 404/406 Senior Materials Lab II or Senior Thesis II
   - MS&E 407 Materials Design Concepts II

4. Depth in one specialization developed through three technical electives
5. Breadth developed through two technical electives in different specialization areas
6. One of the depth or breadth electives must be taken from outside MS&E
1. Maintain a 2.0 term average for all semesters.
2. Maintain an average of 2.3, with no grade below C, in the department's core curriculum.
3. Complete ENGRD 261 with a minimum of C prior to affiliation.

The department's core curriculum consists of ENGRD 261, the 12 required field courses, and the five technical electives constituting the depth and breadth requirements.

An attractive and very challenging program combines the materials science and engineering curriculum with that of either electrical engineering or mechanical engineering, leading to a double major. Curricula leading to the double-major degree must be approved by both of the departments involved and students are urged to plan such curricula as early as possible to avoid scheduling conflicts.
The standard concentrations are:

- related courses to form a custom concentration.

At least three of the courses must be upper-class offerings. However, two must satisfy a concentration chosen by the student's adviser. The upper-level program includes five field approved electives. Using these five courses, students delay use of approved electives until after term three. The faculty encourages students to consider the following as possible approved electives:

- any engineering distribution course
- courses stressing oral or written communications
- courses stressing the history of technology
- rigorous courses in the physical sciences (physics, biology, chemistry)
- courses in informational science (mathematics, computer science)
- courses in methodologies (modeling, problem solving, synthesis, design)
- courses in technology (equipment, machinery, instruments, devices, processes)
- courses in business enterprise operations (economics, financial, legal, etc.)
- courses in organizational behavior
- courses in cognitive sciences.

Recommendation on humanities/social sciences electives

Students are encouraged to build a program that includes studies in:

- history of technology
- societal impacts of technology
- foreign languages
- communications
- political science


Biomechanics M&amp;AE 463, 464, 565

Of the three upper-level M&amp;AE courses, one must be an approved design elective. The design offerings may change from year to year.

Typically this list includes M&amp;AE 401, 412, 470, 479, and 486.

Note that the design elective must be taken during the senior year. Note that a single course may satisfy both the design and concentration requirements, in which case the third course could be any upper level M&amp;AE course.

One of the courses must be an approved upper-level mathematics course taken after MATH 294. The course must include some material on statistics. Currently, the approved courses are T&amp;AM 310 and OR&amp;IE 270.

One of the field approved electives can be viewed as a technical elective and may be any course at an appropriate level, chosen from engineering, mathematics, or science (physics, chemistry, or biological sciences). An appropriate level is interpreted as being at a level beyond the required courses of the college curriculum. Note that courses in economics, business, and organizational behavior are not accepted. Advisers may approve such courses as approved electives.

Approved Electives

To maximize flexibility (i.e., the option for study abroad, COOP, internships, pre-med, and flexibility during the upper-class years), the Sibley School faculty recommends that students delay use of approved electives until after term three. The faculty encourages students to consider the following as possible approved electives:

- any engineering distribution course
- courses stressing oral or written communications
- courses stressing the history of technology
- rigorous courses in the physical sciences (physics, biology, chemistry)
- courses in informational science (mathematics, computer science)
- courses in methodologies (modeling, problem solving, synthesis, design)
- courses in technology (equipment, machinery, instruments, devices, processes)
- courses in business enterprise operations (economics, financial, legal, etc.)
- courses in organizational behavior
- courses in cognitive sciences.

Recommendation on humanities/social sciences electives

Students are encouraged to build a program that includes studies in:

- history of technology
- societal impacts of technology
- history
- foreign languages
- ethics
- communications
- political science

Minor in Mechanical Engineering

Eligibility

Engineering undergraduates affiliated with the following fields are eligible to participate in the mechanical engineering minor: ABEN, AKRP, CHEM, CEE, COM S, EAS, ECE, MS&amp;E, OR&amp;IE.

Requirements

To complete the minor, the student must choose at least six courses (minimum of 18 credits) from among the following: M&amp;AE courses at the 200-level or above; ENGRD 202, Mechanics of Solids; ENGRD 203, Dynamics.

Rules for selecting Courses:

1. The selection of courses must satisfy the following three requirements.
   a) At least two courses must be numbered above 300.
   b) At least one course must be either (1) numbered above 500 or (2) numbered above 520 and have as its prerequisite ENGRD 202, ENGRD 203, or an M&amp;AE course.
   c) Each course must be worth at least three credits.

2. Substitutions of courses other than M&amp;AE (or ENGRD 202 and 203) will not be accepted as part of the M&amp;AE minor. However, some instructors of M&amp;AE courses will accept non-M&amp;AE courses as substitute prerequisites for their courses, or may choose to waive prerequisites in some circumstances. Students should check with the course instructor.
Academic Standards: A letter grade of C- or better for each course in the minor. Examples of typical minor programs are as follows:

Typical focus in Fluids/Thermal Systems:
The following four courses:
- ENGRD 202 Mechanics of Solids
- ENGRD 203 Dynamics
- ENGR 221 Thermodynamics
- MAEE 323 Introductory Fluid Mechanics

Plus two of the following, of which at least one course must satisfy requirement 1b:
- MAEE 305 Introduction to Aeronautics
- MAEE 324 Heat Transfer
- MAEE 423 Intermediate Fluid Dynamics
- MAEE 427 Fluids/Heat Transfer Laboratory
- MAEE 449 Combustion Engines
- MAEE 490 Special Investigations in Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering
- MAEE 491 Design Projects in Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering
- M&AE 506 Aerospace Propulsion Systems
- M&AE 507 Dynamics of Flight Vehicles
- M&AE 543 Combustion Processes

Typical focus in Mechanical Systems/Design:
The following two courses:
- ENGRD 202 Mechanics of Solids
- ENGRD 203 Dynamics

One or more of the following:
- M&AE 212 Mechanical Properties and Processing of Engineering Materials
- M&AE 225 Mechanical Design and Synthesis
- M&AE 325 Mechanical Design and Analysis
- MAEE 326 System Dynamics

The remainder from this list, of which at least one course must satisfy requirement 1b:
- MAEE 306 Spacecraft Engineering
- MAEE 386/386 Automotive Engineering
- MAEE 412 Smash and Crash: Mechanics of Large Deformations
- MAEE 417 Introduction to Robotics: Dynamics, Control, Design
- MAEE 464 Design for Manufacture
- MAEE 478 Feedback Control Systems
- MAEE 490 Special Investigations in Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering
- MAEE 491 Design Projects in Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering
- M&AE 514 Design for Manufacture and Assembly
- MAEE 565 Biomechanical Systems—Analysis and Design
- MAEE 570 Applied Dynamics

Preparation in Aerospace Engineering
Although there is no separate undergraduate program in aerospace engineering, students may prepare for a career in this area by majoring in mechanical engineering and taking courses from the aerospace engineering concentration such as MAEE 305, 306, 506, and 507. Students may prepare for the graduate program in aerospace engineering by majoring in mechanical engineering, in other appropriate engineering specialties such as electrical engineering or engineering physics, or in the physical sciences. Other subjects recommended as preparation for graduate study include thermodynamics, fluid mechanics, applied mathematics, chemistry, and physics.

Master of Engineering (Aerospace) Degree Program
The M.Eng (Aerospace) degree program provides a one-year course of study for those who wish to develop a high level of competence in engineering science, current technology, and engineering design.

The program is designed to be flexible so that candidates may concentrate on any of a variety of specialty areas. These include aerodynamics, acoustics and noise, turbulent flows, non-equilibrium flows, combustion, turbulence, dynamics and control, CFD, etc.

A coordinated program of courses for the entire year is agreed upon by the student and the faculty adviser. Any subsequent changes must also be approved by the committee. An individual student’s curriculum includes a four- to eight-credit design course, consisting of a minimum of 12 credits in aerospace engineering or a closely related field, and sufficient technical electives to meet the total degree requirement of 30 credits (of which at least 28 credits must have letter grades).

The design projects may arise from individual faculty and student interests or from collaboration with industry. All projects must have an aerospace engineering design focus and have the close supervision of a faculty member.

All courses must be of true graduate nature. In general, all courses must be beyond the level of those required in an undergraduate engineering program. Credit may be granted for an upper-level undergraduate course if the student has done little or no previous work in that subject area, but such courses must have the special approval of the M&AEE Master of Engineering Committee.

The technical electives may include courses of appropriate level in mathematics, physics, chemistry, or engineering; a maximum of six credits may be taken in areas other than those if the courses are part of a well-defined program leading to specific professional objectives. It is expected that all students will use technical electives to develop proficiency in mathematics beyond the minimum required of Cornell engineering undergraduates if they have not already done so before entering the program. Courses in advanced engineering mathematics or statistics are particularly recommended.

Students should check with the M&AEE graduate field office (104 Upson Hall) for additional degree requirements.

Students enrolled in the M.Eng. (Mechanical) degree program may take courses that also satisfy the requirements of the manufacturing, energy, or electronic packaging option programs leading to special dean’s certificates in those areas.

NUCLEAR SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING
Faculty members in the graduate Field of Nuclear Science and Engineering who are most directly concerned with the curriculum include K. B. Cady, D. A. Hammer, R. W. Kay, V. O. Kostroun, and K. Unlu.

Undergraduate Study
Although there is no special undergraduate field program in nuclear science and engineering, students who intend to enter graduate programs in this area are encouraged to begin specialization at the undergraduate level. This may be done by choice of electives.
within regular field programs (such as those in engineering physics, materials science and engineering, computer science, and civil, chemical, electrical, or mechanical engineering) or within the College Program.

**Master of Engineering (Nuclear) Degree Program**

The two-term curriculum leading to the M.Eng. (Nuclear) degree is intended primarily for individuals who want a terminal professional degree, but it may also serve as preparation for a doctoral study in nuclear science and engineering. The course of study covers the basic principles of nuclear reactor systems with a major emphasis on reactor safety and radiation protection and control. The special facilities of the Ward Center for Nuclear Sciences are described in the Announcement of the Graduate School.

The interdisciplinary nature of nuclear engineering allows students to enter from a variety of undergraduate specializations. The recommended background is (1) an accredited baccalaureate degree in engineering, physics, or applied science; (2) physics, including atomic and nuclear physics; (3) mathematics, including advanced calculus; and (4) thermodynamics. Students should see that they fulfill these requirements before beginning the program. In some cases, deficiencies in preparatory work may be made up by informal study during the preceding summer. General admission and degree requirements are described in the college's introductory section.

The following courses, or equivalents, are included in the 30-credit program:

**Fall term**
- NS&E 509, Nuclear Physics for Applications
- A&EP 612, Nuclear Reactor Theory
- A&EP 633, Nuclear Engineering
- Technical elective

**Spring term**
- NS&E 551, Nuclear Measurements in Research
- NS&E 545, Energy Seminar
- Technical elective
- Engineering design project
- Mathematics or physics elective

Engineering electives should be in a subject area relevant to nuclear engineering, such as energy conversion, radiation protection and control, feedback control systems, magnetohydrodynamics, controlled thermonuclear fusion, and environmental engineering. The list below gives typical electives.

- A&EP 606/ELE E 581, Introduction to Plasma Physics (fall, 4 credits)
- A&EP 607/ELE E 582, Basic Plasma Physics (spring, 4 credits)
- A&EP 661, Microrheocaracterization (fall, 3 credits)
- ELE E 457, Silicon Device Fundamentals (fall, 4 credits with lab)
- ELE E 471/M&AE 478/CHMEE 372, Feedback Control Systems (fall, 4 credits)
- MS&E 459, Physics of Modern Materials Analysis (spring, 3 credits)
- MS&E 603, Analytical Techniques for Materials Science (spring, 4 credits)

**OPERATIONS RESEARCH AND INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERING**


**Bachelor of Science Curriculum in Operations Research and Engineering**

The program is designed to provide a broad education in the techniques and modeling concepts needed to analyze and design complex systems and to provide an introduction to the technical and professional areas with which operations researchers and industrial engineers are concerned. The program prepares students for a wide range of careers including operations research, industrial engineering, entrepreneurship, information technology, operations management, consulting, financial engineering, financial services, and management.

The foundation of the B.S. curriculum is the development of basic skills in calculus, statistics, probability, mathematical programming, and computer science. Required courses in manufacturing systems and simulation build on these skills and provide engineering design experience. The curriculum culminates in a major engineering design experience in one of two required OR&IE electives, OR&IE 416 or 480.

Because of the wide range of career goals among our students, the B.S. program is designed with a minimum of required courses and a large number of required electives. Students should consult with their field advisers to select electives that best meet their future goals.

The program is accredited as a "nontraditional" program by the Engineering Accreditation Commission of the Accreditation Board for Engineering and Technology (ABET). The faculty have not sought accreditation of the B.S. curriculum as a program in industrial engineering. Industrial engineering curricula, while excellent for preparing industrial engineers, do not have the flexibility that the wide range of our students requires. Nonetheless, by proper selection of field electives, graduates of the B.S. program can develop successful and competent industrial engineers. Exceptional students interested in pursuing graduate studies are encouraged to speak with their faculty advisers concerning an accelerated program of study.

A student who intends to enter the field program in Operations Research and Engineering should plan to take Basic Engineering Probability and Statistics (ENGRD 270) after completing MATH 192. Early consultation with a faculty member of the school or with the associate director for undergraduate studies can be helpful in making appropriate choices. The required courses for the OR&IE field program and the typical terms in which they are taken are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term 2, 3, or 4</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ENGRD 211, Computers &amp; Programming</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Term 5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OR&amp;IE 320, Optimization I</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OR&amp;IE 350, Financial and Managerial Accounting</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OR&amp;IE 360, Engineering Probability and Statistics II</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A course in humanities and social sciences</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Field-approved elective</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Term 6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OR&amp;IE 310, Industrial Systems Analysis</td>
<td>4 (may be taken in term 4)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OR&amp;IE 321, Optimization II</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OR&amp;IE 361, Introductory Engineering Mathematical Programming I</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Behavioral science (organizational behavior)?</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Course in humanities and social sciences</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The behavioral science requirement can be satisfied by any one of several courses, including the Johnson Graduate School of Management (JGSM) course, NCG 554 (offered only in the fall), which is required for those contemplating the pursuit of a graduate business degree, and ILROB 170, 171, and 320.

The basic senior-year program, from which individualized programs are developed, consists of the following courses:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OR&amp;IE 581, Simulation Modeling</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OR&amp;IE 582, Simulation Analysis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To satisfy the ABET design requirement, students are required to take either OR&amp;IE 416 or 480.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Three upperclass OR&amp;IE electives as described below</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two field-approved electives (at least 3 credits must be outside OR&amp;IE)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two courses in humanities and social sciences</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two approved electives</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Available OR&amp;IE electives are as follows:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manufacturing and distribution systems:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OR&amp;IE 414, 416, 451, 480, 481, 518, 524, 525, and 562 and JGSM MBA 641</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Optimization methods: OR&amp;IE 451, 432, 434, 445, and 456</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Applied probability and statistics: OR&amp;IE 462, 474, 476 (2 credits), 561, 563, 575 (2 credits), 576 (2 credits) and 577</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scholastic requirements for the field are a passing grade in every course; a grade of C- or better in each of ENGRD 211 and 270, OR&amp;IE 310, 320, 321, 350, 360, and 361; an overall average of at least 2.0 for each term the student is enrolled in the school; an average of 2.0 or better for OR&amp;IE field courses, and satisfactory progress toward the completion of the degree requirements. The</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
student's performance is reviewed at the conclusion of each term.

Operations Research and Engineering Honors Program

Eligibility

The Bachelor of Science degree with honors will be granted to students who, in addition to having completed the requirements for a bachelor degree, have satisfactorily completed the honors program in Operations Research and Engineering and have been recommended for the degree by the honors committee of the department. An honors program student must enter with and maintain a cumulative GPA > 3.5.

Content

An OR&IE honors program shall consist of at least nine credits beyond the minimum required for graduation in OR&IE, so that no part of the honors program can also be used to satisfy graduation requirements. The nine credits shall be from one or more of the following with at least four hours in the first category.

1. Advanced courses in OR&IE at the 500- level or above.
2. A significant research experience or honors project under the direct supervision of an OR&IE faculty member using OR&IE 499: OR&IE Project. A significant written report must be submitted as part of this component.
3. A significant teaching experience under the direct supervision of a faculty member in OR&IE using OR&IE 490: Teaching in OR&IE, or ENGRG 470: Undergraduate Engineering Teaching.

Timing

All interested students must complete a written application no later than the end of the third week of the first semester of their senior year, but are encouraged to make arrangements with a faculty member during the first semester of their junior year. A student must be in the program for at least two semesters before graduation.

Procedures

Each application to the OR&IE honors program must have a faculty adviser to supervise the honors program. The honors adviser need not be the student's faculty adviser. The application to the program shall be a letter from the student describing the specific proposed honors program and including the explicit approval of the honors adviser. Each program must be approved by the associate director, and any changes to the student's program must also be approved by the associate director of undergraduate studies.

Engineering Minor Programs

The School of Operations Research and Industrial Engineering currently offers three engineering minor programs: engineering statistics, industrial systems and information technology, and operations research and management science. (A student may not receive credit for more than one minor offered by the School of Operations Research and Industrial Engineering.) Descriptions and requirements for each program follow.

Minor in Engineering Statistics

Eligibility

Engineering undergraduates affiliated with the following fields are eligible to participate in the engineering statistics minor: ABEN, A&EP, CEE, CHEME, COM S, EAS, ECE, M&AE, MS&E.

This minor requires the student to develop expertise in engineering statistics. The goal of the program is to provide the student with a firm understanding of statistical principles and engineering applications, and the ability to apply this knowledge in real-world situations. The requirements for the engineering statistics minor are outlined below. For further details consult the Operations Research and Industrial Engineering Undergraduate Programs Office, 202 Rhodes Hall.

Requirements

To complete the minor, the student must take at least six courses (minimum of 18 credits), chosen as follows:

I. Required Courses:
   - ENGRD 270 Basic Engineering Probability & Statistics
   - OR&IE 350 or ELE E 310 Basic Engineering Probability & Statistics II or Introduction to Probability & Random Signals

II. Four courses (11 credits minimum) taken from the following list:
   - OR&IE 361 or ELE E 411 Introductory Engineering Stochastic Processes I or Random Signals in Communications/Signal Processing
   - OR&IE 476 Applied Linear Statistical Models
   - OR&IE 576 Regression
   - OR&IE 563 Applied Time Series Analysis
   - OR&IE 565 Applied Financial Engineering
   - OR&IE 575 Experimental Design
   - OR&IE 577 Quality Control
   - OR&IE 581 Simulation Modeling
   - OR&IE 582 Simulation Analysis
   - MATH 472 or BTRY 409 Basic Probability or Theory of Statistics
   - BTRY 602 Statistical Methods II
   - BTRY 603 or ILRST 411 Statistical Methods III or Statistical Analysis of Qualitative Data
   - ILRST 310 Statistical Sampling
   - ILRST 314 Graphical Methods for Data Analysis
   - ILRST 410 Techniques of Multivariate Analysis

*Other course options approved by petition in advance. The student should be aware that some of these courses require others as prerequisites. All these courses are cross-listed under the Department of Statistical Science.

Academic Standards: a letter grade of C- or better for each course in the minor and a cumulative GPA of 2.0 or better for all courses in the minor.

Minor in Industrial Systems and Information Technology

Eligibility

Engineering undergraduates affiliated with the following fields are eligible to participate in the industrial systems and information technology minor: ABEN, A&EP, CEE, CHEME, COM S, EAS, ECE, M&AE, MS&E.

The aim of this minor is to provide an in-depth education in the issues involved in the design and analysis of industrial systems, and the tools from information technology that have become an integral part of the manufacturing process. Students will become familiar with the problems, perspectives, and methods of modern industrial engineering and be prepared to work with industrial engineers in designing and managing manufacturing and service operations. That is, rather than providing a comprehensive view of the range of methodological foundations of operations research, this minor is designed to give the student a focused education in the application area most closely associated with these techniques.

The requirements for the industrial systems and information technology minor are outlined below. For further details consult the Operations Research and Industrial Engineering Undergraduate Programs Office, 202 Rhodes Hall.

Requirements

To complete the minor, the student must take at least six courses (minimum of 18 credits), chosen as follows:

I. At least three of the following:
   - ENGRD 270 Basic Engineering Probability & Statistics
   - OR&IE 320 Optimization I
   - OR&IE 310 Industrial Systems Analysis
   - OR&IE 480 Information Technology for Operations Research and Industrial Technology

II. The remaining courses/credit hours from the following:
   - OR&IE 350 Financial and Managerial Accounting
   - OR&IE 416 Design of Manufacturing Systems
   - OR&IE 451 Economic Analysis of Engineering Systems
   - OR&IE 525 Production Planning and Scheduling: Theory and Practice
   - OR&IE 552 Revenue Management
   - OR&IE 577 Quality Control
   - OR&IE 581 Simulation Modeling

Academic Standards: A letter grade of C- or better for each course in the minor and a cumulative GPA of 2.0 or better for all courses in the minor.

Minor in Operations Research and Management Science

Eligibility

Engineering undergraduates affiliated with the following fields are eligible to participate in the operations research and management science minor: ABEN, A&EP, CEE, CHEME, COM S, EAS, ECE, M&AE, MS&E.

The aim of this minor is to provide an in-depth education in the issues involved in the design and analysis of industrial systems, and the tools from information technology that have become an integral part of the manufacturing process. Students will become familiar with the problems, perspectives, and methods of modern industrial engineering and be prepared to work with industrial engineers in designing and managing manufacturing and service operations. That is, rather than providing a comprehensive view of the range of methodological foundations of operations research, this minor is designed to give the student a focused education in the application area most closely associated with these techniques.

The requirements for the operations research and management science minor are outlined below. For further details consult the Operations Research and Industrial Engineering Undergraduate Programs Office, 202 Rhodes Hall.

Requirements

To complete the minor, the student must take at least six courses (minimum of 18 credits), chosen as follows:

I. At least three of the following:
   - ENGRD 270 Basic Engineering Probability & Statistics
   - OR&IE 320 Optimization I
   - OR&IE 310 Industrial Systems Analysis
   - OR&IE 480 Information Technology for Operations Research and Industrial Technology

II. The remaining courses/credit hours from the following:
   - OR&IE 350 Financial and Managerial Accounting
   - OR&IE 416 Design of Manufacturing Systems
   - OR&IE 451 Economic Analysis of Engineering Systems
   - OR&IE 525 Production Planning and Scheduling: Theory and Practice
   - OR&IE 552 Revenue Management
   - OR&IE 577 Quality Control
   - OR&IE 581 Simulation Modeling

Academic Standards: A letter grade of C- or better for each course in the minor and a cumulative GPA of 2.0 or better for all courses in the minor.
The field of operations research and management science (OR/MS) aims to provide rational bases for decision making by seeking to understand and model complex situations and to use this understanding to predict system behavior and improve system performance. This minor gives the student the opportunity to obtain a wide exposure to the core methodological tools for OR/MS, including mathematical programming, stochastic and statistical models, and simulation. The intent of this minor is that the student should obtain a broad knowledge of these fundamentals, rather than train the student in a particular application domain. This way the student can adjust their advanced courses and pursue either methodological or application oriented areas of greatest interest and relevance to the overall educational goals of their program.

The requirements for the operations research and management science minor are outlined below. For further details consult the Operations Research and Industrial Engineering Undergraduate Programs Office, 200 Rhodes Hall.

**Requirements**

To complete the minor, the student must take at least six courses (minimum of 18 credits), chosen as follows:

1. Choose three courses from the following list:
   - ENGRD 270 Basic Engineering Probability and Statistics
   - ORIE 320 Optimization I
   - ORIE 321 Optimization II
   - ORIE 350 Engineering Probability and Statistics II
   - ORIE 361 Introduction Engineering Stochastic Processes I
   - ORIE 591 Simulation Modeling
   - ORIE 592 Simulation Analysis

2. These courses are to be supplemented with additional OR/IE courses at the 300 level or higher, so that entire program includes at least six courses and at least 18 credits. For example, taking the remaining three options on this list would suffice.

**Academic Standards:** a letter grade of C- or better for each course in the minor and a cumulative GPA of or better for all courses in the minor.

**Master of Engineering (OR&IE) Degree Program**

This two-semester professional degree program stresses applications of operations research and industrial engineering. The centerpiece of the program is a team-based project experiences include working as part of a group of three to five students on an engineering design problem, meeting with a faculty member on a regular basis, and oral and written presentation of the results obtained. Most projects address problems that actually exist in manufacturing firms, financial firms, hospitals, and other service industries.

**Cooperative Program with the Johnson Graduate School of Management**

Undergraduates majoring in operations research and engineering may be interested in a cooperative program at Cornell that leads to both Master of Engineering and Master of Business Administration (M.B.A.) degrees. With appropriate curriculum planning, such a combined B.S./M. Eng./M.B.A. program can be completed in six years at Cornell, with time out for work experience. For undergraduates from other schools, it may be feasible to complete the M. Eng./M.B.A. program in two years, possibly with an intervening summer or time out for work experience. Most projects address problems that actually exist in manufacturing firms, financial firms, hospitals, and other service industries.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fall term</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ORIE 516, Case Studies</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ORIE 893, Applied ORIE Colloquium</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M.Eng. Project</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Technical electives</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Spring term</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ORIE 894, Applied ORIE Colloquium</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M. Eng. Project</td>
<td>minimum of 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Technical electives</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Spring term**

- ORIE 520, Optimization I
- ORIE 522, Topics in Linear Optimization
- ORIE 516, Case Studies
- ORIE 580, Design and Analysis of Simulated Systems
- ORIE 893, Applied ORIE Colloquium
- M. Eng. Project
- Technical electives
- Spring term
- Spring term
- Spring term
- Spring term
- Spring term

**Cooperative Program with the Johnson Graduate School of Management**

Undergraduates majoring in operations research and engineering may be interested in a cooperative program at Cornell that leads to both Master of Engineering and Master of Business Administration (M.B.A.) degrees. With appropriate curriculum planning, such a combined B.S./M. Eng./M.B.A. program can be completed in six years at Cornell, with time out for work experience. For undergraduates from other schools, it may be feasible to complete the M. Eng./M.B.A. program in two years, possibly with an intervening summer or time out for work experience. Most projects address problems that actually exist in manufacturing firms, financial firms, hospitals, and other service industries.

An advantage for OR&E majors is that as part of their undergraduate and/or M. Eng. curriculum, they study several subjects that are required for the M.B.A. degree. (This is because modern management is concerned with the operation of production and service systems, and much of the analytical methodology required to deal with operating decisions is the same as that used by systems engineers in designing these systems.) This early start on meeting the business-degree requirements permits degrees in two years rather than the three years such a program would normally take.

The details of planning courses for this program should be discussed with the admissions office of the Johnson Graduate School of Management. Since 95 percent of the students in the Johnson Graduate School of Management have work experience, there will typically be a gap for work experience between the M. Eng. and M.B.A. portions of the program for students who do not already have it when beginning the M. Eng. portion.

**Program in OR&E who wish to expand their program is intended for three groups of**

**General admission and degree requirements**

**A minimum of 30 credit hours are required to complete this program. Additional program requirements exist and are described in the**

**Master of Engineering Handbook**, which is available in Room 201, Frank H. T. Rhodes Hall and on the web at www.orie.cornell.edu.

The project requirement can be fulfilled in a variety of ways. Common elements in all project experiences include working as part of a group of three to five students on an engineering design problem, meeting with a faculty member on a regular basis, and oral and written presentation of the results obtained. Most projects address problems that actually exist in manufacturing firms, financial firms, hospitals, and other service industries.
Further details and application forms may be obtained at the office of the School of Operations Research and Industrial Engineering, Frank H. T. Rhodes Hall, and at the admissions office of the Johnson Graduate School of Management.

STATISTICAL SCIENCE DEPARTMENT

The university-wide Department of Statistical Science coordinates undergraduate and graduate study in statistics and probability. A list of suitable courses can be found in the Interdisciplinary Centers, Programs, and Studies section at the front of this catalog (see p. 15).

THEORETICAL AND APPLIED MECHANICS


Undergraduate Study

The Department of Theoretical and Applied Mechanics is responsible for courses in engineering mechanics and engineering mathematics, some of which are part of the Common Curriculum.

College Program in Engineering Science

A student may enroll in the College Program in Engineering Science, which is sponsored by the Department of Theoretical and Applied Mechanics. The College Program is described in the section on undergraduate study in the College of Engineering.

Minor in Applied Mathematics

Eligibility

Engineering undergraduates affiliated with the following fields are eligible to participate in the Applied Mathematics Minor: ABEN, A&EP, CEE, CHEME, COM S, EAS, ECE, M&AE, MS&E, and OR&IE.

Requirements

To complete the minor, the student must take at least six courses beyond MATH 294, to be chosen as follows:

a) No more than one course may be chosen from any one of the groups 1, 2, 3, or 4.

b) At least three courses must be chosen from groups 5 and 6.

c) No more than one 200-level course may be chosen.

d) No more than one 200-level course may be chosen which is offered by the student's major department.

I. Analysis

T&AM 310 Advanced Engineering Analysis I

MATH 321 Mathematical Physics I

MATH 322 Computational Methods

COM S/ENGGRD 222 Introduction to Scientific Computation

CEE/ENGGRD 241 Engineering Computation

ABEN 449 Computational Tools for Engineers

OR&IE 320 Optimization I

3. Probability and Statistics

OR&IE/ENGGRD 270 Basic Engineering Probability and Statistics

OR&IE 360 Engineering Probability and Statistics II

ELE E 310 Introduction to Probability and Random Signals

CEE 304 Uncertainty Analysis in Engineering

MATH 371 Basic Probability

4. Applications

A&EP 333 Mechanics of Particles and Solid Bodies

CHEME 323 Fluid Mechanics

CEE 333 Fluid Mechanics

CEE 371 Structural Behavior

ELE E 425 Digital Signal Processing

MS&E 303 Thermodynamics of Condensed Systems

M&AE 323 Introductory Fluid Mechanics

5. Advanced Courses

—Only one of the following three may be chosen:

T&AM 311 Advanced Engineering Analysis II

MATH 422 Applicable Analysis II

A&EP 322 Mathematical Physics II

—Only one of the following two may be chosen:

ELE E 411 Random Signals in Communications and Signal Processing

OR&IE 361 Introductory Engineering Stochastic Processes I

—Only one of the following two may be chosen:

COM S 381 Introduction to Theory of Computing

COM S 481 Introduction to Theory of Computing

COM S 482 Introduction to the Design of Algorithms

OR&IE 321 Optimization II

OR&IE 431 Discrete Models

OR&IE 435 Introduction to Game Theory

OR&IE 462 Introductory Engineering Stochastic Processes II

ELE E 522 Nonlinear Systems: Analysis, Stability, Control, and Applications

—Only one of the following two may be chosen:

M&AE 571 Applied Dynamics

T&AM 570 Intermediate Dynamics

T&AM 578 Nonlinear Dynamics and Chaos

6. Math Courses—Any 300+ level course offered by the mathematics department in algebra, analysis, probability/statistics, geometry, or logic, with the following exceptions:

1) MATH 321 or MATH 420, if any course from group 1 is chosen

2) MATH 371, if any course from group 3 is chosen

3) MATH 422, if T&AM 311, MATH 422, or A&EP 322 are chosen from group 5

Academic Standards: A letter grade of C or better for each course in the minor.

Minor in Biomedical Engineering

Eligibility

All undergraduates in the College of Engineering are eligible to participate in the biomedical engineering minor, unless they are also pursuing the bioengineering option. (Students may participate in either the bioengineering option or the biomedical engineering minor, but not both.)

Requirements

To complete the minor, the student must take at least six courses (minimum of 18 credits) from the five groups listed below, with at least one course from each group. At least four of the six courses must be from outside the student's major. In addition, all students must take ENGRG 501, Bioengineering Seminar (1 credit).

Required Course: ENGRG 501, Bioengineering Seminar (1 credit)

I. Biomedical Materials and Biomechanics

ABEN 565 (3) Properties of Biological Materials

M&AE 265 (3) or TXA 439 (2) Biological Materials and Their Synthetic Replacements

M&AE 565 (3) Biomechanical Systems—Analysis and Design

M&AE 664 (3) Mechanics of Bone

ENGRG 605.3 (1) Biomedical Instruments

ENGRG 605.1 (1) Artificial Organs and Tissue Engineering

ENGRG 606.3 (1) Biomechanics of Musculoskeletal Systems

II. Biomedical Systems

ABEN 453 (3) Computer-Aided Engineering: Applications to Biomedical and Food Processes

CHEME 481 (3) Biomedical Engineering

ABEN 454 (3) Physiological Engineering

ENGRG 605.1 (1) Cellular Dynamics and Cancer

ENGRG 605.2 (1) Physiological Systems

III. Instrumentation

ABEN 418 (3) Introduction to Biotechnology

ELE E 432 (3) MicroElectro Mechanical Systems (MEMS)

ELE E 593 (3) Bioelectric Signal Analysis and Processing

ABEN 450 (4) Biomedical Instrumentation

ENGRG 606.2 (1) Biomedical Instrumentation and Diagnosis
ENGINEERING COMMON COURSES

IV. Molecular and Cell Biology
BIOGD 281 (5) Genetics
BIOGD 282 (2-3) Human Genetics
BIOMI 290 (3) Microbiology
BIOAP 316 (4) Cellular Physiology
BIOBM 330-333 (2-4) Principles of Biochemistry
BIOBM 432 (3) Survey of Cell Biology

V. Physiology
BIOAP 212 (3) Human Physiology
BIOAP 311 (3) Introductory Animal Physiology
BIOAP 313 (4) Histology: The Biology of the Tissues
BIOGD 389 (3) Embryology
BIOND 222 (3-4) Neurobiology and Behavior II: Introduction to Neurobiology
AN SC 427 (3) Fundamentals of Endocrinology

Engineering Communications Courses

Courses offered in the College of Engineering are listed under the various departments and schools.

- Engineering Communications
- Engineering Distribution
- Engineering General Interest
- Introduction to Engineering
- Agricultural and Biological Engineering
- Applied and Engineering Physics
- Chemical Engineering
- Civil and Environmental Engineering
- Computer Science
- Earth and Atmospheric Sciences
- Electrical and Computer Engineering
- Materials Science and Engineering
- Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering
- Nuclear Science and Engineering
- Operations Research and Industrial Engineering
- Theoretical and Applied Mechanics

These courses are designed to develop writing and oral presentation skills, and to enhance understanding of the course content while addressing relevant organizational and ethical issues. Students learn to communicate effectively through diverse assignments and a variety of audiences. They write a range of documents, give oral presentations, and use visuals to enhance their writing and talks.

Engineering Communications

ENGRC 335 Communications For Engineering Managers

TBA. 3 credits. Limited to 20 students per section. Prerequisite: two First-Year Writing Seminars.

This interactive workshop focuses on communications in organizational contexts, including writing technical documents, giving oral presentations, and communicating specialized information to colleagues, shareholders, and clients. Students develop writing and management strategies that apply to individual and collaborative assignments. By completing written brief exercises, formal and informal presentations, and a larger design project, students learn how to develop information, organize and support ideas, and address a variety of audiences. Fulfills the college technical writing requirement.

ENGRC 350 Engineering Communications

Fall, spring, summer TBA. 3 credits. Prerequisite: two First-Year Writing Seminars.

Engineering graduates spend much of their time conveying technical information to a variety of audiences. They write a range of documents, give oral presentations, and use visuals to enhance their writing and talks. These important tasks can seem daunting and burdensome; ENGRC 350 aims to make them manageable and interesting. This course draws on material from professional settings to help students develop effective processes for drafting, editing, and revising documents; communicating specialized information in different contexts; working in teams; and addressing relevant organizational and ethical issues. Students learn to communicate effectively through diverse assignments and a longer-term project of their choice (for example, a research paper, feasibility study, or proposal) that may require pre- or corequisites.

ENGRC 333 Topics in Engineering Communications

TBA. 3 credits.

Students work closely with a Communications Program instructor to pursue an aspect of professional communications not available through regular course work. Projects may involve writing technical documentation, creating user manuals, and producing technical graphics, or reading and writing about problems in engineering practice. Interested students should contact the Engineering Communications Program.

ENGRC 334 Independent Study in Engineering Communications

TBA. Variable credits (1-5).

Students work closely with a Communications Program instructor to pursue an aspect of
Formation of the solar system: accretion and evolution of the earth. The rock cycle: radioactive isotopes and the geological time scale, plate tectonics, rock and minerals, earth dynamics, mantle plumes. The hydrologic cycle: runoff, groundwater flow, contaminant transport. Weathering cycle: chemical cycles, CO2 (weathering), rock cycle, controls on global temperature (CO2 or ocean currents), oil and mineral resources.

**ENGRD 202 Mechanics of Solids (also T&AM 202)**
Fall, spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: PHYS 112, coregistration in MATH 293 or permission of instructor.

Principles of statics, force systems, and equilibrium; frameworks; mechanics of deformable solids, stress, strain, statically indeterminate problems; mechanical properties of engineering materials; axial force, shearing force, bending moment, plane stress, Mohr's circle; bending and torsion of bars; buckling and plastic behavior.

**ENGRD 203 Dynamics (also T&AM 203)**
Fall, spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: T&AM 202, coregistration in MATH 294, or permission of instructor.

Newtonian dynamics of a particle, systems of particles, a rigid body. Kinematics, motion relative to a moving frame. Impulse, momentum, angular momentum, energy. Rigid-body kinematics, angular velocity, moment of momentum, the inertia tensor. Euler equations, the gyroscope.

**ENGRD 210 Introduction to Circuits for Electrical and Computer Engineers (also ELE E 210)**
Fall, spring. 3 credits. Corequisites: MATH 293 and PHYS 213.

A first course in electrical circuits, establishing the fundamental properties of circuits with application to high-speed computers and modern electronics. Topics include node and mesh analysis applied to CMOS circuit design, transient response and its impact on computer speed, sinusoids, resonance, complex impedance, and operational amplifiers.

**ENGRD 211 Computers and Programming (also COM S 211)**
Fall, spring, summer. 3 credits. Prerequisite: COM S 100 or an equivalent course in Java or C++.

Intermediate programming in a high-level language and introduction to computer science. Topics include program structure and organization, modules (classes), program development, proofs of program correctness, recursion, data structures and types (lists, stacks, queues, trees), object-oriented and functional programming, analysis of algorithms, and an introduction to elementary graph theory and graph algorithms. Java is the principal programming language. Knowledge of classes and objects is assumed.

**ENGRD 219 Mass and Energy Balances (also CHEME 219)**
Fall. 3 credits. Corequisite: physical chemistry or permission of instructor.

K. H. Lee

Engineering problems involving material and energy balances. Batch and continuous reactive systems in the steady and unsteady states. Introduction to phase equilibria for multicomponent systems.

**ENGRD 221 Thermodynamics (also M&AE 221)**
Fall, spring, summer TBA. 3 credits.

Prerequisites: MATH 192 and PHYS 112.

The definition of concepts and laws of thermodynamics. Applications to ideal and real gases, vapor and gas power systems, refrigeration, and heat pump systems. Thermodynamics relations for simple, compressible substances. Gaseous reactions. Examples and problems will be related to contemporary aspects of power generation and broader environmental issues.

**ENGRD 222 Introduction to Scientific Computation (also COM S 222)**
Spring, summer. 3 credits.

Prerequisites: COM S 100 and (MATH 222 or 294).

An introduction to elementary numerical analysis and scientific computation. Topics include interpolation, quadrature, linear and nonlinear equation solving, least-squares fitting, and ordinary differential equations. The MATLAB computing environment is used. Vectorization, efficiency, reliability, and stability are stressed. Special lectures on parallel computation.

**ENGRD 231 Introduction to Digital Systems**
Fall, spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: COM S 100.

An introduction to basic principles, design techniques, and methodology for communication, computer, and information systems, which process digital data streams. Includes Boolean algebra, integrated circuit components, switching circuits, and systems which provide computation, data, voice, and video service.

**ENGRD 241 Engineering Computation (also CEE 241)**
Fall, spring. 3 credits.

Prerequisites: COM S 100 and MATH 293. Corequisite: MATH 294. (Completion of MATH 294 is suggested.) W. Philpot.

This course introduces the discipline of numerical methods while developing programming and graphics proficiency with MATLAB and spreadsheet packages. Numerical analysis topics considered are accuracy, precision, Taylor-series approximations, truncation and rounded-off errors, condition numbers, operation counts, convergence, and stability. Included are numerical methods for solving engineering problems that entail roots of functions, simultaneous linear equations, regression, interpolation, numerical differentiation and integration, and ordinary differential equations. The context and solution of partial differential equations are broached. Applications are drawn from different areas of engineering.

**ENGRD 250 Engineering Applications in Biological Systems (also ABEN 250)**
Fall. 3 credits.

Corequisite: MATH 295. Recommended for the sophomore year.

B. A. Almeda

Case studies of engineering problems in agricultural, biological, and environmental systems, including bioremediation, crop production, environmental controls, energy, biomedicine, and food engineering. Emphasis is on the application of mathematics, physics, and the engineering sciences to energy and mass balances in ecological systems.

**ENGRD 261 Introduction to Mechanical Properties of Materials (also MS&E 261)**
Fall. 3 credits. S. P. Baker.

The mechanical properties of materials (strength, stiffness, toughness, ductility, etc.) and their physical origins are examined. The relationship of the elastic, plastic, and fracture behavior to microscopic structure in metals, ceramics, polymers, and composite materials. Effects of time and temperature. Considerations for design and optimal performance of materials and engineered objects.

**ENGRD 264 Computer-Instrumentation Design (also A&EP 264)**
Fall, spring. 3 credits.

Prerequisites: COM S 100. 1 lec, 1 lab.

This course covers the use of a small computer in an engineering or scientific research laboratory. Various experiments are performed using a PC (Pentium III, 450 MHZ CPU) running Windows 98. The experiments and devices to be investigated include: input and output ports, analog to digital converters (ADC), digital to analog converters (DAC), thermistors, optical sensors, digital temperature control, nonlinear elements, curve fitting of experimental data, thermal diffusion, and viscosity of fluids. A second goal of this course is to develop effective written communication skills in the context of science and engineering. An understanding of these principles will be presented that can produce clarity in communication without oversimplifying scientific subjects. Students will prepare progress reports, technical reports, and formal articles based on the experiments.

**ENGRD 270 Basic Engineering Probability and Statistics**
Fall, spring. 3 credits. Pre- or corequisite: MATH 293.

This course should give students a working knowledge of basic probability and statistics and their application to engineering. Computer analysis of data and simulation are included. Topics include random variables, probability distributions, expectation, estimation, testing, experimental design, quality control, and regression.

**Courses of General Interest**
Courses in this category are of general interest and cover technical, historical, and social issues relevant to the engineering profession. These courses may also include seminar or tutorial type courses.

**ENGRG 102 Drawing and Engineering Design (also M&AE 102)**
Fall, spring. 1 credit. Half-term course offered twice each semester. Enrollment limited to 30 students each half-term. Recommended for students without mechanical drawing experience. Letter grade required for students majoring in M&AE. S-U grades optional for all others. Introduction to sketching, drawing, and graphic techniques useful in design, analysis, and presentation of ideas. Computer-aided design is integral to the course-work and final design project.

**ENGRG 150 Engineering Seminar**
Fall. 1 credit. First-year students only. S-U grades only.

Engineering freshmen meet weekly with their faculty advisers to discuss a range of engineering topics. Discussions may include the engineering curriculum and student programs, what different types of engineers
ENGRG 198 Introduction to the Electronic Revolution (also ELE E 198)
Summer only. 3 credits. Cannot be taken in addition to ENGRG 298. This course is an introductory survey of the development of information technologies in the United States from the 1830s to the present. Students focus on themes of the social process of invention, the federal government's role in promoting and regulating technological change, and the relationship between technological and social change in regard to the history of the telegraph, telephone, radio, television, computers, and the Internet. The themes of gender and technology and the relationship between science and technology will be addressed throughout the course. Laboratory demonstrations of current research in information technology at Cornell will be given in some afternoon sessions.

ENGRG 250 Technology in Society (also ELE E 250, MIST 250, S&S 250)
Fall. 3 credits. A humanities elective for engineering students. Not offered 2000–2001. This course will investigate the history of technology in Europe and the United States from ancient times to the present. Topics include the economic and social aspects of industrialization; the myths of heroic inventors like Morse, Edison, and Ford; the government's regulation of technology, the origins of mass production, and the spread of the automobile and microelectronics cultures in the United States.

ENGRG 298 Inventing an Information Society (also ELE E 298 and S&S 292)
Spring. 3 credits. Approved for humanities distribution. Cannot be taken for credit after ENGRG 198/ELE E 198. May not be offered 2000–2001. Explores the history of information technology from the 1830s to the present by considering the technical and social history of telecommunications, the electric-power industry, radio, television, computers, and the Internet. Emphasis is placed on the changing relationship between science and technology, the economic aspects of innovation, gender and technology, and other social relations of this technology.

ENGRG 323 Engineering Economics and Management (also CEE 323)
Spring, usually offered in summer for Engineering Co-op Program. 3 credits. Primarily for juniors and seniors. D. P. Loucks. Introduction to engineering and business economics and to project management. Intended to give students a working knowledge of the major management tools and how to make economic comparisons of alternative engineering designs or projects. The impact of inflation, taxation, depreciation, financial planning, economic optimization, project scheduling, auxiliary issues are introduced and applied to economic investment and project-management problems.

ENGRG 360 Ethical Issues in Engineering (also S&S 360)
Spring. 3 credits. A humanities elective for engineering students. Open to sophomores. May not be offered 2000–2001. A discussion of ethical issues encountered in engineering practice, such as the rights of engineers in corporations, responsibility for actions, whistleblowing, conflicts of interest, and decision making based on cost-benefit analysis. Codes of ethics and ethical theory will be used to sort out conflicts the engineer may feel toward public safety, professional standards, employers, colleagues, and family. Students will present a case study to the class.

ENGRG 461 Entrepreneurship For Engineers (also M&AE 461)
Fall. 3 credits. Enrollment open to upper class engineers; others with permission of instructor. For description, see M&AE 461.

ENGRG 470 Peer Teaching in Engineering
Fall. 1 credit. This class provides students with training and support while they facilitate a freshman/sophomore Academic Excellence Workshop (AEW). AEW's run parallel to courses in math, physics, chemistry, and engineering design. The course introduces students to concepts such as cooperative learning, education theory, teaching practices, and group dynamics. Students learn to understand and work with gender and cultural issues as they intersect the learning process. ENGRG 470, if taken for credit, is an approved elective and may be applied toward the honors program in electrical and computer engineering. Students may request pay rather than credit for the training and facilitation components.

ENGRG 501 Bioengineering Seminar
Fall, spring. 1 credit. For juniors, seniors, and graduate students only. K. H. Lee. Broad survey of all aspects of bioengineering, including biomedical, bioprocess, biological, and bioenvironmental engineering and aspects of biotechnology. Sessions may be technical presentations or discussions. Sessions may occasionally be held outside of scheduled times.

ENGRG 605 Fundamentals of Biomedical Engineering I (also CHEM 605)
Fall. 1–4 credits (1 credit per section). Prerequisites: satisfactory grades in engineering or science; PHYS 213 and MATH 294 or equivalent. Undergraduates must have permission of instructor and have completed ABEN 454, CHEM 481, or M&AE 465. S–U grades optional for students not majoring or minoring in biomedical engineering. Coordinator: M. L. Shuler. A series of one and two-credit modules on specialized topics.

ENGRG 606 Fundamentals of Biomedical Engineering II (also CHEM 606)
Spring. 1–4 credits. Prerequisites: prerequisites in standing in engineering or science; PHYS 213 and MATH 294, or equivalent. Undergraduates must have permission of instructor and have completed ABEN 454, CHEM 481, or M&AE 465. S–U grades optional for students not majoring or minoring in biomedical engineering. Coordinator: M. L. Shuler. A series of one and two-credit modules on specialized topics.

606.1 Artificial Organs and Tissue Engineering
1 credit. Prerequisite: ENGRG 605, Section 03 (Biomaterials). Meets first third of term. Lec. T R 1:25–2:40. W. L. Olbricht and staff. An introduction to the use of cells, biological molecules, and synthetic materials as the basis for building artificial organs and encouraging tissue regeneration. Students will discuss the physiological and engineering issues underlying the use of synthetic, extracorporeal systems (e.g., membrane-based dialysis devices), composite implantable materials (e.g., drug-delivery systems and nerve regeneration guides), and hybrid cell/polymer implantable systems (e.g., engineered tissues).

606.2 Biomedical Instrumentation and Diagnosis
1 credit. Lec. Meets second third of term. Preregistration with the instructor before end of fall 2000 term is required. T R 1:25–2:40. C. D. Montemagno. Perspective on the use of advanced instrumentation for the diagnosis and treatment of disease and the investigation of fundamental biological processes. The basic theory and application of different microscopic and spectroscopic methods, imaging tomographies, and micro- and electromechanical devices to biological systems will be explored. A two-day trip to Cornell University Medical Center to learn techniques of functional MRI is required.

606.3 Biomechanics of Musculoskeletal Systems
Introduction to Engineering Courses

Courses in this category are freshman-level courses intended to introduce students to various aspects of engineering. They have no prerequisites and are always cross-listed with a department.

ENGR 110 The Laser and Its Applications in Science, Technology, and Medicine (also A&EP 110)

Fall, Spring. 3 credits. The principles of laser action, types of laser systems, elements of laser design, and applications of lasers in science, technology, and medicine are discussed. In the laboratory students build and operate a nitrogen laser and a tunable dye laser. Demonstration experiments with several types of lasers illustrate phenomena such as holography, laser processing of materials, and Raman spectroscopy.

ENGR 111 Electronic Materials for the Information Age (also MS&E 111)

Fall. 3 credits. G. M. Whitesides. The electronics revolution sweeping society today is a direct result of advanced developments in optically and electrically active materials. This course examines how the properties of modern electronic materials, including metals, semiconductors, insulators, and novel organic materials have enabled and driven new applications. Examples will be drawn from the microelectronics, telecommunications, and consumer markets.

ENGR 112 Introduction to Chemical Engineering (also CHEM 112)

Fall. 3 credits. Limited to freshmen. T. M. Duncan. Design and analysis of processes involving chemical change. Strategies for design, such as creative thinking, conceptual blockbusting, and visualization of the design goal, in the context of contemporary chemical engineering. Methods for analyzing designs, such as mathematical modeling, empirical analysis by graphics, and dynamic scaling through dimensional analysis, to assess product quality, economics, safety, and environmental issues.

ENGR 113 Introduction to Environmental Systems (also CEE 113)

Fall. 3 credits. Not open (without instructor's permission) to upper-division engineering students. M. L. Weber-Shirk. We will explore the environmental engineering systems that make New York City possible. We will discuss the engineering required to provide clean water and to remove the garbage from NYC sidewalks. We will evaluate NYC's current strategies and future options as their watersheds become more populated and their landfill is closed. See www.epa.cornell.edu/cee113/ for more information.

ENGR 114 An Introduction to Electrical Circuit Engineering Design

Spring. 3 credits. This course introduces students to the basic principles of electronic circuit design. We will work in teams on a focused series of electronic circuit experiments which will then be demonstrated on a computer model of the (knee) joint will be created by combining knowledge of the anatomy and the mechanical environment.

ENGR 115 Engineering Applications of Operations Research

Fall, Spring. 3 credits. Enrollment not open to OR&E upper-class majors. An introduction to the problems and methods of Operations Research and Industrial Engineering focusing on problem areas (including inventory, network design, and resource allocation), the situations in which these problems can be found, and several standard solution techniques. In the computer laboratory, students will encounter problem simulations and use some standard software packages.

ENGR 116 Modern Structures (also CEE 116)

Fall. 3 credits. A. R. Ingraffea. Introduction to the basic principles of structural engineering and to structural forms. Emphasis is placed on how various types of structures carry loads. Concepts are illustrated by a series of case studies of major structures such as bridges, long-span structures, and shell structures. The philosophy of engineering design and lessons learned from structural failures and earthquakes are discussed. A semester project involves the design and construction of a small balsa-wood bridge.

ENGR 117 Introduction to Mechanical Engineering (also M&E 117)

Fall or Spring. 3 credits. W. Sachse. An introduction to the basic principles of mechanical engineering.

ENGR 118 Design Integration: A Portable CD Player (also MS&E 118 and T&M 118)

Spring. 3 credits. W. Sachse. This course examines the roles of various engineering disciplines on the design of a portable compact disc (CD) player. Students are introduced to the tools of mechanical, electrical, materials, environmental, manufacturing, and computer engineering as related to the CD player. Laboratory sessions and demonstrations are used to illustrate the principles of design.

ENGR 119 Biomaterials for the Skeletal System (also MS&E 119)

Fall. 3 credits. D. T. Grubh. Biomaterials are at the intersection of biology and engineering. We will explore natural structural materials in the human body, their properties and microstructure, and their synthetic and semi-synthetic replacements. Bones, joints, teeth, tendons, and ligaments will be used as examples, with their metal, plastic, and ceramic replacements. Topics covered include strength, corrosion, toughness, wear, and bio-compatibility. Case studies of design will lead to consideration of regulatory approval requirements and legal liability issues.

ENGR 120 Introduction to Biomedical Engineering (also CHEM 120)

Fall. 3 credits. W. M. Saltzman. Introduction to the fundamental science and engineering that spawned the biotechnology revolution—technologies of cell cultures, DNA, and antibodies—and the relationship between biomedical science, bioengineering, and the growing biomedical product industry. Case studies of the development of biotechnical processes, from discovery to clinical use, will include processes for vaccines, antibiotics, cancer chemotherapy, protein pharmaceuticals, and organ transplantation.

ENGR 121 Fission, Fusion, and Radiation (also A&EP 121 and NS&E 121)

Spring. 3 credits. S-U grades optional for students outside the College of Engineering. R. B. Cady. Lecture-laboratory course on (1) the physical nature and biological effects of nuclear radiation; (2) benefits and hazards of nuclear energy; (3) light-water reactors, breeder reactors, and fusion reactors; and (4) uses of nuclear radiation in research. Laboratory demonstrations involve Cornell's research reactor; detection of nuclear radiation; activation analysis using gamma-ray spectroscopy; neutron radiography; and pulsed power generators for fusion research.

ENGR 122 Earthquake! (also GEOL/EAS 122)

Spring. 3 credits. D. B. Brown. The science of natural hazards and strategic resources is explored. Techniques for locating and characterizing earthquakes, and assessing the damage they cause, methods of using sound waves to image the earth's interior to search for strategic materials; the historical importance of such resources. Seismic experiments on campus to probe for groundwater, the new critical environmental resource.

ENGR 124 Designing Materials for the Computer (also MS&E 124)

Spring. 3 credits. R. K. Ober. Introduces the materials, processes, and properties of the semiconductors, polymers, ceramics, and metals used in the microelectronics industry to form integrated circuits, electronic devices, and displays. The course examines lithographic processing, metallization, diffusion, ion implantation, oxidation, and other processes used in fabricating electronic devices, and their packages. The technology of displays will be discussed including liquid crystal displays and light emitting devices.

ENGR 126 Introduction to Telecommunications

Fall. 3 credits. This course introduces the students that undertake wired and wireless telecommunication systems. The course begins with an introduction to telephony and the public switched telephone network. Moderns and cellular telephony are then introduced, along with ISDN and BISDN. The course concludes with an introduction to ATM and TCP/IP. The course will include both lectures and laboratory demonstrations. The students will have the opportunity to design communication systems, and to determine their performance through simulations.

ENGR 127 Introduction to Entrepreneurship and Enterprise Engineering (also M&E 127)

Spring. 3 credits. This course provides a solid introduction to the entrepreneurial process to students in engineering. The main objective is to identify
and to begin to develop skills in the engineering work that occurs in high-growth, high-tech ventures. Basic engineering management issues, including the entrepreneurial perspective, opportunity recognition and evaluation, and gathering and managing resources will be covered. Technical topics such as the engineering design process, product realization, and technology forecasting will be discussed. Guest lecturers will provide material for analysis and class discussion.

ENGR 185 Art, Archaeology, and Analysis (also ARKEO 285, ART 372, ARTH 200, GEOL/EAS 200, and PHYS 209) Spring. 3 credits. 3 lectures. R. Kay. An interdepartmental course on the use of techniques of science and engineering in cultural research. Applications of physical and physiological principles to the study of archaeological artifacts and works of art. Historical and technical aspects of artistic creation. Analyses by modern methods to deduce geographical origins, and for exploration, dating, and authentication of cultural objects. Does not meet liberal studies distribution requirement for Engineering.

AGRICULTURAL AND BIOLOGICAL ENGINEERING
For complete course descriptions, see the Agricultural and Biological Engineering listing in the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences section or visit the department web site, www.aben.cornell.edu.

ABEN 151 Introduction to Computing
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: MATH 191 or equivalent (coregistration permissible). Each lab and recitation section limited to 22 students.

ABEN 152 Computer Applications for Engineers
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ABEN 151 or equivalent. Course is comprised of three one-credit modules: (1) MATLAB; (2) spreadsheets; and (3) presentation graphics.

ABEN 200 The ABEN Experience
Spring. 1 credit. S-U grades optional.

ABEN 250 Engineering Applications in Biological Systems (also ENGRD 250)
Fall. 3 credits. Corequisite: MATH 293. Recommended for the sophomore year. For description, see ENGRD 250.

ABEN 299 Sustainable Development: A Web-Based Course
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: sophomore standing and above. S-U grades optional.

ABEN 300 Career Development
Spring. 1 credit. Prerequisites: ABEN 200 or permission of instructor. S-U grades optional.

ABEN 301 Energy Systems
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: college physics.

ABEN 350 Biological and Environmental Transport Processes
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: MATH 294 and fluid mechanics (coregistration permissible).

ABEN 363 Properties of Biological Materials
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ENGRD 202 (coregistration permissible). S-U grades optional.

ABEN 367 Introduction to Biological Engineering
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: 1 year each of calculus and introductory biology; minimum 1 term each of college chemistry and physics. S-U grades optional. Not open to freshmen.

ABEN 371 Hydrology and the Environment (also GEOL/EAS 204)
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: 1 course in calculus.

[ABEN 411 Biomass Processing: Modelling and Analysis
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ABEN 250, ABEN 350 (or any course in heat and mass transport), BIOBM 331, 332, or BIOMI 290. Not offered 2000–2001.]

ABEN 418 Introduction to Biotechnology
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ABEN 350 (coregistration permissible), biochemistry, microbiology, fluid mechanics, or permission of instructor.

ABEN 425 Science and Technology of Environmental Management
Fall. 3 credits. Open to seniors and graduate students only. Letter grades only.

ABEN 427 Water Sampling and Measurement
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: soils and/or fluids or hydrology courses and MATH 191.

ABEN 435 Principles of Aquaculture
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: minimum junior standing.

[ABEN 450 Bioinstrumentation
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: linear differential equations, physics or electrical science, computer programming, and use of spreadsheets. Not offered 2000–2001.]

ABEN 453 Computer-Aided Engineering: Applications to Biomedical and Food Processes
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: computer programming (ABEN 151 or COM S 100) and heat and mass transfer (ABEN 350 or equivalent).

ABEN 454 Physiological Engineering
Fall. 3 credits. Corequisite: fluid mechanics.

ABEN 456 Biomechanics of Plants
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: upper division undergraduate or graduate status, completion of introductory sequence in biology, and 1 year of calculus, or permission of instructor. S-U grades optional.

ABEN 471 Geohydrology (also CEE 431 and GEOL/EAS 445)
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: MATH 294 and ENGRD 202.

ABEN 473 Water Quality Monitoring
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: computer programming (ABEN 350 or equivalent).

ABEN 476 Solid Waste Engineering
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: MATH 294 and 250, or equivalent.

ABEN 481 LRFD-Based Engineering of Wood Structures
Fall. 1 credit. Prerequisite: admission to the M.Eng. or B.Eng. Program.

ABEN 482 Biothermal Engineering
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ABEN 150 or ABEN 473.

ABEN 483 Water and Waste Flow in Channels
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: MATH 294 and 250, or equivalent.

ABEN 493 Technical Writing for Engineers
Fall. 1 credit. Prerequisite: admission to the M.Eng. or B.Eng. Program.

ABEN 494 Special Topics in Agricultural and Biological Engineering
Fall, spring. 1-4 credits. S-U grades optional.

ABEN 496 Senior Design in Agricultural and Geological Engineering
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: senior standing in ABEN engineering program or permission of instructor. Completed independent study form (available in 140 Roberts Hall) is required to register.

ABEN 497 Individual Study in Agricultural and Biological Engineering
Fall, spring. 1-4 credits. Prerequisite: written permission of instructor and adequate ability and training for the work proposed. Normally reserved for seniors in upper two-fifths of their class. S-U grades optional. Completed independent study form (available in 140 Roberts Hall) is required to register.

ABEN 499 Undergraduate Teaching
Fall, spring. 1-3 credits. Prerequisite: written permission of instructor and adequate training for work proposed. Normally reserved for seniors in upper two-fifths of their class. S-U grades optional. Completed independent study form (available in 140 Roberts Hall) is required to register.

ABEN 500 Undergraduate Research
Fall, spring. 1-4 credits. Prerequisite: written permission of instructor. Completed independent study form (available in 140 Roberts Hall) is required to register.

ABEN 551 Agricultural and Biological Engineering Design Project
Fall. 5 credits. Prerequisite: admission to the M.Eng. (Agricultural and Biological) degree program.

ABEN 651 Bioremediation: Engineering Organisms to Clean Up the Environment
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: BIOMI 290 or BIOMI 294 or BIOMI 331 or permission of instructor.
ABEN 652 Instrumentation: Sensors and Transducers
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: linear differential equations, introductory chemistry and introductory physics, or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001.

ABEN 655 Thermodynamics and Its Applications
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: MATH 293 or equivalent.

ABEN 671 Analysis of the Flow of Water and Chemicals in Soils
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: 4 calculus courses and fluid mechanics.

ABEN 672 Drainage
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: ABEN 471 or ABEN 473. S-U grades optional. Offered alternate years.

ABEN 673 Sustainable Development Seminar
Spring. 1–3 credits. Prerequisite: upper division undergraduate and graduate standing or permission of instructor.

ABEN 679 Nonpoint Source Models
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: computer programming and calculus.

ABEN 685 Biological Engineering Analysis
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: T&AM 310 or permission of instructor.

ABEN 694 Graduate Special Topics in Agricultural and Biological Engineering
Fall, spring. 1–4 credits. S-U grades optional.

ABEN 697 Graduate Individual Study in Agricultural and Biological Engineering
Fall, spring. 1–6 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. S-U grades optional.

ABEN 700 General Seminar
Fall. 1 credit. S-U grades only.

ABEN 750 Orientation to Graduate Study
Fall. 1 credit. S-U grades only. Limited to newly joining graduate students.

ABEN 754 Watershed Management
Spring. 2–3 credits. Prerequisite: graduate standing or permission of instructor.

ABEN 771 Soil and Water Engineering Seminar
Fall. 1–3 credits. Prerequisite: graduate status or permission of instructor. S-U grades optional.

ABEN 781 Structures and Related Topics Seminar
Spring. 1 credit. Prerequisite: graduate status or permission of instructor. S-U grades only.

ABEN 785 Biological Engineering Seminar
Spring. 1 credit. Prerequisite: graduate status or permission of instructor. S-U grades only.

ABEN 900 Graduate-Level Thesis Research
Fall, spring. 1–15 credits. Prerequisite: permission of advisor. S-U grades only. Variable credit for Ph.D. research before the "A" exam is passed.

ABEN 901 Doctoral-Level Thesis Research
Fall, spring. 1–15 credits. Prerequisite: passing of Admission Candidacy Exam and permission of advisor. S-U grades only.

APPLIED AND ENGINEERING PHYSICS

A&EP 110 The Laser and Its Applications in Science, Technology, and Medicine (also ENGRD 110)
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: PHYS 112 or 116 and coregistration in MATH 294. Intended for upper-level undergraduates in the physical sciences. For description, see ENGRD 110.

A&EP 121 Fission, Fusion, and Radiation (also ENGRD 121 and NS&E 121)
Spring. 3 credits. S-U grades optional. Offered alternate years.

A&EP 217 Electricity and Magnetism (also PHYS 217)
Fall, spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: approval of student's advisor and permission of the instructor; registration in PHYS 216 or knowledge of special relativity at the level of PHYS 116; MATH 192 or equivalent and coregistration in MATH 293 or equivalent. Staff. Intended for students who have done well in PHYS 112 or 116 (or the equivalent) and in mathematics who desire a more analytic treatment than that of PHYS 215. At the level of Electricity and Magnetism, by Purcell. Recommended for prospective engineering physics majors. A placement quiz may be given early in the semester, permitting those students who find the material too abstract or analytical to transfer into PHYS 215 without difficulty.

A&EP 264 Computer-Instrumentation Design (also ENGRD 264)
Fall, spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: COM S 100. 1 lec, 1 lab. For description, see ENGRD 264.

A&EP 321 Mathematical Physics I
Fall, summer. 4 credits. Prerequisite: MATH 294. Intended for upper-level undergraduates in the physical sciences. Review of vector analysis; complex variable theory. Cauchy-Riemann conditions, complex Taylor and Laurent series, Cauchy integral formula and residue techniques, conformal mapping. Fourier Series; Fourier and Laplace transforms; ordinary differential equations; separation of variables. Texts: Mathematical Methods for Physicists, by Arfken; Mathematical Physics, by Butkove.

A&EP 322 Mathematical Physics II
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: A&EP 321. Second of the 2-course sequence in mathematical physics intended for upper-level undergraduates in the physical sciences.

A&EP 330 Modern Experimental Optics (see also PHYS 330)
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: PHYS 214 or equivalent. E. Bodenschatz.

A&EP 355 Intermediate Electromagnetism
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: PHYS 214 or 217 and coregistration in A&EP 321 or equivalent or permission of instructor.

A&EP 356 Intermediate Electrodynamics
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: A&EP 355 and coregistration in A&EP 322 or equivalent, or permission of instructor.

A&EP 465 Quantum Theory
Fall, spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: PHYS 214 or 217. Staff.

A&EP 471 Analytical Mechanics
Fall, summer. 4 credits. Prerequisites: MATH 294. Staff.

A&EP 472 Electromagnetics
Fall, summer. 4 credits. Prerequisites: PHYS 214 or 217. Staff.
A&EP 361 Introductory Quantum Mechanics
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: A&EP 333 or PHYS 318; coregistration in A&EP 322 or equivalent and in A&EP 357 or PHYS 326.
A first course in the systematic theory of quantum phenomena. Topics include wave mechanics, the Dirac formalism, angular momentum, the hydrogen atom, and perturbation theory.

A&EP 363 Electronic Circuits (also PHYS 360)
Fall, spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: PHYS 218 or 213 or permission of the instructor. No previous experience with electronics assumed, however, the course moves quickly through some introductory topics such as basic DC circuits. Fall term usually less crowded. 1 lab. 2 labs. Fall: E. Kirkland; spring: J. Alexander. Analyze, design, build and experimentally test circuits used in scientific and engineering instrumentation (with discrete components and integrated circuits). Analog circuits, resistors, capacitors, operational amplifiers (linear amplifiers with feedback, oscillators, comparators), filters, diodes and transistors. Digital circuits: combinational (gates) and sequential (flip-flops, counters, shift registers) logic. Computer interfacing introduced and used to investigate digital to analog (D/A) and analog to digital conversion (A/D) and signal averaging.

A&EP 403 Introduction to Nuclear Science and Engineering (also ELE E 458, and NS&E 403)
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: PHYS 214 and MATH 294. For description see NS&E 403.

A&EP 423 Statistical Thermodynamics
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: introductory 3-semester physics sequence plus 1 year of junior-level mathematics. Quantum statistical basis for equilibrium thermodynamics, microcanonical, canonical and grand canonical ensembles, and partition functions. Classical and quantum ideal gases, paramagnetic and multiple-state systems. Maxwell-Boltzmann, Fermi-Dirac, and Bose-Einstein statistics and applications. Introduction to systems of interacting particles. At the level of Thermal Physics, by Kittel and Kroemer. Statistical Physics, by Rossler.

A&EP 434 Continuum Physics

A&EP 438 Computational Engineering Physics
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: COM S 100, A&EP 321, 333, 355, 361, or equivalent, or permission of instructor; coregistration in 361 permitted. Numerical computation (derivatives, integrals, differential equations, matrices, boundary-value problems, relaxation, Monte Carlo methods, etc.) will be introduced and applied to engineering physics problems that cannot by solved analytically (three-body problem, electrostatic fields, quantum energy levels, etc.). Computer programming required (in C or optionally C++, FORTRAN, or Pascal). Some prior exposure to programming assumed but no previous experience with C assumed.

A&EP 440 Quantum and Nonlinear Optics

A&EP 450 Introductory Solid State Physics (also PHYS 454)
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Some exposure to quantum mechanics is assumed; however, the course moves quickly through some introductory topics such as quantum size effects. At the level of PHYS 443, A&EP 361, or CHEM 793 is highly desirable but not absolutely required. An introduction to the physics of crystalline solids, crystal structures, electronic states, lattice vibrations, and metals, insulators, and semiconductors. Computer simulations of the dynamics of electrons and ions in solids. Optical properties, magnetism, and superconductivity are covered as time allows. The majority of the course will address the foundations of the subject, but time is devoted to modern and/or technologically important topics such as quantum size effects. At the level of Introduction to Solid State Physics by Kittel, or Solid State Physics by Ashcroft and Mermin.

A&EP 470 Biophysical Methods (also BIONB 470)
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: solid knowledge of basic biology helpful but not required. Letter grades only. An overview of the diversity of modern biophysical experimental techniques used in the study of biophysical systems at the cellular and molecular level. Topics covered will include methods that examine both structure and function of biological systems, with emphasis on the applications of these methods to biological membranes. The course format will include assigned literature reviews written by the students on specific biophysics topics and individual student presentations on these topics. The course is intended for students of the engineering, physics, chemistry, and biological disciplines who seek an introduction to modern biophysical experimental methods.

A&EP 484 Introduction to Controlled Fusion: Principles and Technology (also ELE E 484, M&AE 459, and NS&E 484)
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: PHYS 112, 213, and 214, or equivalent background in electrical engineering and/or plasma dynamics, and permission of instructor. Intended for seniors and graduate students. Offered on demand. For description, see NS&E 484.

A&EP 490 Independent Study in Engineering Physics
Fall, spring. Credit TBA. Laboratory or theoretical work in any branch of engineering physics under the direction of a member of the faculty. The study can take a number of forms; for example, design of laboratory apparatus, performance of laboratory measurements, computer simulation or software developments, theoretical design and analysis. Details TBA with respective faculty member.

Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: A&EP 356, 361, 423, 450 (or equivalent). Directed at students who have had an introductory course in solid state physics at the level of Kittel. This course will concentrate on the application of the quantum mechanical theory of solid state physics to semiconductor materials, solid state electronic devices, solid state detectors and generators of electromagnetic radiation, superconducting devices and materials, the nonlinear optical properties of solids, ferromagnetic materials, nanoscale devices, and mesoscopic quantum mechanical effects. The course will stress the basic, fundamental physics underlying the applications rather than the applications themselves. At the level of Introduction to Applied Solid State Physics by Dalven.

A&EP 606 Introduction to Plasma Physics (also ELE E 581)
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: ELE E 303 or equivalent. First-year graduate-level course; open to exceptional seniors. For description, see ELE E 581.

A&EP 607 Advanced Plasma Physics (also ELE E 582)
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: ELE E 581 and A&EP 606. Offered on demand. For description, see ELE E 582.

A&EP 633 Nuclear Reactor Engineering (also NS&E 633)
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: introductory course in nuclear engineering. Offered on demand. K. B. Cady. For description, see NS&E 633.

A&EP 661 Microcharacterization
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: introductory 3-semester physics sequence or an introductory course in modern physics. The basic physical principles underlying the many modern microanalytical techniques available for characterizing materials from volumes less than a cubic micron. Discussion centers on the physics of the interaction process by which the characterization is performed, the methodology used in performing the characterization, the advantages and limitations of each technique, and the instrumentation involved in each characterization method.
A&EP 662 Micro/Nano-fabrication and Processing
Spring. 3 credits
An introduction to the fundamentals of micro and nano-fabricating and patterning thin-film materials and surfaces, with emphasis on electronic and optical materials, micromechanics, and other applications. Vacuum and plasma thin-film deposition processes. Photon, electron, X-ray, and ion-beam lithography. Techniques for pattern replication by plasma and ion processes. Emphasis is on understanding the physics and materials science that define and limit the various processes. At the level of Brodie and Muray.

A&EP 663 Nanobiotechnology (also BIO G 663 and MS&E 563)
Spring. 3 credits. Letter grade only. C. Batt and H. Craighead.
A graduate-level course that will cover the basics of biology and the principles and practice of microfabrication techniques. The course will focus on applications in biomedically and biological research. A team design project that stresses interdisciplinary communication and problem solving will be one of the course requirements. The course will be held twice weekly with 75-minute classes. All lectures will be teleconferenced to our NBTC associate institutes.

A&EP 711 Principles of Diffraction (also MS&E 671)
Spring. 3 credits. Letter grades only. J. D. Brock.
This course is a graduate-level introduction to diffraction/scattering phenomena in the context of solid-state and soft condensed-matter systems. The primary topic will be the use of the scattering and absorption of neutron, electron, and X-ray beams to study physical systems. Particular emphasis will be placed on issues related to synchrotron X-ray sources. Specific topics that will be covered in the course include: elastic and inelastic scattering, diffraction from two- and three-dimensional periodic lattices; the Fourier representation of scattering centers and the effects of thermal vibrations and disorder; diffraction, reflectivity, or scattering from surface layers; diffraction or scattering from gases and amorphous materials; small angle scattering, X-ray absorption spectroscopy; resonant (e.g., magnetic) scattering; novel techniques using coherent X-ray beams; and a survey of dynamical diffraction from perfect and imperfect lattices.

A&EP 751 M Eng Project
Fall, spring. 6-12 credits TBA. Required for candidates for the M.Eng. (Engineering Physics) degree. Independent study under the direction of a member of the university faculty. Students participate in an independent research project through work on a special problem related to their field of interest. A formal and complete research report is required.

A&EP 753 Special Topics Seminar in Applied Physics
Fall. 1 credit. Prerequisite: undergraduate physics. Required for candidates for the M.Eng. (Engineering Physics) degree and recommended for seniors in engineering physics.
Special topics in applied science, with focus on areas of applied physics and engineering that are of current interest. Subjects chosen are researched in the library and presented in a seminar format by the students. Effort is made to integrate the subjects within selected subject areas such as atomic, biological, computational, optical, plasma, and solid-state physics, or microfabrication technology, as suggested by the students and coordinated by the instructor.

CHEMICAL ENGINEERING

CHEM 112 Introduction to Chemical Engineering (also ENGR 112)
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to freshmen. T. M. Duncan.
This is a course in the Introduction to Engineering series. For description, see ENGR 112.

CHEM 120 Introduction to Biomedical Engineering (also ENGR 120)
Fall. 3 credits. W. M. Saltzman.
This is a course in the Introduction to Engineering series. For description, see ENGR 120.

CHEM 219 Mass and Energy Balances (also ENGR 219)
Fall. 3 credits. Corequisite: physical or organic chemistry or permission of instructor. K. H. Lee.
For description, see ENGRD 219.

CHEM 301 Nonresident Lectures
Spring. 1 credit. P. Clancy.
Lectures from industry and from selected departments of the university provide information to assist students in their post-graduate plans.

CHEM 313 Chemical Engineering Thermodynamics
Fall. 4 credits. Corequisite: physical chemistry. F. A. Escobedo.
A study of the first and second laws and their consequences for chemical systems. Thermodynamic properties of pure fluids, solids, and mixtures; phase and chemical reaction equilibrium; heat effects in batch and flow processes; power cycles and refrigeration.

CHEM 323 Fluid Mechanics
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: CHEM 219 and engineering mathematics sequence. P. H. Steep.

CHEM 324 Heat and Mass Transfer
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: CHEM 323. W. L. Olbricht.

CHEM 332 Analysis of Separation Processes
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: CHEM 313 and 323. P. Clancy.
Analysis of separation processes involving phase equilibria and mass transfer. Phase equilibria: binary and multicomponent distillation; liquid-liquid extraction; gas absorption, adsorption, membrane separations.

CHEM 372 Introduction to Process Dynamics and Control
Spring. 1 credit. Prerequisites: CHEM 313 and 323. A. B. Anton
Modeling and analysis of the dynamics of chemical processes. Laplace transforms, block diagrams, feedback control systems, and stability analysis.

CHEM 390 Reaction Kinetics and Reactor Design
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: CHEM 313 and 323. D. L. Koch.
A study of chemical reaction kinetics and principles of reactor design for chemical processes.

CHEM 391 Physical Chemistry II (also CHEM 391)
For description, see CHEM 391.

CHEM 432 Chemical Engineering Laboratory
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: CHEM 432. K. E. Ackley and staff.
A consideration of process and economic alternatives in selected chemical processes; design and assessment.

CHEM 472 Feedback Control Systems (also ELE E 471 and M&AE 478)
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: CHEM 372, ELE E 301, M&AE 326, or permission of instructor. A. B. Anton.
For description, see M&AE 478.

CHEM 480 Chemical Processing of Electronic Materials
Spring. 3 credits. A. B. Anton.
Introduction to chemical processing of semiconductor materials for the manufacture of microelectronic devices, with specific emphasis on thermodynamics, transport phenomena, and kinetics. Topics include semiconductor properties and behavior, microelectronic device operation, thermochimistry of deposition and etching reactions, vacuum transport, plasmas, PVD, oxidation, diffusion, CVD, and statistical process control.

CHEM 481 Biomedical Engineering
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: CHEM 324 or equivalent or permission of instructor. W. M. Saltzman.
Special topics in biomedical engineering, including cell separations, blood flow, design of artificial devices, biomaterials, image analysis, biological transport phenomena, pharmacokinetics and drug delivery, biomedical transducers (ECG and pace-makers), and analysis of physiological processes such as adhesion, mobility, secretion, and growth.

CHEM 490 Undergraduate Projects in Chemical Engineering
Fall, spring. Variable credit. Research or studies on special problems in chemical engineering.

CHEM 491 Undergraduate Teaching in Chemical Engineering
Fall, spring. 1 credit. T. M. Duncan and M. Ackley.
Methods of instruction in chemical engineering acquired through discussion with faculty and by assisting with the instruction of freshmen and sophomores.
CHEM 492 Research Principles and Practices
- Spring, 1 credit. T. M. Duncan.
- Introduces research procedures, including documenting and reporting research (writing and speaking), experimental design, data analysis, visual display of quantitative information, serendipity (capitalizing on accidents), inadvertent self-deception (recognizing and avoiding). Also includes social aspects of research, such as professional ethics, applying to graduate school, and graduate student life.

CHEM 520 Chemical, Polymer, Biomedical, and Electronic Materials Processing
- Fall, spring. 1-6 credits (1 credit per section).

520.1 An Overview of Chemical Processing
- 1 credit. Meets first third of term.
- T. M. Duncan.
- An introduction to chemical engineering design and analysis—mathematical modeling, graphical methods and dynamic scaling. Open to nonchemical engineers only.

520.2 Introduction to Biomedical Engineering
- 1 credit. Meets first third of term.
- W. M. Saltzman.
- Meets concurrently with CHEM 481.

520.3 Introduction to Electronic Materials Processing
- 1 credit. Meets first third of term.
- A. B. Anton.
- Meets concurrently with CHEM 480.

520.4 Introduction to Polymer Processing
- 1 credit. Meets final third of term.
- C. Cohen.
- Overview and simple quantitative analyses of several plastic processes with an emphasis on the role of rheology in polymer processing.

520.5 Chemical Engineering Processing Units and Equipment
- 1 credit. Meets second third of term.
- K. E. Ackley and A. M. Center.
- A hands-on survey of standard chemical processing equipment structure and operation—with emphasis on trouble-shooting techniques.

520.6 Petroleum Refining
- 1 credit. Meets final third of term.
- A. M. Center.
- The technical and business aspects of petroleum refining. Applications of chemical engineering principles for practical solutions to business needs.

520.7 Process Control Strategies
- 1 credit. Meets second third of term.
- A. M. Center.

CHEM 562 Managing Chemical Process Design
- Fall. 1 or 2 credits. Prerequisite: CHEM 492 or A. M. Center.
- Guidance and evaluation of chemical process designs developed by teams of chemical engineers.

CHEM 564 Design of Chemical Reactors
- Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: CHEM 390 or equivalent. P. Harriott.

CHEM 565 Design Project
- Fall, spring. 3 credits. Required for students in the M.Eng. (Chemical) program.
- Design study and economic evaluation of a chemical processing facility, alternative methods of manufacture, raw-material preparation, food processing, waste disposal, or some other aspect of chemical processing.

CHEM 572 Managing Business Development Solutions
- Fall. 3 credits. A. M. Center.
- A case study approach to introduce the typical fundamental factors driving a business venture, to examine how to develop implementation strategies for the venture, and to learn the project management skills necessary to successfully implement the venture.

CHEM 590 Special Projects in Chemical Engineering
- Fall, spring. Variable credit. Non-thesis research or studies on special problems in chemical engineering.

CHEM 605 Fundamentals in Biomedical Engineering I (also ENGRG 605)
- Fall. 1–4 credits (1 credit per section).
- Prerequisites: graduate standing in Engineering or Science; PHYS 213 and MATH 294 or equivalent. Undergraduates must have permission of instructor and have completed ABEN 454, CHEM 481, or M&amp;AE 465. S-U grades optional for students not majoring or minoring in biomedical engineering.
- For description, see ENGRG 605.

CHEM 606 Fundamentals in Biomedical Engineering II (also ENGRG 606)
- Spring. 1–4 credits. Prerequisites: graduate standing in Engineering or Science; PHYS 213 and MATH 294 or equivalent. Undergraduates must have permission of instructor and have completed ABEN 454, CHEM 481, or M&amp;AE 465. S-U grades optional for students not majoring or minoring in biomedical engineering.
- For description, see ENGRG 606.

CHEM 640 Polymeric Materials
- Fall. 3 credits. P. Rodriguez.

CHEM 643 Introduction to Bioprocess Engineering
- Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: CHEM 390 or permission of instructor. No prior background in the biological sciences required. M. L. Shuler.
- A discussion of principles involved in using microorganisms, tissue cultures, and enzymes for processing. Application to food, fermentation, and pharmaceutical industries and to biological waste treatment.

CHEM 655 Separations Using Membranes or Porous Solids
- P. Harriott.
- Diffusion of small molecules in gases, liquids, and solids. Membrane separation processes including gas separation, pervaporation, reverse osmosis, and ultrafiltration. Purification of gases and liquids by adsorption, ion exchange, and chromatography.

CHEM 661 Air Pollution Control
- Spring. 3 credits. P. Harriott.

CHEM 675 Synthetic Polymer Chemistry (also MS&amp;E 622 and CHEM 671)
- Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: CHEM 359–360 or equivalent or permission of instructor.
- For description, see CHEM 671.

CHEM 711 Advanced Chemical Engineering Thermodynamics
- Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: CHEM 315 or equivalent. P. Clancy.

CHEM 713 Chemical Kinetics and Dynamics
- Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: CHEM 390 or equivalent. F. Escobedo.

CHEM 731 Advanced Fluid Mechanics and Heat Transfer
- Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: CHEM 323 and 324 or equivalent. D. L. Koch.
- Derivation of the equations of motion for Newtonian fluids. Low Reynolds number fluid dynamics, lubrication theory, inviscid fluid dynamics. Boundary layer theory. Convective and conductive heat transfer.

CHEM 732 Diffusion and Mass Transfer
- Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisite: CHEM 731 or equivalent. P. H. Steen.
- Conservation equations in multicomponent systems, irreversible thermodynamics, dispersion, and Brownian diffusion. Mass transfer for convective diffusion in liquids. Application to a variety of problems such as cogulation of aerosols, diffusion through films and membranes, liquid-liquid extraction, chemical vapor deposition, polymer rheology and diffusion, and reaction-diffusion systems.

CHEM 741 Selected Topics in Biochemical Engineering
- Fall. 1 credit (may be repeated for credit).
- Prerequisite: CHEM 643 or permission of instructor. K. H. Lee, M. L. Shuler, and W. M. Saltzman.
- Discussion of current topics and research in biochemical engineering for graduate students.
### Thermodynamic properties of dilute, semidilute, and concentrated solutions from transition phenomena

### Polymeric melts: equations of state and glass transition phenomena

### Application of advanced mathematical techniques to chemical engineering analysis

### Mathematical modeling, scaling, regular and singular perturbations, multiple scales, asymptotic analysis, and curve fitting

### Characterization techniques of dilute solutions: osmometry, light scattering, viscometry, and sedimentation. Rubber elasticity, mechanical and thermodynamic properties of gels.

### General Thermodynamics

**CHEME 741** Introduction to Environmental Systems (also ENGR 113) (F,3cr.)


**CHEME 751** Mathematical Methods of Chemical Engineering Analysis

Fall. 4 credits. A. B. Anton. Application of advanced mathematical techniques to chemical engineering analysis. Mathematical modeling, scaling, regular and singular perturbations, multiple scales, asymptotic analysis, and nonlinear ordinary and partial differential equations, statistics, data analysis, and curve fitting.

**CHEME 753** Analysis of Nonlinear Systems: Stability, Bifurcation, and Continuation


**CHEME 790** Seminar

Fall, spring. 1 credit each term. General chemical engineering seminar required of all graduate students in the Field of Chemical Engineering.

**CHEME 792** Principles and Practices of Graduate Research

Fall, spring. 1 credit. T. M. Duncan and staff. A colloquium/discussion group series for first-year graduate students. Topics include the culture and responsibilities of graduate research and the professional community; the mechanics of conducting research (experimental design, data analysis, serendipity in research, avoiding self-deception), documenting research (lab notebooks, computer files), and reporting research (writing a technical paper and oral presentations).

**CHEME 890** Thesis Research

Fall, spring. Variable credit. Thesis research for the M.S. degree in chemical engineering.

**CHEME 990** Thesis Research

Fall, spring. Variable credit. Thesis research for the Ph.D. degree in chemical engineering.

### CIVIL AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING

Courses in the School of Civil and Environmental Engineering are offered in three broad mission areas: Civil Infrastructure, Environmental, and Systems Engineering and Information Technology. Within each mission area are several areas of specialization. The following are the course numbers and titles listed by specialization within each mission area. Some courses are listed in two or more mission areas because the course content is relevant to multiple areas. The school also offers a number of general courses that are not unique to one mission area. Full course descriptions follow in the subsequent section and are listed in numerical order.

#### General

- **CCEE 113** Introduction to Environmental Systems (also ENGR 113) (F,3cr.)
- **CCEE 116** Modern Structures (also ENGR 116) (F,3cr.)
- **CCEE 241** Engineering Computation (also ENGRD 241) (F,3cr.)
- **CCEE 304** Uncertainty Analysis in Engineering (F,3cr.)
- **CCEE 308** Introduction to CADD (F,3cr.)
- **CCEE 309** Special Topics in Civil and Environmental Engineering (S,3cr.)
- **CCEE 323** Engineering Economics and Management (also ENGRG 323) (F,3cr.)
- **CCEE 400** Senior Honors Thesis (F,3cr.)
- **CCEE 401** Undergraduate Engineering Teaching in CEE (F,3cr.)

#### Civil Infrastructure

See also: CCEE 116, CCEE 241, CCEE 304, CCEE 308, CCEE 503, and CCEE 595

#### Geotechnical Engineering

- **CCEE 341** Introduction to Geotechnical Engineering (F,3cr.)
- **CCEE 501/502** Design Project in Geotech./Structures (F,3cr.)
- **CCEE 602** Civil Infrastructure Seminar (F,3cr.)
- **CCEE 640** Foundation Engineering (F,3cr.)
- **CCEE 641** Retaining Structures and Slopes (S,3cr.)
- **CCEE 644** Environmental Applications of Geotechnical Engineering (S,3cr.)
- **CCEE 649** Special Topics in Geotechnical Engineering (S,3cr.)
- **CCEE 740** Engineering Behavior of Soils (F,3cr.)
- **CCEE 741** Rock Engineering (S,3cr.)
- **CCEE 744** Advanced Foundation Engineering (S,3cr.)
- **CCEE 745** Soil Dynamics (S,3cr.)
- **CCEE 746** Embankment Dam Engineering (S,3cr.)
- **CCEE 749** Research in Geotechnical Engineering (F,3cr.)
- **CCEE 840** Thesis—Geotechnical Engineering (F,3cr.)

#### Structural Engineering

- **CCEE 116** Modern Structures (F,3cr.)
- **CCEE 371** Structural Behavior (S,4cr.)
- **CCEE 372** Structural Analysis (F,S,4cr.)
- **CCEE 473** Design of Concrete Structures (S,4cr.)
- **CCEE 474** Design of Steel Structures (S,4cr.)
- **CCEE 475** Introduction to Composite Materials (S,4cr.)
- **CCEE 476** Physical and Computational Material Simulation (S,4cr.)

#### Environmental Engineering

See also CCEE 113, CCEE 241, and CCEE 304

- **CCEE 113** Introduction to Environmental Systems (F,3cr.)
- **CCEE 351** Environmental Quality Engineering (S,3cr.)
- **CCEE 352** Water Supply Engineering (F,3cr.)
- **CCEE 451** Microbiology for Environmental Engineering (S,3cr.)
- **CCEE 453** Laboratory Research in Environmental Engineering (S,3cr.)
- **CCEE 501/502** Design Project in Environmental Engineering (F,3cr.)
- **CCEE 601** Water Resources and Environmental Engineering Seminar (F,3cr.)
- **CCEE 653** Water Chemistry for Environmental Engineering (F,3cr.)
- **CCEE 654** Aquatic Chemistry (S,3cr.)
- **CCEE 655** Transport, Mixing, and Transformation in the Environment (F,3cr.)
- **CCEE 658** Sludge Treatment, Utilization, and Disposal (S,3cr.)
- **CCEE 659** Environmental Quality Engineering Seminar (S,1cr.)
- **CCEE 750** Research in Environmental Engineering (F,3cr.)
- **CCEE 755** Physical/Chemical Processes (F,3cr.)
- **CCEE 756** Biological Processes (S,3cr.)
- **CCEE 757** Physical/Chemical Processes Laboratory (F,2cr.)
CIVIL AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING 213

CEE 758 Biological Processes Laboratory (S,2cr.)
CEE 759 Special Topics in Environmental Engineering (F,S,3cr.)
CEE 850 Thesis—Environmental Engineering (F,S,3cr.)

Environmental Systems
See also CEE 113, CEE 241, and CEE 304

Environmental Fluid Mechanics and Hydrology
CEE 331 Fluid Mechanics (F,Su,4cr.)
CEE 332 Hydraulic Engineering (S,4cr.)
CEE 341 Geohydrology (also GEOL 445 and ABEN 471) (F,3cr.)
CEE 342 Hydrology (S,3cr.)
CEE 345 Coastal Engineering (S,4cr.)
CEE 457 Experimental Methods in Fluid Dynamics (S,3cr.)
CEE 501/502 Design Project in Fluid Mechanics and Hydrology (F,S,3cr.)
CEE 601 Water Resources and Environmental Engineering Seminar (F,1cr.)
CEE 630 Advanced Fluid Mechanics (F,3cr.)
CEE 631 Flow and Contaminant Transport Modeling in Groundwater (S,3cr.)
CEE 632 Hydrology (S,3cr.)
CEE 633 Flow in Porous Media and Groundwater (F,3cr.)
CEE 634 Boundary Layer Meteorology (F,3cr.)
CEE 635 Small and Finite Amplitude Water Waves (S,3cr.)
CEE 636 Environmental Fluid Mechanics (S,3cr.)
CEE 637 Experimental Methods in Fluid Dynamics (S,3cr.)
CEE 638 Hydraulics Seminar (S,1cr.)
CEE 659 Special Topics in Hydraulics (F,S,3cr.)
CEE 655 Transport, Mixing, and Transformation in the Environment (F,3cr.)
CEE 732 Computational Hydraulics (S,3cr.)
CEE 735 Research in Hydraulics (F,S,3cr.)
CEE 830 Thesis—Fluid Mechanics and Hydrology (F,S,3cr.)

Systems Engineering and Information Technology
See CEE 113, CEE 241, and CEE 304

Engineering Management
CEE 400 Management Practice in Project Engineering (S,3cr.)
CEE 590 Project Management (F,S,4cr.)
CEE 591 Engineering Management Project (F,3cr.)
CEE 592 Engineering Management Project (S,3cr.)
CEE 593 Engineering Management Methods I: Data, Information, and Modeling (F,3cr.)
CEE 594 Engineering Management Methods II: Managing Uncertain Systems (S,3cr.)
CEE 595 Construction Planning and Operations (F,3cr.)
CEE 596 Current Topics in Construction Management (S,3cr.)
CEE 597 Risk Analysis and Management (S,3cr.)
CEE 692 Special Topics in Engineering Management (F,S,3cr.)
CEE 694 Research in Engineering Management (F,S,3cr.)

Environmental and Public Systems
CEE 323 Engineering Economics and Management (also ENGRG 323) (S,3cr.)
CEE 501/502 Design Project in Environmental Systems (F,S,3cr.)
CEE 528 Public Political Economy (also ECON 567) (S,3cr.)
CEE 529 Water and Environmental Resources Problems and Policies (F,3cr.)
CEE 597 Risk Analysis and Management (S,3cr.)
CEE 620 Water Resources Systems Engineering (F,3cr.)
CEE 621 Stochastic Hydrology (S,3cr.)
CEE 623 Environmental Systems Engineering (F,3cr.)
CEE 628 Environmental and Water Resources Systems Analysis Seminar (S,1cr.)
CEE 722 Environmental and Water Resources Systems Analysis Research (F,S,3cr.)
CEE 729 Special Topics in Environmental and Water Resources Systems Analysis (F,S,3cr.)
CEE 820 Thesis—Environmental and Water Resources Systems (F,S,3cr.)

Remote Sensing
CEE 411 Remote Sensing: Environmental Applications (also SCAS 411) (S,3cr.)
CEE 610 Remote Sensing Fundamentals (F,3cr.)
CEE 615 Digital Image Processing (S,3cr.)
CEE 617 Project—Remote Sensing (F,S,3cr.)
CEE 618 Special Topics—Remote Sensing (F,S,3cr.)
CEE 710 Research—Remote Sensing (F,S,3cr.)
CEE 810 Thesis—Remote Sensing (F,S,3cr.)

Systems Engineering
CEE 504 Applied Systems Engineering (also M&E 591, ELE E 595, OR&IE 512) (F,3cr.)
CEE 505 Applied Systems Engineering II (F,3cr.)
CEE 508 Heuristic Methods of Optimization (also COM S 574) (S,3cr.)
CEE 603 Systems Engineering and Information Technology Seminar (F,1cr.)

Transportation
CEE 361 Introduction to Transportation Engineering (S,3cr.)
CEE 463 Transportation and Information Technology (F,3cr.)
CEE 464 Transportation Systems Design (S,3cr.)
CEE 501/502 Design Project in Transportation (F,S,3cr.)
CEE 561 Urban Transportation Planning and Modeling (F,3cr.)
CEE 665 Transportation Network Analysis (S,3cr.)
CEE 762 Transportation Research (F,S,3cr.)
CEE 764 Special Topics in Transportation (F,S,3cr.)
CEE 860 Thesis—Transportation Engineering (F,S,3cr.)

CEE 113 Introduction to Environmental Systems (also ENGRG 113)
Fall. 3 credits. Not open (without instructor's permission) to upper-division engineering students. M. Weber-Shirk.

CEE 116 Modern Structures (also ENGRG 116)
Fall. 3 credits. A. R. Ingraffea.

CEE 241 Engineering Computation (also ENGRG 241)
Fall, spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: COM S 100 and MATH 293. Corequisite: MATH 294 (completion of MATH 294 is suggested). W. Philpot.

CEE 304 Uncertainty Analysis in Engineering
Fall. 4 credits. CEE Engineering Co-op students may substitute summer ENGRD 270. Prerequisite: first-year calculus. J. R. Stedinger.

CEE 309 Special Topics in Civil and Environmental Engineering
Fall. 1-6 credits. Staff. Supervised study by individuals or groups of upper-division students on an undergraduate research project or on specialized topics not covered in regular courses.

CEE 323 Engineering Economics and Management (also ENGRG 323)
Spring; usually offered in summer for Engineering Co-op Program. 3 credits. Primarily for juniors and seniors. D. P. Loucks.

CEE 331 Fluid Mechanics
Fall; usually offered in summer for Engineering Co-op Program. 4 credits. Prerequisite: ENGRD 202 (may be taken concurrently). P. L.-F. Liu.

Hydrostatics, the basic equations of fluid flow, potential flow and dynamic pressure forces, viscous flow and shear forces, steady pipe flow, turbulence, dimensional analysis, open-channel flow. Elements of design in water supply systems, canals, and other hydraulic schemes.
CEE 332 Hydraulic Engineering  Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: CEE 331. M. L. Weber-Shirk. Application of fluid-mechanical principles to problems of engineering practice and design: hydraulic machinery, water-distribution systems, open-channel design, river engineering, and pollutant dispersal. Lectures, laboratory work, and a design project. See www.cee.cornell.edu/cee332/ for details.

CEE 341 Introduction to Geotechnical Engineering  Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: ENGRD 202. F. H. Kulhawy. Soil as an engineering material. Chemical and physical nature of soil. Stresses and stress analysis of soil. Basic theory and design for water flow in soil, one-dimensional consolidation of clay and silts, and shear-strength problems. Introduction to slope stability, earth pressure, geotechnics, and landfill and waste-containment issues. Introduction to laboratory and test results for the design of engineering structures.


CEE 361 Introduction to Transportation Engineering  Spring; usually offered in summer for Engineering Co-op Program. 3 credits. A. H. Meyburg. Introduction to technological, economic, and social aspects of transportation. Emphasis on design and functioning of transportation systems and their components. Supply-demand interactions; system planning, design, and management; traffic flow and control. Intersection and network analysis. Institutional and energy issues; environmental impacts.


CEE 372 Structural Analysis  Fall, usually offered in summer for Engineering Co-op Program. 4 credits. Prerequisite: CEE 371. S. Billington. Fundamentals of statically indeterminate structural analysis; methods of calculating displacements; force and displacement methods of indeterminate analysis; matrix structural analysis; introduction to the finite element method; application of theory and methods to engineering analyses using educational and commercial software.

CEE 400 Senior Honors Thesis  Fall, spring. 1-6 credits. Staff. Available to students admitted to the CEE Honors Program. Supervised research, study, and/or project work resulting in a written report or honors thesis.

CEE 401 Undergraduate Engineering Teaching in CEE  Fall, spring. 1-3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Staff. Methods of instruction developed through discussions with faculty and by assisting with the instruction of undergraduates under the supervision of faculty.

CEE 411 Remote Sensing: Resource Invention Methods (also SCAS 411) Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. S. C. DeGloria. For description, see SCAS 411.

CEE 431 Geohydrology (also GEOE/EAS 445 and ABEN 471) Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: MATH 294 and ENGRD 202. L. Cathles. Intermediate-level study of hydrogeology, groundwater flow, and related design factors. Includes description and properties of natural aquifers, groundwater hydraulics, soil water, and solute transport.

CEE 432 Hydrology  Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: CEE 351. Intended for undergraduates. Lectures and discussions. W. H. Brutsaert. Introduction to hydrology as a description of the water cycle and the role of water in the natural environment, and other issues for environmental engineers. See description for CEE 652.

CEE 435 Coastal Engineering  Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: CEE 331. Not offered 2000-2001. L. F. Liu. Introduction to wave water phenomena, including wave generation, shoaling, refraction, diffraction, and breaking. Applications of wave theories to engineering design problems such as metal structures and beach erosion in coastal zones. Lectures supplemented by four laboratory assignments and a design project.

CEE 437 Experimental Methods in Fluid Dynamics  Spring. 3 credits. Not offered 2000-2001. E. A. Cowen. Same as CEE 637 but no project is required. For description, see CEE 637.

CEE 451 Microbiology for Environmental Engineering  Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: 2 semesters of college chemistry. J. M. Gossett. An introduction to fundamental aspects of microbiology, organic chemistry, and biochemical engineering pertinent to environmental engineering. Topics include nomenclature and principal reactions of organic compounds; characteristics of bacteria, fungi, algae, protozoa, and viruses relevant to water and wastewater; pathogens, disease, and immunity; environmental influences on microorganisms; bioenergetics, enzymes and metabolism, microbial genetics, and microbial ecology. This is an introductory course; consequently, it is inappropriate for those who have taken BIOM 290 or equivalent.

CEE 453 Laboratory Research in Environmental Engineering  Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: CEE 351 or permission of instructor. M. L. Weber-Shirk. Laboratory investigations of reactor flow characteristics, acid rain/lake chemistry; contaminated soil-site assessment, risk assessment, and remediation, pollutant dispersion/transport in rivers; drinking water filtration for pathogen removal; oxygen sag in rivers; and biodegradation in landfills. Design of laboratory experiments, development of laboratory methods, and use of experimental data are emphasized. See www.cee.cornell.edu/cee453/ for more information.

CEE 463 Transportation and Information Technology  Fall. 3 credits. L. K. Nozick. Improvements in the use of existing facilities has become an important objective in transportation planning. This course examines the role of computer and telecommunications technologies to achieve these improvements. Specific attention is focused on the development of analyses to evaluate the benefits of inclusion of these technologies in transportation systems.

CEE 464 Transportation Systems Design  Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: CEE 351. Staff. Advanced techniques for physical and operational design of transportation systems, including analytical modeling techniques underlying design criteria. Evaluation of alternative designs. Management and operating policies, including investment strategies. Faculty location decisions, networks, and passenger and freight terminals.

CEE 473 Design of Concrete Structures  Spring. 4 credits. Corequisites: CEE 372 or permission of instructor. K. C. Hove. Behavior and design of reinforced concrete and structures. Discussion of how forces are transferred through elements of building system. Semester project requiring the design of a reinforced concrete structure.

CEE 474 Design of Steel Structures  Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: CEE 372 or permission of instructor. T. Pekoz. Behavior and design of steel members, connections, and structures. Discussion of structural systems for buildings and bridges.

CEE 475 Introduction to Composite Materials (also M&AE 455, MSAE 555, and T&AM 455)  Spring. 4 credits. L. Phoenix. For description, see TRAM 455.

CEE 476 Physical and Computational Material Simulation  Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: ENGRD 202, ENGRD 261, PHYS 214, CEE 372. S. Billington. This course is organized around material failure phenomena, such as fracture, plastic yielding, and buckling. Each phenomenon is presented in terms of experimental observation of physical behavior, theories for prediction, and methods for computational simulation. Similar failure phenomena are seen in many materials at multiple length/time scales and under varying boundary conditions. Materials discussed include metals, plastics,
composites, concrete, smart materials, and aged materials for historic preservation.

**C 509 Management Practice in Project Engineering**
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. K. C. Hover.
An introduction to the principles of project management. Planning, organizing, communicating, scheduling, and controlling of engineering work done in project teams.

**C 501/502 Design Project**
Fall, spring. 3 credits each term. Required for students in the M.Eng. (Civil) program. Staff.

**C 501/502 Design Project in Geotech Structures**
Design of major civil engineering project. Planning and preliminary design during the fall term; final design completed in January intersession.

**C 501/502 Design Project in Environmental Fluid Mechanics and Hydrology**
Design of a major fluid mechanics/hydraulics project.

**C 501/502 Design Project in Environmental Engineering**
Design of a major environmental engineering project.

**C 501/502 Design Project in Environmental Systems**
Design of a major environmental systems project.

**C 501/502 Design Project in Transportation Systems**
Design of a major transportation systems project. May work in conjunction with CEE 591/592 Engineering Management Project design group.

**C 504 Applied Systems Engineering I**
(also COM S 504, ELE E 512, M&A E 591, OR&IE 512)
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Staff. For description, see M&E 591.

**C 505 Applied Systems Engineering II**
(also COM S 505, ELE E 513, M&A E 592, OR&IE 513)
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: Applied Systems Engineering I (C 504, COM S 504, ELE E 512, M&A E 591, or OR&IE 512). L. K. Nozick, P. Jackson, and R. Thomas. For description, see M&E 592.

**C 509 Heuristic Methods for Optimization (also COM S 574)**
Spring. 3 or 4 credits. Prerequisites: CEE/ENGRD 241 or COM S/ENGRD 211 or 222 or graduate standing, or permission of instructor. C. A. Shoemaker and B. Selman. This course will describe a variety of heuristic search methods including simulated annealing, tabu search, genetic algorithms, derandomized evolution strategy, random walk, and direct search algorithms. Algorithms will be used to find values of discrete and/or continuous variables arising in optimization and model fitting. Applications will be discussed in a range of areas including some of the following: artificial intelligence, scheduling, protein folding, economic planning, water quality protection, telecommunications, and robotics. The advantages and disadvantages of heuristic search methods for both serial and parallel computation will be discussed in comparison to other optimization algorithms.

**C 528 Public Political Economy (also ECON 538)**
Spring. 4 credits. R. E. Schuler. For description, see ECON 539.

**C 529 Water and Environmental Resources Problems and Policies**
Fall. 3 credits. Intended primarily for graduate engineering and non-engineering students but open to qualified upperclass students. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. D. J. Allee and L. B. Dworsky. Evaluation, appraisal, and prospects for problems involving water and environmental resources. Organization and public policies in the federal system.

**C 561 Urban Transportation Planning Project and Modeling**
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: CEE 361, statistics and probability, or permission of instructor. Designed for seniors with appropriate background and graduate students from CEE, CRP, and CIPA. A. H. Meyburg. This course is intended to expose interested students to modern transportation planning practice and to the analytical tools necessary to enable people to work in this field. Emphasis will be on passenger transportation in the urban context. The course discusses the legislative, political, and economic contexts of urban transportation planning (UTP). It presents the travel demand estimation and the associated models and approaches. Finally, it evaluates the forecasting results and assesses energy and environmental impacts. Student projects are an important element of the course.

**C 590 Project Management**
Fall, spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. A. H. Meyburg and J. W. Wilcox. A core graduate course in project management for people who will manage technical or engineering projects. Focuses both on the "technical" tools of project management (methods for planning, scheduling, and control) and the "human" side (forming a project team, managing performance, resolving conflicts, etc.), with somewhat greater emphasis on the latter.

**C 591 Engineering Management Project**
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Staff. An intensive evaluation of the management aspects of a major engineering project or system. Most students will work on a large group project in the area of project management, but students may also work singly or in small groups on an engineering management topic of special interest to them.

**C 592 Engineering Management Methods I: Data, Information, and Modeling**
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Staff. A continuation of CEE 591.

**C 593 Engineering Management Methods II: Decision, Information, and Modeling**
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: CEE 523 and CEE 304 or equivalent. D. P. Loucks. Methods for managing data and transforming data into information. Modeling as a means to synthesize information into knowledge that can form the basis for decisions and actions. Application of statistical methods and optimization to managerial problems in project design, scheduling, operation, quality control, forecasting, and resource allocation.

**C 594 Engineering Management Methods III: Managing Uncertain Systems**
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: CEE 593 or permission of instructor. Staff. Modeling and managing systems in which uncertainty is a major factor. An overview of systems behavior. Systems which are subject to breakdown, deterioration, and queuing. Simulation as a tool for analyzing uncertain systems. Project cases and studies to illustrate application of the methods.

**C 595 Construction Planning and Operations**
Fall. 3 credits. K. C. Hover. A course on the fundamentals of construction planning: organization of the worksite, construction planning, scheduling, and cost estimating, bidding, temporary structures, applications of computer methods, and the relationships among owners, designers, contractors, suppliers, and developers.

**C 596 Current Topics in Construction Management**
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: CEE 595 or equivalent. Not offered 2000–2001. This course will focus on recent trends in the professional management of construction projects and organizations. It will draw from literature, practicing construction managers, software producers, and research. The course seeks to identify fundamental trends and prepare students for management positions in engineering design and construction.

**C 601 Water Resources and Environmental Engineering Seminar**
Fall. 1 credit. Presentation of topics of current interest.

**C 602 Civil Infrastructure Seminar**
Fall. Spring. 1 credit. Required for first-year graduate students. Presentation of topics of current interest.

**C 603 Systems Engineering and Information Technology Seminar**
Fall, spring. 1 credit. Presentation of topics of current interest.

**C 610 Remote Sensing Fundamentals (also SCAS 660)**
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. W. D. Philpot. An introduction to equipment and methods used in obtaining information about earth resources and the environment from aircraft or satellite. Coverage includes sensors, sensor and ground-data acquisition, data analysis and interpretation, and project design.

**C 615 Digital Image Processing**
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: facility with algebra and trigonometry (e.g., MATH 109) and statistics (e.g., CEE 304 or ARMF 310), or permission of instructor. W. D. Philpot. An introduction to digital image-processing concepts and techniques, with emphasis on...
remote-sensing applications. Topics include image acquisition, enhancement procedures, spatial and spectral extraction, and classification, with an introduction to hyperspectral data analysis. Assignments will require the use of image-processing software and graphics.

**CEE 617 Project—Remote Sensing**
On demand. 1–6 credits. W. D. Philpot. Students select a project to undertake a project in remote sensing. The work is supervised by a professor in this subject area.

**CEE 618 Special Topics—Remote Sensing**
On demand. 1–6 credits. W. D. Philpot. Supervised study in small groups on one or more special topics not covered in the regular courses. Special topics may be of a theoretical or applied nature.

**CEE 620 Water-Resources Systems Engineering**
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: CEE 323 and CEE 593. D. P. Loucks. Development and application of deterministic and stochastic optimization and simulation models for water-resources planning and management. River-basin modeling, including reservoir design and operation, irrigation planning and operation, hydropower-capacity development, flow augmentation, flood control and pollution, and water-quality prediction and control.

**CEE 621 Stochastic Hydrology**
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: CEE 304 or permission of instructor. J. R. Stedinger. Course examines statistical, time series, and stochastic optimization methods used to address water resources planning and management problems involving uncertainty objectives and hydrologic inputs. Statistical issues include maximum likelihood and moments estimators; censored datasets and historical information; probability plotting; Bayesian inference; regionalization methods; ARMA models; multivariate stochastic streamflow models; stochastic simulation; and stochastic reservoir-operation optimization models.

**CEE 623 Environmental Quality Systems Engineering**
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: MATH 294, optimization, and graduate standing or permission of instructor. C. A. Shoemaker. Applications of optimization, simulation methods, and uncertainty analysis to the prevention and remediation of pollution. Case studies include: regional waste and wastewater treatment, restoration of dissolved oxygen levels in rivers, and reclamation of contaminated groundwater. Applications use linear programming, integer, dynamic, nonlinear programming, and sensitivity analysis.

**CEE 628 Environmental and Water Resources Systems Analysis Seminar**
Spring. 1 credit. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. C. A. Shoemaker. Graduate students and faculty members give informal lectures on various topics related to ongoing research in environmental or water resources systems planning and analysis.

**CEE 630 Advanced Fluid Mechanics**

**CEE 631 Flow and Contaminant Transport Modeling in Groundwater**
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: MATH 294 or equivalent. ENGRD 241 or experience in numerical methods and programming, and elementary fluid mechanics. P. L.-F. Liu. Potential flows and their calculation. Numerical methods include finite difference, finite elements, and boundary elements. Fundamental equations of saturated and unsaturated flow in porous media. Flow in fractured media. Numerical modeling of transport in porous media. Diffusion and advective diffusion in one, two, and three dimensions. Anisotropy. Additional terms for reactive substances. The course will include the use of computer programs.

**CEE 632 Hydrology**
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: CEE 331. W. H. Brutsaert. Introduction to hydrology as a description of the water cycle and the role of water in the natural environment, and other issues for environmental engineers and scientists. Physical and statistical prediction methods for design related to hydrologic processes: Hydrogeomorphology and evaporation. Infiltration and base flow. Surface runoff and channel routing. Linear and nonlinear hydrologic systems. Storage routing and unit hydrograph methods.

**CEE 633 Flow in Porous Media and Groundwater**

**CEE 634 Boundary Layer Meteorology**
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: CEE 331 or permission of instructor. W. H. Brutsaert. Physical processes in the lower atmospheric environment: turbulent transport in the atmospheric boundary layer, surface-air interaction, disturbed boundary layers, radiation. Applications include sensible and latent heat transfer from lakes, plant canopy flow and evapotranspiration, turbulent diffusion from chimneys and cooling towers, and related design issues.

**CEE 635 Small and Finite Amplitude Water Waves**

**CEE 636 Environmental Fluid Mechanics**

**CEE 637 Experimental Methods in Fluid Dynamics**

**CEE 638 Hydraulics Seminar**
Spring. 1 credit. Open to undergraduates and graduates and required of graduate students majoring in hydraulics or hydraulic engineering. P. L.-F. Liu. Topics of current interest in fluid mechanics, hydraulic engineering, and hydrology.

**CEE 639 Special Topics in Hydraulics**
On demand. 1–6 credits. Staff. Special topics in fluid mechanics, hydraulic engineering, or hydrology.

**CEE 640 Foundation Engineering**

**CEE 641 Retaining Structures and Slopes**
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: CEE 341. Staff. Earth pressure theories. Design of rigid, flexible, braced, tied-back, slurry, and reinforced soil structures. Stability of excavation, cut, and natural slopes. Design problems stressing application of course material under field conditions of engineering practice.

**CEE 644 Environmental Applications of Geotechnical Engineering**
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: CEE 341 or equivalent. T. D. O’Rourke. Principles of hydrogeology, contaminant migration, and remediation technologies related to geotechnical and environmental engineering. Emphasis on environmental site assessment, site feasibility studies, selection of remediation procedures, and engineered landfills. Design problems are based on real projects and involve visits from practicing engineers.

**CEE 649 Special Topics in Geotechnical Engineering**
On demand. 1–6 credits. Staff. Supervised study of special topics not covered in the formal courses.

**CEE 653 Water Chemistry for Environmental Engineering**
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: 1 semester of college chemistry or permission of instructor. L. W. Lion. Principles of chemistry applicable to the understanding, design, and control of water and wastewater treatment processes and to reactions in receiving waters. Topics include chemical thermodynamics, reaction kinetics,
acid-base equilibria, mineral precipitation/dissolution, and electrochemistry. The focus of the course is on the mathematical description of chemical reactions relevant to engineered processes and natural systems, and the numerical or graphical solution of these problems.

**CxEE 654 Aquatic Chemistry**
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: CxEE 653 or CHEM 287-288. J. J. Bisogni. Concepts of chemical equilibria applied to natural aquatic systems. Topics include acid-base reactions, buffer systems, mineral precipitation, coordination and redox reactions, Eh-pH diagrams adsorption phenomena, humic acid chemistry, and chemical-equilibria computational techniques. In-depth coverage of topics covered in CxEE 653.

**CxEE 655 Transport, Mixing, and Transformation in the Environment**
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: CxEE 331. E. A. Cowen. Application of fluid mechanics to problems of transport, mixing, and transformation in the water environment. Introduction to advective, diffuse, and dispersive processes in the environment. Boundary interactions: air-water and sediment-water processes. Introduction to chemical and biochemical transformation processes. Applications to transport, mixing, and transformation in rivers, lakes, and coastal waters.

**CxEE 658 Sludge Treatment, Utilization, and Disposal**
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: CxEE 352 or permission of instructor. R. I. Dick. Analysis of the quantity and quality of industrial water-supply and pollution-control facilities and other residue-producing processes. Alternatives for reclaiming or disposing of hazardous and nonhazardous residues. Performance of treatment processes for altering sludge properties prior to reuse or ultimate disposal. Considerations in selecting and integrating of sludge-management processes.

**CxEE 659 Environmental Quality**
Spring. 1 credit. Prerequisite: enrollment as graduate student in environmental engineering. Staff. Presentation and discussion of current research in environmental engineering.

**CxEE 663 Transportation Network Analysis**
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: CxEE 463 or CxEE 464, or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. M. A. Turnquist. Topics in flow prediction and estimation for transportation networks, including equilibrium assignment, stochastic network loading, trip table estimation, dynamic vehicle allocation, and routing/scheduling models.

**CxEE 671 Random Vibration**
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: M&AE 326, CxEE 779, and OR&E 260; or equivalent and permission of the instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. M. D. Grigoriu. Review of probability process theory, simulation and first-passage time. Linear random vibration: second-moment response descriptors and applications from fatigue; seismic analysis; and response to wind, wave, and other non-Gaussian load processes. Nonlinear random vibration: equivalent linearization, perturbation techniques, Fokker-Planck and Kolmogorov equations, Itô calculus, and applications from chaotic vibration, fatigue, seismic analysis, and parametrically excited systems.

**CxEE 672 Fundamentals of Structural Mechanics**
Fall. 3 credits. K. D. Popaolu. Theory of elasticity, energy principles, plate flexure, failure theories for structural design, beams on elastic foundations, differential equation method, plate theory, introduction to finite-element method.

**CxEE 673 Advanced Structural Analysis**
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: CxEE 372 and computer programming. J. F. Abel. Matrix analysis of structures, computer programming of displacement (stiffness) method, use of interactive graphical analysis programs, solution methods, errors and accuracy, special analysis procedures, virtual work in matrix analysis, and introduction to nonlinear analysis and finite-element methods.

**CxEE 675 Concrete Materials and Construction**
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: CxEE 376 or equivalent. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000-2001. K. C. Hover. Materials science, structural engineering, and construction technology involved in the materials aspects of the use of concrete. Cement chemistry and physics, mix design, admixtures, engineering properties, testing of fresh and hardened concrete, and the effects of construction techniques on material behavior.

**CxEE 692 Special Topics in Engineering Management**

**CxEE 694 Research in Engineering Management**
On demand. 1-6 credits. Staff. The student may select an area of investigation in engineering management. Results should be submitted to the instructor in charge of the form of a research report.

**CxEE 710 Research—Remote Sensing**
On demand. 1-6 credits. W. D. Philpot. For students who wish to study one particular area in depth. The work may take the form of laboratory investigation, field study, theoretical analysis, or development of design procedures.

**CxEE 722 Environmental and Water Resources Systems Analysis Research**
On demand. 1-6 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Preparation must be suitable to the investigation to be undertaken. Staff. Investigations of particular environmental or water resources systems problems.

**CxEE 729 Special Topics in Environmental or Water Resources Systems Analysis**
On demand. 1-6 credits. Staff. Supervised study, by individuals or small groups, of one or more specialized topics not covered in regular courses.

**CxEE 732 Computational Hydraulics**

**CxEE 735 Research in Hydraulics**
On demand. 1-6 credits. Staff. The student may select an area of investigation in fluid mechanics, hydraulic engineering, or hydrology. The work may be either experimental or theoretical in nature. Results should be submitted to the instructor in charge of the form of a research report.

**CxEE 740 Engineering Behavior of Soils**
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: CxEE 541. H. E. Stewart. Detailed study of the physicochemical nature of soil. Stress states due to geostatic loading and stress-history effects. In-depth evaluation of stress-strain-strength, compressibility, and hydraulic conductivity of natural soils. Laboratory and field-testing methods for determining properties.

**CxEE 741 Rock Engineering**
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: CxEE 541 or permission of instructor. Recommended: introductory geology. Staff. Geologic and engineering classifications of intact rock, discontinuities, and rock masses. Laboratory and field evaluation of properties. Stress states and stress analysis. Design of foundations on, and openings in, rock masses. Analysis of the stability of rock slopes.

**CxEE 744 Advanced Foundation Engineering**
Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisite: CxEE 640. F. H. Kulhawy. A continuation of CxEE 640, with detailed emphasis on special topics in soil-structure interaction. Typical topics include lateral and pullout loading of deep foundations, pile group behavior, foundations for offshore structures, foundations for special structures.

**CxEE 745 Soil Dynamics**

**CxEE 746 Embankment Dam Engineering**

**CxEE 749 Research in Geotechnical Engineering**
On demand. 1-6 credits. Staff. For the student who wants to pursue a particular geotechnical topic in considerable depth.
CEE 750 Research in Environmental Engineering
On demand. 1-6 credits. Staff.
This course is designed for students who want to study a particular area in depth. The work may take the form of laboratory investigation, field study, theoretical analysis, or development of design and analysis procedures.

CEE 755 Physical/Chemical Processes
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: previous or concurrent enrollment in CEE 653 or permission of instructor. J. J. Bisogni.
Theoretical and engineering aspects of chemical and physical phenomena and processes applicable to the removal of impurities from water, wastewater, and industrial wastes and to their transformation in the environment. Analysis and design of treatment processes and systems.

CEE 756 Biological Processes
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: an introductory course in microbiology and CEE 755, or permission of instructor. J. J. Bisogni.
Theoritical and engineering aspects of biological phenomena and processes applicable to the removal of impurities from water, wastewater, and industrial wastes and to their transformation in the environment. Biokinetic analysis and design of biological treatment process.

CEE 757 Physical/Chemical Processes Laboratory
Fall. 2 credits. Prerequisite: concurrent enrollment in CEE 653 and CEE 755. J. J. Bisogni.
Laboratory studies of aquatic chemistry and physical/chemical processes of environmental engineering. Topics include gravimetric analyses; acids/bases; alkalinity; gas chromatography; UV-visible and atomic absorption spectrophotometry; adsorption; filtration; ion exchange; gas transfer; sedimentation; characterization of reactor mixing regimes; coagulation.

CEE 758 Biological Processes Laboratory
Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisite: concurrent enrollment in CEE 756 and CEE 755. J. J. Bisogni.
Laboratory studies of microbiological phenomena and environmental engineering. Topics include microscopy; biochemical and chemical oxygen demand; biological treatability studies; enumeration of bacteria.

CEE 759 Special Topics in Environmental Engineering
On demand. 1-6 credits. Staff.
Supervised study in special topics not covered in formal courses.

CEE 762 Transportation Research
On demand. 1-6 credits. Staff.
In-depth investigation of a particular transportation planning or engineering problem mutually agreed upon between the student and one or more faculty members.

CEE 764 Special Topics in Transportation
On demand. 1-6 credits. Staff.
Advanced subject matter not covered in depth in other regular courses.

CEE 770 Engineering Fracture Mechanics
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: CEE 772 or permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000–2001. R. Ingraffea.

CEE 772 Finite Element Analysis (also M&AE 680 and T&AM 666)
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: T&AM 663 or equivalent. Staff.
For description, see M&AE 680.

CEE 773 Structural Reliability
Review of probability theory, practical measures for structural reliability, second-moment reliability indices, probability models for strength and loads, probability-based design codes, reliability of structural systems, imperfection-sensitive structures, fatigue, stochastic finite-element techniques, elementary concepts of probabilistic fracture mechanics.

CEE 774 Advanced Structural Concrete
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: undergraduate concrete design course. S. Billington.
Behavior, analysis, and design of structural concrete with an introduction to prestressing; integration of material, component and system modeling, and simulation with structural design; course project integrating computer simulation and physical experimentation of a design.

CEE 775 Structural Concrete Systems
Behavior and design of structural concrete building and bridge systems. Risk assessment and repair and retrofit strategies for structural concrete systems vulnerable to deterioration and/or seismic loading.

CEE 776 Advanced Design of Metal Structures
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: CEE 374 or equivalent. T. Pekoz.
Preliminary design of structural systems. Behavior and design of members and connections. Behavior and computer-aided design of building frames.

CEE 777 Advanced Behavior of Metal Structures

CEE 779 Structural Dynamics and Earthquake Engineering
Modal analysis, numerical methods, and frequency-domain analysis. Introduction to earthquake-resistant design.

CEE 783 Civil and Environmental Engineering Materials Project
On demand. 1-3 credits. Staff.
Individual projects or reading and study assignments involving engineering materials.

CEE 785 Research in Structural Engineering
On demand. 1-6 credits. Staff.
Pursuit of a branch of structural engineering beyond what is covered in regular courses. Theoretical or experimental investigation of suitable problems.

CEE 786 Special Topics in Structural Engineering
On demand. 1-6 credits. Staff.
Individually supervised study or independent design or research in specialized topics not covered in regular courses. Occasional offering of such special courses as Shell Theory and Design, and Advanced Topics in Finite Element Analysis.

CEE 810 Thesis—Remote Sensing
Fall, spring. 1-12 credits. Students must register for credit with the professor at the start of each term. W. D. Philpot.
A thesis research topic is selected by the student with the advice of the faculty member in charge and is pursued either independently or in conjunction with others working on the same topic.

CEE 820 Thesis—Environmental and Water Resource Systems
Fall, spring. 1-12 credits. Students must register for credit with the professor at the start of each term. Staff.
A thesis research topic is selected by the student with the advice of the faculty member in charge and is pursued either independently or in conjunction with others working on the same topic.

CEE 830 Thesis—Fluid Mechanics and Hydrology
Fall, spring. 1-12 credits. Students must register for credit with the professor at the start of each term. Staff.
A thesis research topic is selected by the student with the advice of the faculty member in charge and is pursued either independently or in conjunction with others working on the same topic.

CEE 840 Thesis—Geotechnical Engineering
Fall, spring. 1-12 credits. Students must register for credit with the professor at the start of each term. Staff.
A thesis research topic is selected by the student with the advice of the faculty member in charge and is pursued either independently or in conjunction with others working on the same topic.

CEE 850 Thesis—Environmental Engineering
Fall, spring. 1-12 credits. Students must register for credit with the professor at the start of each term. Staff.
A thesis research topic is selected by the student with the advice of the faculty member in charge and is pursued either independently or in conjunction with others working on the same topic.

CEE 860 Thesis—Transportation Engineering
Fall, spring. 1-12 credits. Students must register for credit with the professor at the start of each term. Staff.
A thesis research topic is selected by the student with the advice of the faculty member in charge and is pursued either independently or in conjunction with others working on the same topic.
A brief introduction to the C programming language and standard libraries. Unix accounts will be made available for students wishing to use that system for projects, but familiarity with Unix is not required. (Projects may be done using any modern implementation of C). COM S 213 (C++ Programming) includes much of the material covered in 113. Students planning to take COM S 213 normally do not need to take 113.

COM S 114 Unix Tools
Fall, spring. 1 credit. Usually weeks 5–8. Prerequisite: COM S 100 or equivalent programming experience. S-U grades only. An introduction to Unix, emphasizing instruction in tools for file management, communication, process control, and program development. Knowledge of at least one programming language is expected. Projects assume no previous knowledge of Unix or expertise in any particular language.

COM S 130 Creating Web Documents
Fall. 3 credits. Interactive online media such as the World Wide Web are revolutionizing the way we communicate. This course introduces students having little or no computer background to tools and techniques for creating interactive documents. We will emphasize both questions of design and technical issues. This will involve thinking seriously about digital graphic impact and learning how to do some relatively simple programming with a scripting language (such as JavaScript). Topics covered will include HTML, JavaScript, interaction techniques (elementary DHTML); ways of coping with slow connections; the incorporation of sound, video, and images in web documents, ethics, and e-commerce.

COM S 201 Cognitive Science in Context Laboratory (also COGST 201 and PSYCH 201)
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Limited to 24 students. Prerequisite: concurrent or prior registration in Introduction to Cognitive Psychology (PSYCH 102/COGST 101/COM S 103/LING 170). COM S 103/LING 170 (PSYCH 102) is suggested but not required. Knowledge of programming languages is not assumed. Fall, B. Halpern and staff; spring, D. Field and staff. For description, see COGST 201.

COM S 202 Transition to Java
Fall, spring. Usually weeks 1–4. 1 credit. Prerequisite: one semester-long programming course. A brisk introduction to the Java programming language.

COM S 211 Computers and Programming (also ENGRD 211)
Fall, spring, summer. 3 credits. Prerequisite: COM S 100 or an equivalent course in Java or C. Intermediate programming in a high-level language and introduction to computer science. Topics include program structure and organization, modules (classes), program development, proofs of program correctness, recursion, data structures and types (lists, stacks, queues, trees), object-oriented and functional programming, analysis of algorithms, and an introduction to elementary graph theory algorithms. Java is the principal programming language. Knowledge of classes and objects is assumed.

COM S 213 C++ Programming
Fall, spring. 2 credits. Prerequisite: COM S 100 or equivalent programming experience. Students who plan to take COM S 113 and 213 must take 113 first. S-U grades only. An intermediate-level introduction to the C++ programming language and the C/C++ standard libraries. Topics include basic statements, declarations, and types; stream I/O; user defined classes and types; derived classes, inheritance, and object-oriented programming, exceptions throughout. Recommended for students who plan to take advanced courses in computer science that require familiarity with C++ or C. Students planning to take COM S 213 normally do not need to take COM S 113; 213 includes most of the material taught in 113.

COM S 221 Numerical Methods in Computational Molecular Biology
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: At least 1 course in calculus, such as MATH 106, 111, or 191 and a course in linear algebra, such as MATH 221 or 294 or BTRY 417. No particular course in computer science is required, but the student should have some familiarity with iteration, arrays, and procedures. An introduction to numerical computing using MATLAB organized around five applications: the analysis of protein shapes, dynamics, protein folding, and nonlinear minimization will also be treated. The goal of the course is to develop a practical computational expertise with MATLAB and to build mathematical intuition for the problems of molecular biology.

COM S 222 Introduction to Scientific Computation (also ENGRD 222)
Spring. Summer. 3 credits. Prerequisites: COM S 100 and (MATH 221 or MATH 294). An introduction to elementary numerical analysis and scientific computation. Topics include interpolation, quadrature, linear and nonlinear equation solving, least-squares fitting, and cubic spline interpolation. More advanced problem-solving techniques that involve eigenvalue analysis, the solution of ordinary and partial differential equations, linear programming, and nonlinear minimization will also be treated. The goal of the course is to develop a practical computational expertise with MATLAB and to build mathematical intuition for the problems of molecular biology.

COM S 230 Intermediate Web Design
Spring. 3 credits. Enrollment may be limited. Prerequisite: COM S 130 or equivalent. Not offered every year, may be offered spring 2001. Web programming requires the cooperation of two machines: the one in front of the viewer (the client) and the one delivering the content (the server). COM S 130 concentrates almost exclusively on the client side. The main emphasis in COM S 230 is learning about server side processing. We will, through a succession of projects, learn some CGI scripting (programming in PERL or the use of an integrated web site development tool such as ColdFusion); interactions with standard databases; techniques to enhance security, privacy, and reliability; and ways of incorporating other programs. There will again be emphasis on design issues. A major component of the course will be the creation of a substantial web site.
COM S 280 Discrete Structures
Fall, spring, 4 credits. Prerequisite: COM S/ENGRD 211 or permission of instructor.
Covers mathematical aspects of programming and computing. Topics will be chosen from the following: mathematical induction; logical reasoning, propositional and predicate calculus; combinatorics and discrete mathematics covering manipulation of sums, recurrence relations, and generating-function techniques; basic number theory; sets, functions, and relations; partially ordered sets; graphs; algebraic structures.

COM S 312 Structure and Interpretation of Computer Programs
Fall, spring, 4 credits. Prerequisite: COM S 211 or equivalent programming experience.
A challenging introduction to programming languages and computer science that emphasizes alternative modes of algorithmic expression. Topics include recursive and higher-order procedures, performance analysis of algorithms, proofs of program correctness, probabilistic algorithms, symbolic hierarchical data, abstract data types, polymorphic functions, object-oriented programming, infinite data types, simulation, and the interpretation of programs.

COM S 314 Computer Organization (also ELE E 314)
Fall, spring, 4 credits. Prerequisite: COM S/ENGRD 211; COM S 312 or ENGRD 231/ELE E 232 are recommended but not required.
Basic computer organization. Topics include performance metrics, data formats, instruction sets, addressing modes, computer arithmetic; datapath design, memory hierarchies including caches and virtual memory, I/O devices, bus-based I/O systems. Students will learn assembly language programming and design a simple pipelined processor.

COM S 381 Introduction to Theory of Computing
Fall, summer, 4 credits. Prerequisite: COM S 280 or permission of instructor.
Credit will not be granted for both COM S 381 and COM S 481. Corrective transfers between COM S 381 and COM S 481 (in either direction) are encouraged during the first few weeks of instruction.
An introduction to the modern theory of computing: automata theory, formal languages, and effective computability.

[COM S 400 The Science of Programming](Spring, 4 credits. Prerequisite: COM S 280 or equivalent. Not offered every year; next offered Spring.)
The practical development of correct programs based on the conscious application of principles that are derived from a mathematical notion of program correctness. Besides dealing with conventional sequential programs, the course covers implementations of abstract data types and contains an introduction to problems with concurrence. Issues in programming-language design that arise from program correctness are discussed. Programs are written but not run on a computer.

COM S 409 Data Structures and Algorithms for Computational Science
Spring, 4 credits. Prerequisite: COM S 211 or equivalent programming experience.
This course is not open to COM S majors.

Data structures and algorithms with emphasis on those useful for computational science. This course is intended for students outside of the Department of Computer Science whose work involves a significant amount of computing. Topics include basic data structures as well as more advanced topics. Emphasis is placed on the use of abstract data types and on how best to select appropriate data structures.

COM S 411 Programming Languages and Logics
Fall, 4 credits. Prerequisite: COM S 312 or permission of instructor. Not offered every year; next offered Fall, spring.
The major concepts of programming languages, with emphasis on synthesis and interpretation. Language-based programming methodologies, including object-oriented, functional, and logic programming. Design and criticism of programming languages. Type theory and typed lambda-calculus. Exercises in several unusual programming languages.

COM S 412 Introduction to Compilers and Translators
Spring, 3 credits. Prerequisites: COMS/ENGRD 211, COM S 312 (or permission of instructor) and COM S 314. Corequisite: COM S 413.
An introduction to the specification and implementation of modern compilers. Topics covered include lexical scanning, parsing, type checking, code generation and translation, an introduction to optimization, and the implementation of modern programming languages. The course entails a substantial compiler implementation project.

COM S 413 Practicum in Compilers and Translators
Spring, 2 credits. Corequisite: COM S 412.
A compiler implementation project related to COMS 412.

COM S 414 Systems Programming and Operating Systems
Fall, summer, 3 credits. Prerequisite: COM S 211, 312 (or permission of instructor), and 314.
An introduction to the logical design of systems programs with emphasis on multiprogrammed operating systems. Topics include process synchronization, deadlocks, memory management, input-output methods, information sharing, protection and security, and file systems. The impact of network and distributed computing environments on operating systems is also discussed.

COM S 415 Practicum in Operating Systems
Fall, 2 credits. Corequisite: COM S 414.
The practical aspects of operating systems are studied through the design and implementation of an operating system that supports multiprogramming, virtual memory, and various input-output devices. All the programming for the project is in a high-level language.

COM S 417 Computer Graphics and Visualization (also ARCH 374)
Spring, 3 credits. Prerequisite: COM S/ENGRD 211.
An introduction to the principles of interactive computer graphics and scientific visualization. Topics include surface modeling, animation, perspective projection, hidden-line and hidden-surface algorithms, lighting models, image synthesis, and application to scientific data analysis.

COM S 418 Practicum in Computer Graphics (also ARCH 375)
Programming assignments dealing with interactive computer graphics and visualization of scientific data.

COM S 421 Numerical Analysis
Fall, 4 credits. Prerequisites: MATH 294 or equivalent, one additional mathematics course numbered 300 or above, and knowledge of programming.

COM S 432 Introduction to Database Systems
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: COM S/ENGRD 211 and COM S 312 (or permission of instructor). Recommended: COM S 213 and strong programming skills in C, C++ or Java.
Introduction to modern relational database systems. The course emphasizes practical knowledge about the internals of database systems and includes several large programming assignments. Topics include the relational model, SQL, index structures, query evaluation, query optimization, database design, security, and transaction management.

COM S 433 Practicum in Database Systems
Fall. 2 credits. Corequisite: COM S 432.
Design and implementation of an electronic commerce system. Technologies include Java Servlets, Active Server Pages, Java Server Pages, JDBC, and ODBC.

[COM S 444 Distributed Systems and Algorithms](Fall, 4 credits. Pre- or corequisite: COM S 414 or permission of instructor. Not offered every year.)
The fundamentals of distributed systems and algorithms. Topics include the problems, methodologies, and paradigms necessary for understanding and designing distributed applications, with an emphasis on fault-tolerant computing. Theoretical concepts will be complemented with practical examples of their application in current distributed systems.

COM S 472 Foundations of Artificial Intelligence
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: COM S/ENGRD 211 and COM S 280 (or equivalent).
A challenging introduction to the major subareas and current research directions in artificial intelligence. Topics include knowledge representation, heuristic search, problem solving, natural-language processing, game-playing, logic and deduction, planning, and machine learning.

COM S 473 Practicum in Artificial Intelligence
Fall. 2 credits. Corequisite: COM S 472.
Project portion of COM S 472. Topics include knowledge representation systems, search procedures, game-playing, automated reasoning, concept learning, reinforcement learning, neural nets, genetic algorithms, planning, and truth maintenance.
COM S 478 Machine Learning
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: COM S/ ENGRD 211, COM S 280, and COM S 312. This course presents an introduction to machine learning, the study of computer algorithms that improve automatically through experience. Topics to be covered will include some or all of the following: concept learning, decision tree learning, propositional and first-order rule learning, bayesian learning, instance-based learning, analytical learning, genetic algorithms, reinforcement learning, unsupervised learning, computational learning theory, and methods for empirical evaluation of learning algorithms.

COM S 481 Introduction to Theory of Computing
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: COM S 280 or permission of instructor. Credit will not be granted for both COM S 381 and 481. Corrective transfers between COM S 481 and 381 (in either direction) are encouraged during the first few weeks of instruction. A faster-moving and deeper version of COM S 381.

COM S 482 Introduction to Analysis of Algorithms
Spring, summer. 4 credits. Prerequisites: COM S 211, 280, 312, and either 381 or 481, or permission of instructor. Techniques used in the creation and analysis of algorithms. Combinatorial algorithms, computational complexity, NP-completeness, and intractable problems.

COM S 483 Quantum Information Processing (also PHYS 481 and 681)
Fall. 2 credits. Prerequisite: familiarity with the theory of vector spaces over the complex numbers. For description, see PHYS 481.

COM S 486 Applied Logic (also MATH 486)
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: MATH 222 or 294, COM S 280 or equivalent (such as MATH 332, 432, 434, 481), and some additional course in mathematics or theoretical computer science. Programming logic, compactness and completeness by tableaux, natural deduction, and resolution. Equational logic. Herbrand Universes and unification. Rewrite rules and equational logic. Knuth-Bendix method and the congruence-closure algorithm and lambda-calculus reduction strategies. Topics in Prolog, LISP, ML, or Nuprl. Applications to expert systems and program verification.

COM S 490 Independent Reading and Research
Fall. spring. 1–4 credits. Independent reading and research for undergraduates.

COM S 501 Software Engineering
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: COM S 211 or 410 and experience programming in Java or C++. An introduction to the problems of specifying, designing, and building large, reliable software systems. The methods, languages, and tools used in modern software development. Topics include requirements analysis, software life-cycle models, software analysis and design, verification and validation, reliability, engineering ethics, and professionalism. The emphasis is on object-oriented design and program development. Includes team projects for real clients.

COM S 502 Computing Methods for Digital Libraries
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: COM S 211 or 410 and some familiarity with the technology of web sites. This course examines the application of computer science methods in digital libraries. A central topic is the representation of complex information in computer systems, including object models and metadata. Closely related topics include how to discover and deliver information over heterogeneous distributed systems, and how to preserve intellectual information over worldwide networks for long periods of time. A theme that runs through the course is the interplay between computing and people, including the legal, social, and economic context.

COM S 504 Applied Systems Engineering I (also CEE 504, ELE E 512, M&AE 591, OR&IE 512)
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. For description, see M&AE 591.

COM S 505 Applied Systems Engineering II (also CEE 505, ELE E 513, M&AE 592, OR&IE 513)
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: Applied System Engineering I (CEE 504, COM S 504, ELE E 512, M&AE 591, OR&IE 512) or permission of instructor. See description, see M&AE 592.

COM S 513 System Security
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: COM S 414 or 519 and familiarity with JAVA programming language. The course discusses security and survivability for computers and communications networks. The course will include discussions of policy issues (e.g. the national debates on cryptography policy) as well as the discussions of the technical alternatives for implementing the properties that comprise "trustworthiness" in a computing system. Mechanisms for authorization and authentication as well as cryptographic protocols will be covered.

COM S 514 Intermediate Computer Systems
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: COM S 411 or permission of instructor. This course focuses on practical issues in designing and implementing distributed software. Topics vary depending upon instructor. Recent offerings have covered object-oriented software development methodologies and tools, distributed computing, fault-tolerant systems, and network operating systems or databases. Students undertake a substantial software project. Many students obtain additional project credit by coregistering in COM S 490, 515, or 790.

COM S 515 Practicum in Systems
Fall or spring. 1–2 credits. Corequisite: COM S 514. The practical aspects of modern software systems are studied through the design and implementation of a significant system. Students may work alone or in teams. The project varies from year to year at the discretion of the instructor. Some students take COM S 490 or 790 instead of COM S 515.

COM S 519 Engineering Computer Networks
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: COM S 414 or permission of instructor. Not offered every year.

COM S 522 Computational Tools and Methods for Finance
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: programming experience (e.g., FORTRAN, or MATLAB), some knowledge of numerical methods, especially numerical linear algebra. Not offered every year. This course provides a hands-on introduction to computational methods and tools used in finance. We study both the underlying methods and efficient implementation. The MATLAB Financial Toolbox, along with additional MATLAB tools, will be used extensively. The underlying numerical techniques discussed include linear, least-squares procedures (regression), basic linear algebra, linear and nonlinear optimization, finite-difference methods for PDEs, quadratic programming (and linear complementarity problems), specialized tree (and lattice) evaluation methods.

COM S 574 Heuristic Methods for Optimization (also CEE 508)
Spring. 3 or 4 credits. Prerequisites: COM S/ENGRD 211 or 222 or CEE/ENGRD 241, or graduate standing, or permission of instructor. C. A. Shoemaker and B. Selman. This course will describe a variety of heuristic search methods including simulated annealing, tabu search, genetic algorithms, and techniques based on integer programming. We will be considering in comparison to other optimization algorithms.

COM S 601 System Concepts
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: open to students enrolled in the COM S Ph.D. program. This course covers broadly applicable principles of computing system design and analysis. For example, the principles of locality of reference used in caching, virtual memory, and network service hints. Such broadly applicable abstractions will be discussed along with their implementations in a variety of settings. Case studies from the systems literature will be employed throughout.

COM S 611 Advanced Programming Languages
Fall. 4 credits. Graduate standing or permission of instructor. A study of programming paradigms: functional, imperative, concurrent, and logic programming. Modern programming languages, including the lambda calculus. Type systems, polymorphism, modules, and other object-oriented constructs. Program
transformation, programming logic, and applications to programming methodology.

**COM S 612 Compiler Design for High-Performance Architectures**
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: COM S 314 and 412 or permission of instructor. Compiler design for pipelined and parallel architectures. Program analysis: data and control dependencies, dataflow analysis, efficient solution of dataflow equations, dependence analysis, solution of Diophantine equations. Architecture and code generation for instruction-level parallel (ILP) processors: pipelined, VLIW and superscalar architectures, code reorganization and software pipelining. Architecture and code generation for multiprocessors: shared- and distributed-memory architectures, latency tolerance and avoidance, loop transformations to enhance parallelism and locality of reference.

**COM S 613 Concurrent Programming**
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: COM S 414 or permission of instructor. Not offered every year; see BBS. Advanced techniques in, and models of, concurrent systems. Synchronization of concurrent processes; parallel programming languages; deadlocks; verification.

**COM S 614 Advanced Systems**
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: COM S 414 or permission of instructor. An advanced course in systems, emphasizing contemporary research in distributed systems. Topics may include communication protocols, consistency in distributed systems, fault-tolerance, knowledge and knowledge-based protocols, scheduling, concurrency control, and authentication and security issues.

**COM S 618 Principles of Distributed Computing—Message-Passing**
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: mathematical maturity and some basic knowledge of distributed systems. Offered in odd-numbered years; not offered 2000–2001. This course focuses on research in message-passing distributed computing. It covers the fundamental problems and presents some of the latest results and open questions in message-passing systems. Problems will be viewed from a theoretical standpoint with an emphasis on precise specifications, proofs of correctness, upper and lower bounds on various complexity measures and impossibility results.

**COM S 619 Principles of Distributed Computing—Shared Memory**
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: mathematical maturity and some basic knowledge of distributed systems. Offered in even-numbered years; not offered 2000–2001. This course focuses on research in shared-memory distributed computing. It covers the fundamental problems and paradigms of shared-memory systems. Topics include linearity and other models of consistency, nonblocking and wait-free computation, universality of wait-free objects, the atomic snapshot problem, the k-set consensus problem, bounded concurrent timestamps, etc.

**COM S 621 Matrix Computations**
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: MATH 411 and 431 or permission of instructor. Stable and efficient algorithms for linear equations, least squares, and eigenvalue problems. Direct and iterative methods are considered. The MATLAB system is used extensively.

**COM S 622 Numerical Optimization and Nonlinear Algebraic Equations**
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: COM S 621. Offered in odd-numbered years. Modern algorithms for the numerical solution of multidimensional optimization problems and simultaneous nonlinear algebraic equations. Emphasis is on efficient, stable, and reliable numerical techniques with strong global convergence properties: quasi-Newton methods, modified Newton algorithms, and trust-region procedures. Special topics may include large-scale optimization, quadratic programming, and numerical approximation.

**COM S 624 Numerical Solution of Differential Equations**
Spring 4 credits. Prerequisites: previous exposure to numerical analysis (e.g., COM S 421 or 621) and differential equations, and knowledge of MATLAB. Offered in even-numbered years; not offered 2000–2001. Finite difference methods for the solution of ordinary and partial differential equations. A fast-moving course that begins with a three-week survey of numerical methods for ODEs, then moves to linear algebra and methods for PDEs, especially parabolic and hyperbolic equations. Other topics covered include numerical stability, linear finite element methods, Hamiltonian problems, and computational issues such as mesh generation and sparse matrix computation for PDEs.1

**COM S 626 Computational Molecular Biology**
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: familiarity with linear programming, numerical solutions of ordinary differential equations and nonlinear optimization methods. Problems and algorithms in computational molecular biology. Topics include sequences (alignment, scoring functions, complexity of searches and alignment, secondary structure prediction, families, and function), the protein folding problem (lattice models, lattice searches, the HP model, chemical potentials, statistical potentials, funnels, complexity and model verification, global optimization, homology, threading, and the dynamics of complex biological systems). Other topics considered are stochastic reasoning, Hamiltonian problems, and computational issues such as mesh generation and sparse matrix computation for PDEs.

**COM S 632 Advanced Database Systems**
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: COM S 432/433 or permission of instructor. A variety of advanced issues ranging from transaction management to query processing to data mining. Extensive paper reading and discussion. Development of a term project with research content.

**COM S 664 Machine Vision**
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: undergraduate-level understanding of algorithms and MATH 221 or equivalent. An introduction to computer vision. The following topics will be covered: edge detection, image segmentation, stereopsis, motion and optical flow, shape reconstruction, shape representations and extracting shapes from images, model-based recognition. Students will be required to implement several of the algorithms covered in the course and evaluate them on both synthetic and real images.

**COM S 671 Introduction to Automated Reasoning**
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: (COM S 611 and graduate standing) or permission of instructor. Topics in modern logic needed to understand and use automated reasoning systems such as HOL, Nuprl, and PVS. Special emphasis on type theory and logic and on tactic-oriented theorem proving.

**COM S 672 Advanced Artificial Intelligence**
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: COM S 472 or permission of instructor. Artificial intelligence (AI) provides many computational challenges. This course covers a variety of areas in AI, including knowledge representation, automated reasoning, learning, games-playing, and planning, with an emphasis on computational issues. Specific topics include stochastic reasoning and search procedures, properties of problem encodings, issues of syntax and semantics in knowledge representation, constraint satisfaction methods and search procedures, and critically constrained problems and their relation to phase-transition phenomena. In addition, connections between artificial intelligence and other fields, such as statistical physics, operations research, and cognitive science are explored.

**COM S 674 Natural Language Understanding**
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: COM S 472 or permission of instructor. Not offered every year. This course presents an introduction to natural language processing, the primary concern of which is the study and use from a computational perspective. The course will cover syntactic analysis, semantic interpretation, and discourse processing, via symbolic and statistical approaches. Possible topics include information extraction, natural language generation, memory models, ambiguity resolution, finite-state methods, mildly context-sensitive formalisms, deductive approaches to interpretation, machine translation, and machine learning of natural language.

**COM S 676 Reasoning about Knowledge**
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: mathematical maturity and an acquaintance with propositional logic. Offered even-numbered years; not offered 2000–2001. Knowledge plays a crucial role in distributed systems, game theory, and artificial intelligence. Material examines formalizing reasoning about knowledge and the extent to which knowledge is applicable to those areas. Issues: common knowledge, knowledge-based programs, applying knowledge to analyzing distributed systems, attainable states of knowledge, and modeling resource-bounded reasoning, and connections to game theory.

**COM S 677 Reasoning about Uncertainty**
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: mathematical maturity and an acquaintance with propositional logic. Offered odd-numbered years; not offered 2000–2001. Examines formalizing reasoning about and representing uncertainty, using formal logical approaches as a basis. Topics: logic of probability, combined knowledge and probability, probability and adversarial, conditional logics of normality, Bayesian networks, qualitative approaches to uncer-
COM S 681 Analysis of Algorithms
Fall, 4 credits. Prerequisite: (COM S 381 or 481) and (COM S 482 or 681) or permission of instructor.
Methodology for developing efficient algorithms, primarily for graph theoretic problems. Understanding of the inherent complexity of natural problems via polynomial-time algorithms, randomized algorithms, NP-completeness, randomized reducibilities. Additional topics such as parallel algorithms and efficient data structures.

COM S 682 Theory of Computing
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: (COM S 381 or 481) and (COM S 482 or 681) or permission of instructor.
Advanced treatment of theory of computation, computational-complexity theory, and other topics in computing theory.

COM S 686 Logics of Programs
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: COM S 481, 682, and MATH 481 or MATH/COM S 486.
Topics in logics of programs and program verification. Possible topics include: Floyd/Hoare logic, modal logic, dynamic logic, temporal logic, process logic, automata on infinite objects and their relation to program logics, the Rabin tree theorem, the modal mu-calculus, games and alternating automata, applications to type inference, set constraints, Kleene algebra.

COM S 709 Computer Science Colloquium
Fall, spring. 1 credit. S-U grades only. For staff, visitors, and graduate students interested in computer science. A weekly meeting for the discussion and study of important topics in the field.

COM S 713 Seminar in Systems and Methodology
Fall, spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: a graduate course employing formal reasoning such as COM S 611, 613, 671, a logic course, or permission of instructor. Not offered every year; semester TBA. Discussion of contemporary issues in the design and analysis of computing systems. Emphasis on the proper use of rigor, models, and formalisms.

COM S 715 Seminar in Programming Languages
Fall, spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor.
Topics in programming languages, possibly including type theory, constructive logic, decision procedures, heuristic methods, extraction of code from proofs, and the design of proof-development and problem-solving systems.

COM S 717 Topics in Parallel Architectures
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: COM S 612 or permission of instructor. Not offered every year; semester TBA. Covers topics in parallel computers. Material includes: architectures of parallel computers, parallelizing compilers, operating systems for parallel computers, and languages (functional and logic-programming languages) designed for parallel computation.

COM S 719 Seminar in Programming Languages
Fall, spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: COM S 611 or permission of instructor. S-U grades only.

COM S 722 Topics in Numerical Analysis
Fall, spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: COM S 621 or 622 or permission of instructor. Not offered every year; semester TBA. Topics are chosen at instructor's discretion.

COM S 729 Seminar in Numerical Analysis
Fall, spring. 1-4 credits (TBA). Prerequisite: permission of instructor. S-U grades only.

COM S 754 Systems Research Seminar
Fall, spring. 1 credit. S-U grades only.

COM S 772 Seminar in Artificial Intelligence
Fall, spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: permission of instructor. S-U grades only.

COM S 773/774 Proseminar in Cognitive Studies I & II (also COGST, PHIL, LING, and PSY 773/774)
Fall, 773; spring, 774. 4 credits. For description, see COGST 773/774.

COM S 775 Seminar in Natural Language Understanding
Fall, spring. 2 credits. Informal weekly seminar in which current topics in natural language understanding and computational linguistics are discussed.

COM S 779 Seminar in Theory of Algorithms and Computing
Fall, spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. S-U grades only.

COM S 809 Special Investigations in Computer Science
Fall, spring. Prerequisite: permission of a computer science adviser. Letter grade only. Independent research or Master of Engineering project.

COM S 890 Special Investigations in Computer Science
Fall, spring. Prerequisite: permission of a computer science adviser. S-U grades only. Master of Science degree research.

COM S 990 Special Investigations in Computer Science
Fall, spring. Prerequisite: permission of a computer science adviser. S-U grades only. Doctoral research.

EARTH AND ATMOSPHERIC SCIENCES
(Course listings formerly under Geological Sciences and Soil, Crop, and Atmospheric Sciences)

Courses
For complete course descriptions, see the Earth and Atmospheric Sciences listing in the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences section. Students should note that the EAS designation does not yet appear in the university's enrollment software. Therefore, those who wish to enroll in an EAS class should register under the GEOL or SCAS department designation or in an appropriate cross-listed course, as indicated below.

EAS 101 Introductory Geological Sciences (enroll in GEOL 101)
Fall, spring, summer. 3 credits. Fall, staff; spring, J. M. Bird; summer, W. Brice.

EAS 102 Evolution of the Earth and Life (enroll in GEOL 102 or BIO G 170)
Spring. 3 credits. J. L. Cisne.

EAS 104 The Sea: An Introduction to Oceanography (enroll in GEOL 104 or BIOES 154)
Spring, summer. 3-4 credits (4 credits with lab section). Spring: C. H. Greene, W. M. White; summer: J. Chiment.

EAS 105 Writing on Rocks (First-Year Writing Seminar) (enroll in GEOL 105)
Fall. 3 credits. J. Chiment. See First-Year Seminar Handbook for description.

EAS 106 Vertebrate Fossil Preparation (enroll in GEOL 106)
Spring. 1 credit. Prerequisites: 1 introductory geology course or concurrent enrollment; class size is limited. J. Chiment.

EAS 107 How the Earth Works (enroll in GEOL 107)
Fall. 1 credit. J. L. Cisne.

EAS 109 Dinosaurs (enroll in GEOL 109)
Fall. 1 credit. J. L. Cisne.

EAS 111 To Know the Earth and Build a Habitable Planet (enroll in GEOL 111)
Fall. 3 credits. J. M. Bird.

EAS 122 Earthquake! (enroll in GEOL or ENGR 122)
Spring. 3 credits. L. D. Brown. This is a course in the Introduction to Engineering series. For description, see ENGR 122.

EAS 131 Basic Principles of Meteorology (enroll in SCAS 131)
Fall. 3 credits. M. W. Wysocki.

EAS 150 Introduction to Fortran Programming (enroll in SCAS 353)
Fall. 3 credits. M. W. Wysocki.

EAS 200 Art, Archaeology, and Analysis (enroll in GEOL 200, ARKEO 285, ARTH 200, ENGR 185, or PHYS 200)
Spring. 3 credits. R. W. Kay. This is a course in the Introduction to Engineering series. For description, see ENGR 185.

EAS 201 Introduction to the Physics and Chemistry of the Earth (enroll in GEOL or ENGR 201)
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: PHYS 112 or 207. L. M. Cathles.

EAS 203 Natural Hazards and the Science of Complexity (enroll in GEOL 203)

EAS 204 Ocean Sciences Laboratory (enroll in GEOL 204)
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite or corequisite: BIOES 154/EAS 104. C. H. Greene, B. W. Monger.
EAS 210 Introduction to Field Methods in Geological Sciences (enroll in GEOL 210) Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: EAS (GEOL) 101 or 201, or permission of instructor. 1 lecture, Saturday field trips. S. M. Kay.

EAS 212 Caribbean Field Trip (enroll in GEOL 212) Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Enrollment limited to 15. Approximate cost $1,100. L. D. Brown.

EAS 213 Marine and Coastal Geology (enroll in GEOL 213) Summer. 2 credits. Prerequisite: an introductory course in geology or permission of instructor. Staff.

EAS 250 Meteorological Observations and Instruments (enroll in SCAS 250) Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: EAS 131. M. W. Wysocki.


EAS 296 Forecast Competition (enroll in SCAS 296) Fall and spring. 1 credit. S-U grades only. Prerequisite: sophomore undergraduate standing in atmospheric science, or permission of instructor. D. S. Wilks.

EAS 302 Evolution of the Earth System (enroll in GEOL 302) Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: MATH 112 or 192 and CHEM 207 or equivalent. W. M. White, W. D. Allmon, B. L. Isacks.

EAS 315 Geomorphology (enroll in GEOL 315) Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: 1 of the following: a 3-credit EAS or SES course, or EAS 260. T. E. Jordan and B. L. Isacks.

EAS 321 Introduction to Biogeochemistry (enroll in GEOL or NTRES 321) Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: CHEM 207, MATH 112 plus a course in biology and/or geology. L. A. Derry, J. Yavitt.

EAS 326 Structural Geology (enroll in GEOL 326) Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: MATH 112, EAS 101, or 201, or permission of instructor. R. W. Allmendinger.

EAS 331 Climate Dynamics (enroll in SCAS 331 or ASTRO 331) Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: MATH 112 or 192 or equivalent. K. H. Cook, P. J. Gierasch.


EAS 341 Atmospheric Thermodynamics and Hydrostatics (enroll in SCAS 341) Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: 1 year of calculus and 1 semester of physics. W. W. Knapp.

EAS 342 Atmospheric Dynamics (enroll in SCAS 342) Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: 1 year each of calculus and physics. K. H. Cook.

EAS 352 Synoptic Meteorology I (enroll in SCAS 352) Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: EAS 341 and concurrent enrollment in EAS 342. M. W. Wysocki.

EAS 355 Mineralogy (enroll in GEOL 355) Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: EAS 101 or 201 and CHEM 207 or permission of instructor. S. Mahlburg Kay.

EAS 356 Petrology and Geochemistry (enroll in GEOL 356) Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: EAS 355. R. W. Kay.

EAS 375 Sedimentology and Stratigraphy (enroll in GEOL 375) Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: EAS 101 or 201. J. L. Cisne.

EAS 388 Geophysics and Geotectonics (enroll in GEOL 388) Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: MATH 192 (or 112) and PHYS 208 or 213. B. L. Isacks.


EAS 417 Field Mapping in Argentina (enroll in GEOL 417) Summer. 3 credits. Prerequisites: EAS 210 and 326; Spanish desirable, but not required. S. Mahlburg Kay.

EAS 423 Petroleum Geology (enroll in GEOL 423) Fall. 3 credits. Recommended: EAS 326. Offered alternate years; not offered 2000-2001.


EAS 435 Statistical Methods in Meteorology (enroll in SCAS 435) Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: an introductory course in statistics (e.g., BTRY 215 or MATH 250) and calculus: D. S. Wilks.

EAS 437 Geophysical Field Methods (enroll in GEOL 437) Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: PHYS 210 or PHYS 213 or MATH 250, or permission of instructor. L. D. Brown.

EAS 444 Tropical Meteorology (enroll in SCAS 444) Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: EAS 342 or instructor's approval. Offered alternate years; not offered 2000-2001. K. H. Cook.

EAS 445 Hydrology and the Environment (enroll in GEOL 445, ABEN 471, or CEE 431) Fall. 5 credits. Prerequisites: MATH 294 and ENGR 202. W. Brutsaert, L. M. Cathles, J.-Y. Parlange, T. S. Steenhuis. For description, see CEE 431.

EAS 446 Modeling the Earth System (also EAS 646) (enroll in SCAS 446) Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: programming knowledge and instructor's approval. Not offered 2000-2001. K. H. Cook.

EAS 447 Physical Meteorology (enroll in SCAS 447) Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: 1 year each of calculus and physics. M. W. Knapp.

EAS 451 Synoptic Meteorology II (enroll in SCAS 451) Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: EAS 341 and 342. S. J. Colucci.

EAS 453 Advanced Petrology (enroll in GEOL 453) Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: EAS 356. Offered alternate years. R. W. Kay.

EAS 454 Advanced Mineralogy (enroll in GEOL 454) Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: EAS 355 or permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. W. A. Bassett.

EAS 455 Geochemistry (enroll in GEOL 455) Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: CHEM 207 and MATH 192 or equivalent. Recommended: EAS 356. Offered alternate years; not offered 2000-2001. W. M. White.

EAS 456 Mesoscale Meteorology (enroll in SCAS 456) Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: EAS 341 and 342 or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000-2001.

EAS 457 Atmospheric Air Pollution (enroll in SCAS 457) Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: EAS 341 or 1 course in thermodynamics, and one semester of chemistry, or permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. M. W. Wysocki.


EAS 462 Marine Ecological Processes (enroll in GEOL or BIOES 462) Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 75 students. Prerequisite: BIOES 261. Offered alternate years. C. H. Greene.

EAS 475 Special Topics in Oceanography (enroll in GEOL 475) Spring, summer. 2-5 var. credits. Prerequisites: EAS 104 or BIOES 154, and permission of instructor. C. H. Greene.

EAS 476 Sedimentary Basins: Tectonics and Mechanics (enroll in GEOL 476) Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: EAS 375 or permission of instructor. T. E. Jordan.

EAS 478 Advanced Stratigraphy (enroll in GEOL 478) Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: EAS 375 or permission of instructor. Offered alternate years; not offered 2000-2001. T. E. Jordan.

EAS 479 Paleobiology (enroll in GEOL or BIOES 479) Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: 1 year of introductory biology for majors and either BIOES 274, 373, EAS 375, or permission of instructor. W. Allmorn.

EAS 481 Senior Survey of Earth Systems (enroll in GEOL 481) Fall. 3 credits. Limited to seniors majoring in geological science. J. M. Bird.

EAS 483 Environmental Biophysics (enroll in SCAS 483) Spring. 3 credits. Offered alternate years. Prerequisite: EAS/SCAS 260 or equivalent, or permission of instructor. S. J. Riha.
EAS 491-492 Undergraduate Research (enroll in EOL 491/492)
Fall, spring. 1-4 credits. Staff.

EAS 494 Special Topics in Atmospheric Science (enroll in SCAS 494)
Fall, spring. 8 credits maximum. S-U grades optional. Undergraduate level.

EAS 496 Internship Experience (enroll in SCAS 496)
Fall. Spring. 1-2 credits. S-U grades only.

EAS 497 Individual Study in Atmospheric Science (enroll in SCAS 497)
Fall, spring. 1-6 credits. S-U grades optional. Students must register with an Independent Study form.

EAS 498 Teaching Experience in Atmospheric Science (enroll in SCAS 498)
Fall, spring. 1-5 credits. S-U grades optional. Students must register with an Independent Study form.

EAS 499 Undergraduate Research in Atmospheric Science (enroll in SCAS 499)
Fall, spring. Credit by arrangement. Students must register with an Independent Study form.

EAS 500 Design Project in Geohydrology (enroll in GEOL 500)
Fall, spring. 3-12 credits. An alternative to an industrial project for M.Eng. students choosing the geohydrology option. May continue over 2 or more semesters.

L. M. Cathles.

EAS 502 Case Histories in Groundwater Analysis (enroll in GEOL 502)
Spring. 4 credits. L. M. Cathles.

[EAS 622 Advanced Structural Geology I (enroll in GEOL 622)]
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: EAS 326 and permission of instructor. Offered alternate years, not offered 2000-2001.

R. W. Allmendinger.

[EAS 624 Advanced Structural Geology II (enroll in GEOL 624)]
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: EAS 326 and permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. R. W. Allmendinger.

[EAS 628 Geology of Orogenic Belts (enroll in GEOL 628)]
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. J. M. Bird.

[EAS 634 Advanced Geophysics I: Fractals and Chaos in Geology and Geophysics (enroll in GEOL 634)]
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: EAS 388 or permission of instructor. Offered alternate years, not offered 2000-2001.

D. L. Turcotte.

[EAS 635 Advanced Statistical Meteorology (enroll in SCAS 635)]
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: coursework in or elementary knowledge of statistics, calculus, matrix algebra, and computer programming. D. S. Wilks.

[EAS 636 Advanced Geophysics II: Quantitative Geodynamics (enroll in GEOL 636)]
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: EAS 388 or permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. D. L. Turcotte.

EAS 641 Analysis of Biogeochemical Systems (enroll in GEOL 641)
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: MATH 293 or permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. L. A. Derry.

[EAS 646 Modeling the Earth System (also EAS 446) (enroll in SCAS 646)]

[EAS 651 Advanced Atmospheric Thermodynamics (enroll in SCAS or ASTRO 651)]
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: EAS 341 and 342 or permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. K. H. Cook, P. J. Gierasch, S. J. Colucci.

[EAS 652 Advanced Atmospheric Dynamics (enroll in SCAS or ASTRO 652)]
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: EAS 341 and 342 or permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. S. J. Colucci, K. H. Cook, P. J. Gierasch.

[EAS 656 Isotope Geochemistry (enroll in GEOL 656)]
Spring. 3 credits. Open to undergraduates. Prerequisite: EAS 455 or permission of instructor. Offered alternate years, not offered 2000-2001. W. M. White.

[EAS 675 Modeling the Soil-Plant-Air System (enroll in SCAS 675)]
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: EAS/CSS 483 or equivalent. Offered alternate years, not offered 2000-2001. W. M. White.

[EAS 681 Geotectonics (enroll in GEOL 681)]
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. J. M. Bird.

[EAS 692 Special Topics in Atmospheric Science (enroll in SCAS 692)]
Fall, spring. 1-6 credits. S-U grades optional.

[EAS 695 Computer Methods in Geological Sciences (enroll in GEOL 695)]
Fall, spring. 3 credits. L. Brown, B. L. Isacks.

[EAS 700-799 Seminars and Special Work (enroll in GEOL 700-799)]
Fall, spring. 1-3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Staff. Advanced work on original investigations in geological sciences. Topics change from term to term. Contact appropriate professor for more information.

[EAS 722 Advanced Topics in Structural Geology (enroll in GEOL 722)]
R. W. Allmendinger.

[EAS 731 Plate Tectonics and Geology (enroll in GEOL 731)]
J. M. Bird.

[EAS 733 Fractals and Chaos—Independent Studies (enroll in GEOL 733)]
D. L. Turcotte.

[EAS 751 Petrology and Geochemistry (enroll in GEOL 751)]
S. Mahlburg Kay, R. W. Kay.

[EAS 753 Advanced Topics in Mineral Physics (enroll in GEOL 753)]
W. A. Bassett.

EAS 755 Advanced Topics in Petrology and Tectonics (enroll in GEOL 755)
J. M. Bird, W. A. Bassett.

EAS 757 Current Research in Petrology (enroll in GEOL 757)
S. Mahlburg Kay, R. W. Kay.

EAS 762 Advanced Topics in Petroleum Exploration (enroll in GEOL 762)
Fall. W. B. Travers.

EAS 771 Advanced Topics in Sedimentology and Stratigraphy (enroll in GEOL 771)
T. E. Jordan.

EAS 773 Paleobiology (enroll in GEOL 773)
J. L. Casner.

EAS 775 Advanced Topics in Oceanography (enroll in GEOL 775)
Spring. C. H. Greene.

EAS 780 Earthquake Record Reading (enroll in GEOL 780)
Fall. M. Barazangi.

EAS 781 Geophysics, Exploration, Seismology (enroll in GEOL 781)
L. D. Brown.

EAS 783 Advanced Topics in Geophysics (enroll in GEOL 783)
B. L. Isacks.

EAS 789 Lithospheric Seismology (enroll in GEOL 789)
L. D. Brown. COCORP Seminar.

EAS 793 Andes-Himalaya Seminar (enroll in GEOL 793)
S. Mahlburg Kay, R. W. Allegmender, B. L. Isacks, T. E. Jordan.

EAS 795 Low Temperature Geochemistry (enroll in GEOL 795)
Offered spring 2001 only. L. A. Derry.

EAS 796 Geochemistry of the Solid Earth (enroll in GEOL 796)
W. M. White.

EAS 797 Fluid-Rock Interactions (enroll in GEOL 797)
L. M. Cathles.

EAS 799 Soil, Water, and Geology Seminar (enroll in GEOL 799)
L. M. Cathles, T. S. Steenhuis.

EAS 850 Master’s-Level Thesis Research in Atmospheric Science (enroll in SCAS 850)
Fall, spring. Credit by arrangement. S-U grades only. Hours by arrangement. Graduate faculty.

EAS 950 Graduate-Level Dissertation Research in Atmospheric Science (enroll in SCAS 950)
Fall, spring. Credit by arrangement. S-U grades optional. Hours by arrangement. Graduate faculty.

EAS 951 Doctoral-Level Dissertation Research in Atmospheric Science (enroll in SCAS 951)
Fall, spring. Credit by arrangement. S-U grades optional. Hours by arrangement. Graduate faculty.
ELE E 198 Introduction to the Electronic Revolution (also ENGRG 198)
Summer only. 3 credits. This course cannot be taken in addition to ENGRG 298. For description, see ENGRG 198.

ELE E 210 Introduction to Circuits for Electrical and Computer Engineers (also ENGRD 210)
Fall, spring. 3 credits. Corequisites: MATH 293 and PHYS 213.
A first course in electrical circuits, establishing the fundamental properties of circuits with application to high-speed computers and modern electronics. Topics include node and mesh analysis applied to CMOS circuit design, transient response and its impact on computer speed, sinusoids, resonance, complex impedance, and operational amplifiers.

ELE E 215 Introductory Integrative Circuits Laboratory
Fall, spring. 1 credit. Pre- or corequisite: ENGRD 210.
Laboratory course to develop skills with modern instrumentation, and to explore the design and operation of electrical circuits used in computers, amplifiers, and signal processing.

ELE E 232 Digital Systems Design Laboratory
Fall, spring. 1 credit. Pre- or corequisite: ENGRD 231.
An introduction to digital systems design using computer-aided design (CAD) tools. Students complete a sequence of eight experiments covering combinational logic, sequential circuits, counters, data transfer and microcontroller design. Hands-on experience is provided by designing, implementing and testing an 8 bit microcontroller using a field programmable gate array (FPGA).

ELE E 291-292 Sophomore Electrical and Computer Engineering Project
Fall, spring. 1-8 credits. Limited to sophomores in Engineering.
Individual study, analysis, and, usually, experimental tests in connection with a special engineering problem chosen by the student under consultation with the faculty member directing the project. An engineering report on the project is required. Students must make individual arrangements with a faculty sponsor prior to registration and submit a Request for Independent Project form to the Electrical Engineering Undergraduate Office.

ELE E 298 Inventing an Information Society (also ENGRG 298 and S&T S 292)
For description, see ENGRG 298.

ELE E 301 Signals and Systems I
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: a grade of at least C+ in ENGRD 210 and C in MATH 293 and 294.
Continuous-time signals and linear time-invariant systems, continuous-time convolution and impulse response, Fourier series and transforms of continuous-time signals, the Sampling Theorem, amplitude modulation and time- and frequency-division multiplexing, bilateral Laplace transforms and applications, discrete-time convolution and z-transforms with applications to discrete-time linear time-invariant systems.

ELE E 302 Signals and Systems II: Discrete-Time Systems and Signal Processing
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: ELE E 301.
Review of discrete-time convolution and bilateral z-transforms with discrete-time linear time-invariant systems applications. Unilateral z-transforms and difference equations. Discrete-time Fourier transforms. Sampling and reconstruction of continuous-time signals. DFTs and FFTs and attendant computational issues. Introduction to digital filter design techniques with special emphasis on: linear-phase FIR filters; FIR filter design using windowing, frequency sampling, and least squares; and IIR filter design using impulse invariance and bilinear transformation.

ELE E 303 Electromagnetic Fields and Waves
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: grades of C or better in PHYS 213, 214, and MATH 294. Maxwell's equations in differential form; wave equation; plane electromagnetic waves; phase and group velocities; Poynting's theorem; complex dielectric constant; wave reflection and transmission; guided waves on transmission lines; transient pulse propagation; elementary dipole antenna; analysis of wireless communication links.

ELE E 306 Fundamentals of Quantum and Solid-State Electronics
Fall, spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: PHYS 214 and MATH 294.
Introductory quantum mechanics and solid-state physics necessary for modern solid-state electronic devices. Topics include the formalism and methods of quantum mechanics, the hydrogen atom, the structure of simple solids, energy-band theory, and the basic physics of semiconductors. Applications include quantum wells and the p-n junction.

ELE E 310 Introduction to Probability and Random Signals
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: MATH 294.
This course may be used in place of ENGRD 270 to help satisfy the engineering distribution requirement. Introduction to the theory of probability as a basis for modeling random phenomena and signals, calculating the response of systems, and making estimates, inferences, and decisions in the presence of chance and uncertainty. Applications will be given in such areas as communications, and device modeling, probability and characteristic functions, nonlinear transformations of data; expectation and correlation; and the central limit theorem.

ELE E 311 Electrical and Computer Engineering Honors Seminar
Spring. 2 credits variable.
Students registered for this course are required to attend all of the colloquia lectures. Summary papers are required. Honors students who take the seminar for letter grade are required to write two summary papers for two credits. Non-honors students, who must take the seminar pass/fail, are required to write one summary paper for one credit. Each summary paper reviews a topic presented during the term.

ELE E 314 Computer Organization (also COM S 314)
Fall, spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: COM S/ENGR 211; COM S 312 or ENGRD 231/ ELE E 232 are recommended, but not required.
For description, see COM S 314.

ELE E 315 Electronic Circuit Design
Fall, spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites ELE E 210 and ELE E 215.
Design of electronic circuits for computers, signal processing, communication, microelectronics, optoelectronics, measurements, and control.

ELE E 328 Dynamic Systems in Communication and Control
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: ELE E 301.
Task-driven introduction to discrete-time system analysis and design, with emphasis on digital communication and control systems. Format is to introduce a particular design task, abstract it to a linear algebra problem, solve it using MATLAB, and study solution in terms of original application. Applications of interest: network and modem echo cancellation for full-duplex transmission, terrestrial microwave radio-channel multipath equalization for wireless communication, satellite-tracking antenna azimuth control, and effect of re- transmit protocols on distribution of steady-state communication network flows.

ELE E 391-392 Junior Electrical and Computer Engineering Project
Fall, spring, 391 1-8 credits. Limited to juniors in Engineering.
Individual study, analysis, and, usually, experimental tests in connection with a special engineering problem chosen by the student after consultation with the faculty member directing the project. An engineering report on the project is required. Students must make individual arrangements with a faculty sponsor prior to registration and submit a Request for Independent Project form to the Electrical Engineering Undergraduate Office.

ELE E 403 Introduction to Nuclear Science and Engineering (also A&EE 403, M&AE 458, and NS&E 403)
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: PHYS 214 and MATH 294.
For description, see NS&E 403.

ELE E 407 Quantum Electronics
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: some previous knowledge of quantum mechanics.
Angular momentum; effective potential; spin states; atom-radiation interaction; oscillator strengths; LCAO; lattice waves; thermal properties of xtal; thermal energy; metals; electron and phonon contributions to specific heat; metallic conductivity; thermal conduction in metals; electron and hole E vs k curves; effective mass; E(k) surface and m* from cyclotron resonance; k- p expansion; plasma dispersion relation; EM waves in a metal, plasmons; polaritons (TO phonons + EM wave); IAST relation; surface and interface plasmons; optical properties of xtal; excitons (Mott-Wanner and Frenkel); polarizability; Landau theory ferroelectric transition; piezoelectricity. Elements of superconductivity: Josephson Junction and the SQUID device. Schottky and Frenkel defects; Schottky barrier,
heterostructures and solid-state lasing; resonant tunnel diode; optical detectors. Conduction in amorphous media.

**ELE E 411 Random Signals in Communications and Signal Processing**
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: ELE E 301 and 310 or equivalent.
Introduction to models for random signals in discrete and continuous time; Markov chains, Poisson processes, power spectral densities, Gaussian random process. Response of linear systems to random signals. Elements of estimation and inference as they arise in communications and digital signal processing systems.

**ELE E 412-413 Hybrid Electric Vehicle**
Spring, Fall. 4 credits.
The Cornell Hybrid Electric Vehicle (CUHEV) project focuses on the design, development, testing, and competition of a Hybrid Electric Vehicle through a team structure. Students work in teams that include powertrain, business, finance, control, algorithm design, etc. There are design reviews, weekly presentations and team leader meetings in addition to any meetings the teams require to complete the project. There is a team selection process so students interested in the projects should contact team leaders or a faculty adviser prior to registering for the course.

**ELE E 415 Global Position System Theory and Design (also M&E 415)**
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: ELE E 301 and ELE E 303 or permission of the instructor.
A laboratory course using the Global Positioning System as a model for examining space-based engineering systems. The course consists of lectures, laboratories, and a design project. The laboratory is based on a GPS engine development system and covers the navigation solution, geodesy, control, navigation of other design and function, and differential GPS.

**ELE E 423 Computer Methods in Digital Signal Processing**
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: ELE E 301 or ELE E 328; basic knowledge of C/C++ helpful. Satisfies undergraduate computer-applications requirement.

**ELE E 425 Digital Signal Processing**
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: ELE E 301, ELE E 302, and ELE E 310.
An advanced course in digital signal processing. Topics include sampling, A/D and D/A conversion, digital signal design and implementation, multirate DSP filtering, spectral conversion and filter bank theory, Wiener filtering, spectral estimation, introduction to two-dimensional sampling, and Fourier techniques.

**ELE E 426 Applications of Signal Processing**
Spring. 3 or 4 credits. Prerequisite: ELE E 425.
Applications of signal processing, including signal analysis, filtering, and signal synthesis. The course is laboratory oriented, emphasizing individual student projects. Design is done with signal-processing hardware and by computer simulation. Topics include filter design, spectral analysis, speech coding, speech processing, digital recording, adaptive noise cancellation, and digital signal synthesis.

**ELE E 430 Lasers and Optical Electronics**
Fall. 4 credits with lab: may be taken for 3 credits without lab. Prerequisite: ELE E 303 or equivalent.
An introduction to the operation and application of lasers. Material covered includes diffraction-limited optics, Gaussian beams, optical resonators, interaction of radiation with matter, physics of laser operation, laser design. Applications of coherent radiation to nonlinear optics, communication, and research will be discussed.

**ELE E 432 MicroElectro Mechanical System (MEMS)**
Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisite: ELE E 315 or permission of instructor.
Introductory course to MEMS: microprocessors, microactuators, and microrobots. Fundamentals of MEMS including materials, microstructures, and the integration of microelectromechanical systems, scaling electronic and mechanical systems to the micrometer/nanometer scale, material issues, and the integration of microelectromechanical structures and actuators with simple electronics. Two-week labs cover the basics of designing, fabricating, and testing microsensors and microactuators.

**ELE E 433 Microwave Integrated Circuits**
Fall. 4 credits; may be taken for 3 credits without laboratory. Prerequisites: ELE E 303 and ELE E 306.
An introduction to the design and testing of high-speed circuits (frequencies above 1 GHz). Topics include: computer-aided design, automated microwave measurement techniques, optical and electronic applications, and GaAs monolithic microwave integrated circuits (MMICs). Two-week labs cover the basics of designing, fabricating, and testing microwave integrated circuits.

**ELE E 438 VLSI Digital System Design**
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: EGRD 231 and ELE E 315.
Covers VLSI digital system design from both the circuit and system viewpoints. Topics include the CMOS transistor, scalable design rules, design styles, circuit implementation of common digital functional modules, physical layout techniques, system design both for high performance and low power, timing and interconnect issues, and overall strategy of digital design methodology and testing.

**ELE E 439 VLSI Digital System Design**
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: ELE E 310 or some familiarity with random variables.
May not be offered 2000–2001. In the last two or three years a surprising number of connections between AI and telecommunications have been identified. Significant discoveries in the area of wireless systems (e.g. a variety of network control algorithms) have been found to be straightforward restatements of old results from the field of Artificial Intelligence. (We may hope that the reverse is the case, as well.) It also is becoming clear that, to provide an acceptable level of performance, the next generation of wireless multimedia systems will need some degree of predictive "cognitive" capacity. This senior/introductory graduate course focuses on the expert system side of AI. It has been designed to provide: an overview of the development and analysis of expert systems with an emphasis on telecommunications engineering applications. The students will develop a background in the theory of expert systems, and then be given an opportunity to apply their knowledge in an area of their choice. Areas of discussion will include: rule-based expert systems, probabilistic systems, network technology, network interconnections, protocol design (OSI and IP), network security, and multimedia. Emphasis will be placed on performance evaluation.

**ELE E 450 Electric Power Systems**
Spring. 3 credits.
The objective is to acquaint the student with modern electric power system operation and control. Aspects of the restructuring of the industry and its implications for planning and operation objectives and methods will be explored. Topics include unit commitment, economic dispatch, optimal power flow, control of generation, system security and reliability, state-estimation, analysis of system dynamics, and system protection.

**ELE E 453 Analog Integrated Circuit Design**
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: ELE E 301 and ELE E 315 or equivalent. ELE E 457 recommended as a corequisite.
Overview of devices available to analog integrated-circuit designers in modern CMOS processes: resistors, capacitors, MOS transistors, and bipolar transistors. Basic building blocks for linear analog integrated circuits: single-stage amplifiers, current mirrors, and differential pairs. Transistor-level design of linear analog integrated circuits, such as operational amplifiers and transconductance amplifiers. Layout techniques for analog integrated circuits. Throughout the course, emphasis will be placed on design-oriented analysis techniques.

**ELE E 457 Silicon Device Fundamentals**
Fall. 4 credits with lab. Prerequisite: ELE E 315 and ELE E 306 or equivalent.
Fundamentals on semiconductor device operation and carrier statistics, band diagrams, and transport. The device physics, modeling, simulation, and measurement on pn-junction diodes, Schottky diodes, photodiodes, MOS capacitor, MOSFET, and bipolar transistors (BJT). An emphasis will be put on the MOSFET physics for advanced VLSI technology. Six labs cover detailed IV and CV measurements and modeling on devices in the wafer level and in standard packages.

**ELE E 462 Artificial Intelligence and Expert Systems**
Spring. 3 credits.
Prerequisite: ELE E 310 or some familiarity with random variables. May not be offered 2000–2001.
Bayesian networks, and the propagation of evidence.

ELE E 467 Telecommunication Systems I
Fall. 4 credits Prerequisites: ELE E 301 and ELE E 302.
An introduction to modulation and demodulation techniques. Topics include: signal representation and filtering, amplitude modulation (AM); frequency modulation (FM); pulse amplitude modulation (PAM); pulse-code modulation (PCM); channel noise effects; and synchronization.

ELE E 468 Telecommunication Systems II
Spring. 4 credits Prerequisite: ELE E 467 or permission of instructor. Suggested prerequisite: ELE E 411.
Fundamentals of digital communications. Topics include: digital source coding, Huffman coding, sampling, quantization, analog source coding; optimum receivers for digital transmission through additive white Gaussian noise (AWGN) channels, matched filters, channel capacity and error control coding; digital transmission through bandlimited AWGN channels, inter-symbol interference (ISI), equalization techniques, phase-locked loops (PLL), trellis-coded modulation (TCM); spread-spectrum communication systems.

ELE E 471 Feedback Control Systems
(Also CHEM E 301 and M&E E 302)
Fall. 4 credits Prerequisites: CHEM E 372, ELE E 301, M&E E 326, or permission of instructor.
For description, see M&E E 478.

ELE E 475 Computer Architecture
Fall. 4 credits Prerequisites: ELE E 314 or COM S 314.
Topics include instruction set principles, advanced pipeline, data and control hazards, multiple cycle instructions, dynamic scheduling, out-of-order execution, speculation branch prediction, instruction-level parallelism, and high-performance memory hierarchies. Students learn the issues and tradeoffs involved in the design of modern microprocessors. Labs involved in the design of a processor and cache subsystem at the RTL level.

ELE E 476 Digital Systems Design Using Microcontrollers
Spring. 4 credits Prerequisite: ELE E 314 or COM S 314 (ELE E 315 strongly recommended).
Design of real-time digital systems using microprocessor-based embedded controllers. Students working in pairs will design, debug, and construct several small systems that illustrate and employ the techniques of digital system design acquired in previous courses. The content focuses on the laboratory work. The lectures are used primarily for the introduction to the design of specific modules to be designed, and instruction in the hardware and high-level design tools to be employed.

ELE E 482 Plasma Processing of Electronic Materials (also M&E E 544)
Spring. 3 credits Prerequisites: PHYS 213 and 214 or their equivalents. Offered on demand.
Fundamental principles that govern partially ionized, chemically reactive plasma discharges and their applications to processing electronic materials. Topics include simple models of low pressure, partially ionized plasmas, collision phenomena, diffusive processes, plasma chemistry, and surface processes. Examples and their applications to electronic materials processing will be discussed in detail.

ELE E 484 Introduction to Controlled Fusion: Principles and Technology
(Also A&EE 484, M&E E 459, and NS&E 484)
Spring. 3 credits Prerequisites: PHYS 112, 213, and 214, or equivalent background in electricity and magnetism and mechanics; and permission of instructor. Intended for seniors and graduate students. Offered on demand.
For description, see NS&E 484.

ELE E 486 Electromagnetic Waves and Communication
Spring. 3 credits Prerequisite: ELE E 303.
This course is recommended for students who wish to obtain a greater understanding of the fundamentals of guided waves, high data rate electronics and communication. Topics to be covered will include: vector and scalar potentials, transmission lines, waveguides, fiber optics, antenna arrays, and propagation in different environments including interference and diffraction.

ELE E 487 Introduction to Antennas and Radar
Fall. 3 credits Prerequisites: ELE E 301 and ELE E 486 (or a grade of B or better in ELE E 303).
Fundamentals of antenna theory, including gain and effective area, near and far fields, phased arrays, aperture antennas and aperture synthesis. Fundamentals of radars, including detection, tracking, Doppler shifts, sampling, range and frequency aliasing. Synthetic aperture radars and remote sensing from aircraft and satellites; over-the-horizon (OTH) radars and ionospheric propagation effects, radar astronomy techniques.

ELE E 488 RF Circuits and Systems
Spring. 3 credits Prerequisites: ELE E 315 or equivalent. 2 design credits. Lab credit: Basic RF circuits and applications. Receivers, transmitters, modulators, filters, detectors, transistors, switches, lines, oscillators, frequency synthesizers, low-noise amplifiers. Applications include communication systems, radio and television broadcasting, radar, radio, and radar astronomy. Computer-aided circuit analysis. Five laboratory sessions.

ELE E 490 Practicum in Systems Engineering
Spring. 3 credits 1 credit of Engineering Design.
Concepts involved with bringing an engineered product to reality. The course employs techniques from Systems Engineering along with a knowledge of computer networks, microprocessor systems, and semiconductor devices, to create a plan for a specific engineered product: a web-based home security, control, and monitoring device. Students will gain a working knowledge of system design concepts including product cycle, design cycle, product specification, UI safety issues, new product testing, RFI, and product test. We also develop the full plan of a business plan through product development and support. A final team product mock-up is required as are weekly team presentations. Teams must contain students from ELE E, M&E E, OR&IE, and COM S. Each 400 student must also present at least one weekly lecture on an assigned topic.

ELE E 491-492 Senior Electrical and Computer Engineering Design Projects
Fall, 491; spring, 492. 1-8 credits. Limited to seniors in Engineering.
Individual study, analysis, and, usually, experimental tests in connection with a senior electrical engineering problem chosen by the student under consultation with the faculty member directing the project. An engineering report on the project is required. Students must make individual arrangements with a faculty sponsor prior to registration for this course and submit a request for an independent project form to the Electrical Engineering undergraduate office.

ELE E 495 Introduction to Point and Space Groups (also MS&E 575)
Fall. 2 credits S-U grades only. R. L. Liboff.
Topics include definition of groups; classes; subgroups, character tables, bases, irreducible representations, great orthogonality theorem, symmetry group, Cayley's theorem. Young diagrams, cosets and invariant subgroups, the factor group, space groups, translation and crystallographic groups, the star of k and the translation of k, and application to solid state and semiconducting materials.

ELE E 498 Global Positioning System Projects
Fall, spring. Variable credits Prerequisite: ELE E 415 or permission of instructor.
Projects using the Global Positioning System or GPS receivers are offered. Projects vary from semester to semester and typically either explore receiver design, hardware issues, or hardware and system performance. Students are welcome to suggest their own projects.

ELE E 495-499 Special Topics in Electrical and Computer Engineering 1-4 credits
Seminar, reading course, or other special arrangement agreed upon by the students and faculty members concerned.

ELE E 512 Applied Systems Engineering I (also CEE 504, COM S 504, M&E E 591, OR&IE 512)
Fall. 3 credits Prerequisite: permission of instructor.
For description, see M&E E 591.

ELE E 513 Applied Systems Engineering II (also CEE 505, COM S 505, M&E E 592, OR&IE 513)
Spring. 3 credits Prerequisite: Applied Systems Engineering I (CEE 504, COM S 504, ELE E 512, M&E E 591, or OR&IE 512).
For description, see M&E E 592.

Project-level design of systems in the area of signal processing and general instrumentation, including digital signal processing hardware, audio, speech, and analog interfacing. Students pursue individual projects and coordinate ideas and resources with other students with related interest.

ELE E 521 Theory of Linear Systems
Fall. 4 credits Prerequisite: ELE E 302 or permission of instructor. Recommended: a good background in linear algebra and linear differential equations.
State-space and multi-input-multi-output linear systems in discrete and continuous time. The state transition matrix, the matrix exponential, and the Cayley-Hamilton theorem. Controllability, observability, stability, realization
theory. At the level of Linear Systems, by T. Kailath.

ELE E 525 Adaptive Filtering in Communications Systems
Spring, 4 credits. Required prerequisite: ELE E 328. Recommended prerequisite: ELE E 406. Fundamentals of theory for adaptive filters intended for digital communication system applications. Wired and wireless communication systems tasks such as channel equalization, echo cancellation, smart antennas, and interference rejection are used to motivate adaptive filter design issues of current interest. Assignments will consist of reports on adaptive digital filter algorithms and their simulated evaluation.

ELE E 526 Signal Representation and Modelling
Spring, 4 credits. Prerequisites: ELE E 425. Sampling and signal reconstruction. Approximation theory. Linear inversion theory. Exponential signal modelling. Multirate filter banks, wavelets, and lifting. Laboratory experiments with speech and image signals.

ELE E 530 Fiber and Integrated Optics
Spring, 4 credits with lab. Prerequisite: ELE E 303 or equivalent. Not offered 2000–2001. Physical principles of optical waveguides, optical sources and detectors, noise, modulators, and sensing. Wave equation solutions to the mode structure in waveguides, mode coupling, dispersion and bandwidth limitations, optical sources based on semiconductor detectors, detectors and noise, modulation techniques, nonlinear effects in optical waveguides, and optical sensors.

ELE E 531 Quantum Electronics I
Fall, 4 credits. Prerequisites: ELE E 306 and 407, or PHYS 443. A detailed treatment of the physical principles underlying lasers, related fields, and applications. Topics include the interaction of radiation and matter, including emission, absorption, scattering, and basic spectroscopic properties of key laser media; theory of the laser, including methods of achieving population inversions, dispersive effects, and laser oscillation spectrum.

ELE E 533 Semiconductor Lasers
Spring, 3 credits. Prerequisites: ELE E 430, ELE E 457, or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. Study of principles and characteristics of semiconductor lasers. Topics cover laser dynamics, noise, quantum confined structures, single-frequency lasers, traveling-wave lasers, surface-emitting lasers, reliability, and emerging research subjects. A term project and paper will be required.

ELE E 535 Semiconductor Physics
Fall, 4 credits. Prerequisites: ELE E 457 and 407, or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. Physics of materials and structures useful in semiconductor electronic and photonic devices, including crystalline structure, energy bands, effective mass, phonons, classical low-field transport, high-field and ballistic charge carrier transport, electron scattering by phonons, optical absorption, reflection, optical emission, deep level traps, surface and interface effects. On the level of Compound Semiconductor Device Physics by S. Tiwari.

ELE E 536 Micro/Nanofabrication Technology
Spring, 4 credits. 3 credits without lab with permission. Prerequisites: ELE E 453, or ELE E 457 or ELE E 439 or equivalent, or permission of instructor. Fabrication of ultra-large scale integrated circuits (ULSI), microelec tromechanics (MEMS), active matrix liquid crystal displays (AMLCD), and optoelectronic integrated circuits (OEIC). Lithography; diffusion, ion implantation, thin film deposition, etching, metallization, and precision assembly. Process integration for CMOS, BICMOS, ECL, MEMS, AMLCDS, and OEICs. Hands-on microfabrication laboratory with full MOS/MEMS process.

ELE E 537 Electronic System Packaging
Fall, 4 credits. 3 credits without project work. Prerequisites: ENGRD 231 and ELE E 315 or ELE E 453 or ELE E 457 or ELE E 439 or equivalent or permission of instructor. Physical integration of circuits, chips, packages, modules, boards, and cabinets into electronic systems. Computer, communication, and wireless systems. Portable, desktop, and cabinet level computers. Handset, base station, and switch level communication systems. Physical and optical signal distribution; power and ground distribution; signal integrity, electromagnetic interference (EMI), and electromagnetic compatibility (EMC); low power and mixed signal circuit/system design; energy management and cooling; assembly and manufacturing; measurements; computer and wireless system case studies.

ELE E 539 Advanced Digital Integrated Circuits
Fall and spring, 5 credits. Required prerequisite: ELE E 439. This course aims to convey a knowledge of advanced concepts on circuit design for digital LSIs and VLSI components in state-of-the-art CMOS technologies. Emphasis is on the circuit design, optimization, and layout of either very high-speed, high-density memory circuits, or power circuits for use in applications such as microprocessors, signal and multimedia processors, memory and periphery. Special attention will be devoted to the most important challenges facing digital circuit designers today and the coming decade, being the impact of scaling, deep submicron effects, interconnect, signal integrity, power distribution and consumption, and timing. This year, special attention will be given to the following topics: high performance design techniques, low power design techniques, and the impact of interconnect. This will be reflected in both the lectures and the desired projects.

ELE E 542 Parallel Processing
Spring, 3 credits. May not be offered 2000–2001. Parallel computer systems that are designed to provide a high computation rate for large specific problems are studied. Topics include computer architecture, interconnection networks, performance characterization, basic algorithms, and parallel programming techniques. Recent multicompeller and massively parallel processors are also discussed.

ELE E 546 Introduction to Color Imaging Science

ELE E 547 Computer Vision
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: ELE E 302 (or COM S 280 and 314) or consent of instructor. Computer acquisition and analysis of image data with emphasis on techniques for robot vision. This course will concentrate on descriptions of objects at three levels of abstraction: segmented images (images organized into subimages that are likely to correspond to interesting objects), geometric structures (quantitative models of image and world structures), and relational structures (complex symbolic descriptions of images and world structures). The programming of several computer-vision algorithms will be required.

ELE E 548 Digital Image Processing
Spring, 3 credits. Prerequisites: ELE E 411, ELE E 425. Familiarity with linear algebra. Not offered 2000–2001. Introduction to image processing through seven major topics: perception, statistical modeling, transforms, enhancement, analysis, compression, and restoration. Special attention is allocated to compression. Equal emphasis will be placed on gaining a mathematical and an intuitive understanding of algorithms through actual image manipulation and viewing.

ELE E 549 Visual Motion Seminar
Spring, 1 credit. May not be offered 2000–2001. This seminar will provide an overview of motion as used in both coding and analysis of digital video, through examination of motion estimation and motion segmentation techniques. Topics include an introduction to digital video, techniques for computing motion, both block-based and pixel-based motion estimation, MPEG motion coding, Haussdorff-based motion estimation, motion-based tracking, and various techniques for motion segmentation. An emphasis will be placed on recent research results.

ELE E 554 Advanced Analog VLSI Circuit Design
Spring, 4 credits. Prerequisite: ELE E 453. Advanced analog integrated circuit and system design. Topics will include integrated continuous-time filter design, translinear circuits and systems, dynamic analog techniques, integrated discrete-time filter design, and Nyquist-rate data converter design.

ELE E 555 Compound Semiconductor Electronics
Spring, 4 credits, with lab. Prerequisite: ELE E 457 or equivalent. Electronic properties of advanced semiconductor structures using compound semiconduc tor materials and heterojunctions. Fundamentals of carrier transport and scattering. Properties of direct bandgap semiconductors and quantum wells. Advanced semiconductor devices including metal-semiconductor transistors (FETs), modulation-doped FETs, and heterojunction bipolar transistors (HBTs). High-frequency operation of compound semiconductor devices. Six-week labs, which include low-temperature carrier transport, optical absorption and emission, and electrical characterization of
compound semiconductor devices.

**ELE E 561 Error-Control Codes**
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: ELE E 301 or ELE E 521 or equivalent. A strong familiarity with linear algebra is assumed. Not offered 2000-2001.

An introduction to the theory of algebraic error-control codes. Topics include: Hamming codes, group codes, the standard array, minimum-distance decoding, cyclic codes, and the dual of a linear block code. Hamming and Singleton bounds for error-correcting codes. The construction and decoding of Bose-(Ray) Chaudhuri-Hocquenghem (BCH) and Reed-Solomon (RS) codes. Computer methods for the study of the structure and algorithms for error-control are used.

**ELE E 562 Fundamental Information Theory**
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: ELE E 310 or equivalent.

Fundamental results of information theory, including source, channel, compression, and transmission of data: Entropy and other information measures. Block and variable-length codes. Channel capacity and rate-distortion functions. Coding theorems and converses for classical and multiterminal configurations. Gaussian sources and channels.

**ELE E 563 Communication Networks**
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: ELE E 411 or permission of instructor.


**ELE E 565 Statistical Signal Processing**
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: ELE E 411.

This course introduces basic theory and techniques for parameter estimation and statistical signal processing. For estimating deterministic parameters, we consider minimum variance unbiased estimation, Cramer-Rao lower bound, linear models, best linear unbiased estimators, maximum likelihood (ML) estimation, least squares methods, recursive estimation, and methods of moments. For estimating random parameters, we discuss minimum mean square error (MMSE) estimation, and maximum a posteriori (MAP) estimation, Wold decomposition and spectral factorization, Wiener and Kalman filters. Finally, as applications of basic estimation theory, we examine channel and signal estimation techniques for digital communications. Applications in array signal processing and frequency estimation are discussed throughout the course.

**ELE E 566 Wireless Networks**
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: ELE E 445 and ELE E 411.

An introductory course in mobile and wireless networks. The course is targeted mainly at the graduate level, but is open to undergraduates as well. The course covers fundamental techniques and protocols in the design and operation of the first, second, and third generation of wireless networks. Examples of related topics include cellular systems, mobile access control, control of a mobile session and a mobile call, signaling in mobile networks, mobility management techniques, common air interfaces (AMPS, IS-136, IS-95, GSM), wireless data (GDPD, Mobitex), satellite communication, ad hoc networks (Bluetooth), Internet Mobility, Personal Communication Services (PCS), etc.

**ELE E 567 Topics in Digital Communications**
Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisites: ELE E 562.

Fundamental topics in modern digital communications, with applications to space physics, plasma technology, and controlled fusion.

**ELE E 568 Mobile Communication Systems**
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: ELE E 411 and ELE E 467; corequisite: ELE E 468.

Theory and analysis of mobile communication systems, with emphasis on understanding the unique characteristics of these systems. Topics include: cellular planning, mobile radio propagation and path loss, characterization of multipath and fading channels, modulation and equalization techniques for mobile radio systems, source coding techniques, multiple access alternatives, CDMA system design, and capacity calculations.

**ELE E 571 Asynchronous VLSI Design**
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: ELE E 314 or COM S 314.

An introductory course in asynchronous design. The course is targeted at the graduate and advanced undergraduate level. The course will be about the design of clockless digital circuits whose correct operation is relatively independent of delays in gates and wires. Emphasis will be placed on the synthesis of circuits by program transformations. Topics include concurrency, compile-time optimizations, delay-insensitive design techniques, synthesis of circuits from programs, timing analysis and performance optimization, pipelining, and case studies of complex asynchronous systems.

**ELE E 572 Parallel Computer Architecture**
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: ELE E 475.

Principles and tradeoffs in the design of parallel architectures. Emphasis on latency, bandwidth, and synchronization in parallel machines. Case studies illustrate the history and techniques of shared-memory, message-passing, dataflow, and data-parallel machines. Additional topics include memory consistency models, cache coherence protocols, and interconnection network topologies. Architectural studies presented through lecture and some research papers.

**ELE E 577 Feedforward Neural Networks**
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: ELE E 310.

Feedforward neural networks (multi-layer perceptrons) are computing systems formed out of many highly interconnected nonlinear memoryless elements that are arranged in a parallel architecture that is loosely modeled on that of the brain. Our focus is on their roles as pattern classifiers, signal processors, estimators, and forecasters and on their role in communication, control, and scientific networks through mathematical analyses and extensive simulation studies using MATLAB.

**ELE E 581 Introduction to Plasma Physics (also A&EP 606)**
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: ELE E 303 or equivalent. First-year graduate-level course; open to exceptional seniors.

Plasma state: motivation, applications in fields; drift-orbit theory; coulomb scattering, collisions; ambipolar diffusion; elementary transport theory; two-fluid and hydromagnetic equations, plasma oscillations and waves, CMA diagram; hydromagnetic stability; elementary applications to space physics, plasma technology, and controlled fusion.

**ELE E 582 Advanced Plasma Physics (also A&EP 607)**
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: ELE E 581 or A&EP 606. Offered on demand.

Boltzmann and Vlasov Equations; dielectric tensor; wave in a magnetized plasma; Landau and cyclotron damping; microinstabilities; drift waves, low-frequency stability; test particles, Cerenkov emission; fluctuations; collisional effects; applications.

**ELE E 583 Electrodynamics**
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: ELE E 301 and ELE E 304 or equivalent. 3 lecs. May not be offered 2000-2001.

Maxwell's equations, electromagnetic potentials, integral representations of the electromagnetic field, Green's functions. Special theory of relativity, Liénard-Wiechert potentials, radiation from accelerated charges, Cerenkov radiation. Electrodynamics of dispersive dielectric and magnetic media. At the level of Classical Electrodynamics, by Jackson.

**ELE E 584 Microwave Theory**
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: ELE E 301 and 304 or equivalent. 5 lecs. 1 rec. May not be offered 2000-2001.


**ELE E 585 Ionospheric and Magnetospheric Physics**
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: Physics through 214 or equivalent, introductory chemistry, ELE E 301 or equivalent. Not offered 2000-2001.

The structure and dynamics of the ionosphere and magnetosphere; charged particle production, loss and transport, coupling to the neutral atmosphere; ionospheric instabilities, high-latitude currents and plasma convection; solar wind and magnetic storms; particle acceleration processes; waves in the ionosphere and magnetosphere.

**ELE E 587 Energy Seminar (also NS&AE 545 and M&AE 545)**
Fall. 1 credit. Offered on credit only for credit both semesters. For description, see NS&AE 545.

**ELE E 588 Advanced Radio Wave Propagation and Scattering**
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: ELE E 487 or permission of instructor. Not offered every year; not offered 2000-2001.

Propagation in a turbulent plasma (the ionosphere) with a magnetic field, WKB theory (for a slowly varying medium), and full wave theory (near the level of reflection). Theory of scattering from random media, particularly "incoherent"
ELE E 591 Advanced Device Physics and Device Integration
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: ELE E 457 and ELE E 535, or permission of instructor. An integrated study of properties of micro- and nanoscale electronic and optical devices with emphasis on implementation in circuits. Topics include fundamental properties, scaling and limits, effect of design on digital or analog circuit operation, effect of variations, nanoscale quantum and size effects, and unification of the needs of circuits (integration, low power, high speed, high frequency, etc.) with device behavior. Devices include transistors and memories in silicon and silicon-on-insulator, and small optical structures.

ELE E 593 Bioelectric Signal Analysis and Processing
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: some knowledge of basic analog circuit design, and a simple, working knowledge of MATLAB. Measurement and computer-aided analysis of low-level biological signals in the presence of background noise. A/D conversion, filtering, signal conditioning, and data compression techniques will be investigated. The human surface ECG forms the signal source in much of the course, and so basic electrocardiography will be covered. Pattern classification and nonlinear dynamical system analysis will be introduced. Four major team design and analysis projects are required in lieu of examinations.

ELE E 594 Nonlinear Computation and Applications in Circuits, Signals, and Systems
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: MATH 293 and MATH 294. This project-oriented course will familiarize students with the many applications of nonlinear analysis in today's engineering design world. The course will stress concepts in relation to contemporary design problems. Applications to information technologies, neural networks, digital communication systems that use chaos techniques, stability of nonlinear systems, and human ECG arrhythmia analysis and prediction will demonstrate the range of engineering analysis and design situations to which these techniques apply.

ELE E 595-599 Advanced Topics in Electrical and Computer Engineering
Seminars, reading course, or other special arrangement agreed on by the students and faculty members concerned.

ELE E 597 Wireless Information Seminar
Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisites/corequisites: ELE E 411, ELE E 445, and ELE E 566. The purpose of the seminar is to expose the students to new directions in the area of wireless networks. The seminar is a mixture of presentations given by students and other invited speakers. Each student will be required to read a topic, deliver a talk, and subsequently deliver a talk. The topics will be arranged with the instructor.

ELE E 598 RF Integrated Circuit Design
Fall, spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: ELE E 488, ELE E 453, and ELE E 438 or ELE E 539 are required. The course aims to convey practical knowledge of advanced concepts related to the design radio-frequency (RF) integrated circuits in modern silicon and silicon germanium (SiGe) technologies. Emphasis is on the circuit architecture, design, trade-offs, optimization, and layout of RF integrated circuits for use in wireless applications. Special attention will be devoted to the most important challenges facing RF circuit designers today, such as the impact of scaling, deep submicron effects, noise, and power distribution and consumption. Low noise amplifier, power amplifier, and high performance mixer design is also emphasized. The basic components in a transmitter or receiver circuit will be covered as well as how to design and assemble them to form an RF integrated circuit.

ELE E 599 Wiener and Kalman Filtering

ELE E 602 Graduate Seminar in Telecommunications and Information Processing
Spring. 2 credits. Can count as one M.Eng. course for Electrical Engineering. This seminar will discuss material at the level of current engineering publications. Faculty sponsors will prepare a listing of appropriate subject areas and suggest certain papers for discussion. Student will be required to lead discussions on one or two topics as required and will be graded on individual presentations, discussion participation, as well as written reports and talk summaries. Topics vary each term.

ELE E 604 Graduate Seminar in RF, Antenna, and Space Science Systems
Spring. 2 credits. Can count as one M.Eng. course for Electrical Engineering. This seminar will discuss material at the level of current engineering publications. Faculty sponsors will prepare a listing of appropriate subject areas and suggest certain papers for discussion. Students will be required to lead discussions on one or two topics as required and will be graded on individual presentations, discussion participation, as well as written reports and talk summaries. Topics vary each term.

ELE E 606 Graduate Seminar in Semiconductor and Microelectromechanical Systems
Spring. 2 credits. Can count as one M.Eng. course for Electrical Engineering. This seminar will discuss material at the level of current engineering publications. Faculty sponsors will prepare a listing of appropriate subject areas and suggest certain papers for discussion. Students will be required to lead discussions on one or two topics as required and will be graded on individual presentations, discussion participation, as well as written reports and talk summaries. Topics vary each term.

ELE E 608 Graduate Seminar in Computer and Digital Systems
Spring. 2 credits. Can count as one M.Eng. course for Electrical Engineering. This seminar will discuss material at the level of current engineering publications. Faculty sponsors will prepare a listing of appropriate subject areas and suggest certain papers for discussion. Students will be required to lead discussions on one or two topics as required and will be graded on individual presentations, discussion participation, as well as written reports and talk summaries. Topics vary each term.

ELE E 610 Graduate Seminar in Medical Electronics and Analysis Systems
Spring. 2 credits. Can count as one M.Eng. course for Electrical Engineering. This seminar will discuss material at the level of current engineering publications. Faculty sponsors will prepare a listing of appropriate subject areas and suggest certain papers for discussion. Students will be required to lead discussions on one or two topics as required and will be graded on individual presentations, discussion participation, as well as written reports and talk summaries. Topics vary each term.

ELE E 691-692 Electrical and Computer Engineering Colloquium
Fall, 691; spring, 692. 1 credit each term. For students enrolled in the graduate field of Electrical Engineering. Lectures by staff, graduate students, and visiting authorities. A weekly meeting for the presentation and discussion of important current topics in the field. Reports required.

ELE E 693-694 Master of Engineering Design
Fall, 693; spring, 694. 1-8 credits. For students enrolled in the M.Eng. (Electrical) degree program. Uses real engineering situations to present fundamentals of engineering design. Each professor is assigned a section number. To register, see roster for appropriate six-digit course ID numbers.

ELE E 695-699 Graduate Topics in Electrical and Computer Engineering
1-4 credits. Seminar, reading course, or other special arrangement agreed on by the students and faculty members concerned. See M.Eng. office for course registration procedure.

ELE E 791-792 Thesis Research
Fall, 791; spring, 792. 1-15 credits. For students enrolled in the master's or doctoral program.

MATERIALS SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING 231

MS&E 111 Electronic Materials for the Information Age (also ENGR 111)
Fall. 3 credits. G. Mallaras. This is a course in the Introduction to Engineering series. For description, see ENGR 111.

MS&E 118 Design Integration: A Portable CD Player (also ENGR 118 and T&AM 118)
Spring. 3 credits. W. Sachse. This is a course in the Introduction to Engineering series. For description, see ENGR 118.
232

ENGINEERING - 2000-2001

MS&E 119 Biomedical Materials for the Skeletal Systems (also ENGRI 119)
Fall. 3 credits. D. T. Grubb.
This is a course in the Introduction to Engineering series. For description, see ENGRI 119.

MS&E 124 Designing Materials for the Computer
Spring. 3 credits. 3 lectures. C. K. Ober.
This is a course in the Introduction to Engineering series. For description, see ENGRI 124.

MS&E 204 Materials Chemistry
Spring. 3 credits. U. B. Wiesner.
This course is designed to give a molecular understanding of materials properties with emphasis on general concepts. In the first part, fundamental concepts of quantum chemistry, group theory, and organic chemistry are outlined reflecting the interdisciplinary nature of materials science. In the second part, examples demonstrate how these concepts are used in current materials research involving nanobiotechnology, organic optoelectronics, self-assembling materials, or nano-ceramics.

MS&E 206 Atomic and Molecnlar Structure of Matter
Spring. 3 credits. S. L. Sass.

MS&E 261 Introduction to Mechanical Properties of Materials (also ENGRD 261)
Fall. 3 credits. S. P. Baker.
For description, see ENGRD 261.

MS&E 265 Biological Materials and Their Synthetic Replacements
From contact lenses and false teeth to artificial implants and hip joints, a tremendous range of synthetic materials are used in contact with the body to replace or supplement natural biological materials. The course will consider a number of biological systems and describe the properties and structure of the natural materials. Requirements for candidate replacement materials will be discussed, with historical and current solutions. These involve material properties such as strength and corrosion resistance as well as toxicity and biocompatibility. Design constraints, including methods of production, economics, regulatory approval, and legal liabilities will also be considered.

MS&E 281 The Substance of Civilization—Materials Through the Ages
Spring. 3 credits. 2 lectures, 1 lab. S. L. Sass.
Materials have enabled revolutionary advances in how we live, work, fight, travel, and play; hence the meaning of era after era—Stone, Bronze, and Iron Ages. This course explores the role of materials in the development of the modern industrial Western civilization by putting technology into a historical context and examining the advances made possible by innovations with materials, starting with the Stone Age. Interconnections between crucial innovations and historical events are identified and explored. Lectures, demonstrations, and hands-on laboratory experiments will elucidate the origin of the unique properties of materials such as polymers, ceramics, metals, and glass. This course is designed to fulfill the science requirement in the College of Arts and Sciences.

MS&E 291-292 Research Involvement I and II
291, fall, 292, spring. 3 credits each term.
Prerequisite: approval of department. Staff. Supervised independent research project in association with faculty members and faculty research groups of the department. Students design experiments, set up the necessary equipment, and evaluate the results. Creativity and synthesis are emphasized. Each semester may be taken as a continuation of a previous project or as a one-term affiliation with a research group.

MS&E 302 Mechanical Properties of Materials, Processing, and Design (also MS&E 582)
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: MS&E 206. Corequisite: MS&E 304, or permission of instructor. A. L. Ruoff.
Stress, strain, and the basics of concepts in deformation and fracture for metals, polymers, and ceramics. Analysis of important mechanical properties such as plastic flow, creep, fatigue, fracture toughness, and rupture. Application of these principles to the design of improved materials and engineering structures.

MS&E 303 Thermodynamics of Condensed Systems (also MS&E 391, 392)
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: PHYS 214 and MATH 294. M. O. Thompson.
The three laws of thermodynamics are introduced as the fundamental basis for thermal and chemical equilibrium. Statistical mechanics extensions are developed for calculations of entropy and specific heat capacities. These principles are applied to understanding phase equilibria and phase diagrams, heterogenous reactions, solutions, electrochemical processes, surfaces, and defects.

MS&E 304 Kinetics, Diffusion, and Phase Transformations (also MS&E 584)
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: MS&E 303 or permission of instructor. R. Dieckmann.
Introduction to the concentration, atomic motion, and diffusion. Applications and design involving nucleation and growth of new phases in vapors, liquids, and solids, solidification, crystal growth, corrosion, recrystallization, gas-metal reactions, and thermomechanical processing to produce desired microstructures and properties. One-third of the course involves examples of design and control of processes.

MS&E 305 Electronic Structure of Matter (also MS&E 585)
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: MS&E 206 or permission of instructor. J. M. Blakely.
This course covers quantum theory and electronic structure as it applies to electron conduction. Basic principles of wave mechanics. Electrons in crystals. Electronic structure of metals, semiconductors, and insulators. Conductivity of solids: electronic and ionic contributions; effects of an electric field on electrons in periodic potentials; sources of electron scattering, atomic vibrations, and defects.

MS&E 306 Electronic, Optical, and Magnetic Properties of Materials (also MS&E 596)
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: MS&E 305 or permission of instructor. Y. Suzuki.
This course covers electronic, optical, and magnetic phenomena that are found in crystalline solid materials. Conduction in metals, semiconductors, and insulators. Design of semiconductor properties by doping. Properties of semiconductor devices (p-n junctions and transistors). Absorption, emission, luminescence. Principles and design of magnetic and superconducting materials for relevant applications. Dielectric properties. Ionic conductivity.

MS&E 307 Materials Design Concept I
Fall. 1 credit. C. K. Ober.
For description, see MS&E 407.

MS&E 391-392 Research Involvement I and II
391, fall, 392, spring. 3 credits each term.
Prerequisite: approval of department. Staff. For description, see MS&E 291. May be continuation or a 1-credit affiliation with a research group.

MS&E 403-404 Senior Materials Laboratory I and II
403, fall; 404 spring. 3 credits each term. D. T. Grubb.
Practical laboratory covering the analysis and characterization of materials and processing. Emphasis on design of experiments for evaluation of materials’ properties and performance as related to processing history and microstructure. Projects available in areas such as plasticity, mechanical and chemical processing, phase transformations, electrical properties, magnetic properties, and electron microscopy.

MS&E 405-406 Senior Thesis I and II
405, fall; 406 spring. 4 credits each term. D. T. Grubb.
Open to advanced undergraduates in lieu of the senior materials laboratory. Proposals for thesis topics should be approved by the supervising faculty member prior to beginning the senior year. Approved thesis topics will normally involve original experimental research in direct collaboration with an ongoing research program. Periodic oral and written presentations and a final written thesis are required. Both semesters must be taken to complete the laboratory requirement. This course is required for graduation with honors.

MS&E 407 Materials Design Concepts II
Fall. 2 credits. C. K. Ober.
Develops design in the field of materials science using Dieter’s Engineering Design, Ashby’s Materials Selection in Engineering Design, and other sources. Innovation, patent searching, and ASTM standards. Speakers from industry and other institutions lecture on case studies of design problems. Students give short oral presentations and written reports. Study includes prior art literature, materials selection, and some modeling, as well as discussion of broader economic, regulatory, environmental, and liability concerns that may arise. In 407, students are required to develop a design-study project.

MS&E 491-492 Research Involvement IVa and IVb
491 fall, 492, spring. 3 credits each term.
Prerequisite: approval of department. Staff. For description, see MS&E 291. May be continuation or a one-term affiliation with a research group.
MS&E 495 Undergraduate Teaching Involvement
Fall, spring. Variable credit. Staff. This course will give credit to students who help in the laboratory portions of ENGR 111, 119 or 124, ENGRD 261 or MS&E 281. The number of credits earned will be determined by the teaching load and will typically be 1–3 credits.

MS&E 512 Mechanical Properties of Thin Films

MS&E 521 Properties of Solid Polymers

MS&E 522 Physics of Soft Materials
Fall. 3 credits. Offered alternate years. U. B. Wiesner. The course will cover general aspects of the structure, order, and dynamics of soft materials. Typical representatives of this class of materials are polymers and liquid crystals and many examples will deal with these materials. After describing structural aspects of different materials, a general formalism for the description of order in terms of orientation distribution functions will be introduced. Examples will be given for the measurement of order parameters for partially ordered materials derived from grand canonical Monte Carlo simulation and other theoretical approaches. Finally, the dynamics of soft materials is discussed. Besides transport and flow, behavior aspects of the local dynamics of soft materials are presented. Using examples of modern multidimensional spectroscopic techniques, the issue of heterogeneous dynamics at the glass transition of amorphous liquids is presented.

MS&E 524 Materials Chemistry of Synthetic Polymeric Materials
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: MS&E 521 or permission of instructor. Offered alternate years; not offered 2000–2001. C. K. Ober. Preparation of synthetic polymers by step- and chain-growth polymerization: condensation, free radical, anionic, and cationic mechanisms; ring opening and coordination routes. Statistical and tactic aspects of homopolymer and copolymer formation. Stereochemistry of polymers and spectroscopic methods for polymer analysis. Molecular aspects of polymer design and properties such as conductivity, elasticity, thermal stability, and engineering properties. Special topics will include liquid crystalline polymers, photore sist s, and supramolecular chemistry. At the level of Principles of Polymerization, by Odian.

MS&E 525 Organic Optoelectronics
Fall. 3 credits. Offered alternate years; not offered 2000–2001. G. G. Malliaris. Overview of relevant materials from small aromatic molecules to conjugated polymers. Focuses on optoelectronic properties including photophysics (absorption, emission, photosaturation, recombination), large charge transport (doping, hopping, disorder, charge injection), and elements of nonlinear optics. Optoelectronic applications (such as electrophotography, light emitting diodes, lasers, photovoltaic cells, thin film transistors) will also be discussed.

MS&E 531 Introduction to Ceramics
Fall. 3 credits. Offered alternate years; not offered 2000–2001. Ceramic processes and products, crystal structures, structure of glasses, point defects (point-defect chemistry and relation to non-stoichiometry), line defects, grain boundaries, diffusion in ionic materials (emphasis on the relationships between diffusion and point-defect structure), phase diagrams, phase transformations, kinetics of solid-state reactions (red and between solids: heterogeneous reactions, reactions between different solids, point-defect relaxation, internal reactions), grain growth and sintering. Physico-chemical aspects are emphasized.

MS&E 532 Glass, Ceramic, and Glass-Ceramic Materials: Critical Components in Technologies
Spring. 3 credits. Offered alternate years; not offered 2000–2001. Conventional and unconventional techniques for processing glass, glass-ceramic, and ceramic materials. Case studies illustrate the design, engineering, and scientific aspects of such processes. Vapor processes for high-purity optical fibers, hot-processing of ceramic turbine blades, photosensitive materials, and powder processing and sintering of ceramics will be discussed. Course taught with industrial participation.

MS&E 541 Microprocessing of Materials
Fall. 3 credits. Offered alternate years; not offered 2000–2001. D. G. Ast. Materials and processing steps involved in the production of integrated circuits and other microdevices. Science, engineering, and design of processes to produce a specific device, such as a DRAM or CMOS inverter. Emphasis is on silicon, with extensions to compound semiconductors. All fabrication steps are considered, from single crystal growth and wafer production, to characterization, testing, and yield calculations. Major topics are thermal oxidation of silicon, chemical vapor deposition of thin films, diffusion, ion implantation, resist, and the principles of lithography (foreground UV, electron, X-rays, and wet/dry etching).

MS&E 542 Materials Design in Electronic Packaging
Spring. 3 credits. Staff. Design, materials, and manufacturing needs for packaging technology from chip to board. Principles involved in key areas of materials science and other engineering disciplines. Packaging materials to be discussed include metals, ceramics, and polymers.

MS&E 543 Thin-Film Materials Science
Fall. 3 credits. Offered alternate years. D. G. Ast. This course is a fundamental approach to thin-film science that will cover deposition methods, growth of epitaxial layers, formation of multilayered structures such as superlattices and quantum wells, and interdiffusion and reaction in thin films. The course will begin with the structure and thermodynamics of surfaces and ultrathin films. The conditions for epitaxial growth, such as used in semiconductor heterostructures, will be contrasted with those for amorphous or polycrystalline films. The role of thermal processing for reactive thin films involving the formation of surface oxides, metallic silicides, and aluminides will be presented.

MS&E 544 Plasma Processing of Electronic Materials (also ELE E 482)
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: PHYS 213 and 214 or their equivalents. Offered on demand. For description, see ELE E 482.

MS&E 545 Magnetic Materials
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: PHYS 213 and 214, or equivalent. Offered alternate years. Y. Suzuki. This course covers the fundamentals of magnetic phenomena and specific magnetic materials and their use in modern applications. Magnetization phenomena, the origin of magnetism in a material, magnetic domains, and magnetic anisotropy will be included in the fundamentals. Specific magnetic materials and their applications include: ferromagnetism in thin films and fine particles, amorphous magnetic materials; magnetic recording, magnetic circuits.

MS&E 555 Introduction to Composite Materials (also CEE 475, M&AE 455, and T&AM 485)
Spring. 4 credits. For description, see T&AM 455.

MS&E 563 Nanobiotechnology (also A&EP 663 and BIO Q 663)
Spring. 3 credits.
For description, see A&EP 663.

MS&E 571 Physics of Modern Materials Analysis
Spring. 3 credits. D. T. Grubb. Survey of modern analytical techniques used to determine composition and structure of near-surface and bulk materials. Interaction of ions, electrons, and photons with solids; characteristics of the emergent radiation. Techniques covered include: Auger electron spectroscopy, nuclear activation, secondary ion mass spectroscopy, UV and X-ray photoelectron spectroscopies, and X-ray techniques. Selection and design of experiments.

MS&E 575 Introduction to Point and Space Groups (also ELE E 495)
Fall. 2 credits. S-U grades only. R. L. Liboff. For description, see ELE E 495.

Graduate Professional Courses

MS&E 501-502 Special Project
501, fall; 502, spring. 6 credits each term. Master of Engineering research project.

MS&E 582 Mechanical Properties of Materials, Processing, and Design (also MS&E 302)
Spring. 3 credits. Corequisite: MS&E 584, or permission of instructor. A. L. Ruoff. For description, see MS&E 502.
MS&E 583 Thermodynamics of Continuous Systems (also MS&E 303)
Fall. 4 credits. M. O. Thompson.
For description, see MS&E 303.

MS&E 584 Kinetics, Diffusion, and Phase Transformations (also MS&E 304)
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: MS&E 583 or permission of instructor. R. Dieckmann.
For description, see MS&E 304.

MS&E 585 Electronic Structure of Matter (also MS&E 303)
Fall. 3 credits. J. M. Blakely.
For description, see MS&E 305.

MS&E 586 Electronic, Optical, and Magnetic Properties of Materials (also MS&E 306)
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: MS&E 585 or permission of instructor. Y. Suzuki.
For description, see MS&E 306.

Graduate Core Courses

MS&E 601 Thermodynamics of Materials
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: course in thermodynamics at level of MS&E 303. M. O. Thompson.
Basic statistical thermodynamics, partition functions and thermodynamic state functions, distributions, laws of thermodynamics, free-energy functions and conditions of equilibrium, chemical reactions, statistics of electrons in crystals, heat capacity, heterogeneous systems and phase transitions, and lattice models of 1-, 2-, and 3-dimensional interacting systems. Statistical thermodynamics of alloys, free-energy and phase diagrams, order-disorder phenomena, point defects in crystals, and statistical thermodynamics of interfaces.

MS&E 602 Elasticity, Plastic Flow, and Fractures
Spring. 3 credits. Offered alternate years. S. P. Baker.
Micromechanical modeling of mechanical behavior. A materials-science approach to modeling combines concepts from continuum mechanics, thermodynamics, kinetics, and atomic structure. Topics include: elastic properties of crystals, deformation mechanisms from ambient temperature to very high temperature over a wide range of strain rates, fracture in brittle materials, fracture in ductile materials, fracture at elevated temperatures, crack tip phenomena, and composite materials.

MS&E 603 Analytical Techniques for Materials Science (also MS&E 571)
Spring. 3 credits. D. T. Grubb.
For description, see MS&E 571.

MS&E 604 Kinetics of Reactions in Condensed Matter
Fall. 3 credits. A. L. Ruoff.
Phenomenology and microscopic aspects of diffusion in fluids, both simple and polymeric, and in metallic and ionic solids. Phase stability and transformations, nucleation and growth, spinodal decomposition and dissipative transformations. Phase coarsening processes, recrystallization, and grain growth. Diffusion-controlled growth, interfacial reactions, moving boundary problems. Grain-boundary migration and interface kinetics. At the level of Diffusion in the Condensed State, by Kirkaldy and Young.

Related Course in Another Department

Introductory Solid-State Physics (PHYS 454)

Further Graduate Courses

MS&E 621 Advanced Inorganic Chemistry for Solid-State Chemistry (also CHEM 607)
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: CHEM 605 or permission of instructor. F. DiSalvo.
For description, see CHEM 607.

MS&E 622 Synthetic Polymer Chemistry (also CHEM 675 and CHEM 671)
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: CHEM 358-360 or equivalent or permission of instructor.
For description, see CHEM 671.

MS&E 631 Solid-State Reactions
Fall. 3 credits. Offered alternate years; not offered 2000–2001. R. Dieckmann.
Point defects (thermal disorder, component-activity-dependent disorder, influence of dopants, different kinds of associates, Coulomb interaction between point defects), dislocations, grain boundaries transport in solids (definition and different types of diffusion coefficients, reference frames, mechanisms of electrical conduction, elementary diffusion mechanisms, atomic theory of transport, correlation effects, phenomenological theory of transport including some aspects of thermodynamics of irreversible processes, Fick's laws), point defect relaxation (migration controlled, phase-boundary reaction controlled), interdiffusion, solid-state reactions involving compound formation (oxidation of metals, reactions between solids), defect migration of materials in potential gradients, and selected solid-state processes (internal reactions, etc.).

MS&E 632 Solid State Electrochemistry
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: MS&E 631 or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001.
Disorder in solids, thermodynamic quantities of quasi-free and electron defects in semiconductors; mobility, diffusion, and partial conductivity of ions and electrons; solid ionic conductors, solid electrolytes, and solid solution electrodes; galvanic cells with solid electrolytes for thermodynamic investigations, technical applications of solid electrolytes. At the level of Electrochemistry of Solids by H. Ricket.

MS&E 655 Composite Materials (also M&AE 655 and T&AM 655)
Spring. 4 credits.
For description, see T&AM 655.

MS&E 671 Principles of Diffraction (also A&EP 711)
Spring. 3 credits. Letter grades only. J. D. Brock.
For description, see A&EP 711.

MS&E 672 Transmission Electron Microscopy
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: MS&E 206 or equivalent. Offered alternate years; not offered 2000–2001.
This course covers the theory and practice of obtaining and interpreting TEM data from crystalline materials. Topics include microscope optics and conventional and high resolution image formation. Special emphasis is placed on electron diffraction (formation and analysis of spot patterns, Kikuchi patterns, and convergent beam patterns), and obtaining useful images of crystal defects. Practical requirements for high-resolution imaging of crystal lattices and interfaces are also covered. Associated theoretical topics include kinematical and dynamical diffraction theories, the contrast transfer function theory of phase contrast, and image modeling and image analysis for quantitative interpretation of data. Current text is Transmission Electron Microscopy by D. B. Williams and C. B. Carter.

MS&E 681 Surfaces and Interfaces in Materials
Spring. 3 credits. Offered alternate years. J. M. Blakely.
This course deals with special topics in the field of surface and interface science. Some knowledge of basic statistical thermodynamics, crystallography, elementary quantum mechanics, and theory of rate processes will be assumed. The following are the main topics: statistical thermodynamics of interfaces, morphological stability, atomic structure, energetics and structure determination, electronic structure of interfaces, charge and potential distributions, surface steps, adsorption and segregation, atomic transport and growth processes at surfaces, oxidation, and other surface reactions.

Specialty Courses

MS&E 800 Research in Materials Science
Fall, spring. Credit to be arranged. Staff.
Independent research in materials science under the guidance of a member of the staff.

MS&E 801 Materials Science and Engineering Colloquium
Fall and spring. 1 credit each term. Credit limited to graduate students. Staff.
Lectures by visiting scientists, Cornell staff members, and graduate students on subjects of interest in materials sciences, especially in connection with new research.

MS&E 802 Materials Science Research Seminars
Fall, spring. 2 credits each term. For graduate students involved in research projects. Staff.
Short presentations on research in progress by students and staff.

MECHANICAL AND AEROSPACE ENGINEERING

General and Required Courses

M&AE 101 Naval Ship Systems
For description, see NAV S 202.

M&AE 102 Drawing and Engineering Design (also ENGRG 102)
Fall, spring. 1 credit. Half-term course offered twice each semester. Enrollment limited to 32 students each half term. Recommended for students without previous mechanical drawing experience. Letter grades required for students majoring in M&AE, S-U grades optional for all others. For description, see ENGRG 102.

M&AE 117 Introduction to Mechanical Engineering (also ENGR 117)
Fall or spring, to be determined. 3 credits. 2 lectures and 1 lab per week.
MECHANICAL AND AEROSPACE ENGINEERING

M&AE 127 Introduction to Entrepreneurship and Enterprise Engineering (also ENGR 127)
Spring. 3 credits.
This is a course in the Introduction to Engineering series which provides a solid introduction to the entrepreneurial process to students in engineering. For description, see ENGR 127.

M&AE 212 Mechanical Properties and Processing of Engineering Materials
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: ENGRD 202. Introduction to the broad range of mechanical behavior of materials and their processing: atomic bonding and crystalline structures, point and line defects, plastic deformation of crystals and polycrystals; hardening behavior and basic elements of plasticity: equilibrium, microstructural development and time-dependent phases, deformations; bulk deformation processes; the ideal work and slab analysis methods; failure of materials; materials selection.

M&AE 221 Thermodynamics (also ENGRD 221)
Fall, spring, may be offered summer. 3 credits. Prerequisites: MATH 192 and PHYS 112.
For description, see ENGRD 221.

M&AE 225 Mechanical Synthesis
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: ENGRD 202. Pre- or corequisites: ENGRD 203 and ENGRD 221. Lab fee.
A hands-on introduction to the mechanical design process. Basic prototyping skills developed using machine tools. Mechanical dissection used to demonstrate successful product design and function. Design projects provide experience from conceptualization through prototype construction and testing.

M&AE 323 Introductory Fluid Mechanics
Fall. Usually offered in Engineering Cooperative Program also. 4 credits. Prerequisites: ENGRD 202 and 203 and coregistration in 221, or permission of instructor.
Physical properties of fluids, hydrostatics, conservation laws using control volume analysis and using differential analysis, Bernoulli's equation, potential flows, simple viscous flows (solved with Navier-Stokes equations), dimensional analysis, pipe flows, boundary layers, introduction to compressible flow.

M&AE 324 Heat Transfer
Spring. May also be offered in Engineering Cooperative Program. 3 credits. Prerequisite: M&AE 323 or permission of instructor.
Topics include conduction of heat in steady and unsteady situations; surfaces with fins and systems with heat sources; forced and natural convection of heat arising from flow around bodies and through ducts; heat exchangers; emission and absorption of radiation, and radiative transfer between surfaces.

M&AE 325 Mechanical Design and Analysis
Fall. Usually offered in Engineering Cooperative Program also. 4 credits. Prerequisites: ENGRD 202, ENGRD 203, M&AE 212, and M&AE 225. Lab fee.
Application of the principles of mechanics and materials to problems of analysis and design of mechanical components and systems.

M&AE 326 System Dynamics
Spring. May be offered in Engineering Cooperative Program. 4 credits. Prerequisite: MATH 294, ENGRD 203. Junior standing required.
Dynamic behavior of mechanical systems: modeling, analysis techniques, and applications; vibrations of single- and multi-degree-of-freedom systems; feedback control systems; Computer simulation and experimental studies of vibration and control systems.

M&AE 427 Fluids/Heat Transfer Laboratory
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: M&AE 323, 324. Fullfills the technical writing requirement.
Laboratory exercises in methods, techniques, and instrumentation used in fluid mechanics and the thermal sciences. Measurements of temperature, heat transfer, viscosity, drag, fluid-flow rate, effects of turbulence; air foil stall, two-phase flows, and engine performance. Biweekly written assignments.

M&AE 428 Seminar on Engineering Design
Fall. 2 credits. Prerequisite: completion of 6 semesters in mechanical engineering or equivalent. Stat 415 or 425 only.
This course is offered to illustrate the design 'process' in action. It consists of seminars by industrial and academic practitioners of design. Case studies are presented in weekly invited lectures from a wide range of disciplines, including thermo-fluid processes, manufacturing, energy, mechanical design, aerospace, and biological sciences. The invited lectures are supplemented by one or more design projects in the semester, such as a competition to design an all-balsa indoor hand or catapult-launched glider for maximum duration.

M&AE 591 Applied Systems Engineering I (also CEE 504, COM S 504, ELE E 512, OR&IE 512)
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor.
Fundamental ideas of systems engineering, and their application to design and development of various types of engineered systems. Defining system requirements, creating effective project teams, mathematical tools for system analysis and control, testing and evaluation, economic considerations, and the system life cycle.

M&AE 592 Applied Systems Engineering II (also CEE 505, COM S 505, ELE E 513, OR&IE 513)
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: Applied Systems Engineering I (CEE 504, COM S 504, ELE E 512, M&AE 591, or OR&IE 512).
An advanced course in the application of the systems engineering process to the design and operation of complex systems. It focuses on the descriptive and analytical tools of systems engineering including schematic databases, dynamic optimization, discrete event simulation, and risk analysis. Students work in teams on projects including space transportation and electric power systems design.

M&AE 386 Automotive Engineering
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: M&AE 325 or permission of instructor.
Selected topics in the analysis and design of vehicle components and vehicle systems. Emphasis on automobiles, trucks, and related vehicles. Power plant, drive line, brakes, aerodynamics, suspension, and structure. Other types of vehicles may be considered.

M&AE 412 Smash and Crash: Mechanics of Large Deformations
Severe loading is a defining feature of both materials processing and crash worthiness. Materials intentionally are stressed beyond their elastic limits, resulting in deformations that are not reversible. In materials processing, the desire is to change the shape to manufacture components; in crash worthiness, it is to absorb the vehicle's energy. In this course the fundamentals of plasticity are covered: yielding, flow laws, work hardening. Various solution methods, including bound theorems, are presented. The fundamentals are applied to localization, primary and secondary forming operations, and plastic buckling. Laboratory experiments deal with these topics and conclude with the individual design, construction, and testing of a crush cage.

M&AE 415 Global Position System Theory and Design (also ELE E 415)
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: ELE E 301 and ELE E 503 or permission of instructor.
For description, see ELE E 415.

M&AE 417 Introduction to Robotics: Dynamics, Control, Design
Spring. 3 credits.
Introductory course in the analysis and control of mechanical manipulators. Topics include spatial descriptions and transformations, manipulator kinematics and inverse kinematics, differential relationships and static forces, manipulator dynamics, trajectory generation, sensors and actuators, trajectory control, and compliant motion control. Several experiments with a five axis manipulator arm as well as simulation and design using MATLAB and multibody codes will be used.

M&AE 425 FSAE Automotive Design Project
Fall, spring. 3 or 4 credits. Permission of instructor only.
Project course to research, design, build, develop, and compete with a Formula SAE car for intercollegiate competition. Students work in interdisciplinary teams using concurrent engineering and systems engineering principles applied to complex mechanical, electromechanical, and electronic systems. Intended for M&AE or ELE E juniors and seniors, or by arrangement with instructor. (Usually 3 credits.)

M&AE 426 FSAE Auto Design Project (Design Option)
Fall, spring. 3 or 4 credits. Limited to M&AE seniors; permission of instructor only.
Senior design version of M&AE 425. For description, see M&AE 425.

M&AE 440 Hybrid Electric Vehicle
Fall, spring. 3 credits for team members; 4 credits for team leaders. Enrollment limited to a maximum of 4 semesters. Permission of instructor only.
Team work on the design and fabrication of a hybrid vehicle for national competition.

Mechanical Systems, Design, Materials Processing, and Precision Engineering
M&AE 441 Hybrid Electric Vehicle (Design Option)
Fall, spring. 3 or 4 credits. Limited to M&AE seniors; permission of instructor only. Senior design version of M&AE 440. For description, see M&AE 440.

M&AE 455 Introduction to Composite Materials (also CEE 475, M&AE 555, and T&AM 455) Spring. 4 credits. For description, see T&AM 455.

M&AE 461 Entrepreneurship for Engineers (also ENGRG 461) Fall. 3 credits. Enrollment open to upper class engineers; others with permission of instructor. This course will examine issues and skills necessary to identify, evaluate, and start new business ventures. Topics include competition, strategy, writing a business plan, intellectual property, technology forecasting, project design and development, sources of capital, and manufacturing. Case studies and guest lectures will provide material for analysis and class discussion.

M&AE 463 Neuromuscular Biomechanics Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ENGRD 202 and 203, or permission of instructor. Offered alternate years, not offered 2000-2001. Modeling and simulation of biomechanical systems using mechanics, dynamics, and control principles. Physiology of neurons and muscles introduced and related to the production of force and movement in biological systems. Representation of neuromuscular systems as simultaneous equations. Exploration of the muscular redundancy problem using optimization methods and general-purpose languages (such as Mathematica or MATLAB). Selected clinical applications.

M&AE 464 Orthopaedic Tissue Mechanics Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ENGRD 202 and M&AE 325 or permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. Applications of mechanics and materials principles to orthopaedic tissues. Physiology of bone, cartilage, ligament, and tendon introduced and related to mechanical function. Mechanical behavior of skeletal tissues in the laboratory. Functional adaptation of these tissues to their mechanical environment. Tissue engineering of replacement structures.

M&AE 469 Stress Analysis for Mechanical and Aerospace Design Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: T&AM 202 and M&AE 325 or permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. Study of advanced topics in the analysis of stress and deformation of elastic bodies, with applications to analysis and design of mechanical and aerospace systems and components. Review of mechanics fundamentals and their application to classical problems. Introduction to modern computational methods (such as the finite element method) for analysis of stress and deformation.

M&AE 470 Finite Element Analysis for Mechanical and Aerospace Design Spring. 3-4 credits. (4 credits as M&AE elective for M&AE seniors) Prerequisite: senior standing or permission of instructor. Evening examinations. Term project. Fullfills computing applications requirement for M&AE students. Introduction to linear finite element static and dynamic analysis for discrete and distributed mechanical and aerospace structures. Prediction of load, deflection, stress, strain, and temperature distributions. Major emphasis on underlying mechanics and numerical methods. Introduction to computational aspects via educational and commercial software (such as ANSYS). Selected mechanical and aerospace applications.

M&AE 479 Feedback Control Systems (also CHEME 472 and ELE E 471) Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: one of the following: CHEME 372, ELE E 301, M&AE 526, or permission of instructor. Analysis techniques, performance specifications, and analog-feedback-compensation methods for single-input, single-output, linear, time-invariant systems. Laplace transforms and transfer functions are the principal mathematical tools. Design techniques include root-locus and frequency-response methods. Includes laboratory that examines modeling and control of representative dynamic processes. Includes laboratory that examines modeling and control of representative dynamic systems.

M&AE 479 Modeling and Simulation of Mechanical and Aerospace Systems (also M&AE 579) Fall. 3 or 4 credits. Prerequisite: senior engineering standing or permission of instructor. Evening examinations. Fullfills M&AE design elective if taken for 4 credits. Fullfills computer applications requirement for M&AE students. Limited enrollment of M.Eng. students by permission of instructor only. F. Valero-Cuevas. Analysis and simulation of linear and nonlinear systems. Representation of discrete and distributed dynamical systems by state-variable models. Time- and frequency-domain simulation via general-purpose languages (such as MATLAB or Mathematica) and special-purpose software (such as Simulink). Selected applications from diverse fields.

M&AE 486 Automotive Engineering Design Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: senior standing. Fullfills field design requirement. For description, see M&AE 386.

M&AE 514 Design for Manufacture and Assembly Fall. 3 or 4 credits; (4 credit option provides design credit for M&AE seniors). Prerequisites: ENGRG 102 and M&AE 212 or 412, and introductory probability and statistics, or permission of instructor. Nominal DFMA (Design for Manufacturing & Assembly) and variational DFMA are covered in two parallel streams. The nominal stream is based on readings in a popular text that surveys the characteristics of manufacturing and assembly processes that influence the design of parts and products. The second stream, covered through lectures and diverse reading, addresses dimensional variability and its control through parametric and geometric tolerances, design and aspects of statistical quality and process control.

M&AE 525 Mechatronics Systems Engineering Project Fall, spring. 4 credits each term (must be taken for 8 credits). Limited enrollment, engineering seniors and Master of Engineering students only. Corequisite: Applied Systems Engineering I or permission of instructor. Fullfills Master of Engineering project requirement, Systems Engineering Option project requirement, and undergraduate design elective. Project-based introduction to systems engineering with a focus on system design, systems and technology integration, and systems analysis. Approximately 30 students from the various engineering disciplines will design, construct, test, and present projects for autonomous mobile robots. These teams will engage in head-to-head competitions at the end of the spring semester. There will be approximately six lectures per semester, and weekly group meetings with the instructor. The project involves vehicle design, real-time feedback control and trajectory generation, microprocessor design and implementation, wireless communication, computer vision, and artificial intelligence.

M&AE 558 Biomechanical Systems—Analysis and Design Fall. 3 or 4 credits. Prerequisites: undergraduate courses in dynamics and strength of materials, (e.g., T&AM/ENGRD 202 and 203) and senior standing, graduate standing, or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000-2001. Selected topics from the study of the human body as a mechanical system. Emphasis on the modeling, analysis, and design of biomechanical systems frequently encountered in orthopaedic engineering, especially bone-implant systems.

M&AE 570 Simulation of Mechanical and Aerospace Systems (also M&AE 470) Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: graduate standing or permission of instructor. Evening examinations. Term project. Graduate version of M&AE 470. For description, see M&AE 470.

M&AE 571 Applied Dynamics Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: graduate standing, senior standing, T&AM/ENGRD 203, M&AE 326 or permission of instructor. 2 lectures. Introduction to multibody dynamics; dynamics of rigid bodies; Newton-Euler methods, Lagrangian dynamics, principle of virtual power (Kane-Jourdain methods); applications to robotics, space dynamics of satellites, electro-mechanical systems.

M&AE 579 Modeling and Simulation of Mechanical and Aerospace Systems Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: graduate standing or permission of instructor. Evening examinations. Term project. For description, see M&AE 479.

M&AE 612 Materials Processing: Theory and Applications Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: graduate standing, or permission of instructor. Basic principles governing the inelastic behavior of solids are discussed and bound theories for problems of forging, extrusion, and rolling. Analysis of sheet-metal forming including limit diagrams and springback. Defect initiation during forming processes. Basic solidification processes. Morphological instability of a solid/liquid interface, solidification microstructures, solute

*M&AE 613 Computational Methods in Materials Processing*
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: M&AE 612 or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001.


*M&AE 615 Experiments in Materials Processing*
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: M&AE 680 (finite elements) or permission of instructor.

This course will focus on experiments and simulations related to the mechanical properties of materials and materials processing. A general introduction to sensors and instrumentation for engineering applications will also be included. Testing for mechanical properties/model parameter characterization and simple boundary value problems: linear elasticity, inelastic deformation, fatigue, and fracture, including rate and temperature effects. Process simulation experiments including forging, extrusion, rolling, and ironing may also be conducted. In addition, an emphasis will be placed on the experiment/simulation interface. Students will perform analyses including finite element modeling to correlate and predict material behaviors observed in the experiments. These analyses include linear elasticity behavior, fatigue, plasticity modeling, and fracture mechanics.

*M&AE 655 Composite Materials (also M&AE 655 and T&M 655)*
Spring. 4 credits. For description, see T&M 655.

*M&AE 663 Advanced Topics in Neuromuscular Biomechanics*
Spring. 3 credits. Permission of instructor only. Offered alternate years.

F. Valero-Cuevas

Advanced topics in modeling and simulation of biomechanical systems using mechanics, dynamics, and control principles. Mathemati
cal representation of the functional interactions among neurons, muscles, and skeletal structures. Numerical prediction of force and movement in biological systems, and exploration of muscle coordination using optimization methods and general-purpose languages (such as Mathematica or MATLAB). Project-based investigation of clinically relevant topics.

[M&AE 664 Mechanics of Bone]
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: graduate standing or permission of instructor. Offered alternate years, not offered 2000–2001.

This course will focus on current methods and results in skeletal research, focusing on bone. Topics include skeletal anatomy and physiology, experimental and analytical methods for determination of skeletal behavior, mechanical behavior of bone tissue, and skeletal functional adaptation to mechan­ics.

[M&AE 670 Model-Based Estimation]
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: linear algebra, differential equations, and MATLAB programming. Open to M.S./Ph.D.; others by permission of the instructor. Not offered 2000–2001.

This course covers a variety of ways in which models and experimental data can be used to estimate model quantities that are not directly measured. The two main estimation methods that are presented are (a) least-squares estimation for general problems and (b) Kalman filtering for dynamic systems. Techniques for linear models are taught as are techniques for nonlinear models. Both theory and application are presented. The course includes a final programming project.

[M&AE 677 Robust and Optimal Control]
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: M&AE 678/ELE 471/CHEME 472 (or equivalent), ELE 521 (or equivalent), graduate standing, or permission of instructor.

An introduction to model based control of multi-input, multi-output systems. Emphasis on design techniques which result in closed loop systems that are insensitive to modeling errors and which achieve a pre-specified level of performance. Topics include Lp spaces and performance measures, model reduction and approximation, H2 and H-infinity optimal control, explicit models of system uncertainty, and the analysis of uncertain control systems. Most of the design and analysis tools developed in the course are in the form of linear matrix inequalities, or semidefinite programs. Each student will be expected (1) to give a presentation on a research paper, which will be chosen from a list provided by the instructor, OR (2) to complete a design project applying the techniques developed in the course.

[M&AE 680 Finite Element Analysis (also CE 772 and T&M 666)]
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: T&M/ENG 663 or equivalent.

Conceptual, theoretical, and practical bases for finite element methods in engineering, with emphasis on structural, mechanical, and thermal problems. Focuses on the FEM as a method for numerically solving partial differential equations. Topics include: strong and weak problem forms, weighted-residual and variational formulations, formulation of elliptic, parabolic, hyperbolic, and eigenvalue problems, convergence and error estimation; and various kinds of elements. Also, an introduction to boundary element and mesh-free methods.

*M&AE 699 Combustion Engines*
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ENGRD 221 and M&AE 323.

Introduction to combustion engines, with emphasis on the application of thermody-
namic and fluid-dynamic principles affecting their performance. Chemical equilibrium and kinetics, ideal-cycle analyses, deviations from ideal processes, engine breathing, combustion knock. Formation and control of undesirable exhaust emissions.
For description, see NS&E 403-M&AE 459 Introduction to Controlled
Application of thermodynamic and fluid-
mechanic principles to design and perfor­
propulsion principles, including rockets.

At the level of
Small disturbance equations of unsteady
of linear systems. Static stability and control.

An introduction to stability and control of
atmospheric-flight vehicles. Review of
aerodynamic forces and methods for analysis of
linear systems. Static stability and control.
Small disturbance equations of unsteady
motion. Dynamic stability of longitudinal and
lateral-directional motions; transient response.
At the level of Dynamics of Flight: Stability and
Control by Etkin.

An introduction to combustion and flame
processes, with emphasis on fundamental
fluid dynamics, heat and mass transport, and
reaction-kinetic processes that govern
combustion rates. Thermochemistry, kinetics,
vessel explosions, laminar premixed and
diffusion flames, droplet combustion, and
combustion of solids.

Foundations of fluid mechanics from an
advanced viewpoint, including formulation of
continuum fluid dynamics; surface phenom­
ena and boundary conditions at interfaces;
fundamental kinematic descriptions of fluid
flow, tensor analysis, derivation of the Navier-
Stokes equations and energy equation for
compressible fluids; sound waves, viscous
flows, boundary layers, and potential flows.

Soviet-era foundations. Prerequisite: M&AE 601.
Navier-Stokes and Euler equations, integral
formulas for fluid forces and moments on
immersed bodies in compressible and
incompressible viscous flows. Vorticity
dynamics and Kelvin's theorem, Prandtl's
vortex. Fluid dynamics and thermodynamics;
compressible flows, boundary layers,
computation of flows, and turbulence
models. Prerequisite: M&AE 601.

Laminar flames. Prerequisite: graduate
standing or permission of instructor.
Laminar flame importance in combustion
systems, and they provide a complex example of laminar reactive flows.
This course examines the behavior of laminar
flames and the chemical and transport
processes involved. The emphasis of the

Laminar reactive flows. Prerequisite: graduate
standing or permission of instructor.
Large turbulent reactive flows occur in
combustion devices, the chemical process
industry, the atmosphere, oceans, and
elsewhere. In the last decade, substantial
progress has been made in the understanding
of these flows, through both experimental and
computational approaches. This course
focuses on turbulent, nonpremixed combus­
tion and describes: the different phenomena
involved, the basic processes and governing
equations, experimental techniques and
observations, and a broad range of modeling
approaches. The material covered is
relevant to other single-phase turbulent reactive flows.
Class meets, on average, once per week.

Conduction and Radiation
Thermal Flow
In this course, the effect of heat conduction
and thermal radiation on the performance of
devices is studied. Basic principles of heat
transfer are reviewed, and the development
of analytical and numerical procedures for
solving basic two-dimensional problems is
covered. Prerequisite: M&AE 458.

Convective Flow
Direct numerical simulations, analysis of
computational approaches. The material covered is relevant
for both convective and radiative heat transfer.
To some extent, these two topics are
inseparable in modern scientific
computations. This course will cover
principles and applications of both
transport phenomena, with emphasis on
realistic applications to engineering
problems. Prerequisite: M&AE 603.

Analysis of Turbulent Flows
This course is intended to provide an
introduction to the analysis of turbulent
flows, including the basics of turbulence
theory, the Navier-Stokes equations, and
the use of turbulence models in practical
applications. Prerequisite: M&AE 603.

Stability of Fluid Flow
Fluid flow stability problems are
parametric in nature, and thus are
represented by their governing
partial differential equations (PDEs).
In these equations, stability is related
usually to the sign of certain
parameters or coefficients. One
approach to determine stability
is to linearize the governing
PDEs, obtain the so-called
linearized governing PDEs,
and then to solve them
analytically. However, one
usually finds that the
analytical solution is
intractable. Therefore,
other methods are
employed to approximate
the solution. Such
methods are the
spectral or
spectral
methods, etc.

Turbulence and Turbulent
Flow
This course is intended to introduce
students to the fundamental concepts
and theories of turbulence, with an
emphasis on the practical applications
of these concepts in real-world
problems. Prerequisite: M&AE 601.

bounded shear flows, second-order modeling, the statistical description of turbulence, turbulent transport, and spectral dynamics.

M&AE 736 Theory of Computational Aerodynamics
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: graduate standing, an advanced course in continuum mechanics or fluid mechanics, and some FORTRAN programming experience. Numerical methods are developed to solve inviscid and high-Reynolds-number fluid-dynamics problems, including finite-difference, finite-volume, and surface-singularity methods. Accuracy, convergence, and stability, treatment of boundary conditions and grid generation. Focus on hyperbolic (unsteady flow with shock waves) and mixed hyperbolic-elliptic (steady transonic flow) problems. Assignments require programming a digital computer.

M&AE 737 Computational Fluid Mechanics and Heat Transfer
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: graduate standing, an advanced course in continuum mechanics, heat transfer, or fluid mechanics; and some FORTRAN, C, or C++ programming experience. Offered alternate years; not offered 2000–2001. Numerical methods are developed for the elliptic and parabolic partial differential equations that arise in fluid flow and heat transfer when convection and diffusion are present. Finite-difference, finite-volume, and some spectral methods are considered, together with issues of accuracy, stability, convergence, and conservation. Current methods are reviewed. Emphasis is on steady and unsteady essentially incompressible flows. Assigned problems are solved on a digital computer.

Special Offerings

M&AE 490 Special Investigations in Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering
Fall, spring. Credit TBA. Limited to graduate students. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Intended for an individual student or a small group of students who want to pursue a particular analytical or experimental investigation outside of regular courses or for informal instruction supplementing that given in regular courses.

M&AE 491 Design Projects in Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering
Fall, spring. Credit TBA. Prerequisite or concurrent: M&AE 428. Fulfills field design requirement. Intended for individual students or small groups of students who want to pursue particular design projects outside of regular courses.

M&AE 545 Energy Seminar (also ELE E 587 and NS&E 545)
Fall, spring. 1 credit. May be taken for credit both semesters. For description, see OR&E 893-894.

M&AE 594 Manufacturing Seminar (also OR&E 893-894)
Fall, spring. 1 credit. For description, see OR&E 893-894.

M&AE 890 Special Investigations in Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering
Fall, spring. Credit TBA. Limited to graduate students.

M&AE 695 Special Topics in Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering
Fall, spring. Credit TBA. Graduate standing and permission of instructor. Special lectures by faculty members on topics of current research.

M&AE 791 Mechanical and Aerospace Research Conference
Fall, spring. 1 credit each term. S-U grades only. For graduate students involved in research projects. Presentations on research in progress by faculty and students.

M&AE 799 Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering Colloquium
Fall, spring. 1 credit each term. Credit limited to graduate students. All students and staff invited to attend. Lectures by visiting scientists and Cornell faculty and staff members on research topics of current interest in mechanical and aerospace science, especially in connection with new research.

M&AE 890 Research in Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering
Credit TBA. Prerequisite: candidacy for M.S. degree in mechanical or aerospace engineering or approval of director. Independent research in an area of mechanical and aerospace engineering under the guidance of a member of the faculty.

M&AE 990 Research in Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering
Credit TBA. Prerequisite: candidacy for Ph.D. degree in mechanical or aerospace engineering or approval of director. Independent research in an area of mechanical and aerospace engineering under the guidance of a member of the faculty.

NUCLEAR SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

NS&E 121 Fission, Fusion, and Radiation (also A&EP 121 and ENGR 121)
Spring. 3 credits. S-U grades optional for students outside the College of Engineering. K. B. Cadby.
This is a course in the Introduction to Engineering series. For description, see ENGR 121.

NS&E 403 Introduction to Nuclear Science and Engineering (also A&EP 403, ELE E 403, and M&AE 450)
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: PHYS 214 and MATH 294. This course is designed for juniors or seniors from any engineering field who want to prepare for graduate-level nuclear science and engineering courses at Cornell or elsewhere. It can also serve as a basic course for those who do not intend to continue in the field. K. B. Cadby.
Introduction to the fundamentals of nuclear reactors. Topics include an overview of the field of nuclear engineering, nuclear structure, radioactive decay, and reactions; interaction of radiation and matter; and neutron moderation, neutron diffusion, the steady-state chain reaction, and reactor kinetics. At the level of introduction to nuclear engineering, by Lamarch, third edition.

NS&E 484 Introduction to Controlled Fusion: Principles and Technology (also A&EP 484, ELE E 484, and M&AE 459)
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: PHYS 112, 213, and 214, or equivalent background in electricity and magnetism and mechanics; and permission of instructor. Intended for seniors and graduate students. Offered on demand. D. A. Hammer.
Introduction to the physical principles and various engineering aspects underlying power generation by controlled fusion. Topics include: (1) fuels and conditions required for fusion power, and basic fusion-reactor concepts; (2) fundamental aspects of plasma physics relevant to fusion plasmas; and basic engineering problems for a fusion reactor; and (3) an engineering analysis of proposed magnetic and/or inertial confinement fusion-reactor designs.

NS&E 509 Nuclear Physics for Applications
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: sophomore physics and math, or permission of instructor; some FORTRAN programming experience is desirable. Primarily for graduate students, especially those with a major or minor in Nuclear Science and Engineering; also open to qualified undergraduates. V.O. Kostin.
A first course in nuclear physics. Systematic presentation of nuclear phenomena and processes that underlie applications ranging from nuclear power (fission and fusion), to nuclear astrophysics, to nuclear analytical methods for research in nonnuclear fields, Radioactivity, nuclear reactions, and interaction of radiation with matter. At the level of Radiochemistry and Nuclear Methods of Analysis, by Ehrman and Vance; Nuclear and Radiochemistry, by Friedlander, et al.

NS&E 521 Radiation Effects in Materials
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: introductory nuclear science and materials science. K. Unlu.
Radiation effects in fission and fusion reactors. Displacement of atoms by neutrons, electrons and ions; radiation induced defects; radiation damage effects of point defects in the crystalline lattice, void swelling, and other radiation induced changes in mechanical properties of alloys. Radiation effects in fission and fusion reactor materials. Nuclear reactor fuels. At the level of Fundamental Aspects of Nuclear Reactor Fuel Elements, by D. R. Olander.

NS&E 545 Energy Seminar (also ELE E 587 and M&AE 545)
Fall, spring. 1 credit. May be taken for credit both semesters. K. Unlu.
Energy resources, their conversion to electricity or mechanical work, and the environmental consequences of the energy cycle will be discussed by faculty members from several departments in the university and by outside experts. Examples of topics to be surveyed are energy resources and economics; coal-based electricity generation; nuclear reactors; solar power; energy conservation by users; and air pollution control.

NS&E 551 Nuclear Measurements in Research
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: PHYS 214 or 218, or permission of instructor; some upper-division physics desirable. Primarily for graduate students in archaeology,
A variety of optimization methods stressing extensions of linear programming and applications including topics drawn from integer, dynamic, and nonlinear programming. Formulation and modeling are stressed as well as numerous applications.

**OR&IE 350 Financial and Managerial Accounting**  
Fall. 4 credits. Principles of accounting, financial reports, financial-transactions analysis; financial-statement analysis, budgeting, job-order and process-cost systems, standard costing and variance analysis, economic analysis of short-term decisions.

**OR&IE 360 Engineering Probability and Statistics II**  
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: ENGRD 270 or equivalent.  
This second course in probability and statistics provides a rigorous foundation in theory combined with the methods for modeling, analyzing, and solving problems in engineering problems. Probabilistic ideas are used to construct models for engineering problems, and statistical methods are used to test and estimate parameters for these models. Specific topics include random variables, probability distributions, density functions, expectation and variance, multidimensional random variables, and important distributions including normal, Poisson, exponential, hypothesis testing, confidence intervals, and point estimation using maximum likelihood and the method of moments.

**OR&IE 361 Introductory Engineering Stochastic Processes I**  
Spring. 4 credits. prerequisite: OR&IE 360 or equivalent.  
Basic concepts and techniques of random processes are used to construct models for a variety of problems of practical interest. Topics include the Poisson process, Markov chains, renewal theory, models for queueing, and reliability.

**OR&IE 414 Using Simulation Models for Engineering Design**  
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: an undergraduate course in probability and statistics through regression analysis, computer programming skills with a variety of problems of practical interest. Topics include the Poisson process, Markov chains, renewal theory, models for queueing, and reliability.

**OR&IE 416 Design of Manufacturing Systems**  
Fall. 4 credits. Senior OR&IE students only.  
Design a manufacturing logistics system and conduct capacity, material flow, and cost analysis of their design. Meetings between project teams and faculty advisers are substituted for some lectures. Analytical methods for controlling inventories, planning production, and evaluating system performance will be presented in lectures.

**OR&IE 431 Discrete Models**  
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: OR&IE 320 and COM S 211, or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001.  
Basic concepts of graphs, networks, and discrete optimization are developed using fundamental models and applications, and algorithmic techniques for their analysis. Specific optimization models studied include flows in networks, the traveling salesman problem, and network design.

**OR&IE 432 Nonlinear Optimization**  
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: OR&IE 320.  
Introduction to the practical and theoretical aspects of nonlinear optimization. Attention given to the computational efficiency of algorithms and the application of nonlinear techniques to linear programming, e.g., interior-point methods. Methods of numerical linear algebra introduced as needed.

**OR&IE 433 Optimization Modeling**  
The emphasis is on modeling complicated decision problems related to linear integer programs, or highly-structured nonlinear programs. Besides modeling, students are required to assimilate articles from the professional literature and to master relevant software.

**OR&IE 435 Introduction to Game Theory**  
Spring. 3 credits.  
A broad survey of the mathematical theory of games, including such topics as two-person matrix and bimatrix games; cooperative and noncooperative n-person games; games in extensive, normal, and characteristic function form. Economic market games. Applications to weighted voting and cost allocation.

**OR&IE 436 A Mathematical Examination of Fair Representation**  
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: MATH 222 or 294 or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001.  
In this course we will study the mathematical aspects of the political problem of fair apportionment. The most recognizable form (in the United States) of apportionment is the determination of the number of seats in the U.S. House of Representatives awarded to each state. The constitution indicates that the apportionment should reflect the relative populations, but it does not prescribe a specific method. At first blush it appears that there is a straightforward approach that must lead to a fair, or fairest apportionment, for any fixed house size and known populations. However, indivisibility of seats leads us to interesting mathematical questions and a long, rich, and fractious political history involving many famous figures. The basic ideas extend beyond apportionment of legislatures (in both federal systems and proportional representation systems) to some other realms where indivisible resources are to be allocated among competing constituencies.

**OR&IE 451 Economic Analysis of Engineering Systems**  
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: OR&IE 320 and OR&IE 350.
Financial planning, including cash-flow analysis and inventory flow models. Engineering economic analysis, including discounted cash flows and taxation effects. Application of optimization techniques, as in equipment replacement or capacity expansion models. Issues in designing manufacturing systems. Student group project.

**ORIE 462 Introductory Engineering Stochastic Processes II**
Spring; 4 credits. Prerequisite: ORIE 361 or equivalent.
Stationary processes, martingales, random walks, and gambler's ruin problems, processes with stationary independent increments, Brownian motion and other cases, branching processes, renewal and Markov-renewal processes, reliability theory, Markov decision processes, optimal stopping, statistical inference from stochastic models, and stochastic comparison methods for probability models. Applications to population growth, spread of epidemics, and other models.

**ORIE 473 Empirical Research Methods in Financial Engineering**
Spring; 3 credits. Prerequisites: ENGRD 270, ORIE 360 and 361, or their equivalents.
This course represents an advanced study of empirical research methods in financial economics. We focus on the empirical techniques used most often in the analysis of financial markets and how they are applied to actual market data.

**ORIE 474 Statistical Data Mining**
Fall; 3 credits. Prerequisites: ORIE 360 and MATH 294 or equivalent, or permission of instructor.
This course will examine the statistical aspects of data mining, the effective analysis of large data sets. The first half of the course will cover the process of building and interpreting statistical models in a variety of settings including multiple regression and logistic regression. The second half will connect these ideas to techniques being developed to handle the large data sets that are now routinely encountered in scientific and business applications. Assignments will be done using one or more statistical computing packages.

**ORIE 476 Applied Linear Statistical Models**
Spring; weeks 1–7, 2 credits. Prerequisite: ENGRD 270.
Multiple linear regression, diagnostics, model selection, inference, one and two factor analysis of variance. Theory and applications both treated. Use of MINITAB stressed.

**ORIE 480 Information Technology**
Fall; 4 credits. Preregistration: COM S/ ENGRD 211, plus either ORIE 310 or ORIE 350.
This course views information technology as the means by which computer science, operations research, and industrial engineering are brought to serve the operational and strategic needs of enterprises. As such, information technology encompasses communications systems, information architectures, data management, development methodologies, implementation projects (with the attendant organizational design, business process analysis, requirements analysis, systems and organizational design, and implementation planning steps), operations management, electronic commerce, and more. The course takes the perspective of a professional who accesses existing computer data to analyze a problem or opportunity, uses computer tools to manage the data, develops an effective solution, and employs a computer application to implement the solution. This perspective introduces students to the ways in which information technology is currently being used throughout enterprises and how these uses are changing with the explosive growth of the Internet. The course uses lectures (including guest lectures by practitioners), cases, and laboratory exercises intended to make the general concepts concrete. The course centers around a design project, in which student teams develop a solution to a business problem of their choosing and prepare a memorandum with supporting technical, financial, and process detail.

**ORIE 481 Delivering OR Solutions with Information Technology**
Spring; weeks 8–14. 2 credits. Prerequisites: ORIE 480.
Study of ways in which information technology is used to do operations research methodology in real applications, including decision support systems, embedded operations research techniques, packaged software, web-based techniques, collaborative software, and expert systems. Several real applications will be investigated.

**ORIE 490 Teaching in OR&IE**
Fall, spring. Credit TBA. Prerequisite: permission of instructor.
This course involves working as a TA in an OR&IE course. The course instructor will assign credits (the guideline is 1 credit per 4 hours of work with a limit of 3 credits).

**ORIE 499 OR&IE Project**
Fall, spring. Credit TBA. Prerequisite: permission of instructor.
Project-type work, under faculty supervision, on a real problem existing in some firm or institution. Opportunities in the course may be discussed with the Associate Director.

**ORIE 512 Applied Systems Engineering I** (also CEE 504, COM S 504, ELE E 512, M&AE 591)
Fall; 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor.
For description, see M&AE 591.

**ORIE 513 Applied Systems Engineering II** (also CEE 505, COM S 505, ELE E 513, M&AE 592)
Spring; 3 credits. Prerequisite: Applied Systems Engineering I (CEE 504, COM S 504, ELE E 512, M&AE 592, or ORIE 512).
For description, see M&AE 592.

**ORIE 515 Design of Manufacturing Systems**
Fall; 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Limited to graduate students in Engineering and the Business School.
For description, see OR&IE 416. Lab fee $15.

**ORIE 516 Case Studies**
Fall; 1 credit. Limited to M.Eng. students in OR&IE.
Students are presented with an unstructured problem that resembles a real-world situation. They work in project groups to formulate mathematical models, perform computer analyses of the data and models, and present oral and written reports.

**ORIE 518 Supply Chain Management**
Spring; 3 credits. Prerequisites: one of ORIE 310, ORIE 410, ORIE 525, or ORIE 562.
A supply chain is the scope of activities that convert raw materials (i.e., wheat) to finished products delivered to the end consumer (i.e., a box of cereal at the local P&G), usually spanning several corporations. Supply chain management focuses on the flow of products, information, and money through the supply chain. An overview of issues, opportunities, tools, and approaches emphasized on business processes, system dynamics, control, design, re-engineering. Relationship between the supply chain and the company's strategic position relative to its clients and its competition. Dimensions of inter­corporate relationships with partners, including decision-making, incentives, and risk.

**ORIE 520 Operations Research I: Optimization I**
For description, see ORIE 320.

**ORIE 521 Optimization II**
For description, see ORIE 321.

**ORIE 522 Operations Research II: Topics in Linear Optimization**
Fall; 1 credit. Preregistration: ORIE 520. Students who have already taken ORIE 521 or 521 should not enroll. Limited to M.Eng. students in OR&IE.
An extension of ORIE 520 that deals with applications and methodologies of dynamic programming, integer programming, and large-scale linear programming.

**ORIE 523 Operations Research II: Introduction to Stochastic Processes I**
For description, see ORIE 361.

**ORIE 524 Design of Manufacturing Systems II**
This project course focuses on the design and analysis of a global corporation's operations. Working in teams, students will examine issues pertaining to a prototype company on the following topics: information system design, marketing, strategic locations, location of facilities, organization design, manufacturing capacity, planning logistics, production planning, scheduling, inventory control, and financial analysis. Meetings between project teams and faculty will be substituted for some lectures or laboratories. Analytical methods appropriate for conducting analysis will be discussed in lectures.

**ORIE 525 Production Planning and Scheduling Theory and Practice**
Spring; 4 credits. Corequisites: ORIE 320, ORIE 360.
Production planning, including MRP, linear programming, and related concepts. Scheduling and sequencing work in manufacturing systems. Job release strategies and control of work in process inventories. Focus on setup time as a determinant of plans and schedules.

**ORIE 528-529 Selected Topics in Applied Operations Research**
Fall, spring. Credit TBA. Prerequisite: permission of instructor.
Current topics dealing with applications of operations research.
OR&IE 551 Economic Analysis of Engineering Systems
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: OR&IE 320 and OR&IE 350.
Lectures concurrent with OR&IE 451. For description see OR&IE 451.

[OR&IE 552 Revenue Management]
Spring. weeks 8-14. 2 credits. Prerequisites: thorough knowledge of OR&IE 360, familiarity and appreciation of time series and regression methods, and graduate standing. OR&IE 320/321 helpful but not required. Others by permission of instructor. Not offered 2000-2001.
Revenue Management (RM) concepts, models used in practice, and possible extensions; forecasting techniques, including time series methods, booking curves, and customer preference models; demand unceresting; overbooking, optimization with emphasis on stochastic models of demand; benefit measurement; computational and technological issues; examples from the airline and other industries.

OR&IE 560 Engineering Probability and Statistics II
For description, see OR&IE 360.

OR&IE 561 Queuing Theory and Its Applications
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: OR&IE 361 or permission of instructor.
Basic queuing models; delay and loss systems; finite source, finite capacity, balking, reneging, systems in series and in parallel; FCFS versus LCFS, busy period problems; output, design and control problems; priority systems; queuing networks, the product formula; time sharing; server vacations; applications to equipment maintenance, computer operations and flexible manufacturing systems.

OR&IE 562 Inventory Management
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: OR&IE 321, 361, or permission of instructor.
The first portion of this course is devoted to the analysis of several deterministic and probabilistic models for the control of single and multiple items at one of many locations. The second portion of this course is presented in an experiential learning format. The focus is on analyzing and designing an integrated production and distribution system for a global company. Applications are stressed throughout.

OR&IE 563 Applied Time-Series Analysis
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: OR&IE 361, ENGRD 270, or permission of instructor.
The first part of this course treats regression methods to model seasonal and nonseasonal data. After that, Box-Jenkins models, which are versatile, widely used, and applicable to nonstationary and seasonal time series, are covered in detail. The various stages of model identification, estimation, diagnostic checking, and forecasting are treated. Analysis of real data is carried out. Assignments require computer work with a time-series package.

OR&IE 564 Introductory Engineering Stochastic Processes II
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: OR&IE 361 or equivalent. Lectures concurrent with OR&IE 462.
For description, see OR&IE 462.

OR&IE 565 Applied Financial Engineering
Spring. 4 credits. Limited to M.Eng. students.
This course has two components: a sequence of lectures and a project. The course will be co-taught with the Johnson School and will be co-taught by one faculty member from each school. The lectures will be given by the faculty for the course and by invited speakers from the financial industry. The project will satisfy the M.Eng. project requirement.

OR&IE 567 Semester in Manufacturing Management (also MBA 650)
Spring. 15 credits. Enrollment limited to OR&IE M.Eng. students only.
For description, see MBA 650.

OR&IE 575 Experimental Design
Spring; weeks 8-14 (alternates with 576). 2 credits. Prerequisite: OR&IE 476.
Randomization, blocking, sample size determination, factorial designs, 2^p full and fractional factorials, response surfaces, Latin squares, split plots, Taguchi designs. Engineering applications. Computing in MINITAB or SAS.

OR&IE 576 Regression
Nonlinear regression, advanced diagnostics for multiple linear regression, collinearity, ridge regression, logistic regression, nonparametric estimation including spline and kernel methods, regression with correlated errors. Computing in MINITAB or SAS.

OR&IE 577 Quality Control
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: OR&IE/ENGRD 270.

OR&IE 581 Simulation Modeling
Fall, weeks 1-7. 2 credits. Prerequisites: programming experience and OR&IE 360 or permission of instructor. OR&IE 360 may be taken concurrently.
Models and digital computer programs to simulate the behavior of complex stochastic systems in time. Modeling time and randomness, simulation languages, generation of stochastic inputs (scalers and processes).

OR&IE 582 Simulation Analysis
Fall; weeks 8-14. 2 credits. Prerequisites: programming experience and OR&IE 360 or permission of instructor OR&IE 360 may be taken concurrently.
Probabilistic and statistical methods for design of computer simulation experiments and analysis of their outputs. Initialization issues, analysis of simulation outputs, variance reduction methods, optimization through simulation.

OR&IE 598 Master of Engineering Manufacturing Project
Fall, spring. 5 credits. For M.Eng. students. Project course for M.Eng. students enrolled in the Manufacturing Option coordinated by the Center for Manufacturing Enterprise.

OR&IE 599 Project
Fall. 1 credit; spring, 5 credits. For M.Eng. students.
Identification, analysis, design, and evaluation of feasible solutions to some applied problem in the OR&IE field. A formal report and oral defense of the approach and solution are required.

OR&IE 625 Scheduling Theory
Fall. 3 credits.
Scheduling and sequencing problems, including single-machine problems, parallel-machine scheduling, and shop scheduling. The emphasis is on the design and analysis of polynomial time optimization and approximation algorithms and on related complexity issues.

OR&IE 630 Mathematical Programming I
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: advanced calculus and elementary linear algebra.
A rigorous treatment of the theory and computational techniques of linear programming and its extensions, including formulation, duality theory, algorithms; sensitivity analysis; network flow problems and algorithms; theory of polyhedral convex sets, systems of linear equations and inequalities, Farkas' Lemma, exploiting special structure in the simplex method, and computational implementation.

OR&IE 632 Nonlinear Programming
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: OR&IE 630.
Necessary and sufficient conditions for unconstrained and constrained optimum. Topics include the duality theory, computational methods for unconstrained problems (e.g., quasi-Newton algorithms), linearly constrained problems (e.g., active set methods), and nonlinearly constrained problems (e.g., successive quadratic programming; penalty, and barrier methods).

OR&IE 633 Graph Theory and Network Flows
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered 2000-2001.

OR&IE 635 Interior-Point Methods for Mathematical Programming
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: MATH 411 and OR&IE 650, or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000-2001.
Interior-point methods for linear, quadratic, and semidefinite programming and, more generally, for convex programming. Discussion of the basic ingredients—barrier functions, central paths, and potential functions—that go into the construction of polynomial-time algorithms, and various ways of combining them. Emphasis on recent mathematical theory and the most modern viewpoints.

OR&IE 636 Integer Programming
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: OR&IE 630.
Discrete optimization. Linear programming in which the variables must assume integral values. Theory, algorithms, and applications. Cutting-plane and enumerative methods, with additional topics drawn from recent research in this area.
[OR&IE 637] Semidefinite Programming
Linear optimization over the cone of positive semidefinite symmetric matrices; applications to control theory, optimal value optimization, and strong relaxations of combinatorial optimization problems; duality; computational methods, particularly interior-point algorithms.

[OR&IE 639] Polyhedral Convexity
A comprehensive introduction to the geometry and combinatorics of polyhedral convex sets. Also, linear inequalities, supporting and separating hyperplanes; polarity; convex hulls, facets, and vertices; face lattices; convex cones and polytopes; minkowski sums; gale transforms; simplicial and polyhedral subdivision; applications to linear programming, combinatorial optimization, and computational geometry.

Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: a 1-semester calculus-based probability course. An introduction to stochastic processes that presents the basic theory together with a variety of applications. Topics include Markov processes, renewal theory, random walks, branchings, Brownian motion, stationary processes, martingales, and point processes.

[OR&IE 651] Probability
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: real analysis at the level of MATH 413 and a previous 1-semester course in calculus-based probability. Sample spaces, events, sigma fields, probability measures, set induction, independence, random variables, expectation, review of important distributions and transformation techniques, convergence concepts, laws of large numbers and asymptotic normality, conditioning.

[OR&IE 662] Advanced Stochastic Processes
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: OR&IE 651 or equivalent. Brownian motion, martingales, Markov processes, and topics selected from: diffusions, stationary processes, point processes, weak convergence for stochastic processes and applications to diffusion approximations, Levy processes, regenerative phenomena, random walks, and stochastic integrals.

[OR&IE 670] Statistical Principles
Fall. 4 credits. Corequisite: OR&IE 650 or equivalent. Review of distribution theory of special interest in statistics: normal, chi-square, binomial, Poisson, t, and F; introduction to statistical decision theory; sufficient statistics, theory of minimum variance unbiased point estimation; maximum likelihood and Bayes estimation; basic principles of hypothesis testing, including Neyman-Pearson Lemma and likelihood ratio principle; confidence interval construction; introduction to linear models.

[OR&IE 671] Intermediate Applied Statistics
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: OR&IE 670 or equivalent. Not offered 2000-2001.
Statistical inference based on the general linear model; least-squares estimators and their optimality properties; likelihood ratio tests and corresponding confidence regions; simultaneous inference. Applications in regression analysis and ANOVA models. Variance components and mixed models. Use of the computer as a tool for statistics is stressed.

[OR&IE 677] Sequential Methods in Statistics
Spring. 3 credits. S-U grades only. The statistical theory of sequential design and analysis of experiments has many applications, including monitoring data from clinical trials in medical studies and quality control in manufacturing operations. Topics in this course include classical sequential hypothesis tests, Wald's SPRT, stopping rules, Kiefer-Weiss test, optimality, group sequential methods, estimation, repeated confidence intervals, stochastic curtailment, adaptive designs, and bayesian and decision theoretic approaches.

[OR&IE 680] Simulation
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. An advanced version of OR&IE 581 and 582, intended for Ph.D.-level students.

[OR&IE 728-729] Selected Topics in Applied Operations Research
Fall, spring. Credit TBA. Current research topics dealing with applications of operations research.

[OR&IE 738-739] Selected Topics in Mathematical Programming
Fall, spring. Credit TBA. Current research topics in mathematical programming.

[OR&IE 768-769] Selected Topics in Applied Probability
Fall, spring. Credit TBA. Topics are chosen from current literature and research areas of the staff.

[OR&IE 778-779] Selected Topics in Applied Statistics
Fall, spring. Credits TBA. Topics chosen from current literature and research of the staff.

[OR&IE 790] Special Investigations
Fall, spring. Credit TBA. For individuals or small groups. Study of special topics or problems.

[OR&IE 799] Thesis Research
Fall, spring. Credit TBA. For individuals doing thesis research for master's or doctoral degrees.

[OR&IE 891] Operations Research Graduate Colloquium
Fall, spring. 1 credit. A weekly 1-1/2 hour meeting devoted to presentations by distinguished visitors, by faculty members, and by advanced graduate students on topics of current research in the field of operations research.

[OR&IE 893-894] Applied OR & IE Colloquium (also M&E 594)
Fall, winter, spring. 1 credit each term. A weekly meeting for Master of Engineering students. Discussion of various topics on manufacturing with faculty members and outside speakers.

THEORETICAL AND APPLIED MECHANICS

Basics in Engineering Mathematics and Mechanics

T&AM 118 Design Integration: A Portable CD Player (also ENGR 118 and M&SE 118)
Spring. 3 credits. This is a course in the Introduction to Engineering series. For description, see ENGR 118.

T&AM 202 Mechanics of Solids (also ENGRD 202)
Fall, spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: PHYS 112, coregistration in MATH 293 or permission of instructor. For description, see ENGRD 202.

T&AM 203 Dynamics (also ENGRD 203)
Fall, spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: T&AM 202, coregistration in MATH 294, or permission of instructor. For description, see ENGRD 203.

Engineering Mathematics

T&AM 191 Calculus for Engineers (also MATH 191)
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: 3 years of high school mathematics, including trigonometry. For description, see MATH 191.

T&AM 192 Calculus for Engineers (also MATH 192)
Fall, spring, or summer. 4 credits. Prerequisite: MATH/T&AM 191. For description, see MATH 192.

T&AM 293 Engineering Mathematics (also MATH 293)
Fall, spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: MATH/T&AM 192 plus a knowledge of computer programming equivalent to that taught in COM S 100. For description, see MATH 293.

T&AM 294 Engineering Mathematics (also MATH 294)
Fall, spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: MATH/T&AM 293. For description, see MATH 294.

T&AM 310 Advanced Engineering Analysis I
Fall, spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: MATH/T&AM 294 or equivalent. Initial value; boundary value, and eigenvalue problems in linear ordinary differential equations. Special functions, linear partial differential equations. Introduction to probability and statistics. Use of computers to solve problems.

T&AM 311 Advanced Engineering Analysis II
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: MATH/T&AM 294 or equivalent (T&AM 311 can be taken without T&AM 310). Mathematical modeling of physical and biological systems. Examples range from molecular diffusion, crystal growth, physiological flows, to bird flight. The mathematics necessary to understand these phenomena will be discussed in depth. They include probability theory, PDEs, stability analysis, complex variable analysis, and numerical analysis.
T&AM 610 Methods of Applied Mathematics I
Fall. 3 credits. Intended for beginning graduate students in engineering and science. An intensive course, requiring more time than is normally available to undergraduates (see T&AM 310-311) but open to exceptional undergraduates with permission of instructor. Emphasis is on applications. Linear algebra, calculus of several variables, vector analysis, series of ordinary differential equations, complex variables.

T&AM 611 Methods of Applied Mathematics II
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: T&AM 610 or equivalent. Emphasis on applications. Partial differential equations, transform techniques, tensor analysis, calculus of variations.

T&AM 612 Methods of Applied Mathematics
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: T&AM 610 and 611 or equivalent. Integral transform, methods, Wiener-Hopf technique, solutions of integral equations and partial differential equations. Problems drawn from electromagnetics, elasticity, fluid mechanics, heat transfer, and acoustics.

T&AM 613 Methods of Applied Mathematics IV
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: T&AM 610 and 611 or equivalent. Topics include asymptotic behavior of solutions of linear and nonlinear ODE (e.g., the WKBJ boundary layer and multiple-scale methods), asymptotic expansion of integrals (method of steepest descent, stationary phase and Laplace methods). Regular and singular perturbation methods for PDE (e.g., method of composite expansions). Other topics (depending on instructor) may include normal forms, center manifolds, Liapunov-Schmidt reductors, Stokes phenomenon. The course may also include computer exercises at the option of the instructor.

T&AM 591 Master of Engineering Design Project I
Fall. 3-6 credits. M. Eng. (Mechanics) project related to the mechanics of advanced composites and structures.

T&AM 592 Master of Engineering Design Project II
Spring. 5-15 credits.

T&AM 655 Composite Materials (also M&AE 655 and MS&E 655)
Spring. 4 credits. Taught jointly with T&AM 455 using same lecture material, but also includes more advanced materials and homeworks through additional lectures. Additional material includes: shear-lag models of stress transfer around arrays of fiber breaks including viscoelastic effects, statistical theories of composite strength and failure, stress distributions around holes and cuts in composite laminates; compressive strength of composites. Laboratory on effects of holes and notches in composites.

T&AM 663 Solid Mechanics I
Fall. 4 credits. Rigorous introduction to solid mechanics emphasizing linear elasticity, deformations, rotations and strains, balance principles, stress; small-strain theory, linear elasticity, anisotropic and isotropic; basic theorems of elastostatics; boundary-value problems, e.g., plates, St. Venant's solutions.

T&AM 664 Solid Mechanics II
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: MATH 610 and T&AM 663, or equivalent. Preparation for advanced courses in solid mechanics. Singular solutions in linear elasticity; plane stress, plane strain, anti-plane shear, airy stress functions; linear viscoelasticity; cracks and dislocations, classical plasticity; thermoelasticity; three-dimensional elasticity.

T&AM 666 Finite Element Analysis (also M&AE 665, or CEE 772)
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: T&AM 663 or equivalent. P. Dawson. For description, see M&A 680.

T&AM 751 Continuum Mechanics and Thermodynamics
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: T&AM 610 and 611; and 663 and 664 or equivalents. Kinematics; conservation laws; the entropy inequality, constitutive relations: frame indiscernibility, material symmetry; finite elasticity, rate-dependent materials, and materials with internal state variables.

T&AM 752 Nonlinear Elasticity
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: T&AM 610, 611, and 751 or equivalents. Offered alternate years. Review of governing equations. Linearization and stability; constitutive inequalities; exact solution of special problems; nonlinear spring and rod theories, phase transformations and crystal defects.

T&AM 753 Fracture

T&AM 757 Inelasticity
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: T&AM 610 and 611; and 663 and 664 or equivalents. Offered alternate years. Plasticity: dislocation slip systems; early experimental observations; general principles; limit analysis; solution of boundary-value problems, plastic waves, one- and threedimensional. Visco-elasticity: general principles, solution of boundary-value problems.

T&AM 759 Boundary Element Methods
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: T&AM 610 and 611, and 633 and 644 or equivalents. Offered alternate years. Introduction to boundary element methods. Solutions for potential theory, linear elasticity, diffusion, material and/or geometric nonlinearities. Modern developments: hypersingular integrals, the boundary contour methods, sensitivity analysis.

Dynamics and Space Mechanics

T&AM 570 Intermediate Dynamics
Fall. 3 credits. Newtonian mechanics; motion in rotating coordinate systems; Lagrange's analytical mechanics; virtual work. Langrangian-Eulerian mechanics. Hamilton's principle. Small vibration and stability theory. Newtonian-Eulerian mechanics of rigid bodies. Gyroscopes.

T&AM 578 Nonlinear Dynamics and Chaos
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: Mathematics/T&AM 293 or equivalent. Introduction to nonlinear dynamics, with applications to physics, engineering, biology, and chemistry. Emphasizes analytical methods, concrete examples, and geometric thinking. Topics: one-dimensional systems. Bifurcations. Phase plane. Nonlinear oscillators. Lorenz equations, chaos, strange attractors, fractals, iterated mappings, period doubling, renormalization.

T&AM 671 Hamiltonian Dynamics
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: T&AM 570 or equivalent. Offered alternate years; not offered 2000-2001. Review of Lagrangian mechanics, Kane's equations; Hamilton's principle, the principle of least action, and related topics from the calculus of variations; Hamilton's canonical equations; approximate methods for twodegrees-of-freedom systems (Lie transforms); canonical transformations and Hamilton-Jacobi theory; KAM theory; Melnikov's method.

T&AM 672 Celestial Mechanics (also ASTRO 579)
Fall. 3 credits. Offered alternate years. Description of orbits, 2-body, 3-body, and n-body problems; Hill curves, libration points and their stability; capture problems. Osculating orbital elements, perturbation equations; effects of gravitational potentials, atmospheric drag, and solar radiation forces on satellite orbits, secular perturbations, resonances, mechanics of planetary rings.

T&AM 673 Mechanics of the Solar System (also ASTRO 571)
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: an advanced undergraduate course in dynamics. Offered alternate years; not offered 2000-2001. Gravitational potentials, planetary gravity fields. Free and forced rotations. Chandler
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 Demers, Alan, Ph.D., Princeton U. Prof., Computer Science
 Derry, Louis, Ph.D., Harvard U. Prof., Earth and Atmospheric Sciences
 Dick, Richard J., Ph.D., U. of Illinois. Joseph P. Riley Professor of Engineering, Civil and Environmental Engineering
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<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Institution</th>
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<tr>
<td>Duncan, T. Michael</td>
<td>Ph.D., California Inst. of Technology</td>
<td>ASSOC. PROF., CHEMICAL ENGINEERING</td>
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<td>Elber, Ron</td>
<td>Ph.D., Hebrew U. (Israel). Prof.</td>
<td>COMPTER SCIENCE</td>
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<td>Escobedo, Fernando A.</td>
<td>Ph.D., U. of Wisconsin</td>
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<td>Fairley, Donald T.</td>
<td>Ph.D., Cornell U.</td>
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<td>Fine, Terrence L.</td>
<td>Ph.D., Harvard U. Prof.</td>
<td>ELECTRICAL AND COMPUTER ENGINEERING</td>
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<td>Fisher, Elizabeth M.</td>
<td>Ph.D., U. of California</td>
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<td>Fleischmann, Hans H.</td>
<td>Ph.D., Technische Hochschule, Munich (Germany)</td>
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<td>Garts, Alexander L.</td>
<td>Ph.D., U. of Rochester</td>
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<td>Gebremedhin, Kifle G.</td>
<td>Ph.D., U. of Wisconsin</td>
<td>PROF., AGRICULTURAL AND BIOLOGICAL ENGINEERING</td>
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<td>Gehre, Johannes P.</td>
<td>Ph.D., U. of Wisconsin</td>
<td>MADISON. ASST. PROF., COMPUTER SCIENCE</td>
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<td>George, Albert R.</td>
<td>Ph.D., Princeton U.</td>
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<td>Gianneschi, Eric</td>
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<td>Gossett, James M.</td>
<td>Ph.D., Stanford U. Prof.</td>
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<td>Gouldin, Frederick C.</td>
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<td>Greenberg, Donald P.</td>
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<td>Greene, Charles D.</td>
<td>Ph.D., U. of Washington</td>
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<td>Grigorou, Mireia D.</td>
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<td>Grubb, David T.</td>
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<td>Harriott, Peter S.</td>
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<td>Harmantas, Juris</td>
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<td>Heinrich, Mark A.</td>
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<td>Hemami, Sheila</td>
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<td>Hopcroft, John E.</td>
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<td>Isacks, Bryan L.</td>
<td>Ph.D., Columbia U. William and Katherine Snee</td>
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<td>Ph.D., Stanford U. Assoc.</td>
<td>PROF., OPERATIONS RESEARCH AND INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERING</td>
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<td>Jenkins, James T.</td>
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<td>Jewell, William J.</td>
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<td>Kay, Suzanne M.</td>
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<td>Kelley, Michael P.</td>
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<td>Kintner, Paul M.</td>
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<td>Kleinberg, Jon M.</td>
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<td>Kline, Ronald R.</td>
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<td>Koc, Donald L.</td>
<td>Ph.D., Massachusetts Inst. of Technology</td>
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<td>Konnegay, Kevin T.</td>
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<td>Kostroiu, Vaclav O.</td>
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<td>Kozen, Dexter D.</td>
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<td>Kroll, John A.</td>
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<td>Kuroki, Hiroshi</td>
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<td>Kussel, Bruce R.</td>
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<td>PROF., ELECTRICAL AND COMPUTER ENGINEERING</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

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**Meyburg, Armin H. Ph.D., Northwestern U. Prof., Civil and Environmental Engineering**

**Miller, Matthew Ph.D., Georgia Tech. ASSO. PROF., Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering**

**Minch, Bradley A. Ph.D., California Inst. of Technology. ASSO. PROF., Electrical and Computer Engineering**

**Montemagno, Carlo D. Ph.D., U. of Notre Dame. ASSO. PROF., AGRICULTURAL AND BIOLOGICAL ENGINEERING**

**Moon, Francis C. Ph.D., Cornell U. Joseph C. Ford Professor, Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering**

**Morrisett, Greg J. Ph.D., Carnegie Mellon. ASSO. PROF., COMPUTER SCIENCE**

**Muckstadt, John A. Ph.D., UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN. ACHESON-LAIBRE PROF., OPERATIONS RESEARCH AND INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERING**

**Mukherjee, Subrata Ph.D., Stanford U. Prof., THEORETICAL AND APPLIED MECHANICS AND MECHANICAL AND AEROSPACE ENGINEERING**

**Myers, Andrew Ph.D., Massachusetts Inst. of Technology. ASSO. PROF., COMPUTER SCIENCE**

**Nation, John A. Ph.D., U. of London (England). PROF., ELECTRICAL AND COMPUTER ENGINEERING**

**Nocike, Linda K. Ph.D., U. of PENNSYLVANIA. ASSO. PROF., CIVIL AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING**

**Ober, Christopher K. Ph.D., U. of MASSACHUSETTS. PROF., MATERIALS SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING**

**Olbricht, William L. Ph.D., California Inst. of Technology. PROF., CHEMICAL ENGINEERING**

**O'Rourke, Thomas D. Ph.D., U. of ILLINOIS. THOMAS R. BRIGGS PROFESSOR OF ENGINEERING, CIVIL AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING**

**Papoula, Katerina D. Ph.D., U. of California at Berkeley. ASSO. PROF., CIVIL AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING**

**Parks, Thomas W. Ph.D., Cornell U. Prof., ELECTRICAL AND COMPUTER ENGINEERING**
GRADUATE SCHOOL

Walter Cohen, dean
Alison G. Power, associate dean (on leave 2000)
Terry D. Plater, associate dean
Hilary Ford, assistant dean

Graduate study at Cornell is pursued through the Graduate School, which administers the many graduate fields of study, or through the various graduate professional schools and colleges.

GRADUATE SCHOOL

The graduate program at Cornell permits an unusual degree of accommodation to the needs and interests of the individual student. Degree requirements are kept to a minimum. There are no specific course or credit requirements for the advanced general degrees of Master of Arts, Master of Science, and Doctor of Philosophy, but only such general requirements that best accomplish the aim of graduate study: a period of study in residence, the mastery of one subject, adequate knowledge of allied subjects, oral examinations to establish competency for presentation of a dissertation or thesis, and a satisfactory dissertation or thesis. Certain advanced professional degree programs have specific course or credit requirements that are determined by the faculty of the professional school or college in which the degrees are offered.

A close working relationship between the student and faculty members is essential to the graduate program at Cornell. Under the Special Committee system the student is guided by, and works with, at least two or three faculty members chosen by the student to represent his or her major and minor subjects. The major subject representative is the chair of the Special Committee and usually has the primary responsibility for directing the student's thesis or dissertation research.

REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION

To be admitted to the Graduate School, an applicant should:

1) hold a baccalaureate degree or its equivalent, granted by a faculty or university of recognized standing;
2) have adequate preparation for graduate study in the chosen field of instruction;
3) have fluent command of the English language;
4) present evidence of promise in advanced study and research; and
5) take the Graduate Record Examinations General Test, or other specific examinations, for those fields that require these examinations.

Before admission can be final, all applicants whose native language is not English must provide proof of competency in the English language. Acceptable proof could be

1) a minimum Test of English as a Foreign Language (TOEFL) score of 550 on the paper-based test or 213 on the computer-based test (higher for some fields);
2) evidence of two or more years study in, or a degree from, a college or university in a country where both the language of instruction and the native language is English.

Information on times and places for the TOEFL examination and Graduate Record Examinations and application forms may be obtained from the Educational Testing Service, Princeton, NJ 08541, U.S.A.

Applications for fall admission to the Graduate School should be received by the deadline of the field to which one applies. The earliest deadline is December 15. Many fields, however, have different deadlines. Applicants should consult the Graduate School's application booklet for the specific closing date for each field.

Inquiries regarding admission should be addressed to the specific graduate field office or to the Graduate School Admissions Office, Cornell University, Caldwell Hall, Ithaca, NY 14853-2602.

Inquiries regarding facilities for advanced study and research in a given field, special requirements for such study and research, and opportunities for fellowships and teaching and research assistantships should be addressed to the particular graduate field of interest.

More detailed information is contained in the application for admission to the Graduate School and in the Graduate School Catalog. Both may be viewed on the web at <www.gradschool.cornell.edu/>. An interactive application is available at this site and application forms may be downloaded and printed directly from the web. Both the application and the Catalog may be received through the mail by contacting either the individual graduate field office or the Graduate School, Caldwell Hall, Cornell University, Ithaca, NY 14853-2602. (The application is mailed world-wide; the Catalog is mailed to addresses with the U.S.)

Note: Programs leading to the degrees of Doctor of Law (J.D.), Master of Laws (LL.M.), Doctor of Medicine (M.D.), Doctor of Veterinary Medicine (D.V.M.), and Master of Business Administration (M.B.A.) are not administered by the Graduate School. Information on those programs can be obtained from the Law School, the Weill Medical College of Cornell University (New York City), the College of Veterinary Medicine, and the Johnson Graduate School of Management respectively.
SCHOOL OF HOTEL ADMINISTRATION

ADMINISTRATION
David W. Butler, dean
Judi Brownell, associate dean for academic affairs
Daphne A. Jameson, Richard J. and Monene P. Bradley director for graduate studies
Timothy Hinkin, director of undergraduate studies
Donald C. Bishop, associate dean of students and enrollment management
Robert N. D'Entremont, director of external relations
Margaret Haley Ferguson, director of financial services
James E. Hisle, managing director of the Statler Hotel and J. Willard Marriott Executive Education Center
Cheryl S. Farrell, director of admissions and student services
Neoma Mullens, director of minority programs
Katherine S. Margolis, director of library
Shari Avery, director of information technologies
Philippus Miller III, director of alumni affairs
Timothy J. Durnford, director of instructional support
Millie Reed, director of career services
Glenn Withiam, director of publications
Fred Conner, senior editor of the Cornell Hotel and Restaurant Administration Quarterly
Mark Adams, director of communications

DEGREE PROGRAMS
hotel and restaurant administration

B.S.
M.M.H.
M.S.
Ph.D.

FACILITIES
Statler Hall. Statler Hall is a unique building designed expressly to meet the needs of the faculty and students of the School of Hotel Administration. The building serves both practical and theoretical instruction, houses classrooms, lecture rooms, laboratories, a library, a computer center, a beverage-management center, an auditorium, and the Statler Hotel and J. Willard Marriott Executive Education Center. Statler Hall and the Statler Hotel were designed expressly for the school's academic and executive-education programs, providing students with training and work experience in facilities similar to those in which they will work after graduation.

The School of Hotel Administration's Nestle Library has the largest single collection of hospitality-related materials in the United States. The collection contains approximately 23,000 books, 1,000 videotapes, numerous ephemera and memorabilia (such as photographs, menus, and rare books), and more than 800 journal, magazine, newsletter, and newspaper subscriptions. Materials on lodging, foodservice, travel and tourism, and general business topics comprise the core of the library's collections. Among the library's special features are numerous computerized information resources, including NEXIS, Dow Jones, ABI/INFORM, and The International Hospitality and Tourism Database, an extensive and unique index to hospitality articles. Information resources and services for the hospitality industry are available for a fee through the library's HOSTLINE service. In addition to offering an excellent collection of materials and a dignified and refined study space, the Hotel School library extends quality service to every student. Please visit us and benefit from our collections and services.

Statler Hotel and J. Willard Marriott Executive Education Center. The Statler Hotel comprises 150 guest rooms, an executive education center, restaurants, a lounge, and the university's faculty and staff club. It demonstrates the very finest in hospitality and hospitality-education practices. The Statler is an independent, self-sustaining teaching hotel that provides quality food, beverage, meeting, and lodging services to the local community and campus visitors, including parents and those who visit Cornell as part of the application process. In addition, the hotel is a practice-management facility for certain classes, internships, and independent-study projects. It offers part-time jobs to approximately 300 students each semester with preference given to students in the hotel school.

UNDERGRADUATE CURRICULUM

The School of Hotel Administration offers education in the numerous disciplines required for modern management in the global hospitality industry. Included in the core curriculum are courses in management, human resources, financial management, food and beverage operations, marketing, tourism, property asset management, communications, and law. Students also are encouraged to pursue a broad range of elective courses, including those in the humanities, social sciences, and natural sciences, as preparation for assuming leadership positions in the business and local community. For more complete information about undergraduate program requirements, see the school's student handbook or course supplement (available in room 174 Statler Hall).

Requirements for Graduation
Regularly enrolled undergraduate students in the School of Hotel Administration are candidates for the degree of Bachelor of Science. The requirements for that degree are:
1) completion of eight terms in residence for those who entered as freshmen; terms of residence for transfer students are determined by the amount of transfer credit awarded;
2) completion, with a minimum cumulative grade-point average of 2.0 (including a grade-point average of 2.0 in a full-time schedule of courses on campus in the final semester), of 120 required and elective credits, as set forth in the table on the following page;
3) qualification in one language other than English. This requirement may be met by any one of the following: (1) three years of high school study of one foreign language; (2) score of 560 on Cornell Placement Test; (3) pass language 121 and 122 (eight credits) or the equivalent, and attain a minimum grade of at least C- or "Satisfactory" in each (C or above for transfer credit from other institutions); or (4) pass 123 or the equivalent;
4) completion of two units of practice credit prior to the last two terms of residence, as defined on the following page;
5) completion of the university requirement in physical education.

Suggested course programs appear on the following pages. The core courses account for 72 of the 120 credits needed for graduation, the hotel electives account for 12 credits, and 18 credits are allotted for distributive electives. The remaining 18 credits may be earned in courses chosen from the offerings of any college of the university, provided that the customary requirements for admission to such courses are met.

Students in the School of Hotel Administration who plan to attend summer school at Cornell or any other four-year college or university, with the expectation that the credit earned will be counted toward the Cornell degree in hotel administration, must obtain the approval of the school in advance. Without advance approval, such credit may not count toward the degree.

Credit earned in military science, aerospace studies, or naval-science courses may be counted in the 18-credit group of free electives. No credit toward the degree is allowed for "0"-level courses, such as Edu 005.

Transfer Credit Policy
Transfer students are required to complete all degree requirements with at least 75 credits at Cornell University, of which a minimum of 60 must be in courses offered by the Hotel School, and nine must be in distributive electives taken outside the Hotel School. Thus, a maximum of 45 hours in transfer credit may be allowed from other accredited colleges or universities as follows:
Practice-Credit Requirement

As part of degree requirements, undergraduates enrolled in the School of Hotel Administration must fulfill the practice-credit requirement and submit verification thereof prior to registering for the last two semesters. Further details are set forth in the Practice Credit Handbook for Undergraduates in the School of Hotel Administration, available in the School's Career Services Office, room 255 Statler Hall.

Management-Intern Program

Hotel School juniors and seniors have a unique opportunity to gain invaluable knowledge and experience in the hospitality industry through the management intern program. Students receive 12 free elective credits and 1 practice credit. While on the management internship, tuition is reduced and students receive a salary from the sponsoring organization. Positions are available in the United States and internationally. Sponsors include hotels, restaurants, corporate offices, consulting firms, and clubs. Application should be made one semester in advance. Information meetings are held at the beginning of each semester and are open to all students. See HADM 493 and 494 for more details. Information about the management internship program also is available in the Career Services Office, 255 Statler Hall.

Study Abroad

All students planning to study abroad apply through Cornell Abroad; please see the Cornell Abroad program description in the introductory section of Courses of Study.

Programs providing an opportunity to study in a foreign country and develop an awareness of the international component of the hospitality industry can contribute to each student's total educational experience.

Students in recent years have studied in Italy, Spain, France, England, Australia, and many other countries. Information on the study-abroad programs operating during the summer and academic year is available at the Cornell Abroad Office (in Uris Hall).

Students should discuss their plans with the school's director of student services so that all petition and credit-evaluation procedures are followed.

Part-Time Study

Generally, part-time study is not allowed. Exceptions may be made for employee degree candidates, students who have medical reasons for a reduced schedule, or other extenuating circumstances. In no event shall a student be allowed to enroll on a part-time basis during the last term of study. Further details on part-time study may be found in the school's student handbook (available in room 174 Statler Hall).

Grading System

Letter grades ranging from A+ to F are given to indicate academic performance in each course. These letter grades are assigned a numerical value for each term average as follows: A is equivalent to 4.0; B to 3.0; C to 2.0; D to 1.0; F to 0. For good standing, the student must maintain a minimum average of 2.0. A maximum of four credits each term may be taken on a "satisfactory-unsatisfactory" (S-U) basis. Students should be aware that a satisfactory grade equals "C" or above and an unsatisfactory grade equals "D+" or lower.

Students whose term averages are at least 3.3 and who took at least 6 credits of letter grades with no unsatisfactory or incomplete grades are honored by being placed on the Dean's List.

Course Requirements for Graduation

Required courses Credits
Management Operation: Hotel Administration 105, 401 6
Human-Resources Management: Hotel Administration 115, 211 6
Financial Management: Hotel Administration 121, 221, 222, 321 12
Food and Beverage Management: Hotel Administration 136, 236, 335 12
Marketing and Tourism: Hotel Administration 243, elective 6
Property Asset Management: Hotel Administration 255, 355 6
Communication: Hotel Administration 165, 365 6
Operations Management and Information Technology: Hotel Administration 174, 371, 475 9
Law: Hotel Administration 387 3
Economics: Micro and Macro 6
Specifically required credits 72
Hotel Electives 12
Distributive electives 18
Free electives 18

Total credits required for graduation 120

Typical Course Sequences

The following arrangements of courses tend to be more fixed in the freshman and sophomore years, with a greater degree of flexibility characterizing the upperclass years.

Freshman Year

Typically, a freshman schedule will consist of 15 to 16 credits each term, to include the following:

Required courses Credits
H ADM 105, Introduction to Lodging 3
H ADM 115, Organizational Behavior and Interpersonal Skills 3
H ADM 121, Financial Accounting 3
H ADM 136, Introduction to Food Service Operations 4
H ADM 165, Managerial Communication 1 3
H ADM 174, Microcomputing 3
H ADM 191, Microeconomics for the Service Industries 3
Macroeconomics 3
Electives 6

Total 31
## Sophomore Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Required courses</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>H ADM 211, Human Resources Management</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H ADM 221, Managerial Accounting</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H ADM 222, Finance</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H ADM 226, Culinary Theory and Practice</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H ADM 243, Principles of Marketing</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H ADM 255, Hotel Development and Planning</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electives</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total credits required for the Master of Management in Hospitality program</strong></td>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Junior Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Required courses</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>H ADM 321, Hospitality Financial Management</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H ADM 335, Restaurant Management</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H ADM 355, Hospitality Facilities Operation</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H ADM 365, Managerial Communication II</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H ADM 371, Hospitality Quantitative Analysis</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H ADM 387, Business and Hospitality Law</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electives</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total credits required for the Master of Management in Hospitality program</strong></td>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Senior Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Required courses</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>H ADM 401, Strategic Management</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H ADM 475, Information Technology in the Hospitality Industry</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marketing Elective</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electives</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total credits required for the Master of Management in Hospitality program</strong></td>
<td>27</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## MANAGEMENT OPERATION COURSES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>H ADM 741, Marketing Management</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H ADM 751, Properties Development and Planning</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H ADM 761, Communication Modules</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H ADM 771, Quantitative Methods</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H ADM 772, Information Technology for Hospitality Managers</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H ADM 791, Creating and Managing for Service Excellence</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H ADM 793, Industry Mentorship Program</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H ADM 794, Management Development Component 1 and II</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total credits required for the Master of Management in Hospitality program</strong></td>
<td>64</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Course Schedule Information

For up-to-date information about course scheduling, and to obtain a course supplement, contact the hotel school student services office in room 179 Statler Hall, telephone 255-3076.

### MANAGEMENT OPERATION COURSES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>H ADM 100, Principles of Management</td>
<td>Fall and spring. 3 credits. Limited to non-hotel students. Elective. K. Namasiyavam. An introductory survey course in management with orientation to the hospitality industry. The course is organized around the traditional management functions of planning, organizing, commanding, coordinating, and controlling.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H ADM 102, Distinguished Management Lectures</td>
<td>Fall. 1 credit. Elective. Faculty. A series of lectures given by nonresident speakers prominent in the hotel and restaurant industries or allied fields. Topics include career ladders, company profiles, and business-policy formulation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H ADM 104, Elements of Business for Non-Business Majors</td>
<td>Spring. 1 credit. Limited to non-hotel students. P. Rainsford. Provides hands-on skills and knowledge about how to start or run a small business for students whose professional careers may require them to operate their own business. The course will be especially appropriate for students interested in professional careers such as architecture, design, writing, art, engineering, law, and other service businesses. Utilizes a computer-based management simulation game and will require students to work in management teams of six to start and operate a hotel. Each management team’s hotel will be in competition with other hotels in the simulation. The course is introductory level and no previous business experience or computer knowledge is required. Students will be required to attend all sessions and complete a paper that will be due a week after the conclusion of the course. Hotel and DEA students may not enroll.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H ADM 105, Introduction to Lodging</td>
<td>Fall and spring. 3 credits. Limited to hotel and sponsored internal transfer division students. Required. R. McCarthy. Designed to provide students with a comprehensive, fundamental understanding of how hotels are managed from the rooms perspective. Through practical hands-on experiences, students will be exposed to operational line-level positions in the rooms division including housekeeping, reservations, front desk, P/BX, and bellstand. Lectures will begin with an overview of the lodging industry and will focus on the managerial aspects of the rooms division. Topics include revenue management, forecasting, budgeting, measuring performance, transient versus group displacement, pricing and inventory management, service quality, ethics, and technology. Students will apply what they have learned in class while operating their own virtual 250-room hotel using a CHESS computer simulation. Guest lecturers will provide students with insight on various career opportunities in the operations or rooms-related areas.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H ADM 303, Club Management</td>
<td>Fall and spring. Fall, second 7 weeks only; spring, first 7 weeks only. 2 credits. Fall, limited to 35 hotel school juniors and seniors; spring, open enrollment. Prerequisite for hotel students: H ADM 105, or equivalent. Elective. R. James. The study of private membership clubs and club administration. The application of current management principles in a not-for-profit environment is discussed and club management is compared to other areas of the hospitality industry. Topical coverage includes: tournament, facility, and recreation management, legal, financial, and legislative issues; human relations and resource consideration; marketing, pricing policies, and quality standards. The deadline to drop is the mid-point of the course.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H ADM 304, Room-Division Strategic Management</td>
<td>Fall. 2 credits. Second seven weeks of the semester. Limited to juniors, seniors, and graduate students. Elective. Not offered fall 2000. Faculty. Designed for students to study and explore the strategies used by hotel companies competing in multiple market areas. The course will build on the student’s awareness of operations, marketing, law, and finance. The course content parallels presentations made to many hotel companies and their senior management staffs. Assignments will involve readings about service marketing strategies. Participation, analysis, and communication in the Cornell Hotel Administration Strategic Exercise will compose a term project. Ownership meetings and emphasis on renewal or extension of management contracts with the strategic exercise will be a focus of the course. The deadline to drop is the mid-point of the course.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H ADM 306, Franchising in the Hospitality Industry</td>
<td>Fall. 3 credits. Not open to freshmen. Elective. M. Noden. This course looks at relationships between franchisor and franchisee, advantages and disadvantages of franchising, and structure and services offered by franchisors. Case studies of leading lodging and restaurant companies currently offering franchises will be discussed. Guest speakers from the franchising industry.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### GRADUATE CURRICULUM

The school’s programs for advanced degrees include those of Master of Management in Hospitality, Master of Science, and Doctor of Philosophy. For further information on graduate programs, consult the school’s graduate catalog (available in room 178 Statler Hall); contact the school’s graduate services office at 255-7245, or see the university’s Announcement from the Graduate School.

### Required Program for Professional Master’s Students

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Required courses</th>
<th>Credit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>H ADM 701, Competitive Strategies for the Hospitality Industry</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H ADM 702, Human Behavior in Organizations</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H ADM 711, Human Resources Management</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H ADM 721, Financial Economics</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H ADM 722, Hospitality Financial Management</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H ADM 731, Food and Beverage Management</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### H ADM 100 Principles of Management

Fall and spring. 3 credits. Limited to non-hotel students. Elective. K. Namasiyavam. An introductory survey course in management with orientation to the hospitality industry. The course is organized around the traditional management functions of planning, organizing, commanding, coordinating, and controlling.

### H ADM 102 Distinguished Management Lectures

Fall. 1 credit. Elective. Faculty. A series of lectures given by nonresident speakers prominent in the hotel and restaurant industries or allied fields. Topics include career ladders, company profiles, and business-policy formulation.

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Spring. 1 credit. Limited to non-hotel students. P. Rainsford. Provides hands-on skills and knowledge about how to start or run a small business for students whose professional careers may require them to operate their own business. The course will be especially appropriate for students interested in professional careers such as architecture, design, writing, art, engineering, law, and other service businesses. Utilizes a computer-based management simulation game and will require students to work in management teams of six to start and operate a hotel. Each management team’s hotel will be in competition with other hotels in the simulation. The course is introductory level and no previous business experience or computer knowledge is required. Students will be required to attend all sessions and complete a paper that will be due a week after the conclusion of the course. Hotel and DEA students may not enroll.

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<td>H ADM 702, Human Behavior in Organizations</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H ADM 711, Human Resources Management</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H ADM 721, Financial Economics</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H ADM 722, Hospitality Financial Management</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H ADM 731, Food and Beverage Management</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
H ADM 401 Strategic Management
Fall and spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: H ADM 105, 115, 211, and 321, or equivalents. Required. T. Cullen, C. Enz. This is a top management, "big picture" course. It is a single functional area such as marketing, human resources, finance, food and beverage, design, or so forth. The problems and issues of strategy require a total enterprise perspective and the skill of judging all the relevant factors that affect the business organization. Introduces a number of models, methods, and techniques that can be used to identify strategic issues, generate future-oriented action plans to address these issues, and implement change. An important goal is to emphasize the need to review a firm's strengths and weaknesses as the basis for formulating the firm's strategy for exploiting environmental opportunities and coping with environmental threats. Because of the group nature of the course, the absolute drop deadlines are September 1 in the fall and January 26 in the spring.

H ADM 402 Hospitality Management Seminar
Fall. 1 credit. Limited to 30 seniors and graduate students by permission. Students will be expected to register for H ADM 102, Elective, Faculty. A weekly meeting with the H ADM 102 speaker of the week. The subject matter varies from week to week, depending on the speaker's area of expertise. The class is relatively unstructured, and students are expected to participate in discussions.

H ADM 403 Resort and Condominium Management
Fall. Students may enroll in first seven weeks, second seven weeks, or both. 2 credits. Limited to seniors and graduate students, others by permission of instructor. Mandatory attendance in all class periods. Elective. M. Noden. First Seven Weeks: Resort Management: A lecture course in the development, operations, and management of the resort property. Resorts of various types, seasons, and economic levels are considered. Emphasis is on the financing and environmental considerations of the resort development cycle. Regulatory issues are examined, and relationships with host communities and governmental bodies are explored. Special consideration is given to the promotion of business, the provision of facilities, services and guest entertainment. Contract and noncontract relationships with the travel industry are reviewed.

Second Seven Weeks: Resort Condominium Management: A lecture course in the development, financing, and management of secondary-residential hotel condominiums. Contemporary state statutory requirements, S.F.C. regulations and practice, and prospects for are reviewed for application in the managerial portfolio. Federal land use controls are examined and explained. Individual financing of units, and management contracts are fully reviewed, and students will be exposed to typical management contract requirements and protocols. Rental pooling and its effects upon management and owners will be fully explored. Applications of the condominium concept, including such by-products as time sharing, will be examined from a managerial perspective.

H ADM 404 Entrepreneurship
Fall and spring. 3 credits. Limited to 40 seniors, and graduate students. Prerequisite: H ADM 321 or equivalent. Elective. Faculty. Emphasis: Starting a new business, not franchising or buying an existing business. Topics will cover how to conceptualize an idea, how to evaluate and articulate the plan, and how to sell the plan to investors, customers, clients, and employees. Students work in teams to develop and present a business plan to a panel of judges at the end of the course. Case studies, guest lecturers. Because of the group project nature of the course, the absolute drop deadline for all students is the last day of the first week of classes.

H ADM 405 Quality Planning in the Hospitality Industry
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 25 seniors and graduate students. Prerequisites: all required hotel undergraduate courses at the 100, 200, and 300 levels. Elective. T. Hinkin. Focuses on the analysis of work processes and examines organizations from three perspectives: the customer, the employee, and management. Provides students with a systematic approach to identifying, prioritizing, and improving job functions and work processes utilizing the tools of quality management. Readings, case analysis.

H ADM 407 Seminar in Hotel Operations
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 25 juniors and seniors. Estimated cost of field trip, $200. Elective. R. McCarthy. Seminar course applies management theory to actual hotel operations via semester-long interactions and visits with the department heads and general manager of a medium- to large-size hotel. Field trip includes attendance at executive committee meeting, presentations by various department heads, and half-day "shadow assignments."

H ADM 408 Seminar In Casino Operations
Fall. 2 credits. Limited to hotel juniors and seniors. Estimated cost of field trip, $200. Elective. R. McCarthy. Introduction to the multi-billion dollar gambling industry, including a historical overview of gaming and examination of legal, social, and economic issues within the industry. Reviews various games played in casinos, current trends, and the most popular casino destinations in the world. Special attention is devoted to the growth of casinos in cruise ships, Indian reservations, and on river boats in the United States.

H ADM 409 Airline Management
Spring. 3 credits. Elective. Offered alternate years. M. Noden. Focuses on domestic and international airline industries and explores both pre- and post-regulatory climates. Emphasis is on dynamic organizational change in response to fluctuating economic and legal conditions. Topics include airline organization, comparative strategic perspectives, and marketing and distribution networks, operations and service management, union relations, finance, government regulation, and air transport. Case studies and guest lecturers will be used. Also, using the computer-driven simulation exercise called AIRLINE, student teams will operate a small regional carrier.

H ADM 415 Organizational Behavior and Interpersonal Skills
Fall and spring. 3 credits. Required. F. Berger. Focuses on managing people in the workplace. Students develop theoretic lenses for understanding people and organizations and practical tools for accomplishing personal and organizational goals. Topics include individual differences, conflict management, problem solving, power and influence, motivation, leadership, coaching and counseling, and group process. Self-assessments, experiential exercises, reading, discussions, papers, and group activities.

H ADM 420 The Management of Human Resources
Fall and spring. 3 credits. Limited to 40 non-hotel students, no freshmen. Elective. Faculty. Examines the role of human resources management, starting with an introduction to
the personnel function and an analysis of the social, legal, international, and competitive factors. Examines recruitment, selection, training, motivation, development, compensation, performance appraisal, and labor relations. Class discussion and case analysis are emphasized.

H ADM 211 Human Resources Management
Fall and spring. 3 credits. Limited to 60 hotel students per lecture, no freshmen or graduate students. Prerequisites: H ADM 105 and 115 (co-registration in 115 is allowed). B. Tracey. Provides students with an overview of the human resources management (HRM) field and shows them the link between specific HRM activities and substantive issues/situations they will face as future hospitality managers. Integrates information and knowledge acquired in previous courses. Students will understand the relationship between compensation and benefit activities and job design, motivation, and reward structures. Upon completion, students will: (1) understand the interrelationship of HRM activities, as well as the relationship between HRM and other functional areas within hospitality organizations; and (2) understand how to effectively attract, retain, and motivate hospitality employees.

H ADM 411 Negotiations in the Hospitality Industry
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 30 undergraduate students. Prerequisites: H ADM 115, or equivalent. Elective. T. Simons. Negotiation skills are crucial to business success. The course provides hands-on experience in negotiation in the hospitality field. Writing, role-playing exercises, and discussions are used to develop students' negotiation skills. Students will improve their comfort level with negotiating as well as develop their own personal style. Students will also learn how to adjust their negotiating style to respond appropriately to different personalities and negotiation tactics.

H ADM 412 Managing Organizational Change
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: H ADM 211 or equivalent. Elective. C. Lundberg. Facilitating and managing change in organizations. Topics include change processes, organizational diagnosis, action planning, and consultancy. Individual and team projects.

H ADM 415 Managerial Leadership in the 21st Century
Spring. 1 credit. Weekend course. Dates TBA. Elective. Required notebook $25. K. Blanchard. Students become participant observers in their own lives by studying the field of applied behavioral science. Students will be able to use what they learn about human beings and how they function best in groups and organizations on a day-to-day basis to develop quality relationships between themselves and the people they support and depend upon (boss, staff, internal peers/associates, and customers). Because of the popularity of this class, priority will be given in the following order: seniors, juniors, non-enrolled extramural students, sophomores, freshmen, and Cornell employees. The absolute deadline for adding or dropping the course is 12:00 noon on the first day of class.

H ADM 416 Special Studies in the Management of Human Resources: Service Cultures
Spring. 2 credits. Limited to juniors, seniors, and graduate students. Prerequisite: H ADM 211 or equivalent. Elective. C. Lundberg.

First Seven Weeks—Service Cultures. This course will assist students in understanding the creation and maintenance of effective service-driven operations. Emphasis will be placed on the diagnosis and design of human resource initiatives aimed at creating effective service cultures and improving organizational performance. Topics covered include the management of emotions, monitoring and measuring the corporate culture for service, and the linkage of human resource practices to service vision, organizational design, and strategic objectives. Students will develop and conduct a culture audit in a business. The seminar format is intended to encourage class discussion, case analysis, and field experience.

Second Seven Weeks—Service Organization Design. Since the earliest organizations, questions of how to best organize activities and resources have challenged managers. Traditional structures, e.g., those organized by functions, products, territories, seem to work less effectively as time goes on. The contemporary management challenge is to design and use more responsive, and flexible organizations—especially in the service sector. It is important to understand the effects of different organizational designs and systems on behavior and efficiency. This course will therefore carefully explore the components, processes, and issues associated with known and probable design options. We will operate as a seminar with several application classes.

H ADM 418 Innovation and Dynamic Management (also ARME 328)
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to juniors and seniors. Elective. C. Enz. A university-wide course that investigates the innovation process and how to develop good management practice. Innovative firms are studied via case analyses, and a framework for effective change management is devised by the end of the semester. Emphasis is placed on examining how businesses and managers can build productive organizations through a process of rethinking, re-evaluating, and discarding existing practices. The class will operate as a seminar with several hands-on experiences in innovation.

H ADM 611 Negotiations in the Hospitality Industry
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 30 graduate students. Prerequisite: H ADM 702 or equivalent. Elective. T. Simons.

Negotiation skills are crucial to business success. This course provides hands-on experience in negotiation in the hospitality field. Writing, role-playing exercises, and discussions are used to develop students' negotiation skills. Students will improve their comfort level with negotiating as well as develop their own personal style. Students will also learn how to adjust their negotiating style to respond appropriately to different personalities and negotiation tactics.

H ADM 614 Leadership and Small Group Processes
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to 30 hotel seniors and graduate students. Elective. C. Lundberg.

Theoretical and practical applications of organizational behavior will be explored through lectures, case studies, and management games and exercises. Students will participate in experiential labs aimed at enhancing their effectiveness as members or leaders of groups. Topics include leadership, decision making, motivation, power, and organizational change.

H ADM 711 Human Resources Management
Spring. 3 credits. Professional master's requirement. B. Tracey. Addresses the policies and procedures that are required to attract, develop, and retain quality employees. Attention will be given to both strategies and tactics that influence HR decisions, as well as individual and organizational performance. A variety of learning methodologies will be used and students will have the opportunity to apply knowledge and skills in a semester-long project.
H ADM 222 Finance
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: H ADM 121, 221, or equivalents. Required. S. Carvell.
Provides students with accounting cash flow information for financial planning, capital structure, decisions, capital budgeting, evaluation, and short-term and long-term financial decision making. Topics include current asset management, short-term financing, capital budgeting, long-term financing, cost of capital, and problems in international finance.

H ADM 321 Hospitality Financial Management
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: H ADM 121, 221, and 222, or permission of instructor. Required. S. Carvell, F. Kwansa.
Integrates the areas of financial accounting, managerial accounting, and finance and applies the interpretive and analytical skills of each to hospitality-industry situations. Topics include uniform system of accounts, revenue and expense tracking and internal control, accounting systems, ratio and comparative analysis, cost-volume-profit analysis, pricing, operational budgeting, project capital budgeting, decision making, equity and debt financing structures, and operating agreement forms.

H ADM 322 Principles of Investment Management
Fall and spring. Limited to non-hotel students. Hotel students or those with a background in economics, quantitative analysis, and computers are advised to enroll in H ADM 424. Elective. Faculty.
An introductory course covering institutional and analytical aspects of security analysis and investment portfolio management including valuation models and practical strategies for stocks, bonds, and mutual fund selection and trading. Computer-assisted analysis, including students' participation in an investment game, is discussed and applied in a realistic manner.

H ADM 323 Hospitality Real-Estate Finance
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to juniors and seniors. Prerequisite: H ADM 321 or equivalent. Elective: J. deRoos, D. Quan.
Focuses on real estate financing for hospitality-oriented projects. Topics include methods of measuring rates of return, feasibility and appraisal processes, equity and debt financing vehicles to include joint ventures, limited partnerships, construction mortgages, participating, convertible, and seller-financed mortgages; forms of operating agreements to include management contracts, leases, and franchises, and trends in international hotel franchising. Presentations by hospitality-industry real estate practitioners.

H ADM 324 International Financial Management
Fall and spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: H ADM 121, 221, 222, or equivalents, and micro and macroeconomics. Elective. D. Ferguson.
Focuses on the international aspects of financial management important to the hospitality industry with the intention of providing an understanding of and confidence in dealing with the economic issues faced by the multinational corporation. Areas covered are the international financial management environment, the management of foreign exchange risk, international asset management, and international sources of funds.

H ADM 326 Corporate Finance
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to juniors and seniors. Prerequisite: H ADM 321. Elective. S. Carvell.
In-depth analysis of corporate financial management, including financing alternatives and capital structure, cash management, capital budgeting decisions, risk analysis, and working capital management. Although applicable to all businesses, special attention is placed on issues important to the hospitality industry. Emphasizes analytical methods through case studies and an in-depth semester project.

H ADM 421 Internal Control in Hospitality Operations
Hotel and restaurant operations are analyzed from the perspective of preventing fraud and embezzlement. The design and distribution of production, accounting, information systems, and supervisory tasks are studied in a manner that will ensure effective internal control and verifiable audit trails. Case studies.

H ADM 422 Taxation and Management Decisions
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to 50 juniors, seniors, and graduate students. Elective. A. Scariabba.
Introduction to tax advantages and disadvantages of various organizational structures, including corporations, partnerships, and subchapter "S" corporations; financial information reporting to tax authorities and shareholders and how they differ; use of depreciation methods to achieve tax reductions; syndication techniques, and the role tax laws play in promoting private investments and development.

H ADM 423 Financial Management Policy
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 30 students; non-hotel students by permission of instructor. Prerequisite: H ADM 326 or 721. Elective. S. Carvell.
Covers numerous policy issues in financial management. Each of these issues will affect the potential profitability and survivability of the firm under conditions of uncertainty. The course will concentrate on nine major policy issues including capital structure, dividend policy, lease vs. buy analysis, and working capital financing.

H ADM 424 Security Analysis and Portfolio Management
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to juniors, seniors, and graduate students. Prerequisites: macro and micro economics, introductory course in statistics and/or quantitative analysis, and knowledge of computers beyond word processing. Elective. Faculty.
An in-depth analysis of financial instruments, investments and portfolio management including fixed income, equity securities, advanced valuation models, risk-retum analysis, screening techniques, asset allocation, and active portfolio management and trading. Recent developments in investments research are covered, and large financial databases are used for practical applications of the concepts and techniques presented.

H ADM 525 Securities and Structured Financial Products
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to seniors and graduate students. Prerequisites: H ADM 222 or 721 and 424, or by permission. Elective: D. Quan.
Deals with the structure and analysis of securitized financial products with an emphasis on residential and commercial mortgage-backed securities (MBS). Intended for those who wish to acquire working knowledge in the analysis of such securities (such as collateralized securities) and a deep understanding of the securitization process. Necessitates a highly analytic and quantitative approach. Students are required to have a strong background in finance and economics.

H ADM 621 Hospitality Real Estate Finance
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to graduate students. Prerequisite: H ADM 722 or equivalent. Elective: J. deRoos.
For description, see H ADM 523. This graduate course builds on H ADM 523. Includes three hours in class each week plus an hour-long discussion seminar session each week which features guest speakers from industry, faculty from other colleges, and case studies.

H ADM 622 Capital Investment Analysis
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite(s): a course in principles of corporate finance (for graduate students) or equivalent; for undergraduate students, H ADM 722 and permission). Elective. S. Carvell.
This course is about how financial managers must make capital investment decisions in order to maximize shareholder wealth. This requires an in-depth understanding of both the investing and financing decision-making process. To understand the former, students learn about the capital budgeting process and acquire specific skills enabling them to evaluate capital projects, e.g., net present value, discounted cash flow and risk analysis. For the latter, students learn how equity and debt securities are priced in a dynamic capital market and how the firm's capital cost and structure are linked with maximization. Cases are used to illustrate theory and industry guest speakers conduct occasional seminars.

H ADM 624 Reporting and Analysis for Financial Statements
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 30 seniors and graduate students. Elective. P. Surihara.
Covers the financial accounting issues that are encountered in reporting the operations of corporate enterprises. Emphasis is on the components of financial statements, how and why they are reported, and their impact on the overall financial success of the firm and its acceptance in capital markets. Emphasis is on outsiders' views of the company and their decision making through interpretation of financial statements.

H ADM 721 Financial Economics
Fall. 3 credits. Professional master's requirement. L. Caimar.
Integrates corporate finance with the framework of value maximization and the competitive analysis of product and factor markets in the hospitality industry. Topics include short-term asset management, strategic valuation, capital budgeting analysis, capital structure decisions, leasing, and international financial management.
H ADM 722 Hospitality Financial Management  
Spring. 3 credits. Professional master's requirement. G. Potter.  
Covers both managerial accounting and financial management as they are practiced in the hospitality industry. Topics include hospitality accounting systems and internal control, financial statement analysis and interpretation, operational analysis, cost behavior, budgeting and forecasting, pricing, and feasibility analysis.

FOOD AND BEVERAGE MANAGEMENT

H ADM 136 Introduction to Food Service Operations  
Fall and spring. 4 credits. Limited to hotel students. Required. G. Norkus, A. Susskind.  
An introduction to the principles of food and beverage management, beginning with an overview of the food service industry at large. Attention is focused on major industry segments, business practices, and trends. Detailed consideration is given to the components of the food service system: marketing, menu planning, logistical support, production, service, controls, and quality assurance. Product and systems differentiation in various industry segments is emphasized.

H ADM 230 Introduction to Culinary Arts  
Fall and spring. 2 credits. Limited to non-hotel students. Priority given to seniors and graduate students. S-U grades only.  
Attendance at first class is mandatory. Absolute drop deadline for fall is September 10; spring drop deadline is January 30. Elective. There will be a course fee of $60 which includes the cost of a uniform and uniform cleaning. D. D'Aprix, S. Gould, T. O'Connor, R. White.  
Studies of food groups, their respective methods of preparation, cooking, presentation, and holding. Designed for non-hotel students who are interested in learning the professional approach to food preparation and service with hands-on practice. Food product identification, preparation and service methods, and professional language of food and cooking.

H ADM 236 Culinary Theory and Practice  
Fall and spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: H ADM 136. Attendance at first class is mandatory. Required. T. O'Connor, R. Spies, R. White.  
Designed to introduce the student to food and beverage operations through three major components: fundamental food composition and properties, food products and preparation, and food safety and sanitation. Students will prepare recipes, review menus, and production schedules and will develop the ability to recognize properly prepared foods by preparing, tasting, and evaluating foods. They also will develop an awareness of potential production problems and how to troubleshoot them.

H ADM 331 Creating Distributor Partnerships  
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 20 juniors, seniors, and graduate students; others by permission of instructor. Elective. E. Metberg.  
Beginning with a historical overview, the student gains an appreciation for the role the food service distributor plays in the movement of food from farm to the operator. Emphasis on the complexity of the distributors' operations in today's high tech world. Students prepare and negotiate sole source supply agreements with the nation's largest food distributors. Exposure to the various disciplines and employment opportunities in food service distribution. Guest speakers, distributor visits.

H ADM 332 Reviewing the Restaurant: The Consumer's View of the Dining Experience  
Fall. 3 credits. Field trip $325. Limited to 20 students with written permission. Prerequisites: H ADM 165 and 335, or permission of the instructor. Elective. N. Dahl, G. Pezzotti.  
Trains the student to perform a comprehensive analysis of the restaurant dining experience. The role of the restaurant critic/reviewer will be discussed in depth. The student will examine and enhance his or her critical writing skills, as the course will require each student to complete approximately ten restaurant reviews.

H ADM 333 Current Issues in Food Safety and Sanitation  
Spring. Variable to 3 credits. Three-credit registration limited to 12 students. Elective. Faculty.  
A study of current issues in food safety and sanitation procedures as they affect managerial decisions in food service and hospitality operations. Topics include risk assessment and hazard analysis; legal responsibilities related to food, food handlers, equipment and facility; illness and other public-health concerns; and certification and training. Preparation for NIH/NRA certification and the Food Protection (ETS) certification exam (optional) is offered.

H ADM 334 Wine and Food Pairing Principles and Promotion  
Spring. 2 credits. Limited to 20 juniors, seniors, and graduate students. Prerequisite: H ADM 430 or permission of instructor. Elective. G. Pezzotti.  
Focuses on the pairing and marketing of wine and food. Students develop an understanding of regional and varietal wine styles; how wines' flavors can change a wine's flavor, and the promotion of wine and food. Topics include wine and food pairing principles, cuisines and their flavor components, food trends in restaurants and in the home, special event planning, and wine list development. Students design and present wine and food tastings to industry guests.

H ADM 335 Restaurant Management  
Fall and spring. 4 credits. Limited to 30 hotel school students per lab; others by permission of instructor. Prerequisites: H ADM 136 and 236. Approximate cost of utensils and manual, $85. Once enrolled, students may not drop the course without permission of instructor. Required. D. D'Aprix, Y. Kerr-Donovan, B. Lang, M. McCarthy, J. Ridley, E. Merberg.  
A restaurant-management course in which each student participates as a manager of a full-service restaurant operation. Topics include operational issues, customer satisfaction, restaurant trends and challenges defining a service philosophy, and management development. The laboratory is based on a hands-on managerial component, including the development of a business plan and post-analysis of the operation. Students become familiar with all aspects of a restaurant operation.

H ADM 338 Seminar in Culture and Cuisine  
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to 20 students. Prerequisites: H ADM 165 and 236 (or 230), or permission of instructor. Elective. R. Spies.  
Explores various cuisines in terms of history, lifestyle, and foods peculiar to a culture. Through readings, research, and meal preparation, students explore various cuisines in depth. The goal of the course is to develop an awareness of several international cuisines, enabling students to make comparisons among the foodways of different cultures. Students prepare research reports and oral presentations, and design menus and orchestrate their preparation.

H ADM 339 Wine in Culture and History  
Fall and spring. 2 credits. Limited to 200 students. Fall regions: Germany, Italy, and Champagne. Spring regions: Bordeaux, Burgundy, and California. Elective. A. Nash.  
Designed to provide students with a cultural and historical perspective on wine and its place in society. Topics include history, people, culture, production of wine in specific wine-producing regions of the world, wine and health issues, wine and food pairing, cooking with wine, and retail wine buying strategies. Regions covered will change each semester so students may take the course more than once.

H ADM 430 Introduction to Wines  
Fall and spring. 2 credits. Wine glass kit and course fee, $25.00. Limited to hotel school juniors, seniors, and graduate students, and seniors and graduate students in all other colleges. Hotel students encouraged to enroll in the fall. All students, except those in the hotel school, must be 21 years old by the first day of university classes (August 24, 2000 and January 22, 2001). S-U grades only. Elective. S. Mutsoksi, A. Nash.  
An introduction to the major wine-producing regions of the world and what the consumer needs to know to purchase wines, spirits, and beer at retail outlets and in a restaurant setting. Topics include flavor components in wine, pairing wine and food, responsible drinking, selecting quality and value wines, and wine etiquette. Samples from a variety of countries, regions, and vineyards are evaluated.

(Preregistered students who do not attend the first class and fail to notify the course secretary in 274 Statler of their absence before the first class are automatically dropped from the course. The student must then follow the normal drop procedure in his or her school. Because of the high demand for this course and because a product is consumed, the absolute drop deadline for all students is September 8 in the fall and February 2, 2001 in the spring.)

H ADM 431 Seminar in Independent Restaurant Operations Management  
Fall and spring. 3 credits. Five field trips, $325. Limited to 20 students, with written permission of instructor. Elective. G. Pezzotti.  
Designed for students who have a strong interest in food and beverage operations and who may be considering a career as an...
Entrepreneur. Students visit and analyze various independently owned restaurant operations. Analysis covers the restaurant's concept (market), organization, ownership, management, physical structure, staff, front- and back-of-the-house operations, and fiscal integrity. Resident relevant to current topics in the restaurant industry are required. Classes alternate weekly between field trips and seminar/case presentations.

H ADM 432 Contemporary Healthy Foods
Fall. 3 credits. Field trip, $50. Limited to 20 seniors and graduate students, or by permission of instructor. Prerequisite: H ADM 355 or equivalent. Elective. M. Tabacchi.

Builds a greater awareness and understanding among nutrition and food service professionals of the origins and manifestations of today's health-conscious and educated food service patron. Topics include the marriage of nutrition and the cuisine demanded by today's consumer, fresh produce, lean meats, and lack of fabricated diet foods. Menu design includes creating and evaluating menus of foods. Major emphasis is on preparation, marketing, merchandising, and selling of healthy menus in Statler's outlets.

H ADM 433 Contract Services Management
Fall. 3 credits. Field trips. $25–50. Limited to 25 juniors, seniors, and graduate students. Prerequisites: H ADM 136 and 236. Elective. D. Reynolds.

Operations in business and industry, healthcare, and education, as well as other on-site segments, represent more than one-fourth of total restaurant industry revenues. Addresses the major differences between on-site food service management and traditional restaurant management with particular focus on organizational structure, competitive challenges, revenue enhancement/containment, labor issues, systems design, and branding. Readings, discussions with industry leaders, cases, site visits, and an integrated research project.

H ADM 434 Desserts Merchandising
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 25 students. Prerequisite: H ADM 230, 236, or permission of the instructor. Elective. Faculty.

A hands-on course providing exposure to a variety of breads, pastries, cakes, and other desserts. Students develop large-scale production skills, become familiar with bakeshop utensils, and advertise and sell their products.

H ADM 435 Selection, Procurement, and Supply Management
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to 20 students. Prerequisites: H ADM 136 and 236, or 731. Elective. R. Spies.

Expands upon the concepts of purchasing and supply management that were developed in H ADM 136 and 731. Designed to expose the student to two specific areas: the management of the procurement system and the major commodity groups that are germane to the operation of a hotel or foodservice operation. Lectures include discussions on the comparison of the purchasing function in the hospitality industry to other industries, distribution systems, legal and ethical implications in buyer-seller relationships, procurement options, buying strategy development, price protection programs, and other contemporary issues. Students work with the major entree food groups: meats, seafood, and poultry, with emphasis placed on identification, quality and condition, market form, yield tests, and cost analyses.

H ADM 436 Beverage Management
Fall and spring. 2 credits. Limited to 25 hotel school juniors, seniors, and graduate students. Prerequisite: H ADM 430 (coregistration is not allowed). Elective. S. Mukherji.

Designed for students who intend to pursue food and beverage as a career. Deals specifically with the management of beverage operations. Lectures develop skills in and awareness of the following: staff training and responsible customer service; beverage pricing; food and wine pairings; wine list development; purchasing, storage, and service; wine regions, cost controls and loss prevention; and creative beverage merchandising. Guest lecturers.

H ADM 437 Specialty Food and Beverage Operations: Guest Chefs
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 20 juniors, seniors, and graduate students. Prerequisite: H ADM 355 or 731. Elective. G. Pezzotti.

Designed for students with a strong food and beverage orientation, especially students considering careers in the hotel food and beverage environment, or those who anticipate interacting with current culinary trends. Working in groups, students market, organize, plan, produce, serve, and prepare the financial analysis and accounting relative to four guest chef specialty production nights for the Cornell community, utilizing the Statler Hotel facility. Final project.

H ADM 438 Catering Management
Spring. 2 credits. Field trip, $180. Limited to 25 students. Prerequisite: H ADM 236 or permission of instructor. Elective. R. Spies.

Examines on- and off-premise catering for business and social functions, as well as sports events and events. Topics include the organizational structure of catering operations; legal aspects of catering businesses; menu design for special functions and its operational implications; marketing from a caterer’s perspective; financial management; staff recruitment, training, and supervision; and post-event analysis. Site visits and analyses of actual catering operations.

H ADM 530 Anheuser Busch Seminar in Quality Brewing and Fine Beer
Fall. 1 credit. First 7 weeks of the semester. Prerequisite: H ADM 430. Elective. G. Pezzotti.

Designed for upper-level students who intend to pursue food and beverage careers. Serves to advance one's knowledge about beers in terms of managing such products in a restaurant or other food service outlet. Topics include the brewing process, sensory aspects of beer, international beer types and styles, marketing malt products, purchasing and distribution, storage and service, beer and food pairing, staff training and education, cost controls, and third party liability issues. Local field trip, no cost.

H ADM 538 Health and Fitness in the Resort Hotel and Spa Industry
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to seniors and graduate students. Two field trips, $75–100. Prerequisite: previous courses in food and beverage management and marketing. Elective. M. Tabacchi.

Emphasizes the management aspects of spas, health clubs, and spa resorts. Topics include feasibility of success and marketing research necessary to establish new spas, design of menus, mental and physical fitness programs, stress management, spa medical treatments, complementary medicine, and other spa programs. Other topics include required personnel, safety, legal and ethical issues, and integration of nutritious menu items and their marketing and merchandising. Guest speakers.

H ADM 539 Airline Service Foodservice and In-flight Management
Spring. 3 credits. Preference given to seniors and graduate students. Field trip, $75–100. Prerequisites/Corequisites: H ADM 136, 236, or permission of the instructor. Elective. M. Tabacchi.

Focuses on the challenge of preparing and distributing 20,000–30,000 meals per day to 20–30 different airline carriers and retheralizing, serving, and clearing those meals at 30,000 feet in confined space and short periods of time. Examines strategies, planning, and forecasting food and beverage costs and revenues. Topics include airline culture, catering, and sales executives, as well as the effect of the economy and the airline's competition upon the type of meals served.

H ADM 631 Case Studies in Multi-unit Restaurant Management
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 20 graduate students, seniors by permission. Elective. R. Spies.

Case studies of multi-unit restaurant organizations will focus on topics such as: new venture planning, rapid growth and organizational change, market identification, service delivery and design, customer relations, strategic planning, and operations management, strategic planning and implementation, tactics and market responses, international expansion, marketing and sales growth, and thought thinking. Each class period will be spent in student-organized discourses and exchange based upon their assigned written case analysis. Grading will be on individual case presentations, class participation and written case assignments.

H ADM 633 Food Service Operations Management
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 20 graduate students, others by permission. Elective. A. Susskind.

Applies fundamental concepts of marketing, financial analysis, food service production and management, and human resource principles that were addressed in previous courses. Combines theory and practice in all levels of a food service operation: basic knowledge, technical skills, and analytical skills. Manages by planning, implementing, critiquing, and analyzing a food service operation. Designs and implements a training program for an opening staff and employees who will be rotating through different positions. Develops budgets, both profit and loss, for different food service operations. Employ a feasibility model for a particular food service concept and operation.

H ADM 731 Graduate Food and Beverage Management
Spring. 3 credits. Professional master's requirement. R. Kelly, A. Susskind.

Focuses on the technical, managerial, and human resource skills needed to be successful in food service management. Topics include market analysis, concept development, menu planning, operations management, marketing, and operations management.
and current and future issues affecting the food service industry.

MARKETING AND TOURISM

H ADM 243 Marketing Management for the Hospitality Industry
Fall and spring. 3 credits. Limited to 80 hotel students per lecture, not open to freshmen. Required. J. Sigauw.
Helps students acquire the knowledge and skills necessary to get and keep profitable customers in today's competitive business environment. Topics are product quality, branding, pricing, personal selling, advertising, sales promotions, market segmentation, target marketing, product positioning, and marketing research. Class exercises, assignments, and essay exams.

H ADM 343 Marketing Research
Fall and spring. 3 credits. Limited to 32 students per section. Requires: Introductory principles of marketing or marketing management and an introductory course in quantitative methods for management. Elective. J. Austin.
Introduces students to the basic techniques and practices used to collect, analyze, and disseminate data for decision making in hospitality marketing. The goal is to help future managers develop a level of research competency that will enable them to interact intelligently with marketing research providers when requesting information, assessing proposed research projects, as well as evaluating and using information from completed research.

H ADM 344 Tourism I
Fall and spring. 3 credits. Not open to freshmen. Elective. M. Noden.
An introductory course in the study of tourism. The origins and evolution of contemporary tourism are examined. Students are familiarized with the various supply components of tourism and their integration on an international scale. The effects of mass-volume tourist demand on destination development are explored through the use of selected limited case studies. Guest lectures highlight the economic operations and effects of tourism in both the public and private sectors.

H ADM 345 Hospitality Sales
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 24 students. Prerequisite: H ADM 243, 741, or equivalent. Elective. J. Sigauw.
An in-depth study of the promotional tool of personal selling, with an emphasis on identifying and meeting the needs of the customer. Course material encourages the use of intuition, judgment, logic, problem-solving methodology, and other tools as part of an overall sales mix. Class sessions involve lectures, role playing, videos, presentations, and guest lectures.

H ADM 347 Consumer Behavior
Fall and spring. 3 credits. Limited to 45 juniors and seniors. Prerequisite: an introductory principles of marketing or marketing management course. Elective. M. Lynn.
Helps students become better at understanding, predicting, and influencing consumer behavior. Topics are motivation, perception, learning, decision making, persuasion, compliance, geo-demographics, and psychographics. Applications of the material to hospitality marketing issues such as guest frequency programs, menu design, advertising, personal selling, and promotion strategy will be stressed through class exercises, a term paper, and essay exams.

H ADM 442 Strategic Marketing
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to seniors. Prerequisite: a previous marketing course. Elective. C. Dev.
Offers theoretical and practical approaches addressing strategic marketing challenges in hospitality and service firms. Strategic marketing concepts and principles will be learned through lectures, discussion, case studies, and development of a strategic marketing report.

H ADM 444 Tourism II
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to juniors, seniors, and graduate students. Prerequisites: H ADM 243, 244, or equivalents, or written permission of instructor. Elective. M. Noden.
An advanced course in the study of tourism. Emphasis is placed on the development of the tourism industrial base and development and financial structure and infrastructure. Students are expected to engage in a wide range of discussions and analysis of the effects of tourism on various environments in social and economic terms. Case studies, occasional guest lectures.

H ADM 445 Services Marketing
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to 40 students. Prerequisite: a previous marketing course or permission of instructor. Elective. L. Renaghan.
Students preparing for management positions will develop an understanding of services marketing principles attributable to the hospitality industry. Topics include marketing strategies of service firms, new marketing approaches, and the reformation of traditional marketing principles from consumers and industrial goods marketing. Case studies, guest speakers.

H ADM 446 Marketing Planning for Hotels
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: H ADM 243, 741, or equivalent. Elective. L. Renaghan.
Students learn about the key variables in property-level management and their proper application in developing a marketing plan, e.g., marketing intelligence, demand analysis, supply and competitor analysis, segment analysis, resource allocation, sales strategies, and measurement of results. Test material, cases, relevant articles, lectures, and key speakers. Upon completion of the course, the student should be able to design, develop, and implement a comprehensive, targeted, and action-oriented marketing plan for a lodging property.

H ADM 447 Channels of Distribution in Tourism
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: H ADM 243. Elective. M. Noden.
Examines the major elements of the structure, arrangement, management, and control of the channels of distribution in the tourism industry. Topics include emerging trends in electronic distribution, organizational structures of distributive consortia, and their effectiveness in service distribution. Significant readings, guest lectures.

H ADM 448 Marketing Communications
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: a previous marketing course. Elective. C. Dev.
Provides students with a managerial understanding of the effective use of a variety of marketing communication media, including advertising, sales promotion, public relations, etc. Hospitality industry emphasized.

H ADM 449 International Marketing
Fall and spring. 3 credits. Limited to 25 students. Prerequisites: Micro and macroeconomics. Elective. Not offered fall 2000. Faculty. Develops understanding of international marketing with emphasis on hospitality-industry applications. Focuses on the similarities and differences that exist between domestic and international marketing and the conduct of international marketing in various segments of the world.

H ADM 451 Marketing Decision Models for Service Firms
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to 20 seniors and graduate students. Prerequisite: a principles of marketing or marketing management course and an introductory course in quantitative methods for management. Elective. J. Austin.
Introduces students to advanced data analysis and modelling methods used for decision making in hospitality marketing.

H ADM 462 Strategic Marketing
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to graduate students. Prerequisite: a previous marketing course and permission of instructor. Elective. C. Dev.
Offers theoretical and practical approaches to addressing strategic marketing challenges in hospitality and service firms. Strategic marketing concepts and principles will be learned through lectures, discussion, and development of a strategic marketing report.

H ADM 463 Marketing Research
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 20 graduate students. Prerequisites: introductory principles of marketing or marketing management and an introductory course in quantitative methods for management. Elective. J. Austin.
Introduces students to the basic techniques and practices used to collect and analyze data for decision making in hospitality marketing. The goal is to help upper-level managers develop a level of research competency that will enable them to interact intelligently with marketing research providers when requesting information, assessing proposed research projects, as well as evaluating and using information from completed research.

H ADM 464 Food and Beverage Marketing Strategy
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to graduate students, seniors by permission. Prerequisite: prior 3-credit marketing course. Elective. T. Kelly.
Focuses on how to apply marketing, sales, and merchandising techniques to the commercial food and beverage industry. Addresses developing a market segmentation based on understanding the needs and wants of potential target markets, translating needs and wants into a viable food service concept positioning strategy, and marketing strategies used to maintain and increase sales and market share. Recitation and analysis involves substantial use of the Consumer Report on Eating Share Trends (CREST) database.
**PROPERTY ASSET MANAGEMENT**

**H ADM 255 Hotel Development and Planning**
- Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 20 sophomores, juniors, and seniors per section.
- Required: R. Penner, S. Robson.
- An introduction and management overview of the problems and opportunities inherent in the development and planning of hospitality facilities. Topics include the project development sequence; conceptual and space planning; architectural design criteria; construction management; and the interpretation of architectural and consultant drawings. Emphasis is on setting appropriate facilities requirements, understanding industry practice, and implementing properties decisions within a balanced design, operations, and financial framework.

**H ADM 350 Real Estate Management**
- Fall. 2 credits. First 7 weeks of the semester. Elective: J. deRoos.
- Introductory course designed for students interested in learning the principles of property management for residential and commercial real estate. Lectures will provide an overview of the different aspects of property management such as leases and management contracts (including landlord/tenant issues), accounting and finance, staffing, and building operations. Case studies.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>H ADM 351</td>
<td>Hospitality Facilities Design</td>
<td>Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: H ADM 255 or 751 or permission of instructor. Elective: R. Penner, S. Robson. A lecture-studio course dealing with property development and design by focusing on the interpretation and analysis of hotel plans. Students learn basic graphic techniques and apply them to planning problems for hospitality facilities. Final project.</td>
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<tr>
<td>H ADM 352</td>
<td>Hotel Planning and Interior Design</td>
<td>Spring. 3 credits. Field trip, $250; drawing supplies, $100. Limited to 18 students. Prerequisite: H ADM 351 or permission of instructor. Elective: R. Penner. A project course in which student teams develop operational criteria and a complete interior design presentation for a new hotel or major renovation. The early semester includes a number of short design exercises. A field trip to a northeastern city introduces students to the particular hotel and its requirements. During the remainder of the term, the teams will plan the hotel public areas and guestrooms, develop conceptual designs, establish preliminary budgets, and assemble presentation boards to describe the design.</td>
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<tr>
<td>H ADM 353</td>
<td>Food Service Facilities Design</td>
<td>Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 24 students. Prerequisites: H ADM 351 and 352 (coregistration is allowed) or food service experience or permission of instructor. Elective: S. Robson. An introduction to the basic concepts of food service facilities design and planning. Students will determine space allocations for kitchens and their support areas; develop basic production work flow in the preparation and service areas; and select equipment utilizing quality of construction, and ease of maintenance. Students will use studio time for planning, designing, and writing specifications for a medium-size restaurant kitchen.</td>
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<tr>
<td>H ADM 354</td>
<td>Computer-Aided Design</td>
<td>Fall and spring. 2 credits. Limited to 18 students per lecture. Prerequisite: H ADM 351 or non-credit student experience. Attendance at first class is mandatory. Elective: S. Curtis. The operation of microcomputer-based computer-aided design (CAD) systems. Using AutoCAD on the IBM PC, the course presents an organized and logical sequence of commands, mode settings, drawing aids, and other characteristics of CAD. Students will learn the program in the school's computer center and will develop a complete graphic presentation. Emphasis is on the use and operation of CAD systems in a commercial document production environment.</td>
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<tr>
<td>H ADM 355</td>
<td>Hospitality Facilities Operations</td>
<td>Fall. 3 credits. Limited to 20 students per section. Prerequisite: H ADM 255. Required: M. Redlin. An overview of the operation of hospitality facilities, including operating costs for various types of facilities, types and characteristics of management, planning, and the responsibilities of the engineering-maintenance departments. The renovation needs of hospitality facilities are examined and key managerial aspects of renovations considered.</td>
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<tr>
<td>H ADM 356</td>
<td>Hospitality Risk Management</td>
<td>Spring. 3 credits. Limited to sophomores, juniors, seniors, and graduate students. Elective: D. Stipanuk. A comprehensive look at risk management within the hospitality industry, and responses to and opportunities associated with the sustainability movement. Course will give students an understanding of the more advanced capabilities of AutoCAD, including raster image support, OLE, 3-D surface and solid modeling, and photorealistic rendering. The availability and capabilities of &quot;third party&quot; plug-ins to AutoCAD will also be explored. There will be weekly projects as well as a final project.</td>
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H ADM 456 Hospitality Facilities Management
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: H ADM 355, 751, or permission of the instructor. Elective. D. Stapanuk.
A managerial approach to hospitality facilities addressing issues of owning and operating, cost management, facilities services and delivery systems management, governmental regulation covering codes and zoning, and emerging issues. Emphasis on environmental issues such as indoor air quality, waste management, and energy conservation. Extensive use of the web.

H ADM 457 Advanced Development and Construction
Fall. 3 credits. Overnight field trip, $175. Limited to juniors with permission, seniors and graduate students. Elective. D. Stapanuk.
Focuses on the management structure and systems, laws, regulations, and industry practices. Examination of the successful development of commercial and residential real estate, including lodging and eating facilities. Topics include scheduling, budgeting, managing other professionals, and analysis of alternative materials and methods. Guest speakers, case studies, and group project.

H ADM 458 Hospitality Real Estate
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 40 seniors or graduate students. Prerequisites: H ADM 323, 450, or permission of instructor. Elective. Faculty.
Expands the student's understanding of the role of real estate in individual hospitality businesses and corporations. Designed for those who plan careers in the hospitality industry. Specific objectives are to develop an appreciation of real estate as a factor in the production of income for hospitality businesses; to develop an appreciation of real estate as an asset that can be managed, sold, and otherwise used to increase the wealth of hospitality owners and managers; and to understand the importance of valuing real estate, and the approaches to valuation and contemporary hospitality valuation issues.

H ADM 459 International Hospitality Development
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 30 seniors and graduate students. Elective. J. Clark.
A seminar course covering the strategic development of international hospitality projects. Topics will include corporate expansion strategies, the international development process, viewpoints of public and private stakeholders, and such development challenges as technology, infrastructure, environmental concerns, and public policy issues. Senior corporate guest lecturers will present and discuss new projects in such locations as Hawaii, Mexico, Europe, and Latin America and contrast these opportunities with development in the United States.

H ADM 550 Principles of Timeshare Development and Operations
Fall. 2 credits. Second 7 weeks of the semester. Free.
Provides an introduction to the rapidly growing timeshare and vacation ownership industry. Students will learn who the four major business disciplines of financial management, real estate development, marketing and sales, and resort operations are specifically applied to the industry. Guest speakers, course project, and case studies.

H ADM 561 Principles of Real Estate
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to graduate students. Elective. Faculty.
This survey course approaches real estate from four perspectives: investment, market, mortgage finance, and legal. Understanding these perspectives will enable students to make better investment and financing decisions, to use real estate resources wisely, to understand public policy issues, and to be prepared for additional courses in real estate investment, finance, and development. This course includes much of the material in H ADM 450 plus special topic sessions that feature guest speakers from the industry, faculty from other colleges, and case studies.

H ADM 565 Advanced Real Estate
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 40 graduate students. Prerequisites: H ADM 323, 450, 621 or 651. Elective. D. Quan.
Promotes sound real estate investment and finance decision making through the use of advanced techniques and principles in financial economics. Real estate investment decisions are made through applications of the after-tax discounted cash flow model which incorporates prevailing domestic and international economic conditions in real estate markets, tax rules, and government regulations. Financing decisions are made using the techniques of modern financial analysis. A wide array of financing options is considered including convertible, participating, and accrual mortgages. All types of residential and nonresidential real estate are analyzed, including hospitality properties.

H ADM 751 Properties Development and Planning
Spring. 3 credits. Professional master's requirement. J. deRoos, M. Redlin.
Provides an overview of project development, hotel planning, and the construction process, including the role of the development team, feasibility, functional planning and design, interpretation of architectural drawings, architectural and engineering criteria, discounted cash flow model which incorporates prevailing economic conditions in real estate markets, tax rules, and government regulations. Financing decisions are made using the techniques of modern financial analysis. A wide array of financing options is considered including convertible, participating, and accrual mortgages. All types of residential and nonresidential real estate are analyzed, including hospitality properties.

H ADM 266 Intermediate French: Le Francais de l'Hotellerie et du Tourisme
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 15 students. Prerequisite: French 123 or permission of instructor. Elective. A. Grandjean-Levy.
Offers continuing study of the French language with specific emphasis on the hospitality industry. Material presented considers cultural, geographical, economic, historical, political, and social contexts within which the business functions. The course is conducted in French, emphasizing a conversational approach. Specialized situations and vocabulary are used in historical, social, and business contexts.

H ADM 364 Advanced Business Writing
Fall and spring. 3 credits. Limited to juniors, seniors, or graduate students, or written permission of instructor. Prerequisite: English 201 or English 202 (for hotel school students) or completion of student's freshman writing requirement. Elective. S. Hryson, Y. Kim, R. Steineracher.
Focuses on communicating challenging messages in business communications. Writing assignments will emphasize delivering persuasive messages, working with tone and style, and developing different types of documents in professional contexts. Assignments will include business letters and memos written for various contexts, procedures and policy statements, promotional materials, negative messages, and analytical reports requiring research.

H ADM 365 Managerial Communication II
Fall and spring. 3 credits. Limited to 22 juniors and seniors per lecture. Note: Students required to take this course generally may not drop it; however, students may be allowed to drop before the first class meets if the area has a wait list and the vacancy can be filled. Students may drop between the first and second class if they (1) check first with the course instructor, (2) check with the registrar, (3) check with their academic advisor, (4) check with their dean or academic advisor, (5) check with their professional services advisor, and (6) check with their college/department advisor. Students may not drop after the second class unless they petition and present a case of extenuating circumstances. It is expected these cases would be rare. Prerequisites: H ADM 165 or H ADM 165. Required. N. Dahl, Y. Kim, E. Roberts, C. Snow, H.苏宁.
A broad study of communication in a management context. Emphasizes the significant role of communication in developing work relationships that enable managers to achieve their goals. It presents the theories and principles of communication that underlie effective performance. Students increase their individual communication abilities by applying these concepts in a variety of managerial contexts, including interacting one-to-one, working in groups, and formally delivering and presenting ideas to larger audiences.

H ADM 462 Communication and the Multicultural Organization
Fall and spring. 3 credits. Elective. E. Roberts.
Influence of culture, perception, and gender on communication in multicultural organizations, including international and domestic businesses with diverse work forces. Focus is
on human interaction at work. Special emphasis on the hospitality industry. Topics include values and beliefs, how race and gender affect language use, cultural differences in nonverbal communication, ethnocentrism and stereotyping, intercultural sensitivity and adjustment, cultural variables, persuasion, and ethics of communication in international business.

H ADM 463 Persuasive Communication in Organizations  
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 18 students. Prerequisite: H ADM 165 and 365 for hotel undergraduates, or permission of instructor. Elective. Faculty. Prepares students to communicate effectively in a variety of persuasive speaking contexts. Principles of persuasion will be thoroughly examined as they apply to managerial communication tasks. Emphasis on persuasive speaking; also relationship between written and oral communication. Studies the principles of persuasion, analyzes case studies in the hospitality industry, and applies persuasive strategies in simulated workplace settings.

H ADM 661 Organizational Communication for Managers  
Spring. 3 credits. Elective. Faculty. Provides an in-depth understanding of the theories and practice of organizational communication. Structured around the communication tasks managers must accomplish in order to be effective on the job: communicating to diverse audiences, resolving conflicts, making presentations, and influencing colleagues. Students read and discuss a series of articles to increase knowledge of organizational communication issues and expand their understanding of the political, sociological, and ethical dimensions of problems in organizational communication. Oral and written assignments, service project with a nonprofit organization in Tompkins County.

H ADM 761 Communication Modules  
Fall and spring. Variable credits. Limited to MMH students. Elective. N. Dahl, D. Jamroz, C. Snow. Instruction in communication and leadership skills helps MMH students reach their individual professional development goals, enrich their education, perform well on course assignments, and meet the program benchmarks in managerial writing, presentation speaking, and group process and leadership.

OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT, INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY COURSES

H ADM 170 Keyboarding for Windows  
Spring. 2 credits. Limited to 30 students. Elective. B. David. An introduction to the computer and a beginning course in alphabetic and numeric keyboarding. Students learn word-processing skills during the second half of the course.

H ADM 174 Microcomputing  
Fall and spring. 3 credits. Limited to hotel school freshmen and transfers. Limited to 30 students per section. Required. R. Alvarez, P. Clark, R. Moore. This course is designed to aid students in building functional computer literacy. Students will develop their skills in five generic areas: text, graphics, spreadsheet, presentation, and listing processing. This portion of the class is taught in the Bienenkorb computer lab, where students work with Microsoft Office and the Internet. In addition, students learn introductory statistical concepts, including descriptive statistics, correlation, and regression analysis. Course material is presented through a combination of lectures and labs.

H ADM 274 Microcomputing  
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 50 non-hotel students. Elective. R. Moore. An introduction to microcomputing to develop functional computer fluency. Students will develop their skills in five generic areas: text, graphics, spreadsheet, presentation, and file processing. The course is entirely lab-oriented and students work in Windows. Software used is Word, Excel, PowerPoint, and Filemaker.

H ADM 371 Hospitality Quantitative Analysis  
Fall and spring. 3 credits. Required. G. Thompson. Introduces statistical and operations research methods appropriate for the hospitality industry. The overriding goal is to provide students with the skills and understanding necessary for decision making using quantitative data. Students will use computer spreadsheetsoftware extensively. A key element is an ability to communicate the results of the analyses in a clear manner. Topics include probability, decision analysis, modeling, forecasting, quality management, process design, waiting lines, project management, and revenue management.

H ADM 474 Corporate Information Systems Management  
Fall and spring. 3 credits. Limited to juniors, seniors, and graduate students. Elective. R. Alvarez. Explores 10 key issues in information technology management through use of case studies of companies who have relevant experience with the issues. A basic understanding of information technology, organizational behavior, and general management is advised.

H ADM 475 Information Technology for Hospitality Managers  
Fall and spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: H ADM 174. Required. R. Alvarez, M. McCarthy, R. Moore, M. Talbert. Composed of three blocks: (1) Lecture—the goal of this block is to provide the students with a broad-base knowledge of Information Technology (IT) management issues. (2) Lab—the goal of this block is to provide the students with advanced Excel model-building skills and concepts. (3) Section—the goal of this block is to provide students with the opportunity to focus on a special topic in IT relevant to their career direction. Block 1: Meets for the entire semester. Students must register for this lecture. Block 2: Meets the first nine weeks of the semester. Students must register for one of these two labs. Block 3: Meets for the last three weeks of the semester. Students must register for at least one of these sections. Students who wish to register for more than one section may do so and receive one additional credit of independent study for each.

H ADM 476 Visual Basic for Applications: End-User Programming  
Fall and spring. 3 credits. Limited to 25 students. Elective. M. Talbert. Introductory programming course for end-users (e.g., business managers, consultants, etc.). Students will develop fluency in the popular Visual Basic for Applications (VBA) language. Using VBA, students will learn how to customize and extend the Microsoft Office Suite, with an emphasis on Excel. They also will develop custom information systems using Microsoft Office applications as programmable building blocks. Secondary objectives will be to develop fundamental design and programming principles. Entirely lab-based.

H ADM 574 Strategies for Internet Business  
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to 30 hotel seniors and graduate students. Prerequisite: H ADM 174. Elective. G. Piccoli. Information technologies, and particularly Internet technologies, are revolutionizing business organizations, commerce, and society. This course will explore how such technologies can be leveraged to create shareholder value and can be used to service customers. The fundamental technologies, the economic premises of the new competitive landscape, business strategy in this environment, and the risks these strategies engender will be analyzed. The course will have a managerial orientation but a basic understanding of information technology and a minimum level of proficiency are required. Cases and examples drawn from the hospitality industry will be used, but the topic is more general and a number of applications to other industries will be contemplated as well.

H ADM 674 Service Operations Management  
Fall and spring. 3 credits. Limited to 25 graduate students. Prerequisite: H ADM 775 or equivalent. Elective. Not offered fall 2000. G. Thompson. The objective of this course is to improve the understanding of the operations function of service organizations. Focuses on the role and nature of service operations, the relationship of operations to other business functions, and develops skills and provides techniques for the effective management of service operations. Topics include service design, bottleneck and layout analysis, capacity management, work force management, and quality management. Intended for graduate students interested in services management.

H ADM 675 Yield Management  
Fall and spring. 3 credits. Limited to 40 students. Prerequisites: H ADM 371, 771, or equivalent. Elective. S. Kimes. Students learn how to effectively apply the principles of yield management. Focuses on the integration of yield management techniques with information technology, internal management issues, and external marketing concerns. Topics include yield management techniques, forecasting, overbooking, group discounts, and management and marketing issues.

H ADM 676 Restaurant Revenue Management  
Spring. 2 credits. First 7 weeks. Limited to 30 graduate students, or undergrads with H ADM 335 and 371 by permission of the instructor. Prerequisites: H ADM 731 and 771. Elective. S. Kimes.
Law courses

H ADM 385 Business Law I
Fall and spring. 3 credits. Limited to juniors, seniors, and graduate students outside the hotel school, and hotel students by permission of the instructor. Recommended for hotel students, H ADM 387 preferred. Elective. P. Wagner.

H ADM 387 Business and Hospitality Law
Fall and spring. 3 credits. Limited to juniors, seniors, and graduate students. Required. D. Sherwyn.

H ADM 405 Employment Discrimination to Law and Union Management Relations
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to juniors, seniors, and graduate students. Prerequisite: H ADM 387 or permission of instructor. Elective. D. Sherwyn.

H ADM 487 Real Estate Law
Fall and spring. 3 credits. Limited to hotel hotel students, seniors, and graduate students. Recommended: completion of H ADM 387 preferred. Elective. A. Klausner.

H ADM 490 Housing and the Homeless
Spring. Variable to 4 credits. Limited to juniors and seniors. Elective. T. O’Connor.

LAW COURSES

H ADM 385 Business Law I
Fall and spring. 3 credits. Limited to juniors, seniors, and graduate students outside the hotel school, and hotel students by permission of the instructor. Recommended for hotel students, H ADM 387 preferred. Elective. P. Wagner.

H ADM 387 Business and Hospitality Law
Fall and spring. 3 credits. Limited to juniors, seniors, and graduate students. Required. D. Sherwyn.

H ADM 405 Employment Discrimination to Law and Union Management Relations
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to juniors, seniors, and graduate students. Prerequisite: H ADM 387 or permission of instructor. Elective. D. Sherwyn.

H ADM 487 Real Estate Law
Fall and spring. 3 credits. Limited to hotel hotel students, seniors, and graduate students. Recommended: completion of H ADM 387 preferred. Elective. A. Klausner.

H ADM 490 Housing and the Homeless
Spring. Variable to 4 credits. Limited to juniors and seniors. Elective. T. O’Connor.

H ADM 491 Hotel Ezra Cornell
Fall and spring. Variable to 4 credits. Prerequisite: written permission. Elective. Y. Kerr-Dovian.

H ADM 494 Management Intern Program II—Academic
Fall and spring. 6 credits. Limited to hotel hotel students with approval of the MIP faculty committee. Prerequisites: completion of the following courses is strongly recommended: H ADM 321, 335, 355, and 365. Additional course work might be required for students considering specialized internships. A detailed plan for the completion of all remaining academic requirements must be approved prior to acceptance into the course. Must be taken in conjunction with H ADM 493. Students must be in good academic standing and have a GPA of at least 2.0 in the preceding term. Further information is available in the Student Services Office, 178B Statler Hall.

OTHER COURSES

H ADM 493 Management Intern Program I—Operations
Fall and spring. 6 credits. Limited to hotel hotel students and seniors with approval of the MIP faculty committee. Prerequisites: completion of the following courses is strongly recommended: H ADM 321, 335, 355, and 365. Additional course work might be required for students considering specialized internships. A detailed plan for the completion of all remaining academic requirements must be approved prior to acceptance into the course. Must be taken in conjunction with H ADM 493. Students must be in good academic standing and have a GPA of at least 2.0 in the preceding term. Elective. R. Chase.

H ADM 494 Management Intern Program II—Academic
Fall and spring. 6 credits. Must be taken in conjunction with H ADM 493. Letter grades only, based on six performance evaluations. Students must be in good academic standing and have a GPA of at least 2.0 in the preceding term. Elective. R. Chase.

OTHER COURSES

H ADM 491 Hotel Ezra Cornell
Fall and spring. Variable to 4 credits. Prerequisite: written permission. Elective. Y. Kerr-Dovian.

H ADM 493 Management Intern Program I—Operations
Fall and spring. 6 credits. Limited to hotel hotel students and seniors with approval of the MIP faculty committee. Prerequisites: completion of the following courses is strongly recommended: H ADM 321, 335, 355, and 365. Additional course work might be required for students considering specialized internships. A detailed plan for the completion of all remaining academic requirements must be approved prior to acceptance into the course. Must be taken in conjunction with H ADM 493. Students must be in good academic standing and have a GPA of at least 2.0 in the preceding term. Further information is available in the Student Services Office, 178B Statler Hall.

H ADM 494 Management Intern Program II—Academic
Fall and spring. 6 credits. Must be taken in conjunction with H ADM 493. Letter grades only, based on six performance evaluations. Students must be in good academic standing and have a GPA of at least 2.0 in the preceding term. Elective. R. Chase.

H ADM 491 Hotel Ezra Cornell
Fall and spring. Variable to 4 credits. Prerequisite: written permission. Elective. Y. Kerr-Dovian.

H ADM 493 Management Intern Program I—Operations
Fall and spring. 6 credits. Limited to hotel hotel students and seniors with approval of the MIP faculty committee. Prerequisites: completion of the following courses is strongly recommended: H ADM 321, 335, 355, and 365. Additional course work might be required for students considering specialized internships. A detailed plan for the completion of all remaining academic requirements must be approved prior to acceptance into the course. Must be taken in conjunction with H ADM 493. Students must be in good academic standing and have a GPA of at least 2.0 in the preceding term. Further information is available in the Student Services Office, 178B Statler Hall.

H ADM 494 Management Intern Program II—Academic
Fall and spring. 6 credits. Must be taken in conjunction with H ADM 493. Letter grades only, based on six performance evaluations. Students must be in good academic standing and have a GPA of at least 2.0 in the preceding term. Elective. R. Chase.
H ADM 495 Development and Management of Wellness in Business Organizations
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to juniors, seniors, and graduate students. Elective. M. Tabacchi.

Designed to encourage effective managers and entrepreneurs to evaluate the work environment and to enforce policies to enhance overall productivity which should increase the corporation's competitive edge. Emerging fields of complementary and alternative medicines are explored as preventive and cost effective methods of improving workers’ health.

H ADM 499 Undergraduate Independent Study
Fall and spring. Variable, to 4 credits. Elective. Faculty. Students are afforded an opportunity to pursue independent student projects under the direction of a resident faculty member. Permission in writing is required prior to course enrollment. Obtain permission form from the Hotel School Student Services Office. Independent study work must be performed in the term for which it is approved, and the usual add/drop policy applies. Retroactive credit for work commenced after an academic term has ended is not allowed.

H ADM 690 Honors Monograph
Year-long course. 4 credits. Limited to professional master's students whose: (1) either have a minimum GPA of 3.7 or are in the top 10 percent of the students in the year group in their first-year professional master’s courses; (2) have given evidence of being a good writer by meeting all components of the written communication benchmark; and (3) obtained the approval of a brief topic proposal from the potential adviser. Elective. Faculty.

A special integrative course for students who write well and desire to explore in depth a topic of their choice. The approval of the second reader is required for completion of the course. Special recognition of students who complete the course will be made at graduation. Applications available in the Graduate Office, Room 172 Statler.

H ADM 695 Industry Challenges and Trends
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 15 seniors and graduate students. Elective. J. Clark.

A seminar approach will be used to discuss readings and case studies selected to illustrate current challenges and future trends such as globalization, consolidation, etc., in the hospitality industry. The view will be futurist and primarily from that of a multi-unit/corporate perspective. An in-depth analysis of a few specific companies will be included, using case studies and guest lecturers when appropriate. Student teams will research new topics and make presentations and final reports.

H ADM 698-699 Graduate Independent Research
Fall and spring. Credit to be arranged. Elective. Faculty. Student must have in mind a project and obtain agreement from an individual faculty member to oversee and direct the study. Permission in writing is required prior to course enrollment. Obtain permission form from the Hotel School Graduate Office, Room 172, Statler.

H ADM 791 Creating and Managing for Service Excellence
Fall. 3 credits. Professional master's requirement. L. Benaugha.

Covers the complex management practices and concepts necessary to deliver consistent value in the hospitality industry (determining customer expectations; integrating marketing into operations; managing customer satisfaction; and measuring and controlling costs). Cases, lectures, discussion, and industry experts will be used, with emphasis on translating the strategic understanding of value into management practice.

H ADM 793 Industry Mentorship Program
Spring. No credits. S-U grades only. Professional master's requirement. M. Redlin.

Interaction with a senior hospitality industry executive. Objectives are to give the student an overview of the operating dynamics of a segment of the industry, to provide a realistic awareness of day-to-day life working as an executive in the industry, and to develop an awareness of the skills, level of integration, and other factors required for success.

H ADM 794 Management Development

Students must register for the first three semesters, and they will get a grade at the end of each semester. Second semester students must keep the times open for team project meetings. All students in the Master of Management in Hospitality Program must enroll for HA 794. This requirement includes participation in the MMH Assessment Center, program benchmarking, team project, and other activities related to students' professional development.

H ADM 890 M.S. Thesis Research
Fall and spring. Credit to be arranged.

H ADM 990 Ph.D. Thesis Research
Fall and spring. Credit to be arranged.

FACULTY ROSTER
Alvarez, Roy, M.Ed., Auburn U. Lecturer
Arbel, Avner, Ph.D., New York U. Prof.
Austin, Jon R., Ph.D., U. of Wisconsin-Madison. Asst. Prof.
Berger, Florence, Ph.D., Cornell U. Prof.
Brownell, Judith, Ph.D., Syracuse U. Prof., and Assoc. Dean for Academic Affairs.
Bryson, Susan, M.A., U. of Chicago. Lecturer
Butler, David W., Ph.D., U. of Wisconsin-Madison. Dean and E. M. Statler Professor.
Canina, Linda, Ph.D., New York U. Asst. Prof.
Carroll, Steven A., Ph.D., SUNY Binghamton. Assoc. Prof.
Chase, Robert M., M.B.A., Cornell U. Prof.
Clark, John J., Jr., Ph.D., Cornell U. Prof.
Clark, Preston, M.S., Syracuse U. Lecturer
Corgel, John B., Ph.D., U. of Georgia. Prof.
Cullen, Thomas, Ph.D., Cornell U. Assoc. Prof.
Curtis, Steven, B.L.A., Syracuse U. Lecturer
Dahl, Nicholas, M.A., Oregon State U. Lecturer
DeKos, Jan A., Cornell U. Asst. Prof.
Dev, Chekistan S., Ph.D., Virginia Polytechnic. Assoc. Prof.
Dittman, David A., Ph.D., Ohio State U. Prof.
Enz, Cathy A., Ph.D., Ohio State U. Prof. and Lewis G. Schaeneman, Jr. Professor of Innovation and Dynamic Management.
Ferguson, Dennis H., Ph.D., Cornell U. Assoc. Prof.
Geller, A. Neal, Ph.D., Syracuse U. Robert A. Beck Prof. of Hospitality Financial Management.
Hinkin, Timothy, Ph.D., U. of Florida. Prof. and Director of Undergraduate Studies.
Jones, Scott L., M.A., Purdue U. Lecturer
Kim, H. Young, Ph.D., Oklahoma State U. Lecturer.
Kimes, Sheryl E., Ph.D., U. of Texas. Assoc. Prof.
Lang, Barbara, B.S., Cornell U. Lecturer.
Lundberg, Craig C., Ph.D., Cornell U. Blanchard Professor of Human-Resources Management.
Lynn, Wm. Michael, Ph.D., Ohio State U. Assoc. Prof.
McCarthy, Reneta, B.S., Cornell U. Lecturer.
Mutzikos, Adam, M., Cornell U. Barde Vinnners Professor of Wine Education and Management.
Nash, Abby, B.A., Cornell U. Lecturer.
Noden, Malcolm A., Senior Lecturer.
Norvis, Gregory X., M.S., Cornell U. Senior Lecturer.
O'Connor, Theresa A. M.S., Elmira College. Senior Lecturer.
Penna, Michael, M.S., Cornell U. Prof.
Pezzotti, Giuseppe B. G., B.S., Cornell U. Senior Lecturer.
Quan, Daniel W. C., Ph.D., UCLA at Berkeley. Assoc. Prof.
Redlin, Michael H., Ph.D., Cornell U. Prof.
Renuhan, Leo M., Ph.D., Pennsylvania State U. Assoc. Prof.
Roberts, Elizabeth, Ph.D., Purdue U. Senior Lecturer.
Sherwyn, David J., Cornell U. Asst. Prof.
Siwuag, Judy, D.B.A., Louisiana Technical U. Assoc. Prof.
Simons, Tony L., Ph.D., Northwestern U. Assoc. Prof.
Sinha, Praveen, Ph.D., Carnegie Mellon U. Assoc. Prof.
Snow, Craig, Ph.D., Purdue U. Senior Lecturer.
Spies, Rupert, Studiendassessor, Senior Lecturer.
Steinalcher, Richard, Ph.D., Florida State U. Senior Lecturer.
Stevens, Betsy, Ph.D., Wayne State U. Asst. Prof.
Stepanuk, David M., M.S., U. of Wisconsin. Assoc. Prof.
Suskind, Abi, Ph.D., Michigan State U. Asst. Prof.
Tabacchi, Mary H., Ph.D., Purdue U. Assoc. Prof.
Taber, Mark, M.P.S., Cornell U. Lecturer.
Thompson, Gary M., Ph.D., Florida State U. Assoc. Prof.
Tracey, J. Bruce, Ph.D., SUNY Albany. Assoc. Prof.
White, Robert A.O.S., Culinary Institute of America. Teaching Support Specialist.
COLEGE OF HUMAN ECOLOGY

ADMINISTRATION
Patsy M. Brannon, dean
D. Merrill Ewert, director of Cornell Cooperative Extension
Jennifer Gerner, associate dean
Charles Mcintosh, associate dean
S. Kay Obendorf, associate dean
Brenda Bricker, director, undergraduate affairs
Darryl Scott, director, admissions
Duncan Bell, college registrar

COLLEGE FOCUS
The College of Human Ecology anticipates and responds to human needs in the areas of nutrition and health, economic and social wellbeing, environmental design and technology, as well as human development through education, basic and applied research, and the extension of knowledge. The college is distinctively characterized by the faculty of its research in the natural and social sciences and the design arts, a global perspective in academic programs, a preventive approach to contemporary societal problems, multidisciplinary departments and programs, development of leadership in students and citizens, and a commitment to diverse populations. Faculty and students examine individuals in relation to their family, neighborhood, workplace, and community, seeking a balance between theory and practice that will improve the quality of everyday life.

FACILITIES
The college is housed in Martha Van Rensselaer Hall. The Division of Nutritional Sciences, an intercollege division supported jointly by the College of Human Ecology and the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences, has space in Savage, Kinzelberg, and Martha Van Rensselaer Halls. The buildings include administrative and faculty offices, classrooms, auditoriums, galleries, and lecture halls; wet chemistry and biochemistry laboratories for nutrition, food science, and textile science; experimental food laboratories; design studios and computer-aided design laboratories; woodworking shops; experimental observation rooms with one-way vision screens and sound-recording equipment; human factors and infant research facilities; educational television studios; and an audiovisual classroom for distance learning. Also included are learning resource centers for career planning, field and international study, a historical costume collection, a human metabolic research unit, an animal research facility, cold rooms, a constant temperature and humidity laboratory, and an early childhood research and care program.

Specialized equipment for teaching and research includes biochemical and chemical instruments for spectroscopy, chromatography, radioisotope analysis, electrophoresis, microscopy, and ultra centrifugation; physical testing equipment; and cameras, videotape, and sound recording equipment.

DEGREE PROGRAMS
Cornell programs in Human Ecology lead to the degrees of Bachelor of Science (B.S.), Master of Arts (M.A.), Master of Science (M.S.), Master of Professional Studies in Human Ecology (M.P.S.), Master of Health Services Administration (M.H.A.), and Doctor of Philosophy (Ph.D.).

General academic information concerning the Bachelor of Science degree is given here under the heading “Undergraduate Study.” Curricula for major studies are described under the various academic areas.

Programs leading to master and doctoral degrees are administered by the Graduate School. They are described in the Announcement of the Graduate School and in announcements published by the individual field offices (Design and Environmental Analysis, Human Development, Nutrition, Policy Analysis and Management, and Textiles and Apparel). For information regarding The Sloan Program in Health Services Administration, contact the Department of Policy Analysis and Management.

UNDERGRADUATE DEGREES
Bachelor of Science (B.S.) degrees are offered in the following areas:

- Biology and Society
- Design and Environmental Analysis
- Human Development
- Human Biology, Health, and Society
- Nutritional Sciences
- Policy Analysis and Management
- Textiles and Apparel
- Individual Curriculum

Counselors in the Office of Admission, Student, and Career Services (172 MVR) can help perspective students understand college programs and requirements, as well as college and university resources and services. They provide a broad range of career services and personal support for all matriculated undergraduates. The college registrar (1145 MVR) assists undergraduates with questions on academic credit and graduation requirements.

The Student Body
The College of Human Ecology undergraduate enrollment is 1,435. Roughly 350 students graduate each year; last year 268 freshmen and 188 transfer students matriculated. Ninety-five faculty members serve as advisers to undergraduates.

The college's undergraduate admissions committee selects applicants who are academically well prepared and appear most likely to profit from the college's various curricula. Admission is highly selective. Approximately 69 percent of the student body comes from New York State, with the remainder coming from other parts of the United States and abroad. In 1999, 29 percent were identified as members of minority groups. Approximately 220 graduate students have members of the college's faculty chairing their special committees. The college awarded 59 master's degrees and 29 doctorates last year.

Mature Students
The college recognizes that students who interrupted their formal education and are returning to school have needs different from those of younger undergraduates. To facilitate the education of mature students, defined as those 24 years old or older at first matriculation, the college has adopted certain procedures specifically for that group. Counselors in the Office of Admission, Student, and Career Services (172 MVR) can provide information of interest to mature students. Mature students are permitted to enroll for as few as six credits without petitioning for permission and also are permitted to extend their residency beyond the normal eight terms. To qualify for prorated tuition, mature students must see the registrar about plans before registration each semester.

Special Students
Students eligible for special status are those visiting from other institutions and interested in particular programs in the college; those with a bachelor's degree who are preparing for graduate study or jobs and careers in human ecology–related fields; or those who have interrupted their education and are considering completing degree programs. Students accepted in the nondegree status of special student may enroll for a maximum of two semesters. During the second semester of attendance, a special student must either apply for admission as a transfer student or plan to terminate studies in the college at the end of the semester. Special students are
expected to take a minimum of 12 credits each semester and to take one-half to two-thirds of their work in the statutory divisions of the university. Courses taken while a person is counted as a special student may be counted toward the requirements of the bachelor’s degree. Those interested in becoming special students should make appointments to discuss admission procedures in the Office of Admission (170 MVR, 255–5471).

Empire State Students
Occasionally a student who is completing requirements for a degree through the Empire State College Program is interested in taking a human ecology course. This can be done by registering through the Division of Summer Session, Extramural Study, and Related Programs (B20 Day Hall, 255–4987). All rules of the extramural division apply, and registrations will be accepted only on a space-available basis and with the written approval of the course instructor. At the time of registration, Empire State College students must provide the extramural division with a completed copy of Empire State College’s notification of cross-registration (form number, SA-22, F-031) to verify enrollment in Empire State College. Such students will be charged 25 percent of the standard extramural tuition per credit.

Transfer students
Students who enter the College of Human Ecology after the first semester of their freshman year are considered transfer students. An internal transfer student is one who transfers to Human Ecology from one of the other colleges at Cornell University. An external transfer student is one who transfers to Human Ecology from an institution outside of Cornell University. Internal transfer students should take special care to learn the policies of Human Ecology because each college at Cornell operates under a different set of rules. Staff in the Office of the College Registrar (145 MVR, 255–2255) and in the Office of Admission, Student, and Career Services (172 MVR, 255–5471) are available to answer students’ questions. External transfer students may transfer a maximum of 60 credits to the college. Both internal and external transfer students should contact the Office of the College Registrar to discuss how the transfer credit will apply to the various degree programs.

MAJORS
The college requires students to fulfill requirements for one or more majors in order to graduate. Students must declare a major by the end of the sophomore year, and may elect to complete more than one College of Human Ecology major. It is common for students to change majors during their undergraduate careers. Counseling is available in the office of Admission, Student, and Career Services (172 MVR) and directors of undergraduate study in each of the academic departments can help students consider their options and engage in academic planning. All changes of major require submission of the Change of Major form, and are processed through the College Registrar’s office, 145 MVR. Change of major will trigger re-evaluation of credit and assignment of a new faculty adviser.

DESIGN AND ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS
The Department of Design and Environmental Analysis (DEA) is concerned with planning, designing, and managing interior environments to satisfy needs. Most people spend over 90 percent of their lives inside buildings. Those settings have substantial and far-reaching effects on the quality of our lives. The processes for creating and maintaining the built environment face enormous challenges, including frequent social and organizational changes, technological advances, new building methods, and finite resources. The program in DEA is dedicated to preparing professionals who can meet these challenges.

Diverse faculty backgrounds and teaching approaches help students to develop multidisciplinary problem-solving and creative abilities, aesthetic judgment, and analytical thinking. Excellent laboratories, shop, studio, and computer facilities for computer-aided design integrate innovative concepts for the design and management of interior environments. The relationship between people and their physical surroundings is explored through a combination of academic courses, field experience, and applied research. Examples of student class projects and faculty work are frequently on display in the MVR gallery. The DEA Resource Center includes books, journals, newsletters, and material samples for student use.

Options
The department offers undergraduate education in three professional areas: interior design, facility planning and management, and human factors and ergonomics. The interior design option is accredited by the Foundation for Interior Design Education Research (FIDER). The Facility Planning and Management Program at Cornell is an “IFMA Recognized Program.” This means that it meets the standards for quality of programs established by the International Facility Management Association.

To take full advantage of the course sequences and electives, it is important to select an option as early as possible. This is particularly true in the interior design option. Transfer students in the interior design option may need one or two extra semesters to complete the program.

Option I: Interior Design
The interior design option prepares students for professional careers in the planning and design of interior spaces and associated products. The program emphasizes a problem-solving approach based on knowledge of buildings and their associated systems, furnishings and interior products, human-environment relations, and design principles. Some students combine this program with another option.

Careers are available in interior design and space planning, interior architecture, facility planning, interior product design, and housing. This option provides an excellent preparation for graduate study in interior design, facility management, architecture, and product design.

Option II: Facility Planning and Management
This option is designed to prepare students for professional careers in facility management. The program focuses on the planning, design, and management of facilities within complex organizations such as corporations, health-care institutions, research and development laboratories, and universities. Facility planning and management is a basic management function that coordinates and integrates information and expertise from areas such as planning and design, real estate, and business administration with human factors, ergonomics, environmental psychology, telecommunications, and building operations for the purpose of developing and managing facilities that support individual and organizational effectiveness.

Excellent career opportunities exist in the facility management divisions of private companies, institutions, the health-care industry, and with private consulting firms offering facility management services. The program is also a good preparation for graduate study in business, planning, or one of the design disciplines and for advanced study in facility planning and management.

Option III: Human Factors and Ergonomics
Human factors and ergonomics focuses on the interaction between people and their physical surroundings. This option seeks to expand understanding of how the environment affects human perception, cognition, motivation, performance, health, safety, and social behavior. This knowledge is then used to help architects, planners, interior and product designers, and facility managers to plan, design, and manage facilities that support individual and social environments. The effect of human capabilities or characteristics such as family structure, lifestyle, social class, and stage-in-life cycle on environmental needs and requirements is also a focus of the program. Career opportunities are available in design firms and in urban planning and other public agencies as well as in the facility management and product design division of private companies. Human factors and ergonomics is good preparation for graduate study leading to a Ph.D. degree in the social sciences and a career in academic or other research-oriented settings in either the public or private sector. It can also serve as the basis for graduate study in an environmental planning or design discipline such as architecture, facility planning and management, interior design, landscape architecture, or city and regional planning. Electives in the social sciences and in research methods and statistics are encouraged.

Academic Advising
All DEA majors are matched with a faculty adviser during their first semester by the director of undergraduate studies, William Sims, in E214 Martha Van Rensselaer Hall. Consultation with faculty advisers about future goals, departmental requirements, sequences of courses, and electives is strongly encouraged. Outside the college helps students develop their programs. Students majoring in interior design, especially, must begin early to plan and collect materials for a portfolio of their work, which is necessary for many possible and for application to graduate schools. Faculty advisers can make recommendations on what to include. Students are free to change advisers. Although advisers must sign the
Ownership and Exhibition of Student Work

All design work done in studios as part of an academic program is the property of the department until it has been released by the instructor. The department is not responsible for loss or theft of student work.

HUMAN BIOLOGY, HEALTH, AND SOCIETY

The Human Biology, Health, and Society (HBHS) Program permits you to combine your interests in the biological sciences while exploring human health issues from the perspectives of both the biological and behavioral sciences. HBHS majors select the issues they want to explore in depth from Human Ecology courses that address health and the broad range of factors that influence human well-being. Examples of issues you can explore include: biology and behavior; metabolism, genetics, and health; biology, growth, and development; and food and health policy and health promotion. Most students in this program will proceed to programs of advanced study to pursue careers related to health. This new major is offered by faculty in the Division of Nutritional Sciences. More information about this program can be found in a separate section of the catalog that describes the division’s programs.

HUMAN DEVELOPMENT

Human Development majors explore the psychological, social, cultural, and biological development concepts from conception to old age, focusing on the processes and mechanisms of growth and change over the life course. A wide range of issues are included in the study of human development, including physical, cognitive, and emotional development; the role of family, neighborhood, workplace, and culture in development; and the influence that developing humans have on their environment. The Human Development major provides an excellent foundation for many careers, such as medicine (particularly family medicine, pediatrics, and psychiatry), clinical psychology and other mental health professions, law, business (especially human resources), child and family advocacy, and education (from preschool to high school teaching to school administration). The major prepares students for academic careers as professors in human development, psychology, or sociology departments. Learning about human development also helps students understand more clearly their own development and the development of those around them.

The faculty of the Department of Human Development comes from several disciplines, including developmental and clinical psychology, sociology, and history. The diversity of faculty expertise results in a wide-ranging view of human development. The research of the department’s faculty is extensive. It includes basic research on issues such as the neurobiology of personality, the role of childhood attachments in the development of adult romantic relationships, the acquisition of language in infants, and the effects of environmental toxins on children’s cognitive development. It also includes applied research useful for the creation of public policy such as studies of the causes and consequences of child maltreatment and studies of the effectiveness of reading programs for Headstart preschoolers, apprenticeship programs for high school students, and support programs for Older adults moving into retirement communities.

Curriculum

Human Development is the most flexible major in the College of Human Ecology. While all students learn the fundamentals of human development, each student can focus on one or more areas of particular interest. The flexibility of the major also allows students ample opportunity to meet the requirements for admission to many professional schools, including medical, dental, law, and business schools.

Requirements specified by the College of Human Ecology make up part of each student’s curriculum, and include classes in the social and natural sciences, humanities, writing, and communication. In addition, there are requirements for the Human Development major. Students in this major can choose up to 14 elective courses from the broad range of offerings across the Cornell campus.

Special Opportunities

Beyond formal coursework, students have many other opportunities that involve ongoing individual work with Cornell faculty or other professionals. Academic credit can be earned simultaneously through all of them. These opportunities include

Field Placements. Human Development majors can arrange internships with Urban Semester in New York City, Cornell-in-Washington, and other programs and in local agencies. These have included hospitals, psychiatric hospitals, juvenile detention centers, retirement homes, and the department’s on-campus Early Childhood Program. Students have also participated in projects with the Tompkins County Office of Aging, the Tompkins County Youth Bureau, and the Law Guardian’s Office of Tompkins County.

Faculty Research. Many students work as research assistants on faculty projects. Students use research techniques ranging from laboratory procedures to family observations to large surveys. They assist in study design, data collection, and data analysis. Participation in faculty research provides the type of experience that many graduate and professional schools expect from their top applicants. What are the roles of nutrition and environment in fuel choice? What nutrients and dietary patterns are recommended to promote growth, maintain health, or reduce the risk of chronic disease? Students in this program may also fulfill the requirements for professional membership in the American Dietetic Association, which will enable them to be employed as nutrition counselors, clinical nutritionists, sports nutritionists, or administrators of food and nutrition services. Students also may prepare for medical school and other types of food advanced degree programs through this major.

The requirements for this program are outlined in the section of this catalog that describes the division’s programs.

Special Opportunities

Dietetics and Clinical Nutrition

Interested students should complete the following requirements for the American Dietetic Association (ADA). Courses in foods, nutrition and disease, microbiology, management, statistics, and economics are added to the core curriculum (specific requirements). Evaluation of academic performance and membership in ADA should be
be completed before graduation. Seniors should initiate this academic evaluation process in March if they will graduate in January or in September if they will graduate in May. All students who will complete the academic requirements by graduation should participate in the evaluation process while at Cornell. Students who meet most but not all of the academic criteria are encouraged to have their academic work evaluated while they are at Cornell so that deficiencies can be identified and documented.

Advisers in the dietetics program can also help students plan to meet the experience or supervised practice component required for active membership and/or eligibility to take the registration examination to be certified as a registered dietitian (R.D.). For additional information about meeting ADA requirements, contact Marie Kampo (373 MVR, 255-2636).

Exercise Science Minor

Students can complete the Applied Exercise Science Concentration at Ithaca College, which includes courses in fitness measurement, exercise physiology, and biomechanics of human movement. Nutrition courses of special interest relate to growth and development, regulation of body weight, and community nutrition and health. For information about the Applied Exercise Science Concentration, contact the DNS Academic Advising Office (309 MVR, 255-4410).

POLICY ANALYSIS AND MANAGEMENT

The Policy Analysis and Management (PAM) major produces graduates skilled in policy analysis, program planning, and evaluation and possessing management skills applicable in the public, nonprofit, and private sectors. In addition, the Policy Analysis and Management graduate will have concentrated knowledge in one of three areas: family/social welfare, health, and community nutrition and health. Graduates are well-qualified for a wide variety of public, nonprofit, and private sector employment emphasizing either program analysis and evaluation or management. The major also attracts large numbers of pre-MBA students, pre-MBA students, and students intending to pursue graduate education in public affairs. The overall mission of the college, emphasis on policy and management includes a panoply of governmental and private sector income maintenance, social, and human services, delivery programs and policies that range from child adoption and child neglect and abuse policies and anti-poverty programs to policies and programs that impinge on or regulate marriage, divorce, and fertility. Health programs and policies include the more traditional applications found in public health, family, health, or consumer policy. These concentrations may emphasize either policy analysis or management skills. Finally, PAM majors will have the opportunity to participate in departmentally approved experiential learning. Please check with the undergraduate advising coordinator, Professor Alan Mathios, for further details.

TEXTILES AND APPAREL

The Department of Textiles and Apparel (TXA) focuses on the use of textiles and fibrous materials for apparel, durable and nondurable household goods, composites, geotechnical, and biomedical applications. Programs in the department, in keeping with the overall mission of the college, emphasize the use of materials to meet human needs. The curriculum includes the application of design principles, physical and materials science, economics and marketing, government policy/regulation, management of products and their delivery, and technological developments.

Practical problem-solving skills are developed in the department's laboratories and studios. Academic course work is further enhanced by field and international experiences. Gallery space provides the setting to display design work; in addition, the Cornell University Costume Collection, housed in the department, provides a valuable resource; items from the collection are made available to students for classroom and special-study use.

Academic Advising

All TXA majors are matched with a faculty adviser by the director of undergraduate studies, Anita Racine (316 MVR). Students are strongly urged to discuss their goals, course selection and sequence, electives, and career plans with their faculty adviser. Students in apparel design must begin working with their advisers early to develop a professional portfolio of their work. Students are free to change advisers; changes must be recorded with the advising coordinator. Although advisers must sign the schedule card during course enrollment each term, it is the student's responsibility to keep track of his or her courses and to make sure that the program meets graduation requirements for their major and college.

Ownership and Exhibition of Student Work

All apparel design work done as part of the academic program is the property of the department until it has been released by the instructor. Certain exceptional work may be retained by the department to exhibit for academic purposes. The department is not responsible for the loss or theft of student work.

Options

Students may select options in apparel design, apparel/textile management, or fiber science. The curriculum is based on manipulation of form, color, and the physical characteristics and properties of materials. These concentrations may need one or two extra semesters to fulfill the requirements of the major.

Option I: Apparel Design

The study of apparel design includes both aesthetic and functional considerations in the design of body coverings. The program emphasizes problem-solving approach that enables the student to bring a background in apparel, textiles, and human factors to the design process.

Option II: Apparel/Textile Management

Apparel and textile management combines the fields of apparel and textiles with those of economics, business management, and organizational policy. Students combine theory with case studies to find solutions to everyday problems. Course work is drawn from many interrelated disciplines, including textiles, apparel, economics, business management, and communication, as well as practical field experiences. This provides students with the experience of working with professionals from a wide variety of disciplines. Students often combine this option with either Option I (Apparel Design) or III (Fiber Science).

Option III: Fiber Science

Applications for textile structures include advanced engineering composites, protective clothing for industry and military environments, and biomedical materials, as well as the more traditional applications found in apparel and home furnishings. The fiber science option provides a strong base in mathematics and the physical sciences combined with supporting courses in...
engineering, consumer economics, and the social sciences.

Career Opportunities
Grades of programs in the Department of Textiles and Apparel have found challenging employment within the textile and apparel sector, in independent and government-sponsored research, and in community organizations. Recent graduates are working in the fields of design, management, new product development, engineering, communications, and marketing. In addition, the program prepares students for graduate or professional study in fiber and polymer science, textile marketing, apparel design, textiles, or business and management.

INTERDEPARTMENTAL MAJOR IN BIOLOGY AND SOCIETY
Biology and society is a multidisciplinary program for students with special interests in such problems as genetic engineering, environmental quality, food and population, the role of medical care, and the relation between biology, society, and ethics and/or public policy, as well as for students who plan to graduate study in management, health, medicine, law, or other related fields.

Because the biology and society major is multidisciplinary, students must attain a basic understanding of each of the several disciplines it comprises, including courses in the fields of mathematics, biology, humanities, and social sciences. In addition, majors are required to take core courses in biology and society, a set of electives, and a special senior seminar.

Course work in the College of Human Ecology may be selected from concentrations in human development and the environment, health, or social policy and human services. The other basic requirements of the college must also be met. Programs incorporating these required courses are designed in consultation with a faculty adviser to accommodate each student's individual goals and interests. For further information on the major, including courses of related interest, specific course requirements, and application procedures, see the advising coordinator in MVR 205. Academic advising is coordinated by the Director of Undergraduate Studies.

INDIVIDUAL CURRICULUM
A student who has educational and professional objectives that cannot be met satisfactorily within the framework of existing majors in the College of Human Ecology may petition the director of undergraduate studies for major specific information. The Bronfenbrenner Life Course Center, offers the special research opportunity to students interested in the honors program, it is important to contact the director of undergraduate studies (DUS) in your department or division for information and guidelines.

SPECIAL OPPORTUNITIES
Several programs allow students to receive academic credit for fieldwork and internship experience, study abroad, study in absentia, college-wide certificate programs, and joint programs with other schools and colleges at Cornell. Students may petition the college registrar to have concentrations that are formally recognized elsewhere within the university noted on their transcripts, when accompanied by appropriate documentation from the program.

Study Abroad
Each year nearly 100 Human Ecology students spend a semester or more off campus in such remote points of the globe as Australia and Zaire. There they supplement their Cornell studies with a wide range of cross-cultural and academic experiences. Study abroad opportunities are available through Cornell Abroad, U.S. college-sponsored programs abroad, and individual applications at foreign universities. All study abroad students must meet college study abroad requirements and remain registered at Cornell during the overseas study. Credits earned count towards the 60 Cornell credits required for graduation. Study abroad credits do not count toward the maximum number of endowed credits that Human Ecology students are permitted to earn. Typically, students considering study abroad begin their planning at least by September or October of their sophomore year.

To start:
• Carefully consider what it is you hope to get out of a study abroad experience (academically and culturally). The Cornell Abroad Center (474 Uris Hall) houses the largest on-campus collection of materials on programs around the world. The Human Ecology Career Development Center (159 MVR) has additional materials.
• Pick up an application from the Office of the Registrar (145 MVR).
• Meet with the college's study abroad adviser (172 MVR). The adviser, with the college registrar, will help you complete the application, plan for your semester off campus, and secure the necessary signatures.
• Submit your application to the Office of the Registrar. Deadlines are early February for study abroad the following fall term, and early October for study abroad the following spring term. Please note that some programs fill up quickly and applications to these most popular programs should be submitted several months before these deadlines.

Independent Research
Research opportunities for undergraduates are extensive and valued as an important part of the learning experience. The opportunity to engage in substantive research with some of the leading scientists in their fields is so compelling that at least a third of the college's undergraduates conduct research projects. Students may become involved in research with the guidance of faculty members by conducting research assigned in a class, joining a faculty member's research group, completing an independent study research project, or carrying out an honors program project.

For further information, contact individual faculty members or the director of undergraduate studies (DUS) in your department.

Hons Programs
Students interested in college honors programs that lead to the degree "bachelor of science with honors" usually apply to the appropriate honors committee no later than the end of the sophomore year. Generally, a minimum grade point average of 3.3 and demonstrated potential for honors-level research is required. Students take approved courses in research methodology and evaluation, attend honors seminars, complete a written thesis, and defend it in an oral examination.

In addition to the college honors program, special programs are offered by the Department of Human Development and the Division of Nutritional Sciences. If you are interested in the honors program, it is important to contact the director of undergraduate studies (DUS) in your department or division for information and guidelines.

Field Study and Internships
Field study and internships provide experiential learning opportunities in real-life circumstances where classroom knowledge is tested and applied. Students are able to master new skills, develop and implement plans of action, solve problems, interact in multicultural situations, and build networks for future job opportunities. By applying techniques of research methods, critical thinking, and self-directed learning, students learn to think conceptually while becoming agents of change.

Check with the Director of Undergraduate Studies for major specific information. The Career Development Center (159 MVR) can also provide resources and assistance in finding internships and other experiential opportunities.

Concentration/Certificate in Gerontology
For students interested in pursuing study related to aging, the College of Human Ecology, under the auspices of the Bronfenbrenner Life Course Center, offers the option of completing an undergraduate concentration in gerontology. This program is
The concentration is available in combination with many majors offered by the university. Twelve credit hours of course work must be completed with nine of these taken in the College of Human Ecology. The courses explore aging through biology, psychology, sociology, economics, and design.

Experiential learning opportunities are strongly recommended as a complement to classroom work. With faculty sponsorship, students can participate in experiences in the Ithaca area, the Urban Semester in New York City, Cornell-in-Washington, the Capitol Semester, or in a placement arranged more individually.

Both Cornell and Ithaca College offer courses that incorporate a service-learning component into their curriculum. Cornell's course, "The Culture of the Elderly," (PAM 375) has placements in a variety of local agencies (e.g., Office of Aging, Housing Authority, IthacaCare) where students gain valuable experience with the different ways communities make it possible for adults to remain independent. This course and others at Ithaca College are sponsored by the Ithaca Partnership for Service Learning in Elder Care. They offer a variety of options for combining volunteer service with classroom experiences. Opportunities for undergraduates to become involved in research projects, such as the Pathways to Life Quality Study, a new Cornell University/ Ithaca College longitudinal study of residential changes and adjustments in the later years are also available. In addition, senior students can apply to work as a teaching assistant for a gerontology course.

Departments and programs have designated academic advisors in gerontology who will help students plan the courses of sequences and electives needed to complete both a major and the gerontology concentration. Because many gerontology courses have prerequisites, early and careful planning is essential.

Specific program requirements may be obtained in the Office of the College Registrar (145 MVR, 255-2235) or from Donna Dempster-McClain, Bronfenbrenner Life Course Center (G20 MVR, 255-5557).

**General Concentration**

Students may develop a concentration in additional fields taught at Cornell by taking 12 credits in approved area. Computer science, Africana Studies, Women's Studies, communications, or business are just a few examples of concentrations that are possible.

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**THE URBAN SEMESTER PROGRAM IN NEW YORK CITY**

**Multicultural Issues in Urban Affairs**

Sam Beck, Ph.D., director

The Urban Semester Program is a set of courses spanning the entire year. During fall and spring semesters, students enroll in three courses focusing on the opportunities and barriers that a multicultural society presents and their relationship with professional, community, or public policy settings and concerns (15-credit residential program). Students intern three days each week in placements of their choosing. One day each week, students carry out community service in an inner city school (pre-K to high school). One day each week, students participate in site visits. Seminars are incorporated into these activities. All students reside in the Olin Hall dormitory of the Weill Medical College of Cornell University.

The two-week winter intercession program, "Urban Semester," (two credits) enables students to carry out community service through a reflective practice and problem-solving curriculum. In the eight-week summer semester (one to two credits), students carry out internships in placements of their choosing. Students work with the program staff to locate internship placements. For information, contact the Urban Semester Program staff (159 MVR, 607-255-1846) or the Urban Semester Program in New York City at 212-746-2277.

New York City offers a wide variety of internship settings. Many bilingual and bicultural internship settings are available in Chinese, Spanish, Creole, Russian, Yiddish, and other languages. Examples of internships follow:

**Health and Medicine**—New York-Presbyterian Hospital/New York Weill Cornell Center, Queens Medical Center for Women and Children, South Bronx Health Center for Children and Families, Memorial Sloan Kettering Hospital, Hospital for Special Surgery, Montefiore Hospital, Columbia Presbyterian Hospital, Gracie Square Hospital, Our Lady of Mercy Hospital

**Private and Public Law**—NOW Legal Defense and Education Fund, Agenda for Children Tomorrow, Skadden Arps, Slate, Meagher, & Flom, Lawyers for Children; DA's Office; Legal Aid Society; AALDEF, Committee Against Anti-Asian Violence; Center for Immigrant Rights; NAACP-LDF, Dorsey & Whitney

**Government and Community Agencies**—Cornell University Cooperative Extension, Senator Charles Schumer's office, NYC Housing Authority, Department of Aging, Women's Action Alliance, NYC Commission on the Status of Women, NYC Department of Consumer Affairs, The Center for Puerto Rican Studies, Manhattan Borough President's Office, Central Park Wildlife Center, Attorney General's office


**Private Not-for-Profit Organizations**—City Lights Youth, Council on Economic Priorities, Planned Parenthood, Talbot Perkins, FEGS, National Resources Defense Council, Urban Youth Alliance Inc., Phipps Housing, The Door, Covenant House, Global Policy and International Law, UN International Association of Religious Freedom, Mothers and Others for a Livable Planet, UN Child Care Center, WHEDCo

**Private and Public Schools**—Beginning with Children, Banana Kelly H.S., East Harlem School at Exodus House, The Hetrick Martin Institute, Nuestros Ninos, Theodore Roosevelt HS, The Choir Academy of Harlem, El Puente, Genesis RKF Center, River East School, MS 118


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**Other Off-Campus Programs**

**Capital Semester**

Combine a full semester of Cornell credit with a three-day-a-week paid internship of $3,000. Students intern directly for New York State legislators in Albany to explore their interests in greater depth, doing research projects, meeting with lobbyists and constituents, writing reports for legislation and publication, and working on legislative hearings. This is great experience for law, graduate school, and employment. It is available for the spring semester only with preference given to juniors. Visit the Career Development Center (159 MVR) for more information and applications. Applicants must meet with Professor Charles McClintock before completing an application (N117a MVR, 255-2514, ccml@cornell.edu).

**Cornell-in-Washington**

Students take courses from Cornell faculty, conduct individual research projects, and work as externs while taking advantage of the rich resources of the nation's capital. For more information, visit the program office (471 Hollister Hall) or refer to the web site at www.info.cornell.edu/ciw/.

**Courses at Ithaca College and Wells College**

Full-time undergraduate students at Cornell may petition to enroll in courses at Ithaca or Wells College. Students pay regular full tuition to Cornell and only special fees to either Ithaca or Wells where applicable. Students are allowed to register for one course per term and a maximum of 12 credits in four years. Exceptions will be granted to Cornell students enrolled in methods and practice teaching courses at Ithaca and Wells, and those students pursuing a concentration in exercise
science through a specially arranged program with Ithaca College.

Cornell students are eligible to register only for Ithaca and Wells College courses that are relevant to their program and that do not duplicate Cornell courses. Ithaca and Wells College credit counts as Cornell credit, but not as Human Ecology credit. Students are accepted on a space-available basis. Participation in this program is not guaranteed, and both Ithaca and Wells have the right to accept or reject students for any reason deemed appropriate. The program is available only during the fall and spring semesters. For further information, contact the college registrar (145 MVR, 255-2235).

Double-Registration Programs

Five-Year BS/MPS in Health Care Administration

Undergraduates from HBHS and PAM are eligible to apply to the Sloan Program in their junior year for a five-year B.S./M.P.S. degree. During their senior year, students will take first-year Sloan courses which will be counted twice to satisfy both undergraduate as well as graduate requirements. Also during this year, students will complete a graduate school application and take the GRE or GMAT test. At the end of their senior year, students will graduate with a B.S. degree. If the students’ grades and test scores are competitive, they will be notified during the spring semester of their senior year that they have been formally accepted into the Sloan Program.

Those students accepted will participate in a health care administration residency during the summer after earning their BS. The following year they will complete the second year of required Sloan courses and earn a Masters in Professional Studies with Cornell certifying completion of requirements in a degree in health administration.

Double-Registration Program for Law

A small number of highly qualified applicants may be admitted to the Cornell Law School after only three years of undergraduate education. The requirements for admission under these circumstances are more stringent than for acceptance after four years of undergraduate study. Applicants must present outstanding academic and personal qualifications and demonstrate professional motivation. The junior year applicant follows the ordinary application procedures for Cornell Law School admission.

Interested students should contact the Law School director of admissions (Myron Taylor Hall, 255-5141) to discuss the admissions criteria. Because students accepted to this program will be spending their senior year away from Human Ecology, they need to plan ahead to ensure that distribution requirements for the BS degree will be met. Successful applicants need the approval of the college registrar in Human Ecology.

ACADEMIC ADVISING AND STUDENT SERVICES

Facility Advisers

Students who choose to major in a particular department are assigned an adviser whose special interests match their need. Students may change advisers as their own interests change by working with the director of undergraduate studies (DUS).

Faculty advisers are available to discuss course requirements and sequences, useful electives inside or outside the college, as well as future goals and career opportunities. Although advisers may provide the primary key number (PIN) during course enrollment each term, it is the student’s responsibility to make sure that his or her program meets graduation requirements for the major and the college. Directors of undergraduate studies in each department are available to answer questions about the advising system and the undergraduate major. Students who are exploring alternative majors should work closely with college counselors.

Office of Admission, Student, and Career Services

The Office of Admission, Student, and Career Services (ASCS) (172 MVR) is a center for student orientation activities; academic, personal, and career advising; study abroad; and minority student programs.

Personal counseling, including exploration of personal problems or concerns of a personal nature, is available to all students. These ASCS counselors, however, are not psychiatrists or therapists; they are available to help students understand and navigate the Cornell system, and to offer support, assistance, and referral. Discussions are completely confidential. Appointments may be made through the receptionist in ASCS or by calling 255-2532.

In addition, ASCS provides support for several student organizations, including Human Ecology Ambassadors, the Mature Students Association, the Association for Students of Color, the Pre-professional Association, and Human Ecology Voices. ASCS also provides leadership to groups such as the Human Ecology Council. The college’s primary responsibilities of the office are listed below:

Academic advisement. This service is provided to all students as an adjunct to faculty advising. Counselors can assist in course scheduling, academic planning, selection of a major, graduation requirements, and related issues.

Undeclared majors. Students who have not yet declared a major are urged to work closely with student services staff to plan their program of study. For the period a student is undeclared, counselors will provide assistance during course enrollment.

Career counseling. Career counseling is designed to help students clarify the relationship between personal skills, abilities, and career goals. Services are offered on an individual or group basis. Counselors assist in identifying career outcomes of the majors, discuss employment trends in various fields, and suggest courses and materials appropriate to various career goals.

Post graduate advisement. Material pertaining to graduate and professional schools, graduate entrance examinations, courses of study, and career outcomes is readily available.

Students with disabilities. The college is committed to assisting students with disabilities. Students who have special needs are urged to see a counselor in ASCS when they arrive on campus.

Financial aid. Students who encounter financial difficulty or anticipate running short of funds may discuss their needs with a counselor. Complete information is available from the Office of Financial Aid, 203 Day Hall. The Human Ecology Alumni Association Career Award Fund is available to eligible Cornell students with unexpected financial problems. Applications may be made through ASCS.

Office of the Registrar

The Office of the University Registrar (222 Day Hall) maintains the official academic records for the university and provides students with their official university transcripts. Additional information is available on the university registrar’s web site: www.sws.cornell.edu/our/. The college registrar (145 MVR) maintains students’ official academic records, including the audit of progress toward the degree. The college registrar also provides services such as adding and dropping classes, correcting student records, issuing letters verifying that a student is registered, and approving the transfer of credit from other institutions.

Minority Programming

The College of Human Ecology at Cornell University believes that a diverse community enriches the educational process for all members of the college community. Consequently, the college focuses particular efforts on a broad range of services for students of color. This includes not only recruitment but also services for students already on campus. Additionally, the college cooperates with university and New York State programs to assure Human Ecology students access to the vast array of services available here.

The professional staff of Human Ecology’s Office of Admission, Student, and Career Services includes a director of multicultural programs who assists in the recruitment, admission, and enrollment of the most qualified and appropriate EOP (a program for New York State residents), African American, Native American, Hispanic American, and Asian American students to the college. All EOP students are invited to a special university-wide pre-freshman summer program that introduces accepted students to the Cornell campus and its classrooms. Services for current students include EOP/COSEP, academic, career, and personal counseling; recommendation letters for employment or graduate schools; and advising and support for student activities and programs.

The Human Ecology Partnership Program provides mentorship through a network of faculty and upper-class students to all incoming students of color, particularly during their first year. In addition, this office serves as a liaison to the Office of Minority Educational Affairs (COSEP), State Programs (EOP), and the Learning Strategies Center. Students are also encouraged to visit the college’s Career Development Center to enhance personal career exploration and decision making.

Selected programs include the following:

BBMTA (Black Biomedical and Technical Association). A university organization that provides enrichment and networking for minority students interested in pursuing medical careers. For more information, contact Janice Turner (55 Goldwin Smith, 255-5004).

The Human Ecology Partnership Program
ASC (Association for Students of Color). With the motto "Yesterday's vision, today's reality, and tomorrow's hope," the ASC was created to bring together Human Ecology students to provide a supportive foundation for enrollment, retention, graduation, and career placement of students of color.

The goals of the ASC are to increase communication between students of color, administration, and faculty; assist in increasing enrollment of students of color in Human Ecology; and assist in increasing the retention of students of color in Human Ecology and in their selected majors.

ASC's four committees are recruitment, student relations, career development, and peer advising. For more information contact Verdense Lee (172 MVR, 255-2532).

Human Ecology Peer Partnership Program was created in 1990 to help incoming students of color transition to the college and university. Small groups of freshmen, usually about six to eight students, are paired with faculty and upperclassmen. They meet weekly for discussions, guidance, and exploration of the Cornell campus and the Ithaca community. For more information, contact Verdense Lee (172 MVR, 255-2532); Gary Evans in the Department of Environmental Analysis (E306 MVR, 255-1775); or Lorraine Maxwell in the Department of Environmental Analysis (E310 MVR, 255-1956).

CSTEP: The College Science and Technology Entry Program is the New York State program of enrichment for pre-med and pre-law New York State residents. Students are targeted at populations who are historically underrepresented in scientific, technical, health-related, or licensed professions or who are economically disadvantaged and who demonstrate interest in, and potential for, a CSTEP-targeted profession. For more information, contact Verdense Lee (172 MVR, 255-2532).

Multicultural Education

Multicultural education broadens understanding of the world's many different societies as well as the various cultures of this country. Students take courses in the Cornell programs listed below that may be used to meet degree requirements. The college encourages students to incorporate courses from these cultural programs and from study abroad experiences in their degree programs. See information on study abroad opportunities.

Africana Studies and Research Center
American Indian Program
Asian American Studies Program
East Asia Program
Gender and Global Change
Institute for European Studies
Languages and Linguistics
Latin American Studies Program
Latino Studies Program
Peace Studies Program
Program in Jewish Studies
Program for Contemporary Near Eastern Studies
Religious Studies
South Asia Program
Southeast Asia Program

Women's Studies Program

International Students

The International Students and Scholars Office (ISSO, B50 Caldwell Hall, 255-5243) provides a broad range of services to international students. All international students should maintain contact with the ISSO. Counselors in ASCS are also available for assistance.

International students in the College of Human Ecology are encouraged to meet with the college registrar to discuss any questions or concerns that they have about their academic record.

Career Planning, Graduate and Professional School, and Job Search Services

Counseling: The Office of Admission, Student, and Career Services (ASCs, 172 MVR, 255-2532) provides career counselors and resources in the Career Development Center to help students assess possible career outcomes and access educational and extracurricular programs and resources to prepare for those careers. Assistance is available through one-on-one advising or group programming. The office works with the Cornell Career Services (193 Barnes Hall, 255-5221) to facilitate access to larger, university-wide programs.

The Career Development Center (CDC, 159 MVR, 255-2532) is a starting point for students looking for career information. Selected resources about career planning and job search techniques, general directories to begin job or graduate school searches, and information for alumni networking are housed here. Also available are Cornell Career Services handouts and registration forms, graduate and professional school testing booklets and registration packets, study abroad, and urban semester materials. Computer terminals provide access to web-based information regarding internship and employment opportunities as well as graduate/professional schools.

The CDC is open most days from 9:00 A.M. - 5:00 P.M. throughout the week, closing at 4:00 P.M. on Friday. Student career assistants are available during these hours to provide resume and cover letter critiques, conduct mock interviews on video, and help navigate the library resources. Final critiques can be provided by a career counselor once the student review has been completed.

The CDC also provides information on the Urban Semester Program. Former participants comprise a portion of the CDC staff and are available daily to answer questions about the program and its application process. Selected services are listed below. They will help you investigate your interests, skills, and values as they relate to career options; provide you with useful information and tips for a successful summer or full-time job search; and provide access to employment opportunities. In addition, please refer to the college's career services web site: www.career.cornell.edu/ccs/college_pages/human_ecology/

PreLaw or Premed: Students who consider themselves prelaw or premed are encouraged to join a student group affiliated with ASCS. Those interested in a law career can join PLUS (PreLaw Undergraduate Society) where information on applying to law school, preparing for the LSAT, and examining career opportunities in law is provided. Students interested in pursuing a health-related career are welcome to join PATCO (Pre-professional Association Towards Careers in Health) which serves as a link to the university health careers network and provides guidance as students prepare for the MCAT, apply to medical school, and explore the various specialties of medicine.

Extern Program: Spend one day to one week over winter break shadowing an alum in a career field of your choice. Observe day-to-day activities, discuss specific jobs and careers, and sometimes obtain limited hands-on experience. This service is available to sophomores, juniors, and seniors.

Student Jobs and Internships: This is an electronic listing of information about internships and career-related summer and academic year employment that is exclusive to Cornellians.

Alumni Career Presentations: Alumni from the college come back to campus throughout the year to discuss their experiences or professional experiences. These meetings are ideal for exploring career outcomes of specific majors.

AlumNet: Students have access to Human Ecology alumni who can provide information on their careers and offer suggestions on a job search in their particular area or field. Students can query alumni on a host of variables and review selected alumni resumes to learn more about specific careers.

Job Search Workshops: These workshops are designed to help students market themselves for either summer or full-time job opportunities. Students learn how to conduct an effective job search, write a resume and cover letter, and interview successfully.

Jobtrak: Jobtrak provides a listing of job opportunities available exclusively for Cornell students. Most are full-time jobs, although some summer opportunities are listed. Search by career field, geographic location, or both.

On-campus Recruiting: This service provides access to on-campus interviews with employers interested specifically in Human Ecology students as well as employers looking for Cornell graduates in general. Interviews occur primarily in banking and financial services, retail sales and management, and consulting, along with a few nonprofit organizations. All activity regarding on-campus recruiting is handled through Interactive, our web-based listing of employers.

New York Recruiting Consortium: Available exclusively to Human Ecology and Arts and Sciences students, the New York Recruiting Consortium offers interviews for full-time employment with employers involved in banking and financial services, retail sales/management, advertising, law, and consulting in New York City over winter break.

NFP in New York City and NFP in Washington, D.C.: Speak with representatives from dozens of New York City and Washington, D.C. not-for-profit/public service agencies about work or internship opportunities in health, education, advocacy, government, and more (occurs only during the spring semester).
GRADUATION REQUIREMENTS AND POLICIES

It is important for students to track their graduation progress by comparing their current transcript with an appropriate curriculum sheet. Unofficial transcripts and curriculum sheets are available in the Human Ecology Registrar's Office (145 MVR Hall). The office also keeps a graduation progress record for each student and distributes a copy prior to the start of the fall term. Students should compare this record against their own worksheet for any errors or omissions.

Cornell Credit Requirements

- To graduate, a student must earn a minimum of 120 academic credits. An unlimited number of credits that may be taken in Cornell's endowed colleges.
- Of the 120 credits required to graduate, at least 60 credits must be earned at Cornell University.

Human Ecology Credit Requirements

- The college divides the 120 required academic credits into four general categories. (Refer to curriculum sheets in your major for specific details on course selections. These sheets are available in the Office of the Registrar (145 MVR) and in the Office of Admission, Student, and Career Services (172 MVR) as well as on the college web site at www.human.cornell.edu.)
  a) Category I—College distribution requirements
     - Natural sciences
     - Social sciences
     - Freshman writing seminars
     - Humanities
     - Quantitative and analytical courses (math and statistics)
  b) Category II—Requirements for a major
  c) Category III—Electives (see definition below)
  d) Category IV—Physical education
- Students must complete a minimum of 40 Human Ecology credits in Category II.
- Within Category II, students must earn nine credits in Human Ecology departments outside the major.
- These Human Ecology courses outside the major may not include HE 100, HE 101, or any 403 course. A maximum of three credits of special studies outside the major (400, 401, and 402), or any internship credit may be applied to this requirement. A maximum of five credits of HE 470, HE 480, HE 490, or PAM 392 may be used.
- Human Ecology courses used to satisfy distribution requirements in Category I:
  1) WILL NOT count towards the 40-credit minimum in Category II.
  2) Will satisfy the nine-credit requirement for course work outside the major. (Exception: BKS majors must refer to the "NOTE" on BKS curriculum sheets at the end of Category II requirements for appropriate guidelines.)

Elective Credits

- Students have individual objectives in choosing courses beyond the minimum requirements of the major. The university is diverse; the departments, centers, and special programs numerous; the fields of study almost unlimited. Counselors and faculty advisers are available to discuss which courses may interest students and best round out their education.
- Students should consult the index in this book to learn where different subjects are taught in the university. Some subjects are taught in more than one division.
- Elective credits can be earned in the endowed and statutory divisions of Cornell.

Endowed Colleges

- Africana Studies and Research Center
- College of Architecture, Art, and Planning
- College of Arts and Sciences
- College of Engineering
- School of Hotel Administration
- Johnson Graduate School of Management

Statutory Colleges

- College of Agriculture and Life Sciences
- College of Human Ecology
- School of Industrial Relations
- College of Veterinary Medicine
- Students are allowed 21 credits of endowed electives; they may take more than 21, but will then be billed at the endowed rate of tuition for the extra credits.
- To the extent possible, courses taken in the endowed colleges will be counted to meet distribution requirements in Category I. More than 40 endowed credits taken in Category I, however, will count against the 21 allowed endowed elective credits.
- Endowed credits earned in Category II (even if the endowed courses are required for the major) and Category III will be counted against the 21.
- Required credits listed in the requirements charts for Categories I and II are the minimums; credits taken in excess of those minimums count toward the additional credits required in Category III to make a total of 120 credits (exclusive of physical education). An unlimited number of credits that may be taken in the statutory colleges of Cornell.
- Students may choose to take additional statutory credits and graduate with more than 120 credits.
- Elective credits in Category III earned in Cornell's endowed divisions during summer session, study abroad credits, in absentia credits, and transfer credits do not count against the 21 credits allowed in the endowed divisions.

Minimum Semester Requirements

- Freshmen and sophomore students are required to enroll in at least one Human Ecology course per semester (Economics 101 and 102 may be used to fulfill this requirement).
- Students must carry 12 credits each semester, excluding physical education, to be matriculated as full-time students (Exception: mature students).

Requirements for Majors

- Students must fulfill the requirements specified for a major that are in effect at the time of their matriculation or thereafter.

Grade Point Average

- Students must earn a minimum cumulative grade point average of 1.7 (C-) or better to graduate.
- To be eligible for the Dean's List, students must have a semester GPA of 3.7 with no F or U grades. At least 12 credits of letter grades are required.

S-U Grade Options

- The S-U grading option may NOT be used for courses in Category I or required courses in Category II unless it is the only grade option offered for those courses. S-U MAY be used for the nine credits of Human Ecology coursework outside of one's major and for electives in Category III.
- Students may apply no more than 12 credits of S-U towards graduation. If a required course is only offered S-U, it will not count towards this limit. Also, Honors Research 499 taken S-U does not count. Students may take more S-U's if they choose, but the additional credit cannot be applied towards graduation.

Special Studies

- Students may use only 12 credits of 400, 401, 402, or 403 courses toward graduation.
- Additional credits of 400, 401, 402, or 403 courses can be taken but will not be applied towards graduation.

“00” Courses

- “00” courses do not count towards graduation requirements but do count towards full-time semester status.

Wells, Ithaca College, and Study Abroad Credits

Any credits earned with the Wells or Ithaca College exchange program are considered Cornell credits for the purpose of fulfilling the 60 Cornell credit graduation requirement. They can not be used for Human Ecology credit. Study Abroad credits may also count as Cornell credit.

Physical Education

- Students must earn two credits of physical education within their first two semesters.
These two credits do not count as part of the 60 Cornell credits, or as part of the 120 total credits required for a degree, or towards full-time status. Students who matriculate at Cornell with 12 or more credits must complete only one credit of physical education. Students who transfer more than 25 credits (excluding AP credits) are not required to take physical education at Cornell, regardless of whether they took physical education at their previous college.

- Students must pass the university’s swim test. Students who transfer more than 25 credits (excluding AP credits) are exempt. Refer to page 13 of this book for specifics.

**Advanced Placement Credit**

Students can earn advanced placement credit from one of the following:

1. The requisite score on a departmental examination at Cornell (usually given during orientation week) or on a College Entrance Examination Board (CEEB) achievement examination. The requisite scores for the CEEB exams are determined by the relevant department at Cornell, vary by subject, and are listed in the beginning of this book (page 7).

2. A regular course taught at an accredited college or university within two years of taking the AP examination, subject to the approval of the relevant department at Cornell.

3. Credit from the international baccalaureate program sponsored by colleges but taught in high schools to high school students. This is often formulated. Some departments review each request individually. Some departments accept credit from virtually all colleges; some do not.

4. Credit from the New York State Board of Regents. Some departments review each request individually. Some departments accept credit from virtually all accredited colleges; some do not.

5. Credit of extramural credit toward their degree requirements. A student may enroll for extramural credit during the fall or spring semester only if he or she is not registered in the College of Human Ecology. For example, some students enroll for extramural credit before matriculating at Cornell.

An exception to this rule is credit earned in the Ithaca College or Wells College exchange. Students enrolled in these programs simultane­ously maintain their status as students registered in the College of Human Ecology.

**Humanities**

Only certain classes will count for Category I.D, Humanities. To determine eligibility the college uses the following definition: "The university and is the basic authorization for a student's access to services and education. Completion of registration is essential to enable the university to plan for and provide services and education, guided by the highest standards for efficiency and safety. Unauthorized, unregistered persons who use university services and attend classes have the potential to use university resources inappropriately and to displace properly registered students. In addition, the university assumes certain legal responsibilities for persons who participate as students in the university environment. For example, policy states that New York State health requirements must be satisfied. Because these requirements are intended to safeguard the public health of students, the university has a responsibility to enforce the state regulations through registration procedures.

The policy on university registration is intended to describe clearly the meaning of and the procedures for registration so that students can complete the process efficiently and be assured of official recognition as registered students. With the clear communica­tion of the steps for registration, it is hoped that compliance will occur with a minimum of difficulty.

To become a registered student at Cornell University, a person must complete course enrollment according to individual college requirements; settle all financial accounts; and have no holds from the college. The Office of the Judicial Administrator, Gannett Clinic, or the Bursar.

Individuals must become registered students by the end of the third week of the semester. Cornell University does not allow persons who are not registered with the university in a timely manner to attend classes. The university reserves the right to require unauthorized, unregistered persons to attend classes in order to exercise student privileges to leave the university premises.

**Verification of Registration**

Many insurance companies or scholarship funds require verification of full-time registration at Cornell. Students need such verification, request an official letter from the Office of the University Registrar (B-7 Day Hall). Students who need letters of good standing should contact the Human Ecology Registrar’s Office (145 MVR).

**Bursar Bill**

A bursar bill is sent to each student over the summer and summarizes what is owed to the university. The bursar bill can also be viewed through Just the Facts. Any questions regarding the bursar bill can be directed to the Bursar’s Office (260 Day Hall, 255-2336). Initial New York State residency eligibility is determined during the admissions process, but the Bursar’s Office will handle any request for a status change after matriculation.

**Late University Registration**

A student clearing his or her financial obligations after the deadline date on the bursar’s bill is considered late. Late registrants are assessed a finance charge on the bursar’s bill starting from the date the bill is due. According to university policy, all students must be registered before the end of the third week of classes. If for any reason a student registers after that time, the Bursar’s Office will charge a late fee. Students who fall to register by the third week of the term may be withdrawn from the university. Should withdrawn students wish to return, they must reapply through the admissions committee.

**Proration of Tuition**

Except for mature students, it is seldom possible to have tuition prorated if a student carries fewer than 12 credits during a semester. (See the college registrar or counselors for more information.) Students of mature status may carry 6 to 11 credits without petitioning, but must request that their tuition be prorated. All requests should be made to the college registrar by the first week of classes and no later than the third week of the term.

**Course Enrollment**

**Initiating the process**

Students are expected to make course requests for the subsequent semester during a specified time in the current semester. Those dates are advertised publicly and available on the University Registrar’s web site (www.sws.cornell.edu). Course Enroll takes place electronically, using software available through Just the Facts. During this time, each student must meet with his or her faculty adviser to discuss academic plans and to obtain the advising PIN code required for finalizing course requests. A student may enter and hold courses prior to entering their PIN.
Once the PIN number is entered, however, the schedule is locked and it is not possible to change until the add/drop period of the next term. Information on courses is readily available in this book and in the Course and Time Rooster for each semester. Both of these publications can be accessed on the web through CUINFO.

Incoming students will receive tentative schedules upon their arrival to campus, and will meet with faculty advisers during the orientation period.

Course Loads

The normal course load in the college ranges from 12 to 18 credits, although there is no limit to the number of statutory credits a student may take each semester. Nonetheless, students should avoid planning excessive workloads; the time required to keep abreast of courses tends to increase as the semester progresses. Classes cannot be dropped after the seventh week of classes without petitioning and by substantiating extenuating circumstances. Permission to drop late is rarely granted. Students should avoid the need to drop courses by taking on a reasonable workload and using the drop period to make changes in their program.

Except for those with mature student status, students must carry at least 12 credits (exclusive of physical education) to maintain full-time status. In special cases, a student may petition to carry between 8 and 12 credits. Forms for petitioning and advice on how to proceed are available from the Office of Admission, Student, and Career Services (172 MVR).

Late Course Enrollment

Students who do not complete course enrollment during the CoursEnroll period usually must wait until the beginning of the next semester's add/drop period to enroll. Extensions are rarely granted and usually only for documented illness.

Students who do not meet the deadline for any reason must file with the college registrar in 145 MVR as soon as possible. The college registrar can explain available options and course enrollment procedures under such circumstances.

Note: Students can review their course schedule via computer using Just the Facts. Students are responsible for checking their course schedule for accuracy of course numbers, credit hours, grade options, and other data. Errors must be corrected immediately. Procedures for correcting enrollment errors are available for students who wish to make any other changes as described below under Course Enrollment Changes.

Course Enrollment Changes

It is to the student’s advantage to make any necessary course enrollment changes as early in the term as possible. Adding new classes early makes it easier for the student to keep up with class work. Dropping a class early makes room in the class for other students who may need it for their academic programs.

Ideally, students evaluate their class workload carefully at the beginning of the term. If, in the first week or two, the instructors do not discuss the amount of material to be covered and the extent of student assignments, students need to ask about course requirements.

Some procedures required for course enrollment are also required for course enrollment changes. For example, students must obtain the instructor's permission for a course requiring it, and must complete the same forms for special studies courses. Aside from the procedures listed below for course enrollment changes, all drop/add forms for nutritional science majors must be signed by a faculty adviser.

Deadlines for Add/Drop and Grade Option Changes

- During the first three weeks of the term, courses may be added, dropped, or the grade option changed.
- From the fourth through the seventh week of the term, courses may be dropped. Grade option changes cannot be made at this point regardless of instructor's permission.
- From the fourth week of the term, instructors have the right to consider students' requests for course changes on an individual basis or to announce at the beginning of the term a specific date between the fourth and seventh weeks beyond which they will no longer approve course changes.
- After the eighth week of the term, no course changes may be made. Exceptions are considered only in extenuating circumstances.
- After the seventh week of the term, any student granted permission to drop a course after petitioning will automatically receive a grade of W (Withdrawn), and the course will remain on the official transcript.

Deadlines for Half-Term Courses

Students may drop half-term courses within the first three-and-one-half weeks of the course. Students may add a course after the first week of classes only with the permission of the instructor. After the first three-and-one-half weeks, students must petition to drop the course.

Procedures for Add/Drop and Grade Option Changes

To make course changes during the add/drop period, a student must take the following five steps:

1. Obtain a drop/add form from the Human Ecology Registrar's Office (145 MVR).
2. Complete the form and take it to the appropriate office for a signature: for Human Ecology courses, the forms should be taken to the Human Ecology Registrar's Office; for courses outside the college, the forms should be taken to the appropriate departmental office of the college. (Students in the Division of Nutritional Sciences must have their advisor's signature on all drop/add forms).
3. Make sure their name is added to the list of enrolled students for a course being added, or removed from the class list for a course being dropped. Ask the person recording the change to sign the form.
4. Submit all signed forms to the Human Ecology Registrar's Office, including the forms for out-of-college courses. Changes are not completed until the signed forms are filed in that office. Students who do not drop a course they no longer attend are in danger of receiving an F in the course.

5. Receive carbon copies of each course change form at the time it is submitted. It is important for students to keep these copies to verify any changes.

To make course changes after the seventh week of the term, a student must file a general petition form. (See the section, Petition Process.) Students are expected to attend classes and do assigned work until the petition has been formally approved or denied.

Time and Place for Drop/Add and Grade Option Changes

All students may adjust their schedules and grading options during the first three weeks of each semester. The university also holds a course exchange the day before fall classes begin where students have the opportunity to change their class enrollment in centralized locations. The Human Ecology Course Exchange is located in the MVR auditorium. For course exchange location for other colleges check the registration flyer each semester.

Permission of Instructor

Certain courses may be taken only with the permission of the instructor as indicated in this book. Undergraduates must obtain permission of the instructor to take any graduate course. Students must request the instructor's permission during the CoursEnroll period by placing their name on a list maintained by the departmental advising assistant.

Students interested in taking a course in the Department of Art in the College of Architecture, Art, and Planning are required to register with the departmental secretary (100 Olive Tjadan Hall) before enrolling in the course. Seniors who want to take an elective course in the Johnson Graduate School of Management are required to obtain permission of the instructor on a course authorization form that the student then files with that school's registrar in Sage Hall.

Course Enrollment while Studying Abroad

Students who plan to study abroad have several options available to enroll for their returning semester at Cornell. Students can consult with their faculty adviser before departure to consider the schedule of classes that they will take upon their return to campus. Once abroad, the student can use the web to access the Cornell University Courses of Study and the Course and Time Roster for the coming term. The roster is available on the web approximately the first week of October and the first week of March. Using these resources, the student can e-mail the course requests to the student's faculty adviser for approval; the faculty adviser can then e-mail them to the college registrar. A student who does not have access to the Internet while abroad can wait for the Course and Time Roster to arrive via airmail from the Cornell Abroad Office. The student can then e-mail, fax, or mail the course requests to their faculty adviser and ask the faculty adviser to submit the course requests to the college registrar. The Course and Time Roster becomes available only the day that pre-enrollment begins; thus,

PROCEDURES 273

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Students who do not attend the first two class sessions of a course may be considered. Those students not admitted to a course may be placed on a waiting list.

Course Wait List
The Human Ecology Registrar's Office maintains waiting lists for selected courses to accommodate students who want to enroll in courses that have been filled. Waiting lists are maintained on a first-come, first-served basis without regard to seniority or other factors. To keep their names active on a waiting list, students must check in person every 48 hours with the Human Ecology Registrar's Office. Names of students who do not check in are automatically dropped from the list. Waiting lists are maintained only for the first three weeks of each semester.

Limited Enrollment Classes
Students who do not attend the first two class sessions of courses with limited enrollment may be dropped from the course list. Students cannot be dropped from a course by notifying the instructor that unavoidable circumstances have prevented their attendance.

Special Studies Courses
Each department in the College of Human Ecology (D.E.A., HD, DNS, PAM, and TXA) offers special studies courses that provide opportunities for students to do independent work not available in regular courses. One of those courses, designated 300, Special Studies for Undergraduates, is intended primarily for students who have transferred from another institution and need to make up certain course work. The other special studies courses are 400, Directed Readings; 401, Empirical Research; and 402, Supervised Fieldwork. Upper-class students normally take these courses, and a faculty member in the department in which the course is offered supervises work on an individual basis. It is important for students to use the appropriate course number (300, 400, 401, or 402) for a special project.

To register for a special studies course, a student obtains a special studies form from the departmental office where they plan to take the course. The student discusses the proposed course with the faculty member under whose supervision the study would be done and then prepares a plan of work. If the faculty member agrees to supervise the study, the student completes a special studies form and obtains signatures from the instructor, department chair, and faculty adviser before submitting the form to the Office of the College Registrar (145 MVR). The student must also submit a course registration form (add/drop form) to the Office of the College Registrar. Special studies forms are available in 145 MVR or in departmental offices. Add/drop forms are only available in 145 MVR.

Semester credits for special studies courses are determined by the number of contact hours the student has with the supervising faculty member (or a person designated by the faculty member). To earn one credit, a student must have the equivalent of three hours of contact time per week for 15 weeks (a total of 45 contact hours). For additional credit, multiply the number of credits to be earned by 45 to determine the number of contact hours needed for the course. A student can only use 12 credits of 400, 401, 402, or 403 courses towards graduation and only three 400-, 401-, or 402-credits can be used to satisfy the nine-credit-outside-the-major requirement. To register in a special studies course taught in a department outside the college, follow the procedures established by that department.

Changes in Status
General Petition Process
The petition process permits students to request exceptions to existing regulations. Petitions are considered individually, weighing the unique situation of the petitioning student with the intent of college and university regulations. In most cases, extenuating circumstances are needed for a petition to be approved if it is submitted after the deadline. These are situations beyond a student's control, such as a documented medical emergency. Students can avoid the necessity to petition by carefully observing the deadlines that affect their academic program. See the Course Enrollment Change section above for some of the important deadlines. If unsure about a deadline, check with a counselor in the Office of Admission, Student, and Career Services (172 MVR) or with the Office of Registrar's staff (145 MVR).

A general petition may be needed to carry fewer than 12 credits, drop a class after the seventh week deadline, add a course after the third week deadline, change a grade option after the third week deadline, or exempt from one or more of the college's graduation requirements. Substitute a required course in one's major with another course, or stay an additional semester to complete the graduation requirements.

Although many kinds of requests can be petitioned in the college, options other than petitioning may be preferable in some cases. To explore whether a petition is appropriate, the student may discuss the situation with a college counselor or the college registrar.

If a student decides to submit a general petition, the form is available in the Office of the Registrar (145 MVR) and in the Office of Admission, Student, and Career Services (172 MVR). After completing the form and obtaining the required signatures, the student must turn the form in to the Office of the Registrar. Once a decision is made, a letter is placed in the student's mail folder indicating approval or denial of the petition.

In Absentia Study
In absentia study is allowed under certain conditions. Credit toward a Cornell degree may be given for in absentia study if a student is enrolled at an accredited institution away from Cornell after the student matriculated in the College of Human Ecology. In absentia study can be done during any term, fall, winter, spring, or summer.

To be eligible for in absentia study, a student must be in good academic standing and must receive permission in advance from the college registrar. Students not in good standing may study in absentia but will not receive transcript credit until the Committee on Academic Status has returned them to good standing. In some cases, students may petition for in absentia credit after the work has been completed, but there is no guarantee that such credit will be awarded without advance approval.

In absentia petition forms are available in the Human Ecology Registrar's Office (145 MVR). The student completes the form, attaches catalog descriptions for the courses that will be taken, then submits the form to the Human Ecology Registrar's Office (145 MVR). In absentia study during the fall or spring term carries a nominal administrative fee. (Contact the Bursar's Office, 260 Day Hall, for the current amount.)

Students will receive a letter in their mail folder from the college registrar notifying them of the petition decision. A student may take up to 15 credits in absentia as long as the courses do not duplicate courses already taken and the in absentia courses are applicable to the requirements of their major. Students who study abroad during the summer or winter term are limited to a maximum of nine in absentia credits. Study abroad during the fall or spring semester must be done through the Study Abroad Office and is not considered in absentia study.

On rare occasions a student's petition for more than 15 credits in absentia may be allowed: (1) the work taken represents a special educational opportunity not available at Cornell, (2) it relates to the student's particular professional goals, and (3) those goals are consistent with the focus of the college. The in absentia petition form is used to request more than 15 credits in absentia. Wells and Ithaca College credit are not considered in absentia credit and are not included in the 15 credit limit.

The college registrar requests approval from the appropriate department if a student wants to apply in absentia credit to requirements in his or her major. If in absentia credit is sought for a modern foreign language in which the student has done work at Cornell, the Department of Modern Languages and Linguistics (College of Arts and Sciences) must be notified. The department will recommend the number of credits the student should receive and may require the student to take a placement test after returning to Cornell.

The student is responsible for having the registrar of the institution where in absentia study is taken send transcripts of grades to the Human Ecology Registrar's Office at 145 MVR Hall. Only then will credit be officially assessed and applied to the Cornell degree. Credit for in absentia study will be granted only for those courses with grades of C- or better. Only credits (not course names and
grades) for in absentia study appear on the Cornell University transcript.

A student who holds a Regents' or Children of Deceased or Disabled Veterans Scholarship may claim that scholarship for study in absentia if the study is done in a college in New York State and if it is for a maximum of 15 credits acceptable to the College of Human Ecology.

The rules regarding study in absentia apply to transfer students with the additional stipulation that at least 60 credits must be taken at Cornell. At least 60 of the 60 credits must be in the College of Human Ecology at Cornell unless the student has transferred equivalent human ecology credit. (No more than 20 credits of equivalent credit may be applied to the 60 credits required in human ecology course work.)

Leaves of Absence

A student may request a leave of absence before the beginning of the semester or during the first seven weeks of the semester for which a leave is requested. A leave may be extended for a second semester by making a written request to the Office of Admission, Student, and Career Services. Note that in absentia status and leave of absence status are mutually exclusive. Students on leave must notify the college registrar in MVR 145, in writing, of their intention to return to campus prior to the beginning of the semester. Those whose leave period has expired will be withdrawn from the college after the seventh week of the semester they were due back.

Students considering a leave of absence should discuss their plans with a counselor in the Office of Admission, Student, and Career Services. The counselor can supply the necessary forms for the student to complete and file with the Human Ecology Registrar's Office. If the student has not completed all required forms for the college outside the major when the leave expires, the office will inform the student of the possible consequences. The student should discuss their return with the college registrar and file with the Human Ecology Registrar's Office. A student considering such an action is urged to discuss plans with a counselor in the Office of Admission, Student, and Career Services (172 MVR).

In some instances a student may be given a withdrawal by the college registrar. Students who leave the college without an approved leave of absence, or do not return after the leave has expired will be given a withdrawal after the seventh week of the term in which they fail to register.

A student who has withdrawn from the college or who has been given a withdrawal by the college registrar and who wishes to return at a later date must reapply through the Office of Admissions for consideration along with all other applicants for admission. If the student was given a leave of absence, the request for readmission will be referred to the Committee on Academic Status for consideration, and that committee may stipulate criteria under which the student may be readmitted to the college.

Withdrawal

A withdrawal is a termination of student status at the university. Students may voluntarily withdraw at any time by notifying a counselor in the Office of Admission, Student, and Career Services and written notice of withdrawal in the Human Ecology Registrar's Office. A student considering such an action is urged to discuss plans with a counselor in the Office of Admission, Student, and Career Services (172 MVR).

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GRADES AND EXAMINATIONS

Grade Definitions and Equivalents

The official university grading system uses a system of letter grades ranging from A+ to D, with F denoting failure. An INC grade is given for incomplete work and is given at the end of the first semester of a two-semester class. If a student is given permission to withdraw from a class after the second week of the term a W is automatically assigned. Students can view their grades on Just the Facts after the third week of the term. The office of the college registrar and who wishes to return at a later date must reapply through the Office of Admissions for consideration along with all other applicants for admission. If the student was given a leave of absence, the request for readmission will be referred to the Committee on Academic Status for consideration, and that committee may stipulate criteria under which the student may be readmitted to the college.

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awarding of a degree, whichever is the shorter period of time. The instructor has the option of setting a shorter time limit for completing the course work. If the work is completed within the designated time period, the grade of incomplete will be changed to a regular grade on the student's official transcript. If the work is not completed within the designated time period, the grade of incomplete automatically will be converted to an F.

When a student wants to receive a grade of incomplete, the student should arrange a conference with the instructor (preferably before classes end and the study period begins) to work out the agreement. A form, called explanation for reporting a final grade of F or incomplete, which must be signed by both the instructor and the student, needs to be submitted by the instructor to the Human Ecology Registrar's Office. This form is submitted with the final grade sheets whenever a grade of incomplete is given. This form is for the student's protection, particularly in the event that a faculty member with whom a course is being completed leaves campus without leaving a record of the work completed in the course. If circumstances prevent a student from being present to consult the instructor, the instructor may, if requested by the student, initiate the process by filling out and signing part of the form and turning it in to the Human Ecology Registrar's Office with the grade sheet. Before a student will be allowed to register for succeeding semesters, he or she must go to the Human Ecology Registrar's Office to fill out and sign the remainder of the form.

If the work is satisfactorily completed within the required time, the course appears on the student's official transcript with an asterisk and the final grade received for the course in which the student was registered for the course. A student who completes the work in the required time and expects to receive a grade of incomplete, the student should arrange a conference with the course instructor. The instructor has the option of setting a shorter time limit for completing the required time and expectations to receive a grade of incomplete, which must be signed by both the instructor and the student. If circumstances prevent a student from being present to consult the instructor, the instructor may, if requested by the student, initiate the process by filling out and signing part of the form and turning it in to the Human Ecology Registrar's Office. Before a student will be allowed to register for succeeding semesters, he or she must go to the Human Ecology Registrar's Office to fill out and sign the remainder of the form.

Examinations
Both the preliminary and final examination schedules are printed every semester in the Course and Time Roster. The current examination is also available on the university website at www.cornell.edu/Academic/ Academic.html#Class.

Final Examinations
The following is quoted from the Cornell University Faculty Handbook, 1990, pages 66-67:

"The University Faculty long ago established, and has never reversed, the policy that each course should have an examination or some equivalent exercise (for example, a term paper, project report, final critique, oral presentation, or conference) to be conducted or due during the period set aside for final examinations.

Although not specifically prohibited, it is University policy to discourage more than two examinations for a student in one twenty-four hour time period and especially on one day. It is urged that members of the faculty consider student requests for a make-up examination, particularly if their course is the largest of the three involved and thus has the strongest likelihood of offering a makeup for other valid reasons, i.e. illness, death in the family, etc.

Legislation of the University Faculty governing study periods and examinations is as follows:

1. No final examinations can be given at a time other than the time appearing on the official Examination Roster promulgated by the Registrar's Office without prior written permission of the Dean of the Faculty.

2. No permission will be given, for any reason, to schedule final examinations during the last week of classes or the designated study period preceding final examinations.

3. Permission will be given by the Dean of the Faculty to reschedule examinations during the examination period itself if requested in writing by the faculty member, but only on condition that a comparable examination also be given for those students who wish to take it at the time that the examination was originally scheduled. The faculty member requesting such a change will be responsible for making appropriate arrangements for rooms or other facilities in which to give the examination. This should be done through the Registrar's Office.

4. No tests are allowed during the week preceding the final examination period, although minor tests may be given during the week preceding the final examination period. Minor tests are defined as those required for examinations or makeup examinations involving small numbers of students (generally 30 or fewer) provided that the scheduled time is

5. Papers may be required of students during the study period if announced sufficiently far in advance that the student did not have to spend a significant segment of the study period preparing them.

6. Faculty can require students to submit papers during the week preceding the study period.

7. Take home examinations should be given to classes well before the end of the regular term and should not be required to be submitted during study period but rather well into the examination period.

Students have a right to examine their corrected exams, papers, and the like, in order to be able to question their grading. They do not, however, have an absolute right to the return thereof. Exams, papers, etc., as well as grading records, should be retained for a reasonable time after the end of the semester preferably until the end of the following term, to afford students such right of review.

Preliminary Examinations
The following is quoted from the Cornell University Faculty Handbook (1990), pages 65-66:

"Preliminary examinations are those given at intermediate times during a course. It is common to have three of these in a term to encourage review and integration of major segments of the course, to provide students with feedback on how well or poorly they are progressing, and to contribute to the overall basis for a subsequent final grade.

The most convenient times and places for "prelims" are the normal class times and classrooms. But many courses, particularly large ones with multiple sections, choose to examine all the sections together at one time and to design an examination that takes more than one class period to complete. In such cases the only alternative is to hold the prelim in the evening. This practice creates conflicts with other student activities, with evening classes and laboratories, and among the various courses that might choose the same nights.

To eliminate direct conflicts, departments offering large multidiscipline courses with evening prelims send representatives annually to meet with the dean of the University Faculty to lay out the evening prelim schedule a year in advance. Instructors of smaller courses work out their own evening exam schedules, consulting their students to find a time when all can attend. Exam assignments are obtained by the faculty member through the contact person in his or her college or the Central Reservations Coordinator.

The policy governing evening examinations is as follows:

1. Evening examinations may be scheduled only on Tuesday and Thursday evenings and only after 7:30 p.m. without prior permission from the Office of the University Faculty.

a. Such prior permission is not, however, required for examinations or makeup examinations involving small numbers of students (generally 30 or fewer) provided that the scheduled time is
acceptable to the students involved and that an alternate examination time is provided for those students who have academic, athletic, or employment conflicts at the time scheduled.

2. Permission from the Office of the University Faculty to schedule on evenings other than Tuesdays and Thursdays or at a time prior to 7:30 p.m. will be granted only on the following conditions:

a. Conditions such as the nature of the examination, room availability, large number of conflicts, etc., justify such scheduling.

b. An alternate time to take the exam must be provided for those students who have academic, athletic, or employment conflicts at the time scheduled.

3. If there is a conflict between an examination listed on the schedule developed at the annual evening prelim scheduling meeting and an examination not on the schedule, the examination on the schedule shall have a priority, and the course not on the schedule must provide an alternate time to take the examination for those students faced with the conflict.

4. If there is a conflict between examinations, both of which are on the schedule developed at the annual evening prelim scheduling meeting or both of which are not on the schedule, the instructors of the courses involved must consult and agree on how to resolve the conflict. Both instructors must approach this resolution process with a willingness to provide an alternative or earlier examination.

5. Note that courses using evening examinations are strongly urged to indicate this in the course description listed in Courses and must notify students of the dates of such examinations as early as possible in the semester, preferably when the course outline is distributed."

**ACADEMIC STANDING**

**Criteria for Good Standing**

The College of Human Ecology has established a set of minimum academic standards which all students must meet or exceed each semester. These standards are as follows:

1. A student must maintain a semester and cumulative grade point average of 1.7 or higher.

2. A student must successfully complete at least 12 credits per semester, excluding physical education courses.

3. Freshmen and sophomore students must complete at least one human ecology course each semester. (ECON 101 and ECON 102 are considered Human Ecology courses).

4. A student must be making "satisfactory progress" toward a bachelor's degree.

Upon the completion of each semester the Committee on Academic Status (CAS) reviews each student's academic record to ensure the above academic standards are upheld. The committee then takes appropriate action for students whose academic achievement is considered unsatisfactory as defined by the above criteria. The five voting faculty members, along with several nonvoting student services staff, consider each case individually before deciding on a course of action. The committee may take any of the following actions depending on the seriousness of the student's academic difficulties:

1. Take no action.

2. Return the student to Good Standing.

3. Place the student on a Review List, which means the case will be monitored throughout the semester.

4. Place the student on a Warning status.

5. Place the student on a Severe Warning status.

6. Place the student on a Severe Warning With Danger of Being Dropped status, implying that if the student does not show considerable improvement during the semester the committee will likely drop the student at the end.

7. Suspend the student for one or more terms during which the student may not register at Cornell (except in extramural status with CAS approval).

8. Permanently withdraw the student from the college and Cornell University.

Students who have been suspended or withdrawn have the right to appeal the decision in front of the committee during the appeals meeting. Students who have been placed on warning due to incomplete or missing grades may request their status be updated to good standing once they have cleaned up their records. These requests should be made with a general petition and submitted to the Office of the Registrar.

All students with a status will automatically be reviewed at the end of the subsequent semester. In most cases, students put on a warning, severe warning, or severe warning with danger of being dropped status will be informed of conditions that they are expected to fulfill in order to return to good standing. In general these conditions are that a student must earn a minimum GPA of 2.0, complete 12 credits, and not have any incomplete, missing, "F," or "U" grades on their semester record.

If a student who has been previously suspended wishes to return to the college he/she must submit a plan of study to the committee before being rejoined.

Students who have been withdrawn by CAS may request reconsideration and ask to be readmitted by the committee. Such students have three years during which they can ask to be withdrawn to make this request. After three years, a former student must apply for admission through the Office of Admission. A student should discuss their situation with a counselor in the Office of Admission, Student, and Career Services (172 MVR). They should talk with others who may be able to help them—faculty advisers, instructors, or a member of the medical staff. A student may also write directly to the committee (via the committee chair, whose name can be obtained from the college registrar) and present new or previously unknown information. Any information given to the committee is held in the strictest confidence.

**Academic Integrity**

Academic integrity is a critical issue for all students and professors in the academic community. The University Code of Academic Integrity states that a student assumes responsibility for the content and integrity of the academic work he or she submits, such as papers, examinations, or reports and that a student shall be guilty of violating the code and subject to proceedings under it if he or she:

a. Knowingly represents the work of others as his or her own.

b. Uses or obtains unauthorized assistance in any academic work.

c. Gives fraudulent assistance to another student.

d. Fabricates data in support of laboratory or fieldwork.

e. Forgives a signature to certify completion of approval of a course assignment.

f. Uses an assignment for more than one course without the permission of the instructor involved.

g. Uses computer hardware and/or software to abuse privacy, ownership, or user rights of others.

h. In any manner violates the principle of absolute integrity.

The Academic Integrity Hearing Board, which consists of a chairperson, three faculty members, and three students, hears appeals from students who have breached the code. It also deals with cases brought directly to it by members of the faculty.

**Academic Records**

Students may obtain their Cornell academic record in several ways. The Cornell transcript, which is the official record of the courses, credits, and grades that a student has earned can be ordered with no charge at the Office of the University Registrar (B7 Day Hall). For more information call (607) 255-4252. Students who merely want an unofficial working copy of their transcript can request a copy of their record card from the Office of the College Registrar (145 MVR). Students may also access their grades and course schedules electronically using Just the Facts. Student should be in the habit of checking Just the Facts by the second week of every semester to confirm that their schedule and grade options are correct.

The college also maintains a graduation progress worksheet for each student showing progress towards the degree. At the beginning of fall term continuing students receive a copy of their worksheet. It is important to check this document and bring any errors to the attention of the staff in the Office of the College Registrar (145 MVR).

**Access to Records**

The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 assures students of privacy of their records. The law also assures students' access to their records. Information concerning a student's relationship with the university is considered restricted and may be released only at the student's specific written request. Restricted information includes the courses elected, grades earned, class rank, academic and disciplinary actions by appropriate faculty, student, or administrative committees;
and financial arrangements between the student and the university. Letters of recommendation are restricted information unless the student has specifically waived right of access.

Students who want additional information on access to their records may contact the Office of the College Registrar (145 MVR) or the Office of the University Registrar (37 Day Hall). An inventory of those student records maintained by Cornell University offices in Ithaca, their location, and cognizant officer are available in the Office of the Dean of Students (401 Willard Straight Hall).

For specific information, refer to the university’s policy, “Access to Student Information,” at the following web address: www.univco.cornell.edu/policy/ASI.html or talk with the college registrar in the Office of the College Registrar (145 MVR).

ACADEMIC HONORS AND AWARDS

The college encourages high academic achievement and recognizes outstanding students in several ways.

Honors

Dean’s List. Excellence in academic achievement is recognized each semester by placing on the Dean’s List the names of students who have completed satisfactorily at least 12 credits of letter grade classes and who have a semester grade point average of 3.7 or above. No student who has received an F or U in an academic course will be eligible.

Kappa Omicron Nu seeks to promote graduate study and research and to stimulate scholarship and leadership toward the well-being of individuals and families. As a chapter of a national honor society in the New York State College of Human Ecology, it stimulates and encourages scholarly inquiry and action on significant problems of living—at home, in the community, and throughout the world.

Students are eligible for membership if they have attained junior status and have a cumulative grade point average of not less than B. Transfer students are eligible after completing one year in this institution with a B average.

Current members of Kappa Omicron Nu elect new members. Not more than 10 percent of the junior class may be elected to membership and not more than 20 percent of the senior class may be elected. Graduate students nominated by faculty members may be elected. The president of Kappa Omicron Nu has the honor of serving as First Degree Marshall for the college during May commencement.

Bachelor of Science with Honors recognizes outstanding scholastic achievement in an academic field. Programs leading to a degree with honors are offered to selected students by the Department of Human Development and the Division of Nutritional Sciences. Information about admission to the programs and their requirements may be obtained from the appropriate department or division.

Students in other departments who wish to qualify for honors degrees may contact Janet Brown-Ast (N118A MVR) during their sophomore year or the first semester of their junior year. Most honors candidates have a minimum grade point average of 3.3 and have demonstrated potential for honors-level research. To graduate with honors a student must take approved courses in research methodology and evaluation, attend honors seminars, complete a senior thesis, and successfully defend it in front of a committee.

Bachelor of Science with Distinction recognizes outstanding scholastic achievement. Distinction is awarded to students in the top 10 percent of the graduating class based on the last 60 credits earned at Cornell. The graduating class comprises of students who will complete requirements for Bachelor of Science degrees in January or May of the same academic year or the prior August. Names of seniors who meet these requirements are presented to the faculty of the college for approval.

The primary objectives of the honor society, Phi Kappa Phi, are to promote the pursuit of excellence in higher education and to recognize outstanding achievement by students, faculty, and others through election to membership. Phi Kappa Phi is unique in that it recognizes scholarship in all academic disciplines. To be eligible for membership students must rank in the top 10 percent of the senior class, or in the top 5 percent of the junior class. Provisions also exist for the election of faculty members and graduate students whose work merits recognition.

Gamma Sigma Delta is an honor society of the faculty in the colleges of Human Ecology, Agriculture and Life Sciences, and Veterinary Medicine. The common bond is promotion of excellence in work related to the quality of our environment and life based on “agriculture and the related sciences.” The Cornell chapter recognizes the academic achievements of students, faculty, and alumni of those colleges with nominations for membership and with special awards. To be eligible, seniors must be in the upper 15 percent of their major. Five juniors with the highest grade point average in their college are also nominated.

Class Rank for the junior and senior classes is computed at the end of each semester. The college registrar processes class rank after final grades are recorded. Class rank will not be adjusted if a student’s academic record changes for any reason.

Awards

The Elsie Van Buren Rice Award in Oral Communication is awarded for original oral communication projects related to the college’s mission by undergraduate students in the College of Human Ecology. The contest is held each year in February and awards prizes totaling $1,500.

The Flora Rose Prize is given biennially to a Cornell junior or senior who demonstrates a creative spirit, a spirit of inquiry, and a desire to explore beyond the classroom. The recipient will receive a cash prize of $500.

The Florence Halpern Award is named for the noted psychologist, Dr. Florence Halpern, in recognition of her lifelong interest in “innovative human service, which betters the self-fulfillment of future generations.” The recipient will receive a cash prize of $500.

Human Ecology Ambassadors is a group of undergraduates who assist the Office of Admission, Student, and Career Services by participating in group conferences with prospective students to provide information from a student’s perspective, assisting with recruitment and yield activities for potential students, conducting high school visits, assisting with on-campus open-house programs for high school students and potential transfer students, helping with prospective students and alumni phonathons.

In addition, ambassadors attend regular meetings and serve as coordinators for activities in the Office of Admission, Student, and Career Services.

For information, contact the Office of Admission, Student, and Career Services (172 MVR, 255-5471).
The mission of the Human Ecology Voices is to build unity among students, faculty, and staff in the College of Human Ecology. Membership consists of all representatives of all other Human Ecology student organizations and other interested students. Patti Papapietro serves as Voices adviser from the Office of Admission, Student, and Career Services (172 MVR, 255-2532).

The Human Ecology Mature Students Association is an organization of students who are 24 years of age or older at the time of matriculation. Many mature students need to balance family, work, and other concerns with their academic efforts. The Mature Students Association strives to help by providing a forum for resource exchange and referral, support, socializing, and special projects depending upon expressed interest. These goals are pursued through seminars and informational meetings, the mature students listserv, supplementary orientation activities, liaison with other university offices, and the encouragement of informal networking. Contact Patti Papapietro in the Office of Admission, Student, and Career Services (172 MVR) for more information.

Students interested in the relationship between the physical environment and human behavior may join the Human-Environment Relations Students Association (HERSA). For more information, contact the Department of Design and Environmental Analysis.

The International Facility Managers Association (IFMA) also has a student chapter. Membership information is available from the Department of Design and Environmental Analysis.

The Association for Students of Color (ASC) unites human ecology minority students to provide a supportive foundation for their enrollment, retention, graduation, and career placement. ASC members work toward these goals by:
- participating in admissions hosting programs and conducting high school visitations
- sponsoring presentations on career and graduate school outcomes of a human ecology education
- providing volunteer services to the Cornell and Ithaca communities,
- attending regular meetings and hosting annual fall and spring forums.

Contact Verdene Lee in the Office of Admission, Student, and Career Services (172 MVR, 255-2532) for more information.

The Orientation Committee consists of students and alumni interested in planning and implementing programs to acquaint new students with the College of Human Ecology. The committee is particularly active at the beginning of each semester and is always eager for new members. For information, contact Patti Papapietro in the Office of Admission, Student, and Career Services (172 MVR, 255-2532).

Membership in the Sloan Student Association is open to students interested in health and related fields. Contact the president of the association (N1222 MVR, 255-8015) for more information.

The Students for Gerontology (SGF) is composed of students from a wide variety of majors who are interested in career and internship opportunities that contribute to the well-being of our aging population. Programs sponsored by this organization focus on developing linkages with community organizations and other student gerontology groups. SGF meets monthly. Contact Donna Dempster-McClain, faculty adviser, Bronfenbrenner Life Course Center, (259 MVR Hall, 255-2567), for further information.

The Undergraduate Nutrition Organization (UNO) promotes nutritional well-being through education, communication, and research. Members of the student chapter organize programs such as Food and Nutrition Day in March, host on-campus speakers in nutrition and health-related fields, and publish NutRinews, a campus-wide nutrition newsletter. The student chapter is open to all students interested in nutrition education. For further information contact Gail Canterbury (302 MVR, 255-5473).

Committees and Councils
Several official organizations exist within the college to deal with matters of policy and to provide leadership in college planning. Most include elected student and faculty representatives, the activities of which groups affect all students directly or indirectly.

The Educational Policies Committee (EPC) has two student members, one graduate and one undergraduate, who vote along with the faculty members on all matters relating to college academic policy. Recommendations are submitted to this committee regarding revisions in degree requirements, new curriculum changes, and new course approval.

Students also have the opportunity to serve on the Admissions Policy Subcommittee, and the Academic Integrity Hearing Board.

The Selection Committee for the Chancellor’s Award for Excellence in Teaching or Professional Service handles the nomination and selection process for this prestigious yearly award. The committee consists of three teaching faculty members, one professional staff member, and three undergraduate members.

The Human Ecology Alumni Association Board of Directors also has two student board members—one junior and one senior. One student is selected each spring to begin a two-year term as student representative. The two students co-chair the board’s Student Activities Committee, which works to increase the visibility of the Alumni Association among the student body by funding a variety of activities. The student members also bring an important perspective to board deliberations about programming and annual goals.

The Committee on Academic Status does not include student representatives, but has a faculty representative from each department. This committee is responsible for upholding the academic standards of the college and takes action when appropriate. The committee also hears appeals regarding student petitions and requests to be readmitted.

Courses with names and descriptions enclosed in brackets—[ ]—are not offered fall 2000 and spring 2001.

INTERDEPARTMENTAL COURSES

HE 100 Critical Reading and Thinking
Fall, spring, or summer. 2 credits.
Enrollment limited. Priority is given to freshmen and sophomores; juniors and seniors are admitted with permission of the instructor. Letter or S-U grade.

The objective of this course is to enable students to increase critical reading and thinking abilities. Theory and research associated with a wide range of reading, thinking, and learning skills are examined. Emphasis is placed on developing and applying analytical and evaluative skills. Laboratory instruction is individualized and provides the opportunity to focus intensively on increasing comprehension, reading rate, and vocabulary.

HE 101 College Achievement Seminar
6-week summer session. 2 credits.
Enrollment limited to and required of Prefreshman Summer Program students. Letter or S-U grade.

The objective of this course is to improve the study and learning skills of incoming freshmen. Emphasis is placed on acquisition of skills necessary to achieve academic success. Topics include time management, note-taking, mapping, textbook comprehension, exam preparation, and exam strategies. The application of theory to the demands of Cornell course work is stressed. In addition, students are introduced to library and computing resources through hands-on projects.

THE URBAN SEMESTER PROGRAM IN MULTICULTURAL DYNAMICS IN URBAN AFFAIRS

Cornell in New York City provides students with many study limited to urban affairs on multicultural dynamics in urban affairs. Experiential learning practices inform all courses of study. The options available include internships, individual and group community service projects, research, independent study, collaborative learning, and mentorships. Students must enroll concurrently in the three courses, HE 470, HE 480, and HE 490. Students learn through reflection and action. Program options are possible throughout the academic year, during winter break, and in the summer.

Courses of study enable students to seek out the relationship between theory and practice, apply theory to practice, identify and acquire professional practice skills, and learn about the impact of diversity on New York City. By applying ethnographic research techniques and methods, students learn to think conceptually, reflect on their actions, and be agents of change.

Several majors in the college require internships or encourage field study. Check with the director of undergraduate study of each major for more information. The Career Development Center in 159 MVR and counselors in the Office of Admission, Student, and Career Services in 172 MVR can help you find internships and provide more information on department opportunities and enrolling in Cornell in New York City.
Multicultural Practice
Fall and spring semesters: HE 470

This course is a study of multicultural issues in urban affairs. It occurs as students enhance their academic foundations and their career development. Using a historic perspective, students examine issues of diversity (e.g., race, ethnicity, religion, class, gender, sexual orientation) in relationship to (1) professional life in different sectors of the economy; (2) the development of neighborhoods and communities; and (3) the basis of a just and democratic society. Readings focus on inner-city children and youth under a variety of multicultural-influenced conditions and contexts. Costs include travel to and from sites by public transportation at about $3.00-6.00 each week.

Multicultural Issues in Urban Affairs
Fall and spring semesters: HE 480

This course analyzes environment and human behavior. We examine the interaction of social and environmental sciences with application for the design and management of built and natural habitats. Topics include environmental effects on health, well-being, moods, aesthetics, performance, interpersonal relationships, and organizational effectiveness as well as the ecological consequences of human attitudes and behaviors. Visit our web site at instruct.cit.cornell.edu/courses/dea150.

Communities in Multicultural Practice
Fall and spring semesters: HE 490

This course provides students with an understanding of community building processes and enables them to interact with children, youth, and their families in school settings. For a full day once each week, students work in inner city schools with teachers, staff, and children, providing community service. Student learning is focused on how to increase children's learning capacities and expand their horizons by teaching them to envision success. Students focus on the assets that inner city children bring to their school environment and learn how to mentor them. They help teach skills, knowledge, values, behaviors, and perspectives that school children must develop in order to enter the working world. Costs include public transportation costs to and from the various sites, about $3.00-6.00 each week.

The Winter Intersession in Community Service and Mutual Learning: The South Bronx-Banana Kelly/Cornell University Project in Community Building
Winter intersession: HE 402

Over the course of two intensive weeks, students participate in an ongoing community service project in the South Bronx with children of the Banana Kelly community. In carrying out community service, students participate with the director of the Cornell New York City Program. Since the 1995 intersession, students have mentored children in an after-school program through projects that have documented the community with photographs, models, and stories. Each intersession, several students mentor 15 ninth graders from Banana Kelly High School. A photography exhibit was produced and circulated. In 1998, Cornell students and children produced three-dimensional models of their imagined community in future years and a book of essays and photographs.

Fieldwork in Diversity and Professional Practice
Summer session: HE 406

Over the course of an eight-week summer session, students will participate in a literacy project in internships of their choosing and a weekly reflection seminar with the director of the Urban Semester Program in New York City.

DESIGN AND ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS
F. Becker, chair; W. Sims, director of undergraduate studies; P. Eshelman, director of graduate studies; A. Basinger, S. Danko, J. Elliott, G. Evans, K. Gibson, R. Gilmore, A. Hodge, J. Jennings, L. Laquatra, L. Maxwell

Note: A minimal charge for photocopied course handouts may be required.

NOTE: Class meeting times are accurate at the time of publication. If changes are necessary, the department will provide new information as soon as possible.

DEA 101 Design Studio I
Fall. 3 credits. Each section limited to 18 students. Permission of instructor required for non-DEA majors. Priority given to interior design majors. Option I majors must take DEA 101 in fall of their first year. Approximate cost of materials, $60. M W F 1:25-4:25, or T R 10:10-1:10. J. Elliott.
A studio course introducing the fundamental vocabulary and principles of two- and three-dimensional design. Students experiment with the development of form through problem-solving approaches.

DEA 102 Design Studio II
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to Option I DEA majors only. B- or higher in DEA 101 required to register for this course. Option I majors must take DEA 102 and 115 concurrently. Approximate cost of materials, $200. shop fee, $10. T R 1:25-4:25. P. Eshelman.
A studio course in three-dimensional design with an interior design emphasis. Problems in spatial organization are explored through drawings and models.

DEA 111 Making a Difference: By Design
Students in any academic area examine how design affects their daily life and future profession. Course focuses on issues of leadership, creative problem-solving, and risk-taking through case study examination of leaders in business, education, medicine, human development, science, etc., who have made a difference using design as a tool for positive social change. Utilizing a micro to macro framework, students explore the impact of design from the person to the planet. Additional topics: nurturing innovation, visual literacy, design criticism, design and culture, semiotics, proactive/reflective decision making, and ecological issues.

DEA 115 Design Graphics
Spring. 3 credits. Option I DEA majors only. Prerequisite: DEA 101; must take DEA 102 and DEA 115 concurrently. Minimum cost of materials, $100; technology fee $10. M W F 9:05-11:00. K. Gibson.
A studio drawing course for interior designers. Discussion groups on drawing techniques are held to develop a visual understanding and vocabulary. Students are introduced to the functions of line, shape, and value. Perspective, spatial, and conceptual drawing are emphasized.

DEA 150 Introduction to Human-Environment Relations
This course analyzes environment and human behavior. We examine the interaction of social and environmental sciences with application for the design and management of built and natural habitats. Topics include environmental effects on health, well-being, moods, aesthetics, performance, interpersonal relationships, and organizational effectiveness as well as the ecological consequences of human attitudes and behaviors. Visit our web site at instruct.cit.cornell.edu/courses/dea150.

DEA 201 Design Studio III
Fall. 4 credits. Limited to Option I DEA students. Prerequisites: DEA 101,102, and 115 (minimum grades of B—Recommended: DEA 111 and 150. Coregistration in DEA 205 is required. Minimum cost of materials, $150; lab fee, $40, optional field trip, approximately $100. M W F 1:25-4:25. J. Jennings.
Beginning interior design studio. Focus is on development of basic proficiency in interior design skills. The course is structured around a series of elementary interior and interior-product design problems of three to five weeks in length.

DEA 202 Design Studio IV
Spring. 4 credits. Each section limited to Option I DEA students. Prerequisites: DEA 201 and 203. Prerequisites or corequisites: DEA 204. Minimum cost of materials, $120; diazo machine fee, $8; field trip fee. T R 12:20-4:25. R. Gilmore.
Second interior design studio. Emphasis of the course is on continued development of basic proficiency in design and conceptualization techniques for architectural and interior designers. Students study the various forms of communication used throughout the design process, from programming and conceptualization through construction documentation, and the most effective utilization of those forms. Both verbal and visual presentation methods are stressed.

DEA 203 Digital Communications
Fall. 2 credits. Priority given to DEA majors. Lab fee $10. Sec 01 M 7:30-9:55 P.M., sec 02 W 7:30-9:55 P.M., sec 03 W 7:30-9:55 P.M., sec 04 W 7:30-9:55 P.M. J. Elliott.
Communication techniques for architectural and interior designers. Students study the various forms of communication used throughout the design process, from programming and conceptualization through construction documentation, and the most effective utilization of those forms. Both verbal and visual presentation methods are stressed.

DEA 204 Introduction to Building Technology
Introduction to building technology for interior designers and facility managers. Emphasis is placed on developing basic understanding of buildings and building systems and their implications for interior design and facility management. Covers basic building types; structural systems; construction materials and methods; HVAC systems; plumbing, electrical, lighting, fire, and security systems; and telephone, computer, and other communication systems.
DEA 243 Inside Out: The American Everyday Interior (also WOMNS 243, AM ST 243)

DEA 250 The Environment and Social Behavior
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to 16. Priority order: DEA seniors, juniors, sophomores, freshmen. Prerequisite: DEA 150 or permission of instructor. Field trip fee $65. T R 2:55-4:10. G. Evans. A combination seminar-and-lecture course for students interested in the social sciences, design, or facility management. Through projects and readings the influence of environmental form on social behaviors such as aggressiveness, perception, communication, community, and crime is explored. Also covered are the influences of stage in life cycle, family structure, and social class on environmental needs and purposes. Implications for the planning, design, and management of complex environments such as offices, hospitals, schools, and housing are emphasized.

DEA 251 History and Theory of the Interior
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to 65. Priority given to DEA majors. M W F 9:05-9:55. J. Jennings. An historic study of interior architecture and design with an emphasis on the concepts of design theory. Overarching themes encompass several time periods from the classical to the twentieth century and isolate cultural patterns, spatial ideas, dialectics, design elements, and theorists. Reading, discussion, analytical exercises, essays, examinations. Field trip.

DEA 300 Special Studies for Undergraduates
Fall or spring. Credit to be arranged. Department faculty. Special arrangement for course work to establish equivalency for courses not transferred from a previous major or institution. Students prepare a multiplicity description of the study they want to undertake on a form available from the College Registrar's Office. The form, signed by both the instructor directing the study and the head of the department, is filed at course registration or during the change-of-registration period.

DEA 301 Design Studio V
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: DEA 111,150, 201, 202, 203, and 204. Corequisite: DEA 303 and 459. Minimum cost of materials, $150; shop fee, $10, optional field trip, approximately $100. Diazo machine fee, $8. T R 12:20-4:25. P. Eshelman. Intermediate-level interior design studio. The course is organized around a series of interior and interior-product design problems of intermediate-level complexity, three to five weeks in duration. Focus is on development of design skills and on understanding of a selected set of generic problem types.

DEA 302 Design Studio VI
Spring, 5 credits. Prerequisites: DEA 301 and 305 or permission of instructor. Corequisite: DEA 305. Minimum cost of materials, $150; shop fee, $10; diazo machine fee, $8. M W F 1:25-4:25. K. Gibson. Intermediate-level interior design studio with an introduction to computer applications. Emphasis on using the microcomputer as a design tool in the process of creating and planning interior spaces. Continued development of design skills and problem solving in relation to a selection of problem types.

DEA 303 Introduction to Furnishings, Materials, and Finishes
Fall. 2 credits. W 2:30-4:25. R. Gilmore. Basic understanding of furniture types and systems; interior products and equipment such as work-stations; window, and floor coverings; ceiling and lighting systems; and materials and finishes. Emphasis is placed on criteria for selection of furnishings, materials, and finishes for typical interior design and facility management problems.

DEA 304 Introduction to Professional Practice of Interior Design
Spring. 1 credit. W 2:30-4:25. A. Basinger. Introduction to the professional and management principles for delivery of interior design and facility management services. Covers basic organizational structures and basic management functions within interior design and facility management organizations, work flow and scheduling, business practices, legal and ethical responsibilities and concerns, contracts, basic contract documents such as working drawings and specifications, supervision of construction and installation, and cost estimation.

DEA 305 Construction Documents and Detailing

DEA 325 Human Factors: Ergonomics-Anthropometrics
Fall. 3 credits. Recommended: DEA 150. T R 8:40-9:55. A. Hedge. Implications of human physical and physiological characteristics and limitations on the design of settings, products, and tasks. An introduction to engineering anthropology, biomechanics, control/display design, work physiology, and motor performance. Course includes practical exercises and field project work.

DEA 350 Human Factors: The Ambient Environment
Spring, 3 credits. Recommended DEA 150. T R 8:40-9:55. Not offered spring 2003; next offered spring 2002. A. Hedge. An introduction to human-factor considerations in lighting, acoustics, noise control, indoor air quality and ventilation, and the thermal environment. The ambient environment is viewed as a support system that should promote human efficiency, productivity, health, and safety. Emphasis is placed on the implications for planning, design, and management of settings and facilities. Course includes a field project.

DEA 374 Elements of Business for Non-Business Majors (also H ADM 104)
Spring. 1 credit. Limited to 30. Weekend course. P. Rainsford. Focus will be to provide hands-on skills and knowledge about how to start or run a small business. Especially appropriate for students interested in professional careers such as architecture, design, writing, art, engineering, law, and other service businesses. Course structure will use a computer-based management simulation game and will require students to work in management teams of six to start and operate a hotel. Introductory-level course. No previous business experience or computer knowledge required. Students are required to attend all sessions and complete a paper, which will be due a week after conclusion of the course.

DEA 400-401-402-403 Special Studies for Undergraduates
Fall or spring. Credits to be arranged. S-U grades optional. Department faculty. For advanced independent study by an individual student or for study on an experimental basis when a group of students in a field of DEA not otherwise provided through course work in the department or elsewhere at the university. Students prepare a multiplicity description of the study they want to undertake on a form available from the department office. This form must be signed by the instructor directing the study and the department head and filed at course registration or within the change-of-registration period after registration in 145 MVR, College Registrar's Office, along with an add/drop slip. To ensure review before the close of the course registration or change-of-registration period, early submission of the special studies form to the department head is necessary. Students, in consultation with their advisors and the instructor should register for one of the following subdivisions of independent study.

DEA 400 Directed Readings
For study that predominantly involves library research and independent reading.

DEA 401 Empirical Research
For study that predominantly involves data collection and analysis or laboratory or studio projects.

DEA 402 Supervised Fieldwork
For study that involves both responsible participation in a community setting and reflection on that experience through discussion, reading, and writing. Academic credit is awarded for this integration of theory and practice.

DEA 403 Teaching Apprenticeship
For study that includes teaching methods in the field and assisting faculty with instruction. Students must have demonstrated a high level of performance in the subject to be taught and in the overall academic program.

DEA 407 Design Studio VII
Fall. 5 credits. Prerequisites: DEA 302, DEA 303, DEA 304, and DEA 305. Minimum cost of materials, $150. Diazo machine fee, $8. Field trip, $50. T R 12:20-4:25. R. Gilmore. Advanced interior design studio organized around a series of interior design problems, three to five weeks in duration. Focus is on development of design skills and on competence in solving a selected set of generic interior design problem types.
DEA 408 Design Studio VIII
Spring. 5 credits. Prerequisites: DEA 301, 302, 303, and S-U option. Class fee of $150; diazo machine fee, $8 per semester. T R 12:20-4:25. S. Danko.
Design-problem-solving experiences involving completion of advanced interior design problems. Problems are broken into five phases: programming; schematic design and evaluation; design development, including material and finish selection; design detailing; and in-process documentation and the preparation of a professional-quality design presentation.

DEA 422 Ecological Literacy and Design
Design oriented lecture/seminar course for students becoming design professionals that will discuss their effect on a biophysical world. Objectives are to develop knowledge of environmental issues, construct conceptual frameworks for analysis, and demonstrate how ecological knowledge can be applied to the practice of design. Seminars, readings, field trips, and group projects.

DEA 430 Furniture as a Social Art
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 15. Permission of instructor. Building materials: $150. Students must also sign up for 2 hours of DEA shop time each week for model building. M W 10:10-12:05. P. Eschelman.
This course examines furniture as a design process that emphasizes support of human behavior. Information about specific social issues including health care, aging, child care, and education is the starting point for assignments. Students analyze products currently available and design new furniture. Also covered are furniture materials, fabrication processes, and manufacturing techniques.

DEA 443 Cultural Construction: The Nineteenth- and Twentieth-Century American Interior
A topical study of nineteenth- and twentieth-century American vernacular interiors, exploring the relationship between interior design theory and social and cultural values. Sources include historic interiors, literature and art, and architectural and material culture studies. Reading, discussion, comparative analysis, and critical writing.

DEA 451 Seminar on Facility Planning and Management
Fall. 1 credit. Letter grades only. M 3:30-4:25. F. Becker, W. Sims.
Series of seminars led by Cornell faculty and other facility management professionals. Topics include strategic space planning, space standards, office automation, project management, energy conservation, environmental protection, and regulatory issues.

DEA 453 Planning and Managing the Workplace
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: limited to juniors and seniors. Purchase of course packet required. F 10:10-11:10. F. Becker.
Intended for students interested in the planning, design, and management of facilities for complex organizations. The purpose of the course is to explore how characteristics of the workplace, including building, design, furniture and equipment, and policies governing their use and allocation, affect individual and organizational effectiveness. Special topics, such as the human implications of new information technologies and work at home, are also covered.

DEA 454 Facility Planning and Management Studio
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: DEA 459 or permission of instructor. Letter grades only. Minimum cost of materials: $100. T R 1:25-4:25. W. Sims.
For advanced undergraduates interested in facility planning and management. Purpose is to provide basic tools, techniques, and concepts useful in planning, designing, and managing facilities for large, complex organizations. Covers strategic and tactical planning for facilities, organizing to deliver facility management services, project management, space forecasting, space allocation policies, programming, relocation analysis, site selection, building assessment, space planning and design, furniture specifications, and moves. Sociopsychological, organizational, financial, architectural, and legal factors are considered.

DEA 455 Research Methods in Human-Environment Relations
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: DEA majors only or permission of instructor, and a statistics course. M W F 1:25-2:15. G. Evans.
The course develops the student's understanding and competence in the use of research and analytical tools to study the relationship between the physical environment and human behavior. Emphasis is placed on selection of appropriate methods for specific problems and the policy implications derived from research. Topics include research design, unobtrusive and obtrusive data-collecting tools, the processing of qualitative and quantitative data, and effective communication of empirical research findings.

DEA 459 Programming Methods in Design
Fall. 5 credits. T R 10:10-11:25. W. Sims.
Introduction to environmental programming. Emphasis on formulation of building requirements from user characteristics and limitations. Students analyze products currently available and design new furniture. Also covered are furniture materials, fabrication processes, and manufacturing techniques.

DEA 465 Dancing Mind/Thinking Heart: Creative Problem-Solving Theory and Practice
Spring. 5 credits. Limited to 15 graduate and advanced undergraduate students. Prerequisite for undergraduates: permission of instructor. T 4:30-7:30. S. Danko.
Focuses on thinking processes and techniques that support creative problem solving. Theories of creative behavior and critical thinking are examined. Course is highly participatory and experiential by design. Weekly discussions include hands-on applications of theories and methods to solving problems tailored to the backgrounds of the students. Primary goal is to demonstrate perceptual, emotional, intellectual, cultural, and environmental blocks to creative thinking and expand the students' repertoire of creative problem solving strategies for use in day-to-day professional practice. Case studies of creative individuals and organizations from a variety of fields are presented.

DEA 499 Senior Honors Thesis
Fall or spring. Variable credit. Prerequisite: permission of thesis advisor and DEA director of undergraduate studies. Letter grades only.
This is an opportunity for DEA majors to undertake original research and scholarly work leading to the preparation of a thesis. Students work closely with their thesis advisor on a topic of interest.

DEA 600-603 Special Problems for Graduate Students
Fall or spring. Credit to be arranged. S-U grades optional. Department faculty.
Independent advanced work by graduate students recommended by their special committee chair and approved by the head of the department and instructor.

600: Special Problems
For study of special problems in the areas of interior design, human environment relations, or facilities planning and management.

601: Directed Readings
For study that predominantly involves library research and independent study.

602: Graduate Empirical Research
For study that predominantly involves collection and analysis of research data.

603: Graduate Practicum
For study that predominantly involves field experiences in community settings.

DEA 643 Cultural Construction: The Nineteenth- and Twentieth-Century American Interior
Spring (even-numbered years). 4 credits. Enrollment limited to 15 students. S-U option. Field trips $50. T R 10:10-11:30. Next offered spring 2002. J. Jennings. A course intended for graduate students who want a more thorough grounding in the history of vernacular interiors than is provided by DEA 443. Each student is required to attend DEA 443 lectures, meet with the instructor and other graduate students for an additional class hour each week, and do additional readings and projects.

DEA 645 Programming Methods in Design
Fall. 5 credits. T R 10:10-11:25. W. Sims.
Introduction to environmental programming. Emphasis on formulation of building requirements from user characteristics and limitations. Students analyze products currently available and design new furniture. Also covered are furniture materials, fabrication processes, and manufacturing techniques.

DEA 649 Senior Honors Thesis
Fall or spring. Variable credit. Prerequisite: permission of thesis advisor and DEA director of undergraduate studies. Letter grades only.
This is an opportunity for DEA majors to undertake original research and scholarly work leading to the preparation of a thesis. Students work closely with their thesis advisor on a topic of interest.

600: Special Problems
For study of special problems in the areas of interior design, human environment relations, or facilities planning and management.

601: Directed Readings
For study that predominantly involves library research and independent study.

602: Graduate Empirical Research
For study that predominantly involves collection and analysis of research data.

603: Graduate Practicum
For study that predominantly involves field experiences in community settings.

DEA 643 Cultural Construction: The Nineteenth- and Twentieth-Century American Interior
Spring (even-numbered years). 4 credits. Enrollment limited to 15 students. S-U option. Field trips $50. T R 10:10-11:30. Next offered spring 2002. J. Jennings. A course intended for graduate students who want a more thorough grounding in the history of vernacular interiors than is provided by DEA 443. Each student is required to attend DEA 443 lectures, meet with the instructor and other graduate students for an additional class hour each week, and do additional readings and projects.

DEA 645 Dancing Mind/Thinking Heart: Creative Problem-Solving Theory and Practice
Spring. 5 credits. Limited to 15 graduate and advanced undergraduate students. Prerequisite for undergraduates: permission of instructor. T 4:30-7:30. S. Danko. Focuses on thinking processes and techniques that support creative problem solving. Theories of creative behavior and critical thinking are examined. Course is highly participatory and experiential by design. Weekly discussions include hands-on applications of theories and methods to solving problems tailored to the backgrounds of the students. Primary goal is to demonstrate perceptual, emotional, intellectual, cultural, and environmental blocks to creative thinking and expand the students' repertoire of creative problem solving strategies for use in day-to-day professional practice. Case studies of creative individuals and organizations from a variety of fields are presented.
DEA 656 Research Methods in Human-Environment Relations
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: DEA majors only or permission of instructor; and a statistics course. M W F 1:25-2:15. G. Evans.
Intended for graduate students who want a more thorough understanding of the research to study the relationship between physical environment and human behavior than is provided by DEA 455. Each student is required to attend DEA 455 lectures, meet with the instructor and other graduate students for an additional class each week, and do additional readings and projects. See DEA 455 for more detail.

DEA 659 Seminar on Facility Planning and Management
Fall. 1 credit. For graduate students interested in careers in facility planning and management. Letter grades only. M 3:35-4:25. F. Becker, W. Sims.
Series of seminars led by Cornell faculty members and other professionals directly involved in facility planning and management. Topics include strategic and tactical facility planning, space management, computer and facility management, facility maintenance and operations, energy conservation, and building systems.

DEA 660 The Environment and Social Behavior
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: DEA 150 or permission of instructor. Field trip fee $65. T R 2:55-4:10. G. Evans.
Intended for graduate students who want a more thorough understanding of the influence of environmental form on social behavior than is provided by DEA 250. Each student is required to attend DEA 250 lectures, meet with the instructor and other graduate students for an additional class each week, and do additional readings and projects. See DEA 250 for more detail.

DEA 668 Design Theory Seminar
Spring. 4 credits. Enrollment limited to 25 students. T R 10:10-11:25, J. Jennings.
Directed toward advanced undergraduate and graduate students interested in theory of design. The purpose is to provide an understanding of major theoretical ideas underlying design movements of the twentieth century. Explores these ideas through readings, lectures by faculty and visitors, student presentations of research papers, and seminar discussions.

DEA 670 Applied Ergonomics Methods
Intended for graduate students who want a more thorough understanding of applied ergonomics methods than is provided by DEA 470. Each student is required to attend DEA 470 lectures, meet with the instructor and other graduate students for an additional class each week, and do additional readings and projects. See DEA 470 for more detail.

HUMAN DEVELOPMENT


NOTE: Class meeting times are accurate at the time of publication. If changes are necessary, the department will provide new information as soon as possible.

HD 115 Human Development
Fall or summer. 3 credits. S-U grades optional. M W F 1:25-2:15. J. Garbarino.
Provides a broad overview of theories, research methods, and current knowledge of human development from conception into adulthood. Course material covers infancy, childhood, and adolescence. Topics include biological, intellectual, linguistic, social, and emotional development as well as the cultural, social, and interpersonal contexts that affect developmental processes and outcomes of these domains.

HD 116 Exploring Human Development
Fall. 1 credit. Letter grades only. Limited to Human Development freshmen. TBA. HD faculty.
This course is a series of small group discussions with HD freshmen and a HD faculty member. Each faculty member will set the topics and style of discussion. Discussion groups will meet one hour a week, each week of the fall semester. No exams will be given. Grading will be done on attendance, participation, and short written assignments.

HD 216 Human Development: Adolescence and Youth
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: HD 115 or Psychology 101 or permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. T R 11:40-12:55. C. Schelhas-Miller.
Provides a broad overview of theories, research, and issues in the study of human development from early to late adolescence (youth). Attention is focused on the major biological, cognitive, and social changes during adolescence; the psychosocial issues of adolescence, including identity, autonomy, intimacy, sexuality, achievement, and problems; and the contexts in which adolescent development occurs, particularly families, peer groups, schools, work, and popular culture. Empirical research, theories, case studies of the lives of real adolescents, and, to a lesser degree, public policies are discussed.

HD 218 Human Development: Adulthood and Aging
Provides a general introduction to theories and research in adult development and aging. Psychosocial, social, and biological changes from youth through late adulthood are discussed. Both individual development within generations and differences among generations are emphasized.
HD 230 Cognitive Development  
Spring. 3 credits. S-U grades optional. Prerequisites: Psychology 101 or Psychology 102  
T R 11:40-12:55. Staff.
This course surveys theories and research in perceptual and cognitive development from infancy through adolescence. Extensive coverage of infant perception, cognition, and learning during the first two years of life forms the foundation of the course. Significant linkages between brain development and behavioral development are covered when possible. Language, memory, concepts, and problem solving among the topics covered in the second half of the semester. The course is intended to serve as a foundation for more advanced study in cognitive development, but also as an overview for students whose primary interests lie in other areas.

[HD 233 Children and the Law]  
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: HD 115 and an introductory statistics course. W 2:30-5:00. S. Ceci.
This course examines psychological data and theories that shed light on the practical issues that arise when children enter the legal arena. It attempts to integrate theories, research, and methodology from several areas of psychology including, developmental, cognitive, social, and clinical. This course also attempts to examine the degree to which basic research can (and should) be used to solve applied issues. The topic of children and the law provides an opportunity to meet all these requirements. Rapid changes involving child witnesses in our legal system have forced social scientists to bring their work into the courtroom. At the same time, bringing this fray into the legal system has changed the course of research and thinking about certain aspects of child development and cognition. It has encouraged researchers to tackle new issues and to develop innovative experimental paradigms. Selected topics to be covered include: memory development, suggestibility, theory of mind, childhood amnesia, expectancy formation, symbolic representational abilities, and several actual cases involving child witnesses will be presented to illustrate the application of scientific data to the courtroom. Because of the heavy use of case materials, video and textual coverage of actual trials, it is expected that students will devote more than the usual number of hours to this course.

HD 241 History of Childhood in the United States (also HIST 271, AM ST 241)  
An examination of childhood and adolescence in various historical contexts: Puritan New England, slave plantations, evangelical revivals, the West, the family, family chart, Victorian families, reform schools, early high schools and colleges, the sexual revolution of the 1920s, immigrant communities, the Depression and World War II, the 1950s, and more recent social and cultural changes affecting families. Students will evaluate continuities and changes in the lives of American children as well as changing scientific ideas about children. Students have an opportunity to reflect on and write about their own child hood and adolescence. This course is designed to give students a humanities perspective on approaches to childhood.

HD 242 Participation with Groups of Young Children  
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Limited to 20 students (limit depends on availability of placements and of supervision). Prerequisites: HD 115 and permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. W 1:25-3:30. J. Ross-Bernstein.
This course is designed to integrate developmental theories with supervised experience in child care centers, with the intention of enhancing the student's abilities to understand and to relate effectively with young children. The course involves participation, observation, reflection, reading, writing, and sharing of viewpoints. Placements are in local nursery schools, day care centers, Head Start programs, and kindergartens.

HD 250 Families and the Life Course (also SOC 251)  
This course provides an introduction to social scientific research on family roles and functions in American society. Topics include the family, the family cycle, parent-child relationships, the life course, and the influence of cultural and economic forces on families.

HD 251 Social Gerontology: Aging and the Life Course  
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 60 students. Strongly recommended: HD 250 or equivalent to be determined by instructor. S-U grades optional. T R 8:40-9:55. D. Dempster-McClain.
This course analyzes the social aspects of aging in contemporary American society from a life course perspective. Topics to be covered include: (1) an introduction to the field of gerontology, its history, theories, and research methods, (2) a brief overview of the physiological and psychological changes that accompany aging, (3) an analysis of the contexts (societal, family, friends, social support, employment, volunteer work) in which individual aging occurs, including differences of gender, ethnicity, and social class. (4) The influence of society on the aging individual. (5) This course will provide an introduction to various careers in the field of gerontology.

HD 253 Gender and the Life Course  
Fall. 3 credits. S-U grades optional. M 7:30-10:00 P.M. T. Mirano.
We will examine the complex interplay between gender and age as well as the social construction of the life course. Students explore the relationship between social change and individual lives, observing the significance of two key institutions—work and family—in shaping basic life choices and their consequences. Emphasis will be placed on (1) the consequences of key life trajectories and transitions for individual lives and for social policy will also be discussed.

[HD 258 History of Women in the Professions, 1800 to the Present (also WOMNS 238 and HIST 238, AM ST 258)]  
Fall. 3 credits. S-U grades optional. Human ecology students must register for HD 258. J. Brunberg.
The historical evolution of the female professions in America (midwifery, nursing, teaching, librarianship, home economics, and social work) as well as women's struggles to gain access to medicine, law, and the sciences. Lectures, reading, and discussion aim to identify the cultural patterns that fostered the conception of gender-specific work, and the particular historical circumstances that created these different work opportunities. The evolution of "professionalism" and the consequences of professionalism for women, family structures, and American society are also discussed.

HD 260 Introduction to Personality (also PSYCH 275)  
Spring. 3 credits. Recommended: introductory course in psychology or human development. T R 1:25-2:40. C. Hazan.
This course is designed as an introduction to theory and research in the area of personality psychology, with a special emphasis on personality development. It covers the major influences—including genetic, environmental, and gene-environment interactions—and involves in-depth study of the major theories. The assumptions and models of human behavior that form the basis of each theoretical orientation will be examined and compared, and the relevant empirical evidence reviewed and evaluated. In addition, basic psychometric concepts and the methods for measuring and assessing personality will be covered, as will the major related debates and controversies.

[HD 261 The Development of Social Behavior]  
Issues in the development of social behavior are viewed from the perspective of theory and research. Likely topics include bases of social behavior in infancy and early childhood, the role of parents, siblings, and peers in the development of prosocial and aggressive behavior, the development and functioning of attitude and value systems, and the function and limits of experimental research in the study of social development.

HD 266 Emotional Functions of the Brain  
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: a biology course. Letter grades only. M 10:10-12:35. R. Depue.
Much of our social behavior, and what we refer to as personality, is related to phylogenetically-old emotional systems, systems that helped us to adapt to critical stimuli in the environment. These systems are structured and organized within the brain, but they are also capable of being modified by our everyday experiences. After an overview of the gross anatomy of the primates brain is presented, the focus of the course concerns networks of brain regions that are organized around the integration of processes related to emotion and motivation. First, general features of the brain in response to emotional evaluation and expression processes are discussed, and then the brain organization related to several specific types of emotional systems are explored. Neurobiological modulation of emotional processes by neurotransmitters of wide distribution in the brain are detailed as well. The latter helps to lay the groundwork for understanding the nature of individual differences in much of our social and emotional behavior.

HD 281 Foundations of Clinical Practice (also PSYCH 281)  
Fall. 3 credits. Enrollment limited to 60 students. Letter grades only. W 1:30-4:30. C. Maxwell Miller.
This course provides an introduction to the theoretical and practical aspects of some of the basic elements of counseling. Students will develop an understanding of the most current research on important aspects of counseling and will be introduced to the basic theoretical foundations underlying different approaches. Students will be expected to acquire and demonstrate elementary helping skills. Through role-play, observation of videos, and class demonstrations, students will learn such skills as attending and active listening; they will also develop a capacity to recognize, interpret, and respond to the emotions and cognitive distortions as well as the similarities between intra-psychic and interpersonal processes. Other topics include issues of transference and counter-transference, the multi-axial dimensions of the DSM IV, defensive strategies as they appear in the DSM IV, and ethical considerations and practices. While this course gives an introduction to the applied aspects of psychology, it does not prepare students to provide treatment of any sort.

**HD 282 Community Outreach (also PSYCH 282)**

Fall and spring. 2 credits. Letter grades only. Prerequisites: HD 115 or Psychology 101. Students may not concurrently register with HD 327 or HD 328 or Psych 327 or Psych 328. T 10:10-11:25, H. Segal. This course provides the background in information and perspectives essential to do volunteer fieldwork with human and social service programs in the community. To gain a practical understanding of what mental health professionals do in the workplace, students will examine problems that emerge in the fieldwork settings, which raise ethical, methodological, theoretical, and practical issues in the observation or treatment of clients or patients. They will also be introduced more generally to the Field of Community Psychology, its history, theory, and applications. Although students are not required to volunteer at a local agency, the instructor will assist students in finding sites that may provide appropriate learning opportunities. A paper, relating current research to issues relevant to community mental health, is due at the end of the course.

**HD 284 Introduction to Sexual Minorities (also WOMNS 285)**

Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: one social science course. S-U grades optional. M 6:30-9:00 P.M. R. Savin-Williams. This course introduces students to theories, empirical scholarship, public policies, and current controversies with lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, sexual questioning, and other sexual minority populations. The major focus is on gay, lesbian, and bisexual development, lifestyles, and communities with additional emphasis on ethnic, racial, gender, and class issues. Videos supplement the readings and lectures.

**HD 300 Special Studies for Undergraduates**

Fall or spring. Credit to be arranged. Permission required. Special arrangement for course work to establish equivalency for courses not transferred from a previous major or institution. Students prepare a multiplicity description of the study they want to undertake on a form available from the College Registrar’s Office. The form, signed by both the instructor directing the study and the coordinator of undergraduate education, is filed at course registration or during the change-of-registration period.

**HD 313 Problematic Behavior in Adolescence**

Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: HD 115 or Psychology 101; HD 216 recommended. M W 2:55-4:10, J. Haugard. This course will explore several problematic behaviors of adolescence, including depression, drug abuse and delinquency. Various psychological, sociological, and biological explanations for the behaviors will be presented. Appropriate research will be reviewed; treatment and prevention strategies will be explored. An optional discussion section will be available to students who would like an opportunity to discuss readings and lectures in greater depth.

**HD 327 Field Practicum I (also PSYCH 327)**

Fall. 3 credits. Enrollment limited to 30 students. Prerequisite: must commit to taking HD 328 in the spring semester. Prerequisites: HD 370 or Psychology 325 and permission of instructor. Letter grades only. M W 8:40-9:55, H. Segal. This course provides three components, which form an intensive undergraduate field practicum. First, students spend three to six hours a week at local mental health agencies, schools, or nursing facilities working directly with children, adolescents, or adults. Supervision is provided by host agency staff. Second, Cornell faculty provide additional weekly educational supervision for each student. Third, seminar meetings cover issues of adult and developmental psychopathology, clinical technique, case studies, and current research issues. Students write two short papers, two final take-home exams, and present an account of their field experience in class. There are no fees, but students pay for transportation to their weekly field placement, most of which are located in and around Ithaca.

**HD 328 Field Practicum II (also PSYCH 328)**

Spring. 3 credits. Enrollment limited to 30 students. Prerequisites: HD 327 or Psychology 327 taken the previous term, Psychology 325 or HD 370 and permission of instructor. Letter grades only. M W 8:40-9:55, H. Segal. This course provides three components which form an intensive undergraduate field practicum. First, students spend three to six hours a week at local mental health agencies, schools, or nursing facilities working directly with children, adolescents or adults; supervision is provided by host agency staff. Second, Cornell faculty provide additional weekly educational supervision for each student. Third, seminar meetings cover issues of adult and developmental psychopathology, clinical technique, case studies, and current research issues. Students write two short papers, two final take-home exams, and present an account of their field experience in class. There are no fees, but students pay for transportation to their weekly field placement, most of which are located in and around Ithaca.

**HD 334 The Growth of the Mind**

Spring. 4 credits. Open to undergraduate and graduate students. Students should also enroll in HD 635, a supplemental graduate seminar. Prerequisites: a course in human experimental psychology, statistics, or HD 115 or equivalent, or permission of the instructor. S-U grades optional. In this course the fundamental issues of cognition are introduced. What is the nature of human intelligence? Of logical and scientific reasoning? How are knowledge and understanding acquired and represented in the human mind? What is the nature of mental representation? What are the cognitive characteristics of the mind at birth? What is the relation of the acquisition of knowledge and understanding to their final representation? What are the relations between language and thought? In the study of those issues, how can epistemology and experimental psychology be related through the experimental method?

Basic debates within the study of cognition are introduced and discussed throughout: for example, the roles of nature and nurture, the distinction between competence and performance, and the relation between induction and deduction in the acquisition of knowledge. Those psychological issues are set in a context of basic philosophical issues involving the tension between rationalism and empiricism. The course will analyze Piaget's comprehensive theory of cognitive development and experimental results. Current research in cognitive development will be contrasted.

**HD 346 Infant Behavior and Development**

Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: HD 115, a biology course, and a statistics course. Not open to freshmen. M W 1:25-2:15, S. Robertson. Behavior and development from conception through the first two years after birth will be examined in traditional areas (e.g., perception, cognition, socioemotional, language, motor). The fundamental interconnectedness of these aspects of development will be strongly emphasized, as well as their relation to the biology of fetal and infant development. Topics with implications for general theories of development will be emphasized (e.g., the functional significance of early behavior, the nature of continuity and change, the role of growth in the environment in development). Conditions which put infants at risk for poor development (e.g., premature birth, exposure to environmental toxins, maternal depression) and topics with current social, ethical, or political implications (e.g., infant day care, fetal rights) will also be considered. An emphasis on research methodology in the study of early behavior and development will be maintained throughout the course.

**HD 348 The Role and Meaning of Play**

Fall. 2 credits. Limited to 30 juniors and seniors. Prerequisite: HD 115. M W 7:30-9:25, P.M. J. Ross-Bernstein. The aim of this course is to examine the play of children ages three through seven. Through seminar discussions, workshops, films, and individualized research the student will explore the meaning and validity of play in the lives of young children, the different ways that children play and the value of each, and the effect of the environment in enhancing and supporting play.
HD 347 Human Growth and Development: Biological and Behavioral Interactions (also B&SOC 347 and NS 347) Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: Biological Sciences 101 or 109, and HD 115 or Psychology 101. Limited to 150 students. M W F 10:10-10:35. Offered alternate years. S. Robertson and J. Haas. This course is concerned with the interrelationships of physical and psychological growth and development in humans during infancy. Intrinsic and extrinsic causes of variations in growth and development, including various forms of stimulation, are considered. In addition, the consequences of early growth and its variations for current and subsequent behavioral, psychological, and physical development are examined. The interaction between physical and behavioral or psychological factors is emphasized throughout the course.

HD 348 Advanced Participation with Children Spring. 4-8 credits. Limited to 20 students (limit depends on availability of placements and supervision). Prerequisites: HD 115 and HD 242, and permission of instructor. Recommended: HD 346. S-U grades optional. T 12:20-2:15. J. Ross-Bernstein. An advanced, peer-supervised field-based course designed to help students deepen and consolidate their understanding of children. Students are expected to define their own goals and assess progress with supervising teachers and to keep a journal, and to plan, carry out, and evaluate weekly activities for children within their placement. Conference groups and readings focus on contexts of development and on ways to support children's personal and interpersonal learning. Each student is expected to do a presentation and paper on a self-selected topic within the scope of the course. Participation is in settings that serve typical or special children from three to eight years of age and provide education, care, or special-purpose interventions for them.

HD 353 Risk and Opportunity Factors in Childhood and Adolescence Spring. 3 credits. Enrollment limited to 100 students. Prerequisites: HD 115 and HD 250. S-U grades optional. T 1 R 1:25-2:40. J. Cathrino. This course explores the meaning of risk and opportunity in the lives of children and youth. It begins from an understanding of risk accumulation and resilience as they relate to social policy, professional practice, and community development. The concept of "social toxicity" is a central theme of the course. Assignments include writing research-based editorials and participating in a simulated public-policy debate.

HD 359 American Families in Historical Perspective (also WOMNS 357, HIST 359, AM ST 359) Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: HD 250 or one 200-level social science or history course. S-U grades optional. Human ecology students must register for HD 359. J. Brumberg. This course provides an introduction to and overview of problems and issues in the historical literature on American families and the family life cycle. Reading and lectures demonstrate the pattern of American family experience in the past, focusing on class, ethnicity, sex, and region as important variables. Analysis of the private world of the family deals with changing cultural conceptions of sexuality, sex roles, gender, relationships, stages of life, and life events. Students are required to do a major research paper on the history of their family, covering at least two generations, and demonstrating their ability to employ the course development theory, data drawn from the social sciences, and historical circumstances.

HD 362 Human Bonding Fall. 3 credits. Recommended: introductory course in psychology or human development. S-U grades optional. T R 1:25-2:40. C. Hazan. The science of interpersonal relationships. Examines the basic nature of human affectional bonds, including their functions and dynamics. Covers such topics as interpersonal attraction and mate selection, intimacy and conflict, and jealousy and loneliness, the neurobiology of affiliation and attachment, and the role of relationships in physical and psychological health.

HD 363 The Psychological Development of Women Fall. 3 credits. Limited to 60 students. Strongly recommended: HD 115, 290, and a 200-level course. Letter grades only. T R 11:40-12:55. C. Raver. Historically, psychologists have effectively charted the pathways of boys' normative development yet sometimes neglected to pursue a full understanding of girls' development. To address this gap, this seminar will pursue a number of theoretical perspectives that focus on the social development of girls and women. Theory and research on girls' gender identity, peer relationships, romantic relationships, and parenting will be considered, with an eye toward understanding their meaning within different historical and sociocultural frameworks. Relations between psyche, body, and culture will be considered, using the works of such authors as Freud, Horney, Miller, Chodorov, and Gilligan. Students will rigorously evaluate these theoretical perspectives in light of recent empirical research on women's psychological development.

HD 366 Psychobiology of Temperament and Personality Spring. 3 credits. Letter grades only. Prerequisite: HD 266. T R 10:10-11:25. R. Depue. This course is for students who have an interest in the neurobiology of behavior, in general, and in temperament and personality, in particular. The course material is presented within an evolutionary biology perspective, where the development of neurobehavioral systems as a means of adapting to critical stimuli is explored as the basis of emotional traits in humans. The nature of temperament, social affiliation, and personality is explored from psychometric, genetic, and biological points of view. There is a focus on the general role played by the biogenic amines (dopamine, noradrenaline, and serotonin) and opiates in determining individual differences in temperament and personality. Implications for several forms of personality disorders and psychopathology are also discussed. Finally, the manner in which environmental influences across the life span may be coded in the brain and influence the development of personality is explored.

HD 368 Children's Development in Different Cultures Spring. 3 credits. Letter grades only. Prerequisites: HD 115 or Psych 101 and one college-level statistics course. M W 2:55-4:10. K. Greene. This course will examine the influence of ecological, cultural, and ethnic factors on the social and cognitive development of children in different cultures. Particular attention will be given to research methodologies that guide us in making comparisons about parent-child development across cultures. Topics will include family origin and universality, parental roles, child-family interaction, patterns of kinship, and economic and health issues.

HD 370 Psychopathology (also PSYCH 325) Spring. 3 credits. Limited to sophomores, juniors, and seniors. Prerequisites: HD 115 or Psychology 101. Letter grades only. M W F 11:15-12:05. S. Bem. A research-based survey of the cognitive, emotional, and biological aspects of psychopathology across the life span. The major mental illnesses will be covered, including schizophrenia, anxiety disorders, affective disorders, and personality disorders, as well as psychopathological disorders of childhood. Emphasis will be placed on the development of psychopathology, current theories and models of etiology, and intervention strategies. This course is intended to be a rigorous introduction to the scientific study of psychopathology and psychopathological development; minimal attention to psychotherapy.

HD 397 Experimental Child Psychology Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: HD 115 or Psychology 101 and one course in statistics. Intended primarily for students interested in entering graduate programs involving further research training. Limited to 16 students. M 10:10-12:00. L. Lee. A study of experimental methodology in research with children includes lecture, discussions, and practicum experiences covering general experimental design, statistics, and styles and strategies of working with children.

HD 400-401-402-403 Special Studies for Undergraduates Fall or spring. Credits to be arranged. Enrollment limited to juniors and seniors with a minimum 3.0 G.P.A. Permission required. Prerequisites: either HD 115, 250, and two intermediate level HD courses, or four courses in psychology or sociology. S-U grades optional. For advanced independent study by an individual student or for study on an experimental basis with a group of students in a field of HD not otherwise provided through course work in the department or elsewhere at the university. Students prepare a multiplicity description of the study they want to undertake, on a form available from the department office in NG 14. This form must be signed by the instructor directing the study and the student's faculty advisor and submitted to NG 14. After clearance that all prerequisites are met, the student picks up the form in NG 14 to file at course registration.
or within the change-of-registration period after registration in the College Registrar's Office, 145 MVR along with an add/drop slip.

To ensure review before the close of the or within the change-of-registration period

section with their supervisor, should register for

400: Directed Readings. Prerequisites: in addition to the general prerequisite courses, a statistics or methods course and at least one course directly linked to the area of study.

Permission required. For study that predominately involves library research and independent study.

401: Empirical Research. Prerequisites: in addition to the general prerequisite courses, a statistics or methods course and at least one course directly linked to the area of study.

Permission required. For study that predominately involves library research and independent study.

402: Supervised Fieldwork. Prerequisites: in addition to the general prerequisite courses, an observation or participation course.

Permission required. For study that involves both responsible participation in a community setting and reflection on that experience through discussion, reading, and writing.

Academic credit is awarded for this integration of theory and practice.

403: Teaching Apprenticeship. Prerequisites: in addition to the general prerequisite courses, students must have taken the course or equivalent and received a grade of B+ or higher.

Permission required. For study that includes assisting faculty with instruction.

HD 417 Female Adolescence in Historical Perspective (also WOMNS 438, HIST 458, AM ST 417)

Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 25 students.

Prerequisites: HD 210 and at least one 300-level history or women's studies or American studies course. Permission of instructor required. Juniors and seniors only. T 1:55-2:50 J. Brumberg.

A reading, writing, and discussion course that will attempt to answer a basic historical question that has consequences for both contemporary developmental theory and social policy: how has female adolescence in the United States changed in the past 200 years? The focus will be on the ways in which gender, class, ethnicity, and popular culture shape adolescent experience. Although the required readings are primarily historical in nature, students are encouraged to think about the interaction of biology, psychology, and culture. Students are required to do a primary source research paper.

HD 436 Language Development (also COGST 436, PSYCH 436 and LING 436)

Spring. 4 credits. Open to undergraduate and graduate students. Graduate students should also register in HD/LING 700, a supplemental graduate seminar. Prerequisite: at least one course in developmental psychology, cognitive psychology, cognitive development, neuropsychology, and linguistics. S/U grades optional.

A supplemental lab course is available (HD 437). T R 2:55-4:40 J. Lust.

This course surveys basic issues, methods, and research in the study of first-language acquisition. Major theoretical positions in the field are considered in the light of experimental studies in first-language acquisition of rhyming, symbolic, and linguistic foundations from infancy on. The fundamental issues of relationships between language and thought are discussed, as are the fundamental linguistic issues of universal grammar and the biological foundations for language acquisition. The acquisition of communication systems in nonhuman species such as chimpanzees is addressed, but major emphasis is on the child.

HD 437 Lab Course: Language Development (also COGST 450, LING 450 and PSYCH 437)

Spring. 2 credits. In conjunction with HD, COGST, LING, and PSYCH 436 TBA.

B. Lust.

This lab course will provide undergraduates with an introduction to hands-on research experience in the Cognitive Studies research labs. This project is partially funded by a new National Science Foundation grant to Cornell's Cognitive Studies program, "Interdisciplinary Approaches to the Scientific Study of Language Knowledge and Acquisition." This project is intended to involve undergraduates in active research and to coordinate related subfields of several disciplines in a unified, laboratory-supported curriculum.

The course will include several structured modules dealing with topics covered in the survey course, 436 Language Development. They will include training in how to study and analyze original child language data, including the use of selected portions of a large database of child language data from many languages in the Cornell Language Acquisition Lab (CLAL), and training necessary to the collection and analysis of new child language data. Emphasis will be placed on developing research methods to test hypotheses.

The lab course will meet once a week in group format. In addition, students will be given access to a research lab environment for independent work on assigned modules, and independent research, throughout the week and throughout the term.

HD 438 Thinking and Reasoning

Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: HD 115 or Psychology 101. T R 1:25-2:40 B. Koslowski.

The course will examine problem solving and transfer, pre-causal thinking, logical thinking, practical syllogisms, causal reasoning, scientific reasoning, theories of evidence, expert vs. novice differences, and nonrational reasoning. Topics will run through the course: the extent to which children and adults approximate the sorts of reasoning that are described by various types of models, and the extent to which various models accurately describe the kind of thinking that is required by the types of problems and issues that arise and must be dealt with in the real world.

HD 439 Cognitive Development: Infancy through Adolescence

Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: HD 115 or Psychology 101. Letter grades only. T R 1:25-2:40 B. Koslowski.

The course will be an overview of current and classic issues and research in cognitive development. Central topics of both "hard cognition" (e.g., information processing and neuropsychological functioning) and "soft cognition" (e.g., problem solving, concepts, and categories) will be covered. Selected topics will be linked to methodological issues and to important social-cultural topics such as cross-cultural cognitive development and putative racial and social class differences.

HD 440 Internship in Educational Settings for Children

Fall or spring. 8-12 credits. Prerequisites: HD 115, 242, or 243 and 348. Recommended: HD 346. Permission of instructor required. S/U grades optional.

J. Ross-Bernstein

Opportunity to integrate theory with practice at an advanced level and to further develop understanding of children ages 2 to 10 and their families. Interns will function as participants in varied settings and participate in curriculum planning, evaluation, staff meetings, home visits, parent conferences, and parent meetings. Supervision by head teacher and intern. Students are expected to define their own goals and to assess their progress, to do assigned and self-directed readings, and to keep a critical incident journal.

HD 451 Nontraditional Families and Troubled Families

Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 30 students.


J. Haugaard.

This is an advanced course designed to explore the functioning of families. The first part of the course examines family system theory and how it relates to our understanding of all families. Four types of families are then examined: two nontraditional families (e.g., adoptive families) and two troubled families (e.g., families with a chronically ill child).

HD 456 Families and Social Policy

Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: one course in the area of the family or in sociology. S/U grades optional. M 7:30-10:00 a.m. T. Mitroff.

An examination of the intended and unintended family consequences of governmental policies, using case studies in areas such as social welfare, day care, and employment. The policy implications of changes in the structure and composition of families are also considered.

HD 457 Health and Social Behavior (also SOC 457)

Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: a course in statistics and one of the following: HD 250, Sociology 101, Sociology 251, or Rural Sociology 101. Letter grades only. T R 10:10-11:25. Offered alternate years.

E. Wethington.

This course critically examines theories and empirical research on the relationships among social group membership, social status, and physical and mental health. The lectures focus on social stress, social support, and socioemotional status, all of which are associated with variations in physical health, mental health, and health maintenance behaviors. Students are expected to read widely from current literature in medical sociology, health psychology, public health, and epidemiology.

HD 459 Parent-Child Development in African-American Families

Fall. 3 credits. Letter grades only. Enrollment limited to 25 seniors and juniors. Prerequisites: HD 115, HD 250.
and a college level statistics course, T R 10:10-11:25, K. Greene. This course will examine parent-child relationships in African-American families. Topics include influences of contemporary parenting behaviors, the impact of societal forces on African American families' socialization practices, and the influence of parental child rearing beliefs, strategies, and success on African American children's development. Particular attention will be given to the relevance of mainstream theoretical formulations of African American's parental and family functioning.

[HD 459 Disease in American Culture and Society (also AM ST 430) Fall. 4 credits. Limited to 15 students. Prerequisites: HD 241, or HD 258, or HD 359, or HD 417. Permission of instructor required. Times TBA. J. Brumberg. How a society defines, explains, treats, and tries to prevent disease reveals a great deal about its basic ideas, values, and institutions. Diseases are not simple biological "facts," but the product of a complex amalgam of biological and social forces. This course uses the history of specific diseases to examine: (1) the ways in which the social and cultural environment shape the experience of illness, (2) the ideas that Americans have held about why people get sick and others do not, (3) how those ideas reflect larger cultural as well as scientific ways in which power relationships are involved in defining and responding to the threat of disease and (5) the impact that disease has had on American society. A short response paper must be written for each session. An additional historiographical essay or research paper will be prearranged with the instructor.]

[HD 464 Sexual Minorities and Human Development (also WOMNS 467) Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 25 students. Priority given to seniors and juniors. T R 10:10-11:25, R. Savin-Williams. This course covers topics selected by students regarding theoretical, research, and applied issues on sexual minorities. In the second half of the course, students lead a class that focuses on a research topic of their choosing. The success of the course depends on students feeling personally engaged and committed to the course content. Students are expected to participate fully in the class discussions. Because of the multidisciplinary nature of the course, students from a variety of backgrounds in academic disciplines, gender, sexual orientation, ethnicity, race, class, and religious affiliation will be in the course.

[HD 467 Psycho-social Issues in Asian American Identity (also AAS 467) Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: HD 115 or Psychol 101 preferred. Letter grades only. M 6:30-9:00 p.m. L. Lee. The course will review theories of identity and self and their usefulness in understanding identity formation for various ethnic groups within the Asian American population. It will examine the impact of various societal forces, e.g., racism, stereotypes, etc. as well as life experiences, e.g., immigration, family values, etc. in shaping or contributing to the formation of identity or identities of Asian Americans.]

[HD 468 Stress in Childhood and Adolescence Fall. 3 credits. Recommended: HD 115, HD 250 and a statistics course. Letter grades only. TBA. J. Brumberg. This is an advanced seminar that will review research related to the nature and consequences of stressful experiences in childhood and adolescence, particularly those arising in the family. This seminar will explore salient stressors present in the lives of children (e.g. divorce of parents), which have potentially damaging consequences for development (e.g. child abuse). Topics in which faculty at Cornell have conducted significant research (e.g. children's memories for stressful events) are also covered. In addition to considering the negative affect of stress on development, we will also consider issues of individual differences in stress reactivity, including the concepts of coping and resilience. These topics lead naturally into discussions of practice and policy.]

[HD 471 Child Development and Psychopathology Fall. 3 credits. Limited to 60 advanced-level students. Prerequisites: HD 115 or Psychology 101. Strongly recommended: a basic course in psychopathology. Letter grades only. M W 8:40-9:55, J. Haugaard. This class will explore the development and process of mental, emotional, and behavioral disorders in children such as mental retardation, autism, and attention deficit disorders. Topics will include (1) the classification of mental disorders; (2) biological, psychological, and sociological theories regarding the development and mental disorders; (3) prevalence and etiology of childhood mental disorders, and (4) therapeutic and preventive interventions. If there is sufficient enrollment, an optional discussion section will be available to those students who would like an opportunity to discuss readings and lecture material in greater depth.]

[HD 482 Child Development and Social Policy Fall. 3 credits. Enrollment limited to 25 juniors and seniors or by permission of instructor. Prerequisites: HD 115, HD 250, and a course in statistics. HD 260 OR 261 strongly recommended. Letter grades only. Offered alternate years; next offered 2001-2002. T R 12:20-1:45, C. Raver. Course work and seminar discussion emphasize the integration of basic research in young children's social and emotional development with intervention- and prevention-oriented research. The course also examines theoretical models of the relations between risk and resilience in child development, family functioning, community, and culture. Policies in the domains of parenting, early childhood education, family and community violence, poverty, and child care are analyzed. Broad questions regarding the identification of social problems and the design of solutions are considered within cultural and historical contexts.]

[HD 483 Early Child Care and Education in Global Perspective Fall. 3 credits. Enrollment limited to 25 juniors and seniors. Prerequisites: HD 115 and HD 250. S-U grades only. T R 2:55-4:10. M. Cochran. In this course we examine American child care policies and programs, broadly defined, in the context of policies and programs in Africa, Asia, Europe, and Latin America.]

Comparison and analysis are guided by several complementary conceptual frameworks. Particular attention is given to relativism and universalism as applied to developmental and educational principles and concepts. Students are encouraged to consider early child-care policies and programs of another country, work in teams to analyze a contemporary policy issue, and apply course content to an issue of their choice in a final paper.

[HD 498 Senior Honors Seminar Fall and spring. 1 credit. Required for, and limited to, seniors in the HD honors program. S-U grades only. TBA. S. Cornelius. This seminar is devoted to discussion and presentation of honors theses being completed by the senior students.

[HD 499 Senior Honors Thesis Fall or spring. Credit to be arranged. Prerequisite: permission of thesis adviser and coordinator of honors program. S-U grades optional. Department faculty.

[HD 106, 206, 306, 406 Topics in Human Development 2-4 credits. S-U grades optional. These topics vary each time the course is offered and are taught by advanced graduate students in the field of human development. Descriptions are available at the time of course registration. These courses do not fulfill any requirements for the major, they must be taken as electives.

Topics Courses Fall or spring. 2-4 credits. Prerequisites and enrollment limits vary with topic being considered in any particular term. Permission of instructor may be required. This series of courses provides an opportunity for undergraduates to explore an issue, a theme, or research in the areas of departmental concentration. Topics vary each time the course is offered. Descriptions are available at the time of course registration. Although the courses are usually taught as seminars, a subject may occasionally lend itself to lecture, practicum, or other format.

General Courses

**HD 610 Processes in Human Development: Theoretical Models and Research Designs**
Spring. 3 credits. Open to graduate students and juniors and seniors in HD and related fields with instructor's permission. Prerequisite: a minimum of one course in statistics. Letter grades only. W 2:00-4:25. U. Bronfenbrenner.

The purpose of the seminar is to acquaint students with selected scientific paradigms being employed at the forefront of developmental science for investigating the conditions and processes that shape human development over the life course. Particular attention will be given to research models that draw on disciplines (such as evolutionary biology, human genetics, developmental psychology, sociology, anthropology, history, economics). The principal seminar activities consist of faculty and student development of research questions, critical analysis of these questions in the light of diverse theoretical perspectives, and their corresponding research designs. In this process, the human being is treated as an integrated organism.

**HD 617 Adolescence**
Spring. 3 credits. Staff. Critical examination of seminal theoretical and empirical writings on adolescent development. Empirical research on specific questions chosen by students is considered in the light of these approaches.

**HD 631 Cognitive Development**
Fall. 3 credits. Letter grades only. Staff. Faculty members involved in the course will present their area of specialization in cognitive development. These areas will include perception, attention, memory, language, thinking and reasoning, learning, creativity, and intelligence.

**HD 640 Infancy**
Fall. 3 credits. TBA. S. Robertson. Development in infancy will be examined through a critical review of key research and theories in selected aspects of neurobehavior, perception, cognition, language, emotion, and social relationships. Theoretical issues to be considered include the role of experiences in early development, sensitive periods, continuity and discontinuity in development, and the functional significance of early behavior. Some of the conditions that put infants at risk for poor development will also be considered, such as premature birth, perinatal medical complications, and exposure to environmental toxins. The course will combine perspectives from developmental psychology and psychobiology.

**HD 650 Contemporary Family Theory and Research**
Fall. 3 credits. E. Wethington. Sociological and social psychological theories and research on the family are examined with reference to the relationship between the family and society. Topics change from year to year, but focus on the processes of socialization and social control, the reproduction of gender and social class across generations, changes in family "values" across time, the rise of divorce and single motherhood, family diversity, and the genesis of deviance and psychological disorder.

**HD 660 Social Development**
Spring. 3 credits. S-U grades optional. C. Raver. This course is designed to provide both broad and in-depth training in the areas of social and emotional development during infancy and childhood. It will cover most of the major topic areas and theoretical orientations. Consideration will be given to basic influences on socioemotional development—biological, social, and cultural. Coverage will include normative development as well as the origins and nature of individual differences. We will explore such fundamental issues and questions as: What are emotions? What role do they play in the development and organization of personality? What are the effects of early social relationships on emotional regulation? When and how does the self-system emerge? Emphasis will be on the processes—both internal and external—that help determine the course and outcome of development.

**HD 670 Experimental Psychopathology**
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: an undergraduate course in abnormal psychology or psychopathology; a course in multivariate statistics; and substantive course work in neuropsychology or related biological science. Staff. Overview of current theories and empirical research on functional and organically based psychological disorders. Topic areas to be covered include autism, schizophrenia, anxiety disorders, affective disorders, and personality disorders. Focus is on the developmental and etiology of psychopathology.

**Topical Seminars**
Seminars offered irregularly, with changing topics and instructors. Content, hours, credit, and instructors to be announced. Seminars offer concentrated study of specific theoretical and research issues.

**HD 618 Seminar in Adolescence and Adult Development**
Topics include peer relations, parent-teen relationships, self-esteem, youth and history, work, and moral development.

**HD 633 Seminar on Language Development**
Topics include acquisition of meaning in infancy, precursors of language in early infancy, and atypical language development.

**HD 635 Seminar in Cognitive Development**
Topics include early attention, perception, memory, and communication. Assessment and intervention in relation to these processes will be considered when possible.

**HD 645 Seminar on Infancy**
Focuses on selected topics in the developmental psychology and psychobiology of infancy (including fetal development). Special topics vary and depend on student interests.

**HD 646 Seminar in Early-Childhood Development and Education**
Topics include analysis of models and settings, design of assessment techniques, program evaluation, and early childhood in a cross-cultural context.

**HD 655 Seminar in Family Studies and the Life Course**
Topics include the sociology of marital status, the single-parent family, work-family linkages, women and work, and families and social change.

**HD 665 Seminar in Personality and Social Development**
Focuses on selected issues related to personality and social development. The issues selected vary each year according to current importance in the field and student interests.

**HD 675 Seminar in Developmental Psychopathology**
Topics include learning disabilities, therapeutic interventions in atypical development, child abuse and maltreatment, family factors in the etiology of functional disorders, and cognitive characteristics of atypical groups.

**HD 685 Seminar in Human Development and Family Studies**
Topics include development of self-concept, sex-role identity, observational methods, and interviews in developmental research.

**HD 690 Seminar on Ecology of Human Development**
Topics include the institutional setting as a determinant of behavior, the poor family, and the identification and measurement of ecological variables.

**Individualized Special Instruction**

**HD 700-806 Special Studies for Graduate Students**
Fall or spring. Credits and hours to be arranged. Credits 1-15 (3 hours work per credit). S-U grades at discretion of instructor.

**HD 701 Empirical Research**
For study that predominantly involves library research and independent study.

**HD 704 Research Assistantship**
For students assisting faculty with research. Does not apply to work for which students receive financial compensation.

**HD 705 Extension Assistantship**
For students assisting faculty with extension activities. Does not apply to work for which students receive financial compensation.

**HD 706 Supervised Teaching**
4 credits. For advanced students who assume major responsibility for teaching a course. Supervision by a faculty member is required.
HD 806 Teaching Practicum
4 credits. For advanced graduate students to independently develop and teach an undergraduate topics course under the supervision of a faculty member.

HD 899 Master's Thesis and Research
Fall or spring. Credit to be arranged. Credits 1–15 (3 hours work per week per credit). S-U grades only. Prerequisite: permission of thesis adviser.

HD 999 Doctoral Thesis and Research
Fall or spring. Credit to be arranged. Credits 1–15 (3 hours work per week per credit). S-U grades only. Prerequisite: permission of thesis adviser.

POLICY ANALYSIS AND MANAGEMENT


NOTE: Class meeting times are accurate at the time of publication. If changes are necessary, the department will provide new information as soon as possible.

PAM 180 Human Services in Contemporary Society
Fall. 3 credits. Recommended for freshmen and first-year transfer students. Staff.
A lecture and discussion course designed as an introduction to the community base of services. Current and historical human services are examined. Emphasis is placed on social services, education, health, and criminal justice. Barriers to service delivery are discussed, such as racism, sexism, class, age, and disability. Contemporary issues that impact on service delivery will also be discussed with attention to the relationship between direct service and public policy.

PAM 200 Intermediate Microeconomics
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Econ 101 or equivalent. Fall preference to sophomores and juniors. Spring: preference to juniors and seniors. Staff.
A section is mandatory. Theory of demand and consumer behavior including classical and indifference curve analyses; theories of production and cost; models for the following markets—competitive, monopoly, monopolistic competition, oligopoly, and inputs; general equilibrium; welfare economics; public goods; risk.

PAM 204 Applied Public Finances
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: PAM 200. S-U grades optional. E. Peters, D. Kenkel.
The public sector now spends nearly $2 out of every $5 generated as income in the U.S. economy. A thorough knowledge and understanding of this important sector is an essential part of training in policy analysis and management. This course will provide an overview of the public sector of the U.S. economy, the major categories of public expenditures, and the main methods used to finance these expenditures. The principles of tax analysis and cost-benefit analysis will be presented with a focus on the role of public policy in improving economic efficiency, promoting the goals of equity and social justice, and improving equity by altering the distribution of wealth and income.

PAM 205 Research Methods
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Sections TBA. Staff.
Students will learn the logic and methods of social science research, as well as how to create researchable questions out of their issues of interest. Readings, written assignments, and in-class exercises focus on stating hypotheses, designing studies and samples to test hypotheses, measuring variables, and simple statistical analysis. PAM majors should take this course no later than their junior year.

PAM 220 Introduction to Management: Principles and Differences Among Sectors
Fall or spring. 3 credits. D. Tobias, R. Heck.
This course is a basic introduction to major management and related concepts of planning, organizing, controlling, leadership, and special topics within five major management contexts including individual/personal, groups/families, firms, not-for-profit organizations, and governments/communities.

PAM 223 Consumer Markets I
Fall. 4 credits. Offered alternate years. R. J. Avery.
A study of the structure and functions of consumer retail markets with emphasis on the role and activities of the major players in these markets—firms, consumers, and governments. The nature and consequences of various types of market failures are studied from each of these perspectives. Case studies and outside lecturers are used.

PAM 230 Introduction to Policy Analysis
Fall or spring. 3 credits. R. Avery, J. Gemer.
Policy analysis is an interdisciplinary field that uses theories, concepts, and methods from disciplines such as economics, sociology, and political science to address substantive issues in the public policy arena. Students will be introduced to the functions of and interactions between the major institutions (public and private) at the national, state, and local level involved in the policy making process. The course will focus on public policy analysis in the consumer, health, and family/social welfare areas and will also include an introduction to the technical skills required to undertake policy analysis.

PAM 240 Critical Perspectives
Fall or spring. 3 credits. C. McClintock, staff.
This course examines the implications and importance of perspective when examining of public policy. It considers the sources of differing perspectives, including demographic characteristics, historical experience, and intellectual tradition. We also consider how these differing perspectives affect what is considered to be empirical evidence, what assumptions are made, and what outcomes are considered to be important. We will explore these ideas using several specific public policy proposals.

PAM 270 Housing and Society
Spring. 3 credits. S-U grades optional. P. Chi.
A survey of contemporary American housing issues as they relate to the individual, the family, and the community. The course focuses on the current problems of the individual housing consumer, the resulting implications for housing the American population, and governmental actions to alleviate housing problems.

PAM 280 Race, Power, and Privilege in the United States
Fall. 3 credits. J. Turner, D. Barr.
For description, see AS&RC 280.

PAM 300 Special Studies for Undergraduates
Fall or spring. Credit to be arranged. Special arrangement for course work to establish equivalency for training in a previous major or institution. Students prepare a multicopy description of the study they want to undertake on a form available from the College Registrar's Office. This form, signed by both the instructor directing the study and the head of the department, should be filed at the time of the course registration during the change-of-registration period.

PAM 303 Ecology and Epidemiology of Health
Fall. 3 credits. S-U grades optional. Limited to 50 students. E. Rodriguez.
Ecological and epidemiological approaches to the problems which affect human health within the physical, social, and mental environment. The course introduces epidemiological methods to the students and surveys the epidemiology of specific diseases such as AIDS, hemophilia, Legionnaires' disease, plague, cancer, herpes, and chlamydia. Application of epidemiology to health care will be discussed.

PAM 305 Introduction to Multivariate Analysis
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: ARME 210 or ILRST 210 or equivalent. W. Rosen, J. S. Butler.
The course introduces students to basic econometric principles and the use of statistical procedures in empirical studies of economic models, economic relations, and policy problems encountered in the use of multiple regression procedures are discussed. Students are required to specify, estimate, and report the results of an empirical model. Factor analysis and analysis of variance will be covered as well. Section meets once a week.

PAM 310 Evaluation of Public Policies
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: PAM 200, 330, or permission of instructor. Staff.
This is an advanced course in economic policy analysis that builds on the material covered in PAM 330. Intermediate to Policy Analysis. The course includes a set of policy examples to demonstrate the economic approach. Special topics in cost-benefit
analysis and policy evaluation techniques will be developed when necessary for the example under study. Topics that may be addressed include excise taxation, economic evaluations of health care innovations, environmental policies, traffic regulations, consumer policies, and welfare reform.

[PAM 323 Consumer Markets II]
Fall. 4 credits. Offered alternate years; next offered 2001–2002. R. J. Avery.
This course focuses on external and internal forces that drive consumer demand. Material in this course will cover the processes whereby consumers interpret market-provided information and the social forces affecting consumer purchase decisions. Particular emphasis will be placed on communication institutions in the market (advertising, the news, and other mass media) and the control of these institutions through government regulation. A select group of consumer policy issues will be covered, such as consumer evaluation of product safety and quality, food additives, consumer privacy, and socially responsible advertising.

[PAM 326 Personal Financial Management]
Spring. 3 credits. Preference given to human ecology students; limit 50; not open to freshmen. S-U grades optional. R. Heck.
The study of personal financial management at various income levels and during different stages of the family life span. Course topics include financial management frameworks and decision-making processes, basic economic and financial principles, returns to human resources, income and wealth allocation, the roles of manage credit, personal financial insolvency and counseling, expenditure and purchase analyses, the use of budgets and record keeping in achieving family economic goals, economic risks and available protection, income and estate planning, and alternative forms of savings and investments.

[PAM 330 Intermediate Policy Analysis]
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: PAM 200. Staff.
Introduction to the tools and techniques of policy analysis. Topics covered include microeconomic concepts such as consumer and producer surplus; deadweight loss; rationale for public policy; benefit-cost analysis; impact assessments; experimental, quasi-experimental, and nonexperimental designs; and the social ecology of policy analysis.

[PAM 340 The Economics of Consumer Policy]
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: PAM 200 or permission of instructor. S. Tennyson.
This course is designed to familiarize students with the basic approaches to consumer policy and the economic analysis of consumer policy issues. The course is structured around the major forms of government intervention in consumer markets, and examines a wide variety of economic and social regulations from the economic perspective. Students are required to write a term paper analyzing a consumer policy issue of their choosing.

[PAM 341 Economics of Consumer Law and Protection]
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: Econ 101 or equivalent. S-U grades optional. A. Mathios.

[PAM 346 Economics of Social Security (also ECON 447)]
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: PAM 200. S-U grades optional. R. Burkhauser.
This course provides students with an economic perspective on social security policies. The readings illustrate the use of economic analysis to predict the behavioral effects and income distributional consequences of policy. The course primarily focuses on the Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance Program. But other programs such as the Supplemental Security Income, Food Stamps, etc., will be discussed as will policies that attempt to end discrimination against the elderly or those with disabilities.

[PAM 350 Contemporary Issues in Women's Health]
Fall. 3–4 credits. A. Parrot.
This course will deal with the history of women in medicine and historical and cultural treatment of women's health problems. Health care research and the exclusion of women from research trials and protocols will also be addressed. Reproductive issues, alternative approaches to treatment, medical problems, ethical issues, cancers, factors that contribute to post-traumatic stress disorders, health promotion behaviors, political issues, and routine medical recommendations will also be discussed in depth. Students may take the course for a fourth credit, which will require attending a discussion section every other week and observations of seven facilities that provide a variety of women's health care (i.e., birthing center, mammogram; and ultrasound center, wellness center, hospital labor and delivery unit, women's self-defense class, etc.) on the alternate weeks.

[PAM 370 Wealth and Income]
Fall. 3 credits. Open to sophomores, juniors, and seniors; graduate students may elect to audit and write a research paper for 1 to 2 credits under PAM 600.
Prerequisites: Econ 101–102 or equivalent. S-U grades optional. Staff.
The wealth and income positions of American households are defined and described. Various statistics are employed to present conflicting pictures of the distribution of income using both absolute and relative data. Several models of economic determinants of wealth and income are presented and redistributive policies are discussed in the context of the economics of the political and philosophical positions for and against such policies.

[PAM 371 Economics of Family Policy—Advanced]
Fall. 4 credits. Limited to 40 students.
Junior or senior standing; non-PAM majors by permission of instructor. Staff.
This course examines the economics of family policy issues that have a particular impact on adult family members. Emphasis in this course is on the economic behavior surrounding the policy and the incentives set up by the policy. Policies considered include marriage and divorce, family leave policy, policies assisting single parents, and policies affecting caregiving.

[PAM 372 Economics of Family Policy—Children]
Spring. 4 credits. Limited to 40 students. Junior or senior standing; non-PAM majors by permission of instructor. Staff.
This course examines the economics of family policy issues that particularly affect children. The course focuses on the economic behavior that generates the policies and (2) the economic incentives and behavior that result from the policies. Topics include child welfare, education, day care provision, child support, and adoption.

[PAM 373 The Economics of Welfare Policy]
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Econ 101 or equivalent. S-U grades optional. Staff.
Using the tools of economics, this course examines welfare policy. Included is an examination of the populations affected, the behavior of various policy makers are likely to engender, and how much income redistribution occurs as a result of these welfare policies. Various proposals for welfare reform are also evaluated.

[PAM 374 Urban Economics and Policy]
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: PAM 200 or equivalent. S-U grades optional. Staff.
This course explores the economics of cities and urban problems and studies the growth of cities, location choices of firms and households, and the factors which determine land rents. The urban policy issues explored include: housing, urban poverty, zoning, and urban congestion.

[PAM 376 Housing, Neighborhood and Community]
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: PAM 270 or permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. P. Chi.
The course examines the interrelationships of housing conditions, neighborhood transitions, and community development. Both theoretical and empirical perspectives on residential patterns, neighborhood change, and community power will be examined. Special attention is given to government policies that deal with fair housing, residential segregation, neighborhood revitalization, and community development.

[PAM 380 Human Sexuality]
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 500 students. Prerequisite: an introductory course in human development and family studies, psychology, or sociology (or equivalent social science course). Recommended: one course in biology. A. Parrot.
The aim of this course is to provide students with an understanding of the interactions and interrelationships of human behavior that influence sexual development and behavior. The course will focus on the evolution of sexual norms, cross-cultural customs, legislation within changing sociopolitical systems, and delivery of services related to sexual issues, needs, and/or problems. Future trends in sexuality will be addressed. Biological and developmental components of human sexuality will also be addressed. An underlying issue is the influence of our social and cultural system on the development of sexual needs, standards, and values. Research and the theory of human sexuality will be explored through human and organizational behavior, biology, history, communication
PAM 301 Health-care Services and the Consumer  
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: an introductory course in human services or health or biology. S-U grades optional. Offered alternate years. A. Parrott. This course is an introduction to health care services and will present developments in the health field that affect the availability and kinds of health services. Emphasis is placed on the interrelationships of practitioners, institutions, and agencies. The part each can play in prevention, diagnosis, and treatment of disease and disability is also explored. Topics will include historical and current trends, quality health care, consumer issues, cultural concerns, ethical issues, politics and policies, and the contemporary problems of health care.

PAM 383 Social Welfare As a Social Institution  
Fall. 3 credits. J. Allen. A philosophical and historical introduction to social welfare services. The course reviews the historical, social, and political contexts within which social welfare programs and the profession of social work have evolved. It discusses the political and ideological processes through which public policy is formed and the way policies are translated into social welfare programs. Basic issues in welfare are discussed through project and program designs, public concerns, and the interrelationships and support of services in the community.

PAM 392 New York State Government Affairs  
Spring semester only. 12 credits. Letter grade only. Instructor permission only. Preference given to juniors and seniors. Sophomores considered. PAM 220 or a course in political science strongly recommended. C. McGintock. Students participate in the New York State Assembly Intern Program, which includes coursework on legislative, intergovernmental and political party dynamics, that has been approved as upper division baccalaureate credit by the New York State Regents National Program on the Social Sciences. S-U grades optional. Staff.

PAM 400-401-402 Special Studies for Undergraduates  
Fall and spring. Credits to be arranged. S-U grades optional. Staff. For advanced independent study by an individual student or for study on an experimental basis with a group of students in a field of CEG, HSS, or PAM not otherwise provided through course work in the department or elsewhere at the university. Students prepare a multipage description of the study they want to undertake on a form available from the department field office. This form must be signed by the instructor directing the study and the department chair and filed at course registration or within the change-of-registration period after registration with an added drop slip in 145 MVR, College Registrar's Office. To ensure review before the close of the course registration or change-of-registration period, early submission of the special studies form to the department chair is necessary. Students must have consultations with their faculty supervisor, should register for one of the following subdivisions of independent study.

PAM 400: Directed Readings. For study that predominantly involves library research and independent reading.

PAM 401: Empirical Research. For study that predominantly involves data collection and analysis.

PAM 402: Supervised Fieldwork. For study that involves both responsible participation in a community setting and reflection on that experience through discussion, reading, and writing. Academic credit is awarded for this integration of theory and practice.

PAM 403 Teaching Apprenticeship. Prerequisite: students must have taken the course (or equivalent) in which they will assist. VSU students have demonstrated a high level of performance. For study that includes assisting faculty with instruction.

PAM 404 Senior Seminar: Self-Evaluation of Professional Practice. Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: limited to students with field experience or ongoing field experience. Staff. The process of change at the individual, family, and community level is a major theme of the senior seminar. The second theme, which is integrated throughout the course, concerns ethical principles and values that should inform professional practice. We will also discuss value dilemmas attendant on interventions to promote change at both the micro and macro levels of practice.

PAM 420 Management Information Systems for the Public Sector. Spring. 3 credits. L. O'Neill. This course focuses on managing information systems in the nonprofit sector. Its purpose is to present an overview of the management of technology and to develop the computer literacy that is required of today's managers. It will consist of three modules: technology, planning and management, and public/nonprofit applications such as those related to family and social welfare, health care, and consumer policy.

PAM 423 Risk Management and Policy  
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: Econ 101 and a course in statistics. Enrollment limited to 30. S. Tennyson. The objective of this course is to provide students with a broad understanding of risk management problems and solutions, a greater appreciation of the importance of risk and risk regulation in our society, and increased comprehension of the complexities of making decisions about risk. Topics covered include alternative ways to define and measure risk, the importance of risk-tradeoffs, and models of decision making under risk. With this background, alternative approaches to risk management are discussed, including insurance, noninsurance financing alternatives, and loss control. The impact on risk management of the legal liability system and government programs, laws and policies are also considered.

PAM 424 Families in Business  
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: introductory statistics or permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. R. Heck. Offers students the opportunity to explore family business topics such as business formation, growth and expansion, strategic management, professionalization, succession, locational choices, and family dynamics, conflicts, and relationships relative to the business. An overview of families who own businesses and the profiles of their businesses will be presented. This introduction to the examination of the course topics relative to the various stages of business activity including feasibility, start-up, ongoing maintenance, expansion or redirection, and exit or transfer. Case studies from the Harvard Business School series will be utilized to examine the course topics listed above. The course also provides an introduction to research on family businesses by surveying the conceptual issues and methodological approaches related to the study of family businesses.

PAM 425 Empirical Research on Family Businesses  
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: introductory statistics or permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. R. Heck. Allows students to develop research skills by providing opportunities for hands-on survey and fieldwork. Topics and activities include research design, sampling, questionnaire development, and statistical analyses related to family-owned businesses. A critical review of current research and applications in using databases used to research business ownership and implementation and completion of an actual survey of fieldwork project of selected family business owners, or the use of existing databases for alternative analyses of family-owned businesses.

PAM 426 Policy and Management Issues on Foreign Investment in China  
Spring. 3 credits. P. Chi. This course will help students understand the general investment environment in China and learn how social, cultural, political, and economic factors affect foreign investments. It focuses on market entry strategies, marketing mix strategies, and other management strategies for foreign-invested enterprises (FIEs) in China. This course will not only examine the growth of FIEs since the 1980s, but also discuss the policy initiatives and institutional barriers for direct foreign investment in China. Both multiplier and linkage effects of foreign investment on China's economy will also be evaluated. Further, the management issues on formation, performance, profitability, and dissolution of FIEs will be systematically examined.

PAM 427 Complementary Alternative Medicine  
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: a health course and intro biology or permission of instructor. A. Parrott. This course will help pre-medical students, health administration students, as well as health economics students understand the relationship between alternative medicine and western allopathic medicine. The course will educate students about health and wellness, treatments for specific health conditions, differing philosophies of health care, financing health services, and cross-cultural approaches to health and wellness.
PAM 435  The U.S. Health Care System  
Fall. 3 credits. R. Battistella.  
This course provides an introduction to the health care delivery systems in the United States, and covers the inter-relatedness of health services, the financing of health care, and the key players in health care delivery including regulators, providers, health plans, employers, and consumers. The course describes the history and organization of health care, behavioral models of utilization, incentives of health care reform, and current trends. The course provides an overview of the key elements of the field including ambulatory care services, mental health services, hospitals and clinicians, insurers, the role of public health organizations, and the politics of health care in the United States.

PAM 450  Economics of Health Behavior and Policy  
Spring. 3 credits. S-U grades optional.  
Prerequisites: PAM 200 or equivalent or permission of instructor. D. Kenkel.  
This course uses the tools of economics to provide a better understanding of health behavior and policy. One focus is on policies that promote public health, including education programs and cigarette and alcohol taxation. Policies that influence consumer choices about health care and health insurance are also considered. A common theme is that to understand the effects of health policy it is necessary to analyze the incentives faced by consumers and the incentives of the employers, insurers, and health care providers. Analyses of specific health policies help develop this theme.

PAM 454  Contemporary Issues in Human Sexuality and Research  
Spring. 4 credits. Permission of instructor required. A. Parrot.  
An in-depth seminar in theoretical and applied methodology for the study of human sexuality. Topics covered include current and contemporary issues, educational strategies, policy formation, legal jurisdiction, cultural mores, social attitudes, and individual sexual behavior.

PAM 471  The Politics of Power and Empowerment in Community Development  
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to 20 students. D. Barr.  
The course will take a theoretical world view of power and the historically colonial relationship between the American ruling class and other people. The three dimensions of power will be used as the framework for analysis. The relationships between social class, race, sex, and power will be studied. In addition, the class will explore the nature of empowerment and new theories of power and empowerment.

PAM 473  Social Policy  
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: PAM 383 or Government 111 or Sociology 141. S-U grades optional. J. Allen.  
An examination of the policy-making process and the significance of national policies as they affect the distribution of social services. Frameworks for analyzing social policy are used to evaluate existing social programs and service-delivery systems. Implications for change in policies at the national, state, and local levels are discussed.

PAM 480  Professional Internship in Human Services  
Fall or spring. 4–7 credits. Limited to juniors and seniors majoring in human service studies. Prerequisite: PAM 100.  
Preco core enrollment required. D. Tobias.  
Students interested in a minimum of 10 hours a week in a human service organization and attend a weekly seminar or office hours with a focus on integrating classroom and field-based learning. The course is structured as an opportunity which will become familiar with the field and at the same time, provide meaningful services to human service organizations. Interns are expected to take active roles in structuring, monitoring, and assessing their learning under the guidance of a faculty instructor.

PAM 486  Child Welfare I  
Fall. 3 credits. Staff.  
This course is an introduction to the field of child welfare with its many contemporary, traditional, and sometimes controversial issues. Included is an overview of current child welfare practice and policy as it affects such problem areas as drugs and alcohol, children and homelessness, and children and violence. This seminar will present a broad perspective on these subjects along with a systems theory orientation.

PAM 487  Child Welfare II  
Spring. 3 credits. Staff.  
This course is a sequel of Child Welfare I, which exposes students to the numerous problems plaguing children of the child welfare system. Students will have the opportunity to take a closer look at how the system works and to decide if it is not working to improve the lives of children, and what might be done about it. The purpose of the course is to prepare students to be change agents regarding the child welfare system and to accept the status quo. The course will also focus on the major policy issues that are emerging for the future of children contending with the system.

PAM 499  Honors Program  
Fall or spring.  
The honors program provides students with the opportunity to undertake basic or applied research which will be presentation of a thesis representing original work of publishable quality. The program is intended for students who desire the opportunity to extend their interests and efforts beyond the current course offerings in the department. Furthermore, the program is designed to offer the student the opportunity to work closely with a professor on a topic of interest. PAM majors doing an honors program may take PAM 499 for up to 15 credits under the guidance of Professor Alan Mathios for more details.

PAM 575  Housing and Long-term Care for the Elderly  
Fall. 3 credits. S-U grades optional. P. Chi.  
This course focuses on the housing of the elderly, their current housing conditions, and options for alternative housing. "Housing" is viewed as a resource of long-term care for the elderly, integrating housing with related health and social services. Attention is also given to government housing and long-term care programs for the elderly, analyzing how the residential environment influences the ability of elders to function independently and affects their need for long-term care services. Finally, the senior living and long-term care industries are examined.

PAM 600  Special Problems for Graduate Students  
Fall and spring. Credits to be arranged. S-U grades optional. Staff.  
Independent advanced work by graduate students recommended by their chair and approved by the department chair and the instructor.

PAM 601  Introduction to Policy Analysis and Management  
Fall. 3 credits. C. McClintock.  
This course provides the conceptual framework for research and practice in policy analysis and management. Key topics will include (1) the rational model of the policy cycle; (2) alternative models of policy decision making and implementation; (3) approaches to policy analysis and program management; and (4) the role of social science in policy analysis and management.

PAM 602  Measurement and Validity in Policy Analysis and Management  
Spring. 3 credits. E. Rodriguez.  
This course provides an introduction to the theoretical foundations of validity in applied social research, basic probabilistic and nonprobabilistic sampling methods, survey research methods (including questionnaires, interviews, and scaling), and other practical inquiry methods required for valid inferences.

PAM 603  Experimental, Quasi-experimental, and Economic Evaluation Methods  
Spring. 3 credits. Staff.  
This course focuses on the logic of randomized experimentation, the role of structural experiments, quasi-experimental evaluation methods, nonexperimental regression techniques, issues of sample selection, and cost-benefit analysis.

PAM 604  Qualitative and Mixed-Method Approaches to Policy Analysis and Management  
Spring. 3 credits. Staff.  
This course introduces qualitative traditions of social inquiry and their roles in policy analysis and management. The course will also address visions of and strategies for mixing different inquiry traditions and approaches in applied policy analysis and management.

PAM 605  Economics of Household Behavior  
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: PAM 604 or Economics 609-610 or consent of instructor. S-U grades optional. E. Peters.  
This course examines household decision making in both single agent and multiple agent (e.g., game theoretic or bargaining) frameworks. The first half of the course focuses on (1) family life cycle, (2) household production, and (3) time allocation models of behavior—decisions that are usually modeled in a single-agent framework. The second half of the course looks at (1) marriage markets, (2) family formation and dissolution, (3) bargaining models of resource allocation within the household, and (4) intergenerational transfers across households. These kinds of behaviors are more fruitfully studied using multiple agent models such as contract theory, game theory, and household bargaining. Empirical applications of the theoretical models are presented for both developed and developing countries. Implications for family and household policies such as child care subsidies, divorce laws, family planning, government subsidies to education, and social security are also discussed. Much of the
294
This course provides an introduction to the methods, measures, and data used in the analysis of human populations. Topics include demographic rates, life-table analysis, cohort vs. period analysis, sources and quality of demographic data, population estimation and projection, and stable population models.

PAM 608 Economics of Consumer Demand (also ARME 670) Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: PAM 200, Economics 313, or concurrent enrollment in one of the 2 and 2 semesters of calculus. S-U grades optional. C. Ranney. A graduate level introduction to theory and empirical research on household demand, consumption, and saving. Emphasis is on the use of the theory in empirical research. Topics include neo-classical theory of demand, stability, comparison of systems, conditional demand, demographic scaling and translating, consumption, and savings. Becker and Lancaster models of demand will be introduced.

[PAM 614-615 Program Evaluation in Theory and Practice 614, fall; 615, spring. 4 credits each semester. Prerequisites for PAM 614: 612 and 613 or 617, or permission of instructor. Prerequisite for PAM 615: 614. Students must register for both semesters. Staff. This course is a practicum in which the class designs and conducts an evaluation of a human service program. Students are involved in all phases of the evaluation from design to the production and dissemination of a final report. Emphasis is on research methods in the social sciences. Application of knowledge developed in prerequisite courses is stressed (for example, planning and managing an evaluation, ethics, methods of data collection, data processing, and strategies for analysis and feedback of results).]

PAM 616 Strategies for Policy and Program Evaluation Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: PAM 612 and 613, or 617 or equivalent. W. Trochim. This course examines a wide range of approaches to the evaluation of policies and programs in the human services. The approaches are examined with respect to their purposes, key audiences, and methodologies, as well as their philosophical, political, and value frameworks. Analysis of commonalities and differences across evaluation approaches are used to judge the appropriateness of a given strategy for a particular context.

[PAM 623 Consumer Decision Making Spring. 3 credits. R. J. Avery. Individual and family decision making with respect to their market purchases will be investigated from a multidisciplinary perspective. Topics to be covered in the course include cognitive theories of information processing; theories of group interaction in decision making; and the effect of advertising, imperfect information, and uncertainty on consumer product evaluation and purchase behavior. Special attention will be given to consumer decision making in various market segments, e.g., low-income consumers, children, and the elderly. Specific attention will be paid to how consumers in these segments process marketer-provided information and their related consumption decisions.]

[PAM 630 Seminar in Program Planning and Development Fall. Variable credit. Staff. Topics include microlevel program planning, third-sector organizations, and intergovernmental influences on program planning, policy formation, program implementation, and mainstreaming. Two or more human services are examined.]

[PAM 631 Ethics, Public Policy, and American Society Fall. 3 credits. J. Ziegler. This course will explore current issues of ethics and public policy against a background of theories of ethical behavior. Questions of how public officials and managers of public and nonprofit agencies and private enterprises act will be examined. How do standards of ethical behavior in these professions get established? How is violation of professional ethics with ethical implications resolved? Readings will draw from political philosophy, contemporary social science, and imaginative writing. This class is a seminar and class participation is essential. Open to seniors and graduate students.]

[PAM 632 The Intergovernmental System: Analysis of Current Policy Issues Fall. 3 credits. Open to seniors who have had a course in American government and to graduate students. J. Ziegler. This course offers advanced policy analysis of current political/social/economic issues in the context of the intergovernmental system. Particular attention is paid to how certain policy and human service issues are played out at the federal, state, and local levels of government, the relationship of federal and state budget policy. General public administration theory is considered. Students work in teams on a policy/administrative research project and report to the class.]

[PAM 640 Information and Regulation Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: PAM 608 or PAM 200 and two semesters of calculus. J. Mathis. A survey of the problems and policies accompanying informational failures and other market failures with regard to consumer well-being. Governmental regulation of products, producers, consumers, and prices are examined. Antitrust activity, disclosure requirements, advertising restrictions, and regulatory agencies are examined in terms of their ability to serve the public and special interests. Economic analysis, rather than institutional structure, is emphasized.]
PAM 656 Managed Health Delivery Systems: Primary-Ambulatory Care
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: PAM 657. J. Kuder.
The concept of primary care is used to enhance understanding of the direction and purpose of ongoing changes in health services organization and financing. Pressures on traditional indemnity insurance and solo fee-for-service medicine are examined in the context of the transition from unmanaged to managed delivery systems. The course is divided into two parts: Part 1 examines the development of health maintenance organizations and related forms of managed care against the backdrop of federal public policy concerns. Part 2 centers on administrative-financial topics associated with the design, marketing, and operation of managed delivery systems in highly competitive markets. Considerable attention is given to the relationship between physicians and management with respect to such subjects as medical practice styles, productivity, quality assurance, and outcome measurement. The consumer health care behavior literature is reviewed in the context of marketing strategies and utilization control objectives. Many of the managerial topics are highlighted with field trips and visiting speakers.

PAM 657 Health Care Organization
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to 30 students. Priority given to Sloan students or permission of instructor. R. Battistella.
The course will provide an introduction at the graduate level to the organization of health providers in the United States, the interrelations of health services and the major sources and methods of paying for care. The course will describe how health services are structured in the United States and how these different services interrelate along the continuum of care. The course will describe and analyze organization, delivery, and financing issues from a variety of perspectives using specific performance criteria (e.g., equity, quality, efficiency). Innovations by the public and private sectors in the delivery and reimbursement of health care will also be presented.

PAM 658 Field Studies in Health Administration and Planning
Fall or spring. 1–4 credits. Staff.
Students interested in developing administrative and program-planning research skills are given an opportunity to evaluate an ongoing phase of health care agency activity in the light of sound administrative practice and principles of good medical care. In planning and carrying out the research, students work closely with a skilled practicing administrator and with members of the faculty.

PAM 659 Epidemiology, Clinical Medicine, and Management Interface Issues
Spring. 3 credits. E. Rodriguez.
From an empirical and analytical framework this course explores the relationships between epidemiology, clinical medicine, and management. The course will review the epidemiology, policy issues, and treatment of selected diagnoses accounting for a significant percentage of utilization and cost of health care delivery. Students are expected to have an opportunity to explore issues of resource allocation and continuous quality improvement. The format for the class is lecture, discussion, and case analysis.

PAM 660 Quality in Health Care Organizations
Fall. 3 credits. Staff.
The quality of health services—the extent to which the appropriate and most effective care is properly administered in the least costly manner—is a topic of paramount importance to patients. It is also a central concern of the providers and managers of health services and those who pay for care. It is a cornerstone of health care reform. Through readings, lectures, discussion, and group work, this course will acquaint the student with the basic elements of managing quality in health care organizations including: defining quality from many perspectives, measuring performance and detecting problems, technical and progressive approaches to managing quality including Continuous Quality Improvement; and the politics of quality, both within and outside the organization.

PAM 661 Economics of Health and Medical Care
Spring. 3 credits. D. Kenkel.
The course is designed for graduate students who seek an understanding of the tools, vocabulary, and way of thinking of economics as it applies to decision making in health services delivery, administration, and policy. The philosophy of the course approach is based on the often-quoted credo of John M. Keynes: "The theory of economics does not furnish a body of settled conclusions immediately applicable to policy. It is a method rather than a doctrine, apparatus of the mind, a technique of thinking which helps its possessor to draw correct conclusions."
The basic methods of micro-economics will be emphasized as tools to help individuals and organizations make decisions about health services delivery, administration, financing, and policy issues.

PAM 662 Health Care Financial Management I
Spring. 3 credits. T. Reeves.
The course is designed to give graduate students an introduction to the issues and techniques in the financial management of health service organizations. Class lectures, readings, guest speakers, problems, case studies, and research for term paper/projects will all be used to demonstrate important points, which will be reinforced by examples and applications. The course emphasizes the internal financial management knowledge and skill necessary for financial success in complex health organizations.

PAM 663 Health Care Financial Management II: Payment Systems
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: PAM 662. J. Kuder.
The purpose of this course is to develop an understanding of the theories on which health care payment and reimbursement systems are based and the techniques by which they operate.

PAM 664 Information Resources Management in Health Organizations
Spring. 3 credits. Recommended: strong basic computer skills. S-U grades optional. L. O'Neill.
Students are expected to have basic computer skills upon entry into the course. This course is a graduate course in Health Services Administration. Students will be exposed to the opportunities and challenges inherent in the use of health management information systems (HMISs) in clinical and nonclinical applications. The course focuses on the manager's role in the application of HMISs to solve problems and address concerns in today's health care service industry. Students will learn how an HMIS can enhance the ability to apprise multilochanical and nonclinical services of care.

PAM 665 Managing Health and Human Service Organizations I
Fall. 3 credits. Staff.
This is the second segment of a six-credit sequence addressing the management and leadership of health and human services organizations. Different perspectives are emphasized, from that of the first-line supervision to the CEO level. This course begins with a study of basics of management—communications, motivation, change management, leadership, human resources, organizational design issues, and labor relations. It then looks at the development of technical skills in the areas of problem solving, decision making, productivity measurement, resource allocation and performance measurement. The course is taught with an applied focus and utilizes a case study approach.

PAM 666 Strategic Management and Organizational Design of Health Care Systems
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: PAM 665. T. Reeves.
This is the second segment of a six-credit sequence in the management and leadership of health and human services organizations. This course concentrates on strategy issues, marketing, organizational culture issues, development of mission, the management of professionals, and studies the importance of roles, structure, and inter- and intra-institutional relationships within these organizations. The course is taught via a case study approach.

PAM 667 Health and Welfare Policy
Fall. 3 credits. Staff.
Health and welfare issues are seen as reflecting alternate solutions to the broader institutional problems of allocation (economics), control (politics), and normative behavior (morality). A basic tenet is that health and welfare policy is deeply rooted in social values and the availability of economic resources. Health policy is interpreted from a multidisciplinary perspective in which change emanates from structural dynamics accompanying socioeconomic development such as the evaluation of the economy from the entrepreneurial to the managerial to the post-industrial stages, together with shifts in social and political ideology—libertarianism, welfare statism, and secular humanism.

PAM 668 Long-Term Care and the Aged: Alternative Health and Social Service Delivery Systems
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: PAM 657. R. Battistella.
Alternatives for the organization and delivery of long-term care services are examined within the context of public-financing constraints. Progressive long-term care is viewed as a continuum encompassing medical and social services positioned to optimize independent living. Relevant experience from other highly developed countries is presented. Visiting speakers from the public and private sectors are featured. Field trips provide additional insights into the many challenges and opportunities of long-term care policy and management.
PAM 669 Regression Analysis and Managerial Forecasting
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: at least one statistics course. L. O'Neill.
This course teaches various statistical methods for making inferences in public and private human service organizations. A particular emphasis is placed on regression and forecasting. Other topics include: ANOVA, correlation, confounding, interaction, and statistical process control. Applications to health care organizations are emphasized.

[ ]

PAM 674 Housing Economics
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: Economics 331 or 313. Instructor's permission required. Staff.
A survey of economic theory and empirical research related to housing markets. The course studies the demand and supply sides of the housing market as applications of microeconomic theory. Topics related to housing demand include tenure choice (decision to own or rent), household formation, mobility, and discrete choice models. A. Lemley, director of graduate studies, A. Racine, director of undergraduate studies, S. Ashdown, C. C. Chu, C. Coffman, C. Jirousek, S. Loker, S. K. Obendorf, A. Racine, P. Schwartz
NOTE: Class meeting times are accurate at the time of publication. If changes are necessary, the department will provide new information as soon as possible.

PAM 704-705 Internship in Human Service Studies
Fall, spring, or summer. 1-15 credits. S-U grades optional.
Internship placement in human services is determined by availability and students' academic and professional goals. Opportunities exist in public and private human service organizations at the national, state, and local levels in positions consistent with students' needs and desires. The duration of an internship is negotiated between the student and the agency, while course credit and residence units are arranged between the student and the Special Committee.

PAM 718 Advanced Seminar in Program Evaluation
Fall, spring. 1-3 credits. S-U grades optional. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Staff.
This advanced seminar course is intended for students with at least three courses in evaluation (PAM 612 series or equivalent) and statistics through multiple regression. The seminar focuses on analysis and appraisal of current literature on program evaluation and evaluative research. The seminar is topical, addressing current issues of importance in the field.

PAM 760 Challenges and Trends in the Health Services Industry
Fall and spring. 1 credit. S-U grades only. Staff.
The goal of the course is to provide students with information and exposure to current and emerging issues in the health services industry. Topics may include such matters as financial management of health care facilities, human resource management, information systems, cost effective clinical decision making, quality measurement and outcomes, public health, and entrepreneurship in the health services industry.

PAM 799 MPS Problem Solving Project
Fall or spring. Credits to be arranged. For students recommended by their chair and approved by the instructor in charge of independent advanced work. S-U grades optional.
TXA 269 Style, Fashion, and the Apparel Industry  
Spring (first 7 weeks of semester). 2 credits. Limited to 45 students. Recommended: TXA 125 and TXA 135. Not open to freshmen. S-U grades optional. Lec M W 2:30-4:30. A. Chatman. This course will focus on changes in the U.S. apparel industry and fashion from the nineteenth century to the present day due to social forces, technological developments, and shifting demographics. The Cornell Costume Collection will be used for discussion. Students will write a term paper on issues relating to the fashion industry.

TXA 275 Photoshop for Portfolio Presentations in Textiles and Apparel  
Spring (final 7 weeks of semester). 2 credits limited to 20 students. Prerequisite: TXA 114, TXA 217, or TXA 225. Course fee covering CAD lab color printing, $15.00. T R 10:10–12:10. J. Jurasek. This course will explore the use of Adobe Photoshop as a tool for portfolio development in textile and apparel design. Building on studio work produced in other courses, students will learn the basics of Photoshop and create a formal portfolio that will involve textile design applied to either apparel or home furnishings use.

TXA 300 Special Studies for Undergraduates  
Fall or spring. Credit to be arranged. Staff. Special arrangement for course work to establish equivalence for courses not transferred from a previous major or institution. Students prepare a multiplicity description of the study they want to undertake on a form available from the College Registrar’s Office. The form, signed by both the instructor directing the study and the department chair, is filed at course registration or during the change-of-registration period.

TXA 331 Apparel Production and Management  
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: Economics 101 and 102 and an upper-division course in an area of apparel or textiles. T R 10:10–11:25. S. Lorer. Introduction to the global textile and apparel industry, particularly the technical and economic aspects of apparel production. Analysis of specific apparel manufacturing and management issues such as international sourcing, quick response, mass customization, production and information technology, labor, and logistics.

TXA 335 Fiber Science  
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 20 students. Prerequisites: college chemistry and physics. Lec L M W T 1:25–2:15. Lab M 2:30–4:25. A. Netravali. This course covers fibers commonly used in various engineering, medical, and apparel applications. Topics include nature of polymer molecules, chemical structure of organic fibers, inorganic fibers, micro-macro structure of fibers, fiber dimensions, environmental effects, mechanical, optical, thermal, and frictional properties of fibers. Fiber uses such as composites in medicine and other structural components, circuit boards, bulletproof vests, sutures, artificial arteries, geotextiles, sporting goods, etc. will be discussed.

TXA 338 Fundamentals of Color and Dyeing  
Fall. 3–4 credits. 3 credits for lecture only; 4 credits for lecture and lab. Prerequisite: college Natural Science Requirements. Fiber science students are required to take the lab. Lab fee, $15. Lec M W F 10:10–11:00; lab M 1:25–4:25. C. C. Chu. Color is an extremely important and useful factor in daily life. This course will emphasize theories and scientific principles of color, providing a framework for the use of color in design, marketing, or research. How colorants are used to dye fabrics will be addressed. Although fabrics are chiefly used to illustrate color in the class, much of the information and knowledge will be useful to nontextile majors. Guest lecturers from the industry will address the practical aspects of color in business.

TXA 346 Apparel Design Process and Pattern Development  
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: TXA 135 and TXA 145. Letter grades only. Minimum cost of materials, $125; lab fee, $10. M W 1:25–4:25. Staff. This studio course applies the principles and processes of advanced pattern making and the theory of functional clothing to the development of apparel for active leisure activities. Assigned problems will require students to use the design process to apply information about body structure, user needs (thermal protection and comfort, mobility, and visibility), and the nature of materials to the production of functional, fashionable apparel. Drawing techniques will be taught that emphasize the communication of technical information about the design.

TXA 366 Computer-Aided Apparel Design  
Fall. 2 credits. Prerequisite: TXA 114, TXA 145. Pre or co-requisite: TXA 264. Minimum cost of materials, $60. M W 10:10–12:05. A. Racine. A team-based studio course in which a finished line of apparel is completed with patterns, sketches, flat drawings, and cost sheets created on the computer. An appropriate special study project for management students who have taken TXA 114 and TXA 145.

TXA 400-401-402-403 Special Independent Studies for Undergraduates  
Fall, summer, or spring. Credits to be arranged. S-U grades optional. Staff. For advanced independent study by an individual student or for study on an experimental basis with a group of students in a field of TXA not otherwise provided through course work in the department or elsewhere at the university. Students prepare a multiplicity description of the study they want to undertake on a form available from the department office. This form must be signed by the instructor directing the study and the department chair and filed at course registration or within the change-of-registration period after registration along with an add/drop slip in 145 MVR, College Registrar Office. To ensure review close to the course registration or change-of-registration period, early submission of the special-studies form to the department chair is necessary. Students, in consultation with their supervisor, should register for one of the following subdivisions of independent study.

TXA 404 Apparel/Textile Retailing and Distribution  
Spring. 3 credits. S-U grades optional. Undergraduates. Junior and senior year students only. Prerequisites: TXA 135 and TXA 331 or ARME 240 or equivalent. Lec T R 2:55–4:10. Staff. This course provides an overview of the business of design, production, distribution, marketing, and merchandising of apparel and related products from a management perspective. The organization and structure of...
both domestic and international retailers is included along with pricing strategies, merchandise planning, inventory management, and sale promotion. New uses of computer systems and information technologies will be emphasized throughout.

**TXA 465 Apparel Design: Product Development and Presentation**

Fall: 4 credits. Prerequisites: minimum of 3 drawing or art courses, TXA 204, TXA 366, and TXA 225 or permission of instructor. Recommended: TXA 114. Minimum cost of materials, $250; lab fee, $10. M W 10-11:10. S. Ashdown. Through studio problems in apparel design, students examine the influence of manufacturing technology and cost on apparel products. Garments are developed to various stages from sketches to finished samples. Sketching exercises explore the relationship between technical drawing and illustration. Some portfolio development included.

**TXA 499 Honors Thesis Research**

Fall and spring. 1-6 credits (maximum 6 credits for graduation). S-U grades optional. Prerequisite: TXA students who have been admitted to college honors program, Staff. Independent research leading to the honors thesis. College honors program guidelines are to be followed.

**TXA 600 Special Problems for Graduate Students**

Fall or spring. Credit to be arranged. S-U grades optional. Independent advanced work by graduate students recommended by their chair and approved by the department chair and instructor.

**TXA 620 Physical Properties of Fiber-Forming Polymers and Fibers**

Fall: 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. A. Netravali. Formation and properties of fiber-forming polymers, rubbery, glassy, and crystalline states and their interconnection. Fiber structure, relationship between chemical structure and physical properties of manufactured fibers. Mechanical, thermal, and viscoelastic properties of fibers and testing methods will be discussed.

**TXA 626 The Chemistry of Textile Finishes and Dyeing**

Spring: 3 credits. S-U optional. Prerequisites: TXA 356 or equivalent and organic chemistry, or permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. C. C. Chu. Chemical aspects of textiles with emphasis on finishes and dyeing are discussed. Industrially important textile chemicals used for dying and finishing and their chemical properties, such as durable press, anti-soiling, water repellency will be studied. The emphasis is on the correlation of the observed effect with chemical structure, end-use influences, interaction with fabric and fibers, sources, and synthetic routes. The environmental effect of these textile chemicals and current federal regulation will be briefly discussed.

**TXA 637 Research Seminars in Apparel Design**

Fall and spring. 1 credit; S-U only; repeat of course each semester is encouraged for all apparel design graduate students. Available to advanced undergraduate students with permission of individual instructor. Apparel Design faculty.

**[TXA 639 Mechanics of Fibrous Assemblies]**

Fall: 3 credits. Prerequisite: solid mechanics or permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. M W F 11:15-12:05. P. Schwartz. A study of the mechanics of fiber assemblies: idealized yarn and fabric models; statistical bundle theories; deformation of yarns and fabrics in tensile, shear, and compressive stress; bending and buckling; and the mechanical behavior of nonwoven textile materials.

**[TXA 664 Human Factors: Anthropometrics and Apparel]**

Spring (even-numbered years): 3 credits. S-U grades optional. Prerequisites: course in statistics and permission of instructor. Open to advanced undergraduates. Offered alternate years. S. Ashdown. Seminar course focusing on the human form and its relationship to clothing. Includes discussion of quantification of body sizes and human variation, historical, cultural, and aesthetic concepts of fit, apparel sizing techniques, national and international sizing systems and standards, impact of sizing systems on various populations (elderly, handicapped, etc.).

**[TXA 666 Formation of Manufactured Fibers]**

Spring: 3 credits. Prerequisites: Organic chemistry, college physics, TXA 450, TXA 620, or permission of the instructor. S-U grades optional. Offered alternate years beginning 2001. M W F 2:30-3:25. P. Schwartz. This course covers the practical and theoretical analysis of the chemical and physical principles of the methods of converting bulk polymer to fiber; rheology; melt, dry, and wet polymer spinning; fiber drawing; heat setting; and general theory applied to unit processes.

**[TXA 675 Aesthetics and Meaning in World Dress]**

Spring: 3 credits. S-U grades optional. Prerequisites: TXA 125 or course in history of art, costume history, or other history. Offered alternate years. C. Jirousek. An examination of the aesthetic and social psychological relationship between body and clothing in the context of various cultures. Students will develop a research topic to be presented orally and in a term paper and will participate in the development of an exhibition.

**[TXA 899 Master's Thesis and Research]**

Fall or spring. Credits to be arranged. Prerequisite: permission of the chair of the graduate committee and the instructor. S-U grades optional. Staff.

**[TXA 999 Doctoral Thesis and Research]**

Fall or spring. Credit to be arranged. Prerequisite: permission of the chair of the graduate committee and the instructor. S-U grades optional. Staff.

**FACULTY ROSTER**

Anderson, Carol L., Ph.D., Iowa State U. Assoc. Prof., Human Development, Asst. Dean
Ashdown, Susan, Ph.D., U. of Minnesota. Assoc. Prof., Textiles and Apparel
Avery, Rosemary J., Ph.D., Ohio State U. Assoc. Prof., Policy Analysis and Management
Barr, Donald J., Ph.D., Indiana U. Prof., Policy Analysis and Management
Battistella, Roger M., Ph.D., U. of Michigan. Prof., Policy Analysis and Management
Becker, Franklin D., U. of California at Davis. Prof. and Chair, Design and Environmental Analysis
Brannon, Patsy, Ph.D., Cornell U. Prof., Nutritional Sciences, Dean
Brumbaugh, Joan J., Ph.D., U. of Virginia. Prof., Human Development
Burkhauser, Richard, Ph.D., U. of Chicago. Prof. and Chair, Policy Analysis and Management
Butler, J.S., Ph.D., Cornell U. Prof., Policy Analysis and Management
Canfield, Rick, Ph.D., U. of Denver. Assoc. Prof., Human Development
Ceci, Stephen J., Ph.D., U. of Exeter (England). Prof. Human Development
Chi, Peter S., Ph.D., Brown U. Prof., Policy Analysis and Management
Chu, Chih-Chang, Ph.D., Florida State U. Prof., Textiles and Apparel
Cochran, Moncrieff, Ph.D., U. of Michigan. Prof., Human Development
Cornellius, Steven W., Ph.D., Pennsylvania State U. Assoc. Prof., Human Development
Danko, Sheila M.D., Rhode Island School of Design. Assoc. Prof., Design and Environmental Analysis
Depue, Richard, Ph.D., U. of Oklahoma. Prof., Human Development
Eckenrode, John J., Ph.D., Tufts U. Prof. and Chair, Human Development, Co-Director, Family Life Development Center
Evans, Gary, Ph.D., U. of Massachusetts at Amherst. Prof., Design and Environmental Analysis
Ewert, D. Merrill, Ph.D., U. of Wisconsin at Madison. Assoc. Prof., Assoc. Dean
Ford, John L., Ph.D., U. Prof., Policy Analysis and Management
Garbarino, James, Ph.D., Cornell U. Prof. and Co-Director, Family Life Development Center
Gibson, Kathleen J., M.A., Ohio State U. Asst. Prof., Design and Environmental Analysis
Greene, Katrina, Ph.D., U. of Virginia. Asst. Prof., Human Development
Hamilton, Stephen F., Ed.D., Harvard U. Prof., Human Development
Haugaard, Jeffrey, Ph.D., U. of Virginia. Assoc. Prof., Human Development
Hazen, Cindy, Ph.D., U. of Denver. Assoc. Prof., Human Development
Heck, Ramaona K.Z., Ph.D., Purdue U. Prof., Policy Analysis and Management
Hedge, Alan, Ph.D., U. of Sheffield (England). Prof. Design and Environmental Analysis
Jennings, Jan, M.S., Oklahoma State U. Assoc. Prof., Design and Environmental Analysis
Jirousek, Charlotte, Ph.D., U. of Minnesota. Assoc. Prof., Textiles and Apparel
Kenkel, Donald, Ph.D., U. of Chicago. Assoc. Prof., Policy Analysis and Management
Koslowski, Barbara, Ed.D., Harvard U. Assoc. Prof., Human Development
Laquatra, Joseph Jr., Ph.D., Cornell U. Assoc. Prof., Design and Environmental Analysis
Lee, Lee C., Ph.D., The Ohio State U. Prof., Human Development
Lemley, Ann T., Ph.D., Cornell U. Prof. and Chair, Textiles and Apparel
Loker, Suzanne, Ph.D., Kansas State U. Prof., Textiles and Apparel
Lust, Barbara C., Ph.D., City U. of New York. Prof., Human Development
Maxwell, Lorraine E., Ph.D., City U. of New York. Assoc. Prof., Design and Environmental Analysis
McClintock, Charles, Ph.D., SUNY at Buffalo. Prof., Policy Analysis and Management, Assoc. Dean
Moehl, Phyllis, Ph.D., U. of Minnesota. Prof., and Director, Bronfenbrenner Life Course Center
Netravali, Anil, Ph.D., North Carolina State U. Prof., Textiles and Apparel
O'Neill, Liam, Ph.D., Pennsylvania State U. Asst. Prof., Policy Analysis and Management
Obendorf, Sharon K., Ph.D., Cornell U. Prof., Textiles and Apparel, Assoc. Dean
Parrot, Andrea, Ph.D., Cornell U. Assoc. Prof., Policy Analysis and Management
Pillemer, Karl A., Ph.D., Brandeis U. Prof., Human Development
Pollak, Patricia B., Ph.D., Syracuse U. Assoc. Prof., Policy Analysis and Management
Raver, C. Cybele, Ph.D., Yale U. Asst. Prof., Human Development
Reeves, Terrie C., Ph.D., U. of Alabama–Birmingham. Asst. Prof., Policy Analysis and Management
Robinson, Steven S., Ph.D., Cornell U. Prof., Human Development
Rodriguez, Eunice, Ph.D., U. of California at Berkeley Asst. Prof., Policy Analysis and Management
Savin-Williams, Ritch C., Ph.D., U. of Chicago. Prof., Human Development
Schwartz, Peter, Ph.D., North Carolina State U. Prof., Textiles and Apparel
Sims, William R., Ph.D., Massachusetts Inst. of Technology. Prof., Design and Environmental Analysis
Tennyson, Sharon, Ph.D., Northwestern U. Assoc. Prof., Policy Analysis and Management
Tobias, Donald J., Ph.D., Michigan State U. Assoc. Prof., Policy Analysis and Management
Trockhin, William M. K., Ph.D., Northwestern U. Prof., Policy Analysis and Management
Wethington, Elaine, Ph.D., U. of Michigan Assoc. Prof., Human Development
Williams, Wendy M., Ph.D., Yale U. Assoc. Prof., Human Development

**Lecturers**
Beck, Sam N., Ph.D., U. of Massachusetts. Sr. Lecturer, Urban Semester
dempster-McClain, Donna I., Ph.D., Cornell U. Sr. Lecturer, Human Development
Dyer, Margaret, M.S.W., Smith College. Lecturer, Policy Analysis and Management
Gilmore, Rhonda, M.A., Cornell U. Lecturer, Design and Environmental Analysis
Heath-Crump, Ossie, Ph.D., Cornell U. Lecturer, Policy Analysis and Management
Racine, Anita, Ph.D., Cornell U. Sr. Lecturer, Textiles and Apparel
ADMINISTRATION
Edward J. Lawler, dean
Robert Smith, associate dean, academic affairs
Ann Martin, associate dean, extension and public affairs
James E. McPherson, assistant dean, Office of Student Services
Gordon Law, librarian
Allan Lentini, director, administrative services
Francine Blau, director, research
Christopher Haley, director, external relations
Robert Stern, graduate faculty representative
Tove Hammer, editor, *Industrial and Labor Relations Review*

DEGREE PROGRAMS

Industrial and Labor Relations

- B.S.
- M.I.L.R.
- M.P.S.
- M.S.
- Ph.D.

THE SCHOOL
The School of Industrial and Labor Relations at Cornell (ILR) is a small school within a large university. It tries to maintain the small-college atmosphere expected of an institution that has about 750 undergraduates and approximately 150 graduate students, even as ILR students participate fully in the activities of the larger Cornell community.

ILR students study in modern, technologically advanced lecture halls, seminar rooms, and libraries. Almost half of the school's typical freshman class comes from the greater New York City area. Another 30 percent live in other parts of New York State. Students from other states and a few from foreign countries make up the rest of the class. Women constitute about 50 percent of recent entering classes, and minority students comprise about 25 percent of new freshmen and transfer students.

Students enrolled in the School of Industrial and Labor Relations at Cornell may take a substantial number of courses in the other six undergraduate colleges and schools of the university, including the College of Arts and Sciences. Cornell students have access to all of the libraries and other services of the university.

The school operates in four areas: (1) resident instruction, (2) extension and public service, (3) research, and (4) publications. It provides instruction to undergraduates and graduate students who are preparing for careers in industrial and labor relations, as well as to men and women already engaged in industrial relations activities and the general public through its Extension and Public Service Division.

The school's Conference Center, part of the extension division, initiates and hosts conferences covering the full scope of industrial and labor relations. The center provides continuing education and information to practitioners and scholars.

The Research Division develops materials for resident and extension teaching and originates studies in industrial and labor relations. The Publications Division publishes and distributes the research results.

GRADUATE DEGREES
More than 150 students on the Cornell campus are enrolled in graduate study in industrial and labor relations, one of the largest graduate fields in the university. Students may work toward the degrees of Master of Industrial and Labor Relations, Master of Professional Studies, Master of Science, and Doctor of Philosophy. For further information on graduate programs, contact the Graduate Office, School of Industrial and Labor Relations, Cornell University, 216 Ives Hall, Ithaca, NY 14853-3901.

DEPARTMENTS OF INSTRUCTION
Courses in the school are organized into six departments:

**Collective Bargaining, Labor Law, and Labor History**
In the study of workers, employers, and the government policies affecting them, members of this faculty concentrate on subjects of industrial and labor relations best understood by reliance on the fields of administration, economics, history, and law. Courses explore subjects within the framework of American society, stress fundamental forces of change, and analyze texts and empirical data with methods drawn from the social sciences, the humanities, and the legal professions.

**Human Resource Studies**
This department offers specialization in human resource studies. Human Resources focuses on employer-employee relationships and deals with such topics as human-resource planning, staffing, computer applications to personnel, personnel information systems, training, management development, performance appraisal, compensation administration, organization development, and the sociological environment of human resource management. The study of human resource policy focuses on government efforts to enhance the population's ability to be employed. Although primarily concerned with governmental measures that influence the supply of labor (for example, training, education, health, mobility, and immigration), the subject area also includes policies in private industry that relate to the demands for labor.

**International and Comparative Labor Relations**
International and Comparative Labor Relations is concerned with industrial and labor relations systems and labor markets in other parts of the world. Countries include those in Western Europe, as well as in Asia, Latin America, and South America.

**Labor Economics**
Labor Economics deals with labor markets: that is, the institutional arrangements, terms, and conditions under which workers supply their labor and under which firms demand their labor. Faculty members are especially concerned with understanding the workings of labor markets and the effects of various public policies. The topics dealt with in courses and research include the following: analysis of the labor force, employment and unemployment, wages and related terms of employment, income distribution, income security programs, health and safety in industry, retirement, pensions and social security, economic aspects of collective bargaining, and economic demography.

**Organizational Behavior**
By studying individuals, groups, single organizations, and associations or organizations, persons in the field of organizational behavior understand human behavior within organizations as well as the actions of the organizations themselves. At the individual level of analysis, courses consider motivation, leadership, attitudes, personality, group processes, organizational change, and worker participation. At the organizational level, courses examine occupations, deviance in the work place, conflict, power, organizational design, public policy regarding organizations, and industrial conflict. The department also offers courses on research methods in organizational research and general survey courses in both psychological and sociological research.

**Social Statistics**
Economic and social statistics includes the principles of statistical reasoning, statistical methods, and the application of statistical tools of analysis. A full list of required and elective courses is available from the Office of Student Services, 101 Ives Hall.

RESIDENT INSTRUCTION
This division conducts the on-campus programs leading to the degrees of Bachelor of Science, Master of Industrial and Labor Relations, Master of Science, and Doctor of Philosophy from Cornell.
Office of Student Services
Staff members from the Office of Student Services, 101 Ives Hall, work closely with faculty and faculty committees to administer degree programs for the school and many of the school's support services. The office's responsibilities include the admitting and orienting of new students, maintaining students' personal and academic records, and counseling students on personal and academic problems. The office also works closely with seniors who are planning graduate study.

Counseling and Advising
New students will be provided advising on orientation, academic procedures, and course registration by counselors in the Office of Student Services.

Each of the school's academic departments names faculty members to serve as advisers for students who wish to consult with them regarding career possibilities in the field, postgraduate programs, or similar matters. Questions or issues related to graduation requirements, course registration, and related academic procedures should be raised with counselors in the Office of Student Services.

Minority Programs
Cornell University administers a variety of special opportunity programs designed to provide financial assistance and other forms of assistance to (1) minority students and (2) low-income students meeting program guidelines. The purpose of these programs is to provide access to a Cornell education for capable students who otherwise might not secure the admissions consideration, financial assistance, or supportive services necessary for their success at the university. The associate director for minority education in the Office of Student Services provides academic and personal counseling to all ILR minority students. ILR also offers a variety of support services to enhance academic achievement.

STUDY OPTIONS
Several study options are open to ILR undergraduates, making it possible to tailor a program to fit special circumstances. One such option is the five-year ILR master's degree. With early planning, some students may earn the M.S. degree in the fifth year. Using another option, some ILR students arrange for dual registration in the Johnson Graduate School of Management, earning their bachelor's degree at ILR and a master's degree in the Johnson Graduate School of Management after five years of study.

Some students elect to spend a semester in New York City, Albany, or Washington, D.C., with a chance to observe actual labor problem solving as interns in congressional offices, labor organizations, personnel offices, and state and federal agencies. For more information, see "Special Academic Programs," below.

Study abroad options are also available at a number of foreign universities. Qualified students may spend a semester or a full year studying abroad.

A number of ILR courses deal directly with today's problems and involve fieldwork in the Ithaca area and elsewhere in New York State.

The ILR program allows juniors and seniors who want to conduct their own research to receive course credit for individually directed studies if the program is supervised by a faculty member.

Study in Absentia
Registration in absentia enables a student to seek admission in another American institution for a semester or a year and transfer credit toward completion of the Cornell degree. This study option requires the development of a plan of study, a statement of appropriate reasons for study away from the university (e.g., availability of courses not offered at Cornell), good academic standing, approval of the plan by the director of student services, and payment of a special in absentia registration fee. Course work taken in absentia is usually not evaluated for transfer credit until the work has been completed and the student has returned to the school. Students then submit a course syllabus and other evidence of content to the chairman of the department that might have offered the respective course, or to a counselor in the Office of Student Services if the course is more appropriate as a general elective.

Leave of Absence or Withdrawal
If a student desires to withdraw or to take a leave of absence from the university, an interview should be scheduled with a counselor in the Office of Student Services. Counselors will assist students in petitioning for approval of a leave of absence and in contacting the appropriate offices or departments of the university.

REQUIREMENTS FOR GRADUATION
To earn the Cornell Bachelor of Science degree in industrial and labor relations, the student needs to successfully complete 120 credits. This requires eight terms for an average of 30 credits a year although some students accelerate their studies. (Currently being revised.)

Freshman Year Fall Semester
Freshman Writing Seminar 3
Introductory Microeconomics (ECON 101) 3
History of American Labor: Nineteenth Century (ILRCB 100) 3
Social and Psychological Foundations of Organizational Behavior I (ILROB 170) 3
ILR Colloquium (ILR 150) 1
Elective 3 16

Spring Semester
Freshman Writing Seminar 3
Introductory Macroeconomics 102 3
History of American Labor: Twentieth Century (ILRCB 101) 3
Social and Psychological Foundations of Organizational Behavior II (ILROB 171) 3
Elective 3 15
Physical Education, Fall and Spring

Sophomore Year Fall Semester
Statistics I (ILRST 210) 3
Development of Economic Institutions (ILRLE 140) 3
Labor and Employment Law (ILRHR 260) 3
Human Resource Management (ILRHR 250) Fall 3
Elective 3 15

Spring Semester
Statistics II (ILRST 211) 3
Economics of Wages and Employment (ILRLE 240) 3
Distribution: Cultural Perspectives 3
Distribution: Western Intellectual Tradition 3
Elective 3 15

Junior and Senior Years
Economic Security (ILRLE 340) 3
Collective Bargaining (ILRHR 300) 3
Distribution: International and Comparative ILR 3
Distribution: Upper Division Writing 3
Distribution: Science and Technology 3
ILR and General Electives ILR Advanced Electives—30 credit hours in no fewer than 10 courses
General Electives—34 credit hours of which up to 22 hours may be freely elected in the university's endowed divisions

Required Courses (55 credits)
The curriculum prescribes the courses and subjects listed in the table above; some are illustrative. In the senior year, all courses will be electives.

Elective Courses (65 credits)
From the courses offered by the school, students must select a minimum of 10 courses and 30 credits of ILR elective courses. No more than nine of these credits may be satisfied by ILR 499, Directed Studies, or ILR 497-498, Internships. ILR 495; Honors Program, or one semester of Study Abroad.

Undergraduates are required to select one intensive writing course (for a minimum of three credits) from a list of designated courses. The remaining 34 credits may be selected from the courses of any other college at Cornell, but a student who takes more than 34 credits in the endowed colleges (the College of Architecture, Art, and Planning; the College of Arts and Sciences; the Johnson Graduate School of Management, the College of Engineering; and the School of Hotel Administration) must pay for each credit taken in excess of 34, whether or not the courses are passed. For the precise fee per credit, students should call the Office of the Bursar.

The number of credits that may be taken in the endowed colleges at no additional cost to
the student may be changed at any time by official action of the school.

**ILR Math Requirement**
If you took AP calculus in high school and scored a 3 or better on the AB exam or a 2 or better on the BC exam, you have fulfilled the ILR math requirement. If you did not take AP calculus, or if you did not achieve the scores noted above, you will be expected to take and pass the ILR Math Assessment before you may register for required courses in Statistics and Labor Economics. The Math Assessment is based on materials covered in New York State Regents Exams for Courses 2 and 3. (Calculus is not covered in those courses.)

The ILR Math Assessment will be scheduled in August, January, and May. Those who do not pass in the first attempt will be expected to register in an appropriate math course and pass the assessment before the beginning of their third semester in the school. Anyone who cannot meet the requirement by the beginning of the third semester may be enrolled for a terminal term and will be expected to leave the school thereafter.

Transfer students will be expected to meet the same standards in math: either present the score required by Cornell University for AP calculus (AB or BC) credit, or pass the ILR Math Assessment before being permitted to register in ILRST 210 or ILRLE 240 with a terminal semester possible after failing the assessment given at the beginning of a third semester as an ILR student.

**SCHEDULING AND ATTENDANCE**

**Schedule Changes**
Occasionally it may be necessary for a student to request changes in his or her course schedule either before a term begins or during the semester. Such requests must be directed to the Office of Student Services to avoid possible loss of academic credit.

**Class Attendance**
It is each student's responsibility to attend all scheduled classes unless excuses have been approved by the faculty. In some courses an instructor may permit a maximum number of class absences without a grade penalty or dismissal from the course. An explanation for absence from class may occasionally be secured from the Office of Student Services in advance of the expected absence. An approved absence may be warranted by:

1) participation in authorized university activities such as athletic events, dramatic productions, or debates;  
2) medical problems supported by a record of clinic or infirmary treatment;  
3) serious illness or death in the immediate family;  
4) other circumstances beyond the student's control.  

A request for explanation of an absence should, when possible, be made to the Office of Student Services before the date of expected absence. A reported and explained absence does not relieve a student from fulfillment of academic requirements during the period of absence. The course instructor has the authority to determine what work must be completed. The office can only confirm the explanation for absence. Students should inform the Office of Student Services of any problems they have meeting course requirements.

**ACADEMIC STANDING AND GRADES**

**Academic Integrity**
In 1987 the faculty of the School of Industrial and Labor Relations approved a revised code of academic integrity. This code, while based on the Cornell University code, varies somewhat.

Absolute integrity is expected of all Cornell students in all academic undertakings. They must in no way misrepresent their work, fraudulently or unfairly advance their academic status, or be a party to another student's failure to maintain academic integrity. The code specifically prohibits:

1) knowingly representing the work of others as one's own;  
2) using or obtaining unauthorized assistance in any academic work;  
3) fabricating data in laboratory or field work;  
4) giving fraudulent assistance to others;  
5) fabricating data in support of laboratory or field work.

Full details on the applications of these prohibitions to course work, term papers, examinations, and other situations are listed in the code. Copies are available from the Office of Student Services, 101 Ives Hall.

**Dean's List**
A Dean's List is compiled for each of the four undergraduate classes each term on the seventh day following receipt of final grades from the registrar. Eligibility for the Dean's List is determined by applying all of the following criteria:

1) achievement of a term average for freshmen of 3.3 or better; for sophomores of 3.4 or better, and for juniors and seniors of 3.6 or better;  
2) a minimum course load for the term of 12 letter-graded credits;  
3) completion of all courses registered for at the beginning of the term;  
4) satisfaction of all good-standing requirements.

**Academic Standing**
Good standing requires that all of the following criteria be met at the end of each term:

1) an average of C- (1.7) for the semester's work, including a minimum of eight completed and letter-graded credits;  
2) no failing grades in any course, including physical education;  
3) a cumulative average of C- (1.7) for all completed terms.

If at the end of any term a student fails to maintain good standing or if overall academic performance is so marginal as to endanger the possibility of meeting school and university degree requirements, his or her record is reviewed by the Committee on Academic Standards and Scholarships. The committee may issue a written warning to the student at that time. If a student does not improve after the written warning, he or she may be denied permission to register for the next term.

**Involuntary Separation from the School for Academic Reasons**
A student may be denied permission to reregister at the end of any term when he or she has failed:

1) to establish good standing after a semester on warning;  
2) to maintain an average of 1.7 in any term after a previous record of warning;  
3) to achieve good standing after being on warning any two previous semesters;  
4) two or more failures in one term or has a term average of 1.0 or below.

The Academic Standards and Scholarship Committee may decide to permit a student to remain on warning more than one semester if there has been significant improvement even though the cumulative average is still below 1.7.

**S-U Grading Policy**
An undergraduate may register to receive a final grade of S (Satisfactory) or U (Unsatisfactory) in courses that offer this option—either in the school or in other divisions of the university—subject to the following conditions:

1) the S-U option may be used in ILR and in out-of-college course electives only, not in directed studies;  
2) students are limited to registering in two S-U courses a term;  
3) S-U registration is limited to four credits for each course;  
4) students registering for S-U grades must be in good standing;  
5) students must fulfill the graduation requirement of 105 letter-graded credits.

ILR faculty members assign a grade of U for any grade below C- and a grade of S for any grade of C- or better. A grade of U is considered equal to an F in determining a student's academic standing, although it is not included in the cumulative average.

No change of grading (from letter to S-U or from S-U to letter) may be made after the first three weeks of class. There are no exceptions to this restriction, and appeals will not be accepted.

**Grades of Incomplete**
A grade of incomplete is assigned when the course has not been completed for reasons that are acceptable to the instructor. It is understood that the work will be completed later and credit given. Instructors may grant a grade of incomplete for a limited number of clearly valid reasons, but only to students with substantial equity in a course. A firm and definite agreement on the conditions under which it may be made up must be made with the instructor. The school's policy allows a maximum of two full terms of residence for removal of a grade of incomplete. If it is not made up within this time, the grade automatically becomes an F.
SPECIAL ACADEMIC PROGRAMS

To meet the special academic objectives of some students, the school's faculty has established several special academic programs. For additional information, students should contact a counselor in the Office of Student Services. Counselors will explore the program with students to help them decide if it suits their interests.

Dual Registration in the Johnson Graduate School of Management

Dual informal registration in the Johnson Graduate School of Management leads to a Bachelor of Science degree in industrial and labor relations and a master's degree in management after five years of study and is open to students who meet the requirements of the Johnson Graduate School of Management.

Early planning by each student, preferably in the sophomore year, is desirable to ensure that the expectations of the Johnson Graduate School of Management and ILR curriculum requirements are fulfilled. Students interested in the very limited and selective program of the Johnson Graduate School of Management should contact the Admissions Office, 519 Malott Hall, and a counselor at the Office of Student Services.

Five-Year Master of Science Degree Program

With early planning it is possible to earn the M.S. degree in a fifth year of study. This program is designed specifically for those who wish concentrated study in an area of specialization in preparation for a Master of Science degree. Students considering this program should consult a counselor in the Office of Student Services after their freshman year.

Internships

The Internship Program has provided students with a vivid understanding of problems in labor and industrial relations through observation and participation in "real-life" labor problem solving. A number of selected students spend a term of the junior year in Albany, New York City, or Washington, D.C., in close contact with practitioners. Their activities include independent research under direction of ILR faculty members and seminars drawing on fieldwork experience with employers, labor organizations, and government agencies. More information about this program is available from the Office of Student Services.

Honors Program

Undergraduates who are ranked in the top 20 percent of their class at the end of the junior year may propose a two-semester research project, an honors thesis, for review by the Committee on Academic Standards and Scholarships. When approved, the candidate for graduation with honors works for two semesters (for three credits in each term) to research, write, and then defend the thesis.

Study Abroad

Cornell students with strong academic records and the necessary preparation in required and elective courses are encouraged to consider study abroad. The university currently has contact with universities in more than 40 countries that permit undergraduates to register for courses while maintaining Cornell registration and financial aid for a semester or a year. Information about those opportunities may be requested from Cornell Abroad, 474 Uris Hall. Some study abroad programs require the development of language proficiency and preparation in appropriate courses at Cornell. Students should consult the Office of Student Services and Cornell Abroad in the freshman and sophomore years to be sure that they comply with the academic and procedural requirements for study abroad.

COLLECTIVE BARGAINING, LABOR LAW, AND LABOR HISTORY


ILRCB 100 Introduction to U.S. Labor History: Nineteenth Century

Fall. 3 credits. C. Daniel, I. DeVault, N. Salvatore.

This first semester of a two-semester sequence covers the major changes in the nature of work, the workforce, and the institutions involved in industrial relations in the United States through the end of the nineteenth century.

ILRCB 101 Introduction to U.S. Labor History: The Twentieth Century

Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: ILRCB 100. C. Daniel, I. DeVault, N. Salvatore.

This second semester of a two-semester sequence covers the major changes in the nature of work, the workforce, and the institutions involved in industrial relations in the United States from the end of the nineteenth century up to the present.

ILRCB 201 Labor and Employment Law

Fall. 3 credits. M. Gold, R. Lieberwitz, K. Stone.

A survey and analysis of the law governing labor relations and employee rights in the workplace. The first half of the course examines the legal framework in which collective bargaining takes place, including union organizational campaigns, negotiations for and enforcement of collective bargaining agreements, and the use of economic pressure. The second half of the course surveys additional issues of rights in employment, including such topics as employment discrimination, the developing law of "unjust dismissal," and union democracy. Also serves as an introduction to judicial and administrative systems.

ILRCB 300 Collective Bargaining (200)

Fall and spring. 3 credits. M. Cook, H. Katz, S. Kuruvilla, L. Turner.

A comprehensive introduction to industrial relations and collective bargaining in the United States; the negotiation, scope, and day-to-day administration of contracts; the major substantive issues in bargaining, including their implication for public policy, industrial conflict; the major challenges facing unions and employers today; U.S. industrial relations in international and comparative perspective.

ILRCB 301 Labor Union Administration

Fall. 3 credits. Staff.

Study and analysis of the structure and operations of American unions, including the complicated internal life of the organizations; the varied environments in which unions develop and grow or decline; the relationship of national unions, local unions, and members in the many different sections of internal union government; the ways in which unions are set up to handle organizing, collective bargaining, contract administration, and political activity; and the widespread movement toward merger and consolidation of unions that began in the sixties and continues today. All of these will involve a study of union constitutions and other primary documents, in addition to secondary readings. Attention will be given to relevant legislation, current problems of unions, and the eternal problems of attaining union democracy.

ILRCB 302 Strangers and Citizens: Immigration and Labor in U.S.

History

Fall or spring. 3 credits. I. DeVault.

Will explore immigrant workers' experiences in the nineteenth and twentieth centuries from different perspectives. We will examine what it meant to the immigrants themselves to arrive as strangers in the United States, while also examining the ways in which pre-existing American groups defined these immigrants as "strangers." Similarly, we will look at U.S. citizens in their roles as greeters of immigrants, detractors of immigrants, and as models for the aspirations of immigrants. Throughout the course our main examples will come from the industrial and union realms.

ILRCB 304 Seminar in American Labor and Social History

Fall or spring. 4 credits. Permission of instructor.

ILRCB 305 Introduction to Labor Arbitration and Alternative Dispute Resolution

Fall. 3 credits. M. Gold.

An introductory survey that focuses in part on the U.S. labor arbitration process in the private and public sectors (legal issues, discipline and discharge, contract language interpretation, remedies, and procedures) and in part on alternative dispute resolution systems in the United States and other countries. Student participation in class discussion is expected and assignments will include an original research paper.

ILRCB 384 Women and Unions (also WOMNS 384)

Fall or spring. 4 credits. I. DeVault.

Will explore women's participation in the United States labor movement in the nineteenth and twentieth centuries. Issues covered will include women workers' relations with male-dominated union movements, the role of cross-class alliances of women in organizing women workers, interactions with radical parties and organizations, problems faced by women union leaders and activities, and others.
ILRCB 385 The African-American Workers, 1865-1910: The Rural and Urban Experience
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: junior or senior or permission of instructor. N. Salvatore.
Examines the history of blacks in America from Emancipation through the experience of the first generation born after slavery, with a focus on the work experience. Topics will include the restructuring of work during Reconstruction; the relationship between work and black organizational developments; between black and white workers; and the nature of work in the agricultural south and in cities throughout the nation.

ILRCB 386 The African-American Workers, 1910-the Present: Race, Work, and the City
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: junior or senior. N. Salvatore.
Examines the history of blacks in America from the start of the Great Migration through the 1970s, with a focus on the work experience. Topics will include the effect of migration and urbanization on black workers; the nature of the relationship between black and white workers as influenced by depression and two world wars; and an examination of the effect of the civil rights movement on the economic circumstances of black workers.

ILRCB 400 Union Organizing
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: undergraduates, ILRCB 201 and 300; graduate students, ILRCB 500 and 501.
K. Bronfenbrenner.
Explores various aspects of unions' attempts to organize workers: why some workers join unions and others do not; strategy and tactics implemented by unions and management during organizing campaigns; present status of labor law as it affects organizing; creative approaches to union organizing; the organizing model of unionism.

ILRCB 401 My Brother's Keeper: Volunteering and Philanthropy
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: junior or senior or permission of instructor. M. Gold.
The philosophy, practice, economics, and law of volunteering and donating money; the structure and practices of charitable organizations; the economic effects of voluntary labor and philanthropic gifts; and the law of raising and distributing money.

ILRCB 404 Contract Administration
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ILRCB 300 and 201 or ILRCB 500 and 501.
K. Bronfenbrenner.
This course will focus on the practice, nature, and challenges of union representation under collective bargaining agreements. Working with union contracts, constitutions, and by-laws from a diversity of national and local public and private sector agreements, the course examines how U.S. unions represent their members in different industries and different collective bargaining environments. Issues to be addressed include union representative/steward rights and responsibilities, contract enforcement structures and practice, access to information, new work systems, hours of work and scheduling, contingent staffing arrangements, workplace discrimination, health and safety, promotional opportunities, down-sizing, leadership development, membership involvement and commitment, internal organizing, community coalition building, and decertification campaigns. Students will practice hands-on work in interpreting contract language and preparing and presenting grievances and unfair labor practices.

ILRCB 405 Negotiation & Dispute Resolution
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: background in economics and social sciences. Permission of instructor. D. Lipsky.
Distance Learning. Deals with four related topics: (1) nature of conflict particularly between organizations; (2) negotiation and bargaining, with a focus on process, practice, and procedures; (3) third party dispute resolution, with a focus on mediation and arbitration; and (4) alternative dispute resolution (ADR), with a focus on its current use in the labor movement for the protection of our system of justice. It will be a general dispute resolution course, i.e., it will not focus on labor relations or any particular types of disputes, but will deal with many different kinds of conflicts. Will use examples and cases to illustrate general principles. Few if any of these cases and examples will be drawn from labor relations, rather, illustrative material in the course will be based on examples from areas such as product liability, environmental regulation, commercial relations, and personal injury disputes.

ILRCB 407 Contemporary Trade Union Movement
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: undergraduates, ILRCB 100, 101, graduate students ILRCB 502. R. Seibert, R. Hurst.
An examination of the nature of the contemporary trade union movement, including union power, political action, collective bargaining agreements, and organizing efforts. The course will cover structural, functional, and strategic aspects of contemporary unions. Specific attention will be given to the union movement to address the class.

ILRCB 482 Ethics at Work
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: junior or senior or permission of instructor. M. Gold.
Major theories of ethics are examined, then applied to issues in the employment relationship such as genetic screening of job applicants, random drug testing of employees, affirmative action, discipline for off-duty conduct, whistle-blowing, worker safety and cost/benefit analysis, comparable worth, strikes by employees providing crucial services, and crossing a picket line.

ILRCB 488 Liberty and Justice for All
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: junior or senior or permission of instructor. M. Gold.
Major theories of ethics are examined, then applied to contemporary issues such as affirmative action and reverse discrimination, the right to life (from abortion to capital punishment), comparable worth, and constitutional rights such as freedom of speech.

ILRCB 495 Honors Program
Fall and spring (yearlong course). 3 credits each term. Admission to the ILR senior honors program may be obtained under the following circumstances: (a) students must be in the upper 20 percent of their class at the end of their junior year; (b) an honors project, entailing research leading to completion of a thesis, must be proposed to an ILR faculty member who agrees to act as the thesis supervisor; and (c) the project, endorsed by the proposed faculty sponsor, is submitted to the Committee on Academic Standards and Scholarships. Accepted students embark on a two-semester sequence of research. The first semester consists of determining a research design, familiarization with germane scholarly literature, and preliminary data collection. The second semester involves completion of the data collection and preparation of the honors thesis. At the end of the second semester, the candidate is examined orally on the completed thesis by a committee consisting of the thesis supervisor, a second faculty member designated by the appropriate department chair, and a representative of the Academic Standards and Scholarship Committee.

ILRCB 497-498 Internship
Fall and spring. 497, 3 credits; 498, 6 credits. Staff.
All requests for permission to register for an internship must be approved by the faculty member who will supervise the project and the chairman of the faculty member's academic department before submission for approval by the director of Off-Campus Credit Programs. Upon approval of the internship, the Office of Student Services will register each student for 497, for 3 credits graded A+ to F for individual research, and for 498, for 6 credits graded S-U, for completion of a professionally appropriate learning experience, which is graded by the faculty sponsor.

ILRCB 499 Directed Studies
Fall and spring. 3 credits.
For individual or group research projects conducted under the direction of a member of the ILR faculty, in a special area of labor relations not covered by regular course offerings. Sophomores, juniors and seniors with a preceding semester of 3.0 average, are eligible to submit projects for approval by the Academic Standards Committee. Students should consult with a counselor in the Office of Student Services at the time of CourseRoll in order to arrange for formal submission of their Directed Study.

ILRCB 500 Collective Bargaining
Fall. 3 credits. Open only to graduate students. Recommended: ILRCB 501 taken previously or concurrently. M. Cook, R. Hebdon, H. Katz, S. Kuruvilla, L. Turner.
A comprehensive introduction to the industrial relations system of the United States. The negotiation, scope, and day-to-day administration of contracts; union and employer bargaining structures; implications of industrial relations issues for U.S. competitiveness and public policy, industrial conflict, and U.S. industrial relations in international and comparative perspective.
ILRCB 501 Labor and Employment Law
Fall. 3 credits. Open only to graduate students. M. Gold, R. Lieberwitz, K. Stone. A survey and analysis of the law governing labor relations and employee rights in the workplace. The first half of the course examines the legal framework in which collective bargaining takes place, including union organizational campaigns, negotiations for and enforcement of collective bargaining agreements, and the use of economic pressure. The second half of the course surveys additional issues of rights in employment, including such topics as employment discrimination, the developing law of "unjust dismissal," and union democracy. Also serves as an introduction to judicial and administrative systems.

ILRCB 502 History of Industrial Relations in the United States since 1865
Spring. 3 credits. Open only to graduate students. C. Daniel, I. DeVault, N. Salvatore. This introductory course emphasizes historical developments in the twentieth century. Special studies include labor union struggles over organizational alternatives and such labor related industrial conflicts, working-class life styles, radicalism, welfare capitalism, union democracy, and the expanding authority of the federal government.

ILRCB 504 The U.S. Industrial Relations System
4 credits. Offered only in New York City for the M.P.S. Program. Staff. Examines the development, operation, and outcomes of the U.S. industrial relations system in a comparative context. Specifically, the course contrasts the American experience with industrial relations institutions and outcomes with the experience of several other countries in Europe and Asia. We will look at the process of union formation, the practice of collective bargaining at different levels, the methods of dispute resolution, and the legal regime germane to industrial relations.

We will also focus on both processes and outcomes of different country systems, focusing on the degree of collaboration or conflict, the level of wage and wage inequality, and practices in different industries and firms. Finally, we will address the role played by industrial relations and human resource policy in economic and social development in these nations.

ILRCB 602 Arbitration
Fall and spring. 4 credits. Limited to 21 students. Prerequisites: undergraduates, ILRCB 201, 300; graduate students, ILRCB 500 and 501; permission of instructor. J. Gross, R. Lieberwitz. A study of the process and function of arbitration in the field of labor-management relations, including an analysis of principles and practices, the law of arbitration, the handling of materials in briefs or oral presentation, the conduct of a mock arbitration hearing, and the preparation of arbitration opinions and post-hearing briefs.

ILRCB 603 The Economics of Collective Bargaining in Sports
Fall. 3 credits. L. Kahn. Surveys economic and industrial issues in the sports industry. Topics include (1) salary determination, including free agency, salary caps, salary arbitration; (2) competitive balance and financial health of sports leagues; (3) anti-trust issues in sports; (4) labor disputes, union history, and contract administration issues in sports leagues; (5) discrimination in sports; and (6) performance incentives.

ILRCB 604 Theories of Equality and Their Application in the Workplace
Spring. 3 credits. R. Lieberwitz. An examination of the various aspects of equality in the workplace, focusing on issues of race, gender, and national origin, and the ways in which societal discrimination on these bases are institutionalized in the workplace. Theories attempting to define "equality" and specific workplace issues are studied, including the means for achieving equality at the workplace. The course entails a high level of student participation in class discussions, and assignments include a research paper.

ILRCB 605 Readings in the History of Industrial Relations in the United States
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to seniors and graduate students. C. Daniel, N. Salvatore. A seminar covering, intensively, original printed source materials and scholarly accounts for different periods in American history.

ILRCB 606 Theories of Industrial Relations Systems
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Limited to seniors and graduate students. Prerequisites: seniors, ILRCB 100, 101, 300; graduate students, ILRCB 500. H. Katz. Will trace the evolution of theory and research on industrial relations. Topics include: theories of the labor movement, institutional models and evidence regarding what unions do, the origins of internal labor markets and their relationship to industrial relations, theories of strikes, empirical studies of arbitration, research on union decline, and empirical evidence of the impacts of new technology.

ILRCB 607 Values in Law, Economics, and Industrial Relations
Fall and spring. 3 credits. Limited to 21. Prerequisites: ILRCB 201, 300, 500, 501. J. Gross. An examination of the often hidden values and assumptions that underlie the contemporary U.S. systems of employment law, work and business, and industrial relations. Classroom discussion and research projects will use novels and short stories (as well as the literature of industrial and labor relations) to focus on issues such as: discrimination, law, economics, and the state; work and business; power, conflict, and protest; and rights and justice.

ILRCB 608 Special Topics in Collective Bargaining, Labor, Law, and Legislation
Fall. 3 credits. Lec 08 open to juniors and seniors. S. Kuruvilla. This course introduces ILR undergraduates to the research process and to research methods used in the area of industrial relations. The course is organized in two parts. The first part will develop the research process, and part 2 will deal with the nature of the research process, paradigms of inquiry, developing research questions, the role of theory in research, and the development of research proposals. Part 2 will focus on acquainting students with the research methods used in the field of industrial relations (broadly defined). Each week students will read selected research articles in several fields (e.g., labor economics, collective bargaining, human resource management, and organizational behavior), understand and critique the methodology, and discuss alternate approaches that could have been used. Where possible, the faculty member who has written articles will be present to defend the methods used. Students will turn in a completed research proposal or completed research as the final product for the course.

ILRCB 609 Special Topics: Labor Law Policy Seminar
Spring. 3 credits. K. Stone. The United States collective bargaining system, which had its origins during the New Deal period, has been transformed. The intellectual premises of the system have been challenged by scholars on both the right and the left, and at the same time the decline in the labor movement has undermined its political support. This seminar will look at the theoretical attacks on the New Deal collective bargaining system and at some of the current proposals for its replacement. Some of the topics to be discussed: the theory of regulation embodied in the National Labor Relations Act and its critique; alternative concepts of labor markets and their policy ramifications; the emerging of the global economy and its ramifications for domestic labor regulation. There will also be discussion of alternative systems of labor regulation, such as found in West Germany, Sweden, and Japan.

ILRCB 650 Service Work and Workers in Historical Perspective
Fall or spring. 3 credits. I. DeVault. Takes a historical perspective on the development of a service economy in the United States. Readings will include general and theoretical works, but the main focus will be recent historical scholarship on specific occupations and situations in the "nonproductive" workforce. Students will explore primary sources for research on the subject and write research papers.

ILRCB 651 Industrial Relations in Transition
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to seniors and graduate students. H. Katz. Considers whether recent developments such as concession bargaining, worker participation programs, and the growth of nonunion firms represent a fundamental transformation in industrial relations practice. Will review recent research and new theories arguing that such a transformation is occurring, including the work of Piore and Sabel, Bluestone and Harrison, and Kochan, McKersie, and Katz. Will also review the counterarguments and evidence put forth by those who believe no such transformation is under way. Course material will focus on industrial relations practice in the private sector in the United States, although some attention will be paid to developments in Western Europe, the United Kingdom, and Japan.

ILRCB 655 Employment Law
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ILRCB 201/205. M. Gold. Examines a number of major federal and state laws designed to protect workers in their employment relationships. The material covered will be selected from the following: the Fair Labor Standards Act, unemployment insurance, workers' compensation, the Occupational Safety and Health Act, the Employee Retirement Income Security Act, the doctrine of employment at will, Social Security, workers' right-to-know, plant closings, and protection of workers' privacy.
ILRCB 682 Seminar in Labor Relations Law and Legislation  
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Limited enrollment. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. R. Lieberwitz. Legal problems in public employment and other areas of labor relations affecting the public interest.

ILRCB 683 Research Seminar in the History of Industrial Relations  
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: undergraduates, ILRCB 100 and 101; graduate students, ILRCB 502. C. Daniel, J. DeVaught, N. Salvatore. The areas of study are determined each semester by the instructor offering the seminar.

ILRCB 684 Employment Discrimination and the Law  
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: ILRCB 201/501 or equivalent. M. Gold. An examination of the laws against employment discrimination based on race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, and disability.

ILRCB 685 Research Seminar on Trade Unions  
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: ILRCB 300 or 500; permission of instructor. S. Kurnikova. Designed to provide an analytical survey of research on trade unions in the United States. Major topics include unions in politics, unions as complex organizations, public opinion and attitudes toward unions, determinants of union growth and decline, economic and noneconomic effects of unions on policy and policy formulation. Efforts are made to explore the theoretical and empirical content. Efforts are made to explore the theoretical and empirical content. Efforts are made to explore the theoretical and empirical content.

ILRCB 686 Collective Bargaining in the Public Sector  
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: undergraduates, ILRCB 300 and 201; graduate students, ILRCB 500 and 501. S. Kurnikova. An examination of the development, practice, and extent of collective bargaining between federal, state, and local governments and their employees. The variety of legislative approaches to such matters as representation rights, unfair practices, scope of bargaining, impasse procedures, and the strike against government are considered along with implications of collective bargaining for public policy.

ILRCB 689 Constitutional Aspects of Labor Law  
Spring. 3 credits. R. Lieberwitz. In-depth analysis of the Supreme Court decisions that interpret the United States Constitution as it applies in the workplace. This study will focus on the First Amendment, Fifth Amendment, Fourteenth Amendment, and Commerce Clause, with issues including freedom of speech and association, equal protection, due process, and other issues in the area of political and civil rights. The course entails a high level of student participation in class discussion, and assignments include a research paper.

ILRCB 703 Theory and Research in Collective Bargaining  
Spring. 3 credits. Open to graduate students who have had ILRCB 500 and ILRCB 723 or their equivalents. Recommended: a statistics course beyond the level of ILRST 510. R. Lieberwitz. This is a second-level course in collective bargaining that builds on the institutional research covered in ILRCB 500. The existing literature in the area of collective bargaining is appraised for its theoretical and empirical content. Efforts are made to explore the appropriate role for theory and empirical analysis in moving research in collective bargaining toward a more analytical perspective and to identify and appraise the underlying paradigms used to study collective bargaining-related issues.

ILRCB 705 The Economics of Collective Bargaining  
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ILRCB 500; ILRLE 540 (or their equivalents) and an understanding of multiple regression analysis; or permission of instructor. Staff. Focuses on both the economic analysis of unions and collective bargaining in our economy and on the economic forces that affect collective bargaining. The method is to identify and conceptualize the structural determinants of relative bargaining power. On this basis, the course examines both the economic outcomes of collective bargaining and current bargaining trends in a variety of industries. Tentative theoretical analyses of unionism (neoclassical, institutionalist) are compared. The statistical techniques and empirical results of research on the union effect on economic outcomes (wages, prices, inflation, profits, productivity, earnings inequality) are also evaluated. The effect of technology, corporate structures, and public policy on union bargaining power is outlined, and a number of case studies of collective bargaining in the private sector are reviewed. A term paper is required.

ILRCB 783 Seminar in American Labor History  
Spring. 3 credits. Permission of instructor. N. Salvatore. A reading and research seminar for graduate students that focuses on selected topics in nineteenth- and twentieth-century labor history. The topic changes each semester.

ILRCB 790 ILR M.P.S. Program  
Fall and spring. 1-9 credits. Staff. Supervised research only for those enrolled in the ILR M.P.S. program.

ILRCB 798 Internship  
Fall and spring. 1-3 credits. Designed to grant credit for individual research under the direction of a faculty member by graduate students who have been selected for an internship. All requests for permission to register for ILRCB 798 must be approved by the faculty member who will supervise the project.

ILRCB 799 Directed Studies  
Fall and spring. Credit TBA. For individual research conducted under the direction of a member of the faculty.

ILRCB 890 Workshop in Collective Bargaining, Labor Law, and Labor History  
Fall and spring. 2 credits. Limited to M.S. and Ph.D. candidates in the department. S-U grades only. Staff. Designed to provide a forum for the presentation of current research being undertaken by faculty members and graduate students in the Department of Collective Bargaining, Labor Law, and Labor History, and by invited guests. All M.S. and Ph.D. candidates in the department who are at work on their theses are strongly urged to enroll. Each student in the course will be expected to make at least one presentation during the year, focusing on the formulation, design, execution, and results of that student's thesis research.

HUMAN RESOURCE STUDIES

ILRHR 260 Human Resource Management  
Fall. 3 credits. Open only to ILR students; others by permission. R. Batt and staff. An introductory overview of the management of human resources. Topics include human resource decisions dealing with staffing, employee development, work system rewards, and employee relations. Emphasis is on (a) problem-solving and decision-making approaches; (b) operational methods, technologies, and practices; (c) application of relevant behavioral science theory and research; and (d) legislation and other environmental constraints having an important bearing on the effective use of human resources by an enterprise.

ILRHR 266 Personal Computer Basics  
Fall, spring, and summer. 2 credits. Limited. Staff. Provides basic skills in the use of IBM personal computers (PCs) using the Windows environment. Course covers basic fundamentals of Lexis Nexis, Windows 95, Microsoft Excel, Access, and Powerpoint. Emphasis is placed on hands-on experience using examples demonstrating human resource issues and PC-based solutions. This course is a prerequisite to several advanced Human Resource Management electives.

ILRHR 268 Human Resource Economics and Public Policy  
Fall, spring. 3 credits. Open to sophomores, juniors, and seniors. J. Bishop, V. Briggs. A review of labor-market trends, data collection systems, and theories pertaining to public efforts to develop the employment potential of the nation's human resources and to combat unemployment. The major segments of the nation's educational training enterprise—public education, higher education, employer-provided training, apprenticeship, and special training programs for the disadvantaged—are examined. Special policy and programmatic issues pertaining to youth, rural workers, welfare reform, direct job creation, worker relocation, economic development, targeted tax credits, industrial policy, and "enterprise zone" proposals are examined. Comparisons are made with other industrialized nations.
ILRHR 362 Career Development: Theory and Practice
Fall, spring. 2 credits. 7 weeks. Limited to 30. S-U only. J. McPherson.
This course is designed to provide students with an opportunity to develop their leadership and management skills. The philosophy of the class is that effective managing and leading in organizations must be based on self-assessment, the comprehension of organizational circumstances and practices encountered as leaders develop. Grade based on short writing assignments and research paper.

ILRHR 363 Leadership Seminar for Fraternities and Sororities
Spring. 2 credits. S-U only. Permission of instructor. Staff.
This seminar will provide students with an opportunity to develop their leadership and management skills. The seminar will cover the topics of leadership, communication, teamwork, and conflict resolution. Grade based on participation and a final project.

ILRHR 366 Women at Work
Spring. 3 or 4 credits. J. Farley.
Various aspects of female occupational roles in twentieth-century United States. Historical, social, and legal factors that influence women's choices of careers, work socialization and training, and subsequent labor-market experience are considered. Working women’s entry-level jobs, opportunities for advancement, and income are compared to men's.

ILRHR 456 International Human Resource Management
Spring. 3 credits. Staff.
Provides an examination of international human resource management issues in multinational enterprises. The course has two major objectives: to enhance understanding of key strategic and functional issues related to HRM and to develop analysis skills for HRM issues in multinational enterprises. Will include topics such as strategic issues for HRM, cross-cultural management issues, coordination issues, and expatriate management.

ILRHR 460 Human Resource Strategies and Practice
Fall. 4 credits. Open to juniors and seniors. ILR 260 or permission of instructor. Staff.
This course uses a semester-long case study that focuses on human resource issues and strategies for growing, entrepreneurial firms. Students solve weekly dilemmas by integrating their knowledge of the functional areas of human resource management with general management, human resource strategy, entrepreneurship, organizational behavior, finance, marketing, public relations, and small business management. Creative solutions to problems are communicated to the class via role plays, formal presentations, impromptu meetings, and class discussions. In addition to the semester-long case study, students work in teams to develop their own case of an existing company. The emphasis is on integration of concepts, application to real-life business situations, and acquisition of general management skills and knowledge.

ILRHR 461 The Design of Work Systems: Comparative and Interdisciplinary Perspectives
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: ILR 260 or equivalent and consent of instructor. Limited to juniors and seniors. R. Batt.
This seminar is designed to explore the state of knowledge and current research concerning the design and development of alternative work systems. The focus is on understanding various approaches to work restructuring and their differential effects on firm competitiveness and employee welfare. The first half of the course considers classic texts on mass production, flexible specialization, the sociotechnical systems, diversified quality production, and lean production. It compares these workplace models in their original national contexts and in subsequent transplant. Relevant research from economics, engineering, organizational behavior, human resources, and industrial relations is examined. The second half of the course examines these alternative approaches to restructuring in the context of specific industries and service industries and occupational groups. Students are required to hand in weekly memos covering the readings, actively participate in seminar discussions, and write two research papers on topics relevant to the course.

ILRHR 462 Staffing, Training, and Development
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ILRHR 260 or by permission of the instructor. C. Collins.
Provides overviews of the staffing, training, and development functions in organizations. The first half of the semester will focus on the process by which organizations fill positions. Topics will include legal issues, job competency analysis and planning, external selection practices, and internal staffing decisions. The second half of the course will focus on the process by which organizations train and develop employees. Topics will include training needs assessment, program design, training evaluation, and management development. Throughout the semester we will examine the relationship between the staffing and training development functions.

ILRHR 463 Employee Relations and Diversity
Fall. 3 credits. Q. Roberson.
Explores the policies, programs, and practices used by employers to promote the fair treatment of employees, especially managerial, professional, and other employees not covered by collective bargaining contracts. Includes such policies as the protection of employee rights and the nature of processes used to allocate organizational opportunities and rewards; such programs as employee assistance plans and due process procedures; and elements of such practices as employee communication and supervision. Also examines individual and organizational climate factors that are important to the management of diversity in business organizations. Considerations in employee relations and diversity management strategies, the motives of employers in establishing such strategies, and the effects of these strategies on relevant individual and organizational outcomes.

ILRHR 464 Business Strategy
Fall. 3 credits. C. Collins.
Intended to be an integrative course focusing on strategic management. The main purpose of the course is to provide an opportunity for students to study and analyze issues associated with strategic thinking in complex business situations, top management decision making, and the functions of corporations as a whole. Will allow students to come together all of the functional skills they have learned in other business or related classes (e.g., marketing, accounting, finance, human resources, etc.) and to apply this knowledge to business problems faced by top management in existing organizations. Class will be comprised of both a lecture and case study format.

ILRHR 466 Comparative Human Resource Management
Fall. 3 credits. Staff.
Provides a survey of human resource management practices in the Asia-Pacific region and Europe. Focus of the course is on HRM issues such as selection and staffing, training and development, and appraisal and reward systems. Special attention is given to the role of HRM in global mergers and acquisitions. Issues of transferability of HRM practices and implications for multinational enterprises operating in these regions will also be discussed.

ILRHR 468 Comparative Human Resource Management Simulation
Spring. 2 credits. Limited to 30 juniors and seniors. Prerequisite: ILRHR 260 or equivalent. 7 weeks. W. Wasmuth.
Uses a simulation model and an open-systems approach as a means to enhance students' skills in strategic planning and managerial decision making. Attention will be given to the implications and efforts of strategic human resource management and supervisory decisions as measured by 10 organizational performance indicators, including quality of work life, employee productivity, customer satisfaction, employee retention, internal control, and the bottom line. Each student will be assigned to a group (team) of five members and must be committed to the work of that group. An individual research project is also required. Regular attendance is required.

ILRHR 469 Immigration and the American Labor Force
Fall and spring. 3 credits. V. Briggs.
Assesses the role that immigration policy plays as an instrument of human resource development in the United States. Immigration policy will be placed in an evolutionary context but primary attention will be given to the post-1965 revival of mass immigration. In addition to legal immigration, policies pertaining to border communities, illegal immigration, "maquiladoras," refugees, and nonimmigrant workers are also examined. Comparisons are also made with immigration systems of other nations.

ILRHR 495 Honors Program
Fall and spring (yearlong course). 3 credits each term.
For description, see the section on Collective Bargaining, Labor Law, and Labor History.

ILRHR 497-498 Internship
Fall and spring. 3 and 6 credits.
For description, see the section on Collective Bargaining, Labor Law, and Labor History.
research on state-of-the-art IHRM practices in leading U.S. multinationals. In addition, each student will prepare a review paper on one specific area of IHRM of his or her choice.

ILRHR 560 Human Resource Management
Fall and spring. 3 credits. Open only to graduate students. Otis, Q. Roberson.
A survey course covering the major areas of the management of human behavior in work organizations. Consideration is given to such aspects of strategic and human resource planning, design and management of workforces, and management development, organization development, compensation, and employee and labor relations. Emphasis is on the application of theory and research to the solution of personnel problems.

ILRHR 564 Human Resources Management and Effective Organizations
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Offered only in New York City for the M.P.S. Program. Staff.
This course offers the opportunity to become better prepared to make effective decisions about human resources. Successful organizations depend on people; their human resources. The first module examines strategic human resource resourcing and the effective use of HR decisions on organization success and fair treatment of people. Another module focuses on alternative systems used to staff and develop people. The third module focuses on compensating and rewarding people. And the final module includes employee relations and alternative work systems. Case and field studies are used throughout the course.

ILRHR 653 Research on Education Reform and Human Resource Policy
Spring. 3 credits. J. Bishop.
State and local efforts to improve K-12 education are employing a variety of (sometimes contradictory) reform strategies. A research seminar that will critically examine the case that is made for (and against) each of the major reform proposals and review studies that provide objective evidence on their effectiveness. The education reform strategies that will be examined include: vouchers, charter schools, site-based decision making by teachers and parents, smaller classes, direct instruction versus discovery learning, extending the school day and year, better preparation and selection of new teachers, better professional development, ending tenure, merit pay, state standards and school accountability, ending social promotion, and externally set end-of-course examinations.

ILRHR 656 International Human Resource Management (also MBA 588)
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: ILRHR 260/560. Limited. Seniors or graduate students only or permission of the instructor. Staff.
The focus of the course is on international human resource strategies in multinational firms. It has two major objectives: to enhance the understanding of key functional and strategic issues related to HRM activities in international firms, and to review practical applications of concepts learned from the course in leading U.S. corporations. The first part of the course, the emphasis is on the theory of international HRM, the second part is focused on field analysis. During the semester, students will conduct TEAM projects requiring a comprehensive proposal and implementation of a chosen subject; and a final project involving a specific method, technique, or critical issue; an in-class demonstration/presentation illustrating applications of a chosen subject; and a final project requiring a comprehensive proposal that describes an appropriate and logically supported intervention strategy.

ILRHR 662 People in Agile Organizations
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: ILRHR 260, 560, or equivalent, plus two functional courses in HR management. Enrollment limit, 25. L. Dyer.
Organizational agility is defined as the capacity to be infinitely adaptable without having to change. It is a core competence for organizations operating in rapidly moving marketplaces. Accordingly, an increasing number of organizations are striving to become more agile, i.e., creating new ways of managing all aspects of organizational capability. Course explores the opportunities and challenges posed by organizational agility, with particular emphasis on crafting human resource strategies that support this evolving paradigm. Every effort is made to run the course as an agile organization rather than using a traditional classroom format.

ILRHR 664 HR Online Research and Reporting Skills
Fall. 3 credits. J. Boudreau, S. Basefsky.
Designed to teach students skill-based techniques in HR research methodology. The students will be taught to act as their own consultants in both a classroom and workforce setting as they access data and find statistical information to support their research topics. The first five weeks of the semester will consist of weekly meetings with the reference librarians at the Martin P. Catherwood Library. These meetings will cover a different research technique each week, and students will be given readings and a hands-on assignment to gain practical experience on these techniques.

ILRHR 665 Business Strategy and Human Resources
Fall. 4 credits. Limited. Prerequisite: ILRHR 260/560 plus 2 other courses in human resource studies and permission of instructor. P. Wright.
As the capstone course in HR studies, students will integrate the theories and practices learned in other courses, to explore the linkages between business strategy and HRM. Extensive field-based projects are included. The field projects are designed to require students to explore and understand business strategy and to draw upon and integrate their course work in HR planning, staffing, development, compensation and regard, and new work systems.

ILRHR 666 Human Resource Metrics
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: ILRHR 260/560 or equivalent, 1 course in statistics, 1 elective in human resource studies. J. Boudreau.
Explores how to account for the contribution of human resource management programs and decisions to achieving organizational goals. It emphasizes a systematic decision-making system that integrates the discipline of human resource management and can assist in planning and evaluating programs. Topics include the role of financial-accounting statements in managing human resources, cost-benefit analysis in business, managing human resources as a profit center, and identifying human resource management constituents to address their goals.

ILRHR 667 Employee Relations and Diversity
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: ILRHR 260/560 or equivalent and permission of instructor. Q. Roberson.
Explores the policies, programs, and practices used by employers to promote the fair treatment of employees, especially managerial, professional, and other employees not covered by collective bargaining contracts. Includes such policies as the protection of employee rights and the nature of processes used to allocate organizational opportunities and rewards; such programs as employee assistance plans and due process procedures; and elements of such practices as employee communication and supervision. Also examines individual and organizational climate factors that are important to the management of diversity in business organizations. Considers variations in employee relations and diversity management strategies, the motives of employers in establishing such strategies, and the effects of these strategies on relevant individual and organizational outcomes.

ILRHR 668 Staffing Organizations
Spring. 4 credits. Limited to 25 students. Prerequisites: ILRHR 260/560 or equivalent, 1 course in statistics. M. Cavanaugh.
This seminar provides an overview of the process by which organizations staff positions from pools of external and internal applicants. Will focus on theories, research, policies, and practices concerning attraction and selection for the most effective use of human resources. Topics covered in the course include staffing strategy and context, measurement of staffing effectiveness, job/competency analysis and human resource planning, recruitment and job choice, initial and substantive external selection practices, and internal staffing decisions. Throughout the course, considerable emphasis will be placed on relevant legislation and court decisions, and practical application of relevant theory and past research.

ILRHR 669 Managing Compensation
Fall and spring. 4 credits. Limited to 30 students. Prerequisites: ILRHR 260/560 or equivalent, ILRHR 266 and basic statistics or permission of instructor. R. Broderick, G. Milkovich.
Focuses on managing employee compensation in contemporary organizations. The major objectives are to examine the current state of compensation decision making, to examine how recent theoretical and research developments inform compensation decisions, and to offer an opportunity to develop competencies in making compensation decisions.
ILRHR 670  Seminar in Manufacturing
Spring. 15 credits. Staff.
Semester in Manufacturing ("SIM") is designed to give students a basic understanding of the functions and processes of manufacturing, as well as a broad overview of current issues and trends. The 15-credit immersion format allows development of the linkage of manufacturing to other functions in the enterprise (research and development, marketing, corporate strategy, human resources, etc.). A highlight of SIM is that each student will visit more than 20 manufacturing facilities during the semester, representing diverse sets of products, processes, and situations. These visits include extended discussion sessions with managers, and often union representatives, as well as a factory tour. These visits bring the "real-world" perspective to the course. SIM is built around five basic themes. The 15-credit immersion format allows each theme to be discussed in depth, and the interrelationships between these themes to be developed over the semester, giving students a broad understanding of how an enterprise functions.

ILRHR 690  Comparative Human Resource Management
Surveys human resource practices in two key regions of the world: Western Europe and the Pacific Rim. The focus is on HR issues related to management of professional and managerial work force, such as selection and staffing, development, and appraisal and reward systems. Special attention is given to current changes and trends in the human resource management area (e.g., unification of Europe, transformation of Japanese firms). Implications for multinationals operating in these countries will also be discussed.

ILRHR 691  Human Resource Planning and Strategy
2 credits. Limited. Prerequisites: ILRHR 560 or equivalent, one course in statistics, and permission of instructor. 7 weeks. Not offered 2000-2001. L. Dyer.
Covers the content of human resource strategies and the process of human resource planning. The emphasis is on developing human resource strategies that are integrated with firm business strategies. Covered are methods and techniques used to forecast and plan for organization structures and processes, work force population, employee contribution, and employee morale. Much of the course is organized around cases and simulations in which students make policy and program decisions for fictional organizations. Decisions are evaluated on the basis of their contributions to the organizations' human resource and business objectives.

ILRHR 692  Training the Displaced and Disadvantaged
Examines public and private efforts to lower unemployment and underemployment of displaced and disadvantaged workers. The seminar examines the type of the problem, its causes, and why specific programs have worked and others have not. Topics covered will include training for displaced workers, rehabilitation of the disabled, job-search training, tax credits for hiring, vocational training, literacy instruction, EEO, public service employment, assisting new business, and industrial policy. The seminar also investigates how the structure of the economy influences the ability of targeted training and job creation to achieve sustained reductions in unemployment and draws lessons from the experience of other societies.

ILRHR 693  Training and Development in Organizations
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ILRHR 260/560 or equivalent, 1 course in statistics or permission of instructor. M. Cavanaugh.
The purpose of this course is to acquaint students with aspects of learning in organizations. We will begin by discussing organizational learning, and then focus more narrowly on specific ways in which learning is achieved through the training and development functions. Topics throughout the semester include: how learning is linked to organizational strategy, how to determine that training is needed, issues regarding the design of training programs, current training techniques, evaluation strategies, and management development practices.

ILRHR 694  Human Resource Information System Applications
4 credits. Limited to 22 students. Prerequisites: ILRHR 260/560 or equivalent; ILRHR 266; at least 1 upper-level HRS elective; basic statistics; and permission of instructor. Not offered 2000-2001. J. Boudreau.
Explores the development, implementation, and management of computerized personnel information systems relevant to the design and implementation of human resource management. Theories and concepts relevant to the design and implementation of such systems are presented and used as the framework for hands-on experience with personal and mainframe computer systems. Students create and use applications of current popular human resource software to design their own applications and present them to the class. Where possible, student applications are based on field work in actual organizations.

ILRHR 695  Education, Technology, and Productivity
Fall. 3 credits. J. Bishop.
The seminar investigates the nexus between the education and training in schools and at the workplace and the technological modernization, productivity, and competitiveness of firms, individuals, and nations. We will investigate (1) how technological progress is changing the nature of work and what this implies for reform of education and training, (2) why United States productivity has increased so little in the past two decades, (3) how education and training contribute to growth and competitiveness, (4) why educational achievement has declined, and (5) how the respecification of education and training should be apportioned among individuals, firms, private nonprofit organizations, and government.

ILRHR 697  Special Topics in Resource Studies
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Staff.
The areas of possibility are determined each semester by the instructor offering the seminar.

ILRHR 698  International Human Resource Policies and Institutions
Fall. 3 credits. J. Bishop.
A comparative study of human resource practices and institutions in Europe, North America, Japan, and East Asia (with special emphasis on math and science education) and of the effects of these institutions on productivity, growth, and equality of opportunity. The institutions studied include primary and secondary education, apprenticeship, employer training, and higher education. Data on the consequences of policies is presented and an effort made to understand underlying causes. Human resource policies and institutions have contributed to the rapid growth and low levels of inequality in Europe, Japan, and the Pacific Rim nations. Another focus of the course is understanding the causes of the low levels of achievement of American high school students relative to their counterparts abroad.

ILRHR 760  Seminar in Human Resource Studies
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ILRHR 560, ILRST 510/511, and ILRHR 699 and permission of instructor. P. Wright
A "flexing" seminar designed to give faculty and students an opportunity to pursue specific topics in detail, with an emphasis on theory and research. Topics vary from semester to semester. Interested students should consult current course announcements for details.

ILRHR 765  International Compensation
4 credits. G. Milkovich.
Seminar focuses on international developments in employee compensation. Will study recent research, theoretical developments, and specific organizations' practices in a wide variety of countries. Local national practices will be our principal focus along with expatriates and others. Almost everyone believes they are experts in pay, so we will be drawing upon research and theories from sociology, economics, psychology, etc. Four operative terms are seminar, comparative, compensation, and organization. This is a seminar, so come to each session prepared to be an active player in discussions. Our focus is comparative, including research, theory, and practices of specific countries and groups of countries. Compensation includes all forms of pay including cash, benefits, allowances, and so on. Primary focus is at the organization level of analysis.

ILRHR 767  Human Resource Strategies for Entrepreneurial Firms
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Open to graduate students only. ILRHR 560, equivalent, or permission of instructor. Staff. For course description, see ILRHR 460.

ILRHR 769  Topics in International Compensation Theory and Research
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: ILRHR 699. G. Milkovich.
Examines recent developments in theory, research, and practice related to compensation. Discussion emphasizes the relevance of theory and research to compensation decision making. Students examine compensation and reward-related theories and research from supporting disciplines such as economics, psychology, sociology, and organizational behavior and evaluate their relevance to employee, managerial, executive, and international compensation.
This seminar is aimed at reading, understanding, formulating, design, and execution of his or her research, and skills necessary to evaluate, criticize, and contribute to the literature on human resource studies (HRS). Topics include bargaining, Labor Law, and Labor History. Immigration to NAFTA. The course provides an introduction to Mexican political economy for those with no prior background and an opportunity for students with more knowledge of Mexico to explore a research topic in greater depth.

ILIRC 533 Economic Geography
Explores the range of challenges affecting contemporary Mexican politics, society, and economic development—from democratization to immigration to NAFTA. The course provides both an introduction to Mexican political economy for those with no prior background and an opportunity for students with more knowledge of Mexico to explore a research topic in greater depth.

ILIRC 499 Directed Studies
For description, see the section, Collective Bargaining, Labor Law, and Labor History.

ILIRC 532 Europe, the United States, and Japan in a Global Economy
Fall. 4 credits. Graduate students. L. Turner.
See description for ILIRC 533. Graduate students attend class, take the midterm, and submit an analytical research paper at the end of the semester.

ILIRC 537 Special Topics
Fall or spring. 3 or 4 credits. Staff. Devoted to new topics in the field. The specific content and emphasis vary depending upon the interests of the faculty member teaching the course.

ILIRC 633 Labor, Industry, and Politics in Germany
Fall. 4 credits. Open to seniors with permission and graduate students. L. Turner.
Is the successful postwar "social partnership" model of organized capitalism in the Federal Republic of Germany viable in the 1990s? To answer this question, we will study the works of Karl Popper and the codetermination, the rise of a strong postwar labor movement, the contemporary German version of social partnership, with an emphasis on social events and the new challenges for German industry and labor posed by German unification and the single European market.

ILIRC 635 Labor Markets and Income Distribution in Developing Countries
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: ILRLE 240 or Economics 315 or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000-2001. G. Fields.
A course analyzing who benefits and how much from economic growth in developing countries and how income distribution would be affected by various public policies. Topics to be covered include: poverty, inequality, social welfare, and economic growth theory and evidence; poverty profiles, earnings functions and decompositions; employment, unemployment, wages, and labor markets; and an introduction to benefit-cost analysis, with application to the economics of education.

ILIRC 636 Comparative History of Women and Work (also WOMNS 636)
Fall. 4 credits. Permission of instructor. I. DeVault.
Will explore the similarities and differences between different cultures' assumptions about the work of women as well as women's experiences in varying work circumstances in an increasingly deregulated global economy?
throughout history. Beginning with theoretical pieces and overviews of the history of women and work, most of the course will consist of in-depth examinations of specific work situations or occupations across time and geography. Comparative examples will be taken from the United States, Europe, and the Third World.

ILRIC 637 Labor Relations in Asia
A comparative survey of the industrial relations systems of selected Asian nations such as Japan, S. Korea, Thailand, Malaysia, Singapore, Hong Kong, China, and several others. The emphasis is on economic development strategies and industrial relations policies in these countries. Industrial relations practices, the extent of union organization, and labor force demographics of these countries will be examined. The primary objective is to provide students with an introduction to industrial relations systems in Asia. The countries chosen are representative, but not exhaustive.

ILRIC 638 Labor, Free Trade, and Economic Integration in the Americas
Analyses the contemporary movements toward free trade and regional economic integration in the Western Hemisphere. Special attention is paid to labor's role in this process. Examines the origins and implications of the North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA) and looks at integration schemes in South America (Mercosur), Central America, and the Caribbean, and at hemisphere-wide initiatives. A research paper is required.

ILRIC 730 Research Seminar on Labor Markets and Economic Development
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: open to M.S. and Ph.D. students only. G. Fields. Research seminar for students writing theses or dissertations on aspects of labor markets and economic development. Will address research questions, methodologies, and contributions in the areas of employment and unemployment, income and earnings, educational and human resource development, welfare economics, and economic growth. Numerous presentations and written papers will be required.

ILRIC 739 The Political Economy of Mexico
For course description, see ILRIC 339.

ILR 790 ILR M.P.S. Program
Fall and spring. 1-9 credits. Supervised research only for those enrolled in the ILR M.P.S. Program.

ILR 799 Directed Studies
For description, see the section, Collective Bargaining, Labor Law, and Labor History.

Other courses approved to fulfill ILRIC distribution

ILRCB 304 Latin American Labor History
Fall. 1-credit. Open only to ILR freshman. S/U only. Staff.
This course is offered to (a) acquaint new freshman students with some of the issues and disciplines in the field of industrial and labor relations and (b) establish acquaintance among members of the ILR faculty and small, randomly assigned groups of students. The course includes a plant visit and several meetings early in the semester designed to introduce issues encountered in studying the employment relationship.

ILRHR 456 International Human Resource Management
Spring. Staff.
For description, see the section, Human Resource Studies.

ILRHR 461 The Design of Work Systems: Comparative and Interdisciplinary Perspectives
Fall or spring. R. Batt.
For description, see the section, Human Resource Studies.

ILRHR 466 Comparative Human Resource Management
Fall. Staff.
For description, see the section, Human Resource Studies.

ILRHR 469 Immigration and the American Labor Force
Fall and spring. V. Briggs.
For description, see the section, Human Resource Studies.

ILRHR 556 International Human Resource Management
Spring. V. Pucik.
For description, see the section, Human Resource Studies.

ILRHR 690 Comparative Human Resource Management
Fall. Staff.
For description, see the section, Human Resource Studies.

ILRHR 698 International Human Resource Policies and Institutions
Spring. Bishop.
For description, see the section, Human Resource Studies.

ILRLE 444 The Evolution of Social Policy in Britain and America
Spring. G. Boyer.
For description, see the section, Labor Economics.

ILRLE 448 Topics in Twentieth-Century Economic History: The Economics of Depression and the Rise of the Managed Economy
Fall. G. Boyer.
For description, see the section, Labor Economics.

ILRLE 640 Economic History of British Labor 1750-1940
Fall. G. Boyer.
For description, see the section, Labor Economics.

ILRLE 628 Cross-Cultural Studies in Organizational Behavior
Spring. Staff.

INTERDEPARTMENTAL COURSES

ILR 150 Freshman Colloquium
Fall. 1 credit. Open only to ILR freshman. S/U only. Staff.
This course is offered to (a) acquaint new freshman students with some of the issues and disciplines in the field of industrial and labor relations and (b) establish acquaintance among members of the ILR faculty and small, randomly assigned groups of students. The course includes a plant visit and several meetings early in the semester designed to introduce issues encountered in studying the employment relationship.

ILR 355 Documentary Research Methodology
Fall. 3 credits. P. Sine.
Critical evaluation of evidence is a fundamental skill for every professional engaged in the processing of information. Lawyers, arbitrators, and human resource managers are asked to find, assess, and use the appropriate sources to build their case, for a legal decision or the formulation of a particular policy. Will help develop the ability to analyze a broad range of retrospective evidence, critically evaluate it as to pertinence and accuracy, and place it in a well thought-out and coherent context. Designed to provide research methodology training specifically for professionals in the labor field. Topics will be selected from relevant studies in Industrial and Labor Relations.

ILR 451 Science, Technology, and the American Economy
Spring. 4 credits. V. Briggs.
The industrial revolution did not begin in the United States, but the nation became the world's first technological society. Attention will be given to the evolutionary confluence of science, technology, mathematics, religion, and capitalism in the formation of the U.S. economy, its institutions, and its labor force. Primary attention will be given to the post-World War II economic developments. The vantage point will be the linkage with employment, unemployment, income, and productivity considerations. Public policy issues (such as the employment impact of the computer, research and development policy, national defense influences, the "agricultural revolution," savings and investment rates, labor force preparedness) will be explored. Critical concerns pertaining to environmental impacts, income polarization, and consumerism will also be examined.

ILR 452 Writing in Industrial and Labor Relations
Fall or spring. 3 credits. J. Farley.
Will require close reading of four or five books related to the term's theme in the field of industrial and labor relations and careful writing about them. Students will also have an opportunity to practice writing about the world of work for different audiences.

ILR 790 ILR M.P.S. Program
Fall and spring. 1-9 credits. Supervised research only for those enrolled in the ILR M.P.S. program.

LABOR ECONOMICS


ILRLE 140 Development of Economic Institutions
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite for non-ILR students: permission of instructor. G. Boyer.
Provides students with an understanding of the historical roots of the economic system currently dominant in Western Europe and the United States. The course will focus on (a) the process of European economic growth prior to 1914, (b) the effect of industrialization on labor in Great Britain, and (c) the historical evolution of economic thought from Adam Smith to J. M. Keynes.
ILRLE 240 Economics of Wages and Employment (also ECON 341)
Fall and spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: Economics 101-102, Economics 315, or permission of instructor.
Applies the theory and elementary tools of economics to the characteristics and problems of the labor market. Considers both the demand (employer) and supply (employee) sides of the market to gain a deeper understanding of the effects of various government programs and private decisions targeted at the labor market. Topics covered include employment demand, basic compensation determination, education and training, benefits and the structure of compensation, labor force participation and its relation to household production, occupational choice, migration, labor-market discrimination, and the effects of unions.

ILRLE 340 Economic Security (also ECON 451)
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ILRLE 240 or equivalent.
Considers the economic and social effects of income security measures. Analyzes programs offering protection against economic loss due to industrial accident, temporary and permanent disability, illness, old age, premature death, and unemployment, as well as private efforts to provide security, and the problems of integrating public and private programs. Proposals for amending or modifying economic security measures are also considered.

ILRLE 348 The Economics of Unemployment (also ECON 453)
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: ILRLE 240/450 or permission of instructor.
This course introduces students to several issues fundamental to an understanding of unemployment: the social costs; definitional questions and measurement problems; the patterns of unemployment; and the various types of unemployment, their causes, and the policies that can or have been pursued to alleviate unemployment. The course is designed for undergraduate and graduate students who have taken a survey course in labor economics or its equivalent.

ILRLE 440 Special Topics in Labor Economics
Fall or spring. 4 credits. An undergraduate seminar whose topic changes depending on semester and instructor.

ILRLE 441 Income Distribution (also ECON 455)
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: ILRLE 240 or Economics 341. R. Hutchens.
Explores income distribution in the United States and the world. Topics to be covered include functional and size distributions of income, wage structure, income-generating functions and theories, discrimination, poverty, public policy and income distribution, and changing income distribution and growth. Students who have taken CEH 355 may not receive credit for 441.

ILRLE 442 The Economics of Employee Benefits (also ECON 456)
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: ILRLE 240 or equivalent. F. Biau.
An in-depth treatment of the economics and financial management and administration of all employee benefits: health care, insurance, retirement income, family-care benefits, executive incentive plans, and other compensations provided as a service or contingent financial package to employees. Detailed international comparisons of health care and retirement systems are included.

ILRLE 444 The Evolution of Social Policy in Britain and America
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: ILRLE 240 or equivalent. G. Boyer.
Surveys the history of social policy in Great Britain and the United States from 1800 to the adoption of the British welfare state after World War II. Topics covered include: the role of poor relief in the early nineteenth century; the changing relationship between public relief and private charity; the adoption of social insurance programs and protective labor legislation for children and women; government intervention in the Great Depression; and the beginnings of the welfare state.

ILRLE 445 Women in the Economy (also ECON 457 and WOMENS 446)
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite ILRLE 240 or equivalent.
Examines the changing economic roles of women and men in the labor market and in the family. Topics include: a historical overview of changing gender roles, the determinants of the gender division of labor in the family, trends in female and male labor force participation, gender differences in occupations and earnings, and the consequences of women's employment for the family.

ILRLE 446 Economic History of British Labor 1750-1940 (also ECON 459)
Fall or spring. 4 credits. G. Boyer.
Will examine various aspects of British labor history from the beginning of the Industrial Revolution until World War II. Specific topics will include: (1) monetary and nonmonetary changes in workers' living standards; (2) internal migration and emigration; (3) the London labor market; (4) the extent of poverty and the evolution of the welfare state; (5) Luddism and Chartism; and (6) the development of trade unions.

ILRLE 448 Topics in Twentieth-Century Economic History: The Economics of Depression and the Rise of the Managed Economy (also ECON 458)
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: ILRLE 240 or Economics 314. G. Boyer.
Topics covered include: the causes of the Great Depression in the United States; the economics of the New Deal; the causes of high unemployment in interwar Great Britain; the rise of Keynesian economics and the development of demand management policies in Great Britain and the United States after 1945.

ILRLE 495 Honors Program
Fall and spring (yearlong course). 3 credits each term.
For description, see the section on Collective Bargaining, Labor Law, and Labor History.

ILRLE 497-498 Internship
Fall and spring. 3 and 6 credits for description, see the section on Collective Bargaining, Labor Law, and Labor History.

ILRLE 499 Directed Studies
For description, see the section on Collective Bargaining, Labor Law, and Labor History.

ILRLE 540 Labor Economics
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: Economics 101-102 or Economics 103 or equivalent. Required of graduate students majoring or minorin in labor economics and M.I.L.R. candidates.
Applies the theory and elementary tools of economics to the characteristics and problems of the labor market. The course considers both the demand (employer) and supply (employee) sides of the market to gain a deeper understanding of the effects of various government programs and private decisions targeted at the labor market. Topics covered include employment demand, basic compensation determination, education and training, benefits and the structure of compensation, labor force participation and its relation to household production, occupational choice, migration, labor-market discrimination, and the effects of unions.

ILRLE 544 The Economics of Occupational Safety and Health (also ECON 461)
Spring. 3 credits. Offered only in New York City (for the M.P.S. Program). Staff.
A four-module course, in which the first module covers the basic elements of supply and demand in the labor market, the second and third modules cover the "new personnel economics" (e.g., personnel decisions in a firm that relate to selecting, training, assigning, motivating, and compensating workers), and the final module covers key institutions and economic security issues (including unemployment, pension, disability, discrimination, and unions). The goals of this course are to have students learn to analyze both business and public policy problems, taking into account both basic principles of economic theory and the relevant institutional environments.

ILRLE 642 Economic Analysis of the Welfare State (also ECON 460)
Spring. 4 credits. R. Hutchens.
Includes economic rationales for government intervention and analysis of the effects of programs on economic welfare. Discusses taxes, in-kind, and cash transfer programs. Includes some discussion of welfare states in other countries.

ILRLE 644 The Economics of Occupational Safety and Health
Spring. 3 credits. R. Hutchens.
Includes economic rationales for government intervention and analysis of the effects of programs on economic welfare. Discusses taxes, in-kind, and cash transfer programs. Includes some discussion of welfare states in other countries.
stringency of safety standards considered in a benefit-cost framework; the difficulties in enforcing the act; and estimates of the impact of the act.

ILRLE 647 Evaluation of Social Programs
Fall. 4 credits.
An introduction to the methodologies used by economists to evaluate the impacts of social-action programs and legislation. General evaluation methodology, cost-benefit analysis, and econometrics are discussed. Case studies are considered to illustrate the uses of these techniques, to acquaint the student with major current governmental programs and legislation, and to estimate these programs' economic impacts. Throughout, the primary analytic framework used by the instructor is microeconomics.

ILRLE 648 Economic Analysis of the University (also ECON 342)
Spring. 4 credits.
Seeks to illustrate the complexity of decision making in a nonprofit organization and to show how microeconomic analysis in general, and labor market analysis in particular, can be usefully applied to analyze resource allocation decisions at universities. Among the topics covered are financial aid, tuition, admissions policies, endowment policies, faculty salary determination, the tenure system, mandatory retirement policies, merit pay, affirmative action, comparable worth, collective bargaining, resource allocation across and within departments, undergraduate versus graduate education, research costs, libraries, athletics, and "socially responsible" policies. Lectures and discussion of the extensive readings will be supplemented by presentations from Cornell administrators and outside speakers who have been engaged in university resource allocation decisions or have done research on the subject.

ILRLE 744 Seminar in Labor Economics I (also ECON 641)
Spring. 3 credits.
ILRLE 744, 745, and 746 constitute the Ph.D.-level sequence in labor economics.
Reading and discussion of selected topics in labor economics. Applications of economic theory and econometrics to the labor market and human resource areas.

ILRLE 745 Seminar in Labor Economics II (also ECON 642)
Fall. 3 credits. ILRLE 744, 745, and 746 constitute the Ph.D.-level sequence in labor economics.
Reading and discussion of selected topics in labor economics. Applications of economic theory and econometrics to the labor market and human resource areas.

ILRLE 746 Seminar in Labor Economics III (also ECON 643)
Spring. 4 credits. ILRLE 744, 745, and 746 constitute the Ph.D.-level sequence in labor economics.
Reading and discussion of selected topics in labor economics. Applications of economic theory and econometrics to the labor market and human resource areas.

ILRLE 747 Economics of Education
Spring. 4 credits. R Ehrenberg.
A survey of the research on a wide variety of issues at the elementary, secondary, and higher education levels. Examples of the issues addressed at the elementary and secondary level are the labor markets for teachers and administrators, educational production functions, class size experiments, financing and voter behavior, special education, and school choice. At the higher education level, issues addressed include public and private funding, financial aid and tuition policies, faculty labor markets and Ph.D. production. While the emphasis is on the American educational system, research from other countries may also be discussed. Interested students other than economics and labor economics Ph.D. students should speak to the instructor before enrolling for the course.

ILRLE 748 Economics of Employee Benefits
Fall. 4 credits.
Students in this course attend the lectures in ILRLE 442 (see description for 442) but have additional course requirements. If enrollment warrants, they will also meet separately at a time TBA for discussion of topics in 442 and additional topics.

ILRLE 749 Economics of Development (also ECON 672)
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: first-year graduate economic theory and econometrics.
Analytical approaches to the economic problems of developing nations. Topics to be covered include: some old and new directions in development economics thinking; the welfare economics of poverty and inequality, empirical evidence on who benefits from economic development, labor market models, project analysis with application to the economics of education, and development policy.

ILRLE 790 ILR M.P.S. Program
Fall and spring. 1-9 credits.
Supervised research only for those enrolled in the ILR M.P.S. program.

ILRLE 798 Internship
For description, see the section on Collective Bargaining, Labor Law, and Labor History.

ILRLE 799 Directed Studies
For description, see the section on Collective Bargaining, Labor Law, and Labor History.

ILRLE 940 Workshop in Labor Economics
Fall and spring. 3 credits. Intended for Ph.D. students who have started to write their dissertations. Presentations of completed papers and work in progress by faculty members, advanced graduate students, and speakers from other universities. Focus is on the formulation, design, and execution of dissertations.

ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOR

ILRLE 171 Introduction to Micro Organizational Behavior and Analysis: The Social Psychology of the Workplace
Spring. 3 credits. Staff.
This introductory (survey) course considers the basic individual and group processes in the workplace. At the individual level, we will study personality, motivation, perception, attitude formation, and decision making. On the group level, we will emphasize group dynamics, leadership, power and influence, and culture.

ILRLE 321 Group Solidarity (also SOC 311)
4 credits. M. Macy.
What is the most important group that you belong to? What makes it important? What holds the group together, and how might it fall apart? How does the group recruit new members? Make and enforce rules? Do some members end up doing most of the work while others get a free ride? We will explore these questions from an interdisciplinary perspective, drawing on sociology, economics, and social psychology, as we apply alternative theories of group solidarity to a series of case studies, such as urban gangs, spiritual communities, the civil rights movement, protest-life activists, athletic teams, work groups, and college fraternities.

ILRLE 322 Work and Organization (also SOC 323)
Fall. 4 credits. M. Lounsbury.
This course will theoretically examine the concept of work and track how the nature of work and the operations of organizations are changing, highlighting the complex linkages between economic activity, social change, and individual experience. Includes a service-learning requirement that is designed to involve students in projects at local government or community organizations. This field based activity will also enable students to complement theoretical perspectives learned in class with a more grounded, experiential understanding of the relationship between work and organization.

ILRLE 324 Gender and Work (also SOC 314/514 and WOMNS 314/514)
Spring. 4 credits. M. Brinton.
The purpose of this course is to familiarize students with the field of gender stratification. The first part of the course will examine long-term changes in women's labor force participation and the division of labor between the sexes as societies industrialize. We consider theoretical work as well as empirical case studies of a number of countries ranging from Taiwan to Ireland. The second part of the course focuses on gender and work in highly industrialized societies.
and includes empirical studies of the gendered division of labor in households and the labor market of the United States in particular. The structure of the course is lecture one day per week and detailed discussion and critique of selected readings on the second day. Students take a mid-term exam and prepare a research proposal on some aspect of gender and work. During the last two weeks of the course, students present synopses of their research proposals and we discuss and constructively critique them.

ILROB 328 Cooperation, Competition, and Conflict Resolution
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: one course in social psychology or equivalent. Staff. An examination of theory and empirical evidence relating to the resolution of interpersonal, intergroup, and international conflict. Specific attention is devoted to studying factors that contribute to the development of cooperative or competitive bonds between parties to a conflict. The factors considered include: the availability and use of threat; the credibility, intensity, and costs of threat; fractioning and escalating conflict. Personality and situational factors that regulate conflict intensification are stressed.

ILROB 329 Organizational Cultures
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: 1 or more courses in sociology. Staff. Reviews the concept of culture as it has evolved in sociology and anthropology, applying it to formal organizations such as corporations and unions. The course first examines the nature of social institutions such as corporations, emphasizing the role of cultural psychological forms that operate as collective messages, rituals, symbols, myths, sagas, legends, and organizational stories. Considerable attention will be given to rites and ceremonies as a cultural form in organizational life that consolidates many of these expressive forms into one. The course will examine types of ceremonial behavior such as rites of passage, rites of enhancement, and rites of degradation, including the role of language gestures, physical settings, and artifacts in ceremonial behavior. The presence of subcultures and countercultures in organizational behavior will also receive attention, especially the part played by occupational subcultures in informal organizations.

ILROB 370 The Study of Work Motivation
Fall. 4 credits. Open to juniors and seniors. T. Hammer. Designed to acquaint the student with the basic concepts and theories of human motivation with implications for job design and organizational effectiveness. Focus is on theories of worker motivation and on research approaches and results as these apply to the performance of individuals and groups in formal organizations. Readings are predominately from the field of organizational psychology, supplemented by relevant contributions from experimental and social psychology. Each student will design, execute, and analyze a research study of his or her own.

ILROB 371 Individual Differences and Organizational Behavior
Fall or summer. 4 credits. Recommended: some acquaintance with the substance and methods of behavioral or social science. L. Gruenfeld. Examines personality from a comparative psychodynamic point of view. Social behavior, authority relationships, and work motivation are used to illustrate how various theories could be applied to understand behavior and experience in organizations.

ILROB 373 Organizational Behavior Simulations
Fall. 5 credits. Prerequisites: ILROB 170 and 171 or equivalent. Limited enrollment. R. Stern. Basic principles of organizational behavior are studied through participation in simulation games. Simulations model traditional organizations and cooperatives. Games model executive decision making, running a company, assembly work, and cooperative decision making. Organizational design, decision making, conflict, cooperation, and power are the central topics of discussion. The contrasting bases of power in the organizations permits the study of the assumptions underlying organization structure and process.

ILROB 420 Contemporary Organizational Behavior: Applications
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ILROB 170 and 171. L. Gasser. An exploration of current practical applications of OB theory in organizations. Using a range of contemporary resource, students will sift through practitioner articles and research; manage discussions; meet with managers, consultants, and employees; and explore organizational issues and problems from micro and macro perspectives in a political and ethical way. Students will also develop a toolbox of knowledge and skills to effectively carry out several organizational interventions or development initiatives. Choice of topics may differ to focus on contemporary issues such as: emotional intelligence, influencing organizational climate and morale, engaging strategic planning processes, managing large-scale participative techniques, using job or workplace design concepts, applying SWOT analysis, developing effective teamwork, managing diversity, applying quality management tools, etc.

ILROB 421 Regulating the Corporation
Spring. 4 credits. R. Stern. Will examine public and private power from an organizational perspective. The resource-dependence approach to organization-environment relations provides a framework for interpreting government attempts at the regulation of corporate behavior. Topics cover the structure and functioning of government regulatory agencies and corporate responses to regulation, including corporate strategy, change, and political influence. Business ethics and corporate social responsibility are considered along with the role of interest groups such as consumer or citizen organizations. Research and case materials focus on the implementation of environmental protection, occupational health and safety, equal opportunity, antitrust, securities, and consumer regulations.

ILROB 422 Organizations and Deviance
Fall. 3 credits. Enrollment limited to 60. W. Sonnestuhl. Focuses upon the deviant actions of organizations, including such behaviors as price fixing, environmental pollution, illegal campaign contributions, and discrimination in hiring and promotion. Examines the origins of such behaviors in organizations, the processes by which they became institutionalized, and the processes by which they became defined as deviant organizational actions. Within this context, the course will examine such contemporary cases as Exxon's Valdez oil spill, Iran-Contra, oil price fixing, and the federal savings and loan scandal. These events raise troubling questions about what it means to live and work in an organizational society, and they cannot be dismissed as instances of a few individuals gone bad.

ILROB 425 Sociology of Industrial Conflict
Spring. 4 credits. R. Stern. The course focuses on the social, economic, and political causes of industrial conflict. The nature of work and the employment relationship provide the foundation for understanding both individual and collective expressions of conflict in work settings. Worker background, psychological contracts and authority relations set the stage for studying conflict expressions including strikes, labor turnover, absenteeism, sabotage, accidents, deviant behavior, violence, and other forms of conflict at work.

ILROB 427 The Professions: Organization and Control
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of the instructor. P. Tolbert. Focuses on the sources of power and control exercised by professional groups in contemporary society. A number of issues will be examined in this context including: the role of professions in society, processes through which an occupational group becomes defined as a profession, sources of control that professional associations have over their members, relations between professionals and nonprofessionals in organizations, and the relationship between unionization and professionalization of occupations.

ILROB 428 Organizational Change and Intervention
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Limited to 25. Juniors and seniors with permission of instructor. L. Williams. Seminar will focus on planned and unplanned change in organizations. Topics will include: market and acquisition announcements, downsizing, self-management, and the role of change agents. Participants will be required to develop and present topics in addition to keeping a weekly journal and participating in exercises.

ILROB 429 Organizational Politics and Institutional Change
Spring. 2 credits. 7 weeks. Limited to juniors and seniors with permission of the instructor. Please see instructor before the first class. S. Bacharach. Will examine the market, cultural, political, and structural forces that change the organizational "rules of the game." How those changes affect individuals and organizations, and the distortions that occur as individuals and organizations attempt to adjust to a new unstable order. Issues to be examined include power, corruption, re-shaking, rationality, uncertainty, and competition. Course requirements include completing a major research paper and leading a class discussion.

ILROB 470 Group Processes
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ILROB 170 and 171 or equivalent. Permission of instructor. L. Lawler. A review of theoretical approaches and selected research on group phenomena, including the formation of groups, the
structure of group relations, and group performance. Specific topics include conformity and obedience, status and power relations, tactics of influence, solidarity and commitment, the management of emotion, the emergence and change of microcultures, and the role of groups in networks and organizations.

ILROB 472 Applied Organizational Behavior
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ILROB 170 and 171. S. Bacharach.
Introduces students to intermediate theory of organizational behavior. It will specifically concentrate on teaching students to use organizational theories for analytical and applied purposes. Among the issues to be addressed are organizational structure, work processes, organizational politics, organizational design, job design, incentive systems, and quality-of-work-life programs.

ILROB 474 Personality and Organizational Behavior Only
3 credits. Prerequisite: ILROB 170 or permission of instructor. B. Smith.
Will provide an overview of theoretically grounded perspectives on personality assessment. While this is not a class in personality theory, various theories will be discussed. Will cover the historical rise, fall, and rebirth of personality theory. In addition, the course will examine the use of personality theory to understand both the behavior of people in organizations and the "behavior of organizations." Students will be offered the opportunity to participate in a series of personality assessments designed for individual self-assessment. These assessments will be used throughout the course as an aid to understanding the relationship between personality and behavior in the world of work.

ILROB 495 Honors Program
Fall and spring (yearlong course). 3 credits each term.
For description, see the section, Collective Bargaining, Labor Law, and Labor History.

ILROB 497-498 Internship
Fall and spring. 3 and 6 credits.
For description, see the section, Collective Bargaining, Labor Law, and Labor History.

ILROB 499 Directed Studies
For description, see the section, Collective Bargaining, Labor Law, and Labor History.

ILROB 520 Organizational Behavior and Analysis
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Staff.
Survey of concepts, theories, and research from the fields of organizational and social psychology as these relate to the behavior of individuals and groups in organizations. Job attitudes, motivation, performance, leadership and power, group formation, perception, and cognizance. While this is not a class in personality theory, various theories will be specifically analyzed. An attempt will be made to understand how the micro-political rules of organizational games are institutionalized in change. Among the ideas to be discussed are the institutionalization of ideology and the specification of the relationships among power, tactics, and strategy. Interest groups and coalition politics examined in terms of conflict and bargaining. Other issues to be discussed include corruption, dealmaking, and competition. Examples will be selected from both the private and public sectors. Seminar requirements include a major paper and/or take-home final exam.

ILROB 624 Groups in Work Organizations
Fall. 4 credits. Enrollment limited. Permission of instructor required. L. Gruenfeld.
This is an experiential learning course designed primarily for advanced students who have a comprehensive background in the theory and methods of the behavioral sciences. Work group members study their roles and relationships to each other, the task, other work groups, and especially authorities. Students write a number of self-reflective papers in which they conceptualize their experiences and relate them to theory and method in organizational behavior and experience.

ILROB 625 Conflict, Power, and Negotiation
Fall. 3 credits. Open to seniors and graduate students. Permission of instructor required. L. Gruenfeld.
This course considers theories and techniques for the identification and improvement of organizational problems at the behavioral (micro) level. Methods for the implementation of change are evaluated in the light of several normative and descriptive theories of individual and group development and effectiveness. The course emphasizes both quantitative and qualitative data processing procedures.

ILROB 626 Sociology of Markets (also SOC 622)
3 credits. M. Lounsbury.
Since World War II, the diffusion of "markets" in Asia, Eastern Europe, and Latin America as well as changes in the structure of Western economies has reinvigorated questions about how markets are socially structured. Drawing on the literature in economic sociology, this course explores the social, cultural, economic, and political factors that shape the emergence and dynamics of markets. Among the issues to be addressed are: the social organization of markets, market discrimination, the cooperative aspects of market formation and functioning, the role of government and other institutional arrangements, the relationship of economic change to broader social forces such as social movements, and the shift towards globally market-oriented economies.

ILROB 627 Micropolitics in Organizations
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ILROB 170 and 171. Limited, permission of instructor. B. Smith.
Examines micro-political processes in organizations. Neo-Machiavellian, Marxian, and Weberian approaches to organizational politics will be specifically analyzed. An attempt will be made to understand how the micro-political rules of organizational games are institutionalized in change. Among the ideas to be discussed are the institutionalization of ideology and the specification of the relationships among power, tactics, and strategy. Interest groups and coalition politics will be examined in terms of conflict and bargaining. Other issues to be discussed include corruption, dealmaking, and competition. Examples will be drawn from both the private and public sectors. Seminar requirements will include an in-class presentation and a major paper and/or take-home final exam.

ILROB 629 Personality in Organization
Fall. 4 credits. Open to undergraduates with permission of instructor. L. Gruenfeld.
This advanced course considers psychodynamic theories of organizational diagnosis at the individual and group levels. Topics include leadership, power, authority, work motivation, intervention, and change. The topics are discussed and applied in small study groups. The professor's role is as a consultant and resource person. Class members study and research their own behavior and present their qualitative and quantitative findings to the class. Students are expected to have background and interest in both research methods and theory.

ILROB 670 Seminar in Manufacturing
Spring. 15 credits. Open to master's and Ph.D. students in Industrial and Labor Relations with permission of instructor.
Intended for students who want to work as professionals or who have a strong interest in the manufacturing industries. It is taught by an interdisciplinary faculty team from the College of Engineering, the Johnson School of Management, and the School of Industrial and Labor Relations. Course material will be based on plant visits and project work with local industry. Student participation will be in

ILROB 626 Organizations and Social Inequality
Spring. 3 credits. P. Tobler.
Examines the central role that organizations in industrial societies play in allocating income, status, and other resources to individuals. A variety of theoretical explanations of social inequality will be examined, and the social policy implications of each will be considered.

ILROB 627 Leadership in Organizations
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: 2 organizational behavior courses at the 300 level or advanced courses in sociology or psychology. L. Gruenfeld.
An examination of theories and research findings from the behavioral sciences that are relevant to leadership and the influence process in groups and organizations. Personality, situational, group, and interpersonal processes, interpersonal perception as well as the motivation to both lead and follow will be discussed. The implications for leadership training, organization development, and action research are explored.

ILROB 628 Cross-Cultural Studies in Organizational Behavior
Spring. 3 credits. Limited. Permission of instructor before registering in course. L. Gruenfeld.
Designed for students interested in social psychological theory and research in international culture comparisons of behavior and experience in organizations. Variables such as power distance, individualism-collectivism, universalism-particularism, and attiudes toward authority as well as work motivation will be examined. Upon completion of the readings and discussion of conceptual materials and consideration of several major international comparison studies, each student will prepare and present a paper on a topic of his/her own choosing. The topic is usually related to his/her country of origin (China, Japan, German, United States, etc.).
ILROB 671 Organizations as Social Networks
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: 1 or more courses in organizational behavior, sociology, anthropology, or political science. A course in statistics or research methods would be helpful.

ILROB 674 The Social Psychology of Behavior and Experience in Organizations
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: ILROB 170 and 171 or ILROB 520. L. Gruenfeld.
Considers theories that seek to explain behavior at the individual, group, and organizational level. Work motivation, leadership, and the member composition and dynamics of groups will be discussed. Harmony, conflict, and other aspects of the relationship among groups in the organization will be evaluated.

ILROB 675 Cooperative Strategies for Improving Organizational Performance
Spring. 4 credits.
Will concentrate on presentation and analysis of a series of case studies involving projects using cooperative strategies to improve organizational performance. Emphasis will be given to cases in which union and management have been working together to enhance productivity and the quality of working life. Cases will be used to develop an understanding of the use, strengths, and limitations of cooperative labor relations.

ILROB 676 Systems of Labor Participation in Management
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: senior standing and permission of instructor. Examines the theory and practice of worker participation in systems ranging from informal shop-level participation to self-management. Special emphasis is placed on socio-technical systems of work design and work restructuring that give workers control over the labor process. Attention is also given to legislation programs of participation (codetermination) and to participation in employee-owned firms.

ILROB 679 Methods of Observation and Analysis of Behavior Attitudes and Values in Work Groups and Organizations
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Permission of instructor required.
Considers qualitative and psychometrically precise and systematic research methods for the study of behavior in groups and organizations. Includes a workshop that is designed to improve teamwork among the use of on-line data generated by group members. Personality, leadership culture, and group dynamics are the major focus. Students will observe, record, and videotape groups and individual behavior, which will be analyzed with the help of microcomputer programs, especially SYMLOG (a system for the multiple-level observation of groups) developed by Bales (1970, 1979). In addition to lectures and discussion of research papers, this course will also include a research project designed and executed by the students.

ILROB 720 Issues of Measurement in Research on Organizations (Instrumentation)
Fall. 4 credits.
Concerns the study of tests and measures used to assess central phenomena in organizations and behavior related fields. Students will learn where to find measures suitable for their research purposes and will examine the theories that define the constructs being measured, the empirical information available about different measures—construction, reliability, and validity, and the ways in which the instruments have been used in research and practice.

ILROB 721 Advanced Micro Organizational Behavior
Spring. 3 credits.
Examines the historical development of psychological theories of organizational behavior and contemporary issues in micro organizational research. The course will emphasize reading and analysis of primary source material.

ILROB 722 Advanced Macro Organizational Behavior
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ILROB 520.
Examines the historical development of sociological theories of organizations and contemporary issues in macro organizational research. The course will emphasize reading and analysis of primary source material.

ILROB 723 Behavioral Research Theory, Strategy, and Methods I
Fall. 4 credits. Designed to meet the needs of M.S. and Ph.D. candidates majoring in organizational behavior, but other graduate students may enroll.
Materials covered in ILROB 723 and 724 include (1) theoretical, conceptual, and ethical questions; (2) survey research and attitude-scaling procedures; (3) laboratory research methods; (4) participant observation and interviewing methods and an examination of records and qualitative data analysis. Provides students with important philosophical background for doing research and exposes them to a well-balanced, interdisciplinary set of quantitative and qualitative research tools.

ILROB 724 Behavioral Research Theory, Strategy, and Methods II
Spring. 3 credits. Designed to meet the needs of M.S. and Ph.D. candidates majoring in organizational behavior, but other graduate students may enroll.
Course will cover (a) analysis and interpretation of quantitative data, (b) traditional problems encountered in the assessment of human and organizational characteristics, (c) the use of different methods of data analysis, and (d) an examination of the limitations imposed on data collection and analysis by traditional measurement procedures. Examples of topics covered in the course: the use of Chi-square, t-tests, ANOVA, simple and multiple correlation and regression, reliability and validity analyses, causal models, factor analysis, scale construction.

ILROB 725 Analysis of Published Research in Organizational Behavior (also SOC 725)
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ILROB 520 and 1 year of statistics.
An advanced research methods course that critically examines published research papers in the field of organizational behavior in terms of research design and method as well as theory.

ILROB 726 Selected Topics in Organizational Behavior
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ILROB 520 and permission of instructor.
An advanced seminar course that seeks to develop an interdisciplinary perspective on selected topics in organizational behavior. The topics themselves will change from year to year depending on participants' interests.

ILROB 727 Work and Industrial Conflict
Spring, weeks 7-14. 2 credits.
A concentrated examination of the sociology of industrial conflict. The seminar focuses on classic formulations of conflict theory in sociology, then the social, political, economic causes of industrial conflict. Both individual and collective forms of conflict expression are examined. Some discussion of the implications of various types of worker management interventions for industrial conflict will be included.

ILROB 728 Theories of Motivation and Leadership
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: ILROB 520.
(1) Theories of Work Motivation. 7 weeks.
Course will provide an introduction to basic concepts of human motivation in general, with particular emphasis on the theories that explain and predict work motivation. Students will examine the empirical research that tests the validity of the theories and shows how and under what conditions different motivation models can be used for practice in work organizations.

(2) Theories of Leadership and Power. 7 weeks.
Several current microtheories of leadership and power and related research are examined. The disciplinary perspective employed is social organizational psychology and the level of analysis emphasized is action and experience of individuals in groups.
ILRST 210 Statistical Reasoning I
Fall, spring, and summer 2000–2001. 3 credits. Attendance at weekly discussion section is required. J. Angellotti, P. Velleman. An introduction to the basic concepts of statistics and data analysis. Descriptive methods, normal theory models, and inference procedures for univariate and bivariate data. Basic statistical design, introduction to probability and applications of the Binomial and Normal distributions. Estimation, confidence intervals, and tests of significance for a single population mean and proportion, the difference in two population means and proportions, simple linear regression, correlation, and two-way contingency tables. Students are instructed on the use of a statistics computer package at the beginning of the term and use it for weekly assignments.

ILRST 211 Statistical Reasoning II
Spring, 3 credits. Prerequisite: ILRST 210 or suitable introductory statistics course. A. Hadi, P. Velleman. A second course in statistics. Applications of statistical data analysis techniques, particularly to the social sciences. Topics include statistical inference; simple linear regression; multiple linear regression; logistic regression; and analysis of variance. Computer packages are used throughout the course.

ILRST 310 Statistical Sampling
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: 2 terms of statistics. J. Bunge. Theory and application of statistical sampling, especially in regard to sample design, cost, estimation of population quantities, and error estimation. Assessment of nonsampling errors. Discussion of applications to social and biological sciences and to business problems. Course includes an applied project.

ILRST 311 Practical Matrix Algebra
Spring. 3 credits. J. Angellotti, A. Hadi. Matrix algebra is a necessary tool for statistics courses such as regression and multivariate analysis and for other “research methods” courses in various other disciplines. One goal of this course is to provide students in various fields of knowledge with a basic understanding of matrix algebra in a language they can easily understand. Topics include special types of matrices; matrix calculations; linear dependence and independence; vector geometry; matrix reduction (trace, determinant, norms); matrix inversion; linear transformation; eigenvalues; matrix decompositions; ellipsoids and distances; some applications of matrices.

ILRST 312 Applied Regression Methods
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: ILRST 211 or equivalent courses. T. DiCiccio, P. Velleman. Matrix algebra necessary to analyze regression models is reviewed. Multiple linear regression, analysis of variance, nonlinear regression, and linear logistic regression models are covered. For these models, least squares and maximum likelihood estimation, hypothesis testing, model selection, and diagnostic procedures are considered. Illustrative examples are taken from the social sciences. Computer packages are used.
INDUSTRIAL AND LABOR RELATIONS - 2000-2001

ILRST 313  Design and Analysis of Experiments
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: ILRST 211 or equivalent. J. Angellotti.

The statistical design and analysis of comparative experiments including completely randomized, factorialized, randomized block, latin squares, and split-unit designs including crossover and repeated measures. Application of statistical design to research problems. Analyses to compare treatment groups including ANOVA, ANCOVA, contrasts, and multiple comparison procedures. Computer packages are used.

ILRST 314  Graphical Methods for Data Analysis
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: ILRST 211 or equivalent. P. Velleman.

Classical and recently developed graphical methods for analysis and display. Characteristics of effective and honest graphs with comparison of alternative methods for understanding data. Includes study of current computer programs and methods expected to be practical in the near future. Graphing of univariate data, bivariate plots, multivariate data, graphical methods of data analysis; the specification, modification, and control of graphs; study of interaction between choice of display and underlying patterns.

ILRST 410  Techniques of Multivariate Analysis
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: ILRST 312 or equivalent. Not offered 2000-2001. P. Velleman.

Techniques of multivariate statistical analysis discussed and illustrated by examples from various fields. We emphasize application, but theory will not be ignored. Deviation from assumptions and the rationale for choices among techniques are discussed. Students are expected to learn how to thoroughly analyze real-life data using computer-packaged programs and should have some knowledge of matrix notation. Topics include: multivariate normal distribution, sample geometry and multivariate distances, inference about a mean vector; comparison of several multivariate means, variances, and covariances; detection of multivariate outliers; principal component analysis; factor analysis; canonical correlation analysis; discriminant analysis, and multivariate multiple regression.

ILRST 411  Statistical Analysis of Qualitative Data
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: 2 statistics courses or permission of instructor. T. DiCiccio, M. Wells.

An advanced undergraduate and beginning graduate course. Includes treatment of association between qualitative variables, contingency tables, log-linear models, binary ordinal, and multinomial regression models, limit dependent variables.

ILRST 499  Directed Studies
For description, see the section, Collective Bargaining, Labor Law, and Labor History.

ILRST 510  Statistical Methods for the Social Sciences I
Fall, spring, and summer. 3 credits. J. Angellotti, J. Bunge, T. DiCiccio, P. Velleman.

A first course in statistics for graduate students in the social sciences. Descriptive statistics, probability and sampling distributions, estimation, hypothesis testing, simple linear regression and correlation. Students are instructed on the use of a statistics computer package at the beginning of the term and use it for weekly assignments.

ILRST 511  Statistical Methods for the Social Sciences II
Fall, spring, and summer. 3 credits. Prerequisite: ILRST 510 or equivalent introductory statistics course. J. Bunge, T. DiCiccio, A. Hadi, P. Velleman.

A second course in statistics that emphasizes applications to social science data. Topics include: simple linear regression; multiple linear regression (theory, model building, and model diagnostics); and the analysis of variance. Computer packages are used extensively.

ILRST 610  Seminar in Modern Data Analysis
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: 2 statistics courses or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000-2001. P. Velleman.

A survey of new aspects of statistical analysis as distinct and unique, we will treat them as special cases of a common model. Another goal of the course is to emphasize the application of these techniques.

ILRST 611  Statistical Computing

A survey of the range of topics that are involved in statistical computing. Topics include: basic numerical methods, numerical linear algebra, nonlinear statistical methods, numerical integration and approximation, smoothing and density estimation. Additional special topics may include: Monte Carlo methods, statistical graphics, computing-intensive methods, parallel computation, or computing environments. Designed for graduate students in the statistical sciences or fields interested in new advances. Students may be asked to write programs in a programming language of their choice.

ILRST 612  Data Mining
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: 3 courses in statistics including multiple regression, computer experience (preferably cross platform), and matrix algebra (may be taken concurrently). J. Bunge.

Data mining is the fastest-growing business application of statistics. The term typically refers to a suite of methods used to estimate or predict a response (e.g., probability that a customer will buy a new product), based on a large set of predictors (5,000 independent variables is not large). Methods include: logistic regression, decision trees (CART, CHAID), neural networks, and discriminant analysis; diagnostics and outlier detection are also important. We will use the new SAS software package Enterprise Miner, which gives a point-and-click interface for data cleaning, exploration via several methods, and we will also use the IBM competitor Intelligent Miner. I will draw on my consulting experience in industry and will hopefully obtain real (sanitized) datasets for us to work on. For more information e-mail John Bunge at jab18@cornell.edu, see also www.cornell.edu/Academic/RSF9/RSF9ILRST.html.

ILRST 613  Bayesian and Conditional Inference
3 credits. Prerequisites: graduate level courses equivalent to OR&IE 670 and OR&IE 651 or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000-2001. M. Wells.

Covers the following topics: loss functions and utility theory, prior information and subjective probability, coherency, basic Bayesian inference, empirical Bayesian inference, robust Bayesian inference, Bayesian computations, and confirmatory. One purpose of the course is to demonstrate the generality of this model. Rather than treating path analysis, recursive models, classical econometrics, and confirmatory factor analysis as distinct and unique, we will treat them as special cases of a common model. Another goal of the course is to emphasize the application of these techniques.

ILRST 615  Expert Systems and Probabilistic Network Models

This is an interdisciplinary course for students in applied mathematics, computer science, statistics, and other related fields of applications such as medical, engineering, and social sciences. Topics include: components of expert systems, rule-based expert systems, probability-based expert systems, uncertainty measure, dependency models, Bayesian and Markov networks, change in state based on probability, learning structure from data, and examples of applications. Students will use computer software to gain experience.

ILRST 711  Robust Regression Diagnostics
3 credits. S-U only. Prerequisite: ILRST 512 or equivalent or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000-2001. P. Velleman.

Regression models are simplifications of reality; we rarely expect the model to be exactly true. In many applications of regression, however, small changes in a model, a model assumption, or a data point can have very large effects on the results. Regression analysis is viewed in this course as a cyclical process, which takes inputs and produces outputs in an interactive or cyclical way, a way in which the outputs can be used to diagnose, validate, criticize, and possibly alter the inputs. This is an attempt to narrow the gap between the theory and practice of regression analysis. We discuss classical methods as well as a recently developed general framework for assessing the sensitivity of the outputs to small changes in the input. Students are expected to be able to perform through analyses of real-life data using computer packages. Topics to be discussed include: role of variables in a regression equation, regression outliers and influential observations, robust statistics, diagnostics for least squares (e.g., LSMS, LAV, ILRS) error-in-variables models, and generalized linear models.
mathematical statistics. The first part of the
Sampling theory from the viewpoint of
ILRST 712 Theory of Sampling
ILRST 713 Counting Processes with
Statistical Applications
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: a course at the technical level of Math 572 and 574 or permission of instructor. M. Wells. The statistical analysis of life history data is playing an increasing role in the social, natural, and physical sciences. We will formulate and solve various practical problems in the statistical analysis of life history data using the modern theory of stochastic processes. We will examine the martingale dynamics for point processes relevant to life history data. Both parametric and nonparametric inference will be considered. The large sample properties of the proposed procedures will be discussed in detail using recent extensions of functional central limit theorems for martingales.

ILRST 714 Topics in Modern Statistical Distribution Theory
3 credits. Prerequisites: courses equivalent to OR&E 651 or Math 571, and STATS 409 or OR&E 670. Not offered 2000–2001. Recent research has revealed vast territories of distribution theory that are unfamiliar to most statisticians. An introduction to three topics underlying this "modern" theory: infinite divisibility, decomposability, and stability; characterization of distributions; extensions of univariate distributions to multivariate distributions.

ILRST 715 Likelihood Inference
3 credits. Prerequisites: graduate courses equivalent to OR&E 670 and OR&E 672. Not offered 2000–2001. In most statistical models, exact distribution theory for testing hypotheses or constructing confidence intervals is either unavailable or computationally cumbersome. Inferences are routinely performed by using large-sample approximations to the distributions of test statistics. This course provides a survey of some recent higher-order asymptotic approximations for likelihood-based methods of inference.

ILRST 716 Statistical Consulting
2 credits. Prerequisite: limited to graduate students S-U only. Not offered 2000–2001. A course in practical consulting on "real-world" statistical problems. Under the supervision of the instructor(s), students will handle problems presented by clients (usually faculty and graduate students from other fields) and will collaborate in proposing a statistical model, analyzing data, and interpreting results. Statistical computing will be used as needed.

ILRST 717 The Analysis of Discrete Data
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: graduate courses equivalent to OR&E 670 or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. T. DiCiccio. This course concerns statistical models and methods for analyzing categorical data. The key models to be covered are log-linear models for contingency tables and logistic regression models for binary-response and multinomial data. Asymptotic distribution theory necessary for inference in these models will be emphasized. Other topics include conditional inference and connections with generalized linear models. Computer packages will be used for analyses in practical examples.

ILRST 799 Directed Studies
For description, see the section, Collective Bargaining, Labor Law, and Labor History.

ILR Extension
Statewide
The following courses are open to participants in the Extension Division's statewide credit programs in labor studies and management studies. Extensive curriculum is offered in Buffalo, Albany, Rochester, Ithaca, New York City, and Long Island. These courses are not open to undergraduate or graduate students matriculated in the Ithaca ILR programs. Courses and course credits earned in Extension Division certificate programs are not automatically accepted as transfer credits or as a basis of admission to the resident ILR undergraduate and graduate programs in Ithaca. Student applications for course transfer are evaluated by the ILR school on an individual basis.

204 Managing Conflict
Fall or spring. 3 credits. The purpose of this course is to provide students with opportunities to apply conflict resolution theory to specific situations, based on real-life problems that require resolution. Students will examine situations, analyze the facts and perceptions driving the actors, and engage in applying communication, negotiation, and mediation techniques to reduce or eliminate the conflict.

205 Oral Skills for Conflict Management
Fall or spring. 3 credits. This course emphasizes the development of oral communication skills required to successfully manage conflict both as a party to a dispute, and as a third party who is charged with helping to resolve a dispute. The course presents simulations to help the participants practice their skills.

206 The Nature of Conflict
Fall or spring. 3 credits. The purpose of the course is to provide students with the conceptual foundation to engage in further study of conflict management and conflict resolution. Having taken the course, the students will (1) be able to identify and describe types of conflict; (2) be able to identify the various sources of conflict; (3) be able to apply a conceptual model of conflict to interpersonal, organizational, and international conflict situations; (4) be able to describe conflict situations in terms of social psychological aspects using a "person perception" or "attribution" theoretical orientation, and (5) be able to identify their personal response styles to conflict.

208 Workplace Negotiations
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Will cover the theory and practice of negotiation as it applies to workplace and business situations. Students will be exposed to theoretical models of negotiation and will participate in negotiation exercises. Students will be participating in two negotiation exercises and will be asked to write a paper on their negotiating position in each exercise. More weight will be given in grading to the student's ability to provide a thought-out rationale for positions and tactics than to the outcome of the negotiation itself.

241 Arbitration
3 credits. A study of the place and function of arbitration in the field of labor-management relations, including an analysis of principles and practices, the law of arbitration, the handling of materials in briefs or oral presentation, the conduct of an arbitration hearing, and the preparation of an arbitration opinion.

242 Public Sector Collective Bargaining
Fall or spring. 3 credits. This course is designed as an introduction to collective bargaining in the public sector. The course examines the historical development of bargaining in public employment, the evolution of state and federal and bargaining theory and practices, as well as impasse resolution techniques frequently found in this sector. Special emphasis will be given to developing an understanding of the similarities and differences between public and private sector bargaining and how they have affected tactics and strategies employed by the parties.

243 Growth of American Business and Management History
Fall or spring. 3 credits. The growth and cycles of American business enterprise produced significant changes in education, government, work, the family, the ethnic composition of the population, and the landscape. As business and industry expanded, new methods evolved for managing these enterprises. This course will examine the development of managerial practices, the relationship of management to the work force, and the social ramifications of capitalist expansion.

245 Public Sector Labor Law
3 credits. A survey and analysis of the New York State Public Employees Fair Employment Act as made as well as a comparison with other state laws covering public employees. The course will examine the extent to which the law protects and regulates concerted actions by employees in the public sector. The intent is to study and understand the law as written, but more importantly how it has been interpreted by the courts of New York State in its application. Major emphasis will be employee and employer rights, including recognition and certification, improper practices, strikes, grievances, and disciplinary procedures of the New York State Public Employment Relations Board.

247 Labor and the American Economy
3 credits. Will help the student understand how economic theories relate to the economic problems confronting the American citizen in general and the American union member in particular. Emphasis will be placed on contemporary economic theories and how their proponents attempt to solve American economic problems.
248 Employment Practices Law
Fall or spring. 3 credits.
Consider laws and regulations that directly affect managers and employers. Students will examine issues and laws such as Equal Employment Opportunity, Employee Retirement Income Security Act, Federal Wage and Hour Laws, Occupational Safety and Health Act, unemployment laws and other topics. Students will focus on the practical application of laws and their impact on the workplace.

250 New York Workers' Compensation Law for Trade Unionists and Injured Workers
Fall or spring. 3 credits.
There is a collective perception that the New York Workers' Compensation system is too punitive and too slow in its handling of personal injury claims. Students will study the impact of the workers' Compensation system in New York and the role of the injured workers' organizations believe that, if properly empowered, they can be just as effective as lawyers in looking after their injured colleagues' claims. This course is structured to give both an introduction and an understanding of this system. We will delve into every nook and cranny of New York's Workers' Compensation law. The course will be entirely practical. Skills teaching, how to present a case, document, ethics, and perseverance, are built into the course. Experts on how the system really works will also be used.

251 Principles and Practices of Management
Fall or spring. 3 credits.
Examines the principles of contract bargaining, including bargaining environments and structures as well as standards used in bargaining. Students will learn to prepare bargaining documents, cost economic issues, draft noneconomic contract language, negotiate economic and noneconomic issues, and resolve a contract bargaining impasse. The course will consider the impact of contract bargaining outcomes on workers, unions, employers, and the public.

252 Contract Bargaining
Fall or spring. 3 credits.
Examines the principles of contract bargaining, including bargaining environments and structures as well as standards used in bargaining. Students will learn to prepare bargaining documents, cost economic issues, draft noneconomic contract language, negotiate economic and noneconomic issues, and resolve a contract bargaining impasse. The course will consider the impact of contract bargaining outcomes on workers, unions, employers, and the public.

253 Contract Administration
Fall or spring. 3 credits.
Focuses on the role of the steward in administering the union contract in the workplace. Students will evaluate grievance and arbitration clause in practice, the role of the union steward, the role of local and international unions, negotiation of grievances, and preparation for arbitration. Students will analyze the impact of grievance and arbitration procedures on workers, unions, and employers.

254 Labor Law
Fall or spring. 3 credits.
Examines the principles of labor law by looking at social philosophy and the historical context of federal labor legislation from the 1930s. Students will concentrate on major provisions of the National Labor Relations Act, examining how the National Labor Relations Board and the federal courts have interpreted the national labor laws. Discussion will include new directions in labor legislation and interpretation with consideration given to the impact of labor law on workers, unions, and employers.

255 Labor History
Fall or spring. 3 credits.
Reviews American labor history from the perspective of workers' social dimensions of the development of the working class, reform and revolutionary movements, and the emergence of craft, industrial, and public employee unions. The course will be a discussion of the development of trade union institutions and leaders and the evolution of union political activities and collective bargaining. Special attention will be paid to the involvement of women and minority workers with unions.

256 Dispute Resolution
Fall or spring. 3 credits.
Examines third-party participation in dispute resolution in private and public sector collective bargaining. Development of dispute resolution methods in American labor relations continues in neutral, binding arbitration of grievances and mediation; conciliation; and fact finding procedures will be discussed. We will also look at exclusive labor-management mechanisms to settle industry disputes.

257 Human Resource Administration
Fall or spring. 3 credits.
Designed to prepare personnel practitioners in the modern organization. It will focus on manpower planning, employment, training and development, motivation and compensation, and personnel appraisal and communication for students who are currently supervised or personnel practitioners or for those aspiring to those positions.

258 Organizational Behavior
Fall or spring. 3 credits.
Designed to illustrate how behavioral science theory leads to research and how theory and research provide a basis for practical application in business, industry, education, and government.

259 Union Administration
Fall or spring. 3 credits.
Focus is on the principles and practices of effective union administration. Students will study the dynamics of democratic organizations and the development of organizational leadership. The course explores alternative methods of decision making and lines of responsibility. The legal obligations of unions and union officials will be discussed and analyzed. The course also examines the structure and evolution of relationships inside the labor movement.

260 Project Management
Fall or spring. 3 credits.
Through the process of restructuring, many companies are "flattening out" the hierarchy of management levels. This means that more responsibilities are being shared downward to employees who may not have the status (authority) of supervisor or manager, but who have the enormous responsibility of completing complex, critical projects within well defined business response to the shift in responsibility downward and with much more to be accomplished with limited resources, the demands for employees with effective project management skills is increasing. Employees who can successfully manage projects are and will continue to be the most marketable individuals in the work force because their skills are transferable to all disciplines, organizations, and situations.

261 Contemporary Labor Problems
Fall or spring. 3 credits.
Surveys contemporary labor problems that confront the American labor movement. Students will be presented with cases and be asked to identify the appropriate labor relations; issues and practices in neutral, interest arbitration; the role of the National Labor Relations Board and the federal courts have interpreted the national labor laws. Discussion will include new directions in labor legislation and interpretation with consideration given to the impact of labor law on workers, unions, and employers.

262 Professional Writing: The Power of the Written Word in Business
Fall or spring. 3 credits.
Focuses on the importance of effective writing skills and strategies required to be successful in business communities. Students will sharpen existing writing skills, correct bad writing habits, and develop new writing habits through "real life" exercises taken from case studies and their own experiences. In addition, they will learn the importance of using rhetorical strategies such as defining situations required writing responses, writing to a specific audience, attending to a specific purpose, choosing the appropriate language, and varying tone and style as the situation demands. Students, upon completing this course, will have the confidence and the writing skills to successfully address most situations requiring written communication. Genres include memos, proposal letters, and reports.

263 Speaking and Listening for Business and the Professions
Fall or spring. 3 credits.
The overall objective is to equip participants with the skills and knowledge they need to speak and listen effectively. By the end of the course, students will be able to accurately listen to, and interpret oral communication; identify major causes of listening misunderstandings such as biases, distractions, emotions, etc.; describe and employ techniques for overcoming these listening barriers; speak effectively in front of an audience; describe ways to build rapport with an audience; persuade, persuade, persuade, and make presentations, and speak extemporaneously.

264 The Evolution of Work in America
Fall or spring. 3 credits.
Explores the evolution of contemporary business operations. Discussion will focus on historical and present-day theories of work organization, changes in the workplace and workforce, and future trends. The relationships between businesses and the societies in which they exist, in both local and global economies, will also be examined.

265 Health in the Workplace
Fall or spring. 3 credits.
Examines the state and federal laws that affect job safety, health, and the way workers and their unions can use legislation to promote safe and healthy working conditions. Topics include safety and health standards; the enforcement of these standards, the responsibilities of management; the rights of employees and their unions, including the rights to information; collective bargaining for safety and health; and discrimination.
344 Union Strategies for Safety and Health
Fall or spring. 3 credits.
Even with OSHA, the most effective tool for change in the unionized work environment remains the collective bargaining process and collective action. This course explores specific strategies for making the workplace safer through collective bargaining, workers education, safety and health committees, joint labor-management committees, working with COSH groups, union-sponsored medical exams at occupational health clinics, and the OSHA complaint process. Case studies will consider integration of occupational health initiative into broader union strategies such as organizing drives and industrial development planning.

345 Health Hazards Identification and Evaluation in the Workplace
Fall or spring. 3 credits.
Students will learn about the many work site health hazards including toxic chemicals, biological agents, radiation, and electromagnetic fields. Routes of exposure, acute and chronic health effects, and the bases of regulatory exposure limits such as TLV's and OSHA PEL's will be discussed. Basic hazard evaluation and information gathering techniques will familiarize students with available resources for evaluating work site conditions.

346 Introduction to Industrial Hygiene: Hazard Evaluation and Control
Fall or spring. 3 credits.
This course builds on the knowledge acquired in both the safety hazard and health hazard courses to provide students with greater mastery of hazard evaluation and control methods. (Students are encouraged to complete the health hazard and safety hazard courses before taking industrial hygiene.) It will provide practical, hands-on training in evaluating potential workplace hazards. Students will learn about environmental monitoring methods such as air sampling and become familiar with the commonly used equipment. They will also learn to interpret and evaluate monitoring data provided by professional testers.

347 Safety Hazards Identification and Evaluation in the Workplace
Fall or spring. 3 credits.
Safety hazards (as opposed to health hazards) generally involve harm of an immediate and sometimes violent nature; health effects include burns, electrical shock, broken bones, and the loss of limbs, eyesight, or hearing. With chemicals, the primary concern is their explosive, reactive, or flammable nature rather than with the toxic effects that are the focus of health hazard evaluation. Students will become familiar with site inspection and hazard identification methods and will learn about control techniques appropriate for a variety of work settings.

360 Labor, Government, and Politics
3 credits.
A survey of the ways the American political system affects labor and how organized labor affects the system through voting, political parties, and interest groups.

367 Safety and Health in the Workplace
Fall or spring. 3 credits.
To provide basic education and training in workplace safety and health. The course will focus on applicable federal and state laws, standards for safety and health, industrial hygiene, and such health concerns as asbestos, radon, and AIDS. Practical experience will be provided through workplace walk-through safety and health inspections and in use of industrial hygiene equipment that measure noise, temperature, humidity, airflow, and airborne toxins.

FACULTY ROSTER
Abowd, John M., Ph.D., U. of Chicago. Prof., Labor Economics
Angellotti, Jon E., M.S. candidate, Cornell U. Social Statistics
Bacharach, Samuel, Ph.D., U. of Wisconsin. Jean McKeen-Alvey Grant Prof. of Labor Management Relations, Organizational Behavior
Batt, Rosemary, Ph.D., Mass. Inst. of Technol., Human Resource Studies
Blau, Francine D., Ph.D., Harvard U. Francis Perkins Prof. of Industrial and Labor Relations, Labor Economics
Boudreau, John W., Ph.D., Purdue U. Assoc. Prof., Human Resource Studies
Boyer, George R., Ph.D., U. of Wisconsin. Prof., Labor Economics
Briggs, Vernon M., Jr., Ph.D., Michigan State U. Prof., Human Resource Studies
Bunge, John A., Ph.D., Ohio State U. Assoc. Prof., Social Statistics
Collins, Christopher, Ph.D., U. of Maryland. Asst. Prof., Human Resource Studies
Compa, Lance, J.D., Yale Law School. Sr. Lecturer, Collective Bargaining, Labor Law, and Labor History
Cook, Maria L., Ph.D., Univ. of Calif, Berkeley. Assoc. Prof., Collective Bargaining, Labor Law, and Labor History
DiCicco, Thomas J., Ph.D., U. of Waterloo. Assoc. Prof., Social Statistics
Dyer, Lee D., Ph.D., U. of Wisconsin. Prof., Human Resource Studies
Ehrenberg, Ronald, Ph.D., Northwestern U. Irving M. Ives Professor of Industrial and Labor Relations and Economics, Labor Economics
Fairley, Jennie T., Ph.D., Cornell U. Prof., Extension
Fields, Gary S., Ph.D., U. of Michigan. Prof., Labor Economics
Hadi, Ali S., Ph.D., New York U. Prof., Social Statistics
Hammer, Tove H., Ph.D., U. of Maryland. Prof., Organizational Behavior
Homighouse, Christina, B.S., Ithaca College. Lecturer, Human Resource Studies
Hurd, Richard W., Ph.D., Vanderbilt U. Prof., Extension and Public Service
Hutchens, Robert M., Ph.D., U. of Wisconsin. Prof., Labor Economics
Jakubson, George H., Ph.D., U. of Wisconsin. Assoc. Prof., Labor Economics
Katz, Harry C., Ph.D., U. of California at Berkeley. Jack Sheinkman Prof. in Collective Bargaining, Labor Law, and Labor History
Kuruvilla, Sarosh C., Ph.D., U. of Iowa. Assoc. Prof., Collective Bargaining, Labor Law, and Labor History
Lawler, Edward J., Ph.D., U. of Wisconsin at Madison. Prof., Organizational Behavior
Lipsky, David B., Ph.D., Massachusetts Inst. of Technology. Prof., Collective Bargaining, Labor Law, and Labor History
Lounsbury, Michael, Ph.D., Northwestern U. Asst. Prof., Organizational Behavior
Milkovich, George, Ph.D., U. of Minnesota. Martin P. Gafterwood Professor of Industrial and Labor Relations, Human Resource Studies
Roberson, Quinetta, Ph.D., U. of Maryland. Asst. Prof., Human Resource Studies
Salvatore, Nicholas, Ph.D., U. of California at Berkeley. Prof., Collective Bargaining, Labor Law, and Labor History
Seebor, Ronald L., Ph.D., U. of Illinois. Assoc. Prof., Extension
Smith, D. Brent, Ph.D., U. of Maryland. Asst. Prof., Organizational Behavior
Smith, Robert S., Ph.D., Stanford U. Prof., Labor Economics
Sonnenstuhl, William J., Ph.D., New York U. Assoc. Prof., Extension and Organizational Behavior
Stern, Robert N., Ph.D., Vanderbilt U. Prof., Organizational Behavior
Stone, Katherine J. D., Harvard U. Prof., Collective Bargaining, Labor Law and Labor History
Tolbert, Pamela S., Ph.D., U. of California. Assoc. Prof., Organizational Behavior
Velllemen, Paul F., Ph.D., Princeton U. Assoc. Prof., Social Statistics
Wells, Martin T., Ph.D., U. of California at Santa Barbara. Prof., Social Statistics
Wright, Patrick M., Ph.D., Michigan State U. Prof., Human Resource Studies
The primary function of the Law School is to prepare attorneys for both public and private practice who will render the highest quality of ethical and professional service to their clients and who will further legal progress and reform. The curriculum is designed to prepare students for admission to the bar in all American states and territories.

Ordinarily, a student who is admitted to the Law School must have a baccalaureate degree from an approved college or university. The course of study leading to the degree of Doctor of Law (J.D.) covers three academic years. Students may be admitted as special students, to pursue advanced legal studies without seeking a degree.

For further information, refer to the Law School catalog, which may be obtained from the Office of the Registrar, Myron Taylor Hall.

FIRST-YEAR COURSES

**LAW 500 Civil Procedure**
- Fall and spring. 6 credits. K. M. Clermont, B. J. Hensley, P. Fossi.
- An introduction to civil litigation, from commencement of action through disposition on appeal, studied in the context of the federal procedural system. Also, a detailed consideration of federalism and ascertainment of applicable law; jurisdiction, process, and venue; and former adjudication.

**LAW 502 Constitutional Law**
- Fall. 4 credits. K. A. Abrams, S. H. Shuffrin, G. J. Simson, J. P. Stotzky.
- A study of basic American constitutional law, including judicial review, some structural aspects of the Constitution as developed, particularly in light of the passage of the Civil War amendments, and certain of its rights provisions.

**LAW 504 Contracts**
- Fall and spring. 6 credits. R. A. Hillman, R. S. Summers, W. F. Taylor.
- An introduction to the nature, functions, and processes of exchange, contract, and contract law. The course focuses on the predominant rules and principles governing contract and related obligation, including the substantive reasons underlying the rules and principles.

**LAW 506 Criminal Law**
- Spring. 4 credits. S. D. Clymer, S. P. Garvey.
- An introductory study of the criminal law, including theories of punishment, analysis of the elements of criminal liability and available defenses, and consideration of specific crimes as defined by statute and the common law.

**LAW 508 Legal Methods**
- Legal Methods is a full-year course designed to introduce first-year students to lawyering skills, with primary emphasis on legal writing, analysis, and research. In the context of a law office, students create some of the essential legal writings that lawyers produce. For example, students prepare predictive memoranda for their boss, pointing out the strengths and weaknesses of their client’s case and attempting to develop winning arguments. Students may also write a “client letter,” using plain English to explain to their client the law, the merits of the case, and, possibly, advise the client on the best course of conduct. Finally, students develop their oral and written advocacy skills and start thinking about litigation strategy by researching and writing persuasive memoranda or legal briefs for a trial or appellate court and then, at the end of the year, orally arguing their case. Instruction occurs in small sections of approximately 37 students and in individual conferences. Each student receives extensive editorial and evaluative feedback on each written assignment.

**LAW 512 Property**
- Spring. 4 credits. G. S. Alexander, A. D. Davis.
- An investigation of the law’s protection of ownership, including the beginnings of property, legal and equitable estates, concurrent ownership, and public and private regulation of land use.

**LAW 515 Torts**
- An introduction to the principles of civil liability in the tort field: intentional wrongs, negligence, and strict liability. Attention is also given to the processes by which tort disputes are handled in our legal system.

UPPERCLASS COURSES

**LAW 602 Administrative Law: The Law of the Regulatory State**
- Fall or spring. 3 credits. Limited enrollment. Prerequisite: Constitutional Law strongly advised. Students without such background should consult the instructor. C. R. Farina, J. J. Rachlinski.
- An introduction to the constitutional and other legal issues posed by the modern administrative state. Topics include: procedural due process, separation of powers, procedural modes of administrative policymaking; judicial review of agency action; the oversight and control relationships between agencies and Congress or the President. The course provides a working familiarity with the fundamentals of administrative procedure, as well as a larger inquiry into the role of agencies in our constitutional system—and the effect of legal doctrine on shaping that role.

**LAW 608 American Indian Law**
An examination of the primary themes and materials of the federal law concerning Native American tribes and individuals. The course devotes considerable attention to the historical development of law and policy in that area and to banking regulation and authority over Indian country among federal, state, and tribal governments.

LAW 610 Antitrust Law
Fall. 2 or 3 credits. Students who have taken an antitrust course in the Paris Program may take this course for 2 credits. G. A. Hall.
A consideration of the basic antitrust rules enacted by Congress and amplified by the courts to protect competitive markets and limit the exercise of monopoly power. Price fixing, boycotts, and market allocation agreements among competitors; agreements between suppliers and customers; joint ventures; attempts to monopolize and monopolization; price discrimination; and mergers.

LAW 611 Arbitration
Fall. 3 credits. Limited enrollment. R. K. Hull.
Arbitration is the principal method of resolving disputes between unions and employers, between securities brokers and their clients, and, under international business agreements, and is gaining favor in many other areas. This course familiarizes students with arbitration practice in a variety of fields through the use of simulation exercises, role-playing, and discussion of readings and videotapes. Class exercises focus on practical skills, including case preparation, preliminary hearings, all phases of case presentation, and post-hearing briefs. The practical distinctions between arbitration and traditional litigation are noted throughout.

LAW 612 Banking Law and Regulation
The course begins by defining the roles that banks and other financial intermediaries play in the economy. It considers the claim that a specialized set of regulations governing the activities of financial intermediaries is justified by the special role banks occupy in society. In that context a variety of theoretical arguments about the role of banking regulation are considered. The course then examines each of the major laws that govern banking activities against the background of the various regulatory theories discussed. Topics addressed include entry restrictions, growth and expansion of bank activities, regulation of the business of banking, expansion through the bank holding—company structure, branch banking, interstate banking, and regulation of failing or failed banks.

LAW 613 Bankruptcy
Spring 3 credits. Prerequisite: Students who have taken Debtor-Creditor Law are ineligible for this course. T. Eisenberg.
Selected topics in the law of bankruptcy. An overview of the various bankruptcy chapters and a detailed study of the bankruptcy procedures of most general applicability. The relationship between the rights of an Article 9-secured creditor and the bankruptcy trustee's power to avoid liens. Related topics in the bankruptcy division of assignments and the law of fraudulent conveyance.

LAW 614 The Business Acquisitions Process
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: Corporations. Limited enrollment. V. F. Garrett, Jr.
The focus of this course is developing the lawyering skills required by an attorney advising a client who is selling or purchasing a business. Individual drafting exercises, as well as client interview/strategy discussions and negotiations. By student respect acting as counsel to the buyer or seller, will be interspersed with period lectures on the business acquisition process and analysis of selected publicly available documentation of actual acquisitions. The typical chronology of an acquisition: analysis of the financial statement of the target company; negotiation by the buyer and the seller of the basic terms of the deal including selection of structure (sale vs. merger); drafting and negotiation of a term sheet or letter of intent; due diligence investigation; drafting and negotiation of the definitive acquisition agreement; handling of problems encountered between the execution of that agreement and the closing of the acquisition; and the closing.

LAW 615 Children, Parents, and the State
Spring. 2 credits. L. Teitelbaum.
This course explores legal and social understandings of the rights of children, parents, and the state. It examines cases such as access to and control over the content of education, authority regarding health care, claims to speech and expression, and procreative decisions. The course also examines the implication of rights in connection with juvenile court jurisdiction over neglect and abuse, delinquency, and status offenses.

LAW Civil Rights Legislation
Explores in depth the history and current status of federal civil rights legislation. The course focuses on 42 U.S.C.§1983, the dominant vehicle for vindication of constitutional rights in civil cases, and on Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the principal federal statute covering employment discrimination.

LAW 616 Commercial Law
Spring. 3 credits. W. F. Taylor.
Examines a variety of commercial dealings and focuses on Articles 2 and 3 of the Uniform Commercial Code, with some coverage of other Articles and the Convention on Contracts for the International Sale of Goods. The course is designed to give students an understanding of commercial statutes and to inform them about many of the underlying commercial transactions to which the law relates.

LAW 617 Comparative Law
Spring. 3 credits. F. Werro.
The course provides students with a comprehensive overview of the U.S. copyright law. It begins with the laws of the states and the laws of the United States of America and expands to include international laws. The course then provides an in-depth study of the rights granted to authors under this law, the standards for judging copyright infringement, public policy limitations on the scope of copyright interest (such as the fair use defense), and remedies available to successful litigants. Issues raised by new information technologies and recent amendments addressing them will receive special attention. Partly as an aid for understanding the full-faith-and-credit clause to respect sister-state judgments, and conflicts between federal and state law.

LAW 618 Comparative Law: Asian Legal Systems
Spring. 3 credits. A. Riles.
This course has two related goals. First, we will consider some elements and motifs of legal systems of the Asia Pacific region. Second, we will consider basic elements and motifs of the discipline of comparative law—its aims, tradition, methods, and achievements—and use materials and problems from the Asia Pacific region to reflect critically and programmatically on a disciplinary project that traditionally defines itself in predominantly Euro-American terms. One question for the course will be how to bring to fruition the practical implications and theoretical richness of the materials we will study, from the points of view of both academics and practitioners.

LAW 619 Conflict of Laws
Spring. 3 credits. G. J. Simson.
A study of the methods used by courts to decide the applicable law in cases that, in their parties or events, involve more than one state or country. Attention to the due-process limitations on jurisdiction, a state's obligation under the full-faith-and-credit clause to respect sister-state judgments, and conflicts between federal and state law.

LAW 620 Constitutional Law II: The First Amendment
Spring. 3 credits. S. H. Shiffrin.
A comprehensive discussion of freedom of speech, press, and association. The free-exercise-of-religion clause and the establishment clause of the First Amendment are treated less extensively.

LAW Constitutional Remedies
Explores in depth the history and current status of 42 U.S.C.§1983, the major statutory vehicle for vindication of constitutional rights in civil cases.

LAW 621 Copyright
Fall. 3 credits. P. W. Martin.
Copyright law has become increasingly important as the American economy has shifted from a predominantly manufacturing economy to an information economy. This course provides students with a comprehensive overview of the U.S. copyright law. It begins with coverage of the substantive and procedural requirements for qualifying for copyright protection, then provides an in-depth study of the rights granted to authors under this law, the standards for judging copyright infringement, public policy limitations on the scope of copyright interest (such as the fair use defense), and remedies available to successful litigants. Issues raised by new information technologies and recent amendments addressing them will receive special attention. Partly as an aid for understanding the full-faith-and-credit clause to respect sister-state judgments, and conflicts between federal and state law.
LAW 622 Corporate Finance and Emerging Markets
Spring. 3 credits. A. B. Kingston.
The course examines legal aspects of various types of corporate finance transactions in emerging markets and evaluates the role of commercial lawyers in these transactions. The course focuses on corporate finance transactions occurring in the midst of the transformation of former Soviet bloc states from command to market economies. Transactions in emerging markets pose different political, economic, social, and legal challenges from those arising from transactions in other, more predictable, legal systems. At the same time, the globalization of the worldwide economy and the profound shortage of capital in many emerging markets make this one of the fastest growing fields of commercial law.

LAW 624 Corporate Governance
Fall. 2 credits. Prerequisite: Corporations
This course focuses, at an advanced level, on the principal legal and economic governance questions facing major corporations today. Among the subjects considered are: (1) a reevaluation of the consequences of the divorce of corporate control from ownership; (2) the status of the corporation in the law of shareholder democracy; (3) proper corporate goals; (4) the corporation and its constituencies (shareholders, labor, consumers, etc.); (5) the duties and responsibilities of corporate directors, officers, and insiders; (6) the role of the corporate lawyer; (7) the role—and new activism—of institutional investors; (8) the respective roles of state corporation law and federal securities law; and (9) comparative corporate governance and the problems of systemic convergence and transitions.

LAW 625 Corporations
Fall or spring. 4 credits. J. R. Macey, P. Pur.
An introduction to the business corporation laws affecting the rights and roles of corporate boards of directors, senior executive officers and shareholders, with an emphasis on large, publicly traded firms. Shareholders' economic interests are examined from the perspective of limited liability and dividend standards, expectations of liquidity or transferability of shares and the use of debt capital as a mode of financing corporate activity. Shareholders' limited participation rights in corporate decision making are examined from the perspective of state and federal rules governing shareholder voting and the duties of corporate insiders and the notion of managerial expertise (e.g., as evidenced by judicial application of the "business judgment rule"). The latter part of the course focuses on directors' and officers' fiduciary obligations to shareholders, examining the operation of these duties in a variety of settings and transactions. Issues relating to the roles and functions assumed by corporate attorneys (with respect to their clients) and the role of business corporations within society are also addressed. No previous business knowledge is assumed.

LAW 627 Criminal Procedure
Spring. 3 credits. S. D. Clymer.
This course surveys the law of criminal procedure, with emphasis on the constitutions of the United States and the states that regulate the pretrial stage of the criminal process. More specifically, the course focuses on the law of interrogations and confessions, the admissibility of evidence, and on the right to counsel throughout all stages of the criminal process.

LAW 629 Death Penalty in America: A Survey
Fall. 2 credits. J. H. Bluene.
The course will survey the law relating to the administration of the death penalty.

LAW 630 Directed Reading
Fall or spring. 1 or 2 credits. Arrange directly with instructor. See Law School Registrar.
An examination of a topic through readings selected by arrangement between the instructor and an individual student or group of students (not exceeding eight).

LAW 633 Employment Law
Spring. 3 credits. S. J. Schwab.
Survey of major statutory schemes and common law doctrines that regulate the employer-employee relationship in the private sector, other than laws regulating union formation and collective bargaining which are covered in Labor Law. Topics covered include unjust dismissal, drug testing, free speech, privacy, and antidiscrimination laws. In addition, the course will provide an overview of major statutory schemes affecting the terms and conditions of employment, such as unemployment insurance, employee benefits regulation, workers' compensation, the Fair Labor Standards Act, and the Occupational Safety and Health Act.

LAW Entertainment Law
This course explores areas within the broad field of entertainment law. Topics include contract law, labor, antitrust, the role of agents, personal and privacy rights, literary and music publishing, sound recordings, films and television.

LAW 636 Environmental Law
Spring. 3 credits. J. J. Rachlinski.
The course surveys the major environmental laws with a primary focus on federal statutes (CERCLA, RCRA, NEPA, the Clean Water Act, the Clean Air Act, and the Endangered Species Act). The course lays out the various governmental tools used to address the problems of environmental degradation and discusses the value of these tools. Special attention is paid to economic, social, and political obstacles to efficient regulation of the environment.

LAW Estate and Gift Taxation
This course surveys the federal taxes imposed on wealth transfers: the estate tax, the gift tax, and the generation-skipping tax.

The course uses a problem-oriented approach, with emphasis on the Internal Revenue Code, regulations, and other tax materials.

LAW 640 Evidence
Fall or spring. 3 credits. S. D. Clymer, F. F. Rossi.
The rules of evidence in civil and criminal cases with emphasis on relevance, authentication, witnesses, expert testimony, and hearsay. The course focuses on the Federal Rules of Evidence, with some attention to how they diverge from the common law.

LAW 641 Family Law
Spring. 3 credits. M. A. Fineman.
Broadly understood, family law is the study of state imposed rules regulating intimate and intemal relationships in society. Consideration of the legal regulation of intimate relations collapses traditional law school distinctions such as those drawn between "civil" and "criminal" or "public" and "private" mechanisms for control of behavior. The laws that effect family formation and dissolution are many and varied. They reach deep into our lives, influencing as well as being influenced by our assumptions and beliefs about what is "natural," and "normal." In this course we will use scientific and social scientific explanations to explicitly evaluate some of those assumptions and beliefs, and to call into question the appropriateness of a number of current state laws regulating families. We will examine the evolution of our society's understanding of and expectations for marriage, as well as shifts over the past several decades in the nature of and justification for state regulation of that institution. Substantial attention also will be paid to the social and economic consequences of marriage dissolution, including an examination of the imposition of a gender neutrality—gender equality model in the divorce context. The imposition of this model has resulted in a transformation of the legal rule governing distribution of property and allocation of custody and control over children with some problematic consequences. Topics to be considered include: definitions, policy and trends in American law; the regulation of marriage, the legal significance of marriage rights and obligations, private ordering within the marital context, nonmarital relationships—rights and obligations, divorce and divorce substitutes, separation, and child support obligations, marital property and theories of marital equality, rights to children.

LAW 643 Federal Courts
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Constitutional Law and second semester of Civil Procedure. Students without such background should consult with instructor. B. J. Holden-Smith.
An intensive examination of the federal courts and their constitutional and statutory role in the federal system. The relationship of the federal courts with the other branches of the federal government and with the states, and the relationship between state and federal law. Case-or-controversy problems, the allocation of jurisdiction between state and federal courts, federal question and diversity jurisdiction of the federal courts, and limitations thereon. The course is strongly recommended for anyone planning a judicial clerkship.

LAW 644 Federal Income Taxation
Fall or spring. Fall, 4 credits; spring, 3 credits. Limited enrollment. T. Eisenberg, R. A. Green.
A basic course designed to develop understanding of tax concepts and ability to work effectively with the Internal Revenue Code, regulations, cases, and other tax materials.

LAW 646 Feminist Jurisprudence
Spring. 3 credits. Limited enrollment. K. A. Altvater.
This course examines the role of law, and, more generally, the role of the state, in perpetuating and remedying inequities against women. We will study several paradigmatic feminist legal theories, including equality, difference, dominance, and various antessentialist theories (e.g., intersectional, poststructuralist). Among the questions considered will be: How does the law help to construct gender? In what ways does it interact with cultural images and assumption regarding women? How can a set of institutions implicated in women's marginalization be used to remedy it?

Can a legal system predicated on the liberal assumption of a unitary, prepolitical, autonomous self accommodate feminist accounts of social construction, constrained "choice," or decentered subjects? What methods have feminists used to argue in and about the law, and do these methods themselves have the potential to transform legal thinking?

LAW 647 Health Law
Fall. 3 credits. L. J. Palmer.
This course examines the role of law and policy in the health care industry. Students will be invited to take a "systems approach" to the study of the role of law in arriving at coherent policy solutions for a host of dilemmas facing a rapidly evolving industry. Students will be asked to consider if a particular statute, regulation, or judicially crafted legal doctrine is consistent with new developments or any public policy towards health care. Topics covered include: access to health care; purchasing health care; commercialism vs. professionalism; the antitrust challenge to professional dominance; the assumption of a unitary, prepolitical, autonomous self; the role of law in arriving at coherent policy solutions; and more generally, the role of the state, in effectively with the Internal Revenue Code, regulations, cases, and other tax materials. The topics covered include: access to health care; purchasing health care; commercialism vs. professionalism; the antitrust challenge to professional dominance; the assumption of a unitary, prepolitical, autonomous self; the role of law in arriving at coherent policy solutions; and more generally, the role of the state, in effectively with the Internal Revenue Code, regulations, cases, and other tax materials.

LAW 655 International Human Rights
Spring. 3 credits. D. Wippman.
This course explores the development and effectiveness of international law governing the conduct of a state toward people within its jurisdiction. Topics include the substantive norms of human rights, and their philosophic basis; the mechanisms for the protection of human rights, such as the United Nations, specialized agencies, international human rights commissions, and domestic courts; and current issues such as the doctrine of humanitarian intervention, the status of indigenous peoples, and human rights during armed conflicts, illustrated where possible through case studies of current situations.

LAW 656 International Mergers and Acquisitions
Spring. 1 credit. J. J. Hanks.
This course covers issues relating to mergers and acquisitions in an international context. Topics include due diligence, pricing and negotiation, and other important topics from both the buy and sell side. The course will use both lecture and case formats. Students will be evaluated on the basis of group and individual written assignments.

LAW 657 International Organizations and Human Rights
Fall. 2 credits. M. Nolao.
The course provides a comprehensive legal analysis of problems concerning membership, the structure of the United Nations organs, and a variety of other international organizations. It considers their functions and acts taking into account the United Nations Charter and texts establishing these organizations. The course further considers the structure, jurisdiction, and functions of the International Court of Justice and the International Criminal Court. It also examines the international machinery for the protection of human rights in the world community including the United Nations Human Rights Committee, the European Court of Human Rights, and the Inter-American Court of Human Rights. Relevant decisions of those courts and of municipal courts are studied as well as basic documents.

LAW 658 International Protection of Intellectual Property
Fall. 2 credits. Recommended prerequisite: Intellectual Property. L. J. Barcelo.
This course studies intellectual property rights in the international legal system. A general introduction reviews the international protection of patents, trademarks, industrial design, and copyright. The starting and focal point is the Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property (TRIPS) adopted in the framework of the World Trade Organization (WTO). The international protection of intellectual property is studied through consideration of the TRIPS agreement and the several international conventions the observation of which is made mandatory for WTO Members by TRIPS. Also examined are issues of international court jurisdiction and applicable law in the area of intellectual property.
[LAW International Taxation
This course examines the U.S. income tax treatment of foreign investment and business operations in the United States, as well as the treatment of U.S. investment and business operations abroad. The course focuses on international tax jurisdiction and on the methods by which the United States relieves international double taxation, both by statute and through income tax treaties.]

LAW 660 Labor Law
Fall. 3 credits. S. J. Schwaib.
A study of collective bargaining, including the process of union formation, legal regulation of strikes and other economic weapons, negotiation and enforcement of collective agreements, the duty of fair representation, the application of antitrust law to union activity, and the relationship between federal labor law and local laws regulating the employment contract.

[LAW Law and Medicine
This course considers legal issues related to medical care and biomedical science. Topics include constraints on access to health care, organization and financing of health services, promoting quality of care in hospitals and outpatient sites, fraud and abuse in clinical practice, and biomedical research, dilemmas engendered by therapeutic applications of new technologies, and pathways to reform of the U.S. health care system. Teaching materials will comprise a law and medicine casebook, and scientific literature.]

LAW 668 Lawyers and Clients
Fall. 3 credits. Satisfies the professional responsibility requirement. D. A. Kysar, A. Sarat.
This course uses the lawyer-client relationship as a lens through which to consider the nature and function of the law governing lawyering and its complex relations to ethics, politics, culture, and identity. Among the questions we will address are: To whom do lawyers owe duties? And what are the duties that are owed? What role does the law governing lawyers have in the constitution of competing ideologies of professionalism? From the viewpoint of ethics, how satisfactory is the law governing lawyering? In addressing these questions we will analyze the varying settings in which lawyers practice, and inquire about the social and cultural conditions which encourage or discourage conformity to the law governing lawyering. Do we need more and/or better rules to regulate the profession? Or, should attention also be focused on the character of the profession itself and the domains and conditions under which law is practiced? What kinds of allegiances should lawyers develop to their firms, to third parties, to professional associations? We will examine representations of lawyers in popular culture and the significance of those representations in the lives of lawyers. In addition, the course we will discuss the interactions of personal and group identity in the practice of law. For example, is it appropriate for African-American lawyers to represent leaders of the KKK, for Jewish lawyers to advocate on behalf of the free speech rights of Nazis, for gay and lesbian lawyers to defend those accused of harassing gays and lesbians? Throughout, we will consider what effective assistance of counsel entails and whether the law of lawyering contributes to, or impedes, the attainment of a meaningful and personally fulfilling career in law.

LAW 669 Legal Aspects of Foreign Investment in Developing Countries
Fall. 3 credits. M. B. Ndubo.
This course will study legal aspects of foreign investments in developing countries. It will seek to identify legal tools that are likely to affect a commercial investment in a developing country. Inter alia, it will deal with the public international law principles and rules governing the establishment by foreign business of various factors of production (persons and capital) on the territory of other states and the protection of such investments. Thus, the course includes a discussion of the following topics: economic development and foreign capital, obstacles to the flow of investments to developing countries, guarantees to investors and investment codes, bilateral treaties, nationalization, joint ventures, transfer of technology, arbitration, investment insurance, unification of trade law, and the settlement of investment disputes.

LAW 670 Legislation
Fall. 3 credits. L. I. Palmer.
This course explores various theories of legislation by studying how statutes become a source of public policy, how judges interpret them, and how laws affect them. The course examines theories and doctrines of statutory interpretation as a means of determining the degree to which legislation can be used to reform law or to remedy particular social problems.

LAW 671 Mergers and Acquisitions
Fall. 2 credits. R. F. Balotti.
This course examines the principal business and legal issues in the purchase and sale of publicly held businesses. Emphasis is placed on the duties of directors in the acquisitions of publicly held companies (including hostile takeover).

LAW 672 Negotiations
Fall or spring. Enrollment limited. 3 credits.
The purpose of this course is to provide opportunities for class participants to develop their negotiating abilities for use in organizational and other settings. The course is premised on the assumption that negotiating concepts and practices which are grounded in rigorous analysis and reflection. While theoretical principles and concepts from various reference disciplines (such as social psychology, sociology, and economics) will be presented through lectures and readings, this course will focus primarily on improving practical skills. Class participants will not only learn to enhance their individual abilities in dyadic and group situations, but also to shape the most effective application of these skills.

LAW 675 Patent Law
Fall. 3 credits. J. R. Thomas.
The patent law is a regime of private regulation, initiated by individual inventors and resulting in proprietary interests in an increasingly ambitious range of human endeavor. This course will provide a thorough review of the requisites of patentability, including eligible subject matter, utility, novelty, nonobviousness, and disclosure. It then turns to patent enforcement issues such as claim interpretation, the doctrine of equivalents, and remedies. Most inventors seek to obtain proprietary interests in multiple jurisdictions, so the course includes considerable coverage of comparative and international patent law. Because the system of patents is a capacious one, allowing individuals to appropriate such inventions as sports methods, techniques from the sciences, and methods of doing business, a traditional technological background is neither required nor recommended as a prerequisite to enroll in this course.

LAW 676 Private Justice: Arbitration and Other Forms of Alternative Dispute Resolution
Spring. 4 credits. Limited enrollment. K. V. W. Stone.
Arbitration has become a major aspect of legal practice in such fields as labor law, commercial law, securities law, family law, and other areas. This course will examine the developing law of arbitration and the relationship between private arbitration and the judicial system. It will examine issues such as the enforceability of arbitration agreements, arbitral due process, judicial review of arbitration awards, and the effect of arbitration on statutory rights. It also examines other forms of alternative dispute resolution, including mediation, small claims courts, and the new mandatory arbitration requirements of some federal and state judicial systems. The course focuses on the law of alternative dispute mechanisms and includes six simulations and problem-solving sessions.

LAW 678 Products Liability
Fall. 3 credits. J. A. Henderson, Jr.
Applications of products-liability doctrine and theory to a variety of problems drawn from or closely approximating actual litigation. An overview of the relevant case law, statutes, and administrative regulations, including the new Restatement, Third, of Torts: Products Liability.

LAW 680 Public International Law
Fall. 3 credits. W. W. W. Wippman.
An introduction to the legal rules governing the conduct of states vis-a-vis other states, individuals, and international organizations, with reference to major current events and issues. Topics include the nature, sources, and effectiveness of international law; the establishment and recognition of states; principles concerning state sovereignty, territory, and jurisdiction; the law of treaties, state responsibility, international environmental law, and human rights. Special attention will be given to the law governing the use of force.

[LAW Remedies
This is an overview of legal remedies and their origins, including equitable remedies, restoration, and damages. The emphasis is on private rather than public law. A considerable amount of the course is spent on the nature and history of equity.]

[LAW Securities Regulation
This course examines the federal system of regulation of the offering, sale, and distribution of securities, including the Securities Act of 1933 and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Emphasis is placed on the structure, negotiation, and consumption of securities transactions as part of the capital-raising process. The responsibilities of securities professionals are also reviewed.]
This course examines trademark, trade dress, dividends, redemptions, liquidations, taxation of corporate structure and transactions, including the relationship of various forms of financial intermediary and capital formation, and on the role of these activities in corporate governance. The increasing internationalization of the capital markets, and the public policy issues related to globalization, will also be discussed.

**LAW 683 Securities Regulation and the Regulation of Financial Intermediaries**
Fall. 2 credits. R. Macey.
This course covers the federal rules relating to the public offering of securities, secondary market trading of securities, and the regulation of commercial banking, investment banking, and investment companies (mutual funds). Emphasis is placed on the relationship between the various forms of financial intermediary and the capital formation, and on the role of these activities in corporate governance. The increasing internationalization of the capital markets, and the public policy issues related to globalization, will also be discussed.

**LAW Social and Cognitive Psychology for Lawyers**
In their short history, cognitive and social psychology have produced a rich understanding of how human beings think and how they interact with each other. It should therefore come as no surprise that these two fields have a number of applications to law. This course will explore these applications. Examples include: what effect common errors in judgment have on tort and contract law; how the perception of risk affects societal demand for regulation in environmental law; how organizational and group decision-making processes affect corporate governance; how social norms about fairness impede or facilitate negotiation and dispute resolution; how biases in judgment influence litigation strategies; and what studies of conformity mean for the development of international human rights law. The goal of this course is to introduce students with interests in different areas of law to some general principles of human thought and social interaction that will be valuable to them in their future practice.

**LAW 684 Sports Law**
Spring. 2 credits. Recommended prerequisite: Antitrust Law and Labor Law.
W. B. Briggs.
The course traces the development of sports law in the United States. Particular attention is given to those applications of sports with antitrust and labor law. Contemporary issues involving arbitration, collective bargaining, amateur athletics, agents, torts, criminal law, and constitutional law are addressed.

**LAW 687 Supervised Teaching**
Fall or spring. 1 or 2 credits. Arrange directly with instructor. See Law School Registrar.

**LAW 688 Supervised Writing**
Fall or spring. 1, 2, or 3 credits. Arrange directly with instructor. See Law School Registrar.

**LAW 689 Taxation of Corporations and Shareholders**
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: Federal Income Taxation. R. Green.
This course examines the federal income taxation of corporate structure and transactions involving alterations in structure, including the rules governing incorporation, dividends, redemptions, liquidations, divisions, and reorganizations.

**LAW 690 Trademark and Related Doctrines**
Spring. 3 credits. D. Bordewieck.
This course examines trademark, trade dress, trade secret, and trade libel law, and related doctrines such as unfair competition, false advertising, and the right of publicity. We will examine the various kinds of marks, names, slogans, symbols, product configurations, and packaging for which federal trademark and trade dress protection can be obtained; the need to establish secondary meaning; what constitutes likelihood of confusion; trademark infringement on the Internet; remedies for trademark infringement, counterfeiting, and dilution, and for trade secret misappropriation; and defenses to infringement, dilution, and misappropriation claims. This course may not be taken by students who previously took Patent and Trademark Law.

**LAW 692 Trial Advocacy**
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Evidence. Limited enrollment. G. G. Galbreath.
This course is devoted to the study of the trial. Fundamental skills are taught in the context of challenging procedural and substantive law problems. Each stage of the trial is examined: jury selection, voir dire, direct examination, cross-examination, impeachment, expert witnesses, children witnesses, summation, and pretrial. In addition to exercises every week on a particular segment of a trial, there will be a full-day trial at the completion of the course. Video equipment is used to teach and critique student performances. There are a few written assignments.

**LAW 694 Trusts and Estates**
Spring. 3 credits. E. Sherwin.
The course surveys the basic law of succession to property, including probate and intestate succession, and the law of trusts. Among the recurring themes of the course are strict and lenient enforcement of formal requirements and methods of interpretation. This is not a course on estate taxation. Grades will be based primarily on a closed book exam with essay and objective questions.

**PROBLEM COURSES AND SEMINARS**
All problem courses and seminars satisfy the writing requirement. Limited enrollment.

**LAW 700 Advanced Civil Procedure**
Fall. 3 credits. B. J. Holden-Smith.
A study of complex civil litigation involving multiple parties and multiple claims. Topics include joinder of parties and claims, impleader, interpleader, class actions, and intervention.

**LAW Advanced Criminal Procedure Seminar: Post-Conviction Remedies**
Fall. 3 credits. Not offered 2000-2001. This seminar will explore various post-conviction remedies available to state and federal prisoners, including motions for new trial, state post-conviction proceedings, federal habeas corpus, and other extraordinary writs.

**LAW Advanced Criminal Procedure Seminar: Pre-Conviction**
This seminar starts where the course, criminal procedure, ends. The topics may include double jeopardy, restraints on the decision to prosecute, pretrial detention and release, prejudgment and pretrial delay, discovery and the obligation to disclose exculpatory evidence, the right to an impartial jury, jury selection, the right to confront witnesses and to present a defense, and sentencing.

**LAW African Americans and the Supreme Court**
Beginning with its first decisions related to the slavery question, the Supreme Court has at times aided and at other times hindered efforts to afford African Americans full citizenship. This seminar explores the relationship between blacks and the Supreme Court by examining the major Court decisions affecting African Americans and how they understand those decisions in their historical contexts. The course begins with a review of the background and meaning of the constitutional provisions pertaining to the status of blacks in the new nation and ends with an intensive look at Brown v. Board of Education.

**LAW 703 Advanced Legal Research**
Spring. 3 credits. C. M. Germain and staff.
Teaches cutting-edge research techniques to prepare students for practice in the law office of the future. Focuses on desktop electronic legal research, and covers U.S., international, and foreign law, as well as multidisciplinary research. The course is designed to teach students, whose careers will begin in a period of information transition, how to handle traditional and electronic sources and formats and make efficient choices.

**LAW 707 American Legal Theory**
Fall. 3 credits. R. S. Summers.
The fall 2000 topic for this seminar is the appropriate form of basic types of legal phenomena such as criteria of valid law (for both publicly and privately made law), statutory rules, accepted methods of statutory interpretation, the principle of stare decisis and common law rules, adjudicative processes, limitations on judicial power to modify rules, and the formal characteristics of the legal system viewed as a whole. American law lacks appropriate form in many important ways and a heavy price is paid for this. However, appropriate legal form and its distinctive underlying rationales (general legal values) profoundly affect the overall content of law and its practice by lawyers in the American as well as other legal systems. Such form and its rationales have as much or more of a claim to primacy as the essence of law than do problem-specific policies that also inform the laws content. In this seminar, there is equal emphasis on practical skills and theory.

**LAW 709 Biblical Law**
Spring. 3 credits. C. M. Carmichael.
Analysis of law and narrative in the Bible from the perspective of ancient law and legal history. Topics include: the application of the law codes (e.g., hypothetical formulation versus statutory law), legal issues in the narratives (e.g., law of adultery and women's rights), law and morality (e.g., Ten Commandments), law and religion (e.g., institutions guaranteed by the law but condemned by religious authority), the transformation of extralegal relations into legal ones (e.g., with the introduction of money), legal interpretation in antiquity (e.g., Sermon on the Mount), social factors in legal development (e.g., shame and guilt), and aspects of criminal, family, and private law (e.g., eye for an eye, incest rules, and unjust enrichment).
LAW 710 Civil Rights in Housing: Theory and Practice
Fall. 3 credits. M. B. Grant.
Students will explore federal fair housing laws, history, and policies, while learning practical litigation skills. The seminar includes reading materials, class discussion, legal writing, and litigation exercises. The seminar material focuses on contemporary issues in the prosecution of white collar crime, with special attention to crimes committed within corporations and other large organizations. The initial focus will be on the substantive law and the primary federal statutes: mail and wire fraud, the Hobbs Acts, the federal securities laws, RICO, money laundering statutes, the False Statements Act, and the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act. A second focus will be on corporate criminal liability, including the rationale therefor and the problems of optimal corporate sanctions. Some attention will be given to the current proposals before the United States Sentencing Commission. A final focus will be on representing defendants, both corporate and individual, in a white collar prosecution.

LAW 711 The Common Law and African Legal Systems
Spring. 3 credits. M. Ndulo.
This seminar will study legal systems in post colonial Africa. It will concentrate on the former British colonies. During the colonial period, the common law was imported into British Africa. As a result, these countries are now common law jurisdictions. The description is supported by the history of the countries as well as by current statutes and legal literature. The legal writing assignments and the litigation exercises simulate work assignments common in a civil litigation practice. Students will draft two briefs on different issues at various procedural postures (injunction, trial, appeal). The seminar will include reading assignments and the writing of a litigation note.

LAW 715 Corporate and White Collar Crime
Fall. 3 credits. P. Puri.
This seminar focuses on contemporary issues in the prosecution of white collar crime, with special attention to crimes committed within corporations and other large organizations. It emphasizes the role of the insurer in white collar crimes, and considers the extent to which civil and criminal liability for environmental crimes may be assessed. In addition, corporate liability is examined in the context of crimes committed during the course of business practices.

LAW 716 Corruption Control
Spring. 3 credits. R. C. Goldstock.
This seminar examines the factors that facilitate and inhibit public or private corruption and analyzes the wide variety of criminal, civil, and administrative sanctions designed to control corruption and to promote governmental and commercial integrity.

LAW 720 European Union Law
Spring. 3 credits. J. J. Barcelo III.
The course studies the EU and EU treaty, including the single market provisions. It explores the principles of EU law in the member states, the development of EU law, and the role of the European Court of Justice in interpreting and enforcing EU law. Special attention is given to the role of the European Parliament in the EU decision-making process.

LAW 721 Environmental Litigation
Fall. 3 credits. T. B. Schmit.
This seminar examines the legal consequences of environmental litigation in the context of specific cases. Topics include environmental liability, hazardous waste cleanup, and natural resource damage.

LAW 722 Employment Discrimination
This seminar focuses on the legal issues arising in employment discrimination cases. It examines the legal standards for proving discrimination, the defenses to discrimination claims, and the remedies available for successful plaintiffs.

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LAW 731 Immigration and Refugee Law
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: Constitutional Law, S. W. Yale-Loehr.
This seminar explores the evolving relationship between U.S. immigration policy and our national interests. Immigration plays a central role in contemporary American life, significantly affecting our foreign relations, human rights posture, ethnic group relations, labor market conditions, welfare programs, public services, and domestic politics. It also raises in acute form some of the most basic problems that our legal system must address, including the rights of insular minorities, the concepts of nationhood and sovereignty, fair treatment of competing claimants for scarce resources, the imperatives of mass administrative justice, and preventing discrimination. In approaching these questions, the course draws on diverse historical, judicial, administrative, and policy materials.

LAW 733 International Criminal Law
Spring. 3 credits. D. Wippman.
This seminar will examine the evolution of modern international criminal law, from Nuremberg to the contemporary International Criminal Court. Topics will include the nature and sources of international criminal law, jurisdiction, individual and state responsibility, penalties and deterrence, and alternatives to criminal trials, such as truth commissions and amnesty. The seminar will emphasize recent developments, such as the Pinochet extradition proceedings and efforts to try senior Khmer Rouge leaders.

LAW 734 Introduction to French Law
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: Not available to students with significant knowledge of civil law system. C. M. Germain.
Introduction to the French legal system from a comparative law perspective, with a focus on civil law methodology and French legal institutions. Topics studied include French law sources and authorities, such as legislation, court decisions, and scholarly writings; the relationship between French law and the European Union; the French court structure in civil, criminal, and administrative law matters; and its major procedural features and the organization of the legal profession.

LAW 735 Introduction to Islamic Law
Spring. 3 credits.
This course is designed to introduce students to the terminology, principles, and concepts of Islamic law. In part one, devoted to the classical period, we will examine the historical formation of Islamic law, jurisprudence, judicial procedure, penal law, personal status, and property law. In part two, devoted to the modern period, we will examine the modern transformation of Islamic law through a series of case studies focusing on Egypt, Saudi Arabia, The United Arab Emirates, Morocco, and Iran. Seminar discussions will be based on primary sources (court cases, judicial opinions, statutes, etc.) in English translation.

LAW 736 Juvenile Advocacy
Spring. 4 credits. C. Grumbach.
In this simulation-based lawyering course, students learn about litigation involving juveniles charged with either criminal acts or status offenses. Using accusatory instruments from juvenile delinquency and Persons in Need of Supervision proceedings as a framework for discussion, students examine the substantive juvenile and criminal laws that underlie such proceedings and explore the sometimes controversial role that lawyers play when representing juveniles, and practice defending juveniles in such cases. Either through simulated cases or cases from the Tompkins County law guardian office, Citizens Council for Juvenile Law, or students will have an opportunity to examine and potentially work on different aspects of a case. Possible areas include: interviewing the client, attempting to negotiate a settlement, developing a trial strategy and theory of the case, preparing discovery requests and pre-trial memoranda, and developing a dispositional plan. Students may also have a chance to research and write a portion of an appellate brief for the New York City Legal Aid Society, Juvenile Rights Division.

LAW 740 Law and Economics
Spring. 3 hours. Prerequisite: No prior acquaintance with economics is assumed. J. J. Mingle.
An examination of the interaction between legal principles and economic theories and scientific research and development. Topics include the role of the law in regulating cloning, recombinant DNA research, surrogacy, and in vitro fertilization; plant breeders' rights and the patentability of organic matter; judicial assessment of expert scientific evidence; and compensation for damage caused by scientific experiments and new technologies.

LAW 741 Law and Higher Education
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: Constitutional Law or Administrative Law, J. J. Mingle.
Higher education is a complex, idiosyncratic institution. Universities and colleges have a unique mission—teaching, research, and public services—and a uniquely challenging task of accommodating the various constituencies and organizations both internal (governing boards, faculty, students) and external (alumni, legislatures, courts, government agencies), that influence how they are managed and how policies are shaped. This seminar will explore the dynamic tensions, high expectations, and complex legal policy issues universities face in fulfilling their mission.

LAW 743 Law and Mental Health
Seminar
Fall. 3 credits. H. R. Beresford.
The seminar explores issues at the interface of law and psychiatry. After an introduction to clinical and scientific aspects of mental illness, the seminar will address issues of autonomy, limits of competency, coercion, and criminal responsibility as they relate to persons with disorders of behavior, cognition, or mood. Students write and present seminar papers on self-selected topics.

LAW 744 Law, Science, and Technology
Fall. 3 credits. Y. M. Cripps.
An examination of the interaction between legal principles and scientific research and development. Topics include the role of the law in regulating cloning, recombinant DNA research, surrogacy, and in vitro fertilization; plant breeders' rights and the patentability of organic matter; judicial assessment of expert scientific evidence; and compensation for damage caused by scientific experiments and new technologies.

LAW 745 Law through Literature
Fall. 3 credits. N. L. Cook.
In this seminar, students use literature, supplemented by law, to explore for understanding operations of law and the impact of legal process on people's lives. An explicit goal of the course is the acquisition of literary skills that can be cross-utilized in law.
practice. Students thus not only analyze legal principles in the context of stories, but also learn how to apply such literary concepts as metaphor, imagery, plot and character development, perspective, and point of view in their legal work.

**LAW 746 Lawyering Skills: Practical Ethical Challenges in Firm Litigation**

Fall. 3 credits. D. French.

This course is dedicated to a "real world" look at typical, real challenges faced by associates and partners in the law firm litigation context. Rather than focusing on abstract discussions of sometimes vague ethical guidelines, the course will focus on common, concrete problems. From inadequately researched complaints; to partners who blatantly abuse the discovery rules; to the suspected lying client, the course problems will reflect a full range of realistic challenges that students will face in practice. Students will be asked to discuss and debate these problems and make affirmative, realistic decisions—decisions that reflect the political and social realities of law firm life.

**LAW 765 Real Estate Development**

Spring. 3 credits. J. E. Blyth.

Through the use of several written memos and one oral presentation, this seminar addresses considerations basic to commercial real estate development. It focuses on purchase agreements, options, rights of refusal, memorandum thereof, representations, and warranties; disclosures and procedures required of brokers and sellers, attorneys as brokers, notarial misconduct, conveyancing and surveys; commercial leases; conventional financing, conflicts between commercial tenants and institutional landlords; alternatives to conventional financing; title insurance; attorney opinion letters; and choice of real estate entity. About one-half of the course is devoted to commercial leases; conventional financing, and alternatives to conventional financing (such as tax exempt financing and synthetic leases).

**LAW 760 Organized-Crime Control**

Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: Criminal Procedure. R. Goldstock.

This seminar discusses selected aspects of criminal procedure and civil remedies that are used to combat illegal syndicates activity. Constitutional, statutory, and practical concerns in the use of electronic surveillance and RICO are a particular focus.

**LAW 766 Origins of English and American Law**

Spring. 3 credits. E. Sherwin.

This course will provide a contemporary legal history, including Roman law origins, early English law, early American law, and modern social and intellectual legal debates. Approximately one half the course will be spent on foundational reading; the second half will consist of presentation of student papers.

**LAW 770 Reproductive Issues Seminar**

Fall. 3 credits. M. A. Fineman.

This seminar will consider various reproductive dilemmas, paradoxes, and policies in modern American society. Birth control and abortion will be addressed, but the emphasis will be on placing the reproductive process within a broad sociological context. To this end, we explore issues such as eugenics, the use and regulation of medical technology, lesbian mothering, the relationship between reproduction and poverty programs, and a variety of other contemporary issues.

**LAW 772 Selected Business Transactions Seminar**

Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: Corporations. Z. J. Shulman.

An in-depth look at initial public offerings and acquisitions from a practitioner's point of view. With respect to initial public offerings, the course will cover: the applicable statutory framework, pre-offering corporate preparations (such as the implementation of poison pills and stock option plans), the due diligence process; the implementation of corporate governance structures appropriate for a public company, the offering registration process, liability under federal securities laws, the Securities and Exchange Commission review process, underwriting arrangements, selection of a trading forum (i.e., NYSE, NASDAQ, or AMEX) and the transaction closing. Regarding mergers and acquisitions, the course will explore financing alternatives, accounting treatment, due diligence, choosing an appropriate transaction structure (i.e., stock versus asset sale). Other topics will include company transition issues (i.e., antitakeover matters and fiduciary concerns, fiduciary duties, and crucial legal aspects of the acquisition, such as letters of intent, successor liability, continuity of employees, and noncompetition agreements.

**LAW 773 Selected Topics of Tax Policy**

Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: Federal Income Taxation. R. Green.

This seminar will focus on one or more topics of current importance in tax policy. Examples might include the taxation of electronic commerce, the taxation of new financial products, the problem of corporate tax shelters, or international tax competition.

**LAW 774 Separation of Powers**

Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: Constitu­tional Law and Administrative Law strongly advised. Students without such back­ground should consult instructor. C. R. Farina.

The last 20 years have witnessed more debate about the nature and consequences of "separation of powers" than we have seen since the Founding Era. This seminar examines the ways this concept is understood and used by legislative, executive, and judicial officials, and scholars to justify, or to attempt to modify, the distribution of power within contemporary American government.

**LAW 775 Social Security Law**

Spring. 3 credits. P. W. Martin.

The course focuses especially on how Social Security's benefits relate to employment, families, and household composition and how its procedures address the challenge of adjudicating the massive numbers of benefit claims that arise each year. It introduces the general features of the Social Security Act's entitlement, benefit formulae, and procedural rules, highlights those that pose the greatest difficulty to administrators and advocates, and surveys current proposals for change.

**LAW The Supreme Court and the Death Penalty**


This seminar examines the role of the Supreme Court in modem capital punishment jurisprudence focusing on how, and to what extent, the Court's view of death penalty cases has changed in the last 30 years. Students will have the option of writing a paper or assisting in the research for and drafting of a petition for writ of certiorari or brief filed in the Supreme Court.

**LAW Theories of Property**


This seminar explores the various ways that people have conceived of, or understood, property. The materials studied are eclectic and interdisciplinary. They include readings on slavery and property, women and property, community interests in property, as well as classical theories (libertarian, utilitarian, Marxist).

**LAW 776 Topics in Criminal Law**

Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: Criminal Law. S. P. Garvey.

This seminar examines a range of topics in the substantive criminal law, including recent accounts of why and when punishment is justified, the extent to which political commitments and principles impose limits on the state's authority to wrongdoers, the meaning and legitimacy of "abuse" excuses, recent proposals to reform the law of rape, the role of character, virtue, and multiculturalism in the criminal law, and the relationship between punishment and reason in the assessment of criminal liability.

**LAW 777 Topics in the Anthropology of Law**

Spring. 3 credits. A. Riles.

What makes law distinctive as a set of knowledge practices? What does an understanding of late modern law contribute to current debates in legal theory, the "aesthetics" of legal knowledge, that is, the "aesthetics" of understanding of, and commitment to form, and its relationship to other kinds of twentieth-century social scientific accounts of why and when punishment is justified, the extent to which political commitments and principles impose limits on the state's authority to wrongdoers, the meaning and legitimacy of "abuse" excuses, recent proposals to reform the law of rape, the role of character, virtue, and multiculturalism in the criminal law, and the relationship between punishment and reason in the assessment of criminal liability.

**LAW 778 Transition to Democracy**

Fall. 3 credits. I. Stotzky.

The closing decades of the twentieth century can rightly be characterized as the era of democracy. During the 1970s, several southern European nations abandoned longstanding dictatorships and adopted democratic regimes. During the early 1980s, most Latin American nations repudiated their aged military dictatorships and instituted democratic regimes. In the 1990s another wave of democratization swept Eastern Europe and the Soviet Union, destroying the "Communist Empire." In nations undergoing this transition, economic, political and social stability has not yet been fully achieved. The corporatist political and social structures have not yet been transformed to allow the vast, under­privileged majority access to the basic necessities that ensure a dignified life. Institutional structures and forms of public life, such as a representative legislative branch, a competent judiciary, and an executive branch that adheres to its constitutionally imposed
boundaries must be developed and stabilized. The rule of law—and thus the fundamental guarantees of due process—have to become an accepted, basic requirement of public life and private social interaction. In this seminar, we will examine the very complicated issues involved in the transition process. For example, we will look at the relationship between constitutionalism, democracy, human rights, and law. We will also discuss the role in the democratization process of cultural norms, human rights trials, economic development, and the international community. A paper is required.

**LAW United Nations, Elections, and Human Rights**

Fall. 3 credits. Not offered 2000–2001. The seminar provides a wide range examination of the current status of the international protection of human rights with special emphasis on civil and political rights relating to elections and governance. Taking part in the conduct of public affairs is a basic human right increasingly prized by people throughout the world. Universally, the right to take part in government is proclaimed and guaranteed by the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights and is recognized in many other international treaties and declarations. At times free access to international assistance to countries to aid them in fulfilling international human rights standards, and cooperation in establishing and strengthening the legal, technical, and physical infrastructure necessary to carry out elections. The seminar will examine: self-determination, truth commissions, and the role of non-governmental organizations with regard to standard setting and monitoring of human rights.

**CLINICAL COURSES AND EXTERNSHIPS**

All clinic courses have limited enrollment.

**LAW 781 Capital Punishment Clinic: Post Conviction Litigation**

Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. J. Blume, S. L. Johnson. This course is taught as a clinic. Two or three cases from the South Carolina Center for Capital Litigation will be handled by students. These cases may be state postconviction or federal habeas corpus cases, depending on the vagaries of litigation and the needs of the South Carolina Center for Capital Litigation. Students will read the record, may assist in drafting the initial pleading (an application for postconviction relief or a federal habeas petition), and/or may then assist in the preparation of briefs. Students are included in discussion regarding the necessary investigation and the thought process about the case, and in some instances will be involved in investigation.

**LAW 782 Capital Trial Clinic**

Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. J. Blume, S. L. Johnson. This course addresses the issues that are unique to a capital trial, with a focus on a specific capital trial and the issues it presents. Students will be involved in the preparation of the defense for one or two capital trials. They will also learn about the Colorado voir dire method and the use of focus groups. Both investigation and writing will be required.

**LAW 784 Government Benefits Clinic**

Spring. 6 credits. Course has two classroom, group and clinical components: Government Benefits Clinic class and Clinical Skills 1 or Clinical Skills 3 (formerly Legal Aid 1 and 3 class). B. Strom. The course has a substantive component, in which there is an in-depth conceptual understanding of a complex and controversial area of law and public policy development, and a live client clinical experience, in which those concepts can be applied in solving actual client problems. The substantive component provides an introduction to government benefits law by examining various social insurance and need-based benefit programs including Social Security, Unemployment Insurance, Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF), Supplemental Security Income (SSI), Medicaid, and Food Stamps. Case handling involves the representation of clients in government benefits cases involving the Tompkins County Department of Social Services, the N.Y.S. Department of Labor and the Social Security Administration. The course also includes Clinical Skills 1 or Clinical Skills 3. Clinical Skills 1 class will address interviewing, counseling, negotiation, and advocacy skills through the use of readings, videotapes, discussions, demonstrations, and simulation exercises. Clinical Skills 3 builds on the skills taught in Clinical Skills 1 and addresses such topics as alternative dispute resolution, formal discovery, and motion argument.

**LAW 785 Government Benefits Clinic/ Neighborhood Legal Services Externship**

Spring. 6 credits. B. Strom. This course is a combination of Government Benefits and the Neighborhood Legal Services Externship and either Clinical Skills 1 or Clinical Skills 3 (formerly Legal Aid 1 or 3). The course is the same as Government Benefits except that the case handling component involves handling cases for the Ithaca office of Neighborhood Legal Services. See the description for the Government Benefits Clinic and the Neighborhood Legal Services Externship for additional details.

**LAW 786 Judicial Externship**

Fall or spring. 4 credits. G. G. Galbreath. Students work with a trial court judge. Work involves courtroom observation, conferences with the judge, writing opinions, and drafting decisions. The emphasis is on learning about judges, the judicial decision-making process, and trials. There are weekly class meetings with readings and discussions of topics related to the externship experience. While the primary focus is the student’s work at the placement, each student will also do class presentations, a final project, and will meet individually with the faculty member.

**LAW 790 Law Guardian Externship**

Fall or spring. 4 credits. J. M. Miner. Students will learn about the representation of children in abused and neglect cases, juvenile delinquency proceedings, and PINS (Person in Need of Supervision) cases through their placement at the Tompkins County Law Guardian office. Duties may include interviewing, investigation, drafting memoranda and motions, and assisting in trial preparation. The classroom component is provided by Clinical Skills 1, 2 (fall), or 3 (spring), depending on whether the student has previously been enrolled in a course in which Clinical Skills 1 (formerly Legal Aid 1) was a component. Clinical Skills 1 class will address interviewing, counseling, negotiation, and advocacy skills through the use of readings, videotapes, discussions, demonstrations, and simulation exercises. Clinical Skills 2 builds on the skills taught in Clinical Skills 1 and addresses such topics as fact investigation and analysis, informal discovery, and drafting of pleadings. Clinical Skills 3 builds on the skills taught in Clinical Skills 1 and 2 and addresses such topics as alternative dispute resolution, formal discovery, and motion argument.

**LAW 791 Legislative Externship**

Fall or spring. 3 credits. B. Strom. The students work with the local New York State Member of Assembly. Work involves drafting legislation, tracking legislation for constituents, legal research and writing responding to constituent requests that particularly require legal research or an explanation of law. The emphasis is on learning about legislative process, drafting of legislation, understanding the reasons for statutory ambiguity, and developing various skills. There are several informal meetings with the faculty supervisor during the semester with readings and group discussions related to the externship experience.

**LAW 792 Neighborhood Legal Services Externship**

Fall or spring. 4 credits. B. Strom. Classroom component is provided by Clinical Skills 1, 2 (fall), or 3 (spring), depending on whether the student has previously been enrolled in a course in which Clinical Skills 1 (formerly Legal Aid 1) was a component. Other student work may include simulation exercises. Clinical Skills 1, 2, or 3. The classes are devoted to the development of lawyering skills and issues related to professional responsibility and the role of an attorney. In addition, each student will meet periodically with the faculty supervisor for review of the placement experience.

**LAW 793 Public Interest Clinic 1**

Fall or spring. 4 credits. NOTE: During the second or third week there may be an additional class session. Classes are mandatory. N. Cook, G. Galbreath, J. Miner, B. Strom. Students handle civil cases for low-income clients of the Public Interest Clinic under the supervision of the clinic faculty. Students interview and counsel; investigate and analyze facts; prepare substantive and procedural law with facts in the context of actual representation; develop a strategy to handle clients’ problems; identify and resolve professional responsibility issues; do legal writing; negotiate and mediate; present clients at administrative hearings. Classroom component is provided by the Clinical Skills 1 class, in which students will develop interviewing, counseling, negotiation, and advocacy skills through the use of readings, videotapes, discussions, demonstrations, and simulation exercises.

**LAW 794 Public Interest Clinic 2**

Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Public Interest Clinic 1 or a clinic course that included the Clinical Skills 1 (formerly Legal Aid 1) classroom component. N. Cook, J. Miner, G. Galbreath, B. Strom. Students handle Public Interest Clinic cases, participate in a classroom component, Clinical
Skills 2, and help supervise participants in Public Interest Clinic 1. Cases are handled as described in the course description for Public Interest Clinic 1. The classroom component, Clinical Skills 2, builds on the skills taught in Clinical Skills 1 and addresses such topics as fact investigation and analysis, informal discovery and drafting of pleadings. Students represent the clinic’s clients in both federal and state courts.

**LAW 795 Public Interest Clinic 3**  
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Public Interest Clinic 1 or a course that included the Clinical Skills 1 (formerly Legal Aid 1) classroom component. N. Cook, G. Galbreath, J. M. Miner, B. Strom. Students handle Public Interest Clinic cases, participate in a classroom component, Clinical Skills 3, and help supervise participants in Public Interest Clinic 1. Cases are handled as described in the course description for Public Interest Clinic 1. The classroom component, Clinical Skills 3, builds on the skills taught in Clinical Skills 1 and 2, and addresses such topics as alternative dispute resolution, formal discovery and motion argument. Students represent the clinic’s clients in both federal and state courts.

**LAW Public International Law Clinic**  
3 credits. Prerequisites: Public International Law or International Human Rights. Not offered 2000–2001. Students will prepare legal memoranda and policy proposals for foreign governments and international organizations. The memoranda will be prepared in coordination with the Public International Law and Policy Group, a nonprofit organization that provides pro bono advice on issues of public international law to governments, NGOs, and international organizations. Possible subject areas include minority rights, border treaties, citizenship and nationality disputes, state succession issues, and war crimes.

**LAW Religious Liberties Clinic**  
4 credits. Year-long offering. Not offered 2000–2001. Students work in teams on cases provided by organizations that handle Establishment and Free Exercise Clause cases. All students do substantial research and memoranda writing, and some may draft portions of briefs. To help ensure that students have the opportunity to take a case to completion (or at least to the next stage of litigation), this is a full-year course, with students required to register for both semesters for a total of four credit hours and a grade at the end. Given the nature of litigation, demands on student time may be sporadic, and students should be prepared to do some work over intercession if court deadlines so require.

**LAW 796 Small Business Clinic**  
Fall or spring. 5 credits. W. Kell. Students will learn and apply a broad range of knowledge in business-related law, through participating in interdisciplinary teams of students assisting small business entrepreneurs with legal and business needs, particularly child care programs, nonprofit programs, and teen start-up businesses. Faculty from the Law School, the Johnson School of Management, and College of Human Ecology will supervise teams of students from each of the above colleges and provide classroom teaching. Under such supervision, student teams will work autonomously to consult with and provide technical assistance to the small business entrepreneur. There will be weekly classroom sessions focused on substantive areas of knowledge, the development of client relationships, and ethical issues. Skills in building effective working relationships with clients will also be developed through simulations and actual client representation. Readings are drawn from areas of contract, tort, property, employment, and administrative law, as well as areas of business planning, entrepreneurship, and consumer issues. Biweekly team meetings are also required for supervision.

**LAW 797 Women and the Law Clinic**  
Fall. 6 credits. Course has two classroom components: Women and the Law Clinic class and Clinical Skills 1 or Clinical Skills 2 (formerly Legal Aid 1 and 2). J. M. Miner. Students will represent women clients who have legal matters primarily in the family law area (divorce, custody, support, domestic violence). The Women and the Law Clinic class will focus on such issues as the impact of substantive law on women, the impact of legal institutions on women, professional role development, feminist lawyering methods, and other topics related to women and the law. Students will also participate in the lawyering skills classroom component. Clinical Skills 1 or Clinical Skills 2 (formerly Legal Aid 1 or 2). Clinical Skills 1 will address interviewing, counseling, negotiation, and advocacy skills through the use of readings, videotapes, discussions, demonstrations, and simulation exercises. Clinical Skills 2 builds on the skills taught in Clinical Skills 1 and addresses such topics as fact investigation and analysis, informal discovery, and drafting of pleadings.

**LAW 798 Youth Law Clinic**  
Fall or spring. 6 credits. Course has two classroom components. Youth Law Clinic class and Clinical Skills 1, 2 (fall), or 3 (spring) (formerly Legal Aid 1, 2, and 3). N. Cook. Students will work with groups of youth and service providers in a multi-faceted approach to identifying and resolving problems of a legal nature. Under the supervision of faculty and community experts, clinic students will both handle individual representation cases and participate in nonlitigation project work such as community education, legislative advocacy, and mediation training. The emphasis of the course is on planning, communication, policy development and nondisadvantage problem solving. Students will also participate in the lawyering skills classroom component. Clinical Skills 1, 2, or 3 (formerly Legal Aid 1, 2, and 3). Clinical Skills 1 class will address interviewing, counseling, negotiation, and advocacy skills through the use of readings, videotapes, discussions, demonstrations, and simulation exercises. Clinical Skills 2 builds on the skills taught in Clinical Skills 1 and addresses such topics as fact investigation and analysis, informal discovery and drafting of pleadings. Clinical Skills 3 builds on the skills taught in Clinical Skills 1 and 2, and addresses such topics as alternative dispute resolution, formal discovery, and motion argument.

**NONPROFESSIONAL COURSE**

**GOVERNMENT 313 The Nature, Functions, and Limits of Law**  
Spring. 4 credits. Undergraduates only. J. A. Siliciano. A general-education course for students at the sophomore and higher levels. Law is presented not as a body of rules but as a set of techniques for resolving conflicts and dealing with social problems. The course analyzes the roles of courts, legislatures, and administrative agencies in the legal process, considering also constitutional limits on their power and practical limits on their effectiveness. Assigned readings consist mainly of judicial and administrative decisions, statutes and rules, and commentaries on the legal process.

**FACULTY ROSTER**

Sherwin, Emily L., J.D., Boston U. Visiting Prof.
Shifrin, Steven H., J.D. Loyola U. of Los Angeles Prof.
Siliciano, John A., J.D., Columbia U. Prof.
Simson, Gary J., J.D. Yale U. Prof.
Stone, Katherine V. W., J.D., Harvard U. Prof.
Stotzky, Irwin P., J.D., U. of Chicago. Visiting Prof.
Taylor, Winnie F., LL.M., U. of Wisconsin. Prof.
Teitelbaum Lee E., LL.M., Northwestern U. Prof.
Wippman, David, J.D., Yale U. Prof.

Legal Aid Clinic
Cook, Nancy L., J.D., Georgetown U. Senior Lecturer
Galbreath, Glenn G., J.D., Case Western Reserve U. Senior Lecturer
Miner, JoAnne M., J.D., U. of Connecticut. Senior Lecturer
Strom, Barry, J.D., Cornell U. Senior Lecturer and Director, Cornell Legal Aid Clinic

Academic Library Staff
Germain, Claire M., LL.B., U. of Paris. Edward Cornell Law Librarian and Professor of Law
Hyrum, Charlotte L., J.D., Tulane U. Reference Librarian
Cooper, Eric A., J.D., Indiana U. at Bloomington. Head of Acquisitions and Reference Librarian
Court, Patrica G., J.D. Hamline U. Asst. Director for Administration and Public Affairs
Gillespie, Janet M., M.S., Cornell U. Administrative Supervisor/Access Service
Kreisler, Brandy, J.D., Texas Tech. Reference Librarian
Krakorian, Elaine E., J.D., New England Reference Librarian
Pajerek, Jean M., M.L.S., SUNY-Albany. Head of cataloging

Members of Other Faculties Associated with the Law School
Carmichael, Calum M., B. Litt., Oxford U. Prof. College of Arts and Sciences

Adjunct Faculty Members
Balotti, R. Franklin, LL.B., Cornell U. Adjunct Prof.
Beresford, H. Richard, M.D., U. of Colorado. Adjunct Prof.
Blyth, John E., Dr.jur., Goethe U. Adjunct Prof.
Breidewieck, Douglas, J.D., Harvard U. Adjunct Prof.
Briggs, W. Buckley, J.D., Georgetown U. Adjunct Prof.
Goldstock, Ronald G., J.D., Harvard U. Adjunct Prof.
Grant, Mary Elizabeth, J.D., Cornell U. Adjunct Prof.
Hanks, James J., Jr., LL.M. Harvard U. Adjunct Prof.
Hull, Robert K., LL.M., Harvard U. Adjunct Prof.
Kell, William A., J.D., Wayne State U. Adjunct Prof.
Kingston, Andrew, J.D., Harvard U. Adjunct Prof.
Mingle, James J., J.D., U. of Virginia. Adjunct Prof.
Shulman, Zachary, J.D., Cornell U. Adjunct Prof.
Taishuda John, J.D., Cornell U. Adjunct Prof.
Yale-Loehr, Stephen W., J.D., Cornell U. Adjunct Prof.

Legal Methods Program
Anderson, Paige S., J.D. Cornell U. Lecturer
Atlas, Joel, J.D., Boston U. Senior Lecturer
Bond, Cynthia D., J.D., Cornell U. Lecturer
French, David A., J.D., Harvard U. Lecturer
Gambach, Carol J., J.D., Cornell U. Director of Legal Methods Prog. and Senior Lecturer
ADMINISTRATION
Robert J. Swierenga, dean
John A. Elliott, associate dean for academic affairs
Michael J. Hostetler, associate dean for executive education
Cathy S. Dove, associate dean for MBA Program and operations
Richard A. Shafer, associate dean for corporate relations
Steven J. Sharratt, executive director of development
Natalie M. Grinblatt, director of admissions
John D. Nozell, director of career services
Harriet Peters, director of advising and student activities
Debra Gulini, assistant to the dean
Ann W. Richards, financial aid director and associate director of admissions
Janet S. Gray, registrar and associate director for MBA Program

The Johnson Graduate School of Management prepares men and women for managerial careers in business. The school offers course work in many disciplines to provide potential managers with an understanding of the complexities of the professional world in which they will operate and of the organizations of which they will become a part.

A bachelor’s degree or its equivalent is required for admission to the two-year program leading to the Master of Business Administration (M.B.A.) degree. Nearly half of the students have a background of undergraduate studies in arts and sciences, and about one-quarter in engineering. Five percent of the students begin their graduate training immediately after receiving their bachelor’s degrees and the remaining 95 percent following work experience.

Combined degree programs allow highly qualified Cornell students to co-register in the school during their senior year, thereby earning a master’s degree in less than the usual time.

The doctoral program, administered through the Graduate School, provides an advanced level of education in business for those who seek careers in teaching and research at leading universities.

More detailed information about these programs is available from the Office of Admissions and Student Affairs, Johnson Graduate School of Management, Room 111 Sage Hall.

Students in other graduate programs and undergraduate students registered with the university are welcome in many classes. Since matriculated MBA students require certain courses for graduation, non-Johnson School students are not allowed to pre-enroll. During the first week of classes, registration of non-Johnson School students occurs on a space available basis.

UNDERGRADUATE ONLY

NBA 300 Entrepreneurship and Enterprise
Fall, spring. 3 credits. D. BenDaniel.
The course uses Cornell-developed case studies and lectures to address entrepreneurial management in start-up ventures and management of business development in existing companies. Among the topics covered are valuation of business, planning, obtaining resources, management of growth, and cashing out. Guest lecturers speak on specialized topics such as corporate and patent law, bankruptcy and workouts, leveraged buy-outs, and valuations of businesses. Students team up to write and present business plans. The course attempts to integrate marketing, finance, operations, and human-resource topics in the context of high-growth business ventures. For non-Johnson School students only. Johnson School students see NBA 564.

NBA 401 Entrepreneurship for Scientists and Engineers
Fall, spring. 3 credits. J. Nesheim.
This course is intended to introduce students to the new business startup process. Small teams will be formed to come up with an idea for a startup and create a business plan that can attract venture capital or other funding for the new enterprise. Guest lecturers are from successful high-technology companies. The course is led by instructors from Silicon Valley and Ithaca who created high-technology businesses.

COURSES FOR NON-JOHNSON SCHOOL STUDENTS

NCC 550 Financial Accounting
Fall, spring. 3 credits. Course intended for non-Johnson School students only. Staff.
An introductory accounting course that examines the subject from the viewpoint of users external to the organization. Topics include transaction analysis; the accounting cycle; financial-statement preparation, use, and analysis; revenue recognition and cost measurement; present value; and problems in financial-accounting disclosure. This course is similar in content to the MBA core course: NCC 500.

NCC 553 Marketing Management
Fall, spring. 3 credits. Course intended for non-Johnson School students only. Staff.
The course addresses controllable and uncontrollable marketing variables that managers in multi-product firms face in today’s business environment. Topics include customer behavior, product planning, distribution, advertising and promotion, pricing, and competitive strategy. This course is similar in content to the MBA core course NCC 503.

NCC 554 Management and Organizations
Fall. 3 credits. Course intended for non-Johnson School students only. Staff.
This course takes a resource-based approach to management by arguing that organizations should link their strategy to their internal resources and capabilities. This theme is developed by addressing: (1) the strategic value of internal resources and capabilities, (2) the role of human resources and organizational behavior in formulating and implementing strategy, and (3) the importance of structure and the design of organizations in formulating and implementing strategy. Included among the topics are: how firms create sustainable competitive advantage through internal resources and capabilities, what the best practices are for managing people, what effects best practices have on attitudes and behaviors, why putting the customer first is not necessarily best practice from a resource-based perspective, why organizational culture is central to organizational effectiveness, why the formal organizational chart and structure of an organization are important, how organizations innovate, how organizations change through re-architecture and re-engineering, what firms gain and lose through pursuing core competencies, and what firms gain through strategic alliances and networks. The course makes extensive use of case materials. This course is similar in content to the MBA core course: NCC 504.

NCC 556 Managerial Finance
Fall, spring. 3 credits. Course intended for non-Johnson School students only. Staff.
An introduction to business finance through theory and case studies. Topics include stock and bond valuation, the capital-budgeting decision, portfolio theory, the asset-pricing models, raising capital, capital structure, mergers and acquisitions, costs of capital, option pricing, and risk management. International applications are considered within each topic area. Letter grade only, based on exam, group case reports, homework and class participation. This course is similar in content to the MBA core course: NCC 506.

NCC 558 Production and Operations Management
Spring. 3 credits. Course intended for non-Johnson School students only. Prerequisites: NCC 501 or permission of the instructor. Staff.
Operations management deals with the problems of producing and delivering goods and services, topics that are of strategic importance in almost every organization. Production scheduling is a significant problem for manufacturing firms; smooth work flow and quality control are important in banking operations; inventory control is crucial in large retail establishments; and proper task sequencing is a major problem in the construction industry. The course deals with these problems and others from a managerial viewpoint. The course is designed around managerial problems in the operations area. Students use case studies to improve skills in problem identification. This course is similar in content to the MBA core course NCC 508.
IMMERSIONS

Only at the Johnson School will you find learning immersion courses in manufacturing, managerial finance, investment banking, brand management, and e-business. Immersions offer a semester of continuous focus, real-world problem solving, and site visits to dozens of companies.

IMMERSIONS

This is a unique immersion course specifically designed for students planning to pursue finance careers. Some students interested in non-finance careers (including consulting) may wish to consider this course, but they should recognize that it is not specifically designed for this purpose. A major objective of this course is to help students make more informed choices about how to launch their finance careers.

NBA 502 Managerial Cost Accounting 3.0 credits.
NBA 549 Managerial Finance—Practicum 2.5 credits.
NBA 506 Financial Statement Analysis 1.5 credits.
NBA 511 Financial Modeling 1.5 credits.
NCC 508 Managing Operations 2.5 credits.
NCC 509 Strategy 2.5 credits.
NBA 656 Valuation Principles 1.5 credits.

SMI—Semester in Manufacturing

This is a full-time program for the semester, students will not be able to take other courses concurrently. The course objective is to begin developing students to think and act like brand managers, some of the best trained and most upwardly mobile professionals in industry. It will provide students with a unique opportunity to begin internalizing the concepts, principles, and tools necessary to achieve success in brand management. While the course will focus on managing traditional consumer brands, high tech products, services, and global branding will also be addressed. In-class methods will consist of: (1) academic and industry lecturers; (2) on-site visits with marketing and manufacturing professionals; (3) case and project discussions and presentations; and (4) a brand management simulation. Course requirements will consist of: (1) discussion of readings; (2) individual case write-ups and presentations; (3) group projects and presentations (including a capstone simulation); and (4) in-class exams. There will be considerable off-campus travel for field study. Prerequisites: NCC 501, 502, 503, and 506. Restricted enrollment—permission of the instructor required.

NBA 624 Brand Management—Practicum 7.5 credits.
NBA 502 Managerial Cost Accounting 3.0 credits.
NCC 508 Managing Operations 2.5 credits.
NCC 509 Strategy 2.5 credits.

EPI—Electronic Business Intensive

This intensive will take a comprehensive look at all emerging areas of this new way of doing business. The E-Business Intensive is designed to offer instruction in different, fundamental areas of e-business. For spring 2000, there will not be one leading professor who champions the experience, as there is in the immersions. However, the participating professors will support a one-credit, team-based project that will stand alone or extend work required in the component courses. This intensive may lead to a full-fledged immersion for the spring of 2001. Therefore, in the future, as with the other immersions, it will most likely be a curriculum solely for first-year students.

The total of 12 credits for first years will allow students to bid for an additional three-credit elective. As this intensive is a response to student and recruiter interest and has been created quickly, it is likely that it will evolve. This dynamic situation offers some obvious advantages and disadvantages. Students in the initial year of the intensive will be a part of shaping the future of this new course of study. They will introduce many people outside the Johnson School to the existence of the intensive in interviews and through other avenues of corporate interaction. They will also encounter the frustrations common to early adopters and innovators. Students choosing the intensive should be prepared to provide constructive feedback and positive energy.

NCC 508 Managing Operations 2.5 credits.
NCC 509 Strategy 2.5 credits.
NBA 601 Electronic Commerce 3.0 credits.
NBA 613 E-Business Project 1.0 credit.
NBA 619 Workshop: Internet Startups 1.5 credits.
NBA 633 Internet Marketing 1.5 credits.

SBI—Semester in Brand Management

This is a full-time program for the semester, students will not be able to take other courses concurrently. The course is concerned with the integration of technological, human-resource, logistical, and financial considerations to produce a manufacturing enterprise that can respond quickly and effectively to market requirements. It will be taught by a team of faculty and industrial practitioners, and much of the student work will be team-oriented. There will be off-campus travel for field study of a variety of manufacturing plants. Johnson School students should complete NCC 501 and NCC 506 before taking this course. Enrollment limited; permission of instructor required.

NCC 508 Managing Operations 2.5 credits.
NCC 509 Strategy 2.5 credits.
NBA 650 Semester in Manufacturing Practicum 10 credits.
NCC COMMON CORE COURSES

NCC 500 Financial Accounting
Fall. 2.5 credits. Johnson School core course. Enrollment limited. J. D’Souza, R. Libby.

An introductory accounting course that examines the subject from the viewpoint of users external to the organization. Topics include transaction analysis, the accounting cycle, financial-statement preparation, use, and analysis; revenue recognition and cost measurement; present value; and problems in financial-accounting disclosure.

NCC 501 Statistics for Management
Fall. 2.5 credits. Johnson School core course. Enrollment limited. J. McClain, J. Thomas.

An introduction to decision making under conditions of uncertainty. Topics include descriptive statistics, probability theory, classical statistics, statistical decision theory, and simple and multiple regression analysis. Applications in finance, marketing, and operations management are discussed.

NCC 502 Microeconomics for Management
Fall. 2.5 credits. Johnson School core course. Enrollment limited. M. Waldman.

Microeconomic theory is introduced and applied to problems faced by managers. Specific topics covered include supply and demand, consumer behavior, pricing when a firm has market power, and the role of contracts. The class employs a lecture format and emphasizes problem solving. Grading is based on a midterm and a final exam.

NCC 503 Marketing Management
Fall. 2.5 credits. Johnson School core course. Enrollment limited. D. Stayman.

The course is designed to convey the key concepts of marketing and how they fit into the larger context of management strategy and decisions. Both the practical "how" and the fundamental "why" of marketing activities are presented in the light of contributions from behavioral science, economics, and statistics. The goals are to provide sufficient understanding for those who will need only to interact with the marketing function, as well as communication concepts and developing processes that can provide the foundation for further course work and future experience in marketing. The course makes extensive use of case materials.

NCC 504 Management and Organizations
Fall. 2.5 credits. Johnson School core course. Enrollment limited. D. Sally.

If you think about it, stories are central to how we know and remember events, people, and facts. There are many reasons for this, not the least of which is the way we communicate knowledge and history. Most of the jobs you aspire to involve a particular form of story-telling—the CEO’s vision, the analyst’s report, the planner’s strategy, the salesperson’s pitch, the consultant’s analysis, and the manager’s brand. What distinguishes these as business stories is that they are often analytical (based on a set of objective facts and statistics) and reflect a deep understanding of the complex interactions of individuals and organizations. This course has two goals: (1) to help you appreciate the complexity of the issues that often arise in organizations, and (2) to develop and refine your analytical story-telling abilities. To achieve these goals, the course will be taught by the case-study method. Cases are an efficient way to expand your experience base with respect to such issues as motivation, power, leadership, ethics, structure, design, and change. We hope to teach you how to make good inferences about what will and won’t work in particular situations, and how to learn from your own experiences and those of others.

NCC 506 Managerial Finance
Fall. 2.5 credits. Johnson School core course. Enrollment limited. R. Michael. A course whose objective is to introduce students to the basic concepts of finance. In particular, we address the issue of what type of investments should firms and individuals take on, and how these investments should be financed. Underlying concepts are essential to financial managers and professional investors, and have important applications to many aspects of financial decisions all of us have to make on a daily basis (e.g., getting an MBA a good investment?). These issues involve capital budgeting decisions, stock and bond valuation, how to assess and account for risk through the capital asset pricing model (CAPM), option pricing, capital structure, and capital and market efficiency. Letter grade only, based on examinations, quizzes, group case reports, homework, and class participation.

NCC 508 Managing Operations
Spring. 2.5 credits. Johnson School core course. Enrollment limited. Prerequisite: NCC 501 or permission of instructor. M. Lojo, L. Roberts.

This course focuses on managing processes, actions that convert inputs into outputs. Almost any business function can be modeled as a network of processes. The first part of the course examines processes, both individually and as part of a larger system; we see that good process design reflects both the volume and the variety of the product. A common course theme is the deleterious effect of variability (in demand, supply, quality, or capacity) in complex systems. Queueing theory and simulation are particularly helpful for analyzing process capabilities. The second part of the course analyzes how goods and services are produced. After describing the strategic roles of operations, we examine forecasting systems, inventory management, and just-in-time, and logistic management. Constrained optimization models provide information about managing with finite resources. The final part of the course examines process improvement through quality and productivity management and corporate learning.

NCC 509 Strategy
Spring. 2.5 credits. Johnson School core course. Enrollment limited. V. Kachiyal.

Among the critical tasks facing any senior manager are the creation, implementation, and evaluation of a business unit’s strategy. This course seeks to provide the management student with the tools and frameworks essential to carrying out these tasks. Many of these tools and frameworks will be based on recent advances in game theory, industrial organization, and organization theory, although the course will also draw from the older business policy tradition as well. Students who successfully complete this course will be able to analyze industries, identify areas of strategy advantage and disadvantage, and to devise strategies that exploit advantages and remedy disadvantages.

NBA ELECTIVE COURSES

NBA 500 Intermediate Accounting
Fall, spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: NCC 500 or the equivalent. T. Dyckman.

The course is based on the essential concepts and techniques of accounting introduced in the accounting core course. Students learn to evaluate financial statements through the use of case studies drawn from actual corporate financial reports.

NBA 501 Accounting for Mergers and Consolations
Spring, first half of semester. 1.5 credits. Prerequisite: NBA 500 or permission of the instructor. R. Libby.

The course focuses on accounting problems related to equity financing, including leveraged restructuring, intercorporate investments, leveraged buyouts, consolidated reports, proforma statements for a merger prospectus, and other related financial reporting problems. The method of instruction is lecture mixed with cases. Grading is based on examinations, quizzes, and case discussions. Student evaluations will be based on a midterm exam, a final exam, and class participation.

NBA 502 Managerial Cost Accounting
Fall, spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: NCC 500, NBA 501, and NBA 502, or the equivalent. R. Hilton.

The course is designed both for those responsible for interpreting accounting information and those who use such information for decision making. Topics include budgeting, accumulating costs for product costing, activity-based costing, standard costs, and the analysis of cost variances, cost estimation and prediction, cost-price-volume decisions, performance measurement, nonmanufacturing cost analysis, cost allocation, and transfer pricing. Instruction will be a mixture of lecture and case discussion. Student evaluation will be based on a midterm exam, a final exam, a project, and class participation.

NBA 503 Strategic Cost Management
1.5 credits. R. Hilton.

This course focuses on the role of cost management and related issues in helping a firm compete successfully in the global market. Topics considered include activity-based costing, activity-based management, value chain analysis, the lean enterprise, confronting competition in an industry dominated by lean enterprises, re-engineering, process value analysis, identification of non-value-added activities and costs, target costing, Kaizen costing, continuous improvement, time-based competition, cost versus quality, and benchmarking. The course is mostly entirely based on cases, many of them lean enterprises in Japan.

NBA 504 Taxation Affecting Business and Personal Decision Making
Spring, first half of semester. 1.5 credits. Prerequisite: NCC 500 or permission of the instructor. R. Bloomfield.

This course introduces students to the fundamental concepts and techniques of tax planning for individuals and businesses. Planning opportunities considered include changing the timing and nature of income, investments, and expenses; choosing an
organizational form; constructing transactions that allow two or more parties to engage in tax arbitrage. The course also introduces tax research techniques and issues regarding tax compliance. Course continues with NBA 507.

**NBA 505 Auditing**
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: NCC 500 or permission of the instructor. M. Nelson.
The course examines the process by which financial-accounting systems are audited. Topics include ethics, the meaning of audit reports, the legal liability of auditors, the study and evaluation of internal control systems, and various approaches for testing account balances. Problems, cases, and video simulations are used to illustrate concepts.

**NBA 506 Financial Statement Analysis**
Spring, first half of semester. 1.5 credits. Prerequisite: NCC 506, NBA 500 (or concurrent enrollment) or permission of the instructor, S. Tasker.
This course develops a set of core skills essential to financial statement analysis. We will cover some ratio analysis, cash flow analysis, pro forma financial statements, financial modeling, credit analysis, bond rating and bankruptcy predictions, and firm valuation using discounted cash flow techniques. Emphasis is on practical applications. The course format is a combination of case studies and lectures. The lectures communicate subtler aspects of the material while the cases provide hands-on experience. There will be an exam.

Note: Students who have completed the three-credit version of NBA 506 cannot enroll in this course.

**NBA 507 Tax Implication of Mergers and Acquisitions and Other Special Topics**
Spring, second half of semester. 1.5 credits. Prerequisite: NBA 504 or permission of instructor. R. Bloomfield.
This course examines special topics in tax planning for businesses, with particular emphasis on capital structure choices and reorganizations (mergers and acquisitions), and intra-entity transactions (transfer pricing issues). Readings include many current research papers examining how large corporations exploit their tax planning opportunities.

**NBA 508 Advanced and International Accounting**
Spring, second half of semester. 1.5 credits. Prerequisite: NBA 501 or permission of the instructor. J. D Souza.
The course examines advanced topics in accounting for international transactions and international subsidiaries, including foreign currency translation, price level adjustments, and international variation in accounting principles. The method of instruction is lectures mixed with cases. Grading will be based on two exams and some written cases. Continuation of NBA 501, Accounting for Mergers & Consol (offered first half of semester).

**NBA 509 Advanced Financial Analysis**
Fall, second half of semester. 1.5 credits. Prerequisite: NBA 506, a finance immersion course, or permission of the instructor. L. White.
This course builds on the core financial analysis skills developed in NBA 506. Topics covered include equity valuation, residual income models, quality of earnings assessments, earnings manipulation detection, market efficiency issues, fairness opinions in MBOs, and large sample stock screening strategies. The overall focus is on using accounting-based information to make investment decisions. Emphasis is on practical applications and special attention is given to cultivating analytical communication skills. The course features both lectures and cases. There will be a group term project, but no final exam.

Note: Students who have completed the three-credit version of NBA 506 cannot enroll in this course.

**NBA 510 Cornell Equity Research**
Fall, spring. 1.5 credits. S-U grading only. Prerequisites: NCC 500 and NCC 506 or equivalent, and be taking (or have completed) NBA 506 or have permission of the instructor, R. Bloomfield.
Students write and revise equity research reports on companies that are neglected by analysts and preferentially undervalued. Class work includes lectures and cases on equity research and valuation, presentations by guest visitors, and presentations by students who must persuade the class to approve their stock recommendations.

**NBA 511 Financial Modeling**
Fall, spring, second half of the semester. 1.5 credits. Prerequisites: NBA 506 or permission of the instructor, and mastery of basic excel skills. S. Tasker.
Financial modeling is the art and science of constructing spreadsheet models of firms' future financial statements. In this class, we build on the brief introduction to financial modeling in NBA 506 by modeling the effect on the income statement, balance sheet, and statement of cash flows of more complicated financial transactions such as leveraged buyouts, mergers & acquisitions, and corporate reorganizations. The class meets in the state-of-the-art Parker Center computer lab, and active student participation is emphasized.

**NBA 512 Applied Portfolio Management**
Fall, spring. 3 credits. Restricted: C. Lee.
An accounting/finance elective course that focuses on the management of an investment fund (see Charles Lee for a full course description). Students enrolled in this course must commit to taking the course for fall and spring semesters. They will receive three credit hours for each semester's work. Strong preference is given to second year MBA students who have successfully completed either NBA 506 or one of the finance immersions. Students need to apply formally. If the number of applicants exceeds 12, admission will be competitive and merit-based.

**Economics**

**NBA 523 Business and Economic Forecasting**
Spring, second half of the semester. 1.5 credits. S-U grading only. Prerequisite: NCC 501 or the equivalent. R. Highfield.
This course will focus on statistical and econometric approaches to forecasting business and economic data series that have a time dimension (time series). The course provides students with a toolbox of time series forecasting methods and teaches them how to choose the appropriate one. Topics will include the relationship of forecasting to decision making, univariate methods such as ARIMA modeling, and some multivariate methods such as transfer function, regression, vector autoregression, and neural networks. Applications will usually involve the forecasting of business and economic data. Although statistical theory will be covered as necessary with lecture and supplemented by exams, the emphasis will be on applications and learning by doing. Passing the course requires participation in class discussions and satisfactory performance on both individual and group projects. There is no text for the course but students will be required to use the student version of a sophisticated econometric software package.

**NBA 524 Macroeconomics and International Trade**
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: NCC 502 or equivalent or permission of the instructor. R. Lind.
The course applies basic macroeconomic theory to such problems as inflation, unemployment, economic growth, and productivity and examines how these problems interact with trade and finance. Students learn to be informed observers of national and international economic policies and discerning users of economic analyses and forecasts. A lecture/discussion format is used as the method of instruction.

**NBA 527 Applied Economic Analysis**
(also ECON 616)
Spring. 4 credits. Letter/S-U optional grading. R. Frank.
This course will emphasize how economics analysis can help firms and individuals make the most of their opportunities. Of special interest to managers and consultants will be the course's focus on examples that illustrate how faulty economic reasoning leads to inefficient outcomes. The course will also emphasize strategic thinking, and will instruct students in the art of "economic naturalism"—the use of economic reasoning to understand and explain patterns of individual and firm behavior.

**NBA 529 Economics of Imperfect Information**
(also ECON 757)
6 credits. Prerequisites: ECON 609-610 and 619.
The purpose of this course is to consider some major topics in the economics of uncertain information. Although the precise topics considered will vary from year to year, subjects such as markets with asymmetric information, signaling theory, sequential choice theory, and search theory will be discussed.

**Finance**

**NBA 540 Advanced Corporate Finance**
(Theory and Practice)
Fall, spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: NCC 506 or the equivalent. Students who took NBA 540 and/or NBA 548, 1.5 credit version, can not enroll in this course. J. B. Emery.
This course is relevant for both investment banking and the treasurer's activities of an operating corporation. Most class sessions are lecture-discussion, but there are several corporate finance case studies. Topics include common stock, preferred stock, debt securities (duration, convexity, inverse floaters, bond
refunding, term structure, swaps), hyb... capital structure issues, cash... markets, their pricing function, the interaction... financial markets and macroeco... and the processes of... third, we look at the workings of a variety of... different problems which different types of... and the processes of... the emphasis is on option contracts. Underlying assets include stocks, futures,... in a bank-simulation exercise.

NBA 545 Corporate Finance
Fall, first half of semester. Spring, second half of semester. 1.5 credits. Prerequisite: NCC 506, 507.
This half-semester course will cover some of the more advanced topics in the area of corporate finance, including executive compensation, corporate governance, and bankruptcy law. The course will include lecture/discussion sessions in which the main ideas and the existing evidence (i.e., the theory and the empirics) will be presented and discussed. Cases will be used to illustrate the importance and applicability of these ideas... understanding of the material.

NBA 546 Introduction to Derivative Securities
Fall, spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: NCC 506 (Finance Core) or permission of the instructor. C. Gulhati, H. Li. The course introduces students to the pricing and hedging of derivative securities. The course briefly covers forward contracts, futures contracts, and swaps. The primary emphasis is on option contracts. Underlying assets include stocks, currencies, and commodities. Fixed income derivatives are covered in NBA 555. The method of instruction is primarily lectures, supplemented by guest speakers. A midterm and a final exam comprise roughly half the grade, with the remaining half determined by assignments and class participation. The course is a prerequisite for NBA 550, Advanced Topics in Derivative Securities.

NBA 547 Applied Financial Engineering (also OR & IE 585)
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: NCC 506, NBA 546, NBA 555, NBA 542, OR & IE 523, OR & IE 529, COMS 211, permission of instructor. F. Diz. This course is designed to integrate the students' coursework in engineering (computers, stochastic modeling, finance, options/futures and investment theory) through the completion of a project. The course project will be undertaken by student teams. It will involve the implementation of a financial model to a real-world problem. Projects will cover issues facing the financial industry. The implementation will include model formulation, computer programming, data collection, and data analysis. The course format will be a mixture of lectures by faculty and professionals and students (project presentations).

NBA 550 Risk Management with Derivatives
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: NBA 546 and NBA 555 (NBA 555 can be taken concurrently). R. Gukhal.
This course studies advanced topics in derivatives and risk management. The first part of the course covers topics in derivatives and develops the tools necessary for analysis and the second part is their application to risk management. This course is intensive and demanding—about 50 percent more demanding than the Fall NBA 546 course.

NBA 552 Cases in Corporate Finance
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: NCC 505 or the equivalent. Prerequisite: NBA 540. Course is limited to second-year MBA's and Twelve-Month Option Students. Students who took NBA 535 and/or NBA 536, 1.5 credit version, can not enroll in this course. H. H. Hiaman. This course consists of discussions of corporate finance cases dealing with corporate financing. Students will form groups and formally present one case and critique a second. This is in addition to the normal class sessions. The cases in this course deal with mergers, acquisitions, valuation, corporate restructuring, LBO's, MBO's, Merchant Banking, and the financing of corporations. The material applies equitably to the study of investment banking and managerial finance. The course does not deal with sales trading or the details of managing an investment banking firm. Several executives working in corporate finance will present cases.

NBA 554 Bank Management
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: NBA 543. M. O'Hara. This course provides an in-depth treatment of management issues in commercial banking. Topics include risk management, credit decision making, informational problems, bank performance evaluation, international lending, and strategic planning. Students learn concepts through case studies and participate in a bank-simulation exercise.

NBA 555 Current Topics at the Crossroads of Law and Finance
Spring. 3 credits. M. O'Hara. This course explores a series of selected topics that involve important issues in law and financial economics. The premise of the course is that financial institutions of all kinds, whether they are known as insurance companies, banks, investments banks, or pension funds, invest money and advise clients in a wide variety of settings. This agency relationship introduces a number of important dimensions to the intermediary-client relationship and this course will look at these issues from both an economic and legal perspective. Emphasis will be placed on the intersections between modern finance theory and legal analysis.

NBA 556 Financial Markets and Institutions
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: NCC 506 or the equivalent. Prerequisite: NBA 540. Course is limited to second-year MBA's and Twelve-Month Option Students. Students who took NBA 535 and/or NBA 536, 1.5 credit version, can not enroll in this course. H. H. Hiaman. This course is designed to integrate the students' coursework in engineering (computers, stochastic modeling, finance, options/futures and investment theory) through the completion of a project. The course project will be undertaken by student teams. It will involve the implementation of a financial model to a real-world problem. Projects will cover issues facing the financial industry. The implementation will include model formulation, computer programming, data collection, and data analysis. The course format will be a mixture of lectures by faculty and professionals and students (project presentations).
cross international borders, both problems and opportunities arise. We focus on these issues and highlight how finance theory can be extended to address them. Starting with basic principles of international finance, we then apply those principles to a variety of problems. The course helps students to understand the ideas and research results of international finance and how to adapt what they learn to the practical problems of the increasingly globalized business world beyond the classroom. The first part of the class outlines three basic themes: exchange rate volatility, barriers to international capital flows, and the value of international diversification. The second part of the class presents a variety of problems, examples, and applications from the three basic themes. These range from corporate finance applications of capital budgeting to portfolio management strategies. Spreadsheet assignments and a term project requiring data analysis develop research skills and illustrate academic concepts. Exams consist of computational, short answer, and short essay questions.

NBA 555 Fixed Income Securities and Financial Instruments
Fall, spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: NCC 506 (Finance core), NCC 501 (Quantitative Methods core). R. Jarrow.
This course is designed to study the pricing, hedging, and risk management of fixed income securities and interest rate derivatives. Topics to be studied include: the term structure of interest rates, interest rate swaps (caps, floors, collars), the risk structure of interest rates, credit risk spreads, and corporate bond valuation. The method of instruction is lectures and discussion, with computer illustrations being an integral part of the class content.

NBA 577 Case Studies in Venture Investment and Management
Fall. 2 credits. Prerequisites: NCC 500 and NCC 506 or concurrent enrollment.
W. Thomas.
A series of cases that focus on the venture capital investment process and on the subsequent management of such ventures. The primary role of the venture capitalist in assembling and evaluating information, preparing forecasts, assessing risks, developing and negotiating investment structure and terms, and deciding whether to invest. Cases also focus on management and financial problems, policy issues, and the relationship between venture capitalists and entrepreneurs. The secondary perspective is that of the entrepreneur and the techniques and skills employed in managing growing enterprises. Presentations by venture capitalists and entrepreneurs will supplement student discussion and analysis of cases. Grades will be based on written reports, quality of classroom participation, and a final exam.

NBA 558 Corporate Financial Policy
Fall, second half of semester. Spring, first half of semester. 1.5 credits. Prerequisite: NCC 506 (Finance core). J. Zender.
The course will deal with frontier topics in corporate finance and investment strategy. The financial world is changing at an increasing pace. New financial products are being offered, and the financial structure of many corporations is becoming more and more complicated. Corporate financial officers and investors (such as money managers) need to know the driving forces behind the financial products (debt, equity, and more complicated products) to understand the products themselves. Understanding these issues will enable us to estimate firm values more precisely. The course objective is to enable you to better analyze financial situations you may encounter in the future, as well as firms' valuation techniques.

Entrepreneurship

NBA 530 Entrepreneurship Lab
Fall, spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: NBA 564 Entrepreneurship, or concurrent enrollment, or permission of the instructor. MBA students only. Letter/S-U optional grading. P. Sears.
Students will team up with entrepreneurs in the greater Ithaca area on defined projects, which will be integral to the companies' operations, such as production planning, new product launches, or assessing organizational structure. Through these projects the student will gain first-hand experience with the application of functional knowledge in a start-up setting, bringing real value to the host company.

NBA 531 Startup Forum: Cornell Technologies with New Venture Potential
Fall, spring. 1 credit. S-U grading only. R. Holsten.
The course will focus on research at Cornell, which may be a basis for new businesses. Ventures. It will address the fundamental ways in which university-based research differs from industrial research. Students will explore and critique the business potential of each concept.

NBA 532 Venture Partnerships-The Corporate Business Development Role, Big Company vs. Emerging Company
Spring. 1.5 credits. Letter/S-U optional grading. P. Sears.
In an era when large corporations are 'downsizing' and 'outsourcing' in order to save on fixed costs, and small companies are dependent upon strategic partnerships with large companies as part of their financing strategies, the business development executive must be at the forefront of this activity. Priorities for the business development executive are distinctly different depending upon the size and history of the enterprise. This course, taught by a venture capitalist, examines the multitude of rules played by managers in business development deals. A significant amount of attention will be paid to planning and managing the merger and acquisition process, as well as to the role of the strategic partner. There will be several guest speakers, each an acknowledged expert in the field. Students will be assigned deal-making tasks in the context of a case study that will be the centerpiece of the class. Class dates will be announced. Students will be expected to have read the Big Pharm case study prior to the first class.

NBA 559 The Venture Capital Industry and Private Equity Market
Spring. 0.5 credit. S-U grading only. D. BenDaniel, J. Reyes.
This course focuses on the industry from the practitioners' perspective. Topics include (1) an introduction to the private equity market, focusing on the transactions that define the industry, its structure, participants, history and trends, (2) institutional private equity investing—now an increasingly important and dynamic part of the asset allocation mix, and (3) issues in private equity investing such as concentration in fewer, larger funds and the critical role of a new class of gatekeeper/consultants for limited partners. The course will involve four lectures and a final paper. The course is given jointly by Professor David BenDaniel and Jesse Reyes, director of Research of Venture Economics Information Services.

NBA 563 Initial Public Offerings and Acquisitions
Spring. 3 credits. Letter/S-U optional grading. J. Shulman.
A deep look at initial public offerings (IPOs) and acquisitions from a practitioner's point of view. With respect to IPOs the course will cover: the applicable statutory framework, pre-offering corporate preparation (such as implementation of poison pills and stock option plans), the due diligence process, the implementation of corporate governance policies appropriate for a public company, the offering registration process, liability under federal securities laws, the Securities and Exchange Commission review process, and the underwriting arrangements, pricing, selection of a trading forum (i.e., NYSE, NASDAQ, or AMEX) and the consequences of going public. Regarding acquisitions, the course will explore: financing, due diligence, treatment, due diligence, choosing an appropriate transaction structure (i.e., stock versus asset sale) and crucial aspects of acquisitions, such as letters of intent, continuity of employees, anti-takeover strategies, and non-competition agreements.

NBA 564 Entrepreneurship and Enterprise
Fall, spring. 3 credits. D. BenDaniel.
The course uses Cornell-developed case studies and lectures to address entrepreneurial management in start-up ventures and new-business development in existing companies. Among the topics covered are: valuation of business, planning, obtaining resources, management of growth, and cashing out. Guest lecturers speak on specialized topics such as corporate and patent law, bankruptcy, and work-outs, leveraged buy-outs, and valuations of businesses. Students team up to write and present business plans. The course attempts to integrate marketing, finance, operations, and human-resource topics in the context of high-growth business ventures.

General Management

NBA 560 Business Law I (also ARME 320)
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to juniors, seniors, and graduate students. D. Grossman.
The course introduces the basic tenets of law as they apply to businesses and their operations. Topics include personal property, contracts, agency, real property, and landlord-tenant concerns. Text readings and case
studies are used. All students intending to be professional accountants are required to take the course, and it is strongly recommended for finance students.

**NBA 561 Business Law II (also ARME 422)**
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: NBA 560 or permission of the instructor. D. Grossman. The first portion of this course examines legal issues in the formation and operation of businesses. Special scrutiny is given to partnerships, corporations, and limited liability companies. The second portion of the course will review selected topics in business law, such as employment discrimination, secured transactions, product liability, unfair competition, and international business law.

**NBA 562 Estate Planning (also ARME 423)**
Fall. 1 credit. S-U grading only. Limited to juniors, seniors, and graduate students. D. Grossman. Fourteen sessions on the various aspects of estate planning. The law and use of trusts, the law of wills, federal and New York State estate and gift taxes, and probate procedures are covered.

**NBA 567 Management Writing**
Fall, spring (sections offered in both first and second halves of semester). 1.5 credits. S-U grades only. B. Mink, A. Pike, M. Hirtleman, C. Rosen. Students learn to write clearly and effectively by focusing on the writing process as well as the finished product. Course topics include audience perspective, style, organization, strategy, and persuasion. There is a writing assignment every week. Students receive instructor and peer feedback. Priority given to MBA students. Open to other graduate students and employee degree candidates if there is room.

**NBA 568 Oral Communication**
Fall, spring (sections offered in both first and second semesters). 1.5 credits. S-U grades only. B. Mink, A. Pike, C. Rosen. This course focuses on improving the presentation skills of management students. The course covers the areas of speaking formats (impromptu, extemporaneous, manuscript), delivery, organization, visual aids, and question/answer. Student speeches constitute the bulk of class time, with each student presenting seven or eight speeches in the seven-week session. The small class size allows for significant individual attention. Students receive feedback from classmates and the instructor, and have the opportunity to review in tutorials the videotapes of most of their speeches. This course is given to MBA students. Open to other graduate students and employee degree candidates if there is room.

**NBA 569 Management Consulting**
Fall. 3 credits. A. McAdams. The course is case-study oriented and focuses on strategic consulting. It has multiple objectives. First, it provides students with the opportunity to understand the role of the consultant and to gain indirect experience in that role through dealing with a broad range of practical and real-world issues. Second, it helps students improve their analytic skills through practice with case studies. Third, it provides students with information that they are unlikely to gain in other courses, as well as experience in making group presentations and evaluating them. In addition, students are required to write a comprehensive analytic term paper.

**NBA 570 Leadership in Management**
Spring (meets during winter break). 1.5 credits. MBA students only. S-U grades only. R. Peterson, RPW Executive Development, and other Johnson School faculty. This course is a partnership with RPW Executive Development to provide MBA students with the self-awareness and interpersonal skills required to be effective leaders (the general principles of leadership course is NBA 668). RPW has partnered extensively with the Johnson School Executive Education Department. The course consists of five full-day training sessions. Staff from RPW and Johnson School faculty will provide training. The first two days will focus on self-awareness and employ several self-assessment instruments including, the Campbell Leadership Index (CLI), Meyers-Briggs Type Indicator (MBTI), the Fundamental Interpersonal Relations Orientation-Behavior (FIRO-B), the Kirtson Adaptation/Innovation Inventory (KAI), and the Ambiguity Preference Scale (APS). Class members will also be trained in giving and receiving feedback from team members and faculty. Mid-week activities include various leadership and team challenges, including a business simulation. Attendance is required each day of the course to receive credit. NOTE: most of the self-assessment instruments listed above will need to be completed by the first day of class to allow for scoring and analysis.

**NBA 571 Cornell Management Simulation**
Fall, spring. 1.5 credits. Restricted to second-year MBA students. J. Hass, S. Smith. This computer-based simulation is played by self-selected teams of four students who make marketing, production, and finance decisions for one of five companies operating competitively in the same industry. After the first week, during which the rules of the simulation are explained and software used by each team is demonstrated, the teams make periodic decisions (meeting at their own convenience). At the beginning of the simulation, each team writes a Strategic Intent paper and, before the results of the last decision have been determined, each team presents an in-depth analysis of its performance and its strategy for the future in a “Board of Directors” meeting. Letter grading only, based on the value created for the company’s shareholders (relative to other firms in the same industry), the team’s Strategic Intent paper and the instructor’s evaluation of team performance at the BOD meeting. Students who have completed NBA 549 cannot take this course. Open to MBA IIs only. Meetings will be periodic throughout the semester.

**NBA 572 Environment, Economics, and Management Policy**
Fall. 3 credits. Enrollment preference to Johnson School and other graduate students, others by permission. D. Chapman. Environmental protection and pollution controls are of major importance in the United States and OECD countries, and are growing in importance in developing countries. This course analyzes the economic rationale affecting business and public decision making. It investigates the success achieved in the United States, and the important role that business has played in that success. Case studies review government-business cooperation, methods of analysis, and management strategy. The course concludes with business leaders presenting their past experiences and current challenges for analysis by the class. The general goal of the course is to introduce future managers to the realistic process of successful environmental decision making.

**NBA 573 Seminar in Sustainable Development (also ABEN 673)**
Spring, first half of semester. S-U grading only. 1–3 variable credits. A. McAdams. This seminar-style course will involve readings and discussion of issues in environmental management, and will also feature four significant outside speakers on the subject of environmental management. (Students interested in doing consulting projects in environmental management will be accommodated in NBA 575, Advanced Consulting.)

**NBA 575 Field Projects**
Fall. 3 variable credits. J. Russo. The course teaches how to frame unstructured business problems and develop solutions in small team projects. Teams must identify what the central issues are, and then determine the most appropriate tools and concepts to provide insight into these issues. Students also learn to approach business problems from a multi-functional perspective. Specific conceptual content includes: project management; power, politics, and personalities in work groups; managing in for-profit versus not-for-profit organizations; and organizational change. Field Projects is not classroom-based. Although there will be a few class sessions early in the semester, the course structure will revolve around (a) periodic reviews and (b) coaching sessions as needed. The instructor team will contain one regular member of the Johnson School’s faculty, an experienced executive, and an administrator.

**NBA 577 The Political, Legal, and Regulatory Environment of Business**
Spring. 3 credits. Letter/S-U optional grading. R. Schuler. The political climate, laws, regulations, and government arrangements for infrastructure have a profound effect on the nature, operation, and profitability of business. Many of the most important decisions that top management makes are driven by political, legal, and regulatory considerations (e.g., the responses of Exxon to the Exxon Valdez oil spill and Union Carbide to the Bhopal, India, gas leak and the decision of AT&T to accept the division of its company in response to an antitrust suit filed by the U.S. government). Environmental and waste-management concerns are leading to new laws and regulations that will affect many aspects of business well into the next century, creating opportunities as well as posing problems. The course begins with a discussion of the political and economic foundations of business regulation. Students examine different areas of application, including economic regulation, environmental regulation, antitrust, and product liability. Guest speakers include leading scholars from throughout the university and business and government leaders.
NBA 578 Business Ethics Fall. 3 credits. Students examine actual situations in business, both in the United States and abroad, that involve ethical issues affecting individuals and organizations. They are challenged to decide on appropriate ethical positions.

NBA 579 Business Strategy Fall, first half of semester. 1.5 credits. Enrollment limited to second-year MBA students only. J. Suwinski. A well-defined strategy is essential for business success—describing where the business is going, how it is going to get there, and then providing a framework for making decisions along the way. Strategy is the responsibility of top executives of a company/business, and the ability to formulate effective strategy is one of the key skills that distinguishes General Managers from functional managers. This course will focus on the process of effective strategy formulation from the perspective of the general manager of a business unit. This perspective also applies to consultants working for clients on business unit strategy. Correlating the company strategy with business unit strategies will be discussed, as well as tools useful for industry and company analysis. Situational analysis will also be covered. This course will complement the other strategic emphases on understanding and practicing frameworks that are useful in case-based interviews. The course will draw heavily on the instructor's experience developing strategy for numerous businesses at Corning Incorporated. Guest speakers from industry and strategy consulting firms and also from industry will present their approaches to strategy, and the analytical tools they find most effective in working on business strategy. Students will gain experience, via assigned cases, in analyzing business problems/opportunities, using the strategic process to formulate effective business strategies, and in presenting their recommendations in written form and orally in class. A major case write-up and presentation in a mock board environment at the end of the course gives students an opportunity to play the role of strategy consultants working on a real case.

NBA 580 Strategies for Global Competitiveness Spring. 3 credits. A. McAdams. Initially, students explore the role of government in several private-market industrialized nations—Japan, France, Germany, the United Kingdom, and the United States. The impact of government change on the global economy is discussed. The course assesses important factors and implications for multinational corporations. The course will be directed by the instructor, with guest speakers and assigned readings.

NBA 581 Special Topics—Contemporary Development of Southeast Asian Economies Spring. 3 credits. I. Aziz. This course will analyze the patterns and processes of Southeast Asian economic development during the last three decades. The five plus two countries in the region that will be the focus of the course include Thailand, Indonesia, Malaysia, Singapore, the Philippines, Brunei, and Vietnam. The topics will be divided into the following categories: Southeast Asian economic development, regional economic cooperation in Southeast Asia, and the financial crisis of the 1990s. The course will assess important factors and consequences of the region's development patterns and use international comparative analysis to explicate the relative position and uniqueness of the region's performance. Evaluation will be based equally on the student's participation in class discussions and debates and on a term paper.

NBA 584 International Competitive Strategy Fall and spring, first half of semester. 1.5 credits. Letter/S-U optional grading. This course can be used to fulfill the strategy requirement. J. Katz. Focuses on the development of competitive strategies in the global environment—including the identification of internationally relevant strengths and weaknesses, the movement and use of resources to gain competitive advantage, and strategies to confront competitors, both domestic and multinational.

NBA 585 Cross-National Management Fall, second half of semester. 1.5 credits. Letter/S-U optional grading. J. Katz. Focuses on the differences in managerial style across countries and the development of skills to deal with these differences. Most of the material will be applicable to all countries, though two specific countries will be highlighted each semester.

NBA 586 Global Management Structures Spring, second half of semester. 1.5 credits. Prerequisites: the new version of NBA 564. Letter/S-U optional grading. J. Katz. Focuses on the control, communication, and coordination systems within multinational corporations. Design and development of appropriate systems, to ensure enactment of corporate strategy will be addressed.

NBA 587 International Mergers & Acquisitions Spring. 1.5 credits. J. Hanks. This course covers issues relating to mergers and acquisitions in an international context. Topics include business due diligence, pricing and negotiation, and other important topics from the global perspective. The course will use both lecture and case material. Students will be evaluated on the basis of group and individual written assignments. The instructor for the course, Arthur Rosenbloom, is a partner and chairman of the board of Patricof & Co. Capital Corp, a New York City-based firm specializing in mergers and acquisitions, private placements, and valuations of going concern businesses for tax and corporate purposes. Patricof has offices in New York and Palo Alto, affiliates in London, Paris, Zurich, Madrid, and Munich and is part of Apax Partners, which includes Patricof & Co. Ventures, Inc., one of the world's largest international venture capital firms. He holds a bachelor's degree from Bucknell University, a master's degree from Columbia University, and a law degree from Cornell. He has taught a similar course at Columbia.

Beginning with the third meeting of the course, Mr. Rosenbloom will conduct the course via a video-teleconferencing link from New York City.
NBA 590 Managing in Developing Countries
Fall, first half of semester. 1.5 credits. Letter/S-U optional grading. J. Katz.
This class centers on the unique features of industrialized and newly industrializing countries as hosts for multinational business operations. In the first part of the course each class is spent discussing one or two cases. Topics include environmental variation and how to deal with it and concentrated national power structures and their management. We cover the developing countries spread throughout the world. Students are responsible for providing in-class updates on the countries discussed. Grading is based on the country update presentation, a final case write-up, and class participation.

NBA 592 Experience in International Management
Spring. 1.5 credits. S-U grades only. J. Katz.
The objective of this course is to combine classroom sessions and international experience to increase awareness of business environments outside the United States. NOTE: Participation in a faculty approved study trip is required to complete this course (fee charged). On trips, students will visit local businesses, subsidiaries of foreign multinational corporations, government officials, local business school students, etc. Students must attend two pre-trip meetings (1 1/4 hours each) and two Saturday meetings during spring semester (2 1/2 hours each). Those meetings will be used to present information on international business conditions, international business structures, management styles, and also, to develop cross-cultural skills. A final paper, integrating the material learned in the classroom with their experiences, will be required.

Management Information Systems

NBA 600 Database Management
3 credits. L. Orman.
Database technology is the principal tool of bookkeeping, reporting, and auditing. It is also the primary infrastructure technology for all information systems. Not only is it critical to managing the information flow in modern organizations, but also in building systems to support managerial decisions. The course introduces the basic principles of management, design, and use of databases in organizations. Topics include: data storage and organization, efficiency and optimization, retrieval and end-user languages, reporting and auditing, and the impact on the organization. Students design, create and use databases using various database management systems.

NBA 601 Electronic Commerce
Electronic commerce is the use of information technology in conducting economic transactions and managing businesses over computer networks. It is a phenomenon that has captured the business attention because of its wide-ranging implications for businesses, markets, public institutions, and the general public. Electronic commerce involves a wide variety of cooperating technologies such as communications, networks, databases, expert systems, and multimedia. It also affects a wide variety of managerial issues. Electronic commerce created a new emphasis on information technologies and systems in management. It led to the development of new technologies and new combinations of existing technologies. On occasion, it radically altered business practices and the role of management. The students in this course will learn to conduct economic transactions and manage businesses on the Internet. All major technical and managerial issues will be covered through computer exercises on the Internet, and case studies and examples of businesses on the Internet.

NBA 612 Imaging and the Electronic Age
Fall. 3 credits. D. Greenberg.
The advances of computer graphics, computer processing power, network bandwidths, and video compression technologies are forcing the merger of the telephone, television, and computer industries. The influence of these technologies has created paradigm shifts that will drastically change the way we communicate, how we are educated, the way we work, design, and in essence, how we will live in the next century. We are just beginning to fathom how these changes will influence our modus operandi and greatly modify our traditional patterns of behavior, both personal and organizational. Clearly, business and industry must learn to understand the implications of the advanced technology. This course will start by presenting historical technological advances that created major paradigm shifts for communications. Advances in computer technology emphasizing the fundamentals behind the increases in processing power, video and computer graphics capabilities, and network transmission will be presented. The latter half of the course will cover the effect of these scientific advances on many discipline-specific areas including photography, the film industry, the entertainment and animation industry, television broadcasting, publishing, as well as the computer industry itself. Sessions will be devoted to the social and legal issues rising from the rapid advances in electronic communication. In attempting to predict the disruptive changes of the future, it is best to understand the disruptive technologies. Thus, students with technology or science background are preferred. Although no computer programming will be required, a working knowledge of computers is necessary. The course will be especially tailored to a business school and industrial concerns and will have interactive live demonstrations at the state-of-the-art laboratory of the Program of Computer Graphics. No prior knowledge in computer science is required.

NBA 614 Managing in the Information Age
Fall, first half of semester. 1.5 credits. A. McAdams.
In this course we explore a topic that is just beginning to emerge: the implications of the explosion of the Internet and interactive multimedia on the way managers think and manage. We examine the origins of the Internet and some of the forces that have led to its rapid development, noting along the way, why and how it has "blindsided" us as Andy Grove of Intel and Bill Gates of Microsoft candidly stated. We then look at how information is being used today in pioneering applications in organizations of various kinds based, in part, on original case studies and observations. Throughout the semester the student will be asked to identity new and innovative use of modern information technologies. The course itself will evolve—even in real-time—with the developments in the field.

NBA 615 Information Technology to Manage Business
Fall. 1.5 credits (variable). S-U grades only. A. McAdams.
This course will rely on visiting speakers from several technology-based firms. The speakers will address how to manage the information technology function as a business and how to use IT to deal with business problems. Speakers will come from hardware companies, software companies, and other organizations dealing with large issues of managing the information resources. There will be weekly assignments, with student groups interacting with speakers, and a short paper at the end of the course. The course will meet approximately 10 times during the semester for up to two hours. HP, Intel, and other firms have indicated an interest in being involved.

Marketing

NBA 520 Pricing and Strategy
Spring, second half of semester. 3 credits. Prerequisite: NCC 502, V. Rao.
This course extends material introduced in the core microeconomics course, where the focus is on pricing decisions. The course is taught very much like the core microeconomics course; i.e., the course consists mostly of lectures and problem sets that use the ideas contained in the lectures. The difference is that some understanding of calculus is required. The grading for the course is based on a midterm exam, a final exam, and a paper. Specific topics covered include price discrimination, peak-load pricing, product line pricing, and pricing when information is asymmetric.

NBA 521 Marketing Research
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: NCC 501 and NCC 503, or the equivalent. V. Rao.
This course deals with marketing research as a critical support function in corporations. The broad objective is to develop a fundamental understanding of marketing research methods employed by better managed firms or proposed by leading academicians. The course is aimed at the manager, the ultimate user of marketing information, who is responsible for the scope and direction of research activities involved in obtaining, analyzing, and interpreting results of research. The course will cover the use of secondary sources of marketing information as well as designing studies for collecting primary data. Students will be exposed to up-to-date methods in research design, qualitative research, measurement, data collection, and analysis. The emphasis will be on evaluating research methods and on interpretation and use of results rather than on mathematical derivations. Students will also be exposed to the practical side of marketing research through case studies, problem sets, and projects.

NBA 522 Marketing Communications
Fall. 1.5 credits. Prerequisite: NCC 503 (marketing core). D. Stayman.
The course is designed to give students an understanding of the advertising and promotion management process. It covers the components of a successful advertising campaign and helps students develop an
appreciation of the issues involved in advertising planning and decision making. They also learn how recent social-science findings and theory can facilitate advertising management.

**NBA 622 Marketing Strategy**
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: NCC 503 (Marketing core). V. Rao.
The course balances theoretical and practical approaches to the development and evaluation of marketing strategies for multiproduct firms. It considers various environmental opportunities and constraints in developing and evaluating integrated marketing strategies for new and established products and services. Recent research results are applied to decisions on product-market boundary definition, resource allocation, product positioning, and competitive reactions. It includes selected current topics such as brand equity, acquisitions, and lead-user analyses. Students use case studies extensively to develop skills in strategy analysis and to enhance skills in assessing external threats and opportunities. They employ computer-assisted market strategy simulations to evaluate the effects of competing strategies. Guest speakers from industry provide a view of the operational aspects of marketing strategy.

**NBA 623 Customer-Based New Product Development**
Fall, spring, first half of semester. 1.5 credits. Prerequisites: NCC 501 and NCC 503.
The successful introduction of new products requires careful planning and systematic screening and testing. This course covers models and methods useful to managers in the development (e.g., specification of products and services) and marketing of new products. Heavy emphasis is placed on the measurement of consumer preferences. Students are required to compose a group project, consisting of a measurement instrument, data collection (from at least 30 respondents) and data analysis, for a self-chosen product category. The method of instruction combines simulations, lectures and discussion of cases and articles. Performance is evaluated primarily based on exams and the group project.

**NBA 625 International Marketing**
Spring, second half of semester. 1.5 credits. Letter/S-U optional grading. Recommended: NCC 503; J. Katz.
Designed to train students to take a domestic product and expand it into international markets successfully. Market selection, international market research issues, and international marketing strategies are all discussed. The group project (actually submitted in three parts throughout the term) requires that students choose some product and develop a plan for taking it abroad. Each class includes cases, therefore, class preparation is essential. Grading is based on the term project, the final, and class participation. Core marketing provides a useful background, but is not a prerequisite.

**NBA 626 Consumer Behavior**
Spring. 3 credits. A. Isen.
Topics include factors that influence response to advertising, customer satisfaction, and the basic methodologies for understanding consumer behavior.

**NBA 627 Affect, Brand Equity, and Internet Marketing**
Spring. 3 credits. A. Isen.
The course will focus on concepts central to brand equity, including brand association, brand perceptions, brand loyalty, relationship marketing, and brand extensions and revitalization with a special focus on the role of affect (feelings) in decision-making and thought processes that are fundamental to these and other concepts central to brand equity establishment, maintenance, and management. Additionally, it will cover the emerging area of internet marketing from the consumer perspective relative to brand equity, including consumer response to the internet as a medium and marketing channel.

**NBA 630 Policies for Marketing Channels**
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: NCC 503. V. Kadiyali.
Marketers are analyzed as a chain of interdependent and interlocking organizations that produce and deliver goods and services to various types of consumers. We will look at various aspects of these relationships, such as efficiency, equity, competitiveness and government intervention. Instruction consists of lectures, cases, and guest speakers. Evaluation is based on cases and a final project (presentation and write-up) and on class participation.

**NBA 631 MARKSTRAT Simulation**
Fall, second half of semester. 1.5 credits. Prerequisite: NCC 503; V. Rao.
MARKSTRAT Simulation offers an opportunity for students to make various marketing strategy decisions in a realistic, dynamic, competitive environment. Students, working in teams, will model a part of a firm's product for several years (periods). They will learn how to make long term decisions (introduction of new products) and will deal with various cross-functional issues related to marketing management (e.g., research and development, product design, and budgeting). A major portion of the course will be devoted to an understanding of the basic concepts (e.g., competitive positioning, resource allocation, market segmentation and product design) on which the game is based and to a discussion of suitable methods of analysis of data generated in the game. Students will develop an initial strategy statement and strategic marketing plan for their firm. This game has become quite popular in various schools of management that are perceived to be competitive to the Johnson School. Students will develop an initial strategy statement and strategic marketing plan for their firm.

**NBA 633 Internet Marketing**
Spring, first half of semester. 1.5 credits. S-U grades only. V. Rao, D. Stayman, V. Kadiyali.
This class explores the effect of the Internet on marketing. The topics include an overview of the online industry, analysis of models of the Internet, advertising and promotions on the Internet, marketing research on the Internet, loyalty programs for Internet marketing, and disintermediation or channel conflict resulting from Internet distribution. The course will comprise industry speakers from Cendant, CSC, Netcentives, H-P, 1st USA, Catalina marketing, and Bausch and Lomb and others. Course requirements include write-ups on a subset of speakers, and a final report and presentation on an Internet marketing issue of your choice. NBA 638 is restricted to MBA I's because the same information is available for MBA I's in the strategy core.

**NBA 635 Marketing Models**
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: NCC 503. V. Kadiyali.
Students learn how to use mathematical models to solve marketing problems. The objective is to develop students' skills in evaluating marketing models and implementing them in management practice.

**NBA 637 Direct Marketing**
1.5 credits. Prerequisite: NCC 503. Marketing Management, or equivalent. V. Rao, D. Stayman.
The objective of this short course is to expose MBA students to selected contemporary issues in the area of direct marketing. In addition to providing an overview of the direct marketing industry and potential trends, in database technology, the course will address major strategic and tactical issues in the management of direct marketing. The discussion will mainly consider the perspective of a marketer interested in employing the opportunities in direct marketing as an integral element of the marketing mix for a product/service. It will also address appropriate ethical concerns with direct marketing. To acquire a flavor of various practices in the field, students will visit one or two direct marketing firms in New York City or its vicinity toward the end of the course.

**NBA 638 Analysis of Competitive Decision Making**
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: NCC 502 (Microeconomics core course). V. Kadiyali.
This course brings methods of microeconomics analysis to competitive decision making. Specifically, we will address issues relating to optimal competitive decisions for a firm interacting with current and potential rivals. We discuss how firms can, by their choice of appropriate decisions, best signal to rivals their intentions and their degree of commitment to them. We also look at sustainability, flexibility, and correction of decision choices. Game theory perspectives are used to understand these concepts. The dimensions of competitive strategy that we look at include product proliferation, R&D and patent policies, choice of compatibility with existing products, bundling of products, investing in capacity, vertical integration, choice of channels of distribution partners, pricing, and promotions. We also discuss problems caused in the optimal choice and implementation of firm strategies when information is imperfect. Specifically, we look at issues of moral hazard and adverse selection, and how these issues affect firm choices of strategies (e.g., pricing, choice of channel partners, etc.). Instruction includes lectures and cases. Grading is based on cases, class participation, and a final project. This course can be used to fulfill the strategy requirement.

**NBA 639 Data-Driven Marketing**
Fall. 3 credits.
Data-Driven Marketing will introduce the future brand manager to the use of data management and consumer analytics to develop insights and construct pricing and promotional strategies. The course will introduce new sources of data available on product purchases and consumers' reactions to the marketing environment. The course focuses on the practical use of data available on product purchases and consumers' reactions to the marketing environment. The course will cover panel data on
Operations Management

NBA 641 Logistics and Manufacturing Strategy
Spring. 3 credits. Letter/S/U optional grading. Prerequisite: NCC 508, OR&IE 410, or permission of the instructor. L. Thomas.

The course is about supply-chain integration, which involves strategic management of the value chain, from materials to customer. Students discuss operations strategy issues that are important to both manufacturing and service. The course emphasizes written and oral communication skills. About a fourth of the classes are spent on case studies, with small groups presenting their analyses of them. There is one mid-term examination, but the majority of the grade is evaluated based on projects and class participation. There is an option of replacing some assignments with a "live case," a project with a local company.

NBA 644 Quality Management
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: NCC 508 or permission of the instructor. L. Robinson.

This course centers on developing a major product and improvement of products and processes. The topics to be covered within this survey course include: (1) principles of process improvement (the formal seven-step improvement process: define, measure, analyze, improve, control); (2) process monitoring (statistical process control, process capability, Motorola's "6 sigma" program); (3) product design (the Kano model, customer satisfaction and delight, issues in survey design, quality function deployment (QFD), design and manufacturability); (4) product delivery and support (quality in service and administration, satisfaction guarantees, and customer loyalty); (5) process design and improvement (kaizen vs. business process reengineering, benchmarking, design of experiments); and (6) issues in implementing quality improvements. The structure of the course will emphasize "hands-on" applications of the principles and learning's from the course. The course and local plant tour will be supplemented with Harvard cases, several exercises (e.g., assuming the role of a Baldwin Examiner, finding and correcting the root causes of problems in a process), and homework assignments (to allow you to work through quantitative problems without any time pressure). A sizeable component of this course will be a group project, which applies the formal quality improvement process at a local firm.

NBA 645 Product Development Practicum
Spring. 3 credits. J. Thomas.

This course centers on developing a major new product for firms. It will involve training in creativity by a consulting firm and readings in product development. This course will provide the opportunity to learn from many different sources, consultants, faculty, and executives.

NBA 646 Managing Knowledge-Based Services
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: NCC 508.

This course is designed for students who plan to manage technical and high-skill service enterprises. We discuss the pros and cons of the "service" and examine the unique aspects of producing service products, focusing on high-end, high-value-added services. Although some consumer service examples will be included, the primary emphasis is on corporate and industrial services that occur between large firms, including technical, financial, and expert services. We will explore the use of traditional operations management tools in the context of service industries, as well as concepts from other disciplines such as sociology, psychology, and economics. In addition to managing the efficient provision of services, we will address service design, marketing, evaluation, and innovation along with a combination of case analyses, discussion, student projects and presentations, guest lectures, and readings.

NBA 651 Employment Relations
Spring. 1 credit.

The course will be offered over two full days and will consist of three parts: (1) an overview of U.S. labor law and its effect on today's management, (2) a case analysis of what can lead a workforce to seek union representation to be able to bargain collectively over wages and conditions of employment, and (3) an examination of union-management productivity partnership.

NBA 652 Integrating Product Design, Marketing, and Manufacturing
Spring. 1 credit. J. Bradley, J. Thomas.

The course will make the necessity of integrating product design, marketing, and manufacturing for a firm's success apparent. Managerial tools and useful concepts that facilitate this integration will be introduced. Students will have the opportunity, through homework assignments or projects, to make a more in-depth foray into the course topics.

Organizational Behavior

NBA 663 Managerial Decision Making
Fall. 3 credits. J. Thomas.

This course presents practical concepts from the behavioral sciences that can serve as guides to managerial action. Lectures, cases, and exercises are used to acquaint students with new perspectives on decision making, critical thinking, problem solving, and group processes. Taken together, these perspectives offer a trouble-shooter's guide to the uncertainty, complexity, and conflict in the business world.

NBA 666 Judgment and Negotiations
Fall. Spring. 3 credits. R. O'Connor.

Judgment is the art and science of transforming perception into thought or opinion. Negotiation is the art and science of securing agreements between two or more interdependent parties. The purpose of this course is to understand the theory and processes of negotiation as it is practiced in a variety of settings. This course is designed to comple-
DOCTORAL SEMINARS

NRE 502 Doctoral Seminar in Marketing
3 credits. A. Ainslie
This class is intended to introduce students to empirical research in marketing. There will be a strong focus on the historical development of econometric specifications of consumer choice models (with an emphasis on heterogeneity and issues of dynamic consumption patterns), and Bayesian methods in marketing. However, by the very nature of the class, the content will to some extent be driven by the participants in the course. Teaching will be interactive, and each participant will be expected to present one of the papers studied to the rest of the class. Furthermore, each participant will be expected to replicate the results of one of the papers, requiring the participant to write the necessary code and briefly discuss their findings. Enrollment is by consent of the instructor. Students are required to have taken a graduate level course in either mathematical statistics or econometrics, although this restriction may be waived in special cases. Students are welcome to sit in on parts of the class; for example, the section on Bayesian Methods will be broad enough that students from other areas may find the presentation useful.

NRE 504 Doctoral Seminar in Accounting
3 credits. Staff
The seminar provides a rigorous and integrative exposure to those aspects of the literature in accounting, behavioral economics, and psychology that are related to questions of accounting and auditing theory and research. This course is for Ph.D. students only.

NRE 507 Doctoral Seminar: Affect and Cognition
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: courses in statistics and experimental design. A. Isen. The course examines research on some of the ways affect influences such thought processes as memory, decision making (including risk taking), and problem solving (including creative problem solving). Applied topics relevant to management concerns (for example, organizational behavior and consumer behavior) as well as other theoretical and applied topics (among them medical decision making, social interaction, self-concept, and cognitive and affective development) are considered, depending on student interests.

NRE 509 Doctoral Seminar in Research Methods
3 credits. Staff
This course concerns the fundamentals of scientific research: theory, research design, methods, and criticism. It is designed for doctoral students who wish to undertake research publishable in scholarly journals. Little or no scientific training is assumed. Statistics will not be emphasized; however, familiarity with elementary statistical concepts and inference will be useful. The course will cover: (1) the principles of theory building; (2) the pros and cons of various general research designs (laboratory and field experiments, surveys, interviews, participant observation, archival studies, simulations, and formal mathematical models); and (3) the structure of research papers and the review process.

NRE 510 Ethnography in Organizations
3 credits. B. Nelsen
This course is a comprehensive introduction to the philosophy and practice of fieldwork in an ethnographic tradition, with particular emphasis on conducting fieldwork in organizational settings. The course has four primary objectives: (1) to acquaint students with various philosophies and techniques for doing field research in organizational settings; (2) to provide students with an opportunity to engage in field research; (3) to provide students with an opportunity to develop unique insights into an organizational setting(s) and to contribute to the theoretical understanding of social phenomena in their field of study; (4) to provide a climate of social support throughout the student's field experience.

NRE 511 Doctoral Seminar in Finance—Corporate Finance
1.5 credits. Staff
This course will cover topics in corporate finance and empirical asset pricing.

NRE 513 Doctoral Seminar in Finance—Market Microstructure
3 credits. Staff
The course examines recent research in market microstructure, particularly as it relates to theoretical issues. Topics covered include asymmetric information in securities markets, market behavior, and market structure.

NRE 514 Doctoral Seminar in Finance—Asset Pricing Theory
1.5 credits. Permission of instructor required. Staff
This course will cover asset pricing theory as based on either economic equilibrium or the absence of arbitrage. The method of instruction is primarily presentations given by the students on important papers. The presentation and the final exam each comprise about half the grade.

NRE 515 Doctoral Seminar in Behavioral Decision Research
Spring. 3 credits. J. Russo
This seminar focuses on decision making. The first topic is competing paradigms for research in decision making. A central question of this topic is, "Which paradigms have been most successful or show promise in being most productive in the future?" Other topics will be guided by the interest of participants. They include connectionist approaches, dynamical systems, the interpretation (and distortion) of
Li, Haitao, Ph.D., Yale U. Asst. Prof., Finance
Libby, Robert, Ph.D., U. of Illinois. David A. Thomas Professor of Management, Prof., Accounting and Behavioral Science
Lind, Robert C., Ph.D., Stanford U. Prof., Economics, Management, and Public Policy
Mannix, Elisabeth A., Ph.D., U. of Chicago. Assoc. Prof., Organizational Behavior
McAdams, Alan K., Ph.D., Stanford U. Assoc. Prof., Managerial Economics
McClain, John O., Ph.D., Yale U. Prof., Quantitative Analysis
McClain, Robert, Ph.D., U. of Illinois. David A. Thomas Professor of Management, Prof., Accounting and Behavioral Science
Lind, Robert C., Ph.D., Stanford U. Prof., Economics, Management, and Public Policy
Mannix, Elisabeth A., Ph.D., U. of Chicago. Assoc. Prof., Organizational Behavior
O'Connor, Kathleen, Ph.D., U. of Illinois. Asst. Prof., Organizational Behavior
O'Hara, Maureen, Ph.D., Northwestern U. Robert W. Purcell Prof., Management, Prof., Finance
Orman, Levent V., Ph.D., Northwestern U. Assoc. Prof., Management Information Systems
Peterson, Randall S., Ph.D., U. of California at Berkeley. Asst. Prof., Organizational Behavior
Rao, Vithala R., Ph.D., U. of Pennsylvania. Deane W. Malott Professor of Management, Prof., Marketing and Quantitative Methods
Robinson, Lawrence W., Ph.D., U. of Chicago. Assoc. Prof., Operations Management
Russo, J. Edward, Ph.D., U. of Michigan. S. C. Johnson Family Prof., Management, Prof., Marketing and Behavioral Science
Sally, David F., Ph.D., U. of Chicago. Asst. Prof., Organizational Behavior
Smidt, Seymour, Ph.D., U. of Chicago. Nicholas H. Noyes Professor of Economics and Finance, Director, Leadership Skills Program
Stayman, Douglas M., Ph.D., U. of California at Berkeley. Assoc. Prof., Marketing
Suwinski, Jan H., MBA, Cornell U. Prof., Business Operations
Swaminathan, Bhaskaran, Ph.D., U. of California at Los Angeles. Asst. Prof., Finance
Tasker, Sarah, Ph.D., MIT. Asst. Prof., Accounting
Thomas, L. Joseph, Ph.D., Yale U. Nicholas H. Noyes Professor of Manufacturing, Director, Executive Development Program
Waldman, Michael, Ph.D., U. of Pennsylvania. Prof., Economics, Charles H. Dyson Prof., Management
Wittink, Dick R., Ph.D., Purdue U. Henrietta Johnson Louis Prof., Management, Prof., Marketing and Quantitative Methods

Lecturers
Katz, Jan, Ph.D., Massachusetts Inst. of Technology. Sr. Lee., International Business and Marketing
Mink, Barbara E., M.A., Cornell U. Sr. Lec., Management Communications
Pike, Alan S., M.A., Cornell U. Sr. Lec., Management Communications
Rosen, Charlotte, Ph.D., Cornell U. Sr. Lec., Coordinator, Management Communications

Adjunct and Visiting Faculty
Groisman, Dale A., J.D., American U. Sr. Lec., Tax and Business Law
Nesheim, John L., MBA, Cornell U. Visiting Lecturer, President, Aladdin Systems, Inc.
Perez, Pedro D., Ph.D., Rochester Polytechnic Inst. Visiting Asst. Prof.
The Division of Nutritional Sciences offers three programs: a B.S. degree, an undergraduate major in Nutrition, Food, and Agriculture (NFA), and the College of Human Ecology: Human Biology, Health, and Society (HBHS).

Undergraduate students in these three programs complete the requirements of their colleges as well as the courses required by the program of their specific interests. The NS, NFA, and HBHS programs all require a rigorous sequence of courses in chemistry and biology; including introductory chemistry and biology, organic chemistry, biochemistry, and physiology. A minimum competency in college algebra is required with an additional math and/or statistics requirement for some programs and career paths. Students in the HBHS major also complete a course in physics and two additional courses in advanced biology.

All students complete the introductory course, Nutrition and Health: Concepts and Controversies (NS 115). The NS and NFA Programs require the completion of four other core courses: Social Science Perspectives on Food and Nutrition (NS 245), Nutritional and Physicochemical Aspects of Foods (NS 345), Physiological and Biochemical Bases of Nutrition (NS 331), and Methods in Nutritional Sciences (NS 332). Students in these programs also must select a minimum of nine credits in advanced courses in the nutritional sciences.

The HBHS major requires a minimum of six credits from courses that integrate biology and the social sciences as they examine health issues. In addition, students must also complete nine credits of advanced electives in courses focused on human biology, health, and society.

The Division also offers the Program of Study in Nutrition for biological sciences majors who may be enrolled in the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences or College of Arts and Sciences. Students interested in this program should consult the description in the Biological Sciences section of the catalog.

Students in the Nutrition, Food, and Agriculture (NFA) College of Agriculture and Life Sciences: this program is for students who want strong training in human nutrition combined with supportive course work in the agriculture and the life sciences. Strong preparation in biology, chemistry, and math is required. Students in this program prepare themselves for careers in counseling, clinical nutrition, dietetics, nutritional biochemistry, community nutrition, and nutrition education.

The Division is affiliated with both the College of Human Ecology and the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences. The undergraduate program in Nutritional Sciences is offered through the College of Human Ecology. An undergraduate program, Nutrition, Food, and Agriculture, is offered in the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences. The undergraduate program in Human Biology, Health, and Society is offered through the College of Human Ecology. A program of study in nutrition for biological science majors is offered in collaboration with the undergraduate program in biology.

Graduate study in the Field of Nutrition, is administered by faculty members throughout the university.

Faculty members of the division work in Savage Hall, Kinzeltberg Hall, and Martha Van Rensselaer Hall. In addition to housing offices, classrooms, and seminar rooms, these buildings contain research facilities, specialized laboratories, a human metabolic research unit, and computer facilities. The division’s Learning Resource Center in Martha Van Rensselaer Hall is used by students for individual study and for small group discussions. The Learning Resource Center contains computers and printed and audiovisual resources which give students access to specialized software. Savage Hall also has a graduate reading room.

The curriculum

Undergraduate students in these three programs complete the requirements of their colleges as well as the courses required by the program of their specific interests.

The NS, NFA, and HBHS programs all require a rigorous sequence of courses in chemistry and biology; including introductory chemistry and biology, organic chemistry, biochemistry, and physiology. A minimum competency in college algebra is required with an additional math and/or statistics requirement for some programs and career paths. Students in the

Career options and course planning

Requirements for the three programs are the minimum set of courses necessary for a bachelor’s degree in these fields. Students should supplement their requirements with elective courses and other learning experiences that will prepare them for entry-level jobs or advanced study in their field(s) of interest. A summary of suggested electives for different career interests follows.

Medicine and Other Health Careers: Recommended courses for pre-med students include calculus and two terms of physics. Specific information about medical school admissions requirements can be obtained from the university’s Health Careers Office, 213 Barnes Hall. Students interested in other health careers should acquire specific information about those requirements.

Courses of interest may include those related to the biological and social determinants of health; human growth, development, and behavior through the life course; interpersonal communications; advanced biology; sociology; psychology; and ethics.
Dietetics: Students who wish to work in the areas of clinical nutrition, nutrition counseling, sports nutrition, community nutrition, or food and nutrition management should complete the academic requirements for The American Dietetic Association (ADA). Courses in foods, nutrition and disease, microbiology, management, statistics, and nutritional care are added to the courses required for the nutrition programs. For more information about meeting ADA requirements see Anne Kendall, S5 MVR.

Exercise, Nutrition, and Health Promotion: Students should complete a course in physiology and a course in anatomy after introductory biology. Students can complete the Applied Exercise Science Concentration at Ithaca College, which includes courses in kinesiology, exercise physiology, and biomechanics. Students who wish to apply to graduate schools to study physical therapy should complete a year of introductory physics; a course in statistics; a course in ethics; and three courses in psychology. Students should check the specific requirements of their schools of interest. For information about the Applied Exercise Science Contact the DNS Academic Affairs Office, 309 MVR.

Biomedical Research/Nutritional Biochemistry: Recommended electives include calculus, physics, genetics, advanced biology and chemistry, toxicology, and nutritional sciences courses related to the physiology, biochemistry, and metabolism of different nutrients and disease states.

Public Health and Community Nutrition: Suggested electives include courses in communications, education, human development, policy analysis and management, maternal and child nutrition, geriatric nutrition, nutrition and disease, and food economics.

Nutrition, Food, and Business: Recommended electives include courses in management, marketing, economics, communications, hotel administration, and food science.

Nutrition and Agriculture: Recommended electives include courses in food science, animal science, plant sciences, international agriculture, agricultural economics, biological sciences, and food economics.

International Nutrition: Recommended electives include courses in language, anthropology, agricultural economics, policy, economics, rural sociology, international agriculture, and nutritional sciences related to maternal and child health and problems of developing nations.

Biology and Behavior: Recommended electives include courses in psychology, human development, and neurobiology.

Food, Nutrition, and Health Policy: Recommended electives include courses in economics, sociology, government, policy analysis, and management.

SPECIAL EXPERIENCES
Undergraduates can enhance their experiences by participating in structured field experiences or study abroad. Academic credit can be earned for field experiences in a community agency, health-care facility, or business. The Urban Semester in the College of Human Ecology provides students with an opportunity to study and gain field experience in New York City. All students intending to spend a term off campus in field experience or study abroad must plan their courses well in advance to be sure that all program requirements can be met.

INDEPENDENT STUDY ELECTIVES
Independent study courses (NS 400, 401, 402) can be used to obtain credit for more diverse or intensive experience than the classroom can offer, whether this involves laboratory work, library research, or field study. Any student interested in independent study should obtain the sponsorship of a faculty adviser and the approval of the associate director for academic affairs or consider applying to the honors program.

HONORS PROGRAM
The honors program, leading to a B.S. degree with honors in the College of Human Ecology, or B.S. degree with Distinction in Research in the College of Agriculture, is open to all students. Students with a high GPA and a strong background in nutrition can apply to the honors program. The honors program includes courses in advanced nutritional sciences, such as advanced food science, human nutrition, and public health. Students must complete a minimum of six honors courses in nutritional sciences. The honors program includes a thesis option or honors project. The honors program requires a minimum of 36 credits, with at least 18 credits in nutritional sciences courses.

NONMAJORS
Courses in nutritional sciences can strengthen programs of study in biological sciences, nutrition and dietetics, nutrition and health, and human nutrition. Nonmajors may be an important component of concentrations in community, international and public health nutrition, and animal nutrition. Teaching experience and participation in the graduate student seminar (NS 703) are important aspects of graduate training.

For more information about the graduate program, please write for the brochure. Graduate Study in Nutrition, available from the Director of Graduate Studies, Field of Nutrition, Cornell University, 309 MVR Hall, Ithaca, NY 14853-4401; telephone (607) 255-4410; web site: www.nutrition.cornell.edu/grad.html; e-mail: nutrition_gfr@cornell.edu

GRADUATE PROGRAMS
Graduate study is administered by the Field of Nutrition, a group of faculty members from throughout the university who have a common interest in nutritional problems. In the M.S. and Ph.D. degree programs, students may specialize in molecular and biochemical nutrition, human or animal nutrition, community nutrition, or international nutrition. Research is emphasized in all graduate programs. Field experience may be an important component of concentrations in community, international and public health nutrition, and animal nutrition. Teaching experience and participation in the graduate student seminar (NS 703) are important aspects of graduate training.

The specialties and interests represented by faculty in the Field of Nutrition provide almost unlimited opportunity for graduate study. Cornell's extensive laboratory and agricultural facilities ensure that students interested in experimental nutrition have exceptional choices and thorough training. As the largest faculty in the country devoted to the study of human nutrition, the field includes specialists in biochemical, metabolic, epidemiological, and sociocultural research. Opportunities to work with community and federal agencies are available to students interested in applied nutrition and public policy. Students in international nutrition are expected to conduct their thesis research abroad.

For more information about the graduate program, please write for the brochure. Graduate Study in Nutrition, available from the Director of Graduate Studies, Field of Nutrition, Cornell University, 309 MVR Hall, Ithaca, NY 14853-4401; telephone (607) 255-4410; web site: www.nutrition.cornell.edu/grad.html; e-mail: nutrition_gfr@cornell.edu

COURSES

**NS 115 Nutrition and Health: Concepts and Controversies**
Fall. 3 credits. S-U grades only. MWF 1:25. D. Levitsky.

The course will discuss the facts and fallacies concerning the role that nutrition, exercise, and other health behaviors play in preventing disease, maintaining good health, and maximizing athletic performance. Emphasis is on understanding the biological mechanisms through which good nutrition and regular exercise affect psychological and physical health.

**NS 116 Personalized Concepts and Controversies**
Fall. 1 credit. Corequisite: NS 115. S-U only. Limited to freshmen and transfer students, 10 per section. TBA. E. West.

This course provides students enrolled in NS 115 individualized assistance in many skills including using computers to analyze diets, finding and using scientific references, understanding and criticizing scientific articles, and reviewing material presented in lectures.

**NS 120 Nutrition and Health: Issues, Outlooks, and Opportunities**
Spring. 1 credit. S-U grades only. Limited to 120 freshmen, sophomores, and juniors, others by permission of instructor. W. E. Weisbrod.

A course for students interested in exploring careers in the broad fields of food, nutrition, and health.
and health. Experts representing different areas will discuss their work, focusing on current issues and trends as well as their requisite knowledge and skills. This course describes the many disciplines that are drawn upon in addressing human problems related to food, diet, and health. It also explores the related intellectual and career opportunities. This is not an introductory nutrition course for nonmajors.

[N.S. 262 Nutrients and Cells
The course will focus on the relationships of the cell with the environment. Examples from three general areas will be considered: (1) Mechanisms of uptake of nutrients by bacterial and by mammalian cells. (2) Intracellular outcomes of nutritional stimuli: effects on metabolism and gene expression, toxicity. (3) Pathways of neutralization: detoxification, secretion, DNA repair.]

[N.S. 275 Human Biology and Evolution
(also Biological Sciences 275 and Anthropology 275)
Fall. S-U grades optional, with permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. M. C. Mateo. See BIO SCI 275 for course description.

[N.S. 300 Special Studies for Undergraduates
Fall or spring. Prerequisites: permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. DNS faculty.
Special arrangements to establish equivalency for courses not transferred from a previous major or institution. Students prepare a description of the study they want to undertake on a form available from the College Registrar's Office. The form, signed by both the instructor directing the study and the associate director for academic affairs, is filed at course registration or during the change-of- registration period.

[N.S. 306 Nutritional Problems of Developing Nations
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: NS 115. S-U grades optional. M. C. Latham.
The course is designed for undergraduates interested in the nutritional problems of developing countries. Attention is given to the causes of hunger and malnutrition, the epidemiology of the major nutritional problems afflicting poor nations, the functional consequences of these problems on individuals and societies, and the types of programs that can be implemented to improve health and nutrition.]

[N.S. 315 Obesity and the Regulation of Body Weight (also Psychology 613)
This course is a multidisciplinary discussion of the causes, effects, and treatments of human obesity. Topics include the biopsychology of eating behavior, genetic factors, role of activity and energy metabolism, psychosocial determinants of obesity, anorexia nervosa, therapy and its effectiveness, and social discrimination.]

[N.S. 320 Introduction to Human Biochemistry
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: one year college biology; one year college general chemistry; and CHEM 257 or 357-358, or permission of the instructor. S-U grades optional. M W F 10:10, sec T1 12:25. W. Arntz.
The principles of biochemistry are presented within the context of human health and disease. Metabolism of carbohydrates, lipids, proteins, and selected micro-nutrients is taught from a perspective that emphasizes their role in supporting the structure and physiological functions of the major organs of the body, including blood. The concepts of enzyme catalysis, enzyme regulation, hormone action and bioenergetics are incorporated within this framework. The fundamental concepts of eucaryotic DNA structure, function, and gene expression are covered with reference to their importance in regulating metabolism and the impact of a changing nutrient environment.

[N.S. 331 Physiological and Biochemical Bases of Human Nutrition
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Biological Sciences 330, or 331, or NS 320, or equivalent. S-U grades optional. M. W. F 10:10; disc. W or R. M. Stapanuk.
This course examines the biochemical and physiological bases of human nutritional requirements. The instructors use an integrated approach to cover the digestion and metabolism of the nutrients (carbohydrates, proteins, lipids, vitamins, and minerals), and obesity. Metabolic and chronic diseases that are related to nutrition are discussed throughout the semester. The discussion sections and problem sets provide an opportunity to examine in greater depth selected topics from lecture.

[N.S. 332 Methods in Nutritional Sciences
Laboratory introduction to principles and analytical techniques of nutritional research. Emphasis is on analytical concepts and skills required to determine nutrient function and nutritional status of individuals. Topics include methods of nutrient, metabolite, and enzyme analysis in body fluids, and methods for assessing individual food intake and nutritional status.]

[N.S. 341 Human Anatomy and Physiology
Spring. 4 credits. Letter grade only. Prerequisites: college biology; NS 115 recommended. Laboratory prerequisite required in 309 MVR during preregistration. Limit 120. Lec. M W F 12:20; lab W or R or F, 9:05-11:00 or 2:30-4:25. V. Uttermehl.
Introduction to human anatomy and physiology with particular emphasis on aspects of relevance to the nutrition sciences and medicine. All major organ systems will be covered. Laboratories will emphasize location, recognition, and description of anatomical structures. Testing of laboratory procedures will focus on the tests with nutritional and medical relevance.

[N.S. 345 Nutritional and Physicochemical Aspects of Food
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: college course in organic chemistry or biochemistry or NS 320, S-U grades optional. M W F 10:10, sec T1 12:25. B. Lewis, B. Parker.
A study of the nutritional, physical, and chemical properties of foods including composition, food structure, enzyme- and nonenzymic phenomena, and processing, preparation aspects. Issues related to food storage.]

NS 200 Vegetarian Nutrition: An Introduction
Fall. 3 credits. S-U grades optional. Prerequisites: NS 115. M W F 11:15. T. C. Campbell.
This introductory course will survey vegetarianism from a variety of nutrition and health considerations. The material to be presented and discussed will primarily include the empirical scientific evidence presented for easy comprehension for students without nutrition training. The course will also consider the historical and sociocultural roots, both ancient and of more recent times, that have led to the growing interest in, and acceptance of, this type of dietary practice. Particular attention will be given to the role of vegetarianism in the prevention and reversal of chronic diseases. Special topics on competitive sport, childhood nutrition, food preparation, and dietary transition will be offered. Internationally known guest speakers, will provide six to eight of the lectures.

NS 222 Maternal and Child Nutrition
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: NS 115 and a college biology course or permission of the instructor. S-U grades optional. Limited to 25 students. Preregistration is required in room 309 MVR Hall. M W F 1:25. C. Garza.
Involves the study of nutritional requirements in pregnancy, lactation, infancy, and childhood through adolescence. Topics include the relationship between maternal diet and pregnancy outcome; analysis of different methods of infant feeding; and nutritional status of pregnant women, children, and adolescents in the United States and in developing countries.

NS 245 Social Science Perspectives on Food and Nutrition
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: NS 115. Letter grade only. T 10:10-11:25. J. Sobal.
Theories, concepts, and methods from the social sciences will be used to examine food, eating, and nutrition. The course will use the food and nutrition system and the food choice process as conceptual models for examining the scope of social aspects of nutrition.

NS 249 Food for Contemporary Living
Fall and spring. 2 credits. Laboratory sections limited to 32 students. Preregistration during course prerequisite required in 309 MVR Hall. Laboratory coat or apron required. Fall T 1:25-4:25; spring T 1:25-4:25 or R 9:05-12:05. A. Kendall.
Emphasizes meal planning for healthy individuals using national nutrition standards; the development of food preparation and presentation skills; the application of sensory evaluation techniques; food science principles as they apply to cooking and ethnic and cultural influences on cuisine.
safety, regulation, and food composition data bases will also be discussed.

**NS 346 Introduction to Physiochemical Aspects of Foods—Laboratory**

Spring. 1 credit. Each section limited to 18 students. Limited to dietetics students in DNS. Prerequisites: NS 345 or concurrent registration. This course will develop the ability to organize complex information in organic chemistry and permit of instruction will vary during course registration (permission-of-instructor forms must be obtained from and returned to 309 MVR). Letter grade only. M 1:05-2:05 or T 9:05-12:05. B. Lewis, B. Parker.

Laboratory exercises designed to illustrate principles related to food quality and ingredient functionality, and to introduce students to the analytical methodology associated with food evaluation.

**NS 347 Human Growth and Development: Biological and Behavioral Interactions (also Human Development 347 and Biology and Society 347)**

Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: Biological Sciences 101 or 109 or equivalent. Human Development 115 or Psychology 101 or equivalent. M W F 1:25. Offered alternate years. J. Haas, S. Robertson.

This course assumes that the interrelationships of physical and psychological growth and development in humans, particularly during infancy. Intrinsic and extrinsic causes of variations in growth, including various forms of stimulation, are considered. In addition, the consequences of early growth and its variation for current and subsequent behavioral, psychological, and physical development are examined. The interaction between physical and behavioral or psychological factors is emphasized throughout the course.

**NS 361 Biology of Normal and Abnormal Behavior (also PSYC 361)**

Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: Biological Sciences 101-102 and Psychology 101, or permission of the instructor. A fundamental knowledge of biology and psychology is essential. S-U grades optional. Limited to juniors and seniors. M W F 9:05. B. Strupp.

A critical evaluation of biological factors thought to influence behavior and/or cognitive functioning. Biological, psychological, and societal influences will be integrated. Topics include nutrition and behavior, psychiatric disorders, developmental exposure to environmental toxins and abused drugs, biopsychology of learning, memory, intelligence, and related cognitive disorders.

**NS 378 Food, Nutrition, and Service Management**

Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: NS 115, NS 247 or permission of instructor. T R 8:40-9:55. M. Kamp.

The course discusses how management principles and theories apply to foodservice operations and nutrition services. The systems concept of organization is utilized. Emphasis is placed on leadership development, decision making/problem solving as it relates to procurement, production, distribution, and quality assurance in food and nutrition services. Menu development projects demonstrate the interrelationships of nutrition, labor, equipment, food costs, and customer satisfaction. Marketing strategies and implementation are discussed. Teamwork and negotiating skills are emphasized.

**NS 380 Integrating Food Systems and Human Nutrition Needs**

Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisites: NS 115 or Food 200 or An Sc 100. Letter grade only. T R 8:40-9:55. G. C. Dubbs.

A student-centered course that uses case studies to examine the link between human nutrition and health issues to those involving systems of food production and distribution. Student teams will investigate new and existing technological options within food systems to address domestic or international human nutrition needs.

**NS 398 Honors in Nutritional Sciences**

Fall. 1 credit. Limited to students admitted to the division honors program. S-U grades optional. T 12:20. M. Kazarinoff.

Research design. Analysis of research papers on selected topics.

**NS 400-401-402-403 Special Studies for Undergraduates**

Fall or spring. Credits to be arranged. S-U grades optional. Division faculty. For advanced independent study by an individual or group of students who want to study a field of nutritional sciences not otherwise provided through course work in the division or elsewhere at the university. Students prepare a description of the study they want to undertake on a form to be signed by the instructor directing the study and the associate director for academic affairs. The form, available from the department office, is filed at course registration or within the change-of-registration period along with an additional slip in 145 MVR, College Registrar Office. To ensure review before the close of the course registration or change-of-registration period, students should submit the special-studies form to the associate director for academic affairs as early as possible.

**NS 400 Directed Readings**

For study that predominantly involves independent reading. Letter grade is possible. S-U grades optional. Division faculty.

**NS 401 Empirical Research**

For study that predominantly involves data collection and analysis or laboratory or studio projects.

**NS 402 Supervised Fieldwork**

For study that involves both responsible participation in a community setting and reflection or discussion on that experience through discussion, reading, and writing. Academic credit is awarded for this integration of theory and practice.

**NS 403 Teaching Apprenticeship**

For study that includes assisting faculty with instruction.

**NS 411 Nutrition and Exercise**


This course will acquaint students with the interaction between nutrition, exercise, and athletic performance. Topics will cover the biological, psychological, and sociological aspects of nutrition as it relates to exercise performance. Students will learn nutritional counseling techniques for educating the recreational and professional athlete, coach, and trainer.

**NS 425 Nutrition Communications and Counseling**

Spring. 3-4 credits. Prerequisites: NS 115, NS 245. S-U grades optional. Lec T 11:15. Section T R 9:05-11:00 or F 1:25-3:20. S. Travis.

Students will understand the theoretical basis of effective health promotion communications and develop effective nutrition communication skills through application in a variety of settings. The course will provide hands-on experiences in counseling, educational program development, and oral and written communications.

**NS 431 Mineral Nutrition and Chronic Disease**

Fall. 2 credits. Prerequisites: NS 331, An Sc 410, or permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. T R 11:15. C. McCormick.

We will evaluate the evidence that diet plays a role in osteoporosis and hypertension and whether iron status affects the development of heart disease and cognitive function. A goal of the course is to review the data upon which recommendations for daily nutrient intakes are currently based. Class discussion of key research articles will be conducted and evaluated.

**NS 441 Nutrition and Disease**

Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: NS 331 and a human physiology course. S-U grades optional. M W F 10:10; F 8:00.

V. Utermohlen.

Study of the anatomical, physiological, and metabolic abnormalities in acute and chronic illness and the role of nutritional therapy in their prevention and care. Topics covered include: nutritional assessment, nutritional pharmacology, starvation, infection, trauma, cancer, diabetes mellitus, and renal, cardiovascular, pulmonary, skeletal, neurological, liver, and gastrointestinal disorders.

**NS 442 Implementation of Nutrition Care**

Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: NS 247, concurrent registration in NS 441 (or equivalent background in either course). S-U grades optional. Lec M W F 9:05.

A. Kendall.

Development of skills necessary to implement nutrition care in clinical settings: nutrition screening, dietary assessment, principles of medical nutrition therapy, menu planning for disease states, the role of other allied health practitioners in assessing nutritional health, and reimbursement and legislation in dietetics practice.

**NS 450 Public Health Nutrition**

Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: NS 115, and one course dealing with population-level studies; e.g., NS 245, HDFS 150, PAM 201, PAM 303, RSOC 100, RSOC 200. M W F 11:15. K. Rasmussen, D. Pelletier.

Public health nutrition is the major professional career track for nutritionists outside of dietetics. It deals with efforts to improve the diets and nutritional status of whole populations by working at the community, state, and national level. This course helps prepare students to work in public health nutrition by describing methods used in the assessment of nutrition problems, development of nutrition-related policies, and delivery of health, nutrition, and food assistance programs.
NS 451 Epidemiology and Health of Human Communities
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: one semester of statistics (can be taken concurrently). M W F 1:25. E. Frongillo.
Examinations through a series of case studies, the role of epidemiological investigation in understanding, assessing, and improving the health and nutrition of human communities and populations. Students will read and discuss scientific research and public policy literature on specific topics of current interest. Emphasis is on the conceptualization of epidemiology as an ecological science that studies the interdependence and interaction of humans with their social, cultural, and physical environment. Intended for advanced undergraduates and graduate students with an interest in health, human biology, nutrition, or epidemiology.

NS 475 Molecular Nutrition and Development
This course explores the role of maternal nutrition, maternal genotype, and placentation function in mammalian embryo development. The role of vitamins and nutrients including folic acid, vitamins A and D, iron, and cholesterol in cellular and morphogenetic processes during development are discussed at the molecular level. The course is based on the current primary literature and concentrations on the modern experimental approaches used to address these relationships including mutagenic, transgenic, and field and fetal animal models.

NS 488 Applied Dietetics in Foodservice Systems
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 27 students. Prerequisites: NS 578, Micro 290. Laboratory prerequisites during course: programming in MS Excel and MS Access or equivalent. M W F 10:10. White lab coat is required. Approximately $25.00 will be needed for special supplies/activities. Rec M 9:05; labs, M or T or W 1:30-6:00. M. Kamp.
Students will gain experience in facility design; equipment selection, use, and care; job analysis and evaluation; human resources planning; management of financial resources; recipe development and volume food production; computer-assisted management; employee training; applied safety and sanitation standards; and will develop other skills required to operate/manage a foodservice program. The application of quality management and food service operations and facility management is stressed. Laboratories will be arranged through Cornell Dining.

NS 498 Honors in Nutritional Sciences
Spring. 1 credit. Limited to students admitted to the division honors program. Students may register in NS 498 concurrently. M or F 2:30. M. Kazazinoff and division faculty.
Juniors (Mondays). Discussion of research opportunities in nutrition and orientation to research facilities. Delination of honors research problems in consultation with faculty mentors. Seniors (Fridays). Workshop sessions on honors thesis and oral presentation preparation.

NS 499 Honors Problem
Fall and spring. Credits to be arranged. Open only to students in the division honors program. M. Kazazinoff and division faculty.
An independent literature, laboratory, or field investigation. Students should plan to spread the work over two or more semesters.

NS 600 Special Problems for Graduate Students
Fall or spring. Credit to be arranged. Limited to graduate students recommended by their chair and approved by the instructor. T 9:05. S-U grades optional. Division faculty.
Emphasis on independent advanced work. Experience in research laboratories in the division may be arranged.

NS 601 Proteins and Amino Acids (also Animal Science 601)
Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisites: physiology, biochemistry, and nutrition. Offered alternate years. W F 12:20. R. E. Austic.
The course emphasizes the dynamic aspects of protein digestion and absorption, amino acid transport, and amino acid and nitrogen metabolism and their relationships to the nutritional requirements for amino acids.

NS 602 Lipids (also Bio Sci 619)
Fall. 2 credits. T 11:15. A. Bensadoun.
Advanced course on biochemistry, metabolic, and physiological aspects of lipids, more specifically lipid transport. Topics covered include lipid methodology, structure of plasma lipoproteins, molecular biology and cell biology of apolipoproteins, lipoprotein receptors, lipid transfer factors, lipolytic enzymes, and atherosclerosis.

NS 603 Mineral Nutrition: Metabolic, Health, and Environmental Aspects (also An Sc 603)
Fall. 2 credits. Letter grade only. Prerequisites: biochemistry, physiology, and nutrition. T 2:20-4:25. Offered alternate years. X. G. Lei, G. F. Combs, Jr.
The course emphasizes the metabolic roles and environmental impacts of mineral nutrition in animal, human, and food systems. Team-taught lectures include general physiological and pathological aspects of mineral metabolism and specific mechanisms of gene expression, signal transduction, and mineral health disorders associated with individual elements. Methodology and facility of mineral nutrition research is also discussed.

NS 604 The Vitamins (also An Sc 604)
Fall. 2 credits. T 10:10. G. Combs.
Text-based discussion sessions on nutritional aspects of the vitamins, including recent developments in and biological interrelationships with other nutrients and metabolites.

NS 605 Nutritional Biochemistry Colloquium
Fall and spring. 1 credit. S-U grades only. R 12:20. Nutritional Biochemistry faculty.
Nutritional biochemistry is a graduate seminar series that focuses on recent advancements in biochemical nutrition. Weekly presentations are made by faculty, postdocs, and graduate students and are based on their current literature. The presentations are followed by a discussion involving all participants.

NS 607 Nutrition as an Integrating Discipline: Concepts and Paradigms
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: some prior coursework or experience in nutrition, or permission of the instructor. M W F 10:10. M. Kazazinoff, D. Pelletier, and division faculty.
An overview course for beginning graduate students which introduces them to the full breadth of nutritional science disciplines, including quantitative and qualitative sciences. Also suitable for seniors as an integrating course. The course presents concepts and paradigms of molecular biology, biochemistry, clinical nutrition, epidemiology, anthropology, economics, program evaluation, and administration, policy development, and ethics. This course is offered every other semester. Students may register in NS 607 concurrently. A. S-U grades optional. TBA. S. Bloom, S. Dietert.
A study of the functional and behavioral mechanisms of absorption, transport, metabolism, and excretion of drugs, carcinogens, and toxicants. Emphasis on oxidative and conjugative pathways of metabolism and of environmental and nutritional factors that influence toxicant metabolism and disposition. Methods of evaluating in vivo and in vitro metabolism are also addressed.

NS 611 Molecular Toxicology (also Toxicology 611)
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: Toxicology 610 and a full-year 400-level course in biochemistry or equivalent. S-U grades optional. TBA. S. Bloom, R. Dietert.
A study of the biochemical mechanisms of absorption, transport, metabolism, and excretion of drugs, carcinogens, and toxicants. Emphasis on oxidative and conjugative pathways of metabolism and of environmental and nutritional factors that influence toxicant metabolism and disposition. Methods of evaluating in vivo and in vitro metabolism are also addressed.

NS 612 Methods of Assessing Physical Growth in Children
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to graduate students and undergraduate students who have permission of the instructor. A previous course in statistics required. S-U grades optional. Lec T 1:25; lab, R 1:25-4:25; disc T 2:15-3:05. Not offered 2000-2001. J. Haas.
A laboratory course to train students in methods and techniques used to assess the physical growth and development of children. The methods explored are those applicable for field, community, and clinical studies and for anthropometric body composition, skeletal age, maturity indicators, physical fitness, and energy expenditure.

NS 614 Topics in Maternal and Child Nutrition
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: NS 331, and 222 or 347, Biological Sciences 311, and permission of instructor. T R 8:30-9:55. Not offered 2000-2001. K. Rasmussen.
An advanced course on the role of nutrition during pregnancy and lactation. The feeding and growth of infants and children in health and disease is considered. Critical evaluation of current literature is emphasized via lecture, discussions, and a term paper.

NS 617 Teaching Seminar
Fall or spring. 0 credit. Limited to division graduate students and students who have permission of the instructor. S-U only. C. Bisogni, D. Way.
Individualized instruction focusing on development of teaching skills for guiding classroom learning in lecture, discussion, and laboratory settings. Preparation of content, presentation, and interaction techniques and evaluative methods are emphasized in relation to the student's specific teaching assignment.
Videotaped simulations provide opportunity for practice and analysis of teaching behaviors.

**NS 618 Teaching Experience**
Fall or spring. 0 credit. Limited to division graduates and students who have permission of instructor. S-U only. C. Bisogni. Designed to provide experience in teaching nutritional sciences by direct involvement in college courses under supervision of a faculty member. The aspects of teaching and the degree of involvement vary, depending on the needs of the course and the experience of the student.

**NS 619 Field of Nutrition Seminar (also Animal Science 619)**
Fall or spring. 0 credit. S-U only. M 4:00. Faculty and guest lecturers. Lectures on current research in nutrition.

**NS 620 Food Carbohydrates (also Food Science 620)**
Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisites: Biological Sciences 330 or equivalent. Letter grades only. T R 10:10. Offered alternate years. Next offered 2001–2002. J. Brady, B. Lewis. A consideration of the chemistry of carbohydrates, including sugars and complex carbohydrates (starches, pectins, hemicelluloses, gums, cellulose, and glycoconjugates). Emphasis is on intrinsic chemistry, functionality in food systems, and changes occurring during food processing and storage.

**NS 626 Special Topics in Food**
Fall. 2 credits. TBA. B. Lewis. Discussion of current research on specific topics related to functional foods and nutraceuticals/phytochemicals.

**NS 630 Anthropometric Assessment**
Spring. 1 credit. Prerequisite: NS 331 or equivalent and permission of the instructor. 5 weeks only. W 1:25-4:25 J. Haas. Topics covered in this lecture/lab course are: biological basis of anthropometry for nutritional status assessment, quality control of anthropometric data, applications to special groups (infants, children, adolescents, pregnant women, and elderly), statistical analysis and presentation of anthropometric data, references standards and interpretation, measurement techniques of anthropometry, and body composition assessment.

**NS 637 Epidemiology of Nutrition**
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to graduate students. Prerequisites: Biometry 601 and concurrent registration in Biometry 602 or NS 641 or equivalent knowledge. Basic knowledge about the nutritional aspects of growth and development and about nutritional biochemistry. TBA. Not offered 2000–2001. J-P. Habicht. This course covers principles of nutritional epidemiology, impact assessment of nutrition intervention programs, and nutritional surveillance. Principles of using nutritional information in decision making are presented. The course shows how the biochemistry and physiology of nutrition can be related to epidemiological assessment and research strategies.

**NS 638 Epidemiology of Nutrition Seminar**
Spring. 3 credits. Reserved for graduate students planning field intervention studies; by permission of instructor. Prerequisite: NS 620. TBA. Not offered 2000–2001. J-P. Habicht. Covers the meta-analysis, design, measurement, and analytic issues involved in developing, implementing, and analyzing studies of field interventions with nutritional impact.

**NS 639 Epidemiology Seminar (also Statistics and Biometry 639)**
Spring. 0–1 credit. Limited to graduate students; others by permission of instructor. Contact P. Cassano 255–7551 for permission and credit information. S-U grades only. M 12:20. P. Cassano. This course will develop skills in the preparation and interpretation of epidemiological data by discussing current research topics and issues.

**NS 640 Social Science Theories in Nutrition**
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to 20 graduate students. T R 10:10–12:05. J. Sobal. Social science theories and paradigms from sociology, psychology, anthropology, economics, political science, geography, and history that contribute to understanding food, and nutrition related to poverty and their underlying causes are discussed. Emphasis is placed on programs and policies that can assist poor countries and communities to improve their nutritional and health status.

**NS 641 Nutritional and Public Health Importance of Human Parasitic Infections**
Fall. 2 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. T R 11:15–12:30. M. Latham. Designed for graduate students who want to learn about the important nutritional problems of developing countries. The major forms of malnutrition related to poverty and their underlying causes are discussed. Emphasis is placed on programs and policies that can assist poor countries and communities to improve their nutritional and health status.

**NS 644 Community Nutrition Seminar**
Fall and spring. Non-credit. S-U only. Fall M 11:15, spring M 12:20. A. Gillespie and Cornell Community Nutrition faculty. This seminar, sponsored by the Cornell Community Nutrition Program, bases on research presentations in nutrition education and other areas of community nutrition. Cornell faculty, graduate students, and invited outside speakers present research proposals, results from ongoing research, theoretical bases for research, program evaluations, and discuss current programs and issues in community nutrition. The format varies but always includes discussion by participants.

**NS 646 Seminar in Physicochemical Aspects of Food**
Spring. 1–3 credits. Prerequisite: a college course in organic chemistry or biochemistry. S-U grades optional. T R 1:25–2:40. B. Lewis, B. Parker. An introduction to physicochemical aspects of food, for graduate students who have had limited or no work in this area. The seminar uses the lectures of NS 345 as a basis for supplementary readings and critical review of research on selected topics.

**NS 650 Assessing Food and Nutrition in a Social Context**
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: course in Social Sciences. S-U grades only. T R 1:25–2:40. D. Pelletier, G. Pelto. Food and nutrition problems in developed and developing countries may manifest themselves in biological or functional terms but their causes are ultimately rooted in the socio-political world. This course provides multidisciplinary perspectives and some community experiences needed to assess and analyze the social context of nutrition problems that are relevant to developed and developing countries and to research and practice related to community nutrition as well as nutrition policy.

**NS 651 Food and Nutrition Action in a Social Context**
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: at least 1 course in social sciences; NS 650 strongly recommended. S-U grades only. T R 1:25–2:40. D. Pelletier, G. Pelto. This course builds upon the perspectives developed in NS 650. It provides a framework for combining socio-political considerations and analytical criteria in the planning, implementation, and evaluation of nutrition actions at community and policy levels. Case studies from the United States and developing countries are used extensively for examining a wide range of nutrition actions from the perspective of this integrated framework.

**NS 660 Special Topics in Nutrition**
Fall or spring. 3 credits maximum each term. Registration by permission of the instructor. Division faculty. Designed for students who want to become informed in any specific topic related directly or indirectly to nutrition. The course may include individual student and/or faculty experience in research laboratories, a lecture series on a special topic selected by a professor or a group of students, and/or selected lectures of another course already offered. Topics may be changed so that the course may be repeated for credit.

**NS 680 International Nutrition Problems, Policy, and Practice**
Fall. 2 credits. Prerequisites: graduate student status or permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. M 2:30–4:15. L. Stephenson. Reviews the scientific evidence on the relationships between human nutritional status and common human parasitic infections. Concentrates on malnutrition (protein-energy malnutrition, anemia) in developing countries. The parasitic infections emphasized are malaria, hookworm, ascaris, schistosomiasis, and trichuriasis. Format is lecture-discussion.

**NS 683 Field Studies in International Nutrition**
Spring. 1 credit. Graduate student status or permission of instructor required. Strongly recommended for graduate students doing field research. S-U grades only. Mainly audio-tutorial format. Available as independent study most semesters. TBA. L. Stephenson. Reviews practical considerations in conducting field research in developing countries, including (1) seeking fundings, (2) experimental design issues, (3) choice of procedures, and (4) planning for and carrying out data collection. Also includes how to (a) construct a C.V., (b) write an abstract and prepare a clear 10-minute talk with legible slides (FASEB formation), and (c) when, where, and how to publish research results. Extensive handouts. Lecture/demonstration/discussion.
Topics covered include methodologies for economic policy analysis of time use and food acquisition behavior, the "production" of nutritional outcomes, and the role of price policies. Course readings draw largely on examples from Africa and Asia.

**NS 685 Food and Nutrition Policy (also Agricultural Economics 685)**

Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: introductory microeconomics, intermediate statistics (through multiple regression), or instructor's permission. M.W. 2:55-4:10. D. Sahn.

This course examines the role of government policy in alleviating poverty, food insecurity, and malnutrition in developing countries. Topics covered include methodologies for economic policy analysis of time use and food acquisition behavior, the "production" of nutritional outcomes, and the role of price policies and markets. Course readings draw largely on examples from Africa and Asia.

**NS 690 Trace Element and Isotopic Analysis (also Chemistry 628)**

Spring. 3 credits. Primarily for graduate students and advanced undergraduates.

Prerequisites: Chemistry 288 or 590, 302 or Chemistry 208 and Mathematics 112, or permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. T R 11:15. Offered alternate years. Next offered 2001-2002.

J.T. Brenna.

Survey course in modern high precision isotope ratio mass spectrometry (IRMS) techniques and trace/trace methods of analysis. Topics include dual inlet and continuous flow IRMS, thermal ionization MS, inductively coupled plasma MS, atomic absorption spectroscopy, ion and electron microscopies, X-ray and electron spectroscopies, and biological and solid state applications. The first five weeks of CHEM 628/NS 690 focus on IRMS instrumentation and are offered as a separate 1 cr. special topics course (NS660).

**NS 698 International Nutrition Seminar**


This seminar series consists of presentations by Cornell faculty and graduate students, and by invited outside speakers. Speakers cover a range of topics relating to nutritional problems, policy, and programs in the nonindustrialized countries.

**NS 699 Special Topics in International Nutrition**

Fall and spring. 3 credits maximum each term. Registration by permission of instructor. Faculty in International Nutrition Program.

This option is designed for graduate students, mainly those with a concentration in international nutrition, who wish to become familiar with some specific topic related to international nutrition that is not adequately covered in an existing course. It usually consists of tutorial/reading on an agreed topic. Because the topics change, the course may be repeated for credit.

**NS 700 Current Topics in Toxicology (also Toxicology 690)**

Fall or spring. 1–3 credits. S-U grades optional. TBA. Staff.

A discussion of the most current developments in various areas of toxicological research and testing. Faculty and students will participate jointly in evaluating research findings and provide seminars and discussion of such material. For information regarding the topic, instructor, and credit, contact the office of the Graduate Field of Environmental Toxicology.

**NS 702 Seminar in Toxicology (also Toxicology 702)**

Fall or spring. 1 credit. S-U grades only. F 12:20. Staff.

The seminar program covers varied topics in biochemical, genetic, nutritional, veterinary, and regulatory toxicology, ecotoxicology, and environmental chemistry. Included are presentations of basic research studies, fundamental concepts, and research activities involving environmental problems of a toxicological nature. Presentations are given by speakers from Cornell and visitors.

**NS 703 Seminar in Nutritional Sciences**

Fall and spring. 1 credit. S-U grades only. T 12:20 or W 12:20. Division faculty.

Presentations of original articles pertinent to the Nutritional Sciences. Students will learn how to make professional presentations and how to critique the presentations by others. In addition, students will read and learn how to interpret original articles published in a wide variety of journals.

**NS 707 Nutrition as an Integrating Discipline: Evaluation, Criticism, Application**

Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: advanced graduate standing and permission of the instructor. 2-hour class period per week plus discussion and workshops. M 1:25-3:20. Not offered 2000-2001. M. Kazarinoff, K. Rasmussen.

The goal of this course is to provide an integrative capstone learning experience for advanced graduate students with majors or minors in nutrition. Groups of students will focus on a series of special problems in nutrition drawn from those currently faced by nutrition professionals. Special problems may involve assuming the role of consultants, expert committee members or peer-reviewers who are charged with answering questions or formulating recommendations related to research, programs, or policies.

**NS 898 Master's Thesis and Research**

Fall or spring. Credit to be arranged. Prerequisite: permission of the chair of the graduate committee and the instructor. S-U grades optional. Division graduate faculty.

**NS 899 Doctoral Thesis and Research**

Fall or spring. Credit to be arranged. Prerequisite: permission of the chair of the graduate committee and the instructor. S-U grades optional. Division graduate faculty.

**Faculty Roster**

Aron, William J., Ph.D., U. of N. Dakota. Prof.
Bensdoudou, Andre, Ph.D., Cornell U. Prof., Nutritional Sciences/Physiology
Bisogno, Carole, Ph.D., Cornell U. Assoc. Prof. and Associate Director for Academic Affairs
Branon, Patsy, Ph.D., Cornell U. Professor and Dean, College of Human Ecology
Brenna, Thomas, Ph.D., Cornell U. Assoc. Prof.
Campbell, T. Colin, Ph.D., Cornell U. Jacob Gould Schurman Professor of Nutritional Biochemistry
Cassano, Patricia, Ph.D., U. of Washington. Asst. Prof.
Chen, Junshi, M.D., Peking Medical College, China. Adjunct Prof.
Combs, Gerald F. Jr., Ph.D. Cornell U. Prof.
Devine, Carol M., Ph.D., Cornell U. Asst. Prof.

**Other Teaching Personnel**

Thorpe, Mary, M.S., Cornell U. Lab Coordinator
West, Eilee, M.S., Cornell U. Teaching and Curriculum Specialist

**Joint Appointees**

Bauman, Dale, Prof., Animal Science/Nutritional Sciences
Miller, Dennis, Prof., Food Science/Nutritional Sciences
Military instruction began at Cornell University in 1868 under the provisions of the Morrill Act of 1862. Since that time, officer education has been highlighted by the construction of Barton Hall in 1914 and the establishment of a formal Reserve Officers Training Corps (ROTC) unit in 1917. The program evolves to keep pace with the latest military changes and emphasizes the development of leadership and managerial skills. Cornell's Officer Education Program has produced many outstanding civilian and military leaders.

The Officer Education Programs prepare students for a commission as an officer in either the United States Army, Navy, Air Force, or Marine Corps. Each service program is headed by a senior military officer who also serves as a full professor on the Cornell faculty.

**MILITARY SCIENCE**

Lieutenant Colonel John M. Keefe, Engineer, United States Army, Professor of Military Science and Commanding Officer, U.S. Army ROTC Instructor Group

Major Brian Edholm, Military Intelligence, United States Army

Captain Scott Hillmer, Infantry, United States Army

Captain Reginald Snell, Armor, United States Army

**United States Army ROTC Program**

The primary objective of the Army Officer Education Program at Cornell is to commission the future officer leadership of the United States Army. Intermediate objectives are to provide students with an understanding of the fundamentals of responsibility, integrity, and self-discipline, as well as an appreciation of the citizen's role in national defense. The application of the decision-making process to a variety of situations is given major emphasis as a valuable aid in developing leadership potential. These objectives are achieved through a program normally covering four years. A two-year program is available for those who qualify. The program includes specific courses in military science, more general academic subjects that assure a well-rounded education, practical training in leadership through participation in the Cadet Corps and Army (including attendance at one six-week summer camp at an Army installation), and the opportunity to participate in a number of extracurricular activities. The combination prepares the student for commissioning and effective performance in the many branches of the Army. The student's academic major, academic performance, leadership ability, personal desires, and the needs of the Army determine the branch of the Army in which the student is commissioned upon graduation.

### Requirements for Enrolling

Applicants must be citizens of the United States and be able to obtain a Secret level security clearance prior to being commissioned as lieutenants. Noncitizens may enroll in selected portions of the program. Students must meet Army medical requirements. Overall sound mental and physical condition is essential, and students are required to undergo periodic physical fitness tests. Enrollment and continuation in the program is subject to the approval of the Professor of Military Science. Enrollment in specific courses by students not formally enrolled in the program must be approved by course instructors. Contracted students must register for letter-grade military science classes and leadership laboratories for the purpose of commissioning into the United States Army.

**Four-Year Program**

The Four-Year Program is open to students in their freshman year or, with the approval of the Professor of Military Science, with senior standing, if qualified. Under the Four-Year Program students enroll in the Basic Course (Mil S I and Mil S II) during the first two years, and the Advanced Course (Mil S III and Mil S IV) during the next two years. A total of 12 credits of military subjects are taken. In addition, academic-enrichment courses are required in such fields as written communications, computer science, and military history. All cadets attend a five-week camp, with pay, between the junior and senior years. All cadets participate in physical fitness training three days per week. Each year selected cadets are sent to the Army's Airborne School, Winter Survival School, and Air Assault Course, depending upon availability and student standings within the ROTC program.

**Basic Course (Mil S I and Mil S II)**

Students in the first year of the Basic Course take one classroom course in military science in the fall and spring semesters, for which they receive academic credit depending upon their college. These courses include study of the U.S. organization for defense and principles and techniques of leadership and management.

Students also participate in leadership modules that include rappelling, orienteering, drill and ceremony, physical training, winter survival, rifle marksmanship, historical site visits, land navigation, interpersonal communication, and individual tactical training. These modules are designed to promote personal development and enrichment. While they do not receive academic credit for these activities, students may receive physical education credit. Typical freshman participation in Army officer education is 48 1/2 program-related hours.

During the fall of the second year, students take a two-credit course in American military history. The course consists of instruction in three primary areas. The first section develops the concept of the art and theory of modern warfare. It analyzes America's first attempt at war, the American Revolution, and ends with the development of modern warfare under Napoleon Bonaparte. The second section focuses on America at war in the nineteenth century. Section three focuses on warfare in the twentieth century and concludes with the prospects of future actions for the military. During the spring of the second year, students take a one-credit course in map reading and spend approximately two hours a week in practical leadership training, land navigation, and military skills.

**Advanced Course (Mil S III and Mil S IV)**

The Advanced Course of the Four-Year Program is open to students who have successfully completed the Basic Course and are accepted by the Professor of Military Science for further enrollment. It is also open to students who have gained appropriate advanced standing through either successful completion of Basic Camp, a six-week summer training camp, or prior military training. Students entering the Advanced Course must have the equivalent of four academic semesters remaining at Cornell or another degree-granting institution. Students must pass required physical and aptitude tests. In addition, the past performance and desire of each student is evaluated to determine potential for eventual commissioning.

When students are accepted for the Advanced Course or accept a scholarship, they sign a written contract with the U.S. government. Under terms of the contract, they agree to complete the Advanced Course and to accept a commission if offered. Concurrently with the signing of the contract, students enlist in the United States Army Reserve.

Classroom study in the Advanced Course includes one military science course each semester on such subjects as leadership and management, small-unit tactics, and command and staff organization and functions. The two hours a week of practical leadership training continues, and between the junior and senior years all cadets attend a five-week advanced summer camp conducted at Ft. Lewis, Washington.

**Scholarships**

Scholarships are awarded on the basis of merit and may be available for two, three, or four years. AROTC scholarships are awarded each year to outstanding Basic Camp participants and students in the freshman and sophomore classes. Scholarships pay up to $16,000 toward tuition and mandatory fees. Scholarship cadets and Advanced Course cadets also receive $200 a month for up to ten months a year. Scholarship cadets also receive $450 per year toward the cost of textbooks.
Commissioning
All students who successfully complete the Advanced Course, including the advanced summer camp, are commissioned as second lieutenants in the United States Army upon graduation.

Service Obligations
ROTC graduates may serve on Active Duty, in the Army Reserve, or in the National Guard, depending upon the needs of the Army and the leadership abilities of the cadet. Officers beginning active duty attend the Officer Basic Course (normally 10 to 16 weeks) of their assigned branch. Upon completion, officers are assigned to a unit and location determined by the desires of the individual and the requirements of the Army. Officers selected for reserve duty attend the Officer Basic Course, after which they are released to reserve status.

Choice of Branch
Cadets in the second year of the Advanced Course (normally the senior year) may specify the branch of the Army—such as Infantry, Armor, Field Artillery, Air Defense Artillery, Aviation, Corps of Engineers, Signal Corps, Military Police, Military Intelligence—in which they prefer to serve. They are notified in December of the branch to which they are assigned. Appointment in a chosen branch departs upon the student’s academic and officer education performance, degree area, and the needs of the Army at that time.

Graduate Study
Active duty deferments, or educational delays, may be granted to individuals who want to attend graduate school at their own expense. Requests will be considered on the basis of needs of the service. Admission to graduate school is the student’s responsibility.

Benefits
Each cadet in the Advanced Course (Mil S III and Mil S IV) receives $200 a month for up to 10 months a year. While attending the advanced summer camp (between the junior and senior years), each cadet receives approximately $700. A cadet in the Two-Year Program receives the same payments as cadets in the Advanced Course, including the advanced summer camp, are commissioned as second lieutenants in the United States Army upon graduation.

Military Science Courses
All cadets take one course and a leadership laboratory each semester in military science. The number of hours a week spent in the classroom varies from semester to semester, as does the credit received for each course.

Freshman Year (Mil S I)

Mil S 101 United States Organization for Defense
Fall. 1 credit. Required. B. Edholm. Students examine the U.S. defense structure in terms of organization, mission, personnel, and relationships among and between military forces and branches and departments of the government. The U.S. Army force structure is examined at all levels. The complexities and magnitude of operating the defense organization are studied to provide a framework for subsequent instruction. Students develop skills in conducting oral and written presentations.

Mil S 102 Leadership Theory
Spring. 1 credit. Required. B. Edholm. This course allows students to develop a basic understanding and appreciation of theories of social and organizational psychology and behavior as they apply to the military setting. Attention is given to leader types, the source and exercise of authority, and the impact of varying styles of leadership, resource management, motivation, and organization effectiveness. The student is introduced to the concepts of integrity, ethics, and professionalism. Classes on historical events and strategy are also presented.

Sophomore Year (Mil S II)

Mil S 222 Small Organizational Operations/Land Navigation
Spring. 1 credit. Required. Prerequisite: Mil S 102 or instructor approval. J. Lopez. Students learn the basic principles of group dynamics at the level of the smallest military unit, the squad. Troop-leading procedures are introduced through case studies and role-playing exercises. Leadership theories introduced in Mil S 102 are examined in a variety of realistic settings. The practical application of behavioral theories is explored in the context of small military organizations. The course will also provide practical knowledge of the various forms of topographic representation. Students will use maps in terrain association and land navigation. Knowledge of topography is complemented by an orientation on significant environmental influences of physical, social, and climatic factors. Portions of the course offer experience in land navigation and orienteering.

Mil S 321 Armed Conflict in Society
Fall. 2 credits. Required. J. M. Keefe. This course provides practical knowledge in American Military History. It is primarily an overview course designed to provide an understanding of the art and nature of warfare and particularly how warfare has affected the United States. The course consists of three primary areas of instruction with an emphasis on American military history. The first area of instruction addresses the art and theory of modern warfare. It analyzes America’s first attempt at war, the American Revolution, and ends with the development of modern warfare under Napoleon Bonaparte. The second phase focuses on America at war in the nineteenth century. It places particular emphasis on the American Civil War and the strategy of annihilation versus the strategy of attrition. The final phase looks at warfare in the twentieth century and finishes with an analysis of the future of warfare for the military of the United States.

Junior Year (Mil S III)

Mil S 331 Theory and Dynamics of the Military Team
Fall. 2 credits. Required. R. Brown. After an initial introduction to techniques of presenting briefings, students are provided with a broad understanding of the principles and application of teamwork in military organizations. Particular emphasis is given to leadership responsibilities of the commander as the team coordinator. This course helps students develop an understanding of the roles and contributions of the various branches of the Army in support of the military team.

Mil S 332 Leadership in Small-Unit Operations
Spring. 2 credits. Required. Prerequisite: Mil S 331. R. Brown. This course provides an understanding of the nature of decision making and the tactical application of the military team. Through the use of conferences and extensive practical exercises, students develop familiarity with the factors influencing a leader’s decisions and the process of planning, coordinating, and directing the operations of military units through operation plans and orders.

Senior Year (Mil S IV)

Mil S 441 Leadership, Management, and Ethics for the Junior Military Officer
Fall. 2 credits. Required. J. M. Keefe. An overview of the functions, responsibilities, and interrelationships among small unit leaders, the commander, and the staff. Detailed discussions focus on actions of small-unit leaders, communication skills, army operations, the logistical support of the army in the field, and the army training system. The course focuses on the dynamics of leadership in battle through the detailed analysis of a series of case studies. Just war theory, ethics, and professionalism are also addressed in a seminar-type environment.

Mil S 442 Contemporary Military Environment
Spring. 2 credits. Required. J. M. Keefe. A continuation of Mil S 441. Conferences and seminars examine the techniques of effective military leadership with special attention given to professionalism and ethical considerations in the armed forces during both peacetime and armed conflict. Army operations and basic doctrine are also discussed. This is a capstone course designed to prepare the student for commissioning.

Practical Leadership Training
All Army Officer-Education Students
As with many laboratory periods, no credit is given, and participation is required for successful completion of the AROTC program. Students receive physical education credit for the laboratory. Each semester, cadets register for the appropriate leadership laboratory, consisting of physical fitness training three times per week, two hours of military training each week, and one or two weekend training exercises per semester.

Mil S 1 Leadership Laboratory I
Fall. 0 credits. S.U. Spring. 0 credits. S.U.

Mil S 151 Mil S 152
Fall. Spring.

Mil S 151 Cadets meet for two hours each week to learn a variety of military skills including rappelling, first aid, drill and ceremonies, weapons familiarization, and physical fitness training.

Mil S 1 Leadership Laboratory II
Fall. 0 credits. S.U. Spring. 0 credits. S.U.

Mil S 251 Cadets meet for two hours each week as members of the cadet organization to participate in practical leadership exercises.

Types of practical activities include rifle
marksanship, orienteering, drill and ceremonies, signal communications, physical fitness training, first aid, tactics, and field exercises.

**MIL S III Leadership Laboratory III**
- Fall: 0 credits. Spring: 0 credits. Required: S-U. Required: S-U. S-U. Required: S-U.
- Mid S 351
- Mid S 352
- Cadets meet for two hours a week and some weekends to prepare for a five-week summer camp that follows the junior year. Emphasis is on individual leadership and leadership through small groups. Cadets are given an ability to apply decision-making processes to a myriad of situations. Cadets also acquire the technical expertise and proficiency in signal communications, physical fitness, drill and ceremonies, rappelling, orienteering, tactics, water survival, and other military skills.

**MIL S IV Leadership Laboratory IV**
- Fall: 0 credits. Spring: 0 credits. Required: S-U. Required: S-U. Required: S-U. Required: S-U.
- MIL S 452
- MIL S 456
- Fall senior cadets plan and operate the leadership laboratory programs for MIL S I-III cadets. The development of planning and supervisory skills is emphasized. Cadets have an opportunity to practice leadership skills developed during previous ROTC training and summer camp experiences. Includes two to three hours a week devoted to physical fitness.

**Professional Military Education (PME) Requirements**

In addition to the ROTC classes and leadership laboratories listed above, a number of courses are required as part of the contracted student's academic program. These courses are offered by the university and round out the student's professional education. The PME component of the ROTC program requires at least one college course in each of the following areas: communication skills, military history, and an introduction to computers. These courses must be completed prior to graduation. The courses that meet these requirements are approved by the Professor of Military Science.

**NAVAL SCIENCE**

Captain J. Alley, United States Navy, Professor of Naval Science and Commanding Officer, Naval ROTC Unit
Lieutenant Colonel R. Minor, United States Marine Corps
Lieutenant J. Cleary, United States Navy
Lieutenant J. Lankford, United States Navy
Lieutenant J. Biondi, United States Navy

The objective of the Naval Officer Education Program is to prepare selected students for service as commissioned officers in the United States Navy or United States Marine Corps by supplementing their undergraduate education with instruction in essential concepts of naval science and fostering development of leadership, integrity, and dedication to their country and the naval services. The program is compatible with most undergraduate major fields of study, including five-year baccalaureate degree programs on a case-by-case basis. The objective is achieved through a broad program, normally covering four years, that combines specific courses in naval science and specified academic subjects. These courses supplement weekly professional development seminar sessions in which the practical aspects of naval science and leadership procedures are stressed. It also includes at least one summer-at-sea period.

Non-naval officer education students: Though the Navy-Marine Corps Program has been designed to prepare future officers, naval science courses are open to all students at Cornell as space limitations allow.

**Requirements for Enrollment**

An applicant for the Naval ROTC program at Cornell must be a citizen of the United States. Applicants must have reached their twentieth birthday by June 30 of the entering year and be less than 27 years of age on June 30 of the calendar year in which they are commissioned. Waivers of the upper age limit may be available for applicants who have prior active duty military service. Applicants must also meet physical and medical requirements. Interested students can visit the Naval ROTC Unit in Barton Hall or contact their local recruiter.

**Programs**

There are two programs: the Scholarship Program and the College Program. They differ primarily in benefits to the student.

**Scholarship Program**

The Scholarship Program provides approximately 1,000 scholarships in more than 60 universities nationwide to selected students who want to serve in the Navy or Marine Corps. Financial support is provided to students during college preceding the award of the baccalaureate degree.

**Benefits**

The program offers scholarships that provide full tuition and are not need-based. While on scholarship, students also receive money for instructional fees, textbooks, nonconsumable supplies, and a $200-a-month stipend for a maximum of 40 months.

Successful completion of the Scholarship Program leads to a commission in the Navy or Marine Corps Reserve. At Cornell University, over 90 percent of NROTC students have a scholarship. Students entering NROTC without a prior scholarship award are entitled to compete for two- or three-year scholarships controlled by the Chief of Naval Education and Training.

**Choice of Assignment**

Graduates have an opportunity to request the duty they prefer upon graduation. These requests are given serious consideration, and every effort is made to assign newly commissioned officers their duty of choice. Among the assignments available are duty in naval aviation as either a pilot or naval flight officer, on submarines, and on surface ships. Other specialties, such as special warfare or medical service corps, may be available on a limited basis.

**College Program**

There are two College Programs available. Both lead to a commission in the Naval or Marine Corps Reserve.

Starting in the junior year, each of these programs provides textbooks for naval science courses, uniforms, and a subsistence allowance of $200 a month.

The regular College Program is four years long. Academic requirements for students in this program are somewhat less than those for scholarship students, as noted in the curriculum section of this booklet.

The Two-Year College Program begins the summer before the junior year, when students attend a required program with pay at the Naval Science Institute in Newport, R.I.

**Summer Training**

Each summer, students in the Scholarship Program spend approximately four to six weeks on a Navy ship or with a naval activity anywhere in the world for on-the-job training. College Program students attend one summer training session of the same duration between the junior and senior years.

**Active Duty Requirements**

Scholarship midshipmen commissioned in the Navy or Marine Corps Reserve serve on active duty for a minimum of four years. College program midshipmen commissioned in the Navy or Marine Corps Reserve serve a minimum of three years. In some cases, following commissioning, specialized training such as aviation or nuclear power will add additional active duty requirements.

**Naval ROTC Program**

The United States Marine Corps is an integral part of the Naval Services and is commanded by the Commandant of the Marine Corps. One-sixth of the NROTC scholarship students may be Marine selects who will be designated Marine-option midshipmen. Upon successful completion of the program they will be appointed second lieutenants in the United States Marine Corps Reserve.

Marine-option midshipmen follow the same program as other NROTC midshipmen for the first two years. Beginning with the junior year, Marine-option midshipmen are taught Marine oriented courses by a Marine Officer Instructor. For first class summer training (after the junior year), Marine-option students travel to Quantico, Virginia, where they undergo six weeks of intensive training known as the USMC Officer Candidate School. Upon commissioning the following year as second lieutenants, they are assigned to the Basic School at Quantico, Virginia. After the Basic School, the Marine officer is assigned duty in a variety of occupational fields. Among the
duties available are infantry, aviation, artillery, tracked vehicles, engineering, communications, electronics, supply, administration, and computer science. The officer may serve on board naval vessels or at shore installations of the Marine Corps or Navy, either in this country or overseas.

The Marine Corps has a postgraduate training system similar in objectives and organization to that of the Navy. Marine officers selected for aviation receive flight training at the Naval Air Station, Pensacola, Florida, along with their Navy counterparts.

Curriculum
A student has three categories of requirements to fulfill as a midshipman. The first of these requirements is a weekly naval professional development session each semester. The second requirement is a naval science course each semester. The last set of requirements consists of other required courses prescribed by the Navy to meet the growing need for more and better technically educated junior officers.

Naval Professional Laboratories
Nav S 141-142, 241-242, 341-342, or 441-442
All students in the program participate in one 90-minute professional development session each week. The session is held from 2:30 until 4:00 on Wednesday afternoons. This period consists of both drill and professional information briefings. Students gain experience in actual leadership situations and at the same time learn the fundamentals of seamanship, military formations, movements, commands, discipline, courtesies, and honors. During information briefings, special emphasis is given to applied leadership as it relates to the administrative and managerial aspects of a Navy or Marine Corps officer's duties.

Naval Science Courses
All Navy and Marine midshipmen take one naval science course each semester during their freshman and sophomore years. Navy-option students continue to take a naval science course each semester during their junior and senior years. Marine-option students have slightly different curriculum requirements for their junior and senior years.

Freshman Year (Navy and Marines)
Nav S 101 Fundamentals of Naval Science
Fall. No credit
A study of fundamental aspects of naval science, including its contributions to sea power, factors, and different warfare communities involved in the physical development of naval forces, resources that must be managed, and prospects for the future. Naval uniforms, customs, and traditions are also covered.

Nav S 102 Sea Power and Maritime Affairs
Spring. 3 credits.
Discussions examine the history of the Navy as a force in the national defense and an instrument of U.S. foreign policy. Relationships between Congress and the military for determining the national defense policy are also explored. An integrated examination of current events and issues gives a historical perspective throughout the course.

Nav S 157 Principles of Sailing
Fall and spring. Physical education credit.
Instruction in basic sailing skills and safety principles. Students sail small boats on Cayuga Lake. Focus is on U.S. Navy Class B inshore skipper certifications.

Sophomore Year (Navy and Marines)
Nav S 201 Organizational Behavior and Small Group Processes
Fall. 3 credits.
The theme of the course is the "evolving role of the manager, organizational decision maker, and leader." The course will begin by briefly studying the theoretical principles of management and will progress through practical skills of managers and leaders. Lectures, reading assignments, films, and discussions should provide students with an excellent opportunity to wrestle with complex managerial and leadership issues. The goal of this course is for students to begin to develop a sound personal leadership philosophy that will enable them to more effectively accomplish assigned responsibilities leading men and women in today's demanding and increasing "hi-tech" naval environment.

Nav S 202 Naval Ship Systems I (also Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 101)
Spring. 3 credits.
An introduction to primary ship-systems and their interrelationship. Basic principles of thermodynamics, propulsion, mechanical operation, internal communications, electronics, ship structure, and other marine systems.

Junior Year (Navy)
Nav S 301 Principles of Navigation (also Agricultural Engineering 305)
Fall. 4 credits.
An introduction to the fundamentals of marine navigation emphasizing piloting and celestial navigation procedures. The course covers coordinate systems, chart projections, navigational aids, instruments, compass observations, time, star identification, use of the nautical almanac, tides and currents. Electronic navigation systems are discussed.

Nav S 302 Naval Operations
Spring. 3 credits.
The course covers the application of the nautical rules of the road and maneuvering board in order to avoid collisions at sea. Other aspects of naval surface ship operations that are introduced include visual and electronic communication methods, tactical disposition of forces, ship handling theory, and deck seamanship topics.

Senior Year (Navy)
Nav S 401 Naval Ships Systems II (Weapons)
Fall. 3 credits.
The principles and theories used in the development of naval weapon systems are examined. Initially, extensive study is made of detection systems, especially radar and sonar, followed by discussions of weapon systems for computing, stabilizing, tracking, and weapons control and delivery.

Nav S 402 Leadership and Ethics
Spring. 3 credits.
A variety of topics important to the naval officer for both professional and managerial development are reviewed. The material is tailored for the midshipman to provide an understanding and appreciation of leadership and ethics in preparation for assignments in the naval service. Through the use of lectures, case studies, and role playing, the student will learn various aspects of Navy leadership and ethical decision making. Marine-option students may also take this course.

Junior or Senior Year (Marine Options)
Nav S 310 Evolution of War
Spring. 3 credits.
A study of warfare that examines the relationship of military strategy to geography, economics, sociology, technology, and national political realities and values, the evolution of warfare, including principles of war, weapons, and associated equipment; and the effects of nuclear weapons and guerrilla warfare on traditional concepts of national strategy.

Nav S 410 History of Amphibious Warfare
Spring. 3 credits.
The history of the development, theory, techniques, and conduct of amphibious operations from 490 B.C. to the present. Special emphasis will be on amphibious operations conducted in the central Pacific during World War II and the future of amphibious operations.

Other Required Courses
Naval Option Scholarship Program
To be eligible for a commission in the United States Navy, midshipmen must successfully complete all the requirements for a baccalaureate degree in any field of study offered by Cornell University and complete courses in the following subjects (specified courses to be approved by the Professor of Naval Science):
American military affairs or national security policy (one semester)
English (one year)
calculus (one year)
calculus-based physics (one year)
computer science (one semester)
The calculus requirement must be satisfied by the end of the sophomore year and the physics requirement by the end of the junior year.
Although free choice of academic majors is permitted, students are encouraged to pursue majors in engineering and the physical sciences to meet the technological requirements of the modern Navy.

Naval Option College Program
Naval-option College Program: students must complete one year of college-level study in mathematics, physical science, and English as a prerequisite for commissioning. The mathematics course must be completed by the end of the junior year, the physical science course by the end of the senior year. In addition, one term of computer science is required. College Program students who desire entry into the Navy-option Scholarship Program should fulfill all of the requirements applicable to Navy-option scholarship students if they wish to be eligible and competitive for a scholarship controlled by the Chief of Naval Education and Training.
Marine Option
Any midshipman, in either the Scholarship Program or the College Program, who completes all of Cornell University's degree requirements in any academic major, is eligible for a commission in the U.S. Marine Corps or U.S. Marine Corps Reserve. Marine-option students take the same naval science courses and naval professional laboratories as Navy-option students for the freshman and sophomore years. During the junior and senior years, Marine-option students have slightly different naval science course requirements than their Navy-option student counterparts. Two semesters of courses (a minimum of 3 hours each) in the subject area of American Military Affairs or National Security Policy are required. One semester of a modern foreign language must be completed.

Extracurricular Activities
The NROTC midshipman at Cornell is offered a broad range of activities, including sailing training and a comprehensive intramural sports program. Midshipmen participate in a myriad of social events, including the annual Navy/Marine Corps Birthday Ball.

DEPARTMENT OF AEROSPACE STUDIES
Colonel James L. Wilson, Jr., United States Air Force, Professor of Aerospace Studies and Commander, Air Force ROTC Detachment 520
Captain Daniel P. McAlister, United States Air Force
Lieutenant Michael Mowry, United States Air Force

The objective of the Air Force Officer Education Program at Cornell is to prepare men and women for positions as officers in the United States Air Force. The program is designed to teach students about the mission and organization of the Air Force, the historical development of air power, leadership, and management. Students study national security policy and the role of the military in a democratic society. This program includes specific courses in aerospace studies and practical leadership laboratories.

Requirements for Enrollment
The Air Force Officer Education Program is open to any qualified undergraduate or graduate student enrolled in any major field of study. An applicant must be a United States citizen to become a commissioned officer. Noncitizens may enroll and will receive certificates acknowledging completion of the course but cannot receive a commission. All applicants receive physical examinations at no cost and must meet certain physical requirements to be accepted. Students who are interested in qualifying for flying (fighter pilot or navigator) must meet more stringent physical requirements. In addition, students enrolled in the commissioning program must meet specified physical fitness requirements.

Though the program is designed to prepare future Air Force officers, the Department of Aerospace Studies’ academic courses are open to all students at Cornell.

Four-Year Program
The Four-Year Program is open to all qualified freshmen. Sophomores may also enter a condensed version of the four-year program after coordination with the AFROTC staff. Students in a five-year program may enroll during their freshman, sophomore, or junior year.

Veterans of the U.S. armed forces and students entering Cornell from military schools may receive advanced standing, subject to approval by the Professor of Aerospace Studies.

The Four-Year Program consists of General Military Courses (GMC) and Professional Officer Courses (POC). For scholarship cadets, the first year of the GMC carries no military commitment, and students may withdraw at any time. For nonscholarship cadets, both years of the GMC carry no military commitment, and students may withdraw at any time.

General Military Course
Students in General Military Courses (GMC) take a one-credit-hour Aerospace Studies course each semester. During the freshman year, the student examines the organization and mission of the United States Air Force and the environment of the Air Force officer. In the sophomore year, the student studies the history and development of American air power. In both years, officership and professionalism within the United States Air Force are emphasized.

Students also spend two hours a week in a leadership laboratory. Leadership laboratory provides cadets with the opportunity to put into practice the skills they learn in their aerospace studies classes. These laboratories focus on the development of officer qualities through such activities as drill and ceremonies, group leadership problems, confidence-building exercises, and guest lecturers. In addition, all students participate in summer field training for four weeks between their sophomore and junior years.

Professional Officer Course
The Professional Officer Courses (POC) provide a two-year advanced program of instruction. Students who are accepted for the POC must have successfully completed or validated the basic course and must meet academic and physical standards. Each cadet accepted into the POC must sign an agreement to complete the program and accept, if offered, a commission in the United States Air Force upon graduation.

Classroom study in the POC is a three-credit-hour course each semester. In the junior year, cadets study Air Force leadership and management at the junior officer level. During the senior year, cadets study the elements of national security and the military’s role in American society. Leadership laboratory requires two hours a week in the junior and senior years. In leadership laboratory, cadets are exposed to advanced leadership experiences and apply principles of leadership learned in the classroom.

Two-Year Program
The Two-Year Program consists of the last two years (Professional Officer Courses) of the regular Four-Year Program plus a five-week summer training course preceding enrollment.

The Two-Year Program is open to all qualified students with two years of academic study remaining at Cornell (graduate or undergraduate) or at schools supported under a crosstown agreement. Applications are accepted from October through April of the academic year preceding the applicant’s planned entry into the program. Selectees are then required to complete a five-week summer training program at government expense.

Scholarships
The Air Force offers four-year scholarships to high school seniors and two- and three-year scholarships to college students. Four-year scholarships are offered on a competitive basis in specified majors to high school seniors. Scholarship information can be obtained from a local Air Force recruiter, from AFROTC/RRO (ROots) Scholarship Coordinator, or from AFROTC/RRO, Maxwell AB, AL 36112-6106. The deadline for submitting a four-year scholarship application is December 1 of the year preceding the academic year in which a student wants to enter the program. Students should apply early.

Scholarships for two and three years
Applications for two-year scholarships should be made to the Professor of Aerospace Studies during the freshman or sophomore years of college. All selections are based on the student’s major, scores achieved on the Air Force Officer Qualifying Test, the student’s overall grade point average, and the recommendation of the Professor of Aerospace Studies. Scholarships include amounts ranging from $3,000 per year to full tuition, fees and books, and provide a $200-a-month non-taxable allowance during the school year. Scholarships do not include the cost of room and board.

Benefits
All cadets in the advanced program (POC)—whether they are on scholarship or not—receive a military subsistence allowance during the academic year. During the four- or five-week summer field training (see below), each cadet receives a pay allowance plus an allowance for travel to and from the field site. Textbooks and supplies required for Department of Aerospace Studies courses are provided.

All cadets are eligible to participate in AFROTC-sponsored field trips made to Air Force bases throughout the country as well as voluntary summer programs for professional development. Scholarship and advanced cadets (POC) are entitled to space-available travel on Air Force aircraft flying within the continental United States.

Field Training
There are two types of field training: a four-week course for cadets in the Four-Year Program and a five-week course for Two-Year Program applicants. Students in these
programs normally attend field training between their sophomore and junior years. Field training is designed to stimulate the development of military leadership skills through meaningful experiences. The curriculum consists of aircraft, aircrew, and survival orientation, junior officer training, physical training; small arms training, a social-action program; and supplemental training. The five-week training program includes sixty hours of Air Force ROTC academic course work that substitutes for the freshman and sophomore Aerospace Studies courses. Cadets may also volunteer for one of many Advanced Training Programs. These programs include the Professional Development Program, Air Force Academy Free-Fall Parachute Training, the British Royal Air Force (RAF) Exchange Program, Research and Development Experiences, the Academy Soaring Program, and Army Airborne Training.

Commissioning Obligations

All students who successfully complete the AFROTC advanced program (POC) are awarded a baccalaureate degree, tendered a commission, and enter the Air Force as second lieutenants. Second lieutenants commissioned in nonflying categories are required to serve on active duty for four years. Pilots are required to serve on active duty for ten years after completing flying training. Navigators serve six years after completing training.

Air Force Careers

The Air Force assigns new officers to a career field based on mission requirements, educational background, and officers' preferences. Students in the engineering-science category may be assigned to practice in their specialty in research and development, communications, electronics, aeronautics, astronautics, the biological sciences, computer design and maintenance, meteorology, space, or other engineering and scientific fields. Graduates in the nontechnical category can anticipate assignments in manpower management, information management, logistics, law enforcement and investigation, intelligence, personnel, transportation, accounting and finance, and other career fields. They will be placed in positions of responsibility and be given the opportunity to further their development in leadership and management skills. Their specific educational expertise may be required.

Any undergraduate major is suitable for those who are qualified and interested in entering the space and missile career fields or becoming pilots, navigators, or air battle managers. After completion of flying training, personnel are assigned to a specific type of aircraft.

Curriculum

Students in the Four-Year Program are required to take all courses listed below. Students in the Two-Year Program are required to take all of the courses listed for the junior and senior years. There are no prerequisites for any Aerospace Studies courses.

Freshman Year

**Air S 161 The Foundations of the United States Air Force I**
Fall. 1 credit.
This is a survey course designed to introduce students to the United States Air Force and Air Force Reserve Officer Training Corps. Featured topics include: mission and the organization of the Air Force, officership and professionalism, military customs and courtesies, Air Force officer opportunities, group leadership problems, and an introduction to communication skills. Leadership Laboratory is mandatory for AFROTC cadets and complements this course by providing cadets with followership experiences.

**Air S 162 The Foundations of the United States Air Force II**
Spring. 1 credit.
Continuation of Air S 161.

Sophomore Year

**Air S 211 The Evolution of USAF Air and Space Power I**
Fall. 1 credit.
This course is designed to examine general aspects of air and space power through a historical perspective. Using this perspective, the course covers a time period from the first balloons and dirigibles to the role of air power in Bosnia-Herzegovina. Historical examples are provided to extrapolate the development of Air Force capabilities (competencies) and missions (functions) to demonstrate the evolution of what has become today's USAF air and space power. Furthermore, the course examines several fundamental truths associated with war in the third dimension: e.g., Principles of War and Tenets of Air and Space Power. As a whole, this course provides the students with a knowledge-level understanding of the general element and employment of air and space power from an institutional, doctrinal, and historical perspective. In addition, students will continue to develop the knowledge of the Air Force Core Values by examining operational examples and historical Air Force leaders while continuing to develop their communication skills.

**Air S 212 The Evolution of USAF Air and Space Power II**
Spring. 1 credit.
Continuation of Air S 211.

Junior Year

**Air S 331 Air Force Leadership Studies I**
Fall. 3 credits.
This course is a study of leadership, quality management fundamentals, professional knowledge, Air Force personnel and evaluation systems, leadership ethics, and communication skills required of an Air Force junior officer. Case studies are used to examine Air Force leadership and management situations as a means of demonstrating and exercising practical application of the concepts being studied. A mandatory Leadership Laboratory complements this course by providing advanced leadership experiences in duty and wing activities, giving students the opportunity to apply leadership and management principles of this course.

**Air S 332 Air Force Leadership Studies II**
Spring. 3 credits.
Continuation of Air S 331.

Senior Year

**Air S 401 National Security Affairs/Preparation for Active Duty I**
Fall. 3 credits.
This course examines the national security process, regional studies, advanced leadership ethics, and Air Force doctrine. Special topics of interest focus on the military as a profession, officership, military justice, civilian control of the military, preparation for active duty, and current issues affecting military professionalism. Within this structure, continued emphasis is given to refining communication skills. A mandatory Leadership Laboratory complements this course by providing advanced leadership experiences, giving students the opportunity to apply the leadership and management principles of this course.

**Air S 402 National Security Affairs/Preparation for Active Duty II**
Spring. 3 credits.
Continuation of Air S 401.

Leadership Laboratory Courses

All Air Force cadets spend two hours a week throughout the academic year in a leadership laboratory, for which no academic credit is given. Occasionally laboratories are held at times other than the normally scheduled period. All cadets are expected to participate in an evening formal dinner and to meet minimum physical fitness and weight standards each semester. Leadership lab is open to students qualified to compete for an Air Force commission.

**Air S 141-142 Initial Military Experiences**
Introduction to the responsibilities, life, and work of an Air Force officer. Basic knowledge of drill and ceremonies, military courtesies, and the wearing of the uniform. Field trip to a local military installation.

**Air S 241-242 Intermediate Military Experiences**
Develops skills in giving commands for drill and ceremonies. Introduction to the Air Force base environment in which the Air Force officer functions. Includes a look at career areas available based on academic majors. Students participate in leadership situations through military drills and ceremonies. Field trip to a local military installation.

**Air S 341-342 Junior Officer Leadership**
Cadets assume leadership responsibilities similar to those of a junior officer. Emphasis is on the importance of applying effective human relations skills in dealing with superiors, peers, and subordinates. Cadets also gain insight into the general structure and progression patterns common to selected Air Force officer career fields.

**Air S 441 Advanced Leadership Experiences**
Cadets assume command leadership responsibilities to operate a military organization. Cadets apply effective leadership and managerial techniques with individuals and groups and participate in self-analysis of leadership and managerial abilities.

**Air S 442 Precommissioning Laboratory**
Factors that facilitate transition from civilian to military life are reviewed. The need for military security, base services and activities, personal finances, travel regulations, and social obligations are introduced.
ADMINISTRATION
Alan E. Gantert, director

COURSES
The courses and fees described in this catalog are subject to change or cancellation at any time by official action of Cornell University. For current fee information on physical education courses call 255-4286; for outdoor education courses, call 255-6415 (ext. 2).

Enrollment in any course is limited by the space available. Other restrictions are included in the course description. Most courses are cumulative. The specific time and place of class meetings, as well as information about fees, are available at the physical education course registration or may be found on "Bear Access," a package of software for accessing a variety of network services at Cornell, or on the web (www.athletics.cornell.edu/PE).

Course fees are billed through the Office of the Bursar. Additional course offerings may be listed at registration, as the curriculum is frequently reviewed and changed.

Aquatic Courses
Lifeguard Training
Fall and spring. Fee charged. Prerequisite: swimming test consisting of 500 yards, demonstrating 5 strokes, treading water without the use of hands, and retrieving a brick from 7 feet of water. 3 classes a week.

This course is an American Red Cross certification course. Practice and execution of lifeguarding first aid and CPR techniques. Certification is awarded in lifeguarding, first aid, and CPR upon satisfactory completion of the course.

Lifeguard Training Instructor
Fall and spring. Fee charged. Prerequisite: current American Red Cross I or instructor card, written and skill tests in lifeguarding, first aid, and CPR techniques. Students must not miss first class. 2 classes a week.

American Red Cross lifeguarding instructor and CPR-FPR certifications are awarded upon successful completion.

Scuba, Open-Water
Fall, spring, and summer (6 weeks). Fee charged.

Program includes classroom work, skill training in a pool, and open-water training in Cayuga Lake. P.A.D.I. open water certification awarded upon successful completion.

Scuba, Advanced Open-Water
Fall and spring. Fee charged. Advanced level open-water training in Cayuga Lake. For those who have completed the open-water course.

Rescue Diver
Fall and spring. Fee charged. Advanced course for scuba divers. For those who have completed Advanced Open-Water Scuba certification and are interested in learning rescue and safety techniques.

Dive Master
Fall and spring. Fee charged. Advanced-level scuba course open only to those who have completed the Rescue Diver course. NOTE: This is a long, time-consuming course, which requires the student to be in good physical and swimming shape.

Specialty Scuba Diving
Fall and spring. Fee charged. Courses offered in the following specialty diving areas: navigation, search and recovery, night diving, deep diving, underwater photography, wreck, multi-level, boat, tropical fish identification and buoyancy control, and underwater naturalist.

Scuba Diving Trips
Spring. Fee charged. This course is designed for the spring intersession period. Scuba trips to various destinations such as the Bahamas. Locations change from year to year. See the information sheet at the registration table.

Swimming, Introduction to (ARC)
Fall, spring, and summer. (6 weeks). Instruction and practice in skills leading to passing the basic swimming proficiency test.

Swimming, Advanced Beginning (ARC)
Spring. Ideal for all who have taken one term of Beginning Swimming, regardless of whether the test was successfully completed. Areas of special emphasis are the crawl stroke and rotary breathing, back crawl, elementary backstroke, diving, treading water, and underwater swimming. The primary objective is to strengthen the student's confidence and competence.

Swimming, Intermediate (ARC)
Fall and spring. Practice of basic skills and five basic strokes: front crawl, back crawl, elementary backstroke, breaststroke, sidestroke.

Swimming, Advanced (ARC)
Fall and spring. Practice of nine strokes: front crawl, back crawl, elementary backstroke, breaststroke, breaststroke, sidestroke, overarm, sidestroke, treading water, and underwater swimming.

Swimming Conditioning
Fall and spring. Prerequisite: reasonable swimming ability. Introduction to, and practice of, different training methods. Final objective: to swim 2,500 yards during class period. Primarily a conditioning and not an instructional course.

Water Safety Instructor
Spring. Fee charged. Prerequisite: passing of written and skill water tests which are given on the first day. American Red Cross water safety instructor certification is awarded upon satisfactory completion of the course. This is not a course for a casual participant. Approximately 45 hours of work is required.

Water Safety Instructor Refresher Course
Spring. Fee charged. Selected sessions of the water safety instructor certification course.

Bowling Courses
Bowling
Fall and spring. Fee charged. For the beginning and intermediate bowler. Sho e rental is included in the fee.

Dance Courses
Develop flexibility, coordination, and the ability to perceive and reproduce phrases of dance movement with rhythmic accuracy, clarity of body design, and fullness of feeling. Auditions are required for admission to all advanced courses, since they require the mental and physical ability to perform more-complex phrases in various styles.

Ballet I
Fall and spring.

Ballet II
Fall and spring.

Ballet III
Fall and spring.

Ballroom Dancing
Fall and spring. Fee charged. One class a week, Helen Newman Hall. Students and their partners must sign up at course registration.

Includes instruction in the waltz, swing, cha cha, calypso, tango, and others.

Belly Dancing
Fall and spring. Fee charged. Includes instruction in belly dancing, an exciting Middle Eastern folk art that can help in the development of flexibility, body awareness, and overall body tone. The class will begin with warm-ups and continue with basic movements and rhythms, then put them together in a dance to music of the Middle East.

Introduction to Swing Dance
Fall and spring. Fee charged. No partners are needed. Beginners can expect to develop significant capacity for enjoyment of two forms of swing dance: jitterbug and street boogie. Partners will be rotated throughout the course. Effort will be made at registration to equalize male and female ratios.

Latin Dance
Fall and spring. Fee charged. Partner sign-in required. This is an introductory course that will teach salsa, mambro, Latin and merengue. Emphasis on listening, feeling, and expressing Latin rhythms with precise detail and technique.

Modern Dance I (also THETR 124)
Fall and spring.

Modern Dance II (also THETR 232)
Fall, spring, and summer (6 weeks).

Modern Dance III (also THETR 306)
Fall and spring.

Modern Dance IV (also THETR 308)
Spring.
Equitation Courses

Basic, Intermediate, Advanced
Fall, spring, and summer (6 weeks). Fee charged.
All riding classes are held at the Cornell Equestrian Center located on Pine Tree Road near East Hill Plaza. Detailed information will be offered by the equitation staff at the registration sign-up table. Basic—never ridden. Intermediate I—completed basic with knowledge of walk/trot/canter; Intermediate II—walk/trot/canter with control over 2' course. Advanced—strong jumping/dressage skills with experience hunting/showing/eventing. Students must fill out a release form to participate in any riding class.

First Aid/CPR Courses

Emergency Response
Fall and spring. Fee charged.
This advanced-level first aid course is the most comprehensive available without NYS certification. Sixty hours of training includes CPR for the Professional Rescuer and oxygen administration, as well as many of the first aid skills taught in a basic EMT class. American Red Cross certification is valid throughout the United States and is accepted by many states as a Certified First Responder equivalent. Certification is valid for three years. This certification would be appropriate for camp medical directors and those who work closely with pre-hospital medical staff.

NYS Emergency Medical Technician—Basic
Two-semester course. Fee charged. This intensive 130-hour course is taught throughout both the fall and spring semesters. Course includes training in CPR for the Professional Rescuer, oxygen administration, airway management, fracture management, bleeding control, expanded patient assessment, spinal immobilization, medical anti-shock trousers, and defibrillation. Students will qualify for the NYS EMT Certification Exam upon successful completion of this course. Rigid attendance and participation requirements are strictly enforced.

Fishing Courses

Fly Fishing and Basic Flytying Techniques, Level I
Fall and spring. Fee charged.
Learn the art of fishing and at least two of your own artificial flies while you learn the art of fly casting. Students must have a valid NYS fishing license and their own wader boots. All other materials provided.

Salt Water Fly Fishing
Fall. Fee charged.
Learn the special techniques necessary for salt water fly fishing. This course includes four hours of classroom instruction and four days of fishing over fall break.

Fitness Courses

Aerobic Dance
Fall, spring, and summer (6 weeks). Fee charged.
A dance program designed to keep the cardiovascular system in top shape by making the body demand increased amounts of oxygen.

Body Sculpting
Fall and spring. Fee charged.

Cardio Crazy
Fall and spring. Fee charged.
The course is designed to acquaint the student with the various types of indoor aerobic training equipment, rowing machines, tread mills, stair machines, exercycles, and Nordic Traks, and to teach them to design a personal fitness program incorporating the equipment.

8 O'Clock Rock
Fall and spring. Fee charged.
This class combines the best of the principles of weight training and the cardio training in the 8 O’Clock Rock Class.

Aerobic Instructor Training
Fall and spring. Fee charged.
The course is designed to train the student to teach aerobics and prepare for the A.F.A.A. Primary Aerobics Instructors Certification Test.

Aerobics—Techniques, Level I
Fall and spring. Fee charged.
The course will cover running and stretching techniques. A conditioning program with the objective to develop the capacity to run three miles after 12 weeks of training.

Aerobics—Techniques, Level II
Fall and spring. Fee charged.
A course designed for the intermediate runner who can run an average of 3 miles in 30 minutes. Most tours will be 3–4 miles long and will go through campus and nearby countryside.

Wellness and Fitness—Fitness
Fall and spring. Fee charged.
"Here's to a Healthier You"—a wellness experience for the busy student. This course will assess the student’s physical fitness status, blood cholesterol levels, and overall lifestyle health habits. Each student will receive an individual exercise prescription and have access to the Wellness Program fitness room in Helen Newman Hall. Lectures on nutrition and stress management are also presented. This course has been made possible through the generosity of the Bateman family in memory of Ms. Dorothy Bateman, Cornell’s first director of women’s sports and physical education (1920 to 1962).

Golf Courses

Golf, Introduction to
Fall and spring. Fee charged.
A PGA program of instruction is geared to all levels of experience and ability. The objective is to give beginners enough skill to play, and to give more-advanced players direction in their thinking, practice, and play, through a thorough understanding of fundamentals. Equipment is furnished.

Golf, Recreational
Fall and spring. Limited to students who are experienced golfers. Fee charged. Students must provide their own clubs. A minimum of ten rounds of nine holes each must be played to receive credit. Fee covers a semester’s membership.

Gymnastics Courses

Gymnastics, Introduction to
Fall and spring.
Introduction to gymnastics deals with a majority of the Olympic events. The course will focus upon beginner-level skills and is open to both male and female participants.

Ice Skating Courses

Skating, Introduction to
Fall and spring. Fee charged.
The course covers the basic skills of footprint, defensive, and offensive techniques. Skipping rope, shadow boxing, and heavy bag work will be taught as methods for individual aerobic conditioning.

Boxing, Thai
Fall and spring. Fee charged.
A martial art system developed from the unique culture of Thailand is a blend of art, science, and sport.

Fencing, Introduction to
Fall and spring. Fee charged.
Includes warm-up exercises and offensive and defensive moves. Equipment furnished.

Fencing, Intermediate
Spring. Fee charged. Prerequisite: Introduction to Fencing or the equivalent. Interclass competition is stressed. Equipment is furnished.

Fencing, Classical
Fall and spring. Fee charged.
Classical fencing is a martial art that uses the practice of the sword to cultivate self-mastery.

Judo, Introduction to
Fall and spring. Fee charged.
Conditions and increases suppleness. Continue to develop skills in the two parts of judo—standing techniques (throws and trips) and mat techniques.

Judo, Intermediate
Fall and spring. Fee charged.
Conditions and increases suppleness. Continue to develop skills in the two parts of judo—standing techniques (throws and trips) and mat techniques.

Karate, Introduction to
Fall and spring. Fee charged.
A beginning course taught by professional black belt instructors. Involves mastery of basic blocks, kicks, and punches.

Karate, Advanced
Fall and spring. Fee charged.
Open to those who have taken basic Karate or the equivalent.
Kung Fu
Fall and spring. Fee charged.
Introduction to the various techniques and principles of Kung Fu, including movement for generating strong blocks, kicks, and punches.

Self-Defense and Empowerment for Women
Fall and spring. Fee charged.
Basic methods of physical protection for women.

Tae Kwon Do, Introduction to
Fall and spring. Fee charged.
A Korean martial art distinguished by its emphasis on high and powerful kicks. Basic kicking, punching, and blocking are emphasized.

Tae Kwon Do, Intermediate
Fall and spring. Fee charged.
A Korean martial art distinguished by its emphasis on high and powerful kicks. Intermediate-level kicking, punching, and blocking are emphasized.

Tae Kwon Do, Advanced
Fall and spring. Fee charged.
A Korean martial art distinguished by its emphasis on high and powerful kicks. Advanced-level kicking, punching, and blocking are emphasized.

T'ai Chi Chuan, Introduction to, and Intermediate
Fall and spring. Fee charged.
Introduction to T'ai Chi, a system of graceful exercises that aim at nurturing relaxation, deep breathing, and improved circulation.

Outdoor Education Program
See the brochure for the Cornell University Outdoor Education Program at registration for more information about courses.

Climbing Courses
Basic Rock-Climbing
Fall, spring, and summer. Fee charged.
Seven afternoons climbing inside on the Lindseth climbing wall.

Basic Rock-Climbing, for Women
Fall, spring. Fee charged.
Seven afternoons climbing inside on the Lindseth climbing wall taught by and for women.

Basic Rock-Climbing, for 24 and Over
Fall, spring. Fee charged. Non-credit course.
Four evenings climbing indoors on the Lindseth wall for people age 25 or older.

High Adventure 101
Fall, spring, and summer. Fee charged.
Six afternoons at local parks and wilderness areas, some classes on indoor Lindseth climbing wall.

Continuing Rock-Climbing
Fall, spring. Fee charged.
Seven afternoons of advanced climbing techniques on the Lindseth climbing wall.

Ice Climbing
Spring. Fee charged.
Four outings to local state parks and gorges.

Outdoor Top Roping
Fall, spring. Fee charged.
Two outings (nights) on the Lindseth climbing wall and two outings at local climbing areas.

Shawangunks Rock-Climbing
Fall, spring. Fee charged.
Four-day climbing camp at the Shawangunks.

Backpacking Courses
Natural History of the Finger Lakes
Fall, spring. Fee charged.
Backpacking skills with a strong environmental focus.

Backpacking in the Finger Lakes
Fall, spring. Fee charged.
Classes lead to two full weekends on the trail.

Southwest Backpacking
Spring. Fee charged.
Spring break trip to the SW deserts and canyons.

Trail Maintenance
Fall, spring. Fee charged.
Work with the local trails club to support and maintain trail systems.

Wilderness Skills
Fall, spring. Non-credit course.
Break trip focusing on wilderness travel and living skills.

Wilderness Survival Skills
Fall, spring. Fee charged.
Primitive living skills taught in three classes and a weekend backpack trip.

Biking Courses
Bike and Hike
Fall, spring. Fee charged.
Four full days exploring local countryside.

Bike Repair, Beginning
Fall, spring. Fee charged. Non-credit.
Two evenings of hands-on repair work.

Bike Repair, Intermediate
Fall, spring. Fee charged. Non-credit.
One evening of hands-on repair work.

Mountain Biking
Fall. Fee charged.
Four full days exploring local countryside.

Canoeing Courses
Canoeing, Adirondacks
Fall. Fee charged.
Break trip explores the beauty of the Adirondacks via canoe.

Introduction to Paddling
Fall, spring. Fee charged.
A sampler of beginning canoeing and kayaking.

Canoe/Camping, Flatwater
Fall, spring. Fee charged.
Four full days paddling local waterways including an overnight.

Canoeing, Moving Water
Fall, spring. Fee charged.
Includes a full weekend of river paddling.

Caving Courses
Caving
Fall, spring. Fee charged.
Four days in the fall and two weekends in the spring in Pennsylvania caves.

Hiking Courses
Day Hiking
Fall, spring. Fee charged.
Day outings in the Finger Lakes Region.

Snowshoeing
Spring. Fee charged.
Day outings in the Finger Lakes Region.

Kayaking Courses
Whitewater Kayaking Day Trip
Spring. Fee charged. Non-credit course.
Day excursion for paddlers with basic skills.

Wildwater Kayaking
Fall, spring. Fee charged.
Includes a full weekend of whitewater paddling.

Sea Kayaking
Fall, spring. Fee charged.
Break trip exploring various coastal areas.

Outdoor Leadership
Wyoming Expedition
Spring and fall. Fee charged.
Two-week leadership and mountaineering expedition to the Wind River Mountains.

Wilderness Emergency Care, Basic
Fall, spring, summer (6 weeks).Fee charged.
Full weekend of wilderness first aid and CPR.

Wilderness First Responder
Fall, spring. Fee charged. Non-credit.
Two evenings of specialized wilderness care.

Wilderness First Responder
Offered in January, over winter break. Fee charged.
Ten days of instruction and practical application of backcountry first aid. Participants earn CPR and First Responder certifications. Taught by SOLO Wilderness Medical Institute.

Skiing—Cross-Country Courses
Cross-Country Skiling, Basic
Spring. Fee charged.

Cross-Country Skiling, Intermediate
Spring. Fee charged.

Cross-Country Ski Day Touring
Spring. Fee charged.
Four full-day weekend outings. Emphasis on backwoods touring.

Telemark Skiling
Spring. Fee charged.
Four evenings at Song Mountain Ski Area.

Personal Growth Courses
Body-Mind
Fall and spring. Fee charged.
Activities are drawn from ancient Eastern practices as well as modern Western psychology, and are designed to give the student first-hand experience of the interaction between their own bodies and minds.

Introduction to Meditation
Fall and spring. Fee charged.
This course provides the opportunity to explore a variety of ancient and modern methods designed to bring one to the state of meditation. The methods serve to evoke the deep relaxation from which heightened awareness and creativity arise.
Living Routines
Fall and spring.
Provides the opportunity to explore a variety of current and modern methods designed to bring one into a state of meditation.

Health Issues for Student Athletes
Fall and spring.
To promote and encourage lifestyle choices on the part of student athletes that will help them establish and maintain high levels of all-around health, and thereby contribute positively to their academic and athletic achievement. NOTE: This is an NCAA requirement open to sophomore athletes only.

Relaxation and Stress Management
Fall and spring.
Introduction to basic relaxation techniques for the management of everyday stress. Techniques will be taught that can be used in normal everyday living situations.

Swedish Massage
Fall, spring, and summer. Fee charged.
Learn to give a relaxing, stress-reducing Swedish massage. You will master the basic strokes of Swedish massage and learn about their application to the different parts of the body. Students will use oils and lotions as a part of their training.

Therapeutic Massage
Fall, spring, and summer. Fee charged.
Provides an experiential introduction to several types of massage. Included are Swedish, shiatsu, polarity, and sports massage. Class members will participate in group exercises and practice on each other during class time. All exercises and techniques can be done while wearing street clothing.

Shiatsu Massage
Fall and spring. Fee charged.
Gain an experimental understanding of your body and learn certain shiatsu massage techniques.

Yoga, Introduction to
Fall, spring, and summer (6 weeks). Fee charged.
Fundamentals of hatha-yoga. Covers basic postures, breathing techniques, and deep relaxation. Introduces chanting.

Racket Sports Courses
Badminton, Introduction to
Fall and spring. Helen Newman Hall. Fundamental shots, scoring, and general play.

Badminton, Intermediate
Fall and spring. Helen Newman Hall. Review of fundamental shots, scoring, and general play.

Racquetball, Introduction to
Fall, spring, and summer. Fee charged. Instruction for beginners. Equipment is furnished. Protective eyewear required.

Squash, Introduction to, Intermediate
Fall, spring, and summer. Fee charged. Classes for appropriate level of play. Equipment is furnished. Protective eye wear required.

Tennis, Introduction to
Fall, spring, and summer. Fee charged. Basic skills taught include forehand, backhand, serve, and volley. Scoring methods taught.

Tennis, Intermediate
Fall, spring, and summer. Fee charged. Review basic strokes plus topspin and underspin. Doubles strategy emphasized.

Tennis, Advanced
Fall, spring. Fee charged. Advanced strokes and doubles play emphasized. Recommended for tournament players or those with previous team experience.

Tennis, Indoor-Recreational
Fall and spring. Fee charged.
Play is conducted at the new Reis Tennis Center. Players must have high school or college tournament experience or a rating of 3.5 or higher from the USTA. Matches are played in both doubles and singles. Equipment furnished. NO BLACK-SOLE SHOES ALLOWED ON COURTS!

Sailing Courses
Board Sailing (Wind Surfing)
Fall, spring, and summer (6 weeks). Fee charged.
A Mistral Board Sailing Academy certificate is awarded on successful completion.

Catamaran, Introduction to
Fall, spring, and summer (6 weeks). Fee charged.
Learn basic skills necessary for sailing multihull catamarans.

Small-Boat Sailing, Introduction to
Fall, spring, and summer (6 weeks). Fee charged.
Learn basic skills necessary to sail small sailboats and basic keelboats safely.

Small-Boat Sailing, Competitive
Fall and spring. Fee charged.
Vanguard 420 sailboat used for the course. USYRA Rules Book used as a text for the course. Fee includes one-year membership in university sailing team program.

Water Sking
Fall only. Fee charged.
Introductory course for beginning water skiers. Classes will be conducted from East Shore Marina.

Skiing and Snow Boarding
Downhill Skiing and Snowboarding
Spring. Fee charged.
Transportation, instruction, ski-lift fees, and skiing time are offered in a package deal. Greek Peak and Song Mountain personnel are present at registration to explain the program and accept fees. Bus transportation to Greek Peak is provided six afternoons a week for six weeks.

Cross-Country Skiing—See Outdoor Program.

Target Shooting Courses
Archery, Introduction to
Fall and spring. Fee charged. Two classes a week. Instruction in the care of equipment; seven basic steps for shooting; scoring; practice shooting at 20, 30, and 40 yards.

Pistol, Introduction to
Fall, spring, and summer (6 weeks). Fee charged.
Instruction in the handling of the pistol. In the three modes of 50-foot competitive target shooting—slow fire, timed fire, and rapid fire. Emphasis on safety and responsibility while firing.

Riflery
Fall and spring. Fee charged.
Instruction and practice in the techniques of target rifle shooting from various shooting positions.

Trap and Skeet
Fall, spring, and summer (6 weeks). Fee charged.
Includes lectures and shooting at the Tompkins County Rod and Gun Club range. Guns and shells are furnished.

Team Sports Courses
Basketball
Fall and spring.
Fundamental drills in passing, shooting, and dribbling. Scrimmages each class session.

Ice Hockey, Introduction to
Fall and spring. Prerequisite: basic skating ability. Fee charged.
Stick handling, passing, and shooting are stressed. Some scrimmaging. Students provide their own skates and sticks; all other equipment is furnished.

Ice Hockey, Intermediate
Fall and spring. Fee charged. Prerequisite: beginning hockey or previous participation in organized hockey.
This course is designed for the intermediate hockey player. Advanced techniques taught include possession, power play, penalty killing, and offensive and defensive attack. Each session emphasizes game situations and scrimmaging. Skates and hockey sticks must be supplied by the participants.

Soccer
Fall and spring.
Instruction to the game. Includes basic individual skills (passing, trapping, shooting) and team play and strategy.

Volleyball, Introduction to
Fall and spring.
Instruction in use of pistol in the three modes of target riflery from various shooting positions.

Volleyball, Intermediate
Fall and spring.
Passing and blocking strategy; scrimmages in class.

Volleyball, Advanced
Fall and spring.
Offensive and defensive team strategy is emphasized in class scrimmages.

Weight Training Courses
Trotter Circuit Training
Fall and spring. Fee charged.
Students will gain a working knowledge of the basic principles of Trotter selectorized weight lifting equipment. Emphasis on principles of weight training, circuit training, intensity training, and program design.

Principles of Weight Training
Fall and spring. Fee charged.
Introduces the proper use of Olympic weights for improving physical condition and muscular strength. Instruction with focus on the relation between high-rep light weight lifting, low-rep heavy lifting, and the development of bulk, strength, and endurance.

Independent Study
Fall and spring.
Independent study is designed for those who have difficulty fitting any of the regularly scheduled courses into their academic program. Class activities will be based on personal fitness programs. A term paper is required. Permission to enter this program must be granted by the program director.
Summer Sessions provides a wide variety of educational opportunities beyond the degree-granting programs of the university. These programs serve virtually all age groups in a great variety of formats and time frames. For information about the following programs write B20 Day Hall, Ithaca, New York 14853-2801; call 255-4087; e-mail cusce@cornell.edu; or fax 255-9697; unless indicated otherwise below. You may also visit us on the web at www.continuingeducation.cornell.edu.

ADMINISTRATION
Glenn C. Altschuler, dean
Abby H. Eller, director, Cornell University Summer College
Christine Holmes, special programs coordinator
Ralph Janis, director, Cornell's Adult University
Charles W. Jenny, Jr., associate dean, and director, Cornell University Summer Session
Joseph Lindner, manager, computing
Ann L. Morse, media manager
Cathy M. Pace, registrar
Diane E. Sheridan, director, finance and administration

CORNELL UNIVERSITY SUMMER SESSION
The Cornell University Summer Session provides unique and unusually attractive opportunities for study and recreation at a time when the Cornell campus and the Finger Lakes region of central New York are at their loveliest and the Ithaca weather is at its best. Participants may choose from a wide spectrum of courses scheduled during three-, six-, and eight-week sessions. Although admission is open to persons of all ages, the majority of summer session participants are matriculated Cornell students. Classes meet daily and are usually kept small to foster a close association between students and teachers. For information call 255-4087; e-mail cusce@cornell.edu; or visit our web site at www.summer.cornell.edu.

SPECIAL AND PROFESSIONAL PROGRAMS
Intensive learning experiences are presented year-round both for students and for professionals in many fields. Formats include for-credit courses of one- to eight weeks and noncredit weekend and weeklong short courses. Programs can also be designed to respond to the needs and interests of corporations, professional societies, and other groups. These programs take place on the Cornell campus, on site, at other locations worldwide, and via distance learning. For information call 255-7259; e-mail cusce@cornell.edu; fax 255-9697; or visit www.continuingeducation.cornell.edu/SP/.

Summer College Programs for High School Students
High school sophomores, juniors, and seniors attend regular university courses through Cornell University Summer College and may earn college credit. They also explore career options through specially designed workshops. Students live in residence halls, become familiar with campus life, and attend seminars describing the college admissions process. The program is designed to help ease the transition from high school to college. For information call 255-6203; e-mail summer_college@cornell.edu; fax 255-6665; or visit www.summercollege.cornell.edu.

Cornell's Adult University
Cornell's Adult University (CAU) offers weeklong noncredit courses on campus for adults and families during the summer. The courses are usually offerings of the Cornell School of Continuing Education and Summer Sessions. Students live in residence halls, attend workshops, and interact with the instructor and other students. There is usually no credit available. For information, write to CAU, 422 West State Street, Ithaca, New York 14850-2490; call 255-6260; or e-mail cuainfo@cornell.edu; fax 254-4482; or visit www.cau.cornell.edu.

Distance Learning
The School of Continuing Education and Summer Sessions offers courses through distance learning. Instructional materials for these courses may be presented on the web, video tapes, and/or CD-ROMs. Students interact with the instructor and other students by phone or e-mail. Assignments and examinations are completed within a scheduled session, just as in on-campus courses, but students have the option of beginning study prior to the start of the session. For information, visit www.continuingeducation.cornell.edu/DL/.

Extramural Study
Cornell undergraduate or graduate students whose studies have been interrupted may find it appropriate to resume their studies by taking courses on a part-time basis. Area residents may take courses on a part-time basis by registering as extramural students. Those interested may enroll in almost any course offered in the fall and spring terms if they receive the instructor's written approval. Another offering, the Visitor's Program, allows adults to attend classes in many divisions of the university on a space-available basis at a reduced charge. In this program, no credit is given, and no record is kept of attendance or performance. Visitors are required to obtain written permission from the instructor. For information, write Extramural Study, B20 Day Hall, Ithaca, NY 14853-2801; call 255-4987; e-mail cusce@cornell.edu; fax 255-9697; or visit www.continuingeducation.cornell.edu/EXMU/.

Winter Session
Cornell undergraduate and graduate students, as well as employees and area residents, can earn three to four credits between the fall and spring semesters by enrolling in the winter session. This quiet time on campus allows students to enjoy generally smaller classes and to concentrate on intensive study. Winter-session students may enroll in scheduled courses or design individualized study with a faculty member. For information, write to Winter Session, B20 Day Hall, Ithaca, NY 14853-2801; call 255-4987; e-mail cusce@cornell.edu; fax 255-9697; or visit www.wintersession.cornell.edu.

Continuing Education Information Service
This service provides free information, counseling, and referral to people who have been out of school for several years and want to resume their education. It also provides information about short courses, workshops, professional updates, and executive programs offered by the university to people inside and outside Cornell. For information, write to Continuing Education, B20 Day Hall, Ithaca, NY 14853-2801; call 255-4987; e-mail cusce@cornell.edu; or fax 255-9697.

SUMMER COURSE ROSTER
The Cornell University Summer Session offers a wide variety of courses. The list that follows includes those courses that are usually offered every summer. The list is not exhaustive; many new courses or courses offered only occasionally are not listed. For complete information, contact the Summer Session Office. Courses are posted in the web roster (www.summer.cornell.edu) in the fall as the roster is developed. A preliminary course roster is available beginning in late November. If a course is also offered through distance learning, the course title will be followed by DL.

African Studies
AS&RC 131-132 Swahili
AS&RC 205 African Cultures and Civilizations

Agricultural, Resource, and Managerial Economics
ARME 210 Introductory Statistics
ARME 220 Introduction to Business Management
ARME 221 Financial Accounting
ARME 320 Business Law I
ARME 324 Financial Management
### American Studies
- AM ST 101-102 Introduction to American Studies DL
- AM ST 124 Democracy and Its Discontents: Political Traditions in the United States
- AM ST 202 Popular Culture in the United States, 1945 to the Present
- AM ST 301 America's Changing Faces: A New Generation of Political, Economic, and Cultural Leadership

### Animal Science
- AN SC 222 Canine Genetics DL

### Anthropology
- ANTHR 101 Introduction to Anthropology
- ANTHR 201 Lost Tribes and Sunken Continents

### Archaeology
- ARKEO 201 Lost Tribes and Sunken Continents
- Other field study opportunities are usually available through this department.

### Architecture
- ARCH 110 Introduction to Architecture: Design Studio
- ARCH 130 Introduction to Architecture: Lecture Series
- ARCH 251 Photography I
- ARCH 351 Photography II
- ARCH 386 Modernism

Consult the Department of Architecture office for a complete list of summer design offerings including foreign study opportunities.

### Art
- ART 121 Introductory Painting
- ART 141 Introductory Sculpture
- ART 159 Life and Still-Life Drawing
- ART 161 Photography I
- ART 168 Black-and-White Photography
- ART 169 Color Photography
- ART 171-172 Electronic Imaging in Art
- ART 221 Painting II
- ART 241 Sculpture II
- ART 261 Photography II
- ART 263 Color Photography
- ART 361 Photography III
- ART 372 Special Topics in Studio Art

### Asian Studies
#### Chinese
- CHIN 160 Introductory Intensive Chinese (Mandarin)
- CHIN 201-202 Intermediate Chinese

#### Japanese
- JAPAN 160 Introductory Intensive Japanese
- JAPAN 201-202 Intermediate Japanese Conversation

### Astronomy
- ASTRO 105 An Introduction to the Universe
- ASTRO 106 Essential Ideas in Relativity and Cosmology
- ASTRO 107 An Introduction to the Universe

### Biological Sciences
#### Ecology and Evolutionary Biology
- BIO G 207 Evolution
- BIOES 261 Ecology and the Environment
- BIO G 467 Seminar in the History of Biology: Evolution, Ethics, and Meaning in Life

#### Microbiology
- BIOM 192 Microorganisms on the Planet Earth
- BIOM 290-291 General Microbiology

#### Molecular Biology and Genetics
- BIO G 200 Special Studies in Biology
- BIOGD 281 Genetics
- BIOMB 333 Principles of Biochemistry: Proteins, Metabolism, and Molecular Biology
- BIOMB 430 Laboratories in Experimental Molecular Biology and Experimental Proteins and Enzymology
- BIOMB 602 Molecular Biology for Teachers

### Neurobiology and Behavior
- BIO G 209 Introduction to Natural-Science Illustration
- BIOPL 245 Plant Biology

### Shoals Marine Laboratory
- BIOSM 160 Oceanography of the Gulf of Maine
- BIOSM 204 Biological Illustration
- BIOSM 303 Ecology of Marine Fishes
- BIOSM 308 Marine Microbial Ecology
- BIOSM 309 Climates and Ecosystems
- BIOSM 329 Ecology of Animal Behavior
- BIOSM 364 Field Marine Science
- BIOSM 365 Underwater Research
- BIOSM 366 SEA Introduction to Oceanography
- BIOSM 367 SEA Introduction to Maritime Studies
- BIOSM 368 SEA Introduction to Nautical Science
- BIOSM 372 SEA Practical Oceanography
- BIOSM 374 Field Ornithology
- BIOSM 375 Field Marine Biology and Ecology
- BIOSM 413 Experimental Marine Ecology

### Chemistry and Chemical Biology
- CHEM 206 Introduction to General Chemistry
- CHEM 207-208 General Chemistry
- CHEM 251 Introduction to Experimental Organic Chemistry
- CHEM 257 Introduction to Organic and Biological Chemistry

### Classics
#### Classical Civilization
- CLASS 236 Greek Mythology
- CLASS 369 Intensive Medieval Latin Reading

#### Greek
- CLASS 101-102 Introduction to Greek
- CLASS 104 Intensive Greek
- CLASS 107 Intensive Latin

#### Latin
- CLASS 107 Intensive Latin
- CLASS 107 Intensive Latin

### Cognitive Studies
- COGST 101 Introduction to Cognitive Science

### Communication
- COMM 116 Communication in Social Relationships
- COMM 120 Contemporary Mass Communication DL
- COMM 201 Oral Communication
- COMM 203 Argumentation and Debate
- COMM 204 Effective Listening
- COMM 240 Communication Systems and Technologies
- COMM 260 Science Writing for Public Information
- COMM 263 Organizational Writing
- COMM 272 Principles of Public Relations and Advertising DL
- COMM 282 Communication Industry Research
- COMM 350 Writing for Magazines
- COMM 349 Issues in On-Line Advertising and Marketing
- COMM 497 Individual Study in Communication
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Department</th>
<th>Course Codes</th>
<th>Course Titles</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Comparative Literature</strong></td>
<td>COM L 105</td>
<td>The Hero in Literature</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>COM L 202</td>
<td>Great Books</td>
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<td>COM L 204</td>
<td>Global Fictions</td>
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<tr>
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<td>COM L 236</td>
<td>Greek Mythology</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Computer Science</strong></td>
<td>COM S 099</td>
<td>Fundamental Programming Concepts</td>
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<td>COM S 100</td>
<td>Introduction to Computer Programming</td>
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<td>COM S 101</td>
<td>Introduction to Cognitive Science</td>
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<td>COM S 211</td>
<td>Computers and Programming</td>
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<td>COM S 222</td>
<td>Introduction to Scientific Computation</td>
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<td></td>
<td>COM S 410</td>
<td>Data Structures</td>
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<td><strong>Economics</strong></td>
<td>ECON 101</td>
<td>Introductory Microeconomics DL</td>
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<td>ECON 102</td>
<td>Introductory Macroeconomics</td>
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<td>ECON 106</td>
<td>Introduction to Financial Statement Analysis</td>
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<td>ECON 205</td>
<td>Managerial Accounting for Planning and Control</td>
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<td>ECON 313</td>
<td>Intermediate Microeconomic Theory</td>
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<td>ECON 314</td>
<td>Intermediate Macroeconomic Theory</td>
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<td>ECON 382</td>
<td>International Monetary Theory and Policy</td>
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<td><strong>Education</strong></td>
<td>EDUC 420</td>
<td>Field Experience</td>
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<td>EDUC 497</td>
<td>Independent Study</td>
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<td>EDUC 501</td>
<td>Communication Workshop</td>
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<td>EDUC 523</td>
<td>Food and Fiber across the Curriculum</td>
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<td>EDUC 548</td>
<td>Effective College Teaching</td>
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<td>EDUC 620</td>
<td>Internship in Education</td>
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<td></td>
<td>EDUC 621-622</td>
<td>Work-Experience Coordinator Certification Course</td>
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<td>EDUC 694</td>
<td>Special Topics in Education</td>
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<td></td>
<td>EDUC 760</td>
<td>Practicum Seminar in Educational Administration</td>
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<td>EDUC 800</td>
<td>Master's-Level Thesis Research</td>
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<td>EDUC 900</td>
<td>Doctoral-Level Thesis Research</td>
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<td><strong>Engineering</strong></td>
<td>ENGRD 211</td>
<td>Computers and Programming</td>
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<td>ENGRD 221</td>
<td>Thermodynamics</td>
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<td>ENGRD 222</td>
<td>Introduction to Scientific Computation</td>
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<td>ENGRD 270</td>
<td>Basic Engineering Probability and Statistics</td>
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<td><strong>History</strong></td>
<td>HIST 124</td>
<td>Democracy and Its Discontents: Political Traditio ns in the United States</td>
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<td>HIST 268</td>
<td>A History of Rome from Republic to Holy City</td>
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<td>HIST 287</td>
<td>Evolution</td>
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<td>HIST 314</td>
<td>History of American Foreign Policy, 1912 to the Present</td>
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<td>HIST 340-341</td>
<td>Recent American History</td>
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<td>HIST 371</td>
<td>World War II in Europe</td>
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<td>HIST 415</td>
<td>Seminar in the History of Biology: Evolution, Eth ics, and Meaning in Life</td>
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<td><strong>Linguistics</strong></td>
<td>LING 170</td>
<td>Introduction to Cognitive Science</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Management</strong></td>
<td>MBA 560</td>
<td>Business Law I</td>
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<td></td>
<td>MBA 584</td>
<td>Management of the Multinational Corporation</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Marine Science</strong></td>
<td>GEOL 101</td>
<td>Introductory Geological Science</td>
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<td>GEOL 104</td>
<td>The Sea: An Introduction to Oceanography</td>
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<td>GEOL 213</td>
<td>Marine and Coastal Geology</td>
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<td>GEOL 475</td>
<td>Advanced Topics in Oceanography: Satellite Remote Sensing in Biological Oceanography</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>GEOL 491</td>
<td>Undergraduate Research</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Human Resource Studies</strong></td>
<td>ILRST 210-211</td>
<td>Statistical Reasoning DL</td>
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<tr>
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<td>ILRST 510-511</td>
<td>Statistical Methods for the Social Sciences DL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Landscape Architecture</strong></td>
<td>LA 500</td>
<td>The Art of Place</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Mathematics</strong></td>
<td>MATH 103</td>
<td>Mathematical Explorations</td>
</tr>
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<td>MATH 105</td>
<td>Finite Mathematics for Biologists</td>
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<tr>
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<td>MATH 109</td>
<td>Precalculus Mathematics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>MATH 111-112</td>
<td>Calculus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>MATH 171</td>
<td>Statistical Theory and Application in the Real World</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td>MATH 192-193</td>
<td>Calculus for Engineers</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td>MATH 221</td>
<td>Linear Algebra and Calculus</td>
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<tr>
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<td>MATH 293-294</td>
<td>Engineering Mathematics</td>
</tr>
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<td>MATH 336</td>
<td>Applicable Algebra</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Mechanical and Aerospace Engi neering</strong></td>
<td>M&amp;AE 221</td>
<td>Thermodynamics</td>
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<td>M&amp;AE 222</td>
<td>Thermodynamics</td>
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</tbody>
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Music
MUSIC 105-106 Introduction to Music Theory
MUSIC 331 Sage Chapel Choir

Natural Resources
NTRES 306 Coastal and Oceanic Law and Policy
NTRES 309 Tribal Environments
NTRES 417 Wetlands Resources

Operations Research and Industrial Engineering
OR&IE 270 Basic Engineering Probability and Statistics

Philosophy
PHIL 101 Introduction to Philosophy
PHIL 145 Contemporary Moral Issues
PHIL 191 Introduction to Cognitive Science
PHIL 242 Social and Political Philosophy

Physical Education
Consult the Physical Education Office for a complete list of summer offerings for credit and recreation.

Physics
PHYS 101-102-103 General Physics
PHYS 112 Physics I: Mechanics
PHYS 213 Physics II: Heat/Electromagnetism
PHYS 214 Physics III: Optics, Waves, and Particles
PHYS 400 Informal Advanced Laboratory
PHYS 500 Informal Graduate Laboratory
PHYS 510 Advanced Experimental Physics

Policy Analysis and Management
PAM 320 Managing the Nonprofit Organization
PAM 380 Human Sexuality

Psychology
PSYCH 101 Introduction to Psychology: The Frontiers of Psychological Inquiry
PSYCH 102 Introduction to Cognitive Science
PSYCH 128 Introduction to Psychology: Personality and Social Behavior DL
PSYCH 199 Sports Psychology
PSYCH 223 Introduction to Biopsychology
PSYCH 298 Meritocracy from Plato to the Bell Curve
PSYCH 350 Statistics and Research Design

Romance Studies
French Language
FRROM 121 Elementary French
FRROM 203 Intermediate Composition and Conversation

French Literature
FRLIT 220 French and Francophone Culture

Quechua
QUECH 131-132 Elementary Quechua
QUECH 133-134 Continuing Quechua

Spanish Language
SPANR 121 Elementary Spanish
SPANR 123 Continuing Spanish

Spanish Literature
SPANL 304/604 Culture and Civilization of the Andean World
SPANL 305/605 Contemporary Sociopolitical Issues in the Andes

Rural Sociology
RSOC 101 Introductory Sociology
RSOC 205 International Development
RSOC 324 Environment and Society

Russian
RUSSA 121-122 Russian Elementary Course

Science and Technology Studies
S&TS 287 Evolution
S&TS 324 Environment and Society
S&TS 427 The Politics of Environmental Protection
S&TS 447 Seminar in the History of Biology: Evolution, Ethics, and Meaning in Life

Sociology
SOC 101 Introduction to Sociology
SOC 206 International Development
SOC 324 Environment and Society

Textiles and Apparel
TXA 114 Introduction to Computer-Aided Design

Theatre, Film and Dance
THETR 280 Introduction to Acting
THETR 383 Fundamentals of Screenwriting

Theoretical and Applied Mechanics
T&AM 293-294 Engineering Mathematics

Writing
WRIT 134 An Introduction to Writing in the University
NEW YORK STATE COLLEGE OF VETERINARY MEDICINE

ADMINISTRATION
Donald F. Smith, dean
Robert O. Gilbert, associate dean for clinical programs and professional service
Douglas D. McGregor, associate dean for research and graduate education
Hollis N. Erb, secretary of the college

DEPARTMENT CHAIRS
Biomedical Sciences: M. Kothkoff
Clinical Sciences: R. Hackett, acting chair
Microbiology and Immunology: D. Russell
Molecular Medicine: G. Weiland
Population Medicine and Diagnostic Services: D. Lein

THE COLLEGE
The College of Veterinary Medicine offers a professional program that requires four years of full-time academic and clinical study of the normal and abnormal structure and function of the animal body and the diagnosis, treatment, and prevention of animal disease.

Graduates of the college receive the Doctor of Veterinary Medicine (D.V.M.) degree, which is recognized by licensing boards throughout the world. Graduates generally enter private practice, academia, or become engaged in one of the increasing number of other biomedical activities.

Admission requires a minimum of three years of college work, including specific prerequisite courses and experience. Applications must be filed approximately one year before the proposed matriculation date. The competition for admission is keen, since there are many more qualified applicants than can be admitted.

Graduate programs in veterinary research and postdoctoral training in clinical specialties are open to Doctors of Veterinary Medicine and some highly qualified holders of baccalaureate degrees and lead to the degree of Master of Science or Doctor of Philosophy.

More detailed information is contained in the catalog of the College of Veterinary Medicine, which may be obtained by writing to the college.

Note: 500- and 600-level courses are open only to veterinary students except by written permission from the instructor.

The College of Veterinary Medicine has revised its professional curriculum; the new course requirements apply to the class that matriculated in the fall of 1993 and to subsequent classes. Courses in the revised professional curriculum are designated with the prefix “VTMED” and consist of two categories of courses: foundation courses and distribution courses.

The Professional Curriculum

FOUNDATION COURSES
In foundation courses I, II, III, and IV (VTMED 510, 520, 530, 540), students work in small groups under the guidance of a faculty tutor. Case-based exercises are used to facilitate the understanding of basic science concepts within the context of clinical medicine. On average, three to four 2-hour tutorial sessions are scheduled each week. These are complemented by lectures, laboratories, and discussion sessions or other organized learning opportunities specific to the individual course. Faculty are available to respond to questions that arise as a result of the case-based exercises.

Tutorial sessions and all other organized learning programs are usually scheduled during the mornings, thereby reserving the afternoons for independent study. By situating learning in a clinical context, students are better able to integrate material from the basic and clinical sciences and are encouraged to develop an understanding of the clinical reasoning process from the beginning of the curriculum. The tutorial-based educational format creates an atmosphere that requires students to be involved actively in their learning and allows them to develop skills in communication, information retrieval, and analysis.

Note: Courses listed in brackets [ ] are approved courses that are not offered during the 2000-2001 academic year.

VETMED 510 The Animal Body (Foundation Course I)
Fall. 12 credits. Limited to first-year veterinary students. Letter grades only. J. W. Hermanson and staff.

This course is designed to enable students to understand the principles of veterinary anatomy at the gross, microscopic, and ultrastructural levels. Developmental anatomy is emphasized to the extent that it reflects determinants of major morphological differences. Radiologic and related imaging techniques are used throughout the course to assist in the understanding of normal and abnormal anatomy. Understanding of the anatomic basis of common surgical procedures is achieved during the various dissection procedures. The course is based on tutorials with significant emphasis on practical laboratories. Lectures and modules complement student learning.

VETMED 517 Animals, Veterinarians, and Society: Part A (Foundation Course II)
Fall. 1 credit. Limited to first-year veterinary students. Letter grades only. A fee of approximately $10 is charged for the course guide. Staff.

This course is the correlate for VETMED 510 The Animal Body. It is a laboratory-based course that teaches physical examination of four species (dog, cat, cow, and horse). The class is divided into small groups and each group meets for two hours each week during the first 11 weeks. The skills of auscultation, percussion, palpation, and observation are taught along with clinically related diagnostic procedures.

VETMED 520 Genetics and Development (Foundation Course II)
Fall and spring. 9 credits. Limited to first-year veterinary students. Prerequisite: VETMED 510 The Animal Body. Letter grades only. R. A. Levine and staff.

An appreciation of how gene expression and cell behavior contribute to normal animal development and health is crucial for our understanding of the pathogenesis of disease. Students will gain an understanding of the cellular and molecular mechanisms that regulate development and maintain normal structure and function throughout the life of an animal. Emphasis will be placed on defining and characterizing normal cellular behaviors and on understanding how mutations in specific genes promote disease. Students will become familiar with the common molecular procedures being used to develop new diagnostic and therapeutic tools to maintain health and combat disease. Tutorial sessions are complemented by lectures, laboratories, and class discussions.

VETMED 521 Neuroanatomy and Clinical Neurology
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to first-year veterinary students. Letter grades only. A. deLahunta.

Fundamentals of functional neuroanatomy and diseases of the nervous system are taught so that each student is competent in the...
diagnosis of clinical neurologic disorders of domestic animals. This is a vertically integrated course that includes dissection of the central nervous system of the dog, the anatomic basis for the diagnosis of diseases of the nervous system, and the differential diagnosis of those disorders. Clinical cases with pertinent lesions are demonstrated with each system. Films and videotapes of clinical patients are used to demonstrate the clinical signs produced by the various diseases. Slides of gross and microscopic lesions are used to emphasize the clinical and neuroanatomic relationships and to stress characteristic features of representative conditions.

**VETMED 527 Animals, Veterinarians, and Society: Part B (Foundation Course VIIb)**

This course begins in the last part of fall semester and finishes at the end of winter session. 1 credit. Limited to first-year veterinary students. Prerequisite: VETMED 517 Animals, Veterinarians, and Society: Part A. Letter grades only. A fee of approximately $7 is charged for the course guide. Staff.

This course is the correlate for VETMED 520 Genetics and Development. It enters into a study of ethical issues related to animal use, animal welfare, animal genetics, clinical application of genetics, genetics counseling, and clinical day-to-day ethics. The course meets for one 2-hour session each week.

**VETMED 530 Function and Dysfunction: Part I (Foundation Course Illa)**

Spring. 9 credits. Limited to first-year veterinary students. Prerequisite: VETMED 520 Genetics and Development. Letter grades only. D. Roberts and staff.

This course is designed to develop students’ understanding of how an animal maintains itself as a functional organism, how this is achieved through the integration of different functional organ systems, how tissue structure relates to tissue function; how injury alters structure and leads to dysfunction, manifested as clinical signs; how organ function can be assessed; and how it can be modulated pharmacologically. The course incorporates aspects of physiology, biochemistry, cell biology, histology, pathology and histopathology, clinical pathology, and pharmacology.

**VETMED 531 Function and Dysfunction: Part II (Foundation Course Illb)**

Fall. 7 credits. Limited to second-year veterinary students. Prerequisite: VETMED 530 Function and Dysfunction: Part I. Letter grades only. D. Roberts and staff.

A continuation of VETMED 530 Function and Dysfunction: Part I. This course also provides opportunities to practice client interview skills and to participate in a home or farm visit.

**VETMED 538 Animals, Veterinarians, and Society: Part C2 (Foundation Course VIIc, continued)**

Fall. 1 credit. Limited to second-year veterinary students. Prerequisite: VETMED 537 Animals, Veterinarians, and Society: Part C1. Letter grades only. A fee of approximately $7 is charged for the course guide. Staff.

This course is the correlate for VETMED 531 Function and Dysfunction: Part II. This course provides for unique the importance of the medical record, the diversity of clients, employees, and society in general, and a session on alternative medicine and its various practices. How to critically read and evaluate clinical studies and journal articles is also addressed.

**VETMED 540 Host, Agent, and Defense (Foundation Course IV)**

Fall. 12 credits. Limited to second-year veterinary students. Prerequisite: VETMED 531 Function and Dysfunction: Part II. Letter grades only. J. Baines (course leader) and others.

This course is divided into six sections: the host response, intracellular environment, extracellular environment, somatic environment, external environment, and surrounding environment. Using this approach, students develop an understanding of the host response to insult, a familiarity with groups of important pathogens, an understanding of how pathogens manipulate the host and how the host defends itself against attacks, and an understanding of the roles played by the external environment and human intervention in the epidemiology of infectious organisms.

**VETMED 547 Animals, Veterinarians, and Society: Part D (Foundation Course VIId)**

Fall. 1 credit. Limited to second-year veterinary students. Prerequisite: VETMED 538 Animals, Veterinarians, and Society: Part C2. Letter grades only. A fee of approximately $12 is charged for the course guide. Staff.

This course is the correlate for VETMED 540 Host, Agent, and Defense. The course will emphasize maintaining health in both individuals and populations of animals and humans. Topics will include animal bites, nosocomial infections, rabies control programs, vaccines and vaccine reactions, zoonotic diseases, and integrated health maintenance programs. The course emphasizes veterinary public health.

**VETMED 550 Animal Health and Disease: Part I (Foundation Course V)**

Spring. 10 credits. Limited to second-year veterinary students. Prerequisite: VETMED 540 Host, Agent, and Defense. Letter grades only. D. M. Ainsworth.

This course integrates the clinical sciences of medicine, surgery, anesthesiology, radiology, and theriogenology, which are themselves integrated subjects, with systems pathology and relevant aspects of applied pharmacology. The course will be presented on a systems basis moving from clinical signs of alteration in function, to pathophysiology of clinical signs, to strategies for diagnosis and treatment. Specific examples will be used to establish a cognitive framework and knowledge of the most important diseases. This course will provide a sound foundation for clinical rotations in Foundation Course VI. It builds on the strengths developed in earlier courses by an increased exposure to case examples in a more directed way, taking advantage of the diversity of skills and special knowledge of both faculty and students. A variety of educational techniques, including lectures in which interaction is encouraged, laboratories, demonstrations, case discussions, and autotutorials.

**VETMED 551 Animal Health and Disease: Part II (Foundation Course V, continued)**

Fall. 10 credits. Limited to third-year veterinary students. Prerequisite: VETMED 550 Animal Health and Disease: Part I. Letter grades only. D. M. Ainsworth and staff.


**VETMED 557 Animals, Veterinarians, and Society: Part E (Foundation Course VIIe)**

Spring. 1 credit. Limited to second-year veterinary students rolling over into fall semester for the then third-year veterinary students. Prerequisite: VETMED 547 Animals, Veterinarians, and Society. Part D. Letter grade only. A fee of approximately $14 is charged for the course guide. Staff.

This course is a correlate with Foundation Course V, Animal Health and Disease. The course will examine governmental regulation of the veterinary profession, including proper drug usage, extra label drug use (FDA), controlled substances (DEA), substance abuse, professional liability and malpractice insurance; professional and unprofessional conduct, hazardous materials in the workplace (OSHA), and environmental issues (EPA). Also included will be sessions relating to controlling and preventing the spread of animal diseases and the role of USDA and specifically APHIS in these regulatory functions.

**VETMED 560 Ambulatory and Production Medicine I**

Fall, winter, spring and summer. Credit variable (either one or two credits). Letter grades only. M. E. White and staff.

A clinical service course in which students accompany ambulatory clinicians on farm and stable calls and learn the skills and procedures necessary for operation of a modern veterinary practice offering primary care to large- animal clients. Routine herd health visits are conducted for cattle, horses, sheep, goats, and swine. Reproductive evaluations (including pregnancy and fertility examinations), nutritional evaluation, and disease prevention are stressed. Herd health programs also include vaccinations, parasite control, mastitis prevention, and routine procedures. With appropriate herds, analysis of computerized performance data is conducted and discussed with the owner. In addition to assisting with routine scheduled work, students participate in diagnosis and medical or surgical treatment of ill or injured animals. This includes rotating assignments for night and weekend duty.

**VETMED 561 Community Practice Service—Medicine (enroll in Foundation Course VII)**

2 credits. Required component of Clinical Rotations (Foundation Course VI). Letter grades only. W. E. Hornbuckle and staff.

The Community Practice—Medicine Service is structured to provide supervised clinical
experience in the practice of small companion animal medicine. The course is conducted in the Small Animal Clinic of the Cornell University Hospital for Animals. Students interact directly with clients presenting their pets for primary medical care. Under the supervision of the clinical faculty and staff, the students are expected to formulate and carry out plans for the diagnostic evaluation and medical management of these patients. After review, students explain their plans to the clients and provide follow-up care and management of these patients.

**VETMED 562 Community Practice Service—Surgery and Anesthesia**
2 credits. Required component of Clinical Rotations (Foundation Course VI). Letter grades only. H. J. Harvey and staff. Basic principles of anesthesiology and surgery are developed in the clinical rotation. Under direct staff supervision, students will anesthetize and perform surgical procedures on patients presented to the Small Animal Clinic for neutering and minor elective procedures. Students will formulate and carry out plans for all aspects of patient care: during their hospital stay and will be expected to fully participate in client communications. Ordinarily, this course will precede Anesthesiology Service and Small Animal Surgery Service (soft tissue component).

**VETMED 563 Small Animal Medicine**
Fall, spring, winter, and summer. 4 credits. Required course open to second-semester third-year and all fourth-year veterinary students; not open to others. Letter grades only. S. C. Barr, S. A. Center, J. F. Randolph, and K. W. Simpson. The Small Animal Medicine Service is structured to provide supervised clinical experience in the practice of companion small animal medicine. The course is conducted in the Small Animal Clinic of the Cornell University Hospital for Animals. Students interact directly with clients presenting their pets for primary or referral medical care. Under the supervision of the clinical faculty and staff, the students are expected to formulate and carry out plans for the diagnostic evaluation and medical management of these patients. After review, students explain their plan to the clients and provide follow-up care and management of these patients.

**VETMED 564 Small Animal Surgery Service**
Fall, winter, spring, and summer. 4 credits. Required of all third- and fourth-year veterinary students; not open to others. Letter grades only. H. J. Harvey and small animal surgery faculty. A clinical service rotation, this course exposes the student to the practice of surgery under hospital conditions. Students participate in the diagnostic techniques, planning of therapy and daily care of dogs, cats, and exotic species under the direction of a faculty veterinarian. Students assist experienced surgeons in the operating room and, with house-officer supervision, are responsible for patients undergoing elective ovariohysterectomy or castration. Client communications and the basics of efficient practice are emphasized.

**VETMED 565 Ambulatory and Production Medicine II**
Fall, winter, spring, and summer. 4 credits. Required component of Clinical Rotations (Foundation Course VI). Letter grades only. M. E. White and staff. A clinical service rotation in which students accompany ambulatory clinicians on farm and stable calls and learn the skills and procedures necessary for operation of a modern veterinary practice offering primary care to large animal clients. Large animal health issues are conducted for cattle, horses, sheep, goats, and swine. Reproductive evaluations (including pregnancy and fertility examinations), nutritional evaluation, and disease prevention are stressed. Herd health programs also include vaccinations, parasite treatment, mastitis prevention, and routine procedures such as castration and dehorning. With appropriate herds, analysis of computerized performance data is conducted and discussed with the owner. In addition to assisting with routine scheduled work, students participate in diagnosis and medical or surgical treatment of ill or injured animals. This includes rotating assignments for night and weekend duty.

**VETMED 566 Large Animal Medicine Service**
Fall, winter, spring, and summer. 3 credits. Required component of Clinical Rotations (Foundation Course VI). Letter grades only. D. Ainsworth, T. Divers, and staff. Students assigned to this service will assist the faculty and house staff of the Large Animal Medicine service in the diagnosis and care of patients. The goal of this course is for students working on this service to acquire knowledge and skills in history taking, physical examination, evaluation and completion of appropriate ancillary tests, treatment, and patient care. Daily rounds and discussions are used to monitor patient progress and further educate students.

**VETMED 567 Large Animal Surgery Service**
Fall, winter, spring, and summer. 4 credits. Required component of Clinical Rotations (Foundation Course VI). Letter grades only. A. J. Nixon and staff. This clinical rotation is structured to provide supervised clinical experience in the practice of large animal surgery. Under the direction of faculty and house staff, students participate in the diagnosis, surgical treatment, and care of patients presented to the Large Animal Clinic. Training through patient care is supplemented by formal rounds and didactic instruction.

**VETMED 568 Anesthesiology Service**
Fall, winter, spring, and summer. 3 credits. Required component of Clinical Rotations (Foundation Course VI). Letter grades only. R. D. Gleed, J. W. Ludders, P. F. Moon, and staff. This course is designed to provide clinical experience in the use of anesthetics in small companion animals, horses, and some food animals. The students participate in selecting suitable anesthetic techniques for patients in the Cornell University Hospital for Animals and then implement these techniques under the supervision of faculty and residents. The goal is for students to learn the skills and thought processes necessary to perform safe anesthesia in a modern veterinary practice.

**VETMED 569 Dermatology Service**
Fall, winter, spring, and summer. 2 credits. Required component of Clinical Rotations (Foundation Course VI). Letter grades only. W. H. Miller and D. W. Scott. During this clinical rotation, students participate in the diagnosis and management of skin disorders in small and large animals. Patients are examined by appointment and through consultation with other hospital services.

**VETMED 570 Ophthalmology Service**
Fall, winter, spring, and summer. 2 credits. Required component of Clinical Rotations (Foundation Course VI). Letter grades only. R. C. Riss, T. Kern, and N. Irby. This course combines clinical experience with beginning skills in diagnostic ophthalmology. Students learn how to apply the ophthalmic diagnostic tests. A competent ocular examination is the goal of this rotation. Confidence in using direct and indirect ophthalmoscopes, slit lamps, tonometers, gonioscopes, conjunctival cytology, and surgery comes with the practice provided by this rotation. Students are required to review the introductory orientation videotapes in the Autotutorial Center titled Ocular Examination I and II before the start of the rotation. This rotation provides surgical experience and cases are referred to other services that usually challenge the service. Adequate routine case material is presented to prepare most students for practice.

**VETMED 571 Pathology Service**
Fall, winter, spring, and summer. 2 credits. Required component of Clinical Rotations (Foundation Course VI). Letter grades only. B. A. Summers and staff. This course involves the hands-on diagnostic necropsies of most mammalian species that are presented to the pathology necropsy room and of avian and aquatic animal medicine necropsy room. Students work in groups of three to five for the two-week rotation. Necropsies are performed under the guidance of pathology faculty and residents. Students prepare written reports of necropsies, microscopic hematology and cytology slides, perform urinalyses, and discuss case studies.

**VETMED 572 Radiology Service**
Fall, winter, spring, and summer. 2 credits. Required component of Clinical Rotations (Foundation Course VI). Letter grades only. N. L. Dykes and staff. A two-week clinical experience in the Imaging Section of the Cornell University Hospital for Animals. Students will use radiographic, CT, ultrasonographic, and nuclear medicine imaging techniques to evaluate animal patients under treatment in the Cornell University Hospital for Animals. Students obtain and interpret radiographic and ultrasonographic studies with guidance from radiology faculty and residents. Two 3-hour laboratory sessions are given to allow hands-on experience in patient positioning and radiographic technique. An autotutorial teaching film file is used to familiarize students with radiographic examples of common diseases of large and small animal species. Small-group discussions are scheduled to present and discuss current cases. The use of x-ray-producing equipment and radioisotopes is discussed.
VETMED 573 Fourth-Year Seminar
Fall and spring. 1 credit. Required of all fourth-year veterinary students. First-, second-, and third-year students and all staff members are invited and encouraged to attend. S-U grades only. F. H. Fox, chair of the Senior Seminar Committee.

The aim of this course is to give the student the opportunity and opportunity of selecting and studying disease entity on the basis of a case or series of cases, or to conduct a short-term, clinically oriented research project under the direction of a faculty member. In either case, an oral report will be presented at a weekly seminar. A written report will also be submitted at the time of the seminar. All participants are encouraged to foster an atmosphere in which discussion, exchange of ideas, and the airing of controversial opinions might flourish.

DISTRIBUTION COURSES

Distribution courses comprise 30 percent of the curriculum and are usually scheduled during the first month of each spring semester. During the first two years, many of the distribution courses are oriented to the basic sciences. During years three and four, students have additional distribution course offerings from which to choose. Some will emphasize clinical specialties, whereas others will integrate basic science disciplines with clinical medicine and will be co-taught by faculty representing both areas. Students from different classes have the opportunity to take many of these courses together.

Grades: Grading options for distribution courses are either letter or S/U.

VETMED 601 Anatomy of the Carnivore
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: VETMED 510 The Animal Body or permission of instructor. First-, second-, third-, and fourth-year veterinary students; others by permission. Letter grades only. A. J. Benzinidheadtbrt.

Carnivore anatomy is studied by detailed systematic and regional dissection of the cat, with comparison to the dog. Student dissection is supplemented with prosections, radiographs, models, and an understanding of surgical approaches. There are opportunities to dissect other carnivores, such as the ferret and the fox, depending on availability of specimens. The lectures augment the laboratory dissection and introduce the student to functional morphological comparative features in the Order Carnivore. Students do an independent research project on the carnivore species of their choice and give an oral presentation on this to the class.

VETMED 602 Anatomy of the Horse
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: VETMED 510 The Animal Body or permission of instructor. First-, second-, third-, and fourth-year veterinary students; others by permission. Letter grades only. M. S. Hacker.

This course is organized as a traditional anatomy course that relies primarily on hands-on dissection laboratories augmented by lectures and highlighted by clinical correlations. An understanding of anatomy that provides the foundation for surgery and is directly relevant to clinical practice will be emphasized in the regional approach to dissection. Most lectures will emphasize structural-functional correlations that are unique or important in the horse. Microscopic anatomy will be integrated into the course in selected areas to lay a foundation for the later study of pathology or when it reinforces concepts of structure and function that are difficult to understand by a study of the gross anatomy alone. Student dissection cadavers will be supplemented by skeletal materials, radiographs, models, preserved dissection specimens, and fresh specimens when they are available.

VETMED 603 Anatomy of the Ruminant
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: VETMED 510 The Animal Body or permission of instructor. First-, second-, third-, and fourth-year veterinary students; others by permission. Letter grades only. J. Hernandez.

The regional anatomy of several ruminant species will be covered using dissection laboratories, lectures, and large-group discussions. Functional consequences of structural modifications and anatomical features directly relevant to clinical practice will be emphasized. Microscopic anatomy will be correlated with gross anatomy when appropriate to relate structure to function and to provide a foundation for later study in pathology. Student dissection material will be supplemented by skeletal materials, radiographs, models, preserved specimens, and postmortem specimens. Students will be required to complete an independent study project on a relevant subject of their choice. Assessment includes written and practical examination.

VETMED 605 Comparative Anatomy: Pattern and Function
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: VETMED 510 The Animal Body. First-, second-, third-, or fourth-year veterinary students; others by permission. Letter grades only. L. A. Mitz.

The goal of this course is to study anatomical variability among amniote (mammals, birds, reptiles, and amphibian and fish species. This is accomplished by relating the anatomy of major organ systems in each species to a common basic pattern and considering the differences in a functional perspective. Five major systems will be explored (i.e., integumentary, locomotor, cardiorespiratory, digestive, and urogenital) in a variety of species as available.

VETMED 606 Advanced Clinical Neurology
Spring. 1 credit. Prerequisite: VETMED 521 Neuroanatomy and Clinical Neurology. Third- and fourth-year veterinary students. Letter grades only. A. deLahunta.

The objective of this course is to further the experience and confidence of the student in the diagnosis and understanding of clinical neurological disorders. It continues their correlation of anatomy, physiology, and pathology in the various diseases of the nervous system and the understanding of their pathogenesis. Neurological disorders that are not covered in the foundation course will be considered here. The course is entirely based on case examples that are presented on videotapes and slides.

VETMED 607 The Literature and Subject Matter of Natural History
Spring. 1 credit. First-, second-, third-, and fourth-year veterinary students; others by permission. S-U grades only. H. F. Evans. This course is an introduction to classic and current natural history literature. Materials relating to the earth sciences and the biology of plants and animals from around the world will be shown and discussed. Students will be required to show and discuss a book that concerns natural history in a country of their choice. A recommended reference text for this course is The Cambridge Illustrated Dictionary of Natural History, R. J. Lincoln and G. A. Boxshall, 1990.

VETMED 609 Anatomy and Histology of Fish
Spring. 2 credits. Minimum enrollment 4; maximum enrollment 6. First-, second-, third-, and fourth-year veterinary students; others by written permission of instructor. S-U grades only. Others by written permission of instructor. Letter grades only. Offered even-numbered years. Next offered spring 2002. N. Abou-Madied.

This course provides an overview of the diversity of anatomy and physiology of fish. Students will participate in lecture, discussion, and laboratory exercises to review the major organ systems. Extensive use of library resources for assigned readings will be expected. Each student will prepare a term project and make one oral presentation.

VETMED 610 Veterinary Aspects of Avian Biology
Spring. 1 credit. Minimum enrollment 10; maximum enrollment 60. First-, second-, third-, and fourth-year veterinary students; others by written permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. Offered odd-numbered years. P. Bohyansky. This course will present a summary of important diseases of fin fishes. Diseases covered will be those of importance in commercial aquaculture as well as those encountered by the tropical fish hobbyist. The course is designed to provide the students with a knowledge base and hands-on diagnostic experience in diseases of fish. Each student will prepare a term project and make one oral presentation.

VETMED 611 Fish Health Management
Spring. 1 credit. Minimum enrollment 8; maximum enrollment 16. First-, second-, third-, and fourth-year veterinary students; others by written permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. Offered even-numbered years. P. Bohyansky. This course will present a summary of important diseases of fin fishes. Diseases covered will be those of importance in commercial aquaculture as well as those encountered by the tropical fish hobbyist. The course is designed to provide the students with a knowledge base and hands-on diagnostic experience in diseases of fish. Each student will prepare a term project and make one oral presentation.

VETMED 612 Management of Aquarium Systems
Spring. 1 credit. Minimum enrollment 8; maximum enrollment 16. First-, second-, third-, and fourth-year veterinary students; others by written permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. Offered even-numbered years. P. Bohyansky. This is a lecture and laboratory course dealing with procedures and practices involved in management of aquarium systems. Topics include water quality, types of aquarium filtration systems, fish health, fish nutrition, and general fish biology. A portion of the
course will require independent work in aquarium system management. Each student will prepare a term project and make one oral presentation.

**VETMED 613 Aquavet I: Introduction to Aquatic Veterinary Medicine**

Four weeks of full-time instruction at Woods Hole, Massachusetts, immediately after the spring term. 2 credits. Prerequisites: formal course work in diseases of aquatic animals or appropriate experience and permission of instructor. Maximum enrollment 18. S-U grades optional. Course fee required. Available, by a competitive application process, to veterinary and graduate students. P. R. Bowser.

This course is sponsored by Cornell University, the University of Pennsylvania, and three marine science institutions at Woods Hole: the Marine Biological Laboratory, Woods Hole Oceanographic Institute, and Northeast Center of the National Marine Fisheries Service. It is designed to introduce veterinary students to aquatic animal medicine. The marine environment is described and visited on field trips in the Woods Hole area. Specific aspects of the comparative anatomy, physiology, nutrition, microbiology, pathology, and medicine of a variety of marine and freshwater species are discussed. Some emphasis is placed on systems of aquaculture. The specific diseases of a few selected species are presented as examples, including the diseases of a crustacean, a shellfish, a finfish, and marine mammals. The course is taught by an invited faculty of 35 individuals who are leaders in their respective fields of aquatic animal medicine. Students present seminars on appropriate topics.

**VETMED 614 Aquavet II: Comparative Pathology of Aquatic Animals**

Two weeks of full-time instruction at Woods Hole, Massachusetts, immediately after the spring term. 2 credits. Prerequisites: formal course work in diseases of aquatic animals or appropriate experience and permission of instructor. Maximum enrollment 18. S-U grades optional. Course fee required. Available, by a competitive application process, to veterinary and graduate students. P. R. Bowser.

This course is sponsored by Cornell University, the University of Pennsylvania, and three marine science institutions at Woods Hole: the Marine Biological Laboratory, Woods Hole Oceanographic Institute, and Northeast Center of the National Marine Fisheries Service. It is an advanced course in the comparative pathology of aquatic invertebrates and vertebrates commonly used as laboratory animals. The material presented will consist of discussions of the diseases of aquatic animals as well as extensive use of the microscope to examine the histopathology associated with these diseases. The course is taught by an invited faculty of 12 individuals who are leaders in their respective fields of aquatic animal medicine.

**VETMED 615 Veterinary Medicine in Developing Nations**

Spring. 2 credits. Maximum enrollment 20. First-, second-, third-, and fourth-year veterinary students, others by permission of instructor. S-U grades only. Offered odd-numbered years. K. A. Schat.

Veterinary medicine has an important role to play in developing nations in (1) developing and providing economical sources of animal proteins for human consumption and (2) protecting ecological resources. This seminar course will provide interested veterinary students with information on and insight into the multitude of issues facing U.S. veterinarians working in developing nations.

**VETMED 616 Diseases of Birds**

Spring. 2 credits. Minimum enrollment 10; maximum enrollment 80. Second-, third-, and fourth-year veterinary students. Letter grades only. S. Naqi and G. V. Kollias. This course is designed to introduce second-, third-, and fourth-year veterinary students to a basic and practical knowledge of the most common infectious and noninfectious diseases affecting a variety of avian species. The course will emphasize the latest diagnostic and control approaches. The course format will be a combination of didactic lectures and discussions.

**VETMED 618 Adaptation of Animals to the Environment**

Spring. 1 credit. Minimum enrollment 10. Graduate and first-, second-, third-, and fourth-year veterinary students. Letter grades only. D. Robertshaw. The course will emphasize the physiological adaptations of animals to their environment in addition to methods of acclimatization to new environments. The course will focus on environmental parameters that exist in harsh environments and include heat, cold, altitude, and salt conditions. Thus the physiological mechanisms of thermoregulation in mammals, birds, and echthromerans will be examined together with their responses to low food and water availability. The knowledge obtained will be in understanding the consequences of translocation of both wild and domestic animals and provide a rational basis for animal housing and the provision of appropriate habitats for zoological gardens. The degree of environmental adaptation will also be examined in terms of animal production from a basic science standpoint.

**VETMED 619 Pathogenesis of Viral Disease (also VETMI 701)**


Course content and objectives: the course will focus on the balance between host defense against viral infections and the mechanisms by which viruses perpetuate themselves in human and animal populations. In the process, the mechanisms of cell and animal infection, spreading between cells, disease mechanisms, and the roles of the immune response in enhancing and suppressing disease will be explored. This will include a systems-based approach exploring the pathogenesis of disease in the CNS, gastrointestinal, hepatic, tegumentary, respiratory, and urogenital systems. The basic principles of virus taxonomy, structure and replication will be included to introduce various viral groups and their special properties. Methods of intervention (vaccination, antiviral drugs) will also be covered. Lectures are derived from relevant current literature, the text, Nathanson's *Viral Pathogenesis*, 1997, and Field's *Virology*, third edition, 1996. Relevant materials will be placed on reserve in the veterinary library.

**VETMED 620 Molecular Biology and Immunology of Host-Parasite Interactions (also VETMI 702)**

Spring. 2 credits. First-, second-, third-, and fourth-year veterinary students, others by permission of instructor. Letter grades only. Offered even-numbered years. E. J. Pearce.

The primary objective of this lecture course is to make the student aware of the most important areas of research in contemporary parasitology. Lectures will focus on a broad range of parasites, with an emphasis on those of medical importance. Recently published research articles and reviews will be used as the basis from which to explore the issues of host invasion, evasion of host defense mechanisms by parasites, vaccination against parasitic infections, chemotherapy, drug resistance, vector biology, and molecular diagnosis. Biological processes that are especially well understood through work on parasites, such as RNA editing and GPI-anchor biosynthesis and structure, will be covered in detail.

**VETMED 622 Foreign Infectious Diseases of Animals**


This course describes the etiology, pathogenesis, clinical signs, gross pathology, differential diagnosis, methods of spread, reservoir hosts, and control of foreign animal diseases that present serious economic threats to the United States. The format is student seminar presentations with each student responsible for presenting one seminar. Ordinarily the course will also include presentations by college faculty and research scientists working on foreign infectious diseases.

**VETMED 624 Feline Infectious Diseases**

Spring. 1 credit. Minimum enrollment 10; maximum enrollment 80. Second-, third-, and fourth-year veterinary students. Letter grades only. S. C. Barr.

The course consists of two 50-minute lecture periods a week for eight weeks. The letter grade will be obtained entirely from the result of a written examination (usually multiple choice format) given in the final period. The course will emphasize the clinical aspects of the more common feline infectious diseases common to cats in North America and will complement knowledge acquired in Blocks IV and V. The overall objective is to provide detailed information about specific infectious diseases a future small animal practitioner may need to know to effectively diagnose and treat diseases. Etiology, epidemiology (prevalence and transmission), pathogenesis, clinical findings, diagnosis, pathologic findings, therapy, prevention, and public health considerations will be emphasized. Lectures will be presented from a clinician's point of view and therefore the material will be oriented towards practical skills in managing clinical cases.

**VETMED 625 Osteoarthritis**


This course provides a basis at the molecular, cellular, and tissue levels for understanding the function of mammalian diarthrodial joints. It includes a description of a diarthrodial joint and the composition and metabolism of articular cartilage, subchondrial bone,
ligaments, meniscus, capsule, and synovium. The interrelationships of synovium, synovial fluid, articular cartilage, joint lubrication, biomechanical considerations, and enumeration are considered. Canine hip dysplasia is a focus of the course. The onset, pathogenesis, and treatment of hip dysplasia will be discussed. The student will gain an appreciation of the importance of the pelvic bones and the hip joint to the function of the dog.

**VETMED 630 Clinical Biostatistics for Journal Readers**
Spring. 1 credit. Minimum enrollment 6; maximum enrollment 20. First-, second-, third-, and fourth-year veterinary students; others by permission of instructor. Letter grade. H. N. Erb.

The student will become familiar with the statistical methods commonly used in veterinary clinical articles, will be able to recognize obvious misuse of those methods, and will be able to interpret the statistical results.

**VETMED 631 Clinical Diagnostic Parasitology**
Fall and spring. 0.5 credit. Prerequisite: VETMED 551. Third- and fourth-year veterinary students. S/U grades only. TBA with Dr. Frongillo, D. D. Bowman and M. K. Frongillo.

This course will provide a chance to perform diagnostic parasitology methods using samples obtained from ongoing clinic cases. Students will attend eight 1-hour sessions as they rotate through the ambulatory, community practice, and pathology rotations. In the ambulatory service (four sessions with students), diagnostics will concentrate on the laboratory examination of samples from animal cases that have been observed during the previous week. In the Community Practice Service, one hour will concentrate on the examination of samples from ongoing cases, while a second hour will cover a discussion of the treatment of common endo- and ectoparasites. The two hours spent as part of the pathology rotation will examine methods of recovering parasites from pathology specimens, including the examination of wet preparations and the digestion of tissues for parasite recovery. The course is considered to be a logical extension to the foundation course Host, Agent, and Defense and is expected to build on the didactic material presented in Large and Small Animal Pathobiology.

**VETMED 632 Senior Seminar**
Fall and spring. 1 credit. First-, second-, and third-year veterinary students. S/U grades only. Must be completed in two consecutive terms (either fall to spring or spring to fall). D. O. Gilbert.

Attendance at 14 of the senior seminar sessions presented during the academic year constitutes acceptable completion of this course.

This course does not fulfill the 1-credit Set VII.

**VETMED 633 Introduction to Nontraditional Companion and Laboratory Animals**

This course introduces veterinary students to primary care small-animal clinical practice through direct exposure to the Cornell University Hospital for Animals. Students observe and assist with restraint, examination and routine treatment of pets, and communication with clients. Successful completion requires satisfactory participation during 10 half-days of clinical service.

**VETMED 634 Physiological Nutrition**
Spring. 1 credit. First-year veterinary students. Letter grades only. F. A. Kallfelz.

The course will provide information on the evaluation and formulation of rations for large and small animals. These concepts will be applied in discussion on the nutrition requirements of these animals during maintenance, gestation, lactation, growth, stress, and aging. The course is recommended for all second-year veterinary students who do not have a strong background in ruminant, equine, canine, and feline nutrition. This course, or its equivalent, will be necessary for comprehension of clinical nutrition concepts in Foundation Courses V and VI.

**VETMED 635 Introduction to the Professional Literature**
Fall, winter, spring, and summer. 1 credit. First-, second-, third-, and fourth-year veterinary students; others by permission of instructor. Letter grades only. D. Lee.

This course introduces veterinary students to primary care small-animal clinical practice through direct exposure to the Cornell University Hospital for Animals. Students observe and assist with restraint, examination and routine treatment of pets, and communication with clients. Successful completion requires satisfactory participation during 10 half-days of clinical service.

**VETMED 636 Clinical Pathology**

This six-week course addresses a range of issues related to laboratory medicine and interpretation of laboratory results. General topics include hematology, clinical chemistry and immunology, and urinalysis. The primary mode of instruction is student-driven small-group (untutored) exploration of case materials followed by faculty-moderated large-group discussions. Selected lectures and laboratory sessions will be supplemented and expanded on issues generated by the case discussions. This course builds on concepts previously addressed in Block 3 and 4 and also provides additional experiences in practical clinical pathology procedures and microscopy.

**VETMED 637 Introduction to the Professional Literature**
Spring. 1 credit. Minimum enrollment 6; maximum enrollment 20. First-, second-, third-, and fourth-year veterinary students; others by permission of instructor. Letter grade. H. N. Erb.

This course will provide a chance to perform diagnostic parasitology methods using samples obtained from ongoing clinic cases. Students will attend eight 1-hour sessions as they rotate through the ambulatory, community practice, and pathology rotations. In the ambulatory service (four sessions with students), diagnostics will concentrate on the laboratory examination of samples from animal cases that have been observed during the previous week. In the Community Practice Service, one hour will concentrate on the examination of samples from ongoing cases, while a second hour will cover a discussion of the treatment of common endo- and ectoparasites. The two hours spent as part of the pathology rotation will examine methods of recovering parasites from pathology specimens, including the examination of wet preparations and the digestion of tissues for parasite recovery. The course is considered to be a logical extension to the foundation course Host, Agent, and Defense and is expected to build on the didactic material presented in Large and Small Animal Pathobiology.

**VETMED 638 Senior Seminar**
Fall and spring. 1 credit. First-, second-, and third-year veterinary students. S/U grades only. Must be completed in two consecutive terms (either fall to spring or spring to fall). D. O. Gilbert.

Attendance at 14 of the senior seminar sessions presented during the academic year constitutes acceptable completion of this course.

This course does not fulfill the 1-credit Set VII.

**VETMED 639 Veterinary Dentistry**
Spring. 1 credit. Minimum enrollment 90. Second-, third-, and fourth-year veterinary students; others by permission of instructor. Letter grades only. D. Lee.

This course will provide information on the evaluation and formulation of rations for large and small animals. These concepts will be applied in discussion on the nutrition requirements of these animals during maintenance, gestation, lactation, growth, stress, and aging. The course is recommended for all second-year veterinary students who do not have a strong background in ruminant, equine, canine, and feline nutrition. This course, or its equivalent, will be necessary for comprehension of clinical nutrition concepts in Foundation Courses V and VI.
This course will concentrate on principles of captive wildlife management, both clinical and nonclinical. Students will be challenged to learn and integrate a variety of disciplines that are essential to managing wildlife successfully in a captive or semi-free-ranging environment. These disciplines include but are not limited to species-specific (1) behavior and behavioral problems, (2) nutritional requirements and problems, (3) natural history, (4) zoonotic and toxicological problems, (5) manual restraint and anesthesia, (6) preventive medicine, and (7) medical and legal ethics. In even-numbered years the course will emphasize non–North American wildlife species (examples include African, Asian, Australian, Central and South American species), and in odd-numbered years the course will focus more on the North American (native) wildlife species.

**VETMED 640 Veterinary Aspects of Captive Wildlife Management**
Spring. 2 credits. First-, second-, third-, and fourth-year veterinary students. Letter grades only. N. Abou-Madi.

This course will concentrate on principles of captive wildlife management, both clinical and nonclinical. Students will be challenged to learn and integrate a variety of disciplines that are essential to managing wildlife successfully in a captive or semi-free-ranging environment. These disciplines include but are not limited to species-specific (1) behavior and behavioral problems, (2) nutritional requirements and problems, (3) natural history, (4) zoonotic and toxicological problems, (5) manual restraint and anesthesia, (6) preventive medicine, and (7) medical and legal ethics. In even-numbered years the course will emphasize non–North American wildlife species (examples include African, Asian, Australian, Central and South American species), and in odd-numbered years the course will focus more on the North American (native) wildlife species.

**VETMED 641 Approaches to Problems in Canine Infectious Diseases**

The course consists of two 50-minute lecture periods each week for eight weeks. The letter grade will be determined entirely from the result of a written examination (usually multiple-choice format) given in the final period. The course will emphasize the clinical aspects of the more common canine infectious diseases that are not covered in Foundation Course IV or V. The overall objective is to provide details about specific infectious diseases a future small animal practitioner may need to know to effectively diagnose and treat these diseases. Clinical signs, presentation, clinicopathologic data, diagnostic choices, treatment plans, and prevention will be emphasized. Most lectures will be presented by clinical faculty and therefore the material will be oriented toward practical skills in managing clinical cases.

**VETMED 642 Management of Fluid and Electrolyte Disorders**

Students will focus on clinical manifestations and the pathophysiological mechanisms associated with fluid, electrolyte, and metabolic acid–base disturbances in domestic animals. The course is divided into segments dealing with salt and water imbalances, potassium abnormalities, metabolic acidosis, metabolic alkalosis, and mixed acid–base disturbances.

**VETMED 643 Fundamental Aspects of Embryo Transfer**
Spring. 1 credit. Minimum enrollment 16. Enrollment is determined by lottery. Third- and fourth-year veterinary students or graduate students by permission of instructor. S-U grades only. J. R. Hill.

This course introduces the theory and practice of embryo transfer in domestic animals. Topics include background, advantages and disadvantages, superovulation, embryo recovery techniques, embryo culture and manipulation, embryo transfer techniques, registration of offspring, import and export, and related topics in assisted reproductive technologies. Students are exposed to practical techniques of embryo transfer in cattle, small ruminants, horses, and swine. The course consists of lectures, demonstrations, and laboratory classes during which students practice techniques of embryo recovery, evaluation, handling, and transfer.

**VETMED 644 Equine Surgical and Anesthetic Techniques**
Winter. 1 credit. Prerequisite: VETMED 602 Anatomy of the Horse. Minimum enrollment 3; maximum enrollment 21. Enrollment is determined by lottery. Third- and fourth-year veterinary students. S-U grades only. S. L. Fabini (coordinator) and other large-animal surgeons.

This course consists of five laboratories performing surgical procedures on ponies and cadaver specimens. It is the intent of this course not to make the students proficient in these procedures but to familiarize them with some specialized surgical techniques and to make them more enlightened referring practitioners. The course, therefore, is intended for students anticipating equine practice after graduation. This course is offered during a one-week period over winter intersession.

**VETMED 645 Food Animal Surgical and Anesthetic Techniques**

This course consists of five laboratories performing surgical procedures on sheep, calves, cadaver specimens, and adult cattle. It is the intent of this course not to make the students proficient in these procedures but to familiarize them with surgical techniques and to make them more enlightened referring practitioners. The course, therefore, is intended for students anticipating food animal practice after graduation. This course is offered during a one-week period over winter intersession.

**VETMED 646 Llama Tutorial**
Fall, spring, summer. 1 credit. Prerequisite: VETMED 562 Anatomy of the Horse. Minimum enrollment 10; maximum enrollment 20. Second-, third-, or fourth-year veterinary students. Letter grades only. M. C. Smith.

This autotutorial or group tutorial course covers common problems of llamas and alpacas. Participants will be provided with study guides consisting of brief case descriptions and study sample questions. Reference will be made to textbooks, journal articles, videotapes, and (if available) a teaching llama to assist students in finding the answers to the questions efficiently. Grading is based on an oral exam.

**VETMED 647 Poisonous Plants**
Fall. 1 credit. First-, second-, third-, and fourth-year veterinary students; others by permission of instructor. S-U grades only. R. Hillman and M. Smith.

Field trips demonstrate toxic plants growing in natural or cultivated settings. Lectures address economically important poisonous plants native to the United States. Information presented includes plant identification, natural history, toxic principles, clinical signs of toxicity, and treatment and prevention of poisoning in animals. Some of the major toxic principles found in plants and considered in detail in the course are nitrates, cyanide, oxalates, photodynamic agents, alkaloids, and mycotoxins.

**VETMED 648 Clinical Management of Native Wildlife**
Fall, spring, summer (credit given in fall). 1 credit. Enrollment not to exceed 20 students per semester, 2 students per rotation. First-, second-, third-, and fourth-year veterinary students by permission of instructor. Letter grades only. N. Abou-Madi and staff.

This course introduces veterinary students to primary native wildlife care and to wildlife issues that practicing veterinarians face on a daily basis. Students are responsible for the assessment, physical examination, and medical care of native wildlife presented to the Cornell University Hospital for Animals by the public and local wildlife rehabilitators. Student activities are directly supervised and assessed by faculty wildlife clinicians on a daily basis. Successful completion of the course requires 40 hours of satisfactory supervised participation per semester in the clinic. Clinic times will be appropriately scheduled throughout the semester. Students are required to submit two case summaries before the end of the semester and a log of their clinical hours.

**VETMED 649 Introduction to Equine Practice**
Spring. 0.5 credit. Minimum enrollment 30. First- and second-year veterinary students. Letter grades only. R. Hackett and C. Colby.

This is an introductory course in equine husbandry intended for students with little or no experience working with horses. Lecture topics will include horse breeds and colors, housing facilities and fencing, and overview discussions of the racing, showing, and breeding industries. Laboratories will emphasize basic equine handling and restraint as well as feeds and bedding.

**VETMED 652 Avian Medicine and Surgery**
Spring. 2 credits. Minimum enrollment 20; maximum enrollment 80. Third- and fourth-year veterinary students. Letter grades only. N. Abou-Madi and staff.

This course is designed to introduce third- and fourth-year veterinary students to the principles and practice of clinical avian medicine and surgery. The course will be taught in a basic didactic lecture and discussion format with laboratories that will reinforce concepts presented in the lectures.

**VETMED 653 Advanced Equine Lameness**
Spring. 1.5 credits. Minimum enrollment 7; maximum enrollment 21. Third- and fourth-year veterinary students. Enrollment is determined by lottery. S-U grades only. N. Ducharme, A. Nixon, and staff.

This course is designed to help students understand the methodology and to develop the manual skills required for lameness examination in horses. Emphasis will be on developing diagnostic skills. Specifically, the student will be expected to develop proficiency in the identification of clinical characteristics associated with recognized lamenesses and to localize the origin of the lameness. Teaching aids will include video modules outlining various gait abnormalities.
In addition, horses with specific gait abnormalities will be available for physical, radiographic, and ultrasonographic examination.

**VETMED 654 Current Therapy in Equine Reproduction**  
Spring. Lec, 1 credit; lab, 0.5 credit. Lab minimum enrollment 12; maximum enrollment 24. Laboratory enrollment is done by lottery, if oversubscribed; concurrent enrollment in lecture is required. Third- and fourth-year veterinary students. Letter grades only. D. H. Volkmann and C. M. Schweizer. This course deals with specific reproductive disorders of production animals as well as reproductive management of mares and stallions using natural and artificial breeding strategies is discussed. Diagnosis, treatment, and prevention of common reproductive disorders are stressed. The laboratory component builds on skills acquired during Foundation Courses and provides experience in techniques important in equine theriogenology.

**VETMED 655 Production Animal Theriogenology**  
Spring. Lec, 1 credit; lab, 1 credit. Lab minimum enrollment 12; maximum enrollment 24. Laboratory enrollment is done by lottery. Concurrent enrollment in Production Animal Theriogenology Lecture is required. Third- and fourth-year veterinary students. Letter grades only. J. R. Hill. This course deals with specific reproductive disorders of production animals as well as reproductive management of production units. Content includes reproductive biology of production animals, economic considerations, and medical and surgical approaches to management of reproductive disorders. Laboratory sessions are tailored to acquisition of specific skills fundamental to the practice of theriogenology of production animals. Emphasis is on dairy cows.

**VETMED 656 Special Problems in Equine Medicine**  
Spring. 1.5 credits. Minimum enrollment 10; maximum enrollment 30. Enrollment is done by lottery. Third- and fourth-year veterinary students. S-U grades only. T. Divers and staff. This course is intended for students who plan to or may enter equine practice. In-depth study of important diseases, review of recent literature, health management, and hands-on procedures or demonstrations will be the core of this course.

**VETMED 657 Disorders of Large Animal Neonates**  
Spring. 1 credit. Minimum enrollment 10; maximum enrollment 100. First-, second-, third-, and fourth-year veterinary students. Letter grades only. Not offered 2000–2001. D. Ainsworth. The common medical problems of foals and calves, with emphasis placed on the neonatal period, are discussed. Specific topics examined in detail include disorders affecting the respiratory, gastrointestinal, and musculoskeletal systems. Students will also spend several hours in the neonatal intensive care unit providing medical care of hospitalized patients under staff supervision.

**VETMED 659 Equine Soft Tissue Surgery**  
Spring 1 credit. Minimum enrollment 6; maximum enrollment 21. Third- and fourth-year veterinary students. Enrollment is done by lottery. Letter grades only. R. Hackett and staff. This course, intended for students anticipating equine practice after graduation, will build on material presented in the foundation courses to provide supplemental instruction in surgical disorders of the horse. Lectures will be case based and emphasis will be placed on principles of general practice (e.g., traumatic injuries, upper respiratory tract disorders, preoperative evaluation). Laboratories will emphasize diagnostic and therapeutic procedures in which an entry-level equine practitioner should be competent.

**VETMED 661 Surgical Pathology**  
Spring, summer, fall. Variable 1–2 credits. Second-, third-, and fourth-year veterinary students with permission of instructor. Letter grades only. S. McDonough. This one- or two-week course (approximately eight hours per day for one credit per week) will provide hands-on experience in the Surgical Pathology Service of the Department of Biomedical Sciences. Working with the attending pathologist, students will examine tissue specimens histologically, propose diagnoses, and discuss their interpretations. Students may enroll in this course only through the Office of Student Records within the official add/drop period. All requests to enroll must be accompanied by the Supplemental Enrollment Form and must be signed by Dr. McDonough's approval of the enrollment and the amount of credit to be awarded. Second-year students should not enroll for any term other than summer unless they have actually reserved a January or Spring break slot through Dr. McDonough.

**VETMED 665 Medical and Surgical Problems of Dairy Cattle—Emphasis on the Individual Animal**  
Spring. 1.5 credits. Minimum enrollment 6; maximum enrollment 28. Enrollment is done by lottery. Third- and fourth-year veterinary students. Letter grades only. S. Fubini and staff. This course will provide students with a special interest in dairy practice the opportunity for in-depth discussion of special problems in mastitic disease and surgery. Emphasis will be on case discussions, physical examination techniques, and ethical and practical matters. The course will emphasize individual cow treatment.

**VETMED 666 Small Animal Clinical Oncology**  
Spring. 1 credit. Third- and fourth-year veterinary students. Letter grades only. Not offered 2000–2001. H. J. Harvey. This course will present common tumor syndromes in small animals. Emphasis will be placed on biological behavior, patient management, and client relations. Format will include lectures, journal club discussions, demonstrations, and seminars.

**VETMED 667 Special Problems in Small Animal Medicine**  
Spring. 1 credit. Minimum enrollment 10; maximum enrollment 40. Third- and fourth-year veterinary students. S-U grades only. K. Simpson and staff. During the four-week course, students will work through cases in small-animal medicine. The course consists of a 50-minute weekly discussion period. The focus will be on the medical problems associated with cases using histologic, clinical, clinical pathologic, and pathologic findings to elucidate basic pathophysiologic principles of disease. The overall objective is to give future small-animal practitioners skills in the approach to clinical problems with specific emphasis placed on history taking, clinical signs and examination skills, assessment of clinical pathology data and diagnostic materials (radiographs, ultrasonounds), treatment plans, and prevention. The course expands the knowledge gained in Foundation Course V and, under the instruction of a clinical faculty member, is aimed at facilitating the use of that knowledge into the practical skills of managing clinical cases.

**VETMED 668 Practice Management**  
Spring. 2 credits. Number of sections will be determined by enrollment. Third- and fourth-year veterinary students. S-U grades only. Staff. Course participants form a veterinary group practice that includes the specialties of each participant's interest. Topics covered are discussed in the staff meeting format of the practice. Topics include basic practice organization, leadership styles, career planning, communication skills, facility management, human resource management, maintenance of standards, marketing and merchandising, building and maintaining clients, practice growth, finances, computing systems and information management, money management, legal issues, tax management, professional relations and responsibility, and maintaining an acceptable quality of life, including stress management. Various practitioners and practice managers will speak to the group about their very different successful practices, concentrating on management and organizational skills.

**VETMED 669 Sheep and Goat Medicine**  
Spring. Lec, 1 credit; lab, 0.5 credit. Lab congregation enrollment in Sheep and Goat Medicine Lecture is required. Third- and fourth-year veterinary students. S-U grades only. M. Smith. This course will discuss diagnosis, treatment, and prevention of medical and surgical problems of individual small ruminants and of sheep and goat herds. Basic information on breeding behavior, nutrition, management, and management systems will be supplied. Economically important contagious or metabolic diseases will be discussed in depth. The diagnostic evaluation and differential diagnoses for common clinical presentations such as skin disease, neurologic disease, lameness, and mastitis will be considered. Herd monitoring of economically important parameters and necropsy diagnosis of abortions and neonatal losses will be addressed. Breeding systems, pregnancy diagnosis methods, and correction of dystocias will be discussed and demonstrated in optional laboratory sessions.

**VETMED 670 Drug Handling in the Body**  
Spring. 0.5 credit. Maximum enrollment 60. Second-, third-, and fourth-year veterinary students. Letter grades only. B. A. Cerione and G. A. Weiland. This course will provide an in-depth consideration of the pharmacological principles of administration, absorption, distribution, metabolism, and elimination of drugs. Emphasis will be on the conceptual basis of the pharmacokinetic considerations in the
therapeutic use of drugs. The course will build on the pharmacological and physiological principles introduced in Foundation Course III.

**VETMED 671 Autonomic Pharmacology**
Spring. 0.5 credit. Maximum enrollment 80. Second-, third-, and fourth-year veterinary students. Letter grades only. G. A. Weiland. This course will provide an in-depth consideration of pharmacological and physiological principles of autonomic pharmacology. Molecular, cellular, and organ system mechanisms will be emphasized. The course will explore in more detail the fundamental pharmacological and physiological principles of the effects of drugs on autonomic organs introduced in Foundation Course III.

**VETMED 672 Antimicrobial Drug Therapy in Veterinary Medicine**
Spring. 1 credit. Second-, third-, and fourth-year veterinary students. Letter grades only. W. S. Schwark. This course will be designed to familiarize students with antimicrobial drugs used in veterinary practice. The course will build on fundamental pharmacological and microbiological principles covered in Foundation Course III and IV. It will consider antibacterial, antifungal, antiparasitic, and antiviral drugs from the point of view of unique pharmacokinetic properties, indications for clinical use, and potential toxicities as the basis for rational use.

**VETMED 673 Growth Factor-Coupled Signal Transduction**
Spring, even-numbered years. 0.5 credit. First-, second-, third- and fourth-year veterinary students and permission of instructor. Letter grades only. R. A. Cerione. This course will present basic information regarding regulation of cell growth and differentiation. The emphasis will be on signal transduction pathways that are responsible for translating growth factor binding to the cell surface into nuclear responses. The course should complement cases covered in Foundation Course II and tie together the biochemical pathways underlying cell growth with biological processes such as wound healing and disease states such as cancer.

**VETMED 674 Physiology and Pharmacology in the Understanding and Treatment of Diabetes**
Spring, odd-numbered years. 1 credit. Maximum enrollment 24. S-U grades only. G. Sharp. This course will cover the basic causes of the manifestations of diabetes, signal transduction mechanisms controlling insulin secretion and insulin action, and the principles underlying current and potential future treatment for this group of diseases. The course will stress the value of basic research into cellular and molecular mechanisms for the treatment and cure of disease.

**VETMED 675 Fundamental Principles of Vertebrate Central Nervous System Pharmacology**
Spring. 0.5 credit. Minimum enrollment 6. Second-, third-, and fourth-year veterinary students. Letter grades only. Not offered 2000–2001. Next offered spring 2002. C. M. Nowak. This course will include up-to-date knowledge of physiological and pharmacological aspects of the main central nervous system neurotransmitter receptors and provide a basis for rational understanding of the drugs used during surgery and in treatment of neurological diseases.

**VETMED 676 Clinical Ophthalmology**
Spring. 0.5 credit. Third- and fourth-year veterinary students. S-U grades only. R. Riis, N. Irby, and T. Kern. This course will explore in more detail the fundamental ophthalmological principles covered in Block V. Introduction to Veterinary Ophthalmology, are supplemented by lectures and discussions that emphasize species differences, basic surgical decision-making, and recognition of ocular conditions appropriate for referral.

**VETMED 677 Dairy Production Medicine**
Fall. 2 credits. Minimum enrollment 6. Maximum enrollment 15. First-, third-, and fourth-year veterinary students. S-U grades only. C. Guard. This is an intermediate course in the techniques and procedures used by veterinarians in modern dairy practice. Many of these activities fall outside the traditional boundaries of medicine, surgery, and theriogenology and might include housing, facilities, manure management, and employee education. Data analysis, disease and productivity monitoring, and evaluation of performance are used to plan corrective interventions or corrections, followed by continued surveillance to monitor their effect. Students will be introduced to the dominant software currently used in dairy management. Local dairy herds will serve as additional laboratories for class projects.

**VETMED 678 Small Animal Theriogenology**
Spring. 1 credit. Third- and fourth-year veterinary students. Letter grades only. Not offered 2000–2001. R. G. Gilchrist. This is a distribution course in a lecture-based format designed to complement the knowledge gained in the theriogenology component of Foundation Course V. Animal Health and Disease. Content includes discussion of breeding management, noninfectious causes of infertility and pathology of the male and female reproductive tracts, their diagnosis and management. The emphasis of the course will be on conditions affecting dogs and cats, but some conditions of other common pet species will be discussed.

**VETMED 679 Clinical Pharmacology**
Spring. 0.5 credit. Third- and fourth-year veterinary students. S-U grades only. W. Schwark. This course is offered after Blocks I-V and formal exposure to pharmacology course work is completed. The course is designed to familiarize students with drug use in the clinical setting and uses ongoing cases in the teaching hospital as a teaching tool. Pharmacological concepts are emphasized, with a focus on the rationale for drug choice, alternative drug choices available, pharmacokinetic considerations, and potential drug interactions/toxicities. This course is offered at the time students are about to embark on clinical rotations. It is designed to emphasize practical aspects of pharmacology in the clinical setting, using basic concepts obtained during formal course work. The onus will be placed on the student to explain/rationalize drugs employed in clinical cases in the teaching hospital.

**VETMED 680 Behavior Problems of Horses**
Spring. 1 credit. Prerequisite: one semester of veterinary curriculum. First-, second-, third-, and fourth-year veterinary students. S-U grades only. K. A. Houpt. The goal of this course is to give veterinary students the ability to treat the behavior problems of horses. History-taking, counseling, diagnostic tests, follow-up, the importance of cooperation with the referring veterinarian, preventive procedures, training techniques, value of the practitioner, and socialization of foals will be presented.

**VETMED 681 Behavior Problems of Small Animals**
Spring. 1 credit. Prerequisite: one semester of veterinary curriculum. First-, second-, third-, and fourth-year veterinary students. S-U grades only. K. A. Houpt. The goal of this course is to give veterinary students the ability to treat the behavior problems of dogs and cats. History-taking, counseling, and follow-up will be presented. Each student will have the opportunity to participate in three cases. Behavioral and pharmacological treatments for behavior problems will be presented.

**VETMED 682 Topics in Veterinary Emergency and Critical Care Medicine**
Spring. 1 credit. Minimum enrollment 10. Maximum enrollment 35. Enrollment is done by lottery. Third- and fourth-year veterinary students, all others by permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. P. Moon. This course will provide an introduction to emergency and critical care medicine. It is designed to have one to two topics per week. An introductory seminar will present basic information on the topic(s) at the beginning of the week followed by a two-hour group discussion later in the week. Although most of the cases will be based on small-animal cases, the same principles will apply to both large- and small-animal cases. Topics that might be covered include: triage, emergency fluid therapy, cardiac and pulmonary emergencies, nutritional support, common toxicology problems, emergency surgical procedures (chest tubes, tracheotomies), and basic and advanced cardiopulmonary resuscitation. When two courses (i.e., section "A" and "B") are offered in the same year, different topics will be covered in each course.

**VETMED 684 Thermoregulation and Exercise**

**VETMED 685 Physiology of Pregnancy**
Spring. 2 credits. Maximum enrollment 20. Second-, third-, and fourth-year veterinary students. Letter grades only. P. W. Nathaniel. This course is presented in lecture fashion. One major reference per lecture will be assigned each week. Subjects covered are placental function, fetal growth, central nervous system development, fetal breathing,
biohythms in maternal and fetal physiology, parturition, and adaptations to newborn life.

**VETMED 689 Fundamentals of Ruminant Digestion and Metabolism**  
Spring. 0.5 credit. Minimum enrollment 5; maximum enrollment 50. First-, second-, third-, and fourth-year veterinary students; selected graduate students by permission of instructor. Letter grades only. T. R. House.  
This course is designed for the student who has little or no previous work in ruminant digestive physiology. It will consist primarily of lectures surveying the functional aspects of control of feed intake; salivation; reticulorumenal motility, including rumination and eructation; microbial flora and fauna; fermentation in reticulorumen (digestion of carbohydrates, proteins and fats); ruminal gas formation; absorption of short-chained fatty acids; special features of ruminal nitrogen metabolism; passage of nutrients to lower tract; and a brief consideration of the functions of omasum, abomasum, and small and large intestines. Emphasis will be on the differences of the ruminant digestive processes from those of the simple-stomached animals.

**VETMED 690 Molecular and Genetic Basis of Inherited Disorders in Animals and Application to Clinical Medicine**  
Spring. 2 credits. Minimum enrollment 5; maximum enrollment 15. First-, second-, third-, and fourth-year veterinary students; graduate and undergraduate students also welcome. Letter grades only. Offered even-numbered years. J. Ray.  
This course introduces the molecular basis of inherited diseases in domestic animals. Topics include several inherited metabolic defects causing systemic malfunctions; muscle and bone abnormalities; retinal degeneration; and failure of the immune systems. Techniques to characterize genetic defects are introduced. Use of molecular techniques for diagnosis and prevention. Use of molecular tools for the treatment of inherited disorders.

**VETMED 692 Current Concepts in Reproductive Biology**  
Fall. 3 credits. First-, second-, and third-year veterinary or appropriate undergraduate/graduate training. Letter grades only. Lect., 2 hours each week; disc. 2 hours each week; 1 R 10:10--12:05. Offered odd-numbered years. Next offered fall 2001. J. Fortune, W. R. Butler, and staff.  
This is a team-taught survey course in reproductive physiology-endocrinology. Lectures are given by several reproductive biologists on various aspects of male reproductive function (spermiation, testis function, spermatogenesis, and sperm physiology/function); female reproductive function (endocrinology, ovarian development and function, oocyte physiology/fuction); pregnancy, parturition, pathology; and reproductive technology. Students participate in the form of discussions and/or presentations.

**VETMED 695 Genetic Basis of Eye Diseases**  
This course covers the molecular and genetic basis of inherited eye diseases in domestic and laboratory animals. It is aimed at the professional student in the veterinary curriculum but is open to graduate-level students. The course will be given in a combination lecture/seminar format, with students leading and actively participating in discussions. The students are expected to do assigned and independent outside research. Both for class discussions and the paper.

**VETMED 696 Fundamental Principles and Techniques of Small Animal Anesthesia: Dogs, Cats, and Birds**  
This course is designed for the veterinary medical student interested in small-animal practice. The course will consist of lectures, case discussions, and development of anesthetic protocols for routine and complicated cases. Subjects to be covered include anesthetic management for elective and emergency surgery, management of the high-risk patient, fluid therapy, drug interactions, pain management, and the management of anesthesia-related complications, cardiopulmonary resuscitation, and post-anesthetic management. While fundamental concepts and recent advances in anesthesia will be discussed, the practical application of anesthetic principles and techniques will be a major objective of the course.

**VETMED 697 Fundamental Principles of Large Animal Anesthesia: Equine and Mixed Animal Practice**  
This course is designed for the veterinary medical student interested in equine or mixed animal practice. The course will consist of lectures, case discussions, and development of anesthetic protocols for routine and complicated cases. Subjects to be covered include anesthetic management for elective surgery, field anesthesia, management of the high-risk patient, fluid therapy, drug interactions, pain management, and the management of anesthesia-related complications, cardiopulmonary resuscitation, and post-anesthetic management. While fundamental concepts and recent advances in anesthesia will be discussed, the practical application of anesthetic principles and techniques will be a major objective of the course.

**VETMED 698 Special Projects in Veterinary Medicine**  
Fall, winter, spring, summer. Variable 1--4 credits. Must be arranged with a College of Veterinary Medicine tenure-track faculty member. S.U.G. grades optional. J. Fortune.  
This course provides opportunity for students to work individually with a faculty member to pursue an area of particular interest and, typically, not part of the established curriculum. Specific course objectives and course content are flexible and reflect the scope and academic expertise of the faculty.

**VETMED 699 Research Opportunities in Veterinary Medicine**  
Fall, winter, spring, summer. Variable 1--4 credits. Must be arranged with a College of Veterinary Medicine tenure-track faculty member. S.U.G. grades optional. J. Fortune.  
This course provides the opportunity for individual students to work in the research environment of faculty involved in veterinary or biomedical research. Specific course objectives and course content are flexible and reflect the specific research environment. Research projects may be arranged to accumulate credit toward requirements in Distribution Sets I, II, III, IV, and V.

**VETMED 700 Large Animal Theriogenology Service**  
Spring. 2 or 4 credits. Prerequisite VETMED 551. Minimum enrollment 6 per rotation. Third- and fourth-year veterinary students. Letter grades only. D. H. Volkman and staff.  
This clinical service rotation is offered to provide additional hands-on experience in all phases of reproductive medicine and management and medicine is stressed. Experience includes teasing, transrectal palpation, ultrasonography, semen collection, evaluation, extension and shipping, artificial insemination, and management of natural breeding. Other techniques emphasized include taking and evaluating endometrial biopsy and cytology samples, as well as samples for culture. Both university-owned and client-owned animals are used to provide experience for these experiences. Experience in routine dairy reproductive management is provided in the college-owned dairy herd. In addition, client-owned animals admitted to the Cornell University Hospital for Animals with reproductive disorders are managed by this service.

**VETMED 701 Cardiology Service**  
Fall and spring. 2 credits. Prerequisite VETMED 551. Minimum enrollment 1 per rotation: maximum enrollment 2. Third- and fourth-year veterinary students. Letter grades only. S. Moise.  
The purpose of the cardiology rotation is to provide the student with the opportunity to put into practice what they have learned in the foundation years. The management of the most common cardiac diseases will be emphasized including heart failure, arrhythmias, and secondary cardiac diseases. All species will be examined, large and small, although the majority will be small animals. Diagnostics, including cardiovascular physical examination, electrocardiography, radiography, and echocardiography, will be taught. The rotation includes clinical work, didactic teaching, and self-initiated digging for information.

**VETMED 702 Laboratory Animal Medicine**  
Fall and spring. 2 credits. Prerequisite VETMED 551. Minimum enrollment 4 per rotation. Third- and fourth-year veterinary students. Letter grades only. F. Quimby and staff.  
The practice of laboratory animal medicine requires a combination of veterinary science, clinical skills, knowledge of various species' biology, familiarity with research methodology, and acquaintance with state and federal regulations. This course is offered as a two-week introduction to that specialty. Students accompany laboratory animal veterinarians on clinical rounds of Cornell's research animal housing and participate in laboratory diagnostic work. Review sessions are conducted on the biology, medicine, pathology, and husbandry of rodents, rabbits, and primates and on current legislation regulating the care and use of research animals. The course may include a field trip to the research animal facilities of Rockefeller University, the Cornell University Medical.

**VETMED 703 Clinical Wildlife, Exotic, and Zoo Animal Medicine**
Fall, winter, spring, summer. 2 credits. Prerequisite: VETMED 551. Maximum enrollment 2 per rotation. Third- and fourth-year veterinary students. Letter grades only. N. Abou-Madi and staff.

This course introduces students to primary medical, surgical, and anesthetic principles of wild animals, exotic domestic animals, and zoo animals. Students, directly supervised by the attending clinician, are responsible for the assessment, physical examination, and medical management of exotic animal species presented to the Cornell University Hospital for Animals. Other opportunities available to assist in the development of clinical skills in wildlife, zoo, and exotic animal medicine include the wildlife clinic cases, ongoing wildlife research and service projects, and trips to the Burnett Park Zoo. Successful completion of the course requires satisfactory performance during this 14-day clinical rotation.

**VETMED 704 Quality Milk**
Fall or spring. 2 credits. Prerequisite: VETMED 551. Third- and fourth-year veterinary students. Letter grades only. R. Gonzalez, Y. Schukken, D. Wilson and staff.

This course covers the causes, diagnosis, treatment, and prevention of bovine mastitis. The role and importance of management practices is stressed. The course includes lectures, readings, discussions, laboratory exercises, and farm visits as part of the Quality Milk Promotion Service—New York State Mastitis Control Program. Participants are expected to complete a case study on a dairy farm with udder health problems and present their findings to the producer and farm personnel. Grading is on performance during the course and a final exam.

**VETMED 705 Special Opportunities in Clinical Veterinary Medicine**
Fall, spring, and summer. Prerequisite: VETMED 551. Third- and fourth-year veterinary students. S-U grades only.

This course provides opportunities for students finished with Foundation Course V to explore particular areas not covered through the regular curriculum. Blocks of two to four weeks are usually spent at other teaching hospitals, research laboratories, or zoological facilities. Student proposals are submitted to the associate dean for academic programs for review and approval. On-site supervisors of the block act as ex-officio faculty members and are required to evaluate each student participant.

**VETMED 707 Poultry Medicine and Production Rotation**
Fall 2 credits. Prerequisite: VETMED 551 and VETMED 616. Diseases of Birds, is recommended. Third- and fourth-year veterinary students. K. A. Schat.

This course is a two-week rotation that will take place at the University of St. Hyacinthe or the University of Guelph in alternating years. The course provides students with an introduction in practical poultry medicine by a combination of lectures, discussions, and laboratory sessions including postmortem examination. Students will also visit hatcheries, broiler, layer, and turkey farms.

**VETMED 708 Clinical Oncology**
Fall and spring. 2 credits. Prerequisite of VETMED 551. Maximum enrollment 4 per rotation. Third- and fourth-year veterinary students. Letter grades only. R. Page.

Management and prevention of cancer in companion animals represents a significant component of the practice of veterinary medicine. This clinical rotation will be the development of a comprehensive set of skills necessary for a veterinarian to become an advocate for the client/patient with cancer. These skills will include appropriate identification of animals with cancer, sensitive and effective client and referring veterinarian communication, ability to access relevant information from numerous sources related to cancer management, understand and apply principles of surgical, medical, and radiation oncology as well as techniques specifically related to minimize pain and treatment-related effects in cancer patients.

**VETMED 720 Issues and Preventive Medicine in Animal Shelters**
Spring. 1 credit. Prerequisite: VETMED 540. Minimum enrollment 5; maximum enrollment 30. Second-, third-, and fourth-year veterinary students. Letter grades only. J. M. Scarlett and staff from the American Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.

Veterinarians often work for or with animal shelters, serve on shelter boards of directors, are community resources for issues relating to companion animal welfare, participate in spay and neuter programs, and influence the quality of the human-animal bond. This course will address the history of the humane movement, role of the veterinarian in relation to shelters, preventive and palliative health management (including highlighting diseases of major concern), issues surrounding euthanasia, reasons for relinquishment, programs for behavior modification, and the legal concerns of shelters. These issues will be addressed using lectures and large group discussions.

**VETMED 721 Timely Topics in Veterinary Parasitology: Small Animal**

This course will present an in-depth look at one or a few parasites of special interest relative to small-animal medicine. The course will present details of taxonomy, biology, epidemiology, clinical presentation, and preventive and curative treatment. Efforts will be made to discuss those aspects of the disease as it relates to the practical control of these and in-depth coverage of primary literature relating to the parasite being discussed. Topics will vary annually. The course will be presented in a lecture/discussion format.

**VETMED 722 Bacteria and Fungi in Veterinary Medicine**

This course will provide an overview and listing of important bacterial and fungal diseases of domestic animals (cow, horse, sheep, pig, goat, dog, cat) in preparation for medicine courses. The etiology, pathogenesis, host response, and prevention will be emphasized. Avian, zoonotic, and exotic (foreign animal) bacterial and fungal diseases will be covered in less detail because they are covered in other courses. The course will also provide insight into diagnostic procedures for bacterial and fungal diseases such as available tests, what samples to take, how to handle samples, and how diagnostic procedures are performed.

**VETMED 725 Diagnostic Cytology**

This two-week course will provide in-depth experience in preparation and interpretation of cytological specimens. Evaluation of the cytological specimens will be incorporated into clinical cases, so that the results are interpreted with respect to the provided case material. The primary mode of instruction is based on faculty-led microscopic slide evaluation. Students will be required to evaluate the slides independently before the microscope sessions. Selected mini-tutorials and laboratories will complement the microscopic sessions. The course builds on concepts previously introduced in the Diagnostic Cytology course in the Foundation Blocks 3 and 4 in the Clinical Pathology Distribution Course (VETMED 628). This course is limited to students participating in or who have completed the Clinical Pathology Distribution Course.

**VETMED 726 Reptile Medicine and Surgery**

This course is designed to introduce third- and potentially fourth-year veterinary students to the principles and practices of reptile medicine and surgery. The course will be taught in a basic lecture and discussion format with laboratories (limited) reinforcing concepts presented in the lectures.

**VETMED 730 Vaccines: Theory and Practice**
Spring. 1 credit. Prerequisite: introductory course in immunology or VETMED 540 or VETMI 315. Minimum enrollment 10; maximum enrollment 40. Second-, third- and fourth-year veterinary students and graduate students; others by permission of instructor. Letter grades only. Grades based on two examinations. Offered even-numbered years.

This course will provide an overview of vaccines used in clinical practice, as well as an in-depth look at vaccine development.
Emphasis will be placed on the most recent advances in vaccine design and delivery, including the use of recombinant DNA techniques for targeting specific immunological responses. Lectures will touch on vaccines commonly used in veterinary practice and will address in detail the use of carriers, adjuvants, and immunostimulants; attenuated pathogens; synthetic peptides; recombinant subunit vaccines; viral and bacterial vectors for vaccine delivery; synthetic antibodies; and genetic immunization with "naked" DNA.

**VETMED 732 Veterinary Clinical Toxicology**

Spring, fall, winter, and summer. 2 credits. Prerequisite: VETMED 560. Letter grades only. M. R. White and K. Earnest-Koons.

This course will provide the veterinary student with knowledge of common poisons and principles of toxicology and how they are applied in the clinical setting. Students will learn about specific common toxicants, clinical signs in affected animals, and treatment protocols for the diseases in question. Students will also gain an understanding of the clinical approach to suspected or unknown toxicoses, sample collection and handling, and resources available for clinical toxicologic procedures. The course will be conducted with two 1-hour lectures per week and one hour-long large-group discussion per week. The class will meet two days per week, the first day for one hour and the second day for two hours. Grading will be based on weekly quizzes, a final exam, a short paper, and/or oral presentation.

**VETMED 733 Selected Infectious Diseases of Swine**


This course will provide veterinary students with a solid introduction to concepts and principles of swine infectious diseases and how they are treated in the clinical setting. Students will learn about specific infectious diseases, clinical signs in affected animals, and treatment protocols for the diseases in question. Students will also gain an understanding of the clinical approach to suspected or unknown infectious agents, sample collection and handling, and resources available for infectious disease diagnosis. The course will be conducted with two 1-hour lectures per week and one hour-long large-group discussion per week. The class will meet three days per week for one hour each. Grades will be based on weekly quizzes, a final exam, a short paper, and/or oral presentation.

**VETMED 735 Special Topics in Ambulatory and Production Animal Medicine**

Fall, winter, spring, and summer. Variable 2 credits. Prerequisite: VETMED 560. Enrollment is by lottery. Second-, third-, and fourth-year veterinary students. Letter grades only. M. R. White and staff.

This course provides specialized experiences in the Ambulatory and Production Medicine Service. The course will consist of participation in scheduled and emergency farm calls and completion of projects designed to provide experience in herd problem solving, records analysis and implementing herd-health programs. Clinical service assignments will be planned to meet individual student goals.

Examples of focuses areas available include livestock production medicine, dairy reproductive examinations, small-ruminant medicine, and equine ambulatory practice.

**VETMED 736 Veterinary Diagnostic Imaging: Anatomy and Interpretation**

Spring. 1.5 credits. Minimum enrollment 20; maximum enrollment 50. First- and second-year veterinary students by permission of instructor. Third- and fourth-year veterinary students. Letter grades only. P. Scrivani.

The course is designed to emphasize the relevance of a solid foundation in veterinary anatomy as it relates to diagnostic imaging. Additionally, the course is designed to provide students with an understanding of the strengths and limitations of diagnostic imaging by discussing interpretation principles, pitfalls, and measurements obtained through lectures, laboratory exercises, weekly quizzes, and reading assignments. Integration of these objectives will culminate in weekly laboratory exercises where students will make or evaluate decisions regarding patient management based on evaluation of clinical signs and imaging examinations. The "Roentgen-Sign" approach to diagnostic imaging interpretation will be used as a model.

**VETMED 737 Principles of Pathology**


Principles of Pathology is intended for students who wish to strengthen and broaden their knowledge of the pathologic basis of disease. Fundamental biologic processes as revealed by gross and microscopic pathologic changes will be emphasized. Molecular mechanisms will be emphasized in the discussion where appropriate. General pathologic processes will be organized into a logical and uniform system in order to facilitate comprehension and learning with particular emphasis on terminology and proper usage of terminology. The course will include two lectures per week and a one-hour large-group discussion. The large-group discussion will allow students to apply general knowledge gained in lecture to a specific problem. Approximately half of the large-group discussions will be held in the Necropsy Teaching Laboratory using actual diseased organs for illustration of general pathologic principles.

**VETMED 738 Veterinary Parasitology**

Spring. 2.5 credits. First-, second-, third-, and fourth-year veterinary students. Letter grades only. D. Bowman.

This course provides a basic introduction to small-animal parasites of veterinary importance, concentrating mainly on the biology, control, and epidemiology of parasites and metazoa parasites. Emphasis will be given to parasites representative of significant disease processes or of significant clinical importance to veterinarians and pet owners. The course will elaborate on the biology and pathogenesis of these major pathogens with the ultimate goal being to maximize the recognition of the major disease manifestations induced through examples of each of the different groups of organisms.

**VETMED 739 Viruses in Veterinary Medicine**


This course is designed to supplement the information provided in the Foundation Courses, particularly courses IV and V. The objective would be to provide, in a survey form, an overview of the major groups of viruses, which infect animals, and to give a summary of the diseases that they cause. The diseases, which are most commonly encountered in veterinary practice, would be given the greatest amount of the available time, and diseases which are less frequently seen would be given less detailed coverage. It is not a major objective of the course to teach students differential diagnosis or treatment of disease, as that information is more appropriately covered in Foundation Courses V and VI. However, knowledge of the agents and diseases that are described in this course will be useful background for the other courses.

**VETMED 745 Dynamics of Dairy Herd Health and Management**

Spring. 1.5 credits. First-, second-, third-, and fourth-year veterinary students. Letter grades only. Y. T. Grohn and D. Warnick.

Competitive pressure, increasing input costs, and comparatively stagnant milk and salvage values require dairy producers to become more efficient. The current trend of increasing herd size drives changes in management. Dairy cattle are handled in groups, although individual cow health and productivity fundamentally underpin the financial success of the dairy enterprise. Veterinarians are called upon to advise dairy producers not only in matters of herd health but increasingly in matters of productivity and management decision making. Identifying opportunity areas to improve productivity and ultimately profitability requires modern veterinarians to recognize and solve complex problems that are interdependent and require holistic thinking. The course is designed to introduce students to the dynamic relationships of herd health and management. This will be done through a combination of lectures and exercises using two computer simulation models. The following topics will be addressed: (1) how milk production, reproduction, and health issues. Until the advent of the new veterinary curriculum, biological systems were often taught in isolation. Yet there are research models that integrate the dynamic nature of dairy production, health, management, and economics through epidemiological and economic modeling. Despite the existence of such advanced research models, they have not been integrated fully into the curriculum. The goal of this course is to teach students the dynamic relationships of herd performance parameters with dairy herd health and management. This will be done with a combination of lectures and exercises using two computer simulation models. The following topics will be addressed: (1) how often production diseases occur and when, (2) how they are interrelated, (3) the impact of diseases on milk production, reproductive performance, and risk of culling, and (4) how to use this information in production medicine.

The format of this eight-week course (two days per week) is a lecture one day and hands-on work with computer simulation models on the other day.
Biomedical Sciences

VETBMS 346 Introductory Animal Physiology (enroll in VETPH 346) (also BIOAP 311) (Undergraduate)
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: BIOG 105, BIOG 106, or BIOG 101, BIOG 102, BIOG 103, BIOG 104, BIOG 107, BIOG 108; CHEM 207, CHEM 208; or CHEM 206, or CHEM 215, CHEM 216; MATH 106, MATH 111 or MATH 191 or AP credit for any of the above; or one year of college-level biology, chemistry, and mathematics. S-U grades optional.

VETBMS 628 Graduate Research in Animal Physiology (Graduate) (enroll in VETPH 628) (also BIO S 719)
Fall. 2 credits. Prerequisites by written permission of department chairperson and faculty mentor who will supervise the work and assign the grade. S-U grades optional.

VETBMS 639 Autotutorial in Laboratory Animal Medicine and Science (enroll in VETPA 639)
Spring. 1-3 credits. Letter grades only. F. W. Quimby.

VETBMS 700 Predictions of Form or Phology (enroll in VETA 700)
Spring. 1 credit. By permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. J. W. Hermanson.

VETBMS 713 Cell Cycle and Growth Regulation (enroll in VETPA 713)
Spring. 1 credit. S-U grades only. A. Yen. Current topics in the control of mammalian cell division will be discussed, including growth factors and oncogenes.

VETBMS 720 Special Problems in Physiology (Graduate) (enroll in VETPH 720)
Fall, spring. 1-3 credits. By permission of instructor. Laboratory work, conferences, collateral readings, and reports. Adapted to the needs of students. S-U grades optional.

VETBMS 788 Seminar in Surgical Pathology
Fall, spring. 1 credit. Intended for residents; third- and fourth-year veterinary students may attend. Letter grades only.

VETBMS 796 Medical Primatology (enroll in VETPA 796)
Fall. 1 credit. For residents and graduate students by permission of instructor. Offered even-numbered years. F. W. Quimby.

VETBMS 811 Advanced Physiology Methods I (enroll in VETPH 811) (also BIO S 811) (Graduate)
Fall. 2 credits. Enrollment limited. Prerequisite: graduate student status or permission of course coordinator. S-U grades only. Lab TBA. J. Ray.

VETBMS 812 Advanced Physiology Methods II (enroll in VETPH 812) (also BIO S 812) (Graduate)
Spring. 2 credits. Enrollment limited. Prerequisite: graduate student status or permission of course coordinator. S-U grades only. Lab TBA. J. Ray.

Clinical Sciences

VETCS 700 Pathophysiology of Gastrointestinal Surgery
Fall. 1.5 credits. S-U grades only. Offered every third year. Next offered fall 2001.
N. G. Duchamele.
Normal anatomy and physiology of the gastrointestinal system in carnivores, herbivores and ruminants will be presented initially. This will be followed by in-depth discussion of the pathophysiological mechanisms and sequelae of gastrointestinal obstructions including reflux in partition injury, peritonitis, adhesions and small bowel syndrome. The emphasis of this course is development of advanced understanding of surgically relevant gastrointestinal problems that lead to appropriate decision making.

VETCS 701 Pathophysiology of Orthopedic Surgery (Graduate)
Spring. 1.5 credits. Prerequisites include DVM, MD, or equivalents or approval of instructor. S-U grades only. Offered every third year. Next offered spring 2002.
E. J. Trotter.

VETCS 702 Pathophysiology of Cardiopulmonary Surgery (Graduate)
Fall. 1.5 credits. Prerequisites: DVM degree or equivalent. S-U grades only. Offered every third year. Next offered fall 2002.
P. P. Hackett, S. L. Fabini, N. G. Duchamele, H. J. Harvey.
Using lectures and group discussions, the objective of this course is to explain the pathophysiology of various cardiovascular diseases (cardiac arrest, cardiac arrhythmia, ischemia under anesthesia) and airway disease (thoracic and upper airway disease). As a basis for these abnormalities, cardiopulmonary hemodynamics and biomechanical aspects of ventilation will be emphasized. The emphasis will be placed on understanding these mechanisms and outlining the surgeon’s response to them.

VETCS 703 Surgical Principles and Surgery of the Integumentary System (Graduate)
Spring. 1.5 credits. For graduate DVMs (or equivalent) in residency or graduate training programs. S-U grades only. Offered every third year. Next offered spring 2003.
This course is designed for surgery residents and graduate students. It is largely discussed format and examines surgical principles and surgery of the integumentary system.

VETCS 704 Pathophysiology of Urogenital Surgery (Graduate)
Fall. For graduate DVMs or equivalent in residency or graduate training programs. 1.5 credits. S-U grades only. Offered every third year. Next offered fall 2001. S. Pabini.
This course is designed to review and discuss urogenital surgical procedures in animals and the rational basis for them. Pathophysiology will be stressed. Some classes will consist of reprints with discussion.

VETCS 705 Animal Pain and Its Control
This course is open to third- and fourth-year veterinary medical students, interns, residents, graduate students, and postdoctoral associates.
who are interested in the fundamental and applied concepts of pain in animals. The course will emphasize both the physiologic and pathophysiologic mechanisms involved in pain perception by animals, their responses (physiologic and behavioral) to pain, and the pharmacologic mechanisms underlying analgesic therapy. The subject material will be presented through lectures, group discussions, and group evaluation of analgesic protocols.

VETCS 706 Pathophysiology of Neurosurgery (Graduate)  
Spring. 1.5 credits. Prerequisite: VETMED 568 Veterinary Anesthesiology or permission of instructor. Third- and fourth-year veterinary students, graduate students, interns, and residents. S-U grades only. Offered every third year. This course provides specialized training in neurosurgical techniques and application and discusses pathophysiologic implications of neurosurgical and neurologic diseases.

VETCS 710 Advanced Veterinary Anesthesiology I  
Fall, winter, 1 credit. Prerequisite: VETMED 568 Veterinary Anesthesiology or permission of instructor. Third- and fourth-year veterinary students, graduate students, interns, and residents. S-U grades only. P. F. Moon and staff.

The content of this course is designed for preparation for the American College of Veterinary Anesthesiology examinations. However, the course is also suitable for interns and for residency training in other areas such as surgery and internal medicine. Speakers will be from both inside and outside the college. Topics will cover the basic sciences as they apply to anesthesiology such as physics and engineering, applied pharmacology, physiology, and pathology. Clinically oriented lectures will also be given concerning specific anesthetic techniques and species-specific differences in response to anesthetic drugs.

VETCS 711 Advanced Veterinary Anesthesiology II  
Fall, winter, spring. 1 credit. Prerequisite: VETMED 568, Veterinary Anesthesiology or permission of instructor. Third- and fourth-year veterinary students, graduate students, interns, and residents. S-U grades only. P. F. Moon and staff.

The content of the course is designed for preparation for the American College of Veterinary Anesthesiology examinations. However, the course is also suitable for interns and for residency training in other areas such as surgery and internal medicine. Speakers will be from both inside and outside the college. Topics will cover the basic sciences as they apply to anesthesiology such as physics and engineering, applied pharmacology, physiology, and pathology. Clinically oriented lectures will also be given concerning specific anesthetic techniques and species-specific differences in response to anesthetic drugs.

Microbiology and Immunology

VETMI 315 Basic Immunology (Undergraduate) (also Biological Sciences 305)  
Fall. 3 credits. Strongly recommended: basic courses in microbiology, genetics, and biochemistry. S-U grades optional. J. A. Marsh.

This course is a survey of immunology, with emphasis on the cellular and molecular bases of the immune response. More information is available at the biog305 courseinfo web site.

VETMI 320 Principles of Toxicology (Undergraduate) (also Biological Sciences 320 and Toxicology 320)  
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: one year each of introductory biology and chemistry, with lab; one semester of organic chemistry, lecture or waiver by instructor. S-U grades optional. T.R. 1:25–2:40. S. Penningsho, R. Dietert, and S. Bloom. This course is an introduction to the interdisciplinary science of toxicology, drawing on material from biology, chemistry, pharmacology, ecology, earth science, risk analysis, and policy studies. Basic principles of toxicological science are presented and illustrated by case examples, such as pesticide toxicity to wildlife reproduction and human health risk assessment at a Superfund hazardous chemical waste site. Chemical risk management is described as a sociopolitical process involving the integration of scientific, economic, and cultural factors.

Independent student projects include a toxic chemical profile and a team analysis of a hypothetical scenario. "Periodic talks by toxicology faculty acquaint students with basic research in this interdisciplinary branch of biological science. This is an introductory-level course in toxicology. Format: lecture supplemented by case examples. One field trip to a hazardous chemical waste site. Appropriate for nonmajors seeking basic literacy in environmental and human toxicology. "Gateway course" for students interested in 400- and 600-level toxicology courses.

VETMI 404 Pathogenic Bacteriology and Mycology (BION 404)  
Spring. 2 or 3 credits (3 credits with lecture and seminar). Prerequisites: BIOMI 290 and 291. Seminar is required of graduate students and open to undergraduates with permission of instructor. Maximum enrollment 15 students. Letter grades only. Offered odd-numbered years. Microbiology faculty.

This course is in medical microbiology, presenting the major groups of bacterial and mycotic pathogens important to human and veterinary medicine. The course emphasizes infection and disease pathogenesis. Topics include disease causality, interactions of host, pathogen, and environment, including immunity to bacteria and fungi, and principles of antimicrobial therapy and drug resistance. A companion seminar addresses the current and classic literature related to microbial pathophysiology on the cellular and molecular levels.

VETMI 408 Viruses and Diseases I (also Biological Sciences 408)  
Spring. 2 credits. Intended primarily for graduate and undergraduate microbiology majors. Prerequisites: Microbiology 290 and 291 (College of Agriculture and Life Sciences). Recommended: VETMI 315, Genetics 281. Letter grades only. Offered even-numbered years. J. W. Casey. The course will cover basic concepts in virology with emphasis primarily on DNA virus-host interactions, as well as regulation, and mechanisms of pathogenicity. Selected viral infections that result in immune dysfunction and neoplasia will be highlighted in the context of approaches to prevent or reduce the severity of diseases.

VETMI 409 Viruses and Disease II (also BIOMI 409)  
Fall. 2 credits. Prerequisites: BIOMI 290 and 291 or permission of instructor. Recommended: BIOMI 408, BIOMI 330–332, BIOMI 432. Offered even-numbered years. This course will be complementary to BIOMI 408, Viruses and Disease I, and will emphasize RNA viruses. The course will be complete in its own right. As such, completion of BIOMI 408 is not a requirement. The course will cover the structure and classification of viruses, entry, genome replication, and virus assembly. Particular emphasis will be placed on virus-host cell interactions. Vaccinations, chemotherapy and evolution of viruses will also be discussed.

VETMI 420 Environment and Inflammation  

The course will cover environmental factors (chemicals, bacterial, and selected infectious agents) that represent important risk factors in host inflammatory reactions. Emphasis will be placed on environmental contaminants, dietary factors, and pharmacological agents that influence the potential for problematic inflammatory reactions in animals and humans. Additionally, the basic mechanisms of inflammation will be covered in the context of specific case studies. Chemicals and societally pervasive health challenges such as allergic diseases and cancer will be introduced. In addition, health issues such as multiple chemical sensitivity (MCS), chronic fatigue syndrome (CFS), sick building syndrome (SBS), and Persian Gulf War illnesses will be discussed.

VETMI 431 Medical Parasitology (Undergraduate)  
Fall. 2 credits. Prerequisites: zoology or biology, any of the following courses: BIOES 261, 263, 264, 267, 274, 275, 278; BIOMI 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 170, 202, 207, BIOMI 192, 290, 298 or equivalent course. Letter grades only. D. D. Bowman.

This course is a systematic study of arthropod, protozoan, and helminth parasites of public health importance, with emphasis on epidemiologic, clinical, and zoonotic aspects of these parasites.

VETMI 605 Special Projects in Microbiology (Undergraduate)  
Fall, spring. 1–3 credits. By permission of instructor. Prerequisite: a good background in microbiology or immunology. Preferably, students should have background in pathogenic microbiology and immunology. S-U grades only. Microbiology staff. The course normally provides an opportunity for the student to work in a research laboratory or carry out a special project under supervision.

VETMI 700 The Biology of Animal Viruses (Graduate and Upper-level Undergraduate)  
Fall. 2 credits. Letter grades only. Offered odd-numbered years. C. R. Parrish and staff.

This course will examine the current topic of studies of animal viruses, including some comparisons with plant viruses where similar mechanisms apply. Selected topics will be examined in depth, including the structures of viruses and their components, viral necle.
VETERINARY MEDICINE - 2000-2001

VETMI 708 Selected Topics in Animal Virology
Spring, odd-numbered years. 2 credits. Letter grades only. Microbiology faculty.
Principles of animal virus biology with focus on mechanisms in viral pathogenesis.

VETMI 710 Microbiology Seminar (Graduate)
Fall, spring. 1 credit. Required of all graduate students in the Department of Microbiology and Immunology. S-U grades only. G. Whittaker.

VETMI 719 Immunology of Infectious Diseases and Tumors (also Biological Sciences 706) (Graduate)
Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisite: VETMI 315 Basic Immunology or permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. Offered odd-numbered years. E. Y. Denkers and staff.
Coverage at an advanced level of the immunology of diseases caused by selected bacterial, viral, protozoan, and helminthic parasites, and tumor immunology.

VETMI 737 Advanced Work in Animal Parasitology (Graduate)
Fall, spring. 1-3 credits. For advanced undergraduate, graduate, and veterinary students. Letter grades only. D. D. Bowman and other faculty.
This course is intended for advanced undergraduate, graduate, and veterinary students with interests in parasitology research.

VETMI 770 Advanced Work in Avian Diseases (Graduate)
Fall, spring. 1-3 credits. By arrangement with instructor. Letter grades only. Microbiology faculty.

VETMI 772 Advanced Work in Aquatic Animal Diseases (Graduate)
Fall, spring. 1-3 credits. By arrangement with instructor. S-U grades only. P. R. Bowser.

VETMI 783 Seminars in Parasitology (Graduate)
Fall, spring. 1 credit. Open to veterinary students or graduate students; others by permission of instructor. S-U grades only. D. D. Bowman.
This is a seminar series designed to acquaint students with interests in parasitology, and tumor immunology.

Molecular Medicine

VETMM 470 Biophysical Methods (also A&EP 470) (enroll in VETPR 470)
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Letter grades only. R. A. Linsdau.
This course is an overview of the diversity of modern biophysical experimental techniques used in the study of biological systems at the cellular and molecular level found in articles published in the Biophysical journal. Topics covered include methods that examine both structure and function of biological systems: light microscopy, fluorescence microscopy, Fourier optics and image processing, confocal and multiphoton microscopy, phase contrast, electron microscopy, X-ray diffraction and protein structure determination, multidimensional NMR, spectroscopy, chromatography, calcium measurements, resonance energy transfer, membrane biophysics, electrophysiology, ion channels, action potentials, ligand-gated channels, fluctuation analysis, patch-clamp, molecular biology of ion channels, rapid kinetics, caged compounds, transmembrane release, capacitance measurements, amperometry, optical traps, and molecular force measurements. The course format includes assigned literature reviews by the students on specific topics and individual students’ presentation of these topics. The course is intended for students of the engineering, physics, chemistry, and biological disciplines who seek an introduction to modern biophysical experimental methods. Due to the interdisciplinary nature of the course, students will have diverse backgrounds. A basic knowledge of and interest in physics and mathematics is expected but strong attempts are made to give an intuitive understanding of these topics.

VETMM 672 Protein Kinetics (enroll in VETPR 672) (also CHEM 672)
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: CHEM 288 or 390, BIOM 331, or permission of instructor. Letter grades only. B. A. Baird.
This course focuses on protein interactions with ligands and consequent changes in structure and activity. Topics include protein structure and dynamics, thermodynamics, and kinetics of ligand binding: steady state and transient enzyme kinetics; enzyme catalysis and regulation; and role of cell membrane receptors in regulating cellular activities.
This is a survey course in vertebrate central nervous system physiology and pharmacology, and it focuses on mechanisms of neurotransmitter function. This course covers a variety of topics related to the research interests of the faculty.

**VETMM 711 The Role of Calcium in Systemic-Secretion Coupling (enroll in VETPR 711)**
- C. M. S. Fewtrell.

**VETMM 713 Mechanisms of Growth-Factor Action (enroll in VETPR 713)**
- R. A. Cerione.

**VETMM 714 Central Nervous System Neurotransmitters (enroll in VETPR 714)**
- L. M. Nowak.

**VETMM 718 Structure-Function of the Nicotinic Acetylcholine Receptor (enroll in VETPR 718)**
- R. E. Oswald.

**VETMM 720 Modulation of Nicotinic Acetylcholine Receptor Function (enroll in VETPR 720)**
- G. A. Weiland.

**VETMM 724 The Control of Hormone Secretion (enroll in VETPR 724)**
- G. W. G. Sharp.

**VETMM 730 Graduate Research in Molecular Medicine (enroll in VETPR 730)**
- Fall, spring, and summer. 1–12 credits. By permission of instructor. S-U grades only. This course is offered by individual faculty members in the Department of Molecular Medicine for graduate students undertaking research toward M.S. or Ph.D. degrees.

**Directed Readings in Pharmacology**
- Fall, spring, and summer. 1–3 credits each. By arrangement with instructor. S-U grades optional. Field of pharmacology faculty. Reading and discussions. These courses are offered to small groups or to individual students.

**VETMM 742 Receptor Mechanisms (enroll in VETPR 742)**
- G. A. Weiland.

**VETMM 745 Biochemical Neuropharmacology (enroll in VETPR 745)**
- G. A. Weiland.

**VETMM 747 Amino Acid Neurotransmitters (enroll in VETPR 747)**
- L. M. Nowak.
Population Medicine and Diagnostic Sciences

VETPMD 664 Introduction to Epidemiology (Graduate) (enroll in VETCS 664)
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: VETCS 665 and Statistics and Biometry 601. S-U grades optional. H. O. Mohammed. Design and interpretation of cross-sectional case-control, and cohort studies (including controlled clinical trial) are covered. Design issues will include sample size, bias, and relative advantages and disadvantages. The course objectives are (1) to know the difference between different epidemiologic study designs and relative advantages and disadvantages of each; (2) to be able to design an appropriate epidemiologic study; (3) to be able to effectively analyze and criticize published epidemiologic studies. The course will consist of lectures on the principles of epidemiologic study design and related issues (sample size calculations, validity and precision, and identification and minimizing of bias); basic analysis of epidemiologic data; and discussion of published epidemiologic studies. These studies include observational cohort studies (prospective and retrospective), cross-sectional studies, case-control studies, and hybrid studies (ambidirectional, and other hybrid designs).

VETPMD 700 Special Projects in Diagnostic Endocrinology (enroll in VETDL 700)
Fall, spring. 1-3 credits. By permission of instructor. T. J. Reimers. An independent study course. Students have the opportunity to research a particular topic in diagnostic clinical endocrinology.

VETPMD 701 Special Projects in Infectious Diseases (enroll in VETDL 701)
Fall, spring. 1-3 credits. By permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. Diagnostic Laboratory faculty. This course provides laboratory experience with attention to specific aspects of infectious disease problems.

VETPMD 702 Special Topics in Infectious Diseases (enroll in VETDL 702)
Fall, spring. 1-3 credits. By permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. Diagnostic Laboratory faculty. The objective of this course is to offer a broad exposure to various aspects of infectious diseases.

VETPMD 703 Doctoral-Level Thesis Research (Graduate) (enroll in VETDL 703)
Fall, spring. 6-9 credits. By permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. Diagnostic Laboratory faculty. Research leading to a Ph.D. degree.

VETPMD 704 Master's - Level Thesis Research (Graduate) (enroll in VETDL 704)
Fall, spring. 1-3 credits. By permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. Diagnostic Laboratory faculty. Research leading to an M.S. degree.

VETPMD 705 Interdisciplinary Approaches to Animal Health (enroll in VETDL 705)
Spring. 3 credits. Minimum enrollment 7. U. T. Grohn.

VETPMD 707 Clinical Biostatistics (Graduate) (enroll in VETCS 707)
Spring. 2 credits. For veterinary residents or graduate students. Offered odd-numbered years. H. N. Erb, Y. T. Grohn, H. O. Mohammed, and J. M. Scarlett. This course will explain the theory behind and interpret parametric and nonparametric statistical techniques commonly employed in research/clinical medicine. Students will analyze small data sets using a commercial statistical software package.

VETPMD 708 Epidemiology Seminar Series (Graduate) (enroll in VETCS 708)
Fall, spring. 1 credit. By permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. Advanced theoretical and analytical epidemiologic concepts and techniques will be discussed.

VETPMD 766 Advanced Methods in Epidemiology (Graduate) (enroll in VETDL 766)
Fall, spring, summer. Credit and hours TBA. Students must be registered in masters or Ph.D. program in epidemiology and obtain permission of the graduate faculty member concerned. S-U grades only. Epidemiology faculty. This course enables students outside the section of Epidemiology to receive graduate research credits for projects with epidemiologic components.

VETPMD 799 Independent Studies in Epidemiology (enroll in VETCS 799)
Fall, spring. 1-3 credits. T. J. Reimers, Y. T. Grohn, H. O. Mohammed, and J. M. Scarlett. The purpose of this course is to investigate an epidemiologic topic with one of the instructors. It provides experience in problem definition, research design, and the analysis of epidemiologic data.

FACULTY ROSTER

Abou-Madi, Noha, D.V.M., U. of Montreal (Canada). Lecturer, Clinical Sciences.
Antczak, Douglas F., Ph.D., U. of Cambridge (England). Dorothy Havemeyer McConville Professor of Microbiology and Immunology.
Appel, Max J., Ph.D., D.V.M., Emeritus, Microbiology and Immunology.
Appleton, Judith A., Ph.D., U. of Georgia. Assoc. Prof., Microbiology and Immunology.
Appleton, Jordan L., Ph.D., U. of Georgia. Assoc. Prof., Microbiology and Immunology.
Appleton, Judith A., Ph.D., U. of Georgia. Assoc. Prof., Microbiology and Immunology.
Bell, Richard P., Ph.D., John Curtin School (Australia). Prof., Microbiology and Immunology.
Beylevich, Klaus, Ph.D., Washington State U. Prof., Biomedical Sciences.
Bliss, Stuart, D.V.M., Cornell U. Instructor, Clinical Sciences.
Bloom, Stephen E., Ph.D., Penn State U. Prof., Microbiology and Immunology.
Bowman, Brian, D.V.M., Tulane U. Assoc. Prof., Microbiology and Immunology.
Bos, Paul R., Ph.D., U. of Louisiana. Prof., Microbiology and Immunology.
Butler, Emily C., D.V.M., Cornell U. Instructor, Clinical Sciences.
Cassaret, Alison F., Ph.D., U. of Rochester. Prof., Emeritus, Biomedical Sciences.
Casey, James W., Ph.D., U. of Chicago. Assoc. Prof., Microbiology and Immunology.
Chow, Richard A., Ph.D., Rutgers U. Prof., Molecular Medicine.
Chang, Yung Fu, Ph.D., Texas A&M. Assoc. Prof., Population Medicine and Diagnostic Services.
Clark, Theodore G., Ph.D., SUNY-Stony Brook. Asst. Prof., Microbiology and Immunology.
Collins, Ruth N., Ph.D., Imperial Cancer Research Center. Asst. Prof., Molecular Medicine.
Cooper, Barry J., Ph.D., U. of Sydney (Australia). Prof., Microbiology and Immunology.
Cooper, Gordon D., Ph.D., U. of Minnesota. Prof., Microbiology and Immunology.
Davies, Christopher, Ph.D., D.V.M., Cornell U. Asst. Prof., Microbiology and Immunology.
DeLahunta, Alexander, Ph.D., Cornell U. James Law Professor of Veterinary Anatomy, Biomedical Sciences.
Dietert, Rodney R., Ph.D., U. of Texas-Austin. Prof., Microbiology and Immunology.
COLLEGE OF ARTS AND SCIENCES

PROGRAM OF STUDY

Introduction

The College of Arts and Sciences—composed of departments in the humanities and the arts, the basic sciences, mathematics and computer science, and the social sciences and history—is a community of about 4,000 undergraduates and 600 faculty members. The college values intellectual breadth and rigor, individual choice and responsibility, imaginative courses of study, and development of critical thinking and writing. The college is also a graduate school and research center attracting faculty whose research and scholarly and creative work require first-rate academic facilities and who bring to all their students the profound questioning and the current ideas of contemporary scholarship. Finally, the college exists within a university of about 19,000 students and 1,500 faculty members. This wider community provides depth and diversity of applied and professional studies beyond what one undergraduate college alone can offer. Students may draw upon the knowledge and facilities of the other undergraduate colleges at Cornell to supplement their studies. Abundant variety and outstanding quality in many fields, including interdisciplinary fields, give the college and the university its distinctive character.

The richness of the college’s curriculum is extraordinary; there is no course that all students must take, and there are nearly 2,000 from which they may choose. By choosing courses each semester, students design their own education. They strike a balance between developing known interests and exploring new subjects. They sharpen their verbal and quantitative skills. They also come to understand more thoroughly the Western tradition and learn something about the non-Western world and its peoples. An education in the liberal arts and sciences means honing one’s critical capacities, learning about oneself in nature and culture, and gaining real experience with views of the world radically unlike one’s own. All this is highly individual, and the college relies on each student and faculty adviser to design a sensible, challenging, and appropriate course of study.

Yet the faculty believes that each student’s education should have certain common qualities. These include familiarity with several different ways of knowing that are reflected in clusters of disciplines in the natural sciences, the social sciences, and the humanities and the arts. In addition to these general areas of knowledge, students study foreign languages, acquire effective writing and quantitative skills, and concentrate on one particular field to develop the powers of imaginative and critical thinking as fully as possible. To accomplish these objectives, the college has certain requirements for graduation.

The College of Arts and Sciences awards one undergraduate degree, the Bachelor of Arts degree

Summary of Requirements

1) First-Year Writing Seminars: two courses. (See “John S. Knight Writing Program,” p. 563.)
2) Foreign language: proficiency in one language or qualification in two; zero to four courses, depending on background.
3) Distribution: nine courses, three of which are satisfied with a major in humanities or social sciences and four of which are satisfied with a major in sciences.
4) Breadth: two courses (may be among courses for distribution, major, or electives).
5) Major.
6) Electives: four or five courses (at least 15 credits) not used to fulfill other requirements and not in the major field.
7) Residence: eight full-time semesters, unless a student can successfully complete all other requirements in fewer than eight semesters and meet the additional criteria to accelerate graduation. (See “Acceleration.”)
8) 34 courses: a three- or four-credit course counts as one course. A two-credit course counts as half a course; a one-credit course does not normally count toward the requirement; a six-credit language course counts as one and one-half courses and for counting other five and six credit courses.
9) Credits: a total of 120 academic credits, of which 100 must be taken in the College of Arts and Sciences. (Note “Non-credit courses below.”)
10) Physical education: completion of the university requirement (passing a swim test and two one-credit non-academic courses). Please note that physical education credit does not count toward graduation or toward the 12-credit minimum required for graduation.
11) Application to graduate. (See below under “Graduation.”)

Explanation of Requirements

Foreign Language Requirement

The faculty considers competence in a foreign language essential for an educated person. Studying language other than one’s own helps students understand the problems of language, our fundamental intellectual tool, and more fully opens another culture for exploration. The sooner a student acquires competence, the more useful it will be. Hence, work toward the foreign language requirement should be undertaken in the first two years. Courses in foreign languages and/or literature are taught in the College of Arts and Sciences by the following departments: Africana Studies and Research Center, Asian Studies, Classics, German Studies, Linguistics, Near Eastern Studies, Romance Studies, and Russian Literature.

The language requirement may be satisfied in one of two ways:

1) by attaining proficiency (competence at the intermediate level) in one language or
2) by attaining qualification (mastery of an introductory sequence) in two languages.

Proficiency

Proficiency may be attained in languages by passing an intermediate (usually 200-level) Cornell course (or Chinese or Japanese 161). Some introductory language courses are taught at the 300- or 400-level (for example, Near Eastern Studies 333, 334); these do not confer proficiency. Proficiency can also be earned by examination. A score of 4 or 5 on an AP language exam earns three credits but does not carry with it proficiency. However, a student who received a score of 4 or 5 on an AP language exam can earn proficiency and an additional three credits by scoring high enough on the CASE (Cornell Advanced Standing Examination), which is given during orientation week. On the other hand, a score of 4 or 5 on an AP literature exam in French or Spanish earns proficiency, as well as three credits.

Qualification

Qualification may be attained in any of the following ways:

1) Three years of high school study in any one language gives qualification in that language. No demonstration of competence is necessary. Note, however, that this route to qualification does not guarantee entrance into an intermediate level course. Students who want to continue studying the language must be placed in the appropriate course through an examination. Being placed below the intermediate level does not cancel the qualification.
2) Passing the requisite Cornell course: 102, 123, or 134 in most languages; Chinese 110, 112, or 114; Japanese 120, 160; or 241; Korean 102 or 110; Near Eastern Studies 102 or Jewish Studies 106 in Hebrew, 112 in elementary Arabic; 118 in
Elementary Turkish, Classics 103 or 104 in Greek, 106 or 107 in Latin; 132 in Sanskrit (also Classics 132).

Note: Except in the case of Sanskrit, completion of language sequences 131-132 does not constitute qualification.

3) A score of 600 in French, 580 in German, and 590 in Italian or Spanish on the SAT II taken in high school or a score of 56 or higher on the appropriate Cornell LP (Language Placement) test.

Students may earn a score of 56 on the placement test at the end of a course numbered 122 (second semester of the introductory sequence) and consequently attain qualification without taking 123, the third semester of the introductory sequence.

4) By departmental or (when no placement test is available) individual examination at Cornell (if a qualified examiner is here).

Placement in Language Courses and Advanced Placement Credit
Placement into language courses and advanced placement credit are separate results of examinations.

Placement
Entering students who have had two or more years of high school study in a language, who have been awarded credit for language work at another college or university, or who are native speakers, bilingual, or have spoken the language at home, may enroll in a course in the same language only after being placed by examination. The placement exam may have been taken in high school (SAT II, taken after the last course, or AP, if the score was 4 or 5) or at Cornell (LP test). Students may, but need not, retake a language test if a year or more has passed since last taking it. Being placed into a 200-level course does not earn credit toward the degree. Credit is earned only for high school work equivalent in level to language courses numbered 200 and above at Cornell.

Placement Tests and Advanced Placement Credit
The type of test depends upon the language and the student's level of achievement:

1) Eight languages offer scheduled placement and advanced standing tests at the beginning of each semester. The schedule of Chinese, Japanese and Korean is available from the Department of Asian Studies; German from the Department of German Studies; French, Italian, and Spanish from the Department of Romance Studies; and Russian from the Department of Russian Literature. Please note that the advanced standing examination in French, German, Italian, Russian, and Spanish, is called the CASE (Cornell Advanced Standing Examination). Eligibility for the CASE may be determined from the placement tables below. In Russian only, all students seeking placement take the CASE.

Native speakers of Spanish who have completed their secondary education in a Spanish-speaking country do not take the CASE. For these students, the Spanish program offers a walk-in service, the Native Language Accreditation for Spanish, in the third week of September and the first week of February. Students...

French

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Placement Tests</th>
<th>SAT II</th>
<th>Language Courses</th>
<th>Literature Courses</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LPF</td>
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<tr>
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<td>below 410</td>
<td>121</td>
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<td>37-44</td>
<td>410-480</td>
<td>122</td>
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<td>45-55</td>
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<td>56-64</td>
<td>600-680</td>
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<tr>
<td>60 and above</td>
<td>640 and above</td>
<td>220</td>
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65 and above: CASE required for placement in language.

65 and above: 690 and above CASE required for placement in language.

AP 4 or 5 in language, 3 credits CASE required for placement in language.

AP 4 or 5 in literature, 3 credits CASE required for placement in language.

German

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Placement Tests</th>
<th>SAT II</th>
<th>Language Courses</th>
<th>Literature Courses</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>below 370</td>
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<td>37-44</td>
<td>370-450</td>
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<td>45-55</td>
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<td>56-64</td>
<td>580-670</td>
<td>200</td>
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<tr>
<td>65 and above</td>
<td>680 and above</td>
<td>CASE required for placement</td>
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AP 4 or 5 in language, 3 credits CASE required for placement in language.

AP 4 or 5 in literature, 3 credits CASE required for placement in language.

Italian

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Placement Tests</th>
<th>SAT II</th>
<th>Language Courses</th>
<th>Literature Courses</th>
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<td>37-44</td>
<td>370-450</td>
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<td>460-580</td>
<td>123</td>
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<tr>
<td>56-64</td>
<td>590-680</td>
<td>203</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65 and above</td>
<td>690 and above</td>
<td>CASE recommended for placement</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

AP 4 or 5 in language, 3 credits CASE recommended for placement in language.

AP 4 or 5 in literature, 3 credits and proficiency CASE recommended for placement in language.

Spanish

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Placement Tests</th>
<th>SAT II</th>
<th>Language Courses</th>
<th>Literature Courses</th>
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<tr>
<td>LPS</td>
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<td>65 and above</td>
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<td>CASE recommended for placement</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

AP 4 or 5 in language, 3 credits CASE recommended for placement in language.

AP 4 or 5 in literature, 3 credits and proficiency CASE recommended for placement in language.

*Students who have a score of 65 of higher on the LPI, or 690 or higher on the SAT II, or an AP score of 4 or 5 may enroll in Italian 201 or 203 without taking the CASE.
1. Physical and Biological Sciences

In fulfilling the science distribution requirement, students must take at least one course from the primary list of courses and may select additional courses from the supplementary list.

**Primary list:**
- Astronomy: all courses except 233 and 234
- Chemistry: all courses
- Earth and Atmospheric Sciences: all courses
- Physics: all courses
- Biological Sciences: all courses except 152, 200 (unless permission of the associate director of biology is obtained), 208, 209, or 367. The following courses are especially suitable for the distribution requirement because they have no prerequisites: BIOG 101-104, 105-106, 107-108, 109-110, 154, 170, 202, 207; BIOGD 184, BIOMI 192; BIOAP 212, BIOL 240, 241; BIOS 264, 275. Note that introductory biology can count for distribution only when completed as a two-semester sequence: 109-110, 105-106; or 101 and 103 plus 102 and 104, or 107-108, or a combination of the first term of one sequence and the second term of another.

**Supplementary list:**
- Animal Science: 100, 150, 212
- Anthropology: 101, 208, 275, 371, 390, 474, 490
- Applied and Engineering Physics: 110
- Biology and Society: 301
- Entomology: 212
- Food: 200
- Materials Science and Engineering: 277
- Natural Resources: 201, 210, 301
- Nutritional Science: 115
- Plant Breeding: 225
- Psychology: 223

2. Quantitative and formal reasoning

City and Regional Planning: 320
Computer Science: 100, 211, 312
Economics: 319, 320, 321
Industrial & Labor Relations: 210, 211
Linguistics: 216
Mathematics: all courses except 101 and 109
Operations Research & Industrial Engineering: 115
Philosophy: 231, 331, 431, 432, 434, 436
Philosophy: 231, 331
Psychology: 231, 331, 431, 432, 434, 436
Psychology: 205, 209, 210
Psychology: 350
Sociology: 301

If students choose two courses from the list to satisfy part of the distribution requirement, those two courses may not have significant overlap. For example, students may not choose two beginning courses in statistics.

Under exceptional circumstances and upon petition, certain Cornell courses not listed above under Group 2 (courses such as those appearing on the following auxiliary list) may be used to satisfy the requirement in quantitative and formal reasoning. The petition should provide a persuasive rationale both in terms of the student's course of study and in terms of meeting the goals of the requirement.

**Auxiliary list:**
- Agricultural Economics: 310, Agricultural Engineering 151, City and Regional Planning 231, Industrial and Labor Relations 312; Linguistics 421, 450; Psychology 472-473 (a sequence of two two-credit courses which may count only in its entirety as one course)

3. Social sciences and history

American Studies: 101, 102, 109, 110, 201, 202, 320
Anthropology: all courses except 101, 208, 275, 571, 590, 451, 452, 453, 474, 490
Archaeology: 100, 201, 202, 203, 204, 255, 256, 263, 275, 317, 355, 356, 362, 370, 405, 409, 458, 459, 466, 467, 469, 493, 494
Asian Studies: courses in Asian anthropology, economics, government, history, linguistics, or sociology
Asian American Studies: 110
Biology and Society: 301, 342, 407, 427
City and Regional Planning: 100, 101
Cognitive Studies: 101, 201
Economics: all courses except 317, 318, 319, 320, 321
Engineering: 250, 292
Geological: all courses
History: all courses
Linguistics: all courses except 131, 132, 236, 238, 251, 252, 315, 316
Near Eastern Studies: 244 and all other courses in Near Eastern archaeology and history
Philosophy: 191
Religious Studies: 150, 203, 239, 244, 248, 251, 257, 258, 263, 264, 265, 320, 322, 335, 345, 350, 365, 368, 393, 442, 443, 451, 459
Sociology: all courses except 301
Women's Studies: 206, 211, 212, 234, 244, 277, 281, 307, 321, 362, 438, 459, 467, 478, 479, 480, 487, 488, 631, 688

4. Humanities and the arts

African Studies: 202, 210, 211, 265, 285, 303, 304, 310, 422, 425, 431, 452, 455, 455
American Studies: 101, 102, 109, 110, 201, 202, 324
Anthropology: 100, 290, 451, 452, 453, 455
Restrictions on Applying Cornell Courses to the Distribution Requirement

1) Freshman writing seminars may not count towards any distribution requirement.

2) No single course may satisfy more than one distribution requirement. However, students may count courses in their major towards distribution. Courses offered or cross-listed by their major department may not be counted towards any distribution category beyond the usual category of the major department itself. For example, a history major may not count a course cross-listed between history and a literature department towards distribution in the humanities.

Breadth Requirements

Students must include in their undergraduate curricula at least one Arts and Sciences course that focuses on an area or a people other than those of the United States, Canada, or Europe and one course that focuses on an historical period before the twentieth century. Courses that satisfy the geographic breadth requirement are marked with an @ when described in this catalog. Courses that satisfy the historical breadth requirement are marked with a *. Many courses satisfy both requirements, and students may in fact use the same course to satisfy both. Students may use courses satisfying distribution, major, or elective but not writing requirements in satisfaction of either of the breadth requirements. They may also apply Cornell courses conferring proficiency in a non-Western language toward the geographical breadth requirement. They may not apply (a) to either of the breadth requirements, (b) credit awarded by examination, or (c) if matriculating as freshmen (unless through the Mid-Year Freshman Program), transfer credit.

The Major

In their last two years, students devote roughly one-half their time to acquiring depth and competence in a major subject. The choice of major does not define a student's intellect or character or lead directly to a lifetime's occupation, although it sometimes does some of each. By majoring, students focus and develop their imaginative and intellectual capacities through a subject they find especially interesting.

Most departments and programs specify certain prerequisites for admission to the major; they are found on the following pages in the descriptions of the department and program.

Available Majors

Majors are offered by each of the departments. There are also majors in American studies, archaeology, biology and society, religious studies, science of earth systems, and women's studies.

Double Majors

Only one major is required for graduation. Some students choose to complete two majors. No special permission or procedure is required; students simply become accepted into both majors and find an adviser in each department. Both majors will be posted on the official transcript.

Electives

Of the 34 courses and 120 credits required for graduation, almost one-third are free electives. How students use these electives frequently makes the difference between an ordinary and a truly interesting course of study. Students must complete at least four courses and at least 15 credits offered outside the major field and not used to fill another requirement except breadth. AP credits not otherwise used may be used to fulfill elective requirements. Students may group electives to complete one of the established interdisciplinary concentrations described in the pages following descriptions of departments and majors from their own unofficial concentration or "minor" separate from their major. Students may also group electives into a second major. Since only one major is required, students may count courses in a second major as electives.

Residence

The College of Arts and Sciences is a residential college for students who devote their energy and spirit to full-time study. The
Transfer students from other institutions must spend a minimum of four semesters on the Cornell campus in Ithaca enrolled in the College of Arts and Sciences. Transfers from other colleges at Cornell must spend four semesters on campus in Ithaca as students in the Internal Transfer Division or in the college.

Approved study abroad, SEA Semester, Urban Semester, and Cornell-in-Washington are considered semesters of residence, but not as semesters on the Cornell campus. Nonetheless, students may spend no more than two semesters on such programs and must be on campus during their last semester.

Semesters of extramural study in the Division of Continuing Education and summer sessions do not count as semesters of residence.

Students occasionally enter with credit from other institutions, take leaves and complete courses at other institutions, or take summer courses at other institutions. The college will accept credit for such courses, if they are comparable to courses offered by departments at Cornell and are approved by those departments. Approval forms are available in the Office of Undergraduate Admissions and Advising.

Students may not, however, count such credit as part of the 100 credits required in the College of Arts and Sciences or as part of the 100 credits required in the College of Arts and Sciences credit only if credit courses do not aggregate to count as one course or more.

Accelerating students from other institutions must complete the criteria for accelerated graduation, and must meet the guidelines for part-time study. They may not exit through any program other than a regular, full-time Cornell semester in Ithaca.

Students matriculating as freshmen may not compress their undergraduate education into fewer than six semesters of residence. Transfer students, both from other institutions and from other colleges at Cornell, must spend at least four semesters in the college on campus in Ithaca.

### Ninth term

Students who can graduate in eight semesters should do so. If a worthy academic plan for a full ninth or tenth semester is approved, the student enrolls in the college as a special student for the additional work. Such a status allows enrollment in a full schedule of courses for full tuition and full use of campus resources, but allows financial aid only from loans or outside agencies, not from Cornell funds. Students who need only a part-time schedule of courses in a ninth or tenth term in order to graduate should complete the outstanding courses as part-time students paying pro-rated tuition. Students may spend a ninth term with Cornell aid only with permission of the Committee on Academic Records. Such permission is normally granted only to:

1. Students who have been ill or have an exceptionally compelling academic plan.
2. Students who are advanced in their field and are remaining to complete study beyond the criteria for accelerated graduation, and need to spend an additional semester to complete a defined program of study (See Dean Turner, Office of Undergraduate Admissions and Advising, 55 Goldwin Smith Hall, about this option.)

### Part-time study in special circumstances

The college and university support students (with financial aid and services) as best they can to make full-time study possible. Occasionally, however, extraordinary but nonfinancial personal, academic, or medical circumstances make becoming a part-time student necessary and appropriate. Students in good academic standing who face extraordinary situations or who have documented disabilities may petition the Committee on Academic Records for part-time status and proration of tuition in the college.

Students requesting part-time status should discuss their situation with Dean Walbridge if their reason is a documented disability that, under the Americans with Disabilities Act, requires appropriate accommodations. Otherwise, students should meet with a dean of their class.

### Part-time study in final semester

Students may complete their degrees as part-time students at Cornell after fewer than eight semesters of full-time residence only if:

1. They have completed all requirements by the end of the seventh or sixth term, met the criteria for accelerated graduation, and are remaining to complete study beyond what is required.
2. They are writing an honors thesis in the eighth semester and can complete all degree requirements by taking two courses, one of which is the thesis itself. They must register for the thesis and at least one additional course.

In all cases, approval of an advising dean must be sought in the semester prior to the part-time semester.

### Courses and Credits

#### Counting courses and credits

Students must complete at least 34 courses to graduate—that is, an average of four courses during each of six semesters and five courses during each of two semesters. A three- or four-credit course counts as one course; a two-credit course counts as one-half course.

Single-credit courses do not count as part of the 34 except in certain cases when they form a part of a series and two in the same series can be aggregated to count as one-half course (certain offerings in the Departments of Music and of Theatre, Film and Dance). Three-credit courses do not aggregate to count as one course. A six-credit language course counts as 1 1/2 courses, while the summer Falcon Programs in Asian languages count as eight credits and 2 1/2 courses each. Archaeology and geology fieldwork for more than six credits counts as two courses each. Biology 281 counts as 1 1/2 courses. Other five- or six-credit courses count as one course. AP exam scores that result in an award of three or four credits count as one course, those in language that result in six credits count as 1 1/2 courses; those in biology that result in six credits count as two courses; those that result in an award of eight credits count as two courses each.

Students must also complete 120 credits, 100 of which must be from courses taken in the College of Arts and Sciences. Liberal arts courses approved for study abroad during a semester or academic year of full-time study (not summer study) and courses taken in...
certain off-campus Cornell residential programs may be counted toward the 100 credits required in the college and also toward the required 34 courses. Credits earned in other colleges at Cornell, or in any subject at certain off-campus Cornell residential exceptions are for courses (usually no more than three) that certain departments accept from other colleges at Cornell as fulfilling major requirements and for up to two courses that an adviser accepts as part of a completed and formally established cross-college, interdisciplinary concentration.

Using courses towards more than one requirement
A course may fulfill more than one college requirement in the following situations:

1) A course may be used to fulfill a distribution requirement and also a major requirement.
2) A one-semester course in foreign literature (not language) that is acceptable for achieving proficiency in that language may also be used as a partial fulfillment of the distribution requirement in the humanities and the arts.
3) Courses may count toward breadth requirements and toward any other requirement except Freshman Writing Seminars.
4) Courses in a second major may count as electives.

Auditing
The college encourages its students to take advantage of its rich curriculum by sitting in on courses that interest them but that they cannot commit themselves to for credit. As long as the instructor agrees, students are welcome to visit courses. Small seminars and language courses are sometimes not open to visitors. Audited courses do not appear on the student’s schedule or transcript.

Repeating courses
Students occasionally need to repeat courses. If the instructor certifies that the course content has been changed, credit will be granted a second time. If content has not changed, both grades nonetheless will appear on the transcript and be included in any average that is calculated, but credit will be counted toward the degree only once; students considering repeating a course under this circumstance should discuss the matter with their adviser and an advising dean. Students who plan to repeat a course submit a petition to the college registrar. If the original course grade was F, no petition is necessary.

Non-credit courses
The college does not grant credit toward the degree for every course offered by the university. Courses in physical education, remedial or developmental reading, high school mathematics, supplemental science and mathematics offered by the Learning Strategies Center, keyboarding, shorthand, military training, technical medical technician, and service as a teaching assistant are among those for which degree credit is not given and that do not constitute part of the 12 credits required for good academic standing.

Students enrolled in courses for undergraduate teaching assistants may petition once to have the nondegree credits count towards good academic standing. This would allow continued eligibility for graduating with distinction in all subjects, but would disqualify the student from being on the dean’s list that semester.

Examples of noncredit courses:
- Physical Education
- All courses numbered below 100 (with the exception of Computer Science 099)
- All courses in Military Science, Naval Science, and Aerospace Studies (they are cross-listed in a college department)
- ARLS 134
- Biology G 498
- Communications 498
- Education 498
- Engineering 470
- Hotel Administration 170
- Human Development and Family Studies 403
- Human Ecology 100, 101
- Human Service Studies 403, 454
- Mathematics 109
- Nutritional Science 403
- Psychology 498

Advanced placement credit
See p. 5. Advanced placement credit counts as part of the 120 credits and 34 courses required for the degree. It does not count as part of the 100 credits required in Arts and Sciences; its application to distribution requirements is restricted, as explained above under “Distribution.”

Summer session credit
A student may earn credit toward the degree by completing courses in Cornell’s summer session or by petitioning to take summer courses at other colleges. Students should consult their advisers regarding summer study plans.

Credit for summer courses not taken at Cornell must be approved by the appropriate Cornell department. Approval forms and information are available in the Office of Undergraduate Admissions and Advising. 55 Goldwin Smith Hall and from Robin Perry, 172 Goldwin Smith Hall. Credit earned in summer courses other than those at Cornell (including summer or orientation programs abroad) will not count toward the 100 credits required in the college and may be applied only to part of the Group 1 and 2 distribution requirements. Transcripts from other institutions must be sent to Robin Perry, 172 Goldwin Smith Hall.

Entering students who want to receive credit toward the degree for courses completed before matriculation in a summer session away from Cornell should obtain approval forms as soon as possible and have transcripts sent to Robin Perry, 172 Goldwin Smith Hall. Credit earned in Cornell summer sessions will be awarded automatically.

Summer session at Cornell or elsewhere does not count toward the eight-semester residence requirement.

Transferring credit earned away from Cornell while on leave of absence
Students may petition to transfer credits from other accredited institutions for work completed while on leave of absence.

Petitions are available in 55 and 172 Goldwin Smith Hall. The relevant department will decide whether the course is comparable to Cornell courses. Credit approved for transfer counts as part of the 120 required for graduation and as part of the 34 courses. It does not count toward the 100 credits required in Arts and Sciences and cannot be used toward graduation in fewer than eight semesters. Its application to distribution and breadth requirements is restricted as described above under “Distribution.”

Transferring credit (for transfer students from another institution or from another Cornell college)
Transfer students must successfully complete at least 60 credits and 16 courses at Cornell; they must be in residence in the college for four regular semesters (summer session does not count toward the residence requirement). The college evaluates credit earned either at another school or college at Cornell University or at another accredited institution of collegiate rank and determines the number of credits and courses the student may apply toward the various requirements for the Bachelor of Arts degree at Cornell. In addition, it evaluates advanced placement credit allowed by another institution, including another college at Cornell. Evaluations of transfer credits are normally provided when students are notified of their admission.

SPECIAL ACADEMIC OPTIONS

Degree Programs
The following five programs allow students to alter the regular college or major requirements or to work toward more than one degree.

Independent Major Program
The Independent Major Program allows students to design their own interdisciplinary majors and pursue a subject that cannot be found in an established major. Proposals for an independent major must be equivalent in coherence, breadth, and depth to a departmental major, well suited to the student's academic preparation, and consistent with a liberal education. Proposals must also be supported by a faculty adviser and are assessed by a board of faculty members.

Independent majors substitute for established majors, but students must still satisfy all the other requirements for the baccalaureate degree: Students should contact the director of the Independent Major Program, Office of Undergraduate Admissions and Advising, 172 Goldwin Smith Hall, for further information. Deadlines for submitting independent major program proposals are listed in the academic calendar supplement for the College of Arts and Sciences.

College Scholar Program
The College Scholar Program frees up to 40 students in each class from the usual college requirements for a degree and allows them to design their own course of study. It is meant to serve students whose interests and talents would benefit from a little more academic freedom than other students have, who demonstrate exceptional promise, and who show the maturity to plan and carry out, with the help of their adviser, a well-designed program of studies. College Scholars design idiosyncratic programs: some pursue diverse
Arts and Sciences - 2000-2001

interests; others integrate a variety of courses into a coherent subject.

College Scholars must complete 120 credits of course work (64 in college). 34 courses, and, unless they receive permission from the program to accelerate, eight full terms of undergraduate study. They must complete the physical education requirement. All College Scholars must complete a senior project. They are not required to complete or fulfill the general education requirements, although members of the College Scholar Advisory Board believe that the spirit of those requirements is a good one.

Each applicant to the College Scholar Program is asked to write an essay, which is due the last Wednesday in April of the freshman year. Mid-year freshmen apply by that date in their first spring semester in the college. Students should contact the director of the program, Office of Undergraduate Admissions and Advising, 172 Goldwin Smith Hall, for further information.

Dual-Degree Program with Other Colleges

The Dual-Degree Program enables especially ambitious undergraduate students to pursue programs of study in two colleges. Dual-degree candidates may earn both a Bachelor of Arts degree from the College of Arts and Sciences and (1) a Bachelor of Science degree from the College of Engineering or (2) a Bachelor of Fine Arts degree from the Department of Art in the College of Architecture, Art, and Planning or (3) a Bachelor of Science degree in urban and regional studies from the Department of City and Regional Planning in the College of Architecture, Art, and Planning. Students enter one of these colleges as freshmen or sophomores and begin the Dual-Degree Program with the second college in the second or, in some cases, the third year. The Dual-Degree Program ordinarily takes five years to complete, and students are eligible for the college's full financial aid. For further information contact the Office of Undergraduate Admissions and Advising, 172 Goldwin Smith Hall.

Double Registration with and Early Admission to Professional Schools

Registration in the senior year of the College of Arts and Sciences and the first year of Cornell Law School, Cornell Medical College, or the Johnson Graduate School of Management, is occasionally possible. A very few exceptionally well-prepared students who have earned 105 credits before the start of the senior year and have been accepted by one of the above-named professional schools may be permitted to register simultaneously in the college and in one or another of these professional schools during the seventh and eighth terms. They earn the A.B. degree after the first year of professional school.

Students with eight or fewer credits and two or fewer courses to complete may apply to enter the Master's of Engineering program during the (but no earlier than) the eighth semester; dual-degree students may enter this program no earlier than the ninth semester. They earn the bachelor degree(s) after one semester of graduate school.

Students interested in the joint program with the Law School or the Graduate School of Management or, in early admission to the Master's of Engineering program should apply to the relevant program. Students interested in the joint program with Cornell Medical College should contact the health careers coordinator, 205 Barnes Hall. All candidates should confirm their eligibility with the dean of seniors, Office of Undergraduate Admissions and Advising, 172 Goldwin Smith Hall.

Double-registered students must, of course, complete all requirements for the A.B. degree, including 100 credits in Arts and Sciences courses.

Teacher Education in Agriculture, Mathematics, and Science

Students at Cornell may pursue teaching credentials in agriculture, biology, chemistry, earth science, general science, mathematics, and physics. Teacher Education in Agriculture, Mathematics and Science (TEAMS) is a university program jointly conducted by the departments of education and mathematics. Although TEAMS offers options for undergraduate and graduate study, most Cornell students enroll in a five-year program, which combines an undergraduate major in mathematics or one of the sciences with a one-year Master of Arts in Teaching degree (MAT). Students from any college at Cornell are eligible to apply to the program as undergraduates, during their sophomore or junior years.

For more information, contact the TEAMS student support specialist at 255-9255 or D. Trumbull, 255-5108.

Special-Interest Options

The following options do not alter the college's requirements but enable students to pursue special interests within the usual programs.

Informal Minors

Some students organize electives within a discipline or department. Such informal minors can be developed with the help of the departmental directors of undergraduate studies. They are not noted on the transcript.

Concentrations

Established interdisciplinary concentrations, described in the pages following the descriptions of the departments and their curricula, provide structures for organizing electives. Completed concentrations are noted on the transcript.

Independent Study

Independent study affords students the opportunity to pursue special interests or research not treated in regularly scheduled courses. A faculty member, who becomes the student's instructor for the independent course, must approve the program of study and agree to provide continuing supervision of the work. Students must prepare a proposal for independent study (proposal forms are available in the Office of Undergraduate Admissions and Advising, 55 and 172 Goldwin Smith Hall). In one semester students may earn up to eight credits with one instructor or up to eight credits with more than one instructor.

Undergraduate Research Program

An excellent way to benefit from being an undergraduate at a research university, at Cornell in particular, is to become an apprentice in on-going faculty research. About 400 students participate each year in creating new knowledge and earn independent study credit for what they learn and contribute. They sharpen their critical and creative abilities and test their interest in pursuing a research career. Sometimes they publish their work.

The Undergraduate Research Program gathers information about research opportunities in most disciplines of the liberal arts and sciences, guides students in finding further opportunities—on campus and elsewhere and during the academic year and the summer—and helps students prepare for research and presenting themselves as candidates for apprenticeships. Other students locate research opportunities independently through faculty whose courses they have taken, through their major departments, or through published materials.

The Cornell Undergraduate Research Board, an undergraduate organization, conducts an annual open house to help students get started in research and an annual forum at which undergraduates present their work.

Students interested in this program should consult the Office of Undergraduate Admissions and Advising, 55 Goldwin Smith Hall.

Language Study

FALCON (Full-Year Asian Language Concentration). FALCON allows students who are interested in the Far East to study Chinese or Japanese exclusively for one year. They gain proficiency in the language and familiarity with the culture. Students who are interested in the Far East should be aware of the opportunities to pursue rapid and thorough beginning studies on campus with the objective of studying abroad later—in China or Japan. Students interested in this program should contact the Department of Asian Studies, 388 Rockefeller Hall, e-mail: falcon@comell.edu.

Language House Program

A complement to classroom cultural and linguistic instruction, the Language House Program combines residential and academic opportunities for developing and practicing conversational skills in French, German, Italian, Japanese, Mandarin Chinese, Russian, and Spanish. It helps prepare students who plan to study abroad and helps returning students share their cultural experiences while further increasing their language skills. Students interested in this program should see Academic Administrator Daniel Evett, 136 Goldwin Smith Hall.

Prelaw Study

Law schools neither require nor prefer any particular program of study, they do seek students with sound training in the liberal arts and sciences. It is important that students plan a program in which they are interested and do well. Beyond that, students are advised to take courses that will develop their powers of precise, analytical thinking and proficiency in writing and speaking.

The college offers a concentration in law and society. Students should work toward
Students in the College of Arts and Sciences who are applying to law school may consult a career adviser in the Office of Undergraduate Admissions and Advising, 55 Goldwin Smith Hall.

Premedical Study
The breadth and depth afforded by a liberal arts education are invaluable for people who plan medical careers, whether they intend to practice medicine or conduct research. Such training has a profound effect on the doctor's usefulness to patients, and it affords the flexibility of mind that is needed for major research undertakings. Medical and dental schools do not prescribe or even prefer a particular major; they do, however, require particular undergraduate courses, and most students are well advised to begin chemistry in their freshman year. Students who are interested in medical careers are urged to visit the Health Careers Office, 203 Barnes Hall.

The adviser for students in the College of Arts and Sciences who are planning careers in medicine is Dean Turner, Office of Undergraduate Admissions and Advising, 55 Goldwin Smith Hall.

Off-Campus Programs
Many students find it important to their majors or to their overall academic programs to study off campus or abroad for one or two semesters. When it makes academic sense, the college encourages its students to pursue such studies and grants credit toward the degree for work satisfactorily completed.

Study Abroad
Each year about 200 undergraduates in Arts and Sciences include semester- or year-long study abroad as part of their formal undergraduate education. Ideally, study abroad builds on a broad liberal arts background in the early semesters: area studies, language training, and preparation in the proposed field of study are all essential.

Many students go abroad to pursue work in their majors. Focused academic work in an appropriate institution abroad can prepare students for advanced study or honors work in the final semesters back in Ithaca.

The college insures wherever possible on study at foreign institutions alongside their degree candidates rather than study in self-contained programs that offer courses specially designed for foreigners. The primary goals of this educational immersion are to learn firsthand the modes of inquiry, methods of analysis, and educational values of higher education offered to students of another country and to involve students in social relationships with peers who may hold a new and unexpected range of social attitudes.

The college advocates study abroad that enables students to become competent enough in another language to experience daily life, develop social relationships, and accomplish formal course work in that language. Students who intend to study abroad in a country where the host language is not English must demonstrate a serious commitment to learning the language through course work before studying abroad; proficiency in the language is generally the prerequisite. At least one area studies course or one course in the history, culture, economics, politics, or social relations of the country of destination must be part of every student's preparation for study abroad.

Students planning to study abroad need solid academic credentials to do so productively and successfully. The college requires a minimum overall grade point average of 3.0 for all Cornell course work and good academic standing in the semester immediately before going abroad.

Study abroad is possible during the sophomore and junior years or during the first semester of the senior year. Study abroad in the final semester is rarely approved. Important steps to prepare for study abroad include:
- substantial progress with college distribution requirements;
- admission to a major and a faculty adviser in the major;
- clear academic agenda for study abroad;
- appropriate preparatory study of the country or region of destination, especially language study.

Study abroad can earn up to 15 liberal arts and sciences credits per semester of full-time course work as long as the curriculum abroad is consistent with that of the college. A maximum of 10 credits is awarded for each trimester of study. Courses that fall outside the scope of college requirements and sciences may earn non-Arts credits. Students must carry a full course-load as defined by the host institution. Students may spend up to two semesters abroad. Only those with compelling academic reasons may study in more than one location over two semesters. The college does not approve study abroad that tours more than one country or that is more touristic than scholarly in content and structure. Students must continue work on the host language while abroad. Only in exceptional circumstances will the college approve programs which, in non-English speaking countries, provide no language training.

Applications to study abroad must have the support of a faculty adviser in the major and the approval of an advising dean in the Office of Undergraduate Admissions and Advising, 55 Goldwin Smith Hall. Although students investigate options for study abroad and submit final applications through the Cornell Abroad office, Arts and Sciences applicants submit to the college an essay describing the academic rationale for study abroad, an outline of prospective courses to be taken and any other relevant materials.

All courses taken abroad will appear on the Cornell transcript and grades earned are reported in the system of the host institution. Grades earned through course work abroad do not, however, become part of the Cornell grade point average.

Students who transfer to Cornell and must complete at least four semesters of residence on campus in Ithaca may not study abroad as one of the four semesters.

Summer Residential Programs in Archaeology
During the summer months students may participate in a Cornell-sponsored archaeological project. In recent years the program has organized archaeological projects in Central America, Greece, Israel, Italy, and New York State. Students should contact the Archaeology Program for information about the sites currently available.

Marine Science
Shoals Marine Laboratory is a seasonal field station that offers a variety of courses and experiences designed to introduce undergraduates to the marine sciences. The laboratory is located on Appledore Island, six miles off the Maine/New Hampshire coast. Students should contact the Office of Undergraduate Biology for further information.

Cornell-in-Washington
The Cornell-in-Washington program offers students from all colleges in the university an opportunity to earn full academic credit for a semester in Washington, D.C. Students take courses from Cornell faculty, conduct individual research projects, and work as externs. The Cornell-in-Washington program offers two study options: (1) studies in public policy, and (2) studies in the American experience. The program also offers unique externship opportunities: students serve as externs in a federal agency, congressional office, or non-governmental organization and take part in a public policy or humanities seminar. They define and carry out individual research projects under the supervision of Cornell faculty. Potential externships are arranged through, and approved by, the Cornell-in-Washington program. For further information, see p. 20 or inquire at 311 Caldwell Hall, 255-4090. Study in Washington during a final semester of residence is allowed only and unusually by petition. Students should consult with the dean of seniors, Office of Undergraduate Admissions and Advising, 172 Goldwin Smith Hall.

Fieldwork
Sometimes it is appropriate for students to include fieldwork as part of their major. A three-member faculty committee helps the student plan the project, arranges for ongoing supervision, and evaluates the project at the end of the term. Fieldwork almost always involves writing a long paper or several short ones, as well as practical experience. All proposals for fieldwork must be presented in advance to the college faculty's Committee on Academic Records for approval. A maximum of 15 credits in fieldwork may be earned. For further information students should contact an advising dean in Office of Undergraduate Admissions and Advising, 55 or 172 Goldwin Smith Hall.
Advisers and new advisees meet first during orientation week to discuss course selection. New students are encouraged to see their faculty advisers, and sign into courses. The college reserves spaces in courses for its in-coming students.

Enrollment in Courses in the College of Arts and Sciences

New Students
During orientation week, new students attend briefings and other information sessions, meet with faculty advisers, and sign into courses. After acceptance into a major, students negotiate the university. Advisers and advisees meet at least once each semester to discuss courses for the following term and more often if advisers wish to discuss academic or personal issues or to petition for an exception to college rules.

Student Advisers
Student advisers pass on lore about the college and life at Cornell and help new students negotiate the university.

Major Advisers
After acceptance into a major, students are assigned a major adviser, a faculty member in the major department, with whom they shape and direct their course of study. The adviser eventually certifies the completion of the major. The major adviser should be consulted by the student about all academic plans, including honors, study abroad, acceleration, and graduate study. The adviser's support is especially important if a student petitions for an exception to the requirements for the degree.

Office of Undergraduate Admissions and Advising
This office, 55 Goldwin Smith Hall, 255-5004 and 172 Goldwin Smith Hall, 255-4833, is a resource for faculty and student advisers and for students themselves and their parents. Advising deans are available to help students define their academic and career goals and to help with special academic options and exceptions to college rules.

Lynne S. Abel, associate dean for undergraduate admissions and advising—255-3386
Gerry Cox, juniors and seniors and pre-law advising—255-4833
Daniel Eivet—Language House—255-6543
Stephen Friedfeld, dean's scholars, Cornell presidential research scholars, and undergraduate research
Ken Gabard, first- and second-year students—255-5004
Lisa M. Harris, career services—255-6926
Lawrence Lampere, internal transfers and minority students—255-4833
Diane J. Miller, career services—255-6924
Herta Teitelbaum, faculty advising, first-year and (pre-law) students with disabilities—255-4833
Janice Turner, minority students and pre-med advising—255-5004
Peggy Walbridge, transfer students and students with disabilities—255-4833
Catherine Wagner, juniors and seniors and dual degree students—255-4833
Patricia Wasyliw, first- and second-year students and study abroad—255-6570

Limits on Numbers of Courses and Credits
To meet the 34-course requirement, students must normally take four courses during each of six semesters and five courses during each of two semesters. To meet the 120-credit requirement, students must average 15 credits per semester. (AP credit and/or summer credits may reduce the average numbers of courses and credits required each semester.)

Minimum number of credits per semester
To maintain good academic standing as a full-time student, students must complete at least twelve degree credits per semester; if for compelling personal or academic reasons students need to carry fewer than 12 credits, they should consult their faculty adviser and an advising dean. Permission is by petition only; it is freely given for first-semester students.

Maximum number of credits per semester
First-term freshmen must petition to register for more than 18 credits; other students may register for more than 18 credits only if their previous term's average was 3.0 or higher. No more than 22 credits may be taken in a regular semester without permission of the faculty's Committee on Academic Records. Students who fail to receive approval for excess credits from the committee run the risk of having only 18 credits for the semester count toward the degree.

Attendance
Attendance in classes is a matter between students and their instructors. If a student cannot attend classes because of illness or family crisis, the Office of Undergraduate Admissions and Advising will notify instructors at the request of the student or the family. Nonetheless, the student must arrange to make up examinations or other work with each instructor. A student who will be absent because of religious holidays or athletic competitions must discuss arrangements for making up work with his or her instructors well in advance of the absence. A student who must miss an examination must also consult with the professor in advance. Alternative arrangements are at the discretion of the instructor.

Adding and Dropping Courses
After course enrollment (also known as pre-registration), students may adjust their schedules until the new term begins. During the first three weeks of the semester, students may change courses without petitioning. Add/drop forms are available in the Office of Undergraduate Admissions and Advising, 55 or 172 Goldwin Smith Hall.

After the third week of classes, students must petition to add courses and may normally add them only for a letter grade. They may drop courses up to the seventh week of the term, if the department approves and no issue of academic integrity is at stake. Before the seventh and twelfth weeks students may petition to withdraw from courses, if (1) the instructor approves, (2) the adviser approves, (3) no issue of academic integrity is at stake, and (4) an advising dean approves. Students must meet with an advising dean to obtain petition forms.

Courses dropped after the seventh week will be noted on the transcript by a "W" where the grade would normally appear. No petitions to withdraw from courses may be submitted after the end of the twelfth week in the term. Deadlines for short courses will be adjusted according to the length of the courses.

Leaves of Absence
Taking time off from college to explore goals and direction or to gain experiences or funds is sometimes useful. Usually, of course, students take leaves at the end of a semester for the following semester. Students in good academic standing, however, may take a leave as late as the seventh week of a semester, although there are special consequences to taking leaves after a term has begun. Five years is the maximum length of time a student may be on leave and return without special permission. Leaves of absence are of four types:

1) **Personal leaves** impose no conditions concerning reentering the college except for the five-year limit. Re-admission is automatic upon written request made at least one month before the beginning of the term in which the student wishes to return.

2) **Medical leaves,** usually for at least six months, are granted by the college only upon recommendation by University Health Services. In some cases, students must satisfy the UHS that the condition requiring the leave has been corrected before they may return. The student's academic standing and final grades will also be subject to review at the time of the leave and on return.

3) **Conditional leaves** are granted when the student is not in good academic standing or, in unusual circumstances, between the seventh and twelfth weeks of the term. In consultation with the student, an advising dean sets the conditions for the student's return. Normally students may not return from conditional leaves for at least two
terms or until specific and individual conditions, such as completing unfinished work, have been met. Students may be granted conditional leaves after the twelfth week of a term only under extraordinary circumstances and with the approval of the faculty's Committee on Academic Records.

4) Required leaves. The Committee on Academic Records may require a leave of absence if a student is not making satisfactory progress toward the degree. See the section "Academic Actions."

Any student who wishes to take a leave of absence should consult an advising dean in the Office of Undergraduate Admissions and Advising, 55 or 172 Goldwin Smith Hall. On readmission, the student's graduation date will be recalculated.

Students who take courses elsewhere while on leave may petition to have credits transferred. If approved, these credits may be applied toward the 120 credits needed for graduation, but not toward the 100 credits required in the college. Approval depends on acceptable grades and the judgment of the relevant departments about the quality of the courses. Credits earned during a leave do not count toward the eight semesters of residence and may not be used to reduce the terms of residence. See the section "Residence."

Withdrawals

A withdrawal is a permanent severance from the university and from status as a degree candidate. Students planning to withdraw should consult an advising dean. Students not requesting a leave and failing to register for a term will be withdrawn from the college. The college faculty's Committee on Academic Records may require a student to withdraw for a highly unsatisfactory academic record.

Transferring within Cornell (Internal Transfer)

Internal transfer from one college or school at Cornell into another is attractive for many students whose intellectual interests change. Students who want to transfer should discuss their eligibility with a counselor in the new school or college.

In some cases, students who want to transfer into the College of Arts and Sciences may transfer directly. In other cases, they may be referred to the Internal Transfer Division. During the term immediately preceding transfer into the College of Arts and Sciences, students should complete at least 12 credits of courses in the College of Arts and Sciences with a 3.0 average and without any grades of Incomplete, any S-U grades (unless only S-U grades are offered for that particular course), or any grades below C. Satisfying this minimum requirement does not, however, guarantee admission. Admission to the college is based on consideration of the student's entire record at Cornell and the high school record, not just the work of one semester. It is also based on ability to complete the A.B. degree within a reasonable time. Interested students should see Dean Lamphere, 172 Goldwin Smith Hall.

ACADEMIC STANDING

Students are in good academic standing for the term if they successfully complete at least 12 degree credits by the end of the term and earn no more than one D and no F or U grades. If a student completes only three courses, all grades must be above D. In addition, students are expected to make acceptable progress toward satisfying requirements for the degree and to earn grades of C (not C-) or better in at least 100 of the total credits for the degree. Courses listed above as "Noncredit courses" do not count toward good academic standing.

Academic Actions

Students who are not in good academic standing will be considered for academic action by the faculty Committee on Academic Records or by one of the advising deans of the college. They are urged to present evidence that will help explain their poor academic performance. Students may appeal a decision or action of the committee if they have new relevant information. They must consult an advising dean about appealing.

Warning

Any student who fails to maintain good standing will, at a minimum, be warned. A warning is posted on a student's college record but is not reported to the university registrar and does not appear on official transcripts.

Required leave of absence

A student in serious academic difficulty may be required by the faculty Committee on Academic Records to take a leave of absence, normally for one year. Usually, but not always or necessarily, the Committee on Academic Records warns students before suspending them. Before being allowed to return and reregister in the college, students must describe what they did on leave and how they resolved their problems and submit a plan for completing the degree. In some cases students will be required to furnish evidence that they are ready to return or satisfy other conditions before being allowed to reregister in the college. Students who request to return in less than a year must present to the committee extraordinarily convincing evidence of their readiness to return. "Required leave" and the date are posted on the student's official transcript.

Required withdrawal

The faculty Committee on Academic Records may dismiss a student from the college because of a highly unsatisfactory record for one term or for failure to make satisfactory overall progress in grades, credits, or the requirements of the major. This action expels the student permanently from the college.

"Required withdrawal" and the date are posted on the student's official transcript.

Academic Integrity

Cornell's Code of Academic Integrity and policy about the work of others are among the documents new students receive. Students should read them carefully rather than assume they understand what integrity and cheating are and are not. Academic integrity implies more here at the university than it usually did in high school. The standards of integrity are those that prevail in professional life. This means that students must acknowledge and cite ideas they adopt from others (not just direct quotes) and help they receive from colleagues. With productive emphases on collaborative learning and writing, students must understand the general standards and policies about academic integrity and be sure they understand the expectations in individual courses as well. When in doubt, ask your instructor.

Forgery on Forms

Forging signatures or credentials on college forms is an academic offense. In all cases of forgery on academic forms, the effect of the forged documents shall be negated. Students may then petition properly to do whatever they attempted to do improperly. Such incidents will be recorded in the Academic Integrity Hearing Board's confidential file for forgeries. If a student forges more than once or if the forgery would advance the student's academic standing unfairly or fraudulently, or if for any other reason the situation requires some response in addition to the uniform penalty, the Academic Integrity Hearing Board may make a different recommendation, such as a notation on the student's transcript, suspension, or dismissal.

GRADES

Letter Grades

See Grading Guidelines, page 12.

S-U Grades

The S-U (satisfactory-unsatisfactory) option allows students to explore unfamiliar subjects or take advanced courses in subjects relatively new to them without being under pressure to compete with better prepared students for high grades. It is not meant to allow students to reduce the amount of work they complete in a course or the amount of effort they devote to it. The S-U option is contingent upon the instructor's willingness to assign such grades. Students must select their grading option and obtain the instructor's approval for the S-U option during the first three weeks of the term. Virtually no exceptions to this deadline are permitted, and consequently students adding courses after the third week of the term must normally add them for a letter grade. A grade of S is equivalent to a grade of C- or higher, a grade of U, which is equivalent to any grade below C-, is a failing grade equal to an F. S means the student receives the credit specified for the course. U means no credit is given. A few courses in the college are graded exclusively S-U; in that case, the student's grade appears on the transcript as SX or UX.

Courses that will count toward satisfaction of major requirements should not be taken for an S-U grade unless the department grants permission. Students may elect the S-U option in courses used to satisfy the distribution, language, and elective requirements, provided that such courses do not also count toward major requirements or serve as prerequisites for admission to the major. Students are advised to use the S-U option sparingly if they intend to apply to graduate school or for transfer to another college. There is no limit on the number of courses each term for which students may elect the S-U grade, but within the 120 credits required for the degree, a
minimum of 80 credits must be in courses for which a letter grade was received.

Grades of Incomplete
A grade of incomplete signifies that a course was not completed before the end of the term for reasons beyond the student's control and acceptable to the instructor. Students must have substantial (normally at least 50 percent) equity in the course, that is, they must be able to complete the remaining work without further registration and must have a passing grade for the completed portion. When a grade of incomplete is reported, the instructor submits a form stating what work must be completed, when it must be completed, and the grade (or "frozen" incomplete) earned if the work is not completed by that date. When a final grade is reported, it is recorded on the official transcript with an asterisk and a footnote explaining that this grade was formerly an incomplete.

Students must resolve (make up or "freeze") any incompletes with their instructors before graduation.

R Grades
R designates two-semester or year-long courses and students enroll in the course both semesters, each time for the full number of credits for the whole course. The R is recorded on the student's transcript at the end of the first term. The grade recorded at the end of the second term evaluates the student's level of performance in the course for the entire year. The total of credits earned for the whole course is listed each term.

Grade Reports
Students should periodically check their courses and grades on "Just the Facts" to be sure that they are recorded correctly.

Class Rank
The college does not compute class rank.

Dean's List
Inclusion on the Dean's List for academic excellence is an honor bestowed by the dean of the college semester by semester. Based on grades, the criteria include about the top 30 percent of students and vary with the number of credits the student completes. The criteria are subject to slight changes from semester to semester and are available in the Office of Undergraduate Admissions and Advising, 55 Goldwin Smith Hall.

GRADUATION

The Degree
The College of Arts and Sciences grants only one degree (no matter what the student's major): the A.B. (or B.A.). A.B. is the abbreviation of the Latin name for the degree, "Artium Baccalarius," or translated into English, B.A., "Bachelor of Arts."

Application to Graduate
In the first semester of their senior year, students attend senior briefings and then complete an application to graduate. The application allows the college to check each student's plan for fulfilling college requirements. This process is intended to help seniors identify problems early enough in the final year to make any necessary changes in course selection to satisfy those requirements. Nonetheless, meeting graduation requirements is the student's responsibility: problems that are discovered, even late in the final term, must be resolved by the student before the degree can be granted.

Degree Dates
There are three degree dates in the year: May, August, and January. Students who plan to graduate in May may attend graduation ceremonies in the preceding May. Students graduating in January are invited to a special recognition ceremony in December, they may also attend graduation ceremonies the following May.

Honors
Bachelor of Arts with Honors
Almost all departments offer honors programs for students who have demonstrated exceptional ability in the major and who have completed original independent research. The honors programs are described by individual departments in their following sections. The degree of Bachelor of Arts with honors will be conferred upon students who, in addition to having completed the requirements for the degree of Bachelor of Arts, have satisfactorily completed the honors program in their major and have been recommended for honors by their major department, the Independent Major Program, or the College Scholar Program. Concentrations do not offer honors programs.

Bachelor of Arts with Distinction
The degree of Bachelor of Arts with distinction in all subjects will be conferred on students who have completed the requirements for the degree of Bachelor of Arts, if they have met the following requirements by the end of their final semester:
1) completed at least 60 credits while registered in regular sessions at Cornell;
2) ranked in the upper 30 percent of their class at the end of the seventh semester, or next-to-last semester for transfers and accelerants;
3) received a grade below C- in no more than one course;
4) received no failing grade;
5) maintained good academic standing, including completing a full schedule of at least 12 credits, in each of their last four terms; and
6) have no Incompletes remaining on their records.

CALENDAR SUPPLEMENT
All of the dates in the university calendar at the front of this volume apply to all Cornell students. Listed below are some additional dates that are of importance for students in the College of Arts and Sciences.

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Fall 2000</th>
<th>Spring 2001</th>
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<tr>
<td>Last day for adding courses without petition</td>
<td>Sept. 15</td>
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<tr>
<td>Last day for changing grade option to S-U or letter</td>
<td>Sept. 15</td>
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<tr>
<td>First deadline for submitting independent major requests</td>
<td>Sept. 28</td>
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<td>Second deadline for submitting independent major requests</td>
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<td>Degree Dates</td>
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<td>Fall 2000</td>
<td>Spring 2001</td>
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<td>Last day for dropping courses without petition</td>
<td>Oct. 13</td>
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<tr>
<td>Last day to petition to withdraw from a course</td>
<td>Nov. 17</td>
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<tr>
<td>Deadline for requesting internal transfer to the College of Arts and Sciences for the following term</td>
<td>Nov. 30</td>
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</table>

Deadline for applying to the College Scholar Program
Deadline for applying to study abroad:
See Cornell Abroad, 474 Uris Hall
Course enrollment (preregistration) for the following term:
TBA TBA

ADMINISTRATION
Philip E. Lewis, dean—255-4146
Jon C. Clardy, senior associate dean—255-4147
Jonathan D. Culler, senior associate dean—255-4147
Lynne S. Abel, associate dean of admissions and undergraduate education—255-3386
Jane V. Pedersen, associate dean of administration—255-7507
Courses and Departments

SPECIAL PROGRAMS AND AREAS OF CONCENTRATION

The college offers a number of interdisciplinary programs described in the section following the departmental program descriptions.

AFRICAANS
See Department of German Studies (Dutch).

AFRICANA STUDIES MAJOR
See Special Programs and Interdisciplinary Studies.

AKKADIAN
See Department of Near Eastern Studies.

AMERICAN STUDIES
See Special Programs and Interdisciplinary Studies.

ANTHROPOLOGY


Anthropology is one of the most diverse disciplines in the university. Spanning human evolution, the development and heterogeneity of language and culture, human history, and the diversity of cultures past and present, the field has broad scope, uses a variety of methods, addresses basic issues about human origins and human life, and maintains commitment to understanding social life and using this understanding to improve society. Anthropology is an ideal "liberal arts" major. It also serves as a major that, when well designed by the student with their adviser, prepares students for a wide range of professional careers, e.g., law, medicine, foreign service, social services, and business, among others.

Courses for nonmajors: Anthropology welcomes nonmajors into many of its courses. Unless prerequisites are explicitly stated, 200- and 300-level courses do not have formal prerequisites and can be taken by students without prior experience in anthropology. Such students are welcome in these upper-level courses. For additional information to assist nonmajors and students from other colleges in selecting anthropology courses, see the anthropology department web page (falcon.arts.cornell.edu/~anthro/).

The Major

The range and complexity of the Field of Anthropology requires active collaboration between the student and a faculty adviser in developing an individualized program of study. To enter the anthropology major, a student must pass one course in each of the two broad introductory areas of anthropology: "Nature and Culture" and "Culture and History" listed below under the heading "Introductory Courses." Provisional acceptance into the major is possible before completing these courses, with permission from the Director of Undergraduate Studies in anthropology. Students are encouraged to contact the Director of Undergraduate Studies or other faculty members as soon as possible in their studies to discuss their interests and a possible major in anthropology.

Students see the Director of Undergraduate Studies to apply to the major and get an adviser. They prepare a short statement about their interests and goals for the major, then meet with their adviser to develop a course plan reflecting these special interests. This concentration should include at least 32 credits in addition to the two introductory courses used to enter the major. Examples of possible concentrations are myth and ritual, ethnicity and identity, action research, nature and culture in human history; anthropology and literature, or law, or the arts, or medicine; human origins; ethnomusicology; primate and human behavior; prehistory of the Americas, or Europe, or Africa; cultural construction of the person; etc. When warranted, the adviser is free to approve up to two cognate courses from other departments totaling up to eight credit hours to fulfill the 32-credit requirement. Students may revise their program of study in consultation with their adviser as they move through their studies. Our goal is to provide a close and supportive advising relationship and a strong and coherent structure for the student's major.

In their senior year, anthropology majors are required to take a Senior Seminar (archaeologists may substitute Approaches to Archaeology or Archaeological Research Design). These seminars meet weekly, are discussion-based, and are limited to anthropology majors. A professor serves as the coordinator for the group, collects course materials and the professor plans the seminar to reflect the concentrations and/or research interests of the participating students. Thus, the Senior Seminar serves as a space where students develop their own synthesis of their undergraduate work in anthropology.

Study abroad and off-campus study programs: The Department of Anthropology encourages students to consider a semester of study abroad or off-campus study developed as an integral part of the student's major concentration. The Director of Undergraduate Studies serves as the Anthropology Study Abroad adviser.

The Cornell-Nepal Study Program: The Cornell-Nepal Study Program is a joint program of Cornell University and Tribhuvan University, the national university of Nepal. Qualified juniors, seniors, and first- or second-year graduate students work with faculty from both universities to prepare for and undertake field research projects in Nepal. Students receive 15 credits per semester; students may enroll for either fall or spring semester, or for the entire year; application is through Cornell Abroad. For further information, consult David Holmberg or Kathryn March in the Department of Anthropology.

Other anthropologically-relevant study abroad options, using existing Cornell Abroad and off-campus options, can be worked out in consultation with the major adviser, the Anthropology Study Abroad adviser, and Cornell Abroad.

Honors

Honors in anthropology are awarded for excellence in the major, which includes overall grade point average and completion of an honors thesis. Anthropology majors interested in the Honors Program should consult the chair of the Honors Committee in their junior year. To qualify for entrance into the Honors Program, a student must have at least a 3.0 GPA overall and 3.5 GPA in the major, and the consent of a faculty member in anthropology who will guide the honors thesis. After applying to the program and being admitted as a candidate by the Honors Committee, the student will conduct research and write a thesis. This thesis will be evaluated by the faculty research adviser and two other faculty members. Honors (i.e., cum laude, magna cum laude, or summa cum laude) are awarded based on the quality of the thesis and the student's overall record. Honors candidates must start this process by consulting their major adviser about the honors program early in their junior year.

While working on the thesis during the senior year, students should make use of the Senior Seminar as a place to develop the ideas for their thesis. In addition, students may enroll in Anthropology 483 (fall or spring) "Honors Thesis Research." To complete the thesis, students must enroll in 491 (fall or spring) "Honors Thesis Write-up." Only Anthropology 483 may count toward hours for completion of the anthropology major requirements. The credit hours for these courses are variable, grades for these courses are given by the faculty research adviser, and they are based on performance during thesis research and writing.

Any honors candidate whose research directly involves working with human subjects must receive approval for the project from the Cornell University Committee on Human Subjects.

Special Programs and Facilities

Collections: the department has an extensive collection of archaeological and ethnological materials housed in the anthropology collections. A limited number of students can make arrangements to intern in the anthropology collections. Olin Library houses some of the most extensive collections of materials on the ethnology of Southeast Asia, South Asia, East Asia, and Latin America to be found anywhere in the United States. The biological anthropology laboratory (McGraw B65) houses an extensive collection of materials for teaching purposes, including (1) human skeletal remains, (2) articulated skeletons and cranial casts of primates, and (3) casts of important fossils in the human lineage.

Independent Study: specialized individual study programs are offered in Anthropology 497, Topics in Anthropology, a course open to a limited number of juniors and seniors who have obtained consent and supervision of
ARTS AND SCIENCES - 2001-2002

faculty member. Undergraduates should note that many 600-level courses are open to them by consent of the instructor.

Colloquia: the Department of Anthropology holds colloquia almost every week of the semester on Friday at 3:30 in McGraw 215. Faculty members from Cornell and other universities participate in discussions of current research and problems in anthropology. Students are encouraged to attend.

For more complete information about the anthropology major, see the Director of Undergraduate Studies, pick up a copy of the major brochure (which includes descriptions of the courses not offered during 2000-2001), or visit the Anthropology Department web page (falcon.arts.cornell.edu/~anthro/).

I. Introductory Courses

A. Nature and Culture:

ANTHR 101 Introduction to Anthropology: Biological Perspectives on the Evolution of Humankind
Fall. 3 credits. M. Small.
The evolution of humankind is explored through the fossil record, studies of the biological differences among current human populations, and a comparison with our closest relatives, the primates. This course investigates the roots of human biology and behavior with an evolutionary framework. Fee for lab usage and maintenance, $5.

ANTHR 103 The Scope of Anthropology
Spring. 1 credit. Prerequisite: concurrent enrollment in or prior completion of Anthropology 101 or Anthropology 102. S-U grades only. Staff.
This course is intended for majors or prospective majors in anthropology. Each week a different member of the faculty in anthropology at Cornell will make a presentation on the nature of their work within the field and discuss their interests with students. The course is meant to introduce the range of approaches found within anthropology and help students in planning future course work.


ANTHR 211 Nature and Culture
Spring. 4 credits. S. Sangren.
Sociocultural anthropology, because it encompasses the comparative study of humankind in society, provides a unique vantage on the nature of humanity. One of the focal questions of the discipline is the relationship between the physical/biological, the symbolic/biological, and the symbolic/moral worlds in which people live. This inquiry places anthropology squarely at the center of social theory, as most social theories and political ideologies are founded on premises regarding human nature. Through study of several conceptual categories which have been flashpoints for debates about nature and culture (e.g., gender, race, and sexuality), this course examines a variety of past and current attempts to explain the relationships between nature and culture in human life.

ANTHR 275 Human Biology and Evolution (also BIOE 275 and NS 275)
Fall. 5 credits. S-U grades optional, with permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. Lecs. W F 10:10; disc. M 10:10. K. Kennedy.
An introduction to the biology of Homo sapiens through an examination of human evolution, biological diversity, and modes of adaptation to past and present environments. Evolutionary theory is reviewed in relation to the current evidence from the fossil record and studies of the evolution of human behavior. A survey of human adaptation covers complex biological and behavioral responses to environmental stress. Human diversity is examined as the product of long-term evolutionary forces and short-term adaptive responses. Topics such as creationism, the Phldown fraud, and sociobiology debate, genetic engineering, race and IQ, and racism are presented as examples of current issues in human biology. These topics and others are the focus of the optional one-hour weekly discussions.

B. Culture and History:

ANTHR 100 Introduction to Archaeology (also ARKEO 100)
Fall. 3 credits. J. Henderson.
A broad introduction to archaeology—the study of material remains to answer questions about the human past. Case studies highlight the variability of ancient societies and illustrate the varied methods and interpretive frameworks archaeologists use to reconstruct them. This course can serve as a platform for both archaeology and anthropology undergraduate majors.

ANTHR 102 Introduction to Anthropology: The Comparison of Cultures
Spring. 3 credits. T. Bestor.
An introduction to cultural anthropology through ethnographies, or the descriptive accounts of anthropologists. Through readings and lectures, students acquaint themselves with a number of cultures from several parts of the world. The cultures range in form from those of small-scale tribal societies to those of state societies. Throughout the course, we attempt to make evident the diversity of cultures in their own terms. Attention is focused on variation in cultural patterns as they are expressed in social, economic, and ritual practices. In this encounter, the principles of anthropology as a comparative enterprise that pose distinct cultural systems in relief will be developed. Fiction, films, and exercises supplement the formal anthropological materials.

ANTHR 103 The Scope of Anthropology
Spring. 1 credit. Prerequisite: concurrent enrollment in or prior completion of Anthropology 101 or Anthropology 102. S-U grades only. Staff.
For course description, see section I.A.

ANTHR 200 Cultural Diversity and Contemporary Issues
Fall. 3 credits. J. Borneman.
This course will introduce students to the meaning and significance of forms of cultural diversity for understanding contemporary issues. Drawing from films, videos, and selected readings, students will be confronted with different representational forms that portray cultures in various parts of the world and they will be asked to critically examine their own prejudices as they influence the perception and evaluation of cultural differences. We shall approach cultures holistically, assuming the inseparability of economics, kinship, religion, and politics, as well as interconnections and dependencies between world areas (e.g., Africa, Latin America, the West). Among the issues considered: "political correctness" and truth; nationalism and ecological diversity; race, ethnicity, and sexuality; sin, religion, and war; global process and cultural integrity.

[ANTHR 202 Interpretive Archaeology (also ARKEO 202)]

[ANTHR 204 Ancient Civilizations (also ARKEO 204)]

[ANTHR 215 Stone Age Art (also ARKEO 215)]

[ANTHR 240 Old World Prehistory (also ARKEO 240)]

II. Honors and Independent Study

ANTHR 483 Honors Thesis Research
Fall or spring. Credit and hours TBA. Prerequisite: consent of the Honors Committee. Staff.
Independent work under the close guidance of a faculty member selected by the student.

ANTHR 491 Honors Thesis Write-Up
Fall or spring. Credit and hours TBA. Staff.
Independent reading course in topics not covered in regularly scheduled courses. Students select a topic in consultation with the faculty member who has agreed to supervise the course work.

ANTHR 497 Topics in Anthropology
Fall or spring. Credit and hours TBA. Intended for undergraduate students only. Staff.

III. Anthropology Major/Senior Seminars

In the senior year, anthropology majors are required to take a Senior Seminar. These seminars meet weekly, are discussion-based, and are limited to anthropology majors. A professor serves as the coordinator for the group. Collaboratively, the students and the professor plan the semester to reflect the concentrations and/or research interests of the participating students. Thus the Senior Seminar serves as a space where students develop their own synthesis of their undergraduate work in anthropology.

ANTHR 489 Anthropology Senior Seminar
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Limited to 15 students. Prerequisite: anthropology majors only. Fall, A. Willford; spring, V. Murasinghe.
This course is a synthesis of each student's undergraduate concentration in the major. In collaboration, the instructor and the students will develop a series of topics representing the interests of the students. Students will be required to read extensively and present topics.
IV. Nature and Culture

Thinking about nature and culture and their interaction is central to contemporary anthropology. The courses in this section present a biological and evolutionary perspective on human behavior, focusing on the interaction between nature and culture, and discuss the controversies surrounding these relationships between these dimensions of human life.

ANTHR 208 The Evolution of Human Mating  

ANTHR 211 Nature and Culture  
Spring. 4 credits. S. Sangren.  
For course description, see section I.A.

ANTHR 242 Early Agriculture  
Spring. 3 credits. N. Russell.  
Throughout most of the human career, people survived by hunting and gathering wild foods. The advent of food production is one of the most profound changes in human history, and the environment and spread of agriculture (plant and animal domestication) are major events in the development of human societies. This course will consider the origins and spread of agriculture around the world. We will consider definitions of agriculture and domestication, the conditions under which it arises, the consequences for those who adopt it, and why it has spread over most of the world.

ANTHR 344 Male and Female in Chinese Culture and Society (also WOMNS 344)  

ANTHR 370 Environmental Archaeology (also ANTHR 670 and ARKEO 370/670)  
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: 2 previous courses in archaeology or permission of instructor. T. Volman.  
A survey of selected topics in paleoenvironmental analysis and reconstruction, with emphasis on how they inform interpretations of the archaeological record. The course ranges broadly from a general consideration of human ecology and the role of environment in cultural change to detailed study of specific techniques and approaches.

ANTHR 371 Human Paleontology (also BIOES 371)  

ANTHR 372 Hunters and Gatherers (also ANTHR 672)  

ANTHR 375 Evolutionary Theory and Human Behavior (also ANTHR 675)  
Spring. 4 credits. Limited to 20. M. Small.  
Humans are biological organism designed by Nature Selection. Our bodies and our behavior are products of genes, environment, and experience. This course will explore the interaction of all three in molding broad patterns of human behavior. The course will begin with the basics of evolutionary theory and then review the most recent research on human mating patterns, aggression, parenting, kin relations, and social interaction. Students will be required to conduct original research on human behavior.

ANTHR 390 Primate Behavior and Ecology  

ANTHR 409 Approaches to Archaeology (also ANTHR 609 and ARKEO 409/609)  

ANTHR 422 Anthropology and Environment  
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: ANTHR 100, 101, or 102 plus one 300-level course in anthropology. D. Holmberg.  
This course explores issues in the environment that anthropology addresses in unique ways. Topics include indigenous knowledge, intellectual property, local and global interrelations, ecotourism, cultural ecology, development and resistance, environmentalism, and cultural diversity framed in the context of extended case studies.

ANTHR 490 Topics on Primates and Evolution: The Evolution of Language  
Fall. 4 credits. Limited to 12. Prerequisite: Anthropology 390 or permission of instructor. A. Arcadi.  
This seminar will begin by examining general theoretical issues in the study of animal communication. What is the function of communication? How do signalers and receivers benefit from communicative interactions? The focal behavior of our nearest relatives, the primates, will then be examined. Emphasis will be placed on areas relevant to human language: are primate signals learned? Do they have semantic content? Are they assembled syntactically? What do they tell us about primate cognition? Finally, distinguishing features of language, as both a highly structured system and a social behavior, will be considered from the point of view of evolution. Did language evolve from a primate focal communication system? Is there fossil and/or symbolic evidence for the origin of language? What does language tell us about human cognition?

ANTHR 490 Topics on Primates and Evolution: Evolutionary Medicine  
Spring. 4 credits. Limited to 12. Prerequisite: Anthropology 390 or permission of instructor. M. Small.  
This seminar will focus on high current controversy in primatology. Through readings and discussion, the issues will be subject to critical examination. Current topics might include social intelligence, primates as predators and prey, primate conversation, sexual selection theory, reproductive success, dominance, etc.

V. Human History and Archeology

Anthropology tells the story of human origins, the invention of farming and settled life, the rise of complex social institutions and technologies, and the worldviews of the past, while also teaching field and laboratory methods for uncovering the human past.

ANTHR 203 Early People: The Archaeological and Fossil Record (also ARKEO 502)  

ANTHR 215 Stone Age Art (also ARKEO 215)  

ANTHR 240 Old World Prehistory (also ARKEO 240)  
Human-animal relationships are often seen in utilitarian, especially nutritional terms. This is particularly true of the analysis of animal remains from archaeological sites. It is clear, however, that animals and meat have significance far beyond their economic value. This course focuses on these non-diary roles of animals in human societies, past and present. We will explore a broad range of issues to gain a fuller view of human relations to animals. Domestication involves not only the technical process of controlling animal movements and breeding, but more crucially requires a fundamental shift in the human perception of animals and their relationship to them. Are pets domestic animals in the same sense as animals that are eaten, or do those animals' relationships with their owners more closely resemble that of hunters with their prey? Do wild animals mean the same thing to both hunter-gatherers and farmers who hunt? We will consider the importance of animals as wealth, as objects of sacrifice, as totems (metaphors for humans), and symbols in art. Meat has undeniable dietary value, but the social aspects of consumption is also important. Meat can be used in the context of such behaviors as feasting and meat sharing to create, cement, and manipulate social relationships. In this seminar, we will examine issues primarily (but not exclusively) in the context of the ethnography and archaeology of the Old World with which the instructor is most familiar, but students are encouraged to offer examples from their own areas of expertise. This course is open to students of anthropology, cultural anthropology, and other disciplines with an interest in human-animal relations.

VI. Anthropological Thought and Method

As a form of inquiry, anthropology has a long and complex history and utilizes a wide variety of theories and methods. In this section, topics in the history of anthropological thought and a wide variety of anthropological approaches are presented, along with courses focused on the design of anthropological research projects.

ANTHR 215 Stone Age Art (also ARKEO 215)  

ANTHR 291 Filming Other Cultures (also ANTHR 691 and THETR 291/691)  
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 20 students. Preference given to students who have taken either Anthropology 102 or Theatre Arts 474. Fee for film screening and maintenance, $35. R. Ascher. Shortly after the first films were screened, their makers saw in motion pictures a promise for greater understanding among peoples. Was the promise fulfilled? In this discussion course, responses to this question are examined through the study of short, representative films and related readings. The discussions are framed and informed by ideas from anthropology and film studies. For example, we consider: aesthetics, ethics, and responsibility in filming and editing; connections between sound—or lack of it—and image; the implications of film as a product of Euroamerican culture; cultural assumptions in camera movements, film color, and film pace; indigenous people's presentations of themselves and Euroamerican representations of others; and the blurry, ever-changing space that separates fiction from nonfiction film. For one meeting each week, two students, in cooperation with the instructor, are responsible for leading the discussion.

ANTHR 306 Ethnographic Description  

ANTHR 324 Anthropology Amongst the Disciplines  
Fall. 4 credits. J. Siegel. Ethnography has as one of its aims the comprehension of the "other" in whose eyes the "I" or the first person is constructed. The history of this idea in Western philosophy and literature has influenced anthropologists' understanding. We look at this history and at its inflection in ethnography, particularly in the study of ritual.

ANTHR 362 Democratizing Society: Participation, Action, and Research (also ANTHR 662)  
Fall. 4 credits. D. J. Greenwood. This course poses an alternative to distanced, "observer" social science by reviewing some of the numerous approaches to socially engaged research. Among the approaches discussed are those centering on the pedagogy of liberation, feminism, the industrial democracy movement, "Southern" participatory action research, action science, and participatory evaluation. There are no prerequisites and undergraduates are welcome.

ANTHR 368 Marx: An Overview of His Thought (also ANTHR 668)  
Spring. 4 credits. T. Turner. A reading and interpretation of Marx's principal writings, emphasizing both the continuities and the changes from his earlier to his later works, with attention given to contemporary developments and controversies in Marxian scholarship.

ANTHR 403 The Craft of Anthropology: Ethnographic Field Methods (also ANTHR 603)  
Fall. 4 credits. V. Santiago-Irizarry. This course will provide students with practical understanding about what anthropologists actually do in the field. We will examine problems that emerge in conducting fieldwork which raises ethical, methodological, theoretical, and practical issues in the observation, participation in, recording, and representation of culture(s). Students will be expected to develop a semester-long, local research project that will allow them to experience fieldwork situations.

ANTHR 405 Archaeology Research Design (also ANTHR 605 and ARKEO 405/605)  
the factors that are contributing to the production of diasporic consciousness, the intensity and variety of transnational flows of culture, commodities, corporations, and people are considered in order to assess challenges these processes pose to the modern nation-state. Has culture been liberated from the control of the nation-state through the emergence of new cultural networks created by immigration, electronic media, tourism, and multinational corporations and organizations? Or has the acceleration of global processes in the modern world system created new tools of domination within an increasingly capital economy? This course addresses these and related questions utilizing both anthropological theories of and ethnohistoric studies on globalization, ethnicity, diaspora, and nationalism.

**ANTHR 487 Field Research Abroad**
Fall or spring. Credit TBA. Intended for undergraduate students only. Staff: Field research abroad as part of the Cornell-Nepal Studies Program, the Cornell-Honduras Program, or other departmentally-approved programs. Topics are selected and project proposals prepared by students in consultation with faculty. Fieldwork typically involves extended research (usually four-six weeks) in a foreign setting with faculty supervision, culminating in a major paper or report.

**ANTHR 494 Seminar in Archaeology: The Archaeology of Human Origins (also ARKEO 494)**

**ANTHR 495 Classic Theorists Seminar**

**VII. Understanding Cultures**

Anthropologists examine the diversity of human behaviors, social relationships and structures, economies, political and legal orders, worldviews, logics, languages, symbols, myths, and religions among the many other social-units human beings invent to create and reproduce social life around the world. Anthropologists work from a holistic perspective to account for differences and similarities across cultures. Anthropologists also take small-scale societies and local sociocultural systems as the object of analysis. They collect data primarily through ethnographic fieldwork, that is, months or years of participating in and observing of the societies they study. Anthropologists seek inherent linkages between the practical and the meaningful dimensions of human existence.

A. Anthropological Approaches to Economy, Society, Law, and Politics:
The courses below take as their starting point what are usually defined as the social, political, legal, and economic practices and structures of human life and show how they are shaped culturally and how they shape culture.

**ANTHR 217 Nationalism and Revivalism**
Spring. 4 credits. A. Willford.
This course explores the growing phenomenon of religious and ethnic nationalism within modern nation-states. We also examine ways in which religious and ethnic revivalism presents alternative models of identity and group identity, often defined in opposition to state-sponsored nationalist ideologies.

**ANTHR 305 Emotion, Gender, and Culture (also WOMNS 305)**

**ANTHR 313 Anthropology of the City**

**ANTHR 321 Sex and Gender in Cross-Cultural Perspective (also ANTHR 621 and WOMNS 321/631)**
Fall. 3 credits. K. March.
An introduction to the study of sex roles cross-culturally and to anthropological theories of sex and gender. The course examines various aspects of the place of the sexes in social, political, economic, ideologi-cal, and biological systems to emphasize the diversity in gender and sex-role definition around the world.

**ANTHR 323 Kinship and Social Organization**

**ANTHR 326 Economic Anthropology**

**ANTHR 328 Conflict, Dispute Resolution, and Law in Cultural Context**

**ANTHR 380 State, Nation, and Everyday Life**

**ANTHR 422 Anthropology and Environment**
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Anthr 100, 101, or 102 plus one 300-level course in anthropology. D. Holmberg.
For course description, see section IV.

**ANTHR 426 Ideology and Social Reproduction**

**ANTHR 429 Anthropology and Psychoanalysis**
Fall. 4 credits. S. Sangren.
This seminar is premised on the notion that an accommodation between anthropology and psychoanalysis is not only potentially productive, but also conceptually necessary. However, there are good reasons why such an accommodation has yet to develop, and an exploration of these reasons is an important part of the seminar. How can the general or (in some cases) universalizing theories of psychoanalysis address cultural differences? Can understanding of collective institutions be advanced with reference to theories of individual motivation and desire? Conversely, can such understanding be advanced in the absence of reference to individual motivation and desire? The course will survey the history of anthropological engagement with psychoanalysis, but the main focus will be a juxtaposition of current psychoanalysis theory (mainly Lacanian) and anthropological treatments of the social production of the person (including interpretivist and structuralist arguments, but with an emphasis on the advantages of a Marxist focus on production).

**ANTHR 460 Culture and International Order**
Spring. 4 credits. R. Borneman.
This course focuses on the interplay of culture, understood in the broadest anthropological sense, with international order. We will examine how different models of linguistic categorization are replicated by and interact with one another at the level of culture and the international (or world) system. By bringing together research from different domains that tend to be seen as discrete, this seminar hopes to explore how an anthropological perspective can inform the study of international order, and conversely, how an awareness of transnational and transcultural processes can open up more fruitful areas of anthropological research.

**ANTHR 470 Anthropology, Theory, Politics, Performance (also GOVT 470)**

**ANTHR 479 Ethnicity and Identity Politics: An Anthropological Perspective**

**ANTHR 481 Sex, Money, and Power: Topics in Kinship Theory**

**ANTHR 485 Mothers, Priests, Rebels, and Indian Chiefs: New Social Movements in Latin America (also ANTHR 685)**
Spring. 4 credits. B. J. Isbell.
Latin America is characterized today as a region of widespread yet diverse forms of mobilization that appear to be in constant transformation. The "Mad Mothers" of Argentina, indigenous environmentalists, liberation theologians, revolutionaries, ethnic leaders, gay activists, and urban squatters are challenging history, engaging in cultural innovation, and articulating in diverse ways with the state and national cultures. This seminar will chart a course between theoretical texts on power and mobilization and examples of ethnography/historical cases of social movements.

B. Interpretive Approaches in Cultural Anthropology:

These courses stress symbolic or textual approaches to human society. They take as their object of analysis structures of meaning in such diverse areas as performance and text, myth and religion, views of the self, gender, and the sociology of knowledge. These same topics arise in many of the area-focused courses as well (Section D), but take center stage in the following courses.

**ANTHR 291 Filming Other Cultures (also ANTHR 691 and THETR 291/691)**
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 20 students. Preference given to students who have taken either Anthropology 102 or Theatre Arts 474. Fee for film screening and maintenance. $55 R. Archer.
For description, see section VI.

**ANTHR 320 Myth, Ritual, and Symbol (also RELST 320)**
Spring. 4 credits. D. Holmberg.
This course examines how systems of thought, symbolic forms, and ritual practice are formulated and expressed in primarily non-Western societies. It focuses on anthropologi-cal interpretations of space, time, cosmology, myth, classificatory systems (such as color, totems, food, dress, kinship), taboo, sacrifice, witchcraft, sorcery, and rites of passage (birth, initiation, marriage, death). It will examine both the roles of specialists (spirit mediums, curers, priests, ascetics, etc.) and nonspecialists in producing these cultural forms.
explored this relationship, which is engendered but also operates within and on subliminal experiential realms. In this course we shall examine how anthropologists and archaeologists have explored this relationship, which is engendered in the interaction between culture and language as parallel mediating devices for the constitution, interpretation, and expression of human experience.

**ANTHR 406 The Culture of Lives (also WOMNS 406)**

**ANTHR 408 Gender Symbolism (also WOMNS 408)**

**ANTHR 417 Person, Gender, and Song (also WOMNS 416)**

**ANTHR 432 Culture and Performance and Performing Culture**

**ANTHR 453 Visual Anthropology**

**ANTHR 455 Mesoamerican Religion, Science, and History**

**ANTHR 460 Culture and International Order**
Spring. 4 credits. J. Borneman.
For course description, see section VII.

**ANTHR 469 Gender and Age In Anthropology #**

**C. Cultures in Anthropological Perspective:**

Anthropology constructs its theories in the comparison of different social and cultural systems and thus depends integrally on knowledge about particular places. The courses below are all focused on the cultures and societies of particular areas of the world and organize knowledge about these areas in reference to key anthropological questions. Students without prior experience in anthropology are welcome in these courses.

**ANTHR 221 Anthropological Representation: Ethnographies on Latin America (also LSP 221 and AM ST 221)**
Fall. 3 credits. V. Santiago-Irizarry.
Representation is basic to anthropology. In translating cultures anthropologists produce authoritative representations of and about other people's lives. In this course we will examine, with a critical eye, the production of representations of U.S. Latino cultures as these are embodied in anthropological texts. Issues to be explored include the relation between the ethnographer and the people s/he is studying, the contexts in which ethnographic texts are produced, and the way they may position different cultural groups within the larger national context.

**ANTHR 230 Cultures of Native North America @ #**
Fall. 4 credits. B. Lambert.
A survey of the principal Eskimo and American Indian culture areas north of Mexico. Selected cultures will be examined to bring out distinctive features of the economy, social organization, religion, and worldview. Although the course concentrates on traditional cultures, some lectures and readings deal with changes in native ways of life that have occurred during the period of European-Indian contact.

**ANTHR 303 Asians In the Americas: A Comparative Perspective (also AAS 303)**
Fall. 4 credits. V. Munasinghe.
The common perception of ethnicity is that it is a "natural" and an inevitable consequence of cultural difference. "Asians" overseas, in particular, have been characterized as a people who cling tenaciously to their culture and refuse to assimilate into their host societies and cultures. But, who are the "Asians"? On what basis can we label "Asians" an ethnic group? Although the Asian presence in the Caribbean, the category "Asian" itself does not exist in the Caribbean. What does this say about the nature of categories that label and demarcate groups of people on the basis of alleged cultural and phenotypical characteristics? This course will examine the dynamics behind group identity, namely ethnicity, by comparing and contrasting the cultural and phenotypical characteristics. This course will focus on the East Indian and Chinese experiences in the Caribbean and the Chinese, Korean, Japanese, Filipino, and Indian experiences in the United States.

**ANTHR 316 Power, Society, and Culture in Southeast Asia @**
Spring. 4 credits. A. Williams.
Southeast Asia is a region where anthropologists have paid great attention to the symbolic within cultural and social processes. While this intellectual orientation has produced comparatively rich accounts of cultural uniqueness, there has been a tendency within "interpretive" ethnographies to downplay the role of power and domination within culture and society. This course aims to utilize the traditional strengths of symbolic anthropology by examining the role of power, art, religion, and "traditional" values within contemporary Southeast Asian societies. In doing so, however, we examine how these practices and ideas can also address the issue of the "control" of culture and the power that resides in it. In addition to providing a broad and comparative ethnographic survey of Southeast Asia, this course also investigates how culturally-specific forms of power and domination are reflected in national politics and in local and regional responses to the economic and cultural forces of globalization.

**ANTHR 335 Ethnology of the Andean Region @ #**

**ANTHR 336 Change and Continuity in the Pacific Islands @**

**ANTHR 377 The United States (also LSP 377 and AM ST 377)**

**ANTHR 405 Global Tokyo (also S HUM 404 and ASIAN 405)**
Fall. 4 credits. T. Bestor.
Since the 1980s, structures of identity, class, social integration, and consumption in Tokyo have a focus on the city that is well known and diverse. This seminar will focus on social interactions that have occurred in the city and how they have been reshaped by Japan's encounters with other societies. From the Tsukiji foreign settlement to Tokyo's Disneyland, this seminar will explore the social interactions that have occurred in the city and how they have been reshaped by Japan's encounters with other societies.

**ANTHR 433 Andean Thought and Culture @ #**
A core set of seminars is required of all graduate study in archaeology and biological social life. This definition resists institutional Anthropology 603 is strongly recommended. cultural anthropology. For information about undergraduate students in socio-cultural anthropology through the Director of Graduate Studies. This The graduate program in anthropology is described in much greater detail in the -anthro/). The seminars described immediately below pertain to the program in socio-cultural anthropology. For information about graduate study in archaeology and biological anthropology, see the anthropology department web page. A core set of seminars is required of all graduate students in socio-cultural anthropolology. Anthropology 600, 601, and 602. Anthropology 603 is strongly recommended. These courses are open to graduate students from other related fields. This sequence, and the graduate curriculum in general, is premised on the idea that anthropological study is best defined as the comparative study of human social life. This definition resists institutional pressures in the academy to distinguish social science from humanistic or cultural studies and scholarship from more worldly applications. Our most important method, ethnography, is at once scientific and humanistic; disciplinary aspirations refuse to view cultural interpreta- tion and analytic explanation as separable values. Furthermore, theory in anthropology is directly related to practice in the world whether in relation to research or more action-oriented pursuits. Consequently, the core sequences as well as most other courses for graduate students are oriented explicitly toward subverting an ideological construction of social life as separable into cultural and social (or political-economic) domains. ANTHR 600 Proseminar: Culture and Symbol Fall. 6 credits. J. Bornemann. This course focuses on an appreciation of symbolic, expressive, and representational forms and processes both as producers and products of social activities. Through the study of anthropological theory, the course will endeavor to set the stage for a dialectical understanding of social, political, economic, and symbolic activities as interrelated phenomena. The works of de Saussure, Levi-Strauss, Dumont, Geertz, Victor Turner, Sahlin, among others, as well as contemporary theories are given careful attention.

VIII. Graduate Seminars

The graduate program in anthropology is described in much greater detail in the Graduate Program brochure which is available through the Director of Graduate Studies. This document is also found on the anthropology department web page (falcon.arts.cornell.edu/anthro/). The seminars described immediately below pertain to the program in socio-cultural anthropology. For information about graduate study in archaeology and biological anthropology, see the anthropology department web page.


ANTHR 603 Research Design Fall. 4 credits. V. Santiago-Inizarry. For course description, see section VI.


ANTHR 607 Special Problems in Anthropology Fall or spring. Credit and hours TBA. Intended for graduate students only. Staff.

Independent reading course in topics not covered in regularly scheduled courses. Students select a topic in consultation with the faculty member who has agreed to supervise the course work.

ANTHR 609 Approaches to Archaeology (also ANTHR 409 and ARKEO 409/R09) Fall. 4 credits. Not offered 2000–2001.

ANTHR 610 Language and Myth Fall. 4 credits. J. Seigel. An analysis of the theories on language leading to Levi-Strauss and Derrida. Myth and the notion of "the father.


ANTHR 616 Cultural Production of the Person Spring. 4 credits. J. Faapas. The course will address the interdisciplinary nature of the relations between the person and both culture and society. Focusing on the integration of theories of the self with models of cultural forms and social interaction, the aim will be to develop an understanding of the processes and activities that simultaneously produce the cultural subject, the culture, and the society.


ANTHR 621 Sex and Gender in Cross-Cultural Perspective (also ANTHR 321 and WOMNS 321/631) Fall. 4 credits. Time TBA. Graduate section of ANTHR 321. K. March. For course description, see ANTHR 321, section VII.A.


ANTHR 635 Southeast Asia: Readings in Special Problems Fall or spring. Credit and hours TBA. Staff. Independent reading course on topics not covered in regularly scheduled courses. Students select a topic in consultation with the faculty member who has agreed to supervise the course work.


ANTHR 641 South Asia: Readings in Special Problems Fall or spring. Credit and hours TBA. Staff. Independent reading course in topics not covered in regularly scheduled courses. Students select a topic in consultation with the faculty member who has agreed to supervise the course work.
ANTHR 645 Japanese Ethnology  

ANTHR 647 Death of the Father  

ANTHR 648 Marriage and Death  

ANTHR 649 Narrative and the Analysis of Culture  
Spring. 4 credits. J. Borneman. The purpose of the course is to acquaint students with narrative form and the use of narrative techniques in the analysis of cultural artifacts. Narrative—a specific set of genres of discourse sharing the property of temporally sequenced clauses—is the subject of much research within many disciplines. Narrative is often said to fashion diverse human experiences into a form assimilable to structures of meaning that are generally human rather than culture-specific. By making personal knowledge communicable, narrative is intrinsic to the making of culture, its representation, and its comprehension. Participants will be introduced to the work of major narrative theorists and to attempts to apply narrative theory to culture. They will also be asked to examine critically a variety of cultural artifacts—including ethnography, performance art, film/video, and law—in terms of the theories discussed.

ANTHR 653 Myth Onto Film (also THETR 653)  
Spring. 4 credits. Enrollment limited by available studio space and equipment. Satisfactory knowledge of one of the following: anthropology, filmmaking, mythology, graphics, drawing, or painting is required. Open to undergraduates and graduate students with permission of instructor. Fee for film screening and maintenance, $50. R. Ascher.

In myths, whales fly, pebbles throw themselves across streams, and trees are transformed into women. Toward the end of visualizing myths—in particular the myths of other people—we explore the possibilities of animated film. The technique used is cameraman animation; that is, we draw and paint, frame by frame, directly onto movie film. The intellectual problem is to visualize the myths of other cultures so that they are comprehensible to us but are not thought to be of us. Reading includes introductory works on both myth and animation and there is background reading on the particular myth that is committed to film.

ANTHR 655 East Asia: Readings in Special Problems  
Fall or spring. Credit and hours TBD. Staff. Independent reading course in topics not covered in regularly scheduled courses. Students select a topic in consultation with the faculty member who has agreed to supervise the course work.

ANTHR 656 Maya History  

ANTHR 658 Archaeological Analysis (also ANTHR 458 and ARKEO 458/658)  

ANTHR 659 Archaeology of the Household (also ANTHR 459 and ARKEO 459/659)  
Fall. 4 credits. J. Henderson, N. Russell. For course description, see section V.

ANTHR 660 Language, Ideologies and Practices (also LSP 660)  
Spring. 4 credits. V. Santiago-Infrazra. Cultural identity and citizenship in the United States have often been organized around linguistic difference and the issues this raises in an English-dominant society. Drawing from anthropological theories on language, this course will look at the place of language as a signifying practice in the United States by focusing on the experience of Latino communities. Topics to be explored include linguistic diversity and change, accommodation and resistance, language maintenance and shift, linguistic ideologies, the production of language hierarchies, and institutional applications of language.

ANTHR 662 Democratizing Society: Participation, Action, and Research (also ANTHR 362)  
Fall. 4 credits. D. J. Greenwood. For description, see ANTHR 362, Section VI.

ANTHR 663 Action Research  
Spring. 4 credits. D. Greenwood. This seminar is a practicum in action research (AR) in which the semester becomes a self-managing learning environment for the exploration of the techniques and group processes involved in AR, including co-generative learning, and AR facilitation. Participation in a seminar-centered LISTSERV on the Internet is expected.

ANTHR 665 Topics in Native American Societies and Cultures  

ANTHR 666 Humans and Animals (also ANTHR 466 and ARKEO 466/666)  
Fall. 4 credits. N. Russell. For course description, see section VI.

ANTHR 668 Marx: An Overview of His Thought (also ANTHR 368)  
Spring. 4 credits. T. Volman. For course description, see section VI.

ANTHR 669 Gender and Age in Archaeology (also ANTHR 469 and ARKEO 469/669)  

ANTHR 670 Environmental Archaeology (also ANTHR 370 and ARKEO 370/670)  
Spring. 4 credits. T. Volman. For course description, see section IV.

ANTHR 671 Palaeoanthropology of South Asia (also BIOES 671 and ASIAN 620)  
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to 15 students. Lect. M afternoons for 1 hour; sem, W 7:30-9:30 P.M. K. Kennedy.

The course explores recent developments in the prehistoric archaeology, palaeo-ecology, and biological anthropology of the ancient peoples of India, Pakistan, Sri Lanka, and the bordering countries. Issues of origin and decline of the Indus Civilization, fossil record of early humans in the Indian subcontinent, and current research topics are discussed.

ANTHR 672 Hunters and Gatherers (also ANTHR 372)  

ANTHR 673 Human Evolution: Concepts, History, and Theory (also BIOES 673)  

ANTHR 680 Anthropology and Globalization (also ANTHR 480)  
Fall. 4 credits. A. Willford.

For course description, see section VI.

ANTHR 682 Perspectives on the Nation (also AAS 682)  

ANTHR 685 Mothers, Priests, Rebels, and Indian Chiefs: New Social Movements in Latin America  
Spring. 4 credits. B. J. Isbell. For course description, see section VIIa.

ANTHR 690 Ritual and Myth: Structure, Process, Practice  

ANTHR 691 Filming Other Cultures (also ANTHR 291 and THETR 291/691)  
Spring. 4 credits. Fee for film screening and maintenance, $35. For description, see ANTHR 291 and THETR 291. Graduate students who register in this course attend the meetings of 291. In addition, they write in-depth studies of one or more films in consultation with the instructor.

ANTHR 699 Current Fields in Biological Anthropology  

ARABIC AND ARAMAIC  
See under Department of Near Eastern Studies.

ARCHAEOLOGY  
See under Special Programs and Interdisciplinary Studies.

ASIAN AMERICAN STUDIES  
See under Special Programs and Interdisciplinary Studies.

ASIAN STUDIES  

The Department of Asian Studies encompasses the geographical areas of East Asia, South Asia, and Southeast Asia and offers courses in most of the disciplines of the social sciences and the humanities. Asian studies courses through the 400 level (ASIAN is the prefix) are
taught in English and are open to all students in the university. Some of these courses may be counted toward majors in other departments; others fulfill the humanities distribution requirement. Courses listed under Asian Studies offered through other departments may fulfill distribution requirements in history, social sciences, and arts.

The Major
A student majoring in Asian studies normally specializes in the language and culture of one country and often chooses an additional major in a traditional discipline.

 Majors complete two courses at the 200 level (a minimum of six credits with a grade of C or better) in one of the Asian languages offered at Cornell. The major consists of at least 30 additional credits (which may include up to six credits of further language study) selected by the student in consultation with his or her adviser from among the courses listed under the Department of Asian Studies and numbered 250 and above.

The applicant for admission to the major in Asian studies must have completed at least one area studies course selected from among those listed under the Department of Asian Studies and must receive permission for admission to the major from the director of undergraduate studies. The student must have received a minimum grade of C in this course and in all other courses counted toward the major.

Honors
To be eligible for honors in Asian studies, a student must have a cumulative grade average of A- in all Asian studies area courses, exclusive of language study only, and must successfully complete an honors essay during the senior year. Students who wish to be considered for honors should apply to the director of undergraduate studies during the second term of their junior year. The application must include an outline of the proposed project and the endorsement of an appropriate Asian studies faculty. During the first term of the senior year the student does research for the essay in conjunction with an appropriate Asian studies course or Asian Studies 401. By the end of the first term the student must present a detailed outline of the honors essay or other appropriately written work and have it approved by the project supervisor and the director of undergraduate studies. The student is then eligible for Asian Studies 402, the honors course, which entails writing the essay. At the end of the senior year, the student has an oral examination (with at least two faculty members) covering both the honors essay and the student's area of concentration.

Concentration in East Asia Studies
A candidate for the Bachelor of Arts or Science degree at Cornell may take a concentration in East Asian studies by completing at least 18 credits of course work. A recommended plan would include Asian Studies 208 and four courses at the intermediate or advanced stage, two of which could be Asian language courses.

Students taking a concentration in East Asian studies are members of the East Asia Program and will have an adviser from the program faculty. (This adviser will be for the student's concentration and is not a substitute for a student's academic adviser in his or her major.)

Concentration in Southeast Asia Studies
A candidate for the Bachelor of Arts or Science degree at Cornell may take a concentration in Southeast Asian studies by completing 18 credits of course work. A recommended plan would include Asian Studies 208 and four courses at the intermediate or advanced stage, two of which could be Southeast Asian language courses.

Students taking a concentration in Southeast Asian studies are members of the Southeast Asia Program and are assigned an adviser from the program faculty. Such students are encouraged to commence work on a Southeast Asian language either at the 10-week intensive courses offered by the Southeast Asia Studies Summer Institute (SEASSI) or by studying for one semester at IKIP Malang, Indonesia; Khon Kaen University, Thailand; or Hanoi University, Vietnam; fellowships are available for undergraduates through the Cornell Abroad Program.

Intensive Language Program (FALCON)
The FALCON Program offers intensive instruction in Japanese or Chinese. The program is still the only one in the world offering a full year of intensive instruction, except perhaps for the exclusive language schools of some government agencies. Students must formally apply to the program, but the application process is simple and admissions are open to all students. (Applications available for FALCON from the secretary, room 416 Morrill Hall, or visit the site dml.comell.edu/FALCON/ and apply online.) Students may take the entire sequence of 160, 161, 162, or any other portion of the program if they have the necessary background (to be determined by FALCON placement test). The courses are full-time intensive language study; the degree of intensity required does not allow students to enroll simultaneously in other courses or to work, except perhaps on weekends.

Study Abroad
Cornell is a member of the Inter-University Center for Chinese Language Study in Taipei and a member of the Council on International Educational Exchange offering study in China at Peking University and Nanjing University. These centers offer intensive training in both spoken and written forms of the languages. The Kyoto Center for Japanese Studies (KCJS) is an undergraduate program for students who want to spend one or two semesters in Japan studying both language and culture.

Cornell is a class-A member of the American Institute of Indian Studies, which offers fellowships in India for intensive language study in Hindi, Bengali, and Tamil.

Cornell and the central campus of the Nepalese national university—Tribhuvan—at Kirtipur, Kathmandu, cosponsor an academic semester or year in Nepal.

Other opportunities include a junior year abroad at IKIP-Malang, in Indonesia, or at the School of Oriental and African Studies, University of London. Many other options for study in Asia exist, including in Indonesia, Thailand, and Vietnam through the Council for International Educational Exchange. Undergraduates should consult Cornell Abroad; graduate students should inquire at the East Asia Program, the Southeast Asia Program, or the Southeast Asia Program offices.

First-Year Writing Seminars
See Freshman seminar booklet for course times and descriptions.

ASIAN 100 Half the Sky: Women in Modern China (also WOMNS 100)
Fall. 3 credits. H. Lee.

ASIAN 111 Asian Theater
Fall and spring. 3 credits. J. Young and K. Brazzel.

ASIAN 115 People and their Environment in China
Fall. 3 credits. R. McNeal

General Education Courses

ASIAN 191 Introduction to Modern Asian History (also HIST 191)
Fall. 4 credits. F. cheeses.
SEE HIST 191 for description.

ASIAN 203 Introduction to Comparative Literature (also COM L 203)
Fall. 4 credits. Team.
See ComL 203 for description.

ASIAN 204 Global Fictions (also COM L 204)
Spring. 4 credits. N. Melas.
See ComL 204 for description.

ASIAN 206 The Occidental Tourist: Travel Writing and Orientalism in Southeast Asia (also HIST 207)
Spring. 4 credits. T. Loechel.
See HIST 206 for description.

ASIAN 208 Introduction to Southeast Asia
Spring. 3 credits. T. Chaloemtiarana.
This course is for anyone curious about the most diverse part of Asia; it defines Southeast Asia both as the nation-states that have...
emerged since 1945 (Burma, Cambodia, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Philippines, Singapore, Thailand, and Viet Nam) and as a larger cultural world extending from southern China to Madagascar and Polynesia. Students will find a serious, organized introduction to a variety of disciplinary and topical approaches to this region, including geography, linguistics, history, religion and ideology, anthropology, marriage and family systems, music, literacy and literature, art and architecture, agriculture, industrialization and urbanization, politics and government, warfare and diplomacy, ecological and human degradation, and business and marketing. The course aims to teach both basic information and different ways of interpreting that information.

ASIAN 211 Introduction to Japan: Japanese Texts in History © # Fall. 3 credits. N. Sakai.

An interdisciplinary introduction to Japanese Studies especially designed for nonmajors. The course takes up a diverse series of cultural artifacts and demonstrates how, against the background of simultaneous and successive waves of politics on the Japanese archipelago, the meanings and readings generated by these artifacts have changed dramatically over time. We will consider verbal and visual, fictional and historical, canonical and non-canonical texts, including the eighth century Kojiki, the courtly Tale of Genji, eighteenth century puppet theater, modern Ainu autobiography, and films and comic books dealing with themes of nuclear warfare and apocalypse.

ASIAN 212 Introduction to China © Spring. 3 credits (4 credits with a special project; consult instructor for information). E. Gunn.

An interdisciplinary introduction to Chinese culture especially designed for students not majoring in Asian Studies.

ASIAN 215 Introduction to South Asian Civilization © Fall. 3 credits: D. Gold.

An interdisciplinary introduction to the culture and history shared by India and other states of South Asia. Designed for students not majoring in Asian Studies. Guest lecturers will provide the perspective of their disciplines to the general course; cultural diversity and the role of tradition in contemporary life.

ASIAN 218 Introduction to Korea (also HIST 218 and GOVT 218) © Spring. 3 credits. C. Kim.

An interdisciplinary introduction to Korean history including geography, ethnography, language, literature, philosophy, religion, political economy, government, music, and art (sculpture, architecture, and painting), with an overview of Korean history from the Three Kingdoms Period to the present, focusing on the March 1, 1919 Independence Movement, the Korean War, the 1960 Student Revolution, the 1980 Kwangju Massacre, and other events.

Asia—Literature and Religion Courses

The following courses are taught entirely in English and are open to any Cornell student.

ASIAN 250 Introduction to Asian Religions (also RELST 250) © # Spring. 3 credits. D. Boucher.

This course will explore a range of religious traditions in South Asia (Pakistan, India, and Sri Lanka) and East Asia (China and Japan) including Hinduism, Buddhism (South and East Asian), Confucianism, Daoism, and Shinto. We will concentrate on these religions in traditional times in order to understand better the historical foundations that have influenced much of what these cultures are today. We will attempt to integrate collectively into the nature of religious impulses among peoples who are in some fundamental ways both very much like us and very much different from us. The course format will include lectures and discussion sections.


This course probes the truths behind traditional claims of the priority of internal practice in Indian traditions. We will examine both practices themselves—techniques of meditation and contemplation, religious ways of using intellect, forms of chait and ritual—and the dynamics through which these have left a wider mark on South Asian civilization. These dynamic processes include not only the evanescent and reverberations of practice in philosophical reflection and socioreligious institutions, but also wide-ranging processes of stylization, elaboration, and popularization found throughout South Asian culture. In order to get a sense of the experiences treated in classical religious texts, students will be expected to experiment with some basic meditation practices. At least as important for the work of the course (and much more important for the grade) will be the ways in which students situate these practices within larger South Asian world views as suggested by doctrines, rituals, iconic forms, and literary texts. To keep the interaction between internal practice and broader world views central, we will examine both Hindu and Buddhist sources, consistently examining the ways in which similar practices are given distinct shapes by the two religious traditions.


This course will survey events in Vietnam, the United States, and elsewhere related to the U.S. policy of intervention in Vietnam between 1954 and 1975. Readings will include historical narratives, memoirs, and literature. The courses will evaluate the standard winner (Hanoi) and loser (U.S.) narratives and how they have silenced southern Vietnamese voices.

[ASIAN 299 Buddhism (also RELST 299) © # Fall. 4 credits. D. Boucher.

This course will explore the Buddhist tradition from its origins in ancient India to its migrations throughout Asia and eventually to the West. The first half of the course will deal with Indian Buddhism: the Buddha, the principal teachings and practices of his early followers, and new developments in spiritual orientation. We will then turn to the transmission of Buddhism to Central and East Asia, including China, Japan, and Tibet, concentrating on those traditions in traditional times. From there we will look at the southern migration to Sri Lanka and Southeast Asia and conclude with an examination of Buddhism in America.


This course is an introduction to classical Chinese literature. A variety of forms and genres, such as poetry, fiction, essays, and historical writings, are chosen and arranged in chronological order as well as by general topics and issues, so as to present an overview of how the Chinese literary tradition evolves and to show the interplay of Chinese literature, culture, and history.

ASIAN 301 Schools of Thought-Ancient China Spring. 4 credits. R. McNeal.

This course introduces students to the most important of China’s early moral and political philosophers, such as Confucius, Laozi, and Sunzi, through readings in translation. We will address the traditional conception of six schools of thought in ancient China as reflected in classical and modern historiography and examine newly discovered texts with an eye toward clarifying the relationships among early schools and their representatives.


A survey of the literature of the Post-Liberation period (1945–present), with an emphasis on the development of modern Korean poetry and its relation to the intellectual history of this time. Students will read major poetic texts of each period in English translation as well as writings on cultural movements and major arguments in intellectual history.

ASIAN 314 Europe & Its Others (also COM L 304) © Fall. 4 credits. D. Gold.

This course addresses the complexity of religion in Japanese history through a focus on the dominant iconography of Japanese religious practice and thought—that system commonly referred to as Shinto. In this course, we are interested in understanding the
general methodological issues surrounding tradition formation, continuity, change, and revision. The Shinto case reveals the complexity of a given religious system which simultaneously serves as both a cultural ideology and a path for individual spiritual cultivation. A study of Shinto allows us to develop the intellectual frameworks for understanding the dynamics of religious traditions in societies. We will explore the Shinto tradition by looking at (1) the means by which a central corpus of values, tastes, traditions in societies. We will explore the understanding the dynamics of religious development the intellectual frameworks for revision. The Shinto case reveals the complex­ system from the perspective of those (2) the academic sources for the study of this religious system from the perspective of those who are actively shaping its discourse; (4) the view of this religious system from the perspective of those peripheralized by its ideologies; (5) the issue of personal cultivation and aesthetic taste in the tradition; and (6) the relationship between this religious system and imperialism, war, and historical revisionism.

ASIAN 357 Chinese Religions (also RELST 357) @ #
Spring. 4 credits. D. Boucher.
This course will present a broad survey of Chinese religions from the earliest historic records through the late imperial and modern periods, from highbrow philosophical movements to local deity cults. Our survey will focus intensively on the great traditions of Confucianism, Taoism, and Buddhism as well as the lesser known practices that often fall through the cracks. Our goal in part will be to trace patterns of continuity among competing and sometimes acrimonious voices.

ASIAN 358 Chinese Buddhism (also RELST 357) @ #
Fall. 4 credits. D. Boucher.
Buddhism was a mature tradition when it came to China, a society of great sophistica­ tion and antiquity, and in their remarkable religious and cultural encounter both Buddhism and China were transformed. We will consider its introduction and acceptance, the social impact of its monastic system and moral ideals, the literary and artistic contributions of its scriptures and sculpture, the efflorescence of its doctrine and various schools, and its role in Chinese history.

ASIAN 359 Japanese Buddhism: Texts in Context (also RELST 359) @ #
Spring. 4 credits. J. M. Law.
This course explores a number of major dynamics in Japanese Buddhism within the context of the larger Japanese religious ethos. We will focus on the following: (1) strategies used in the introduction and spread of Buddhism in Japan, and systems of accommo­ dation, with special attention to the Lotus Sutra; (2) the formulation of Buddhist doctrine and practice of four major figures in Japanese Buddhism: Saicho, Kakui, Nichiren, and Dogen; and (3) understandings of Buddhist practice expressed in the "new" religion, with Keiyou as our case. Readings are in English, with optional readings in Japanese for graduate students.

[ASIAN 360 Buddhist and Confucian Cultures of Asia @ #]
Confucius and Buddha were contemporaries 2,500 years ago. Teachings attributed to them spread over large parts of Asia and were used to formulate expressions of cultural authority in many times and places. This course surveys historical, philosophical, and literary themes in Buddhist and Confucian studies, such as Theravada and Mahayana, Pure Land, Zen, and other forms of Buddhist thought and practice; including interaction with and adaption to local religions, Confucius and Mencius. Han eclectic Confucianism, Song Chu Hsi Confucianism, and dissenting or variant forms of Confucian thought. This course explores and compares specific examples of these themes in Japan, Korea, China, Vietnam, Thailand, and Burma. This course is intended for Asian studies majors and other interested students. Premodern focus.

[ASIAN 373 Twentieth-Century Chinese Literature @]
A survey of the principal works in English translation, the course introduces fiction, drama, essays, and poetry of China beginning with the Republican era and continuing up to the present in the People's Republic and Taiwan, with attention to social and political issues and literary theory.

[ASIAN 374 Chinese Narrative Literature (also COM L 376) @ #]
Selected works in classical Chinese fiction are read in translation. Major novels, such as The Dream of the Red Chamber and Water Margin, are emphasized.

[ASIAN 376 Modern Japanese Literature: From Meiji through the Pacific War (also COM L 369) @ #]
We will read Japanese works of fiction, poetry, and critical theory written from the Meiji Restoration into the Showa Period. The course will take up such issues as modernization and the narrative of discovery, imperial­ ism and the novel, the politics of visibility, gender and representation, and Japanese colonialism. We will consider how writings of critics like Karatani, Fujii, and Layoun have complicated modemizationist schemas of literary development. We will also attempt to explore what Nagahara Yutaka has called the "phenomenology of discrimination" in relation to Japanese literary texts, pursuing contradictions between egalitarianism and discrimination in the thought of Meiji Enlighten­ ment thought. Reading of non-Japanese (other Asian, as well as African, American, and European) texts raising pertinent theoretical perspectives will be integrated into the course work.

[ASIAN 377 Japanese Tales of Love, War, and the Supernatural @ #]
The romantic adventures of the Shining Prince Genji, the battles of twelfth-century samurai clans, the ghosts and demons of folklore, and the adventures of Saikaku's men and women who "loved love" are still very much alive in modern Japanese mass culture—in films, comic books, commercials, TV programs, and video games. This course will survey the original tales (in English translation) to introduce students to this rich array of literature. We will explore some of the changes in the representations of sex and gender, death and dying, and supernatural forces that occurred between the ninth and the nineteenth centuries.

ASIAN 383 Introduction to the Arts of China (also ART H 380 and ARKEO 380) @ #
Fall. 4 credits. A. Pan.
See ART H 380 for description.

[ASIAN 384 Representation and Meaning in Chinese Painting (also ART H 385)]
See ART H 385 for description.

[ASIAN 388 Theorizing Gender & Race in Asian Histories & Literatures @]
In recent years some studies have been published about the questions of gender and race in the fields related to East Asia. Yet, compared with the accumulated factual knowledge about these topics, little attention has been paid to how to conceptualize gender and race, how to analyze the mutual implications of sexism and racism, and how to understand the relationships of those topics to the broader contexts of colonialisms, imperialisms, and nationalisms. This course is designed to offer a series of discussions about the following problems: (1) the historically specific modes of sexism and racism in social spaces which are related to Japan and other areas in East Asia; (2) the mutual implication of sexism and racism in various contexts including those of colonialism, imperialism, and nationalism; (3) the roles of gender and race in the production of knowledge about Japan and East Asia in general; and (4) the conceptions of gender and race in the social formations particular to East Asia. The assigned readings include both English and Japanese materials. Those who register in AS 388, however, are exempt from reading the Japanese materials.

*Students are allowed to take this course either as AS 388 or as AS 688, although those who have studied Japanese for more than four years are strongly encouraged to register in AS 688. Those who register in AS 688 have to spend additional time in class in order to deal with texts in Japanese.

[ASIAN 390 The Sanskrit Epics @ #]
Readings in translation from the two Sanskrit epics, the Mahabharata and the Ramayana, supported by a study of the reception of the epics in later Indian narrative literature. Attention will also be given to comparative theories of the epic in ancient Indo-European languages.

ASIAN 394 The House and the World: Architecture of Asia (also ART H 394) @ #
Spring. 4 credits. K. McGowan.
See ART H 395 for description.

ASIAN 395 Classical Indian Philosophical Systems (also CLASS 395 and RELST 395) @ #
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: some background in philosophy or in classical culture. C. Minkowski.
A survey of the traditions of philosophical inquiry in ancient India, especially Nyaya, Sankhya, Mimamsa, and Vedanta. Topics will include the origins in and relationships to the Vedanta, the formulations of distinct positions on such subjects as perception, language, identity, karma, and liberation; the dialogue with Buddhist, Jains, skeptics, materialists, and cynics, and new theistic models, particularly among the Saiva philosophers in Kashmir.

ASIAN 396 Southeast Asian History from the Eighteenth Century (also HIST 396)
Spring. 4 credits. T. Loos. See HIST 396 for description.

ASIAN 400 Tibetan Buddhism (also RELST 400) #
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: at least 1 course on Buddhism or Asian religions, or the permission of the instructor. Class size is limited to 15. J. M. Law.
This course is an exploration of the development of the Vajrayana tradition through a focus on the figures behind it, and writings by central figures in, what is known in the west as Tibetan Buddhism. Following an overview of the historical development of this tradition, we will explore the contributions made by seven mythico-historical semi-real thinkers in the tradition including Atisa, Naropa, Marpa, Milarepa, and Tsongkapa, and explore how their life works reflect the process of adapting Buddhism to the Tibetan context. (We will also include myths and stories about the mythical founder Padmasambhava.) Readings will include primary source religious works written by or attributed to these figures, hagiographical accounts of their lives (their "biographies" and "autobiographies" and tributes to them by their disciples), and treatises and commentaries on their works which are influential in the formulation of the various schools of Tibetan Buddhism. In the final segment of the course, we will explore the implications of exile for Tibetan Buddhism, and will read several popular works by the Ven. Tenzin Gyatso (the fourteenth Dalai Lama), to show the dramatic changes made in the tradition as it reformulated itself in a new global context. Through out the course, we will be directing our attention to dynamics of tradition formulation, articulation, and reformulation as it changes throughout Tibetan history. In addition to two short writing assignments and a final research project, we will also take field trips to two regional Tibetan monasteries.

ASIAN 405 Global Tokyo (also S HUM 404)
Fall. 4 credits. T. Bestor. See S HUM 404 for description.

[ASIAN 406 Contemporary Literary Criticism in Korea
A survey of literary criticism and theory from the liberation in 1945 to the 1990s, including the influence of the discipline of deconstruction, postcolonialism, poststructuralism, postmodernism, cultural studies, feminism, and new historicism.

ASIAN 407 Religion and Human Rights (also RELST 407)
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: Permission of instructor. Limited to 15 students. J. M. Law.
This course, open to advanced students with a strong background in either religious studies, human rights work, or international law pertaining to human rights, is an exploration of the various ways that the sub-disciplines within religious studies (hermeneutics, critical ideological studies, the sociology of religion, etc.) can shed light on our understanding of human rights issues. In particular, the course will focus on four intersections of religion and human rights: religious traditions as ideologies of oppression used to legitimize major human rights violations; religious traditions identification as the primary "subject relationships" causing certain people to be targeted for persecution; religious traditions and doctrine as the motivation for certain human rights workers to campaign as advocates for victims; and the role of religious discourse in attempts at reconciliation after major human rights violations have occurred. Through specific cases (mostly Asian), students will explore the methodological issues that each of these intersections raises. The focus of the course will be on close readings of primary source documents (some in translation by necessity), context studies of historical and social events surrounding major violations of human rights, and preparation of public response papers for each of the cases studied. In addition to weekly writing assignments prepared as part of a portfolio of written work, students will also prepare one group presentation for the class. This course is being offered in conjunction with the Writing in the Majors Program.

ASIAN 410 Chinese Performing Arts # Fall. 4 credits. E. Gunn.
The course will survey drama, music theater, and film in twentieth-century China. Some material will require knowledge of Chinese.

[ASIAN 411 History of the Japanese Language (also LING 411)
See LING 411 for description.

[ASIAN 412 Linguistic Structure of Japanese (also LING 404)
See LING 404 for description.

[ASIAN 415 Virtual Orientalisms (also S HUM 415 and COM L 418) #
By reading successive examples of Mahayana Buddhist literature, we will study the formation and evolution of the ideal of the bodhisattva, the understanding of transcendental wisdom and the concept of emptiness, and the workings of both the conscious and subconscious mind in the course of spiritual practice. We will also include discussion of major philosophical schools, as well as issues of social setting and popular religious practice, in both India and East Asia.

[ASIAN 449 History and Methods of the Academic Study of Religion (also RELST 449)
Spring. 4 credits. D. Boucher.
By reading successive examples of Mahayana Buddhist literature, we will study the formation and evolution of the ideal of the bodhisattva, the understanding of transcendental wisdom and the concept of emptiness, and the workings of both the conscious and subconscious mind in the course of spiritual practice. We will also include discussion of major philosophical schools, as well as issues of social setting and popular religious practice, in both India and East Asia.
in Europe in the mid-nineteenth century as a self-consciousness and an academic approach to the study of religious texts and phenomena. We explore the ways this discipline interacted with existing disciplines in the academy, giving special attention to the growing fields of sociology and anthropology. We look at a number of assumptions inherent in this intellectual movement and focus on (1) the conception of the sacred, (2) the idea of rationality, and (3) the "discovery" and construction of non-Western religious traditions. This course and segment surveys major approaches to the academic study of religion currently used today: anthropology, hermeneutics, history, history of religions, literary studies, phenomenology, sociology, and theology. For each of these cases, we will be studying how these angles on religious data both build on the nineteenth-century assumptions of Religiouswissenschaft, and address twentieth-century religion.

### ASIAN 460 Indian Meditation Texts (also RELST 460) @
- **Fall. 4 credits. Not offered 2000-2001. D. Gold.**
- Because texts that record visionary experience prescribe the practice of contemplation, and present enigmatic utterances are highly valued in Indian tradition, they need to be taken seriously by Indian and world civilizations. Yet the special problems of interpretation that they present have often caused meditation texts to be passed over in embarrassed, sometimes reverent silence. In this course we will draw on approaches from literary criticism, anthropology, and religious studies to explore a number of the problems to which these texts give rise: in what ways are the apparent differences in experience presented in meditation texts shaped by different cosmologies and ritual practice? Do different literary genres have particular religious implications? What are the relations between convention and experience in the creation of the texts? Readings will be drawn from the Upanishads and Tantra, devotional verse in the vernaculars, and the classical meditation manuals of Hinduism and Buddhism. Some attention may be given to Indian Sufi materials. No knowledge of Indian languages is required.

### ASIAN 463 Readings in Hindi and Urdu Literature
- Selected topics in Hindi and Urdu literature, with readings in the original; discussions in Hindi-Urdu and English. May be repeated for additional credit with consent of instructor.

### ASIAN 470 The Japanese Noh Theater and Modern Dramatists (also COM L 470 and THETR 470) @
- **Fall. 4 credits. Alternates with ASIAN 471. Not offered 2000-2001. K. Brazell.**
- Several weeks will be spent studying the literary, performance, and aesthetic aspects of the noh theater. Emphasis will be on noh as a performance system, a total theater in which music, dance, text, costume, and props all interact to create the total effect. Then attention will turn to modern theater people who have reacted to noh in some creative way. Choice of dramatists will depend partly on student interests but will probably include Yeats, Eliot, Beckett, Claudel, Groteskis, Mishima. All readings may be done in English translation.

### ASIAN 471 Japanese Theatre (also THETR 471)
- **Fall. 4 credits. Alternates with ASIAN 470. K. Brazell.**
- A study of traditional forms of Japanese theatre. Topics will include ritual and theatre, noh and kyogen, kabuki, and the puppet theatre, and the contemporary theatrical use of the traditional forms. Special emphasis will be placed on dramaturgy, acting styles, performance aesthetics, and theories of performer training.

### ASIAN 479 Art of the T’ang Dynasty (also ART H 481)
- **Spring. 4 credits. A. Pan. See ART H 481 for description.**

### ASIAN 481 Translation and Identities @
- **Spring. 4 credits. N. Sakai.**
- Translation establishes a division of two spheres and thereby marks the limit of what can be expressed in one medium. Broadly understood, translation can take place not only between two national languages but also at a variety of boundaries within a putatively single society. The seminar will investigate different economics of translation by which different social and cultural identities are constructed, and the disappearance of multi-lingualism in modern nation-state and the mutation of translation economics which gave rise to new ways of imagining the organism unity of the society in eighteenth-century and twentieth-century Japan. Seminar readings will be translations of pre-modern Japanese and Chinese writings, and modern European and Japanese philosophical articles (in English).

### ASIAN 482 Seminar: Gender Adjudicated (also HIST 480)
- **Fall. 4 credits. T. Loos. See HIST 480 for description.**

### ASIAN 483 Internationalism, Nationalism, and Modern Japanese Discursive Space @
- **Spring. 3 credits. N. Sakai.**
- The late nineteenth century marks an important transitional period, nation-states formed in Britain, France, Japan, Germany, the United States, and elsewhere sought to become imperial powers and "internationalism" virtually collapsed. Focusing on Japanese examples, but not excluding other cases, we will study the discursive spaces of modern national subjectivity with a view to the problems of ethnicity, imperialism, colonialism, sex, violence, historical memory, post-coloniality and academic knowledge. A major critical paper will be required.

### ASIAN 490 Tales of the Heike (also History 490) @

### ASIAN 491 Art and Collecting: East & West (also ART H 490)
- **Spring. 4 credits. K. McGowan. See ART H 490 for description.**

### ASIAN 496 Tokugawa Literature and Thought @
- **Spring. 4 credits. Not offered 2000-2001. N. Sakai.**
- An introduction (in English translation) to literary, theatrical, and intellectual works of the Tokugawa period (1600-1868). We will examine the characteristics of early Tokugawa literary and theatrical works and see how different they are from the literary works of the later Tokugawa period. We will also read the philosophical and critical works on the classics by writers such as Oggy Sorai and Motoori Norinaga to understand the ways contemporary Japanese intellectuals understood cultural activities and literature during the Tokugawa period.

### ASIAN 560 Problems in Asian Art: Water & Politics in Southeast Asia (also ART H 580)

### ASIAN 601 Southeast Asia Seminar: Indonesia (also GOVT 652)
- **Fall. 3-4 credits. Not offered 2000-2001. J. Siegel.**
- The course will serve as an introduction to Indonesia, considered in several dimensions: nationalist Indonesia, ethnic Indonesia, the recent history of nationalism and the politics of the present, minority problems, etc. No knowledge of Indonesian is required.

### ASIAN 602 Southeast Asia Seminar: Thailand
- **Spring. 4 credits. K. Kesboonchoo-Mead.**

### ASIAN 603 Southeast Asia Topical Seminar: Sociology of Natural Resources & Development (also R SOC 607)
- **Fall. 3 credits. Not offered 2000-2001. P. Gilbert.**
- Building on theories in the sociology of development, this seminar will examine the role of natural resource extraction, processing, and exports to global markets in the development trajectories of nations in Asia, Africa, and Latin America. This course engages students in both theoretical debates and practical implications of resource access, control, and conflict amongst various social stakeholders. Detailed historical cases will be examined primarily from Southeast Asia (Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines).)

### ASIAN 604 Southeast Asia Topical Seminar
- **Spring. 3-4 credits. Not offered 2000-2001. Staff.**

### ASIAN 605-606 Master of Arts Seminar in Asian Studies
- 605, fall; 606, spring. 2-4 credits. Staff.

### ASIAN 607-608 The Plural Society Revisited (also GOVT 653)
- 607, fall; 608, spring. 4 credits. 607 may be taken independently for credit. 607 is a prerequisite for 608. B. Anderson. See GOVT 653 for description.

### ASIAN 609 Modern Japanese Studies: The Formation of the Field in History and Literature (also HIST 609)
- **Spring. 4 credits. Not offered 2000-2001. N. Sakai, J. V. Koschmann, B. de Bary. See HIST 609 for description.**

### ASIAN 610 SLA and the Asian Languages (also LING 609)
- **Fall. 4 credits. Not offered 2000-2001. Y. Shirai. See LING 609 for description.**
ASIAN 612 Japanese Bibliography and Methodology
Fall. 1 credit. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Required of honors students and M.A. candidates. F. Koiz.

ASIAN 613 Southeast Asian Bibliography and Methodology
Fall. 1 credit. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. A. Riedy.
This course is designed to instruct students in methods of identifying and locating resources for the study of Southeast Asia. Emphasis will be on the practical aspects of using various types of bibliographic tools to identify both primary and secondary sources in Southeast Asian and Western languages. Electronic databases and online services as well as traditional printed resources will be covered. Relevant arcsana of library science will be explained as necessary. Required of honors students and Master of Arts candidates. No foreign language competence is required but a reading knowledge of at least one Southeast Asian language or other Asian language (especially Chinese or Japanese) and a major European language (especially French, Spanish, or Dutch) is highly desirable.

ASIAN 620 Paleanthropology of South Asia (also BIODES 671 and ANTHRR 671)
Fall. 3 credits. K. Kennedy. See BIODES 671 for description.

[ASIAN 623-624 Topics in South Asia 623, fall; 624, spring. 1 credit. Not offered 2000–2001. Staff]
A series designed to introduce as well as enhance and build on students' knowledge of various topics of importance to South Asia (Bangladesh, India, Nepal, Pakistan, and Sri Lanka). Weekly lectures will survey contemporary themes in South Asian scholarship where visiting scholars and members of the Cornell community will discuss a multidisciplinary range of issues. These may include science and nation building, ritual power and resistance, tribal communities and the environment; industrial and agrarian relations; gender and the media; and economic liberalization. A short essay will be required at the end of the course.

A survey of texts and secondary literature about Vietnamese speakers from the Hong Duc era (end of the fifteenth century) to the founding of the Nguyen dynasty (beginning of the nineteenth century). Required work will include class presentations, short essays, and a seminar paper representing new research.

ASIAN 676 Reading Seminar: Thai Political Novel
Fall or spring. 3–4 credits. T. Chaloemtiarana.

In recent years some studies have been published about the questions of gender and race in the fields related to East Asia. Yet, compared with the accumulated factual knowledge about these topics, little attention has been paid to how to conceptualize gender and race, how to analyze the mutual implication of sexism and racism, and how to understand the relationships of these topics to the broader contexts of colonialisms, imperialisms, and nationalisms. This course is designed to offer a series of discussions about the following problems: (1) the historically specific modes of sexism and racism in social spaces which are related to Japan and other areas in East Asia; (2) the mutual implication of sexism and racism in various contexts including those of colonialism, imperialism, and nationalism; (3) the roles of gender and race in the production of knowledge about Japan and East Asia in general; and (4) the conceptions of gender and race in the social formations particular to East Asia. The assigned readings include both English and Japanese materials. However, those who register in AS 688 are exempt from reading the Japanese materials. *Students are allowed to take this course either as AS 688 or as AS 698, although those who have studied Japanese for more than four years are strongly encouraged to register in AS 688. Those who register in AS 688 have to spend additional time in class in order to deal with texts in Japanese.

ASIAN 701–702 Seminar in East Asian Literature
701, fall; 702, spring. 1–4 credits. Staff.

ASIAN 703–704 Directed Research
703, fall or spring; 704, fall or spring. 1–4 credits. Staff.

ASIAN 899 Master's Thesis Research
Fall, spring. 2–4 credits. Staff.

ASIAN 999 Doctoral Dissertation Research
Fall, spring. 2–4 credits. Staff.

Hons Courses

ASIAN 401 Asian Studies Honors Course
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Intended for seniors who have been admitted to the honors program. Staff. Supervised reading and research on the problem selected for honors work.

ASIAN 402 Asian Studies Honors: Senior Essay
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: admission to the honors program. Staff. The student, under faculty direction, prepares an honors essay.

ASIAN 403–404 Asian Studies Supervised Reading
Fall, spring, or both. 3–4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Open to majors and other qualified students. Intensive reading under the direction of a member of the staff.

Bengali

BENGALI 121–122 Elementary Bengali
121, fall; 122, spring. 3 credits each term. Prerequisite: for Bengali 122, Bengali 121 or examination. D. Susan.
The emphasis is on basic grammar, speaking, and comprehension skills; Bengali script will also be introduced.

BENGALI 201–202 Intermediate Bengali
201, fall; 202, spring. 3 credits each term. Prerequisites: for Bengali 201, Bengali 122 or examination; for Bengali 202, Bengali 201 or examination. D. Susan.
Continuing instruction in grammar with attention to speaking and reading skills.

BENGALI 203–204 Intermediate Bengali Composition and Conversation
203, fall; 204, spring. 3 credits each term. Prerequisites: for Bengali 203, Bengali 122 or examination; for Bengali 204, Bengali 203 or examination. D. Susan.
Continuing instruction in grammar with attention to writing skills.

BENGALI 300 Directed Studies
Fall or spring. 1–4 credits variable. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. D. Sudan.
Taught on a specialized basis to address particular student needs. Times will be arranged with instructor.

BENGALI 303–304 Bengali Literature I, II
303, fall; 304, spring. 4 credits each term. Prerequisites: Bengali 203–204 or equivalent. D. Sudan.
An introduction to noted Bengali writers. Selections of works by Rabindranath Tagore and Abanindranath Tagore and short stories by Bonophul will be covered. The course will be devoted to reading these works and developing literary criticism and creative writing in Bengali.

Burmese

NOTE: Contact S. Tun in Morrill Hall 405 before classes begin for placement or other testing and organizational information.

BURM 103–104 Burmese Conversation Practice
103, fall; 104, spring. 2 credits each term. Prerequisites: for Burmese 104, Burmese 103 and Burmese 121. May not be taken alone. Must be taken simultaneously. Burmese 121–122. Satisfactory completion of Burmese 104/122 fulfills the qualification portion of the language requirement. D. Sudan.

Additional drills, practice, and extension of materials covered in Burmese 121 and 122. These courses are designed to be attended simultaneously with Burmese 121–122 respectively, allowing students to obtain qualification within a year.

BURM 121–122 Elementary Burmese
121, fall; 122, spring. 4 credits each term. Prerequisite: for Burmese 122, Burmese 121. May be taken alone or simultaneously with Burmese 103–104. Satisfactory completion of Burmese 104/122 fulfills the qualification portion of the language requirement. D. Sudan.
A thorough grounding is given in all language skills: listening, speaking, reading, and writing.

BURM 123 Continuing Burmese
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Burmese 122. Satisfactory completion of Burmese 123 fulfills the qualification portion of the language requirement. D. Sudan.
Continuing instruction in conversational and reading skills, to prepare students for 200-level courses.
Burmese

BURM 201-202 Intermediate Burmese Reading
201, fall or spring; 202, fall or spring. 3 credits each term. Prerequisites: Burmese 201, Burmese 123; for Burmese 202, Burmese 201. S. Tun.

Continuing instruction in Burmese, with emphasis on consolidating and extending conversational skills, and on extending reading ability.

BURM 300 Directed Studies
Fall or spring. 1-4 credits variable. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. S. Tun.

Taught on a specialized basis to address particular student needs. Times will be arranged with instructor.

BURM 301-302 Advanced Burmese @
301, fall or spring, 302, fall or spring. 3 credits each term. Prerequisites: for Burmese 301, Burmese 202 or permission of instructor; for Burmese 302, Burmese 301. S. Tun.

Continuing instruction on conversational and literary skills, but with special emphasis on reading. Students encounter various genres and styles of written Burmese. Readings will include articles on current events, and either several short stories or a novel. Focus is on developing reading skills, particularly on vocabulary development, consolidating and expanding grammar, and appreciating stylistic and cultural differences.

BURM 303-304 Advanced Burmese II
303, fall or spring; 304, fall or spring. 3 credits each term. Prerequisite: for Burmese 303, Burmese 202 or permission of instructor; for Burmese 304, Burmese 303. S. Tun.

This is a course for students who have good conversational ability in Burmese and some familiarity with Burmese culture, but who need to strengthen reading skills and further enrich their vocabulary. Students will, in consultation with the instructor, be able to select reading materials. There will also be an opportunity for those who need it, to strengthen listening skills, through the study of current films, TV, and radio programs in Burmese.

BURM 401-402 Directed Individual Study
401, fall; 402, spring. 2-4 credits variable each term. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. S. Tun.

This course is designed to accommodate the needs of advanced or specialized students, and faculty interests. Topics of reading and discussion are selected on the basis of student need.

Cambodian

See Khmer.

Chinese

NOTE: Testing for placement, except for those with near-native abilities (particularly those schooled in a Chinese setting up until the age of about 12) takes place in registration week, before classes begin. Time and place will be posted on the web at dmi.comell.edu and the Chinese bulletin board opposite Morrill 416. Students with some Chinese schooling who want to obtain 3 or 6 credits for their proficiency will be tested at the beginning of the second week of classes. Again, the time and place will be announced.

CHIN 101-102 Elementary Standard Chinese ('Mandarin')
101, fall, 102, spring. 6 credits each term. Prerequisite: Chinese 102, Chinese 101, or equivalent. You must enroll in lecture and 1 section. Since each section is limited to 10-12 students, students missing the first 2 class meetings without a university excuse or others may register. No student will be added after the second week of classes. Satisfactory completion of Chinese 102 fulfills the qualification portion of the language requirement. Staff.

A course for beginners primarily for students who have had little or no formal training in Chinese ('Mandarin'). Students who do not read characters should take 109-110. Students who want Chinese, but who speak 'dialects,' such as Cantonese or Amoy, should consult with the staff before enrolling.

CHIN 109-110 Beginning Reading and Writing (Standard Chinese)
109, fall, 110, spring. 4 credits each term. Prerequisite: for Chinese 110 normally continue with Chinese 209 and 210. Because of high demand for this course, students missing the first 2 meetings without a university excuse are dropped so others may register. Satisfactory completion of Chinese 110 fulfills the qualification portion of the language requirement. F. Lee Mehta.

This course gives a thorough grounding in conversational and reading skills. Students with some facility in the spoken language (because Chinese is spoken at home) but who do not read characters should take 109-110. Students who want Chinese, but who speak 'dialects,' such as Cantonese or Amoy, should consult with the staff before enrolling.

CHIN 111-112 Beginning Cantonese (Spoken)
111, fall; 112, spring. 3 credits each term. Prerequisite: for Chinese 112, Chinese 111 or equivalent. Chinese 111-112 only satisfies the qualification portion of the language requirement if the student can also demonstrate a comparable reading ability. H. Huang.

A course in conversational standard Cantonese (as spoken in Hong Kong and Canton) for beginners. Students need not have a Mandarin background to take this course, but those with elementary reading skills will also be introduced to Cantonese (character) writing.

CHIN 113-114 Beginning Reading for Cantonese Speakers
113, fall; 114, spring. 3 credits each term. Prerequisite: everyday conversational ability in Cantonese. Completion of 114 satisfies the qualification portion of the language requirement. H. Huang.

This course is intended primarily for students who speak some Cantonese (e.g., at home), but who have had little or no formal training in writing. The focus is on characters, reading comprehension, standard grammar, and reading aloud with Cantonese pronunciation.

CHIN 209-210 Intermediate Reading and Writing @
209, fall, 210, spring. 4 credits each term. Prerequisites: for Chinese 209, Chinese 110 or equivalent; Chinese 210, Chinese 209. Satisfactory completion of 209 fulfills the proficiency portion of the language requirement. After completing 210, students may only take 400-level courses in Chinese. X. Sun.

Continuing focus on reading and writing for students with spoken background in standard Chinese, introduction of personal letter writing and other types of composition.

CHIN 211-212 Intermediate Cantonese
211, fall; 212, spring. 4 credits each term. H. Huang.

Continuing instruction in spoken Cantonese in characters (Cantonese and Mandarin), reading comprehension, and reading aloud with Cantonese pronunciation.

CHIN 300 Directed Studies
Fall or spring. 1-4 credits variable. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Staff. Taught on a specialized basis to address particular student needs. Times will be arranged with instructor.

CHIN 301-302 High Intermediate Chinese
301, fall; 302, spring. 4 credits each term. Prerequisites: for Chinese 301, Chinese 202 or equivalent; for Chinese 302, Chinese 301. F. Lee Mehta.

Continuing instruction in spoken Chinese and in various genres and styles of written Chinese.

CHIN 411-412 Advanced Chinese: Fiction, Reportage, Current Events
411, fall; 412, spring. 4 credits each term. Prerequisites: for Chinese 411, Chinese 302 or equivalent; for Chinese 412, Chinese 411 and permission of instructor required. Q. Teng.

Reading, discussion, and composition at advanced levels.

CHIN 425 Special Topics
Fall or spring, according to demand. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Staff.

A number of different topics in advanced Chinese language, advertised the previous semester, will be offered under this title to accommodate the needs of advanced or specialized students, and take advantage of faculty interests. Topics may include: correspondence and composition, excerpts from classical novels, Ch'ing documents, xiesheng comedy routines, etc. May be repeated for credit.
Chinese FALCON (Full-year Asian Language CONcetration)

For full information, brochures, etc., see the FALCON secretary 125 Rockefeller Hall (e-mail: falcon@cornell.edu).

CHIN 160 Introductory Intensive Mandarin
Summer only. 8 credits. Completion of 160 fulfills the qualification portion of the language requirement. S. Hoare and staff. Introduction to spoken and written Mandarin. Lectures on linguistic and cultural matters, intensive practice with native speakers, and laboratory work. Students who complete this course with a grade of at least B are normally eligible to enroll in Chinese 201.

CHIN 161-162 Intensive Mandarin @
161, fall; 162, spring. 16 credits each term. Prerequisites: for Chinese 161, Chinese 160 or equivalent or permission of instructor; for Chinese 162, Chinese 161. Satisfactory completion of Chinese 161 fulfills the proficiency portion of the language requirement. S. Hoare and staff.

Literature in Chinese

CHLIT 213-214 Introduction to Classical Chinese @ #
213, fall; 214, spring. 3 credits each term. Prerequisite: qualification in Chinese or permission of instructor. May be taken concurrently with Chinese 101–102, 201–202, 301–302. R. McNeal.

CHLIT 300 Reading from the Early Masters
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: CHLIT 213-214 or permission of instructor. R. McNeal. Students will read and discuss several passages from early classical texts, including the Confucian Analects, the Mozi, the Guanzi, and others. Attention will be paid to grammar, historical context, and methodology. Students who have not completed one year of classical Chinese at Cornell need permission from the instructor to register.

CHLIT 420 T'ang and Sung Poetry @ #
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. T. L. Mei. Readings in the original Chinese, together with secondary works by Chinese and Western critics.

CHLIT 421-422 Directed Study
Fall or spring. 2-4 credits each term. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Staff.

CHLIT 423 Readings in Chinese History
Fall. 4 credits. Staff. Selected Readings.

CHLIT 424 Readings in Literary Criticism
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. T. L. Mei.

CHLIT 426 History of the Chinese Language (also CHIN 403) @ #
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: reading knowledge of Chinese. T. L. Mei. This course explores the development of the Chinese language from its Sino-Tibetan beginnings to the present. Topics covered include changes in sound, vocabulary and grammatical structure, external influences, Old Chinese, Middle Chinese, and historical origins of modern dialects.

CHLIT 435 Chinese Buddhist Texts @ #
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: 1 year of literary Chinese or permission of the instructor. Not offered 2000–2001.

CHLIT 603 Seminar in Chinese Fiction and Drama
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. E. Gunn.

CHLIT 605 Seminar in Chinese Fiction and Drama

CHLIT 607 Early Medieval Chinese Poetry

CHLIT 610 Chinese Cultural Criticism

CHLIT 621-622 Advanced Directed Reading: Chinese Historical Syntax
621, fall; 622, spring. 2–4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Staff.

Hindi

HINDI 101-102 Elementary Hindi-Urdu
101, fall; 102, spring. 6 credits each term. Prerequisite: for Hindi 102, Hindi 101 or equivalent. M. Farooqi.

HINDI 201-202 Intermediate Hindi Reading @
201, fall; 202, spring. 3 credits each term. Prerequisites: for Hindi 201, Hindi 102; for Hindi 202, Hindi 201 or permission of instructor. M. Farooqi.

HINDI 203-204 Intermediate Composition and Conversation @
203, fall; 204, spring. 3 credits each term. Prerequisites: for Hindi 203, Hindi 102; for Hindi 204, Hindi 203 or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001.

HINDI 300 Directed Studies
Fall or spring. 1–4 credits variable. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. M. Farooqi.

HINDI 301-302 Advanced Readings in Hindi Literature @
301, fall; 302, spring. 4 credits each term. Prerequisites: for Hindi 301, Hindi 202; for Hindi 302, Hindi 301 or equivalent. M. Farooqi.

HINDI 303-304 Advanced Composition and Conversation @
303, fall; 304, spring. 4 credits each term. Prerequisites: for Hindi 303, Hindi 204 or equivalent; for Hindi 304, Hindi 303 or equivalent. Not offered 2000–2001. M. Farooqi.

Indonesian

For students who have completed Indonesian 121-122-123 or its equivalent there is the option of a one-semester program in Malang, East Java, during the junior year. The program combines a variety of cultural and artistic options with area course work and advanced language study. Complete information is available through Cornell Abroad.

Students who have completed a minimum of 18 credits or the equivalent are eligible to apply for a summer program in the Advanced Indonesian Abroad Program. Further information is available from Professor John Wolff (307 Morrill Hall, 255–0733).

INDO 121-122 Elementary Indonesian
121, fall; 122, spring. 4 credits each term. Prerequisite: for Indonesian 122, Indonesian 121. J. Wolff and staff.

A thorough grounding is given in basic speaking and listening skills with an introduction to reading.

INDO 123 Continuing Indonesian
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Indonesian 122 or equivalent. Satisfactory completion of Indonesian 123 fulfills the qualification portion of the language requirement. Not offered 2000–2001. J. Wolff and staff.
Improves speaking skills, such as fluency and pronunciation, focusing on verbal communication skills; offers a wide range of readings and sharpeners listening skills.

**[INDO 203-204 Intermediate Composition and Conversation]**

203, fall; 204, spring. 3 credits each term. Prerequisites: for Indonesian 203, Indonesian 123; for Indonesian 204, Indonesian 203 or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. J. Wolff and staff.

**[INDO 205-206 Intermediate Indonesian]**

205, fall; 206, spring. 3 credits each term. Prerequisites: for Indonesian 205, Indonesian 123 or equivalent; for Indonesian 206, Indonesian 205 or equivalent. Satisfactory completion of Indonesian 205 fulfills the proficiency portion of the language requirement. Not offered 2000–2001. J. Wolff and staff. This course develops all four skills: reading, writing, speaking, and comprehension.

**[INDO 300 Directed Studies]**

Fall or spring. 1–4 credits variable. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. J. Wolff.

Taught on a specialized basis to address particular student needs. Times will be arranged with instructor.

**[INDO 301-302 Advanced Readings in Indonesian and Malay]**

301, fall; 302, spring. 4 credits each term. Prerequisites: for Indonesian 301, Indonesian 205–206 or equivalent; for Indonesian 302, Indonesian 301. Not offered 2000–2001. J. Wolff and staff.

**[INDO 303-304 Advanced Indonesian Conversation and Composition]**

303, fall; 304, spring. 4 credits each term. Prerequisites: for Indonesian 303, Indonesian 205 and 206; for Indonesian 304, Indonesian 303 or equivalent. Not offered 2000–2001. J. Wolff and staff.

**[INDO 305-306 Directed Individual Study]**

305, fall; 306, spring. 2–4 credits. Prerequisites: Indonesian 301–302 and 303–304 or equivalent knowledge of Indonesian or Malay. J. Wolff and staff.

A practical language course on an advanced level in which the students will read materials in their own field of interest, write reports, and meet with the instructor for two hours a week for two credits and twice a week for four credits.

**[INDO 401-402 Advanced Readings in Indonesian and Malay Literature]**

401, fall; 402, spring. 4 credits each term. Prerequisites: for Indonesian 401, Indonesian 302 or equivalent; for Indonesian 402, Indonesian 401 or equivalent. Not offered 2000–2001. J. Wolff and staff.

**[FALCON (Full-year Asian Language Concentration)]**

**[INDO 161-162 Intensive Indonesian]**

161, fall; 162, spring. 16 credits each term. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. J. Wolff and staff.

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**Japanese**

**JAPAN 101-102 Elementary Japanese**

101, fall; 102, spring. 6 credits each term. Prerequisite for Japanese 102: Japanese 101 or placement by the instructor during registration period. Intended for beginners or for those who have been placed in the course by examination. You must enroll in lecture and 1 section. R. Sukle and staff. A thorough grounding in all four language skills—speaking, hearing, reading, writing—at the beginning level, but with a special emphasis on oral communication and actual use of the language in social context.

Homework for the course is largely work on the skill aspects of language through practice in the language lab with tapes or CD-ROM. The lecture provides explanation, analysis, and cultural background necessary for successful interaction with Japanese people. The sections are conducted entirely in Japanese. Materials covered are not the same as for Japanese 141–142.

**JAPAN 121 Continuing Japanese**

Fall. 6 credits. Prerequisite: placement by the instructor at beginning of semester. Sections will co-meet with JAPAN 101–102 sections. Staff.

Accelerated training in listening, speaking, reading, and writing with special emphasis on oral communication. For students who have already acquired a limited facility in Japanese through residence in Japan or through brief formal study and require fewer contact hours per week.

**JAPAN 141-142 Beginning Japanese at a Moderate Pace**

141, fall; 142, spring. 4 credits each term. Prerequisite for Japanese 142: Japanese 141 or placement by instructor during registration period. Y. Shirai and staff.

Beginning level training in listening, speaking, reading, and writing, with more emphasis on written skills than Japanese 101–102. Classroom activities focus on oral communication skills. Homework for the course is largely written exercises. Fewer class contact hours than Japanese 101–102; the course meets five hours per week (MTWRF). Materials covered are not the same materials as Japanese 101–102.

**JAPAN 201-202 Intermediate Japanese Conversation**

201, fall and summer; 202, spring and summer. 4 credits each term. Prerequisites: for Japanese 201, Japanese 102 or placement by the instructor during registration; for Japanese 202, Japanese 201 and 203 or placement by the instructor during registration. You must enroll in lecture and 1 section. N. Nakada.

Reading of elementary texts emphasizing practical materials, with development of writing skills.

**JAPAN 241-242 Intermediate Japanese at a Moderate Pace**

241, fall; 242, spring. 4 credits each term. Prerequisites: for Japanese 241, Japanese 142 or placement by instructor during registration period; for Japanese 242, Japanese 241 or placement by instructor. Y. Kawasaki and staff.

Training in listening, speaking, reading, and writing for those students who have acquired a basic beginning-level command.

**JAPAN 251-252 Elementary/Intermediate Japanese**

251, fall; 252, spring. 4 credits each term. Prerequisites: for Japanese 251, Japanese 150 or placement by instructor during registration period; for Japanese 252, Japanese 251, 102, or placement by instructor during registration period. Not offered 2000–2001. Y. Nakamishi-Whitman.

Training in listening, speaking, reading, and writing for those students who have acquired a basic beginning-level command. Provides an alternate choice for students who find it difficult to schedule the more intensive Japanese 201, 203 and 202, 204 into their schedules: MBA students, engineering students, hotel school students, arts college students, and others identical with 541–552. Can be followed by Japanese 351–352.

**JAPAN 300 Directed Studies**

Fall or spring. 1–4 credits variable. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Staff.

Taught on a specialized basis to address particular student needs. Times will be arranged with instructor.

**JAPAN 301-302 Communicative Competence**

301, fall; 302, spring. 3 credits each term. Prerequisites: for Japanese 301, Japanese 202 and placement by the instructor during registration; for Japanese 302, Japanese 301 or placement by the instructor during registration. Y. Katagiri.

This is a course for students who have learned basic Japanese grammar and oral skill and would like to use their language skills for natural conversation and effective oral communication. The course is intended to: (1) expand vocabulary for daily life use, (2) brush up on knowledge of basic grammar for fluency, and (3) develop communicative skills for varied situations.

**JAPAN 303-304 Intermediate Japanese Reading II**

303, fall; 304, spring. 4 credits each term. Prerequisites: for Japanese 303, Japanese 202 or placement by the instructor during registration; for Japanese 304, Japanese 303 or placement by the instructor during registration. K. Selden.

Reading of selected modern texts with emphasis on expository style.

**JAPAN 351-352 Advanced Japanese at a Moderate Pace**

351, fall; 352, spring. 4 credits each term. Prerequisites: for Japanese 351, Japanese 252 or placement by instructor during registration period; for Japanese 352, Japanese 351 or placement by instructor during registration period. Not offered 2000–2001. Y. Katagiri.

Training in intermediate to advanced listening and speaking, and continued work on reading and writing. Provides an alternate choice for students who find it difficult to schedule the more intensive Japanese 201, 203 and 202, 204.
into their schedules: MBA students, engineering students, hotel school students, arts college students, and others. Also highly recommended for those with prior background in the language who are weak in the more complex and difficult grammar patterns.}

**JAPAN 401-402 Oral Narration and Public Speaking**
401. fall; 402. spring. 2 credits each term.
Prerequisites: for Japanese 401, Japanese 301. Placement by the instructor during registration.
Instruction in making and delivering socially appropriate and effective speeches, with emphasis on both the construction of discourse and Japanese patterns of oral delivery.

**JAPAN 403-404 Advanced Japanese Reading**
403. fall; 404. spring. 4 credits each term.
Prerequisite: Japanese 304 or permission of instructor.
Section I: Area of Humanities. Cannot be used for distribution. K. Selden. Reading of selected modern texts with emphasis on expository style.
Section II: Area of Economics and Social Science. Cannot be used for distribution. Y. Kawasak. Reading of selected modern texts with emphasis on expository style.

**JAPAN 410 History of the Japanese Language (also LING 411)**
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000–2001. J. Whitman.
An overview of the history of the Japanese language followed by intensive examination of issues of interest to the participants. Students should have a reading knowledge of Japanese.

**JAPAN 414 Linguistic Structure of Japanese (also LING 404)**
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Japanese 102 or permission of instructor and Linguistics 101 or equivalent introductory course in linguistics. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000–2001. J. Whitman.
Introduction to the linguistic study of Japanese, with an emphasis on morphology and syntax.

**JAPAN 421-422 Directed Readings**
421. fall; 422. spring. Credit TBA. Limited to advanced students. Prerequisite: placement by the instructor during registration. K. Selden.
Topics are selected on the basis of student needs.

**JAPAN 551-552 Intermediate Japanese for Business School Students**
551. fall; 552. spring. 4 credits each term.
Training in listening, speaking, reading, and writing for students who have already acquired a basic oral proficiency. Course times are arranged to accommodate those in the MBA program, but the material is oriented toward any student. Particularly suited to students who find it difficult to schedule the more intensive 201/203 or 202/204 courses into their schedules.

**JAPAN 555-556 Advanced Japanese for Business School Students**
555. fall; 556. spring. 4 credits each term.
Training in listening and speaking at intermediate to advanced level. continued work on reading and writing at intermediate level. Course times are arranged to accommodate those in the MBA program, but the material is oriented toward any student. Particularly suited to students who find it difficult to schedule the more intensive 202/204 courses into their schedules.

**Japanese FALCON (Full-year Asian Language Concentration)**
Director: R. Sukle, 122 Rockefeller Hall; FALCON Secretary 125 Rockefeller Hall, 255-6597.
There are three small interactive classes per day conducted entirely in Japanese and one lecture conducted in English and Japanese.
The interactive classes are conducted by experienced and highly trained native teachers; the lecture is conducted by an expert in Japanese language structure. Two one-hour sessions in the language lab are required daily. Additional preparation time in the language lab is necessary in the evenings. Exposure to the language exceeds that of even students living and studying in Japan, providing over 1,200 hours of exposure throughout the full-year program. The extensive exposure and intensive work on the language allows students to develop a level of fluency, accuracy, and control of the language not achieved in any other type of academic settings. The course is designed to develop "copability" in the students by bringing them up to the level where they will be able to successfully complete their language study on their own even if they do not have further formal instruction. The intensive nature of the program allows graduate students to complete their language work in minimal time and undergraduates, including freshmen, to achieve levels of Japanese that are far beyond what is normally achieved in a four-year program, provided they continue their study of Japanese after FALCON.

**JAPAN 160 Introductory Intensive Japanese (FALCON)**
Summer only. 8 credits. R. Sukle and staff. (See general description above.) This is the first term of the FALCON Program. It is a full-time, intensive, nine-week course which begins at the absolute beginning level, in speaking as well as rudimentary reading and writing. Formal application must be made to the program (see above), but admission is open to all students, not just those planning to take the full-year program. Students completing this course can move smoothly into their study of Japanese after FALCON.

**JAPAN 161-162 Intensive Japanese (FALCON)**
161. fall; 162. spring. 16 credits each term.
Prerequisites: for Japanese 161, Japanese 160, or Japanese 102 at Cornell, or placement by FALCON staff prior to beginning of fall term; for Japanese 162, Japanese 161, or placement by FALCON staff prior to beginning of spring term. Students must apply formally to program (see above); application open to all Cornell students and students from other institutions. R. Sukle and staff.
(See general description above.) Work on spoken and written Japanese from an intermediate level to an advanced level. This is a full-time program and full academic load: the demands of the program do not normally permit students to take other courses simultaneously. With a sequence of 160-161-162, in only one calendar year a student can complete as much Japanese as would be contained in three or more years of regular study at most academic institutions. This course sequence also serves to fulfill the language requirement for the M.A. in Asian studies and the joint M.B.A./M.A. in Asian studies.

**Literature in Japanese**

**JPLIT 406 Introduction to Classical Japanese (FALCON)**
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. K. Brazell.

**JPLIT 421-422 Directed Readings**
421. fall; 422. spring. 2-4 credits. Prerequisite: for JPLIT 421, Japanese 402 or equivalent; for JPLIT 422, Japanese 421 or equivalent. Staff.

**JPLIT 611 Seminar in Classical Japanese Literature**
Spring. 2-4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. K. Brazell.
For advanced graduate students in the field of East Asian literature. This seminar will focus on the reading of classical Japanese literature in its original literary-critical texts in relation to a selected topic in classical literature.

**JPLIT 612 Seminar in Medieval Genre**
This seminar will explore medieval literary genres in the context of the contemporary religious, social, political, and aesthetic discourses. Readings will be in classical and modern Japanese as well as in English.

**JPLIT 613 Seminar in Tokugawa Culture and Thought**
Spring. 2-4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. N. Sakai.
This seminar will examine a variety of texts written during the Tokugawa period. The topics discussed in these texts are: from the concept of Confucianism to the composition of Waka poetry. The texts are not selected from one school or from one teaching but encompass a wide range of intellectual trends including Neo-Confucianism, the Kogaku and the Kogakusa. In addition to the original texts of the Tokugawa period, we are going to read a few works of modern historiography on Tokugawa thought and culture. These works...
do not necessarily represent the standard of the present-day Tokugawa studies, but they clearly show different approaches. In this seminar, we will evaluate critically these works through a careful reading of the original texts of the Tokugawa period.

[JPLIT 614 Seminar in Modern Japanese Literature (also COM L 695)]
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. B. de Bary.

How might postmodern debates on language and difference transform our understanding of the project of cross-cultural learning institutionalized in postwar American area studies? Intended as an introductory course for graduate students, this class will emphasize weekly readings of important texts which have grappled with, or attempted to challenge, epistemological assumptions, categories, and processes which have informed modern disciplinary knowledge of cultural others. All readings will be done in English and will attempt to trace the contours of debate over broad theoretical issues whose relevance is by no means confined to the question of area studies. Readings will include texts by Rosi Braidotti, Rey Chow, James Clifford, Jacques Derrida, Gilles Deleuze, William Haver, Luce Irigaray, Alice Jardine, and others.

Graduate-Level Reading Courses

[JPLIT 621 Advanced Readings in Pre-Modern Japanese Narrative Literature]
Fall or spring. 2–4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. K. Brazell.

[JPLIT 622 Advanced Readings in Pre-Modern Japanese Poetry]

[JPLIT 623 Advanced Readings in Pre-Modern Drama]
Fall or spring. 2–4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. K. Brazell.

[JPLIT 624 Advanced Readings in Modern Japanese Literature]
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000–2001. B. de Bary.
The course will consider representations of the body and eroticism in fiction, poetry, film, and theoretical writings from the Taisho through early Showa periods (1912 to the late 1930s). Special attention will be given to writings about the “New Woman” and “Modern Girl,” to sexuality in modernist cinematic and literary experiments, and to reciprocal relations between colonial and metropolitan culture. All readings will be done in Japanese.

JLVIT 700–701 Seminar: Reading of Historical Materials—Japanese Imperial Nationalism and Its Literature
700, fall; 701, spring. 4 credits. N. Sakai.

[JAVANESSE]

[JAVA 131–132 Elementary Javanese]
131, fall; 132, spring. 3 credits each term. Prerequisite: for Javanese 152, Javanese 151 or equivalent. This language series (131–132) cannot be used to satisfy the language requirement. Not offered 2000–2001. J. Wolff and staff.

An elementary language course for those who have had no previous experience in the language.

[JAVA 133–134 Continuing Javanese]
133, fall; 134, spring. 5 credits each term. Prerequisites: for Javanese 133, Javanese 132 or equivalent; for Javanese 134, Javanese 133 or equivalent. Satisfactory completion of Javanese 134 fulfills the qualification portion of the language requirement. Not offered 2000–2001. J. Wolff and staff.

An intermediate conversation and reading course.

[JAVA 203–204 Directed Individual Study]
203, fall; 204, spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: Javanese 134 or equivalent. Not offered 2000–2001. J. Wolff and staff.

This is a practical language course on an intermediate level in which the student will work through readings and conversations under the guidance of a native speaker for three contact hours a week.

[JAVA 300 Directed Studies]
Fall or spring. 1–4 credits variable. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. J. Wolff.

Taught on a specialized basis to address particular student needs. Times will be arranged with instructor.

Khmer (Cambodian)

[KHMER 101–102 Elementary Khmer]
101, fall; 102, spring. 6 credits each term. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. J. Wolff.

A course for beginners or for those who have been placed in the course by examination. The course gives a thorough grounding in speaking and reading.

[KHMER 201–202 Intermediate Khmer]
Reading @ 201, not offered 2000–2001; 202, fall. 3 credits each term. Prerequisites: for Khmer 201, Khmer 102, Khmer 101 or equivalent. Not offered 2000–2001. Staff.

A course for beginners or for those who have been placed in the course by examination. The course gives a thorough grounding in speaking and reading.

[KHMER 203–204 Intermediate Composition and Conversation @ 203, fall; 204, spring. 3 credits each term. Prerequisites: for Khmer 203, Khmer 102; for Khmer 204, Khmer 203. Not offered 2000–2001. Staff.

Letter writing and other forms of composition.

Khmer 300 Directed Studies
Fall or spring. 1–4 credits variable. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. J. Wolff.

Taught on a specialized basis to address particular student needs. Times will be arranged with instructor.

Khmer [301–302 Advanced Khmer @ 301, not offered 2000–2001; 302, fall. 4 credits each term. Prerequisites: for Khmer 201, Khmer 202 or equivalent; for Khmer 302, Khmer 301. S. Son.

Continuing instruction in spoken and written Khmer; emphasis on enlarging vocabulary, increasing reading speed, and reading various genres and styles of prose.

[KHMER 401–402 Directed Individual Study]
401, fall; 402, spring. For advanced students. 2–4 credits each term. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. Staff.

Various topics according to need.

Korean

[KOREA 101–102 Elementary Korean]
101, fall; 102, spring. 6 credits each term. Prerequisite completion of Korean 102 fulfills the qualification portion of the language requirement. H. Diffloth and staff.

Covers basics of speaking, reading, and writing. Introduces Hangul writing system and grammar.

[KOREA 109–110 Elementary Reading]
109, fall; 110, spring. 3 credits each term. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Satisfactory completion of Korean 110 fulfills the qualification portion of the language requirement. H. Diffloth and staff.

This course is for students who have spoken some Korean in the home, but whose reading and writing skills are limited or nonexistent. If in doubt about eligibility, see instructor.

[KOREA 201–202 Intermediate Korean @ 201, fall; 202, spring. 4 credits each term. Prerequisites: for Korean 201, Korean 202 or permission of instructor; for Korean 202, Korean 201. Satisfactory completion of Korean 201 fulfills the proficiency portion of the language requirement. H. Diffloth and staff.

Covers the basics of speaking, reading, and writing at the intermediate level. Introduces some reading and writing with Chinese characters.

[KOREA 209–210 Intermediate Reading]
209, fall; 210, spring. 4 credits each term. Prerequisites: for Korean 209, Korean 210 or permission of instructor; for Korean 210, Korean 209 or permission of instructor. Satisfactory completion of Korean 209 fulfills the proficiency portion of the language requirement. H. Diffloth and staff.

An intermediate level of reading comprehension and writing course for students who have acquired basic oral proficiency. Introduces some reading and writing with Chinese characters. If in doubt about eligibility, see instructor.

[KOREA 300 Directed Studies]
Fall or spring. 1–4 credits variable. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. H. Diffloth.

Taught on a specialized basis to address particular student needs. Times will be arranged with instructor.
Juniors and seniors in good academic standing may participate in the Cornell-Nepal Study Program, and to undertake rigorous field research. No experience in Nepal is necessary. Students may participate in one or two semesters. Courses are offered both at Tribhuvan University and at the Cornell-Nepal Study Program House adjacent to the university. All courses are officially taught on a specialized basis to address particular student needs. Times will be arranged with instructor.

NEPAL 301-302 Advanced Nepali
Fall, 1st term; spring, 2nd term. 6 credits each term. Prerequisite: Nepali 201, or permission of instructor. S. Oja.

NEPAL 160 Intensive Nepali
Summer only. 6 credits. Intended for beginners. Offered alternate years. S. Oja. Emphasis will be on the spoken language, in dialogues, exercises, and conversation practice. In addition, however, special attention is given to assisting students to develop vocabularies and abilities appropriate to their unique professional needs. Reading and writing practice use both colloquial and scholarly materials in the Nepali (Devanagari) script.

Sanskrit

[SANSK 131-132 Elementary Sanskrit (also CLASS 131-132 and LING 131-132)]
131, fall; C. Minkowski; 132, spring, staff. 4 credits each term. Not offered 2000-2001. An introduction to the essentials of Sanskrit grammar. Designed to enable the student to read classical and epic Sanskrit as quickly as possible.

[SANSK 251-252 Intermediate Sanskrit (also CLASS 251-252 and LING 251-252)]
251, fall; 252, spring. 3 credits each term. Prerequisite: Sanskrit 132 or equivalent. C. Minkowski.

Readings from the literature of classical Sanskrit. Fall: selections from the two Sanskrit epics, the Mahabharata and the Ramayana. Spring: more selections from the epics and selections from other Sanskrit literature.

Literature in Sanskrit

SNLIT 467-468 Reading in Sanskrit Literature: The Vedas @ #
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. C. Minkowski.

Readings in translation; readings in the original Vedic. Both courses must be taken as a sequence.

Sinhala (Sinhalese)

SINHA 101-102 Elementary Sinhala
Fall, 1st term; spring, 2nd term. 6 credits each term. Prerequisite: for Sinhala 102, Sinhala 101 or equivalent. Staff.

A semi-intensive course for beginners. A thorough grounding is given in all the language skills; listening, speaking, reading, and writing.

SINHA 160 Intensive Sinhala
Summer only. 6 credits. Intended for beginners. Offered alternate years. Emphasis is on the spoken (colloquial) language, the writing system is introduced and used to present all Sinhala materials, with additional reading practice with colloquial materials. A foundation is laid for later study of the written language (literary Sinhala).

SINHA 201-202 Intermediate Sinhala
Fall, 1st term; spring, 2nd term. 3 credits each term. Prerequisite: for Sinhala 202, Sinhala 201 or equivalent. Staff.

[SINHA 203-204 Intermediate Composition and Conversation]
203, fall; 204, spring. 3 credits each term. Prerequisite: for Sinhala 203, Sinhala 202 or permission of instructor; for Sinhala 204, Sinhala 203 or equivalent. Not offered 2000-2001. Staff.

SINHA 300 Directed Studies
Fall or spring. 1-4 credits variable. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Staff. Taught on a specialized basis to address particular student needs. Times will be arranged with instructor.
A thorough grounding is given in basic reading, speaking and listening skills with an introduction to cross-linguistic family influences and convergence.

TAG 121-122 Elementary Tagalog
121, fall; 122, spring. 4 credits each term. Prerequisite: for Tagalog 122, Tagalog 121.
A thorough grounding is given in basic speaking and listening skills with an introduction to reading.

TAG 123 Continuing Tagalog
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Tagalog 122 or equivalent. Satisfactory completion of Tagalog 123 fulfills the qualification portion of the language requirement. Not offered 2000-2001. J. Wolff and staff. Improves speaking skills, such as fluency and pronunciation, focusing on verbal communication skills; offers a wide range of readings; and sharpens listening skills.

TAG 205-206 Intermediate Tagalog
205, fall; 206, spring. 3 credits each term. Prerequisites: for Tagalog 205, Tagalog 123 or equivalent; for Tagalog 206, Tagalog 205 or equivalent. Satisfactory completion of Tagalog 205 fulfills the proficiency portion of the language requirement. Staff. This course develops all four skills: reading, writing, speaking, and comprehension.

TAG 300 Directed Studies
Fall or spring. 1–4 credits variable. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Staff. Taught on a specialized basis to address particular student needs. Times will be arranged with instructor.

Southeast Asian Languages

LING 230 Introduction to Southeast Asian Languages and Linguistics
This is a survey of the languages of Southeast Asia. The goal of this course is to expose students to Southeast Asia as a linguistic area and introduce them to the rich language diversity of the region. It includes three main parts: (1) sociolinguistic and ethnolinguistic issues of language and politics, language and culture, and language use; (2) language structures and typological patterns of the area’s languages; and (3) historical linguistics, as well as the linguistic effects of language contact and linguistic evidence for prehistory.

LING 653-654 Seminar in Southeast Asian Linguistics
653, fall; 654, spring. 4 credits each term. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Language 653 isn’t a prerequisite for Language 654. Not offered 2000-2001. J. Wolff.
Languages of mainland Southeast Asia. Topics, chosen according to student interests, may include description, dialectology, typology, comparative reconstruction, and historical studies.

LING 655-656 Seminar in Austronesian Linguistics (also LING 655-656)
655, fall; 656, spring. 4 credits each term. Prerequisites: for 655, permission of instructor; for 656, Language 655. Not offered 2000-2001. J. Wolff.
Descriptive and comparative studies of Malayo-Polynesian languages.

Tagalog

THAI 101-102 Elementary Thai
101, fall; 102, spring. 6 credits each term. Prerequisite: for Thai 102, Thai 101 or equivalent. Intended for beginners or students placed by examination. N. Jagacinski.
A thorough grounding is given in all the language skills: listening, speaking, reading, and writing.

THAI 201-202 Intermediate Thai Reading
201, fall; 202, spring. 3 credits each term. Prerequisites: for Thai 201, Thai 102; for Thai 202, Thai 201 or equivalent. N. Jagacinski.

THAI 203-204 Intermediate Composition and Conversation
203, fall; 204, spring. 3 credits each term. Prerequisites: for Thai 203, Thai 102; for Thai 204, Thai 203. N. Jagacinski.

THAI 301-302 Advanced Thai
301, fall; 302, spring. 4 credits each term. Prerequisite: Thai 202 or equivalent. N. Jagacinski.
Selected readings in Thai writing in various fields.

THAI 300 Directed Studies
Fall or spring. 1–4 credits variable. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. N. Jagacinski.
Taught on a specialized basis to address particular student needs. Times will be arranged with instructor.

THAI 303-304 Thai Literature
303, fall; 304, spring. 6 credits each term. Prerequisite: Thai 302 or equivalent. N. Jagacinski.
Reading of significant novels, short stories, and poetry written since 1890.

THAI 401-402 Directed Individual Study
401, fall; 402, spring. 4 credits each term. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. N. Jagacinski.

Vietnamese

VIET 101-102 Elementary Vietnamese
101, fall; 102, spring. 6 credits each term. Prerequisite: for Vietnamese 102, Vietnamese 101 or equivalent. Intended for beginners or students placed by examination. Satisfactory completion of Vietnamese 102 fulfills the qualification portion of the language requirement. T. Tranviet.
A thorough grounding is given in all language skills: listening, speaking, reading, and writing.

VIET 201-202 Intermediate Vietnamese
201, fall; 202, spring. 3 credits each term. Prerequisites: for Vietnamese 201, Vietnamese 102 or equivalent; for Vietnamese 202, Vietnamese 201. T. Tranviet.
Continuing instruction in spoken and written Vietnamese.

VIET 303-304 Intermediate Vietnamese Composition and Reading
203, fall; 204, spring. 3 credits each term. Prerequisite: permission of instructor only. T. Tranviet.
Taught on a specialized basis to address particular student needs. Times will be arranged with instructor.

VIET 301-302 Advanced Vietnamese
301, fall or spring; 302, fall or spring. 3 credits each term. Prerequisites: for Vietnamese 301, Vietnamese 302 or permission of instructor; for Vietnamese 302, Vietnamese 301. T. Tranviet.
Continuing instruction in spoken and written Vietnamese; emphasis on enlarging vocabulary, increasing reading speed, and reading various genres and styles of prose.

VIET 401-402 Directed Individual Study
401, fall; 402, spring. 2–4 credits variable each term. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Intended for advanced students. T. Tranviet.
Various topics according to need.

URDU

See listings under Hindi.

VIETNAMESE

VIET 101-102 Elementary Vietnamese
101, fall; 102, spring. 6 credits each term. Prerequisite: for Vietnamese 102, Vietnamese 101 or equivalent. Intended for beginners or students placed by examination. Satisfactory completion of Vietnamese 102 fulfills the qualification portion of the language requirement. T. Tranviet.
A thorough grounding is given in all language skills: listening, speaking, reading, and writing.

VIET 201-202 Intermediate Vietnamese
201, fall; 202, spring. 3 credits each term. Prerequisites: for Vietnamese 201, Vietnamese 102 or equivalent; for Vietnamese 202, Vietnamese 201. T. Tranviet.
Continuing instruction in spoken and written Vietnamese.

VIET 303-304 Intermediate Vietnamese Composition and Reading
203, fall; 204, spring. 3 credits each term. Prerequisite: permission of instructor only. T. Tranviet.
Taught on a specialized basis to address particular student needs. Times will be arranged with instructor.

VIET 301-302 Advanced Vietnamese
301, fall or spring; 302, fall or spring. 3 credits each term. Prerequisites: for Vietnamese 301, Vietnamese 302 or permission of instructor; for Vietnamese 302, Vietnamese 301. T. Tranviet.
Continuing instruction in spoken and written Vietnamese; emphasis on enlarging vocabulary, increasing reading speed, and reading various genres and styles of prose.

VIET 401-402 Directed Individual Study
401, fall; 402, spring. 2–4 credits variable each term. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Intended for advanced students. T. Tranviet.
Various topics according to need.

VTLIT 222-223 Introduction to Classical Vietnamese
222, fall; 223, spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: qualification in Vietnamese or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000-2001. K. Taylor.
This is the first semester of a two-semester sequence of courses introducing students to Han (Classical Chinese as used in the Vietnamese language) and Nom (vernacular Vietnamese character writing). Students will learn to read Han and Nom texts, mostly from the seventeenth through nineteenth centuries, including historical records, prose writings, and poetry.)
ARTS AND SCIENCES - 2000-2001

[VTILIT 224 Continuing Classical Vietnamese @ #
K. Taylor.
This course continues study for students who have completed VTILIT 222-223 "Introduction to Classical Vietnamese.
]

Related Courses in Other Departments and Colleges
Check the primary department section for the offering status of the following courses.
Courses in other colleges will count as College of Arts and Sciences credit only for Asian Studies majors.

Asia/General Courses

ARME 464 Economics of Agricultural Development (also ECON 464) @ #
ARME 665 Food and Nutrition Policy (also NS 665) @ #
ARME 666 Economics of Development (also ECON 466) @ #
ARME 667 Topics in Economic Development (also ECON 770) @ #
COMM 424/624 Communication in the Developing Nations [COMM 665 Training and Development: Theory and Practice (also INTAG 665 and EDUC 665)] @ #
[CRP 777 Theories of Development and Underdevelopment] ECON 473 Economics of Export-Led Development @ #
[GOVT 349 Political Role of the Military] [GOVT 648 Graduate Seminar in Political Economy of Change: Rural Development in the Third World] GOVT 674 Theory and Practice of Nationalism HIST 190 Introduction to Asian Civilization HIST 495 Kings and States: Asian Models ART H 280 Introduction to Art History: Approaches to Asian Art @ #
ART H 580 Problems in Asian Art ILRIC 637 Labor Relations in Asia R SOC 205 Rural Sociology and International Development

China—Area Courses

ANTHR 655 East Asia: Readings in Specific Problems ECON 469 Economy of China @
ECON 772 Economics of Development GOVT 354 Political Economy of East Asia GOVT 347 Government and Politics of China @
HIST 293 History of China up to Modern Times @ #
HIST 294 China in Modern Times HIST 492 Undergraduate Seminar in Medieval Chinese History @ #
HIST 493/693 Problems in Modern Chinese History

HIST 791-792 Seminar in Medieval Chinese History

ART H 380 Introduction to the Arts of China ART H 481 The Arts in Modern China @
ILRIC 332-532 Labor in Developing Economies PAM 426 Policy & Management Issues on Foreign Investment in China

Japan—Area Courses

ANTHR 345 Japanese Society

ANTHR 655 East Asia: Readings in Specific Problems

ARCH 339 Elements, Principles, and Theories in Japanese Architecture

GOVT 346 Modern Japanese Politics

GOVT 382 International Relations of East Asia

GOVT 439 Japan in International Politics

GOVT 542 Comparative Political Economy: East and Southeast Asia

[HIST 230 Japan and the Pacific War] HIST 297/497 Japan Before 1600

HIST 328 State, Society, and Culture in Modern Japan @

HIST 420 Tale of Genji in Historical Perspective @ #


South Asia—Area Courses

ANTHR 275 Human Biology and Evolution (also BIOES 275 and NS 275)] ANTHR 321 Sex and Gender

ANTHR 339 Peoples and Cultures of the Himalayas @

ANTHR 406 Culture of Lives

ANTHR 621 Sex and Gender


Southeast Asia—Area Courses

ANTHR 322 Magic, Myth, Science, and Religion (also RELST 322) @

ANTHR 335 People and Cultures of Mainland Southeast Asia @

ANTHR 420 Development of Anthropology Thought

[ANTHR 424 Anthropology Amongst Disciplines @]

ANTHR 619 Anthropology Approaches to Study of Buddhism(s) in Asia

ANTHR 828 Political Anthropology: Indonesia

ANTHR 634-635 Southeast Asia: Readings in Special Problems

GOVT 642 Comparative Political Economy: East and Southeast Asia

HIST 244 History of Siam and Thailand

HIST 396 Southeast Asian History from the Eighteenth Century @

HIST 695 Early Southeast Asia: Graduate Proseminar

HIST 696 Modern Southeast Asia: Graduate Proseminar

HIST 795-796 Seminar in Southeast Asian History

ART H 395 The House and the World: Architecture in Asia

ART H 490 Art and Collecting: East and West

LING 230 Introduction to Southeast Asian Languages and Linguistics @

MUSIC 245 Gamelan in Indonesian History and Culture @

MUSIC 445-446 Cornell Gamelan Ensemble MUSIC 604 Ethnomusicology

ASTRONOMY


Cornell's astronomy faculty, research staff, graduate, and undergraduate students are active in diverse areas of modern astronomy ranging from theoretical astrophysics and general relativity to radio and radar astronomy, infrared and optical astronomy, and the exploration of the solar system. Cornell operates two local optical observatories, the world's largest radio telescope at Arecibo, Puerto Rico, and with two other institutions, the 200-inch optical telescope at Mt. Palomar in California. Several members of the department faculty are also Principal Investigators on major NASA space and planetary exploration missions.

The department offers a number of courses to satisfy a general interest in astronomy. These courses have few or no prerequisites and are not intended for the training of professional astronomers. Among the introductory courses, several choices are available, depending on background and on the requirements to be fulfilled. The 100-level courses are designed primarily for nonscience majors. The alternative introductory sequence Astronomy 211-212 is geared toward sophomore physical science and engineering majors and requires coregistration in beginning calculus. Astronomy 201 and 202 are intended for students with an interest in astronomy but no scientific background: they are topical rather than survey-oriented. Astronomy 352 is
work with faculty members on independent research. Students are also encouraged to participate in undergraduate research projects in the upperclass years.

Students whose interest in astronomy is sparked somewhat later in their undergraduate career are encouraged to discuss possible paths with the Director of Undergraduate Studies in Astronomy.

Honors. A student may be granted honors in astronomy upon the recommendation of the Astronomy Advisers Committee of the astronomy faculty.

Double majors. A double major in astronomy and another subject is possible in many circumstances. However, the set of courses used to fulfill the requirements for each major must be completely independent.

Concentration. The concentration in astronomy for other majors normally requires 12 credits, at least eight of which must be at the 300 level or above. Astronomy 233 is recommended for sophomore planning to concentrate in astronomy.

Distribution Requirement

All courses in astronomy, except Astronomy 233 and 234, may be used to fulfill the science distribution requirement in the College of Arts and Sciences.

Courses

ASTRO 101 The Nature of the Universe

Fall. 4 credits. No prerequisites. Limited to 18 students each and discussions limited to 30 students each. T. Herter, labs: J. Houck. This course introduces students to the cosmos. The birth, evolution, and death of stars, the formation of the chemical elements, and the nature of white dwarfs, neutron stars, and black holes are discussed. An introduction to the theories of special relativity and general relativity is given. The course covers the search for other worlds outside the solar system and the possible existence of life and intelligence elsewhere in the universe. Modern theories of cosmology are presented, and the origin, structure, and fate of the universe are discussed. The full notes for the course as well as sample exams and simulations are available on the web.

ASTRO 102 Our Solar System

Spring. 4 credits. Labs limited to 18 students each; discussions limited to 30 students each. J. Bell, labs: J. Houck. This course provides a "hands-on" introduction to observational astronomy intended for liberal arts students at the freshman and sophomore level. High school mathematics is assumed, but there are no formal prerequisites. The course objective is to teach how we know what we know about the universe. The course is set up with two lectures and one evening laboratory per week. Not all of the evening sessions will be used. Planned exercises include five or six observational labs (star gazing with binoculars and small telescopes, telescopic observations and CCD imaging of star clusters, nebulae, and the planets, solar observations, radio observations of the Milky Way Galaxy), plus a selection of exercises from the following: construction and use of simple instruments such as optical spectroscopes and sun dials; experiments in planetary cratering; collection and study of micrometeorites; computer simulations of planetary orbits and the effects of obliquity on planetary weather; and cosmological explorations using data from the Hubble Space Telescope available on the web.
ASTRO 201  Our Home in the Universe
Fall. 3 credits. Assumes no scientific background. Intended for freshmen and sophomores. R. Giovanelli, M. Haynes.
A general discussion of our relation to the physical universe and how our view of the universe has changed from ancient to modern times. Several major themes are covered over the course of the semester: (1) our view of the night sky from the ancient Greeks to the Hubble Space Telescope; (2) the death of stars and the formation of black holes; (3) dark matter and the structure of galaxies and the origin, evolution, and fate of the universe.
We present a nonmathematical introduction to these subjects and discuss uncertainties and unresolved issues in our understanding.

ASTRO 202  Our Home in the Solar System
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: some background in science required. Course intended for freshmen and sophomores. P. Gierasch, J. Veverka.
This writing course is designed to develop an understanding of our home planet as a member of the diverse family of objects in our solar system. Discussion will center on how studies of other planets and satellites have broadened our knowledge and perspective of Earth, and vice versa. We will study, debate, and learn to write critically about important issues in science and public policy, that benefit from this perspective. Topics to be discussed include global warming, the impact threat, the searches for extrasolar planets and extraterrestrial intelligence and the exploration of Mars.

ASTRO 211  Astronomy: Stars, Galaxies, and Cosmology
Fall. 4 credits. Intended for engineering and physical sciences freshmen and sophomores. Prerequisite: introductory calculus or coregistration in Mathematics 111 or 119, J. Houck.
The course examines the formation and evolution of normal stars, supernovae, pulsars, and black holes. The interstellar medium. Cosmology and the structure and evolution of galaxies.

ASTRO 212  The Solar System: Planets, Satellites, and Rings
Spring. 4 credits. Intended for first and second year engineering and physical sciences freshmen. Prerequisite: introductory calculus or coregistration in Mathematics 111 or 119, J. Houck.
An introduction to the solar system, with emphasis on the application of simple physical principles. Topics will include the Sun, nucleosynthesis of the elements, radioastronomy, seismology and planetary interiors, and the outer planets. Small objects in the solar system, including asteroids, comets, the Kuiper belt, and the Oort cloud.

ASTRO 233  Topics in Astronomy and Astrophysics
Fall. 2 credits. Prerequisites: Physics 112 or 116 and 213 or 217, Mathematics 112, 122, or 192, or permission of Instructor. Intended for sophomores planning to major in astronomy or the related fields. D. Lai, S. Squyres.
A seminar course on selected topics in astronomy and astrophysics designed for prospective astronomy majors. Content will vary from year to year, but will include topics from the fields of planetary, galactic, and extragalactic research.

ASTRO 234  Modern Astrophysical Techniques
Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisites: 2 semesters of introductory physics and 2 semesters of calculus plus ASTRO 235 or permission of instructor. Some experience with computer programming expected. Intended for sophomores majoring or concentrating in astronomy or related majors. S. Eikenberry.
The course reviews the basic techniques employed in astrophysical research, both observational and theoretical, to explore the universe: Basic methods and strategies of data acquisition and image and signal processing will be discussed. Students will gain hands-on experience with visualization techniques and methods of error analysis, data fitting, and numerical simulation. Exercises will address the processes by which astrophysicists piece together observations made with today's foremost astronomical instruments to solve questions concerning the origin of planets, stars, galaxies, and the universe itself.

ASTRO 280  Space Exploration
Fall. 3 credits. S. Squyres.
This course provides an overview of space science, with a focus on the solar system and a detailed examination of a few selected objects, including the planet Mars, the satellites in the outer solar system, and comets. The focus is on methods of collecting information and especially on spacecraft and space missions. Topics will include the design and limitations of instruments. Ethical and political questions associated with space exploration will be discussed. Intended for students with an interest in science, technology, and associated policy issues. No special background in physical sciences, math, or engineering is assumed.

ASTRO 290  Relativity and Astrophysics
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: knowledge of freshman physics, calculus, and geometry. J. Wasserman.
This course provides a geometrically based introduction to special and general relativity, followed by consideration of astrophysical applications. Included will be discussion of tests of Einstein's theory of space, time, and gravity, physics of white dwarfs, neutron stars, and black holes; introduction to modern cosmology.

ASTRO 299  Search for Life In the Universe
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: 2 courses in any physical science subject or permission of instructor. J. Cordes, Y. Tordzian.
The contents of the universe will be surveyed. Theories of cosmic and stellar evolution, and of the formation and evolution of planetary systems, planetary atmospheres, and surfaces will be reviewed. Questions regarding the evolution of life and the development of technology will be discussed. Methods to detect extraterrestrial life with emphasis on radio telescopes and associated instrumentation will be presented. Hypothetical communication systems will be developed and discussed.

ASTRO 331  Climate Dynamics (also SCAS 331)
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Math 112, 122, 192, or equivalent. Physics 213 or 217.

ASTRO 332  Elements of Astrophysics
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Math 112, 122, 192, or equivalent. Physics 213 or 217.
G. Stacey.
An introduction to astrophysics, with emphasis on the application of physics to the study of the universe. Physical laws of radiation, Distance, size, mass, and age of stars, galaxies, and the universe; stellar evolution and nucleosynthesis. Supernovae, pulsars, and black holes. Galaxies and quasars. Introduction to cosmology. The structure and evolution of planets and of the solar system. Mainly intended for students of science, engineering, and science education interested in astronomy and astrophysics.

ASTRO 410  Experimental Astronomy
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Physics 214/8 (or 310 or 360), Physics 323/7 (or coregistration) or permission of instructor. J. Cordes, J. Houck, S. Eikenberry, P. Goldsmith.
Observational astrophysics. Major experiments will involve techniques in CCD (charge-coupled-device) imaging, optical photometry, optical spectroscopy, radioastronomy, and radio astronomy. The experiments involve use of the Hartung-Boothroyd Observatory's 24-inch telescope, a laboratory two-element radio interferometer, and a radio telescope mounted on top of the Space Sciences Building. The laboratory covers the fundamentals of using astronomical instrumentation and data analysis as applied to celestial phenomena, including the Sun, stars, supernova remnants, globular clusters, planetary nebulae, the interstellar medium, OH masers, and galaxies.

ASTRO 431  Introduction to Astrophysics and Space Sciences I
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: mathematics above the 200 level and physics above the 300 level. Physics 443 is recommended. I. Wasserman.
A systematic development of modern astrophysical concepts for physical science majors. Stellar structure and evolution, stellar atmospheres, compact objects (white dwarf, neutron star, and black hole), planets, and brown dwarfs. Current research problems in these areas will be introduced along the way. The emphasis will be on using fundamental physics principles to explain astronomical phenomena. A variety of physics, including elements of general relativity, nuclear physics, solid state physics and fluid mechanics, will be introduced or reviewed in a practical, hands-on fashion and put into use in solving astrophysics puzzles.

ASTRO 432  Introduction to Astrophysics and Space Sciences II
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Astronomy 431 or permission of instructor. TBA.
This course is divided into two broad topics; the astrophysics of the interstellar medium and cosmology. The first section will cover thermal equilibrium and radiative transport in HII regions, atomic gas regions, and molecular clouds. The cosmology section will include expansion of the universe, metrics, Friedmann equations, dark matter, cosmological tests, the early universe, and the cosmological production of the elements.

ASTRO 434  The Evolution of Planets
An introduction to the physical and chemical processes that have been active in altering the environment of Earth and other planets, from their original to their present state. Theories of the formation of the solar system are revealed with special emphasis on chemical differentiation of the primeval solar nebula. A critical
This course is an introduction to the study of the structure of galaxies via the laws of coregistration in ASTRO 699 recommended. The course aims to provide tools for modeling and detection of various kinds of signals encountered in the physical sciences and engineering. Data mining and statistical inference from large and diverse databases will also be designed. Experimental design is to be discussed. Basic topics covered include: probability theory, Fourier analysis, and digital filtering. Specific applications will be chosen from current areas of interest in astronomy, where large-scale surveys throughout the electromagnetic spectrum and using non-electromagnetic signals (e.g., neutrinos and gravitational waves) are ongoing and anticipated. Applications will also include topics from geophysics, plasma physics, electronics, artificial intelligence, expert systems, and genetic programming. The course will be self-contained and is intended for students with thorough backgrounds in the physical sciences or engineering.

ASTRO 520 Radio Astronomy
Fall. 3 credits. J. Burns. Radio astronomy telescopes and electronics. Observation procedures and data analysis; concepts of interferometry and aperture synthesis.

ASTRO 523 Signal Modeling, Statistical Inference, and Data Mining in Astronomy
Spring. 4 credits. J. Burns. The course aims to provide tools for modeling and detection of various kinds of signals encountered in the physical sciences and engineering. Data mining and statistical inference from large and diverse databases will also be designed. Experimental design is to be discussed. Basic topics covered include: probability theory, Fourier analysis, and digital filtering. Specific applications will be chosen from current areas of interest in astronomy, where large-scale surveys throughout the electromagnetic spectrum and using non-electromagnetic signals (e.g., neutrinos and gravitational waves) are ongoing and anticipated. Applications will also be chosen from topics in geophysics, plasma physics, electronics, artificial intelligence, expert systems, and genetic programming. The course will be self-contained and is intended for students with thorough backgrounds in the physical sciences or engineering.

ASTRO 555 Theory of the Interstellar Medium

ASTRO 560 Theory of Stellar Structure and Evolution (also PHYS 667)
Spring. 4 credits. D. Lai. Observational overview; hydrostatic equilibrium; equations of state; radiative and convective energy transport; nuclear burning; solar neutrinos; rotation and magnetic fields; stellar astrophysics; known dwarfs; pre-main sequence contraction.

ASTRO 570 Physics of the Planets
Fall. 4 credits. Not offered 2000–2001. P. Nicholson. An introductory survey of planetary science with an emphasis on the application of physical principles. Planetary dynamics, including satellite orbits, tidal interactions, resonances, and ring dynamics. An introduction to the theory of planetary interiors, gravitational fields, heat sources, and rotational mechanics. Physics of planetary atmospheres, including radiative transfer, convection, and thermal structure. Important observational results, including those of ground-based optical, infrared, radio, and radar astronomy, as well as those made by spacecraft, will also be discussed. Intended for graduate students and seniors in astronomy, physics, and engineering.

ASTRO 571 Mechanics of the Solar System (also T&AM 673)

ASTRO 579 Celestial Mechanics
Fall. 3 credits. J. Burns. For description, see T&AM 672.

ASTRO 590 Galaxies and the Universe
This course is intended to provide a detailed theoretical development of current ideas in cosmology. Topics will include observational overviews: growth of irregularities, galaxy formation, and clustering; big bang cosmology, recombination, nucleosynthesis, very early universe, symmetry breaking, inflationary scenarios. At the level of Peebles, Principles of Physical Cosmology.

**ASTRO 620 Seminar: Advanced Radio Astronomy**
Fall. 2 credits. Prerequisites: some background in astronomical spectroscopy suggested. Open to advanced undergraduates by permission of instructor. W 2:30-4:30. R. Giovaneli, P. Goldsmith. M. Haynes

Selected topics in the application of spectroscopic techniques from the infrared through radio regime to studies of the "dark ages" and the origin of galaxies, stars, and planets. We will emphasize the processes of star formation from the earliest times to the current circumstances of stellar and planetary formation in the Milky Way and other galaxies. Discussions will include the potential of new facilities including the Arecibo and Green Bank telescopes, the Expanded VLA, the Atacama Large Millimeter Array, the Large Millimeter Telescope, the Square Kilometer Array, SRTF, and the Cornell Atacama Telescope.

**ASTRO 621 Seminar: Planetary Radar Astronomy**
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: intended for graduate students and upper-level undergraduates in astronomy, engineering, and geology. A good background in undergraduate mathematics and physics is required. Not offered 2000-2001. The application of radar to the study of the surfaces of planets, planetary satellites, asteroids, and comets. Topics covered will be target detectability and the specification of the needed antennas, transmitters, and receiving systems; theoretical ideas; imaging techniques including delay-Doppler imaging, synthetic aperture radar (SAR) and interferometric SAR; target characterization from cross section, scattering laws and polarization measurements; results from earth-based and spacecraft radar observations of Mercury, Earth, the Moon, Mars, the satellites of Jupiter, the rings of Saturn, asteroids, and comets.

**ASTRO 640 Advanced Study and Research**
Fall or spring. Credit TBD.

Guided reading and seminars on topics not currently covered in regular courses. Students need to register in the department office, 610 Space Sciences Building.

**ASTRO 651 Atmospheric Physics (SCAS [EAS] 651)**
Fall. 3 credits. R. Cook, S. Colucci, P. Gierasch.

For description, see SCAS [EAS] 651.

**ASTRO 652 Advanced Atmospheric Dynamics (SCAS [EAS] 652)**
Spring. 3 credits. Offered alternate years.

S. Colucci, K. Cook, P. Gierasch.

For description, see SCAS [EAS] 652.

**ASTRO 660 Cosmic Electrodynamics (also AAEP 608)**

**ASTRO 671 Seminar: Asteroids**
Fall. 3 credits. J. Veverka, J. Bell.

We will review what is known currently about asteroids and focus on the discoveries being made by the NEAR mission to S-asteroid 433 Eros. The class will emphasize what the NEAR results tell us about the history and evolution of S-asteroids in general.

**Jupiter**
Spring. 3 credits. P. Nicholson.

An informal series of lectures discussing the techniques used to obtain and interpret spacecraft and earth-based remote sensing data of the planets, satellites, and smaller bodies in the solar system. Intended for graduate students and seniors. The emphasis this year will be on the Jovian System, reviewing the results on Jupiter—its satellites and rings obtained by the Galileo Orbiter since 1995 and by Cassini during its upcoming flyby in December 2000.

**ASTRO 673 Seminar: Planetary Atmospheres**

This course will deal with motions in planetary atmospheres. Among the topics to be discussed are: the Venusian general circulation, dust and water transports on Mars, alternating jets on the outer planets, and compositional layering in the outer planets.

**ASTRO 690 Seminar: Computational Astrophysics (also PHYS 680)**
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: working knowledge of FORTRAN. Not offered 2000-2001. S. Teukolsky.

A course designed to familiarize graduate students with numerical techniques for solving diverse problems in astrophysics. Numerical methods discussed in the course will include solving ordinary and partial differential equations, linear algebra and eigenvalue problems, Monte Carlo techniques, fast Fourier transforms, etc. In contrast to traditional numerical analysis courses, the course will be "how-to," rather than theoretical. No theorems will be proved. Students will be allotted computer time to solve, both individually and in small teams, assigned numerical exercises. Text: Numerical Recipes by Press, Teukolsky, Vetterling, and Flannery.

**ASTRO 699 Seminar: Problems in Theoretical Astrophysics (also PHYS 665)**

An informal seminar that will examine "New Directions in Astrophysics." The participants will discuss neutrino astronomy, LIGO (the gravitational wave observatory), high energy gamma rays and cosmic rays, laboratory searches for dark matter, and the future of optical, radio, and infrared astronomy, both on the ground and in space. The seminar is open to all graduate students.

**ASTRO 699 Seminar: Observational High Energy Physics**
Spring. 2 credits. ASTRO 511 (PHYS 525) is strongly recommended as a co- or prerequisite. Not offered 2000-2001.

S. Eikenberry

This is a seminar for graduate students, and is intended as a companion course to ASTRO 511 (PHYS 525). The seminar will take an approach to understanding compact objects (primarily black holes and neutron stars) based on their observed properties, in order to complement the primarily theoretical approach of ASTRO 511. The focus will be on areas of recent progress in the field of high energy astrophysics. Topics to be covered include (but are not limited to): rotation-powered pulsars (including millisecond pulsars and magnetars), black-hole X-ray binaries, microquasars and other relativistic jet sources, X-ray bursters, kilohertz QPO sources, and gamma-ray bursts.

**BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES**

Biology is a popular subject at many universities for a variety of reasons. It is a science that is in an exciting phase of development; it prepares students for careers in challenging and appealing fields such as human and veterinary medicine, environmental sciences, and biotechnology; and it deals with the inherently interesting questions that arise when we try to understand ourselves and the living world around us. Many of the decisions we face today deal with the opportunities and problems that biology has put before us.

The major in biological sciences at Cornell is available to students enrolled in either the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences or the College of Arts and Sciences. Student services provided by the Office of Undergraduate Biology are available to students from either college.

The biology major is designed to enable students to acquire the foundations in physical and life sciences necessary to understand modern biology and to pursue advanced studies in a specific area of biology. Programs of study include animal physiology, biochemistry, ecology and evolutionary biology, general biology, genetics and development, microbiology; molecular and cell biology, neurobiology and behavior, nutrition, plant biology, and systematics and biodiversity. Students interested in the marine sciences may consult the Cornell Marine Programs Office (G14 Stimson Hall, 255-3717) for academic advice and career counseling. For more details about the biology curriculum, see the section in this catalog on Biological Sciences.

**BIOLOGY AND SOCIETY MAJOR**

See under Special Programs and Interdisciplinary Studies.

**BURMESE**

See Department of Asian Studies.

**CAMBODIAN**

See Department of Asian Studies.
CHEMISTRY AND CHEMICAL BIOLOGY


The chemistry department offers a full range of courses in physical, organic, inorganic, analytical, theoretical, biorganic, and biophysical chemistry. In addition to their teaching interests, chemistry faculty members have active research programs. The link between teaching and research is a vital one in a continuously evolving scientific subject; it ensures that students will be provided with the most advanced information and perspectives, and affords opportunities for students to participate in research.

The Standard Major

The chemistry major at Cornell provides a great deal of flexibility and prepares students for a large variety of career options. In recent years, chemistry majors have gone on to graduate study in chemistry, medicine, law, and business management, as well as directly into professional positions in chemical, pharmaceutical, and other industrial companies. A major in chemistry can also provide the basis for work in related areas such as molecular biology, chemical physics, geochemistry, chemical engineering, materials science, solid state physics, and secondary education. Nearly all of the required courses for the major can be completed in three years, leaving the senior year open for advanced and independent work under the supervision of a professor.

The courses are arranged as a progression, with some (including mathematics and physics) prerequisite to those that are more advanced. During the first year, a student should normally register for general chemistry (preferably Chemistry 215–216 although Chemistry 207–208 or 206–208 is acceptable), mathematics, a freshman writing seminar, a foreign language if necessary, or physics. Chemistry 215–216 is aimed at those students with good preparation and a strong interest in chemistry. Students who do not know if their preparation is adequate should consult the instructor. In the second year a student should complete calculus and take physics and organic chemistry (Chemistry 359–360 is preferred to Chemistry 357–358). The second-year laboratory courses include 300, Quantitative Chemistry and 301, Experimental Chemistry I; Chemistry 389–390, Physical Chemistry I and II, and Chemistry 302–303, Experimental Chemistry II and III, should be completed in the third year. Chemistry 410 should be completed in the third or fourth year. Advanced work in chemistry and related subjects can be pursued in the fourth year and in the earlier years as well. The opportunity for independent research is also available. All students with questions about the major are encouraged to consult the chair of the Department of Chemistry and Chemical Biology or the chair's representative. Entering students who are exceptionally well prepared in chemistry may receive advanced placement credit for Chemistry 207.

Prerequisites for admission to a major in chemistry are (1) Chemistry 215–216, 300; or 207–208, 300; or 211, 208, 300; or 206, 208, 300; (2) Physics 207 or 112, and (3) Mathematics 111 or 101. Students are not encouraged to undertake a major in chemistry unless they have passed those prerequisite courses at a good level of proficiency. The minimum additional courses that must be completed for the standard major in chemistry are listed below.

1) Chemistry 301–302–303, 359–360 (357–358 may be substituted), 389–390, and 410
2) Mathematics 112, 213, or 122, 221–222, or 192–293–294
3) Physics 208

Potential majors electing to take Mathematics 213 are strongly encouraged to do so in their sophomore year to avoid scheduling conflicts with Chemistry 389 in their junior year. The sequence described above is a basic program in chemistry that students can extend substantially in whatever direction suits their own needs and interests. Those going on to do graduate work in chemistry should recognize that these requirements are minimal and should supplement their programs, where possible, with further courses such as Chemistry 405, 605, 606, 665, 666, 668, and 681. Even students not planning graduate work in chemistry should consider advanced work in physics and mathematics, courses in the biological sciences, and advanced work in chemistry as possible extensions of the basic program.

Honors. The honors program in chemistry offers superior students in the standard major an opportunity to study independently in seminars and to gain additional experience by engaging in research during the senior year. It is particularly recommended to those who plan graduate work in chemistry. Prospective candidates should complete the introductory organic, physical, and general chemistry sequences by the end of the junior year, although failure to have completed those courses in the junior year does not in itself disqualify a student from the honors program. Completion of the program at a high level of performance leads to the degree of Bachelor of Arts with honors in chemistry. Students will be admitted to the program by invitation of the department, with selection based on a superior cumulative average, including chemistry grades, and good performance in at least four credits of research at Cornell.

Prospective candidates should discuss their plans with advisers by March 1 of their junior year. Students are notified of their status by early January of their senior year. To be considered for honors, candidates must show outstanding performance in at least eight credits of undergraduate research such as is offered in Chemistry 421, 533, 541, or 661. In addition, the writing of a thesis in the honors seminar (Chemistry 498) is expected.

The Alternative Major

The alternative major is a flexible program that provides core coverage of chemistry around which students can design a program to meet their own career goals. Requirements consist of a core program along with four additional courses chosen by the student. One of the four must be Chemistry 421 at the 300 level or above; the other three may be in another field but should represent a cohesive plan and must be approved by a departmental committee.

The Core Program for the Alternative Major

1) Chemistry 215–216, 300 (or 207–208, 300; or 211, 208, 300; or 206, 208, 300), 251, 257, 287, 289, and 410 (Chem 357–358 or 359–360 can be substituted for Chem 257, or Chem 389–390 can be substituted for Chem 287, thereby fulfilling the requirement for an additional 300-level chemistry course)
2) Mathematics 111–112, or 111, 122, or 191–192
3) Physics 207–208; or 112, 213

Additional Courses for the Alternative Major

Possible plans for the remaining three courses might include programs in Biochemistry, Biology, Physics, Chemistry, Materials Science, Science, Technology, and Society; History and Philosophy of Science and Technology; Business and Management; Economics; Education; and others.

Premedical students and those interested in pursuing double majors might find the alternative major particularly attractive. The course requirements for admission to the alternative major are the same as those for the standard major.

Program for Science Teachers

Chemistry majors who wish to become teachers will be interested to know that Cornell University offers a certification program for teachers of secondary (grades 7–12) science. Interested students apply to the program during their sophomore or junior years. If accepted, students integrate some course work in Education with the rest of their undergraduate studies. All chemistry majors who enter this program will remain in the College of Arts and Sciences to complete the major.

After earning the bachelor's degree, certification students will be eligible for a master's degree from Cornell and a teaching certificate from New York State. Additional information is available from Susie Slack, 424 Kennedy Hall, 255-9255 or Prof Deborah Trumbull, 426 Kennedy Hall, 255-3108.

Laboratory Course Regulations

Students registered for laboratory courses who do not appear at the first meeting of the laboratory will forfeit their registration in that course.

Students and members of the teaching staff are required to wear safety goggles and lab aprons in all chemistry laboratories. Closed-toed footwear is required (no sandals).

Students are reminded to take their goggles and lab aprons to the first laboratory session. Those who fail to cooperate with the safety program will be asked to leave the laboratory.

Students are required to pay for glassware and any other items broken or missing from their
laboratory desks at the close of each semester. Students who fail to inventory their desks at the appointed time in the presence of their instructor are charged a $10 fee in addition to charges for any breakage.

Courses
Note: Class meeting times are accurate at the time of publication. If changes are necessary, the department will provide new information as soon as possible.

Preliminary examinations for all courses may be given in the evening.

CHEM 105 The Language of Chemistry
Fall. 3 credits. This course contributes to meeting the College of Arts and Sciences "Physical and Biological Sciences" (Group I) distribution requirement, as well as satisfying the CALS physical science requirement of one course in chemistry. S-U or letter grades. Lecs, M W F 12:20. Prelims in normal class period at 12:20 P.M. TBA.

In his autobiography, A. Kornberg (Nobel Laureate in Medicine, 1959) wrote, "much of life can be understood in rational terms if expressed in the language of chemistry. It is an international language, a language for all time, a language that explains where we came from, what we are, and where the physical world will allow us to go." Through careful examination of a few milestone investigations of naturally occurring biologically important compounds (such as the antimarial quinine, benzodiazepines, and the sperm attractants of algae), the principles of chemistry to which Kornberg refers will be developed. Methods of analyzing chemical problems will be emphasized, rather than the memorization of specific results or formulas. There will be an opportunity for students, working in small groups, to prepare and present short reports on topics of particular current interest at the interface between chemistry and biology.

CHEM 106 Strategies in Science: The World of Chemistry
Spring. 3 credits. This course contributes to meeting the College of Arts and Sciences "Physical and Biological Sciences" distribution requirement (Group I) as well as satisfying the CALS physical science requirement of one course in chemistry. S-U or letter grades. Lecs, M W F 12:20. Prelims: 7:30–9 P.M., Feb. 27, March 29. TBA.

A general appreciation of chemistry in the everyday world which will highlight for nonchemists the way the scientific method works. The course will focus not only on what modern chemistry has accomplished, but more generally on the way scientists think and how they function.

CHEM 206 Introduction to General Chemistry
Fall or summer. 4 credits. Enrollment limited. Recommended for students who have not had high school chemistry and for those needing a less intensive course than Chemistry 207. Lecs, M W F 11:15, lab, T R 9 or 8:00–11:00, or M W F 12:25–4:25. Prelims: 7:30–9 P.M., Oct. 3, Nov. 9. C. F. Wilcox.

An introduction to general chemistry, with emphasis on chemical principles and facts. Chemistry 206 covers much of the same material as Chemistry 207 plus the basics of chemical equilibrium, but does so at a slower pace.

CHEM 207-208 General Chemistry
Fall or summer, 207; spring or summer, 208. 4 credits each term. Recommended for those students who will take further courses in chemistry. Prerequisite for Chemistry 207: high school chemistry. Prerequisite for Chemistry 208: Chemistry 206 or 207. Lecs, T R 10:10 or 12:20, lab, T R F 8–12 or M T W R F 12:20–4:25. Prelims: 7:30–9 P.M., Oct. 3, Nov. 9, Feb. 27, April 10. Fall: J. E. McMurry; spring: C. T. Gayton.

Fundamental chemical principles and descriptive facts are covered, with considerable attention given to the quantitative aspects and to the techniques important for further work in chemistry. Second-semester laboratory includes a systematic study of qualitative analysis.

Note: Entering students exceptionally well prepared in chemistry may receive advanced placement credit for General Chemistry 207 by demonstrating competence in the advanced placement examination of the College Entrance Examination Board or in the departmental examination given at Cornell before classes start in the fall. Taking Chemistry 208 after 215 is not recommended and can be done only with the permission of the 208 instructor.

CHEM 211 Chemistry for the Applied Sciences
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Recommended for those students who intend to take only one term of chemistry. Enrollment limited. Prerequisite: high school chemistry or permission of instructor. Corequisite: a calculus course at the level of Mathematics 111 or 191. Lecs, M W F 12:20; lab, fall and spring, M T W R F 12:25–4:25. Prelims: 7:30–9 P.M., Sept. 21, Oct. 19, Nov. 21, Feb. 15, Mar. 13, Apr. 12. Fall: D. B. Zax; spring: J. Marohn.

Important chemical principles and facts are covered with the objective of understanding the role of chemistry in other fields. Emphasis is on topics such as state materials, periodic trends, and specific classes of compounds, such as polymers.

Note: Entering students exceptionally well prepared in chemistry may receive advanced placement credit for General Chemistry 207 by demonstrating competence in the advanced placement examination of the College Entrance Examination Board or in the departmental examination given at Cornell before classes start in the fall.

CHEM 215-216 General and Inorganic Chemistry
Fall, spring. 215, spring. 216. 4 credits each term. Recommended for students who intend to specialize in chemistry or related fields. Enrollment limited. Prerequisites: good performance in high school chemistry, physics, and mathematics. Corequisite: a calculus course at the level of Mathematics 111 or 191 for students who have not taken high school calculus. Prerequisite for Chemistry 215: Chemistry 215. Lecs, M W F 12:20; lab, M T W R or F 12:25–4:25. Prelims: 7:30–9 P.M., Oct. 3, Nov. 9, Feb. 15, Mar. 13, Apr. 12. Fall: B. Wisdom; spring: S. Lee.

An intensive systematic study of the laws and concepts of chemistry, with considerable emphasis on quantitative aspects. Second term includes systematic study of inorganic chemistry. Laboratory work covers qualitative and quantitative analysis, transition metal chemistry, and spectroscopic techniques.

Note: Taking Chem 208 after 215 is not recommended and can be done only with the permission of 208 instructor.

CHEM 233 Introduction to Biomolecular Structure
Fall. 2 credits. Limited to 30 students. Prerequisites: CHEM 207–208 or equivalents. Lecs, T R 2:30–5:30. S. E. Ealick.

This course is intended for students with a basic understanding of chemistry who are considering a program of study in biochemistry. The interrelationship of the structure and function of biologically important molecules are explored. Emphasis is placed on understanding the way in which the three-dimensional arrangements of atoms determine the biological properties of both small molecules and macromolecules such as proteins and enzymes. The study of molecular structure is aided by interactive computer graphics for visualizing three-dimensional structures of molecules.

CHEM 251 Introduction to Experimental Organic Chemistry
Fall, spring, or summer. 2 credits. Recommended for non-chemistry majors. Enrollment limited. Prerequisite: CHEM 251. Lecs: Fall, R 11:15 of F 8:00, spring, F 8, lab, M T W R or F 1:25–4:25, or T or R 8–11. Prelims: 7:30–9 P.M., Fall: Nov. 9; Spring: Apr. 17. S. Russo.

An introduction to the synthesis, separation, and handling of materials, including applications of many types of chromatography, simple and fractional distillation, crystallization, extraction, and others.

CHEM 252 Elementary Experimental Organic Chemistry

A continuation of Chemistry 251.

CHEM 257 Introduction to Organic and Biological Chemistry
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: Chemistry 206 or 207. Because Chemistry 257 is only a 3-credit course, it does not provide a practical route to satisfying medical school requirements. Lecs, M W F 11:15. Prelims in normal class period at 11:15. D. A. Usher.

An introduction to organic chemistry with an emphasis on those structures and reactions of organic compounds having particular relevance to biological chemistry.

CHEM 287-288 Introductory Physical Chemistry

A systematic treatment of the fundamental principles of physics, chemistry, focusing in the fall on thermodynamics and the quantum mechanics of the periodic table and chemical bonding. In the spring the course will be oriented to the application of physical chemistry to biological systems, including
transport, kinetics, electrochemistry, spectroscopy. Chemistry 287 satisfies the minimum requirement for physical chemistry in the alternative chemistry major.

CHEM 289-290 Introductory Physical Chemistry Laboratory
Fall, 289; spring, 290. 2 credits each term. Lecs: fall, R 8:00 A.M.; spring, R 8:00 or 9:05 Lab: fall, M W R F 9:05-4:25; spring, M W R 1:25-4:25. T. McCarrick
A survey of the methods basic to the experimental study of physical chemistry, with a focus on the areas of kinetics, equilibrium, calorimetry, and molecular spectroscopy.

CHEM 300 Quantitative Chemistry
Volumetric, spectrophotometric, and potentiometric methods are emphasized. Techniques are learned by analysis of knowns, and then are used on unknowns. Lectures and problem sets stress the relationship between theory and applications.

CHEM 301 Experimental Chemistry I
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Chemistry 300, and 357 or 359. Lecs, M W F 12:20; 2 labs, M W 1:25-4:25 or T R 8-11 or T R 1:25-4:25. J. M. Burlitch.
An introduction to the techniques of synthetic organic chemistry. A representative selection of the most important classes of organic reactions will be explored in the laboratory. Laboratory techniques and the theoretical basis for the separation and characterization techniques used will be discussed in the lectures.

CHEM 302 Experimental Chemistry II
Fall. 4 credits. Enrollment limited; preference given to chemistry majors. Prerequisite: Chemistry 301. Lecs, M W F 9:05; 2 labs, M W 1:25-4:25, T R 8-11 or T R 1:25-4:25. F. J. DiSalvo.
Instrumental methods of analysis, including chemical microscopy, UV, IR, and AA spectroscopies, and gas chromatography. The design, execution, and analysis of experiments is stressed.

CHEM 303 Experimental Chemistry III
Spring. 4 credits. Each lab limited to 11 students. Prerequisites: Chemistry 302, 389, 390; coregistration in the latter is permissible. Lecs, M W F 9:05; 2 labs, M W 1:25-4:25, or T R 9:00-12 or T R 1:25-4:25. H. D. Abruna.
An introduction to experimental physical chemistry, including topics in calorimetry, spectroscopy, and kinetics. The analysis and numerical simulation of experimental data is stressed.

CHEM 357-358 Organic Chemistry for the Life Sciences
Fall or summer, 357: spring or summer, 358. 3 credits each term. Prerequisite for Chemistry 357: Chemistry 208 or 216 or advanced placement; recommended concurrent registration in Chemistry 251 or 300. Prerequisite for Chemistry 358: Chemistry 357 or permission of the instructor. Lecs, M W F 9:05 or 10:10, optional rec may be offered. Prelims: 7:30-9 P.M., Oct. 17, Nov. 14, Feb. 15, Mar. 13, Apr. 12. Fall: B. Gamem; spring: J. Meinekald.
A study of the more important classes of carbon compounds, especially those encountered in the biological sciences. Emphasis will be placed on their three-dimensional structures, mechanisms of their characteristic reactions, their synthesis in nature and the laboratory, methods of identifying compounds and their role in modern science and technology.

Note: Because of duplication of material, students who take both Chemistry 257 and 357 will receive graduation credit only for Chemistry 257.

CHEM 359-360 Organic Chemistry I and II
Fall, 359; spring, 360. 4 credits each term. Recommended for students who intend to specialize in chemistry or closely related fields. Enrollment limited. Prerequisites: Chemistry 216 with a grade of B or better, Chemistry 208 with a grade of A or better, or permission of instructor. Prerequisite for Chemistry 360: Chemistry 359. Recommended: coregistration in Chemistry 300-301-302. Lecs, M W F 9:05; dis sec, W 7:30 P.M. prelims, 7:30-9:00 P.M., Sept. 20, Oct. 18, Nov. 15, Spring: 7:30-9:00 P.M., Feb. 14, Mar. 14, Apr. 18. Fall: D. B. Collum; spring: G. W. Coates.
A rigorous and systematic study of organic compounds, their structures, the mechanisms of their reactions, and the ways they are synthesized in nature and in the laboratory.

CHEM 389-390 Physical Chemistry I and II
Fall, 389; spring, 390. 4 credits each term. Prerequisites: Mathematics 213 or, ideally, 221-222, Physics 208; Chemistry 208 or 216 or permission of instructor. Prerequisite for Chemistry 389: Chemistry 208 or 216. Lecs, M W F 10:10; rec. M or W 1:25 or T 9:05. Lecs, M W F 10:10; prelims, 7:30-9 P.M. Sept. 26, Oct. 24, Nov. 21, 390: Feb. 15, Mar. 13, Apr. 12. Fall: M. A. Hines; spring: H. F. Davis.
The principles of physical chemistry are studied from the standpoint of the laws of thermodynamics, kinetic theory, statistical mechanics, and quantum chemistry.

CHEM 391 Physical Chemistry II (also CHEM E 391)
Spring. 4 credits. Enrollment limited to engineering students only. Prerequisites: Mathematics 293; Physics 112, 215; Chemistry 208 or 216 or permission of instructor. Corequisite: Math 294. Prerequisite for Chemistry 391: Chemistry 389. Lecs, M W F 9:05; rec. M 1:25 or T 9:05; T. M. Duncan.
The study of two topics: (1) Quantum chemistry—the electronic structure of atoms, molecules, and condensed matter; the interaction of electromagnetic radiation with matter for spectroscopy and chemical reaction. (2) Chemical kinetics—reaction rate laws from experimental data and reaction mechanisms; approximation methods and applications to polymerization and heterogeneous catalysis.

CHEM 404 Entrepreneurship in Chemical Enterprise
Designed to acquaint students with the problems of planning, starting, and managing a new scientifically oriented business venture, the course will consist of six weekly 90-minute meetings focusing on case studies and assigned reading, as well as outside lectures by entrepreneurs in the chemical, pharmaceutical, and biotechnology industries. Topical topics will include new technology evaluation and assessment, business formation, resource allocation, management development, as well as manufacturing and sales issues.

CHEM 405 Techniques of Modern Synthetic Chemistry
Spring. 3 or 6 credits. Enrollment limited. Prerequisites: Chemistry 302 and permission of instructor. To receive 3 credits, students must perform a minimum of three 2-week experiments. 6 credits will be given for 3 additional experiments.
Completion of 5 exercises in elementary glass-blowing will count as 1 experiment. Lab time required: 16 hours each week, including at least two 4-hour sessions in 1 section (M W 1:25). First meeting will be at 1:30 on first class day of semester. Lec, first week only, at times TBA. Not offered 2000-2001. J. M. Burlitch.
The syntheses of complex organic, organometallic, and inorganic compounds is carried out with emphasis on the following techniques: vacuum line, high pressure, high-temperature solid state, inert atmosphere, nonaqueous solvents, radioactive labeling, solid-phase, photochemical and electrochemical methods, solid phase peptide synthesis, and polymer synthesis. Elementary glassblowing will be taught.

CHEM 410 Inorganic Chemistry
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Chemistry 358 or 360, and 287 or 390. Lecs, M W F 11:15. Prelims: 7:30-9:00 P.M., Sept. 21, Oct. 19, Nov. 16. P. T. Wolczanski
A systematic study of the synthesis, structure, bonding, reactivity, and uses of inorganic compounds, organometallic complexes, and solid state species.

CHEM 421 Introduction to Inorganic Chemistry Research
Fall or spring. 2-4 credits. Prerequisites: Chemistry 303 and 390, or Chemistry 287-288, and Chemistry 299-300 with an average of B- or better, or permission of instructor. Selected faculty.
Research in inorganic chemistry involving both laboratory and library work, planned in consultation with a faculty member.

CHEM 422 Introduction to Analytical Chemistry Research
Fall or spring. 2-4 credits. Prerequisites: Chemistry 303 and 390 with an average of B- or better or permission of instructor. Selected faculty.
Research in analytical chemistry involving both laboratory and library work, planned in consultation with a faculty member.

CHEM 450 Principles of Chemical Biology
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: Chemistry 357-358, Chemistry 359-360 or equivalent. Lecs, T R 10:10-11:25. J. C. Clardy.
Biological processes are increasingly understood in chemical terms, and this course introduces some of the most important chemical approaches to biological processes. Topics such as structure-based drug design, small molecule mediators or protein-protein interaction, combinatorial synthesis, chemical genetics, conformational analysis of biological molecules, and the molecules transfer of biological information will be covered.
CHEM 461 Introduction to Organic Chemistry Research Fall or spring. 2-4 credits. Prerequisite: Chemistry 302 and 358 or 360 with a grade of B- or better or permission of instructor. Selected faculty. Research in organic chemistry involving both laboratory and library work, planned in consultation with a faculty member.

CHEM 477 Introduction to Physical Chemistry Research Fall or spring. 2-4 credits. Prerequisite: Chemistry 390 with an average of B- or better or permission of instructor. Selected faculty. Research in physical chemistry involving both laboratory and library work, planned in consultation with a faculty member.

CHEM 498 Honors Seminar Spring. No credit. Admission to standard chemistry majors only by departmental invitation. Additional prerequisites or corequisites may be determined by the student. Students may combine traditional courses and library material to form a coherent topic. Each student will be assisted by a faculty member in his own research area.

CHEM 600-601 General Chemistry Colloquium Fall, 600; spring, 601. No credit. Required of all graduate students except those majoring in biorganic chemistry. Juniors and seniors are encouraged to attend. R 4-00. Staff. A series of talks representative of all fields of current research interest in chemistry other than organic chemistry, given by distinguished visitors and faculty members.

CHEM 602 Information Literacy for the Physical Scientist Spring. 1 credit. Primarily for first-year graduate students and undergraduate chemistry majors doing research. Lec, T 4:45-6:00. L. Sola. An introduction to physical science information research methods, including use of paper and electronic resources. With the continued information explosion, information overload may become a problem. Students will learn to use information retrieval techniques to locate accurate, timely, and useful information.

CHEM 605 Advanced Inorganic Chemistry I: Symmetry, Structure, and Reactivity Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Chemistry 389-390 or equivalent or permission of instructor. Lecs, M W F 11:15. R. C. Fay. Selected topics in structure, bonding, and reactivity of inorganic compounds with emphasis on main group elements at the level of Chemistry of the Elements, by Greenwood and Earnshaw. Group theory applications—hybrid orbitals, molecular orbitals, molecular vibrations, and ligand field theory; at the level of Cotton's Chemical Applications of Group Theory.


CHEM 622 Chemical Communication Fall. 3 credits. Lecs, M W F 10:10. J. Meinwald, T. Eisner. For description, see BIONB 623.

CHEM 625 Advanced Analytical Chemistry I Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Chemistry 288 or 390 or equivalent. Lecs, M W F 9:05; occasional prelims W 7:30 P.M. B. K. Carpenter. The application of molecular spectroscopy to chemical problems. Topics in infrared, NMR, and mass spectroscopy are discussed.

CHEM 627 Advanced Analytical Chemistry II Spring. 4 credits. Primarily for graduate students. Prerequisite: Chemistry 793 or equivalent is preferable. Lecs, M W F 9:05-9:55. D. B. Zax. Modern techniques in nuclear magnetic resonance. Little overlap is expected with CHEM 625, as this course will focus on more general questions of experimental design, understanding of multipulse experiments, and aspects of coherent averaging theory. Examples to be taken from both liquid and solid-state NMR. May also be of interest to other coherent spectroscopists.

CHEM 628 Isotopic and Trace Element Analysis (also NS 690) Spring. 3 credits. Primarily for graduate students and advanced undergraduates. Prerequisite: Chemistry 288 or 390 or 302, or Chemistry 206 and Mathematics 112, or permission of instructor. Lecs T R 10:10. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000-2001. J. T. Brenna. Survey course in modern high precision isotope ratio mass spectrometry (IRMS) techniques and trace element methods of analysis. Topics include dual inlet and continuous flow IRMS, thermal ionization MS, inductively coupled plasma MS, atomic spectroscopy, ion and electron microscopies, X-ray and electron spectroscopies, and biological and solid state applications.

CHEM 629 Electrochemistry Fall. 4 credits. Primarily for graduate students and upperclass undergraduates. Prerequisite: Chemistry 390 or equivalent (Mathematics 213 helpful). Lecs, T R 8:40-9:55. H. D. Abruna. Fundamentals and applications of electrochemistry. Topics will include the fundamentals of electrode kinetics, electron transfer theory, the electrical double layer, diffusion, and other modes of transport. A wide range of techniques and their application as well as instrumental aspects will be covered.

CHEM 665 Advanced Organic Chemistry Fall. 4 credits. Primarily for graduate students and upperclass undergraduates. Prerequisites: Chemistry 358 or 360, and 390 or equivalents or permission of instructor. Lecs, M W F 9:05-9:55. B. K. Carpenter. A survey of reaction mechanisms and reactive intermediates in organic chemistry.


CHEM 668 Chemical Aspects of Biological Processes Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Chemistry 360 or equivalent. Lecs, T R 8:40-9:55. T. P. Begley. A representative selection of the most important classes of enzymes-catalyzed reactions will be examined from a mechanistic perspective. Topics discussed will include the chemical basis of enzymatic catalysis, techniques for the elucidation of enzyme mechanism, cofactor chemistry, and the biosynthesis of selected natural products. The application of chemical principles to understanding biological processes will be emphasized.

CHEM 670 Fundamental Principles of Polymer Chemistry Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Physical Chemistry 389-390 and Organic Chemistry 359/360 or equivalent or by permission of instructor. Primarily for graduate students and advanced undergraduates. No previous knowledge of polymers is required. Lecs, T R 10:00-11:15. G. W. Coates.
This course emphasizes general concepts and fundamental principles of polymer chemistry. The first part of the course deals with general introduction to classes of polymers, molar masses and their distributions, and a survey of major methods of polymer synthesis—radical, step-growth, ionic, transfer, Ziegler-Natta, and metathesis polymerization methods—with emphasis on kinetics and mechanisms rather than on structure. The second part deals with characterization and physical properties. These include: solution properties—solubility and solubility parameters, solution viscosity, molecular weight characterizations; gel permeation chromatography, viscometry, light scattering, osmometry; bulk properties—chemical and mechanical properties, and structure-property relationships. The discussions will focus on chemistry rather than engineering of polymers.

**CHEM 671 Synthetic Polymer Chemistry** (also MS&E 671 and CHEM 675) Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: a minimum of organic chemistry at the level of CHEM 358 or 360 and an understanding of polymer chemistry. This course will provide an overview of organic chemistry background should see the instructor before registering for the course. Primarily for graduate students and advanced undergraduates. No previous knowledge of polymer chemistry is required although knowledge of material covered in CHEM 670 or MS&E 452 will be helpful but not required. Lecs. T R 8:30-10:00. D. Y. Sogah.

The objective of the course is to teach general concepts of polymer synthesis and discuss application of organic synthetic methods to the development of new polymerization methods and polymer architecture control. Emphasis will be on modern concepts in synthetic polymer chemistry and topics of current interest: the study of new methods of synthesis, preparation of polymers with reactive end groups, the control of polymer stereochemistry and topology, and the design of polymers tailored for specific uses and properties. Topics on synthesis will be selected from the following: step-growth polymerization, free radical polymerization and radical polymerization, cationic polymerization, group transfer polymerization, ring-opening metathesis polymerization, and cyclopolymerization.

**CHEM 672 Kinetics and Regulation of Enzyme Systems** Fall. 4 credits. Primarily for graduate students with interests in biophysical chemistry. Prerequisite: Chemistry 288 or 390, BIOBN 331, or equivalents or permission of instructor. Lecs. M W F 10:10-11:00. A. P. Carreira.

Focus is on protein interactions with ligands and consequent changes in structure and activity. Topics include protein structure and dynamics, thermodynamics and kinetics of ligand binding, and transport of enzyme kinetics; enzyme catalysis and regulation; role of cell membrane receptors in regulating cellular activities.

**CHEM 677 Chemistry of Nucleic Acids** Fall. 4 credits. Primarily for graduate students. Prerequisites: Chemistry 358 or 360, and 389/390. Lecs. M W F 10:10-11:00. D. A. Usher.

Properties, synthesis, reactions, and biochemical reactions of nucleic acids.
CHEM 787 Modern Methods of Physical Chemistry
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: 1 year of undergraduate physical chemistry, 3 semesters of calculus. 1 year of college physics, (same as for CHEM 681). Lecs, T R 10:10-11:15; J. H. Freed.
This course provides the methodological background for graduate courses in chemical thermodynamics, kinetics, statistical mechanics, and quantum chemistry. It will include the methods of solution of relevant differential equations; the eigenvalue problem and linear algebra; partial differential equations for diffusion and wave mechanics; integral transforms; variational methods; and modern numerical methods. At the level of Mathematical Methods in the Physical Sciences, 2nd Edition, by Boas. There will be two prelims, one final exam, and 10-12 problem sets.

CHEM 788 Macromolecular Crystallography (also BIOSBM 738)
Spring. 3 credits. S-U grades optional. Prerequisites: Permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. Lecs, M W F 11:15; dis sec 6:00 r. S. E. Ealick, P. A. Karplus, J. C. Clardy.
Lectures briefly cover the fundamentals of crystallography and focus on methods for determining the three-dimensional structures of macromolecules. These include crystallization, data collection, multiple isomorphous replacement, molecular replacement, model building, refinement, and structure interpretation.

CHEM 789 X-ray Crystallography
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Chemistry 288 or 390 or permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. Lecs, M W F 10:10. Not offered 2000-2001. J. C. Clardy.
A beginning course in the applications of X-ray crystallography to chemistry. Topics include symmetry properties of crystals, diffraction of X-rays by crystals, interpretation of diffraction data, and refinement of structures. The chemical information available from a diffraction experiment is stressed, and practical aspects are incorporated.

CHEM 791 Spectroscopy
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Chemistry 793 or Physics 443 or equivalent. Lecs, M W F 11:15-12:05. G. S. Ezra.
Principles of molecular rotational, vibrational, and electronic spectroscopy. Topics include interaction of molecules with radiation; Born-Oppenheimer approximation, diatomic molecules; polyatomic molecules, feasible operations and the molecular symmetry group, and spectroscopy, dynamics, and IVR. At the level of Kroto’s Molecular Rotation Spectra.

CHEM 792 Molecular Collision Theory
The concepts and methods of scattering theory are described with particular emphasis on applications to problems of chemical interest. At the level of Child’s Molecular Collision Theory and Taylor’s Scattering Theory.

CHEM 793 Quantum Mechanics I
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Chemistry 390, coregistration in A&EP 321 or equivalents or permission of instructor. Lecs, M W F 11:15 G. S. Ezra.
Schrödinger’s equation, wave packets, uncertainty principle. WKB theory, matrix mechanics, orbital and spin angular momentum, exclusion principle, perturbation theory, variational principle. At the level of Cohen-Tannoudji’s Quantum Mechanics.

CHEM 794 Quantum Mechanics II
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Chemistry 793 or equivalent and the equivalent of or coregistration in A&EP 322, or permission of instructor. Lecs, T R 10:10-11:25. B. Widom.

CHEM 796 Statistical Mechanics
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Chemistry 678 and 703 or equivalent. Lecs, T R 8:30-9:55. R. Loring.

CHEM 798 Special Topics in Physical Chemistry (Chemical Bonding in Polymers, Surfaces, and the Solid State)
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Chemistry 605, or 681, or 793, or Physics 443, or the equivalent. Lecs, T R 10:10-11:25. Not offered 2000-2001. R. Hoffmann.
The qualitative aspects of the electronic structure and chemical bonding on extended one-, two- and three-dimensional systems will be discussed, in a way accessible to a wide range of inorganic and organic chemists, and to engineers and physicists as well.

CHINESE
PALC0N Program (Chinese)
See Department of Asian Studies.

CLASSICS
Cornell University has long recognized the importance of studying the civilizations of ancient Greece and Rome. Particularly in an age of increasing specialization, study of the Classics is widely viewed as an excellent means of acquiring a liberal education. In Cornell, we are deeply interested in the continuing humanistic values contained in the literature of the ancient world and in gaining a fuller understanding of these important cultures and their imprint on subsequent ages. The Department of Classics at Cornell maintains an active program to the needs of each student, if there is a Classical writer you would like to study, the department will do its best to help you do so whether you are a major in the department or not.

Majors
The Department of Classics offers majors in Classics, Greek, Latin, and Classical Civilization.

Classics
The Classics major comprises seven courses in advanced Greek and Latin (numbered 201 or above) and three courses in related subjects (see below) selected in consultation with the adviser. Classics majors are required to take a minimum of one 300-level course in one language and two 300-level courses in the other
Students who are considering the option of undertaking graduate study in Classics are strongly advised to complete the Classics major.

Greek
The Greek major comprises Classics 201 plus five advanced courses in Greek (numbered 203 and above) of which at least three are to be taken at the 300-level, and three courses in related subjects (see below) selected in consultation with the adviser.

Latin
The Latin major comprises Classics 205 plus five advanced courses in Latin (numbered 207 and above) of which at least three are to be taken at the 300-level, and three courses in related subjects (see below) selected in consultation with the adviser.

Classical Civilization
Those who major in Classical Civilization must complete (a) qualification in Latin and Greek or proficiency in either; (b) Classics 211 (or History 265), Classics 212 (or History 266), and Classics 220, plus five courses selected from those listed under Classical civilization. Classical archaeology, Ancient Philosophy, Latin, and Greek; and (c) three courses in related subjects (see below) selected in consultation with the adviser.

Related Subjects
The field or scope of the subject "Classics" is the interdisciplinary study of Greek and Roman antiquity, comprising Greek and Latin language, literature, and linguistics; ancient philosophy, history, art, archaeology and art history, papyrology, epigraphy, and numismatics. It covers the ancient Mediterranean and neighboring lands as they were during the period extending from approximately 3000 B.C.E. to the sixth century C.E. In addition to the required courses in language and literature, the major includes related courses intended to give breadth and exposure to the other disciplines within the field and to enrich the student's study of the original languages. Since the influence of the Greco-Roman world extended far beyond antiquity, a related course could well focus on some aspect of the classical tradition in a later period. Students select related courses in consultation with their advisers or the DUS.

Honors
Candidates for the degree of Bachelor of Arts with honors in Classics, Greek, Latin, or Classical civilization must fulfill the requirements of the appropriate major study as given above and must also successfully complete the special honors course 472. Credit for the honors course may be included in the credits required for the major. Students who wish to become candidates for honors must have a cumulative average of B, and B+ in the major. In consultation with the Standing Committee on Honors, the students should choose an honors adviser by the end of their sixth semester. By the second week of their seventh semester they should submit an outline of their proposed honors work to the Standing Committee and to the adviser(s). The thesis will be written under the supervision of the honors adviser(s) chosen by the student. Honors advisers will submit recommendations to the Standing Committee on Honors. The Committee will read all honors theses and will determine the level of departmental honors. A copy of each successful honors thesis will be filed with the department.

Independent Study
Independent study at the 300 level may be undertaken by undergraduates upon completion of one semester of work at the 300 level. 200-level independent study may be undertaken only in the case of documented schedule conflict upon application to the DUS.

Study Abroad
Cornell participates in the Intercollegiate Center for Classical Studies in Rome, which offers courses in Latin, Greek, ancient history, art, archaeology, and Italian. Another opportunity for a semester's study abroad is available through College Year in Athens. (Consult Cornell Abroad for details.) In addition, Cornell is a member institution of the American School of Classical Studies at Athens, whose Summer Program is open to graduate students and qualified undergraduates. The American Academy in Rome, of which Cornell is also a member institution, offers full-year and summer programs for qualified graduate students. For graduate students the Department of Classics offers a few travel grants each year. Townsend Memorial Fund. Detailed information on these programs is available in the Department of Classics Office, 120 Goldwin Smith Hall.

Summer Support for Language Study
The Beatrice R. Kanders Memorial Scholarship (for the summer immediately following the freshman or sophomore year; preference given to dyslexic students) is available to students who want to enroll in Intensive Latin or Greek in the Cornell Summer session. These courses are designed to enable students to enter second-year Latin or Greek the following fall. Preference is given to Classics undergraduate majors, and other students needing Latin or Greek for completion of their majors. Applications are due to the chair of the Department of Classics by March 16.

Placement in Latin, Ancient Greek, and Modern Greek
Placement of first-year students in Latin and ancient Greek courses, and proficiency level in modern Greek, is determined by an examination given by the Department of Classics during orientation week or by arrangement with the director of undergraduate studies.

First-Year Writing Seminars
The department offers freshman writing seminars on a variety of topics. Consult John S. Knight Writing Seminar Program brochures for times, instructors, and descriptions.

Classical Civilization
CLASSICS 429

CLASSICS 100 Word Power: Greek and Latin Elements in the English Language
Spring. 3 credits. E. Hohendahl.

CLASSICS 210 English Words: Histories and Mysteries (also LING 109)
Fall. 3 credits. M. Weisz.

CLASSICS 211 The Greek Experience #
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to 50 students. P. Ahl.

An introduction to the literature and thought of ancient Greece. Topics will include epic and lyric poetry, tragedy and comedy, and historical, political, philosophical, and scientific writings. Some attention will also be given to the daily life of ordinary citizens, supplemented by slides of ancient art and architecture.

CLASSICS 212 The Roman Experience #

An introduction to the civilization of the Romans as expressed in their literature, religion, and social and political institutions.

CLASSICS 217 Initiation to Greek Culture #
Fall. 4 credits. Limited to 18 students. This course is intended especially for freshmen (a few exceptionally motivated sophomores or upperclass students may be accepted). Apply in writing to the chair, Department of Classics, 120 Goldwin Smith Hall. P. Pucci and L. Abel.

Knowledge of Greek or Latin is not necessary, since all texts are in translation. What is necessary is the willingness to participate in three one-hour seminars each week and also a supplementary one-hour seminar (two-hour) session, during which the class will participate in workshops with specially invited guests.

This course covers a wide range of Greek literary and philosophical works, as well as modern critical and philosophical writings on the Greeks. Our focus throughout will be on the status of language, the many forms of discourse that appear in the literature, and the attempts the Greeks themselves made to overcome the perceived inadequacies and difficulties inherent in the medium of poetry and philosophy.

We will inquire into the development of philosophy in the context of a culture infused with traditional, mythological accounts of the cosmos. We will ask how poetic forms such as tragedy responded to and made an accommodation with philosophical discourse while creating a most emotional effect on the audience; how the first historians, using literary and philosophical discourse while attempting the Greeks themselves made to overcome the perceived inadequacies and difficulties inherent in the medium of poetry and philosophy.

We will inquire into the development of philosophy in the context of a culture infused with traditional, mythological accounts of the cosmos. We will ask how poetic forms such as tragedy responded to and made an accommodation with philosophical discourse while creating a most emotional effect on the audience; how the first historians, using literary and philosophical discourse, created space for their own inquiry, and we will try to discuss how these issues persist and are formulated in our own thinking.

CLASSICS 218 Initiation to the Classical Tradition #

CLASSICS 223 The Comic Theater (also COM L 223 and THETR 223) #
Spring and summer 2001. 3 credits. J. Rusten.

The origins of comic drama in ancient Greece and Rome, and its subsequent incarnations especially in the Italian renaissance (Commedia erudita and Commedia dell'arte), Elizabethan England, seventeenth-century
France, the English Restoration, and Hollywood in the thirties and forties. Chief topics will be: the growth of the comic theatrical tradition and conventions; techniques and themes of comic plots (trickster, parody, farce, caricature); and the role of comedy in society. All readings in English.

CLASS 229 War and Peace in Greece and Rome (also HIST 222)  
Fall. 4 credits. B. Strauss. 
For description, see HIST 228.

CLASS 231 Ancient Philosophy (also PHIL 211)  
Fall. 4 credits. G. Fine. 
For description, see PHIL 211.

CLASS 236 Greek Mythology (also COM L 236)  
Fall 2000 and summer 2001. 3 credits. 
Limited to 200 students. D. Mankin. 
A survey of the Greek myth will be taken, with emphasis on the content and significance of the myths in Mediterranean society, including the place of myth in Greek life and consciousness; the factors and influences involved in the creation of myths; and the use of myths for our understanding of Greek literature, religion, and moral and political concepts.

CLASS 237 Greek Religion and Mystery Cults (also RELST 237)  
Spring. 3 credits. K. Clinton. 
Greek religion constitutes one of the essential features of ancient Greek civilization and distinguishes it from later Western civilization. Since religion permeates Greek culture, the major art forms (epic poetry, tragedy, comedy, architecture, painting, and sculpture), the course will investigate the interaction of religion with these forms—an investigation that is fruitful both for the understanding of Greek religion and the forms themselves, some of which, like tragedy, originated in cult. A representative variety of cults will be studied with special emphasis on mystery cults, such as the Eleusinian mysteries of Demeter and Persephone, the Kaliopi, the Great Gods of Samothrace, and Bacchic rites.

CLASS 238 The Ancient Epic and Beyond  
We will move, Odysseus-like, to the West-beginning with Homer's Iliad (and including the British poet Christopher Logue's "account" of the opening books) and Odyssey, we will continue in the Hellenistic and Augustan eras, with Apollonius of Rhodes' Argonautica and Virgil's Aeneid. A violent shift in space and time will have us conclude with two New World maritime epics: Herman Melville's Moby Dick and Derek Walcott's Omeros.

CLASS 258 Periclean Athens  
Spring. 4 credits. H. Pellecchia. 
H. R. Rawlings III, and J. Rusten. 
The first five weeks will provide a synoptic view of Athens' historical and cultural achievement in the middle of the fifth century B.C., the tragic age of Thucydides, "The Glory that was Greece." Readings will be taken from Greek historians, philosophers, poets, and documentary texts, and from J. J. Politi's Art and Experience in Classical Greece. At least three of the 75-minute lectures will be devoted to art history and delivered by a guest speaker. The next 7–8 weeks will follow the course of the Peloponnesian War to its end: readings from Thucydides will be interwoven with contemporaneous texts composed by the dramatists (Sophocles, Euripides, and Aristophanes) and the sophists (supplemented with readings from Plato). The remaining classes will consider the fate of Socrates and a few other fourth-century developments. The basic aim of the course is to approach an understanding of how and why a vital and creative society came unglued. There will be weekly discussion sections.

CLASS 265 Ancient Greece from Homer to Alexander the Great (also HIST 265)  
For description, see HIST 265.

CLASS 268 A History of Rome from Republic to Principate (also HIST 268)  
Spring. 4 credits. Open to freshmen. 
J. Ginsburg. 
For description, see HIST 268.

CLASS 291 Classical Indian Narrative (also ASIAN 291)  

CLASS 303-304 Independent Study in Classical Civilization, Undergraduate Level  
303, fall; 304, spring. Up to 4 credits.

CLASS 331 Goths, Vandals, Franks, and Romans  
Fall. 4 credits. D. Starzec. 
Continuations of The Visigothic Sack of Rome by Alaric in 410 will be followed by three different case-studies for co-existence of Roman and barbarian in Late Antiquity: the Vandal kingdom (North), the Ostrogotic Kingdom (Italy), and finally the one that lasted, the Frankish kingdom (Gaul). Readings will include contemporary primary works as well as modern historiography.

CLASS 333 Greek and Roman Mystery Cults and Early Christianity (also RELST 333)  
Fall. 4 credits. A previous course in Classics (civilization or language) or Religious Studies 101 is recommended. Not offered 2000–2001. K. Clinton. 
A study of the controversial question of religious continuity between paganism and early Christianity. 

CLASS 335 Byzantine Theocracy: Church and State from the Fourth to Eighth Centuries A.D. (also HIST 334, NES 340, and RELST 340)  
Fall. 3 credits. S. Wessel. 
The Byzantine state and society was dominated by two institutions: church and state. These institutions were closely affiliated and mutually supportive. We will study the relationship between these two institutions throughout the first five centuries of the Byzantine Empire, and the impact that these institutions had on the formation of Byzantine society, culture, and religion. A variety of sources will be considered, including ecclesiastical histories, secular historiography, and the works of conciliar proceedings, letters, and theological treatises, as well as material sources, such as coins and images.

CLASS 339 Plato (also PHIL 309)  
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: at least 1 previous course in philosophy. 
C. Brittain. 
For description, see PHIL 309.

CLASS 345 The Tragic Theater (also COM L 344 and THETR 345)  
Tragedy and its audiences from ancient Greece to modern theater and film. Topics: origins of the various forms; techniques and theatrical conventions; tragedies in modern theater and film. Works studied will include: Aeschylus' Agamemnon, Sophocles' Oedipus Tyrannus, Plutarch, Euripides' Alcestis, Helen, Iphigenia in Aulis, Orestes, Seneca's Thyestes, Trojan Women, Shakespeare's Julius Caesar, Titus Andronicus, Othello, Strindberg's The Father, Durrenmatt's The Visit, Bergman's Seventh Seal, Cacoyannis' Iphigenia.

CLASS 382 Greeks, Romans, and Victorians (also COM L 382)  
This course explores the nineteenth-century (and especially Victorian) British poets, dramatists, and to a lesser extent, novelists, present Greco-Roman antiquity. The varied influences of Vergil and Homer, Seneca and Sophocles, Plautus and Aristophanes, Horace, and Greek lyric poetry will be discussed in selected works of Thomas More, Shelley, Byron, Swinburne, W. S. Gilbert, Oscar Wilde, and the pre-Raphaelites and Victorian poets.

CLASS 390 The Sanskrit Epics (also ASIAN 390)  
For description, see ASIAN 390.

CLASS 395 Classical Indian Philosophical Systems (also ASIAN 395 and RELST 395)  
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: some background in philosophy or in classical Indian culture. 
C. Minkowski. 
For description, see ASIAN 395.

CLASS 450 The Peloponnesian War (also CLASS 632 and HIST 450/630)  
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: CLASS 211 or 217, HIST 265, or permission of instructor. 
B. Strauss. 
For description, see HIST 450.

CLASS 463 Gender and Politics in the Roman World (also HIST 463 and WOMNS 464)  
Spring. 4 credits. J. Ginsburg. 
An undergraduate seminar examining the relationship between gender and politics in the late Roman Republic and early Empire. Among the questions this course will address are: what political the exclusive domain of men in Roman society (as is generally assumed) or does a broader definition of politics and an understanding of the various forms of political activity in ancient Rome might have taken place. A separate course in the political role of women in Roman political life? What role did gender have in Roman political discourse and ideology? Why did issues such as family, marriage, and sexuality become subjects of political debate and legislation?
CLASSICS 431

GREEK

[CLASS 369 Equality and Inequality in Ancient Greece (also HIST 469)]
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: History 265, Classics 211 or 217, or written permission of the instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. B. Strauss.
For description, see HIST 469.

[CLASS 480 Roman Society and Politics under the Julio-Claudians (also HIST 473)]
This course examines several of the important social and political changes in Roman society under Augustus and his successors, the Julio-Claudians. Topics to be investigated include Augustus's consolidation of power through political and social revolution, the Augustan attempt to regulate family life and social relations by legislation, the relation of the emperor Tiberius with the members of the old ruling class, the growth of the imperial bureaucracy and the new opportunities for social mobility, the political opposition to Claudius and Nero, Nero's cultural and provincial policy, and the manipulation of the imperial cult. All readings will be in English.

CLASS 711–712 Independent Study for Graduate Students in Classical Civilization
711, fall; 712, spring. Up to 4 credits.

Classics 307–308 Independent Study in Greek, Undergraduate Level
307, fall; 308, spring. Up to 4 credits.

CLASS 310 Greek Undergraduate Seminar #
Fall and spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: two 200-level courses in Greek or permission of instructor. Fall topic: Euripides. K. Clinton. Spring topic: Greek Lyric Poetry. H. Pelliccia.

CLASS 311 Greek Philosophical Texts: (also PHIL 411) #
Fall and spring: up to 4 credits. Prerequisites: knowledge of Greek and permission of instructor. T. Irwin, C. Brittain.
Readings of Greek philosophical texts in the original.

CLASS 313 Greek Epic #
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Classics 206 or equivalent. Not offered 2000–2001.

CLASS 342 Greek Prose Composition
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: one term of 200-level Greek or permission of instructor. P. Pucci.

CLASS 417 Advanced Readings in Greek #

CLASS 419 Advanced Greek Composition

CLASS 555 Graduate Proseminar
Fall. 1 credit. Not offered 2000–2001. Staff. Graduate students will be introduced to the tools, techniques, and methods of classical scholarship.

GREEK 605–606 Graduate Survey of Greek Literature
605, fall; 606, spring. 4 credits each term. Prerequisite: linguistic proficiency to be determined by instructor. Not offered 2000–2001.

A survey of Greek literature in two semesters. Classics 605: Greek literature from Homer to the mid-fifth century. Classics 606: Greek literature from the late fifth century to the Empire.

CLASS 632 Topics in Ancient History (also CLASS 450 and HIST 450/630)
Fall. 4 credits. B. Strauss.
For description, see HIST 630.

CLASS 671 Graduate Seminar in Greek
Fall. 4 credits.
671.1 topic: Homer. A. Nussbaum and H. Pelliccia.
671.2 topic: Problems in Greek Religion. K. Clinton.

CLASS 672 Graduate Seminar in Greek: Sophocles
Spring. 4 credits. P. Pucci.

CLASS 701–702 Independent Study for Graduate Students in Greek
701, fall; 702, spring. Up to 4 credits.

CLASS 105 Latin for Beginners
Fall. 4 credits. Staff. An introductory course in the essentials of Latin, designed for rapid progress toward reading the principal Latin writers.

CLASS 106 Elementary Latin
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: 105 or equivalent. Staff. A continuation of Classics 105, using readings from various authors.

CLASS 107 Intensive Latin
Spring and summer. 6 credits. Staff. Prepares students in one term for 200-level Latin.

CLASS 108 Latin in Review
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: placement by departmental examination. E. Hohendahl. This course will accommodate students who place too high for beginning Latin, but not high enough for intermediate.

CLASS 205 Intermediate Latin #

CLASS 216 Vergil #

CLASS 227–228 Independent Study in Latin, Undergraduate Level
227, fall; 228, spring. Up to 4 credits. Only by permission of the DUS in the case of documented schedule conflict.

CLASS 312 Latin Undergraduate Seminar #
Fall and spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: 2 terms of 200-level Latin or permission of instructor. Fall topic: Horace. D. Mankin.

CLASS 314 The Augustan Age #
4 credits. Prerequisite: 2 terms of 200-level Latin or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001.

CLASS 315–316 Independent Study in Latin, Undergraduate Level
315, fall; 316, spring. Up to 4 credits.

CLASS 317 Roman Historiography #

CLASS 341 Latin Prose Composition

CLASS 369 Intensive Medieval Latin Reading
Summer only. 4 credits. D. Shanzer.
Web site: www.arts.cornell.edu/classics/Classics/Classics 369/Med_Latin.html
CLASS 411 Advanced Readings in Latin Literature: Lucan #
Fall. 4 credits. F. Ahl.

CLASS 412 Advanced Readings in Latin Literature #

CLASS 420 Plautus
4 credits. Prerequisite: at least one 300-level Latin course or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001.
A. Nussbaum.

CLASS 441 Advanced Latin Prose Composition
Spring. 4 credits. For graduate students. Only those undergraduates who have completed Latin 341 and have permission of the instructor may enroll. J. Reed.

CLASS 555 Graduate Proseminar
Fall. 1 credit. Not offered 2000–2001. Staff. Graduate students will be introduced to the tools, techniques, and methods of Classical scholarship.

CLASS 603 Later Latin Literature: Late Antique and Medieval Hagiology
Spring. 4 credits. D. Shanzer.

CLASS 625-626 Graduate Survey of Latin Literature
625 fall; 626 spring. 4 credits each term. Prerequisite: linguistic proficiency to be determined by instructor. Not offered 2000–2001.
A survey of Latin literature in two semesters. 625: Latin poetry from its beginnings to the early Empire. 626: Latin literature of the Empire.

CLASS 679 Graduate Seminar in Latin
Fall. 4 credits. Not offered fall 2001.

CLASS 680 Graduate Seminar in Latin

CLASS 751-752 Independent Study for Graduate Students in Latin
751, fall; 752, spring. Up to 4 credits.

Classical Art and Archaeology

CLASS 220 Introduction to Art History: The Classical World (also ART H 220) #
Fall. 4 credits. J. Rife.
An overview of the art and archaeology of the Greek and Roman world. The sculpture, vase painting, and architecture of the ancient Greeks from the Geometric period through the Hellenistic, and the art of the Romans from the early Republic to the late empire.

CLASS 221 Minoan-Mycenaean Art and Archaeology (also ARKEO 221 and ART H 221) #
Spring. 3 credits. J. Coleman.
The birth of civilization in Greece and the Aegean islands during the Bronze Age. The main focus is on the rise and fall of Minoan Crete and Mycenaean Greece, with consideration given to the nature and significance of Aegean interactions with Egypt, the Near East, and Anatolia.

CLASS 232 Archaeology in Action I (also ARKEO 232 and ART H 224) #
P. I. Kuniholm.

CLASS 233 Archaeology in Action II (also ARKEO 233 and ART H 225) #
P. I. Kuniholm.
For description, see Art H 225.

CLASS 256 Practical Archaeology (also ARKEO 256)
Spring. 3 credits. J. Coleman.
An introduction to the aims and methods of field archaeology. Topics covered include: remote sensing (satellite images and aerial photos); surface survey; subsurface investigations by magnetometer, ground penetrating radar, etc.; the layout and development of a land excavation; underwater excavations; the collection, description, illustration, and analysis of artifacts and data, such as pottery, lithics, botanical samples, and radiocarbon samples. Hands-on experience with potsherds and other artifacts from prehistoric and Classical Greece and Cyprus in the university's collections is intended to prepare students for work in the field.

CLASS 309 Dendrochronology of the Aegean (also ARKEO 309 and ART H 309) #
Fall and spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Limited to 10 students. P. I. Kuniholm.
For description, see Art H 309.

CLASS 310 Art in the Daily Life of Greece and Rome (also ART H 310) #
A. Ramage.
For description, see ART H 310.

CLASS 320 The Archaeology of Classical Greece (also ART H 320) #
A. Ramage.

CLASS 321 Mycenaean and Homer (also ARKEO 321 and ART H 321) #
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: at least 1 previous course in archaeology, classics, or history of art. Not offered 2000–2001.
J. Coleman.
Study of the relationship between the Mycenaean period of Greece (known primarily from archaeology) and the Homeric Iliad and Odyssey. Topics include Mycenaean architecture, burial customs, kingship, and military activities; the reasons for the collapse of the Bronze Age palatial economies; the archaeological evidence for society in the "Dark Ages" that followed; the writing systems of Mycenaean Greece (Linear B) and the Iron Age (the Semitic/Greek alphabet); the nature of the Homeric poems and their value as historical sources.

CLASS 322 Greeks and Barbarians (also ART H 328) #
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Classics 220 or 221, or permission of instructor.
J. Coleman.
A study of the archaeological and other evidence for the interaction between Greek civilization and the peoples of the eastern and western Mediterranean from the thirteenth to the fourth centuries B.C.E. The course will focus on Greek relationships with Egypt, Phoenicia, Cyprus, Anatolia, and Italy in the post-Bronze Age period.

CLASS 323 Painting in the Greek and Roman World (also ART H 323) #
A. Ramage.

CLASS 325 Greek Vase Painting (also ART H 325) #
Fall. 4 credits. A. Ramage.
For description, see ART H 325.

CLASS 327 Greek and Roman Coins (also ART H 327) #
A. Ramage.
For description, see ART H 327.

CLASS 329 Greek Sculpture (also ART H 329) #
J. Coleman.
An examination of ancient Greek sculpture, both three-dimensional and two-dimensional, from the Archaic to the Hellenistic period. Aspects of the works studied include: technological advances; changing ideology of the sculptors, regionalism of styles, and taste of individual patrons.

CLASS 330 Arts of the Roman Empire (also ART H 330) #
Fall. 4 credits. A. Ramage.
For description, see ART H 330.

CLASS 357-358 Independent Study in Classical Archaeology, Undergraduate Level
357, fall; 358, spring. Up to 4 credits.

CLASS 423 Ceramics (also ARKEO 423 and ART H 423)
A. Ramage.
For description, see ART H 423.

CLASS 430 Seminar on the Bronze Age Architecture of Asia Minor (also ARKEO 425 and ART H 425) #
Spring. 4 credits. P. I. Kuniholm.
For description, see ART H 425.

CLASS 432 Sardis and the Cities of Asia Minor (also ARKEO 432 and ART H 424) #
A. Ramage.
For description, see ART H 424.

CLASS 434 The Rise of Classical Greece (also ARKEO 434 and ART H 434) #
4 credits. Recommended: Classics 220 or 221, History of Art 220 or 221, or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001.
P. I. Kuniholm.
For description, see ART H 434.

CLASS 435 Seminar on Roman Art and Archaeology (also ARKEO 435 and ART H 427) #
A. Ramage.
For description, see ART H 427.

CLASS 629 The Prehistoric Aegean (also ARKEO 629) #
J. Coleman.
Seminar with focus on the Aegean and neighboring regions in the Neolithic and Early Bronze Ages.
The language of the Homeric epics: dialect background, archaisms, modernizations. The tional technique.

CLASS 427 Homeric Philology (also LING 459) #

Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: thorough familiarity with the morphology of Classical Greek. A. Nussbaum.

Sanskrit

[CENTER 131-132] Elementary Sanskrit (also LING 131-132 and SANSK 131-132)  
131, fall; 132, spring. 4 credits each term.
An introduction to the essentials of Sanskrit grammar. Designed to enable the student to read classical and epic Sanskrit as quickly as possible.

CLASS 251-252 Intermediate Sanskrit (also LING 251-252 and SANSK 251-252) #

251, fall; 252, spring. 3 credits each term.
Prerequisite: Classics 132 or equivalent.
C. Minkowski.

Readings from the literature of Classical Sanskrit. Fall: selections from the two Sanskrit epics, the Mahabharata and the Ramayana. Spring: more selections from the epics, and from either Sanskrit story literature or from Sanskrit dramas.

CLASS 403-404 Independent Study in Sanskrit, Undergraduate Level

403, fall; 404, spring. Up to 4 credits.
C. Minkowski.

CLASS 703-704 Independent Study for Graduate Students in Sanskrit

703, fall; 704, spring. 4 credits each term.
C. Minkowski.

Also see Classics 291, 390, and 395 (Classical Civilization listings).

Honors Courses

CLASS 472 Honors Course: Senior Essay

Fall and spring. 8 credits. An advisor must be chosen by the end of the student's senior semester. Topics must be approved by the Standing Committee on Honors by the beginning of the seventh semester. See "Honors," Classics front matter.

Related Courses in Other Departments and Programs

See listings under:

Archaeology
Asian Studies
Comparative Literature
English
History
History of Art
Medieval Studies
Linguistics
Near Eastern Studies
Philosophy
Religious Studies
Society for the Humanities
Women's Studies

COMPARATIVE LITERATURE 433

CLASS 630 Seminar in Classical Archaeology (also ARKEO 520 and ART H 520)

Fall. 4 credits. J. Coleman.
The subject of the seminar in 2000 is the rise and development of the polis in the Aegean during the eighth to the sixth centuries B.C.

Topical topics will include the archaeological evidence for the existence of the polis in the eighth and seventh centuries B.C.; the importance of trade for the rise of the polis; the city center (acropolis) and its fortifications; the evidence for religious and civic institutions in the early polis; the relationship between center and territory (chora); the role of landlords, laborers, and slaves in agriculture; port cities and cities with ports; and piracy and warfare as means of production in the polis.
Throughout the seminar the archaeological remains of particular cities and towns will be compared and contrasted with the written sources, particularly the descriptions of the ideal poleis of Plato (Laws) and Aristotle (Politics).

CLASS 721-722 Independent Study for Graduate Students in Classical Archaeology

721, fall; 722, spring. Up to 4 credits.

Greek and Latin Linguistics

[GCLASS 421 Greek Comparative Grammar (also LING 451) #

The prehistory and evolution of the sounds and forms of ancient Greek as reconstructed by comparison with the other Indo-European languages.

[GCLASS 422 Latin Comparative Grammar (also LING 452) #

The prehistory and evolution of the sounds and forms of Classical Latin as reconstructed by comparison with the other Indo-European languages.

[GCLASS 424 Italic Dialects (also LING 454) #


[GCLASS 425 Greek Dialects (also LING 456) #

Fall. 4 credits. A. Nussbaum.

[GCLASS 426 Archaic Latin (also LING 456) #


[GCLASS 427 Homeric Philology (also LING 457) #

The language of the Homeric epics: dialect background, archaisms, modernizations. The notion of a Kranzhrraphikis its constitution, use, and internal consistency. The phonological and morphological aspects of epic compositional technique.

COMPARATIVE LITERATURE

W. J. Kennedy, chairman (141 Goldwin Smith), C. Carmichael, director of Undergraduate Studies, (159 Goldwin Smith);


The Department of Comparative Literature provides a broad range of courses in European as well as non-European literature. Courses stress significant authors, themes, problems, styles, genres, historical periods, and theoretical perspectives. In cooperation with related departments in the humanities, the departmental offerings reflect current interdisciplinary approaches to literary study: hermeneutics, semiotics, deconstruction, cultural criticism, Marxism, reception aesthetics, feminism, and psychoanalysis.

The Major

The major enables students to develop an integrated knowledge of Western literature, to strengthen their reading and writing abilities, and to prepare for careers demanding analytical, interpretive, and evaluative skills. Prospective majors should consult with the director of undergraduate studies. After declaring a major, a student chooses an advisor from the department's faculty. The requirements for the major are designed to allow each student to follow a course of study that combines intellectual rigor with the pursuit of personal interests. The specific contours of such a program are worked out in consultation with the student's advisor.

Requirements for the Major

1) Five courses in Comparative Literature at the 200 level and above, including the core course listed below. A student may include up to two literature courses from other departments.

2) One core course in Comparative Literature (for 2000-2001 Comparative Literature: 304 [fall]), to be taken by all majors in their junior or senior year. At the discretion of the department, students may enroll in core courses in both their junior and senior years.

3) Five courses in literature and other areas of the humanities at the 200 or higher level, to be taken in one or more foreign literature departments. Texts must be read in the original language. A student may offer one language course (composition, etc.) towards fulfilling the language requirement.

4) An honor's essay (Comparative Literature 493) of roughly 50 pages is now optional. It is to be written during the senior year under the direction of a faculty member, preferably from within the department, who has agreed to work in close
1) a program that includes broad historical coverage (e.g., Comparative Literature 201–202: Great Books), intensive study of a single period (e.g., Comparative Literature 203: Literature and Theory, Comparative Literature 448: Subject to Translation). The department also offers a number of strongly recommended 200-level courses designed to acquaint undergraduates with the discipline. Comparative Literature 203: "Introduction to Comparative Literature," as well as broadening introductory courses in World Fiction (Comparative Literature 204) and World Poetry (Comparative Literature 205), with emphasis on the nineteenth and twentieth centuries.

2) a second foreign language, especially for students interested in graduate work in literature.

Honors
A student who completes the requirements for the major is eligible for the degree of Bachelor of Arts with honors in comparative literature. The department bases its decision on the students achieving grades of at least B+ on the senior essay, in course work for the major, and in their overall academic performance at Cornell.

First-Year Writing Seminars
Most 100-level courses may be used toward satisfying the freshman writing seminar requirements. See "John S. Knight Writing Program" for a full description of the first-year seminar program.

Courses

COM L 203 Introduction to Comparative Literature (also ASIAN 203)
Fall. 4 credits. Fall: W. Kennedy and department members.
The course is intended to answer the question persistently asked by undergraduates: "What is comparative literature, anyway?" The format of the course is designed to acquaint students with the range and variety of the field by having members of the department present those aspects, and project their areas of expertise and their methods of teaching. Of the two meetings each week, the first will generally take the form of a lecture; the second will be a discussion of the assigned text. Texts and topics range from the Bible and Dostoievsky to the naturalism of Mann and the word play of Joyce, and from modern American poetry to post-modern critical theory.

COM L 204 Global Fictions (also ASIAN 204)
N. Melish
This course will be an introduction and an inquiry into global perspectives on fiction. Can the reading of fiction point us towards becoming citizens of the world? How might we know this? How might we imagine it? We will consider the condition of the stranger in this global era as well as construct a geography of reading. Readings will be drawn mainly but not only from the contemporary period and outside Europe. Readings will change depending on the instructor, but may include works of Rushdie, Marquez, Conde, Munif, Castellanos, Oe, Ngugi, Wolf, Kincaid, and Homer.

COM L 205 Introduction to Poetry, Chiefly Modern
Unlike Comparative Literature 207, 205 is intended to be a survey that concentrates largely (but of course not exclusively) on foreign poetry. The course will cut across historical periods and poetic genres, from conventional "strict" genres of the sonnet to free verse. The course will introduce students to the vast field of comparative literature, anyway?" The format of the course is designed to acquaint students with the range and variety of the field by having members of the department present those aspects, and project their areas of expertise and their methods of teaching. Of the two meetings each week, the first will generally take the form of a lecture; the second will be a discussion of the assigned text. Texts and topics range from the Bible and Dostoievsky to the naturalism of Mann and the word play of Joyce, and from modern American poetry to post-modern critical theory.

COM L 206 Introduction to Literary Criticism
More advanced undergraduate seminars naturally tend to focus on contemporary literary theory; after all, it is essential for students of literature to be well-informed about contemporary theoretical debates, methodological projects, and problems. But literary theory and criticism did not begin with the structuralist revolution of the 1960s, and it is essential for students to understand earlier developments—many of which still have the power to provoke and inspire. Critical historiography should begin at home, with an awareness of how different the formats, practices, institutions, and politics of literary criticism have been, and this course will thus introduce students to the vast field of pre-1960 debates. We will examine the historical evolution of key terms now more or less taken for granted as part of critical vocabulary, and we will pay particular attention to the relatively recent emergence of literary itself as a category of study. Critics and theorists will be chosen from among Plato, Aristotle, Cicero, Horace, and Augustine; Renaissance and neo-classical critics such as Spenser, Dryden, and Dr. Johnson; Enlightenment, Romantic, and post-Romantic theorists such as Kant, Hegel, Schiller, Coleridge, Wilde, and Pater; and such major twentieth-century figures as Heidegger, Bataille, Sartre, Benjamin, Adorno, and J. A. Richards. No prior knowledge will be assumed, and all texts will be read in English.

COM L 208 Shakespeare and the Twentieth Century (also ENGL 208)
W. Cohen
What is the relationship between the plays of Shakespeare in their own time and the various ways they have functioned in modern culture? We will compare selected works of Shakespeare with their adaptations in fiction, theater, film, the educational system, government, and popular culture. The discussion of each play will be centered around one or more critical approaches. The course as a whole will attempt to provide a systematic introduction to the contemporary study of literature and culture.

COM L 209 Introduction to Cultural Studies
What is culture above and beyond literature, and how are the aesthetics of walking in the city or receiving a postcard different from (or related to) that of reading a detective story or National Geographic? Are we immersed in culture or precipitated out of it? Are cultural subjects or objects? And who is this "we" in any case? Is this imaginary collective identity itself a product or fantasy of culture? When does culture demand assimilation, and when does it allow for or violently enforce the operations of (class, sexual, racial) difference? Do cultures exist in the plural, and would this plural be one of particularity or relationality? How does or do culture(s) mediate between recent enactments of multiculturalism? Are the cultural subjects or objects? Readings will range from Freud, Marx, and Saussure to contemporary poststructuralist critiques and reformulations of cultural identification.

COM L 215 Comparative American Literatures (also AM ST 215)
Spring. 4 credits. B. Maxwell
Twentieth-century writing from Canada, the United States, the Caribbean, and Latin America. A hemispheric American Studies perspective will encourage thinking about and across cultural, linguistic, and national demarcations. This course proposes that a question put by the poet William Carlos Williams—"History, history! What do we fools know or care?"—finds its counter-statement in the works that we will read cannot forget, and wees the words of peace, but their hearts do not forgive. Generations perform ceremonies of reconciliation but there is no end." Countering the literature of amnesia and baseless optimism, the works that we will read cannot forget, and to decline to forgive, the historical traumas that so bitterly flavor them. Our concern largely will be with understanding the aesthetic means and strategies that certain writers use to perform ceremonies not bent on reconciliation.

Readings (in English) will include Joy Kogawa, Obamaan; Sheila Watson, The Double
COM L 220 Thinking Surrealisms  
Fall. 4 credits. B. Maxwell.  
Borrowing its title from a formulation of the Marxist philosopher Ernst Bloch and beginning from the “forays of demoralization” instigated by the Dadas, who bequeathed to surrealism the precious gift of unreconciliation to the given, this course will range over the protean expressiveness of several surrealist moments of the last century. The inception of surrealist precept and practice in Paris in the mid-1920s will be a consideration, perhaps only slightly more central to the course than the emergent anti-fascist political phase of the 1930s and ’40s, the supplementation of Parisian surrealism by Caribbean, Mexican, African American, Quebecois, and Mauritian writers and artists; the renegade practice of Hans Bellmer and the unchristened surreality of Eugene Atget; the reflections of and on surrealism by Walter Benjamin, Ernst Bloch, and Theodor W. Adorno; the relations of surrealism to the Situationist International; and the recent curricula of surrealism in fiction (Milan Kundera) and scholarship (Hal Foster). Throughout, the course will ask what the proliferation of “thinking surrealisms” meant to twentieth-century culture and politics. All readings in English.

COM L 223 The Comic Theater (also CLASS 223 and THETR 223)  
Spring and summer 2001. 3 credits. J. Rusten.  
For description, see Classics 223.

COM L 236 Greek Mythology (also CLASS 236)  
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to 200. D. Mankin.  
For description, see Classics 236.

COM L 239 Cultural History of the Jews of Spain (also NES 239, JWST 239, RELST L 239 and SPAN L 239)  
Fall. 3 credits. E. Alfonso.  
For description, please see Near Eastern Studies 239.

COM L 250 Muhammad and Mystics in the Literatures of the Islamic World (also NES 250)  
Spring. 4 credits. S. Toorawa.  
For course description, please see Near Eastern Literature 250.

COM L 279 The Russian Connection, 1830-1867 (also RUSSL 279)  
Fall. 4 credits. P. Carden.  
For course description, please see Russian Literature 279.

COM L 280 The Russian Connection, 1870-Present (also RUSSL 280)  
Spring. 4 credits. P. Carden.  
For course description, please see Russian Literature 280.

COM L 302 Literature and Theory (also COM L 622 and ENGL 302/602)  
Fall. 4 credits. J. Culler.  
Study of issues in contemporary theoretical debates, with particular attention to structuralism, deconstruction, psychoanalysis, and feminism. Readings from Barthes, Derrick, Foucault, J. Butler, B. Johnson, and others. No previous knowledge of literary theory is assumed.

COM L 304 Europe and Its Others: An Introduction to the Literature of Colonialism  
Fall. 4 credits. Limited to 15. N. Melas.  
Through an examination of selected works from the early twentieth century to the present from France, England, Africa, and the Caribbean, this course will provide an introduction to the literature written alongside and against the historical and cultural phenomena that has arguably had the most far reaching impact in modern history: European colonialism. How was culture instrumental in the political project of domination? How have writers of the postcolonial period attempted to write back? What problems and possibilities does colonialism present for cultural identity and cultural resistance? In addition to close reading of texts and a consideration of historical background, we will also examine visual representations of colonialism, particularly film. Authors will include Conrad, Ngugi, Nandy, Condé, Duras, Salihi, Fanon, Memmi, Djebar, Resnais, and Pontecorvo. All readings available in English.

COM L 311 Modern European Literature and Culture (also FRLIT 315)  
Spring. 4 credits. Staff.  
We shall concern ourselves with European culture as embracing the area from Russia to the Atlantic Ocean, not as divided into Western, Eastern, or Central. European culture crosses the official West political boundaries. Case studies: Ireland, France, Czech Republic, Spain, and Russia.  
This course is designed for those interested both in the artistic, imaginative side of European literature and in the ways in which culture expresses some of the most significant concerns of our age. The conceptual links will include issues of national identity and social justice, as well as concerns of private emotions and individual personality. Popular culture, film, TV, and theatre will be integrated with the reading and class discussion. Some authors who will be read: Flaubert, Charlotte Bronte (Villette), Karl Marx, Dostoevsky, Mayakovsky, Yeats, Malraux, Camus, Joyce, Solzhenitsyn, and others.

COM L 313 Bodies Politic: Queer Theories and Literature of the Body (also WOMNS 318)  
Fall. 4 credits. T. Hope.  
This course will examine notions of corporeality—of bodies both social and individual—as deployed and analyzed in theories of gender and sexuality of the last century. How do concepts of perversion and degeneration haunt the idea of the social body? How are individual bodies stigmatized, encoded, and read within the social sphere? Sexology, psychoanalysis, and new-historicist critiques, including those that emphasize the discursive intersections of sexuality, race, and nationhood, will constitute our textual corpus; in an attempt to question the habitual dichotomization of “theoretical” and “cultural” production, we shall also include a small number of literary and visual texts which comment upon these theoretical traditions. Included are works by: Sigmund Freud, Havelock Ellis, Max Nordau, André Gide, Radclyffe Hall, E. M. Forster, Luce Trigaray, Cherie Moraga, Judith Butler, Michael Foucault, Homi Bhabha, Biddy Martin, Esther Newton, Julia Kristeva, Janine Chasseguet-Smigel, Adrienne Rich, Leo Bersani, Richard Fung, Kobena Mercer, Jewelle Gomez, Teresa de Laurets.

COM L 319 Crime and Conflict in the Modern Arabic Novel (also NES 319)  
Fall. 4 credits. S. S. Torrawa.  
For course description, please see Near Eastern Studies 319.

COM L 326 Christianity and Judaism (also RELST 326)  
Spring. 4 credits. C. Carmichael.  

COM L 328 Literature of the Old Testament (also RELST 328)  
Fall. 4 credits. C. M. Carmichael.  
Analysis of small sections of well-known material for in-depth discussion.

COM L 336 European Drama 1660-1900: Molière to Ibsen (also ENGL 335 and THETR 333)  

COM L 337 Contemporary Mass Culture in Japan and in the U.S. (also ASIAN 363)  
For description, please see Asian Studies 363.

COM L 344 Tragic Theatre (also CLASS 345)  
For course description, please see Classics 345.

COM L 352 European Cultural History, 1815-1870 (also HIST 362)  
Fall. 4 credits. M. Steinberg.  
For description, please see History 362.

COM L 356 Renaissance Literature  
Spring. 4 credits. W. Kennedy.  
An introduction to Renaissance literary texts with some attention to cultural backgrounds and intellectual history. Readings from Machiavelli, Erasmus, Rabelais, Shak, Cervantes, and others.

COM L 358 Literature and Religion: Western Mysticism (also ROMS 358, RELST 358)  
Analysis of some canonical texts of western mysticism toward a systematic view of their common features (a semiotics of the mystic text). Readings include: excerpts from the Bible, Plotinus, Pseudo-Dionysius, Bernard of Clairvaux, Ibn Arabi, and Murcia, The Zohar, Meister Eckhart, Teresa of Avila, John of the Cross, and expressions of silence and the ineffable in our times.)


COM L 362 The Culture of the Renaissance II (also ENGL 325, HIST 364, MUSIC 390, ART H 351 and RELST 362)


Members of various departments will lecture on Luther, Michelangelo, Edmund Spenser, Cervantes, Copernicus, Galileo, and Montaigne. Guest lectures will include Peter Dear, History; Esther Dotson, History of Art; and Rebecca Harris-Warrick, Music. Lectures and discussion will introduce different methods of interpretation and of historical analysis. Writings: two short papers and a final take-home examination.

COM L 363-364 The European Novel (also SPANL 363)

363, fall; 364, spring. 4 credits. Comparative Literature 363 and 364 may be taken independently of each other. Fall: staff; spring, E. Rosenberg.

363: From Boccaccio to Goethe. Survey of the history of the novel from its origins to the end of the eighteenth century. The new genre of Humanism and the medieval romances of chivalry. Ambiguites derived from the lack of the word "novel." Different steps in the conquest of realism. The novel and intellectual history in different epochs: character and structure in the novels and contemporary philosophical views on man, cosmos, gender, and social classes. Readings include Boccaccio's Filomena, G. Perez's Lazarillo de Torre, Cervantes's Don Quixote, Mme de Lafayette's The Princess of Cleves, Defoe's Robinson Crusoe, Horace Walpole's The Castle of Otranto; and Goethe's The Sorrows of Young Werther, as well as a short package containing theoretical statements about the genre from Giraldi Cinthio to Goethe. All texts in English read.

364: From Stendhal to the present (in translation). Close reading of novels from the nineteenth and twentieth centuries: Stendhal's The Red and the Black; Flaubert's Madame Bovary; Joyce's Dubliners; Kafka's The Metamorphosis; and Kundera's The Unbearable Lightness of Being. Study of the changing ways of representing recurring themes: the role of the creative imagination, the rebellions and revolutions, community and solidarity, dominant groups and minorities (social, ethnic, religious, psychological); interplay of politics, sex, and humor. Artistic and structural developments, coherence, connectedness, fragmentation, from realism to modernism.

COM L 365 Contemporary Fiction


A study of European fiction and drama largely drawing on texts from the first half of the twentieth century. We will pay particular attention to the making of literary types and characters; to traces of utopian and messianic elements; to the relations between memory and political revolution; and to the motive of resurrection. Texts (and a short interdisciplinary course) chosen from the following: Robert Walser, Snow White and the Walk; Franz Kafka, The Trial; Thomas Mann, Death in Venice; Bertolt Brecht, The Rise and Fall of the City of Mahagonny; Joseph Roth, Hotel Savoy; Alfred Doblin, Berlin Alexanderplatz; Christa Wolf, The Quest for Christa T.; Louis Aragon, Paris Peasant; Louis-Ferdinand Celine, Death on the Installment Plan; Elio Vittorini, In Sicily; Natalia Ginzburg; stories; and Isaac Babel, stories. Collateral theoretical readings by Georg Lukács, Ernst Bloch, Bertolt Brecht, Walter Benjamin, Siegfried Kracauer, Gershom Scholem, Elias Canetti, and Christa Wolf.

COM L 367 The Russian Novel (also RUSS L 367)

Fall. 4 credits. A. Poljak.

For description, please see Russian Literature 367.

COM L 368 Visual Culture and Social Theory (also GOVT 375 and ART H 370)

Fall. 4 credits. S. Buck-Moors.

For description, please see Government 375.

COM L 371 A Mediterranean Society and Its Culture: The Jews under Classical Antiquity (also NES 371, JJWT 371, RELST 371)

Spring. 4 credits. R. Brann.

For course description, please see Near Eastern Studies 371.

COM L 385 Reading Nabokov (also RUSS L 385, ENGL 379)

Fall. 4 credits. Enrollments limited to 25. G. Shapiro.

For course description, please see Russian Literature 385.

COM L 404 History into Fiction: Nazis and the Literary Imagination (also JEWST 414, ENGL 404 and GERST 414)

Fall. 4 credits. Limited to 15. E. Rosenberg.

For description, see English 404.

COM L 411 The Short Novel from Flaubert and James to the Present


Discussion of some 10 authors who excelled in the form of the novella and whose names are thus up to a point "given": in addition to James and Flaubert, writers like Conrad, Tolstoy, Mann, Kafka, Joyce, Faulkner, Marquez, and Morrison. One novella each week or week and a half, but not in canonical order; e.g., Conrad's Heart of Darkness; Kafka's Penal Colony; and Ozick's Shavel as versions of modern politics (or atrocities); the question of "status" as this is reflected in the relations between employer and employee in things like Flaubert's Simple Heart, Tolstoy's Master and Man, and Gertrude Stein's The Good Anna; versions of the "recht"—specifically on the conditions of marriage—in Tolstoy's Kreutzer Sonata and (to stick with Beethoven) André Gide's Pastoral Symphony; same-sex relations in James's Pulpil and Mann's Death in Venice; then also varieties of the fantastic in, say, Jekyll and Hyde, Torn of the Screw, and Dostoevsky's Double.

COM L 413 Death, Culture, and the Literary Monument


Beginning with Homer's Iliad, this course will inquire into the monumental transformation of death into immortality in the literary composition. How do death's negations become literature's triumph? We will pay particular attention to the fate of this procedure when its subjects are no longer heroic warriors but slaves and women. How do colonial domination and gender difference alter the aesthetic procedures and assumptions underlying commemoration and literary immortality? In addition to death and language, we will consider such themes as the relation of antiquity to the present, of identity to its dissolution and of politics to culture. Readings of literary texts drawn from a variety of languages and traditions will be attended by selected readings in literary theory and a glance at visual culture, particularly surrounding monuments commemorating the emancipation of slaves and the holocaust. Authors will include Homer, Derek Walcott, Simone de Beauvoir, Wolf, Krassa Wolf, Tayeb Salih, Maurice Blanchot, Hegel, Orlando Patterson, Walter Benjamin.

COM L 417 Faust (also GER ST 417)

Spring. 4 credits. H. Deinet.

For course description, please see German Studies 417.

COM L 418 Virtual Orientalisms (also ASIAN 415)


Registration limited to 25. For course description, please see Asian Studies 415.

COM L 419-420 Independent Study

419, fall; 420, spring. Variable credit. Comparative Literature 419 and 420 may be taken independently of each other. Applications available in 14G S.

COM L 426 New Testament Seminar (also RELST 426)


COM L 428 Biblical Seminar (also RELST 427)

Fall. 4 credits. C. Carmichael.

We will discuss attitudes to sexuality in the Bible. In Old and New Testament texts we will examine the clash between ancestral behavior and subsequent laws and between legal and religious ideas. Topics will include marriage and divorce, incest, immigration, gender discrimination, guilt and shame, homosexuality, women and purity, sexual language, and symbols.

COM L 430 Brecht, Artaud, Mueller, Wilson (also GERST 430, THEAT 420)

Fall. 4 credits. D. Bathrick.

For course description, please see German Studies 430.

COM L 442 Spinoza and New Spinozism (also GERST 409)

Spring. 4 credits. G. Waite.

For course description, please see German Studies 409.

COM L 448 The City as Text (also S HUM 403, SPANL 403)

Fall. 4 credits. J. Resina.

For description, please see Society for the Humanities 403.

COM L 450 Renaissance Poetry (also COM L 650, ENGL 422/622)

Spring. 4 credits. W. Kennedy.


COM L 451 Renaissance Narrative


A reading and discussion of key texts in narrative epic and chivalric romance from
COM L 452 Renaissance Humanism (also COM L 562)
Spring. 4 credits. Enrollment limited to 15.
A reading and discussion of key texts by Renaissance humanists in Italian, French, English, and other European literatures from the fourteenth to seventeenth centuries.

COM L 453 Rescreening the Holocaust (also GERST 449, THETR 450)
Spring. 4 credits. D. Bathrick.
For description, please see German Studies 449.

COM L 461 Art and Social Histories (ART H 461)
Spring. 4 credits. L. McEner.
For description, please see History of Art 461.

COM L 463 Decadence, Degeneration, and the Nineteenth-Century Imaginary (also FRLIT 482)
Spring. 4 credits. Limited to 15. T. Hope.
Core course for 2000-2001. Through critical reading of French, British, and German prose fiction as well as examples of medical, anthropological, and philosophical thought, we shall examine the social significance of discourses of disease, decadence, and degeneration from the late eighteenth century to the early twentieth. How are questions of bodily pathology related to the construction of "national" bodies? How does perversion emerge at the core of theories of heredity and genealogy that traverse Europe's colonial "national" bodies? How does perversion respond to a new era of altered expectations and redrawn boundaries, a time of renewal and redefinition, we will track the principal issues, directions, figures, and forces shaping the process of poetry's unfolding in the twentieth century's final decade. Materials will be drawn from a wide variety of forms and contexts, including movies, literary journals, general circulation magazines, and anthologies, as well as individual poetry collections.

COM L 474 Topics in Modern European Intellectual and Cultural History (also HIST 474)
Fall. 4 credits. D. LaCapra.
For course description, please see History 474.

COM L 480 Baudelaire in Context (also COM L 680)
Spring. 4 credits. J. Culler.
A reading of Les Fleurs du Mal and Les Petits poèmes en prose, in conjunction with major twentieth-century critical treatments of them, so as to grasp what has been at stake in discussions of Baudelaire. Critics to be read include Benjamin, Bersani, de Man, Friedrich, Jakobson, Jussi, Johnson, and Sartre. Reading knowledge of French required.

COM L 482 Latin American Women Writers (also SPANL 492, WOMN 481)
For course description, please see Spanish Literature 492.

COM L 483 Imagining the Holocaust (also ENGL 458/458, JWS 458/458, COM L 683, GERST 483)
Spring. 4 credits. D. Schwarz.
For course description, please see English 458.

COM L 489 Seminar in Comparative Twentieth-Century Anglophone Drama (also ENGL 483, THETR 483)
Fall. 4 credits. 15. TBA.
For description, please see English 483.

COM L 493 Senior Essay
Fall and spring. 8 credits.
Hours TBA individually in consultation with the director of the Senior Essay Colloquium. Approximately 50 pages to be written over the course of two semesters in the student's senior year under the direction of the student's adviser. An "A" grade will be assigned on the basis of research and a preliminary draft completed in the first semester. A letter grade will be awarded on completion of the second semester.

COM L 495 The Cultural Theory of the Frankfurt School (also GERST 495, GOVT 471)
Fall. 4 credits. P. Hohenadl.
For description, please see German Studies 495.

COM L 604 Translation and the Global Marketplace

The seminar will investigate the global politics of translation, focusing on how works are picked up (or not) for international circulation. Issues to be examined will include: how the politics of local censorship restrict or enable visibility, how the problem of cultural essentialism is packaged and marketed transnationally, how cultural and national identity come through (or don't) in translation, how experiments in non-standard English (ebonies, cubonics, creolite, drug argot, and class stigma) disturb or reaffirm linguistic identity politics. In addition to critical texts, the course will engage with textual studies of Ken Saro-wiwa's Sozaboy: A Novel Written in Rotomende, Salmon Rushdie's The Satanic Verses, Theresa Hak Cha's Dictée, Patrick Chamoiseau's Texaco, Irvine Welsh's Trainspotting, and Gustavo Perez Firmat's Life on the Hyphen. The final section of the seminar will explore some of the ways in which a growing number of non-Western writers have begun to break out of traditionalist narrative modes in order to "translate" the effects of new media on literary representation, from Afro-futurism to postcolonial cyberpunk.

COM L 609 Comparison and Cultural Difference
This course will be a wide-ranging investigation of the pitfalls and possibilities for cross-cultural comparison. We will examine the structure and mechanisms of comparison, both as a disciplinary method and as a concept or practice: to what extent and in what circumstance can comparison produce cultural difference, consolidate it, dissolve it, or even reconfigure its effect, never mind the question of cultural difference itself. We will analyze the complex ways in which communication is shaped by cultural identity politics. In addition to critical texts, assignments will include readings in the social sciences and selected poetry and film. Authors may include Lyotard, Foucault, Fanon, Tilley, Gilroy, Clifford, Appadurai, Braithwaite, Limer, Kincad, Wallcott.

COM L 610 Modern Japanese Studies: The Formation of the Field in History and Literature (also ASIAN 609)
For description, please see Asian Studies 609.

COM L 619-620 Independent Study
619, fall; 620, spring. Variable credit.
Comparative Literature 619 and 620 may count toward the major.

COM L 622 Literature and Theory (also COM L 302 and ENGL 302/602)
Fall. 4 credits. J. Culler.
For description, please see Comparative Literature 302.

COM L 630 Aesthetics in the Eighteenth Century (also ENGL 630)
Fall. 4 credits. N. Saccamano.
For description, please see English 630.

COM L 650 Renaissance Poetry (also COM L 450, ENGL 462, ITALL 450/650)
Spring. 4 credits. W. Kennedy.
For course description, please see Comparative Literature 450.
The term "globalization" has become ubiquitous in recent years as the primary conceptual frame and material basis for understanding contemporary transnationalism. It evokes a brave new borderless world in which politics, culture, and social formations are no longer necessarily congruent nor primarily beholden to national boundaries, thus making neocolonial domination easier to see and harder to combat. It triumphantly or despairingly announces the end of history when space precedes time as the measure of human experience, and that experience exceeds the grasp of modernity's autonomous subject. Globalization thus challenges almost all aspects of our understanding of culture—in both its ethnographic and humanist guises—and the categories through which we apprehend and analyze it. This course will provide an introduction to recent writings surrounding globalization in that shifting borderland between the humanities and the social sciences. The course will, however, focus on some theoretical implications of globalization rather than attempt to provide an exhaustive survey; emphasis, consequently, will be placed on examining the philosophical and methodological presuppositions of various texts and approaches and on engaging the difficulties and aporias of cross-disciplinary discussion. We will dwell specifically on (1) the theoretical implications for culture's relation to space, time, and subjectivity of the "time-space compression" that underlies globalization and (2) the redrawing of boundaries for comparative transnational studies around the pairing of the global and the local. While considering these issues, this seminar will focus on how globality is represented, or rather imagined, particularly in cultural texts (chiefly theory, literature, and film) marginal to the centers of power. In addition to providing a critical survey of some of the most influential texts and debates on the subject of globalization, this seminar will also attempt a re-evaluation (not to say a rehabilitation) of the notion of "imagination" and the pivotal role it often covertly plays in claims for cultural resistance. Authors may include Amin, Wallerstein, Hall, Mooshe, Harvey, Robertson, Appadurai, Agamben, Walcott, Brennan, Jameson, Gissant, and Mies.

[COM L 652 Renaissance Humanism (also COM L 452)]

[COM L 655 Decadence (also ENGL 655, WOMNS 656)]
Fall. 4 credits. E. Hanson.
For description, please see English 655.

[COM L 663 Nietzsche and Heidegger (also GERST 603)]
Fall. 4 credits. G. Waite.
For description, please see German Studies 663.

[COM L 667 Poetry and Rhetoric (also COM L 661)]
Fall. 4 credits. C. Chase.
For course description, please see Comparative Literature 467.

[COM L 670 Joyce’s Ulysses (also ENGL 670)]
Fall. 4 credits. D. Schwarz.
For description, please see English 670.

[COM L 671 Transnational Imaginaries: Globalization and Culture]
Fall. 4 credits. N. Melis.
The term "globalization" has become ubiquitous in recent years as the primary conceptual frame and material basis for understanding contemporary transnationalism. It evokes a brave new borderless world in which politics, culture, and social formations are no longer necessarily congruent nor primarily beholden to national boundaries, thus making neocolonial domination easier to see and harder to combat. It triumphantly or despairingly announces the end of history when space precedes time as the measure of human experience, and that experience exceeds the grasp of modernity's autonomous subject. Globalization thus challenges almost all aspects of our understanding of culture—in both its ethnographic and humanist guises—and the categories through which we apprehend and analyze it. This course will provide an introduction to recent writings surrounding globalization in that shifting borderland between the humanities and the social sciences. The course will, however, focus on some theoretical implications of globalization rather than attempt to provide an exhaustive survey; emphasis, consequently, will be placed on examining the philosophical and methodological presuppositions of various texts and approaches and on engaging the difficulties and aporias of cross-disciplinary discussion. We will dwell specifically on (1) the theoretical implications for culture's relation to space, time, and subjectivity of the "time-space compression" that underlies globalization and (2) the redrawing of boundaries for comparative transnational studies around the pairing of the global and the local. While considering these issues, this seminar will focus on how globality is represented, or rather imagined, particularly in cultural texts (chiefly theory, literature, and film) marginal to the centers of power. In addition to providing a critical survey of some of the most influential texts and debates on the subject of globalization, this seminar will also attempt a re-evaluation (not to say a rehabilitation) of the notion of "imagination" and the pivotal role it often covertly plays in claims for cultural resistance. Authors may include Amin, Wallerstein, Hall, Mooshe, Harvey, Robertson, Appadurai, Agamben, Walcott, Brennan, Jameson, Gissant, and Mies.

[COM L 674 Contemporary Poetry and Culture: 1968–1998 (also ENGL 697 and GERST 674)]
The redrawing of cultural and political boundaries underway since the late 1980s has made it possible to conceive of the poetry of the Cold War era with a degree of closure unimaginable only a few years ago. In light of this changed situation, we will focus on the second half of the post-1945 period—the 30 years extending from 1968 to the present—with particular attention to the past two decades. Exploring issues of emerging and evolving importance for a poetry of the present moment in light of the recent past, we will consider dominant modes as well as alternative practices; canon formation, gender, and multiculturalism; the roles of the publishing industry, popular culture, creative writing programs, and new computer technologies in shaping reading habits and writing communities.

[COM L 675 After the Divide: German Critical Theory of the Seventies and Eighties (also GERST 675 and HIST 675)]
For description, please see German Studies 675.

[COM L 680 Baudelaire in Context (also COM L 480)]
Spring. 4 credits. J. Culler.
For course description, please see Comparative Literature 480.

[COM L 683 Imagining the Holocaust (also COM L 483, ENGL 458/658, JWST 458/658, GERST 483)]
Spring. 4 credits. D. Schwarz.
For course description, please see English 458.

[COM L 685 Gramsci and Cultural Politics (also GERST 685, GOVT 675)]
Spring. 4 credits. G. Waite.
For description, please see German Studies 685.

[COM L 689 Adorno’s Aesthetic Theory (also GERST 689)]
For course description, please see German Studies 689.

[COM L 693 “The Sign of History”: Kant and Lyotard (also GERST 693, GOVT 761)]
Spring. 4 credits. P. Gilgen.
For description, please see German Studies 693.

[COM L 695 Post-Modem Thought and Area Studies (also JAPL 614)]
For course description, please see Japanese Literature 614.

[COM L 721 Baroque Perspectives (also ENGL 721)]
Spring. 4 credits. T. Murray.
For description, please see English 721.
3) A grade of C or better in all math courses, with the overall average of these courses being not less than 2.7.
4) An overall GPA of not less than 2.0 (2.5 or better recommended).

If any courses are repeated, both grades will be counted in the averages used for admissions. Qualifying courses must be taken at Cornell. Note: Students who do not meet these requirements are discouraged from attempting affiliation with the major. The COM S major can be exceptionally rigorous for students who are not suitably prepared for the academic requirements of the program and are unlikely to be admitted to the major if they do not meet the admissions standards listed above.

Honors. To qualify for departmental honors a student must have:
• maintained a cumulative GPA => 3.5
• completed eight credit hours of COM S course work at or above the 500 level
• completed six credit hours of COM S 400 research with a COM S faculty member, spread out at least two semesters and with grades of A- or better.

Note: Honors courses may not be used to satisfy the COM S 400+ elective requirement, the COM S project requirement, the math elective, or the specialization. See the COM S undergraduate web site for more information on eligibility: www.cs.cornell.edu/ugrad.

Courses
For complete course descriptions, see the computer science listing in the College of Engineering section.

COM S 099 Fundamentals of Programming
Concepts
Fall, summer. 2 credits. S-U grades only. No prerequisites.

COM S 100 Introduction to Computer Programming
Fall, spring, summer. 4 credits.
During the fall semester, two versions of COM S 100 (COM S 100M and COM S 100J) are available as described in the computer science listing in the College of Engineering.

COM S 101 Introduction to Cognitive Science (also COGST 101, LING 170, and PSYCH 102)
Fall. 3 credits.

COM S 113 Introduction to C
Fall, spring. 1 credit. Usually weeks 1-4. Prerequisite: COM S 100 or equivalent programming experience. Credit is granted for both COM S 113 and 213 only if 113 is taken first. S-U grades only.

COM S 114 Unix Tools
Fall, spring. 1 credit. Usually weeks 5-8. Prerequisite: COM S 100 or equivalent programming experience. S-U grades only.

COM S 130 Creating Web Documents
Fall. 3 credits.

COM S 201 Cognitive Science in Context Laboratory (also COGST 201 and PSYCH 201)
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Concurrent or prior registration in "Introduction to Cognitive Science". PSYCH 102/COGST 101/COM S 101/LING 170/PHIL 191 is suggested but not required. Knowledge of programming languages is not assumed. Limited to 24 students. Fall, B. Halpern and staff; spring, D. Field and staff.

COM S 202 Transition to Java
Fall, spring. 1 credit. Usually weeks 1-4. Prerequisite: one-semester-long programming course.

COM S 211 Computers and Programming (also ENGRD 211)
Fall, spring, summer. 3 credits. Prerequisite: COM S 100 or an equivalent course in Java or C++.

COM S 213 C++ Programming
Fall, spring. 2 credits. Prerequisite: COM S 100 or equivalent programming experience. Students who plan to take COMS 113 and 215 must take 113 first. S-U grades only.

COM S 221 Numerical Methods in Computational Molecular Biology
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: at least one course in calculus such as MATH 106, 111, or 119 and a course in linear algebra such as MATH 221 or 294 or BTRY 417. No particular course in programming is required, but the student should have some familiarity with iteration, arrays, and procedures.

COM S 222 Introduction to Scientific Computation (also ENGRD 222)
Spring, summer. 3 credits. Prerequisites: COM S 100 and (MATH 222 or 294).

COM S 230 Intermediate Web Design
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: COM S 230. Not offered every year, may be offered spring 2001.

COM S 280 Discrete Structures
Fall, spring. 4 credits. Pre- or corequisite: COM S 211 or permission of instructor.

COM S 312 Structure and Interpretation of Computer Programs
Fall, spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: COM S 211 or equivalent programming experience.

COM S 314 Computer Organization (also ELE E 314)
Fall, spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: COM S 211; COM S 312 or ENGRD 251/ELF E 252 recommended, but not required.

COM S 381 Introduction to Theory of Computing
Fall, summer. 4 credits. Prerequisite: COM S 280 or permission of instructor. Credit will not be granted for both COM S 381 and 481.

COM S 400 The Science of Programming
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: COM S 280 or equivalent. Not offered every year; semester TBA.

COM S 409 Data Structures and Algorithms for Computational Science
Spring. 4 credits. This course is not open to COM S majors. Prerequisite: COM S 211 or equivalent programming experience.

COM S 411 Programming Languages and Logics
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: COM S 312 or permission of instructor. Not offered every year; semester TBA.

COM S 412 Introduction to Compilers and Translators
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: COM S 211, 312 (or permission of instructor) and 314. Corequisite: COM S 413.

COM S 413 Practicum in Compilers and Translators
Spring. 2 credits. Corequisite: COM S 412. A compiler implementation project related to COM S 412.

COM S 414 Systems Programming and Operating Systems
Fall, summer. 3 credits. Prerequisite: COM S 211, 312 (or permission of instructor), and 314.

COM S 415 Practicum in Operating Systems
Fall. 2 credits. Corequisite: COM S 414.

COM S 417 Computer Graphics and Visualization (also ARCH 374)
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: COM S 211.

COM S 418 Practicum in Computer Graphics (also ARCH 376)

COM S 421 Numerical Analysis
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: MATH 294 or equivalent, one additional mathematics course numbered 300 or above, and knowledge of programming.

COM S 432 Introduction to Database Systems
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: COM S 211 and 312 (or permission of instructor). Recommended: COM S 213 and strong programming skills in C, C++, or Java.

COM S 433 Practicum in Database Systems
Fall. 2 credits. Corequisite: COM S 432.

[COM S 444 Distributed Systems and Algorithms
Fall. 4 credits. Pre- or corequisite: COM S 416 or permission of instructor. Not offered every year. Not offered 2000-2001.]

COM S 472 Foundations of Artificial Intelligence
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: COM S 211 and 280 (or equivalent).

COM S 473 Practicum in Artificial Intelligence
Fall. 2 credits. Corequisite: COM S 472.

COM S 478 Machine Learning
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: COM S 211, 280, and 312.

COM S 481 Introduction to Theory of Computing
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: COM S 280 or permission of instructor. Credit will not be granted for both COM S 381 and 481. A faster-moving and deeper version of COM S 381. Corrective transfers between COM S 481 and 381 (in either direction) are encouraged during the first few weeks of instruction.

COM S 482 Introduction to Analysis of Algorithms
Spring, summer. 4 credits. Prerequisites: COM S 211, 280, 312, and either 381 or 481, or permission of instructor.
COM S 483 Quantum Information Processing (also PHYS 481, 681) Fall. 2 credits. Prerequisite: familiarity with the theory of vector spaces over the complex numbers.

COM S 486 Applied Logic (also MATH 486) Fall or spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: MATH 222 or 294, COM S 280 or equivalent (such as MATH 332, 432, 434, 481), and some course in mathematics or theoretical computer science.

COM S 490 Independent Reading and Research Fall, spring. 1–4 credits.

COM S 501 Software Engineering Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: COM S 211 or 410 and experience programming in Java or C++.

COM S 502 Computing Methods for Digital Libraries Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: COM S 211 or 410 and some familiarity with the technology of web sites.

COM S 504 Applied Systems Engineering I (also CEE 504, ELE E 512, MAE 591, ORIE 512) Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor.

COM S 505 Applied Systems Engineering II (also CEE 505, ELE E 512, MAE 592, ORIE 513) Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: Applied Systems Engineering I.

COM S 513 System Security Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: COM S 414 or 519 and familiarity with JAVA programming language.

COM S 514 Intermediate Computer Systems Fall or spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: COM S 414 or permission of instructor.

COM S 515 Practicum in Systems Fall or spring. 1–2 credits. Corerequisite: COM S 514.

COM S 519 Engineering Computer Networks Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: COM S 314 or permission of instructor. Not offered every year.

COM S 522 Computational Tools and Methods for Finance Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: programming experience (e.g., FORTRAN, or MATLAB) and some knowledge of numerical methods, especially numerical linear algebra. Not offered every year.

COM S 574 Heuristic Methods for Optimization (also CEE 509) Spring. 3 or 4 credits. Prerequisite: COM S/ ENGRD 211 or 222 or CEE/ENGRD 281, or graduate standing, or permission of instructor.

COM S 601 System Concepts Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: open to students enrolled in the COM S Ph.D. program.

COM S 611 Advanced Programming Languages Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: graduate standing or permission of instructor.

COM S 612 Compiler Design for High-Performance Architectures Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: COM S 314 and 412 or permission of instructor.

COM S 613 Concurrent Programming Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: COM S 414 or permission of instructor. Not offered every year; semester TBA.

COM S 614 Advanced Systems Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: COM S 414 or permission of instructor.

COM S 618 Principles of Distributed Computing—Message Passing Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: mathematical maturity and some basic knowledge of distributed systems. Offered in even-numbered years. Not offered fall 2000.

COM S 619 Principles of Distributed Computing—Shared Memory Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: mathematical maturity and some basic knowledge of distributed systems. Offered in odd-numbered years.

COM S 621 Matrix Computations Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: MATH 411 and 431 or permission of instructor.

COM S 622 Numerical Optimization and Nonlinear Algebraic Equations Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: COM S 621. Offered in odd-numbered years.

COM S 624 Numerical Solution of Differential Equations Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: previous exposure to numerical analysis (e.g. COM S 421 or 621) to differential equations, and knowledge of MATLAB. Offered in even-numbered years.

COM S 626 Computational Molecular Biology Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: familiarity with linear programming, numerical solutions of ordinary differential equations and nonlinear optimization methods.

COM S 632 Advanced Database Systems Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: COM S 432/433 or permission of instructor.

COM S 664 Machine Vision Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: undergraduate-level understanding of algorithms and MATLAB 221 or equivalent.

COM S 671 Introduction to Automated Reasoning Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: COM S 611 and graduate standing or permission of instructor.

COM S 672 Advanced Artificial Intelligence Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: COM S 472 and permission of instructor.

COM S 674 Natural Language Processing Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: COM S 472 or permission of instructor. Not offered every year; semester TBA.

COM S 676 Reasoning about Knowledge Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: mathematical maturity and an acquaintance with propositional logic. Offered in even-numbered years. Not offered every year.

COM S 677 Reasoning about Uncertainty Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: mathematical maturity and an acquaintance with propositional logic. Offered in odd-numbered years.

COM S 681 Analysis of Algorithms Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: (COM S 581 or 481, and graduatestanding) or permission of instructor.

COM S 682 Theory of Computing Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: (COM S 381 or 481) and (COM S 482 or 681) or permission of instructor.

COM S 686 Logics of Programs Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: COM S 481, 682, and (MATH 481 or MATH/COM S 486).

COM S 709 Computer Science Colloquium Fall, spring. 1 credit. S-U grades only. For staff, visitors, and graduate students interested in computer science.

COM S 713 Seminar in Systems and Methodology Fall, spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: a graduate course employing formal reasoning, such as COM S 611, 613, 671, a logic course, or permission of instructor. Not offered every year; semester TBA.

COM S 715 Seminar in Programming Refinement Logics Fall, spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor.

COM S 717 Topics in Parallel Architectures Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: COM S 612 or permission of instructor. Not offered every year; semester TBA.

COM S 719 Seminar in Programming Languages Fall, spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: COM S 611 or permission of instructor. S-U grades only.

COM S 722 Topics in Numerical Analysis Fall, spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: COM S 621 or 622 or permission of instructor. Not offered every year; semester TBA.

COM S 729 Seminar in Numerical Analysis Fall, spring. 1–4 credits (TBA). Prerequisite: permission of instructor. S-U grades only.

COM S 754 Systems Research Seminar Fall, spring. 1 credit. S-U grades only.

COM S 772 Seminar in Artificial Intelligence Fall, spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. S-U grades only.

COM S 773/774 Proseminar in Cognitive Studies I & II (also COGST, PHIL, LING, and PSYCH 773/774) Fall, 773; spring, 774. 4 credits.

COM S 775 Seminar in Natural Language Understanding Fall, spring. 2 credits.

COM S 789 Seminar in Theory of Algorithms and Computing Fall, spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. S-U grades only.
COM S 790 Special Investigations in Computer Science
Fall, spring. Prerequisite: permission of a computer science adviser. Letter grade only. Independent research or Master of Engineering project.

COM S 890 Special Investigations in Computer Science
Fall, spring. Prerequisite: permission of a computer science adviser. S-U grades only. Master of Science degree research.

COM S 990 Special Investigations in Computer Science
Fall, spring. Prerequisite: permission of a computer science adviser. S-U grades only. Doctoral research.

CZECH
See Department of Russian.

DANCE
See under Department of Theatre, Film and Dance.

DUTCH
See Department of German Studies.

EARTH AND ATMOSPHERIC SCIENCES

For the latest information about these programs, please consult our web site at www.geo.cornell.edu.

The Geological Sciences Major
The geological sciences major reveals Earth's turbulent history from the formation of our solar system to the plate tectonic cycles that dominate Earth's present behavior. That history is highlighted by the co-evolution of life and the Earth system, a dramatic story that starts with the origin of life in our sun's planetary system and leads to the modern interglacial phase of our planet's latest ice age during which our species has emerged to play a major role in the planetary system. Topics of study also include the fundamental processes responsible for the concentration of mineral and energy resources that have enabled our technological evolution, and inclusion of natural hazards such as earthquakes, volcanic eruptions, floods, and landslides which pose dangers to our increasingly vulnerable cities and infrastructure.

The geological sciences major prepares students in geology, geophysics, geochemistry, and geobiology for careers in mineral and petroleum exploration, environmental geology, and academic and government research enterprises. Many of these career tracks involve graduate study, for which the major is excellent preparation. Alternatively, it is a valuable major for a pre-law or pre-med program or in preparation for a career in K-12 education.

In addition to course work, students learn by outdoor fieldwork and involvement in the vigorous research programs of the department. Facilities include equipment for processing seismic signals and satellite images of the Earth's surface using extensive libraries of earthquake records, satellite images, and exploration seismic records, and instruments for highly precise chemical and physical analyses of earth materials, including instruments of the Cornell Center for Material Research, Ward Laboratory and the Cornell High Energy Synchotron Source (CHESS). Undergraduates have served as field assistants for faculty members and graduate students in Argentina, Mexico, British Columbia, the Aleutian Islands and southeastern Alaska, Scotland, Switzerland, Tibet, and the Baraodos. Undergraduates are encouraged to participate in research activities, frequently as paid assistants.

For admission to the geological sciences major, a student should have made substantial work from earth and atmospheric sciences courses numbered 300, 400, or 600, plus an additional course in either computer science or biological sciences and an intermediate level course in biological science, mathematics, chemistry, or physics. In addition, a requirement for an advanced outdoor field experience may be met by completing one of the following four-credit options: (a) EAS 417 (Field Mapping in Argentina, 3 credits) and EAS 491 or 492 (based on field observations) for a combined four-credit minimum; (b) EAS 437 (Geophysical Field Methods, 3 credits) plus at least one credit of EAS 491 or 492 using geophysical techniques from EAS 437; (c) EAS 491-492 (Undergraduate Research, 2 credits each) with a significant component of field work; or (d) an approved outdoor field course taught by another college or university (4-credit minimum).

Core Courses
EAS 326 Structural Geology
EAS 355 Mineralogy
EAS 356 Petrology and Geochemistry
EAS 375 Sedimentology and Stratigraphy
EAS 388 Geophysics and Geotectonics

Prospective majors should contact R. W. Kay as early as possible for advice in planning a program. Students majoring in geological sciences may attend the departmental seminars and take advantage of courses, field trips, and conferences offered through the Department of Earth and Atmospheric Sciences.

Courses offered at the 100 and 200 level are open to all students. Certain 300- and 400- level courses in earth and atmospheric sciences may be of particular interest to students of chemistry, biology, and physics. Students are encouraged to inquire about courses that interest them at the department office in 2122 Snow Hall.

Honor's An honors program is offered by the Department of Earth and Atmospheric Sciences for superior students. Candidates for honors must maintain an overall 3.0 grade-point average, a cumulative average of 3.5 in the major, and complete an honors thesis (EAS 491 or 492). Students interested in applying should contact the director of undergraduate studies during the second semester of the junior year.

Courses
EAS 101 Introductory Geological Sciences
Fall, spring, or summer. 3 credits. Fall, A. Moore; spring, J. M. Bird; summer, W. W. Brace.

Designed to enhance an appreciation of the physical world. Emphasizes natural environments, surface temperatures, and dynamic processes such as mountain belts, volcanoes, earthquakes, glaciers, and river systems. Interactions of the atmosphere, hydrosphere, biosphere, and lithosphere (Earth system science). Water, mineral, and fuel resources; environmental concerns. Field trips in the Ithaca region.

EAS 104 The Sea: An Introduction to Oceanography (also BIO ES 154) Spring, summer. 3-4 credits (4 credits with lab section). Spring: C. H. Greene, W. M. White; summer: J. Chiment. A survey of the physics, chemistry, geology, and biology of the oceans for both science and nonscience majors. Topics include: seafloor spreading and plate tectonics, marine sedimentation, chemistry of seawater, ocean currents and circulation, the oceans and climate change, coral reefs, energy cycles, ocean pollution, and resources.

EAS 105 Writing on Rocks (Freshman Seminar) Fall. 3 credits. J. Chiment. See Freshman Seminar Handbook for description.

EAS 106 Vertebrate Fossil Preparation Spring. 1 credit. Prerequisite: 1 introductory geology course or concurrent enrollment. Prerequisite, class size is limited. J. Chiment. A laboratory-oriented course that will expose students to techniques of vertebrate fossil preparation. Roughing-out and fine preparation of large specimens in solid matrix will be covered, as well as screen washing and microscope techniques for the recovery of micro-vertebrate remains. Specialized scanning techniques will be discussed.

The class will meet for one hour each week for the first six weeks of the semester. Students will be exposed to an individual or group project requiring two hours of participation each week for the remainder of the semester.

EAS 107 How the Earth Works Fall. 1 credit. J. L. Gisn. A user-friendly introduction to the workings and interactions of solid earth, ocean, atmosphere, and life as they relate to understanding ongoing global change.

EAS 109 Dinosaurs Fall. 1 credit. J. L. Gisn. An introductory survey course for anyone interested in dinosaurs. Lectures examine the fossil evidence and illustrate how various geological and biological disciplines contribute to understanding dinosaurs and their world.

EAS 111 To Know the Earth and Build a Habitable Planet Fall. 3 credits. J. M. Bird. Acquaints the nonscientist with Earth. Major features and how Earth has evolved. Earth system science and building a habitable planet. Effects of human activity on geologic environments, mitigating environment damage, living with natural hazards. Mineral resource use in the twenty-first century and an environmentally sound fuel-minerals cycle.

EAS 122 Earthquake! (also ENGR 1 22) Fall. 3 credits. L. D. Brown. The science of natural hazards and strategic resources is explored. Techniques for locating and characterizing earthquakes and assessing the economic impacts of using sound waves to image the earth's interior to search for strategic minerals; the historical importance of such resources. Seismic experiments on campus to probe for groundwater, the new critical environmental resource.

EAS 200 Art, Archaeology, and Analysis (also ARKEO 285, ARTH 200, ENGR 185, PHYS 200) Spring. 3 credits. R. W. Kay. An interdepartmental course on the use of techniques of science and engineering in cultural research. Applications of physical and physiological principles to the study of archaeological artifacts and works of art. Historical and technical aspects of artistic creation. Analyses by modern methods to deduce geographic origins and for exploration, dating, and authentication of cultural objects. Does not meet liberal studies distribution requirement for engineering.

EAS 201 Introduction to the Physics and Chemistry of the Earth (also ENGRD 201) Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: PHYS 112 or 207. L. M. Caltus. Formation of the solar system: accretion and evolution of the earth. The rock cycle: radiogenic isotopes and the geological time scale, plate tectonics, rock and minerals, earth dynamics, mantle plumes. The hydrologic cycle: runoff, floods and sedimentation, groundwater flow, and contaminant transport. Weathering cycle: chemical cycles, CO2 (weathering), rock cycle, controls on global temperature (CO2, ocean currents), oil, and mineral resources.


EAS 204 Ocean Sciences Laboratory Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite or corequisite: BIO ES 154/EAS 104. C. H. Greene, B. W. Monger. A laboratory course investigating the physics, chemistry, geology, and biology of the oceans. This course is intended for science majors to supplement the course offered in BIO ES 154/EAS 104. The course includes a discussion section and laboratory each week.

EAS 210 Introduction to Field Methods in Geological Sciences Fall. 3 credits. 1 lecture, Saturday field trips. Prerequisites: GEOG 101 (or 201) or permission of instructor. S. Mushberg Kay (255-7401, smk16@cornell.edu). The methods by which rocks are used as a geological database. Field methods used in the construction of geological maps and cross sections; systematic description of stratigraphic sections. Field and laboratory sessions on Saturdays until Thanksgiving. One additional lecture during most of these weeks. One weekend field trip to eastern New York.

EAS 212 Caribbean Field Trip Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Enrollment limited to 15. Approximate cost $1,100. L. D. Brown. A multidisciplinary look at earth science and environmental issues in the Caribbean. Base for operations will be the Centro Ecológico Akumal, located on the Caribbean coast south of Cancun. This coast and its associated reef epitomizes the conflict between ecological preservation and economic development on an international scale. Excursions may include visits to Merida, a historic Spanish town which lies above the buried impact structure that many believe resulted in the death of the dinosaurs; ruins at Chichen Itza, Mayapan, Coba, and Tulum associated with the rise and fall of Mayan culture; and wildlife (monkeys, jaguars, crocodiles) preserves where recent geological studies have found evidence that the fall of the Mayans may have been triggered by climate change. The field trip will feature snorkel tours of reefs and lagoons as well as the cenotes (sinkholes) that characterize this classic karst landscape. Weekly lectures during the fall semester will provide background; field trip scheduled for January.

EAS 213 Marine and Coastal Geology Summer. 2 credits. Prerequisite: an introductory course in geology or permission of instructor. Staff. A special one-week course offered at Cornell's Shoals Marine Laboratory (SML) on an island near Portsmouth, New Hampshire. For more details and an application, consult the SML office, G14 Stimson Hall. Estimated cost for 2001 (including tuition, room, board, and ferry transportation) is $1,100.

EAS 260 Soil Science (also CSS 260) Fall. 4 credits. S-U grades optional. S. J. Ribu. Designed for students interested in a comprehensive introduction to soil science from both an environmental and plant management perspective, this course is divided into three units. A unit on soil information introduces students to soil characterization, testing, mapping, classification, GIS, and land evaluation. A soil management unit addresses fertility, pest management, water, and microclimate, as well as erosion, conservation, pollution, and soil health. The unit on the role of soils in ecosystems considers topics such as biodiversity, soils as sinks and sources of greenhouse gases, and the impact of soils on land use. Labs will initially be field-oriented with an emphasis on learning practical skills needed to evaluate and manage soils. Subsequent labs will focus on accessing, interpreting, and applying soil information.

EAS 296 Forecast Competition Fall and spring. 1 credit. S-U grades only. Prerequisite: sophomore undergraduate standing in atmospheric science or permission of instructor. D. S. Wilks. This two-semester course provides daily exercise in probabilistic weather forecasting, in which students compete to forecast local weather most skillfully. Enroll for two consecutive semesters, with credit awarded after the second semester. May be repeated for credit.
Co-evolution of life and the earth system: atmosphere and oceans. Also treated are modification by physical interaction with the point of departure as we examine their our own emergence during the past ten billion years; mountain building, ice ages, and our own emergence during the past ten million years. Introduction to methods of interpreting information preserved in the rock record.

EAS 315 Geomorphology
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: 1 of the following: a 3-credit EAS or SES course, or EAS 260. T. E. Jordan and B. L. Isacks. A study of the processes that sculpt the Earth's landscapes (above and below sea level) and the nature of those landforms. Landforms constructed by Earth's internal processes are the point of departure as we examine their modification by physical interaction with the atmosphere and oceans. Also treated are depositional landforms that are generated by accumulations of grains or sediment. Laboratory exercises include both field examination of landforms of the Finger Lakes area and computer analysis of satellite images from around the globe. Two Saturday field trips.

EAS 321 Introduction to Biogeochemistry (also SES 321, NTRES 321)
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: CHEM 207, MATH 112, plus a course in biology and/or geology. L. A. Derry, J. Yavitt. Control and function of the Earth's global biogeochemical cycles. The course begins with a review of the basic inorganic and organic chemistry of biologically significant elements, and then considers the biogeochemical cycling of carbon, nutrients, and metals that take place in soil, sediments, rivers, and the oceans. Topics include weathering, acid-base chemistry, biological redox processes, nutrient cycling, trace gas fluxes, bio-active metals, the use of isotopic tracers, and mathematical models. Interactions between global biogeochemical cycles and other components of the Earth system are discussed.

EAS 325 Geology
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: MATH 112, EAS 101 or 201, or permission of instructor. R. W. Allmendinger. Nature and origin of deformed rocks at microscopic to macroscopic scales, with emphasis on structural geometry and kinematics. Topics include stress, strain, rheology, deformation mechanisms, minor structures, faulting, folding, and structural families.

EAS 331 Climate Dynamics (also ASTRO 331)
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: MATH 112 or 192 or equivalent. Lec, M W F 1:25-2:25, disc W 2:30. K. H. Cook, P. J. Gierasch. Processes that determine climate and contribute to its change are discussed, including atmospheric radiation, ocean circulation, and atmospheric dynamics. Contemporary climate change issues are investigated and discussed in the context of natural variability of the system.

EAS 334 Microclimatology
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: a course in physics. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000–2001. D. S. Wilks. The relationships of radiant energy, temperature, wind, and moisture in the atmosphere near the ground. The interplay between physical processes of the atmosphere, plant canopies, and soil is examined with emphasis on the energy balance.

EAS 341 Atmospheric Thermodynamics and Hydrostatics
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: 1 year of calculus and 1 semester of physics. W. W. Knapp. Introduction to the thermodynamics and hydrostatics of the atmosphere and to the methods of description and quantitative analysis used in meteorology. Topics covered include thermodynamic processes of dry air, water vapor, and moist air and concepts of hydrostatics and stability.

EAS 342 Atmospheric Dynamics
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: 1 year each of calculus and physics. K. H. Cook. Introduction to atmospheric dynamics and to the methods and quantitative analysis used in meteorology. Topics considered include equations of atmospheric motion, motion in the free atmosphere, vertical variations of wind and pressure fields, mathematical representation and characteristics of fronts, mechanisms of pressure change, concepts of circulation and vorticity, and effects of friction on atmospheric motion.

EAS 355 Mineralogy
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: EAS 101 or 201 and CHEM 207 or permission of instructor. S. Mahlburg Kay. Examination of minerals by hand-specimen properties and optical microscopy. Geological setting, classification, crystal structures, phase relations, chemical properties, and physical properties of minerals. X-ray diffraction is introduced. Independent research project.

EAS 356 Petrology and Geochemistry
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: EAS 355. R. W. Kay. Principles of phase equilibrium as applied to igneous and metamorphic systems. Description, classification, chemistry, origin, regional distribution, and dating of igneous and metamorphic rocks. Geochemical distribution of trace elements and isotopes in igneous and metamorphic systems. The petrological evolution of the planets.

EAS 375 Sedimentology and Stratigraphy

EAS 388 Geophysics and Geotectonics
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: MATH 192 (or 112) and PHYS 208 or 213. B. L. Isacks. Global tectonics and the deep structure of the solid earth as revealed by investigations of earthquakes, earthquake waves, the earth's gravitational and magnetic fields, and heat flow.

EAS 391 Satellite Remote Sensing in Geosciences
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered in 2000–2001. B. L. Isacks. Instruction in satellite remote sensing, image processing, geographic information systems (GIS), and analysis or digital elevation models, using advanced computer workstations, via participation in current research on earthquakes, glaciers, and tectonics.

EAS 397 Field Mapping in Argentina
Summer. 3 credits. Prerequisites: EAS 210 and 326. Spanish not required, but not recommended. S. Mahlburg Kay. Modern techniques of geological mapping applied in the region of San Juan, Argentina, including folded and faulted sedimentary rock units of the Andean Precordillera (San Juan River section), intensely deformed Precambrian metamorphic rocks of the Pampes Ranges (Pie de Palo), and shallow-level silicic intrusives (Cerro Blanco-Ullum).

EAS 393 Petroleum Geology

EAS 394 Reflection Seismology
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: MATH 192 and PHY 208, 213, or equivalent. Not offered in 2000–2001. L. D. Brown. Fundamentals of subsurface imaging by multichannel seismic reflection techniques as used in oil exploration and geohydrological investigations. Covers survey design, acquisition, analysis, processing, and interpretation in both 2-D and 3-D. Includes discussion of related techniques such as seismic refraction analysis, tomographic inversion, vertical seismic profiling, and ground penetrating radar. Lab is keyed to state-of-the-art seismic processing, modeling and interpretation software from LandMark.

EAS 395 Statistical Methods in Meteorology
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: an introductory course in statistics (e.g., BTRY 215 or ARME 210) and calculus. D. S. Wilks. Statistical methods used in climatology, operational weather forecasting, and selected meteorological research applications. Some statistical characteristics of meteorological data, including probability distributions and correlation structures. Operational forecasts derived from multiple regression models, including the MOS system. Forecast verification techniques and scoring rules. Time series analysis, EOFs, and other research topics as time permits.

EAS 397 Geophysical Field Methods
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: PHYS 213 or 208, or permission of instructor. L. D. Brown. Introduction to field methods of geophysical exploration, especially as applied to environ-
mental issues. Emphasis on seismic, ground penetrating radar, gravity, and magnetic techniques. Field surveys carried out at the beginning of the semester are analyzed and interpreted. A field companion to EAS 436, which is recommended but not required prior to this course.

[EAS 444 Tropical Meteorology][1]

Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: EAS 342 or instructor's approval. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000–2001.

K. H. Cook

Structure and dynamics of the tropical atmosphere on a wide range of time and space scales. Topics include meso-scale convective systems to planetary waves. Topics include hurricanes, monsoonal circulation, and El Nino.

EAS 445 Hydrology and the Environment (also ABEN 471 and CEE 431)[2]

Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: MATH 294 and ENGR 202. L. M. Cathles, J.-Y. Parlange, T. S. Steenhuis.

Intermediate-level study of aquifer geology, groundwater flow, and related design factors. Includes description and properties of natural aquifers, groundwater hydraulics, soil water, and solute transport.

EAS 447 Physical Meteorology[3]

Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: 1 year each of calculus and physics. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000–2001.

W. W. Knapp

Primarily a survey of natural phenomena of the atmosphere, with emphasis on their underlying physical principles. Topics include composition and structure of the atmosphere, atmospheric optics, acoustics and electricity, solar and terrestrial radiation, and principles of radar probing of the atmosphere.


The Earth from a chemical perspective. Formation of the elements; cosmochemistry; chemical evidence regarding the formation of the Earth and solar system; trace-element geochemistry; isotope geochemistry; geochemical thermodynamics and kinetics; chemical evolution of the crust, mantle, and core; weathering and the chemistry of natural waters; chemistry of rivers and the oceans; hydrothermal systems and ore deposition.

EAS 451 Synoptic Meteorology II Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: EAS 341 and 342. S. J. Colucci

Structure and dynamics of large-scale, mid-latitude weather systems, such as cyclones, anticyclones, and waves, with consideration of processes that contribute to temperature changes and precipitation. Laboratory sessions involve real-time weather forecasting and the computer application of a numerical model of the atmosphere to study selected large-scale, mid-latitude weather events.

EAS 453 Advanced Petrology Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: EAS 356.

Offered alternate years. R. W. Kay

Magmas and metamorphism in the context of plate tectonics. Major and trace element chemistry and phase petrology as monitors of the creation and modification of igneous rocks. Temperature and stress in the crust and mantle and their influence on reaction rates and textures of metamorphic rocks. Application of experimental studies to natural systems.

EAS 454 Advanced Mineralogy Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: EAS 355 or permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. W. A. Bassett

Crystallography and crystal chemistry of minerals and the methods of their study. X-ray diffraction, optical methods, computer simulation of crystal structures. Emphasis on effects of high pressures and temperatures with implications for understanding the Earth's interior.

EAS 456 Mesoscale Meteorology Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: EAS 341 and 342 or permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. R. W. Kay and W. M. White.


EAS 462 Marine Ecological Processes (also BIOES 462)[4]

Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 75 students.

Prerequisite: BIOES 261. Offered alternate years.

C. D. Harvell, C. H. Greene

Lectures and discussions focus on current research in broad areas of marine ecology with an emphasis on processes unique to marine systems. A synthetic treatment of multiple levels of organization in marine systems including organismal, population, community, ecosystems, and evolutionary biology. Examples are drawn from all types of marine habitats including polar seas, temperate coastal waters, and tropical coral reefs.


The Earth from a chemical perspective. Formation of the elements; cosmochemistry; chemical evidence regarding the formation of the Earth and solar system; trace-element geochemistry; isotope geochemistry; geochemical thermodynamics and kinetics; chemical evolution of the crust, mantle, and core; weathering and the chemistry of natural waters; chemistry of rivers and the oceans; hydrothermal systems and ore deposition.

EAS 466 Oceanography Spring. 2–5 var. credits. Prerequisites: CHEM 207 and MATH 192.

The techniques and philosophy of research in the earth sciences and an opportunity for undergraduates to participate in current staff research projects. Topics chosen in consultation with and guided by a staff member. A short written report is required, and outstanding projects are prepared for publication.

EAS 475 Special Topics in Oceanography Spring, summer. 2–5 var. credits. Prerequisites: EAS 104 or BIO ES 154, and permission of instructor. C. H. Greene.

Undergraduate instruction and participation in advanced areas of oceanographic research. Topics will change from term to term. Contact instructor for further information.

EAS 476 Sedimentary Basins: Tectonics and Mechanics Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: EAS 375 or permission of instructor. T. E. Jordan.

Subsidence of sedimentary basins from the point of view of plate tectonics and geomechanics. Interactions of subsidence, sediment supply, and environmental characteristics in development of stratigraphic sequences. Stratigraphic characteristics of active-margin, passive-margin, and cratonic basins. Geochemical and stratigraphic modeling; sequence stratigraphy. Modern and ancient examples.

EAS 478 Advanced Stratigraphy Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: EAS 375 or permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000–2001. T. E. Jordan.

Modern improvements on traditional methods of the study of ages and genetic relations among sedimentary rocks, emphasizing 3-D relationships. Techniques and interpretations of sequence stratigraphy at scales ranging from beds to entire basins. Physical correlation, dating techniques, and time resolution in sedimentary rocks. Physical controls on the stratigraphic record. Numerical modeling.

EAS 479 Paleobiology (also BIOES 479)[5]

Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: 1 year of introductory biology for majors and either BIOES 274, 373, EAS 375, or permission of instructor. W. Allmon.

A survey of the major groups of organisms and their evolutionary histories. Intended to fill out the biological foundations of earth and atmospheric sciences students concerning the nature and significance of the fossil record for their respective studies.

EAS 481 Senior Survey of Earth Systems Fall. 3 credits. Limited to seniors majoring in geological science. J. M. Bird.

Survey course that integrates undergraduate course work, intended to enhance overall understanding of geological sciences. Emphasis on current models of earth's dynamic systems (e.g., global climate change, mantle evolution). Guest lecturers; synthesis and review literature; scientific literature readings; discussions; student presentations.

EAS 483 Environmental Biophysics (also CSS 483)[6]

Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: EAS/CSS 260 or equivalent, or permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. S. J. Rubi.

Introduction to basic principles of energy and mass transfer and storage in soil-plant systems. Energy budgets, soil heat flow, water movement in saturated and unsaturated soils, evapotranspiration, water, gas, and nutrient dynamics in the soil-plant-atmosphere continuum will be covered. Applications to agronomic and environmental problems and instrument design and use are considered through discussion and problem sets.

EAS 491-492 Undergraduate Research Fall, spring. 1–4 credits. Staff. (R. W. Kay, coordinator.)

Introduction to the techniques and philosophy of research in the earth sciences and an opportunity for undergraduates to participate in current staff research projects. Topics chosen in consultation with, and guided by, a staff member. A short written report is required, and outstanding projects are prepared for publication.

EAS 496 Internship experience Fall or spring. 1–2 credits. S-U grades only.

EAS 497 Individual Study in Atmospheric Science Fall or spring. 1–6 credits. S-U grades optional. Students must register with an independent study form.

Topics are arranged at the beginning of the term for individual study or for group discussions.
[EAS 498] Teaching Experience in Atmospheric Science
Fall or spring. 1–5 credits. S-U grades optional. Students must register with an Independent Study form. Teaching experience is obtained by assisting in the instruction of an atmospheric science course.

[EAS 499] Undergraduate Research in Atmospheric Science
Fall or spring. Credit by arrangement. Students must register with an Independent Study form. Independent research on current problems in atmospheric science.

[EAS 500] Design Project in Geohydrology
Fall, spring. 3–12 credits. An alternative to an industrial project for M.Eng. students choosing the geohydrology option. May continue over 2 or more semesters.

L. M. Cathles.
The project may address one of the many aspects of groundwater flow and contamination and must involve a significant geological component and lead to concrete recommendations or conclusions of an engineering nature. Results are presented orally and in a professional report.

[EAS 502] Case Histories in Groundwater Analysis
Spring. 4 credits. L. M. Cathles.
Groundwater flow in a specific area, such as a proposed nuclear-waste disposal site, is analyzed in depth. Geological and resource data on the area are presented early in the course. Then the material is analyzed by students working as an engineering analysis team. Each student makes a weekly progress report and writes part of a final report. Results are presented in a half-day seminar at the end of term.

[EAS 522] Advanced Structural Geology I
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: EAS 326 and permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000–2001.

R. W. Allmendinger.
Stress-strain theory and application. Advanced techniques of structural analysis. Topics include finite and incremental strain measurement, microstructure, preferred orientation, and TEM analysis; pressure solution and cleavage development; and experimental deformation. Applications to deformation of unconsolidated sediments, brittle and ductile deformations of supracrustal strata, and ductile deformation of high-grade metamorphic rocks. Kinematic analysis of shear zones and folds in these regimes.

[EAS 524] Advanced Structural Geology II
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: EAS 326 and permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. R. W. Allmendinger.

Geometry, kinematics, and mechanics of structural provinces. Concentration on thrust belts, rift provinces, or strike-slip provinces. Techniques of balanced cross sections.

[EAS 528] Geology of Orogenic Belts
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. M. M. Willis.
A seminar course in which students study specific geologic topics of an orogenic belt selected for study during the term. The course is intended to complement EAS 681.

[EAS 534] Advanced Geophysics I: Fractals and Chaos in Geology and Geophysics
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: EAS 388 or permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000–2001.

D. L. Turcotte.
Definitions of fractal sets and statistical fractals, scale invariance, self-affine fractals, multifractals, applications to fragmentation, seismicity and tectonics, petroleum distribution and reserves, ore grade and tonnage, drainage networks and landforms, and floods and droughts. Definitions of chaos and self-organized criticality, renormalization groups, diffusion limited aggregation and percolation clusters, wavelet transforms, applications to mantle convection, the earth’s dynamo, and distributed seismicity.

[EAS 635] Advanced Statistical Meteorology
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: coursework in or elementary knowledge of statistics, calculus, matrix algebra, and computer programming. Lectures and topics concurrent with EAS 435, plus an extra 40-minute session per week in which selected topics from EAS 435 are treated in more depth and additional topics are covered, may vary from year to year according to student interest. Term project required. Not open to students who have taken EAS 435 for credit.

Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: EAS 388 or permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. D. L. Turcotte.
Stress and strain in the earth, elasticity and flexure, heat transfer, gravity, fluid mechanics, rock rheology, faulting, chemical geodynamics, flow in porous media.

[EAS 641] Analysis of Biogeochemical Systems
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: MATH 293 or permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. L. A. Derry.
Dynamics of biogeochemical systems. Kinetic treatment of biogeochemical cycles. Box models, nonequilibrium, time. Analytical and numerical solutions of model systems. Eigen-analysis of linear systems. Feedback and nonlinear cases, problems of uncertainties in natural systems. Modeling software such as Stella II and Matlab, applications to current research of participants or from recent literature.

[EAS 651] Advanced Atmospheric Thermodynamics (also ASTRO 651)
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: a good background in undergraduate calculus and physics is required. Offered alternate years.

A survey of the fundamental physical processes in atmospheres. Topics include thermodynamics of atmospheric gases, moist effects, hydrostatics, convective instability, atmospheric radiation and radiative heating, radiative-convective equilibrium, clouds, cloud microphysics, and precipitation processes. Thermal structure and greenhouse effects on the Earth and other planets will be discussed. The course will be taught at the level of Fundamentals of Atmospheric Physics by Salby.

[EAS 652] Advanced Atmospheric Dynamics (also ASTRO 652)
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: EAS 341 and 342 or permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. S. J. Colucci, K. H. Cook, P. J. Gierasch.
Quasigeostrophic theory, atmospheric waves, hydrodynamic instability, the general circulation of the atmosphere, and topics selected from among numerical weather prediction and tropical, mesoscale, and middle atmosphere processes according to student interest.

[EAS 656] Isotope Geochemistry

[EAS 675] Modelling the Soil-Plant-Atmosphere System (also CSS 675)
Introduction to the structure and use of soil-plant-atmosphere models. Topics covered will include modeling plant physiology, morphology, and development; potential crop production and crop production limited by moisture and nutrient availability; plant-plant competition, and land surface processes as well as model data requirements, validation, and scale. Use of soil-plant-atmosphere models for teaching, research, extension, and policy formation will be discussed.

[EAS 691] Geotectonics
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. J. M. Bucur.

[EAS 692] Special Topics in Atmospheric Science
Fall or spring. 1–6 credits, S-U grades optional.
Study of topics in atmospheric science that are more specialized or different from other courses. Special topics to be covered will depend on staff and student interests.

[EAS 695] Computer Methods in Geological Sciences
Fall, spring. 3 credits. L. Brown, B. L. Inacks.
Independent research projects using state-of-the-art computational resources in the Department of Earth and Atmospheric Sciences. Possibilities include image and seismic processing, remote sensing, computational geomechanical modeling, GIS, use of interpretation workshops for 3-D seismic and satellite imagery, modeling fluid flow through complex media.
EAS 700-799 Seminars and Special Work
Fall, spring. 1–3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Staff.
Advanced work on original investigations in earth and atmospheric sciences. Topics change from term to term. Contact appropriate professor for more information.

EAS 722 Advanced Topics in Structural Geology
R. W. Allmendinger.

EAS 731 Plate Tectonics and Geology
J. M. Bird.

EAS 733 Fractals and Chaos—Independent Studies
D. L. Turcotte.

EAS 751 Petrology and Geochemistry
S. Mahlburg Kay, R. W. Kay.

EAS 753 Advanced Topics in Mineral Physics
W. A. Bassett.

EAS 755 Advanced Topics in Petrology and Tectonics
J. M. Bird, W. A. Bassett.

EAS 757 Current Research in Petrology
S. Mahlburg Kay, R. W. Kay.

EAS 762 Advanced Topics in Petroleum Exploration
Fall. W. R. Travers.

EAS 771 Advanced Topics in Sedimentology and Stratigraphy
T. E. Jordan.

EAS 773 Paleobiology
J. L. Cisne.

EAS 775 Advanced Topics in Oceanography
Spring. C. H. Greene.

EAS 780 Earthquake Record Reading
Fall. M. Barazangi.

EAS 781 Geophysics, Exploration Geology
L. D. Brown.

EAS 783 Advanced Topics in Geophysics
B. L. Isacks.

EAS 789 Lithospheric Seismology (COCODBPI Seminar)
L. D. Brown.

EAS 793 Andes-Himalayas Seminar

EAS 795 Low Temperature Geochemistry
Spring. L. A. Derry.

EAS 796 Geochemistry of the Solid Earth
W. M. White.

EAS 797 Fluid-Rock Interactions
L. M. Cattle.

EAS 799 Soil, Water, and Geology Seminar
L. M. Cattle, T. S. Steenhuis.

EAS 850 Master's-Level Thesis Research in Atmospheric Science
Fall or spring. Credit by arrangement. S-U grades only. Hours by arrangement. Graduate faculty. Limited to students specifically in the master's program in atmospheric science.

EAS 950 Graduate-Level Dissertation Research in Atmospheric Science
Fall or spring. Credit by arrangement. S-U grades optional. Hours by arrangement. Graduate faculty. Limited to students in the atmospheric science Ph.D. program only after the "A" exam has been passed.

EAS 951 Doctoral-Level Dissertation Research in Atmospheric Science
Fall or spring. Credit by arrangement. S-U grades optional. Hours by arrangement. Graduate faculty. Limited to students admitted to candidacy in the atmospheric science Ph.D. program after the "A" exam has been passed.

ECON 101 Introductory Microeconomics
Fall, spring, winter, and summer. 3 credits. Economics 101 is not a prerequisite for 102. Explanation and evaluation of how the price system operates in determining what goods are produced, how goods are produced, who receives income, and how the price system is modified and influenced by private organizations and government policy.

ECON 102 Introductory Macroeconomics
Fall, spring, winter, and summer. 3 credits. Economics 101 is not a prerequisite for 102. Analysis of aggregate economic activity in relation to the level, stability, and growth of national income. Topics discussed may include the determination and effects of unemployment, inflation, balance of payments, deficits, and economic development, and how these may be influenced by monetary, fiscal, and other policies.

ECON 230 International Trade and Finance
For description, see ARME 230.

ECON 301 Microeconomics
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: calculus. Intended for students with strong analytical skills who have not taken Economics 101, 102. Can be used to replace both Economics 101 and 313. (Can replace 313 only with grade of B or better.) This course covers the topics taught in Economics 101 and 313. An introduction to the theory of consumer and producer behavior and to the functioning of the price system.

ECON 302 Macroeconomics
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Economics 301. Intended for students with strong analytical skills who have not taken Economics 101, 102. Can be used to replace both Economics 102 and 314. This course covers the topics taught in Economics 102 and 314. (Can replace 314 only with grade of B or better.) An introduction to the theory of national income determination, unemployment, growth, and inflation.

ECONOMICS

The study of economics provides an understanding of the way economies operate and an insight into public issues. The department offers a broad range of undergraduate courses in such fields as money and banking, international and comparative economics, econometrics, theory, history, growth and development, and the organization, performance, and control of industry.

Social Science Distribution Requirement
The microeconomics distribution requirement can be fulfilled with any of the following: Economics 101, Economics 301, or Economics 313.

The macroeconomics distribution requirement can be satisfied with any of the following: Economics 102, Economics 302, or Economics 314.

The Major
Prerequisites
Economics 101 and 102 and Math 111 (or equivalents, with approval of the director of undergraduate studies), all with grades of C or better. Economics 301 cannot be.

Economics 301 with a grade of C or better substitutes for 102. Intended for students with strong analytical skills who have not taken Economics 101, 102. Can be used to replace both Economics 101 and 313. (Can replace 313 only with grade of B or better.) This course covers the topics taught in Economics 101 and 313. An introduction to the theory of consumer and producer behavior and to the functioning of the price system.

ECON 302 Macroeconomics
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Economics 301. Intended for students with strong analytical skills who have not taken Economics 101, 102. Can be used to replace both Economics 102 and 314. This course covers the topics taught in Economics 102 and 314. (Can replace 314 only with grade of B or better.) An introduction to the theory of national income determination, unemployment, growth, and inflation.
This course provides an introduction to statistical methods and principles of probability. Topics to be covered include analysis of the American economic history from the Civil War to World War I.  

**ECON 324 American Economic History**  
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Economics 101–102 or equivalent.  
A survey of problems in American economic history.  

**ECON 324A American Economic History #**  
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Economics 101–102 or equivalent.  
Same material as Economics 324, seminar limited to 12 students.  

**ECON 331 Money and Credit**  
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Economics 101–102 and 314.  
A systematic treatment of the determinants of the money supply and the volume of credit.  

**ECON 333 Financial Economics**  
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Economics 331 and 314.  
The theory and decision making in the presence of uncertainty and the practical aspects of particular asset markets are examined.  

**ECON 335 Public Finance: The Microeconomics of Government**  
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Economics 101–102 and 313, or their equivalent, and 1 semester of calculus.  
The role of government in a free market economy is examined. Topics covered include public goods, market failures, allocation mechanisms, optimal taxation, effects of taxation, and benefit-cost analysis. Current topics of an applied nature will vary from term to term.  

**ECON 336 Public Finance: Resource Allocation and Fiscal Policy**  
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Economics 101–102, 313 or their equivalent and 1 semester of calculus.  
This course covers the revenue side of public finance and special topics. Subjects covered include the federal debt, the budget, and government regulation and transfers, as well as problems like local public goods, health care, education, the hierarchy of governmental structure, and a variety of applied problems.  

**ECON 341 Labor Economics**  
For description, see ILRRE 240.  

**ECON 351 Industrial Organization I**  
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Economics 313 or equivalent.  
This course examines the choice of firms in oligopolies, cartels and other forms of collusive behavior, competition between firms producing differentiated products, entry behavior, R&D behavior, and government interventions in oligopoly industries (e.g., antitrust laws).  

**ECON 352 Industrial Organization II**  
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Economics 313 or equivalent.  
This course primarily focuses on the pricing decisions of firms. The course does not consider the strategic response of other firms to these pricing decisions. The pricing decisions include price discrimination, commodity bundling, pricing a product line and pricing a durable good. In addition to pricing decisions, the course will consider topics associated with private information such as adverse selection, signaling, and moral hazard. Numerous theoretical models are presented and empirical results are discussed.  

**ECON 355 International Trade Theory and Policy**  
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Economics 101–102 and 313.  
This course surveys the sources of comparative advantage. It studies commercial policy and analyzes the welfare economics of trade between countries. Some attention is paid to the institutional aspects of the world trading system.  

**ECON 356 International Monetary Theory and Policy**  
Spring and summer. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Economics 101–102 and 314.  
This course surveys the determination of exchange rates and theories of balance-of-payments adjustments. It also explores open economy macroeconomics, and it analyzes some of the institutional details of foreign exchange markets, balance of payments accounting, and the international monetary system.  

**ECON 371 Economic Development**  
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Economics 101–102 or equivalent.  
Study of the problem of sustained accelerated economic growth in less developed countries. Trade-offs between growth, welfare, and equity: the legacy of colonialism; relevance of history and economic theory; problems of capital formation, economic planning and international specialization; and the interaction of industrialization, agricultural development, and population change are emphasized.  

**ECON 372 Applied Economic Development**  
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Economics 101–102.  
This course examines several special topics in the economics of developing countries. Among the topics covered recently are the concepts of development and underdevelopment, the debate over development economics, the peasant household and its place in the world economy, the debt crisis, the state vs. market debate and the role of the state in economic development, and the question of sustainable development.  

**ECON 404 Economics and the Law**  
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Economics 101.  
An examination, through the lens of economic analysis, of legal principles drawn from various branches of law, including contracts, torts, and property. Cases are assigned for class discussion; in addition, there are several writing assignments.
ECON 408 Production Economics and Policy
For description, see ARME 608.

ECON 409 Environmental Economics and Policy
For description, see ARME 451.

ECON 415 Price Analysis
For description, see ARME 415.

ECON 416 Intertemporal Economics
This course is intended for advanced economics majors who are especially interested in economic theory. Topics to be covered: (1) review of the one good Ramsey model of optimal savings and accumulation; conditions for intertemporal efficiency in production; comparative dynamics and sequencing of capital accumulation; (2) competitive equilibrium (the Physicocrats). The most recent reading assignment in this course is Adam Smith's Wealth of Nations but the emphasis is on the relationship between the precursors of Adam Smith and his Wealth of Nations to modern economics and current efforts to answer some of the questions raised in the early writing on economics.

ECON 417 History of Economic Analysis
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Economics 101–102 or permission of instructor.
This course provides an introduction to the theory of decision making under uncertainty with emphasis on economic applications of the theory.

ECON 419 Economics of Family Policy—Uncertainty
This course offers a perspective on how to follow up logical implications form propositions in clear-cut fashion, and shows how to make language fit reality rather than the other way around.

ECON 420 Economics of Family Policy—Adults
Economics 420 and 421 together, count as 1 course for the Economics major.
For description, see CEH 320.

ECON 421 Economics of Family Policy—Children
Economics 420 and 421 together, count as 1 course for the Economics major.
For description, see CEH 321.

ECON 422 The Economics of Infrastructure and a Sustainable Environment
For description, see CEE 422.

ECON 425 Economic History of Latin America @
Spring. 4 credits.
A survey of changing economic institutions and policies from pre-Columbian to modern times.

ECON 426 History of American Enterprise #
History of the changing structure of American business from 1800 to the present, with major emphasis on developments after the Civil War. The focus of the course will be the changing structure of challenges (for example, the rise of unions, development of a national capital market, changing role of government) and the various responses of business organizations and entrepreneurs to those challenges.

ECON 430 Policy Analysis: Welfare Theory, Agriculture, and Trade
For description, see ARME 630.

ECON 440 Analysis of Agricultural Markets
Economics 440 and 441 together, count as 1 course for the Economics major.
For description, see ARME 641.

ECON 444 Modern European Economic History
For description, see ILRLE 444.

ECON 445 Topics in Microeconomic Analysis—Markets and Planning
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Economics 313. This course introduces students to the theory of economic activity, production and pricing of commodities, utility maximization, and intertemporal choice. The course covers the basic theories of demand, supply, and market equilibrium, as well as welfare economics, the theory of the firm, and the theory of factor demand.

ECON 447 Economics of Social Security
For description, see CEE 345.

ECON 450 Resource Economics
For description, see ARME 450.

ECON 451 Economic Security
For description, see ILRLE 340.

ECON 452 History of American Enterprise #
History of the changing structure of American business from 1800 to the present, with major emphasis on developments after the Civil War. The focus of the course will be the changing structure of challenges (for example, the rise of unions, development of a national capital market, changing role of government) and the various responses of business organizations and entrepreneurs to those challenges.

ECON 453 The Economics of Unemployment
For description, see ILRLE 348.

ECON 454 The Economics of Health Care
For description, see ILRLE 449.

ECON 455 Income Distribution
For description, see ILRLE 445.

ECON 456 The Economics of Employee Benefits
For description, see ILRLE 442.

ECON 457 Women in the Economy
For description, see ILRLE 445.

ECON 458 Topics in Twentieth-Century Economic History
For description, see ILRLE 448.

ECON 459 Economic History of British Labor 1750–1940
For description, see ILRLE 640.

ECON 460 Economic Analysis of the Welfare State
For description, see ILRLE 642.

ECON 461 The Economics of Occupational Safety and Health
For description, see ILRLE 644.

ECON 462 Labor in Developing Economies
For description, see ILRLE 332.

ECON 464 Economics of Agricultural Development
For description, see ARME 464.

ECON 465 Food and Nutrition Policy
For description, see ARME 665.

ECON 466 Economics of Development
For description, see ARME 666.

ECON 467 Game Theory
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Economics 313 and 319. This course studies mathematical models of conflict and cooperation in situations of uncertainty (about nature and about decision makers).

ECON 468 Economic Problems of Latin America #
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Economics 101–102. Current topics include, international debt, capital flight, economic integration, stabilization programs, etc.

ECON 469 China's Economy under Mao and Deng @
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Economics 101–102 or permission of instructor. Examines the development of the Chinese economy and the evolution of China's economic system between 1939 and the early 1990s.

ECON 471 The Economies of the Former Soviet Union and of Central Europe: From Central Planning to Markets
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Economics 101, 102. The course will introduce first the basic features of a centrally planned economy and proceed to consider the most important example: the rise and fall of the Soviet Union. Secondly, the analysis will be extended to what used to be known as 'Eastern Europe' (e.g., Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Poland). From this necessary historical background, the course will proceed to current attempts to move away from Socialist central planning.
and its legacies to market economy, privatization, and independence.

**ECON 472 Comparative Economic Systems: East and West**
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Economics 101-102.

The course will develop first a framework for studying economic systems and national economies and present three simple stylized systemic models: capitalist market, socialist market, and central planning. Secondly, the course will consider economic goals to be achieved (such as growth, stability, and productivity) and introduce quantitative measures used in the evaluation of the performance. Thirdly, comparative studies of selected national economies representing the models will be carried out.

**ECON 473 Economics of Export-Led Development @**
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Economics 313, 314, or their equivalent.

This course will examine the phenomenon of export-led development from both the theoretical and empirical points of view. Concentration will be on experiences within the West Pacific Rim.

**ECON 474 National and International Food Economics**
For description, see NS 457.

**ECON 475 The Economy of India @**
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Economics 101-102 or equivalent background.

This course will present the major economics and development problems of contemporary India and examine the country's future economic prospects. It will, however, be our aim to discuss these problems in their proper historical perspectives. Hence, the course will start with a brief outline of the social and political history of India. It will then turn to a more detailed account of the economic history of India in two stages.

**ECON 477 Contemporary Development of Southeast Asian Economies**
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: Economics 101, 102.

See CRP 679.09 for description.

**ECON 498 Readings in Economics**
Fall or spring. Variable credit.

Independent study.

**ECON 499 Honors Program**
Fall and spring. 8 credits. Prerequisites: Economics 313, 314, 321 (or 319-320). Consult the Director of Undergraduate Studies for details. Interested students should apply to the program in the spring semester of their junior year.

**Graduate Courses and Seminars**

**ECON 609 Microeconomic Theory I**
Fall. 4 credits.

Topics in consumer and producer theory.

**ECON 610 Microeconomic Theory II**
Spring. 4 credits.

Topics in consumer and producer theory, equilibrium models and their application, externalities and public goods, intertemporal choice, simple dynamic models and resource depletion, choice under uncertainty.

**ECON 613 Macroeconomic Theory I**
Fall. 4 credits.


**ECON 614 Macroeconomic Theory II**
Spring. 4 credits.


**ECON 616 Applied Price Theory (also NBA 527)**
Spring. 4 credits.

The course emphasizes the applications of the principles of price theory to a variety of problems taken from concrete, practical settings.

**ECON 617 Intermediate Mathematical Economics I**
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Calculus II and intermediate linear algebra.

The course will cover selected topics in Matrix algebra (vector spaces, matrices, simultaneous linear equations, characteristic value problem), calculus of several variables (elementary real analysis, partial differentiation, convex analysis), classical optimization theory (unconstrained maximization, constrained maximization).

**[ECON 618 Intermediate Mathematical Economics II]**

A continuation of Economics 617, the course develops additional mathematical techniques for applications in economics. Topics covered could include study of dynamic systems (linear and nonlinear difference equations, differential equation, chaotic behavior), dynamic optimization methods (optimal control theory, nonstochastic and stochastic dynamic programming), and game theory (repeated dynamic and evolutionary games).

**ECON 619 Econometrics I**
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Economics 319-320 or permission of instructor.

This course gives the probabilistic and statistical background for meaningful application of econometric techniques. Topics to be covered are (1) probability theory: probability spaces, random variables, distributions, moments, transformations, conditional distributions, distribution theory and the multivariate normal distribution, convergence of random variables, laws of large numbers, central limit theorems, Monte Carlo simulation; (2) statistics: sample statistics, sufficiency, exponential families of distributions. Further topics in statistics will be considered in Economics 620.

**ECON 620 Econometrics II**
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Economics 619.

This course is a continuation of Economics 619 (Econometrics I) covering (1) statistics: estimation theory, least squares methods, method of moments, likelihood, generalized method of moments, theory of hypothesis testing, asymptotic test theory, and nonnested hypothesis testing and (2) econometrics: the general linear model, generalized least squares, specification tests, instrumental variables, dynamic regression models, linear simultaneous equation models, nonlinear models, and applications.

**ECON 699 Readings in Economics**
Fall or spring. Variable credit.

Independent study.

**ECON 703 Seminar in Peace Science**
Fall. 4 credits.

Among topics to be covered at an advanced level are game theory, coalition theory, bargaining and negotiation processes, cooperative and noncooperative solution concepts for matrix games, models, macroeconomic processes, and general systems analysis.

**ECON 710 Stochastic Economics: Concepts and Techniques**
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Economics 609, 610, 613, 614, 619, and 620.

This course will review a number of techniques that have been useful in developing stochastic models of economic behavior. Among these are (a) discrete-time Markov processes, (b) dynamic programming under uncertainty, and (c) diffusion processes. Examples of economic models will be drawn from recent literature on optimal capital accumulation and optimal savings and portfolio selection problems, permanent income hypothesis, dynamic models of price adjustment, etc. Advanced graduate students contemplating work in economic theory and econometric theory will gain exposure to current research.

**ECON 712 Advanced Macroeconomics**
4 credits. Prerequisites: Economics 613, 614.

The purpose of this course is to introduce the student to some of the topics and analytic techniques of current macroeconomic research. The course will fall into three parts: dynamic programming, new Keynesian economics, and recent theories of economic growth. The dynamic programming section will include models of consumption, investment, and real business cycles. The new Keynesian section will cover models of wage and price rigidity, coordination failure and credit markets. The section on endogenous growth will look at recent efforts to add nonconvexities to models of optimal growth. These topics are intended to complement the material on overlapping generations covered elsewhere.

**ECON 713 Advanced Macroeconomics II**
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: ECON 613, 614.

This course reviews the most recent research in endogenous growth theory. This theory is little more than a decade old, but it has produced a large amount of both empirical and theoretical work that have substantially reshaped the general field of macroeconomics. It is perhaps no exaggeration to say that most of the work at the frontier of today's macroeconomics belongs to this field. An increasing number of papers have been touching important issues such as, learning by doing, R&D investment, market structure, private and public organization of R&D, education financing, human capital accumulation, technological unemployment, growth and business cycles, inequality and growth, political equilibrium, democracy and growth, instability, social conflict, capital accumulation, intergenerational analysis, international transfers of technologies, sustainable development, etc.
This course tries to orient the student in this large and variegated literature consisting of recently published articles and working papers. Understanding this literature is a sound training in the analytical methods used at the frontier of research, but it also provides a number of empirical results at the center of the economic debate.

**ECON 717 Mathematical Economics**
4 credits. Prerequisites: ECON 609-610 (or equivalent training in micro theory) and MATH 415-414 (or equivalent training in micro theory).

The primary theme of this course is to explore the role of prices in achieving an efficient allocation of resources in dynamic economies. Some of the classical results on static equilibrium theory and welfare economics on attaining optimal allocation through decentralized organizations are examined through an axiomatic approach. Some basic issues on capital theory are also analyzed. 

**ECON 718 Topics in Mathematical Economics**

This course focuses primarily on recent theoretical advances in the study of industrial organization. Topics covered include market structure, nonlinear pricing, quality, durability, location selection, collusive games, collusion, entry deterrence, managerial incentives, switching costs, government intervention, and R&D/Patents. These topics are discussed in a game-theoretic context.

**ECON 719 Advanced Topics in Econometrics I**
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Economics 619-620 or permission of instructor.

Advanced topics in econometrics, such as asymptotic estimation and test theory, robust estimation, Bayesian inference, advanced topics in time-series analysis, errors in variable and latent variable models, qualitative and limited dependent variables, aggregation, panel data, and duration models.

**ECON 720 Advanced Topics in Econometrics II**
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Economics 619-620 or permission of instructor.

For description see Economics 719.

**ECON 721 Time Series Econometrics**
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Economics 619-620 or permission of instructor.

This course covers traditional and current time series techniques that are widely used in econometrics. Topics include the theory of stationary stochastic processes including univariate ARMA(p,q) models, spectral density analysis, and vector autoregressive models, parametric and semi-parametric estimation, current developments in distributional theory: estimation and testing in models with integrated regressors including, unit root tests, cointegration, and permanent vs. transitory components.

**ECON 731 Monetary Theory and Policy**
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Economics 614 or permission of the instructor.

Advanced topics in monetary economics, macroeconomics, and economic growth—such as overlapping-generations, taxes and transfers denominated in money, transactions demand for money, multi-asset accumulation, exchange rates, and financial intermediation.

**ECON 732 Monetary Theory and Policy**
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Economics 731 or permission of the instructor.

Advanced topics in monetary economics, macroeconomics, and economic growth—such as economic volatility, the "burden" of government debt, restrictions on government borrowing, dynamic optimization, endogenous growth theory, technological evolution, financial market frictions, and cyclical fluctuations.

**ECON 735 Public Finance: Resource Allocation and Fiscal Policy (also ARME 735)**
Spring. 4 credits.

This course develops a mathematical and highly analytical understanding of the role of government in market economies and the fundamentals of public economics and related issues. Topics covered include generalizations and extensions of the fundamental theorems of welfare economics, in-depth analysis of social choice theory and the theory on implementation in economic environments, public goods and externalities and other forms of market failure associated with asymmetric information. The theoretical foundation for optimal direct and indirect taxation is also introduced along with the development of various consumer surplus measures and an application to benefit cost analysis. Topics of an applied nature vary from semester to semester depending on faculty research interests.

This course focuses primarily on recent theoretical advances in the study of industrial organization. Topics covered include market structure, nonlinear pricing, quality, durability, location selection, games, collusion, entry deterrence, managerial incentives, switching costs, government intervention, and R&D/Patents. These topics are discussed in a game-theoretic context.

**ECON 752 Industrial Organization and Regulation**
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: ECON 609, 610, and 751.

This course rounds out some topics in the Theory of Industrial Organization with the specific interest of addressing the empirical implications of the theory. The course reviews empirical literature in the SCP paradigm and in the NEO paradigm.

**ECON 753 Public Policy Issues for Industrial Organizations**

The course takes an in-depth view of the interaction between the government and business. Methods of business control, including antitrust, price regulation, entry regulation, and safety regulation. Emphasis will be on both the economic effects on business, but on the economics of selecting and evolving the method of control.

**ECON 755 Rivalry and Cooperation**
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Economics Graduate Core or instructor's permission.

In standard models, economic interaction is impersonal. Agents respond to price signals and measure their own welfare not in relative but in absolute terms, and cooperative behavior emerges only when it coincides with narrow self-interest. This course will explore the details of rivalry and cooperation in an effort to synthesize broader views of economic interaction. Topics will include the effect of concerns about relative income on wage rates, consumption, savings, and regulation; the effect of concerns about fairness on prices and wages; the conditions that foster trust and cooperation; and the role of positional competition in the distribution of economic rewards.

**ECON 756 Noncooperative Game Theory**
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Economics 609-610 and 619.

This course surveys equilibrium concepts for noncooperative games. We will cover Nash equilibrium and a variety of equilibrium refinements, including perfect equilibrium, proper equilibrium, sequential equilibrium and more! We will pay attention to important special classes of games, including bargaining games, signalling games, and incomplete information. Most of our analysis will be from the strict decision-theoretic point of view, but we will also survey some models of bounded rationality in games, including games played by automata.

**ECON 757 Economics of Imperfect Information**
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Economics 609-610 and 619.

The purpose of this course is to consider some major topics in the economics of uncertain information. Although the precise topics considered will vary from year to year, subjects such as markets with asymmetric information, signalling theory, sequential choice theory, and record theory will be discussed.
ECON 760 Topics in Political Economy  
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Economics graduate core or instructor's permission. This course will develop critiques and extensions of economic theory, taking into account the political and social moorings of economic activity and equilibria. The formation and persistence of social norms; the meaning and emergence of property rights; the role of policy advice in influencing economic outcomes; and the effect of political power and ideology on economic variables will be studied. While these topics were popular in the classic works of political economy, recent advances in game theory and, more generally, game-theoretic thinking allows us to approach these topics from a new perspective. Hence, the course will begin by devoting some lectures to elementary ideas in game-theory and strategic analysis.

ECON 761 International Economics: Trade Theory and Policy  
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: ECON 609, 610. This course surveys the sources of comparative advantage. It analyzes simple general equilibrium models to illustrate the direction, volume, and welfare effects of trade. Topics in game theory and strategic analysis as applied to international economics will be covered by devoting some lectures to elementary ideas in game-theory and strategic analysis.

ECON 762 International Economics: International Finance and Open Economy Macroeconomics  
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: ECON 761. This course surveys the determination of exchange rates and theories of balance of payment adjustments. It explores open economy macroeconomics by analyzing models of monetary economies. Topics in monetary economics and econometrics as applied to international economics will be covered.

ECON 770 Topics in Economic Development  
For description, see ARME 667.

ECON 771 Economic Development and Development Planning  
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: graduate core or instructor's permission. Reviews the existing literature on the determinants of economic growth and the interrelationship of growth and income distribution through the process of economic development. A general equilibrium approach to development is taken. Computable general equilibrium models, based on social accounting matrices, are used to explore the performance of a variety of developing countries. Among the topics explored are: impact of structural adjustment and stabilization policies, demand and supply elasticities, and the role of income, population, and interdependent variables in international trade. Critical review and evaluation of national, regional, and sectoral development models are built for such developing countries as India, Brazil, Indonesia, and Ecuador.

ECON 772 Economics of Development  
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: first-year graduate economic theory and econometrics. Analytical approaches to the economic problems of developing nations. Topics to be covered include: some old and new directions in development economics thinking, the welfare economics of poverty and inequality, empirical evidence on who benefits from economic development, labor market models, project analysis with application to the economics of education, and development policy.

ECON 773 Economic Development  
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Economics 609 and 620. The course is concerned with theoretical and applied works that seek to explain economic development, or lack thereof, in countries at low-income levels. Specific topics vary each semester.

ECON 774 Economic Systems  
Spring. 4 credits. The course deals with economic systems, formerly centrally planned economies, and economies in transition.

ECON 784 Seminars in Advanced Economics  
Fall and spring. 4 credits.

ENGLISH  
H. Shaw, chair; B. Correll, director of undergraduate studies (255–5492); D. Mermin, director of graduate studies (255–7986); H. S. McMillin, director of honors program; B. Adams, J. Ashton, A. Boehm, F. Bogel, L. Bogel, M. P. Brady, L. Brown, C. Chase, J. Culler, S. Davis, E. DeLoughrey, L. Fukundiny, R. Farrell, D. Fried, A. Galloway, R. Gilbert, J. Goldsky, K. Gottschalk, E. Hanson, L. Herrin, T. Hill, M. Hite, M. Jacobus, P. Janowitz, B. Jeffrey, C. Kaske, M. Koch, B. Maxwell, D. McCall, K. McClane, M. McCoy, S. McPherson, A. Morgan, T. Murray, R. Parker, J. Porte, E. Rosenberg, N. Saccamano, P. Sawyer, D. Schwarz, M. Selzer, R. Shepherd, S. Siegel, H. Spillers, G. Teskey, S. Vaughn, H. Viramontes, W. Wetherbee, S. Worley, Emeriti: M. H. Abrams, A. R. Ammons, J. Bishop, J. Blackall, A. Caputi, D. Eddy, R. Elia, A. Lurie, P. Marcus, J. McConkey, S. Parsh, M. Radzio, S. C. Stout. The Department of English offers a wide variety of courses in all areas of English, American, and Anglophone literature as well as in creative writing, expository writing, and film analysis. Literature courses focus variously on close reading of texts, study of particular authors and genres, questions of critical theory and method, and the relationship of literary works to their historical contexts and to other disciplines. Writing courses typically employ the workshop method in which students develop their skills by responding to the criticism of their work by their classmates as well as their instructors. Many students supplement their formal course work in English by attending public lectures and poetry readings sponsored by the department or by writing for campus literary magazines. The department not only to foster critical analysis and lucid writing but also to teach students to think about the nature of language and to be alert to both the rigors and the pleasures of reading texts of many sorts.

First-Year Writing Seminars  
As part of the university-wide First-Year Writing Seminars program administered by the John S. Knight Writing Program, the department offers many one-semester courses dealing with various forms of writing (e.g. narrative, autobiographical, and expository), with the study of specific areas in English and American literature, and with the relation of literature to culture. Students may apply any of these courses to their First-Year Writing Seminars requirements if added course descriptions may be found in the First-Year Writing Seminars program listings, available from college registrars in August for the fall term and in November for the spring term. Freshmen interested in majoring in English are encouraged to take at least one of the department's 200-level First-Year Writing Seminars: "The Reading of Fiction" (ENGL 270), "The Reading of Poetry" (ENGL 271), and "Introduction to Drama" (ENGL 272). These courses are open to all second-term freshmen. They are also open, as space permits, to first-term freshmen with scores of 700 or above on the CEEB College Placement Tests in English composition or literature, or 4 or 5 on the CEEB Advanced Placement Examination in English, as well as to students who have completed another First-Year Writing Seminar.

Courses for Nonmajors  
For students majoring in fields other than English, the department provides a variety of courses at all levels. Most of the courses in the 200 level are open to qualified freshmen, and are open to sophomores. Courses at the 300 level are open to all sophomores, juniors, and seniors; they are also open to freshmen who have received the instructor's prior permission. There is a readiness requirement at the 400 level for nonmajors depending on the course topics, which are subject to change from year to year. Permission of the instructor is sometimes required; prior consultation is always in order and strongly advised.

The Major in English  
Students who major in English develop their own programs of study in consultation with their major advisers. Some choose to focus on a particular historical period or literary genre or to combine sustained work in creative writing with the study of literature. Others pursue special interests in such areas as women's literature, African-American literature, literature and the visual arts, or critical theory.

The department recommends that students prepare themselves for the English major by taking one or more of its preparatory courses, such as "The Reading of Fiction" (ENGL 270), "The Reading of Poetry" (ENGL 271), or "Introduction to Drama" (ENGL 272). (The "ENGL" prefix identifies courses sponsored by the Department of English, all of which appear in the English section of Courses of Study or the department's supplementary lists of courses; it also identifies courses sponsored and taught by other academic units and cross-listed with English.) These courses concentrate on the skills basic to the English major and to much other academic work—responsive, sensitive reading and thoughtful, forceful writing. As First-Year Writing Seminars, any one of them will satisfy one-half the College of Arts and Science's First-Year writing requirement. ENGL 280, 281, 288, and 289 are also suitable preparations for the major and of course to students who have completed their First-Year Writing Seminar requirement. ENGL 201 and 202, which together constitute a two-semester survey of major British writers, though not
required are strongly recommended for majors and prospective majors. ENGL 201 and 202 (unlike ENGL 280, 281, 288, and 289) are also “approved for the major” in the special sense of that phrase explained below.

To graduate with a major in English, a student must complete with passing letter grades 10 200-level courses in creative and expository writing (ENGL 280, 281, 288, and 289), and additional nondepartmental courses approved for the major. All ENGL courses numbered 300 and above are approved for the major. In addition, with the exception of First-Year Writing Seminars (ENGL 270, 271, and 272), 200-level courses in creative and expository writing (ENGL 280, 281, 288, and 289), and courses designated for nonmajors, all 200-level ENGL courses are also approved for the major. Courses used to meet requirements for the English major may also be used to meet the college’s “historical breadth” requirement as well.

Of the 40 credits required to complete the major, 8 credits (4 courses) must be at the 400 level or above; 12 credits (three courses) must be from courses in which 50 percent or more of the material consists of literature originally written in English before 1800; and another 12 credits (four courses) must form an intellectually coherent “concentration.” The 400-level and pre-1800 requirements may be satisfied only with ENGL courses, and ENGL 493–494, the Honors Essay Tutorial, may not be used to satisfy either one. Courses that satisfy the pre-1800 requirement are so designated in Courses of Study. Many English majors use ENGL 201 to begin meeting this requirement since it provides an overview of earlier periods of British literature and also enables them to make more informed choices of additional pre-1800 courses. ENGL 202, however, does not qualify as a pre-1800 course. Neither do courses offered by other departments unless they are cross-listed with English. Although courses in foreign literature read in the original languages may not be used to fulfill the pre-1800 requirement, they may be used for English major credit provided they are included within the 12-credit limit described below. The three course concentration requirement may be satisfied with any courses approved for the major. The department’s “Guide to the English Major” contains suggested areas of concentration and lists of courses that fall within the areas proposed, but majors are expected to define their own concentrations in consultation with their advisers.

As many as 12 credits in courses offered by departments and programs other than English may under certain conditions be used to satisfy English requirements. Courses in literature and creative writing offered by academic units representing neighboring or allied disciplines (German Studies, Romance Studies, Russian, Asian Studies, Classics, Comparative Literature, Africana Studies, the Society for the Humanities, American Studies, Women’s Studies, Religious Studies, Asian American Studies, Latino Studies, and Theatre, Film, & Dance) are routinely counted toward the 40 hours of major credit provided they are appropriate for juniors or seniors, as are most courses at the 300 level and above. English majors who are double majors may exercise the option of applying 12 credits in courses offered by another department toward their second major. All English majors are urged to take courses in which they read foreign works of literature in the original language, and for that reason 200-level literature courses for which qualification is a prerequisite (as well as more advanced literature courses read in the original language) may be counted toward the English major. Credit from other non-ENGL courses may be included within the 12 credits of nondepartmental courses approved for the major only when the student is able to demonstrate to the adviser’s satisfaction their relevance to his or her individual program of study.

Students who declared the English major prior to July 1999 may elect to substitute for these requirements those in effect when they entered the major.

The Major in English with Honors

Second-term sophomores who have done superior work in English and related subjects are encouraged to seek admission to the department’s program leading to the degree of Bachelor of Arts with Honors in English. Following an interview with the chair of the Honors Committee, qualified students will be admitted provisionally to the program. During their junior year these students must complete at least one Honors Seminar (ENGL 491 or 492); they are encouraged to take an additional 400-level English course in the field in which they plan to concentrate. On the basis of work in these and other English courses, a provisional Honors candidate is expected to select a thesis topic and secure a thesis adviser by the end of the junior year. A student who has been accepted by a thesis adviser becomes a candidate for Honors rather than a provisional candidate.

During the senior year, each candidate for Honors in English enrolls in a year-long Honors Seminar (ENGL 491 or 492); they are encouraged to take an additional 400-level English course in the field in which they plan to concentrate. On the basis of work in these and other English courses, a provisional Honors candidate is expected to select a thesis topic and secure a thesis adviser by the end of the junior year. A student who has been accepted by a thesis adviser becomes a candidate for Honors rather than a provisional candidate.

Expository Writing

ENGL 288 Expository Writing

Fall, spring, winter, 3 credits. Each section limited to 15 students. Prerequisite: English language proficiency for non-native speakers or writing sample (critical/interpretive prose), submission of written work are required.

ENGL 271 The Reading of Poetry

Fall, spring, each summer. 3 credits. This course examines modern fiction, with an emphasis on the short story and novella. Students will write critical essays on authors who flourished between 1870 and the present, such as James, Joyce, Woolf, Hurston, Lawrence, Fitzgerald, Hemingway, Faulkner, Rhys, Welty, Salinger, and Morrison. Reading lists vary from section to section, and some may include a novel, but close, attentive, imaginative reading and writing are central to all. This course does not satisfy requirements for the English major.

ENGL 271 The Reading of Poetry

Fall, spring, 3 credits. Each section limited to 12 students. Recommended for prospective majors. How can we become more appreciative, alert readers of poetry, and at the same time better writers of prose? This course attends to the rich variety of poems written in English, drawing on the works of poets from William Shakespeare to Sylvia Plath, John Keats to Li-Young Lee, Emily Dickinson to A. R. Ammons. We may read songs, sonnets, odes, villanelles, even limericks. By engaging in thorough discussions and varied writing assignments, we will explore some of the major periods, modes, and genres of English poetry, and in the process expand the possibilities of our own writing. This course does not satisfy requirements for the English major.
This course practices related arts: reading selected nineteenth- and twentieth-century prose fictions and poems and writing intensive creative nonfiction and in addition, writing as a reader of one's own work and revising in the light of others' responses to it. Course members will work with a fairly small number of texts—conventionally, Wordsworth's 'Tintern Abbey', Preludia, Bronte's Jane Eyre, James T urner of the Screw, Rhy's Wide Sargasso Sea, Wilde's Dorian Gray, and Nabokov's Pale Fire—and build sustained essays from shorter (written) "readings" of them. Students will present their work to the group at various stages of completion and develop a portfolio of well-crafted prose for submission at the end of the term. They will also pay conscious attention to the ways in which both critical readers and creative writers "rewrite" the texts they read.

This is a course for English majors and nonmajors who wish to extend their mastery of critical and interpretive prose and their understanding of what they do when they write it. It will be particularly advantageous for students planning to write honors theses in English or another discipline.

ENGL 386 Philosphic Fictions
Fall. 4 credits S. Davis.
Course limited to 15 students. Prerequisite: permission of the instructor on the basis of a reading sample (critical interpretive prose), which should reach the instructor before the first day of class.

"Fictions"—of voice, audience, plot, point of view, figurative language, and thought—abound in good expository writing; they stand out in works that deliberately test and play with ideas: dialogues, satires, parodies, philosophical tales, and "thought-experiments." Students will write critically about such works and the issues they raise and will experiment with writing in similar forms. The "fictions" read and written in this course are not realistic narratives or evocations of personal experience; they are the vehicles and animating resources of writers who want to argue flexibly, provoke thought, ridicule vice or folly, play games, or involve readers in puzzlingly or disturbingly insoluble problems. Readings will include such works as Plato's Gorgias, Swift's "Modest Proposal" and Tale of a Tub, Voltaire's Candide. Carroll's Alice books, short fictions by Jorge Luis Borges and Octavia Butler, and essays by Richard Rorty and Anthony Appiah.

ENGL 387 Autobiography: Theory and Practice
Spring. 4 credits A. Boehm.
In this nonfiction prose-writing seminar we explicate canonical autobiographies as models of rhetoric to be imitated in weekly writing assignments.

ENGL 388 The Art of the Essay
Fall. 4 credits. Limited to 15 students. Interested students should submit 1 or more pieces of recent writing (prose) to the instructor before the beginning of the term, preferably at preregistration. L. Fakundiny.

For both English majors and nonmajors who have done distinguished work in first-year writing seminars and in such courses as English 280-281, 288-289, and who desire intensive practice in writing essays as a kind of creative nonfiction. The course assumes a high degree of self-motivation, a capacity for independent work, and critical interest in the work of other writers; it aims for a portfolio of conceptually rich and stylistically polished writing.

Creative Writing

Students usually begin their work in Creative Writing with English 280 or 281, and only after completion of the First-Year Writing Seminar requirement. Please note that either English 280 or 281 is the recommended prerequisite for 300-level creative writing courses. English 281 and 282 may satisfy a distribution requirement in your college (please check with your college adviser). English 382-383, 384-385, and 480-481 are approved for the major.

ENGL 280-281 Creative Writing
Fall, spring, summer, winter session. 3 credits. Prerequisites: completion of the Freshman Seminar requirement. Limited to 18 students.

 Majors and prospective majors, please note. Although recommended for prospective English majors, English 280-281 cannot be counted towards the 40 credits required for completion of the English major. It is a prerequisite for 300-level courses in creative writing, which count towards the major.

English 280 is not a prerequisite for English 281.

An introductory course in the theory, practice, and reading of prose, poetry, and allied forms. Students are given the opportunity to try both prose and verse writing and may specialize in one or the other. Many of the class meetings are conducted as workshops.

ENGL 382-383 Narrative Writing
Fall, spring, spring, 3 credits each term. Each section limited to 15 students.
Previous enrollment in English 280 or 281 recommended. Prerequisite: permission of instructor, normally on the basis of a manuscript. Fall: Sec. 1, H. Viramontes; sec. 2, D. McCall; sec. 3, M. McCoy, Spring: S. Vaughn, M. McCoy, L. Herrin.
The writing of fiction, study of models; analysis of students' work.

ENGL 384-385 Verse Writing
Fall or summer, 384; spring, 385. 4 credits each term. Each section limited to 15 students.
Prerequisites: English 280 or 281, or permission of instructor. Fall: P. Janowicz, K. McClane. Spring: R. Shepherd, N. Cuoto.
The writing of poetry; study of models; analysis of students' poems; personal conferences.

ENGL 480-481 Seminar in Writing
Fall, spring 480; spring 481. 4 credits each term. Each section limited to 15 students. Prerequisite: permission of instructor, normally on the basis of a manuscript. The manuscript should be submitted to the instructor no later than the first day of class. Previous enrollment in English 280 or 281 and at least one 300-level writing course recommended. Successful completion of one half of the 480-481 sequence does not guarantee enrollment in the other half; students must receive permission of the instructor to enroll in the second course. Fall: Sec. 1, M. McCoy, sec. 2, K. McClane. Spring: R. Morgan, R. Shepherd.
Intended for those writers who have already gained a basic mastery of technique. Although

ENGLISH 480 is not a prerequisite for English 481. Students normally enroll for both terms and should be capable of a major project—a collection of stories or poems, a group of personal essays, or perhaps a novel—to be completed by the end of the second semester. Seminars are used for discussion of the students' manuscripts and published works that individual members have found of exceptional value.

Courses for Freshmen and Sophomores

These courses have no prerequisites and are open to freshmen and nonmajors as well as majors and prospective majors.

Introductions to Literary Studies

ENGL 201-202 The English Literary Tradition

ENGL 201 Fall. 4 credits. English 201 is not a prerequisite for 202. This course may be used as one of the three pre-1800 courses required of English majors. D. Fried.

An introduction to the study of English literature, examining its historical development and achievements. Works to be read include Sir Gawain and the Green Knight, selections from Chaucer's Canterbury Tales and Spenser's Faerie Queen; Shakespeare's Twelfth Night and King Lear, poems by Sidney, Jonson, Donne, Herbert, Herrick and Marvell, and selections from Milton's Paradise Lost.

ENGL 202 Spring. 4 credits. D. Fried.
A survey of English literature from the late seventeenth century to the early twentieth century, including poem and some prose works from the Restoration and eighteenth century, the Romantic period, the Victorian period, and Modernism. Lectures and discussion sections.

[ENGL 204 Mostly Poems and Stories
4 credits. Next offered 2001-2002.]

ENGL 207 Introduction to Modern Poetry
Fall. 4 credits. R. Shepherd.
This course will sample the vast array of poetic modes and forms employed over the past century and a half, with primary emphasis on the work of American poets. Our focus in the course will be on the poems themselves—what they mean, how they feel, sound, look, and behave. Lectures, discussions, and written assignments will emphasize both the craft of writing poetry and the discipline of reading it with understanding and appreciation. No previous study of poetry required.

ENGL 208 Shakespeare and the Twentieth Century
Spring. 4 credits. S. Davis.
What can we learn about Shakespeare's plays from their reception in the twentieth century? What can we learn about twentieth-century culture from its appropriations of the Shakespearean legend and texts? We will compare four or five plays with their adaptations in fiction, theater, and film and explore the uses made of Shakespeare in education, advertising, and public culture. Our discussions will try to illuminate the vast differences and surprising continuities among the Shakespearean handbooks' and texts and the variety of critical approaches readers and viewers have taken to Shakespeare on the page and in performance.
ENGL 227 Shakespeare #
Spring, summer, and winter. 4 credits. This course may be used as one of the three pre-1800 courses required of English majors. W. Welty.

ENGL 228 Shakespeare # Special Topics
Careful study of 10 of Shakespeare's major plays, including at least three videotaped performances.

Major Genres and Areas

ENGL 203 Major Poets

ENGL 205 Readings in English Literature
3 credits. This course is intended for nonmajors. Next offered 2001–2002.

ENGL 206 Readings in English and American Literature
3 credits. This course is intended for nonmajors. Next offered 2001–2002.

ENGL 209 Introduction to Cultural Studies

ENGL 210 Medieval Romance: The Voyage to the Other World

ENGL 212 Introduction to Medieval Epic
4 credits. This course may be used as one of the three pre-1800 courses required for the English major. Next offered 2001–2002.

ENGL 240 Survey in U.S. Latino Literature (also LSP 240)

ENGL 251 Twentieth-Century Women Novelists (also WOMNS 251 and AM ST 252)

ENGL 253 The Modern Novel

ENGL 255 African Literature
Spring. 4 credits. B. Jeyifo.

ENGL 260 Introduction to American Indian Literatures (also AM ST 260)

ENGL 262 Asian American Literature (also AAS 262 and AM ST 262)

ENGL 265 Introduction to African American Literature (also AM ST 265)

ENGL 274 Scottish Literature and Culture #
3 or 4 credits. The course may be taken for 3 or 4 credits at 4 credits. Each student will complete an additional writing project. This course only counts towards the English major when taken for 4 credits. Nonmajors are welcome. Enrollment limited to 20. Next offered 2001–2002.

ENGL 275 The American Literary Tradition (also AM ST 275)
Fall. 4 credits. H. T. Mahoney.

ENGL 278 Queer Fiction (also WOMNS 278)
Spring. 4 credits. E. Hanson.

ENGL 295 The Essay in English #
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: completion of ENGL 212. This course may be used as one of the three 1800 courses required of English majors. L. Fakundiny.

ENGL 315 Rewriting the Classics: Stories of Travels and Encounters
Spring. 4 credits. E. Deloughrey.

ENGL 325 Interpreting Hitchcock (also THETR 263)
Fall. 4 credits. Lab fee. Enrollment limited to 20. L. Boigelot.

Special Topics

ENGL 235 Rewriting the Classics: Stories of Travels and Encounters
Spring. 4 credits. E. Deloughrey.

This course will examine the way particular narratives travel across time and space. We will read canonical works of literature produced during the era of the British empire such as The Tempest, Robinson Crusoe, Jane Eyre, and Heart of Darkness and position them in relation to novels that rewrite, contest, and mitigate the depictions between Europeans and others. We will not only interrogate the relationship between writers from the colonies (in Africa, India, and the Caribbean) and those from Great Britain, but also examine the ways in which these British texts were revisions of earlier European travel narratives and legends. Requirements: active class participation, student presentations, a few short essays, and a final paper.

ENGL 268 Politics and Culture in the 1960s (also AM ST 268)
Spring. 4 credits. P. Sawyer.

Were the sixty a time of dangerous experimentation with drugs, sex, and alternative lifestyles on the part of a pampered generation that gradually learned to straighten up and join the mainstream? Or was it a time of revolutionary hopefulness, when the civil rights movement and the Vietnam War stimulated an impassioned critique that changed American society? What can the experiences of young "boomers" contribute to a later generation, the last of the twentieth century? The course explores these and other questions by focusing on the topics of racial justice, the Vietnam War, the counterculture, the New Left, the woman's movement and the anti-war movement for gay rights. Texts will include The Autobiography of Malcolm X, The Electric Kool-Aid Acid Test, Dispatches, the poems of Allen Ginsburg and Adrienne Rich, films, music, speeches, and manifestos.

ENGL 271 Children's Literature
Spring. 4 credits. J. Adams.

An historical study of children's literature from the seventeenth century to the present, principally in Europe and America, which will explore changing literary forms in relation to the social history of childhood. Ranging from oral folktales to contemporary, novelistic realism (with some forays into film narrative), major figures will include Perrault, Newbery, the Grimms, Andersen, Carroll, Alcott, and others.
Courses for Sophomores, Juniors, and Seniors

Courses at the 300 level are open to sophomores, juniors, and seniors and to others with the permission of the instructor.

**ENGL 301 Mind and Memory (also S HUM 301, THETR 301, and MUSIC 372)**
Spring. 4 credits. J. Morgenroth.
For complete description see Society for the Humanities 301.

**ENGL 302 Literature and Theory (also ENGL 602 and COM L 302 and 622)**
Fall. 4 credits. J. Caller.
Study of issues in contemporary theoretical debates, with particular attention to structuralism, deconstruction, psychoanalysis, and feminism. Readings by Roland Barthes, Judith Butler, Jacques Derrida, Michel Foucault, Barbara Johnson, Jacques Lacan, and others. No previous knowledge of literary theory is assumed.

**ENGL 308 Icelandic Family Sagas**

**ENGL 310 Old English in Translation**

**ENGL 311 Old English (also ENGL 611)**
4 credits. This course may be used as one of the three pre-1800 courses required of English majors. Next offered 2001–2002.

**ENGL 312 Beowulf (also ENGL 612)**
4 credits. This course may be used as one of the three pre-1800 courses required of English majors. One semester’s work, or the equivalent, of Old English is a prerequisite. Next offered 2001–2002.

**ENGL 319 Chaucer**
Fall. 4 credits. R. Farrell.
This course may be used as one of the three pre-1800 courses required of English majors.

This course will begin with the study of the major Canterbury Tales and some of his minor works, such as The Tale of Our Dulce. If time permits, we will read at least part of his great epic romance Troilus and Criseyde. All works will be read in Middle English, but ample time will be devoted to learning the language, for it is impossible to read Chaucer as a poet without Middle English. There will be lectures on Chaucer’s life, society, literary, and religious content. There will be take-home, mid-, and end-of-term exams and student presentations.

**ENGL 321 Spenser and Malory (also RELST 319)**
Spring. 4 credits. This course may be used as one of the three pre-1800 courses required of English majors. Informal lecture and discussion. 2 papers, no exams. C. Kaske.
Paired selections covering about half of Malory’s Morte d’Arthur and half of Spenser’s Faerie Queene. Chretien’s romances, Sir Gawayne and the Grene Knight, and some of Spenser’s minor poems will be mentioned occasionally as background. Comparisons will assess possible literary influence, the distinctive genius of each author as a writer of romance, and the development of Arthurian romance from the Middle Ages to the Renaissance.

**ENGL 327 Shakespeare: Gender and Society (also WOMNS 227)**
Fall. 4 credits. G. Teskey.
A study of Shakespearean texts—comedy, tragedy, narrative poetry—in which questions of gender and power are of central importance. The reading will include The Rape of Lucrece, The Taming of the Shrew, Antony and Cleopatra, Troilus and Cressida, and Coriolanus. Among others. Lectures and discussions will address issues of form, thematic content, historical context, and some lively cultural debates of the Renaissance.

**ENGL 328 The Bible**

**ENGL 329 Milton**
Spring. 4 credits. This course may be used as one of the three pre-1800 courses required of English majors. G. Teskey.
An introduction to the life, poetry, and ideas of John Milton, the most important English poet after Shakespeare.

**ENGL 330 Restoration and Eighteenth-Century Literature**
Fall. 4 credits. This course may be used as one of the three pre-1800 courses required of English majors. F. Bogel.
Close reading of texts in a variety of genres (poetry, fiction, drama, autobiography) will be guided by such topics as the nature of satire, irony, and mock-heroic modes; sentiment, the ridiculous and the sublime; the authority and fallibility of human knowledge; connections among melancholy, madness, and imagination. Works by such writers as Rochester, Dryden, Swift, Gay, Defoe, Johnson, Boswell, Sterne, and Cowper.

**ENGL 333 The Eighteenth-Century English Novel**
Spring. 4 credits. This course may be used as one of the three pre-1800 courses required of English majors. N. Saccamano.
A study of form and theme in the British novel traditionally the novel that first appeared in novel form in the eighteenth century. Works will be selected chiefly from the eighteenth-century novel mostly from the eighteenth century, paying close attention to language and structure but also to cultural contexts and to the development of the novel form itself. We explore such topics as truth and fiction; romance, realism, satire, and the gothic; heroic and mock-heroic modes; sentiment, sensibility, and sexuality; race and gender; and the forms and uses of narrative. Readings may include Behn’s Oroonoko, Fielding’s Tom Jones, Johnson’s Rasselas, Walpole’s The Castle of Otranto, Sterne’s A Sentimental Journey, and Austen’s Emma.

**ENGL 340 The English Romantic Period**
Spring. 4 credits. C. Chase.
Readings in various writers from the early 1790s to the early 1820s—among them Blake, Wordsworth, Wollstonecraft, Coleridge, Byron, Mary Shelley, Percy Shelley, and Keats—with major emphasis on poetry but with attention also to prose fiction, letters, and political and literary essays. The course will be concerned with close reading of formal experiments in lyric and narrative, and analysis of their relation to political and cultural issues and contexts in an age of national reform and international revolution and conflict.

**ENGL 345 Victorian Controversies**
Fall. 4 credits. S. Siegel.
Economic, political and technological changes transformed the nineteenth century. We will consider some of the controversies these transformations provoked in England and Ireland. Our readings will be selected chiefly from leading nineteenth-century periodicals and from essays that contributed greatly to shaping public opinion. We will explore the social problems Victorian critics and artists identified, the various solutions they proposed, and their contrasting visions of their nation and its colonies. The men and women who contributed to the periodical press, and who anticipated new cultural forms were preoccupied with questions about the nature of Britain: Was their century marked by progress or by decline? Would machines degrade or ennoble workers? Did aesthetic experience complement or compete with religious doctrine? Would industrial society be self-regulating or would it have to be regulated by the state? Was the international revolution and conflict?
ENGL 305 The Modern Tradition I: 1890-1930
Fall. 4 credits. D. Schwarz
Critical study of major works by Hardy, Conrad, Lawrence, Joyce, Woolf, Eliot, Yeats, Hopkins, Wilde, Wallace Stevens, and others. While the emphasis will be on close reading of individual works we shall place the authors and works within the context of literary and intellectual history. The course will seek to define the development of literary modernism (mostly but not exclusively in England), and relate literary modernism in England to that in Europe and America as well as to other intellectual developments. We shall be especially interested in the relationship between modern literature and modern painting and sculpture, occasionally looking at slides.

ENGL 355 Decadence (also COM L 355 and WOMNS 355)

ENGL 361 Early American Literature (also AM ST 361)
Fall. 4 credits. This course may be used as one of the three pre-1800 courses required of English majors. S. McMillin
Major plays and other events in the English theatre from the medieval craft cycles through the age of Shakespeare and into the Restoration period. Writers include Marlowe, Kyd, Shakespeare, Dekker, Jonson, Middleton, Beaumont and Fletcher, Webster, Wycherley, and Congreve.

ENGL 372 English Drama from 1700 to the Present (also THETR 372)
Fall. 4 credits. This course may be used as one of the three pre-1800 courses required of English majors. S. McMillin
The modern side of English drama, from the Restoration to contemporary plays. Writers include Behn, Congreve, Dryden, Tate, Sheridan, Shelley, Robertson, Shaw, and Churchill.

ENGL 376 Survey in African American Literature: 1918 to Present
Spring. 4 credits. H. Splatter
This course will select its readings from the genres of poetry, drama, fiction, and nonfiction produced by black American writers from the period of the Harlem Renaissance, to the present. Readings will include poems by Harlem Renaissance poets, the poets of African-American modernism, i.e., Gwendolyn Brooks and Robert Hayden, and some of the poetry of the Black Arts Movement of the 60's, by way of Leroi Jones/Imamu Baraka's and Larry Neal's Black Fire, plays by Lorraine Hansberry, Ed Bullins, and August Wilson; nonfictional and fictional writings by Malcolm X, Martin Luther King, Nella Larsen, Jean Toomer, Zora Neale Hurston, Toni Morrison, and Alice Walker; and the poetry of Luci Murphy, Jack Spicer, and Jack Kerouac. The course will explore the motifs of exile and border crossing and sketch out the ways in which gender, nation, and class relate to postmodernism, postcolonialism, the United States, and the world. A special section of the course is designed for majors, but will be open to all interested students.

ENGL 378 American Poetry Since 1950 (also AM ST 372)

ENGL 379 Reading Nabokov
Fall. 4 credits. G. Shapiro.
For complete description, see Russian literature 305.

ENGL 381 Reading as Writing
See complete course description in section headed Expository Writing.

ENGL 382-383 Narrative Writing
See complete course description in section headed Creative Writing.

ENGL 384-385 Verse Writing
See complete course description in section headed Creative Writing.

ENGL 388 Philosophic Fictions
See complete course description in section headed Expository Writing.

ENGL 387 Autobiography: Theory and Practice
See complete course description in section headed Expository Writing.

ENGL 388 The Art of the Essay
See complete course description in section headed Expository Writing.

ENGL 390 Autobiography: Memoir, Memory, and History

ENGL 395 Video: Art, Theory, and Politics (also THETR 395)
Fall. 4 credits. T. Murray
The course will offer an overview of video art, alternative documentary video (which often incorporates styles of "video art"), and new digital art. It will analyze four phases of the history of video: 1) the development of video from its earliest times (from television); 2) video's relation to performance art and installation; 3) video's incorporation in film through experiments in technology; 4) digital art's transformation of video. Screenings will include early political and feminist video (from Art Farm, Chip Lord, Martha Rosler, Joan Jonas, Lynn Hershman, and Paper Tiger TV, etc.), conceptual video of the 80's and 90's (Woody Vasulka, Thierry Kuntzel, Mary Lucier, Bill Viola, Garth Fagan, etc.), gay and multicultural video of the 90's (Muntadas, Juan Downey, the Yonemotos, Baraka's and Larry Neal's Cane, The Bedouin Hornbook), and art on the net and CD-Rom (Chris Marker, Reginald Wootery, Guillermo Gómez-Peña, etc.). Secondary theoretical readings on postmodernism, video theory, multiculturalism, and documentary will provide students with a cultural and political context for the discussion of video style, dissemination, and reception.

ENGL 396 Introduction to Global Women's Literature (also WOMNS 396)
Spring. 4 credits. E. DeLoughrey
This course is an introduction to contemporary women's writing in English from "postcolonial" regions such as the Pacific, Caribbean, India, and Africa. During the semester we will look at how women from these regions depict the process of migration within the nation (from rural to urban spaces) or from the "postcolony" to metropoles such as England. As women are generally associated with private, domestic space, this course will explore the motifs of exile and border crossing and sketch out the ways in which gender, nation, and class relate to predominantly masculinist productions of "traveling
theory.” We will read novels/poetry by Joan Riley, Merle Hodge, Patricia Grace, Bapsi Sidhwa, and Grace Nichols and align these texts with theoretical works by Edward Said, Caren Kaplan, Paul Gilroy, and M. Nourbese Philip. Requirements: active class participation, student presentations, a few short essays, and a final paper on the writer of your choice.

ENGL 397 Policing and Prisons in American Culture (also AM ST 395)

Spring. 4 credits. B. Maxwell.

Having attained the highest number of incarcerated persons of any nation on earth, while subjecting the citizenry to ordeals that most recently bear the names King, Louima, and Diallo, United States regimes of policing and imprisonment compel historical and critical attention. We will consider policing and imprisonment in United States culture, stressing prisoners’ writing, song, slang, and graphic art. Edgar Allan Poe wrote in 1849: “in looking back through history...we should pass over all biographies of ‘the good and great,’ while carefully the slight records of wretches who died in prison, in Bedlam, or upon the gallows.” These records—novels, stories, poems, plays, raps, songs, essays, autobiographies, letters, manifestoes, paintings, drawings, crafts, and tattoos—are of course less slight than they were in Poe’s day and will make up the greater part of our source material. In addition to work by imprisoned people, readings will draw on carceral theory, activist documentation, and the history of criminal justice. Finally, we will consider questions raised by noncriminal confinement in U.S. history: slavery, indentured servitude, the reservation system for indigenous peoples, prisoners of war in the Civil War, the wartime internment and the history of criminal justice. These courses consider policing and imprisonment in United States culture together with novels that will most probably read include Nadine Gordimer, Doris Lessing, and Kazuo Ishiguro.

ENGL 403 Studies in American Poetry: Great Books, 1855–1926 (also AM ST 403)

Fall. 4 credits. R. Gilbert.

A close study of seven classic volumes of American poetry, mainly published in the second two decades of the twentieth century, with careful attention to each book’s thematic design and its stylistic and formal range as well as to the individual poems it contains. We’ll also consider each book’s critical reception and its influence on later American poetry. Books of poetry to be studied: Walt Whitman, Leaves of Grass (1855–60), Gertrude Stein, Tender Buttons (1914), Robert Frost, North of Boston (1914), Wallace Stevens, Harmonium (1923), T.S. Eliot, The Waste Land (1922), Marianne Moore, Obsomations (1924), Hart Crane, White Buildings (1926).

ENGL 404 History into Fiction: Nazis and the Literary Imagination (also COM L 404 and GERST 414)

Fall. 4 credits. E. Rosenberg.

The 12 years of Hitler’s rule remain the most critical, “longest” years of the century. We shall read some eight texts by Anglophone and Continental novelists (and a few playwrights and poets) that explore the salient features of the regime. Weimar and Hitler’s rise to power (e.g., Mann’s “Maria and the Magician,” Brecht’s Arturo Ui, Isherwood’s Goodbye to Berlin); civilian life in Nazi Germany (Brecht’s “Jewish Wife” and other one-actors, Girgenti’s “Darin’s Elusive Love” and the anti-Semitism it prefigures); war and the Occupation of Europe (e.g., Camus’s The Plague, Heinrich Boll’s short fiction, Anne Frank’s Diary); the persecution of the European Jews and genocide (e.g., Sartre’s “Children of Slaughter,” Peter Weiss’s The Investigation, Boworski’s This Way for the Gas, Speigelman’s Maus I or Maus II, Ozick’s “The Shawl”). Lastly some lyrics by Celan, Nelly Sachs, Anthony Hecht. Brief ancillary readings by historians and memorialists (Arendt, Primo Levi, Bettelheim) and the instructor’s private documentation of life under Hitler. Two papers, no exam.

ENGL 411 Middle English (also ENGL 613)

Fall. 4 credits. This course may be used as one of the three pre-1800 courses required of English majors. Next offered 2001–2002.

ENGL 415 Medieval Writers and the City (also ENGL 515 and S HUM 409)

Fall. 4 credits. A. Galloway.

For complete description, see Society for the Humanities 409.

ENGL 416 Chaucer and the Politics of Love

Spring. 4 credits. This course may be used as one of the three pre-1800 courses required of English majors. Next offered 2001–2002.

ENGL 417 Early Medieval Archaeology and Literature (also ENGL 617 and ARKEO 417 and 617)

Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. This course may be used as one of the three pre-1800 courses required of English majors. R. Farrell

This course is intended to provide an overview of the early middle ages in which is now called Great Britain. A massive amount of evidence on the material culture has come to light in the past 50 years, evidence which permits us a far better comprehension of written sources. We will start with a reading of the great Old English epic Beowulf and a close study of the material culture of a society in transition from pagan Germanic to cosmopolitan Christian culture. Our next focus will be Beude’s Ecclesiastical History of the English People and the material evidence for the complex cultural developments in England, Ireland, Scandinavia, and the continent. There will be frequent student oral reports, a take-home midterm, and a take-home final OR extended research paper. Graduate students will be expected to do more detailed oral reports and research papers.

ENGL 420 Biblical Cities (also ENGL 620 and S HUM 406)

Fall. 4 credits. G. Tomsey.

For complete description, see Society for the Humanities 406.

ENGL 421 Urban Archeology of the Manuscript (also ENGL 621 and S HUM 403)

Spring. 4 credits. A. Galloway.

For complete description, see Society for the Humanities 403.

ENGL 423 Seventeenth-Century Lyric

Fall. 4 credits. This course may be used as one of the three pre-1800 courses required of English majors. Not open to sophomores.

ENGL 426 Seminar in Theatre History: The Provincetown Players and Greenwich Village Culture: 1915–1922 (also THETR 429)

Fall. 4 credits. J. E. Gainor.

For complete description, see Theatre Arts 429.

ENGL 427 Studies in Shakespeare

4 credits. This course may be used as one of the three pre-1800 courses required of English majors.

ENGL 432 Studies in the Sixteenth Century: The Development of Print Culture

4 credits. This course may be used as one of the three pre-1800 courses required of English majors.

ENGL 433 Electronic Art and Culture

4 credits. This course may be used as one of the three pre-1800 courses required of English majors.

ENGLISH 457

This course examines works of South African and Afro-American fiction and drama in light of the powerful claim that "race" is a socially constructed fiction with no scientific, rationally provable basis to it. The works explored in the course also see race, while consistent with the dialectics of artistic representation, they juxtapose the fiction of...
principal texts, however, will be limited to a few essays by each author.

ENGL 454 American Musical Theatre (also MUSIC 490 and THETR 454) Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: English 272 or Theatre Arts 240-241 plus some ability to read music. Limited to 15 students.

ENGL 458 Imagining the Holocaust (also ENGL 658, JST 458 and 658, COM L 483 and 683) Spring. 4 credits. D. Schwarz.

What is the role of the literary imagination in keeping the Holocaust alive for our culture? We shall examine major and widely read Holocaust narratives which have shaped the way we understand and respond to the Holocaust. As we move further away from the original events, why do the kinds of narratives with which authors render the Holocaust horror evolve to include fantasy and parable? Employing both a chronological overview and a synchronic approach—which conceives of the authors having a conversation with one another—we shall discover recurring themes and structural patterns in the works we read.

We shall begin with first person reminiscences—Wiesel's Night, Levi's Survival at Auschwitz, and The Diary of Anne Frank—before turning to seemingly realistic fictions such as Herschel and Henrietta's The Pigeon Trees, Jan Karski's The Painted Bird, and Oszk's The Shawl. In later weeks, we shall explore diverse kinds of fictions and discuss the mythopoetic vision of Schwarz-Bart's The Last of the Just, the illuminating distortions of Epstein's King of the Jews, the Kafkaesque parable of Appelfeld's Badenheim 1939, and the fantastic cartoons of Spiegelman's Maus books. We shall also include Kneally's Schindler's List, which was the source of Spielberg's academy award winning film, and compare the book with the film.


ENGL 460 Riddles of Rhythm Fall. 4 credits. D. Fried.

What makes a poem's pulse beat? How and why does language ordered into rhythm affect us? How do poets shape their responses through rhythm? What are some of the ways that poets and their readers have tried to make sense of the essence and effects of rhythm? Is poetic rhythm best understood on the model of music? Does ordinary language outside of poetry have its own rhythms? What does the arrangement of poems in lines have to do with its rhythms? Is "free verse" free from rhythm? We will read a variety of poems from the Renaissance to the present, and a range of essays about poetry in an attempt to answer these questions. Writing assignments will include interpretive essays about poems, analysis of accounts of poetic rhythm, including accounts offered by the poets themselves, and occasional short exercises working with poetic rhythm and other formal features of poems. Poets to be studied may include Shakespeare, Herbert, Marvell, Milton, Pope, Keats, Byron, Poe, Dickinson, Whitman, Hopkins, Hardy, Owen, Frost, Williams, Moore, Bishop, and Ammons. No previous study of poetic meter or rhythm is assumed.

ENGL 462 Between Aztlán and Queens: Latina Culture and the Making of Space (also LSP 462) Fall. 4 credits. M. P. Brady. How do cultural practices like music and film produce space? What do freeways, zoning laws, advertising codes, and hiking trails have to do with literature? How have changing urban demographics and immigration shaped, even "Latinoized," cities, and how have these changes been reflected or resisted in Latina cultural production? How does paying attention to space change our reading practices? This interdisciplinary course will examine these questions and explore how place and space shape Latina cultures and how Latina cultures shape place and space. We will draw from scholarship in fields such as urban planning, law, architecture, geography, anthropology, literature, and history. Students should plan to do extensive reading, write two to three papers, and produce a research paper.


ENGL 466 James on Film 4 credits. Next offered 2001-2002.

ENGL 469 Faulkner (also AM ST 469) 4 credits. Next offered 2001-2002.


ENGL 471 Humor in Literature Fall. 4 credits. A. Larue.

Why do we laugh, and at what? Why do some works seem funny at certain periods and in certain social contexts? This course will look at different ways of answering these questions, and at different kinds of literary humor: romantic comedy, black comedy, farce, satire, parody, and nonsense. Among works that may be read are humorous folktales, comic verse, A Midsummer Night's Dream, The Way of the World, Gulliver's Travels, Alice in Wonderland, The Importance of Being Earnest, Patience, Waiting for Godot, and stories by James Thurber, Flannery O'Connor, Grace Paley, Philip Roth, Donald Barthelme, and Garrison Keillor.

ENGL 474 Contemporary African American Poetry

ENGL 475 Studies in the Twentieth Century Writers in Twentieth-Century Literature
Spring. 4 credits. Limited to 20 students. L. Herrin.
The term "a writers' writer" has sometimes been regarded as a dubious distinction. Does a writer's appeal to his fellow writers come at the expense of a broader audience? Can a writer write too well for his own good? Does "elegance" carry a connotation of "elusiveness"? Is there something unAmerican (and, hence, proEuropean) about too much attention to style? I propose reading a list of fictional works spanning the century to see which of them survive because of or in spite of their heightened attention to style. Opinionated discussion from start to finish and wise and passionate papers defending (or deifying) your favorite writers' writer. Works taken from the following authors: Henry James, Ernest Hemingway, Katherine Anne Porter, Eudora Welty, William Gass, J. D. Salinger, John Hawkes, Grace Paley, Vladimir Nabokov, James Salter, and Cormac McCarthy.

ENGL 476 Global Women's Literature (also WOMNS 476)

ENGL 477 Studies in Native American Literature: Native American Literature and Criticism (also ENGL 677)

ENGL 479 Jewish-American Writing (also AM ST 479 and JEWST 478)

ENGL 480-481 Seminar in Writing
Fall. 480; spring 481. 4 credits. See complete description in section headed Creative Writing.

ENGL 483 Seminar in Comparative Twentieth-Century Anglophone Drama
Fall. 4 credits. B. Jeyifo.
The course will explore twentieth-century Anglophone drama in diverse areas of the English-speaking world. Through works of Irish, African, Caribbean, and U.S. playwrights like Friel, Soyinka, Fogard, Walcott, and Shange, the seminar will be organized around two principal issues: the use of folk, ritual, vernacular, and carnivalesque performance idioms to transform the received genre of Western literary drama; themes of empire, colonialism, and postcoloniality in the making of the modern world. Some knowledge of classical and avantgarde theories of drama and theatre would be useful, but is not a prerequisite for this course.

ENGL 484 Poetry and Rhetoric (also ENGL 463, COM L 467 and 667 and FRLIT 437 and 637)
Fall. 4 credits. C. Chase.
For complete description, see Comparative Literature 467.

ENGL 490 Literature of the Archipelagoes: Caribbean and Pacific "Tidalectics"

ENGL 491 Honors Seminar I
Fall. 4 credits. Open to students in the Honors Program in English or related fields, or by permission of instructor.

ENGL 492 Honors Seminar II
Spring. 4 credits. Open to students in the Honors Program in English or related fields, or by permission of instructor.

Section I: Reading Joyce's Ulysses
D. Schwarz.
A thorough episode-by-episode study of the art and meaning of Joyce's Ulysses. We will explore the relationship between it and the other experiments in modernism and show how Ulysses redefines the concepts of epic and hero. We will also view Ulysses to address major issues in literary study and to test various critical and scholarly approaches. Such a self-conscious inquiry into theories and methods should prepare students to confront other complex texts, as well as help them define their own critical positions as they plan their senior honors theses.

Section II: Victorians and the Unconscious
P. Sawyer.
Though Freud claimed that his theories of unconscious mental functioning were universally valid, they are also in some ways products of Victorian culture. This course will look at some of Freud's antecedents in Victorian literature by asking two questions: To what extent does Freudian psychoanalysis help us interpret literary texts? And to what extent do they help us to "interpret" Freud— that is, to illuminate ways of thinking about identity, sexuality, and social order that Freud shared with the Victorians, and to some extent with us as well? We will consider such topics as the theory of the "hidden soul," the double, the id as a dangerous social force, female sexuality, the woman as confessors and patient, and the invention of "perversions." Readings will include: The Autobiography of John Stuart Mill, Great Expectations, The Lifted Veil, Dracula, and The Picture of Dorian Gray; also, essays by Freud and Michel Foucault's powerful challenge to Freud, The History of Sexuality (Vol. I). Students will write a research paper that may serve as a preperation for the honors thesis.

ENGL 493 Honors Essay Tutorial I
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: senior standing and permission of Director of the Honors Program.

ENGL 494 Honors Essay Tutorial II
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: English 493 and permission of Director of the Honors Program.

ENGL 495 Independent Study
Fall or spring. 2-4 credits. Prerequisites: Permission of departmental adviser and director of undergraduate studies.

Courses Primarily for Graduate Students

ENGL 600 Colloquium for Entering Students
M. Hite.

ENGL 602 Literature and Theory (also ENGL 302 and COM L 302/622)
J. Culler.

ENGL 615 Medieval Writers and the City (also ENGL 415 and S HUM 409)
A. Galloway.

ENGL 617 Early Medieval Archaeology and Literature (also ENGL 417 and ARKEO 417/617)
R. Farrell.

ENGL 620 Biblical Cities (also ENGL 420 and S HUM 408)
G. Teskey.

ENGL 630 Aesthetics in the Eighteenth Century (also COM L 630)
N. Saccamano.

ENGL 646 Studies in Victorian Literature: Gender in Fiction
P. Sawyer.

ENGL 652 Wilde and Woolf: On Style (also ENGL 452)
S. Siegel.

ENGL 655 Decadence (also WOMNS 655 and COM L 655)
E. Hanson.

ENGL 665 American Renaissance
J. Porte.

ENGL 670 Joyce's Ulysses and the Modern Tradition
D. Schwarz.

ENGL 683 Poetry and Rhetoric (also ENGL 484, COM L 467/667 and FRLIT 437/637)
C. Chase.

ENGL 690 Traveling Natives: Roots and Routes in Pacific and Caribbean Island Literature
E. DeLoughrey.

ENGL 694 Marxism and Postcolonial Discourse
B. Jeyifo.

ENGL 721 Baroque Perspectives (also COM L 721)
T. Murray.

ENGL 780.01 M.F.A. Seminar: Poetry
P. Janowitz.

ENGL 780.02 M.F.A. Seminar: Fiction
H. Viramontes.
ENGL 619 Chaucer
W. Wetherbee.

ENGL 621 Urban Archaeology of the Manuscript (also ENGL 621 and SHUM 403)
A. Galloway.

ENGL 622 Renaissance Poetry (also COM L 450/650, and ITALL 450/650)
W. Kennedy.

ENGL 624 Lyric and Society in the Renaissance
B. Correll.

ENGL 626 Richardson and Fielding
H. Shaw.

ENGL 637 The Geography of Race
S. Wong.

ENGL 641 Studies in Romantic Writing: Writers of the Revolution
R. Parker.

ENGL 645 England and the Empire:
1830-1900
D. Mermin.

ENGL 658 Imagining the Holocaust (also ENGL 458, JWST 458/658, COM L 483/683, and GERST 457/657)
D. Schwarz.

ENGL 666 Studies in American Literature
M. Seitz.

ENGL 668 Bloomsbury and the Beginnings of British Modernism
M. Hite.

ENGL 669 Black Male Writers: Treika Plus One
H. Spillers.

ENGL 756 Dickinson
D. Fried.

ENGL 781.01 M.F.A. Seminar: Poetry
R. Morgan.

ENGL 781.02 M.F.A. Seminar: Fiction
D. McCall.

ENGL 785 Reading for Writers: Fiction
S. Vaughn.

English for Academic Purposes

ENGL 205 English as a Second Language
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: placement by examination. S. Schaffzin.

ENGL 206 English as a Second Language
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: ENGL 205 or placement by examination. S. Schaffzin.

ENGL 209 English as a Second Language
Fall or spring. 1 credit. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. S. Schaffzin.

First-Year Writing Seminar

ENGL 212 Written English for Non-Native Speakers
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. S. Schaffzin.

Intensive English Program

105 Morrill Hall

This noncredit, non-degree program provides full-time intensive English language instruction as well as academic, social, and cultural orientation to the United States and its institutions. The aim of the program is for participants to acquire proficiency in the language in order to pursue goals in English for academic, business, professional, or personal purposes.

Programs are offered both fall and spring semesters and in the six-week summer session (from late June to early August). Participants receive a minimum of 20 hours of classroom instruction weekly in speaking, listening, reading, writing, and grammar, which are taught at all levels from low intermediate through very-high advanced. Applicants must be at least 17 years of age, hold the equivalent of a high school diploma, and have had some previous study of English.

Students who have gained full admission to or who are already registered in degree-granting programs at Cornell should consult the section "English for Academic Purposes" (series ENGL).

The Intensive English Program is coordinated by the director, Jeanette Mancusi. Information and application materials are available directly from the program at Cornell University, Intensive English Program, Morrill Hall, Ithaca, NY 14853-4701, U.S.A.: tel. 607/255-4803, fax 607/255-7491; e-mail CUIEP@cornell.edu; web page: dml.cornell.edu/lanuages/IEP/cuiep.html

FILM

See Department of Theatre, Film and Dance.

FRENCH

See Romance Studies.

FIRST-YEAR WRITING SEMINARS

For information about the requirements for writing seminars and descriptions of seminar offerings, see "Special Programs and Interdisciplinary Studies" at the end of the Arts and Sciences section of this catalog and consult the John S. Knight Writing Program brochure, available from college registrars in August for the fall term and in October for the spring term.

GERMAN STUDIES

L. Adelson, chair; P. Gilgen, director of undergraduate studies; A. Schwarz, director of graduate studies; D. Bathrick, M. Briggs (Dutch); B. Buettner, H. Deinert, I. Ezergailis, A. Groos, P. U. Hohendahl, G. Lischke, B. Martin, L. Tranck (Swedish); G. Valk, G. Waite.

The Department of German Studies offers students a wide variety of opportunities to explore the literature and culture of German-speaking countries, whether as part of their general education, a major in German Studies, or a double major involving another discipline, or as preparation for graduate school or an international professional career. Courses are offered in English translation as well as in German; subjects range from medieval to contemporary literature and from film and visual culture to intellectual history, music, history of psychology, and women's studies.
The department's offerings in English begin with a series of First-Year Writing Seminars introducing various aspects of German literature (the fairy-tale and romantic narratives, 18th-century novelists such as Kafkas, Hesse, Mann, Brecht), issues in mass culture and modernity, problems of German national identity/ies, and cinema and society. A variety of courses in English translation is also offered at the 300 and 400 level. They explore such topics as the Faust legend, aesthetics from Kant to Heidegger, Freud and his legacy, opera from Mozart to Strauss, the German novel, political theory and cinema, the Frankfurt School, and feminist theory. It may be possible to arrange a German section for courses taught in English, either informally or formally (for credit). Students are encouraged to discuss this possibility with instructors.

Students wishing to begin German language at Cornell enroll in GERST 121-122. Those successfully completing this sequence and those placing into the 200 level may pursue further language study or begin with the literature and cultural studies tracks in German Studies. The beginning sequence of 200-level courses in German Studies, with readings and discussion in German, is designed to provide further grounding in the language as well as to introduce German literature and cultural studies. More advanced courses introduce majors and other qualified students to a broad variety of literary and cultural topics.

(Starting in spring 1998, GERST 201 and GERLA 203 were replaced by GERST or GER 200.)

Sequence of courses
First level: German 121-122, after completion, placement into German 123 or 200, 205
Second level: German 200, 202, 204, 205-206.
Further 300- and 400-level literature and culture courses.

Advanced Standing
Students with an AP score of 4 or better are automatically granted three credits in German. Students with an AP score of 3 or better, an LPG score of 65 or higher, or an SAT II score of 680 or higher must take the CASE examination for placement in courses above GERST 200. Students coming to Cornell with advanced standing in German and/or another subject are encouraged to consider a double major and to discuss the options with the director of undergraduate studies as early as possible.

The Majors
The department offers two options for the major: German literature/culture and German area studies, the latter a more broadly defined sequence that includes work in related disciplines. The course of study in either major is designed to give students proficiency in reading, speaking, and writing in German, to acquaint them with German culture, and to help them develop skills in reading, analyzing, and discussing German texts in relevant disciplines. For both majors, there is a wide variety of courses co-sponsored with other departments (Literature, Government, History, Music, Theatre, Film, and Dance; Women's Studies).

The department encourages double majors and makes every effort to accommodate prospective majors with a late start in German. Students interested in a major should consult the director of undergraduate studies, Peter Gilgen, 192 Goldwin Smith Hall.

German (Literature/Culture)
Although the emphasis of this track is on literature, majors may also pursue individual interests in courses on film and visual culture, theater and performing arts, music, intellectual and political history, and women's studies that have a substantial German component. Please consult with the director of undergraduate studies.

Admission: By the end of their sophomore year, prospective majors should have successfully completed GERST 202, GERST 220, or GERST or GERLA 204.

To complete the major, a student must:
1. Demonstrate competence in the German language by successful completion of two 300-level courses with intensive language work (GERST 301, 302, GERST or GERLA 303, 305) or the equivalent.
2. Complete six courses in German Studies at the 300 level or above. One of these must be the Senior Seminar (GERST 410).

German Area Studies
Students select courses from the Department of German Studies as well as courses with a substantial German component from other departments, such as Comparative Literature: Government, History, Music, Theatre, Film, and Dance; Women's Studies.

Admission: By the end of their sophomore year, prospective majors should have successfully completed GERST 202, GERST 220, or GERST or GERLA 204.

To complete the major, a student must:
1. Demonstrate competence in the German language by successful completion of two 300-level courses with intensive language work (GERST 301, 302, GERST or GERLA 303, 305) or the equivalent.
2. Complete six courses with a substantial German component at the 300 level or above. Three of these must be in German Studies, including the Senior Seminar (GERST 410).
3. Select a committee of one or more faculty advisers to help formulate a coherent program of study. One of the advisers must be from the Department of German Studies.

Study Abroad
The department encourages undergraduate majors to consider studying abroad for 1-2 semesters, normally during the junior year, as regular students at a German-speaking university. Interested students should consult Bonnie Buettner or Gunhild Lischke as early as possible.

Honors
Eligibility: A student wishing to receive honors in German Studies must have a GPA of 3.5 in all courses of that major.

Committee: Candidates for honors form an advisory committee consisting of an adviser from German Studies and at least one additional faculty member.

Honors essay: During the first term of their senior year, students determine the focus of their honors essay through an appropriate course, GERST 453, under the direction of their advisers. During the second term they complete an honors essay, GERST 454, which will be evaluated by the committee.

Determination of honors: An oral examination concludes the process. Honors will be determined by the essay, the exam, and grades in the major.

Freshman Writing Seminars
See Freshman Seminar booklet for course times and descriptions.

GERST 109 From Fairy Tales to the Uncanny: Exploring the Romantic Consciousness
Fall or spring. 3 credits. B. Buettner, P. Gilgen, and staff.

GERST 111 Workshop in German Studies

GERST 130 Metropolis, Modernity, and Mass Culture: The Roaring Twenties, German-Style
Fall. 3 credits. B. Buettner, P. Gilgen, and staff.

GERST 130 Imaging Germany/s

GERST 150 Kafka, Hesse, Brecht, and Mann
Spring. 3 credits. H. Deinert.

GERST 170 Marx, Nietzsche, Freud
Fall. 3 credits. G. Waite and staff.

GERST 175 Cinema and Society
Fall. 3 credits. G. Waite and staff.

GERST 180 Toward the Net.Citizen: Writing and New Communication Technologies

Courses Offered in German

All courses are now designated GERST. Courses in earlier years were designated either GERLA or GERST. Course numbers remain the same.

GERST 121 Elementary German I
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Intended for students with no prior experience in German or with a language placement test (LPG) score below 57, or an SAT II score below 570. G. Lischke, G. Valk, and staff. Elementary German I is designed to familiarize students with basic vocabulary and syntax so they can communicate about everyday life. Videos and audio tapes facilitate listening comprehension and insight into German culture. Daily practice in section provides the opportunity to learn vocabulary and syntax.

GERST 122 Elementary German II
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: GERST 121. LPG score 37–44, or SAT II score 570–590. Students who obtain an LPG score of 56 or above after German 122 attain qualification and may enter a 200-level course; otherwise successful completion of German 123 is required for qualification. G. Lischke, B. Buettner, and staff.
Elementary German II, the second semester of elementary German, presupposes that students have not yet learned narrative past, subjective, passive, or dependent word order. Topics include travel, leisure activities, work and the media, including TV, newspaper, film, and fiction. There is also discussion of a timeline of key events in Germany from 1917-1989.

GERST 123 Continuing German
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Limited to students who have previously studied German and have an LPG score of 45-55 or SAT II score of 560-570. Satisfactory completion of German 123 fulfills the language qualification requirement. B. Buettner, G. Valk, and staff.

GERST 200 Contemporary Germany (formerly also GERLA 200)
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: completion of German 123 or an LPG score of 56-64 or SAT II score of 580-670 or placement by examination. Successful completion of German 200 fulfills the Arts and Sciences language proficiency requirement and counts toward the distribution requirement for the humanities. B. Buettner, G. Valk, and staff.

GERST 202 Exploring German Literature
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: GERST or GERLA 200, or GERST or GERLA 204 or GERST or GERLA 205 or placement by examination (placement score and CASE). G. Valk. Emphasis on improving oral and written expression of idiomatic German. Enrichment of vocabulary and appropriate use of language in different conversational contexts and written genres. Material consists of readings in contemporary prose, articles on current events, videos, and group projects. Topics include the development of dependence on perspective, interviews with native German speakers, German news broadcasts, reading German newspapers on the Internet.

GERST 205 Business German I
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: GERST or GERLA 205, GERST or GERLA 200, or GERST or GERLA 204 or GERST or GERLA 205 or placement by examination (placement score and CASE). G. Valk. Learn German and understand German business culture at the intermediate level. This is a German language course that examines the German economic structure and its major components: industry, trade unions, the banking system, and the government. Participants will learn about the business culture in Germany and how to be effective in a work environment. Germany's role within the European Union, the dual education system, the importance of trade and globalization, and currency in Germany. The materials consist of authentic documents from the German business world, TV footage, and a Business German textbook.

GERST 206 Business German II
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: proficiency in German (GERST or GERLA 205, GERST or GERLA 200, or GERST or GERLA 204, or GERST or GERLA 205 or placement by examination (placement score and CASE)). G. Lischke. This course is a continuation of GERST or GERLA 205; however students without previous knowledge of Business German are welcome. This business course that examines the German economic structure and its major components: industry, trade unions, the banking system, and the government. Participants will learn about the business culture in Germany and how to be effective in a work environment. Germany's role within the European Union, the role of the German Bundesbank, the importance of trade and globalization, and current economic issues in Germany. The materials consist of authentic documents from the German business world, TV footage, and a Business German textbook. At the end of the course, the external Goethe Institut exam "Deutsch für den Beruf" will be offered.

GERST 204 Intermediate Conversation and Composition
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: GERST or GERLA 200, GERST or GERLA 204, or GERST or GERLA 205 or placement by examination (placement score and CASE). G. Valk. Learning of improving oral and written expression of idiomatic German. Enrichment of vocabulary and appropriate use of language in different conversational contexts and written genres. Material consists of readings in contemporary prose, articles on current events, videos, and group projects. Topics include the development of dependence on perspective, interviews with native German speakers, German news broadcasts, reading German newspapers on the Internet.

GERST 207 Modern Germany (1749-1832) #

GERST 301 Scenes of the Crime: German Mystery and Detective Fiction
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: GERST 202, GERST 220, or GERST/GERLA 204 or equivalent or permission of instructor. Taught in German. This course may be arranged in German formally or informally (for credit). Students are encouraged to bring their own texts. This course is an introduction to contemporary German detective fiction.

GERST 302 Youth Culture: Adolescence in German Fiction
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: GERST 202, GERST 220, or GERST/GERLA 204 and GERST 301 or equivalent or permission of instructor. Taught in German. B. Buettner. Examination of literary and cultural approaches to childhood, youth, and adolescence in texts ranging from the late eighteenth century to the present. Students will study the development of youth culture in Germany and how to be effective in a work environment. Germany's role within the European Union, the dual education system, the importance of trade and globalization, and currency in Germany. The materials consist of authentic documents from the German business world, TV footage, and a Business German textbook.

GERST 303 Advanced Conversation and Composition

GERST 304 Advanced Conversation and Composition

GERST 306 Zeitungsdeutsch

GERST 353 Kleist #

GERST 354 Schiller #

GERST 357 Major Works of Goethe (1749-1832) #

Courses offered in English
It may be possible to arrange a German section for courses taught in English, either informally or formally (for credit). Students are encouraged to bring their own texts. This course is an introduction to contemporary German detective fiction.

GERST 220 Was ist deutsch?


[GERST 320 Postwar German Novel Not offered 2000–2001.]


[GERST 374 Opera and Culture (also MUSIC 374) Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: any 3-credit music course or proficiency in German or Italian. A. Groos. This course is designed to explore interrelationships between opera and cultural practice, using examples principally from the German and Italian repertories (e.g., Mozart, Wagner, Verdi, Puccini, Strauss). Lectures and discussions will examine operatic representations of central issues in the emergence of modern culture in the late eighteenth and nineteenth centuries: politics and national identity, issues of gender and sexuality, orientalism, representations of madness and disease. Depending on student interest, a final segment of the semester may extend our focus into twentieth-century opera or other media such as film and theater.]

[GERST 378 German Aesthetic Theory: From Kant to Hegel Not offered 2000–2001.]

[GERST 383 German Literature of the Twentieth Century Not offered 2000–2001.]

[GERST 392 Minority Literature in the Federal Republic Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: German 301, or 302, or 303, or 307 or equivalent or permission of instructor. Taught in German. Required readings are in German. I. Adelson. The course will focus on West German literature by Jewish, Iranian, Turkish, and Afro-German authors. Additionally, critical questions about the German public sphere since 1945 will be explored against the background of twentieth-century German history and demographics. Readings include works by Grete Weil, Irene Dische, TORKAN, May Ayim, Katharina Ogutnyoe, Sinasi Dikmen, Zafer Senocak, and others. Some films will also be shown.]


[GERST 396 German Film (also COM L 396 and THETR 396) Not offered 2000–2001.]

Advanced Undergraduate and Graduate Courses

[GERST 403 The Afro-Europeans Not offered 2000–2001.]


[GERST 405 Introduction to Medieval German Literature I Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: reading knowledge of German. A. Groos. After a brief introduction to basic aspects of the medieval universe, ranging from cosmology to psychology, readings will focus on introductory texts of late twelfth-century courtly culture. Using the predominant genres of aristocratic self-representation, the heroic epic ("Nibelungenlied"). Arthurian romance (Hartmann's "Iwein"), and Minnesang, discussions will investigate the court as the locus of conflicting forces in the rise of the secular culture in Germany, examining such issues as the first vernacular construction of social and sexual identity, generational conflicts within the communal-dynastic order, the rise of individualism (the knightly quest), and subjectivity (the love lyric).]

[GERST 406 Introduction to Medieval German Literature II Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: German 405 or equivalent or permission of instructor. This is the anchor course for the medieval period. A. Groos. Political lyric. Walter von der Vogelweide will introduce agendas of conflict in thirteenth-century German culture, ranging from crusades to civil war. Against this background, we will examine the utopian quest to win the Holy Grail and heal the Fisher King in Wolfram's "Parzival," using Bakhtin's approach to pre-novelistic discourse. Readings from the love lyric trace representation of gender across emerging class differences, the increasing complexity of self, and instabilities of the performance text. Concluding topics include women mystics and late medieval narratives of socio-sexual violence, anti-Semitism, and urban "Angst."

[GERST 407 Teaching German as a Foreign Language Fall. 4 credits. Staff. This course has been designed to familiarize students with current ways of thinking in the field of applied linguistics and language pedagogy. It introduces different concepts of foreign language methodology as well as presents and teaches techniques as they can be implemented in the foreign language classroom. Special consideration is given to topics such as planning syllabi, writing classroom tests, and evaluating student's performance.]

[GERST 408 Uncanny Communities Not offered 2000–2001.]

[GERST 409 Spinoza and New Spinozism (also COM L 442, GOVT 464, FRLIT 403) Spring. 4 credits. G. Waite. This course is an introduction to the basic works of Spinoza, including selections from the early writings, the Ethics, Theologico-Political Treatise, Political Treatise, and letters. Of particular interest to us will be the hypothesis of the post-Althusserian New Spinozists that Spinoza provides the most radical alternative to later (more dominant and familiar) philosophical systems, including not only those of Kant and Hegel but indeed of all others. That is, we will be challenged by Henri Bergson's remark that "every philosopher has two philosophies: his own and Spinoza's" and by Fredric Jameson's that "the new world system, the ultimate third stage of capitalism, is for us the absent totality, Spinoza's God or Nature: the ultimate (indeed perhaps the only) referent, the true ground of Being in our time." In addition to our primary focus on Spinoza's own works, we will study the recent anthology The New Spinoza (essays by Gabriel Althic, Edward W. Said, Eliéna Bulbir, Gilles Deleuze, Emilia Giannotti, Luce Irigaray, Pierre Macherey, Alexandre Matheron, Pierre-François Moreau, Antonio Negri, and André Tosel), as well as works in other traditions (e.g., Pierre Bayle, F. W. J. Schelling, Roger Scruton, and Leo Strauss).]

[GERST 410 Senior Seminar Fall. 4 credits. Open to all students with an adequate command of German. Prerequisite: any German course at the 300 level or equivalent or permission of instructor. Texts and seminar discourse in German. P. Gilgen. Topic: Goethe's Novels Each of Goethe's four novels had a tremendous cultural impact, beginning with the bestselling Die Leiden des jungen Werthers of 1774, which instantly became a literary model and enticed many a sentimental reader into suicide. Wilhelm Meisters Lehrjahre, published in 1795–96, contains echoes of Werther and reflects Goethe's encounter and collaboration with Karl Philipp Moritz in Rome. Goethe's interest in Kant's philosophy, and his literary friendship with Schiller. One of the three "greatest tendencies of the age" (F. Schlegel), Wilhelm Meister came to represent the Bildungsroman and define the romantic novel. The plan for a continuation was interrupted several times. In one instance, Goethe decided to turn a novella that was meant to be part of the second Wilhelm Meister novel into a novel of its own. Die Wahlverwandtschaften, published in 1809, met with some vocal disapproval. Goethe's sustained exploration of the question of "fate" earned him the reputation of a determinist. His final novel, Wilhelm Meisters Wanderjahre (1821; republished in an augmented version in 1829), stretched the possibilities of the novel, an "archival novel," it is more an aggregate of seemingly disjointed elements than an organic whole. Goethe himself described it as "the incommensurable" at work in his text. In this course, we will address Goethe's responses to contemporary social and cultural questions in his novels, the theory of subject formation exemplified in each novel, the discontinuity of Goethe's literary aesthetics, and the dialectics between hermeneutics and hermeneutics instigated by and thematized in these texts. A number of critical works, ranging from Walter Benjamin's influential essay on the Wahlverwandtschaften to Friedrich Kittler's groundbreaking analysis of the discursive changes that can be traced in the re-writing of Wilhelm Meisters Lehrjahre, will provide orientation in our attempt to read Goethe against the grain of the prevalent hagiographic-hermeneutic tradition.]

[GERST 412 German Literature from 1770 to 1848 Not offered 2000–2001.]

[GERST 413 Women around Freud (also COM L 412 and WOMNS 412) Not offered 2000–2001.]

[GERST 414 History into Fiction: Nazis and the Literary Imagination (also ENGL 404, COM L 404, and NES 404) Fall. For description, see COM L 404.]

GERMAN STUDIES 463
[GERST 415] Marx, Nietzsche, Freud (also COM L 425 and GOVT 473)

[GERST 417] Faust: Transformations of a Myth (also COM L 417) #
Spring, 4 credits. Taught in English. H. Deinert.
Few legends have so engaged the imagination as that of the man who signed a pact with the devil to obtain pleasure, power, and knowledge. While the myth itself is timeless, the modern version takes its inspiration from one real character, a half scholar, half quack, during the time of the German Reformation. The German Volksbuch depicting his adventures was almost immediately translated into English and became the baseline for Marlowe's Doctore Faustus. Goethe devoted some 60 years to his Faust, completing it only months before his death in 1832. While Marlowe's Faust will be our main texts, we will listen to some representations of the myth from the late sixteenth century through the early nineteenth. The Faust Book, Marlowe, and Goethe will be our main texts. We will listen to some selections from several recent versions: Bulgakov's The Master and Margarita (1938), Valéry's Mon Faust (1940), and Thomas Mann's Doktor Faustus (1947).

[GERST 418] Thomas Mann

[GERST 428] Genius and Madness in German Literature (also COM L 409)

[GERST 430] Brecht, Artaud, Müller, Wilson (also COM L 430 and THETR 430)
Fall, 4 credits. D. Batrick.
This course will explore in depth the writings and practices of four major twentieth-century theatrical artists: Bertolt Brecht, Antonin Artaud, Heiner Müller, and Robert Wilson, in order to (1) map out differences and similarities among the four as representatives of avant-garde theater and performance art; (2) situate their respective work in the political and cultural contexts out of which they emerged; and (3) explore their impact on succeeding movements and artists of modern drama and cinema. A central focus of the course will be to explore the differing and changing notions of "avant-garde theater" as demonstrated in the work and reception of Brecht, Artaud, Müller, and Wilson. Exploration of the work of these four artists will serve methodologically both to interrogate critically what have become competing strategies in the development of performance theater and avant-garde theater as well as to consider ways in which these models have been and could be synthesized.

[GERST 435] Introduction to Literary Theory (also COM L 435)

[GERST 441] Introduction to Germanic Linguistics (also LING 441)

[GERST 447] Reading Freud: Gender, Race, and Psychoanalysis (also COM L 447 and WOMNS 447)

[GERST 449] Rescreening the Holocaust (also COM L 453 and THETR 450)
Spring, 4 credits. D. Batrick.
Rescreening the Holocaust will offer a survey of the major films dealing with the Holocaust beginning with Night and Fog (1955) and including such works as the TV film Holocaust, Schindler's List, Shoah, Life is Beautiful, Sophie's Choice, Jacob the Liar, The Diary of Anne Frank, Kapo, My Mother's Courage, and others. The course will focus on major issues of debate around the possibilities and limits of representing the Holocaust cinematically as well as questions more specifically concerning commercialization, fictionalization, trivialization, documentation, visualization, and narrativization in the making and distributing of films about this event. What are the concerns that have arisen over the years concerning the dangers of aestheticizing the Holocaust in works of literature and the visual arts? Is it possible to employ a comedic narrative to deal with such a topic, and, if so, what are the benefits or potential problems of such an approach? Is the very treatment of such a topic within the framework of the Hollywood entertainment industry itself a violation of respect for those who perished? The title of the course suggests a methodological approach which emphasizes the notion that screenings of the Holocaust are at the same time often rescreenings, to the extent that they are built on, presuppose, or even explicitly claim to take issue with earlier cinematic renderings.

[GERST 451-452] Independent Study
451, fall; 452, spring. 1-4 credits each term. Prerequisite: permission of instructor.

[GERST 453] Honors Research
Fall. 4 credits. Staff.

[GERST 454] Honors Thesis
Spring. 4 credits. Staff.

[GERST 457/458] Imaging the Holocaust (also COM L 483/483, ENGL 458/458, and JWST 458/458)
Spring. 4 credits. D. Schwarz.
For description, see ENGL 458/458.

[GERST 472] Poetry of the 1990s (also COM L 472)


[GERST 479] The Cultural Theory of the Frankfurt School (also COM L 496, GOVT 471)
Fall. 4 credits. Minimum junior level or permission of instructor. P. U. Hohendahl.
Designed as an introduction to the history of the Frankfurt School and the essential concepts of critical theory. Emphasis on the theory of culture and its application to the understanding of literature, music, and aesthetics. The reading material will be taken from the works of Georg Lukacs, Max Horkheimer, Herbert Marcuse, Walter Benjamin, Theodor W. Adorno, and Jürgen Habermas. Designed for advanced undergraduates and graduate students.

[GERST 480] Theorizing the Public Sphere (also COM L 496 and HIST 486)

[GERST 493] German Literature in Exile

Graduate Courses
Note: For complete descriptions of courses numbered 600 or above consult the appropriate instructor.

[GERST 600] Special Topics in Feminist Germanic Phonology

[GERST 607] Topics in Historical Germanic Morphology

[GERST 608] Topics in Historical Germanic Syntax

[GERST 614] Gender in the Fin-de-siècle
Fall. 4 credits. B. Martin.

[GERST 615] Jews in German Culture Since 1945 (also JWST 615)

[GERST 617] Literature and Affect (also COM L 625)

[GERST 618] "The Science of the Experience of Consciousness": Hegel's Phenomenology of Spirit (and Beyond)

[GERST 621] Issues in Gay and Lesbian Studies (also WOMNS 621)

[GERST 624] Seminar in Medieval German Literature II

[GERST 626] Nuremberg

[GERST 627] Baroque (also COM L 626)

[GERST 629] The Enlightenment
Spring, 4 credits. Prerequisite: reading knowledge of German. Open to undergraduates with permission of instructor only. P. U. Hohendahl.
The seminar will focus on eighteenth-century German literature and philosophy from 1750 to 1790. Emphasis will be placed on the concept of "Aufklärung" and its meaning for the development of German thought. The discussions will stress major areas of critical inquiry, such as religion, philosophy, and literature. Readings will be taken from authors like Forster, Gellert, Gottsched, Kant, Lessing, and Wieland. The critical literature will include the writings of Adorno, Foucault, Habermas, Horkheimer, and Koselleck.

[GERST 630] Classicism and Idealism

[GERST 631-632] Academic German I and II
631, fall; 632, spring. 3 credits each term. Limited to graduate students. Prerequisite: German 632, German 631 or equivalent. Staff.
This seminar provides, primarily, a basic introduction to Heidegger, including the latter's appropriation of Nietzsche and his influence on writers across the "Left-Center-Right" spectrum (e.g., T.W. Adorno, G. Bataille, P. Bourdieu, J. Butler, J. Derrida, G. Deleuze, M. Foucault, H.-G. Gadamer, L. Irigaray, P. Klossowski, S. Rosen, L. Strauss).

[GERST 664] Freyd and the Fin de siècle

[GERST 666] Ingelberg Bachmann

[GERST 676] "Minor" German Literatures?

[GERST 668] Literature and the Uncanny
(also COM L 664)

[GERST 669-670] Modern Social Theory I & II
(also GOVT 669-670)
669, fall; 670, spring. 4 credits.
For description, see GOVT 669–670.

[GERST 671] Postcolonial Theory and German Literature

[GERST 672] German Opera Topic: Wagner (also MUSC 674)

(also COM L 674, ENGL 697, and SPAN L 674)

[GERST 675] After the Divide: German Critical Theory of the Seventies and Eighties
(also COM L 675 and HIST 675)

[GERST 679] Bertolt Brecht in Context
(also COM L 679 and THTR 679)

[GERST 685] Gramsci and Cultural Politics
(also COM L 685 and GOVT 675)
Spring. 4 credits. G. Waite.
This seminar provides a basic introduction to the political and cultural writings of Antonio Gramsci and to his legacy: Contemporary transnational capitalism and nation states rule not only by overt domination but by "hegemony," that is, the "noncoercive coercion" of discursive and cultural practices. The basic question is whether alternative, oppositional practices are possible. Other questions follow: What is the proper role of intellectuals (and what is an intellectual?) in cultural politics? How do, or should leftist cultural critics, theorists, and artists living under late capitalism relate to one another globally, including to political parties and movements? Is Gramsci's work best understood as 'Western Marxist' or rather as an "extension of Leninist orthodoxy"? Starting from Gramsci's pre-prison writings, letters from prison, and Prison Notebooks, we will work both backwards to his main sources (e.g., Machiavelli, Marx, Lenin, and Croce) and forward to his extensive influence, including on Althusser, Pasolini, and other filmmakers, Lacan and Mouffe, and AlJaz Ahmed, but also on social movements around the world.

(also COM L 686, GOVT 679, and FRLIT 623)

Dutch

DUTCH 121-122 Elementary Dutch
121, fall; 122, spring. 4 credits each term.
Prerequisite: permission of instructor.

DUTCH 203 Intermediate Composition and Conversation
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: qualification in Dutch or permission of instructor.

DUTCH 685 The Politics of Culture in the German Democratic Republic

DUTCH 689 Art and Truth: The Aesthetic Theory of Theodor W. Adorno
(also COM L 689)

DUTCH 690 Feminist Criticism and Theory
(also WOMNS 690)

DUTCH 693 "The Sign of History": Kant and Lyotard
(also COM L 693, GOVT 761)
Spring. 4 credits. P. Gilgen.
This course examines Immanuel Kant's political writings and their underlying philosophy of history, a topic that has perplexed Kant scholarship and led to a number of mutually incompatible readings. In part this is due to the relatively unsystematic treatment that Kant affords these topics in a series of popular essays. Furthermore, even a cursory reading shows that Kant's views on the subject underwent changes over time. We will read all relevant texts, from the "Idea for a Universal History with a Cosmopolitan Purpose" (1784) to "The Conflict of the Faculties" (1798) to reconstruct Kant's thought on history. In addition, we will analyze Kant's moral philosophy as well as his theory of teleological judgment in order to relate his view of history to modern anthropology. In this process, the traditional inflections in the treatment of Kant (especially his practical philosophy) will be supplemented by emphases on history in relation to the "final purpose" of creation and the doctrine of the "highest good." In a second part, we will review Jean-François Lyotard's postmodern reconstruction of the Kantian "sign of history." Of particular concern will be: the application of "negative Darstellung" (as outlined in the "Analytic of the Sublime" in Kant's Critique of Judgment) to meaning in history. Lyotard's Kantian turn and its consequences for the postmodern condition, and the possibility of a post-historical ethics of commemoration.
DUTCH 204 Intermediate Composition and Conversation
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: Dutch 203 or permission of instructor. M. Briggs. The course is designed to emphasize written and oral application of accurate, idiomatic Dutch. Reading of authentic material such as newspapers, literature, and history, with emphasis on the students’ interests and specializations. Taught in Dutch.

DUTCH 300 Directed Studies
Fall or spring. 1–4 credits variable. Prerequisite: proficiency in Dutch or permission of instructor. M. Briggs. Individualized advanced Dutch studies. This course aims to provide students with individually designed programs which can be anything from advanced mastery in any or all skills to the mastery of Dutch for research. Literature history in support of all disciplines. Taught in Dutch. Topic for fall: Afrikaans.

Swedish

SWED 203 Intermediate Swedish
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: Swedish 122 or equivalent. L. Trancik. Intermediate level instruction using audio-visual material and text to enhance language comprehension.

SWED 204 Advanced Swedish
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: Swedish 203 or permission of instructor. L. Trancik. Emphasis on improving oral and written expression of Swedish, including vocabulary, readings in contemporary prose, treatment of specific problems in grammar, and presentation of videos and films.

SWED 300 Directed Studies
Fall or spring. 1–4 credits variable. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. L. Trancik. Taught on a specialized basis to address particular student needs. Times will be arranged with instructor.

Related Courses in Other Departments

Government

GOVT 332 Modern European Politics
Fall. D. Schirmer.

GOVT 342 United Germany in the New Europe
Fall. P. Katzenstein.

GOVT 400:02 European Nationalism
Fall. D. Schirmer.

GOVT 400:02 The E.U. and the European Nation State
Spring. D. Schirmer.

Music

MUSIC 263 Beethoven
Spring. J. Webster.

MUSIC 266 Bach and Counterpoint
Spring. D. Yearsley.

MUSIC 368 Opera Buffa
Spring. J. Webster.

Philosophy

PHIL 219 Marx
Fall. F. Neuhauser.

PHIL 317 Hegel
Spring. F. Neuhauser.

Society for the Humanities

S HUM 411 Rethinking Materialism
Fall. S. Jarvis.

GOVERNMENT


Government is what Cornell calls a department that elsewhere might be termed political science. The focus of this discipline is power applied to public purposes. Some faculty concentrate on purposes, some on applications. Some engage in the close reading of great texts of political philosophy, while others analyze the behavior of power-wielders and publics in this and other societies.

Government is divided into four subfields: U. S. politics, comparative politics (other nations), political theory (philosophy), and international relations (transactions between nations). To accommodate new courses or course changes, a supplementary announcement is prepared by the department. Before enrolling in courses or registering each term, students are requested to consult the current supplement listing courses in government, available in 125 McGraw Hall.

The Major
To be admitted to the major, a student must pass two government courses.

To complete the major, a student must (1) pass two of the introductory government courses (Government 111, 131, 161, 181); (2) pass an additional course in one of the remaining subfields (American government, comparative government, political theory, or international relations). This course may be any course offered in the government department, including introductory courses, upper-level courses or seminars. Students are strongly advised to take at least one course in each of the four subfields; (3) accumulate an additional 28 credits of government course work at the 200-level or above; (4) complete at least one seminar-style course in government which may be applied toward the 28 credits. These courses include those numbered 400 XX to which students are admitted by application only; (5) accumulate 12 credits in upper-level courses in related fields (such as anthropology, economics, history, science and technology studies, psychology, and sociology). Upper-level courses are usually numbered at the 300 level or above. (200-level courses are not considered upper-level). Students should consult with their major adviser to choose appropriate courses. All choices of related courses must be approved by the major adviser or the director of undergraduate studies; (6) all courses used to fulfill a government major must be passed with a letter grade.

To summarize, a total of 10 government courses and three additional courses (12 credits) of upper-level related courses are required to complete the major.

Cornell-in-Washington Program. Government majors may apply to the Cornell-in-Washington program to take courses and undertake a closely supervised externship during a fall or spring semester.

European Studies Concentration.
Government majors may elect to group some of the required and optional courses in the area of European studies, drawing from a wide variety of courses in relevant departments. Students are invited to consult Professors P. Katzenstein, J. Pontusson, and S. G. Tarrow for advice on course selection and foreign study programs.

Model European Community Simulation.
Undergraduates with an interest in the European Union, public affairs, or debating may participate in an annual European Union simulation held, on an alternating basis, in April at SUNY Brockport or in January in Brussels. The simulation provides an opportunity for participants, representing politicians from the member states, to discuss issues and resolutions of current concern to the European Union.

To prepare for the simulation, a two-credit course is offered by the Government department each year (Government 431 or Government 432). Participation in the simulation is open only to those who register for this course. Anyone interested in participating or finding out more information should contact the Institute for European Studies at 120 Uris Hall, 255-7592.

International Relations Concentration. See the description under "Special Programs and Interdisciplinary Studies."

Honors. In their junior year, Government majors with a G.P.A. of 3.3 in all subjects may join the honors program, which involves a sequence of special courses in the junior and senior year. Application to the honors program will be made in the late spring of the sophomore year and application forms will be available in 125 McGraw Hall. The courses comprising the honors sequence (honors courses) are described below. Students may be admitted to the honors program in the junior or senior year only with the special permission of the Director of Undergraduate Studies.

Introductory Courses

Students registering for introductory courses should register for the lecture only. Sections will be assigned during the first week of class. Introductory courses are also offered during summer session.
### Government 111 Introduction to American Government and Politics
Fall and summer. 3 credits. T. J. Lowi.
An introduction to government through the American experience. Concentration on analysis of the institutions of government and politics as mechanisms of social control.

### Government 131 Introduction to Comparative Government and Politics
Spring and summer. 3 credits.
J. Pontusson.
This course provides a survey of the institutions, political processes, and policies of contemporary states. It focuses on the conditions for and workings of democracy. Looking at Western Europe, we will analyze institutional variation among liberal democracies, and their political implications. We will then probe the origins of democracy in Western societies and the reasons why communism and other forms of authoritarian rule have prevailed elsewhere. Finally, we will explore the impetus behind and the obstacles to democratization in the Third World and the erstwhile Communist Bloc. Throughout this survey, problems of democracy will be related to problems of economic development, efficiency, and equality.

### First-Year Writing Seminars

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<tr>
<td>GOVT 100 Freshman Seminars</td>
<td>3</td>
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These seminars, emphasizing important controversies in the discipline, cap the majors' experience. This preference in admission is given to majors over nonmajors and seniors over juniors. Topics and instructors change each semester. To apply, students should pick up an application in 125 McGraw Hall during the course selection period the semester before the seminar is given.

The following courses are open to sophomores, juniors, and seniors without prerequisites unless otherwise indicated.

### American Government and Institutions

**Government 111 is recommended.**

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<td>GOVT 202 Social Movements in American Politics</td>
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<td>GOVT 203 Introduction to American Political Parties</td>
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<td>GOVT 204 Public Opinion and Political Participation</td>
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<td>GOVT 306 Latino Politics in the United States</td>
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<td>GOVT 308 Science in the American Polity 1800-1960 (also S&amp;T 390)</td>
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<td>GOVT 309 Science in the American Polity</td>
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<td>GOVT 310 Power and Poverty in America</td>
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<td>GOVT 311 Urban Politics</td>
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<td>GOVT 312 The Nature, Functions, and Limits of Law</td>
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<td>GOVT 313 The American Presidency (also AM ST 316)</td>
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<td>GOVT 314 Prisons</td>
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<td>GOVT 315 The American Congress</td>
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<td>GOVT 316 The American Presidency (also AM ST 316)</td>
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<td>GOVT 318 The American Congress</td>
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**GOVERNMENT 467**
What would Adam Smith and Karl Marx suggest and their evidence? Is representative democracy itself part of the problem? Can Woodrow Wilson, Thomas Jefferson, or Grant McConnell help us understand the effects of legislative behavior on economic transactions? This course will use selected works of Smith, Marx, Durkheim, Wilson, and more recent authors like Mancur Olson, Bendix, and Mcconnell. Substantive focus will be on classical political economy, the development of the state, the rise of professions, guilds, and labor unions; regulation and the increased delegation of public authority to private groups. Methodological focus will be on the ways of evaluating both discursive and quantitative evidence for the factual and causal claims of the authors studied.

**GOVT 465/705 Government and the Economy**

Spring. 4 credits. E. W. Kelley. What would Adam Smith and Karl Marx consider the causes of such problems as stagnation, an unfavorable balance of trade, the threat of protectionism, the growth of massive public and private sector bureaucracies, and excessive government regulation? What suggestions would they make about remedies? How can we evaluate both their suggestions and their evidence? Is representative democracy itself part of the problem? Can Woodrow Wilson, Thomas Jefferson, or Grant McConnell help us understand the effects of legislative behavior on economic transactions? This course will use selected works of Smith, Marx, Durkheim, Wilson, and more recent authors like Mancur Olson, Bendix, and Mcconnell. Substantive focus will be on classical political economy, the development of the state, the rise of professions, guilds, and labor unions; regulation and the increased delegation of public authority to private groups. Methodological focus will be on the ways of evaluating both discursive and quantitative evidence for the factual and causal claims of the authors studied.

**GOVT 406/706 Politics of Education**

Fall. 4 credits. E. W. Kelley. Education is simultaneously America's biggest business and the institutional process through which skills and values are passed on to the next generation. This course deals with the conflicts about, and the politics of, education as they occur at national, state, and local levels. What (including values) will be taught and to whom? Who will benefit from formal education as a vehicle for entry into economic opportunity? What are the powers and restrictions on government in this area? How does the American system differ from other systems? How does educational testing affect equal opportunity to obtain meaningful competencies and jobs?

**GOVT 408 Politics of the American Civil War (also AMST 430)**

Spring. 4 credits. R. Bensel. The Civil War, along with the Founding of the nation in the late eighteenth century, is one of the two most important influences on the course of nation and political development. Arising out of intense ideological, cultural, and economic competition between the slave South and the free labor North, the conflict created two new national states: a northern Union that replaced the loose federation of the antebellum period and a southern Confederacy that perished at Appomattox. In this course, particular attention will be paid to: (1) the political economy and culture of plantation slavery in the antebellum South; (2) the apparent inevitability of collision between the slave and free states and their respective societies; (3) the military, political, and economic strategies that determined, on both sides, the course and duration of the war; (4) the limits and possibilities of reform of southern society during Reconstruction; and (5) the impact of the Civil War on the subsequent development of the United States.

**GOVT 409 Racial Prejudice and Political Intolerance**


**GOVT 412 American Political Parties and Elections**

Spring. 4 credits. J. Cowden. This seminar examines changes in the character of political parties and the behavior of the electorate. It also considers the changing relationship between political parties and elections, on the one hand, and other political processes and institutions, on the other.

**GOVT 413/613 Finance, Federalism, and Politics**


**GOVT 419 The Politics of Scandal**

Spring. 4 credits. M. Shaffer, J. Ralbin. This seminar will discuss the politics of "scandal" and "reform" in constitutional doctrine, American history, and recent experience.

**GOVT 427 The Politics of Environmental Protection in America**


**GOVT 428/728 Government and Public Policy: An Introduction to Analysis and Criticism**

Fall. 4 credits. T. J. Lowi. Government 428 concentrates on history and criticism of U.S. policies and the politics associated with them. Particular attention is given to the origins and character of the regulatory state and the welfare state.

**GOVT 429 Government and Public Policy: An Introduction to Analysis and Criticism**

Spring. Open to undergraduates. 428 and consent of instructor are required for 429. T. J. Lowi. Government 429 is an opportunity to pursue further the research begun in 428.

**Comparative Government**

Government 131 is recommended.

**GOVT 251 The Politics of Economic Life**


**GOVT 326 Building a Better Democracy**

Fall. 4 credits. K. O'Neill. How would you put together a constitution for a newly democratic country? Democracy exhibits a variety of forms throughout the world. While all of these forms are democratic, the different structures and rules adopted by countries can lead to surprisingly different outcomes. This course explores the tradeoffs inherent in choosing a presidential versus a parliamentary structure. We will look at the consequence of using different electoral rules, whether there is a meaningful difference between systems with two parties and those with multiple parties, and the different arguments for choosing a unitary versus a federal government structure. The course combines theoretical arguments about different democratic institutions with real world examples of constitutional assemblies and constitutional reforms from Africa, Latin America, Israel, the United States, and Western and Eastern Europe.

**GOVT 332 Modern European Politics**

Fall. 4 credits. D. Schirmer. The course gives an introduction to politics and political systems in Western Europe. It starts with a brief history of the formation of the nation state and the establishment of democratic rule. It continues with the modes and structures of political conflict and explores political cultures, party and electoral systems, the roles of interest groups and social movements, and the mass media. It then turns to a discussion of parliament and government. The main countries studied include Britain, France, Germany, and Italy. The main dimensions guiding the comparison will be conflict vs. consent, federalism vs. centralism, parliamentary vs. presidential systems, and majority vs. proportional representation. The course will conclude with a discussion of minority-majority relations and the problem of democratic inclusion.

**GOVT 333 Government and Politics of the Former Soviet Union**

Fall. 4 credits. E. W. Kelley. The main countries studied include Britain, France, Germany, and Italy. The main dimensions guiding the comparison will be conflict vs. consent, federalism vs. centralism, parliamentary vs. presidential systems, and majority vs. proportional representation. The course will conclude with a discussion of minority-majority relations and the problem of democratic inclusion.

**GOVT 334 Political Economy of East Asia**

Spring. 4 credits. R. Bullock. This lecture course examines East Asian political economy in historical and comparative perspective. Central questions include: Why have Japan, South Korea, and Taiwan developed so rapidly in the postwar era? Can we identify an East Asian mode of development? What does the region's growth mean for other countries and for the international economy? Are Southeast Asian countries following a similar trajectory today? Particular topics include Japanese colonialism, industrial policy and its critics, domestic political consequences of rapid growth, political corruption, U.S.-Japan economic conflict, and recent attempts at political-economic liberalization.

**GOVT 335 America in the World**

Spring. 4 credits. M. Bernal and J. Henderson. Most studies of America deal with local or autochthonous developments up to 1492 or with the influences of other continents, notably Europe, on "the New World" after that date. In this course we shall look at the other sides of these pictures and consider contacts between America and the other continents of Asia, Europe, and Africa before Columbus, as well as some of the influences of America on the rest of the world. The course will involve discussions with professors from archaeology, anthropology, and classics on the possibilities of Pre-Columbian contacts.

**GOVT 336 Postcommunist Transitions**

Fall. 4 credits. V. Bunce. This course will compare economic and political developments since the collapse of communism in Eastern Europe and the former Soviet Union. Primary emphasis will be placed on the relationship between democratization and the transition to capitalism, with some attention paid as well to nationalism and for the new states in the region) state-building. Cases examined in greatest detail will vary by year, but will always be multiple such as to encourage comparative observations and generalizations.
GOVT 338 Comparative Political Economy
Spring. 4 credits. C. Way.
This course examines the juncture of politics and the economy in the advanced industrial democracies. Why do some countries have large, inclusive welfare states while others have minimal social programs? Is the welfare state in decline, and if so why? Does it really make any difference for the economy whether parties of the left or right govern? Do strong unions have negative effects on the economy, or can they actually boost economic performance? What do the increasing globalization of the world economy mean for the constraints and opportunities facing governments in managing the economy and providing social welfare? How will the Euro and increasing European integration change the world? Are all market economies pretty much the same, or are there varieties of capitalism that differ in important ways? We will use a variety of theoretical perspective to provide some insight into these and other questions, paying particular attention to evaluating the theoretical arguments with both systematic and historical evidence.

[GOVT 340 Latin American Politics @ 4 credits. Not offered 2000–2001.]

GOVT 341 Modern European Society and Politics (also SOC 341)
Spring. 4 credits. S. Tarrow.
Since the French and industrial revolutions, modern Europe has been the major source of innovation and stability, freedom and imperialism, war and peace, capitalism and socialism, rule of law and state terror, and modernity and its critics. Even the 50-year division of the continent by the Cold War could not destroy its common, but contradictory heritage. This interdisciplinary core course in Modern European Studies will serve as an introduction to European society and politics. Topics include European state-building and capitalism, nationalism and socialism, cycles of revolution and reaction, stratification and mobility, law and violence, and war and democracy. The course will end with an introduction to the European Union and the condition of the United States (may be local and foreign, or in combination with Government 342, The New Europe, which focuses on contemporary Europe). Should qualified student interest permit it, a section will be offered in French or German.

GOVT 342 United Germany in the New Europe
Fall. 4 credits. P. Katzenstein.
German unification in 1990 and the accelerating movement toward European integration have created new political conditions for our understanding of Germany and European politics. The end of the Cold War has brought fears about the domination of Europe by an unpredictable German giant. Alternatively, these changes have also fueled new hopes for Germany and Europe as models of political pluralism in a more peaceful and prosperous world. This course will thus reflect on two kinds of politics: the specter of the "Germanization" of Europe and the vision of the "Europeanization" of Germany.

GOVT 346 Modern Japanese Politics @
Fall. 4 credits. R. Bullock.
This course is an introduction to Japanese domestic politics and political economy. Subject matter begins with post-Meiji Japan but focuses on the postwar era. Questions to be explored include: Who rules Japan? How is policy formulated? How do we account for postwar political stability and rapid economic growth? How are opposition interests accommodated or ignored? How is the political system changing today?

GOVT 347 Government and Politics of China @
Fall. 4 credits. V. Shue.
An introduction to the political currents in China's domestic politics over the last 60 years. Topics include the revolutionary rise of communism; Maoism, in theory and in practice; the politics of bitterness during the "Cultural Revolution"; the evolving roles of the party and the state, and of peasants, workers, and intellectuals in the polity; the prospects for democracy, perceived social inequality, violence, corruption, and other pressing problems that have emerged with the reforms under Deng Xiaoping.


[GOVT 351 India 4 credits. Not offered 2000–2001.]


[GOVT 356 Enlarging the New Europe: Labor, Business, and Politics (also ILR 357) 3 credits. Not offered 2000–2001.]

GOVT 357 American Indian Politics and Policy (also AIS 367 and R SOC 367) Fall. 3 credits. Enrollment limited to 20. B. Baker.
This course addresses the Constitutional basis of the Federal-Indian Relationship through an examination of treaties, Supreme Court decisions, and Congressional law/policy. The effects of European and American forms of governance on traditional American Indian political structures are detailed and contrasted with contemporary governments and political organizations. Issues relating to sovereignty and self-governance with respect to American Indian tribal governments are addressed relative to state and federal governments.

GOVT 358 Modern History of the Middle East: Changing Politics, Society, and Ideas @
Spring. 4 credits. Staff.
For description, see NES 390.

[GOVT 415 Race, Gender, and Organization 4 credits. Not offered 2000–2001.]


GOVT 431 Model European Union
Spring. 2 credits. J. Pontusson.
This two-credit course is designed to prepare students to participate in the annual Model European Union Simulation held, on an alternating basis, at SUNY Brockport and in Brussels. The simulation provides an opportunity for participants, representing politicians from the member states of the European Union, to discuss issues and resolutions of current concern to the E.U. The preparatory course introduces students to the E.U., the country that the Cornell team will represent, and the issues to be discussed at the simulation. A substantial part of travel costs for the Cornell team will be paid by the Institute for European Studies, and course enrollment will be restricted by budgetary considerations. Students enrolled in this course are required to write a research paper.


GOVT 433 The Politics of Economic Liberalization in the Developing World @
Fall. 4 credits. H. Schamis.
What drives the current processes of economic liberalization taking place in most of the developing world? What kinds of constraints and opportunities do governments embark upon such policy reforms face? What types of factors account for their success or failure? What is the relationship between the international dimension of this phenomenon and the domestic political conditions? This seminar addresses these questions by examining the interplay of domestic and international ideas, local and foreign actors, and national and transnational institutions which take part in these processes. The course focuses extensively on, but is not limited to, Latin America.


GOVT 437 Contemporary China: Society and Politics @
Fall. 4 credits. V. Shue.
Selected reading and in-class discussion of some of the central dilemmas that have been posed by the rapidly escalating processes of social change taking place under conditions of continuing political authoritarianism in China today. Topics include broad changes in demographic and social structure; rising tensions in family and gender relations; the enduring salience of community and workplace; the resurgence of Chinese nationalism, of ethnic nationalisms, of regionalism, and of popular religious movements; the significance of rising rates of crime and of political corruption; the growing crisis of social welfare delivery; the limits on political dissent and on the development of civil society.

[GOVT 438 Contemporary China: Political Economy @ 4 credits. Not offered 2000–2001.]

GOVT 439 Japan in International Politics @
Spring. 4 credits. R. Bullock.
The focus of the course is on how Japan shapes and is shaped by the international environment, with particular emphasis on the post-cold war era. Our approach will be both thematic and institutional. Topics to be discussed include U.S.-Japan trade friction, Japan's investment and tourism in Southeast Asia, and cultural politics and notions of a New Asian Identity.

[GOVT 440 The Political Economy of Market Reform (also GOVT 630) 4 credits. Not offered 2000–2001.]


[GOVT 446] Social Welfare and International Competitiveness

[GOVT 448] The Quality of Democracy in Latin America
Spring. 4 credits. K. O'Neill
This course explores major issues affecting the quality of democracy in Latin America. We begin by trying to capture the many meanings of the term "democracy" and by thinking through how to measure changes in the quality of democracy over time. The course will examine both institutional bases for Latin America's level of democracy—whether the quality of democracy is affected by government structures in the region—and also specific topics that affect the region's democracies. These subjects will include ethnic mobilization, guerrilla insurgencies, civil wars and peace processes, human rights violations, rising poverty rates, income inequality, and economic globalization.

Spring. 4 credits. V. Shue
A course of readings, research, and seminar discussions illuminating the intersections, past and present, between popular religious organizations, mass spiritual movements, the exercise of state power, and the patterns of political dissent in China. Topics include the Taiping Heavenly Kingdom, the Boxer Uprising, Chinese medicine and contemporary charismatic healing cults, as well as the recent global rise (and repression in China) of the Falun Dafa movement.

[GOVT 454] The Herodotean Moment: The Uses and Abuses of "Western Civilization" (also COM L 454, HIST 454)

[GOVT 456] Poor People's Movements
Fall. 4 credits. M. Katzenstein and S. Tarrow.
In the world today, millions of poor people are being hit by globalization, liberalization, and "flexibilization" of industry. Even in the United States, a period of unprecedented economic expansion has seen a greater gap between rich and poor. Movements on behalf of the poor, the homeless, single welfare mothers, and poor peasants are being launched all over the world. How do these movements—mainly staffed by well-trained, articulate, and middle class activists—articulate with the disorganized and dispossessed of the world? What role do traditional representatives of the lower classes—trade unions and political parties of the left—play in this struggle? What kinds of new collective identities and modes of protest can help the poor to organize themselves? What is the future of poor people's movements in a world of wealth and globalization?

[GOVT 458] Comparative Democratization

[GOVT 460] Global and Domestic Dimensions of Science and Technology Policy (also S&T 425)

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Political Theory

[GOVT 260] Social and Political Philosophy (also PHIL 260)

[GOVT 293] Inequality, Diversity, and Justice
Fall. 4 credits. R. Miller. See Philosophy 193 for description.

[GOVT 360] Ideology
Fall. 4 credits. D. Rubenstein. This course will focus on critical approaches to the study of ideology in order to understand the role of ideology in political subject formation. After an initial exploratory presentation of key Marxist (Marx, Gramsci, Althusser, Hebdige), structuralist/semiotic (Barthes, Eco), and psychoanalytic models (Freud, Lacan), we will focus on specific ideologies of race, technology, and gender. Students will be required to write a seven- to eight-page take-home examination and a longer 10- to 12-page (double spaced) paper related to the issues addressed by the course material. A recommended bibliography will be available to assist in the selection of the final paper topics.

[GOVT 361] Modern ideologues: Liberalism and its Critics

[GOVT 364] The Selfish Individual and the Modern World

[GOVT 366] American Political Thought from Madison to Malcolm X (also HIST 316 and AM ST 366)
Fall. 4 credits. T. Kramnick. A survey of American political thought from the eighteenth century to the present. Particular attention will be devoted to the persistence of liberal individualism in the American tradition. Politicians, pamphleteers, and poets will provide the reading. The professor offers insightful historical and social context.

[GOVT 369] Introduction to Feminist Political Thought (also WOMNS 269)

[GOVT 370] Political Theory and Cinema (also GERST 330, COM L 330, THETR 330)

[GOVT 375] Visual Culture and Social Theory (also ART H 370 and COM L 368)
Fall. 4 credits. S. Buck-Morss. Introduction to critical concepts for the analysis of visual culture, in specific socio-historical contexts.

[GOVT 377] Concepts of Race and Racism

[GOVT 461] Interpreting Race and Racism

[GOVT 462] Modern Political Philosophy (also PHIL 346)
Fall. 4 credits. R. Miller. See Philosophy 346 for description.

[GOVT 464] Spinoza and New Spinozism (also GERST 409)
Spring. 4 credits. G. Waite. For description, see GERST 409.

[GOVT 465] Reconciling Liberalism (also PHIL 447)

[GOVT 466] Feminism and Gender Discrimination

[GOVT 467] Radical Democratic Feminisms

[GOVT 468] Global and Domestic Dimensions of Science and Technology Policy

[GOVT 469] Limiting War (also PHIL 369)

[GOVT 470] Contemporary Reading of the Ancients
Spring. 4 credits. D. Rubenstein. This course will focus on contemporary theoretical strategies of reading Plato, Aristotle, and St. Augustine. We will be primarily concerned with French deconstructive (Derrida), feminist (Irigaray, Le Doeuff), post-structuralist (Foucault), and psychoanalytic (Lacan) approaches to the ethics of love, pedagogy, friendship, and citizenship. We will also consider the contribution of queer theory (Halperin, Davidson) to the understanding of key texts such as Plato's Symposium. Readings will include Plato's Phaedrus, Symposium, Apology, Aristotle's Nichomachean Ethics and Physics, and St. Augustine's Confessions. Students will be required to write a short five-page (double spaced) paper based on one week's readings and a longer 10- to 12-page final paper that would be a sustained close reading of an ancient text of political thought informed by a theoretical approach discussed in the course.

[GOVT 471] The Cultural Theory of the Frankfurt School (also GERST 495, COM L 495)
Fall. 4 credits. P. U. Hohenadl. For description, see German Studies 495.

[GOVT 473] Marx, Nietzsche, Freud (also GERST 415)

[GOVT 474] Community, Nation, and Morality (also PHIL 446)
Spring. 4 credits. R. Miller. See Philosophy 446 for description.

International Relations

[GOVT 294] Global Thinking (also PHIL 294)

[GOVT 380] The Politics of Modern Germany

[GOVT 382] International Relations of East Asia
Spring. 4 credits. J. J. Suhl. An introduction to the East Asian international relations, this course focuses primarily on interaction among the Northeast Asian powers (China, Japan, Korea, Russia, and the United States). After an initial survey of regional dynamics in a historical, Cold War, and post-Cold War context, we will attempt to answer a number of theoretically driven questions regarding stability and security in the region.
Themes emphasized include the influence of domestic factors; the nexus between economics and national security; the influence of cultural and religious factors on international relations; the post-Cold War Asian redistribution of power and influence; the changing configuration of regional relations; and alternative futures of Asian security.

**GOVT 385 American Foreign Policy**
Fall. 4 credits. R. McDermott.
This course will provide an overview of the historical development of American foreign policy, concentrating on the period between 1914 and the present. Various theoretical approaches to the study of American foreign policy will be covered, including international, domestic, and political science perspectives. These interpretations will be used to examine events including: the First World War and the League of Nations; the rise of American hegemony; various crises of the Cold War, including the U-2 crisis, the Suez and Berlin crises, and the Cuban missile crisis; and the Korean, Vietnamese, and Gulf Wars. Emphasis will be placed on security as opposed to economic foreign policy issues.

**GOVT 386 The Causes of War**

**GOVT 387 Political Psychology in International Relations**
Spring. 4 credits. R. McDermott.
This course provides a survey of how social and cognitive psychology are used in the study of international relations. This course will cover various methodologies including psychobiography and experimental and survey research. It will also cover several theoretical approaches including recent work in neuroscience and evolutionary psychology. These theories and methods will be applied to topics including risk taking, leadership, group dynamics, and the influence strategies of the media. Particular attention will be placed on the interaction of emotion, cognition, and behavior in processes of judgment and decision making.

**GOVT 388 International Political Economy**

**GOVT 389 International Law**
Spring. 4 credits. J. Ratkic.
Is international law a pious delusion, helpless in the face of real power? Or is it a policy becoming so entangled in international standards that international law is now eroding national sovereignty? This course will survey the theoretical foundations and general history of international law since the seventeenth century in order to highlight what is new in the doctrines and institutions by which it operates in the contemporary world. The course will give special attention to the relation between international and U.S. law and to the workings of international law in particular fields—including environmental and human rights protection, trade regulation, and control of terrorism.

**GOVT 390 International Relations and Film Theory**
4 credits. J. Kirshner.
This course will consider how ideas about major themes in the history of world politics have been expressed through film. The course will include a review of principal theories of international relations as well as a consideration of visual analysis: how filmmakers express their ideas through the construction, juxtaposition, and manipulation of images. Topics such as World War I, the Cold War, and globalization will be addressed and films discussed will include Paths of Glory, Lifeboat, and The Manchurian Candidate.

**GOVT 391 Chinese Foreign Policy**
Fall. 4 credits. A. Carlson.
In this course we will examine the dramatic rise of China through review of the main themes and trends in contemporary Chinese foreign policy since the establishment of the People’s Republic, and more specifically concentrating on major developments in Chinese foreign policy during the 1980s and 1990s. Such a survey will involve not only a consideration of the evolution of China’s relations with its major bilateral partners, but also investigating its changing relationship with international institutions and norms. In addition, students will be asked to consider the extent to which Chinese foreign policy is simply a reflection of systemic and structural variables, such as shifts in the relative balance of power, and what role other factors, such as ideology, culture, leadership psychology, and/or domestic politics play. In short, we will be exploring how important “China” is in determining the course of Chinese foreign policy.

**GOVT 392 International Relations of the Middle East (also NES 399)**

**GOVT 393 Introduction to Peace Studies (also SOC 310)**

**GOVT 394 Comparative Foreign Policy**

**GOVT 395 Palestinian Nationalism (also NES 399)**

**GOVT 475 The Politics of International Monetary and Financial Relations**

**GOVT 477 Rational Choice Approaches to International Relations**
Spring. 4 credits. R. McDermott.
Rational choice paradigms are becoming increasingly predominant in international relations scholarship. This course teaches international relations from a rational choice perspective. This course will cover modeling methodology and theoretical issues. Familiarity with mathematics is not required, but logical reasoning is emphasized. This course will cover rational choices approaches to social choice and public-good problems, negotiation, alliances, and constraints of domestic politics. Critiques of balance of power, deterrence, and power transition theories from a rational choice perspective will be included. An introduction to game theory will be provided. Alternative psychological approaches will be mentioned briefly.

**GOVT 479 Sovereignty and International Relations**
Spring. 4 credits. A. Carlson.
In recent years, international relations theorists have become embroiled in an increasingly heated debate over the role of sovereignty in the contemporary international system. In this seminar we will investigate the main aspects of this debate by paying particular attention to questions involving the historical evolution of sovereignty and its contemporary meaning in an international system that is increasingly defined by apparent signs of economic and political integration. The intent of such a course is not only to critically analyze sovereignty’s role in international politics, but also to explore what the approach of IR theorists takes in regards to sovereignty, and about their understanding of systemic and structural change within the international system.

**GOVT 481 Democracies in the International System**
Fall. 4 credits. C. Way.
In what ways do the incentives created by democratic political institutions lead to distinctive behavior in international politics? The “democratic peace” literature has spurred great interest in the relationship between democracy and war. We will delve into this literature in depth, but not stop there. In addition, we will explore a range of ways that democracies might behave in a distinctive fashion across a variety of issue areas. Are democracies more peaceful than other types of states, and if so what explains this “democratic peace”? Why do democracies seem to be more likely to win the wars they do choose to fight than other types of states? If they are indeed doves, why do democratic publics seem to reward threats to use force by “rallying around the flag” in support of their governments? Are democracies more vulnerable to protectionist forces, or more likely to be free traders? How do the rhythms of the electoral cycle influence diplomacy in both the economic and security realms? Do democratic institutions make it harder or easier to pursue deterrence policies successfully? We will assess the theoretical and empirical literature addressing these and other questions about how democracies behave in the international system.

**GOVT 482 International Relations of East Asia @**

**GOVT 483 The Military and New Technology (also S&TS 483)**

**GOVT 486 Gender, Nationalism, and Conflict**
Fall. 4 credits. M. Katzenstein and M. Evangelista.
This course will consider how gender is imbedded in the theories and experiences of colonialism, nationalism, and conflict more generally. We will consider such fundamental questions as: How is gender related to the propensity for peaceful or conflictual behavior? Are men more prone to violence? Are women better mediators? We will also direct ourselves to specific topics such as (1) the role gender plays in ethnic conflict—the use of gender identities and violent strategies in “ethnic cleansing”; (2) the ways colonial experiences and nationalist movements produce different ideas of gender and gender practices; (3) how changing ideas of gender
and sexuality have shaped and been shaped by the institution of the military.

[GOVT 491 Conflict, Cooperation, and Norm: Ethical Issues in International Affairs

Honors Courses

Late each spring a limited number of sophomore majors are admitted to the honors program, their work to begin the following fall. Application forms and a full description of the program may be obtained in 125 McGraw Hall.

GOVT 493 Studying Politics: The Junior Seminar
Fall and spring. 4 credits. Fall, K. O’Neill; spring, H. Schamis.
The seminar will meet twice weekly under the supervision of a senior faculty member with numerous classes being led by other members of the department faculty. The seminar will survey the broad range of what we mean by “the study of politics” and the various methods we enlist to carry out the study. The seminar will be writing intensive, requiring at least five papers.

GOVT 494 Honors Seminar: Thesis Clarification and Research
Fall. 4 credits. E. Sanders.
Each student works individually with a faculty member. The student initiates the tutorial by interesting a faculty member in his or her likely thesis project and by submitting to the director of undergraduate studies a form outlining the general area the thesis will treat and bearing the faculty tutor’s signature. This form is due the third week of classes. The tutorial culminates in a 10- to 15-page paper setting forth the central questions to be addressed by the thesis, the state of existing knowledge regarding those questions, and why they matter.

GOVT 495 Honors Thesis: Research and Writing
Spring. 4 credits. Limited to students who have successfully completed Government 494.
Students continue the work of the preceding semester typically with the same faculty tutor. Research on the thesis is completed and writing begun. The tutorial culminates in a thesis of some 60 to 80 pages. The grade for the tutorial is determined by the faculty tutor, while the degree of honors (if any) awarded the thesis is decided by a committee of faculty members established for that purpose.

Independent Study

Independent study, Government 499, is a one-on-one tutorial which is arranged by the student with a faculty member of their choosing. Government 499 is open to government majors doing superior work, and it is the responsibility of the student to establish the research proposal and to find a faculty sponsor. Applicants for independent study must present a well-defined program of study that cannot be satisfied by pursuing courses in the regularly scheduled curriculum. No more than four credits of independent study may count toward fulfillment of the major. Students who elect to continue taking this course for more than one semester must select a new theme or subject each semester.

Credit can be given only for work that results in a satisfactory amount of writing. Emphasis is on the capacity to subject a body of related readings to analysis and criticism. Keep in mind that independent study cannot be used to fulfill the seminar requirement. The application form for Independent Study is available in 125 McGraw Hall and must be completed at the beginning of the semester in which the course is being taken.

GOVT 499 Readings
Fall or spring. 1-4 credits.

Graduate Seminars

Qualified undergraduates are encouraged to apply for seminars listed with 600 course numbers but may only register with the permission of the instructor. Students may consult the supplement that lists graduate courses, available in the department office.

GOVT 503 Field Seminar in American Politics
Spring. 4 credits. F. Sanders.
The basic issues and institutions of American government and the various subfields of American politics are introduced. The focus is on substantive information and theoretical analysis and problems of teaching and research.

GOVT 505 Comparative Methods
Fall. 4 credits. M. Evangelista and J. J. Suh.
A general survey of the literature and propositions of the international relations field. Criteria are developed for judging theoretical propositions and are applied to the major findings. Participants will be expected to do extensive reading in the literature as well as research.

GOVT 507 The Western Political Tradition: A Survey
Spring. 4 credits. N. Hirschmann.
An introduction to political theory through a reading of selected classics in political thought from Plato to Marx.

Methodology

GOVT 601 Scope & Methods of Political Analysis
Fall. 4 credits. W. Meehan.
This course introduces the major analytical approaches used in contemporary political science research. We touch on broad philosophical issues concerning the nature of theory and inference, the practices of cultural and historical interpretation, and the relevance of moral values and political commitments. Several kinds of research designs, including comparative case study and quasi-experimentation, are briefly examined. The basic analytical ideas involved in statistical methods such as sampling and regression analysis are introduced, as are the basic concepts of the theory of collective choice and the elementary methods of applied game theory.

GOVT 602 Field Seminar in Political Methodology
Spring. 4 credits. J. Cowden.
This seminar provides an introduction to some of the quantitative methods used in the social sciences. Topics discussed will include elementary probability theory, random variables, functions of random variables, and sampling distributions, concepts of inference including point estimation, confidence intervals, and hypothesis testing, bivariate regression, and multiple regression.

GOVT 605 Comparative Methods
Spring. 4 credits. C. Way and K. O'Neill.
This seminar provides a survey of different methodological approaches to the study of comparative politics: single case studies, comparative case studies based on Millian logic, qualitative comparative analysis, and a variety of quantitative methods. Substantive works will be used to illustrate each approach. Throughout, the discussion will emphasize methodological issues that are common to all forms of comparative inquiry.

GOVT 707 Game Theory for Political Science

American Government and Institutions

[GOVT 611 The Political Economy of American Development, 1860–1900

[GOVT 613/413 Finance, Federalism, and Politics

[GOVT 615 State and Economy in Comparative Perspective

[GOVT 618 Politics, Markets, and the Middle Classes

GOVT 620 The United States Congress
Spring. 4 credits. R. Bensel.
The United States Congress will be examined first, as a "closed system" in which institutional arrangements decisively apportion political power; and second, as the product of electoral and social forces outside the institution. Emphasis will be placed on the historical relationship between institutional growth and state formation; parliamentary rules as both arrangements within which the "rational choices" of legislators are played out and as deliberate constructions and allocations of political influence; and the use of legislative behavior as evidence in the analysis of fundamental principles of politics. Because the literature on the lower chamber is generally more rich, the House of Representatives will receive greater attention than the Senate.

GOVT 623 The Politics of Courts

GOVT 628 Bureaucracy and Law

GOVT 703 Political Economy
Spring. 4 credits. J. Kirschen.
This course will undertake a general survey of the classical and modern theories of political economy. The works of Smith, List, Marx, Weber, Keynes, Schumpeter, Hayek, and Friedman, among others, will be studied and placed within the context of the history and evolution of the thought, practice, and method of the field.

GOVT 705/405 Government and the Economy
Spring. 4 credits. E. W. Kelley.
See Government 405 for description.

GOVT 706/406 The Politics of Education
Spring. 4 credits. E. W. Kelley.
See Government 406 for description.
GOVT 728 Government and Public Policy
Fall. 4 credits. T. J. Lowi.
For description see Government 428.

Comparative Government

GOVT 630 The Political Economy of Market Reform
Fall. 4 credits. V. Bunce and H. Schamis.
This seminar is open to advanced undergradu­
ate and graduate students. It addresses the
political economy of market reform in East­
Central Europe and Latin America. Specifically,
we will study the relatively fast collapse of
state socialism versus the long decline of
import substituting industrialization, and their
respective legacies on new economic and
political systems. We will focus on the role
of major agents in the transformation process—
the international system, coalitions of interest
groups, political (especially state) institutions,
and ideologies. Throughout the semester,
we will examine the emerging market societies
in the east and the south in comparative fashion.

[GOVT 632 Politics and Society in
Western Europe
[GOVT 633 European Party Systems and
Political Change
[GOVT 634 Genetic Engineering: Politics
and Society in Comparative
Perspective
[GOVT 638 Latin American Political
Economy

GOVT 639 Studying Political Culture
Spring. 4 credits. D. Schirmer.
Selected readings deploying a range of
differing approaches to the study of the
relations between culture and politics.
Discussion of central methodological and
interpretive questions and paradigms
including the linkage of cultural with
structural explanations and the framing of
informative comparisons across cultures.
Readings and discussion will focus on
European and North American examples.

GOVT 642 Comparative Political
Economy: East and Southeast Asia
Fall. 4 credits. R. Bullock.
This seminar focuses on the political economy of
rapid growth in postwar Japan, South
Korea, and Taiwan. Seminar themes include:
Japanese colonial legacies, contending models of
East Asian economic success, international
implications of rapid growth, the "Japanese
model of development" and regional variance;
one-party conservative rule; structural
corruption and political scandal; ongoing
efforts at political-economic liberalization;
and Southeast Asian cases as second-generation
NGOs.

[GOVT 645 Chinese Politics
[GOVT 652 Southeast Asia Seminar: The
Philippines (also ASIAN 601)

GOVT 653 The Plural Society Revisited
(also ASIAN 607)
Fall. 4 credits. B. Anderson.
John Fumivall’s concept, invented 40 years
ago, posited colonial society as one in which
race (and ethnicity), class, occupation, and
residence were distributed more or less
isomorphically. The seminar will review the
utility of the concept in light of subsequent
research on colonial Asia, and its applicability
to developments since the achievement of
independence. It will also consider the
relevance of the concept to (uncolonized)
modem Thailand. The core problematic issue
will be the relationship between classification
(naming) and power.

[GOVT 655 Gender, Politics, and Welfare
Policies in Europe and the U.S. (also
GOVT 442)

GOVT 656 Comparative Political
Economy
Spring. 4 credits. J. Pontusson.
While exploring selected topics in the
comparative political economy of advanced
industrial societies, this seminar seeks to
delineate "political economy" as a subfield of
political science. At the level of theory, our
goal is to bridge two research traditions, one
concerned with microeconomic issues
(industrial organization, industrial policy,
competitiveness) and the other concerned
with macroeconomic issues (wage bargaining,
fiscal and monetary policy), and to explore
what a synthesis of these research traditions
might look like. At the level of methodology,
we seek to bridge and integrate qualitative
and quantitative approaches to comparative
political economy. Students are expected to
have some prior exposure to quantitative
analysis (e.g., GOVT 601).

[GOVT 657 Comparative
Democratization

GOVT 660 Social Movements and
Contentious Politics (also SOC 660)
Fall. 4 credits. S. Tarrow.
This is a research seminar on the relationships
among politics, organized social movements,
and periods of mass mobilization like those
that swept through Western Europe and the
U.S. in the 1960s and in Eastern and Central
Europe today. The course begins with a
theoretical introduction to major approaches
to social movements and collective action,
concentrating on the factors which induce
masses of people to adopt disruptive forms of
collective action. It moves from there to a
historical section focusing on cycles of protest
in the recent and not-so-recent past. It
continues with case materials that illustrate a
series of theoretical problems in the study of
movements and collective action—particularly
that of the relations between protest and
reform. Students will write term papers on
particular cycles of protest and reform.

GOVT 692 The Administration of
Agriculture and Rural Development
Spring. 4 credits. N. Uphoff.
For description, see INTAG 603.

[GOVT 731 Political Ecology

GOVT 737 Politics of South Asia
Fall. 4 credits. R. Herring.
This course investigates the politics of the
South Asian region by examining the
substantive and theoretical literature on
various specific subjects, with special
emphasis on India. Themes will vary by term,
but include some mix of political economy
and development; agrarian movements and
policy; politics of ethnicity, identity and
subnationalism; and environmental politics.
An explicit focus is comparative method, both
within the region and between the region and
other world areas. The course is seminar in
format and premised on significant student
participation.

GOVT 749/449 Politics and Magic:
Religious and Political Power in
China
Spring. 4 credits. V. Shue.
See Government 449 for description.

Political Theory

[GOVT 663 Political Theories of Power
[GOVT 664 Contemporary Democratic
Theory
[GOVT 665 American Political Thought:
From Madison to Malcolm X
[GOVT 667 Major Figures in Modern
Political Theory

GOVT 668 Major Figures in Modern
Political Theory II: Freedom
Fall. 4 credits. N. Hirschmann.
A complementary course to Government 667,
this graduate seminar will allow students to
continue intensive study of major figures in
modern political theory through particular
temporal or thematic lenses. While the focus
will change from year to year, the seminar will
either engage in intensive analysis of two or
three particular "great names" in the field of
political theory, or focus on a specific
theme—such as freedom, justice, obligation—
as it is treated by significant theorists of the
modern era. Theme for fall 2000: The Concept
of Freedom.

GOVT 669 Modern Social Theory I (also
GERST 669)
Fall. 4 credits. S. Buck-Morss.
Readings vary, but topics are drawn from the
traditions of Marx, Weber, Durkheim, the
Frankfurt School, and Freud. They include
political economy, the transformation to
"modernity," ideology as the legitimation of
power, and social institutions as social
constraints. The methods of critical theory,
pluralism, post-structuralism, and feminism
will be considered. The focus in fall 2000 will
be on the topic of globalization.

GOVT 670 Modern Social Theory II (also
GERST 670)
Spring. 4 credits. S. Buck-Morss.
Issues raised by neo-Marxism, critical theory,
post-structuralism, and feminism.

[GOVT 671 Graduate Seminar in
Feminist Political Theory

GOVT 673 Republicanism and Liberalism
Spring. 4 credits. I. Kramnick.
This seminar will look at the intellectual roots
of what is today, at least in Anglo-American
political thought, a central debate between
community-oriented visions of the ideal polity
and individual-centered ideals. The seminar
will read Aristotle, Cicero, Machiavelli,
Hobbes, Locke, Mill, Rousseau, Paine, Smith,
and the Federalist Papers.
Topics, readings, and writing requirements will be designed through consultation. This course is looking to use this as an option to fulfill their graduate studies. GOVT 799 Independent Study Fall or spring. 4 credits. B. Anderson

This course will be devoted to the comparative study of the rise and transformation of nationalism, according to different theoretical and philosophical traditions. The relationship of nationalism to questions of race, gender, class, and time will also be discussed on the basis of both theoretical and empirical studies.

GOVT 675 Gramsci and Cultural Politics (also GERST 685)
Spring. 4 credits. G. Waite. See German Literature 685 for description.

[GOVT 760 Theoretical Approaches to Ideology 4 credits. Not offered 2000–2001.]

GOVT 761 “The Sign of History”: Kant and Lyotard (also GERST 693)
Spring. 4 credits. P. Gilgen. For description, see GERST 693.

International Relations

GOVT 685 International Political Economy
Fall. 4 credits. P. Katzenstein and J. Kirshner.

An exploration into a range of contemporary theories and research topics in the field of international political economy. The seminar will cover different theoretical perspectives and a number of substantive problems.


GOVT 689 International Security Politics

[GOVT 691 Normative Elements of International Relations 4 credits. Not offered 2000–2001.]

Independent Study
This course is NOT open to undergraduates. Undergraduates wishing to conduct supervised study should register for Government 499.

GOVT 799 Independent Study
Fall or spring. 4 credits.

Government 799 is a course of individualized readings and research for graduate students. Topics, readings, and writing requirements will be designed through consultation between the student and the instructor. Graduate students in government who are looking to use this as an option to fulfill their course requirements should check with their chairs to be certain that the program of study is acceptable for this purpose. Applications must be completed and signed by the instructor and by the chairs of their special committees. They are available from, and must be returned to, the graduate assistant in 125 McGraw Hall.

GREEK
See Department of Classics.

HEBREW
See Department of Near Eastern Studies.

HINDI-URDU
See Department of Asian Studies.

HISTORY


The popularity of history among Cornell students is due to its usefulness as preparation for graduate, professional, or law school and for any career that requires critical thinking and good writing; the reputation of the faculty for scholarship, teaching, and advising; and most of all, the intrinsic interest of the discipline. A wide variety of introductory and advanced courses is offered. The department is particularly strong in ancient, medieval, and modern European history; in American, Latin American, and Asian history; and in the history of science.

Advanced Placement and International Baccalaureate

Advanced placement and International Baccalaureate credit awarded by the College of Arts and Sciences counts towards the 120 credits needed for graduation, but does not count toward completion of the history major. Students earning a 4 or 5 in the Advanced Placement Examination or a 6 or 7 in the International Baccalaureate history examinations are urged to enroll in intermediate or advanced history classes. Students who are unsure about their qualification should consult the instructor.

The Major
To complete the history major, a student must fulfill the requirements listed below:

Entry requirement: completion of any two History courses excluding First-Year Writing Seminars.

1) Take nine history department courses (for either 3 or 4 credits each), comprising all of them with a grade of C or better. (Courses taken for entry may count towards fulfilling the major.)

2) Of the total nine courses:
   a) four must be outside of American history and
   b) three must be in history before 1800.

Courses used to fulfill Requirement (1) above may also be used to fulfill Requirement (2), in respect both to (a) and (b) if applicable. A course in American history before 1800 may be used to fulfill Requirement (2b). A course before 1800 in a field other than American history can be used toward fulfillment of both Requirements (2a) and (2b).

3) Of the total nine courses, one must be a 400-level seminar: History 400 may be used to fulfill this requirement. Appropriate 400-level seminars may be used to fulfill Requirements (2a) and (2b).

Honors
The history department offers an honors program for students who wish to research and write a thesis during their senior year. In addition to writing the thesis, honors students must maintain a 3.5 average in their history courses, take the Honors Seminar (History 400) plus an additional 400-level seminar, preferably during their junior year, and complete 10 courses in history (for 3 or 4 credits each). During the second term of sophomore year or early in junior year, interested students should speak to a faculty member or faculty adviser about the honors program.

Before the beginning of senior year, the candidate presenst in conversation or in writing a thesis proposal to an appropriate member of the faculty. The faculty member who approves the proposal orally becomes the thesis supervisor. If for any reason it is necessary to change supervisors, this arrangement should be confirmed no later than the fourth week after the beginning of the candidate's senior year.

Honors candidates should register in History 401, Honors Research, with their supervisors. Any exceptions to this must be approved by the Honors Committee. History 401 is a four-credit course that permits honors candidates to conduct research and to begin writing the honors essay. At the end of the first semester of the senior year, as part of the requirements for History 401, the student submits to the supervisor a 10- to 15-page overview, or, alternatively, a preliminary draft of some part of the thesis along with an outline of the whole and meets with a committee consisting of the student's supervisor and one other department member who will eventually serve as a reader of the thesis. That committee then recommends whether the student may proceed to enroll in History 402, Honors Thesis, during the final semester of the senior year. History 402 is a four-credit course that permits honors candidates to complete the honors essay and to demonstrate their understanding of the ways in which the themes explored in the thesis fit into a larger historical context.
The completed thesis is evaluated by three readers, including the two faculty members who administered the preliminary oral interview in December.

The text of the honors essay may not exceed 60 pages except by permission of the chair of the honors committee and the student's supervisor. Two copies are due during the third or fourth week of April. In May each honors candidate is given an oral examination administered by the supervisor; examination focuses on the essay as well as the specific subfield of history in which the student has conducted research (e.g., Periclean Athens, seventeenth-century science, nineteenth-century American politics).

To qualify for a bachelor of arts degree with honors in history, a student must (1) sustain at least a 3.5 cumulative average in all history courses and (2) earn at least a cum laude grade on the honors essay and on the oral examination.

Cornell-in-Washington Program. History majors may apply to the Cornell-in-Washington program to take courses and undertake a closely supervised externship during a fall or spring semester.

Course Offerings

Comparative history

History of science

American history

Latin American history

African history

Asian history

Near Eastern history

Ancient European history

Medieval, Renaissance, and Early Modern European history

Modern European history

Honors and research courses

Course Numbering System

100-level courses are very general introductory courses (like 151-152, 190-191) and freshman writing seminars.

200-level courses come in two kinds: seminars or lecture courses. Neither kind has prerequisites and both admit freshmen.

200-level seminars (which are identified by the name "seminar" in the title) are similar to first-year writing seminars, except that there is greater emphasis on subject matter and less on writing.

200-level lecture courses cover a relatively broad geographical area, period of time, or subject.

300-399-level courses may have specified prerequisites or deal with more-specialized subjects than do those numbered 250-299. Admission of freshmen varies from course to course and is indicated in the course descriptions.

400-499 are upper level undergraduate courses.

600-699 and 700-799 are graduate level courses.

Comparative History

HIST 274 Foodways: A Social History of Food and Eating #

Fall. 4 credits. S. L. Kaplan.

An interdisciplinary examination of the validity of the adage "man is what he eats." Among the topics: food and religion, food and social structure, the politics of food control, food and modernization, taste making, and food in religion and literature. Cases will be drawn widely across space and time, from Pharaoh's Egypt to the 1990s.

HIST 360 Early Warfare, East and West #

Spring. 4 credits. C. Peterson.

A study of the principal modes of warfare found both in the East and the West from ancient times up to the eighteenth century. Tactical evolution and the impact of innovations are stressed, but attention is also paid to the general social and cultural background and the role of nonmilitary factors.

[HIST 380 Social History of Western Technology #

4 credits. Not offered 2000-2001. J. Weiss. For description, see History of Science.]

[HIST 393 Images of Humanity in Medieval China (also ASIAN 393) # #

Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: any course on premodern Chinese or Chinese religions, or permission. Not offered 2000-2001. C. Peterson.]

[HIST 405 Population and History #


[HIST 409 Seminar on Work in Europe and America #

Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered 2000-2001. S. L. Kaplan.

A comparative study of the meaning of work found in different societies from premodern times to the present. Emphasis on the "representations" of work of the actors themselves who worked, as well as of those, who for various critical reasons, did not work. The seminar will examine not only ideology but also the organization, practice, and physical place of work. It will explore theory as well as "cases," and draw on anthropological and sociological as well as historical materials.]

[HIST 432 The City in History: Europe and America #


Reading and discussion of significant interpretations of the rise, role, and character of cities in medieval and early-modern Europe and in modern Europe and America. Individual research projects.]

[HIST 451 Lord and Peasant in Europe: A Seminar in Social History #

4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered 2000-2001. S. L. Kaplan.]

[HIST 454 The Herodotean Moment: The Uses and Abuses of "Western Civilization" (also GOVT 454) #


History of Science

[HIST 250 Technology in Society (also ENGRG 250, ELE E 250, and S&TS 250) #

Fall. 3 credits. Not offered 2000-2001. R. Kline. For description, see ENGRG 250.]

HIST 280 The Sciences in the Twentieth Century (also S&TS 283)

Spring. 4 credits. M. A. Dennis.

Science emerged as a powerful source of social, economic, and political power during the twentieth century. Through an examination of the development of the sciences—physical and biomedical—during the twentieth century, students will learn about the reciprocal relations between science and society. Topics covered may include the rise and development of quantum mechanics, the emergence of Big Science, the history of the sciences in totalitarian nations, especially the former Soviet Union, Nazi Germany, and Communist China; the evolutionary synthesis; the rise and fall of molecular biology; the multiple forms of eugenics; the changing character of the social sciences; the role of new technologies in scientific change, especially computer and communication technology; the growth of science as a profession; and the development of science in non-Western cultures.

[HIST 281 Science in Western Civilization (also S&TS 281) #

Fall. 4 credits. History 281 is not a prerequisite to 282. Not offered 2000-2001. P. R. Dear.

This course aims to make comprehensible both to science majors and to students of the humanities the historical structure and development of modern science and to show science as a cultural phenomenon. Changing perceptions of nature and human knowledge from Greek Antiquity to the twentieth century form the framework for current Western views of the world, while the roots of the present-day dominance of "science" as a symbol of progress and modernity lie in an alliance between knowledge of nature and power over nature that took shape in the nineteenth century after a long period of emergence. 281 runs chronologically up to the death of Isaac Newton and focuses on the cultural traditions of Christian Europe and its selective appropriation of a Greek heritage.]

HIST 282 Science in Western Civilization (also S&TS 282) #

Spring. 4 credits. History 281 is not a prerequisite to 282. M. A. Dennis.

This course aims to make comprehensible both to science majors and to students of the humanities the historical structure and development of modern science and to show sciences as a cultural phenomenon. Changing perceptions of nature and human knowledge from Greek Antiquity to the twentieth century form the framework for current Western views of the world, while the roots of the present-day dominance of "science" as a symbol of progress and modernity lie in an alliance between knowledge of nature and power over nature that took shape in the nineteenth century after a long period of emergence. This course covers the eighteenth, nineteenth, and early twentieth centuries.
in sixteenth- and seventeenth-century European knowledge of nature. Students will be expected to produce a substantial paper focused on the study of primary source documents. The seminar will focus alternately on the study of recent historiography in selected areas, and an examination of primary source materials intended to critique and test those historiographical approaches. Topics will include: credibility and social status; the academic environment; philosophy and court culture; and the situated meaning of experiment.

[HIST 711 Introduction to Science and Technology Studies (also S&TS 711)] Fall. 4 credits. Not offered 2000-2001. S. Hilgartner. For description, see S&TS 711.

American History

[HIST 101 Introduction to American History (also AM ST 103)] # Summer and fall. 4 credits. 101 is not a prerequisite to 102. S. Blumin. A survey of American history from the beginnings through the Civil War. Topics include cultural encounters in the age of Columbus, European colonization, the American Revolution, the early republic, antebellum reform movements, and the coming of the Civil War.

[HIST 102 Introduction to American History (also AM ST 104)] Summer and spring. 4 credits. 101 is not a prerequisite to 102. T. Borstelmann. An introductory survey of the development of the United States since the Civil War.

[HIST 201 Seminar: Immigration and Ethnicity in Twentieth-Century U.S. History (also AM ST 104)] Spring. 4 credits. Sophomore seminar. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered 2000-2001. M. C. Garcia. This seminar will look at immigration to the United States in the twentieth century, highlighting the experiences of several groups as case studies. We will analyze the "push/pull" historical-structural factors that compelled people to come to the United States; the nature of cultural and structural assimilation; nativist movements; the evolution of U.S. immigration policy; the formation of ethnic identity in U.S. society. Attention will be given to current issues such as immigration reform, bilingual education, and the multiculturalism debate.

[HIST 202 Comparative Migration in the Americas (also AM ST 204 and LSP 203)] Spring. 4 credits. Letter grade only. M. C. Garcia. A seminar examining migration both within and to the Americas in the nineteenth and twentieth centuries. Topics to be discussed are the reasons for population movements; immigration policies; social, economic, and political factors on the migration; nativist and restrictionist responses; women and migration; remittances and transnationalism. Among the immigrant-receiving nations studied are Argentina, Brazil, Canada, Cuba, Mexico, and the United States.

[HIST 208 Seminar: The Era of Franklin D. Roosevelt (also AM ST 208)] Fall. 4 credits. Seminar designed for underclassmen but open to all students. Enrollment limited to 15 students. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered 2000-2001. R. Polenberg. The impact of the Great Depression and World War II on American politics, law, and culture.

[HIST 209 Seminar: Political History of Indians in the United States (also AIS 209)] # Fall. 4 credits. Seminar designed for underclassmen but open to all students. Enrollment limited to 15 students. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered 2000-2001. D. Usner. An investigation of political organization and change among Native American societies. Discussions and assignments examine forms of tribal government, diplomacy, and warfare, as well as political relations with European colonies and the United States. Specific topics include pan-Indian confederacies, Indian policy, struggles over sovereignty, and Indian strategies of autonomy and resistance.

[HIST 210 The Atlantic World from Columbus to 1800 (also AM ST 210)] Spring. 4 credits. Not offered 2000-2001. R. J. Weil and M. B. Norton. After Europeans first crossed the Atlantic in the late fifteenth century, the ocean became a vast highway linking the European powers—Spain, France, Britain, and the Netherlands—with their colonial outposts in America. This seminar will explore the Atlantic world through reading such primary sources as the log of Christopher Columbus and the autobiography of Olaudah Equiano, an Anglo-African sailor, and recent scholarly examinations of the slave trade and other aspects of the Atlantic economy. Intended primarily for sophomore prospective history majors; open to others by permission of instructors.

[HIST 212 African-American Women in the Twentieth Century (also AM ST 212 and WOMNS 212)] Spring. 4 credits. Sophomore seminar. M. Washington. An examination of twentieth-century themes significant in the historical experience of Black women. Major emphasis will be on race, gender, community, art, and politics in post World War II America. Specific topics include African-American women's involvement in such areas as political activism at the electoral and grass root levels; socio-economic issues affecting women and the community, religion, representation and participation of Black women in art and entertainment; and issues specific to gender cross-racially as well as intra-racially.

[HIST 213 Asian American History (also AAS 213)] Fall. 4 credits. V. Jew. Comparative introductory history of Asian Indians, Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, and Koreans in the U.S. from about 1850 to World War II. Themes include U.S. expansionism in the Pacific, Asian migrant labor in Hawaii and the American West, the anti-Asian movement, and Asian resistance.

[HIST 214 Seminar on American Foreign Policy (also AM ST 214)] Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered 2000-2001. Next offered fall 2001. W. LaFever.
[HIST 238 History of Women in the Professions, 1800 to the Present (also AM ST 258, WOMNS 238, and HIST 258) Spring. 3 credits. Not offered 2000–2001. J. Brumberg. For description, see HD 258.]

[HIST 251 Black Religious Traditions from Slavery to Freedom (also AM ST 251, RELST 251) Fall 4 credits. Sophomore seminar. Letter only. M. Washington. A survey on the black religious and spiritual traditions during bondage and the early years of freedom. The course will examine slave hold work, the women’s rights movement, the role of black churches in the North, the formation of black churches after the Civil War, the independent church movement and the churches’ role in social protest.]

[HIST 260 Introduction to U. S. Latino History, Part I (also LSP 260 and AM ST 260) Spring. 4 credits. Not offered 2000–2001. M. C. Garcia. This course introduces students to the history of Latinos in the United States. We will focus specifically on the history of Chicanos (Mexican Americans) and Central Americans. Part II of this course, History 261, focuses on the history of Puerto Ricans, Cubans, and Dominicans in the U.S. (students are not required to take both courses). Among the topics that will be addressed are: historical immigration patterns and the “push/pull” factors that compelled migration to the United States; the social and political events that shaped the evolution of these Latino communities; the role of cultural identity, race, class, and gender in shaping experience; the role of foreign policy in formulating immigration policy.]

[HIST 261 Introduction to U.S. Latino History, Part II (also LSP 261 and AM ST 261) Fall 4 credits. Not offered 2000–2001. M. C. Garcia. This survey will discuss the history of Latinos from the Caribbean: the Puerto Ricans, Cubans, and Dominicans. Students will be introduced to some of the most important historical and theoretical works in this field. Topics to be discussed include the push-pull/historical-structural factors that influenced migration to the United States; the historical evolution of these communities; the role of cultural identity, as well as race, class, and gender in shaping experience; the intersection of foreign policy and immigration policy.]

[HIST 273 Women in American Society, Past and Present (also WOMNS 273) Spring. 4 credits. Not offered 2000–2001; next offered 2002–2003. M. B. Norton. A survey of women’s experiences in America from the seventeenth century to the present. Among the topics to be discussed are women’s familial roles, the changing nature of household work, the women’s rights movement, employment of women outside the home, racial and ethnic differences in women’s experiences, and contemporary feminism.]

[HIST 276 American Indian History, 1500-1850 (also AIS 276 and AM ST 272) Fall 4 credits. D. Usner. A survey of North American Indian history from the sixteenth century to the mid-nineteenth century. Relations between Indian Nations and with European colonies will be explored. Different cultural groups and cross-cultural encounters will be compared, with emphasis on resistance and adaptation to European colonialism. The formative years of U.S. Indian policy and the experiences of Indian people through the removal era will receive close attention.

[HIST 277 American Indian History Since 1850 (also AIS 277 and AM ST 277) Spring. 4 credits. D. Usner. A historical study of American Indians in the United States and Canada from the mid-nineteenth century to the present. The active and complex role played by Indian people in their responses to government policies and to socioeconomic changes will be emphasized. Challenges faced and initiatives taken by Indians will be traced from the early reservation years to the present to self-determination. Cultural change and continuity within Indian communities will be closely examined.

[HIST 303 African-American Women in Slavery and Freedom (also WOMNS 307 and AM ST 303) Fall. 4 credits. Letter only. M. Washington. Historical exploration of African-American women from a sociopolitical perspective. Topics include women in Africa, slavery and freedom, sexuality, labor, the family, gender cross-racially that begins with the African background and ends at 1900.

[HIST 304 American Culture in Historical Perspective, 1860-1980 (also AM ST 304) Spring. 4 credits. M. Kammen. An introduction to the study of modern American culture. Emphasis on the role of culture in the quest for national identity, the function of cultural myths and myth making, the advent of modernism, relationships between mass culture, popular culture, and high culture; and on the question of American exceptionalism (distinctiveness). Special attention also to the situation of subcultures and regions, to the changing role of entertainment in relation to leisure, the media, ethnicity (pluralism), the decorative and popular arts.

[HIST 311 The Structure of American Political History (also AM ST 311) Fall 4 credits. J. Silbey. Examines the course of American politics from the eighteenth century to the Gilded Age, focusing on the development of American political culture, the nature of decision making, and the role of social conflict, mass behavior, political parties, and political elites in shaping our political history.

[HIST 312 The Structure of American Political History (also AM ST 312) Spring. 4 credits. J. Silbey. A continuation of History 311 but can be taken independent of it. Examines the course of American politics from the 1890s to the present, focusing on the massive transformation of American political life in the late nineteenth and twentieth centuries in response to industrialization and urbanization, the depression, and the international crises from the 1930s to the 1990s.

[HIST 313 U.S. Foreign Relations, 1750-1912 Fall. 4 credits. W. LaFeber. Examines the development of the U.S. continental and global empires by analyzing policy and policymakers from Benjamin Franklin to Woodrow Wilson. Emphasis is placed on domestic events that shaped foreign policy. In conjunction with HIST 313, a special course, 301, for discussion and guided research will be offered.

[HIST 314 History of American Foreign Policy, 1912 to the Present Summer and spring. 4 credits. T. Borstein. Students examine the emergence of the United States as a world power in the twentieth century. The course focuses on the domestic sources of foreign policy and the assumptions of the major policymakers (Wilson through Clinton). Important themes include the American response to a revolutionary world since 1912, the role of American racial views in the making of foreign policy, and the increasingly dominant role of the president in the making of U.S. foreign policy.

[HIST 316 American Political Thought: From Madison to Malcolm X (also GOVT 366) Fall. 4 credits. I. Kramnick. For description, see GOVT 366.

[HIST 318 American Constitutional Development Fall. 4 credits. Not open to freshmen. R. Polenberg. Major issues in constitutional history. Topics include: the drafting of the Constitution; the Bill of Rights; the Marshall era; the crises caused by slavery and emancipation; the rise of substantive due process; Holmes, Brandeis, and freedom of speech; the Roosevelt “revolution”; civil liberties and civil rights in modern America: the right of privacy; the contemporary Supreme Court.


[HIST 324 Varieties of American Dissent, 1880-1900 (also AM ST 324) Fall. 4 credits. Not offered 2000–2001. N. Salvatore. The idea of dissent in American society raises a variety of images. Civil rights activists, striking workers, and student radicals of the 1960s are familiar enough symbols of dissent. But might we understand a Pentecostal believer, filled with the spirit of his or her God in criticizing contemporary society, as an example of American dissent? This course will explore the varieties of economic, political, and cultural dissent in America between 1880 and 1950, and will examine how understanding dissent in its specific historical context illuminates major aspects of American life and culture.

[HIST 325 Age of the American Revolution, 1754-1815 Spring. 4 credits. Not offered 2000–2001. M. B. Norton. The idea of dissent in American society raises a variety of images. Civil rights activists, striking workers, and student radicals of the 1960s are familiar enough symbols of dissent. But might we understand a Pentecostal believer, filled with the spirit of his or her God in criticizing contemporary society, as an example of American dissent? This course will explore the varieties of economic, political, and cultural dissent in America between 1880 and 1950, and will examine how understanding dissent in its specific historical context illuminates major aspects of American life and culture.
An examination of the process by which the 13 English colonies became an independent and united nation, with emphasis on political thought. This course traces social and economic change, and cultural development. Attention will be paid to the impact of the American Revolution on women, Blacks, and Indians as well as on white males.


An overview of European exploration and colonization in North America, life on different colonial-Indian frontiers, and territorial expansion by the United States. Topics include the ideological and material frameworks of expansionism, the political and social dimensions of interethnic and imperial rivalry, and the formation of U.S. Indian and land policies. Themes of human migration, commercial development, and environmental change are emphasized.


History of the American South from the sixteenth century to the early nineteenth century with an emphasis on intercultural relations. Topics include colonization of the region by Spain, England, France, and the United States, American Indian adaptation and resistance, the evolution of slavery, African American relations with European and Indians, and the role of racial ideology and ethnic identity in the formation of the South as a distinct section of the United States.


An analysis of the factors leading up to the breakup of the Union, the impact of the war in North and South, and the problems of restoration and reconstruction of the seceded states.


America was born in the country and moved to the city. This course examines the transformation of America from a rural to a rapidly urbanizing society and culture, from the first European settlements to the era of the Civil War. It is also a history of the city itself, as a human community, as a crucible of cultural contact and change.


America was born in the country and moved to the city. This course examines the transformation of America from the urbanizing society and culture of the mid-nineteenth century to the thoroughly metropolitan nation of the present (and near future). It is also a history of the city itself, as a human community, a crucible of cultural contact and change, and a focus of public policy.


Introductory course on African-Americans from 1619 to 1865. Emphasis will be on life in bondage, the free black communities, and racism. Other topics include African cultural heritage, the slave trade, religion, the family, and the black freedom struggle.


An examination of American society in the context of capitalist development, and of capitalism as a social phenomenon. The transformation of pre-industrial colonies into an industrializing nation; the development of social classes; the emerging ethos of free enterprise.

[HIST 337 Entrepreneurialism and Organization in the Age of the Corporation: Capitalism and Society in Modern America, 1840–2000 (also AM ST 337)] Spring. 4 credits. S. Blumin.

An examination of American society in the context of capitalist development and of capitalism as a social phenomenon. The rise of corporate capitalism, class, "mass", and the ethos of enterprise in twentieth-century American society.


Topics include the Sacco-Vanzetti case; radicalism and reform in the New Deal; Franklin Roosevelt and World War II; the Holocaust and the atomic age; the Cold War and civil liberties; individualism and conformity in the 1950s.


Topics include the Supreme Court and civil rights; Kennedy, Johnson, and social reform; the Vietnam War and Watergate; politics and the presidency from Carter to Clinton; and class, race, and ethnicity in modern America.

[HIST 345 The Intellectual and Cultural Life of Nineteenth-Century Americans (also AM ST 345 and RELST 345)]# Spring. 4 credits. R. L. Moore.

An examination of the development of cultural and intellectual diversity in the United States. Particular emphasis will be placed on religious pluralism.


American thought and culture from 1890 to the present. Emphasizes the intellectual impact of major political and economic events and the adaptation of social ideas and values to new conditions.

[HIST 359 American Families in Historical Perspective (also AM ST 359, HD 359, and WOMNS 357)] Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: HD 150 or one 200-level social science or history course. S-U grades optional. Human ecology students must register for HD 359. Not offered 2000–2001. J. Brunberg.

For description, see HD 359.


For description, see ILRCB 385.


For description, see ILRCB 386.


Topic for 2002: Gender and Sexuality in America. A colloquium course, limited to 20 students. Students will read and discuss some of the new scholarly work on gender and sexuality in American history. They will also prepare several written and oral presentations based on their analyses of primary sources in the Cornell Human Sexuality collection and elsewhere.

[HIST 411 Undergraduate Seminar in American Political History (also AM ST 411)] Fall and spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. J. Silbey.


[HIST 412 The Immigrant City 1900–2000 (also S HUM 406, AM ST 406, LSP 406)] Fall. 4 credits. M. C. Garcia.

The role of the city in the immigrant imagination. The course compares the experiences of various immigrant groups in the United States and Canada, their reasons for settlement in specific cities, and the different responses to the urban setting as witnessed particularly in immigrant novels and memoirs, art, photography, and film.

[HIST 414 Motivations of American Foreign Policy] Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. W. LaFeber.

Topic for fall 2000: The era of Willard and Dorothy Straight—in Ithaca, China, and New York City.


[HIST 419 Seminar in American Social History (also AM ST 419)] Spring. 4 credits. S. Blumin.

[HIST 421 Undergraduate Seminar in Cultural History (also AM ST 421)]
M. Kammen.
Topic: for spring 2000: the annual cycle of the seasons in nature and in Western culture, with psychological connections between the human life cycle and the seasons; and the more recent impact of industrialization as well as urbanization on societal feelings about the seasons. Emphasis upon the United States and its seasonal implications for the history of consumerism. Sources will include art, literature, the writings of eminent naturalists, and materials concerning festivals and holidays. A mix of primary and secondary source readings.

[HIST 426 Undergraduate Seminar in Early American History]

[HIST 428 Comparative History of Colonial North America]
D. Usner.
This seminar will consider ways of comparing how different European empires, especially Spain, France, and England, colonized North America from the sixteenth through the eighteenth centuries. Settlement patterns, labor systems, trans-Atlantic connections, and Indian relations will be examined for similarities and differences across imperial boundaries. Borders between colonial and frontier regions, where empires came face-to-face, will also be explored. Problems and opportunities for comparative study, found in old and new scholarship on early America, will be critically discussed.

[HIST 429 Undergraduate Seminar in Indians of Eastern North America (also AIS 429)]
A seminar examining the history of Native Americans in the eastern woodlands from colonial times to the present. The cultural and economic participation of Indians in the evolution of frontier societies will be examined. Major topics include fur-trade networks, political relations, removal, and the persistence of Indian communities in eastern states.

[HIST 430 America in the Camera's Eye (also AM ST 430.2)]
Fall. 4 credits. R. L. Moore.
Photographs and films have become archives for historical research. From the era of Matthew Brady's Civil War images, the United States has been recorded by documentary photographers who have called attention to the country's progress and its poverty. Hollywood filmmakers have also recorded landscapes of the American landscape and placed against that landscape fictionalized accounts of the country's history and its social problems. What is the relation between these images? What is their relation to written texts and to other documents that tell us about the past? How truthful is Hollywood? One key text will be James Agee's and Walker Evans' _Let Us Now Praise Famous Men_. The seminar will meet once each week for discussion and periodically during the semester to view films.

[HIST 432 The City in History: Europe and America]
S. Blumin.
Reading and discussion of significant interpretations of the rise, role, and character of cities in medieval and early modern Europe, and in nineteenth-century Europe and America. Individual research projects.

[HIST 440 Undergraduate Seminar in Recent Asian History (also AM ST 440)]
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. R. Polenberg.
Topic: freedom of speech, censorship, and the Supreme Court.

[HIST 442 Religion and Politics in American History: From J. Winthrop to R. Reed (also AM ST 442 and RELST 442)]
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001.
R. L. Moore.
A reading and research seminar concerned with popular culture in nineteenth-century America (publications, performances, and audiences).

[HIST 456 Female Adolescence in Historical Perspective (also WOMNS 438 and HD 417)]
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to juniors and seniors. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. J. Brumberg.
For description, see HD 417.

[HIST 484 Seminar in the History of American Labor: Race, Work, and the City (also ILR 304)]
Fall. 4 credits. Open to juniors and seniors only with the permission of the instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. N. Salvatore.
For description, see ILR 304.

[HIST 486 Seminar on the 1960s (also AM ST 486)]
Fall. 4 credits. T. Borstelmann.
This course will explore the issues and developments of the most turbulent and significant decade in recent U.S. history. Major topics will include the civil rights movement, the Kennedy and Johnson administrations, the Vietnam War, the anti-war movement, the counterculture, the women's liberation movement, and the Nixon administration. A substantial research paper will be required.

[HIST 497 Spanish Borders and French Frontiers in American History (also S HUM 417)]
For description see S HUM 417.

[HIST 500 Undergraduate Research Seminar (also AM ST 500)]
Fall and spring. 8 credits each term. S. Blumin and others.
Offered in Cornell-in-Washington Program. An intensive research and writing experience utilizing the extensive resources of Washington, D.C.

[HIST 521 Seminar in American Cultural Studies (also AM ST 521)]
M. Kammen.
The focus will be the relationship between government and culture in historical perspective. After three contextual sessions devoted to nineteenth-century background, we will mainly be concerned with the period from the 1930s to the present. Several comparative sessions will be devoted to government as a part of culture in other societies. A research paper is required.

[HIST 607 Writing Seminar on African-American Women]
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001.
M. Washington.
This course is designed for students actively engaged in a writing project on African-American women's history. Students must have already done the research and most of the reading for their papers prior to enrollment. Reading and class discussion will focus on style, methodology, and theory. An extensive research paper is due at the end of the semester.

[HIST 608 African-American Women]
M. Washington.
A reading and discussion course focusing on the experiences of African-American women in nineteenth-century America, including the Caribbean. Topics include women and labor, abolitionism, women's rights, sexuality and race relations, education and racial uplift. Black women's literature, marriage and family.

[HIST 610 Afro-American Historiography]
Fall. 4 credits. Letter only. M. Washington.
Reading and discussion course focusing on the way historians write and interpret the Black experience in America. Students will be concerned with individual historians, various schools of thought, and historical approaches.

[HIST 613 Seminar on American Diplomatic History]
Fall. 4 credits. T. Borstelmann.
A reading and research seminar in twentieth-century American diplomatic history, emphasizing the Cold War period and interpretative approaches to U.S. foreign policy. A research paper is required.

[HIST 617 Seminar in American Cultural History]

[HIST 618 Seminar in American Cultural History]
R. L. Moore.
A reading and research seminar concerning selected topics in nineteenth century America.

[HIST 621 Graduate Seminar in American Cultural History]
Fall. 4 credits. M. Kammen.

[HIST 624 Graduate Seminar in American Indian History (also AIS 624)]
D. Usner.
This seminar examines, through a selected series of major topics and problems, the historical study of North American Indians. Various approaches in history—together with anthropology, political science, folklore, and other disciplines—are explored. Emphasis is placed on current interpretations and directions.
[HIST 626 Graduate Seminar in the History of American Women (also WOMNS 626)]
A reading and research seminar intended primarily for graduate students. Major works in American women's history will be carefully scrutinized, and each student will prepare a lengthy research paper.

[HIST 627 Graduate Seminar in Early American History]

[HIST 633 Seminar in Nineteenth-Century American History]

[HIST 634 Seminar in Nineteenth-Century American History]
A research seminar intended primarily for graduate students exploring society, culture, and politics of the United States between 1815 and 1896.

[HIST 640 Graduate Seminar in Recent American History]
A graduate research seminar that will examine American legal and constitutional history.

[HIST 682 Seminar in American Labor History (also ILRCB 783)]
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: graduate students only. Not offered 2000–2001. N. Salvatore.
For description, see ILRCB 783.

[HIST 710 Colloquium in American History]
Spring. 4 credits. Required of all first-year graduate students in United States history. M. Kammen.
Examination of major approaches, periods, issues, and modes of interpreting American history. Readings include recent "classics" of American scholarship from diverse subfields and genres.

Latin American History

[HIST 295 Colonial Latin America @ #]
Fall. 4 credits. J. Kinsbruner.
Survey of Spanish America from the rise of pre-Columbian civilizations through the European conquest, the establishment and development of colonial societies, imperial rivalries in the New World, the background of the independence movements, and the achievement of political independence.

[HIST 296 Modern Spanish America @]
Spring. 4 credits. Staff.
Survey of the Latin American nations from independence to the present. Major themes include the persistence of neocolonial economic and social institutions, the development of nationalist and populist politics, revolutionary movements of the twentieth century, and United States–Latin American relations.

[HIST 413 Cities: Crisis and Transformation (also S HUM 416)]
This seminar explores the dynamics of crisis and transformation in cities as diverse as Medellin, Los Angeles, Tijuana, Belfast, and Belgrade. How is identity re-imagined and performed when traditional urban territorial boundaries are reconfigured by violence, exile, and unprecedented flows of capital, bodies, ideas, and trends?

[HIST 424 Art and Politics in Twentieth-Century Latin America]
This seminar will examine how the intersection of art and politics shaped culture, ideology, and identity in Latin America from the Mexican Revolution to the dictatorships of the late twentieth century. Topics may include muralism and the Mexican Revolution, the artist as muse and activist (Frida Kahlo); working class and immigrant culture in Argentina and the tango; samba as social and political protest in Brazil; gender and politics in exiled women's literature; the appropriation of public spaces as artistic forum and means of communication under authoritarian regimes.

[HIST 445 Prostitutes and Patriots: Urban Culture and the Construction of Citizenship in Latin America, 1880–1950 (also HIST 645)]
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: History 295 and/or 296 suggested. Permission of instructor required. Enrollment limited to 15. M. Roldan.
Unprecedented demographic and economic changes gave rise to debates by the late nineteenth century regarding the definition of citizenship and the limits of individual participation in Latin American societies. These debates centered on the city—the symbol of both "progress" and "disorder". Rising tensions were expressed through the trope of the "prostitute" (disease and loss of control) and the "patriot" (science, statesmanship, and order). The course examines changing notions of the private/public; the regulation of sexuality and gender; popular mobilization; and the construction of the nation.

[HIST 649 Seminar in Latin American History]
Fall. 4 credits. M. Roldan.
A graduate-level seminar focusing on changing topics in Latin American history (politics, labor, race/ethnicity; violence; social movements; agrarian society, etc.). In addition to weekly mandatory readings, students will be expected to conduct original research culminating in a final 25- to 30-page paper.

African History

[HIST 255 Cultures and Ecology in Precolonial Africa @ #]
This course will examine the history of Africa, from the origins of humankind up to 1800 by focusing on a number of controversial issues about the African past. Why did humanoid emerge in Africa? Who were the ancient Egyptians? What "race" were they and is this important anyway? If so, why? How did the ecological environments of the past shape African cultures and their histories? What role did women play in early African societies and what can this information tell us about how human societies have operated from time immemorial? What role did the slave trade play in influencing the current economic position of Africa and race relations in the U.S. today?

[HIST 391 Riot and Revolution in Nineteenth-Century Africa: The Birth of the Modern @]
Spring. 4 credits. S. E. Greene.
The beginning of the nineteenth century witnessed the rapid and often times forceful expansion of Islam in West Africa, the end of the Atlantic slave trade, the transformation of the Zulu from a small, inconsequential people to the largest and most powerful ethnic group in South Africa, and the wild fire spread of Swahili as a lingua franca in east and central Africa. This course explores these revolutionary changes and the upheavals that accompanied them as Africa remade itself to face the modern era. Lectures, readings and discussions will focus on the causes and consequences of these events and their significance for understanding contemporary Africa.

[HIST 407 The Colonial Encounter @]
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. S. Greene.
The course examines the way colonizers and colonized influenced the culture, history, and identity of the other. Emphasis is on exploring the colonial encounter as a phenomenon in itself as well as both sides of the unequal equation that linked specific European countries (for example, France, England, Germany, Netherlands) with the states they colonized in Africa and Asia. This linkage challenged, at different times in different places, pre-existing understandings of self, country, and culture, as well as notions about the other.

[HIST 434 Gender and Sexuality in the Social History of Africa (also Women's Studies 477)]

[HIST 443 The European as Other @]

Asian History

[HIST 190 Introduction to Asian Civilizations @]
Spring. 4 credits. D. Wyatt and J. Pigott.
An introduction to the distinctive cultures of China, India, Japan, and Southeast Asia that features an intensive examination of selected topics and periods of particular significance in the history of each.

[HIST 191 Introduction to Modern Asian History (also ASIAN 191)]
Fall. 4 credits. S. Cochran and T. Loos.
The history of Asia-Pacific from the nineteenth century to the present, focusing on relations of China, Japan, and Southeast Asia with each other and with the West.

[HIST 203 War and Diplomacy in Korea]
Korea's challenging location between great powers, its long struggle between independence and outside control, and its tragic division, all make for a singular case study in the history of war and diplomacy. This course will examine that history with particular focus on the Imjin War (1592-1598) and the Korean War (1950-1953). Topics include military tactics, and strategy on the Korean peninsula; Admiral Yi Sun-Shin as strategist and tactician, the effect of war on Korean society; and the pattern of Korean relations with China, Japan, Russia (and other northern Asian powers), and the United States.

**HIST 207** The Occidental Tourist: Travel Writing and Orientalism in Southeast Asia (also ASIAN 206 and HIST 507)

*Spring.* 4 credits. Letter grade only. T. Loos.

Students read travel literature about Southeast Asia in the nineteenth and early twentieth centuries and travel accounts written by Southeast Asians living abroad. The seminar emphasizes themes of race, orientalism, transnationality, and tactician; the effect of war on Korean society; and the pattern of Korean relations with China, Japan, Russia (and other northern Asian powers), and the United States.

**HIST 218** Introduction to Korea (also ASIAN 218)

*Fall.* 3 credits. Staff.

For description see Asian Studies 218.

**HIST 230 Seminar in History and Memory: The Asia-Pacific War**


This seminar will examine what is at stake when the fighting between Japan and its former enemies in the Pacific during World War II was recorded, memorialized, and (re)constructed as historical narrative by Japanese, Americans, and others. By exploring the legacies of such events and processes as the Rape of Nanking, live testing of biological and chemical weapons, sexual slavery, and incendiary bombings of Hiroshima and Nagasaki, the seminar will offer an opportunity to reflect in a more general way on the politics of historical representation and memory.

**HIST 236 History and Culture of Korea to the Late Nineteenth Century**

*Spring.* 4 credits. M. Deuchler.

This course is designed to provide wide-ranging coverage of Korea's political, economic, social, and intellectual history. The first half of the course briefly reviews Korea's political history and establishes the chronological framework. In the second half, the discussion turns to a topical approach and investigates the development of uniquely Korean sociopolitical and intellectual institutions. A detailed study of the Korean literary classics will be studied in isolation, due consideration will be given to its adaptation of Chinese values and its role in transmitting cultural impulses to Japan.

**HIST 243 Seminar: China and the West before Modernism**

*Spring.* 3 credits. Seminar designed for undergraduates but open to all students. Enrollment limited to 15 students. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. C. Peterson.

What accounts for the first great passion for things Chinese in the West (from the sixteenth to the nineteenth centuries) followed by the hostility characteristic of imperialism? This seminar explores this question relying heavily on original sources to trace the Chinese vogue in thought, literature, and art and comparing the Western image with the realities of China of that day.

**HIST 244 Seminar: History of Siam and Thailand**

*Fall.* 4 credits. Seminar designed for undergraduates but open to all students. Enrollment limited to 15 students. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered 2000-2001. D. Wyatt.

An examination of the long history of the central position of the Indochina Peninsula, based on close reading of the primary sources (in translation). This course will cover the samurai through 1600.1

**HIST 284 Southeast Asia in the World System: Capitalism and Incorporation, 1500-Present**

*Fall.* 4 credits. E. Tagliacozzo.

This course examines the history of Southeast Asia in conjunction with what theorists have called the emerging “World System.” The expanding reach of capitalism is traced through the region’s Early Modern “Age of Commerce,” through the age of great European merchant companies; through the coercive capitalism of the imperial age; and into our own times. Throughout, attention is paid to similar (or dissimilar) trends in the rest of global history, spanning Europe, Africa, Middle East, and the Americas. Open to students with an interest in Southeast Asian history, as well as the shaping forces of capitalism on the modern world.

**HIST 289 The U.S. Vietnam War (also ASIAN 298)**


This course surveys events in Vietnam, the United States, and elsewhere related to the U.S. policy of intervention in Vietnam between 1954 and 1975. Readings will include historical narratives, memoirs, and literature. The course will evaluate the standard winner (Hanoi) and loser (U.S.) narratives and how they have silenced southern Vietnamese voices.

**HIST 293 History of China up to Modern Times**

*Fall.* 4 credits. C. A. Peterson.

A survey of the principal developments in the history of China from the earliest times to the eighteenth century that also undertakes a topical introduction to Chinese culture and civilization, from the rise of China from the eighteenth century, and the twentieth-century efforts to achieve social mobilization, political unity, and commercial expansion.

**HIST 297 Japan Before 1600**

*Fall.* 4 credits. J. Piggott.

This course explores Japan before 1600 from a variety of perspectives. Analysis of primary sources, including literary and archaeological artifacts, is emphasized. History 297 is a good introduction to issues of premordial historical study and to the study of East Asia. (Graduate students or more advanced undergraduates who would like to do a research project should register for History 522 after consultation with the instructor.)

**HIST 322 History of the Samurai II**


We will continue study of themes and issues introduced in History 322, wherein we raced the origins of the samurai from eight-century roots through the era of the first warrior government during early medieval times. This course will cover the samurai through 1600.

**HIST 328 State, Society, and Culture in Modern Japan**

*Spring.* 4 credits. J. V. Koschmann.

A survey of Japan from early-nineteenth century to the present, which attempts to connect the political, socio-economic, and imaginative realms of modern Japanese life so as to achieve a complex view of modern Japanese society. Pays particular attention to the changing situation of women and women's movements, Japan's relations with Asia and the United States, and problems of historical representation and consciousness. Readings will include Japanese works in translation as well as secondary sources.

**HIST 360 Early Warfare, East and West**

*Spring.* 4 credits. C. A. Peterson.

For description see Comparative History.

**HIST 388 Vietnamese Histories (also ASIAN 388/685)**


For description see Asian Studies 385.

**HIST 393 Images of Humanity in Medieval China (also ASIAN 393)**


**HIST 395 Southeast Asia to the Eighteenth Century (also HIST 695)**


A survey of the earlier history of Southeast Asia, concentrating on regional movements of economic, social, cultural, and political change and using, to the extent possible, readings in translated primary sources.
HIST 396 Southeast Asian History from the Eighth to the Nineteenth Century (also HIST 696 and ASIAN 396)  
Spring. 4 credits. S-U option. T. Loos and E. Tagliacozzo.
Surveys the modern history of Southeast Asia with special attention to its colonialism, the Chinese diaspora, and socio-cultural institutions. Considers global transformations that brought "the West" into people's lives in Southeast Asia. Focuses on the development of the modern nation-state, but also questions the narrative by incorporating groups that are typically excluded. Assigns primary texts in translation.

[HIST 416 Undergraduate Seminar on Gender and Sexuality in Southeast Asia (also ASIAN 416 and WOMNS 416)]
Students consider the relationships among colonialism and gender and sexual identity formation in Southeast Asia. Using material from a wide range of fields including anthropology and literature, the course compiles a simplistic East/West male/female binary.

HIST 420 Japan in the Year 1000: The Tale of Genji in Historical Perspective  
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: permission of instructor. J. Piggott.
The Tale of Genji is a classic of premodern Japanese literature that provides readers a broad view into Japan's courtly society at a time when many of the elements of Japan's classical tradition were taking form. Those interested in premodern Japan, Comparative Literature, and courtly societies will find the seminar of great interest. Previous study of premodern Japan is advised.

[HIST 448 Family and Gender Relations in Premodern Japan #]
An inquiry into structures of family and gender relations in the classical and medieval periods. There will be inclusion kurumado family organization, state formation, and gender construction. Those interested in comparative perspectives are encouraged to enroll. "Breadth" reading, primary source materials, and comparative reading placing Japan in an East Asian context will be emphasized. Previous study of premodern Japan and East Asia is recommended.

HIST 449 Peddlers, Pirates, and Prostitutes: Subaltern Histories of Southeast Asia, 1800-1900  
Spring. 4 credits. E. Tagliacozzo.
This course will examine Southeast Asian history "from below" over the course of a single century, 1800–1900. Laboring histories, the history of piracy and prostitution, and the nuts of people usually considered "marginal" to the state will all be under consideration. How do we look for clues to these peoples' lives? Were there similarities in experience across disparate geographies? What did it mean to be an outlaw, "deviant," or poor in colonial Southeast Asia? This course attempts to answer some of these questions.

HIST 451 Crime and Diaspora in Southeast Asia: Subaltern Knowledge, Identity, 1750-1950  
Fall. 4 credits. E. Tagliacozzo.
During the last two centuries, the mass movement of human beings in Southeast Asia has increased to an unparalleled scale. This course examines the diasporas of various Asian peoples in this time frame, and asks how these movements have intersected with notions (and actions) of "criminality" in the region. Historical sources, period literature, and anthropological writings are used to analyze the growth of migration, smuggling syndicates, and "illicit" behavior in Southeast Asia. Open to students with an interest in Southeast Asian history and the region's links to the wider Asian orbit.

[HIST 466 Kings and Shoguns: the Taiheiki Age @]
The turn of the fourteenth century witnessed epochal changes in Japan as structures of monarchy, court-Bakufu relations, landholding, judiciary, international relations, and popular culture affected by the failure of Go-Daigo Tenno's royal restoration. Core readings of the seminar will include portions of the martial epic, the Taiheiki, and other materials from which insights into these transformations can be drawn. Previous study of Japanese history, especially History 322, is highly recommended.

HIST 480 Senior Seminar: Gender Adjudicated (also WOMNS 480 and ASIAN 482)  
Fall. 4 credits. Letter grade only. Limited to 15 students. T. Loos.
Students explore the intersections among jurisprudence, religious codes, gender, family, and national identity in Southeast Asia from the colonial period to the present.

HIST 485 Topics in the Social History of Choson Korea  
Spring. 4 credits. M. Deuchler.
During the seminar, topics pertaining to the social and intellectual history of Choson Korea will be discussed, and appropriate texts in English, Chinese, and Korean will be read.

HIST 489 Seminar in Modern Japanese History @
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites. History 294 or equivalent knowledge of modern Japanese history. J. V. Koschmann.

[HIST 490 Tales of the Heike]
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: History 298, participate in a special weekly colloquium. Barbara Ruch, has called the Heike "Japan's first national epic," because listening to it, ever done before. Investigate the narrative by incorporating groups that are typically excluded. Assigns primary texts in translation.

[HIST 492 Undergraduate Seminar in Medieval Chinese History @]
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: History 190, 293, 360, or permission of instructor. C. A. Peterson.
Topic for Fall 2000: The World of Marco Polo, an in-depth examination of the famous traveler's history and the problems of cultural interaction.

[HIST 493 Problems in Modern Chinese History (also HIST 693)]  
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: History 294 or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. S. Cochran.
Conflicting interpretations of Chinese history during the late imperial period and the first half of the twentieth century.

HIST 495 Kings and States: Asian Models @
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: previous coursework in East Asian history and permission of instructor. J. Piggott.
The seminar will explore the modern state formation in comparative perspective. In addition to participating in discussions focused on core readings, seminar members will undertake research projects targeting a society of their choice. Students interested in the history of preindustrial societies, political and cultural anthropology, political science, and religion will find the seminar of interest.

HIST 497 Colloquium in Premodern Japanese History @
Fall. 4 credits. For advanced undergraduates or graduates. J. Piggott.
This colloquium examines the premodern civilization of Japan from a variety of historical perspectives. Students must attend History 297 lectures and participate in a special weekly colloquium.

HIST 499 Problems in Modern Chinese History (also HIST 694)  
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: History 294 or permission of instructor. S. Cochran.
This course gives each student an opportunity to select one research topic and work on it throughout the semester. Knowledge of Chinese is not required, but background in Chinese studies is needed.

HIST 507 Graduate Seminar: The Occidental Tourist  
Spring. 4 credits. T. Loos.
For description see History 207.

[HIST 588 Proseminar in Modern Korean History  
Designed primarily for graduate students in East Asian Studies who specialize in Chinese and/or Japanese history but need for comparative or other purposes to develop a familiarity with the main problems and contours of modern Korean history. Readings will be selected primarily from English-language works on Korea from the 1870s through the post–World War II era, including Japanese colonial and modernist perspectives, and/or the Republic of Korea."

[HIST 598 Colloquium in Modern Japanese History  
For graduate students only. Students will attend lectures and do the reading for History 298, participate in a special weekly colloquium, and write a seminar paper.]
Japanese studies has been institutionalized. The course will provide both a historical and critical analysis of the constitution of modern Japan studies as a "field" of postwar academic inquiry. While reading texts particularly influential in the early and contemporary formation of the field, we will consider such questions as the domestic and international contexts in which Japanese studies has been institutionalized and maintained, and the relationship between "Japan" as object of area studies discourse and "Japan" as represented in American journalism, popular culture, and politics. Interdisciplinary and team-taught, the course will aim to introduce students to a range of methodological and approaches developed in historical and critical works, problematizing assumptions in each case. Possibilities for cross-disciplinary research (along lines recently undertaken in areas such as feminist criticism and cultural studies, for example), will also be explored.


[HIST 691 Chinese Historiography and Source Materials Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. C. Peterson.]

[HIST 693 Problems in Modern Chinese History (also HIST 493) Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. S. Cochran. Conflicting interpretations of Chinese history during the late imperial period and the first half of the twentieth century.]

[HIST 694 Problems in Modern Chinese History (also HIST 499) Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. S. Cochran. For description, see HIST 499.]


[HIST 696 Modern Southeast Asia: Graduate Proseminar (also HIST 396) Spring. 4 credits. T. Loos and E. Tagliacozzo. Introduction to the modern history of Southeast Asia for graduate students. Students will be expected to attend the lectures and complete the readings for History 396, and they will meet separately as a group to further explore selected topics.]

[HIST 791 Seminar in Medieval Chinese History Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. C. A. Peterson.]

[HIST 792 Seminar in Medieval Chinese History Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. C. A. Peterson.]

[HIST 795 Seminar in Modern Southeast Asian History Fall. 4 credits. Permission of the instructor. Not offered 2000–2001.]

[HIST 796 Seminar in Southeast Asian History Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: reading knowledge of relevant languages. D. Wyatt.]

[HIST 797 Readings in Modern Japanese Thought Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: reading knowledge of Japanese and permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. J. V. Koschmann.]


Near Eastern History


[HIST 254 Islamic History: 600-1258 (also NES 257 and RELST 257) @ # Fall. 3 credits. Not offered 2000–2001. D. Powers. For description, see NES 257.]

[HIST 299 Introduction to Christian History (also NES 295, JWST 295, RELST 295) Spring. 3 credits. K. Haines-Eitzen. This course offers an introduction to the history of Christianity from the apostle Paul through the seventh century, with an emphasis on the diversity of Christian traditions, beliefs, and practices. We will explore the origins of Christianity in the eastern Mediterranean world, the spread of Christianity, the development of ecclesiastical institutions, the rise and establishment of monasticism, and the various controversies that occupied the church throughout its history. This course will draw upon primary literary sources (from biblical literature to council proceedings, monastic rules, sermons, theological treatises, and biographies) as well as Christian art, inscriptions, music, and manuscripts.]


[HIST 372 Law, Society and Culture in the Middle East, 1200-1500 (also HIST 652, NES 351/651, RELST 350) @ # Fall. 4 credits. Enrollment is limited to 25 students. D. Powers. For description, see NES 351.]

[HIST 461 Seminar in Islamic History 600-750 (also HIST 671, NES 451 and 650, and RELST 451) @ # Spring. 4 credits. Enrollment is limited to 25 students. Not offered 2000–2001. D. Powers. For description, see NES 451.]

[HIST 652 Introduction to Islamic Law (also HIST 372, NES 351/651, RELST 350) Fall. 4 credits. Enrollment is limited to 25 students. D. Powers. For description, see NES 351.]


Ancient European History

[HIST 151 Introduction to Western Civilization # Summer and Fall. 4 credits. S. Pohl. A survey of European history from Antiquity to the Renaissance and Reformation. Important themes will include the influence of ancient culture on medieval society, the development of and conflict between secular and ecclesiastical governments, European encounters with the non-Europeans, the culture and role of minority groups within European society, and the roles of women.]

[HIST 220 War and Peace in Greece and Rome Fall. 4 credits. No prerequisites. Open to freshmen. B. Strauss. In ancient Greece and Rome, government did little besides wage war and raise taxes; culture focused on war, warriors gloried in battle, and civilians tried to get out of the way. This course surveys the impact of war and the rarity of peace in the ancient world. Topics include: Why war?; the face of battle; leadership, strategy, operations, and tactics; women and war; intelligence and information gathering; diplomacy and peace-making; militarism, war and slavery; and the archaeology of warfare. Readings in translation include selections from Homer, Herodotus, Thucydides, Xenophon, Caesar, Livy, Tacitus, Josephus, and Ammianus Marcellinus.]

[HIST 232 Seminar: Eyewitness to War in the Ancient World Fall. 3 credits. Not offered 2000–2001. B. Strauss. A study of ancient soldier-history writers who participated in the campaigns about which they later wrote. Topics include historiography, autobiography, propaganda, prose style. Readings include selections from Thucydides, Xenophon, Julius Caesar. Josephus. Ammianus Marcellinus as well as, for comparative purposes, modern soldier-historians.]

[HIST 265 Ancient Greece from Homer to Alexander the Great # Spring. 4 credits. Open to freshmen. Not offered 2000–2001. B. Strauss. A survey of Greece from the earliest times to the end of the Classical period in the late fourth century B.C. The course focuses on the Greek genius: its causes, its greatness, its defects, and its legacy. The Heroic Age, the city-state, ancient democracy, and the intellectual ferment of the Greek Enlightenment are the main topics of study. Readings in translation from Homer, Xenophon, Sophocles, Herodotus, Thucydides, Plato, Aristotle, and from the evidence of ancient inscriptions, coins, art, and architecture.]
HIST 268 A History of Rome from Republic to Principate (also CLASS 268)  
Summer and spring. 4 credits. Open to freshmen. J. Ginsburg.
A survey of Rome and its empire. This course will examine the foundation of Rome’s Mediterranean empire and its political, social, and economic consequences; the constitutional and social struggles of the late Republic; the transition from Republic to Principate; society and the Caesars; the nature and limits of governing a world empire; the interaction of pagans, Christians, and Jews in the Roman world.

HIST 334 Byzantine Theocracy: Church and State from the Fourth to Eighth Centuries, A.D. (also CLASS 335, NES 340 and RELST 340)  
Fall. 3 credits. S. Wessel.
From its origins in the fourth century A.D., Byzantine state and society was dominated by two competing yet complimentary sources of power on the emperor, the Emperor, Imperial Court, and administrative apparatus (imperium), and on the other, the immense ecclesiastical organization (sacerdotium) under the jurisdiction of the Patriarch of Constantinople and the four additional Patriarchs of the great ecclesiastical sees (Alexandria, Antioch, Jerusalem, and Rome). This course proposes to study the multifaceted interrelationship between these two institutions throughout the first five centuries of Byzantine Empire; and aims to examine the impact that these institutions had on the formation of Byzantine society, culture, and religion. A variety of literary sources will be considered, including ecclesiastical histories, secular historiography, acts of conciliar proceedings, letters, and theological treatises, as well as material sources, such as coins and images.

HIST 367 Representations of Women in Ancient Greece and Rome (also CLASS 363 and WOMNS 363)  
For description, see Class 363.1

HIST 422 War, Citizenship, and Identity in the Greco-Roman City-State (also S HUM 421)  
Spring. 4 credits. B. Strauss.
The city-states of Greece and Rome are famous and infamous for their bellicosity. This seminar examines the influence of war on ancient citizenship and identity. We will focus on three sets of questions: (1) To what extent were such ancient ideal types as the citizen-soldier and farmer-soldier real, to what extent are they myths? (2) Did such military institutions as the phalanx, legion, and galley promote equality and egalitarianism? If so, did they also promote liberty, whether in democracies or oligarchic republics? Or did they promote tyranny and Caesarianism? (3) To what extent did the military shape male and female identity? What are we to make of myths such as the Amazons? We will focus on the various forms of political activity in ancient Rome, including the role of women in Roman political life; what role does gender have in Roman political discourse and ideology? Why do issues such as family, marriage, and sexuality become subjects of political debate and legislation?

HIST 450 The Peloponnesian War (also HIST 450 and CLASS 450/653)  
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: History 265, Classics 211 or 217, or written permission of instructor. B. Strauss.
Famous as the subject matter of one of the most important books ever written about war—Thucydides’ history—the Peloponnesian War (431–404 B.C.) remains today the focus of study by historians, classicists, and political scientists. This course looks at the results of intensive and ongoing study by ancient historians and considers areas of future research. Topics include strategy, operations, and tactics; battle on land and sea; alliance politics, war and psychology; if the Peloponnesian War was really a historic turning point; war and ethics; Thucydides as a historian; and sources other than Thucydides. Graduate students should enroll in History 650.

HIST 452 The Tragedy of Classical Athens, 462–404 B.C.  
The nature of Athenian democracy, society, and culture in the “golden age” of Athens. The course will examine the influence of Athenian political life on the great tragedians of the age and the influence of tragedy on the Athenians’ conception of their character and history. Readings from Herodotus, Thucydides, Aeschylus, Sophocles, Euripides, Aristophanes, Plato, Aristotle, and Plutarch.

HIST 453 Crisis of the Greek City-State, 415–336 B.C.  
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. B. Strauss.
The fortunes of the city-state and citizen in an age of uncertainty. The focus is on Athens with some attention paid to the wider Greek world. Topics include the nature of Athenian politics, Athenian society, cultural change, and war between the city-states, crisis as a historical concept, and anthropology and ancient Greek translation. Readings include Thucydides, Sophocles, Euripides, Aristophanes, Plato, Aristotle, Demosthenes, and Xenophon.

HIST 463 Gender and Politics in the Roman World (also CLASS 463 and WOMNS 464)  
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: History 268, Classics 212, or permission of the instructor, J. Ginsburg.
This course will examine the relationship between gender and politics in the late Roman Republic and early Empire. Among the questions we will address are: Was politics the exclusive domain of men in Roman society (as is generally assumed) or does a broader definition of politics and an understanding of the various forms of political activity in ancient Rome might take allow a place for women in Roman political life? What role does gender have in Roman political discourse and ideology? Why do issues such as family, marriage, and sexuality become subjects of political debate and legislation?

HIST 465 Equality and Inequality in Ancient Greece (also CLASS 466)  
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: History 265, Classics 211 or 217, or written permission of the instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. B. Strauss.
We will examine equality and inequality in Archaic and Classical Greek city-states ca. 650–400 B.C., with an eye toward politics, society and economics, culture, and gender relations. The course will focus on concepts and institutions such as ancient democracy, tyranny, oligarchy, “middling” ideology, and slavery, as well as theories of equality. All readings in English.

HIST 473 Roman Society and Politics under the Julio-Claudians (also CLASS 480)  
For description, see Classics 480.

HIST 630 Topics in Ancient History (also CLASS 632)  
Fall. 4 credits. B. Strauss.

HIST 151 Introduction to Western Civilization  
Fall. 4 credits. S. Pohl.
For description see Ancient European History.

HIST 152 Introduction to Western Civilization  
Summer and spring. 4 credits. R. Weil and P. Holquist.
For description see Modern European History.

HIST 204 Seminar: Age of Atlantic Revolution  
Fall. 4 credits. Seminar designed for underclassmen but open to all students. Enrollment limited to 15 students. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. R. Weil.
"All the Atlantic Mountains shook," wrote the poet William Blake of the revolutions which toppled regimes across Europe and the Americas at the end of the eighteenth century. This course will explore the ideas, outcomes, and connections among events in America, France, Haiti, and Britain, through literary and philosophical texts: Wordsworth, Rousseau, Jefferson, Paine, Burke, Godwin, Tocqueville, and even Jane Austen.

HIST 211 Specters, Demons, and the Dead in European Society, 1200–1800  
Premodern Europeans believed that they could interact with supernatural apparitions in a variety of ways. The dead could return to admonish the living, demons might possess men and women, houses could be haunted by specters and poltergeists. What can we learn from a study of these beliefs about the ways in which Europeans regarded sin, punishment, the afterlife, and the role of the devil in their lives? What was the impact of the Reformation or the scientific revolution on these beliefs?

HIST 233 Seminar: The Politics of Religion in Early Modern Europe  
We will look at the impact of the reformation, counter-reformation and wars of religion on aspects of political, social, and cultural life in sixteenth-and seventeenth-century Europe, exploring shifts in gender relations, the problem of social control, the effect of religious conflict on the power of the state and its contested boundaries with the church, the relationship of elite and popular religion,
and the encounter of European missionaries with other cultures. Students will engage with primary sources.

[HIST 234 Seminar: Gender in Early Modern Europe (also WOMNS 234)]
Spring. 4 credits. Seminar designed for underclassmen but open to all students. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. R. Weil.
An inquiry into how masculinity and femininity were defined in early modern Europe. Questions to be explored include: What purpose did gender distinctions serve in this particular society? To what extent were men and women able to shape and redefine the meaning of their gender? How was their ability to do so affected by such events as the Reformation and the French Revolution?

[HIST 257 English History from Anglo-Saxon Times to 1485]
A lecture course examining the political, cultural, and social transformations during the Reformation era through an exploration of aspects of state formation and ecclesiastical order, social and religious protest, and deviant behavior. Special attention will be paid to the interaction of differing kinds of historiography and the historian's understanding of literature and its use as a primary source. Lectures and class discussions.

[HIST 275 Authority and Resistance in Europe, 1400–1600]#
Spring. 4 credits. S. Pohl.
A lecture course looking at the political, cultural, and social transformations during the Reformation era through an exploration of aspects of state formation and ecclesiastical order, social and religious protest, and deviant behavior. Special attention will be paid to the interaction of differing kinds of historiography and the historian's understanding of literature and its use as a primary source. Lectures and class discussions.

[HIST 285 The Crusades]
Fall. 4 credits. P. Hyams.
A lecture course examining the Crusading Movement and the States it produced from the eleventh century to the fall of the mainland Kingdom of Jerusalem in 1299. The historical themes this generates are almost unlimited. The course treats the Christianity and Chivalry of the Medieval West, the confrontation of this culture with those of the Mediterranean and Islam, and what is perhaps the cradle of Western Colonialism. The very concept of “Crusade” itself is problematic today and will continue to cast its shadow on U.S. dealings with the Middle East. Sometimes spectacular readings allow students to choose from a very wide range of paper topics, and enjoy an excellent introduction to every aspect of the long-gone world of the Middle Ages.

[HIST 262 The Middle Ages: Introduction and Sampler (also RELST 269)]#
Spring. 4 credits. P. Hyams.
As a single-semester introduction to the period, this survey aims to convey what was significant in that area of the “West” that was to become Europe, between the end of the Roman Empire and the Renaissance, from 395 to 1400. It thus takes a critical look at a formative period of Western Civilization. The course is organized into modules, the first of which surveys in five weeks the major public developments in Political and Church History over the period. Other modules focus in some depth on select aspects, such as technology, music, material resources, and religions. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. J. Najemy.

[HIST 263 The Earlier Middle Ages (also RELST 263)]#
A survey of medieval civilization from ca. 300 to ca. 1100 dealing with religious, intellectual, political, and economic developments in Western Europe.

[HIST 264 The High Middle Ages]#
A survey of medieval civilization 1100–1400, dealing with political, economic, religious, and intellectual developments in Western Europe. Special attention will be paid to the interaction of different kinds of historiography and the historian's understanding of literature and its use as a primary source. Lectures and class discussions.

[HIST 305 Britain, 1660–1815]#
Fall. 4 credits. R. Weil.
The British Isles from the Restoration of Charles II through the Napoleonic Wars. We will consider the domestic effects of war and Empire, luxury, commerce, and the public sphere; continuing conflicts over religious toleration, popular politics, and the relation of England to Ireland and Scotland. Readings include works by John Locke, Jonathan Swift, Adam Smith, Thomas Paine, Edmund Burke, and Jane Austen.

[HIST 349 Early Modern England]#
This course will explore the crises of political, religious, and cultural authority that plagued England in the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries. We will examine the political and cultural impact of the Protestant Reformation, the nature of Tudor despotism and Stuart absolutism, the construction of a rhetoric of political dissent around issues of sexuality and corruption, competing understandings of the social order and social control, the Puritan Revolution, and the invention of liberalism. Emphasis on close reading of contemporary sources, from autobiography and drama to political theory.

[HIST 350 The Italian Renaissance (also ITALL 221)]#
Spring. 4 credits. J. Najemy.
An exploration of intellectual, cultural, religious, and political developments in Italy from the political thought of Dante and Marsilius in the age of the communes, through the several stages of Humanism from Petrarch to Alberti to Pico, down to the crisis of Italian liberty in the generation of Machiavelli, Guicciardini, and Castiglione. The course will seek to problematize the notion of a “Renaissance” in the period's ambivalent attitudes toward history, politics, learning, culture, gender, language, and the role of intellectuals in politics and society. Emphasis will be placed on the close reading of primary sources and on issues of interpretation.

[HIST 351 Machiavelli (also ITALL 351)]#
This course will present Machiavelli in a variety of historical and interpretive contexts: European and Italian politics in the early sixteenth century; the decline of the Florentine republic and the rise of the Medicean principate; Machiavelli's own career in government and his, and the republic's, crisis in 1512–13; the intellectual traditions of Renaissance humanism, political thought, and the revival of antiquity; vernacular literary currents and popular culture; and the remarkable generation of political figures, writers, and theorists with whom Machiavelli associated and corresponded. Emphasis will be placed on a close reading of major works (including the letters, The Prince, the Discourses, Mandragola, and selections from The Art of War and the Florentine Histories, all in translation) and a critical examination, in the light of that reading, of some major modern interpretations of Machiavelli.

[HIST 361 The Culture of the Renaissance I (also ART H 350 and COM L 361)]#
For description, see COM L 362.

[HIST 364 The Culture of the Renaissance II (also COM L 362, ENGL 325, RELST 362, MUSIC 390)]#

[HIST 365 Medieval Culture, 400–1150 (also RELST 365)]#
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: History 263 or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. J. J. John.
Intellectual and cultural developments in the age of monasticism, from St. Augustine and St. Benedict to St. Anselm and St. Bernard of Clairvaux.

[HIST 366 Medieval Culture, 1100–1300 (also RELST 366)]#
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: History 264 or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. J. J. John.
The origin and development of the universities will be studied as background for a consideration of the scholastic mentality and its influence on the art, literature, philosophy, science, script, and theology of the period. Readings from Abelard, Hugh of St. Victor, Bonaventure, Thomas Aquinas, Dante, and others.

[HIST 368 Marriage and Sexuality in Medieval Europe (also RELST 368, WOMNS 368)]#
Few topics generate heat so readily as gender relations and sexuality. Behind the current controversies lie decisions made in the first Christian centuries, and formed up in the course of the Middle Ages, these still affect all of us, believers and unbelievers alike. This course studies Western attempts to deal with the problem of sexuality up to about 1500. The class will first clarify the church's normative rules of law and theology. Armed
with this framework, it will then turn to more specific topics, including homosexuality, prostitution, rape/abduction, and sexuality in medieval literature. The goal is to be able to compare the ideal model with the reality, and thus to assess the product the medieval church's pattern had on us and ourselves. No formal prerequisite, though some prior knowledge of medieval European history is desirable.

HIST 369 The History of Florence in the Time of the Republic, 1250-1530  
Fall. 4 credits. J. Najemy.
Florentine politics and society from the communal period through the age of Dante, the rise and decline of the guild republic, the age of civic humanism, and the rise of the Medici, to the crisis of the republic in the time of Machiavelli. Social classes and conflicts, the elite, economic structures, the working classes, guilds, family history, women, and political and historical ideas are considered in the context of the emergence and transformation of republican government.

HIST 405 Population and History  
For description, see Comparative History.

HIST 408 Feudalism and Chivalry: Secular Culture in Medieval France, 1000-300  
Fall. 4 credits. No prerequisites; History 262, 263 or 264 would help. P. Hyams.
An upper-level seminar on the main currents of noble lay culture in France, which led European fashions in love, warfare, entertainment, and environment through most of the period. There will be heavy emphasis on contemporary sources (in English), including lively and complete readings from epic literature (the Song of Roland), lives, and chronicles.

HIST 409 Seminar on Work in Europe and America  
For description see Comparative History.

HIST 427 Power and Society in Early Medieval Europe and Japan  
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: a course in medieval European or Japanese historical studies, or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000-2001. P. Hyams and J. Piggott.
This seminar will focus on structures, processes, and practices of society in early medieval Europe and Japan. It will provide a forum for discussion of the ways in which, in some very different societies, Europeans and Japanese handled power. We will also be interested in comparing historiographical methodologies employed and issues considered by historians of these societies.

HIST 444 Seminar: Witchcraft, Magic, and the Occult in Europe, 1400-1700  
Spring. 4 credits. Enrollment limited to 15 students. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. S. Pohl.
A study of attitudes toward magic, witchcraft, astrology, specters, and demons in late medieval and early modern Europe and what they reveal to us about religious beliefs, concepts of community, and gender relations. Special attention will be given to the role the Church played in defining the occult: which aspects it legitimated and which it condemned. Other topics include the influence of humanism, the Reformation, and the Scientific Revolution on attitudes toward the occult. We shall also undertake an analysis of the historiographical model which opposes "elite" to "popular" ideas. The course emphasizes close analyses of primary works, including literary and visual sources.

HIST 446 Law, Crime and Society in Europe, 1400-1700  
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered 2000-2001. S. Pohl.
This comparative study focuses on Germany, England, France, Italy and centers on the social and legal treatment of crimes of violence. Throughout the course, we shall consider the differences and similarities between English common law and continental legal systems. Major issues to be covered include the role of criminal justice, the fate of customary methods of conflict resolution in a time of increasing legal centralization, and the relationship between cultural and legal change. We shall approach these issues by examining, among other things, the development of criminal procedure, the role of lawyers, contested notions of criminal responsibility, and the self-presentation of defendants. The course emphasizes close readings of primary works, including trial documents and literary sources.

HIST 447 Crusaders and Chroniclers  
An intensive reading seminar offering a natural progression from History 259 The Crusades. It will examine contemporary accounts of the crusading movement in English translations. The twin goals are to follow select themes of crusading history to a deeper level than is possible in History 259 and to study medieval historiography through whole chronicles and other primary sources.

HIST 451 Lord and Peasant in Europe: A Seminar in Social History  

HIST 464 Murder, Warfare, and the State: Violence in Europe, 1300-1800  
Fall. 4 credits. Permission of instructor. S. Pohl.
An inquiry into forms of and attitudes toward violence in late medieval and early modern Europe. Questions to be explored include: How violent was premodern Europe compared to modern Europe? How did the various cultural legitimations of violence change over time? We will examine these questions by analyzing forms of interpersonal violence as well as violence orchestrated by the state, such as warfare and capital punishment.

HIST 468 Love and Sex in the Italian Renaissance (also ITALL 468)  
Fall. 4 credits. J. Najemy.
An exploration of the representation of love, sex, and eros in Italian Renaissance literature and the attempts by secular governments and the Church to manage, discipline, and punish sexual transgression. Primary texts include Boccaccio's Decameron, Fifteenth-Century Italian文献, plays by Machiavelli (Mandragra, Clizia) and Bibbiena (Calandria), and Aretino's Dialogues. Secondary readings include studies of sexual crime, love across social boundaries, prostitution, homosexuality, and lesbianism.

HIST 472 Politics and Culture in Eighteenth-Century England  
Between 1660 and 1800 England experienced imperial and economic expansion, the Enlightenment, and a revolution abroad and at home. How in this context did people interpret and imagine the nature of the social order, political authority, and the family? We will consider the changing and fiercely contested notions of property, politeness, crime and punishment, sexuality, Empire, slavery, and the market.

HIST 479 Patronage and the Medici (also ART H 446)  
Spring. 4 credits. J. Najemy and S. Reiss.
Between the early fifteenth and sixteenth centuries, the Medici family of Florence rose from the ranks of the city's merchant bankers to become virtual rulers of the republic, cardinals and popes in Rome, and eventually hereditary grand dukes of Tuscany. Much of
the family’s power and fame derived from two kinds of patronage: the social and political patronage that established their political influence; and the artistic and cultural patronage central to the fashioning of their image and the realization of their princely ambitions. This seminar will explore the connections between the two kinds of patronage with a focus on primary sources, works of art and architecture, and recent historical and art historical scholarship.

HIST 481 The English Revolution #
Fall. 4 credits. R. Weil. Between 1640 and 1660, England experienced two decades of civil war and revolution and embarked on a fascinating series of attempts to reorganize political and religious life. Women and the lower classes emerged as actors on the political stage, radical religious sects flourished, and the nature of authority was questioned in both the family and the state. This course will explore the political, cultural, religious, and social dimensions of the English Revolution, using mostly primary sources.

[HIST 496 Theorizing the Public Sphere (also COM L 496 and GERST 496)]
Fall. 4 credits. Not offered 2000–2001. P. Hohendahl. For description, see GERST 496.

[HIST 651 Old English Literature in Its Historical Context (also ENGL 710)] #
Spring. 4 credits. Not offered 2000–2001. P. Hyams, T. D. Hill. This graduate course, cross-listed with English 710, might equally be known as "Anglo-Saxon England: History and Literary Context." It studies the written sources for major questions of Anglo-Saxon history in their literary and cultural context. It concentrates on important texts extant in both Latin and Old English. Comparison can illuminate the resources and intentions of writers, compilers, and copyists, the literary and linguistic culture of England, and the ways in which historians might most fruitfully study such texts. Bede’s Ecclesiastical History and Battle of Maldon, Aelfric’s Collequies, selections from the Anglo-Saxon chronicle, Beowulf, laws, homilies, and wisdom literature are all likely to come under scrutiny. One goal is to reclaim for European religious history a corpus of material that historians neglect because it is in Old English.

HIST 653 England—Britain—Europe in the Middle Ages #
Spring. 4 credits. P. Hyams. This graduate seminar tentatively explores the coming move from the study of medieval English history to that of the British Isles and its inhabitants within the wider context of Europe and Western Christendom. Readings will mostly be representative original sources. The precise texts and topics studied will depend on the interests (and especially future teaching plans) of participants, but will certainly allow for a critical examination of existing literature on the general and cultural history of England, Scotland, Ireland, and Wales.

[HIST 663 Graduate Seminar in Renaissance History]

HIST 664-665 Seminar in Latin Paleography
664, fall; 665, spring. 4 credits each term. Hours TBA. J. J. John.

[HIST 666 Seminar in Medieval History]

[HIST 669 Politics, Power, and Culture in Early Modern England]
Fall. 4 credits. Not offered 2000–2001. R. Weil. An inquiry into how the ruling class ruled, and what that meant to and for everyone else. Topics include the invention of the "state," the relationship of central and local power; clientage and corruption; the construction of categories of "public" and "private," representations of monarchy, hegemony, and resistance; court culture, and the social interpretations of the English Revolution and their critics. Focus is on historiography and methodology, with some engagement with primary sources.

Modern European History

HIST 152 Introduction to Western Civilization (1600 to the End of World War II) #
Spring. 4 credits. P. Holquist and R. Weil. This course offers a comparative perspective on the development of nation-states, societies, and cultures in Europe and North America. Religious and scientific revolutions in early modern Europe; European expansion and conquest; Enlightenment and revolution; liberalism, capitalism, and communism; the politics of race, slavery, and the new imperialism; the World Wars and the Holocaust; the Cold War; the modern and the post-modern in European and American culture.

[HIST 220 The French Experience: An Introduction (also FRLIT 224)]
Fall. 3 credits. Not offered 2000–2001. S. Kaplan and M. Greenberg. An examination of French society culture and institutions. What has made French culture so distinctive? Its literature and its revolutions, its gastronomy and fashion, its painting, cathedrals, and cinemas? Looking attentively at texts, images, and contexts from selected moments in the seventeenth, eighteenth, nineteenth, and twentieth centuries, we will attempt to unravel some of the defining enigmas of the French experience. Two lectures/week in English and one section (one section conducted in English, one in French). Readings available both in French and English translation.

[HIST 267 History of Zionism and the Birth of Israel (also JWST 290, NES 290)]
Spring. 4 credits. Not offered 2000–2001. V. Caron. This course will examine the history of Zionism as an ideology and political movement from its origins in the nineteenth century to the present. Attention will be paid to situating Zionism within the context of modern Jewish, European, and Middle Eastern History. Topics will include: the ideological foundations of Zionism; the role of Theodor Herzl and the rise of political Zionism; the Balfour Declaration; the development of the Yishuv; Zionism as a cultural identity for Diaspora Jewry, the British mandate, the Arab-Zionist encounter; Zionist responses to the Holocaust; and Zionism and contemporary Israeli society.

[HIST 283 Europe in the Technological Age]
Spring. 4 credits. Not offered 2000–2001. J. Weiss. An introduction to politics, culture, and technology in contemporary Europe. In the sections on politics a survey of party systems, their interactions with social movements is followed by examinations of post-Communist constitution and political structures, the New Germany, and the European Union. The section on European culture pays special attention to the European press and electronic media as shapers and reflectors of cultural values. A section on the struggle over the control of the past deals with tensions and conflicts in European national memories. In the section on nationalism and ethnicity, political and cultural approaches are combined in consideration of the wars in former Yugoslavia as well as less violent conflicts between nationalists and members of ethnic minorities elsewhere in Europe. The section on technology deals with the design of products and processes as a cultural phenomenon, making cross-national comparisons of some of the social, cultural, and institutional influences on engineering performance.

[HIST 285 From Medievalism to Modernity: The History of Jews in Early Modern Europe, 1492–1789 (also NES 245, JWST 253)]
Fall. 4 credits. Not offered 2000–2001. V. Caron. This course will examine the history of European Jewry during the centuries of transition from the Middle Ages to the Modern Era. We will examine the extent to which traditional Jewish life began to break down during this period and thus paved the way for the emergence of modern Jewry. Topics will include the impact of the Spanish Expulsion of 1492; religious, intellectual, and socioeconomic dimensions of the Marrano dispersion, including Lurianic Kabbalah and the Jewish movement of Shabbetai Zevi; the establishment of Jewish communities in the West; the end of the "Golden Age" of Polish Jewry and the rise of Hasidism; the changing economic and political role of Jews in the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries; and the impact of the Enlightenment.

HIST 290 Twentieth-Century Russia and the Soviet Union
Spring. 4 credits. P. Holquist. An introductory lecture course spanning the lifetime of the USSR (1917–1991), but covering the last years of the Russian Empire and the first years of the post-communist present as well. Geographically, it focuses on the Russian heartland and the non-Russian areas of the Soviet Union. The course will explore the roots and consequences of the Russian Revolution, the nature and evolution of Leninism, Stalinism, and Soviet communism; the entrenchment of reform of the post-Stalinist system; and the legacy of communism for the region’s new regimes. Students are introduced to a wide variety of historical materials, including documents, essays, memoirs, literature, and film.

[HIST 291 Modern European Jewish History, 1789–1948 (also JWST 252)]
Jewish life in Europe experienced a profound transformation as a result of the process of Jewish emancipation which began at the end of the eighteenth century. While emancipation offered Jews unprecedented social, economic, and political opportunities, it also posed serious challenges to traditional Jewish life and values by providing new avenues of integration. This course will examine the ways in which Jewish and non-Jewish society responded to these new developments from the eighteenth century Enlightenment to the post-World War II era. Topics will include Jewish responses to emancipation, including assimilation and new varieties of religious accommodation; the development of modern antisemitism; the rise of Zionism and the creation of the state of Israel; the modernization of Eastern European Jewry; the impact of mass immigration; and the Nazi era. 

[HIST 355] The Old Regime: France in the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Centuries #
Fall. 4 credits. Not offered 2000-2001. S. Kaplan. A systematic examination of the social structure, economic life, political organization, and collective mentalities of a society that eclipsed all others in its time and then, brutally and irreversibly, began to age. France, in European perspective, from the wars of religion through the age of Voltaire.

[HIST 356] The Era of the French Revolution and Napoleon #
Spring. 4 credits. Not offered 2000-2001. S. Kaplan. A study of the failure of the traditional system, its destruction and its replacement in France, and the international consequences. Focus will be on the meaning of the revolutionary experience, the tension between the desires to destroy and to create, and the implications of the Revolution for the modern world.

[HIST 357] Survey of German History, 1648-1890 #
Fall. 4 credits. Open to freshmen with permission of instructor. Not offered 2000-2001. Next offered fall 2002. I. Hull. An examination of the social, political, intellectual, and diplomatic history of the German states from the devastation of the Thirty Years' War, through absolutism, the bourgeois revolutions of 1848, the struggle for unification, to the beginning of the modern industrial state.

[HIST 358] Survey of German History, 1890 to the Present #

[HIST 362] European Cultural History, 1750-1870 (also COM L 352) #
Fall. 4 credits. M. Steinberg. This course will focus on the making of middle-class culture, society, and imagination from the Enlightenment through the French Second Empire. There will be three units with national and thematic focus: Germany in the period of Enlightenment, emancipation, and the burgeoning of national consciousness, questions of law, property, gender, and sexuality in early-nineteenth-century England; modernism and urbanism in Second Empire France. Primary readings (including novels, paintings, and operas) will be considered along with contemporary historical and theoretical readings.

[HIST 363] European Cultural History, 1870-1945 (also COM L 353) #
Spring. 4 credits. M. Steinberg. This course will focus on the meanings of modernity, identity, and ideology in comparative European contexts. We will address the politics and culture of German nationalism, French urbanism and religious revival, the cultural origins of Expressionism, technological culture (including film), and the cultural origins and dynamics of fascism. As in 362, primary materials (including Wagner, Nietzsche, George Eliot, Freud, Benjamin, and Alfred Hitchcock) will be considered along with recent theoretical work.

[HIST 370] History of the Holocaust (also JWST 353) #
Spring. 4 credits. Each student must enroll in a section. Not offered 2000-2001. V. Caron. This course will analyze the meaning of the Holocaust from three vantage points: that of European history, that of Jewish history, and that of those states and religious institutions that shared responsibility by having stood by in silence. Topics include: the evolution of modern anti-semitism; the role of anti-semitism in the Nazi ideology and program; the bureaucratization of death; Jewish life in ghettos and concentration camps; the fate of Jews in occupied Europe and the question of collaboration; Jewish political behavior under duress; the responses of the Western allies and the Churches; contemporary interpretations of the Holocaust and the meaning of evil.

[HIST 371] World War II in Europe #
Fall or summer. 4 credits. J. Weiss. The Second World War remains the single most important set of events shaping the contemporary world. The course deals with both the events of World War II as they shaped European and world history and the way those events were remembered and commemorated in postwar years. Lectures, screenings, and readings examine: the dynamics and diplomacy of fascism, the re-invention of liberal-democratic and Communist culture, the end of colonial empires in the West, opposition movements in Eastern Europe, and the general upheaval of 1968.

[HIST 372] Europe in the Twentieth Century: 1968-1990 #
Spring. 4 credits. Not offered 2000-2001. J. Weiss. The major political developments in Europe between the upheavals of 1968 and the collapse of Communist regimes. Topics will include the effects of economic downturn in 1973-1974; the response to terrorism; regionalist movements; new ethnic minorities in their oppositions; Socialist governments in southern Europe; the arrival of democracy in Spain, Portugal, and Greece; new dynamics in the European Community; the rise of Thatcherism; the war scare of the 1980s; and the final phase of the Cold War.

[HIST 405] Population and History #

[HIST 406] The People in the French Revolution #
Fall. 4 credits. Not offered 2000-2001. S. Kaplan. The Revolution was nothing if not a mass event. Mass action played a critical part in shaping its course. The "re-invention" of France affected the population down to each village and demanded decisions from virtually every adult. This course will focus on the people as actors: their collective memory, their ideologies, their repertoire of intervention, the formation of a popular political culture. It will examine the encounters between the people (in their multiple incarnations) and the government, sites who sought to articulate and appropriate the Revolution. A major theme will be the tension of violence, and the emergence of millennial visions of the future.
HIST 674 Graduate Seminar in German History, 1770-1918

HIST 675 After the Divide: German Critical Theory of the Seventies and Eighties (also COM L 675 and GERST 675)
For description, see GERST 675.

HIST 678 Seminar in Modern European Social History

HIST 750 European History Colloquium
Fall and spring. 4 credits, each term. Kaplan, Holquist (fall); Steinberg, staff (spring).
A research colloquium designed for European history graduate students. The colloquium will offer a forum for students to present papers and to discuss the work of visiting scholars.

HIST 709 Introduction to the Graduate Study of History
Fall. 4 credits. Required of all first-year graduate students. S. Cochran and R. L. Moore.
The course is designed to introduce entering graduate students to crucial issues and problems in historical methodology that cut across various areas of specialization.

HISTORY OF ART
The Department of the History of Art provides a broad range of introductory and advanced courses in Western art (European and North American) and non-Western art (East and Southeast Asian, African), from antiquity to the present.

The Major
Department majors acquire a broad understanding of the history of art in several chronological and geographical areas: ancient, medieval, Renaissance, modern (Europe and North America), Southeast Asia, China, Japan, and Africa. Additionally, majors practice a range of art historical methods and interpretive strategies, including connoisseurship, dendrochronology, feminism, iconography, semiotics, and social history. Majors are encouraged to locate the history of art within allied humanities fields and the applied arts by taking courses in history, literature, history of architecture, and fine arts. The study of foreign languages is encouraged strongly.

Requirements for the Major
Prospective majors should consult the director of undergraduate studies. Students wishing to declare a major in the history of art should complete two courses at Cornell in the department by the end of their sophomore year. These courses should reflect the diversity of the departmental offerings. One must be at the 200 level, and one—but not both—must emphasize material either predominantly before 1800 or outside Europe/North America. These two courses are prerequisites for the major and a grade of C or above is required for admission; courses must be taken for a letter grade. These courses do count toward the total 44 credits. The major in the history of art requires 44 credits, 30 at the 300 level or above. The core requirements: proseminar, one 400-level area seminar, two courses in art outside Europe/North America; three courses in art predating 1800 (ancient, medieval, or Renaissance/Baroque). Majors must choose at least two courses from different categories. In addition to the 44 credits, majors are required to take two courses, approved by their advisers, in areas related to the history of art.

Honors
To become a candidate for the degree of Bachelor of Arts with honors in the history of art, a student must have a cumulative average of B+ for all courses taken in the department and in all arts and sciences courses. Application to write an honors thesis should be made to the director of undergraduate studies during the second term of the junior year. The application must include a summary of the proposed project, an endorsement by a faculty sponsor, and a copy of the student's transcript. In the senior year the honors candidate will include in his/her course load, History of Art 600 and 601. These courses address the research and writing of the senior thesis under the direction of the student's project adviser.

Course Numbering System
100-level courses are freshman writing seminars.
200-level courses are introductions to the major subdivisions of Western art and art outside the West.
300-level courses are intermediate courses addressing more specialized topics or epochs.
400-level courses are seminars primarily for advanced undergraduates and graduate students.
500-level courses are seminars primarily for graduate students.

First-Year Writing Seminars
For First-Year Writing Seminar offerings in the History of Art, see the John S. Knight Writing Program brochure. These courses may be used as freshman electives but not to satisfy the distribution requirement.

Courses
ART H 200 Art, Archaeology, and Analysis (also ARCH 285, MS&E 285, ENGR 185, GEOG 200, PHYS 200)
Fall. 4 credits. Staff.
For description see Geology 200.

ART H 202 Survey of European Art: Renaissance to Modern #
Summer only. 3 credits. Staff.
The major traditions and movements in western European art from the Renaissance to the modern period. Painting, sculpture, and architecture with an emphasis on painting.

ART H 220 Introduction to Art History: The Classical World (also CLASS 220) #
Fall. 4 credits. Each student must enroll in a section. J. Rife.
An overview of the art and archaeology of the Greek and Roman world. The sculpture, vase painting, and architecture of the ancient Greeks from the Geometric period through the Hellenistic, and the art of the Romans from the early Republic to the time of Constantine the Great.

ART H 221 Minoan-Mycenaean Art and Archaeology (also CLASS 221 and ARKEO 221) #
Spring. 3 credits. J. Coleman.
For description, see Classics 221.

[ART H 224 Archaeology in Action I (also CLASS 232 and ARKEO 232) #

[ART H 225 Archaeology in Action II (also CLASS 233 and ARKEO 233) #
Objects from the Classical, Hellenistic, and Roman periods are "dug" out of Cornell basements, identified, cleaned, restored, catalogued, and photographed and are...
considered in their appropriate historic, artistic, and cultural contexts.]

**ART H 230 Introduction to Art History: Monuments of Medieval Art (also RELST 230)** #

Spring. 4 credits. Each student must enroll in a section. C. Lazaro.

An introduction to the approaches to art history through a study of selected works of art from the Middle Ages: architecture, sculpture, painting, manuscript illumination, metalwork, and ivory.

**ART H 245 Introduction to Art History: Renaissance and Baroque Art #**

Fall. 4 credits. Each student must enroll in a section. C. Lazaro.

A survey of major works of European painting, sculpture, and architecture from 1400 to 1700. The focus is on preeminent artists, workshop methods, style, meaning, patronage, and the function of art in a range of social contexts. The course also covers the methods of art history currently practiced in Renaissance and Baroque studies. Weekly section meetings are required.

**ART H 260 Introduction to Art History: The Middle Ages #**

Spring. 4 credits. Not open to students who have taken History of Art 261. Each student must enroll in a section.

J. E. Bernstock.

A discussion of the most important developments in art from 1780 to the present. The emphasis is on major movements and artists such as Romanticism (Delacroix), Realism (Courbet), Impressionism (Monet), Post-Impressionism (van Gogh), Cubism (Picasso), Fauvism (Matisse), Surrealism (Miró), Abstract Expressionism (Pollock), and Pop Art (Warhol).

**ART H 261 Introduction to Art History: Modern Art**


An introduction to early modern art as it developed between the French Revolution and World War I. Both European and American movements are examined, including Romanticism, Impressionism, and Cubism. Units are organized around central figures such as Goya, Picasso, Matisse, Kandinsky, and Warhol. Lectures are supplemented with discussions of methods of inquiry, including social history and feminism, fundamental to interpreting works of art.

**ART H 270 Mapping America (also AM ST 270)**

Fall. 4 credits. Each student must enroll into a section. L. Meixner.

An introduction to American art from colonial mercantilism through the Great Depression. Through a variety of sources including maps, paintings, street festivals, political cartoons, photographs, and advertisements, we will explore the social and economic factors that shaped American identities. Emphasis on the representation of race, class, and ethnicity.

**ART H 280 Introduction to Art History: Approaches to Asian Art @ #**


Arranged according to selective focus and emphasis rather than broad chronological survey, this course introduces students to the varied responses of the Asian artist in diverse social, geographical, and historical contexts. Indian miniature paintings, Japanese prints, high-fired ceramics from Thailand and Vietnam, Indonesian textiles and jewelry, Javanese shadow-puppet theater, and Balinese ritual and performance traditions will be explored. A number of class sessions will meet in the Herbert F. Johnson Museum of Art.

**ART H 309 Dendrochronology of the Aegean (also CLASS 309 and ARKEO 309)**

Fall and spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Limited to 10 students. P. I. Kuniholm.

Participation in a research project of dating modern and ancient tree-ring samples from the Aegean and Mediterranean. Supervised reading and laboratory work. A possibility exists for summer fieldwork in Greece and Turkey.

**ART H 319 Art in the Daily Life of Greece and Rome (also CLASS 319)** #


Classical art is well reflected in the small items of daily life that are neglected frequently in the standard histories. This course looks at the making and decorating of household items in Greece and Rome in a variety of materials from clay to metal. The links between the commissions of the state and the tastes of the people are examined through their material culture.

**ART H 320 The Archaeology of Classical Greece (also CLASS 320)** #


**ART H 321 Mycenaean and Homer (also CLASS 321 and ARKEO 321)**


For description, see CLASS 321.

**ART H 322 Arts of the Roman Empire (also CLASS 350)** #

Fall. 4 credits. A. Ramage.

The visual arts in the service of the first world state. The course starts with the architecture, painting, and sculpture of the Etruscan and Republican periods and continues on to the monuments of the Imperial era in Italy and the provinces until the time of Constantine. Art made for private patrons is considered, along with the official presentations of the emperors.

**ART H 323 Painting in the Greek and Roman World (also CLASS 323)** #


**ART H 325 Greek Vase Painting (also CLASS 325)** #

Fall. 4 credits. A. Ramage.

A stylistic and iconographic approach to an art in which the Greeks excelled. The course will be arranged chronologically from the early (eleventh century B.C.), anonymous beginnings to the “personal” hands of identifiable masters of the fifth and fourth centuries B.C. Styles of cities other than Athens will be stressed.

**ART H 326 Greek Cities and Towns (also CLASS 326)** #


**ART H 332 Architecture in the Middle Ages (also ARCH 382, RELST 332)** #


A survey of medieval architecture from the Early Christian period to the Late Gothic (A.D. 300–1500). Considerable emphasis will be placed on the development of structural systems and on the form, function, and meaning of important medieval buildings.

**ART H 333 Early Medieval Art and Architecture #**


Sculpture, painting, and architecture in the period from the late antique through the Carolingian era (A.D. 300–900). The evolution of the early Byzantine tradition will also be considered.

**ART H 335 Gothic Art and Architecture (also RELST 335)** #


An examination of Italian art, beginning with twelfth-century Sicily, and with emphasis on thirteenth- and fourteenth-century sculpture, painting, and to a lesser extent, architecture, which includes the works of Duccio, Giotto, the Pisani, and Lorenzetti as the prelude to the Italian Renaissance.
ART H 337 The Medieval Illuminated Book (also RELST 337) #
G. Calkins.
A study of selected major examples of medieval illuminated manuscripts from between A. D. 300 and 1500. Facsimiles of major manuscripts such as the Lindisfarne Gospels, the Book of Kells, and the Hours of Mary of Burgundy will be examined. Students will write a research paper on a manuscript of their choice. Two lectures, plus a session each week in the Rare Book Room.]

ART H 341 Flemish Painting (also RELST 342) #
G. Calkins.
An examination of Flemish painting in the fifteenth century, with emphasis on the works of Robert Campin, Jan van Eyck, Roger van der Weyden, Hugo van der Goes, Hans Memling, and ending with Jerome Bosch. Issues of the social, economic, and devotional context will be discussed as they pertain to the particular development of Northern Realism and Symbolism during this century.

ART H 343 Italian Renaissance of the Fifteenth Century #
C. Lazzaro.
This course examines the artistic production of the fifteenth century in its social and cultural context. The new style, which was developed in Florence in the early century and spread to other city-states in Italy, is examined in the context of the new educated class, the increased wealth of the mercantile, urban class, and the new role of family in society.

ART H 344 Italian Renaissance of the Sixteenth Century: Leonardo, Michelangelo, and Raphael #
C. Lazzaro.
This course focuses on the three great artists of the late fifteenth and sixteenth centuries, Leonardo, Michelangelo, and Raphael. It examines each as a thinker as well as an artist, through their own writings together with their work of painting, sculpture, and architecture. It also analyses the contemporary constructions of the artist as genius and as courtier in the biographies and other writings about them.

ART H 345 Rome, Florence, and Venice in the Sixteenth Century #
C. Lazzaro.
This course examines the distinctive cultural identities of Rome, Florence, and Venice, and how art, architecture, and urban planning served to create the myths and self-images of these cities, their rulers, and society. Topics include the centers of power, relationship of church and state, and private patronage and collections.

ART H 348 Renaissance Art in Northern Europe: The Sixteenth Century #
Spring. 4 credits. S. Hassan.
This course will examine the painting, graphic arts, and sculpture of Northern Europe in the sixteenth century. Principal emphasis will be on art produced in the Netherlands and Germany. Topics to be considered include patronage and audiences in different regions of Northern Europe, the importance of fifteenth-century traditions, the impact of Italian art, and the development of specifically northern forms of artistic expression in religious and secular art, including landscape, portraiture, and genre painting. Among the themes we will explore are constructions of gender and representations of women in Northern Renaissance art. The artistically rich towns and the urban lower classes, the impact of the Protestant Reformation and iconoclasm, and the development of the art market in the North. Artists to be considered include Bosch, Bruegel, Dürer, and Grünewald.

ART H 350 The Culture of the Renaissance I (also HIST 361 and COM L 361) #

ART H 351 The Culture of the Renaissance II (also COM L 362, HIST 364, MUSIC 390, RELST 362, ENGL 325) #
W. J. Kennedy, C. Kaske.
For description, see COM L 362.

ART H 353 Art and Death in Europe: 1250–1600 #
S. Reiss.
This course will explore the cultural, religious, and political contexts in which the visual arts and the developed arts and ideas of the funerary and mortuary rituals of Europe from the thirteenth through the sixteenth centuries. Topics to be considered include the expression of death in the art forms of sculpture, painting, and architecture, the symbolic and physical nature of the art and its relationship to the processions, rituals, and ceremonies of mourning and commemoration, the political and religious implications of the art, and the changing cultural attitudes towards death, the relation between death and eroticism, funerary rituals, and especially, tomb sculpture and mortuary structures in Italy, France, the Netherlands, Germany, England, and Spain.

ART H 360 Painting and Everyday Life in Nineteenth-Century America (also AM ST 360) #
L. L. Meixner.
Nineteenth-century American painters often constructed images of "exceptionalism," DeToqueville's term for the social harmony and material abundance he considered unique to the New World. Embedded in these icons of national cohesion, however, were signs of race, class, and political conflict that we will decode through interdisciplinary methods. We will explore England and the United States as "exceptional" in the context of European and world history. Topics will include portraiture and commodity, Hudson River landscape and corporate (railroad) patronage, images of African-Americans and Reconstruction, images of Native Americans, the West, and humanitarianism. Through these, we will challenge the assumption that American art celebrated democracy, and consider more conflicted attitudes. Our key artists include John S. Copley, George Caleb Bingham, Winslow Homer, Mary Cassatt, and Thomas Eakins. Our readings include art historical texts and others by Poe, Emerson, and Whitman.

ART H 362 Impressionism in Society #
L. L. Meixner.
This course discusses French Impressionist images as the products of a century-long public life. By relating Impressionism to the state culture of the Third Republic, including universal expositions, we will trace subversive themes such as criminality, cafe and brothel societies, class-conscious prostitution, and class-regulated leisure. Alongside the "Haussmannization" of Paris and urban commodity culture, we will consider French agrarian identity, landscape, and utopia.

ART H 365 U.S. Art From FDR to Reagan (also AM ST 355)
Fall. 4 credits.
J. E. Bernstock.
Major artists and movements in the United States since 1940, beginning with Jackson Pollock and Abstract Expressionism, and continuing through recent developments in art. Attention is devoted to the critical reception that artists have received and to artists' statements themselves.

ART H 370 Visual Culture and Social Theory (also GOVT 375 and COM L 368)
Fall. 4 credits.
S. Buck-Morss.
For description, see Government 375.

ART H 371 Architectural History of Washington, D.C. #
Fall or spring. Variable credit. Only for students in the Cornell-in-Washington program. Only for non-architects. P. Scott. A historical and critical survey of the architecture of Washington. Attention will be given to the periods, styles, architects, and clients—public and private—of the notable buildings and to the urban space of the nation's capital. The vocabulary of architectural analysis and criticism will be taught. Field trips required.

ART H 377 African American Art (also AS&R C 304)
Spring. 3 credits.
S. Hassan.
For description, see AS&RC 304.

ART H 378 Art in African Culture and Society (also AS&R C 310) @
Fall. 3 credits.
S. Hassan.
For description, see AS&RC 310.

ART H 380 Introduction to the Arts of China (also ARKEO 380 and ASIAN 383) @
Fall. 4 credits.
A. Pan.
This course offers a survey of the art and culture of China, from the Neolithic period to the twentieth century. We begin with an inquiry into the meaning of national boundaries and the controversy of the Han Chinese people, which will help us identify the scope of Chinese culture. Our main concern (for prehistoric Chinese culture will be presented through both legends about the origins of the Chinese and scientifically excavated artifacts. Art of the dynastic and modern period will be presented in light of contemporaneous social, political, geographical, philosophical and religious contexts. Students will work directly with objects in the Herbert F. Johnson Museum of Art.

ART H 384 Introduction to the Arts of Japan @
Spring. 4 credits.
A. Pan.
A civilization more deeply a part of the Asian continent, Japan developed a unique culture that reflects both continental and indigenous characteristics. This course examines pre-and post-contact with continental culture and the process of artistic acculturation and assimilation in successive periods of Japanese art history.

ART H 385 Representation and Meaning in Chinese Painting (also ASIAN 384)
A. Pan.
Using major monuments of art, this course introduces various aspects of Chinese painting through socio-political and religious history. The focus is on understanding the aesthetic criteria, artistic movements, stylistic transformations, and agendas of different social
classes. Weekly sections will meet at the Herbert F. Johnson Museum so that students can gain first-hand experience examining and handling Chinese paintings.)

**ART H 395 The House and the World:** Architecture of Asia (also ASIAN 394)  
Spring. 4 credits. K. McGowan.  
In many Asian societies, houses are regarded as having a life force or a vitality of their own. This course will examine the role of the house as a living organism in Asia, a symbol of the cosmos encapsulated. Houses also function in many societies as storehouses for material and immaterial wealth; artifacts such as textiles, jewelry, sculptures, and masks function within the house as ancestral heirlooms, conveying their own currents of life force, the power from which serving to blend with the vitality of the house. This accumulation of energy can be conferred on the inhabitants, or it may exist as a quiet reservoir of power, distinct from its occupants. The indigenous architectural traditions of India, Vietnam, Thailand, Indonesia, and the Philippines will be examined. By studying the inhabited spaces of others, divining their technologies of construction and their applied symbologies, students will be provided with powerful tools for examining the visual skills and sensibilities of other cultures. “The House and the World” will serve as the metaphor for these discover.

**ART H 396 The Arts of Southeast Asia  (also ART H 396)  
The arts of Southeast Asia will be studied in their social context, since art plays a role in most of the salient occasions in life in traditional societies. Special emphasis will be devoted to developments in Indonesia, Thailand, and Cambodia. Among topics covered will be the shadow puppet theater of Java, textiles, architecture, sculpture, and Bali’s performance tradition.

**Seminars**

Courses at the 400 and 500 level are open to upperclass students, majors, and graduate students. All seminars involve the writing and presentation of research papers. Enrollment is limited to 15 students, and permission of the instructor is required. Students may repeat courses that cover a different topic each semester.

**ART H 400 Proseminar for Art History Majors: The History and Practice of Art History**  
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: History of Art majors only. Enrollment is limited. C. Lazzaro.  
This seminar examines the history of the discipline of art history and focuses on the various approaches and methods of its practitioners. We begin with the early history of the discipline, but concentrate on the twentieth century and the concerns with style, iconography, social history, and the post-structuralist theories of the last decades.

**ART H 401 Independent Study**  
Fall or spring. 2–4 credits. May be repeated for credit. Prerequisite: permission of a department faculty member. Individual investigation and discussion of special topics not covered in the regular course offerings, by arrangement with a member of the department.

**ART H 402 Independent Study**  
Fall or spring. 2–4 credits. May be repeated for credit. Prerequisite: permission of a department faculty member. Individual investigation and discussion of special topics not covered in the regular course offerings, by arrangement with a member of the department.

**ART H 403 Ritual, Play, Spectacle, Act: Performing Culture (also THEATR 403 and 603)**  
Fall. 4 credits. R. Schneider.  
For description, see Theatre 403.

**ART H 407 The Museum and the Object**  
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. All classes will meet in the Johnson Art Museum Study Gallery. L. Meixner.  
This seminar gives advanced Art History majors the opportunity to work directly with original objects from collections in the Herbert F. Johnson Museum. The course focuses on art and connoisseurship by questioning the ways quality is determined in works of art. Topics include methods of attribution, fakes and forgeries, technical analysis and theory, conservation, art education and theories of perception. Session leaders include the curatorial staff of the art museum.

**ART H 417 The Vertical City (S HUM 417)**  
Fall. 4 credits. P. Saint-Amour.  
During the mid-nineteenth century, ballooning and photography made possible a new kind of image: the aerial photograph. This seminar will investigate the cultural, political, and ethical deployments of aerial perspective before and after the advent of aerial photography, particularly in relation to the bird’s eye view of the city. Focal texts may include writings by Lesage, Dickens, Mayhew, Nadar, Conrad, Wells, Marinetti, Stein, Joyce, Woolf, Jolas, Waugh, Benjamin, and de Certeau; images by Nadar, Picasso, Picabia, Ernst, and Mondrian; and films by Clair and Vertov.

**ART H 423 Ceramics (also CLASS 423 and ARKEO 423)**  
Bronze Age, Greek, and Roman pottery specimens from Near-East and Mediterranean will be used to provide direct experience of one of the basic prerequisites of archaeological excavation—the identification and dating of pottery types. Reports, delivered in class, will concern ancient ceramic materials or particular types and periods of ceramics. Practical experience in making and decorating pottery will be encouraged.

**ART H 424 Sardis and the Cities of Asia Minor (also ARKEO 423 and CLASS 432)**  

**ART H 425 Seminar on the Bronze Age Architecture of the Near East (also CLASS 430 and ARKEO 425)**  
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. P. I. Kuniholm.  
The course will cover major architectural building programs of the Neolithic Catal Hüyük, Beycesultan, to the final phases of Troy and Hittite Bogazköy. The art and archaeology of these civilizations will be taken into account when relevant. Reading knowledge of German useful.

**ART H 427 Seminar on Roman Art and Archaeology (also CLASS 435 and ARKEO 435)**  

**ART H 430 America in the Camera’s Eye (also HIST 430 and AM ST 430.2)**  
Fall. 4 credits. R. L. Moore.  
For description see History 430.

**ART H 434 The Rise of Classical Greece (also ARKEO 434 and CLASS 434)**  
The art and archaeology of the Greek dark ages. Topics include: site reports, pottery, metalworking, the introduction of the alphabet, the beginnings of coinage, and links with Anatolia and the Near East.

**ART H 444 Early Medieval Jerusalem**  
Spring. 4 credits. L. Jones.  
This course explores the development of Jerusalem from Herod to al-Hakim, under Roman, Byzantine, and Islamic domination. Students will examine the evolution of the physical and the symbolic city and will investigate the visual expression of religious, cultural, and ethnic identity in art and architecture.

**ART H 446 Renaissance Patronage and the Medicis (also HIST 479)**  
Spring. 4 credits. S. Reiss and J. Najemy.  
Between the early fifteenth and later sixteenth centuries, the Medici family of Florence rose from the ranks of the city's merchant bankers to become virtual rulers of the republic, cardinals and popes in Rome, and, eventually, hereditary grand dukes of Tuscany. Much of the family's power and fame derived from two kinds of patronage: the social and political patronage that first established their faction and party and then enabled them to maintain control, and the artistic and cultural patronage that was central both to the fashioning of the family's image and to the realization of its princely ambitions. This interdisciplinary seminar will explore the connections between the two types of patronage employed so effectively by the Medici. We will focus on primary source materials, on works of art and architecture, and on recent historical and art historical scholarship concerned with the Medici and with patronage in Renaissance Italy.

**ART H 448 Studies in Sixteenth-Century European Art**  
Topic: Constructing the Self in the Sixteenth Century. This seminar examines portraits, self-portraits, autobiographies, and biographies, as well as treatises on etiquette and behavior. In this society, "civility," the mark of class and education, was conveyed through bearing, gesture, manners, and speech, as well as social organization and artistic interests, all of which are evident in visual and verbal representations of individuals.

**ART H 450 Women in Italian Renaissance Art (also WOMNS 451)**  
This seminar examines representations of the Madonna and Child from the fourteenth and fifteenth centuries, the narrative scenes painted on chests and other domestic furniture, biblical and historical heroines such as Judith and Roxelana, portraits of patrician women and courtesans, and violence to furniture, biblical and historical heroines such as Judith and Lucretia, portraits of patrician painted on chests and other domestic especially with how visual images are and gender roles in society that inform these representations. We will discuss the existing critical frameworks for interpreting them in feminist art history and theory (particularly in Renaissance studies). We will be concerned particularly with how visual images are encoded with meaning, what kind of relationship can be established with their historical context, and how they convey social constructs as ideology.


This seminar has several aims: to introduce students to prints—the techniques, styles, and issues of connoisseurship—and to the major printmakers of the period, including Mantegna, Rosso Fiorentino, Dürer, and Rembrandt; to give students first-hand experience with works of art in the Herbert F. Johnson Museum; and to consider the social and cultural issues raised in the medium of prints and through their unique visual language. These issues include the social hierarchies of class and gender (including witches), moral concerns and religious devotion, the construction and transmission of notions of antiquity and classicism, and the representation of the urban and rural environment. Students will give brief presentations on prints in the collection and longer ones of their own research projects on these and related topics.]

[ART H 461 Art and Social Histories (also COM L 461) # Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Auditing is not permitted. L. L. Meixner.

Topic for spring 2001: Landscape as Ideology. This seminar considers images of land as cosmos, empire, fantasy, memory, and marvel. We will approach this issue—land and capital—via Old and New World encounters, the political picturesque, rural enclosure, the Grand Tour and the tourist sublime, colonial and post-colonial spaces, the “greening of capitalism,” the feminization of nature, and the transparency of utopia. In addition to art historical texts, our readings include the diaries of artist-explorers, discovery and conquest narratives, nature writing, and ecocriticism. Daisyрю, Thomas, S. J. Gould, and Greenblatt number among our authors. Traversing boundaries, we will discuss illuminated manuscripts, early modern pastoralists (Europe and England), images of the frontier (United States and Russia), the body as map, earth art, national parks, the Land of Oz, and Eurodisney.


Topic for spring 2001: Early Modernism in America. Using the Armory Show (1913) as its center, this interdisciplinary seminar examines the varied expressions of American modernism prior to World War II. Against the backdrop of post-World War I social politics and the Jazz Age, we will examine: the machine aesthetic and kinetic poetry, icons such as the Brooklyn Bridge by O’Keeffe, Steiglitz, and the rise of photography at "291," American Dada, the Harlem Renaissance, and the introduction of homoerotic imagery. Aside from major artists, key figures include Gertrude Stein, Dos Passos, Hart Crane, and Ernest Hemingway.]

[ART H 463 Studies in Modern Art Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. J. E. Bernstock.

Topic for fall 2000: An Analysis of Abstract Art in Europe (1910–1920). Various reasons have been cited for the emergence of abstract art in Europe between 1910 and 1920. This seminar will consider the historical context, the philosophical literature, and the developments in art criticism that had a bearing on the evolution of abstract art in the Netherlands, Germany, and Russia.

[ART H 464 Studies in Modern Art Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Art History 365 and permission of instructor. Auditing is not permitted. J. E. Bernstock.

Topic for spring 2001: Subjectivism in Art of the 1980s. This seminar examines the tendency toward a subjective form of art in the United States and in Germany during the 1980s, and the reasons for its international impact. The political and economic circumstances in the two countries as well as related art criticism will be studied.]


This seminar will be devoted to a study of the work of women artists from antiquity to the present. The works of the most prominent women artists from each period will be studied in relation to the changing roles of women in society. The artists to be studied include Jennifer Bartlett, Artemisia Gentileschi, Georgia O'Keeffe, Louise Nevelson, Joan Mitchell, Judy Chicago, and Barbara Kruger.]

[ART H 471 Flanerie, Postcolony, Publics (also S HUM 410) Fall. 4 credits. H. N. Mustafa.

For description, see S HUM 410.]


[ART H 478 African Cinema (also AS&RC 435) # Fall. 4 credits. S. Hassan.

For description, see AS&RC 435.]

[ART H 480 Three Friends of the Cold # Fall. 4 credits. A. Pan.

Plants have traditionally been imbued with special meanings in Chinese culture, and with the spread of Confucianism, many noble characteristics associated with plants were introduced to Korea and Japan. The "three friends of the cold," pine, bamboo, and plum blossom, have appeared in art and literature throughout the centuries in these three East Asian countries. Using the collection at the Herbert F. Johnson Museum, this course offers an opportunity for students to learn methods of organizing an exhibition on this specific theme. Using hands-on experience, students will help plan, select objects, conduct research, and write wall labels for the exhibition.

[ART H 481 Art of the Tang Dynasty (618–907) (also ASIAN 479) # Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: ART H 383 or a course in Chinese history or Chinese literature and permission of instructor required. A. Pan.

This seminar explores art and culture of the Tang dynasty, China's "golden age," by focusing on new discoveries and museum objects representing court, secular, and Buddhist art. We will examine how imperial taste, patronage, and aesthetics influenced painting, calligraphy, gold and silver wares, ceramics, and important architectural and cave-temple sites.


This seminar surveys arts of the Song dynasty, a period of introversion and high refinement. Through reading, viewings, and visits to the Herbert F. Johnson Museum of Art, students will gain knowledge of painting (landscape, figure, horse, flower-and-bird, literati traditions, and theories), calligraphy, Song antiquarianism, imperial patronage, religious art (painting, sculpture, and temples), and ceramics.]

[ART H 490 Art and Collecting: East and West (also ASIAN 491) # Spring. 4 credits. K. McGowan.

This course examines the social life of things, focusing in particular on the collection as an organizing metaphor for cross-cultural exploration. By examining biographies of objects, and the extent of their influence, it will be possible to observe the transformation of gifts or heirlooms into commodities and vice versa as constellations of cultures appropriate objects and ideas across vast distances, East and West. India, Europe, China, America, Japan, and Mainland and Island Southeast Asia will be examined at different points from the spread of Confucianism, the spread of Buddhist art, the introduction of homoerotic imagery, and the spread of the spread of Confucianism, the spread of the spread of Confucianism, the spread of Buddhist art, the introduction of homoerotic imagery, and the spread of Buddhist art.]

[ART H 520 Seminar in Classical Archaeology (also CLASS 630 and ARKEO 520) Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. J. Coleman.

For description, see Classics 630.]

[ART H 531 Problems in Medieval Art and Architecture (also RELST 531) Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. R. G. Calkins.

Topic for spring 2001: Narrative and Miniatures in Medieval Illuminated Manuscripts. An investigation of how narrative, Biblical and secular, is illustrated in medieval manuscripts. The relationship of these miniatures to the physical structure of the book, to the context of the text, and to other similar cycles of illustrations will be examined using facsimiles of relevant manuscripts and the manuscripts themselves.]

ART H 601 Honors Work
Fall or spring. 8 credits. Prerequisite: History of Art 600.
The student under faculty direction will prepare a senior thesis.

HUNGARIAN
See Departments of Linguistics and Russian.

INDONESIAN
See Department of Asian Studies.

FALCON PROGRAM (INDONESIAN)
See Department of Asian Studies.

ITALIAN
See Department of Romance Studies.

JAPANESE
See Department of Asian Studies.

JAVANESE
See Department of Asian Studies.

KHMER (CAMBODIAN)
See Department of Asian Studies.

KNIGHT, JOHN S., WRITING PROGRAM
See John S. Knight Writing Program in "Special Programs and Interdisciplinary Studies."

KOREAN
See Department of Asian Studies.

LATIN
See Department of Classics.

LINGUISTICS
A. Cohn, chair (204 Morrill Hall); D. Zec, director of graduate studies (219 Morrill Hall); W. Harbert, director of undergraduate studies (210 Morrill Hall); D. Abusch, J. Bowers, W. Browne, C. Collins, M. Diesing, S. Hertz, S. McConnell-Ginet, A. Nussbaum, M. Rooth, C. Rosen, M. Suiter, M. Weiss, J. Whitman, J. Wolff.

Linguistics, the systematic study of human language, lies at the crossroads of the humanities and the social sciences, and much of its appeal derives from the special combination of intuition and rigor that the analysis of language demands. The interests of the members of the Department of Linguistics and linguistic colleagues in other departments span most of the major subfields of linguistics: phonetics and phonology, the study of speech sounds; syntax, the study of how words are combined; semantics, the study of meaning; historical linguistics, the study of language change over time; sociolinguistics, the study of language’s role in social and cultural interactions; and applied linguistics, which relates the results of linguistic research to problems of bilingual education, second-language learning, and teaching.

Studying linguistics is not a matter of studying many languages. Linguistics is a theoretical discipline with ties to such areas as cognitive psychology, philosophy, logic, computer science, and anthropology. Nonetheless, knowing particular languages (e.g., Spanish or Japanese) in some depth can enhance understanding of the general properties of human language. Not surprisingly, then, many students of linguistics have an interest in a period of exposure to a foreign language, and those who come to linguistics by some other route find their knowledge about languages enriched and are often stimulated to embark on further foreign language study.

Students interested in learning more about linguistics and its relationship to other disciplines in the humanities and social sciences are encouraged to take Linguistics 101, a general overview, which is a prerequisite for most other courses in the field, or one of the first-year writing seminars offered in linguistics (on topics such as metaphor and the science of language). Linguistics 101 and other introductory courses fulfill the social science distribution requirement. Most 100- and 200-level courses have no prerequisites and cover various topics in linguistics (e.g., LING 170, Introduction to Cognitive Science; LING 285, Linguistic Theory and Poetic Structure) or focus on the linguistics of a particular geographic region or historical development of particular languages (e.g., LING 217, History of the English Language; LING 239, The Celtic Languages). Some of these courses also fulfill the breadth requirements.

Talks and discussions about linguistics are offered through the Undergraduate Linguistics Forum and the Cornell Linguistic Circle. These meetings are open to the university public and anyone wishing to learn more about linguistics is most welcome to attend.

The Major
For questions regarding the linguistics major, contact Professor Wayne Harbert (210 Morrill Hall, 255-8441, weh2@cornell.edu).

The prerequisite for a major in linguistics is the completion of Linguistics 101 and either Linguistics 201 or 203. The major has its own language requirement, which should be completed as early as possible: qualification in two languages other than English (one of which must be either non-European or non-Indo-European). With approval of the department’s director of undergraduate studies, this requirement may be waived (i.e., reduced to the normal arts college language
The other standard requirements for the linguistics major are as follows:

1) Linguistics 201 (Introduction to Phonetics and Phonology) or Linguistics 203 (Introduction to Syntax and Semantics), whichever one was not taken as a prerequisite to the major

2) Linguistics 314 (Historical)

3) Three of the following five courses, one of which must be either Phonology I or Syntax I:
   - Linguistics 301 (Phonology I)
   - Linguistics 303 (Syntactic I)
   - Linguistics 309 (Morphology)
   - Linguistics 319 (Phonetics I)
   - Linguistics 421 (Semantics I)

4) A course at or beyond the 300 level in the structure of English or some other language, or a typological or comparative structure course such as Linguistics 401 or Field Methods (Linguistics 300)

5) One additional linguistics course for at least four credit hours, which may be a course with significant linguistic content in a related field.

Some substitutions to these standard requirements are possible after consultation with your adviser and approval by the DUS.

Honors

Applications for honors should be made during the junior year or by the start of fall term of the senior year. Candidates for admission must have a 3.0 (B) average overall and should have a 3.2 average in linguistics courses. In addition to the regular requirements of the major, the candidate for honors will complete an honors thesis and take a final oral examination in defense of it. The thesis is usually written during the senior year but may be started in the second term of the junior year when the student's program so warrants. The oral examination will be conducted by the honors committee, consisting of the thesis adviser and at least one other faculty member in linguistics. Members of other departments may serve as additional members if the topic makes this advisable. Linguistics 493 and 494 may be taken in conjunction with thesis research and writing but are not required.

Courses

First-Year Writing Seminars

LING 100 Language, Thought, and Reality
For descriptions, see freshman writing seminar brochure.

LING 101 Introduction to Linguistics
Fall or spring. 4 credits each term. Fall, W. Harbert. 
Spring. 3 credits. W. Harbert. 
D. Dressing.

An introductory course designed to provide an overview of the science of language, especially its theoretical underpinnings, methodology, and major findings. The course focuses on the basic analytic methods of several subfields of linguistics including phonetics, phonology, morphology, syntax, semantics, language variation, language change, and psycholinguistics.

LING 109 English Words: Histories and Mysteries (also CLASS 109) @ # 
Fall. 3 credits. M. Weiss.
Where do the words we use come from? This course will survey the history and structure of the English vocabulary from its distant Indo-European roots to the latest in technical jargon and slang. Topics to be discussed include formal and semantic change, taboo and euphemism, borrowing, new words from Old "learned" English, loans from Greek and Latin, slang, and society.

LING 131-132 Elementary Sanskrit (also CLASS 131-132 and SANSK 131-132)
For description, see SANSK 131-132.

LING 170 Introduction to Cognitive Science (also COGST 101, COM S 101, PHIL 191, and PSYCH 102)
For description, see COGST 101.

LING 201 Introduction to Phonetics and Phonology
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: LING 101 or equivalent or permission of instructor.

An introduction to the study of human speech sounds and how they pattern in languages. The first part of the course will focus on phonetics: the production, acoustics, and perception of speech, with attention to both the common and the less common sounds of the world's languages. The second part of the course will focus on phonology: how human speech sounds pattern within and across languages, with an emphasis on the rules that govern these patterns and their possible representation.

LING 203 Introduction to Syntax and Semantics
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: LING 101 or equivalent or permission of instructor. S. McConnell-Ginet.
This course focuses on language as a system of knowledge that enables native speakers to create and interpret the structures of their language. Part of the course will consider issues of syntactic structure, such as the order of constituents, the hierarchical organization of grammars, and syntactic universals. The other part of the course will focus on meaning and interpretation, addressing such issues as the role of context, how information is structured, and how it is encoded in the syntax.

LING 212 Language and Culture
We often assume that there is a close relationship between differences in language and cultural variation. This course focuses on that relationship, beginning with an examination of the linguistic relativity hypothesis, which posits a link between basic properties of languages and crosscultural differences in human knowledge. We also examine potential cultural determinants of variation in language: pronouns and honorific systems, systems of ritual and taboo in language, and the impact of narrative organization on grammar. Special attention is paid to extreme forms of language: invented languages from Esperanto to Klingon, glossolalia and trance languages, language games and secret languages.

LING 215/715 Psychology of Language (also PSYCH 215)
For description, see PSYCH 215.

LING 216 Mathematical Linguistics
The course is an introduction to the mathematical concepts and techniques most frequently used in theoretical linguistics.

LING 217 History of the English Language (also ENGL 217) @
This course explores the development of the English language from its Indo-European beginnings to the present. Topics covered include changes in sound, vocabulary and grammatical structure, external influences, Old English, Middle English, Standard English, dialects, and World Englishes.

LING 220 Introduction to Southeast Asian Languages and Linguistics @
Fall. 3-4 credits variable. For nonmajors or majors. Not offered 2000-2001. A. Cohn, J. Wolff.
This is a survey of the languages of Southeast Asia. The goal of this course is to expose students to Southeast Asia as a linguistic area and introduce them to the linguistic diversity of the region. It includes three main parts: (1) sociolinguistic and ethnolinguistic issues of language and politics, language and culture, and language use; (2) language structures and typological patterns of the area's languages; (3) historical linguistics, genetic relations between languages, as well as the linguistic effects of language contact and linguistic evidence for prehistory.

LING 226 Introduction to Gaelic
This course is an introduction to the history, structure, and current status of the Scottish Gaelic language, oriented around elementary Gaelic texts.

LING 227 The Germanic Languages
This course surveys the history, structure, and use of the modern Germanic languages (English, German, Dutch, Afrikaans, Swedish, Danish, Icelandic, Norwegian, Faroese, and Yiddish).

LING 228 Introduction to Welsh
This course surveys the history, structure, cultural, and political situation of the Welsh language. It includes several sessions of elementary language instruction and a brief introduction to Welsh literature.

LING 239/539 The Celtic Languages
This course surveys the history, structure, and political and social situation of the Celtic languages (Welsh, Scottish Gaelic, Irish Gaelic, Breton, Cornish, and Manx). The course includes a few days of introductory language instruction in some of these languages.

LING 241 Yiddish Linguistics (also JWST 271)
Fall. 3 credits variable. Prerequisite: LING 101 or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000-2001. M. Diesing.
This course will cover a wide variety of topics relating to the Yiddish language and Yiddish culture, including the structure of Yiddish, the
history of the Yiddish language, Yiddish in America (the Yiddish revival, the role of the Yiddish press, etc.), Yiddish as a minority/duying language, and the influence of Yiddish on present-day American English. No previous knowledge of Yiddish required."

**LING 242 Diversity in American English** (also ENGL 242)

This course is a basic introduction to the regional dialects of English spoken in the United States. It is linguistically oriented, introducing the relevant aspects of phonetics, phonology, morphology, and syntax where appropriate. There is an emphasis on the students discovering what features characterize their own dialects (if they speak American English). The class is also of use as an introduction to American English dialects for nonnative speakers of English.

**LING 244 Language and Gender (also WOMNS 244)**
Spring. 4 credits. For nonmajors or majors. S. McCarthy.

This course explores connections between language (use) and gender/sex systems, addressing such questions as the following: How do sex and gender affect the ways we speak, the ways we interpret and evaluate spoken language? How does gender/sex affect our language use, their relation to language change? What is meant by sexist language? How does conversation structure the social worlds of women and men? Readings draw from work in linguistics, anthropology, philosophy, psychology, literature, and general women's studies and feminist theory.

**LING 246/546 Minority Languages and Linguistics**

This course examines minority languages from linguistic, social, and political perspectives. Topics discussed include language death, sociocultural differences in women's and men's roles affect their language use, their relation to language change? What is meant by sexist language? How does conversation structure the social worlds of women and men? Readings draw from work in linguistics, anthropology, philosophy, psychology, literature, and general women's studies and feminist theory.

**LING 251–252 Intermediate Sanskrit** (also CLASS 251–252 and SANSK 251–252)
Spring. 4 credits. For nonmajors or majors. D. Zee.

For description, see SANSK 251–252.

**LING 264 Language, Mind, and Brain** (also COGST 264)
Spring. 4 credits. For nonmajors or majors. Prerequisite: a basic course in linguistics and/or psychology is desirable. J. Bowers.

An introductory course that emphasizes the formal structure of natural language and its biological basis. The following topics are covered: the formal representation of linguistic knowledge, principles and parameters of universal grammar, the basic biology of language, mechanisms of linguistic performance, the modularity hypothesis, and language and cognition. This course is especially suited for majors in fields such as psychology, philosophy, computer science, and linguistics (and also for those enrolled in the concentration in cognitive studies) who want to take a one-semester introduction to linguistics that concentrates on the formal principles that govern linguistic knowledge, along with some discussion of their biological realization and their use in perception and production.

**LING 270 Truth and Interpretation (also COGST 270 and PHIL 270)**
Spring. 4 credits. For description, see PHIL 270.

**LING 285/585 Linguistic Theory and Poetic Structure (also ENGL 285/585)**
Spring. 4 credits. Graduate students register under LING 585. J. Bowers. Poems are among the most highly structured linguistic objects that human beings produce. While some of the devices used in poetry are arbitrary and purely conventional, most are natural extensions of structural properties inherent in natural language itself. The aim of this course is to reveal the ways poetry is structured at every level, from rhyme to metaphor, and to show how certain results of modern linguistics can usefully be applied to the analysis and poetry. After introducing some of the basic concepts of modern phonology, syntax, and semantics, it will be shown how literary notions such as rhyme, meter, enjambment, and metaphor can be formally defined in linguistic terms. These results will then be applied to the analysis of particular poems and shown to yield novel and interesting insights into both their structure and interpretation.

**LING 300 Field Methods**
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: LING 203 or permission of instructor. A. Cohn; Wolf.

Elaboration of techniques of elicitation, recording, and analysis of data from a native speaker of a non-Western language not generally known to students.

**LING 301–302 Phonology I, II**
301, fall; 302, spring. 4 credits each term. Prerequisites: for LING 301, LING 203 or permission of instructor. Fall; A. Cohn; spring, D. Zee.

301 provides a basic introduction to phonological theory. The first half of the course focuses on basic principles of phonology, patterns of sounds, and their representations. In the second half, the nature of syllable structure and feature representations are explored. 302 provides further refinement of the issues investigated in 301, focusing in particular on metrical theory. Lexical Phonology, autosegmental phonology, and Prosodic Morphology.

**LING 303–304 Syntax I, II**
303, fall; 304, spring. 4 credits each term. Prerequisites: for LING 303, LING 203; for LING 304, LING 303 or permission of instructor. Fall, J. Bowers; spring, M. Diesing.

303 is an introduction to syntactic theory, with emphasis on the classical theory of transformational grammar. 304 is an advanced course, surveying current syntactic models and dealing with such issues as the nature of syntactic representation, levels of representation, principles of universal grammar, and the relation of syntax and semantics.

**LING 309 Morphology**
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: LING 101 or equivalent or permission of instructor. D. Zee.

This course addresses the basic issues in the study of words and their structures. It will provide an introduction to different types of morphological structures with examples from a wide range of languages. Special emphasis will be given to current theoretical approaches to morphological theory.

**LING 311 The Structure of English: Demystifying English Grammar (also ENGL 311)**
Fall. 4 credits. M. Suter.

Do you suffer from grammatical insecurity? In foreign language classes you developed the habit of not questioning yourself at a loss because you don't know how grammatical terminology applies to English? This course will make English grammar accessible and comprehensible to native speakers who want to understand how the language they use so easily works. In addition to standard grammatical notions, the course will consider dialectal variation, matters of style, how sentence structure conveys viewpoint, and other discourse phenomena.

**LING 314 Introduction to Historical Linguistics**
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: LING 201 or permission of instructor. M. Weiss.

A survey of the basic mechanisms of linguistic change, with examples from a variety of languages.

**LING 315–316 Old Norse**
315, fall; 316, spring. 4 credits each term. E. Johannesson.

Old Norse is a collective term for the earliest North Germanic literary languages: Old Icelandic, Old Norwegian, Old Danish, and Old Swedish. The richly documented Old Icelandic will be the center of attention, and the purpose is twofold: the student will gain (a) knowledge of an ancient North Germanic language, important from a linguistic point of view, as well as (b) access to the medieval Icelandic (and Scandinavian) literature. 315: The structure of Old Norse (Old Icelandic), phonology, and morphology, with reading of selections from the Prose-Edda, a thirteenth-century narrative based on the Eddic poetry. 316: Extensive reading of Old Norse texts, along with them selections from some of the major Icelandic family sagas: Njals saga, Grettis saga, and Egils saga, as well as the whole Hrafnskets saga.

**LING 319 Phonetics I**
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: LING 201 or permission of instructor. Staff.

This course provides a basic introduction to the study of phonetics. Topics to be covered include anatomy and physiology of the speech production apparatus, transcription and production of some of the world's sounds, basic acoustics, computerized methods of speech analysis, acoustic characteristics of sounds, speech perception, speech synthesis, and stress and intonation.

**LING 320 Phonetics II**
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: LING 319.


This course is a continuation of Phonetics I and provides a detailed survey of some areas in acoustic and articulatory phonetics. Topics include feature theory, vocal tract acoustics, quantal theory, speaker normalization, theories of speech perception, coarticulation, theories of speech production, and prosody. In addition, a number of "hands-on" projects will be part of the course.
LING 321-322 History of the Romance Languages (also ROMS 321-322) 321. Fall, 322, spring. 4 credits each term. Prerequisites: LING 101 or equivalent and qualification in any Romance language. Offered alternate years. C. Rosen.


LING 323-324 Comparative Romance Syntax (also ROMS 323-324) 323, fall, 324, spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: LING 101, or equivalent or qualification in any Romance language. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000-2001. C. Rosen.

Concise survey of romance syntax, covering the principal constructions in six languages with equal attention to their historical evolution and their current state. Grammatical innovation and divergence in a typological perspective.

LING 332 Problems in Semantics (also PHIL 333 and COGST 333) Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: logic or semantics course or permission of instructor. S. McConnell-Ginet, Z. Gendler Szabó.

This course looks at problems in the semantic analysis of natural languages, critically examining work in linguistics and philosophy on particular topics of current interest. For spring 2001, the focus will be on quantification. Languages offer a variety of resources for expressing generalizations: some, every, no, many, and other quantifying expressions that appear inside noun phrases, always, never, occasionally, and other adverbial quantifying expressions not associated with particular nominals; constructional resources of various kinds (e.g., English free relatives like whoever she cooked). How different are these resources and what might they imply about basic cognitive and linguistic capacities?

LING 347 Topics in the History of English Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: LING 217, 314, a course in Old or Middle English, or permission of instructor. W. Harbert.

The course covers specific topics in the linguistic history of the English language, selected on the basis of the particular interests of the students and the instructor. The topic area for 2000-2001 will be morphological and syntactic change during the Early Middle English period—a period crucial to the development of the distinctive syntactic properties of Modern English.

LING 355 Languages in Contact Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: LING 101. J. Wolff.

A principal cause of language change is contact with another language—that is, when some speakers of the community speak another or several other languages. This course examines issues of how languages and also dialects in contact influence each other: what kind of changes they undergo and the social factors which determine the kind, direction, and degree of change. We will study issues of morphosyntax and its social correlates, code-switching, issues of language mixture (pidginization and creolization, language interwining), language maintenance and language death. Finally, we will look at how issues of language in contact shape our understanding of traditional historical linguistics—that is, where languages that are now spoken in the world came from and how they came to be the way they are.

LING 366 Spanish in the United States (also SPANR 366 and LSP 366) Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: some knowledge of Spanish. M. Suter.

Examination of major Spanish dialects in the United States from a linguistic perspective. Contrast with the standard language. Borrowing, interference, and code switching. Syntactic, morphological, and phonological characteristics.

LING 390 Independent Study in Linguistics Fall or spring. 1-4 credits variable. Prerequisite: LING 101 or permission of instructor. S. McConnell-Ginet.

An introduction to the study of such topics as speech acts, presupposition, deixis, implicatures, and conversational strategies.

LING 401 Language Typology Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: LING 101 or equivalent. C. Rosen.

Study of a basic question of contemporary linguistics: in what ways do languages differ, and in what ways are they all alike? Efforts to formalize universals of syntax and to characterize the total repertory of constructions available to natural languages. Common morphological devices and their syntactic correlates. Emphasis on systems of case, agreement, and voice.

LING 403 Applied Linguistics and Second Language Learning Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: at least one course in applied linguistics, linguistics, psychology, anthropology, communication, cognitive studies, education, or literary analysis, or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000-2001. J. Wolff.

This course is an introduction to the field of applied linguistics with a focus on different domains of language research as they come to bear on the matter of second language learning. Thus, topics include developmental and experimental psycholinguistics of language, textual and discourse analysis, literacy, cognitive consequences of bilingualism, corpora and language teaching, and contact between first and second language communities.

LING 404 Linguistic Structure of Japanese (also ASIAN 412) Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Japanese 102 or permission of instructor and LING 101 or equivalent introductory course in linguistics. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000-2001.

Y. Shirai.

Introduction to the linguistic study of Japanese, with an emphasis on morphology and syntax.

LING 405 Sociolinguistics Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: LING 101 or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000-2001. J. Wolff.

The principal work of linguistics is to describe, analyze, and understand the regularities of language systems. How, then, are we to deal with irregularities and variability when they are observed in language? This course will introduce and discuss the most significant issues in the study of language variation, and it will examine some of the methodologies that have been developed to study variation in language use. We will consider the observable interactions between linguistic variables and social factors (e.g., age, sex, ethnicity) and review the main generalizations about these factors that sociolinguistics has arrived at in the last three decades. Some of the problems associated with the quantification and measurement of nonlinguistic variables will be discussed and we will evaluate the various ways researchers have dealt with these problems.


This course will be an introduction to the study of pidgin and creole languages and the issues surrounding them both in and beyond linguistics. Topics covered will include: genesis of pidgins and creoles; classification of pidgins and creoles; and language universals; creoles and sociolinguistic variation; a module on Saramaccan Creole English; educational and language planning issues; sociolinguistic issues; Black English.

LING 407 Grammatical Structure of Spanish I (also SPANR 407) Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: proficiency in Spanish or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000-2001. M. Suter.

This course seeks to equip the advanced student or the future language professional with practical insights into problem areas for foreign language learners with the aid of linguistic descriptions. The intent is to narrow the gap known to exist between the knowledge that a native speaker has and the incomplete one that a foreign language learner possesses.

LING 408 Grammatical Structure of Spanish II (also SPANR 408) Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: LING 101 and proficiency in Spanish or permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000-2001. M. Suter.

Survey of Spanish morpho-syntax using contemporary theoretical models to highlight hidden patterns and generalizations. Topics may vary according to students' interests, but may include major clause types, word order possibilities, negation, agreement, and null categories.

LING 409 Structure of Italian Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: LING 101 or equivalent and qualification in any Romance language. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000-2001. C. Rosen.

Survey of Italian syntax, using simple theoretical tools to bring hidden regularities to light. Topics include auxiliaries, modals, clitics, reflexive constructions, agreement, impersonal constructions, causatives.

LING 410 History of the Italian Language 3 Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: LING 321 and either Italian 201, 203, or equivalent. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000-2001. C. Rosen.
Phonological, morphological, and syntactic developments from Old Russian to modern Russian.

[LING 420 Approaches to Discourse (also ASIAN 419 and COM L 421)] Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: at least 1 course in applied linguistics, linguistics, psychology, anthropology, or literary analysis, or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. H. Tao.

An overview of the history of the Japanese language followed by intensive examination of issues of interest to the participants. Students should have a reading knowledge of Japanese.

[LING 421–422 Semantics I, II] 421, spring; 422, fall. 4 credits each term. Prerequisites: for LING 421, LING 203; for LING 422, LING 421 or permission of instructor. Fall, S. McConnell-Ginet; spring, M. Diesing.

A survey of the quantitative and qualitative research literature on the acquisition of second and additional languages among the adult population. Research carried out in both experimental and natural settings will be considered. Topics include: learner errors and errors analysis; contrastive analysis hypothesis; developmental and variability patterns in the acquisition of syntax, phonology and morphology; including the potential effects of typological Universals; grammatics and discourse; the lexicon, social and cognitive factors in acquisition, communication, and learning strategies; theories of second language acquisition.

[LING 425 Corpora and Applied Linguistics (also ASIAN 425)] Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: at least 1 course in applied linguistics, linguistics, psychology, sociology, anthropology, or literary analysis, or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. H. Tao.

This course introduces the foundations of studies of language based on large quantities of natural language data, the utility of large corpora for language learning and teaching, and the computational skills needed to carry out applied linguistics research based on language corpora. It will be conducted in both lecture and lab session formats. Topics include: the creation of corpora, coding and tagging of corpora, monolingual vs. parallel corpora, native vs. learner corpora, corpora and language pedagogy, corpora and discourse pragmatics, special issues in East Asian language corpora, corpora and lexicon and grammar.
LING 437 Celtic Linguistic Structures
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: LING 303.
This course will treat selected topics in the syntax and morphology of the modern Celtic languages.

LING 441 Introduction to Germanic Linguistics (also GERST 441)
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: LING 101 or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. W. Habbert.
Survey of major issues in historical Germanic linguistics.

LING 443-444 Linguistic Structure of Russian (also RUSSA 403-404)
443, fall; 444, spring. 4 credits each term.
Prerequisites: for LING 443, LING 101 and permission of instructor; for LING 444, LING 443 or equivalent. Offered alternate years.
A synchronic analysis of the structure of modern Russian. LING 443 deals primarily with morphology and its relation to syntax and 444 with syntax and word order. Topics covered include case theory, the functions of word order, voice, agreement, impersonal constructions, negation, nonuniversal categories, and the relation between morphology and syntax.

LING 450 Lab Course: Language Development (also COGST 450 and PSYCH 437)
Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisite: COGST/HD/LING/PSYCH 436. B. Lust.
This laboratory course will provide undergraduates with an introduction to hands-on research experience in the Cognitive Studies research labs and will meet once a week in group format. It will include several structured modules dealing with topics covered in the survey course, COGST/HD/LING/PSYCH 436, Language Development. They will include training in how to study and analyze original child language data, including the use of selected portions of a large database of child language data from many languages in the Cornell Language Acquisition Lab (CLAL), and training in how to collect and analyze new child language data. Emphasis will be placed on developing research methods in order to test hypotheses.

LING 451 Greek Comparative Grammar (also CLASS 421)
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: thorough familiarity with classical Greek morphology. Not offered 2000–2001. A. Nussbaum. The prehistory and evolution of the sounds and forms of ancient Greek as reconstructed by comparison with the other Indo-European languages.

LING 452 Latin Comparative Grammar (also CLASS 422)
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: thorough familiarity with classical Latin morphology. Not offered 2000–2001. A. Nussbaum. The prehistory and evolution of the sounds and forms of classical Latin as reconstructed by comparison with the other Indo-European languages.

LING 454 Italic Dialects (also CLASS 424)
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: thorough familiarity with classical Latin morphology. Not offered 2000–2001. A. Nussbaum. The phonology and morphology of Faliscan, Oscan, and Umbrian studied through the reading of epigraphical texts. Attention to the relations of these languages to Latin and the question of proto-Italic.

LING 455 Greek Dialects (also CLASS 425)
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: basic familiarity with classical Greek morphology.
A. Nussbaum.
A survey of the dialects of ancient Greek through the reading and analysis of representative epigraphical and literary texts.

LING 456 Archais Latin (also CLASS 426)
Reading of epigraphic and literary preclassical texts with special attention to archaic and dialectal features. The position of Latin among the Indo-European languages of ancient Italy, the rudiments of Latin historical grammar, and aspects of the development of the literary language.

LING 457 Homeric Philology (also CLASS 427)
The language of the Homeric epics: dialect background, archaisms, modernizations. The notion of a Kunstsprache: its constitution, use, and internal consistency. The phonological and morphological aspects of epic compositional technique.

LING 459 Mycenaean Greek (also CLASS 429)

LING 460 Sanskrit Comparative Grammar

LING 493 Honors Thesis Research
Fall. 4 credits. Staff. May be taken before or after LING 494, or may be taken independently.

LING 494 Honors Thesis Research
Spring. 4 credits. Staff. May be taken as a continuation of, or before, LING 493.

LING 601 Topics in Phonological Theory
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: LING 301 and 1 higher-level course in phonology.
D. Zec.
Selected topics in current phonological theory.

LING 602 Topics in Morphology
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: LING 301 or 303 or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. D. Zec.
Selected topics in current morphological theory.

LING 604 Research Workshop
Fall. 2 credits. S-U grade only. Required of third-year linguistics graduate students. A. Cohn.
This course provides a forum for presentation and discussion of ongoing research, and development of professional skills. Participants must enroll in a concurrent independent study with a special committee member, or a relevant workshop.

LING 608 Discourse Analysis (also COM L 618)
Linguistic theory applied to relationships beyond the sentence.

LING 609 SLA and the Asian Languages (also ASIAN 610)
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: LING 414–415 or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. Y. Shirai.
This course will survey the literature on the acquisition of Asian languages both in first and second language. We will mainly focus on Japanese, Korean, Chinese (Mandarin, Cantonese), but other languages (Thai, Malay, Vietnamese, Burmese, Tagalog, etc.) may be dealt with, depending on faculty/student interest.

LING 616 Topics in Syntactic Theory
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: LING 304 or permission of instructor. J. Bowers.
An examination of recent developments in syntactic theory, including "minimalist" approaches to phrase structure, derivations/representations and the nature of economy conditions, and parametric differences.

LING 617-618 Hittite
617, fall; 618, spring. 4 credits each term. Prerequisites for LING 617, permission of instructor, for LING 618, LING 617 or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. Staff.
An introduction to the cuneiform writing system and the grammar of Hittite, followed by the reading of selected texts.

LING 619 Rigveda
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. C. Minkowski.
Reading and linguistic analysis of selected Vedic hymns.

LING 621 Avestan and Old Persian (also NES 621)
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: a basic knowledge of Sanskrit forms and morphology syntax. M. Weiss.
Linguistically-oriented readings of Old Persian and Avestan.

LING 623-624 Old Irish I, II
623, fall; 624, spring. 4 credits each term. Prerequisite for LING 624, LING 623 or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. Staff.
An introduction to "classical" Old Irish for students with no previous experience with the language.
LING 625 Middle Welsh
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. W. Harbert. Students develop a reading knowledge of Middle Welsh through translating selections from prose and poetry. Emphasis is on the prose tales, including the Mabinogi. No familiarity with Welsh is assumed.

LING 627 Advanced Old Irish
LING 631 Comparative Indo-European Linguistics

LING 633 Seminar in First-Language Acquisition: Cross-Linguistic Studies (also COGST 633 and HD 633)
Fall. 1-4 credits. Prerequisite: LING 436 or equivalent or permission of instructor. B. Lust. This seminar will review and critique current theoretical and experimental studies of first-language acquisition, with a concentration on insights gained by cross-linguistic study of this area. Attention will also be given to the development of research proposals.

LING 635-636 Indo-European Workshop
635. Fall. 636. Spring. 4 credits each term. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. Staff. An assortment of subjects intended for students with previous training in Indo-European linguistics; problems in the reconstruction of Proto-Indo-European, topics in the historical grammars of the various IE languages, reading and historical linguistic analysis of texts, and grammatical sketches of "minor" IE languages.

LING 643 Topics in Historical Germanic Phonology #
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: LING 441. Not offered 2000–2001. W. Harbert. The development of the sound system from Proto-Germanic to its daughter languages.

LING 644 Topics in Historical Germanic Syntax #

LING 645 Gothic

LING 646 Old High German, Old Saxon (also GERST 656)
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: LING 101. Offered alternate years. W. Harbert. This course combines a survey of the linguistic history and structure of Old High German and Old Saxon with extensive readings from the major documents in which they are recorded. Reading knowledge of Modern German is highly recommended.

LING 468 Speech Synthesis by Rule
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: LING 301, 319, or permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000–2001. S. Hertz. Investigates the nature of the acoustic structure of speech synthesis, using speech as a tool for exploring this structure. A particular acoustic model will be proposed, developed, and motivated by considering the relationship between phonological and acoustic structure, speech timing, phonetic universals, coarticulation, and speech perception. The primary tool for investigation will be the Delta System, a powerful software system for investigating phonology and phonetics through speech synthesis. The course is meant for graduate students and advanced undergraduate students in linguistics, but may also be of interest to students in psychology/psycholinguistics, computer science, and cognitive studies.

LING 649 Structure of Old English

LING 653-654 Seminar in Southeast Asian Linguistics
653. Fall. 654. Spring. 4 credits each term. Prerequisite: LING 565 or permission of instructor. LING 653 is not a prerequisite for 654. Not offered 2000–2001. J. Wolff. Languages of mainland Southeast Asia. Topics, chosen according to student interests, may include description, dialectology, typology, comparative reconstruction, and historical studies.

LING 655-656 Seminar in Austronesian Linguistics

LING 659 Seminar in Vedic Philology (also ASIAN 659 and CLASS 659)

LING 661 Old Church Slavonic (also RUSSA 601)
Fall. 4 credits. This course is prerequisite to LING 662. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000–2001. W. Browne. Grammar and reading of basic texts.

LING 662 Old Russian Texts (also RUSSA 602)

LING 671-672 Comparative Slavic Linguistics (also RUSSA 651-652)
671. Fall; 672. Spring. 4 credits each term. Prerequisites: for LING 672, LING 661 taken previously or simultaneously or permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. W. Browne. Sounds and forms of the Slavic languages and of prehistoric common Slavic; main historical developments leading to the modern languages.

LING 700 Seminar
Fall or spring, according to demand. Credit to be arranged. Seminars are offered according to faculty interest and student demand. Topics in recent years have included subject and topic, Montague grammar, speech synthesis, lexicography, classical and autonomous phonology, Japanese sociolinguistics, relational grammar, semantics and semiotics, and others.

LING 701-702 Directed Research
701, fall; 702, spring. 1–4 credits. Hours to be arranged. Staff.

LING 773-774 Proseminar in Cognitive Studies I, II (also COGST 773-774, PSYCH 773-774)
Fall. R grade; spring. S-U only. 4 credits. Staff. This year-long seminar is intended to provide graduate students with an interdisciplinary introduction to the study of knowledge, its representation, acquisition, and use.

MATHEMATICS


Mathematics is the language of modern science, basic training in the discipline is essential for those who want to understand, as well as for those who want to take part in, the important scientific developments of our time. Acquaintance with mathematics is also extremely useful for students in the social sciences and valuable for anyone interested in the full range of human culture and the ways of knowing the universe in which we live.

The Department of Mathematics faculty has strong groups specializing in algebra, number theory, real and complex analysis, Lie groups, topology and geometry, logic, probability and statistics, mathematical physics, and applied mathematics. Related departments at Cornell have specialists in computer science, operations research, linear programming, and game theory, and courses in these topics can be integrated readily into the mathematics major.

The department offers a rich variety of undergraduate courses, and many of its beginning graduate courses are suitable for advanced undergraduates as well. Under some conditions, a student may carry out an independent reading and research project for college credit under the supervision of a faculty member.

Members of the department are available to discuss with students the appropriate course for their levels of ability and interest, and students are urged to avail themselves of this help.
Students who want to take any of the courses numbered 300 or above are invited to confer, before registering, with the instructor concerned. The level of a course is indicated by the first digit of the course number: roughly, 1, 2, indicate undergraduate courses; 3, 4, upperclass courses; 5, professional level and mathematics education courses; 6, 7, graduate courses. The subject matter of courses is often indicated by the second digit: 0, general; 1, 2, analysis; 3, 4, algebra and combinatorics; 5, 6, topology and geometry; 7, probability and statistics; 8, logic; 9, other.

Midterm grades, when required, will be S or U only, except in special circumstances. In courses with numbers below 700, students will receive letter grades, with the exception of nonmathematics majors who have requested an S-U grade.

**Advanced Placement**

Secondary school students are strongly urged to take one of the two advanced placement examinations of the College Entrance Examination Board in their senior year. Freshmen who have had some calculus but who have not taken an advanced placement examination should take the placement examination in mathematics offered at Cornell just before the beginning of classes in the fall. It is most important that anyone with any knowledge of calculus carefully read "Advanced Placement," p. 5.

**The Major**

The mathematics major adapts to a number of purposes. It can emphasize the theoretical or the applied. It can be appropriate for professionals and nonprofessionals alike, and can be broad or narrow. It can also be combined easily with serious study in another subject in the physical, biological, or social sciences by means of a double major and/or concentration. For example, a double major in mathematics and computer science is facilitated by the concentration in computer science (4b) described below. This concentration permits a student to use certain computer science courses to satisfy the requirements of both majors. Questions concerning the major should be brought to a departmental representative.

**Prerequisites:** the traditional prerequisites are Mathematics 221–222, 223–224, or 225–226. A unit on infinite series is required. Such a unit is offered in Mathematics 112, 122 and 192. Normally students will be admitted to the major only when they have grades of B– or better in all 200-level mathematics courses they have taken. Alternative prerequisites are Mathematics 213 and 231, normally with grades of B+ or better.

**Requirements**

There are five requirements for the major:

1. Computer Science 100. Students are urged to take this course before the end of the sophomore year.
2. Two courses in algebra. Eligible courses are Mathematics 431 or 433, 432 or 434 or 332, 336 or 456.
3. Two courses in analysis. Eligible courses are Mathematics 321 or 420, 411 or 415, 414, 418, 422, 423, 425, 427, 428.
4. Further high-level mathematical courses. Any one of (a)–(c) below is sufficient:
   - a) Four additional Mathematics courses numbered 300 or above
   - b) (Concentration in Computer Science) Five additional courses from (i) and (ii) below, of which at least one is from (i) and three are from (ii)
     - i) Mathematics courses numbered 300 or above
     - ii) Computer Science courses numbered 300 or above
   - c) (Concentration in Operations Research) Five additional courses from (iii) and (iv) below, of which at least one is from (iii) and three are from (iv)
     - iii) Mathematics courses numbered 300 or above
     - iv) Courses in Operations Research and Industrial Engineering, typically out of 320–361 (excluding 350) and/or out of 431–472
   - d) (Concentration in Economics) Five additional courses from (v), (vi), and (vii) below, as follows: one course from (v), three courses from (vi), and a fifth course from any of (v), (vi), or (vii) Mathematics 472 and Economics 319 cannot both be used to satisfy these requirements.
     - v) Mathematics courses numbered 300 or above
     - vi) Economics courses with significant mathematical content. Eligible courses are Economics 518, 519, 520, 416, 418, 450 (also ARME 450), 477, 478, 479, 480
   - vii) Courses in Operations Research with significant mathematical content and dealing with material of interest in economics, e.g. OR&IE 320, 323, 431, 531, 631, sequence 475–476.

   However, the student may, with the adviser's approval, select an OR&IE course that satisfies the basic intent of the major program but is not in this list.

   e) (Concentration in Mathematical Physics) Five additional courses from (viii) and (ix) below, of which at least one is from (viii) and three are from (ix)
     - viii) Mathematics courses at the highest undergraduate level in analysis, geometry, algebra and combinatorics, probability and statistics, and mathematical logic. Eligible courses are Math 401, 411 or 413, 414, 415, 418 or 422, 423, 424, 425, 427, 428, 431 or 433, 432 or 434, 436, 441, 442, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 471, 472, 474, 481, 482, 483, 486.
     - ix) Physics courses which make significant use of advanced mathematics. Eligible courses are Physics 316, 317, 318, 327, 341, 443, 444, 454, 455, 480.

   These five alternatives do not exhaust the possibilities. A mathematics major interested in a concentration in a subject different from those above may develop a suitable individual program in consultation with the major adviser.

   5) One course dealing with mathematical models. Any course from outside mathematics with serious mathematical content and dealing with scientific matters, provided the course has not been used toward satisfying the previous requirement. Eligible courses include Physics 208, 213, or 217 (but not 112 or 207), even if the Mathematical Physics concentration has been selected, and Computer Science 211 provided the Computer Science concentration has not been selected. Students may also consider courses from biology, chemistry, economics, and other fields, they should consult their adviser.

   A course may be counted toward the mathematics major only if a grade of C− or better is received for that course.

   Major advisers can alter these requirements on request of an advisee, provided the intent of the requirements is met.

**Honors Program**

The Department of Mathematics awards honors (cum laude) and high honors (magna cum laude and summa cum laude) to graduating mathematics majors who have demonstrated outstanding ability in the major program.

The awards are determined by the Mathematics Major Committee in the last part of the semester prior to graduation. Normally, one requirement for honors is participation in the Honors Seminar (Math 401) for one semester, or independent study at a high performance level. The committee will also be looking for excellent performance in mathematics courses, particularly in challenging courses at the 400-level or beyond. Students interested in honors should consult their major advisers concerning suitable courses.

To be considered for high honors, a student usually will be expected to write a Senior Thesis and present it orally. This project is carried out during the senior year under the supervision of a member of the Mathematics Department faculty. Students interested in high honors should consult their major advisers and the chair of the department's Mathematics Major Committee during the second semester of their junior year.

**Studying Mathematics Outside the Major**

The College of Arts and Sciences and the Department of Mathematics offer no minor in mathematics; however, some other scientific departments in the college offer, within their own majors, concentrations in mathematics and mathematics-related fields. A student interested in such a concentration should consult the Director of Undergraduate Studies of his/her major department.

The Engineering College offers a minor in applied mathematics that is open to any undergraduate in that college. The minor is sponsored jointly by the Department of Mathematics and the Departments of Theoretical and Applied Mechanics, and is administered by the latter department.
students interested in this minor should contact Professor Richard Rand of the Department of Theoretical and Applied Mechanics (255-7145; rhr2@cornell.edu). Information about the minor is also available on the Mathematics Department's web site at www.math.cornell.edu.

The Mathematics Department welcomes into its upper-level courses students from all colleges, schools, and departments at Cornell. In particular, undergraduates who wish to pursue serious study of mathematics, whether within or to complement their own major fields, are encouraged to consult with the department. The department's Director of Undergraduate Studies and other faculty can provide assistance in selecting appropriate areas of study and individual courses.

Teacher Education in Mathematics

Students at Cornell may pursue teaching credentials in biology, chemistry, earth science, general science, mathematics, and physics. TEAMS (Teacher Education in Agriculture, Mathematics, and Science) is a university program jointly conducted by the Departments of Education and Mathematics. Although TEAMS offers options for undergraduate and graduate study, most students enroll in a five-year program, which combines an undergraduate major in mathematics or one of the sciences with a one-year Master of Arts in Teaching (MAT). Students from any college at Cornell are eligible to apply to the program as undergraduates. Students completing the graduate program will earn the master's degree required for permanent certification in New York and most other states.

For more information, contact the TEAMS Student Support Specialist (Leah Schwager (255-9875), 107 Kennedy Hall) or one of the program coordinators, W. Carlens (Education, 255-3108), A. Solomon (Mathematics, 255–3894), or D. Henderson (Mathematics, 255–3523).

Distribution Requirement

Virtually all mathematics courses can be used to satisfy the Quantitative and Formal Reasoning part of the Distribution Requirements. Explicit exceptions are noted in the beginning of the Arts and Sciences section of the Courses of Study.

Basic Sequences

Precalculus

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Course Numbers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1) Algebra and trigonometry to prepare students for calculus</td>
<td>MATH 109* or EDUC 005*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2) Algebra, analytic geometry, elements of calculus</td>
<td>EDUC 115**</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*MATH 109 and EDUC 005 do not carry credit for graduation.

**Students who want a second semester of mathematics after EDUC 115 may take MATH 105 or, if they need more calculus, MATH 111.

Courses with Overlapping Content

Because the department offers many courses with overlapping content, students must choose their courses carefully to ensure that they will receive credit for each course they take. Listed below are groups of courses with similar content. Students will receive credit for only one of the courses in each group.

106, 111, 121, 190, 191
112, 122, 192
213, 222, 224, 293
221, 223, 231, 294
332 and 432
36 and 436
321 and 420
411 and 413
431 and 433
452 and 454

Calculus

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Mathematics Course Numbers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1) Standard three-semester sequence for students who do not expect to take advanced courses in mathematics</td>
<td>111–112–213</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2) Calculus for engineers (also taken by some physical science majors)</td>
<td>190/191–192–293–294</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3) Prospective mathematics majors and others who expect to take advanced courses in mathematics: many sequences are possible. For example: 111–112–221–222; or 121–122–221–222; or 121–122–223–224; or the engineering sequence 190/191–192–293–294</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Special-Purpose Sequences

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Mathematics Course Numbers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1) Finite mathematics and calculus for life and social science majors</td>
<td>105–106</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2) Other possible finite mathematics and calculus sequence</td>
<td>105–111</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Students who want to take two semesters of calculus are advised to take the first two semesters of one of the three calculus sequences. It is also possible to follow Mathematics 106 with 112 or 122.

Switching between calculus sequences is often difficult, especially at the 200 level. Students should not attempt such a switch without consulting the Director of Undergraduate Studies.

Fees

In some courses there may be a small fee for computer lab use or for photocopying materials to be handed out to students.

Summer Courses

A list of mathematics courses usually offered every summer can be found in the School of Continuing Education and Summer Sessions section of this catalog. Students interested in taking summer courses in mathematics should consult the Mathematics Department (255–4013). A tentative summer listing may be available as early as October.

Undergraduate Course Offerings

Please visit the department web site (www.math.cornell.edu) for further information and up-to-the-minute corrections.

Foundation courses: 105, 106, 109, 111, 112, 121, 122, 190, 191, 192, 213, 221, 222, 223, 224, 231, 293, 294

Mathematics Education: 408, 451

History of Mathematics: 403

General and Liberal Arts Courses: 103, 150, 171, 401, 402, 408, 490

Analysis: 411, 413, 414, 418

Algebra and Number Theory: 332, 336, 431, 432, 433, 434, 436

Combinatorics: 441, 442

Geometry and Topology: 150, 356, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455

Probability and Statistics: 171, 471, 472, 474

Mathematical Logic: 281, 384, 481, 482, 483, 486


MATH 103 Mathematical Explorations

Fall, spring. 3 credits. This course may be used to satisfy the distribution requirement in mathematics.

This course is for students who wish to experience how mathematical ideas naturally evolve. The homework will consist of the students actively investigating mathematical ideas. The course will emphasize ideas and imagination as opposed to techniques and calculations. Topics will vary depending on the instructor, and will be announced on the department's web site (www.math.cornell.edu) several weeks before the semester begins. Some assessment will be done through writing assignments.

MATH 105 Finite Mathematics for the Life and Social Sciences

Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: 3 years of high school mathematics, including trigonometry and logarithms. Mathematical modeling, sets, functions, and graphing. Transformations to linearize data (including use of log and semi-log paper). Probability (with some applications to genetics), Matrices, systems of linear equations, and Markov chains. Examples from biology and the social sciences are used.

MATH 106 Calculus for the Life and Social Sciences

Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: readiness for calculus, such as can be obtained from 3 years of high school mathematics (including trigonometry and logarithms) or any of the following Cornell courses: MATH 105, MATH 109, or EDUC 115.
Mathematics 111, rather than 106, is recommended for those planning to take 112.
Introduction to differential and integral calculus, partial derivatives, elementary differential equations. Examples from biology and the social sciences are used.

MATH 109 Precalculus Mathematics
Summer. 3 transcript credits only; cannot be used toward graduation.
This course is designed to prepare students for Mathematics 111, trigonometry, logarithms, and exponentials are reviewed.

MATH 111-112 Calculus
Calculus is the study of functions and processes from the point of view of how they are changing. What can we know of a function from the rate at which it changes? What is the cumulative effect of infinitely many infinitesimal changes?
Mathematics 111 and 112 aim to provide, to students with little or no prior exposure to calculus, the knowledge that calculus is useful, in that its applications to the physical, biological, and social sciences have shaped our world, and beautiful, in that it represents a breathtaking attempt of the human mind to capture the infinitely large and the infinitely small.
These courses seek to provide basic understanding, technical skills, and sample applications in various fields for the very broad range of students who take them. Topics are studied (as appropriate) by analytic, numerical, and graphical methods. These courses sometimes offer one or more sections with small-group projects. (See the Supplement to the Course and Room Roster.)

MATH 111 Calculus
Fall, spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Mathematics 109 or 3 years of high school mathematics, including trigonometry and logarithms.*
Functions and graphs, limits and continuity, differentiation and integration of algebraic, trigonometric, inverse trig, logarithmic, and exponential functions. Applications of differentiation, including graphing, max-min problems, tangent line approximation, implicit differentiation, and applications to the sciences. The mean value theorem, Antiderivatives for definite integrals, the fundamental theorem of calculus, substitution in integration, the area under a curve. Graphing calculators will be used, and their pitfalls will be discussed, as applicable to the above topics.
Mathematics 111 can serve as a one-semester introduction to calculus or as part of a two-semester sequence in which it is followed by Mathematics 112 or 122.

MATH 112 Calculus
Fall, spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Mathematics 111 with a grade of C or better or excellent performance in Mathematics 106. Those who do well in Mathematics 111 and expect to major in mathematics or a strongly mathematics-related field should take 112 instead of 111.*
Integration: applications, including volumes and arc length; techniques of integration, approximate integration with error estimates

MATH 121 Honors Calculus
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: 3 years of high school mathematics with average grade of A- or better, or permission of the department.
This is a first-semester course in calculus intended for students who have been quite successful in their previous mathematics courses. The syllabus for the course is quite similar to that of Mathematics 111; however, the approach is more theoretical and the material will be covered in greater depth.

MATH 122 Honors Calculus
Fall, spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: 1 semester of calculus with a high performance or permission of the department.
Students planning to continue with Mathematics 213 are advised to take 112 instead of this course.
Differentiation and integration of elementary transcendental functions, techniques of integration, applications, polar coordinates, infinite series, and complex numbers, as well as an introduction to proving theorems. The approach is more theoretical than in Mathematics 112.

MATH 150 From Space to Geometry
Over the centuries mathematicians have interpreted the concept of “space” in numerous ways. This course will survey some of these approaches from the time of Euclid to the later perspective of non-Euclidean systems. We will evaluate the impact of these viewpoints on such concepts as distance, angle measurement, straightness and curvature, dimension, and surface. We will make and analyze models to get a feel for the concepts and to assess the relevance of various approaches to geometry.

MATH 171 Statistical Theory and Application in the Real World
Fall, spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: high school mathematics. This introductory statistics course will discuss techniques for analyzing data occurring in the real world and the mathematical and philosophical justification for these techniques. Topics include population and sample distributions, central limit theorem, statistical theories of point estimation, confidence intervals, testing hypotheses, the linear model, and the least squares estimator. The course concludes with a discussion of tests and estimates for regression and analysis of variance (if time permits). The computer will be used to demonstrate some aspects of the theory, such as sampling distributions and the Central Limit Theorem. In the lab portion of the course, students will learn and use computer-based programs implementing the statistical methodology presented in the lectures. (No previous familiarity with computers is presumed.)

MATH 190 Calculus for Engineers
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: 3 years of high school mathematics, including trigonometry and logarithms.*

MATH 191 Calculus for Engineers
Fall, spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: 3 years of high school mathematics including trigonometry and logarithms, plus some knowledge of calculus.
Plane analytic geometry, differential and integral calculus, and applications. Mathematics 191 covers essentially the same topics as 190, but is designed for students with some previous successful experience with calculus.

MATH 213 Calculus
Fall, spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Mathematics 112, 122, or 192.*
Vectors and vector-valued functions. Multivariable and vector calculus including multiple and line integrals. First- and second-order differential equations with applications, systems of differential equations. Elementary partial differential equations. This course is designed for students who wish to master the basic techniques of calculus, but whose major will not require a substantial amount of mathematics. The course may emphasize different topics in the syllabus in different semesters.

MATH 221 Linear Algebra and Calculus
Fall, spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: 2 semesters of calculus with high performance or permission of the department.* Linear algebra and differential equations. Topics include vector algebra, linear transformations, matrices, and linear differential equations, as well as an introduction to proving theorems. This course is especially recommended for students who plan to major in mathematics or in a strongly related field.

MATH 222 Calculus
Fall, spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Mathematics 221.*
Multivariable and vector differential and integral calculus, including multiple, line, and surface integrals. This course is especially recommended for students who plan to major in mathematics or in a strongly related field.

MATH 223 Honors Linear Algebra and Calculus
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: 2 semesters of calculus with a grade of A- or better, or permission of instructor.*
Vectors, matrices, and linear transformations, differential calculus of functions of several variables; inverse and implicit function theorems; quadratic forms, extrema, and manifolds; multiple and iterated integrals
Mathematics 223–224 provides an integrated treatment of linear algebra and multivariable calculus designed for students who have been highly successful in their previous calculus courses.

*See the list of courses with overlapping content at the end of the introduction.
MATH 224 Honors Linear Algebra and Calculus
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Mathematics 223.
Vector fields; line integrals; differential forms and exterior derivative; work, flux, and density forms; integration of forms over parametrized domains; Green’s, Stoke’s, and divergence theorems.

MATH 231 Linear Algebra
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: Mathematics 111 or equivalent.
Vectors, matrices, and linear transformations, affine and Euclidean spaces, transformation of matrices, and eigenvalues.

MATH 281 Deductive Logic (also PHIL 331)
Fall. 4 credits.
For description, see PHIL 331.

MATH 293 Engineering Mathematics
Fall, spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Mathematics 192.

MATH 294 Engineering Mathematics
Fall, spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Mathematics 192.

MATH 321 Applicable Analysis
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Mathematics 221-222, 223-224, 293-294, or 231 and 231.
A survey of some of the mathematical techniques that are of use in applications to the physical sciences and engineering. The primary mathematical tool explored is harmonic analysis, including Fourier Series and Legendre and Bessel expansions. The applications will be principally to boundary value problems for ordinary and partial differential equations. Particular emphasis will be made in developing a strong geometric intuition to help illuminate the frequently extensive computations. Much of the formal mathematical material missing in applied courses (e.g., uniform convergence, dominated convergence, complete orthonormal sets) will be thoroughly explained.

MATH 332 Algebra and Number Theory
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Mathematics 221, 223, 231 or 294.
Various topics from number theory and modern algebra, usually including most of the following: Primes and factorization, Diophantine equations, congruences, quadratic reciprocity, continued fractions, rings and fields, finite groups, introduction to arithmetic of the Gaussian integers and quadratic fields. Motivation and examples for the concepts of abstract algebra are derived primarily from number theory and geometry.

MATH 336 Applicable Algebra
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Mathematics 221, 223, 231 or 294.
An introduction to the concepts and methods of abstract algebra and number theory that are of interest in applications. Basic theory of groups, rings and fields and their applications to such areas as public-key cryptography, error-correcting codes, parallel computing, and experimental designs. Elementary number theory, Euclidean algorithm, prime factorization, congruences, theorems of Fermat and Euler, elementary group theory, the remainder theorem, factorization in the ring of polynomials, classification of finite fields. Applications include the RSA cryptosystem and use of finite fields to construct error-correcting codes and Latin squares.

MATH 356 Groups and Geometry
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Mathematics 221, 223, 231 or 294.
Groups were introduced in the nineteenth century as the set of symmetries of an algebraic or geometric object, and this viewpoint is a central one in modern mathematics. This course studies the geometry of the planes and of patterns in the plane in terms of the group of symmetries ("isometries") of the plane. Prior knowledge of groups is not a prerequisite. One aim is to give students experience in modern algebra and geometry (unlike geometry of complex numbers) and a sense of the unity of mathematics before they take the 400-level courses. Special care is given to initiate the student into the writing of proofs and the language of modern mathematics. Groups of transformations. Subgroups and cosets. Homomorphisms and isomorphisms. Orbits over fixed points. Frieze groups, wallpaper groups ("2-dimensional crystallographic groups") and the associated tesselations of the Euclidean plane.

MATH 384 Foundations of Mathematics (also PHIL 434)
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: 1 course in logic or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000-2001.
For description, see PHIL 434.

MATH 401 Honors Seminar: Topics in Modern Mathematics
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: 2 courses in mathematics numbered 300 or higher or permission of instructor.
This course is a participatory seminar primarily aimed at introducing senior and junior mathematics majors to some of the challenging problems and areas of modern mathematics. The seminar will help students develop research and expository skills in mathematics, which is important for careers in any field that makes significant use of the mathematical sciences (e.g., pure or applied mathematics, physical or biological sciences, business and industry, medicine). The content will vary from year to year.

MATH 402 Smorgasbord Seminar
Fall. 1 credit. Prerequisite: 2 courses in mathematics numbered 300 or higher. S-U only. Recommended for mathematics majors. A student may only receive credit for this course once.
A lecture series by members of the Mathematics Department about current research topics, to give students a little taste of many different areas in mathematics. This course will be valuable for students looking for a topic for a senior thesis and for students thinking about graduate work in the mathematical sciences.

MATH 403 History of Mathematics #
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: 2 courses in mathematics above 300, or permission of instructor.
Survey of the development of mathematics from antiquity to the present, with an emphasis on the achievements, problems, and mathematical viewpoints of each historical period and the evolution of such basic concepts as number, geometry, construction, and proof. Readings from original sources in translation. Students will be required to give oral and written reports.

MATH 408 Mathematics in Perspective
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: consent of instructor (intended for senior mathematics majors and other students with strong mathematics backgrounds).
The purpose of this course is for students to step back and form an overview of the mathematics they have learned.

MATH 411 Introduction to Analysis
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Mathematics 221-222, 223-224 or 293-294. Students who need measure theory and Lebesgue integration for advanced probability courses should take Mathematics 413-414 or audit the first few weeks of Mathematics 621. Undergraduates who plan to attend graduate school in mathematics should take 413-414.
An introduction to the theory of functions of real variables, stressing concepts and a logical development of the subject rather than applications. Topics include Euclidean spaces, the real number system, continuous and differentiable functions, uniform convergence and approximation theorems, and the Riemann integral. Students who wish to continue study of theoretical analysis upon completion of Mathematics 411 may take, for example, Mathematics 418.

MATH 413-414 Honors Introduction to Analysis
413, fall, 414, spring. 4 credits each. Prerequisite for 413: a high level of performance in Mathematics 221-222, 223-224 or 293-294. Prerequisite for Mathematics 414: Mathematics 413.
This sequence, designed for honors students, provides an introduction to the theory of functions of real variables, stressing a rigorous logical development of the subject rather than applications. Topics include metric spaces, the real number system, continuous and differentiable functions, uniform convergence and approximation theorems, Fourier series, Riemann and Lebesgue integrals, calculus in several variables, and differential forms.

MATH 418 Introduction to the Theory of Functions of One Complex Variable
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Mathematics 221-222, 293-294, or 213.
A rigorous introduction to complex variable theory. Complex numbers. Differential and integral calculus for functions of a complex variable, including Cauchy’s theorem and the calculus of residues. Elements of conformal mapping.

MATH 420 Differential Equations and Dynamical Systems
Fall, spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: high level of performance in Mathematics 293-294, 221-222, 223-224, or permission of instructor. Graduate students who need mathematics extensively in their work and who have had solid courses in calculus and complex variables should consider

See the list of courses with overlapping content at the end of the introduction.
appropriate graduate-level courses in analysis.*

Ordinary differential equations in one and higher dimensions: qualitative, analytic, and numerical methods. Emphasis on differential equations as models and the implications of the theory for the behavior of the system being modeled. Introduction to bifurcations.

MATH 422 Applied Complex Analysis
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Mathematics 221–222, 223–224, 293–294, or 213 and 231. Complex variables, Fourier transforms, Laplace transforms. Applications to partial differential equations. Additional topics may include an introduction to generalized functions.

[MATH 423 Applicable Analysis III
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Mathematics 221–222, 223–224, 293–294, or 213 and 231. May not be offered again.]

MATH 424 Wavelets and Fourier Series
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Mathematics 221–222, 223–224, 293–294, or permission of instructor.

Both Fourier series and wavelets provide methods to approximate general functions in terms of simple building blocks. Such representations have important consequences, both for pure mathematics and for applications. Fourier series use \textit{natural} sinusoidal building blocks and may be used to help solve differential equations. Wavelets use \textit{artificial} building blocks that have the advantage of localization in space.

A full understanding of both topics requires a background involving Lebesgue integration theory and functional analysis. This course will present as much as possible on both topics without such formidable prerequisites. The emphasis will be on clear statements of results and key ideas of proofs, working out examples, and applications. Related topics that may be included in the course: Fourier transforms, Heisenberg uncertainty principle, Shannon sampling theorem, and Poisson summation formula.

MATH 425 Numerical Solutions of Differential Equations
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Mathematics 221–222, 223–224, or 293–294 and one course numbered 300 or higher in mathematics, or permission of instructor.


MATH 427 Introduction to Ordinary Differential Equations
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Mathematics 221–222, 223–224, or 293–294 or permission of instructor.

Covers the basic existence, uniqueness, and stability theory together with methods of solution and methods of approximation. Topics include singular points, series solutions, Sturm-Liouville theory, transform methods, approximation methods, and application to physical problems.

MATH 429 Introduction to Partial Differential Equations
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Mathematics 221–222, 223–224, or 293–294 or permission of instructor.

Topics selected from first-order quasilinear equations, classification of second-order equations, with emphasis on maximum principles, existence, uniqueness, stability. Fourier series methods, approximation methods.

MATH 431-432 Introduction to Algebra
Fall, spring. 4 credits each. Prerequisite: Mathematics 221, 223, 234, or 294. Prerequisite for Mathematics 432: Mathematics 431 or 433, or permission of instructor. Undergraduates who plan to attend graduate school in mathematics should take 433–434.*

431: An introduction to linear algebra, including the study of vector spaces, linear transformations, matrices, and systems of linear equations; quadratic forms and inner product spaces; canonical forms for various classes of matrices and linear transformations; determinants. 432: an introduction to various topics in abstract algebra, including groups, rings, fields, factorization of polynomials and integers, congruences, and the structure of finitely generated Abelian groups. Examples of algebraic domains with application to canonical forms of matrices.

MATH 433-434 Honors Introduction to Algebra
Fall, spring. 4 credits each. Prerequisite: Mathematics 221, 223, 234, or 294. Prerequisite for Mathematics 434: Mathematics 433 or permission of instructor.*

Honors version of Mathematics 431–432. Mathematics 433–434 will be more theoretical and rigorous than 431–432 and will include additional material such as multilinear and exterior algebra.

MATH 436 Applications of Abstract Algebra
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Mathematics 421, 223, 231, or 294 or higher. Prerequisite for Mathematics 432: Mathematics 336 or the equivalent.

The course is intended for students who would like to learn modern algebra and its applications outside of mathematics. There will be at least as much emphasis on applications as the relevant modern algebra. Frequently the applications involve or were made possible by the invention of computers. Students who already know the modern algebra covered in the course may still find the applications to be of interest. Specific topics will be chosen by the instructor. The course may include topics drawn from: elementary number theory, polynomials and ring theory, monoids and group theory, real closed fields, algebraic combinatorics, Groebner bases, algebraic geometry, and field theory. Some applications and related topics typically include items drawn from: complexity theory, coding theory, encryption, discrete and fast Fourier transform, primality testing, factoring integers and polynomials, root counting and isolation, solving systems of polynomial equations, formal language theory, and automata.

MATH 436 and 437 may overlap in choice of material. When they overlap, the coverage in MATH 436 will be of greater depth appropriate to a 400-level course. Students cannot get credit for both MATH 336 and MATH 436.

[MATH 441 Introduction to Combinatorics

MATH 442 Introduction to Combinatorics
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Mathematics 221, 223, 231, or 294.


MATH 451 Euclidean and Spherical Geometry
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Mathematics 221, 223, 231, or 294, or permission of instructor.

Topics from Euclidean and spherical (non-Euclidean) geometry. A nonlecture, seminar-style course organized around student participation.

MATH 452 Classical Geometries
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Mathematics 221, 223, 231, or 294, or permission of instructor.

This is an introduction to hyperbolic, spherical, and projective geometry—the classical geometries that developed as Euclidean geometry was better understood. For example, the historical problem of the independence of Euclid's fifth postulate is understood when the existence of the hyperbolic plane is realized. Straightedge (and compass) constructions and stereographic projection in Euclidean geometry can be understood within the structure of projective geometry. Topics in hyperbolic geometry include models of the hyperbolic plane and relations to spherical geometry. Topics in projective geometry include homogeneous coordinates and the classical theorems about conics and configurations of points and lines. Optional topics include principles of perspective drawing, finite projective planes, orthogonal Latin squares, and the cross ratio.

*See the list of courses with overlapping content at the end of the introduction.

*See the list of courses with overlapping content at the end of the introduction.
MATH 453 Introduction to Topology
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Mathematics 411 or 413, or permission of instructor.
Basic point set topology, connectedness, compactness, metric spaces, fundamental group. Application of these concepts to surfaces such as the torus, the Klein bottle, the Moebius band.

MATH 454 Introduction to Differential Geometry
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Mathematics 221-222, 223-224, or 293-294, plus at least one mathematics course numbered 300 or above. Mathematics 453 is not a prerequisite. Differential geometry of curves and surfaces. Curvature, geodesics, differential forms. Introduction to n-dimensional Riemannian manifolds. This material provides some background for the study of general relativity; connections with the latter will be indicated.

MATH 455 Applicable Geometry
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: A good introduction to linear algebra (such as in Math 221, 223, 231, or 294) or permission of the instructor. It will not be assumed that you know what any of the words in the following paragraphs mean. Not offered 2000–2001.
An introduction to the theory of n-dimensional convex polytopes and polyhedra and some of its applications, with an in-depth treatment of the case of 3-dimensional polytopes. We will discuss both combinatorial properties (such as face counts) as well as metric properties (such as rigidity). Theorems of Euler, Cauchy, and Steinitz, Voronoi diagrams and triangulations, convex hulls, cyclic polytopes, shellability and the upper-bound theorem. We relate these ideas to applications in tiling, linear inequalities and linear programming, structural rigidity, computational geometry, hyperplane arrangements and zonotopes.

MATH 471 Basic Probability
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Mathematics 221, 223, 231, or 294. May be used as a terminal course in basic probability. Topics include combinations, important probability laws, expectations, moments, moment-generating functions, limit theorems. Emphasis is on diverse applications and on development of use in statistical applications. See also the description of Mathematics 671.

MATH 472 Statistics
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Mathematics 471 and knowledge of linear algebra such as taught in Mathematics 221. Some knowledge of multivariable calculus helpful but not necessary.
Classical and recently developed statistical procedures will be treated in a framework that emphasizes the basic principles of statistical inference and the rationale underlying the choice of these procedures in various settings. These settings include problems of estimation, hypothesis testing, large sample theory.

MATH 473 Basic Stochastic Processes
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Mathematics 471 or equivalent and knowledge of linear algebra such as taught in Mathematics 221. Not offered 2000–2001.
This is a second-semester undergraduate course on probability. It covers topics from renewal theory, martingales, discrete and continuous time Markov chains, Brownian motion and related diffusion processes, and applications to queuing theory and finance.

Theoretical as well as applied aspects of the subject will be emphasized.

MATH 481 Mathematical Logic (also PHIL 431)
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: 1 logic course from the Mathematics Department at the 200 level or higher, 1 logic course from the Philosophy Department at the 300 level or higher, or permission of the instructor.
For description, see PHIL 432.

MATH 482 Topics in Logic (also PHIL 432)
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: 1 logic course from the Mathematics Department at the 200 level or higher, 1 logic course from the Philosophy Department at the 200 level or higher, or permission of the instructor.
For description, see PHIL 432.

MATH 483 Intensional Logic (also PHIL 436)
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Mathematics 221-222, 223-224, or 293-294; Computer Science 280 or equivalent (such as Mathematics 332, 336, 432, 434, 436, or 481); and some additional course in mathematics or theoretical computer science.
Topics in Prolog, LISP, ML, or Nuprl. Applications to expert systems and program verification.

MATH 490 Supervised Reading and Research
Fall, spring. 1–6 credits.
Supervised reading and research by arrangement with individual professors. Not for material currently available in regularly scheduled courses.

Professional Level and Mathematics Education Courses

MATH 500 College Teaching
Fall, weeks 1–6. 1 credit.
Among the topics covered: basic topics about teaching, such as how to plan recitations, how to prepare lesson plans for lectures, exam design and grading, syllabus planning. Also discussed: the structure of colleges and universities, jobs and tenure, professionalism, alternative teaching strategies.

MATH 505 Educational Issues in Undergraduate Mathematics
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: graduate standing or permission of the instructor. Not offered 2000–2001.
This course will examine various educational issues in undergraduate mathematics and the relationship of these issues to the mathematics itself. The precise choice of topics will vary, but the intent is that a balance of different views be presented and discussed. There will be extensive readings in the course and occasional guest lectures. Possible topics include: nature of proof and how and when to teach it, calculus "reform," teaching mathematics to school teachers, using writing, using history, alternative assessments, alternatives to lecturing, equity issues, effective uses of technology, what is mathematical understanding and how do we recognize it, what should every mathematics major know, research in undergraduate mathematics.

MATH 507 Teaching Secondary Mathematics: Theory and Practices
This course will provide direct experience of new approaches, curricula and standards in mathematics education. Discussion of articles, activities for the secondary classroom and videotape of classroom teaching will be tied to in-class exploration of math problems. Experience in the computer lab, examining software environments and their use in the mathematics classroom will be included.
Participants will be expected to write short papers, share ideas in class and present their opinions on issues.

MATH 508 Mathematics for Secondary School Teachers
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: secondary school mathematics teacher, graduate standing, or permission of instructor. May not be taught every semester.
An examination of the principles underlying the content of the secondary school mathematics curriculum, including connections with the history of mathematics and current mathematics research.

Graduate Courses

Students interested in taking graduate courses in mathematics should consult the department for further details, times, and possible changes in the courses described below.

MATH 611-612 Real and Complex Analysis
Fall, 611; spring, 612. 4 credits each.
611: measure and integration, functional analysis. 612: complex analysis, Fourier analysis, and distribution theory.

MATH 613-614 Topics in Analysis

MATH 615-616 Mathematical Methods in Physics
Fall, 615; spring, 616. 4 credits each.
Intended for graduate students in physics or related fields who have had a strong advanced calculus course and at least 2 years of general physics. A knowledge of the elements of finite dimensional vector space theory, complex variables, separation of variables in partial differential equations, and Fourier series will be assumed. Undergraduates will be admitted only with permission of instructor.
Mathematics 615 is a prerequisite for 616.


Topics designed to give a working knowledge of the principal mathematical methods used in advanced physics. 615: Hilbert space, generalized functions, Fourier transform, Summability of problem in ODE; Green's functions, asymptotic expansions. 616: Linear operators. Differential operators and integral operators, the equations and eigenvalue problems connected with them and the special functions arising from them. Elements of group theory. "The rotation group and its representations."

**MATH 617 Dynamical Systems**


**MATH 618 Smooth Ergodic Theory**

Spring. 4 credits.


**MATH 619-620 Partial Differential Equations**


Basic theory of partial differential equations.

**MATH 621 Measure Theory and Lebesgue Integration**

Fall. 4 credits.

Measure theory, integration, and Lp spaces.

**MATH 622 Applied Functional Analysis**


Basic theory of Hilbert and Banach spaces and operations on them. Applications.

**MATH 628 Complex Dynamical Systems**

Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Mathematics 418.

Various topics in the dynamics of analytic mappings in one complex variable, such as: Julia and Fatou sets, the Mandelbrot set, Mane-Sad-Sullivan's theorem on structural stability. Local theory, including repulsive cycles and the Yoccoz inequality, parabolic points and Fatou disks. Siegel disks and Yoccoz's proof of the Siegel-Brjuno theorem. Quasi-conformal mappings and surgery: Sullivan's theorem on non-wandering domains, polynomial-like mappings and renormalization. Shishikura's construction of Herman rings. Puzzles, tableaux, and local connectivity problems. Thurston's topological characterization of rational functions, the spider algorithm, and mating of polynomials.

**MATH 631-632 (634) Algebra**

631, Fall; 632, Spring; 634, Spring. 4 credits each. Not offered 2000-2001.

631: finite groups, field extensions, Galois theory, rings and algebras, and exterior algebra. 632: Wedderburn structure theorem, Bruer group, Galois cohomology. 634: Dedekind domains, primary decomposition, Hilbert basis theorem, local rings.

**MATH 649 Lie Algebras**

Fall. 4 credits.


**MATH 651 Introductory Algebraic Topology**

Spring. 4 credits.

Fundamental group and covering spaces. Homotopy theories for complexes and spaces.

**MATH 652-653 Differentiable Manifolds**

652, Fall; 653, Spring. 4 credits each.

Prerequisites: advanced calculus, linear algebra (Mathematics 431), point set topology (Mathematics 453). This is an introduction to differential geometry and differential topology at the level of the beginning graduate student. Topological manifolds. Smooth manifolds, immersions and embeddings, tangent bundles, fiber bundles, vector fields and dynamical systems, Froebenius' theorem. Lie groups. Integration on manifolds, differential forms. Stokes theorem. Connections, Riemannian manifolds, geodesics, curvature, Gauss-Bonnet theorem. Tubular neighborhoods, transversality and cobordism.

**MATH 661 Geometric Topology**

Fall. 4 credits.

An introduction to some of the more geometric aspects of topology and its connections with group theory. Possible topics: surface theory, 3-manifolds, knot theory, geometric and combinatorial group theory, hyperbolic groups, hyperbolic manifolds.

**MATH 662 Riemannian Geometry**


Linear connections, Riemannian metrics and parallel translation. Covariant differentiation and curvature tensors. The exponential map, the Gauss Lemma and completeness of the metric. Isometries and space forms, Jacobi fields and the theorem of Cartan-Hadamard. The first and second variation formulas. The index form of Morse and the theorem of Bonnet-Myers. The Rauch, Hessian, and Laplacian comparison theorems. The Morse index theorem. The conjugate and cut loci. Submanifolds and the Second Fundamental Form.

**MATH 671-672 Probability Theory**

671, Fall; 672, Spring. 4 credits each.

Prerequisite: a knowledge of Lebesgue integration theory, at least on the real line. Students can learn this material by taking parts of Mathematics 413-414 or 621.

Prerequisite for Mathematics 672: Mathematics 671.

Properties and examples of probability spaces.


**MATH 711-712 Seminar in Analysis**

711, Fall; 712, Spring. 4 credits each. Not offered 2000-2001.

**MATH 713 Functional Analysis**

Spring. 4 credits.

Topological vector spaces, Banach and Hilbert spaces, Banach algebras. Additional topics to be selected by instructor.

**MATH 715 Fourier Analysis**


**MATH 717 Applied Dynamical Systems**

Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: T&AM 675, Mathematics 617, or equivalent. Not offered 2000-2001.

Review of planar (single-degree-of-freedom) systems. Local and global analysis. Structural stability and bifurcations in planar systems. Center manifolds and normal forms. The averaging theorem and perturbation methods. Melnikov's method. Discrete dynamical systems, maps and difference equations, homoclinic and heteroclinic motions, the Smale Horseshoe and other complex invariant sets. Global bifurcations, strange attractors, and chaos in free and forced oscillatory systems. Applications to problems in solid and fluid mechanics.

**MATH 722 Topics in Complex Analysis**


Selections of advanced topics from complex analysis, such as Riemann surfaces, complex dynamics, and conformal and quasiconformal mapping. Course content varies.

**MATH 728 Seminar in Partial Differential Equations**

Fall. 4 credits.

**MATH 731-732 Seminar in Algebra**

731, Fall; 732, Spring. 4 credits each.

**MATH 735 Topics in Algebra**

Fall. 4 credits.

**MATH 736 Topics in Topology**

Spring. 4 credits.

**MATH 744 Introduction to Mathematical Statistics**

Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Mathematics 671 and OR&IE 670 or permission of instructor.

Topics include an introduction to the theory of point estimation, hypothesis testing and confidence intervals, consistency, efficiency, sufficiency, and the method of maximum likelihood. Basic concepts of decision theory are discussed; asymptotic methods are introduced and developed in detail. The course is coordinated with OR&IE 670 to form the second part of a one-year course in mathematical statistics.

**MATH 768 Logic**

Spring. 4 credits.

Basic topics in mathematical logic, including propositional and predicate calculus; formal number theory and recursive functions; completeness and incompleteness theorems. Other topics as time permits.

**MATH 771-772 Seminar in Analysis**

771, Fall; 772, Spring. 4 credits each. Not offered 2000-2001.

**MATH 775 Topics in Applied Mathematics**


**MATH 776 Topics in Analysis**


**MATH 781 Logic**

Spring. 4 credits.

Basic topics in mathematical logic, including propositional and predicate calculus; formal number theory and recursive functions; completeness and incompleteness theorems. Other topics as time permits.

**MATH 784 Introduction to Mathematical Statistics**

Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Mathematics 671 and OR&IE 670 or permission of instructor.

Topics include an introduction to the theory of point estimation, hypothesis testing and confidence intervals, consistency, efficiency, sufficiency, and the method of maximum likelihood. Basic concepts of decision theory are discussed; asymptotic methods are introduced and developed in detail. The course is coordinated with OR&IE 670 to form the second part of a one-year course in mathematical statistics.

**MATH 788 Logic**

Spring. 4 credits.

Basic topics in mathematical logic, including propositional and predicate calculus; formal number theory and recursive functions; completeness and incompleteness theorems. Other topics as time permits.

**MATH 791 Seminar in Algebra**

Selection of advanced topics from algebra, algebraic number theory, and algebraic geometry. Course content varies.

MATH 737  Algebraic Number Theory  
Spring. 4 credits.

MATH 739  Topics in Algebra  
Fall. 4 credits.  
Selection of advanced topics from algebra, algebraic number theory, and algebraic geometry. Course content varies.

MATH 740  Homological Algebra  
Spring. 4 credits.

MATH 751-752  Seminar in Topology  
751. fall, 752, spring. 4 credits each.

MATH 753-754  Algebraic Topology  
753. fall, 754, spring. 4 credits.  
The continuation of 651. Cohomology, cup products, Poincare duality, higher homotopy groups, fiber bundles, fibrations, vector bundles, characteristic classes, K-theory, spectral sequences, cohomology operations.

MATH 757-758  Topics in Topology  
757: fall, 758, spring. 4 credits each.  
Selection of advanced topics from modern algebraic, differential, and geometric topology. Course content varies.

MATH 761-762  Seminar in Geometry  
761. fall; 762, spring. 4 credits each.

MATH 767  Algebraic Geometry  
Fall. 4 credits.

MATH 771-772  Seminar in Probability and Statistics  
771. fall; 772, spring. 4 credits each.

MATH 774  Asymptotic Statistics  
Fall. 4 credits.  
Prerequisites: probability theory (Math 671-672 or equivalent), containing stochastic processes) and statistics (Math 472 or Math 674).  
Introduction to asymptotic statistical decision theory and to empirical stochastic processes. The notion of experiment, reduction by sufficiency, equivalence classes, the Le Cam delta distance, local asymptotic normality and minimaxity, optimal rates of convergence, white noise models, the Pinsker bound, and Gaussian approximation of nonparametric experiments. Topics in empirical processes include coupling theorems, some probability metrics, entropy conditions, functional limit theorems, and Hungarian constructions.

MATH 777-778  Stochastic Processes  
777. fall; 778, spring. 4 credits each.

MATH 781-782  Seminar in Logic  
781. fall; 782, spring. 4 credits each.

MATH 783  Model Theory  
Spring. 4 credits.  

MATH 784  Recursion Theory  
Spring. 4 credits.  

MATH 787  Set Theory  
Fall. 4 credits.

MATH 788  Topics in Applied Logic  
Fall. 4 credits.  
This course covers applications of the results and methods of mathematical logic to other areas of mathematics and science. Topics vary each year; some recent examples are: automatic theorem proving, formal semantics of programming and specification languages, linear logic, constructivism (intuitionism), nonstandard analysis. The student is expected to be familiar with the standard results in graduate level mathematical logic.

MATH 789  Supervised Reading and Research  
Fall, spring. 1–6 credits.

MATH 901-902  Oliver Club Seminar  

MATH 903-904  Olivetti Club Seminar  

MATH 905-906  Occasional Seminar on Undergraduate Education  

MATH 907-908  Educational Issues in Undergraduate Mathematics  

MATH 911-912  Seminar in Analysis  

MATH 913-914  Seminar in Dynamics and Geometry  

MATH 949-950  Seminar in Lie Groups  

MATH 951-952  Topics in Topology and Geometry  

MATH 967-968  Seminar in Combinatorial and Algebraic Geometry  

MUSIC  
M. Scatterday, chair; S. Tucker, director of undergraduate studies (233 Lincoln Hall, 255-4097).

The Department of Music and the Faculty of Arts and Sciences offer a wide variety of musical experiences, including the Cornell Glee Club, Cornell University Chorus, Cornell University Wind Symphony, Cornell Symphony Orchestra, Cornell Jazz Ensembles, Cornell Chorale, Cornell Chamber Singers, Cornell Chamber Orchestra, Cornell University Chamber Winds, Cornell University Symphony Band, Cornell University Wind Ensemble, and Cornell University Wind Symphony. Information about requirements, rehearsal hours, and conditions for academic credit can be found in the following listings for the Department of Music. Announcements of auditions are posted during registration each fall term and, where appropriate, each spring term as well.

The university is also home to many student-run musical organizations, including the Big Red Marching Band and Big Red Pep Band, the Cornell Savoyards, and several a cappella groups. Information about these groups, too, is available through the Department of Music office, 101 Lincoln Hall (255-4097).

The Department of Music and the Faculty Committee on Music sponsor more than 100 formal and informal concerts each year by Cornell's ensembles, faculty, and students and by distinguished visiting artists. The great majority of concerts are free and open to the public. Lectures and concerts are listed on the web (www.arts.cornell.edu/music/).

Additional information is available through the events office (255-4760).

Nonmajors  
In addition to its performing, instructional, and concert activities, the department offers numerous courses for nonmajors, many of which carry no prerequisites and presuppose no previous formal training in music. Consult the following course listings, and for further information consult the department office, 101 Lincoln Hall (255-4097), or the director of undergraduate studies (255-3423).

The Major  
Two options are available for the student planning to major in music. Each carries the study of music to an advanced level through the integration of performance, music theory, and music history. Option I is a general course, not necessarily oriented toward eventual graduate or professional work in music. Option II is a more specialized and concentrated program, suitable for students who want to prepare for graduate or professional work in music.

All students contemplating a major in music under either option should arrange for placement examinations and advising in the department as early as possible, usually during the freshman orientation period. Information is available from the director of undergraduate studies. All students are expected to have chosen an adviser from among the department faculty at the time of application for major status.

Option I presupposes some musical background before entering Cornell. Prerequisites for admission to the major are completion of Music 152 and 154, at the latest by the end of the sophomore year (the freshman year is preferable), with an overall grade of B- or better in each course. For further information, consult the director of undergraduate studies.

The requirements for the Bachelor of Arts degree with a major in music under Option I comprise the following:

1) in music theory: Music 251, 252, 253, 254, 351, 353, and one of the following: Music 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456.

2) in music history: 16 credits in courses numbered 381 or above listed under Music History Courses for Majors. At least three of these courses must be drawn...
from the four-course sequence Music 381–384.

3) in performance: four semesters of participation in a musical organization or ensemble sponsored by the Department of Music (Music 331 through 346 and 421 through 448).

Option II presupposes considerable musical study before entering Cornell. Prerequisites for admission into the Option II program are previous acceptance as an Option I major and satisfactory completion of Music 252 and 254, normally by the end of the sophomore year. Students must apply to the department for formal acceptance as an Option II major. An Option II major concentrates in one of the three areas listed below. For Option II in performance, exceptional promise must be demonstrated, in part by a successful solo recital before the end of the sophomore year.

The requirements for the Bachelor of Arts degree with a major in music under Option II are:

1) completion of all the requirements for Option I, except as noted below, and

2) in addition:

a) in performance:

(1) the requirement for four semesters of participation in a musical organization or ensemble is waived (but such students are expected to participate actively in chamber and other ensembles sponsored by the department);

(2) 16 credits in individual instruction in the student's major instrument, or voice, earned by taking Music 323–334 throughout the junior and senior years.

b) in theory and composition or in history: 12 additional credits in this area of concentration at the 300 level or above, of which either four may be earned in Music 301 or 302 when taken only for four credits or eight may be earned in Music 401–402.

Honors. The honors program in music is intended to provide special distinction for the department's ablest undergraduate majors. Qualified students are invited to become candidates by the faculty early in the second semester of their junior year. As soon as possible thereafter, the student forms a committee of three or more faculty members to guide and evaluate the honors work. Senior year candidates enroll in Music 401–402 with the chair of the honors committee as instructor. Candidates will be encouraged to formulate programs that allow them to demonstrate their musical and scholarly abilities, culminating in an honors thesis, composition, or recital, to be presented not later than April 1 of the senior year. A comprehensive examination administered by the candidate's committee is held not later than May 1. The level of honors conferred is based primarily on the candidate's performance in them, and secondarily on the candidate's overall record in departmental courses and activities.

Distribution Requirement

College of Arts and Sciences students may apply either one or two Music Department courses toward the distribution requirement in Group 4 (humanities and the arts). Neither freshman seminar nor advanced placement credit count toward this requirement.

If one music course is counted for distribution, it must carry at least three credits, and it may not be in musical performance (Music 321–322, 323–324) or in organizations and ensembles (Music 331 through 346 and 421 through 448).

If two music courses are counted for distribution, they must total at least six credits, and at least one of the courses must be academic, not performance-oriented. The second "course," however, may comprise either up to four credits earned in performance (Music 321–322, 323–324) or up to four credits earned in organizations and ensembles (Music 331 through 346 and 421 through 448), but not both.

Facilities

Music Library. The Music Library in Lincoln Hall has an excellent collection of standard research tools consisting of approximately 120,000 books, periodicals, and scores and 45,000 sound and video recordings. Particularly noteworthy are the collections of opera from all periods; twentieth-century scores and recordings; a large microfilm collection of Renaissance sources, both theoretical and musical; and a collection of eighteenth-century chamber music. In addition, the Department of Rare Books, in the Kroch Library, houses a collection of early printed books on music and musical manuscripts.

Concert Halls. The Department of Music sponsors more than 100 concerts annually. Cornell's principal concert halls are Bailey Hall Auditorium (about 2,000), Alice Statler Auditorium (about 900), Sage Chapel (about 800) and Barnes Hall Auditorium (about 280).

Rehearsal Spaces. The orchestras and bands rehearse in Lincoln Hall, Bailey Hall, Barnes Hall, and Barton Hall; the Jazz Ensembles, Gamelan, and Chamber Ensembles rehearse in Lincoln Hall; and the choral ensembles are quartered in practice studios in Lincoln Hall. All rehearsal spaces in Cornell Hall are available for individual practice by pianists, vocalists, and instrumentalists.

Thirty grand pianos and 21 upright or studio pianos are housed in Cornell's offices, classrooms, and rehearsal spaces. In addition, our Center for Keyboard Studies includes two concert grand pianos (Steinway and Mason & Hamlin), two eighteenth-century fortepiano replicas (copies of Johann Andreas Stein and Anton Walter), an original Broadwood grand piano from 1827, an 1850 Conrad Graf fortepiano replica chapel. Practice studios in Lincoln Hall are available for individuals with pianist, vocalists, and instrumentalists.

Digital/Electronic Equipment. A Macintosh studio master is available for individual study (Music 100). Also, occasional independent study use. The software used is Performer, Mosaic, Finale, and several Opcode patch editor/librarians. The instruments include a Yamaha KX88 MIDI Controller keyboard, a Yamaha TX802 FM synthesizer, an E-Mu Proteus XR, an Ensoniq TZ10 sampler, and various other synthesizers. In addition, there are two MIDI work stations with additional instruments, including a Korg M1 synthesizer and an Akai S900 sampler.

Introductory Courses

Note: Class meeting times are accurate at the time of publication. If changes are necessary, the department will provide new information as soon as possible.

MUSIC 100 Elements of Musical Notation
Fall or spring, weeks 2-5. 1 credit. Prerequisite: concurrent enrollment in any 3-credit course in music and permission of instructor. D. Conn. This four-week course, given at the beginning of each term, will help the student fulfill the requirement of basic pitch and rhythm and reading skills needed for some introductory courses and 200-level courses with prerequisites. The material covered in this course is no longer part of Music 105.

MUSIC 101 Popular Music in America: A Historical Survey (also AM ST 105) #
Spring. 3 credits. 1-hour disc TBA. S. Pond. A survey of the history and diverse streams of popular music in America. Elementary vocabulary and techniques for describing, analyzing, and evaluating music. Relationships between mainstream musics, tributaries, and side-streams, and between folk, art, and popular music.

MUSIC 103 Intro to World Music I: Africa and the Americas (also LSP 100) @
Fall. 3 credits. 1-hour disc TBA. No previous training in music required. S. Pond. Exploration of folk, popular, and traditional musical genres of the Western Hemisphere, particularly the African diaspora. The course examines both the elements of musical styles and the features of society that influence music. Listening assignments are major components of the course.

MUSIC 104 Intro to World Music II: Asia
Spring. 3 credits. 1-hour disc to be arranged. No previous training in music required. M. Hatch and A. Warde. Exploration of folk, popular, and traditional musical genres from South, Southeast, and East Asia. The course examines both the elements of musical styles and the features of society that influence music. Listening assignments are major components of the course.

MUSIC 105 Introduction to Music Theory
Fall, spring, or summer. 3 credits. Plus 2 hours TBA. Experience in reading music is recommended. D. Conn. An elementary, self-contained introduction to music theory emphasizing fundamental musical techniques, theoretical concepts, and their application. Intervals, scales, triads, basic concepts of tonality; extensive listening to music in various styles; analysis of representative works of Bach, Mozart, Haydn, and Beethoven.

MUSIC 107 Hildegard to Handel
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: ability to read music or concurrent enrollment in Music 100. N. Zaslaw. The music of Western Europe from the Middle Ages through the Baroque period. Starting from Gregorian chant and the monophonic works of Hildegard von Bingen, this course will survey composers and repertoires such as the troubadors, the Notre Dame School, Renaissance sacred polyphony, madrigals, the dance suite, concertos, cantatas, and will end
in the early eighteenth century with works by Vivaldi, Bach, and Handel.

**MUSIC 108 Mozart to Minimalism**
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: ability to read music or concurrent enrollment in Music 100. N. Zaslav.
A survey of Western art music in many genres from the second half of the eighteenth century to the present. Composers whose music will be studied include Haydn, Mozart, Beethoven, Schumann, Mendelssohn, Berlioz, Chopin, Wagner, Verdi, Liszt, Brahms, Mahler, Debussy, Strauss, Stravinsky, Bartók, Ives, Webern, Messiaen, Copland, Bernstein, Carter, Stucky, and Sierra.

*[MUSIC 201 Diction for Oral Presentation]*
Fall or spring. 1 credit. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered 2000-2001. J. Kellogg.
Introduction to the uses of the International Phonetic Alphabet for pronunciation of English, French, German, and Italian. Open to singers and nonsingers. Assignments will vary according to musical experience. Singing students will be expected to perform their assignments. Students taking voice lessons for credit (321a-322a) must take Music 201 by the end of the third semester of lessons.

**Music Theory**

Students contemplating the music major are strongly advised to take Music 151, 152, 153, and 154 in the freshman year, in any case Music 152 and 154 must be completed no later than the end of the sophomore year. Students contemplating Option II must complete Music 252 and 254 by the end of the sophomore year.

**MUSIC 151 Tonal Theory I**
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: admission by departmental placement exam and concurrent enrollment in or previous credit for Music 153, or equivalent. Intended for students considering major in music and other qualified students. A. Richards.
Detailed study of the fundamental elements of tonal music: rhythm, scales, intervals, triads; melodic principles and 2-part counterpoint; diatonic harmony and 4-part voice leading in root position and first inversion; analysis of phrase and period structure.

**MUSIC 152 Tonal Theory II**
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: Music 151 and 153 or equivalent, and concurrent enrollment in or previous credit for Music 154. Intended for students expecting to major in music and other qualified students. A grade of B- or better in Music 152 is required for admission to the music major. A. Richards.
Continued study of voice leading and harmonic progression, including diatonic modulation; analysis of binary and ternary forms.

**MUSIC 153 Musicianship I**
Fall. 2 credits. Prerequisite: concurrent enrollment in or previous credit for Music 151. Intended for students expecting to major in music and other qualified students. 3 hrs. TBA. A. Richards.

**MUSIC 154 Musicianship II**
Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisite: concurrent enrollment in or previous credit for Music 152. Intended for students expecting to major in music and other qualified students. A grade of B- or better in Music 154, and failure in none of the individual musicianship components of the course, are required for admission to the music major. 3 hrs. TBA A. Richards.

*[MUSIC 239 Introduction to Improvisational Theory]*
Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Intended for performers in “jazz” and related styles. Not offered 2000-2001. Staff.
Tonal, modal, and blues harmonic resources, and the formal structures in which they are embodied. Development of improvisational skills and creation of spontaneous compositions.

**MUSIC 251 Tonal Theory III**
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: Music 152 and 154 or equivalent, and concurrent enrollment in Music 254. Staff.
Continuation of diatonic and introduction to chromatic harmony; species counterpoint; composition in small forms.

**MUSIC 252 Tonal Theory IV**
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: Music 251 and 253 or equivalent, and concurrent enrollment in Music 254. Staff.
Study of and composition in larger forms, including sonata form; systematic study of chromatic harmony, voice-leading, and modulation; composition in chromatic style.

**MUSIC 253 Musicianship III**
Fall. 2 credits. Prerequisite: concurrent enrollment in or previous credit for Music 251. 2 hours TBA. Staff.

**MUSIC 254 Musicianship IV**
Spring. 2 credits. Prerequisite: concurrent enrollment in or previous credit for Music 252. 2 hours TBA. Staff.
Music in History and Culture

MUSIC 221 History of Rock Music (also AM ST 223)  
Spring. 3 credits. No previous training in music required. Prerequisites: Music 152-153, 154.  
This course examines the development and cultural significance of rock music from its origins in blues, gospel, and Tin Pan Alley up to present-day genres of alternative rock and hip hop.

MUSIC 222 A Survey of Jazz (also AM ST 222)  
Fall. 3 credits. Enrollment limited. S. Pond.  
This course addresses jazz from two perspectives: the various sounds of jazz, as well as the historical streams—musical and cultural—which have contributed to its development. The historical focus on jazz locates it as an expression of culture. We will investigate how jazz affects and is affected by notions of ethnicity, class, nationalism, gender, art, and genre. We will examine what has changed over time and try to understand why. Throughout we will focus our inquiry through listening to recordings, studying writings about music by musicians and nonmusicians, learning to listen with new ears, experiencing jazz hands-on, and collaborating to add to the body of literature on jazz.

MUSIC 245 Gamelan in Indonesian History and Cultures  
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Permission of instructor. No previous knowledge of musical notation or performance experience necessary. M. Hatch.  
An introduction to Indonesia through its art. Elementary techniques of performance on the Javanese gamelan; a general introduction to Indonesian history and culture, and the socio-cultural contexts of the arts there. Several short papers and one longer research report are required.

[MUSIC 261 Bach and Handel #  
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: any 3-credit course in music or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. D. Yeansly.]

[MUSIC 262 Haydn and Mozart #  
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: any 3-credit course in music or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. N. Zaslaw. Music for courts, theaters, churches, concerts, dancing, marching, public and private ceremonies, and domestic use by two extraordinarily different musical personalities who were friends, explored in its historical and socio-cultural contexts.]

MUSIC 263 Beethoven #  
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: any 3-credit course in music or permission of instructor. J. Webster.  
A survey of Beethoven's life, works, and influence. While the primary focus will be his musical style and its development, the course will also cover social-cultural factors and the psychology and reception of genius.

[MUSIC 264 Musical Romantics #  
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: any 3-credit course in music or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. D. Rosen. This survey of music from 1815 to 1900 will be divided into five segments focusing on five composers (Schubert, Berlioz, Verdi, Wagner, and Mahler) and two or three segments on broader topics, such as musical nationalism in Russia, fin de siècle Vienna, the art song, and the history of the piano and its music.]

MUSIC 274 Opera #  
Fall. 3 credits. R. Harris-Warrick.  
An introduction to major works of the operatic repertory, with discussion of texts and theatrical performances as well as music. Video recordings will be an integral part of the course; trips to live performances will be scheduled where possible.

[MUSIC 275 Choral Sounds #  
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: ability to read music, or concurrent enrollment in Music 100. Not offered 2000–2001. R. Harris-Warrick. This course examines representative works composed for group singing, primarily from the Western choral tradition, but also including folk and popular styles, from the Middle Ages to the twentieth century. Class will include discussion of performance practices as well as historical and stylistic issues, and will be integrated with local concert offerings.]

MUSIC 276 The Orchestra and Its Music #  
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: any 3-credit music course or permission of instructor. N. Zaslaw. The music of, and the social structures supporting, large instrumental ensembles in the Western world, including Italian court festivals of the sixteenth century, string bands of the seventeenth century, Lully's ascendency at Paris and Versailles; and music of Purcell, Corelli, Vivaldi, Bach, Handel, Haydn, Mozart, Beethoven, Schubert, Schumann, Mendelssohn, Berlioz, Liszt, Wagner, Brahms, Tchaikovsky, Bruckner, Mahler, Strauss, Stravinsky, Schoenberg, Webern, Bartók, Shostakovich, Messiaen, Copland, Carter, Tower, Stucky, Sierra, and others.

MUSIC 277 The Piano and Its Music  
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: 1 semester of music theory (Music 105, an equivalent course, or equivalent experience) or permission of the instructors. D. Rosen and M. Bilson. Representative masterpieces of the piano repertoire from J. S. Bach to the present, placed in the context of the instruments for which they were written and the social structures mediating their production. Thus three different historical approaches will be interwoven: (1) the history of music written for the piano and its predecessors, the harpsichord and clavichord; (2) the development of the piano from these predecessors, through Mozart's Stein piano, the pianos of Beethoven, Chopin, Liszt, and Brahms, up to today's Steinway; and (3) the social history of the piano.

MUSIC 372 Mind and Memory (also ENGL 301, S HUM 301, and THETR 301)  
Spring. 4 credits. J. Morgenroth. See S HUM 301 for description.

Music History Courses for Majors and Qualified NonMajors

Prerequisite: Music 152 or permission of instructor. Intended primarily for music majors, these courses investigate selected topics and repertoires from each period in some detail. Each course includes readings, investigations, oral and written papers, and analyses.

MUSIC 374 Opera and Culture (also GERST 374 and ITAL 374)  
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: any 3-credit music course or proficiency in German or Italian. A. Groos. See GERST 374 for description.

[MUSIC 381 Music in Western Europe to 1700 #  
Fall. 4 credits. Not offered 2000–2001. J. Peraino. Western European music from the Middle Ages to the early Baroque, including Gregorian chant, secular monophony, the development of polyphony, the birth of opera, and the rise of independent instrumental music.]

[MUSIC 382 Music of the Eighteenth Century #  

[MUSIC 383 Music of the Nineteenth Century #  
Fall. 4 credits. D. Rosen. A chronological survey of nineteenth-century music from Beethoven through Puccini including reference to its cultural and historical context.

[MUSIC 384 Music of the Twentieth Century  
Spring. 4 credits. S. Stucky. Movements, schools, and styles in "classical" music from the turn of the century to the present. Extensive listening and reading assignments for historical breadth; detailed attention to representative works for analytical depth.

[MUSIC 388 Historical Performance Practicum #  

[MUSIC 390 Culture of Renaissance II (also COM L 362, ENGL 325, HIST 364 ART H 351)  

MUSIC 398-399 Independent Study in Music History  
Fall. 999. Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Music 152 and permission of instructor. Staff. Advanced study of various topics in music history. Students enrolling in Music 398–399 participate in, but do not register for, an approved 200-level music history course and, in addition, pursue independent research and writing projects.

MUSIC 414 Anticipating the Unexpected: Musical Models as Foundations for Compositions  
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Music 153–154 or permission of instructor. A. Ward. How have Western composers used scientific, mathematical, and linguistic models to venture
into unfamiliar yet compelling musical territory? Through listening, analysis, and composition, we will investigate approaches ranging from Medieval European ideas of number and proportion to high-speed computation of sound.


[MUSIC 489 African American Music Innovators (also AS&RC 488) Fall. 4 credits. Permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001.]

[MUSIC 490 American Musical Theatre (also ENGL 454) Spring. 4 credits. S. McMillin. See English 454 for description.]

[MUSIC 491 American Popular Song Fall. 4 credits. Not offered 2000–2001. A historical and analytical study of American popular song (primarily from the 1920s and 1950s), emphasizing Kern, Berlin, Rodgers and Hart, Porter, Gershwin, and Harold Arlen, and including others such as Ellington. The interaction of music, lyrics, and performance will be among the topics considered. Live as well as recorded performances will be featured.]

[MUSIC 492 Music and Queer Identity Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Music 152 or permission of instructor. J. Peraino. Throughout history music has been associated with "otherness" in Western cultures. Appropriately, lesbian and gay individuals and communities have turned to music as a means of expressing and negotiating their "queer" identity within status-quo culture. This course examines how and why music encodes "queerness" by focusing on various musical genres (such as opera, disco, women's music, country) and composer/musicians (such as Franz Schubert, Judy Garland, David Bowie) that have become significant for various lesbian and gay communities. The course will also examine the reasons behind the general popularity of queer-coded but "straight-identified" performers such as Elvis Presley, Prince, and Michael Jackson.]

[MUSIC 493 Women and Music (also WOMNS 496) Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Music 152 or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. J. Peraino. This course introduces the students to a critical examination of women's participation in Western European and American musical traditions. The course will focus on the various subject positions and critical perspectives that women hold in examples of music and writings about music. Of primary importance will be the concepts of "objective" vs. "subjective" approaches to the topic of the week. Topics will include approaches to history and criticism, women composers, women performers, women as objects, women's music, drag and androgyny, and women as listeners. Students will be asked to keep a journal of their reactions to the readings, listening assignments, and class discussions, and to write "objective" and "subjective" formal papers.]

[MUSIC 494 Love, Sex, and Song in Medieval France (also WOMNS 402) Spring. 4 credits. Not offered 2000–2001. J. Peraino. This course explores the cult of courtly love and its inextricable relationship with singing. We will focus on secular music and poetry and relevant tales of Southern and Northern France from the twelfth and thirteenth centuries, and consider issues such as constructions of gender and gender relations, music and sexuality in the Middle Ages, medieval misogyny, women's voices in courtly love lyric, the relationship of words and music, performance context, and reconstruction.]

[Independent Study MUSIC 301-302 Independent Study in Music 301, fall; 302, spring. Credit TBA. Prerequisite: departmental approval. Presupposes experience in the proposed area of study. Staff.]

[Honors Program MUSIC 401-402 Honors in Music 401, fall; 402, spring. 4 credits each term. Limited to honors candidates in their senior year. Staff.]

[Digital Music and New Media MUSIC 120 Learning Music through Digital Technology Fall or spring. 3 credits. Enrollment limited. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. D. Borden. This course uses selected commercially available technological resources to produce live music. The student is expected to master the Macintosh computer, several music software programs, and several synthesizers using MIDI. The ability to read music is helpful but not necessary. There are no paper forms, available in the Music Department during the term. These scholarships are intended only for lessons in the student's intended primary performing medium. Scholarship forms, available in the Music Department office, are to be returned to the office within the first three weeks of classes.]

[MUSIC 320 Scoring the Moving Image Using Digital Technology Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Music 120 with a grade of B or higher. D. Borden and A. Warde. Students will learn sound design and music composition using MIDI and Digital Audio to enhance images in motion. The course will be at least partially collaborative, involving students taking courses in computer animation, film, and dance. In addition, to learn techniques involving synchronizing sound to image, film clips from various sources will be used as practice exercises. The final project will be a public showing of film computer animation and/or dance performance using the sounds and music provided by the students in this course.]

[MUSIC 391 Media Arts Studio I (also THETR 391, ART 391, ARCH 391) Fall. 3 credits. Permission of instructor. See THETR 391 for description.]

[MUSIC 392 Media Arts Studio II (also THETR 392, ART 392, ARCH 392) Spring. 3 credits. Permission of instructor. See THETR 392 for description.]

[MUSIC 420 Introduction to MIDI Techniques Spring. 4 credits. Permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. D. Borden. This course is an introduction to MIDI for students who are already at an advanced level in music composition. Three composition projects will be completed in collaboration with film, dance, and computer animation students.]


Musical Performance

Cornell faculty members offer individual instruction in voice, organ, harpsichord, piano and fortepiano, violin, viola, cello, and some brass and woodwind instruments to those students advanced enough to do college-level work in these instruments. Lessons are available by audition only. They may be taken either without credit or, through Music 321–322, with credit. Other instruments may sometimes be studied for credit outside Cornell, but also by audition only (see Music 321h–322h).

Lessons for beginners. The Music Department can recommend outside teachers for those who wish to begin studying voice or an instrument. No credit is available for beginning instruction.

Auditions. Auditions are held at the beginning of each term for lessons for advanced students. Contact the Department of Music office (104 Lincoln Hall) for information.

Fees. The fee for a one-half hour lesson weekly, without credit, is $150 per term. For a one-hour lesson (or two half-hour lessons) weekly, without credit, the fee is $300. The fee in Music 321–322 for a one-hour lesson (or two half-hour lessons) for credit is $225 per term. All fees are nonrefundable once lessons begin, even if the course is subsequently dropped.

Scholarships. Music majors receive a scholarship equal to the lesson fee listed above. Members of department-sponsored organizations and ensembles may, with the permission of the director of the organization, receive a scholarship of up to $150 of the Cornell fee for the type of lessons chosen during the term. These scholarships are intended only for lessons in the student's primary performing medium. Scholarship forms, available in the Music Department office, are to be returned to the office within the first three weeks of classes.
Practice rooms: Practice-room fees for 12-hour weekly are $50 per term and six hours are $40 per term for a room with a piano. Practice-room fees for 12-hour weekly are $25 per term and for six hours weekly are $15 per term for a room without a piano. The fee for the use of the pipe organ is $50 for 12 hours weekly and $40 for six hours weekly. All fees are nonrefundable.

Earning credit: For every four credits earned in Music 321–322, the student must have earned, or currently be earning, at least three credits in another music course (excluding freshman seminars, Music 321–322, 323–324, 351–353, or 421 through 448). These three credits must be earned prior to, or simultaneously with, the first two credits in 321–322. They cannot be applied retroactively. Transfer credit for appropriate music courses already taken elsewhere may be used to satisfy this requirement with the approval of the department chair.

Lessons taken outside Cornell: Under certain conditions, advanced students may earn credit for lessons taken outside Cornell. An audition is required, and no credit can be granted for beginning instruction. For further information, read the description of Music 321h–322h and contact the Music Department office.

MUSIC 321–322 Individual Instruction

MUSIC 321b–322b Individual Instruction in Voice

Prerequisite: successful audition. M. Bilson.

MUSIC 321c–322c Individual Instruction in Harpsichord

Prerequisite: successful audition. B. Bryski and staff.

MUSIC 321d–322d Individual Instruction in Violin or Viola

Prerequisite: successful audition. K. Tan.

MUSIC 321e–322e Individual Instruction in Cello

Prerequisite: successful audition. H. Hoffman.

MUSIC 321g–322g Individual Instruction in Brass

Prerequisite: successful audition. M. Scatterday.

MUSIC 321h–322h Individual Instruction Outside Cornell

Prerequisite: successful audition. Coordinator: D. Conn.

A. Richards.

MUSIC 321i–322i Individual Instruction in Woodwinds

Prerequisite: successful audition. D. Conn.

MUSIC 323–324 Advanced Individual Instruction

Prerequisite: successful audition. D. Conn.

MUSIC 321l–322l Individual Instruction in Violin or Viola

Prerequisite: successful audition. K. Tan.

MUSIC 331–332 Sage Chapel Choir

Prerequisite: successful audition. K. Riley.

MUSIC 333–334 Cornell Chorus

Prerequisite: successful audition. K. Hester.

MUSIC 336–337 Cornell University Glee Club

Prerequisite: successful audition. M. B. Hersh.

MUSIC 338 Symphonic Band

Prerequisite: successful audition. M. B. Hersh.

MUSIC 339–340 Cornell Jazz Ensembles

Prerequisite: successful audition. M. B. Hersh.

MUSIC 342 Wind Ensemble

Prerequisite: successful audition. M. B. Hersh.

MUSIC 343–344 Cornell Symphony Orchestra

Prerequisite: successful audition. M. B. Hersh.

MUSIC 345–346 Introduction to the Gamelan

Prerequisite: successful audition. M. B. Hersh.

MUSIC 421–422 Cornell Chamber Orchestra

Prerequisite: successful audition. M. B. Hersh.

MUSIC 437–438 Chamber Winds

Prerequisite: successful audition. M. B. Hersh.

MUSIC 439–440 Experimental Lab Ensemble

Prerequisite: successful audition. M. B. Hersh.

MUSIC 439–440 Experimental Lab Ensemble
MUSIC 441-442 Chamber Music Ensemble
441, fall; 442, spring. 1 credit. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. J. Hsu. Study and perform chamber music: works from duos to octets for pianists, string, and woodwind players.

MUSIC 443-444 Chorale
443, fall; 444, spring. 1 credit each term. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. F 4:30-6:15 p.m., J. Day-O'Connell. Study and performance of selected choral music for selected voices.

MUSIC 445-446 Cornell Gamelan Ensemble
445, fall; 446, spring. 1 credit each term. Enrollment limited. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. M. Hatch. Advanced performance on the Javanese gamelan. Tape recordings of gamelan and elementary number notation are provided. Some instruction by Indonesian musicians is offered in most years.

MUSIC 447-448 Chamber Singers
447, fall; 448, spring. 1 credit each term. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Plus 2 hours TBA. D. Shapovalov. A mixed-voice chamber choir specializing in Renaissance and twentieth-century music.

Graduate Courses
Open to qualified undergraduates with permission of instructor.

MUSIC 601 Introduction to Bibliography and Research
Fall. 4 credits. M 1:25-4, L. Coral. This course explores the nature of the discipline and introduces the many types of bibliographic tools, both printed and electronic, needed to pursue research in music.

[MUSIC 602 Analytical Technique

[MUSIC 603 Editorial Practice
Spring. 4 credits. Not offered 2000–2001.]

[MUSIC 604 Ethnomusicology: Areas of Study and Methods of Analysis
Fall. 4 credits. Open to graduate students in anthropology, linguistics, psychology, sociology, and other cognate fields with permission of instructor. M. Hatch. Major aspects of research into musical cultures of the world. Problems, theories, and methods, especially those affecting analytical terminology, transcription and analysis of sound events, and fieldwork.

[MUSIC 622 Historical Performance Practice
Spring. 4 credits. M. Bilson. The study of eighteenth- and nineteenth-century instrumental performance practices, with special emphasis on the string quartets of Haydn and the piano trios of Schubert. Open to qualified performers.

[MUSIC 654 Topics in Tonal Theory and Analysis
Spring. 4 credits. Not offered 2000–2001.] J. Webster. (Both courses chosen to fulfill the major is selected in consultation with the student's adviser. All majors must satisfy the following requirements: no course may be used to satisfy two requirements; S-U options not permitted.)

[MUSIC 657-658 Composition
657, fall; 658, spring. 4 credits each term, F. 1:25–4:00 p.m. plus 1 hour TBA. R. Sierra, S. Stucky.]

[MUSIC 674 German Opera (also GERST 672)
Spring. 4 credits. Not offered 2000–2001.] A. Groos. (See German Studies for description.)

[MUSIC 677 Mozart: His Life, Works, and Times (also GERST 757)

[MUSIC 680 Topics in Ethnomusicology
Spring. 4 credits. S. Pond. Topic: Herbie Hancock.

[MUSIC 681 Seminar in Medieval Music

[MUSIC 683 Music and Postmodern Critical Theory
Fall. 4 credits. Not offered 2000–2001.] J. Peraino. This course surveys the many critical theories that have been included under the umbrella of "postmodernism," and that have fueled the debate between "old" and "new" styles of musicology. Readings will focus on structuralism and poststructuralism, feminism, literary criticism, queer theory, and postmodern and postcolonialism, and their application in musicology and ethnomusicology. A broad spectrum of music will be examined along with the readings.

[MUSIC 684 Seminar in Renaissance Music
Fall. 4 credits. R. Harris-Warrick. Topic: Josquin.

[MUSIC 686 Seminar in Baroque Music
Spring. 4 credits. D. Yeo.

[MUSIC 688 Seminar in Classical Music
Spring. 4 credits. J. Webster. Topic: Haydn.

[MUSIC 689 Seminar in Music of the Romantic Era

[MUSIC 690 Seminar in Music of the Twentieth Century
Fall. 4 credits. S. Stucky. Topic: Bartok.

[MUSIC 691-692 Historical Performance Practice
691, fall; 692, spring. 4 credits each term. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Hours TBA. M. Bilson. Lessons on the major instrument with supplementary study and research on related subjects.

[MUSIC 693 Seminar in Performance Practice
Spring. 4 credits. N. Zaslaw. String, woodwind, chamber, and orchestral repertories in Paris and Versailles in the eighteenth century and their dissemination in Western Europe. Special emphasis on the music and prefaces of Georg Muffat.

[MUSIC 697-698 Independent Study and Research
697, fall; 698, spring. Credit TBA. Staff.

[MUSIC 785-786 History of Music Theory
785, fall; 786, spring. 4 credits each term. Not offered 2000–2001.]

[MUSIC 787 History and Criticism

[MUSIC 789 Liturgical Chant in the West
Spring. 4 credits. Not offered 2000–2001.]

[MUSIC 901-902 Thesis Research
901, fall; 902, spring. Up to 6 credits each term, TBA. Offered for S-U only. Limited to doctoral students in music who have passed the Admission-to-Candidacy Exam.

NEAR EASTERN STUDIES
R. Brann, chair; E. Alfonso, M. Bloom, K. Haines-Eitzen (director of Undergraduate Studies), L. Jones, D. McKenzie, D. R. Owen (director of the Program of Jewish Studies), D. Powers, G. Rendsburg (director of Graduate Studies), N. Scharf, S. Shroer, S. Toorawa, S. Wessel, M. Yones, J. Zorn Joint Faculty: M. Bernal

The Department
The Department of Near Eastern Studies (360 Rockefeller Hall, 255–6275) offers courses in the Near Eastern civilization including archaeology, history, religions, languages, and literatures. Students are encouraged to take an interdisciplinary approach to the development of the Near East from the dawn of history to the present and emphasize methods of historical, cultural, and literary analysis.

Distribution Requirements
Any two Near Eastern Studies history or archaeology courses at the 200, 300, or 400 level that form a reasonable sequence or combination satisfy the distribution requirement in the social sciences/history. Any two Near Eastern Studies civilization or literature courses at the 200, 300, or 400 level that form a reasonable sequence or combination satisfy the distribution requirement in humanities. NES 197, 198, or NES 251 plus any other Near Eastern Studies course will constitute a sequence to fulfill the distribution requirement in either social sciences/history or humanities, depending on the second course used in combination with 197, 198, or 251. All 200- or 300-level language courses may fulfill the humanities requirement.

The Major
The precise sequence and combination of courses chosen to fulfill the major is selected in consultation with the student's adviser. All majors must satisfy the following requirements: no course may be used to fulfill two requirements; S-U options not permitted:

A. Qualification in two Near Eastern languages or proficiency in one.

B. Nine three- or four-credit NES courses, which must include the following:
1. NES 197, 198 or 251.
2. Two 200-level NES survey courses, one whose chronological parameters fall within the period 3000 B.C. E. to 600 C.E., and one whose chronological parameters fall within the period 600 C.E. to the present. The following are examples (a complete list can be obtained in the department office):
4. 3000 B.C.E to 600 C.E.

NES 223, Introduction to the Hebrew Bible
NES 261, Ancient Seafaring
NES 229, Introduction to the New Testament
600 C.E. to the present

NES 234, Arabs and Jews: Cultures in Confluence and Conflict
NES 250, Muhammad and Mystics in the Literatures of the Islamic World
NES 258, Islamic History 1258-1914
NES 294, Modern History of the Near East

3. At least two NES courses at the 300 level or above (one of which may be NES 301, 302, 311, or 312).

Prospective majors should discuss their plans with the director of undergraduate studies before formally enrolling in the department. To qualify as a major, a cumulative grade average of C or better is required.

Honor: Candidates for the degree of Bachelor of Arts with honors in Near Eastern Studies must fulfill the requirements of the appropriate major study and enroll in the honors course, NES 499, in the fall and spring semesters of their senior year. For admission to the honors program, candidates must have a cumulative average of B+ or better and have demonstrated superior performance overall in Near Eastern Studies courses. After consulting their major adviser, candidates should submit an outline of their proposed honors work to the department during the second semester of their junior year.

Study abroad. Near Eastern Studies majors may choose to study in the Near East during their junior year. There are various academic programs in the countries of the Near East that are recognized by the Department of Near Eastern Studies and that allow for the transfer of credit. Archaeological field work on Cornell-sponsored projects in the Near East may also qualify for course credit.

Freshman Seminar

NES 128 The Book of Job and Human Suffering
Spring. 3 credits. Enrollment limited to 17. G. Serene.

The biblical book of Job chronicles one person's struggle to understand and cope with tremendous suffering and personal loss. Students in this course will study the book of Job in English translation, and will reflect on the perspective on suffering found in the book, what other ancient and modern authors have said about it, and how it fits or does not fit with their own personal beliefs and experiences.

NES 150 Discovering Islam

D. Powers.

Against the backdrop of Western stereotypes, we will explore Islamic society and culture from within, with special attention to prophecy and revelation, ritual practice, criminal law, the status of women, and the Islamic understanding of death and resurrection.

NES 163 Things the Prophets Never Told You: Archaeology and the Religion of Ancient Israel (also JWST 163)
Fall. 3 credits. Enrollment limited to 15 students. J. Zorn.

A critical reading of the Hebrew Scriptures might lead one to believe that the normative religion of the Israelites was that spelled out in the Torah and Prophets. However, a more critical appraisal of the Biblical texts, along with an analysis of extra-Biblical texts and archaeological materials, demonstrates that the Israelites were often closer to their pagan neighbors than to modern Judaism or Christianity. Students will explore these similarities and differences in their essays. Topics may include: cult prostitution, magic, funerary rites, temple ritual, Hebrew mythology, etc. Readings will be from the Hebrew Bible, translations of extra-biblical texts, articles on archaeology, and modern synthetic treatments of Israelite cult.

NES 190 Catholic Social Action (also RELST 190)

D. McKenzie.

This course will focus on the history and development of Catholic Social Teaching, which calls on Catholics to work to eliminate injustice and build a compassionate world. Attention will be given to several themes including the economy (the rights of workers and owners, the rights to private property and its limitations, economic rights and initiative, debt and development), peace-making, capital punishment, option for the poor, and global solidarity. The class will analyze critically major encyclicals, papal letters, and bishops' statements, as well as attend to selected grassroots movements that inspired this teaching. The course is designed as a comprehensive introduction to the study of Catholic Social teaching in the twentieth century. Participants will assess the strengths and weaknesses of Catholic Social Teaching and evaluate its contributions to human rights discourse.

Language Courses

NES 101-102 Elementary Modern Hebrew I and II (also JWST 105-106)
101, fall; 102, spring. 6 credits each term. Prerequisite for NES 102: 101 or permission of instructor. Satisfactory completion of NES 102 fulfills the qualification portion of the language requirement. Enrollment limited to 17 students in each section. S. Shoer.

Intended for beginners. This course provides a thorough grounding in reading, writing, grammar, oral comprehension, and speaking. Students who complete the course will be able to function in basic situations in a Hebrew-speaking environment.

NES 111-112 Elementary Arabic I and II
111, fall; 112, spring. Enrollment limited to 17 in each session. 6 credits each term. Prerequisite for Arabic 112: Arabic 111 or permission of instructor. M. Younes.

The course provides a thorough grounding in all language skills: listening, speaking, reading, and writing. It starts with spoken Arabic and gradually progresses to Standard Arabic in the form of listening and reading texts. Emphasis will be on learning the language through using it in meaningful contexts. The student who successfully completes the two-semester sequence will be able to: (1) understand and actively participate in simple conversations involving basic practical and social situations (introductions, greetings, school, home and family, work, simple instructions, etc.); (2) read Arabic material of limited complexity and variety (simple narrative and descriptive texts, directions, etc.); (3) write notes and short letters describing an event or a personal experience. An important objective of the course is to familiarize students with basic facts about the geography, history, and culture of the Arab world.

NES 117-118 Elementary Turkish I & II
117, fall; 118, spring. 4 credits each term. Prerequisite for NES 118 is NES 117 or permission of instructor. Enrollment limited to 17 students. Not offered 2000-2001.

Staff.

Intended for beginners. This course is designed to develop students' proficiency and communication in modern Turkish in the four basic language skills: speaking, listening, reading, and writing. Facts about the geography, history, and culture of Turkey are built into the course, which will provide a base for the broader understanding of the language-culture relationship. The teaching/learning process emphasizes the functional use of the language and contextual communication in the four skills. In the spring term, the course will continue to help students acquire the basic vocabulary and fundamental structures of Turkish. Students who succeed in using the major points of Turkish grammar, conduct oral (informal conversation and structured situations) and written practice, and advance their reading skills. The course will place increased emphasis on the development of conversational, reading, and writing skills while focusing on communicative drills and activities that involve student interaction.

NES 123-124 Elementary Biblical Hebrew I & II (also JWST 123-124, RELST 123-124)
123, fall; 124, spring. 3 credits each term. Enrollment limited to 17 students. Not offered 2000-2001.

Staff.

The course is intended to develop basic proficiency in reading the Hebrew Bible. The first semester will emphasize introductory grammar and vocabulary. The second semester will focus on reading selected passages in the Hebrew Bible, with further development of vocabulary and grammar.

NES 133-134 Qur'anic and Classical Arabic
133, fall; 134, spring. 4 credits each semester. Not offered 2000-2001.

Staff.

This course is designed for students who are interested in reading the language of the Qur'an and Hadiths (Sayings of the Prophet) with accuracy and understanding. Authentic texts in the form of chapters from the Qur'an and Hadiths will be presented and analyzed.
and basic grammatical structures will be discussed, explained, and practiced systematically. Interested students will be encouraged to memorize excerpts from the texts. At the end of the two-semester sequence, the successful student will have mastered a working vocabulary of over 1,000 words, correct pronunciation, and the most commonly used grammar. In addition, the course will provide the student with a firm foundation on which to build an advanced study of Classical Arabic.

**NES 201-202 Intermediate Modern Hebrew I and II (also JWST 201-202)**
201, fall; 202®, spring. Enrollment limited to 15 students in each section. 4 credits each term. Prerequisite for NES 201: 102 or permission of instructor; for NES 202, 201 or permission of instructor. N. Scharf.
A sequel to NES 111-112. Continued development of reading, writing, grammar, oral comprehension, and speaking skills. The course introduces Hebrew literature and Israeli culture through the use of texts and audio-visual materials.

**NES 211-212 Intermediate Arabic I and II**
211, fall; 212®, spring. Enrollment limited to 15 students in each section. 4 credits each term. Prerequisite: for NES 211, one year of Arabic or permission of instructor; for NES 212, 211 or permission of instructor. M. Younes.
A sequel to NES 111-112. Continued development of the four language skills through extensive use of graded materials on a wide variety of topics. Increasing attention will be given to developing native-like pronunciation and grammatical accuracy, but the main focus will be on developing communication skills. The student who successfully completes 212 will be able to: (1) understand and express himself or herself in Arabic in situations beyond the basic needs, (2) read and comprehend written texts of average difficulty; (3) write a letter, a summary of a report, or a reading selection. An appreciation of Arabic literature and culture will be sought through the use of authentic materials.

**NES 301-302 Advanced Modern Hebrew I and II (also JWST 301-302)**
301, fall; 302, spring. Limited to 15 students. 4 credits each term. Prerequisite for NES 301: 302 or equivalent, with permission of instructor. Prerequisite for NES 302: 301 or equivalent, with permission of instructor. This sequence may be used to fulfill the humanities distribution requirement in literature. Limited to 15 students. N. Scharf.
Advanced study of Hebrew through the analysis of literary texts and expository prose. This course employs a double perspective: language is viewed through literature and literature through language. Students will develop composition skills by studying language structures, idioms, and various registers of style.

**NES 311 Advanced Arabic I**
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: NES 212 or permission of instructor. Limited to 15 students. S. Toorawa.
Students will be introduced to authentic, unrestricted language materials ranging from poems, short stories, and plays to newspapers, articles dealing with social, political, and cultural issues. Emphasis will be on developing fluency in oral expression through discussions of issues presented in the reading selections. A primary objective of this course is the development of writing skills through free composition exercises in topics of interest to individual students.

**NES 312 Advanced Arabic II**
Spring. 4 credits. Limited to 15 students. Prerequisite: NES 311, or permission of instructor. S. Toorawa.
This course is a continuation of NES 311, using similar but more challenging materials. There will be more focus on the writing skills, the development of native-like pronunciation, and accurate use of grammatical structures than in NES 311. Each student will be required to make an oral presentation in Arabic on a topic of his/her choice and submit a written version of the presentation.

**NES 330-331 Hieroglyphic Egyptian I and II**
330 fall; 331 spring. 4 credits. G. Kadish.
An introduction to the language of ancient Egypt and its hieroglyphic writing system. Students will begin by learning the signs, vocabulary, and grammar of hieroglyphic Egyptian through reading, writing, and translation exercises. We will then move on to reading authentic literary and historical texts.

**NES 333-334 Elementary Akkadian I & II (also NES 633-634)**
333, fall; 334, spring. 4 credits each term. Prerequisite for NES 334: 333 or permission of instructor. Prerequisite for NES 634: 633 or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. D. I. Owen.
An introduction to the Semitic language of the Akkadians and Babylonians of ancient Mesopotamia. Utilizing the inductive method, students are rapidly introduced to the grammar and the cuneiform writing system of Akkadian through selected readings in the Code of Hammurapi, the Descent of Ishtar, and the Annals of Sennacherib. Secondary readings in comparative Semitic linguistics, the position of Akkadian in the family of Semitic languages and on the history and culture of Mesopotamia provide a background for study of the language. Knowledge of another Semitic language is helpful but not essential.

**NES 337-338 Ugaritic I & II (also NES 637-638)**
337, fall; 338, spring. 4 credits each term. Prerequisite for NES 338: 337 or equivalent, with permission of instructor. This sequence may be used to fulfill the humanities distribution requirement in literature. Limited to 15 students. N. Scharf.
Study of the language and literature of ancient Ugarit, an important site in northern Canaan. Special attention is paid to the relationships between Ugaritic and Hebrew and between Canaanite literature and the Bible.

**NES 416 Structure of the Arabic Language (also LING 416)**

**NES 420 Readings in Biblical Hebrew Prose (also JWST 420, RELST 420)**
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: one year of Hebrew, Biblical or modern. Course may be repeated for credit. G. Rendsburg.
An advanced course in reading selected portions of the Hebrew Bible. Emphasis will be placed on a philological method, with attention to literary, historical, and comparative concerns.

**NES 433 Introductory Sumerian I (also NES 631)**
This course will consist of an introduction to the Sumerian cuneiform script and grammar of the third millennium B.C.E. Readings selected Sumerian economic, legal, and historical inscriptions, a basic introduction to Sumerian grammar and script, linguistic connections, and a survey and discussion of Sumerian civilization and culture. Students who have taken or plan to take Akkadian, Hebrew, or Hittite linguistics or are otherwise interested in the history of language should consider this course.

**NES 434 Introductory Sumerian II (also NES 632)**
Continued study of Sumerian grammar and syntax; further readings in selected Sumerian economic, legal, and historical inscriptions of the late third millennium B.C.E.; additional discussion of Sumerian civilization and culture.

**NES 435 Aramaic I**
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: knowledge of Hebrew. Enrollment limited to 15 students.
G. Rendsburg.
A panoply of Aramaic materials is read during the course, including selections from ancient Aramaic inscriptions, the biblical books of Ezra and Daniel, Qumran texts, and the Targumim. Explanations of grammar, syntax, and vocabulary will be based on the linguistic data which occur in the readings.

**NES 621 Avestan and Old Persian (also LING 621)**
For description see Linguistics 621.

**NES 631 Introductory Sumerian I (also NES 433)**
For description, see NES 433 under Near Eastern Languages.

**NES 632 Introductory Sumerian II (also NES 434)**
For description, see NES 434 under Near Eastern Languages.

**NES 633-634 Elementary Akkadian I & II (also NES 633-634)**
An introduction to the Semitic language of the Akkadians and Babylonians of ancient Mesopotamia. Utilizing the inductive method, students are rapidly introduced to the grammar and the cuneiform writing system of Akkadian through selected readings in the Code of Hammurapi, the Descent of Ishtar, and the Annals of Sennacherib. Secondary readings in comparative Semitic linguistics, the position of Akkadian in the family of Semitic languages and on the history and culture of Mesopotamia provide a background for study of the language. Knowledge of another Semitic language is helpful but not essential.

**NES 637-638 Ugaritic I & II (also NES 637-638)**
Study of the language and literature of ancient Ugarit, an important site in northern Canaan. Special attention is paid to the relationships between Ugaritic and Hebrew and between Canaanite literature and the Bible.

**NES 639 Structure of the Arabic Language (also LING 639)**

**NES 640 Readings in Biblical Hebrew Prose (also JWST 640, RELST 640)**
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: one year of Hebrew, Biblical or modern. Course may be repeated for credit. G. Rendsburg.
An advanced course in reading selected portions of the Hebrew Bible. Emphasis will be placed on a philological method, with attention to literary, historical, and comparative concerns.
A survey of the history and development of Aryan, and Hebrew and between Ugaritic and Hebrew and between Canaanite literature and the Bible.

Archaeology

[NES 261 Ancient Seafaring [also ARKEO 275, JWST 261] @ #
Fall. 3 credits. Enrollment limited to 80.
This course focuses on the development of Judaism as a religion and as a civilization in antiquity. Particular emphasis is placed on theological development culminating in monotheism, the role of the covenant, law and society, sacrifice and prayer as modes of worship, and similar topics. Jewish civilization is placed within the context of ancient civilizations (Canaan, Egypt, Babylon, Persia, Greece, Rome). Texts to be studied include selections from the Bible, the Apocrypha, the Dead Sea Scrolls, Josephus, and the Mishnah.

NEST 251 Judaism, Christianity, and Islam [also JWST 251, RELST 251] @ #
Fall. 3 credits. B. Rann and K. Haines-Eitzen.
This course explores the ways in which communities of Jews, Christians, and Muslims came to define and expand those outside their religious community through the production and subsequent interpretation of "authoritative texts," including the Hebrew Bible, the Christian Bible, and the Arabic Qur'an.

NEST 281 Gender & Society in the Muslim Middle East [also RELST 281, WOMNS 281] @ #
Spring. 3 credits. M. Bloom.
This course examines conceptions of gender in traditional Muslim society and the ways they have affected the experiences of Muslim women and men. Topics to be covered include the position of women in the religious law of Islam, female seclusion and the harem, sexuality, and social hierarchies and family structure. Although attention will be given to gender issues in the contemporary Near East, the course focuses on the historical roots of present-day social configurations.

Civilization

[NES 244 Introduction to Ancient Judaism [also JWST 244 and RELST 244] @ #

NEST 248 Introduction to Islamic Civilization [also HIST 253, RELST 255] @ #

NEST 283 Gender & Society in the Muslim Middle East [also RELST 281, WOMNS 281] @ #
Spring. 3 credits. M. Bloom.
This course examines conceptions of gender in traditional Muslim society and the ways they have affected the experiences of Muslim women and men. Topics to be covered include the position of women in the religious law of Islam, female seclusion and the harem, sexuality, and social hierarchies and family structure. Although attention will be given to gender issues in the contemporary Near East, the course focuses on the historical roots of present-day social configurations.
challenges ideological bases of conventional thinking regarding the social, political, and cultural identity of medieval "Spain." Among other things, the class investigates the origins of lyric poetry, the relationships among the various confessional and ethnic communities in al-Andalus and the Jewish communities involved in Mozarabic Christian and Andalusi Jewish subcultural adaptations of Andalusi Arabo-Islamic culture.

NES 351 Law, Society, and Culture in the Middle East, 1200-1500 (also NES 651, RELST 350, HIST 372/652) @ # Fall. 4 credits. Enrollment limited to 25 staff.

After surveying the historical development of Islamic law, the seminar will focus on the structure and function of the Islamic legal system in the thirteenth, fourteenth, and fifteenth centuries, using legal documents, judicial opinions, and court cases (all in English translation) to elicit major themes and issues, (e.g., the Marital regime, women and property, social hierarchies, law, and the public sphere).

NES 357 Islamic Law and Society (also RELST 356) @ # Spring. 4 credits. Not offered 2000–2001.

D. Powers.
The Shari'ah, or sacred law of Islam, embodies the totality of God's commands that regulate the life of every Muslim in all its aspects. The Shari'ah establishes a system on equal basis ordinances regarding worship and ritual as well as political and, in Western terms, strictly legal rules. This course examines the relationship between the Shari'ah and the major social, political and religious institutions of Islamic society. Topics to be discussed will include the status of women, slaves, and non-Muslims; attitudes toward the economy and the arts, the significance of jihad (holy war), the nature of the Muslim city, and the relationship between the religious establishment and the government. Attention will be given to the function of the Shari'ah in the modern world, with special reference to the problems and challenges of legal reform.

NES 358 Islamic Law and the Ancient Near East (also JWST 363) @ # Fall. 4 credits. Not offered 2000–2001.

This course will study early Near Eastern law codes from Mesopotamia, the Hittite world, and Israel. We will consider what legal and ethical norms can be derived from these laws, as well as exploring the issue of the social realities the laws addressed. Our main sources will be the ancient law codes themselves, but we will also read contemporaneous judicial proceedings, contracts, and narratives that shed light on the actual practice of law.

NES 370 Power, Piety, and Medieval Art (also ART H 330, RELST 330) @ # Fall. 4 credits. L. Jones.

For description, see Art History 330.

The Jewish encounter with Islamic civilization (ten through thirteenth centuries) reshaped the conditions of Jewish existence in Mediterranean lands and redefined the culture and worldview of rabbinic Judaism. The seminar will study these transformations by learning how to read travelers accounts and documentary materials (personal correspondence, court records, economic and communal registers) preserved in the so-called "Cairo Genizah." We will also examine selected texts produced by and for the benefit of Jewish literary and religious intellectuals, such as Saadiah Gaon, Solomon ibn Gaone, Judah Halevi, and Moses Maimonides.

NES 390 Catholic Social Action (also RELST 390) Spring. 3 credits. D. McKenzie.

This course is a comprehensive introduction to Catholicism and its social teaching. The focus is on the history and development of Catholic social teaching from the Council of Trent through the Second Vatican Council. We will also examine selected texts produced by and for the benefit of Jewish literary and religious intellectuals, such as Saadiah Gaon, Solomon ibn Gaone, Judah Halevi, and Moses Maimonides.

NES 444 Early Medieval Jerusalem (also ART H 444) Spring. 4 credits. L. Jones.

For description, see Art History 444.

NES 464 The Herodotean Moment (also GOVT 454, HIST 454) @ # Spring. 4 credits. Not offered 2000–2001.

M. Bernal.
The main premise of the seminar is that the concept of "Western civilization" is a problematic one in need of critical and historical analysis. The course will examine the evolution and transformation of this concept from antiquity to the twentieth century by focusing on selected moments (and texts in which they are represented) of actual and/or perceptual encounters with other civilizations. It will also inquire into the political uses and abuses of the idea of the West, and theologico-political and anthropological dimensions of the idea's history.

NES 494 Modern Medicine and the Catholic Church (also RELST 494) Spring. 4 credits. D. McKenzie.

This course is designed to help students develop an understanding of ethical approaches to contemporary health care which are based on the Catholic tradition in all of its breadth and diversity. Catholic tradition and medicine through critical analysis of relevant teachings and church statements are explored. Principle based approaches are considered as a conversation partner to examine the significance of a faith-based approach. The goal of this course is to help students think analytically and passionately about health care ethics. The ability to appreciate complexities and tolerate legitimate differences in moral methods and choices is an important framework for this class, as well as an interest in Catholic tradition. Consideration of what constitutes just health care and the Church's longstanding commitment to medicine will provide a lens to examine critical issues such as: allocation of healthcare resources, the healing relationship and structure of medical care, autonomy and relationships in decision making, life and death treatment decisions, organ donation, abortion, new reproductive technologies, genetics, and euthanasia. Attention will be given to contemporary Roman Catholic scholars who offer feminist and liberation perspectives.

NES 497 Thomas Merton: Monk and Author (also RELST 497)
Fall. 4 credits. D. Powers.

Thomas Merton (1915–1968), a major Catholic figure of the twentieth century, enjoys a wide popularity based on his books, letters, journals, and poetry. In his writings he grappled with a wide variety of social problems and developed a contemporary spirituality. From the hermitage where he lived as a Trappist monk at the Abbey of Gethsemane near Bardstown, Kentucky, he contributed significantly to International discourse and social movements on pacifism, social justice, a Buddhist-Christian dialogue, and issues relating to religion and the environment. His life as a contemplative informed his writings on spirituality. Major themes include his rejection as recounted in The Seven Story Mountain, his spirituality (Bread in the Wilderness, Contemplation in a World of Action), his commitment to pacifism (Conjectures of a GUILTY Bystander, Faith and Violence: Christian Tradition and Christian Practice, Passion for Peace: The Social Essays), his contributions to social justice (selections from letters, as well as At Home in the World, his correspondence with feminist theologian Rosemary Radford Reuther, and (selections from Collected Poems), his concern for the environment (selections from letters and journals), and his participation in the Buddhist-Christian dialogue (Zen and the Birds Appetite). Given the Catholic Studies Department and English Department will explore Merton's contributions from their respective disciplines.

NES 639 Islamic Spain: Culture and Society (also NES 339, JWST 339, COM L 334, RELST 334, SPAN L 334) @ # Fall. 4 credits. Not offered 2000–2001.

R. Brann.
This course examines the culture and society of al-Andalus (Islamic Spain) from 711, when Islamic forces arrived in the Iberian Peninsula, and 1492, the year of the fall of the demised of Nasrid Granada. Through extensive discussion and analysis of Arabic, Latin, and Hebrew primary documents and literary texts of various genres (in translation), the course challenges ideological bases of conventional thinking regarding the social, political, and cultural identity of medieval "Spain." Among other things, the class investigates the origins of lyric poetry, the relationships among the various confessional and ethnic communities in al-Andalus and the importance of the fall of the Muslim regimes to International Catholic Church efforts to eliminate injustice and build a just and tolerant society and of the Jewish communities involved in Mozarabic Christian and Andalusi Jewish subcultural adaptations of Andalusi Arabo-Islamic culture.

NES 651 Law, Society and Culture in the Middle East, 1200–1500 (also NES 351, RELST 350, HIST 372/652) Spring. 4 credits. Limited to 25 students. D. Powers.

For description, see NES 351.


L. Adelson.
Since the West German and Turkish government signed a labor recruitment agreement in 1961, the Turkish population in the Federal Republic has become the largest group of "foreigners" to reside permanently in
Germany. While Turks have borne the brunt of restriction (and hostility) only in a country that may soon grant them citizenship, a lesser known fact is that Turkish-German authors of several generations have been producing German literature for over two decades. Departing from the sociological model that usually interpret this minority literature as a plea for German compassion or intercultural dialogue, this course juxtaposes prose fiction about Turkish-German contact and critical theories that occupied the church throughout its history. The course will draw on primary literary sources (from biblical literature to council proceedings, monastic rules, sermons, theological treatises, and biographies) as well as Christian art, inscriptions, music, and manuscripts.


In this course we will explore the varieties of Christian thought and practice from the first through the fourth centuries. In its earliest centuries, Christianity consisted of a diverse range of movements, each of which was considered "heretical" by its opponents, one of which can be to dominate all the others and so earned for itself the designation "orthodoxy." The "heresies" we will study include Adoptionism, Marcionism, Gnosticism, Montanism, Ariantism, and Donatism. Consideration will also be given to the ways in which "heretics" were persecuted and how they responded with competing views about women in the early Church, the relationship between Judaism and Christianity, the construction of authority, and the content, function, and sacredness of early Christian books.

[NES 340 Byzantine Theocracy: Church and State from the Fourth to Eighth Centuries A.D. (also CLASS 335, RELST 340, HIST 334) @] Fall. 3 credits. S. Wessel.

For description, see Classes 335. 

[NES 351 Law, Society, and Culture in the Middle East, 1200-1500 (also NES 351, RELST 350, HIST 372/375) @] Fall. 4 credits. Enrollment limited to 25 students. D. Powers.

After surveying the historical development of Islamic Law, the seminar will focus on the structure and function of the Islamic legal system in the thirteenth, fourteenth, and fifteenth centuries, using legal documents, judicial opinions, and court cases (all in English translation) to elicit major themes and issues; e.g., the writers' views of women and property, social hierarchies, law, and the public sphere).

This is an advanced class on conflict and conflict resolution focusing on the Arab Israeli case. Some additional cases of conflict in the Middle East will be used for comparison. The class will discuss issues of nationalism, nation building, migration, and military strategies. The class will further discuss Zionism and post-Zionist debates and include different perspectives on the Arab Israeli Conflict. Students will be expected to use primary and secondary source materials.

NES 651 Law, Society, and Culture in the Middle East, 1200-1500 (also NES 351, RELST 350, HIST 372/652)
Fall. 4 credits. Enrollment limited to 25 students. D. Powers
For description, see NES 351.

Literature

[NES 223 Introduction to the Hebrew Bible I (also JWST 223, RELST 223)] @
G. Rendsburg
This is the first course of a two-semester sequence. The main goal is to introduce students to the literature of the Hebrew Bible, which is accomplished by concentrating on the material in Joshua through Samuel, that is, the material which covers the period from Israel's origins through King David. Emphasis is placed on literary, historical, and theological matters. Special use is made of the numerous archaeological discoveries that have advanced our knowledge of ancient Near Eastern literature, history, religion, mythology, and law.

[NES 224 Introduction to the Hebrew Bible II (also JWST 224, RELST 224)] @
Fall. 3 credits. G. Rendsburg
This is the second of a two-semester sequence, but one does not need to take NES 223 in order to take this course. The main goal is to introduce students to the literature of the Hebrew Bible. This is accomplished by concentrating on the historical material in Kings, the books of the Prophets, and the book of Job, that is, the material which covers the period from King Solomon through the end of the biblical era. Emphasis is placed on literary, historical, and theological matters. Special use is made of the numerous archaeological discoveries that have advanced our knowledge of ancient Israel. As such, the Bible is studied against the backdrop of ancient Near Eastern literature, history, religion, mythology, and law.

[NES 229 Introduction to the New Testament (also RELST 229 and JWST 229)] @
Fall. 3 credits. K. Haines-Eitzen
This course provides a literary and historical introduction to the earliest Christian writings, most of which eventually came to be included in the New Testament. Through the lens of the gospel narratives and earliest Christian letters, especially those of Paul, the course will explore the rich diversity of the early Christian movement. For example, we will examine the role of the book of Revelation in the development and spread of early Christianity and beyond. Careful consideration will be given to the political, economic, social, cultural, and religious circumstances that gave rise to the Gospel movement, as well as those that facilitated the emergence of various manifestations of early Christianity. Students will be expected to use primary and secondary source materials.

[NES 236 Israelite: Literature and Society (also JWST 236, COM L 246)] @
K. Haines-Eitzen
A series of Israeli literary narratives in English translation will be read closely. The Life of Yehoshua A Yizkor Yehoshua in the Land of Israel, by O. Z. and selected short stories by contemporary authors of various ethnic backgrounds. We will analyze these texts both as literary artifacts and as attempts to represent a panorama of Israeli society.

[NES 239 Cultural History of the Jews of Spain (also JWST 239, COM L 299, RELST 239, SPAN L 239)] @
Fall. 3 credits. E. Alfonso
For description, see NES 239 under Near Eastern History.

[NES 250 Muhammed and Mystics in the Literatures of the Islamic World (also RELST 250)]
Spring. 3 credits. S. Toorawa
The life of the Prophet Muhammad and the teachings of Muslim mystics (sufis) have provided material and inspiration for numerous writers of the Islamic world. We will use our readings in English translation, of works in Arabic, Malay, Panjabi, Persian, Swahili, Turkish, and Urdu, to help us interrogate the ways in which Muhammad, mystics, and mysticism have shaped religion, literature, and society.

[NES 299 Hebrew Bible and Arabic Qur'an in Comparative Perspective (also RELST 299, COM L 299, JWST 299)] @
R. Brann
This course examines (in translation) the Hebrew Bible and Arabic Qur'an as foundational documents of their respective religious traditions and as the texts by which their corresponding religious communities came to constitute and define themselves. The approach in this course will be comparative, analyzing literary aspects of the parallel narrative traditions on Creation, the Noah story, Abraham/Ibrahim and his sons, the Joseph/Yusuf cycle, as well as postbiblical and Islamic elaborations of the Solomon/Sheba material. The class will also discuss the concepts of revelation, prophethood, community, and of the role of the eschatology, and apocalypticism in the history of the Hebrew Bible and Arabic Qur'an. The problematic nature of revealed scripture in monotheistic religion and the limited relevance of the idea of 'influence' in the Near Eastern context will also be studied.

[NES 313 Classical Arabic Texts (also RELST 313)] @
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: NES 134 or NES 121 or equivalent. D. Powers
This course will be an advanced study of classical Arabic thought, including tracing of selected chapters of the Qur'an, together with the Qur'anic commentary (tafsir) and other relevant literature. Special attention will be given to grammar, syntax, and lexicography.

[NES 319 Crime and Conflict in the Modern Arabic Novel (also COM L 318)] @
Fall. 4 credits. S. Toorawa
In this course we will read seven modern Arabic novels in translation in which the themes of crime and conflict are uppermost, including Nobel Laureate Naguib Mahfouz's The Thief and the Dogs, Nawal El Saadawi's Woman at Point Zero, and Rachid El Dail's Dear Mother Kawabata. We will complement the readings with three films.

[NES 320 Women in the Hebrew Bible (also JWST 320, WOMNS 322)] @
Spring. 3 credits.
This course features stories about women in the Hebrew Bible. Through literary readings of these texts we attempt to understand the portrayal of women (characters and roles assigned by male writers), the social reality represented, and the role of narrative in the promotion of ideologies. All texts in English translation. Hebrew texts optional.

There is a one-credit option for students who wish to meet 1 hour/week to read the texts in the Hebrew original (NES 326).

[NES 323 Reinventing Biblical Narrative (also JWST 323, RELST 323)]
Spring. 4 credits. K. Haines-Eitzen
Narratives, particularly sacred narratives, are not static or fixed but rather infinitely flexible and malleable. Subject to multiple retellings—elaborations, modifications, and deletions—narratives take on lives of their own even after they come to be written down. What happens to sacred stories when they are heard and read by different communities of interpreters? This is the broad question at the heart of this course, which will explore the diverse interpretations of biblical narrative—especially the stories and characters in the book of Genesis—found Jewish and Christian literature from the second century B.C.E. through the third century C.E. Writers like the Hebrew author of the Dead Sea Scrolls, Philo judaeus, and the Jewish historian Josephus, bodies of literature like Jewish and Christian pseudepigrapha and apocrypha, the New Testament, gnostic literature, early rabbinic literature, and patristic writers are sources we will investigate in this class.

[NES 325 Introduction to the Hebrew Bible—Seminar (also JWST 325, RELST 318)]
Fall. 1 credit. G. Rendsburg
This is a one-credit option for students who wish to meet one day each week to read the texts covered in class in the original Hebrew. Must be concurrently enrolled in NES 223 or NES 224.

[NES 326 Women in the Hebrew Bible—Seminar (also JWST 326, WOMNS 326)]
Spring. 1 credit. G. Rendsburg
This is a one-credit option for students who wish to meet one hour each week to read the texts in the Hebrew original. Must be concurrently enrolled in NES 320.
Nes 328: Gnosticism and Early Christianity (also JWST 326, RELST 330)  
An in-depth exploration of early Christian Gnosticism—its literatures, beliefs, and practices. Early Christian Gnosticism came to be considered heretical by early proto-orthodox Church Fathers. In this course, however, we will not simply read the condemnations written by the opponents of gnostic thought; rather, we will focus our attention on reading (in English translation) substantial portions of the texts written by the Gnostics themselves and found at Nag Hammadi, Egypt, in 1945. We will explore gnostic ideas about the world, creation, salvation, God, humanity, and the human body, while also attending to issues of gender, asceticism, and scriptural interpretation as they intersect with gnostic thought. To set gnostic literature within a socio-historical context, we will discuss other relevant ancient texts and scholarly theories about the Jewish and Hellenistic roots of early Christian Gnosticism.

Nes 329: Introduction to the New Testament Seminar (also JWST 329, RELST 329)  
Fall. 1 credit. Prerequisite: concurrent enrollment (or past enrollment) in NES 229 and 1 year of ancient Greek. K. Haines-Eitzen. 
A weekly seminar that may be taken in addition to NES 229. The seminar will provide an opportunity to read portions of the New Testament and other early Christian writings in Greek. We will work on grammatical and textual issues as well as other problems related to translations.

Nes 339: Islamic Spain: Culture and Society (also JWST 339, COM L 334, RELST 334, SPAN L 339/699)  
For description, see NES Civilization.

Nes 394: Gender, Sexuality, and the Body in Early Christianity (also RELST 298, WOMNS 298)  
Beliefs about gender, sexuality, and the human body were remarkably interwoven with political, religious, and cultural disputes in early Christianity. In this course we will explore the construction and representation of gender, sexuality, and the body in various forms of Christianity from the first century through the fourth. Asceticism and celibacy, veiling and unveiling, cross-dressing and Gnostic androgyny, marriage and childbirth, and homosexuality will be among the topics considered, and our sources will range from the New Testament and early Christian apocrypha, martyrologies, and patristic writings to Greek medical texts, Jewish midrash, Roman inscriptions, and Egyptian erotic and magical spells. Current interdisciplinary and theoretical studies on gender, ideology, sexuality, and power will aid us in developing our analytical approaches to the ancient materials.

Nes 400: Seminar in Advanced Hebrew (also JWST 400)  
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: NES 302/JWST 302 or permission of instructor. Enrollment limited to 15 students. N. Scharf. 
Continuation of work done in NES/JWST 302, with less emphasis on the study of grammar. We will read and discuss texts of cultural relevance, using articles published in Israeli newspapers and works by authors in each of the three principal genres: poetry, theater, and novels. The course may be repeated for credit with permission of instructor.

Nes 420: Readings in Biblical Hebrew Prose (also JWST 420 and RELST 420)  
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: 1 year of biblical or modern Hebrew. Course may be repeated for credit. G. Rendsburg. 
An advanced course in reading selected portions of the Hebrew Bible. Emphasis will be placed on the philological method, with attention to literary, historical, and comparative concerns.

Nes 421: Readings in Biblical Hebrew Poetry (also JWST 421, RELST 421)  
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite for NES 421: 1 year of biblical or modern Hebrew. Course may be repeated for credit. Not offered 2000–2001. G. Rendsburg. 
Advanced course in reading selected poems of the Hebrew Bible. Chapters to be studied include various Psalms, parts of the Book of Job, various prophetic speeches, and early compositions such as Genesis 49 and Judges 5. Emphasis will be placed on the philological method, with attention to literary, historical, and comparative concerns as well.

Nes 639: Islamic Spain: Culture and Society (also NES 339, JWST 339, COM L 334, RELST 334, SPAN L 339/699)  
This course examines the culture and society of al-Andalus (Islamic Spain) from 711, when Islam arrived in Iberia, until 1492 and the demise of Nasrid Granada. Through extensive discussion and analysis of Arabic, Latin, and Hebrew primary documents and literary texts of various genres (in translation), the course challenges ideological bases of conventional thinking regarding the social, political, and cultural identity of medieval Spain. Among other things, the class investigates the origins of lyric poetry, the formation of Andalusi Jewish cultural identity, the social, political, and cultural identity of the Andalusis, and the problems involved in Mozarabic Christian and Andalusi Jewish cultural identity.

Nes 491-492: Independent Study, Undergraduate Level  
Fall and spring. Variable credit. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Staff.

Nes 499: Independent Study, Honors  
Fall and spring. Variable credit. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Staff.

Nes 691-692: Independent Study, Graduate Level  
Fall and spring. Variable credit. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Staff.

The Program of Jewish Studies  
The Program of Jewish Studies encompasses a broad spectrum of disciplines that includes civilization, history, language, literature, philology, archaeology, and religion. The program offers students the opportunity to take a wide variety of courses in Jewish Studies whose subjects are not represented in the Department of Near Eastern Studies. Students interested in planning a program in Jewish Studies should consult with the director, Professor David I. Owen.
NEPALI
See Department of Asian Studies.

PACIFIC
See Department of Asian Studies.

PHILOSOPHY

Emeritus: C. A. Ginet.

The study of philosophy provides students with an opportunity to become familiar with some of the ideas and texts in the history of thought while developing analytical skills that are valuable in practical as well as academic affairs. It affords the excitement and satisfaction that come from understanding and working toward solutions of intellectual problems. The curriculum includes offerings in the history of philosophy, logic, philosophy of science, ethics, social and political philosophy, metaphysics, and theory of knowledge. Any philosophy course numbered in the 100s or 200s is suitable for beginning study in the field. Sections of Philosophy 100 are part of the freshman writing seminar program; they are taught by various members of the staff on a variety of philosophical topics, and because of their small size (seventeen students at most) they provide ample opportunity for discussion. Students who want a broad introduction to philosophy may take Philosophy 101, but many students with special interests may find that the best introduction to philosophy is a 200-level course in some particular area of philosophy; such courses have no prerequisites and are usually open to first-year students.

The Major
Students expecting to major in philosophy should begin their study of it in their freshman or sophomore year. Admission to the major is granted by the director of undergraduate studies of the department on the basis of a student’s work during the first two years. Normally the student must have completed two philosophy courses with grades of B or better. Eight philosophy courses are required for the major. They must include at least one course in ancient philosophy (Philosophy 210 or 211, or a course on Plato or Aristotle), at least one course in classical modern metaphysics and epistemology (Philosophy 212 or a course on the empiricists, the rationalists, or Kant), and a minimum of three courses numbered above 200. Students admitted to the major after fall 1996 will be required to take a minimum of six philosophy courses numbered above 200, and may not count more than one section of Philosophy 100 toward the major. A course in formal logic (e.g., Philosophy 231), while not required, is especially recommended for majors or prospective majors. Courses numbered 191–199 do not count toward the major.

Philosophy majors must also complete at least eight credits of course work in related subjects approved by their major advisers. Occasionally majors may serve as teaching or research aides, working with faculty members familiar with their work.

HONORS. A candidate for honors in philosophy must be a philosophy major with an average of B- or better for all work in the College of Arts and Sciences and an average of B+ or better for all work in philosophy. In either or both terms of the senior year a candidate for honors enrolls in Philosophy 490 and undertakes research leading to the writing of an honors essay by the end of the final term. Honor students normally need to take Philosophy 490 both terms of their senior year in order to write a satisfactory honors essay. Philosophy 490 does not count toward the eight philosophy courses required for the major. Prospective candidates should apply at the philosophy department office, 218 Goldwin Smith Hall.

FEES
In some courses there may be a small fee for photocopying materials to be handed out to students.

Introductory Courses
These courses have no prerequisites; all are open to freshmen.

Note: Class meeting times are accurate at the time of publication. If changes are necessary, the department will provide new information as soon as possible.

PHIL 100 Freshman Writing Seminars in Philosophy
Fall and spring. 3 credits. Consult the brochure listing freshman writing seminars prepared by the John S. Knight Writing Program.

PHIL 101 Introduction to Philosophy

Fall: The course offers a first glance at a number of central areas in philosophy. We will read a number of classic and contemporary texts about the nature of belief, explanation, perception, consciousness, freedom, morality, and justice. Here are a few questions we will be discussing: What distinguishes knowledge from reasonable opinion, firm conviction, or true belief? Can we fully describe the human mind from a third-person perspective? Could there be free will in a deterministic world? What is the force of a moral law? The course has no prerequisites.

Spring: This class will introduce students to various approaches in modern and twentieth-century philosophy. We will look at important historical works as well as current philosophical debates. We will consider issues about knowledge, freedom, and morality, as well as how philosophy relates to other disciplines. This approach will give some taste of the different types of things that philosophy can be. All of these topics will require that the student: be able to understand complex arguments; be able to give fair summaries of views with which the student disagrees; and when that happens, be able to explain clearly why the author under consideration is mistaken.

Summer: An introduction to several central philosophical questions. Is there knowledge...
PHIL 131 Logic, Evidence and Argument

PHIL 142 Appropriation and Alienation
Spring. 3 credits. This course is intended for freshmen. T R 11:40-12:55. B. Berry. This course will investigate the justification of property rights. We will start the course by watching a film, The Field, in which two different conceptions of what justifies ownership come into conflict. Should things belong to those who make them? Or shouldn't labor be the primary justification of property rights? We will spend the first half of the course investigating how the philosopher John Locke handles this issue in his classic defense of private property. In the second half, we will consider Kantian objections to Locke's defense of private property.

PHIL 145 Contemporary Moral Issues
Summer. 3 credits. Examine some of the central moral questions in American politics today. Some of the questions may include: At what point, if any, is abortion wrong, and in what circumstances should it be legal? What should be done to reduce economic, racial, and sexual inequalities? For example, is there a moral justification for affirmative-action programs? For welfare programs? What are the limits of the right to free speech? Do they protect pornography? Racist speech? When is it right to go to war? What obligations do U.S. citizens have to help people in poor countries? What restrictions on immigration are justifiable? We analyze the arguments of major moral philosophers, political leaders, and judges through lectures and discussion sections.

PHIL 181 Introduction to the Philosophy of Science
Spring. 3 credits. T R 11:40-12:55. N. Sethi. This course is an introductory survey of contemporary philosophy of science. We will attempt to answer such central questions as: What reasons do scientists have for accepting current scientific theories? How can scientists test theories about unobservable entities? Is science a search for truth? Do scientists discover or construct facts about nature? Are scientific claims immune to cultural, social, and subjective influences? The last part of the course will focus on the moral issues that scientific and technological developments force us to face.

PHIL 181 Introduction to Cognitive and Language Sciences (COGST 101 and PSYCH 102)
Fall. T R 11:40-12:55. M. Spivey. This course surveys the study of how the mind/brain works. We will examine how information-processing can arise from biological and artificial systems. The course draws primarily from five disciplines that make major contributions to cognitive science: philosophy, psychology, neuroscience, linguistics, and computer science. The first part of the course will introduce the roles played by these disciplines in cognitive science. The second part of the course will focus on how each of these disciplines contributes to the study of five topics in cognitive science: language, vision, learning and memory, action, and artificial intelligence. Does not count toward the Philosophy major or toward the Humanities Distribution Requirement in Philosophy.

PHIL 193 Inequality, Diversity, & Justice (also CRP 293, GOVT 293, SOC 293)
Fall. 4 credits. No prerequisites: intended for freshmen and sophomores. M W F 2:30-3:20. (The class will meet as a whole, for a lecture F, 8:45, thereafter, lectures will be given M, W, F, discussion sections will be F.) R. Miller. An interdisciplinary discussion of the nature and moral significance of social inequality, diversity, and poverty and of the search for just responses to them. How unequal are economic opportunities? What are the causes of poverty? To what extent is greater equality a demand of justice? Are traditional welfare programs an appropriate response to poverty? What special significance have race and gender as sources of inequality? Do they merit special remedies such as affirmative action? How does membership in an ethnic group shape people's lives, and how should it? How should governments deal with racial, economic, and sexual differences in ultimate values? For example, should abortion statutes be neutral toward rival views of the importance of potential human life? What are the causes of poverty and inequality? To what extent do people in per-capita rich countries have a duty to help the foreign poor? Moral argument, investigations of social causes, and legal reasoning interact in the search for answers to these questions. To provide these resources, the course will be taught by leading faculty researchers in philosophy, political theory, the social sciences, and law.

PHIL 194 Global Thinking (also GOVT 294)

PHIL 210 Ancient Thought #

PHIL 211 Ancient Philosophy (also CLASS 231)
Fall. 4 credits. This course has no prerequisites. It is open to freshmen. T R 1:25-2:40. G. Pine. This course examines the origin and development of Western philosophy in Ancient Greece and Rome. We will study some of the central ideas of the Pre-Socratics, Socrates, Plato, Aristotle, and the Hellenistic philosophers (Epicureans, Stoics, and Skeptics). Questions to be considered include: What are the nature and limits of knowledge? Is knowledge even possible? How reliable is perception? What are the basic entities in the universe: atoms, Platonic Forms, or Aristotelian substances? Is moral knowledge possible? What is the nature of happiness and what sort of life will make people happy? Do human beings have free will? Ought we to fear death? One of the fundamental works we will read is Plato's Republic.

PHIL 212 Early Modern Philosophy #
Spring. 4 credits. No prerequisites. M W F 10:10-11:00. L. Becker. This course is about the rise of modern philosophical thought in the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries in Europe. We will be focusing on four philosophers: Descartes, Berkeley, Leibniz, and Hume. Our main interest will be the theory of ideas and the way this theory underlies metaphysics. What are ideas and how do we come to have them? Why are ideas meaningful for knowledge about the external world? What is the connection between the structure of ideas and the structure of reality? This course emphasizes close reading of original texts (or translations of original texts) and critical assessment of philosophical arguments.

PHIL 213 Existentialism
Fall. 4 credits. T R 2:55-4:10. W. Bracken. This course will provide an introduction to the philosophy of existentialism as exemplified in literary and philosophical texts to be drawn from among the following authors: Kierkegaard, Nietzsche, Camus, Beckett, Tolstoy, Heidegger, Sartre, and Beauvoir. We will explore topics such as the nature of human freedom, the role of desire and feeling in the constitution of the self, the possibility of an ethics of authenticity, religious commitment, nihilism, bad faith and self-deception, the role that relations to others play in the constitution of the self, as well as the use that the aforementioned authors make of different forms of writing and argumentation in their exploration of such themes.

PHIL 214 Philosophical Issues in Christian Theology #

PHIL 219 Marx #
Fall. 4 credits. T R 10:10-11:25. F. Neuhouser. A survey of Marx's central theoretical writings aimed at understanding his analysis and critique of capitalism. Topics include: alienation, the nature of class, historical materialism, commodity fetishism, and the laws of capitalist development. Background readings from Smith, Hegel, and Feuerbach. Open to students at all levels, no previous philosophy in philosophy presupposed.

PHIL 231 Introduction to Deductive Logic
Spring. 4 credits. No prerequisites. M W F 11:15-12:05. Z. Szabó. The course covers the basics of propositional and first-order logic with a special emphasis on the problem of translating English sentences into the formal language of these logics.

PHIL 241 Ethics (by petition for breadth requirement)
Fall. 4 credits. M W F 1:25-2:15. T. Irwin. Introduction to the philosophicoanalytic study of major moral questions. For example: Are all values relative, or are some objective moral values? Have we ever any good reason to care about the interests of other people? What sacrifices are required by our moral duties? What is the nature and basis of our moral duties? For example, why is it wrong to lie and is it always wrong to lie? Do people have rights with which governments should not interfere, even to advance the general welfare? What inequalities are unjust? The course discusses general issues in moral philosophy, together with some of the intentions of particular moral controversies, such as the debates over abortion, reverse discrimination, and policies reducing economic inequality. Readings from major philosophers of the past, as well as contemporary sources.

PHIL 242 Social and Political Philosophy (also GOVT 260)
An introduction to the foundational texts of modern political theory, including Hobbes, Locke, Rousseau, and Rawls. Topics include the source of political legitimacy, why individuals are obligated to obey just laws, the limits of legitimate political authority, and the nature of human freedom. Special attention will be paid to the justifications role the social contract plays in political philosophy.

**PHIL 243 Aesthetics**  

**PHIL 244 Philosophy and Literature**  

**Phil 245 Ethics and Health Care**  
Fall. 4 credits. T R 1:25–2:40. L. Becker. This class looks at selected issues in medical ethics, considering arguments from each side of a debate and evaluating them in the light of traditional ethical frameworks. Students will be expected to analyze extended arguments and to make and respond to extended arguments.

**PHIL 246 Ethics and the World Environment**  
Spring. 4 credits. T R 10:10–11:25. H. Shue. Critical philosophical analysis of the conceptual frameworks in which policies affecting the environment are formulated and judged. The course is an extended case-study of the global environmental issue of rapid climate change, focusing on the ethical issues at the heart of the debates about the Kyoto Protocol to the Framework Convention on Climate Change. The key issues include alternative grounds for assigning responsibility for making necessary sacrifices between industrialized and developing nations, alternative principles for handling risks to future generations when outcomes are uncertain, and what kind of concern with alleged over-consumption in wealthy nations and alleged over-population in poor nations.

**PHIL 247 Ethics and Public Life**  
Fall. 4 credits. T R 10:10–11:25. M. Moody-Adams. This course will examine the ethical dimensions of our lives as citizens of complex social and political communities. We will discuss four questions of central interest in this area, with attention to a variety of attempts by philosophers, social theorists, theologians, and others to help us answer them. (1) What are the obligations of people such as politicians and journalists whose professions involve service to the public? For instance, may politicians violate "private morality" (of truth-telling and trustworthiness) in service of a public good? (2) What do we, as citizens of complex social and political communities, owe to others with whom we share that life? What are the demands, for instance, of distributive justice within a single political community, and do the moral rules that stop at the border of one's national community? (3) How should we draw the boundaries between public and private life in such matters as family structure, sexuality, and reproduction? (4) When, if ever, is it morally permissible to opt out of the demands of public, political life? What might justify civil disobedience, for instance, and are there morally important reasons to care about the future of public education at the primary and secondary levels?

**PHIL 248 Feminism and Philosophy**  
(also WOMNS 248)  

**PHIL 249 Knowledge and Reality**  

**PHIL 251 Modern Empiricism #**  
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: 1 previous course in philosophy. T R 1:25–2:40. S. Shoemaker. The course will be on the epistemological and metaphysical views of David Hume and Thomas Reid. Topics will include sense perception and perceptual experience, our concepts of ourselves and external things, the status of our beliefs about external things, skepticism vs. common sense, personal identity, and causation.

**PHIL 262 Philosophy of Mind**  
Fall. 4 credits. T R 11:40–12:55. B. Hellige. We will discuss a number of issues about the mind. For instance, do we think and talk about the mind at all? Is the mind identical to the body, or is it something else? How does the mind come to represent the world? Is a person's mind, as one might think, available for knowledge to that person in a way it is not available to other people? Can a person change his mind at will?

**PHIL 263 Religion and Reason**  
Spring. 4 credits. M W F 1:25–2:15. S. MacDonald. What must (or could) God be like, and what reasons do we have for thinking that a being of that sort actually exists? What difference would (or could) the existence of God make to our lives? This course examines the ideas, common to several major world religions, that God must be an absolutely perfect being. What attributes must a perfect being have? Must it have a mind, be a person, care for human beings? Is the concept of a perfect being coherent? Is the existence of a perfect being compatible with the presence of evil in the world and the existence of human freedom? Does human morality depend in any important way on the nature or will of a perfect being? Is a perfect being among the things that actually inhabit our universe? The course approaches these questions with the tools and methods of philosophical reason. Through readings drawn from both classic texts and contemporary philosophical discussion.

**PHIL 270 Truth and Interpretation (also LING 270/COGST 270)**  

**PHIL 271 Deductive Logic (also MATH 281)**  
Spring. 4 credits. M W F 10:10–11:00. R. Boyd. This course develops out of Kant's transcendental idealism. Some knowledge of Kant's Critique of Pure Reason is presupposed.

**PHIL 272 Intermediate or Advanced Courses**

Some of these courses have prerequisites.

**PHIL 309 Plato (also CLASS 339)**  
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: at least 1 previous philosophy course. T R 11:40–12:55. C. Brittain. Topic TBA.

**PHIL 310 Aristotle**  

**PHIL 311 The Rationalists #**  
4 credits. Spring. Prerequisite: at least 1 previous course in philosophy. T R 2:55–4:10. G. Fine. We will consider the metaphysics and epistemology of Descartes, Spinoza, and Leibniz. Topics to be considered include: the nature of substance, proofs for the existence of God, free will, determinism, and causation; scepticism; the nature and limits of knowledge; the nature and value of sense perception; mind and body.

**PHIL 312 Modern Empiricism #**  
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: 1 previous course in philosophy. T R 1:25–2:40. S. Shoemaker. The course will be on the epistemological and metaphysical views of David Hume and Thomas Reid. Topics will include sense perception and perceptual experience, our concepts of ourselves and external things, the status of our beliefs about external things, skepticism vs. common sense, personal identity, and causation.

**PHIL 317 Kant #**  
Spring. 4 credits. T R 10:10–11:25. F. Neuhouser. An introduction to the major themes of Hegel's philosophy, with an emphasis on his social and political thought. Topics include Hegel's critique of Kant, the possibility of metaphysics, the master-slave dialectic, and the role of freedom in Hegel's account of rational social institutions. Readings from Fichte will help to explain how Hegel's project develops out of Kant's transcendental idealism. Some knowledge of Kant's Critique of Pure Reason is presupposed.

**PHIL 318 Origins of Twentieth-Century Philosophy**  

**PHIL 319 Philosophy in the Middle Twentieth Century**  
Fall. 4 credits. M W F 2:30–3:20. H. Hodges. Philosophical writing on logic, language, mathematics, the nature of reality, and the basis of our knowledge and beliefs. Philosophers to be considered will be among these: B. Russell, A. N. Whitehead, L. Wittgenstein, H. H. Price, members of the Vienna Circle (especially R. Carnap), and H. Reichenbach.

**PHIL 331 Deductive Logic (also MATH 281)**  
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Philosophy 231 or equivalent or permission of instructor. M W F 1:25–2:15. H. Hodges. Review of derivations and truth-in-a-model; function-constants and identity; truth in non–fully distinguished models; very basic set-theory; sets as the only mathematical objects; mathematical induction; soundness; completeness.

**PHIL 332 Philosophy of Language**  

**PHIL 333 Problems in Semantics (also LING 333 and COGST 333)**  
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: a previous course in formal semantics (e.g., LING 421) or logic (e.g., PHIL 231) or permission of instructor. M W F 2:55–4:10. Z. Szabó (co­taught with S. A. Kripke). This course looks at problems in the semantic analysis of natural languages, critically examining work in linguistics and philosophy on particular topics of current interest. For spring 2001, the focus will be on quantifica-
This course will cover (1) some recent work on the problem of skepticism, and (2) the problem of externalism and self-knowledge. The responses to skepticism will include semantic and epistemic externalism, relevant alternatives theory, contextualism, etc. The second part of the course will focus on the alleged incompatibility of semantic externalism and authoritative self-knowledge.

PHIL 362 Philosophy of Mind
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: 2 previous courses in philosophy. T R 11:40-12:55. S. Shoemaker.
The course will be on self-knowledge. Topics will include the nature of introspective awareness, the nature of first-person thought and reference, the nature of the "special authority" we are thought to have about our own mental states, and the question of how (and whether) this special authority can be reconciled with externalist views of content.

PHIL 363 Topics in the Philosophy of Religion

PHIL 364 Metaphysics
Spring. 4 credits. M W F 11:15-12:05. B. Hellen.
Some or all of the following issues pertaining to very general questions about material objects will be covered. (1) The various puzzles of material constitution (the Dior/Thom puzzle, the Ship of Theseus, the Problem of the Many) may be taken to indicate that our concept of a material object is incoherent. Can the concept be made coherent, or must we accept the council of despair and accept that almost no material object is larger than a nanometer in any dimension? (2) Skepticism about the large derives from other sources as well: e.g., whether something composite could play any causal role "over and above" that played by its parts. Could it? If not, so what? (3) Various puzzles (the problem of temporary intrinsics, puzzles about vagueness) may be taken to indicate that, strictly speaking, nothing exists for more than an instant. What is the issue here, and what is the truth on this issue? (4) We think that some material objects have qualitative properties like colors. What is a color? Is it a disposition to influence us, or an "objective" property? How does the answer to this question affect the answer to the question whether anything is colored?

PHIL 365 Global Climate and Global Justice (also GOVT 368)

PHIL 366 Limiting War (also GOVT 469)

PHIL 381 Philosophy of Science: Knowledge and Objectivity (also S&TS 381)
Fall. 4 credits. W 7:30-10:00. R. Boyd.
An examination of central epistemological and metaphysical issues raised by scientific theorizing: the nature of evidence; scientific objectivity; the nature of theories, models, and paradigms; and the character of scientific revolutions.

PHIL 382 Philosophy and Psychology

PHIL 383 Choice, Chance, and Reason

PHIL 384 Philosophy of Physics

PHIL 387 Philosophy of Mathematics

PHIL 389 Philosophy of Science: Evidence and Explanation

PHIL 390 Informal Study
Fall or spring. Credit TBA.

Advanced Courses and Seminars

These courses are offered primarily for majors and graduate students.

PHIL 395 Majors Seminar

PHIL 409 German Philosophical Texts

PHIL 410 Latin Philosophical Texts
Fall and spring. Variable credit. Prerequisites: knowledge of Latin and permission of instructor. Hours TBA. S. MacDonald.

PHIL 411 Greek Philosophical Texts (also CLASS 311)
Fall and spring. Variable credit. Prerequisites: knowledge of Greek and permission of instructor. Hours TBA. T. Irwin, C. Britain.

PHIL 412 Medieval Philosophy

PHIL 413 Topics in Ancient Philosophy (also Society for the Humanities 402 and 403)

PHIL 414 German Philosophy after Kant
A close reading of Heidegger's Being and Time with attention to recent interpretive debates in English-language Heidegger scholarship. Undergraduates with a substantial background in philosophy are welcome.

PHIL 415 Special Topics in the History of Philosophy
Fall. 4 credits. W 10:10-12:05. F. Neuhauser.
A study of the moral, social, and political significance of pride and self-love, as understood by Hobbes, Rousseau, Kant, and other thinkers. [Undergraduates with a substantial background in philosophy are welcome.]

PHIL 416 Modern Philosophy

PHIL 431 Mathematical Logic (also MATH 481)
Spring. 4 credits. TBA.
For description, see Math 481.

PHIL 432 Topics in Logic (also MATH 482)
Topic: TBA.

PHIL 433 Philosophy of Logic
This is a class on the interpretation of quantum mechanics. We will look at what PHIL 481 Problems in the Philosophy of Science (also S HUM 409) 4 credits. Not offered 2000–2001.


PHIL 446 Topics in Social and Political Philosophy (also GOVT 474) Spring. 4 credits. M W 2:55–4:10. R. Miller. Topic for 2001: Community, Nation, and Morality. We will investigate the moral status of ties to a nationality, state, community, religion, or ethnic group, in order to shed light on general questions about justice and moral obligation, and specific problems of social policy. Does the proper valuing of loyalty to these groups reflect universalist moral principles of equal concern or respect for all, or does it expose the limitations of universalism? Do ties of nationality or community undermine traditional liberal goals of freedom and equality, or provide more adequate foundations for them? What duties of justice should govern economic relations between nations, and how do they differ from duties toward compatriots? To what extent is identification with one’s own particular group life-enhancing or self-limiting? What rights do minority cultures have to government support or protection? Do these rights extend to cultures that pose special obstacles to autonomy, e.g., barriers to women’s self-development? Readings will include work by Taylor, Kymlicka, Waldron, David Miller, MacIntyre, Nagel, Guinier, DuBois, and Nussbaum. The course will have a seminar format. It is intended for both advanced undergraduates and graduate students.


PHIL 484 Philosophy of Physics Fall. 4 credits. T R 10:10–11:25. L. Becker. This is a class on the interpretation of quantum mechanics. We will look at what makes the theory so difficult to interpret. We will consider several attempts to give interpretations to the mathematical formalism and look at the particular issue of what the theory says about action at a distance. There are no specific prerequisites, but it should be understood that this is difficult material; students may come in with a variety of different backgrounds and will have to work to get caught up with any area for which they are not prepared.

PHIL 490 Special Studies in Philosophy Fall and spring. 4 credits. Open only to honors students in their senior year. See Honors description at front of Philosophy section.


PHIL 633 Philosophy of Language Fall and spring. 4 credits. Fall, R 4:30–6:30. Z. Szabo; spring, W 4:30–6:30. P. Ludlow. Fall: The course will focus on propositions and events. Both of these are entities that play a major role in semantic theorizing and the metaphysical debates surrounding them are strongly influenced by arguments from the philosophy of language. Whether we should believe in propositions or events depends largely on how we should think about the interpretation of nominalization, the progressive aspect, that-clauses, and a number of other complex linguistic phenomena. At the same time, a case can be made that one cannot make real progress in the semantic analysis of these issues without keeping in mind that we want an ontology that meshes well with the best scientific theories we have. So, in theorizations and and events we need to pay attention to both language and the world. This will be our central aim.

Spring: This seminar will provide an in depth look at the theory of descriptions and its application (in extension to) descriptive theories of names and descriptive (E-type) pronouns. We’ll begin with a brief review of classic literature (Russell-Kripke) and then move on to current work on this topic.


PHIL 662 Philosophy of Mind Fall. 4 credits. T 4:30–6:30. B. Hellie. We will discuss a number of issues in the philosophy of mind. For instance: What is the content of the hated sense-data theory? Are there any good arguments for or against it? What is an intentional theory of perception? How does perception generate knowledge, if it does? Why does perception occur conscious? What is the problem of qualia? Can it, whatever it is, be solved? Is there a problem about acquaintance? What would something have to be like in order for it to be colored? Is anything this way?


PHIL 700 Informal Study Fall or spring. Credit TBA. To be taken by graduate students only in exceptional circumstances and by arrangement made by the student with his or her Special Committee and the faculty member who has agreed to direct the study.

PHIL 773 Proseminar in Cognitive Studies (also COGST 777, LING 773, and COM S 773) Fall. 2 credits. Fall: R grade. For description, see COGST 773.

PHIL 774 Proseminar in Cognitive Studies (also LING 774 and COGST 774) For description, see COGST 774.


PHYSICS


The Department of Physics offers a full range of university-level work in physics, from general education courses for nonscientists to doctoral-level independent research. Major research facilities are operated by two component organizations: the Laboratory of Atomic and Solid State Physics (LASSP) and the Laboratory of Nuclear Studies (LNS). LASSP carries out extensive research efforts in condensed-matter physics and in low-temperature physics. LNS operates a major high-energy particle physics research facility at Wilson Laboratory, the Cornell electron–positron storage ring (CESR). Theoretical work is carried out on many fields of physics, including astrophysics. There is a full schedule of weekly research-oriented seminars and colloquia. Students will find many opportuni-
ties for research participation and summer employment.

Introductory physics sequences are: 101–102, 207–208, and 112–213–214, or its honors version 116–217–218. In addition, there is a group of general-education courses, Physics 200–205, 209, 210. Physics 101–102, a self-paced autotutorial course, is designed for students who do not intend to take further physics courses and who do not have preparation in calculus. Physics 112 and 207 both require calculus (Mathematics 191, 193, or 111), and additional mathematics is required for subsequent courses in the sequence. Physics 101–102 or 207–208 may be taken as terminal physics sequences. The three-term sequence 112–213–214 or its honors version, 116–217–218, is recommended for students who have had contact with introductory physics. The prerequisites for subsequent courses in the sequence, Physics 214 and 218, are placing an increasing emphasis on use of the computer for homework, laboratory exercises, and projects; some knowledge about computing, perhaps at the level of Computer Science 99 or 100, is desirable.

Courses beyond the introductory level that might be of interest to nonmajors include: Physics 316 (Modern Physics I); Physics 330 (Modern Experimental Optics); and Physics 360 (Electronic Circuits).

Advanced placement and credit are offered as outlined in “Advanced Placement of Freshmen,” or students may consult the director of undergraduate studies, as should students requesting transfer credit for physics courses taken at another college.

The Major

The major program is constructed to accommodate students who wish to prepare for professional or graduate work in physics as well as those who wish to complete their major program in the field of physics but have other post-graduation goals.

Students who wish to major in physics are advised to start the physics sequence in the first term of their freshman year. (Note that students who have had contact with introductory calculus may take Physics 112 with coregistration in Mathematics 191 or 193.) The major program can still be completed within a second-term start, but flexibility in future course scheduling is reduced.

Prospective majors are urged to make an early appointment at the physics office for advice in program planning. Acceptance into the major program is normally granted upon completion of a year of physics and mathematics courses at Cornell with all course grades at the B-level or higher. The department office will give advice in the matter of selecting a major faculty adviser. Details of the major course program are worked out in consultation between the student and major faculty adviser.

Physics Core

Common to all major programs is a requirement to complete a core of physics courses. In addition to the three-term introductory sequence (Physics 112–213–214 or Physics 116–217–218), the core includes five upper-level courses—a two-course sequence in modern physics (Physics 316–317), (b) at least three semester hours of laboratory work selected from Physics 310, 350, 360, 410, Astronomy 410, (c) an intermediate course in classical mechanics, and (d) an intermediate course in electromagnetism.

Accompanying these physics courses should be work in mathematics through at least Mathematics 222 or 294. Students following the professional/graduate school channel are expected to complete at least one additional year of applicable mathematics (Applied and Engineering Physics 321–322 or Mathematics 321–420–422).

In addition to the core, each physics major must complete 15 semester hours of credit in an area of concentration which has been agreed on by the student and major faculty adviser.

Concentration within Physics

A student who wishes to pursue professional or graduate work in physics or a closely related field should follow a concentration within the field of physics. For those students with a strong secondary school preparation, the sequence Physics 116–217–218 is encouraged. Students are strongly encouraged to start the sequence with Physics 116, even if they qualify for advanced placement credit for Physics 112. Core courses in mechanics and electromagnetism will normally be Physics 318 and Physics 327, respectively. The minimum 15 hours beyond the core must be composed of physics courses with numbers greater than 300 and must include the senior laboratory course Physics 410. This means a physics concentration needs a minimum of 7 credit hours of laboratory work to complete the requirements. The accompanying table shows several typical course sequences by means of which the major requirements may be completed. The primary distinction among students who may follow the different sequences is the amount and level of pre-college work in calculus and in physics. Changes in these typical patterns will be common, as agreed on between student and major faculty adviser. Research work is encouraged of all majors. If this work is done as an independent project, Physics 490, up to eight credits can be applied to the concentration.

Concentration outside Physics

The concentration will reflect the student's interest in some area related to physics. The array of courses that comprise the concentration must have internal coherence. The array will normally be worked out in conference with the major faculty adviser and must be approved by the adviser. Of the required 15 hours credit beyond the core, at least eight credits must be in courses numbered above 300. Students have chosen to concentrate in such topics as chemical physics, astrophysics, natural sciences, history and philosophy of science, computer science, meteorology, or econometrics. A combined biology-chemistry concentration is appropriate for pre-medical students or those who wish to prepare for work in biophysics. Students interested in a career in the teaching of science should consider the Teacher Education in Science and Mathematics (TESM) Program, which is administered by the Departments of Education and Mathematics and is described in detail in the College of Arts and Sciences section of this catalog. A concentration in "science education" would then typically include Education 402 and 403, both part of TESM, and two or more courses designed to broaden the student's background in general science and mathematics.

For students with concentrations outside physics, the core requirements in mechanics and electromagnetism can be appropriately met with Physics 314 and Physics 323, respectively.

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### Typical Physics Course Sequences (other sequences are also possible)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Semester</th>
<th>No AP math or physics</th>
<th>1 year AP calculus and good HS physics</th>
<th>Outside concentrators</th>
<th>Outside concentrators (alternate)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1st - Fall</td>
<td>112</td>
<td>116</td>
<td>112</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2nd - Spring</td>
<td>213</td>
<td>217</td>
<td>213</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3rd - Fall</td>
<td>214</td>
<td>218</td>
<td>214</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4th - Spring</td>
<td>316, 3x0</td>
<td>316, 3x0</td>
<td>3x0</td>
<td>2x0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5th - Fall</td>
<td>317, 327, 3x0</td>
<td>317, 327, 3x0</td>
<td>316</td>
<td>3x0, 316</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6th - Spring</td>
<td>314/318, 443</td>
<td>318, 443</td>
<td>3x0</td>
<td>314, 3x0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7th - Fall</td>
<td>341, 410</td>
<td>341, 410</td>
<td>317, 323</td>
<td>317, 323</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8th - Spring</td>
<td>Elective(s)</td>
<td>Elective(s)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Students with an astronomy concentration who might continue in that field in graduate school should use Astronomy 410, 431, 432 as part of the concentration; they are encouraged to use Physics 318 and 327 to satisfy the core requirements in mechanics and electromagnetism.

Honors
A student may be granted honors in physics upon the recommendation of the Physics Advisers Committee of the physics faculty. There is no particular course structure or thesis requirement for honors.

Double Majors
Double majors including physics are possible and not at all uncommon. It should be noted, however, that any course used to satisfy a requirement of another major may be used in satisfaction of physics major requirements only if the student's concentration is within physics.

Courses with Overlapping Content
Because the department offers several courses with overlapping content, students should select courses carefully to meet the needs of their academic programs and to ensure credit for each course they take. Listed below are groups of courses with largely similar content. In general, students may receive credit for only one of the courses in each group.

Physics 101, 112, 116, 207
Physics 102, 208, 213, 217
Physics 214, 218
Physics 314, 318
Physics 325, 327
Physics 116, 216

Course Prerequisites
Prerequisites are specified in physics course descriptions to illustrate the materials that students should have mastered. Students who wish to plan programs different from those suggested by the prerequisite ordering are urged to discuss their preparation and background with a physics adviser or with the instructor in the course. In many cases an appropriate individual program can be worked out without exact adherence to the stated prerequisites.

Courses
Listed days and times are not definite but are unlikely to change. Days and times will not be listed for 600-level courses.

PHYS 101 General Physics 1
Fall, summer 4-week or 6-week session. 4 credits. General introductory physics for non-physics majors. Prerequisites: 3 years of high school mathematics, including some trigonometry. A student without high school physics should allow extra time for PHYS 101. Physics 101 is not appropriate for students majoring in pre-engineering. It is primarily for students majoring in the life sciences. Lectures and discussions: M-F 10:00-11:15; laboratories M W 2:00-5:00. Basic principles treated quantitatively but without calculus. Kinematics: forces and fields; momentum, angular momentum, and energy; thermal physics and fluid mechanics; sound waves. Text at the level of Physics, 4th edition, by Cutnell and Johnson.

PHYS 102 General Physics II
Spring, summer 4-week or 8-week session. 4 credits. Prerequisite for Physics 102: PHYS 101 or 112 or 207. Includes less mathematical analysis than Physics 208, but more than Physics 200–206, 209, 210. Enrollment may be limited. Spring introductory lec, M Jan. 24, 7:30 P.M. Staff. Physics 101–102 emphasizes quantitative and conceptual understanding of the topics of introductory physics developed without use of calculus. The course is mostly self-paced in a mastery-oriented format including eight subject units and a final retention (review) unit. Most instruction occurs in the learning center using video-taped lectures, personal tutoring by staff, assigned laboratory exercises, and solutions of sample test questions at our web site. Unit testing is designed to measure mastery with a limit of three test tries taken at the time of the student's choice. Major topics for 101: kinematics, forces and dynamics, momentum, energy, fluid mechanics, waves and sound, thermal physics, kinetic theory, and thermodynamics. At the level of Physics by Cutnell and Johnson.

PHYS 103 General Physics
Summer. 4 credits. Prerequisite: 3 years of high school mathematics, including some trigonometry. A student without high school physics should allow extra time for Physics 103. Physics 103 is a more traditional version of Physics 101. Physics 103 is not appropriate for students majoring in pre-engineering. It is primarily for students majoring in the life sciences. Lectures and discussions: M-F 10:00-11:15; laboratories M W 2:00-5:00. Basic principles treated quantitatively but without calculus. Kinematics: forces and fields; momentum, angular momentum, and energy; thermal physics and fluid mechanics; sound waves. Text at the level of Physics, 4th edition, by Cutnell and Johnson.

PHYS 112 Physics I: Mechanics
Fall, spring, summer 6-week session. 4 credits. Primarily for students of engineering and for prospective physics majors. Prerequisite: coregistration in Mathematics 192 (or 194 or 112), or substantial previous contact with introductory calculus combined with coregistration in Mathematics 110 or 111; 10:00-11:00 or 12.20-1:10. Two rec. and one lab/cooperative learning session each week. Evening exams. Fall, A. LeClair; spring, staff.

PHYS 116 Physics I: Mechanics and Special Relativity
Fall, spring. 4 credits. More analytic than Physics 112, intended for students who will be comfortable with a deeper, somewhat more abstract approach.

Intended mainly but not exclusively for prospective physics majors. Prerequisites: a good secondary school physics course and familiarity with basic calculus. Corrective transfers between Physics 116 and Physics 112 (in either direction) are encouraged during the first few weeks of instruction. Lec, M W F 10:10-11:00. Fall, V. Elser; spring, R. Patterson.

A more rigorous version of Physics 112, covering similar topics at the level of An Introduction to Mechanics, by Kleppner and Kolenkow.

PHYS 117 Concepts of Modern Physics
Fall. 1 credit. S-U only. Enrollment may be limited. Coregistration in Physics 112 or 116 or 213 or 217 is required. For freshmen who plan to major in physics, applied and engineering physics, or astronomy. Lec, W 1:55-2:55 P.M. A. Sadoff.

This course is intended for freshmen who plan to major in physics or a closely related field (i.e., applied and engineering physics or astronomy) and would like to learn about the concepts of modern physics in the context of their physics education. Possible topics of discussion are methodology, symmetry and conservation laws, quantum theory, the unification of forces and matter, and big-bang cosmology.

PHYS 190 Supplemental Introductory Laboratory
Fall, spring. 1 credit. Times by arrangement with instructor. S-U only. Enrollment limited to students who have all of the following: (1) 3 transfer credits for introductory physics lecture material; (2) a degree requirement in one laboratory component of that introductory course; (3) approval of the director of undergraduate studies; and (4) permission of the instructor of that course at Cornell. Enrollment limited.

A Physics 190 Permission Form must be filed in 121 Clark Hall with the physics department course coordinator. Students perform the laboratory component of one of the introductory courses (Physics 112, 213, 214) to complement the lecture-related course credit acquired elsewhere. Those wishing to take the equivalent of one of these introductory courses at another institution should receive prior approval from the director of undergraduate studies.

PHYS 200 Art, Archaeology, and Analysis (also GEOL 200, ENGR 185, MSAE 285, ARKEO 285, and ART 372)
For description, see GEOI, 200.

PHYS 201 Why the Sky Is Blue: Aspects of the Physical World
Fall. 3 credits. Lec, T R 8:55-10:40; rec, W 2:30-3:20 or W 3:35-4:25. A. Sadoff.

This is a descriptive physics course aimed specifically at the nonscience student. There is an emphasis on the ideas of modern physics while the approach is both historical and thematic. The methodology of science and the nature of evidence is emphasized. An overriding theme is the character of physical laws as shown through the great principles of symmetry and conservation. While there are a few computational problems assigned, the purpose is to help students understand the concepts rather than to master problem-solving techniques. At the level of Physics for Poets by March.
PHYS 202 The World According to Physics—The Way Things Work
Summer-3 week session. 3 credits.
Prerequisite: 3 years of high school mathematics, including some trigonometry. M-F 10:00-12:00; laboratories 2 afternoons per week. TBA. R. Lieberman.
Intended to provide students majoring in fields outside the sciences with an appreciation for the familiar physical world surrounding them. Which falls faster, a pound of gold or a pound of lead? What trajectory does a launched rocket follow? Why are the curves on highways banked? What actually keeps a satellite circling the earth—why doesn't it just fall down or fly away? Can you build a ship that runs off the heat found in the ocean? With an emphasis on problem solving, the course helps the student develop skills transferable to other areas. Topics include Newton's basic laws of motion, trajectories, satellites, space travel, and the concepts of energy.

PHYS 203 Physics of the Heavens and the Earth—A Synthesis
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: high school algebra. Intended for nonscientists. Topics are several core ideas of physics together with algebra at the high school level. Readings will be from the scientific press at the level of Scientific American.

PHYS 204 Physics of Musical Sound
Spring. 3 credits. Intended for nonscientists; does not serve as a prerequisite for further science courses. Assumes no serious attempt to select Physics 217. Prerequisites: Physics 207 or 116 or Astronomy 106. Prerequisites: Physics 112 or Astronomy 106. Prerequisites: Physics 112 or Astronomy 106. Prerequisites: Physics 112 or Mathematics 111 or 191, or substantial previous contact with introductory calculus, combined with coregistration in a mathematics course approved by instructor. Lec, M W F 9:05-9:55 or 11:15-12:05; two rec. and one lab each week. Evening exams. R. Thorne. Physics 207-208 is a two-semester introduction to physics, intended for students majoring in an analytically oriented biological science, a physical science, or mathematics, or with an emphasis on applications and on quantitative tools generally applicable to the sciences. Mechanics, conservation laws, waves, and topics from thermal physics, fluids, acoustics, and properties of matter. At the level of Fundamentals of Physics, Vol. 1, 5th edition, by Halliday, Resnick, and Walker.

PHYS 208 Fundamentals of Physics II
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites for Physics 208: Physics 112 or 111 and at least coregistration in Mathematics 111 or 191. Physics 207-208 is a two-semester introduction to physics with emphasis on tools generally applicable in the sciences, intended for coregistration in a physical science, mathematics, or an analytically oriented biological science. Lec, M W F 9:05-9:55 or 11:15-12:05; two rec. and one lab each week. Evening exams. Staff. Electricity and magnetism, and topics from physical and geometrical optics, quantum and nuclear physics. At the level of Fundamentals of Physics, Vol 2, 5th edition, by Halliday, Resnick, and Walker.

PHYS 209 Relativity and Chaos
Spring. 3 credits. Intended for nonscientists, does not serve as a prerequisite for further science courses. Assumes no serious attempt to select Physics 217. Prerequisites: Physics 207 or 116 or Astronomy 106. Prerequisites: Physics 112 or Astronomy 106. Prerequisites: Physics 112 or Mathematics 111 or 191, or substantial previous contact with introductory calculus, combined with coregistration in a mathematics course approved by instructor. Lec, M W F 9:05-9:55 or 11:15-12:05; two rec. and one lab each week. Evening exams. Staff. Electricity and magnetism, and topics from physical and geometrical optics, quantum and nuclear physics. At the level of Fundamentals of Physics, Vol 2, 5th edition, by Halliday, Resnick, and Walker.

PHYS 217 Physics II: Electricity and Magnetism (also A&EP 217)
Fall, spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite may be limited. Intended for students who have done very well in Physics 112 or 116 and in mathematics and who desire a more analytic treatment than that of Physics 213. Prospective physics majors are encouraged to select Physics 217. Prerequisites:
approval of student's adviser and permission from the instructor. A placement quiz may be given early in the semester, permitting those students who find Physics 217 too abstract or analytical to transfer into Physics 213, which they can do without difficulty at that time. Vector calculus will be taught in this course, but previous contact, especially with the operations $grad$, $div$, and $curl$, is helpful. It is assumed the student has seen Special Relativity at the level of Physics 110 or is currently enrolled in Physics 216. It is also assumed that the student has covered most of the material of Mathematics 192 and is co-registered in Mathematics 293 or the equivalent. Lec, M W F 10:10–11:00. Fall, A. Sievers; spring, R. Buhman.

At the level of Electricity and Magnetism, by Purcell (Vol. 2, Berkeley Physics Series).

PHYS 218 Physics III: Waves and Thermodynamics
Fall, spring, 4 credits. Enrollment may be limited. Intended for students who have done very well in Physics 116 and 217 and in mathematics, and who desire a more analytic treatment than that of Physics 214. Prospective physics majors are encouraged to select Physics 218. Prerequisites: Physics 217 (with a grade of B or higher) and completion of a course in differential equations or permission of instructor. A placement quiz may be given early in the semester so that students who find Physics 218 too demanding can transfer into Physics 214. Lec, M W F 11:15–12:05. Fall, N. Ashcroft; spring, R. Thorne.

Topics covered in recent years have included: oscillators, mechanical waves, electromagnetic waves, physical and geometrical optics, and the first and second laws of thermodynamics. Evening exams may be scheduled. At the level of Electromagnetic Vibrations, Waves, and Radiation by Bekefi and Barrett.

PHYS 310 Intermediate Experimental Physics
Spring. 3 credits. Enrollment may be limited. Prerequisite: Physics 208 or 213. Labs T R 1:25–4:25

Students select from a variety of experiments. An individualized approach is encouraged. Facilities of the Physics 410 lab are available for some experiments.

PHYS 314 Intermediate Mechanics
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Physics 208 or 214 (or equivalent) and Math 294 (or equivalent); Applied and Engineering Physics 322 or coregistration in Mathematics 420/421 recommended. Intended for physics majors with concentration outside of physics or astronomy; Physics 318 covers similar material at a more analytical level. Lec, M W F 10:10–11:00, rec, F 1:25–2:15. C. Franck.

Includes Newtonian mechanics, Lagrange and Hamilton formulations, central forces, rigid body motion, and small oscillations. At the level of Classical Mechanics by D. E. Berg and O. Osnos.

PHYS 316 Modern Physics I
Fall, spring, 3 credits. Prerequisites: Physics 214 or 218 and coregistration in at least Mathematics 294 or equivalent. It is assumed that majors registering in Physics 316 will continue with Physics 317. Lec, M W F 9:05–9:55; rec, R 3:55–4:25. S. Teukolsky.

PHYS 317 Modern Physics II

Investigation of quantum phenomena, classical and quantum statistical mechanics, molecules, solid state physics, nuclear physics and radioactivity, elementary particle physics. At the level of Modern Physics by Serway.

PHYS 318 Analytical Mechanics
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Physics 116 or permission of instructor; Applied and Engineering Physics 321 or Mathematics 420. Intended for junior physics majors concentrating in physics or astronomy. Physics 314 covers similar material at a less demanding level. Lec, M W F 10:10–11:00, rec, F 2:30–3:20. M. Neubert.

Newtonian mechanics and systems of particles, including rigid bodies; oscillating systems; gravitation and planetary motion; moving coordinate systems; Euler's equations; Lagrange and Hamilton formulations; normal modes and small vibrations; introduction to chaos. At the level of Classical Dynamics by Marion and Thornton and Analytical Mechanics by H. Frisch and Finch. Supplementary reading will be assigned.

PHYS 323 Intermediate Electricity and Magnetism
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Physics 208 or 213/214 (or equivalent) and Math 293/294 (or equivalent); coregistration in Applied and Engineering Physics 321 or Math 420 recommended. Intended for physics majors with a concentration outside of physics or astronomy. Physics 327 covers similar material at a more analytical level. Lec, M W F 11:15–12:05, rec, F 2:30–3:20. R. Talman.

Includes electro/magneto-statics, boundary value problems, electromagnetic waves, Maxwell's Equations, electromagnetic waves, and sources of electromagnetic radiation. At the level of Introduction to Electrodynamics by Griffiths.

PHYS 327 Advanced Electricity and Magnetism
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Physics 217/218 or permission of instructor; coregistration in Applied and Engineering Physics 321 or Mathematics 420. Intended for physics majors concentrating in physics or astronomy. Physics 323 covers similar material at a less demanding level. N. B. Physics 327 assumes knowledge of the material at the level of Physics 217 Lec, M W F 11:15–12:05, rec, F 2:30–3:20.

L. Gibbons
Electro/magneto-statics, vector and scalar potentials, Laplace's Equation and boundary value problems, multipole radiation-solutions to Maxwell's Equations, energy-momentum of radiation; electronic and particle media; special relativity-translations, four vectors, particle kinematics and dynamics, relativistic electrodynamics. At the level of Classical Electromagnetic Radiation, by Heald and Marion.

PHYS 330 Modern Experimental Optics (also A&EP 330)

A practical laboratory course in basic and modern optics. The seven projects cover a wide range of topics from geometrical optics to classical wave phenomena, interference, diffraction, and polarization. Each experimental setup is equipped with standard, off-the-shelf optics and opto-mechanical components to provide the students with hands-on experience in practical laser techniques currently employed in physics, chemistry, biology, and engineering. The students will also be introduced to digital imaging and image processing techniques. At the level of Optics by Hecht.

PHYS 341 Thermodynamics and Statistical Physics
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Physics 214, Physics 316, and Mathematics 294. Lec, M W F 10:10–11:00, rec, R 2:30–3:20. V. Ambegaokar.

Statistical physics, developing both thermodynamics and statistical mechanics simultaneously. Concepts of temperature, laws of thermodynamics, entropy, thermodynamic relations, free energy. Applications to phase equilibrium, multicomponent systems, chemical reactions, quantum statistics, and transport theory. At the level of Statistical Physics by Reif, or Introduction to Statistical Mechanics by Betts.

PHYS 360 Electronic Circuits (also A&EP 363)
Fall, spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Physics 208 or 213 or permission of the instructor. No previous experience with electronics assumed; however, the course moves quickly through some introductory topics such as basic DC circuits. Fall term is usually less crowded. Lec, M 2:30–4:25; labs, T R or W F 1:25–4:25 (also evening labs) M W F 7:30–10:30. Fall, E. Kirkland; spring, R. Thorne.

Analyze, design, build, and experimentally test circuits used in scientific and engineering instrumentation (with discrete components and integrated circuits). Analog circuits: resistors, capacitors, operational amplifiers (linear amplifiers with feedback, oscillators, comparators); digital circuits: combinatorial (gates) and sequential (flip-flops, counters, shift registers) logic. Computer interfacing introduced and used to investigate digital to analog (DAC) and analog to digital conversion (ADC) and signal averaging. At the level of Art of Electronics by Horowitz and Hill.

PHYS 400 Informal Advanced Laboratory
Fall, spring. (Summer, 6 week session.) Variable to 2 credits. (Credit not available in summer.) Prerequisite: 2 years of physics or permission of instructor. Lab T W 1:25–4:25. Fall, L. Hand; spring, D. Hartill.

Experiments of widely varying difficulty in one or more areas, as listed under Physics 410, may be done to fill the student's special requirements.
PHYS 410 Advanced Experimental Physics
Fall, spring. 4 credits. Limited to seniors except by special permission. Prerequisites: Physics 241 or 301 or 360 plus 348 and 327, or permission of instructor. Lect, M 2:30–3:20, lab T 1:25–4:25. Fall, L. Hand, spring, D. Harriott.
Selected topics in experimental concepts and techniques. About 60 different experiments are available in acoustics, optics, spectroscopy, electrical circuits, electronics and ionics, magnetic resonance, X-rays, low temperature, solid state, and nuclear physics. The student performs three to six diverse experiments, depending on difficulty, selected to meet individual needs and interests. Independent work is stressed. Lectures are on experimental techniques used in experiments in the laboratory and on current research topics.

PHYS 443 Introductory Quantum Mechanics
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Physics 327 or 323, and Physics 316 and Applied and Engineering Physics 321 or Mathematics 420. Prerequisite: Physics 314 or 318, or permission of instructor. Lect, M W F 9:05–9:55, rec, R 3:35–4:25. S. Teukolsky. Introduction to concepts and techniques of quantum mechanics, at the level of An Introduction to Quantum Mechanics, by Griffiths.

PHYS 444 Nuclear and High-Energy Particle Physics

PHYS 451 Classical Mechanics, Nonlinear Dynamics, and Chaos (also PHYS 551)
Spring. 3 credits. Only students with a strong performance in PHYS 318 or the equivalent will be admitted to the course. Biweekly seminar to be scheduled. Lect, T R 10:10-11:25. Next offered spring 2002. L. Hand.
This course provides an introduction to advanced topics in modern classical mechanics, methods of formulating both discrete and continuum Hamiltonian dynamics, classical field theory, canonical transformations, action-angle variables, the Hamilton-Jacobi equation, connection between classical and quantum mechanics, solvable, integrable, and nonintegrable systems, and KAM tori. Analytic techniques in nonlinear dynamics with examples chosen from a variety of systems of physical interest, phase-locking and fractional order bifurcations, classification of bifurcations. Dissipative and Hamiltonian chaos: logistic and standard maps, renormalization, KAM theorem, and quantum chaos. Some fluid dynamics and Sturm-Liouville theory will be included if time permits. The first part of the course will be at the level of Theoretical Mechanics of Particles and Continua, by Fetter and Walecka; the second part at the level of Regular and Chaotic Dynamics, 2nd edition, by Lichtenberg and Lieberman.

PHYS 454 Introductory Solid-State Physics (also A&E&P 450)
An introduction to modern solid-state physics, including crystals, crystal lattice, lattice vibrations, electron theory of metals and semiconductors, and selected topics from magnetic properties, optical properties, superconductivity, and defects. At the level of Introduction to Solid State Physics, by Kittel, and Solid State Physics, by Ashcroft and Mermin.

PHYS 455 Geometrical Concepts in Physics
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Physics 323 or equivalent and at least coregistration in Physics 318 or permission of instructor. Usually offered every other spring. Lect, T R 10:10–11:25. R. Talman.
Geometrical methods are an essential tool in modern theoretical physics and also provide deep insights into classical physics. This course will introduce basic concepts from differential geometry, the role of synchrotron radiation, calculational methods and illustrating their utility by drawing examples from mechanics, electrodynamics, and crystal diffraction. Tensors, differential forms, covariant and Lie derivatives, Lie algebra, and group invariance will be developed and employed. At the level of Geometric Mechanics by Talman.

PHYS 456 Introduction to Accelerator Physics and Technology (also PHYS 656)
Fundamental physical principles of particle accelerators and enabling technologies, with a focus on circular high energy colliders, such as the Cornell Electron Storage Ring (CESR). Includes beam optical design, the single-particle dynamics of transverse and longitudinal motion, coupling, and radiative effects. Physics of some of the required technologies (radio frequency cavity systems, vacuum systems, and magnets) will be covered in seminars conducted by experts. At the level of Introduction to the Physics of High Energy Accelerators by Edwards and Syphers.

PHYS 457 The Storage Ring as a Source of Synchrotron Radiation (also PHYS 657)
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: Intermediate level mechanics (PHYS 314 or 327) and E&M (PHYS 323 or 327) or permission of instructor. Previous completion of PHYS 456/656 is not required. Lect, T R 11:40–12:55. Not offered 2000–2001. S. Gruner and R. Talman.
Physics of synchrotron radiation with a focus on characteristics of radiation from dipole magnets, electron beam properties that influence radiation characteristics, issues of flux, brightness, emittance, brilliance, beam stability, and beam lifetime. Regular lectures will alternate with visitor lectures on specialized topics on radiation from insertion devices (i.e., wigglers and undulators), x-ray optics, coupling to optical systems, and coherence in x-ray beams. There will be special emphasis on understanding the requirements of experimentaltal x-ray applications and hands-on opportunities for doing synchrotron radiation experiments. Course notes will be available on a web site.

PHYS 480 Computational Physics (also PHYS 680 and ASTRO 690)
Spring. 3 credits. S–U only. The course assumes familiarity with the standard mathematical methods for the physical sciences and engineering, differential equations and linear algebra in particular and with computer programming (e.g., Fortran or C). Lect, T R 8:40–9:55. T. Arias.
This course covers numerical methods for ordinary and partial differential equations, linear algebra and eigenvalue problems, nonlinear equations, and fast Fourier transforms from the hands-on perspective of how they are used in modern computational research in the era of open software and the web. The computer assignments which teach the material are designed also to achieve a larger goal. In the end, each student will have developed his or her own working ad initio computer program for calculating the properties of molecules and materials with the methods which won Walter Kohn and John Pople the Nobel prize in Chemistry in 1998.

PHYS 481 Quantum Information Processing (also PHYS 681 and COM S 454)
Fall. 2 credits. S–U only. Lect, T R 1:25–2:15. N. David Mermin.
This course is intended both for physicists unfamiliar with computational complexity theory and computer scientists and mathematicians unfamiliar with the principles of quantum mechanics. The only essential prerequisite is a familiarity with the theory of vector spaces over the complex numbers. A technology firmly grounded on fundamental principles of quantum physics can spectacularly alter both the nature of computation and the means available for the transmission of information. Though implementation may be extremely difficult to achieve, the theory of quantum computation offers striking new perspectives on computation and information, as well as on the quantum theory itself. These topics are likely to include an introduction to the relevant principles of quantum physics, quantum cryptography, quantum bit commitment, teleportation, Shor’s factoring algorithm, Grover’s search algorithm, quantum circuits, quantum error correction, proposals for quantum hardware, and implications for the interpretation of quantum mechanics.

PHYS 487 Selected Topics in Accelerator Technology (also PHYS 687)
Fall. 3 credits. S–U only. Prerequisites: Intermediate E&M (PHYS 323 or 327). Lect, T R 11:40–12:55. Staff.
New special topics seminar for fall 2000. Fundamentals of accelerator technology. This course will consist of a series of topical seminars covering the principal elements of accelerator technology. Each seminar will consist of two to four lectures. The topics to be covered will include magnet technology (normal, superconducting, and ceramic), particle sources (both electrons and ions), rf technology (normal and superconducting), power conversion, vacuum technology (both warm and cold vacuum systems), feedback systems, general internal systems, and survey and alignment.
PHYS 480 Independent Study in Physics
Fall or spring. Variable to 4 credits.
Students can apply a maximum of eight credits to the physics major. Prerequisite: permission required of professor who will direct proposed work. A copy of the Request for Independent Study form must be filed with Physics department course coordinator, 121 Clark Hall. Individual project work (reading or laboratory) in any branch of physics.

PHYS 500 Informal Graduate Laboratory
Fall, spring, summer. Variable to 2 credits. By permission of instructor. Experiments of widely varying difficulty in one or more areas, as listed under Physics 510, may be done to fill student’s special requirements.

PHYS 510 Advanced Experimental Physics
Fall, spring, summer. 3 credits. Lab, T, W 1:25-4:25. Fall, L. Hand; spring, D. Hartill. About 60 different experiments are available in acoustics, optics, spectroscopy, electrical circuits, electronics, magnetism, mass spectroscopy, X-rays, low temperature, solid state, cosmic rays, and nuclear physics. Students perform four to eight experiments selected to meet individual needs. Independent work is stressed. An optional lecture associated with this course is also offered. M 2:30-4:25 is available. It includes lectures on techniques used in experiments in the advanced laboratory and on current research topics.

PHYS 520 Projects in Experimental Physics
Fall, spring, summer. Variable to 3 credits. To be supervised by the member. Students must advise department course coordinator of faculty member responsible for their project. Prerequisite: Physics 510. Projects of modern topical interest that involve some independent development work by student. Opportunity for more initiative in experimental work than is possible in Physics 510.

PHYS 525 Physics of Black Holes, White Dwarfs, and Neutron Stars (also ASTRO 511)
Spring. 4 credits. No astronomy or general relativity prerequisites. D. Lai. The formation of compact objects: neutrino and gravitational radiation from supernova collapse and neutron stars. Equilibrium configurations, equations of state, stability criteria, and mass limits. The influence of rotation and magnetic fields. Pulsar phenomena. Mass flow in binary systems; spherical and disk accretion; high-temperature radiation processes. Compact X-ray sources and X-ray bursts. Emphasis will be on the application of fundamental physical principles to compact objects. Topics in diverse areas of physics will be discussed: solid-state physics, nuclear physics, relativity, fluid dynamics, high-energy physics, etc.

PHYS 551 Classical Mechanics, Nonlinear Dynamics, and Chaos (also PHYS 451)
Spring. 3 credits. For description, see PHYS 451.

PHYS 553-554 General Relativity (also ASTRO 509-510)
553, fall; 554, spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: knowledge of special relativity at the level of Classical Mechanics, by Goldstein. Lec, T R 1:25-2:40. E. Flanagan. Physics 553 is a systematic introduction to Einstein’s theory, with emphasis on modern coordinate-free methods of computation. Topics include review of special relativity, modern differential geometry, foundations of general relativity, and applications in the presence of a gravitational field, experimental tests of gravitational theories. At the level of "Gravitation," by Misner, Thorne, and Wheeler. Physics 554 is a continuation of 553 that emphasizes application to astrophysics and cosmology. Topics include relativistic stars, gravitational collapse and black holes, gravitational waves, cosmology.

PHYS 561 Classical Electrodynamics
Fall. 3 credits. Lec, T R 8:30-9:55. Sec M 2:30-3:20. T-M. Yan. Maxwell’s equations, electromagnetic potentials, electrodynamics of continuous media (selected topics), special relativity, radiation theory. At the level of Classical Electrodynamics, by Jackson.

PHYS 562 Statistical Physics
Spring. 4 credits. Primarily for graduate students. Prerequisites: a good knowledge of quantum mechanics (at the level of Merzbacher), classical mechanics (at the level of Marion), and statistical mechanics (at the level of Reif). Lec, M M W F 9:05-9:55. N. Ashcroft. Macroscopic vs. thermodynamic concepts including the laws of thermodynamics, thermodynamic functions, thermodynamic stability, and the thermodynamics of phase equilibria. Microscopic concepts including 1-, 2-, and N-particle quantum states; the microcanonical, canonical and grand-canonical distributions. Bose-Einstein, Fermi-Dirac, and Boltzmann statistics; the density-matrix. The microscopic-macroscopic connection. Applications include spin systems—the Ising and related models; strongly correlated fluids, and lattice-gases, and the density-matrix correlation functions, thermodynamic perturbation theory and introduction to critical phenomena and the renormalization group; dense Fermi- and Bose- systems; linear response of quantum and classical systems; transport properties and the Boltzmann equation. At the level of Statistical Mechanics (2nd edition) by Pathria and Statistical Mechanics of Phase Transition by Yeomans.

PHYS 572 Quantum Mechanics I
Fall. 4 credits. Lec, M M W F 11:15-12:05. P. Drell. General principles of quantum mechanics, formulated in the language of Dirac. Systems with few degrees of freedom: hydrogen atom, including fine and hyperfine structure; the deuteron, and atomic transitions. Theory of angular momentum, symmetries, perturbations and collisions will be developed to analyze phenomena displayed by these systems. At the level of Modern Quantum Mechanics by Sakurai. A knowledge of the subject at the level of PHYS 443 will be assumed, but the course will be self-contained.

PHYS 574 Quantum Mechanics II

PHYS 579 Cosmology (also ASTRO 599)
For description, see ASTRO 599.

PHYS 635 Solid-State Physics I
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: a good undergraduate solid-state physics course, such as Physics 454. D. Ralph. A survey of the basic properties of solids: crystal structure, x-ray diffraction, phonons, and electrons. Selected topics from semiconductors, magnetism, superconductivity, disordered materials, dielectric and optical properties and mesoscopic physics. At level of Solid State Physics by Ashcroft and Mermin.

PHYS 636 Solid-State Physics II
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: Physics 635. P. Brouwer. A continuation of Physics 635; magnetism, superconductivity, broken symmetries, elementary excitations, and other topics in quantum condensed matter physics not covered in Solid State Physics by Ashcroft and Mermin, such as topological defects, superfluids, the quantum Hall effect, mesoscopic quantum transport theory, disordered systems, Anderson localization, and other metal insulator transitions.

PHYS 645 High-Energy Particle Physics

PHYS 646 High-Energy Particle Physics
Spring. 3 credits. Staff. Topics of current interest, such as high-energy electron and neutrino interactions, electron positron annihilation, and high-energy hadronic reactions. Lectures and reading material are at the level of Introduction to High Energy Physics, by Perkins, and Elementary Particles Physics by Griffiths.

Note: Only S-U grades will be given in courses numbered 650 or above.

PHYS 651 Relativistic Quantum Field Theory I
Fall. 3 credits. S-U grades only. M. Neubert. Topics to be covered include consequences of causality and Lorentz invariance, field quantization, perturbation theory, calculation of cross sections and decay rates, and an introduction to radiative corrections and renormalization with applications to electromagnetic and weak interactions.

PHYS 652 Relativistic Quantum Field Theory II
Spring. 3 credits. S-U grades only. H. Tye. This course is a continuation of Physics 651 and introduces modern methods and concepts in quantum field theory. Topics include functional integral methods, quantization of non-abelian gauge theories, the renormalization group, and spontaneous symmetry breaking. Topics in cosmology, supersymmetry or superstring may be introduced. Applications to the electroweak theory and quantum chromodynamics are emphasized. At the level of An Introduction to Quantum Field Theory by Peskin and Schroeder.
PHYS 653 Statistical Physics
Fall. 3 credits. Normally taken by graduate students in their second or later years. Prerequisites: competence in the basic principles of quantum mechanics, statistical physics at the level of Physics 562, and thermodynamics. S-U grades only. A. C. Henley. Survey of topics in modern statistical physics: Dynamical statistical physics (kinetic theory, Boltzmann equation, hydrodynamics); theory of simple fluids; scaling theories and the renormalization group; phase transitions in disordered systems; pattern formation in nonlinear systems, percolation theory.

PHYS 654 Theory of Many-Particle Systems
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: Physics 562, 574, 635, 636, and 653 or permission of instructor. S-U grades only. Staff. Equilibrium and transport properties of microscopic systems of many particles studied at zero and finite temperatures. Formalisms such as thermodynamic Green's functions are introduced and applied to such topics as normal and superconducting Fermi systems, superfluidity, magnetism, insulating crystals.

PHYS 655 Introduction to Accelerator Physics and Technology (also PHYS 456)

PHYS 657 The Storage Ring as a Source of Synchrotron Radiation (also PHYS 457)

PHYS 661 Advanced Topics in High Energy Particle Theory
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: Physics 652. S-U grades only. Not offered 2000–2001. This course will present advanced topics of current research interest. Subject matter will vary from year to year. Some likely topics are two-dimensional conformal field theory with applications to string theory and condensed matter physics, applications of the electroweak theory, lattice gauge theory, mathematical methods (e.g. group theory), perturbative quantum chromodynamics, anomalies and geometry, supersymmetry, current algebra, heavy quark physics, heavy quark symmetry and phenomenological issues beyond the standard model.

PHYS 667 Theory of Stellar Structure and Evolution (also ASTRO 560)
For description, see ASTRO 560.

PHYS 670 Instrumentation Seminar

PHYS 680 Computational Physics (also PHYS 480 and ASTRO 690)
For description, see PHYS 480.

PHYS 681–689 Special Topics
Offerings are announced each term. Typical topics are group theory, analyticity in particle physics, weak interactions, superfluids, stellar evolution, surface physics, Monte Carlo methods, low-temperature physics, magnetic resonance, phase transitions, and the renormalization group.

New special topics seminar for fall 2000:
PHYS 681 Quantum Information Processing (also PHYS 481 and COM S 454)
See PHYS 481 for description.

PHYS 687 Selected Topics in Accelerator Technology (also PHYS 487)
See PHYS 487 for description.

PHYS 690 Independent Study in Physics
Fall or spring. Variable to 4 credits. Students must advise department course coordinator, 121 Clark Hall, of faculty member responsible for grading their project. S-U grades only. Special graduate study in some branch of physics, either theoretical or experimental, under the direction of any professorial member of the staff.

POLISH
See Department of Russian.

PORTUGUESE
See Department of Romance Studies.

PSYCHOLOGY

The major areas of psychology represented in the department are perceptual and cognitive psychology, biopsychology, and personality and social psychology. These areas are very broadly defined, and the courses are quite diverse. Biopsychology includes such things as animal learning, neuropsychology, interactions between hormones, other biochemical processes, and behavior. Perceptual and cognitive psychology includes such courses as cognition, perception, memory, and psycholinguistics. Personality and social psychology is represented by courses in social psychology and personality (such as Psychology and Law, Judgment and Decision Making, and Social Construction of Gender), as well as courses in fieldwork and psychopathology. In addition to the three major areas mentioned above, the department also emphasizes the statistical and logical analysis of psychological data and problems.

The Major
Admission to the major is usually granted to any student in good standing in the college who has passed three or more psychology courses with grades of C+ or better. Provisional admission requires two such courses. To apply to the major and receive an adviser, a major application form may be obtained from the department office (211 Uris Hall) and should be completed and taken to one of the faculty members whose name is listed on the form.

Requirements for the major are:
1) a total of 40 credits in psychology (including prerequisites), from which students majoring in psychology are expected to choose, in consultation with their advisers, a range of courses that covers the basic processes in psychology (laboratory and/or field experience is recommended); and
2) demonstration of proficiency in statistics before the beginning of the senior year. (See the section below on the statistics requirement.)

Normally it is expected that all undergraduate psychology majors will take at least one course in each of the following three areas of psychology:
1) Perceptual and cognitive psychology
2) Biopsychology
3) Social, personality, and abnormal psychology

The following classification of Department of Psychology offerings is intended to help students and their advisers choose courses that will ensure that such breadth is achieved.

1) Perceptual and cognitive psychology:

2) Biopsychology:

3) Social, personality, and abnormal psychology:
   Psychology 224, 238, 255, 277, 280, 281, 325, 327, 328, 402, 404, 450, 481, 489, 491.

4) Other courses:
   Psychology 101, 199, 347, 350, 410, 440, 441, 470, 471, 472, 473, 475, 478, 479. The major adviser determines to which group, if any, these courses may be applied.

With the permission of the adviser, courses in other departments may be accepted toward the major requirements.

Fieldwork, independent study, and teaching. The department requires students to observe the following limits on fieldwork, independent study, and teaching.

1) Undergraduates may not serve as teaching assistants for psychology courses if they are serving as teaching assistants for any other course during the same semester.
2) An undergraduate psychology major cannot apply more than 12 of the credits earned in independent study (including honors work) and fieldwork toward the 40 credits required by the major.

Statistics requirement. Proficiency in statistics can be demonstrated in any one of the several ways listed below.
1) Passing Psychology 350
2) Passing an approved course or course sequence in statistics in some other department at Cornell. The approved list of courses and sequences may change. It has usually included Sociology 301 and Industrial and Labor Relations 210 and 211. Requests that a particular course be added to this list should be made to Professor Gilovich.
3) Passing a course or course sequence in statistics at some other college, university,
or college-level summer school. The course or sequence must be equivalent to at least six semester credits. The description of the course from the college catalog and the title and author of the textbook submitted to Professor Gilovich for approval.

4) Passing an exemption examination. This examination can be given at virtually any time during the academic year if the student gives notice at least one week before. Students who have completed a theoretical minor in a department of mathematics or other academic fields should consider a project that the student carries out in close collaboration with a faculty member in the student's field of psychology. It is assumed that most qualified students will do so while enrolled in Psychology 470 (Undergraduate Research in Psychology). A written report of the research is to be given to the chair of the honors committee (currently Professor Johnson) toward the end of the last semester of the student's senior year. An oral defense of the thesis is then given before a committee of three faculty members, and the student presents his or her work in a public forum. Final honors standing (summa cum laude, magna cum laude, cum laude) is indicated on the student's diploma. The T. A. Ryan Award, accompanied by a cash prize, is awarded to the student who conducts the best honors project in a given year.

A student may formally apply to the honors program at any time during the senior year, provided that she or he is actively engaged in independent research. However, students must do so by the second week of November. Applications should be given to Professor Johnson and should be made directly by the student.

**Distribution Requirement**
The distribution requirement in the social sciences is satisfied by any two courses in psychology with the exception of Psychology 225, 307, 320, 325, 363, 381, 410, 420, 422, 424, 425, 429, 431, 432, 441, 470, 471, 472, 473, 475, 478, 479, 491, 492.

Note: The Department of Psychology has listed all days and times for each course that we offer. If there should be changes in the days, times, or semester that a course is offered, we will post the necessary changes throughout the department and in the supplements of the Course and Time and Course and Room Rosters. Changes are also available on the web site, comp9.psych.cornell.edu.

**Courses**

**PSYCH 101 Introduction to Psychology: The Frontiers of Psychological Inquiry**
Fall. 3 credits. Students who would like to take a discussion seminar should also enroll in Psychology 110. J. B. Maas. The study of human behavior. Topics include brain functioning and mind control, psychophysiology of sleep and dreaming, psychological testing, perception, learning, cognition, memory, language, motivation, personality, abnormal behavior, psychotherapy, social psychology, and other aspects of applied psychology. Emphasis is on developing skills to critically evaluate claims made about human behavior.

**PSYCH 102 Introduction to Cognitive Science**
Fall. 3 or 4 credits (the four-credit option is limited to 24 students. Disc and demos, M W 11:15–12:05; lab, M W 1:25–3:25, plus additional hours to be arranged. Uris Hall 259. Fall. B. Halpern and staff; spring, O. Field and staff. Introduction to Cognitive Science is suggested but not required. Knowledge of programming languages is not assumed. Limited to 24 students. Introduction to the scientific frontiers of the next century. This course will enable students with little scientific background from any college or major to appreciate the excitement of the scientific enterprise. What are fascinating and important questions? How are researchers trying to answer them? What are they discovering? Why did the brain evolve this remarkable capacity?

**PSYCH 103 Introductory Psychology Seminars**
Fall. 1 credit. Limited to 300 students. Prerequisite: concurrent enrollment in Psychology 101. J. B. Maas and staff. A weekly seminar that may be taken in addition to Psychology 101 to provide an in-depth exploration of selected areas in the field of psychology. Involves extensive discussion and a term paper related to the seminar topic. Choice of seminar topics and meeting times will be available at the second lecture of Psychology 101.

**PSYCH 111 Brain, Mind, and Behavior**
(also BI0N 111 and COGST 111)
Spring. 3 credits. M W F 9:05. 2 lectures in the same space and in the days, times, or semester that a course is offered, we will post the necessary changes throughout the department and in the supplements of the Course and Time and Course and Room Rosters. Changes are also available on the web site, comp9.psych.cornell.edu.

**Seminars**

**PSYCH 535**
brief sensory inputs on subsequent decisions, computer-based natural language recognition and processing, use of "neural networks," and personal and group transportation vehicles and systems. Students are expected to come to each discussion meeting having read and thought about assigned materials, and to come to scheduled laboratory meetings fully prepared to perform the laboratory exercises. Laboratory facilities will be available to students at all times so that statistical analysis of data, preparation of laboratory reports, and collection of experimental data will be facilitated. URL for Fall info: courseinfo.cit.cornell.edu/courses/csic201.

**PSYCH 205 Perception**
Spring. 3 credits. Open to first-year students. Credit not available to Psychology 605. T R 11:40-12:55. J. E. Cutting.
One of four introductory courses in cognitive psychology. Basic perceptual concepts and phenomena are discussed with emphasis on stimulus variables and sensory mechanisms. All sensory modalities are considered. Visual and auditory perception are discussed in detail.

**PSYCH 209 Developmental Psychology**
Spring. 4 credits. Graduate students, see Psychology 709. T R 2:55-4:10. S. Johnson.
One of four introductory courses in cognition and perception. A comprehensive introduction to research and theory in the area of developmental psychology that approaches problems primarily from a cognitive perspective. The course focuses on the development of perception, action, cognition, emotion, personality, social understanding, language, and moral reasoning.

**PSYCH 214 Issues in Cognitive Psychology (also COGST 214)**
Fall. 3 credits. Sophomore standing required. Limited to 150 students. Graduate students, see Psychology 614. M W F 11:15. S. Edelman.
Various approaches to the study of cognition will be discussed. Basic concepts in how humans process different kinds of information such as visual, auditory, and symbolic will be introduced. These concepts will then be used to explore topics such as attention and consciousness, concept formation and representation, memory processes and systems, imagery and cognitive maps, problem solving and reasoning, judgment and choice, language and language learning, emotion, intelligence and creativity, and social cognition.

**PSYCH 215 Psychology of Language (also LING 215)**
Spring. 3 or 4 credits (4-credit option involves term paper). Graduate students, see Psychology 715. M W F 11:15. Not offered 2000–2001. Staff.
One of four introductory courses in cognitive psychology. Introduction to the psychological study of language. Covers research in spoken language comprehension and production, reading, and (oral) language acquisition.

Introductory courses in social and personality psychology. Each of the following four courses (265, 275, 277, 280) provides an introduction to a major area of study within social and personality psychology. These depend on one another, and none have any prerequisites. Students may take any one of the courses or any combination of them (including all four). Courses may be taken in any order or simultaneously.

**PSYCH 216 Cognitive Psychology Lab**
If you've ever wondered how language can represent the real world, why telephone numbers are seven digits long, why imagery works as a mnemonic device, why certain things are better remembered than others, whether bilinguals are disadvantaged relative to monolinguals, how children acquire knowledge of the world, how people make decisions—this laboratory is for you! A weekly lab meeting that encourages students to discover the scientist in themselves through the study of cognition. Much of cognitive research takes place in the laboratory and this course allows students to become familiar with the "how-to" of such research. Students will be given six to eight basic experiments to explore and tinker with. They will be encouraged to pose questions and eventually test them. The course promotes independent thinking. problem solving in an experimental setting, proposing and testing of one's own hypotheses, relating laboratory cognition to the real world, and communication of scientific ideas through informal and formal writing and oral assignments. Be prepared for an interesting learning experience.

**PSYCH 223 Introduction to Biopsychology**
Fall. 3 credits. T R 10:10. No prerequisites. Can be used to satisfy the psychology major breadth requirement and as an alternative prerequisite for upper-level biopsychology courses. M. J. O'wen.
An introduction to psychology from a biological perspective, including both evolutionary and physiological approaches to behavior. Topics include the structure and function of the nervous system, genetic and biochemical models of behavior, hormones and behavior, the development of learning, cognition, communication, and language, and the ecology and evolution of social organization and social development.

**PSYCH 265 Psychology and Law**
Fall. 3 credits. M W F 1:25. D. A. Dunning.
This course examines the implications of psychological theory and methods for law and the criminal justice system. We concentrate on psychological research on legal topics (e.g., confession, eyewitness testimony, jury decision making, homicide, aggression, the prison system), social issues (e.g., death penalty, affirmative action), as well as on psychologists as participants in the legal system (e.g., assessing insanity and dangerousness and for expert testimony).

**PSYCH 275 Introduction to Personality Psychology (also HD 260)**
Spring. 3 credits. Recommended: introductory course in psychology or human development. T R 1:25–2:40. C. Hazan.
This course is designed as an introduction to theory and research in the area of personality psychology: with special emphasis on personality development. It covers the major influences including genetic, environmental, and gene-environment interactions, and involves in-depth study of the major theories. The assumptions and models of human behavior that form the basis of each theoretical orientation will be examined and compared, and the relevant empirical evidence reviewed and evaluated. In addition, basic psychometric concepts and the methods for measuring and assessing personality will be covered, as well as the major related debates and controversies.

**PSYCH 277 Social Construction of Gender (also WOMNS 277)**
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to 180 students. T R 2:55–4:10. S. L. Bem.
Psychology/Women's Studies 277 is an interdisciplinary course that addresses two broad questions: (1) how an individual's gender and sexuality are constructed; and (2) how hidden assumptions or "lenses" embedded in our social institutions, cultural discourses, and individual psyches perpetuate male power and oppress women and sexual minorities. Three lenses in particular are emphasized: androcentrism, gender polarization, and biological essentialism. A fundamental assumption of the course is that social science has worried about the proper concentration of difference per se and too little about how even our most neutral-looking institutions invisibly transform difference into disadvantage. Although some attention is given to biological perspectives, the course emphasizes the cultural and psychological processes whereby the historically contingent comes to appear as the natural. Among some of the many topics discussed are the importance of looking at biology in context, the parental "instinct," androcentrism in law, sexual orientation cross-culturally, egalitarian relationships, gender-liberated child-rearing, and homophobia.

**PSYCH 280 Introduction to Social Psychology**
An introduction to research and theory in social psychology. Topics include social influence, persuasion, and attitude change; social interaction and group phenomena; altruism and aggression, stereotyping and prejudice, and everyday reasoning and judgment.

**PSYCH 281 The Helping Relationship**
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to 60 students. C. Maxwell Miller.
This course provides an introduction to the theoretical and practical aspects of some basic elements of counseling. Students will develop an understanding of the most current research on the elements of counseling and basic theoretical foundations underlying different approaches. Students will be expected to acquire and demonstrate elementary helping skills. Through role-play, observation of videos, and in-class demonstrations, students will learn such skills as attending and active listening; they will also develop a capacity to recognize internal and interpersonal distortions as well as the similarities between intra-psychic and interpersonal processes. Other topics include issues of transference and counter transference, the multi-axial dimensions of the counseling process, and strategies as they appear in the DSMIV and ethical considerations and practice. While this course provides an introduction to the applied aspects of psychology, it does not prepare students to provide treatment of any sort.

**PSYCH 282 Community Outreach (also HD 282)**
Fall. 2 credits. Prerequisites: Psychology 101 or HD 115. Students may not
This course provides students with information and perspectives essential to volunteer field work with human and social service programs in the community. To gain a practical understanding of what mental health professionals do in the workplace, students will examine problems that emerge in fieldwork settings which raise ethical, methodological, theoretical, and practical issues in the observation or treatment of clients or patients. Although students are not required to volunteer at a local agency, the instructor will assist students in finding sites that may provide appropriate learning opportunities. A paper, relating current research issues relevant to community mental health, is due at the end of the course.

**PSYCH 292 Intelligence**

Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: one 200-level course in psychology. M W TBA.

Section meetings on Friday. U. Neisser.

A scientific overview of the controversial issues that surround intelligence tests and what they measure. Topics include the history of testing, correlates of test scores, alternative approaches to mental ability, genetic and environmental contributions to diversity in intelligence, effects of schooling, worldwide IQ gains, cultural factors, and group differences.

**PSYCH 305 Visual Perception**

Fall. 4 credits. Limited to 25 students.


A detailed examination of pictures and their comparison to the real world. Linear perspective in Renaissance art, photography, cinema and video will be discussed in light of contemporary research in perception and cognition.

**PSYCH 307 Chemosensory Perception**

Fall. 3 or 4 credits; the optional (or fourth) credit is for an independent research project. Graduate students, see Psychology 607. Not offered 2000–2001. T R 9:05.

B. P. Halpern.

An examination of basic theory, data, and processes for perception of the chemosensory environment. A very brief (about two weeks) lecture survey of the anatomy and physiology of human taste and olfaction, the remainder of the course uses the Socratic method, in which the instructor asks questions of the students, to cover topics such as chemosensory psychophysics, saliva, chemosensory bases for the tastes of foods, taste-smell interactions, chemosensory function in neonates and in the aged, temporal aspects of tasting, sweetness, effects of pollution on the chemosensory environment, and interactions between body state and chemosensory stimuli. At the level of *Smell and Taste in Health and Disease*, edited by T.V. Getchell et al., *Sensory Science Theory and Applications in Foods*, edited by H. T. Lawless and B. Kleinc; *Sensory Analysis of Foods*, 2nd edition, edited by J. R. Pigott.

**PSYCH 311 Introduction to Human Memory**

Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 40 students.


This course offers an overview of experimental findings and theoretical issues in the study of human memory. Coverage includes topics such as the nature of memory, various memory systems, coding and retrieval processes, practice and habit acquisition, organizational strategies, age and memory, interference and forgetting, models of memory, memory dysfunction and its relation to normal memory.

**PSYCH 316 Auditory Perception**

Fall. 3 or 4 credits; the 4-credit option involves a laboratory project or paper. Prerequisite: Psychology 205, 209, 214, or 215 (other statistics, or biology courses could serve as prerequisite with permission of the instructor). Limited to 30 students. Graduate students, see Psychology 716. T R 10:10–11:25.

C. L. Krumhansl.

A course that covers the major topics in auditory perception: physics of sound; structure and function of the auditory system; perception of loudness, pitch, and spatial location, with applications to speech production and perception; and music and environmental sounds.

**PSYCH 322 Hormones and Behavior (also BION 322)**

Spring. 3 credits. Two lectures plus a section in which students will read and discuss original papers in the field, give an oral presentation, prepare a term paper. Limited to juniors and seniors. Prerequisites: any one of the following: (a) Psychology 223, (b) BION 221, or (c) BION 222, or (d) one year of introductory biology plus a course in psychology or S-U grades optional. Graduate students see Psychology 722. M W F 11:15. E. Atkins Regan.

A major focus of the course will be comparative and evolutionary approaches to the study of the relationship between reproductive hormones and sexual behavior in vertebrates, including humans. Also included will be hormonal contributions to parental behavior, aggression, stress, learning and memory, and biological rhythms.

**PSYCH 324 Biopsychology Laboratory (also BION 324)**

Fall. 4 credits. Limited to 20 juniors and seniors. Prerequisites: Psychology 223 or BION 221 or 222, and permission of instructor. T R 1:25–4:25. T. J. DeVogel.

Experiments designed to provide experience in animal behavior (including learning) and its neural and hormonal mechanisms. A variety of techniques, species, and behavior patterns are included.

**PSYCH 325 Psychopathology (also HD 370)**

Spring. 3 credits. Limited to sophomores, juniors, and seniors. Prerequisites: Psychology 101, HD 115, or Education 110; a course in statistics (e.g., PSYCH 350, SOC 301, EDUC 352 or 355, AG EC 310 or equivalent). Limited to 150 students.

C. Maxwell Miller.

A research-based survey of the cognitive, emotional, and biological aspects of psychopathology across the life span. The major mental illnesses will be covered, including schizophrenia, affective disorders, and personality disorders as well as psychopathological disorders of childhood. Emphasis will be placed on the development of psychopathology, current theories and models of etiology, and intervention strategies. This course is intended to be a rigorous introduction to the scientific study of psychopathology and psychopathological development, minimal attention to psychotherapy.

**PSYCH 326 Evolution of Human Behavior**

Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Psychology 223, or an introductory biology course, or an introductory psychology course. Graduate students, see Psychology 626. T R 2:55–4:10. R. E. Johnston.

A broad comparative approach to the behavior of animals and humans with special emphasis on the evolution of the human condition. Topics covered will vary but will include some of the following: human evolution, evolutionary and sociobiological theory, animal communication, nonverbal communication, language, cognitive capacities, social behavior and organization, cooperation and altruism, sexual behavior, mating and marriage systems, aggression, warfare.

**PSYCH 327 Field Practicum I (also HD 327)**

Fall only. 3 credits. Prerequisites: Psychology 225 or HD 370 (or taken concurrently), and permission of instructor. No S-U grades. Enrollment is limited to 30 students. Fee: $25 each semester. Enrolled students must commit to joining Psychology 328 in the spring semester. No S-U option. M W 8:40–9:50. H. Segal.

This course is composed of three components which form an intensive undergraduate field practicum. First, students spend three to six hours a week at local mental health agencies, schools, or nursing facilities working directly with children, adolescents, or adults; supervision is provided by host agency staff. Second, Cornell faculty provide additional weekly educational supervision for each student. Third, seminar meetings cover issues of adult and developmental psychopathology, clinical technique, case studies, and current research issues. Students write two short papers, two final take-home exams, and present an account of their field experience in class.

**PSYCH 328 Field Practicum II (also HD 328)**

Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: Psychology 327 taken the previous term, Psychology 325 or HD 370 (or taken concurrently), permission of instructor. No S-U grades. Enrollment is limited to 30 students. Fee: $25 each semester. M W 8:40–9:50. H. Segal.

This course continues the field practicum experience from PSYCH 327. Students spend three to six hours a week at local mental health agencies, schools, or skilled nursing facilities working directly with children, adolescents, or adults; supervision is provided by host agency staff.

**PSYCH 332 Biopsychology of Learning and Memory (also BION 328)**

Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: 1 year of biology and either a biology course or BION 222. Limited to 60 students. Graduate students, see Psychology 652. M W F 11:15. T. J. DeVogel.

This course will survey the approaches that have been or are currently being used in order to understand the biological bases for learning and memory. Topics will include invertebrate, "simple system" approaches,
imprinting, avian song learning, hippocampal and cerebellar function, and human pathology. Many of the readings will be from primary literature.

PSYCH 342 Human Perception: Applications to Computer Graphics, Art, and Visual Display (also COGST 342)
Fall. 3 or 4 credits. The 4-credit option involves a term paper. Prerequisite: Psychology 101 or permission of instructor. Psychology 205 strongly recommended. Graduate students, see Psychology 442. T R 11:10-12:25. J. P. Pilet.

Our present technology allows us to transmit and display information through a variety of media. To make the most of these media channels, it is important to consider the limitations and abilities of the human observer. The course will consider a number of applied aspects of human perception with an emphasis on the display of visual information. Topics to be covered include: three-dimensional figures, color theory, spatial and temporal limitations of the visual systems, attempts at subliminal communication, and "visual" effects in film and television.

PSYCH 347 Psychology of Visual Communications
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 15 students. Prerequisites: Psychology 101 and permission of instructor. R 10:10-12:05. J. B. Maas.

An exploration of theories of education, communication, perception, attitude, and behavior change. Emphasis will be placed on the effectiveness of visually based communication systems. Emphasis is on the use of photography and computer graphics to deliver educational messages.

PSYCH 350 Statistics and Research Design

Acquaints the student with the elements of statistical description (measures of average, variation, correlation, etc.) and, more important, develops an understanding of statistical inference. Emphasis is placed on those statistical methods of principal relevance to psychology and related behavioral sciences.

PSYCH 361 Biopsychology of Normal and Abnormal Behavior (also NS 361)
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to 50 students in psychology and 50 students in nutritional sciences. Prerequisites: an introductory biology course and an introductory psychology course, or permission of instructor. S/U grades optional. Juniors and seniors only. M W F 9:05-9:55. J. Strupp.

A critical evaluation of factors thought to underlie normal and abnormal behavior and/or cognitive functioning. Psychological, biological, and societal influences will be integrated. Topics include: (1) the psychobiology of learning and memory, (2) nutritional influences on behavior/cognition (e.g., sugar, food additives, choline); (3) cognitive dysfunction (e.g., anemia, Alzheimer's disease); (4) developmental exposure to environmental toxins and drugs of abuse; and (5) psychiatric disorders (depression, eating disorders).

PSYCH 396 Introduction to Sensory Systems (also BIONB 396)
Spring. 4 credits. Limited to 25 students. Prerequisites: an introductory course in biology or biopsychology, plus a second course in behavior, biopsychology, cognitive science, neuroscience, or perception. Students are expected to have a knowledge of elementary physics, chemistry, and behavior. S/U grades optional. Offered alternate years. Not offered in spring 2001. Class meetings, M W F 10:10-11:00. B. P. Halpern.

This course covers both those characteristics of sensory systems that are common across living organisms and those sensory properties that represent adaptations of animals to particular habitats, environments, or niches. The principles and limitations of major methods used to examine sensory systems will be considered. Emphasis will be on somesthetic, visual, and auditory systems.

PSYCH 401 Theoretical Approaches to Psychopathology and Treatment

This course is designed to provide students with an overview of theoretical approaches to psychopathology and psychotherapy. It also aims to develop students' capacities to think in theoretical terms about psychological practice. We will examine the theoretical and pragmatic features of major contemporary models of psychotherapy and explore the conceptual traditions on which they draw. Observation of the work of children and adolescents, audio-visual demonstrations, case presentations and discussions will be included to advance students' understanding of the application of theory to practice. At the end of the course, students should be prepared to take a particular case and discuss the theoretical, practical, and research issues it raises, including intervention strategies. This course is designed for upperclassmen, simply with an understanding of methods. It is organized around theory, research, and practice relevant to the treatment of several of the Disorders of Infancy and Childhood as well as specific disorders of adults on Axis I and Axis II of DSM IV.

Special attention will be given to the work of: 1) Daniel Stern, M.D. and Otto Kernberg, M.D.—Psychodynamic revisionists

PSYCH 402 Current Research on Psychopathology: Depression

Current research and theory on the nature and etiology of depression. Approaches from various perspectives (biological, psychological, socio-cultural) are considered. Minimal attention to psychotherapy and symptomatology.

PSYCH 404 Psychopathology and the Family

This course will explore familial influences on the development of abnormal behavior. It will examine how psychological, biological, and cultural factors in a family might contribute to such disorders as depression, mania, paranoia, schizophrenia, sexual abuse, psychopathy, and psychosomatic illnesses. Emphasis will be placed on early childhood experiences in the family and their impact on the development of later psychopathology. The course will also discuss how the evolution of family structures in more recent times (e.g., the rise in day care and divorce) influences the individual. Family therapy approaches and techniques will also be examined.

PSYCH 410 Undergraduate Seminar in Psychology
Fall or spring. 2 credits. Nonmajors may be admitted, but psychology majors are given priority. Hours TBA. Staff.

Information on specific sections for each term, including instructor, prerequisites, and time and place, may be obtained from the Department of Psychology Office, 211 Ursil Hall.

PSYCH 412 Laboratory in Cognition and Perception

A laboratory course is designed to introduce students to experimental methods in perception and cognitive psychology. Students will take part in a number of classic experiments and develop at least one independent project. Computers will be available and used in many of the experiments, but computer literacy is not required. Projects will be selected from the areas of visual perception, pattern recognition, memory, and concept learning.

PSYCH 413 Information Processing: Conscious and Nonconscious
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: at least 1 course in human experimental and permission of instructor. Psychology 350 or equivalent will be useful for evaluating empirical articles. R 10:10-12:15. Not offered 2000-2001. Staff.

In the past decade, a not-so-quiet revolution has been taking place in the field of cognition regarding the problem of conscious mental
computation. Data have come from patients with striking neuropsychological syndromes, i.e., the phenomenon of "blindsight" in which patients can respond to visual stimuli without the conscious experience of vision or the "amnesic" syndrome in which patients show interact learning and memory without the awareness of the learning encounters. This signature of independent mental computations has also been amply demonstrated in normal individuals in laboratory settings. We will critically evaluate the theoretical worth and empirical justification of the distinction between "conscious" and "nonconscious" mental computation, intentionally, show how concept and category learning, memory, and abstract thinking similar to that of humans; the role of social cognition in the evolution of intelligence; and whether animals are conscious or self-aware. Evidence from socially complex sensory information gets processed. This course will cover perception and cognition. We will explore how complex sensory information gets processed. [PSYCH 417 The Origins of Thought and Knowledge] Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Psychology 205, 209, 214, or 215, or permission of instructor. Graduate students, see Psychology 616. M W F. M. Spivey. An in-depth analysis of current theories concerning the growth of thought and knowledge in childhood. Several controversies will be discussed, including: Are mental abilities pre-wired into local domains or modules that have their own patterns of development, or is cognitive development a more general process? Do comparative studies with other species and evolutionary models provide any useful insights into cognitive development in humans? Are there qualitative or continuous differences? What restrictions should these developmental considerations place on models of thought and knowledge in adults? [PSYCH 418 Psychology of Music] Spring. 3 or 4 credits, depending on whether student elects to do an independent project. The course is intended for upper-level students in music, psychology, engineering, computer science, linguistics, physics, anthropology, biology, and related disciplines. Some basic knowledge of music acoustics and synthesis, and extending the course will focus on issues in cognitive neuroscience: mechanisms of perception, particularly vision, and the neuropsychology of everyday acts involving complex cognitive skills such as recognition of individuals, navigation in the world, language, memory, and social interaction. [PSYCH 429 Olfaction and Taste: Structure and Function (also BIONB 429)] Fall or Spring. 3 or 4 credits (4-credit option requires a term paper or research project. The research project can, but does not need to, study nonhuman vertebrates). Preference given to junior and senior psychology and biology majors and graduate students. Prerequisite: one 300-level course in biopsychology or equivalent. Graduate model real nervous systems. Students will complete weekly lab reports and develop one independent project demonstrating the application of a neural network to a problem discussed in the course. [PSYCH 422 Developmental Biopsychology] Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: a course in introductory biology and a course in biopsychology or neurobiology (such as PSYCH 223 or BIONB 221). Graduate students, see Psychology 622. M W F 9:05-9:55. B. L. Finlay. We will discuss the relationship of the development and evolution of the brain to the development of behavior. Topics include how neurons are generated, finding targets, and establishing connections; the emergence of reflexive and complex behavior; how experience affects the developing brain; evolutionary perspectives on the development of animal behavior; and applications of neural networks to problems in neuroethology, including: mechanisms of behavior in insects and in vertebrates; and their underlying neural systems. In addition, the course will focus on issues in cognitive neuroscience: mechanisms of perception, particularly vision, and the neuropsychology of everyday acts involving complex cognitive skills such as recognition of individuals, navigation in the world, language, memory, and social interaction.
students, see Psychology 629. T R 9:05.
The structural and functional characteristics of olfaction and taste will be explored by reading and discussing current literature in these areas. Structure will be examined at the light levels of electron microscopes as well as at the molecular level. Function will be primarily neurophysiologically and chemosensory aspects. The emphasis will be on vertebrates, especially air-breathing vertebrates in the case of olfaction, but there will be some coverage of invertebrate forms. At the level of Smell and Taste in Evolution, edited by T. V. Getchell, R. L. Doty, L. M. Bartoshuk, and J. B. Snow; The Neurobiology of Taste and Smell, edited by T. E. Finger and W. L. Silver.]  

**PSYCH 431 Effects of Aging on Sensory and Perceptual Systems (also BIONB 421)**
Fall. 3 or 4 credits. The 4-credit option involves a term paper or creation of a relevant web site. Limited to 25 students. Prerequisites: an introductory course in biology or psychology, plus a second course in perception, neurobiology, cognitive sciences, or biopsychology. T R 10:10–11:25. B. P. Halpern.
A literature-based examination of post-maturation changes in the perceptual, structural, and physiological characteristics of ose, visual, auditory, and chemosensory systems. Emphasis will be on human data, with nonhuman information included when especially relevant. Quality of Life issues will be included. Current developments in human sensory devices, and in regeneration or replacement of receptor structures or organs will be examined. Brief written statements by electronic mail of questions and problems related to each set of assigned readings will be required in advance of each class meeting and will be automatically distributed to all members of the class.
This course will be taught using the Socratic Method, in which the instructor asks questions of the students. Students read, analyze, and discuss in class discussions from original literature dealing with the subject matter of the course. Readings will be from the Course Info site courseinfo.cit.cornell.edu/courses/psych431/ or from Internet sites, from a course packet, or from materials on reserve. Students are expected to come to each class having already done and thought about the assigned readings, and to take an active part in every class. All examinations will be take-home.

**PSYCH 436 Language Development (also COGST ST 436, HD 436, and LING 436)**
Spring. 4 credits. Open to undergraduate and graduate students. Graduate students should also enroll under HD 633/LING 700/PSYCH 600, a supplemental graduate seminar. Prerequisites: at least 1 course in developmental psychology, cognitive psychology, cognitive development, neurobiology, biology, or linguistics. S-U grades optional. T R 2:55–4:10. B. Lust.
This course surveys methods, and research in the study of first-language acquisition. Major theoretical positions in the field are considered in the light of experimential studies in first-language acquisition of phonology, syntax, and semantics from infancy on. The fundamental issues of relationships between language and thought are discussed, as are the fundamental linguistic issues of Universal Grammar and the biological foundations for language acquisition. The acquisition of communication systems in nonhuman species such as chimpanzees and orangutans major emphasis is on the child. An optional lab course supplement is available. (See COGST 450/LING 450 and PSYCH 437.)

**PSYCH 437 Lab Course: Language Development (also COGST 450, HD 437, and LING 450) (in conjunction with COGST/LING/LING, Language Development)**
Spring. 2 credits. B. Lust.
This laboratory course will provide undergraduates with an introduction to hands-on research experience in the Cognitive Studies Research Labs. This course is partially funded by a new National Science Foundation grant to Cornell's Cognitive Studies program, "Interdisciplinary Approaches to the Scientific Study of Language Knowledge and Acquisition." This project is intended to involve undergraduates in active research and to coordinate related subfields of several disciplines in a unified, laboratory-supported curriculum.
This course will include several structured modules designed around the survey course, COGST/HD/LING/PSYCH 436, Language Development. They will include training in how to study and analyze original child language data, including the use of selected portions of a large database of child language data from many languages in the Cornell Language Acquisition Lab (CLAL), and training necessary to the collection and analysis of new child language data. Emphasis will be placed on developing research methods in order to test hypotheses. The course will meet once a week in group format. In addition, students will be given access to a research lab environment for independent work on assigned modules, and independent research, throughout the week, and throughout the term.

**PSYCH 440 The Brain and Sleep**
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: at least Psychology 223 or BIONB 221. An additional course in biopsychology or neurobiology is recommended. S-U grades optional. Graduate students, see Psychology 640. M W 2:55–4:10. H. S. Porter.
Taking a comparative evolutionary perspective, this course examines the neural events that instigate, maintain, and disturb the states of sleep and sleep-related rhythms. Using computerized data analysis, students will complete weekly laboratory reports and a collaborative term project. Sleep research will be reviewed during the day or evening when possible. In addition, overnight recording sessions are required.

**PSYCH 450 The Lenses of Gender (also WOMNS 450)**
Spring. 4 credits. Limited to 15 seniors and graduate students. Prerequisites: (1) senior or graduate standing, with preference given to psychology majors and nonmajors' studies majors; (2) both a course related to gender and/or sexuality and a course related to clinical and/or personality psychology. Permission of instructor required. No preregistration. Interested students should attend first class. Letter grade only. Graduate students, see Psychology 650/Women's Studies 650. F 2:30–4:25. Not offered 2000–2001. S. L. Benn.
The focus of this seminar is the intersection of gender and clinical psychology. Rather than surveying a broader array of topics more superficially or studying a single topic in very great depth, the seminar will take up several gender- and sexuality-related issues in moderate depth over the course of several weeks. Possible topics include depression, eating disorders, recovery of false memories, transgender, and the needs of lesbian and gay clients. Course requirements will likely include a final essay examination and a term paper or a class presentation.

**PSYCH 470 Undergraduate Research in Psychology**
Fall or spring. 1–4 credits. S-U grades optional. Written permission from the staff member who will supervise the work and assign the grade must be included with the course enrollment material. Students should enroll in the section listed for that staff member. A section list is available from the Department of Psychology. Hours TBA. Staff.
Practice in planning, conducting, and reporting independent laboratory, field, and/or library research.

**PSYCH 471 Advanced Undergraduate Research in Psychology**
Fall or spring. 1–4 credits. S-U grades optional. Written permission of the staff member who will supervise the work and assign the grade must be included with the course enrollment material. Students should enroll in the section listed for that staff member. A section list is available from the Department of Psychology. Hours TBA. Staff.
Advanced experience in planning, conducting, and reporting independent laboratory, field, and/or library research. Students will be assigned the work, and the grade must be included with the course enrollment material. Students should enroll in the section listed for that staff member. A section list is available from the Department of Psychology. Hours TBA. Staff.
Advanced experience in planning, conducting, and reporting independent laboratory, field, and/or library research. Students will be assigned the work, and the grade must be included with the course enrollment material. Students should enroll in the section listed for that staff member. A section list is available from the Department of Psychology. Hours TBA. Staff.

**PSYCH 472 Multiple Regression**
Spring, weeks 1–7. 2 credits. Prerequisite: 1 solid semester of introductory statistics. Analysis of variance and ANOVA are helpful but not required. M W F 10:10. R. B. Darlington.
Uses and pitfalls of multiple regression in causal analysis, path analysis, and prediction. Emphasis on analyzing data collected under uncontrolled conditions. Includes linearity, indicator variables, sets, adjusted and shrunken R², suppressors, hierarchical
Very little hand computation; uses MYSTAT for multiple tests, diagnostic methods. Emphasizes MYSTAT and Minitab.

Cluster analysis, multidimensional scaling, nesting, power analysis, influence analysis, logistic regression, log-linear models, and other topics. Students vote on topics to cover, choosing PSYCH 475 Multivariate Analysis of topics before vote. First class sketches all these statistical methods relevant to the use of PSYCH 475.

Students vote on topics to cover, choosing among nonparametric methods, time series, cluster analysis, multidimensional scaling, component analysis, factor analysis, MANOVA, canonical correlation, repeated measures, logistic regression, log-linear models, corrections for unreliability in regression, nesting, power analysis, and other topics. First class sketches all these topics before vote.

[PSYCH 478 Psychometric Theory]

[PSYCH 479 Multisample Secondary Analysis]
Fall. 2 credits. Prerequisite: Psychology 473 or permission of instructor. R 10:10–12:05. R. B. Darlington.

Statistical methods relevant to the use, construction, and evaluation of psychological tests.

[PSYCH 480 The Cornell Westchester/NY Hosp. Field Placements]
Fall. 7 credits. Spring through summer and fall. Prerequisites: PSYCH 325 or PSYCH 281 (for PSYCH), Biology or Chemistry with Lab (Pre-med). Sophomores or juniors only. C. Maxwell Miller. The Cornell-Westchester/Payne Whitney field placement program makes available eight-week research/clinical internships for Cornell-thaca undergraduates who are pre-professional in psychology, neurobiology, psychiatry, or medicine. Each student is matched with a M.D. Ph.D. mentor at the Cornell-Westchester or Payne Whitney hospital. Students work on one rotation throughout the summer and assist the researcher with his/her work. Students’ work includes, but is not limited to, reading, reporting, observing, writing literature reviews, learning grant-writing, assisting in the conducting of experiments and planning their own experiments.

Most placements involve a clinical component as well. Under the supervision of the mentor, students work in therapy groups with patients, participate in testing, and assist in psychologi-cal rehabilitative activities. The patient populations with whom students work are diverse with regard to age and diagnosis as well as race, culture, ethnicity, and national background.

PSYCH 481 Advanced Social Psychology
Fall. 4 credits. Limited to 20 students, by application. Senior psychology majors have priority. Graduate students, see Psychology 681. T R 10:10–11:25. D. T. Regan.

Selected topics in social psychology are examined in depth with an emphasis on the relationship between experimental research and the development of theory. Readings will be mostly primary sources. Among the theoretical approaches to social behavior we may discuss are social comparison theory, cognitive dissonance, attribution processes, and social judgment, dramaturgy, and impression management, and evolutionary perspectives.

PSYCH 489 Seminar: Beliefs, Attitudes, and Ideologies
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: admission is by application during the fall preregistration period. Corequisite priority. M 2:55–4:10. D. J. Bem.

The seminar examines fundamental properties of beliefs and attitudes: how they are formed and changed, what psychological functions they serve for the individual, and how they coalesce into belief systems or ideologies. Several specific ideologies are examined in detail: for example, the political ideologies of the American public, gender, sexual orientation, the ideological factors that produce anorexia in a society, the contrasting worldviews of “pro-choice” and “pro-life” activists, the ideologies of psychology and science, and more. Participants write weekly commentaries on the readings in addition to a term paper examining a particular ideology.

PSYCH 491 Research Methods in Psychology
Spring. 4 credits. Enrollment limited to 15 students. Recommended: permission of instructor, Psychology 350, experience in upper-division psychology courses, or graduate standing. Corequisite priority. First class sketches all these topics before vote. The course in addition, will cover test construction, survey methods, and “quasi experiments.” Students will concentrate on completing a small research project in which they conduct an experiment, interpret its data, and write up the results.

PSYCH 492 Sensory Function (also BION 482)
Spring. 4 credits. Limited to 25 students. Prerequisite: Psychology 300-level course in biopsychology, or BION 222 or BIOAP 311, or equivalent. Students are expected to have a knowledge of elementary physics, chemistry, and behavior. S-U grades optional. Offered alternate years. Graduate students, see Psychology 692. M W F 10:10. B. P. Halpern and H. C. Howland.

In general, this course has covered classical topics in sensory function such as vision, hearing, touch, and balance, as well as some more modern topics like sensory processing, location of stimulus sources in space, the development of sensory system, and nonclassical topics such as electric touch and internal chemoreceptors. Both human and nonhuman systems have been discussed. In all cases the chemical, physical, and neu-rophysiological bases of sensory information have been treated, and the processing of this information has followed into the central nervous system. courseinfo.cit.cornell.edu/courses/psyc_nh492/ A more specific description of the course for spring 2001 will be available in fall 2000.

PSYCH 495 Olfaction, Pheromones, and Behavior
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: an introduction course in biology and one in NBBB or biopsychology or a 300-level course in biopsychology or permission of instructor. R. Johnston. This course will cover chemical signals, olfaction, and behavior in vertebrates (including humans), as well as the neurobiology of olfaction and odor-mediated behaviors. Behavioral topics may vary from year to year but will include evaluation and advertisement for mates, aggregation and territorial behavior, parent-young interactions, social recognition (species, sex, individual, kin reproductive state, status), memory for odors, odor and endocrine interactions, imprinting, homing and navigation, etc. Basic aspects of the structure and function of the olfactory system will also be covered, including the molecular biology of chemo-reception, olfactory coding, and higher-order processing in the central nervous system. The format will involve lectures, discussions, and student presentations.

Advanced Courses and Seminars
Advanced seminars are primarily for graduate students, but with the permission of the instructor they may be taken by qualified undergraduates. The selection of seminars to be offered each term is determined by the needs of the students.

A supplement describing these advanced seminars is available at the beginning of each semester and can be obtained from the department office (211 Uris Hall). The following courses may be offered either term and carry four credits unless otherwise indicated.

PSYCH 510–511 Perception
PSYCH 512–514 Visual Perception
PSYCH 518 Topics in Psycholinguistics
PSYCH 519–520 Cognition
PSYCH 521 Psychobiology (Developmental Seminar)
PSYCH 522 Topics in Perception and Cognition
PSYCH 523 Hormones and Behavior

[PSYCH 524 Sex Differences in Brain and Behavior (also BION 626)]

A survey of the newly discovered animal models for sex differences in the brain. Topics include the role of sex hormones in brain development, whether hormones can modify the structure of the adult brain, and the consequences of such sex differences in anatomy for behavior.
PSYCH 527 Topics in Biopsychology

PSYCH 530 Representation of Structure in Vision and Language (also COGST 530 and LING 530)
Spring. 4 credits. S. Edelman.

The seminar will concentrate on the nature of the representation of visual objects and scenes in the brain and compare it with the structural framework that serves as the main explanatory tool in current theories of language processing. Data and ideas will be drawn from visual psychophysics, neurophysiology, psycholinguistics, computational vision and linguistics, and philosophy. Students will present published research papers and preprints, which will then be discussed and critiqued.

PSYCH 535 Evolutionary Perspectives on Behavior

PSYCH 541 Statistics in Current Psychological Research

PSYCH 550 Special Topics in Cognitive Science

PSYCH 580 Experimental Social Psychology

PSYCH 600 General Research Seminar

Fall or spring. No credit.

[PSYCH 601 Computational Models of Language


This seminar will involve in-depth discussion of a range of computational approaches to language representation, processing, and acquisition. We will cover phrase-structure grammars, context-free grammars, connectionist models, statistical natural language processing, and dynamical systems, to name just a few. There will also be some hands-on experience writing models in a computer lab using the MATLAB programming environment.

PSYCH 605 Perception (also PSYCH 205)

Spring. 4 credits. Non-arts graduate students only. T R 11:40–12:55.
J. E. Cutting

[PSYCH 607 Chemosensory Perception (also PSYCH 332)


[PSYCH 611 Introduction to Human Memory (also PSYCH 311)


[PSYCH 612 Laboratory in Cognition and Perception (also PSYCH 412)


PSYCH 613 Obesity and the Regulation of Body Weight (also NS 315)

Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 30 students. Prerequisites: 1 course in psychology and 1 course in nutrition. Undergraduate students may register with permission of instructor. S-U grades optional. Offered alternate years. T R 11:25–3:20.
D. A. Levitsky.

This course is a multidisciplinary discussion of the causes, effects, and treatments of human obesity. Topics include the biopsychology of eating behavior, the genetics of obesity, the role of activity and energy metabolism, psychosocial determinants of obesity, anorexia nervosa, therapy and its effectiveness, and social discrimination.

PSYCH 614 Issues in Cognitive Psychology (also PSYCH 214)

Fall. 4 credits. M W F 10:10. S. Edelman.

PSYCH 615 Concepts, Categories, and Word Meaning (also PSYCH 415)


PSYCH 616 Modeling Perception and Cognition (also PSYCH 416 and COGST 416)

Spring. 4 credits.

PSYCH 618 Psychology of Music (also PSYCH 418)

C. Krumhansl.

PSYCH 619 Neural Networks Laboratory (also PSYCH 419)


PSYCH 622 Developmental Biopsychology (also PSYCH 422)

Fall. 4 credits. M W F 9:05–9:55.
B. L. Finlay.

PSYCH 625 Cognitive Neuroscience (also PSYCH 425)


PSYCH 626 Evolution of Human Behavior (also PSYCH 326)

Fall. 4 credits. T R 2:55–4:10.
R. E. Johnston.

PSYCH 629 Offaction and Taste: Structure and Function (also PSYCH 429 and BIONB 429)

B. P. Halpern.

PSYCH 631 Effects of Aging on Sensory and Perceptual Systems (also PSYCH 431 and BIONB 421)

Fall. 4 credits. T R 10:10–11:25.
B. P. Halpern.

PSYCH 632 Biopsychology of Learning and Memory (also PSYCH 332 and BIONB 329)

Spring. 4 credits. M W F 11:15.
T. J. DeVoogd.

PSYCH 640 The Brain and Sleep (also PSYCH 440)

Fall. 4 credits. M W 2:55–4:10.
H. S. Porte.

PSYCH 641 Laboratory in Sleep Research (also PSYCH 441)

Spring. 4 credits. W 7:50–10:50.
H. S. Porte.

PSYCH 642 Human Perception: Applications to Computer Graphics, Art, and Visual Display (also PSYCH 342 and COGST 342)

T R 11:40–12:55.
D. J. Field.

PSYCH 650 The Lenses of Gender (also PSYCH 450 and WOMNS 450 and 650)

S. L. Bern.

PSYCH 681 Advanced Social Psychology (also PSYCH 491)

Fall. 4 credits. T R 10:10–11:25.
D. T. Regan.

PSYCH 689 Seminar: Beliefs, Attitudes, and Ideologies (also PSYCH 489)

Fall. 4 credits. M W 2:55–4:10.
D. J. Bern.

PSYCH 691 Research Methods in Psychology (also PSYCH 491)

Spring. 4 credits. T R 10:10–11:25.
D. A. Dunning.

PSYCH 692 Sensory Function (also PSYCH 492 and BIONB 492)

Spring. 4 credits. M W 10:10.
B. P. Halpern and H. C. Howland.

PSYCH 696 Introduction to Sensory Systems (also PSYCH 396 and BIONB 396)


PSYCH 700 Research in Biopsychology

PSYCH 709 Developmental Psychology (also PSYCH 209)

Spring. 4 credits. T R 2:55–4:10.
S. Johnson.

PSYCH 710 Research in Human Experimental Psychology

PSYCH 713 Information Processing: Conscious and Nonconscious (also PSYCH 413)

Spring. 4 credits. R 10:10–12:35. Staff.

PSYCH 714 Comparative Cognition (also PSYCH 414 and COGST 414)

Spring. 4 credits. T R 11:40–12:55.
M. J. Owren.

PSYCH 715 Psychology of Language (also PSYCH 215)


PSYCH 716 Auditory Perception (also PSYCH 316)

Fall. 4 credits. T R 10:10–11:25.
C. L. Krumhansl.

PSYCH 717 The Origins of Thought and Knowledge (also PSYCH 417)

Fall. 4 credits. M 1:25–4:25.
S. Johnson.

PSYCH 720 Research in Social Psychology and Personality

PSYCH 722 Hormones and Behavior (also PSYCH 322 and BIONB 322)

Spring. 3 credits. M W F 11:15–12:05.
E. A. Regan.

PSYCH 773–774 Proseminar in Cognitive Studies I and II (also COGST 773/774, PHIL 773/774, LING 773/774, and COMS 773/774)

Fall: R. grade. Spring: S-U only. 4 credits. The Cognitive Studies Proseminar consists of two semesters of meetings with the graduate faculty in the field of Cognitive Studies. The proseminar will consist of a general introduction to the field of Cognitive Studies including an introduction to each of the major disciplines that make up the minor: i.e., computer science, linguistics, philosophy, and psychology. In each of these disciplines, faculty members from the field will introduce the theoretical and methodological issues that underlie the field and its relation to Cognitive Studies; in addition, they will introduce various labs in which active research is being conducted in their field at Cornell.

The proseminar will include suggestions from each faculty in each field for further advanced interdisciplinary research that can be pursued at Cornell during a Cognitive Studies minor. It will conclude (end of second term) with individual student presentations in which students initiate a critique of some interdisciplinary research, after consultation with a
RELIGIOUS STUDIES MAJOR

See "Special Programs and Interdisciplinary Studies."

ROMANCE STUDIES

The Department of Romance Studies (Mitchell Greenberg, chair) offers courses in the following areas: French, Italian, and Spanish literature; French, Italian, Portuguese, Quechua, and Spanish language; Francophone, Italian, and Hispanic culture; linguistics and semiotics. Through its course offerings and opportunities for independent study, the department seeks to encourage study of the interactions of the Romance literatures among themselves, with other literatures, and with other fields of inquiry.

French


The Major

The major in French is divided into three options: French Area Studies, French linguistics, and French literature. While prospective majors should try to plan their programs as far ahead as possible, especially if they intend to study abroad, no student will be refused admission merely because of a late start. In view of the ongoing curriculum changes that will be implemented in 2000-2001, please see Professor Jacques Béreauté, the director of undergraduate studies. This consultation is especially important for finding out what sequence of courses will follow the current choices of courses.

The French Linguistics Option

The major in French linguistics is designed to give students proficiency in oral and written language and to develop skills in the linguistic analysis of French. To be admitted to the major, students should have completed Linguistics 101 and French 200, 203, or 213 (or their equivalents) by the end of the sophomore year. It is expected that all students in the major will also take either French 220, 221, or 222, preferably by the end of the sophomore year. To complete the major, a student must:

1) Acquire a sound degree of competence in French. This competence is demonstrated by the successful completion of French 312 (or its equivalent) or by passing a special examination. Typically, students in the major will have taken 312 by the end of their junior year.

2) Take six courses in French, Romance, and general linguistics (in addition to Linguistics 101). These courses will include at least one course concerning the history of French (e.g., Romance Linguistics 321). The awarding of honors is determined by the student's grades in the major and the quality of the honors essay.

The Literature Option

The major in French, literature option, is designed to give students proficiency in the oral and written language and to acquaint them with French literature and culture, and to develop skills in literary analysis.

Admission

To be admitted to the major, students should have completed FRLIT 220, or 221 plus 222 and FRROM 213 or its equivalent by the end of their sophomore year.

For completion of the major, a student must:

1) acquire a sound degree of competence in French language. This competence is demonstrated by the successful completion of French 301-312 or their equivalents, such as pass an Accredited study abroad or the passing of a special language test (the CASE examination) or the permission of the adviser (this option applies only to 312).

2) take six courses in French literature or civilization at the 300 level or above. These courses, selected in consultation with the student's major adviser, will include at least two pre-nineteenth-century courses and at least one 400-level course.

3) take two connected courses in one of the following related areas: literature, linguistics, comparative literature, history, history of art, music, government, or another relevant discipline with a significant French component. Students who are double majors are exempted from this last requirement.

The French Area Studies option

Admission

To be admitted to the major, students should have completed French Literature 220, 221, or
For completion of the major, a student must:

1. acquire a sound degree of competence in the French language. This competence is demonstrated by successful completion of French 301-312 or their equivalents, such as properly accredited study abroad or the passing of a special language test (the CASE examination) or the permission of the adviser (this option applies only to 312).

2. take two courses in Romance Studies (literature or civilization) at the 300 level or above.

3. take six courses at the 300 level or above in no more than three areas of interest such as, but not limited to, Africana studies, anthropology, comparative literature, French literature, economics, government, history, history of art, linguistics, music, theater arts, or women's studies. Each area must be represented by at least two courses, and each course must have a significant French component. At least one of these six courses should be at the 400 level.

Administration of French Area Studies

Students are admitted to the major by the director of undergraduate studies in the French section of the Department of Romance Studies but will be guided by their individual advisers. A copy of each student's program will be given to the director of undergraduate studies for approval and safe-keeping.

Study Abroad in France

French majors or other interested students may study in France for one or two semesters during their junior year. Opting for one of several study-abroad plans recognized by the Departments of Romance Studies and Linguistics facilitates the transfer of credits. Information about these plans is available from the director of undergraduate studies.

Students must be Cornell undergraduates with a strong academic record. The minimum French preparation is the completion of FRROM 213 or its equivalent in advanced course placement by the Cornell CASE examination. The taking of FRROM 301 and/or 312 is, however, strongly recommended.

Students interested in studying in France are encouraged to consider the special benefits offered by EDUCO, the program in Paris cosponsored by Cornell and by Duke University. EDUCO offers advanced students a challenging course of study and the experience of total immersion in French life and culture in Paris. Participants in this program spend the year or semester as fully matriculated students at the University of Paris VII and other institutions of higher learning in Paris, including the Institut d'Etudes Politiques (Sciences Po), selecting courses in many fields from the regular university course offerings. Study begins the academic year with an intensive three-week orientation in French history, society, and daily life. While it is possible to enroll in the EDUCO Program for one semester, admission will be given first to students planning to study abroad for the full academic year.

EDUCO maintains a center in Paris with appropriate support staff. The resident director, chosen annually from the Cornell and Duke faculties, teaches a special seminar each semester, provides academic advice, and helps ensure the quality of the courses. The center, which includes a small library and word-processing facilities, is regularly used by students for special tutorials, seminars, and lectures, as well as informal gatherings.

Admissions. The honors program encourages well-qualified students majoring in French literature and culture to do independent work in French outside the structure of courses. The preparation of the senior honors essay, generally spread over two terms, provides a unique learning opportunity, since it allows for wide reading and extensive rewriting to a degree not possible in the case of course papers.

No special seminars or courses are required of honors students, but they will have regular meetings with the faculty advisers who have agreed to supervise their work. They may receive course credit by enrolling in French 429-430, but these independent study courses must be taken in addition to the courses that meet the minimum requirements for the major. At the end of the senior year, each honors student will write an honors essay by a jury consisting of his or her faculty adviser and two other faculty members. The awarding of honors is determined by the student's grades in the major and the quality of the honors essay.

Language

All language courses are offered by the Department of Romance Studies and French linguistics courses are offered by the Department of Linguistics.

Note: Students placed in the 200-level courses have the option of taking language and/or literature courses; see listings under "Literature" for descriptions of the literature courses, some of which may be taken concurrently with French Language 200, 203, 211, or 213 or Hotel Administration 266.

FRROM 121 Elementary French
Fall only. (No longer offered in spring.) 4 credits. No prerequisites. Students who have studied French for 2 or more years must take a placement test (LPF). Intended for beginning students or those placed by examination. Recommended course after French 121: French 122.

FRROM 122 Elementary French
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: French 121, LPF score 37-44, or SAT II 370-480. Students who receive an LPF score of 56 after French 122 attain qualification and may take either French 200 or French 203. Otherwise, satisfactory completion of French 123 is required for qualification. Fall, S. Tun and staff; spring, C. Sparfel and staff.

FRROM 123 Continuing French
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: French 122, LPF score 45-55 or SAT II 490-590. Satisfactory completion of French 123 fulfills the qualification portion of the language requirement. Recommended courses after French 123: French 200 or 203, C. Waldron and staff.

FRROM 200 Intermediate Reading and Writing
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: qualification in French (French 123, LPF score 56-64, or SAT II 600-680). Satisfactory completion of French 200 fulfills the proficiency portion of the language requirement. Conducted in French. Recommended courses after French 200: French 211, French 213, French 220, or French 221. French 213 may be taken concurrently with either French 220 or French 221. Fall, S. LoBello, spring, C. Sparfel.

FRROM 203 Intermediate Composition and Conversation I
Fall, spring, or summer. 3 credits. Prerequisite: qualification in French (French 123, LPF score 56-64, or SAT II 600-680). Satisfactory completion of French 203 fulfills the proficiency portion of the language requirement. Recommended courses after French 203: French 211 or French 213, French 220 or French 221. French 211 or French 213 may be taken concurrently with either French 220 or French 221. I. Daly and staff.

FRROM 211 Intermediate Grammar, Reading, and Composition
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: proficiency in French (French 200 or French 203), or permission of instructor, or placement by Cornell Advanced Standing Examination (CASE). For admission to the Cornell Abroad Program, students are required to take either this course, or French 213, or have completed an equivalent level of study. Taught in French. Recommended courses after French 211: French 220, French 221, French 301, or French 305 (220 or 221 may be taken concurrently with either French 301 or 305). French 211 may be taken concurrently with either French 220 or French 221. N. Furman.

FRROM 212 Intermediate French
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: French 122, LPF score 37-44, or SAT II 370-480. Students who receive an LPF score of 56 after French 122 attain qualification and may take either French 200 or French 203. Otherwise, satisfactory completion of French 123 is required for qualification. Fall, S. Tun and staff; spring, C. Sparfel and staff.

FRROM 213 Continuing French
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: French 122, LPF score 45-55 or SAT II 490-590. Satisfactory completion of French 123 fulfills the qualification portion of the language requirement. Recommended courses after French 123: French 200 or 203, C. Waldron and staff.

FRROM 220 Intermediate Reading and Writing
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: qualification in French (French 123, LPF score 56-64, or SAT II 600-680). Satisfactory completion of French 200 fulfills the proficiency portion of the language requirement. Conducted in French. Recommended courses after French 200: French 211, French 213, French 220, or French 221. French 213 may be taken concurrently with either French 220 or French 221. Fall, S. LoBello, spring, C. Sparfel.

FRROM 221 Intermediate Grammar, Reading, and Composition
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: proficiency in French (French 200 or French 203), or permission of instructor, or placement by Cornell Advanced Standing Examination (CASE). For admission to the Cornell Abroad Program, students are required to take either this course, or French 213, or have completed an equivalent level of study. Taught in French. Recommended courses after French 211: French 220, French 221, French 301, or French 305 (220 or 221 may be taken concurrently with either French 301 or 305). French 211 may be taken concurrently with either French 220 or French 221. N. Furman.

FRROM 222 Intermediate French
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: French 122, LPF score 37-44, or SAT II 370-480. Students who receive an LPF score of 56 after French 122 attain qualification and may take either French 200 or French 203. Otherwise, satisfactory completion of French 123 is required for qualification. Fall, S. Tun and staff; spring, C. Sparfel and staff.

FRROM 211 Intermediate Grammar, Reading, and Composition
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: proficiency in French (French 200 or French 203), or permission of instructor, or placement by Cornell Advanced Standing Examination (CASE). For admission to the Cornell Abroad Program, students are required to take either this course, or French 213, or have completed an equivalent level of study. Taught in French. Recommended courses after French 211: French 220, French 221, French 301, or French 305 (220 or 221 may be taken concurrently with either French 301 or 305). French 211 may be taken concurrently with either French 220 or French 221. N. Furman.

FRROM 222 Intermediate French
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: French 122, LPF score 37-44, or SAT II 370-480. Students who receive an LPF score of 56 after French 122 attain qualification and may take either French 200 or French 203. Otherwise, satisfactory completion of French 123 is required for qualification. Fall, S. Tun and staff; spring, C. Sparfel and staff.

FRROM 211 Intermediate Grammar, Reading, and Composition
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: proficiency in French (French 200 or French 203), or permission of instructor, or placement by Cornell Advanced Standing Examination (CASE). For admission to the Cornell Abroad Program, students are required to take either this course, or French 213, or have completed an equivalent level of study. Taught in French. Recommended courses after French 211: French 220, French 221, French 301, or French 305 (220 or 221 may be taken concurrently with either French 301 or 305). French 211 may be taken concurrently with either French 220 or French 221. N. Furman.
FRROM 213 *Intermediate Composition* and *Conversation II*

Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: proficiency in French (French 200 or 203), or permission of instructor. Taught on a specialized basis to address particular student needs. Themes and emphases may vary from section to section.

FRROM 300 *Directed Studies*

Fall or spring. 1–4 credits variable. Prerequisites: permission of instructor. Staff. Taught on a specialized basis to address particular student needs. Times will be arranged with instructor.

FRROM 301 *Advanced French I*

Fall or spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: French 211 or 213, or Q++ on the Cornell Advanced Standing Examination (CASE). Recommended courses after French 301: French 312, French 220, or French 221 may be taken concurrently with 301. Fall. J. Béreaud and S. LoBello, spring. S. LoBello and staff.

Class discussions based on reading contemporary texts: half will be short stories, half will be articles on current events taken from French magazines or newspapers. All texts are chosen for their thematic or cultural interest and linguistic quality and will be given to accuracy in French through grammar review and weekly papers (essays or translations). Each student will give one or more oral presentations in class. Course required of French majors.

FRROM 305 *French through Film*

Fall or spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: French 211 or 213, or Q++ on the Cornell Advanced Standing Examination (CASE). Recommended courses after French 305: French 301, French 312 (with the permission of the instructor). French 220, or French 221. French 220 or French 221 may also be taken concurrently with French 305. C. Waldron.

Analysis of French contemporary films and related readings. Used as a means of studying the language. Particular emphasis on the culture and historical context as it relates to French contemporary society. Additionally, guest speakers will provide enrichment on selected topics.

FRROM 312 *Advanced French II*

Fall or spring. 4 credits. Limited to 15 students. Prerequisite: French 301 or permission of the Cornell Advanced Standing Examination (CASE). J. Bereaud, M. C. Vallois; spring, M. C. Vallois and staff.

Completion of work done in French 301. The objective of French 301 is to teach students to speak and write correct French; in French 312 students will be expected to have a richer, more idiomatic and hopefully elegant command of the language. Formal study of grammar will be discontinued, and more attention will be devoted to the examination of texts and to oral presentations by students. Weekly papers as in French 301.

FRROM 630 *French for Reading—Graduate Students*

Spring only. 3 credits. Limited to graduate students. J. Ngaté.

Designed for those with little or no background in French, this course’s primary aim is to develop skill in reading French. Grammar basics, extensive vocabulary, and strategies for reading in a foreign language are covered. Some flexibility in selecting texts according to fields of interest is offered.

Literature

FRLIT 220 *French and Francophone Culture @*

Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: SAT II score of 640 and above, or LFF score of 60, or FRROM 200 or 203. Conducted in French. J. Ngaté.

This course serves as an introduction to French Acre Studies. It provides an overview of Francophone culture and society from 1945 to the present, with some attention given to accuracy in French through grammar. Some flexibility in selecting texts dealing with issues of current concern in France; works by French and Maghrebi or African writers; poetry or drama; two films will also be discussed.

FRLIT 221 *Modern French Literature #*

Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: SAT II score of 640 and above, or LFF score of 60, or FRROM 200 or 203. Conducted in French. Fall. J. Ngaté and staff; spring. J. Bereaud and staff.

This course, divided into small sections, is intended as an introduction to French literature of the modern period. Texts have been chosen both as a function of their centrality to the traditional literary canon and with an eye to experimentation. The course considers literary genres (poetry, drama, the novel) as well as a temporal frame, alternating unevenly, at different speeds, with diverse claims on our attention. The course is designed to satisfy a general interest in modern French literature as well as to prepare students to pursue a French major in literature. Readings will include works by Baudelaire, Mallarme, Beckett, Satre, Froast, and Duras.

FRLIT 222 *Early Modern French Literature #*

Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: FRLIT 220, 221, or permission of the instructor. Conducted in French. M. C. Vallois.* Study of the classical literature of seventeenth-century France (Corneille, Racine, Molière, Mme de Lafayette, La Fontaine) and of eighteenth-century Enlightenment literature (Voltaire, Rousseau, Diderot, Beaumarchais). Special attention will be given to poems and plays in which these various works represent or deal with the shift from an aristocratic cultural code of values to modern bourgeois ideology and aesthetics. The course will also invite reflection on the status and centrality of female characters in classical and neo-classical French literature; it will attempt to trace the evolution from the classical tragic heroine to more modern (but no less problematic) representations of women.

FRLIT 224 *The French Experience*

Fall. 3 credits. Conducted in English. Readings available both in French and in English translation. A. Berger.

We look ethnographically at the relations between culture and society as they are reflected in French society, and we look at views from France, from America, and other places. As we emphasize differences, the French experience emerges.

Note: Prerequisite for all 300-level courses in French literature: FRLIT 220, 221, or the equivalent.

FRLIT 321 *French Civilization I: History, Culture, and Cinema*

Fall. 4 credits. Conducted in French. J. Bereaud.

This course will investigate the past as it has shaped the present, focusing on some salient episodes which span 20 centuries of French history from the Roman occupation of Gaul to the events of May, 1968. Three types of materials will be studied: a history textbook, documents of cultural significance (literature, art, popular culture), and a few films to help bring the present to life. Students will select topics of personal interest for research and oral presentation in class; these topics could range from the investigation of historic figures such as Joan of Arc, Louis XIV, or Napoleon to the effects of recent wars on the national psyche; from the art of the stained glass windows of the medieval cathedrals to the technological revolution that prepared the way for the first flight of the Supersonic Concorde in 1969.

FRLIT 322 *French Songs*

Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: FRROM 213. Conducted in French. J. Bereaud.

"Everything in France ends in a song." The course will examine the truth of this old adage and study French songs as a reflection of the French experience. Various approaches will include: an overview of traditional folkloric songs (typically pre-Revolutionary); a study of certain genres: the "realist" and the "poetic" traditions, love songs, protest songs, drinking songs, children's songs, etc.; and a study of a few artists who have had a major influence in France after WWII, such as E. Piaf, G. Brassens, L. Ferré, J. Brel. Students will be expected to give oral presentations on artists of their own choosing and to write one short paper and one research paper on a major figure or a particular genre or period (sea shanties, songs of the "Front Populaire" or of World War II, French rap songs, etc.).

FRLIT 330 *Francophone African Literature @*

Fall. 3 credits. J. Ngaté.

Introduction to the works of representative poets, dramatists, novelists, and short-story writers from sub-Saharan Africa and Maghreb: L. S. Senghor, C. Laye, F. Oyono, L. S. Senghor, S. Diop Senghor, S. L. Tamsi, and the Afro-Caribbean Aimé Césaire will be among the writers whose works will be read. The focus will be on the twentieth century and the nature of these writers' relationships with both the West and with Africa.

FRLIT 334 *The Novel as Masterwork (also FRLIT 684)*

Spring. 4 credits. Conducted in French. Prerequisite: French 221 or permission of the instructor. N. Furman.

This course traces the evolution of the nineteenth-century French novel. Readings
include novels by Sembach, Balzac, Flaubert, and Zola.

**FRLIT 336 French Film**

Spring. 4 credits. T. Murray.

A survey of major films, directors, and trends in French film. Beginning with classic French films by directors such as Bresson, Clair, Carné, Gance, Vigo, Ophuls, Cocteau, Duvivier, Jean Renoir, and Tati, we will consider the development of the New Wave (Truffaut, Godard, Rohmer, Rivette), the Left Bank (Marker, Varda, Resnais), and trends in post-68 cinema. We will also consider the impact of these movements on the evolution of France as a nation and a culture, as well as the ongoing debate over the status of the French language as a national and international language, and intellectual trends informing them, with particular emphasis on French film theory since the Cahiers du Cinéma. Weekly screenings will be held in French with English subtitles, and class conducted in English; papers either in French or English.

**FRLIT 356 Renaissance France**

Spring. 4 credits. Conducted in French. K. Long.

This course will trace the importance of a number of movements/crises/events for the general history of the lyric in France. Special emphasis will be placed on the importance of the Wars of Religion and the development of new voices in the repertoire. Works by well-known authors such as Camus, Robbe-Grillet, and Duras will be accompanied by works of female writers, including de Stael, George Sand, Flora Tristan, Rachilde, and others. This course will also consider the development of the New Wave (Truffaut, Godard, Rohmer, Rivette), the Left Bank (Marker, Varda, Resnais), and trends in post-68 cinema. We will also consider the impact of these movements on the evolution of France as a nation and a culture, as well as the ongoing debate over the status of the French language as a national and international language, and intellectual trends informing them, with particular emphasis on French film theory since the Cahiers du Cinéma. Weekly screenings will be held in French with English subtitles, and class conducted in English; papers either in French or English.

**FRLIT 381 Nineteenth-Century French Women Writers**

Fall. 4 credits. Conducted in French. M. C. Vallais.

While situating the works read within their specific historical and literary context, this course will attempt to address two sets of questions: (1) How does the inscription of literature as a Public Institution within a phallocentric culture order affect women authors' status and writing strategies? (2) To what extent and at what levels does being a woman inform or shape the text produced? In what ways is literary writing concerned with sexual difference? Writers will include Mme. de Staël, George Sand, Flora Tristan, Rachilde, and others.

**FRLIT 387 Symbolist Poetry**

Fall. 4 credits. R. Klein.

This course will examine the Symbolist movement in France, from Baudelaire to Valéry, including the work of Verlaine, Rimbaud, Mallarmé, Louise Michel, and others. It will consist mainly in the close reading of selected texts, and it will seek as well to situate Symbolist poetry within the more general history of the lyric in France. Special attention will be paid to Symbolist poetics, i.e., to theories of poetic practice and composition.

**FRLIT 395 Camus and His Contemporaries**

Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: French 221 or permission of instructor. Conducted in French. S. Tarrow.

The course will examine Camus's major works of fiction together with selections from the work of such writers as J. P. Sartre, Simone de Beauvoir, Alain Robbe-Grillet, Albert Memmi, Mohammed Dib, Assia Djebar, and others. In the context of a historical period marked by war—World War II, the Algerian War of Independence—we will discuss some of the debates that sparked among his contemporaries in France and North Africa, and examine the ways in which these debates continue to resonate among French intellectuals. Issues to be addressed will include the question of political commitment in literature; colonialism, racism, and their expression in literature; and problems of identity, existentialism, and audience.

**FRLIT 396 The Contemporary French Novel: 1950 to the Present**

Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: French 221 or permission of instructor. S. Tarrow.

The course will attempt to address two sets of questions: (1) How does the inscription of the "New World," and its various textual and visual representations, affect women's writing? (2) To what extent and at what levels does being a woman inform or shape the text produced? In what ways is literary writing concerned with sexual difference? Writers will include Mme. de Stael, George Sand, Flora Tristan, Rachilde, and others. This course will also consider the development of the New Wave (Truffaut, Godard, Rohmer, Rivette), the Left Bank (Marker, Varda, Resnais), and trends in post-68 cinema. We will also consider the impact of these movements on the evolution of France as a nation and a culture, as well as the ongoing debate over the status of the French language as a national and international language, and intellectual trends informing them, with particular emphasis on French film theory since the Cahiers du Cinéma. Weekly screenings will be held in French with English subtitles, and class conducted in English; papers either in French or English.

**FRLIT 417 The Vertical City (also S HUM 417)**

Spring. 4 credits. P. Saint-Amour.

For description see S HUM 417.

**FRLIT 419-420 Special Topics in French Literature**

419, fall; 420, spring. 2-4 credits each term. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Staff. Guided independent study of special topics.

**FRLIT 429-430 Honors Work in French**

429, fall; 430, spring. 8 credits year-long course. R grade fall semester, letter grade spring semester, with permission of adviser. Open to juniors and seniors. Consult the director of the honors program for further information.

**FRLIT 436 Francophone African Literature**

Spring. 4 credits. J. Ngaté.

A critical look at the conditions of possibility, the nature and the status of the African novel in French from the 1920s to the early 1980s. How successful has it been in contributing to the invention (or perhaps the reinvention) of Africa in French? What can be said about the

**FRLIT 437 Poetry and Rhetoric (also COM L 467/467L, ENGL 483/483S, and FRLIT 437)**

Fall. 4 credits. C. Chase.

In present-day common usage, "poetry" means emotion or beauty, and "rhetoric" means deceptive decorative language. These incompatible meanings cover a history of close connection between poetry and rhetoric. Historically, if poetry and rhetoric at times have been seen as opposite, incompatible kinds of language, they also have been identified with each other and strongly distinguished from philosophy and science. Where rhetoric belongs turns out to raise issues of politics and philosophy, not only of literary history and language. Such questions and issues have been intensely pursued in modern poetry beginning with the Romantics.

This course will examine the works of such writers as J. P. Sartre, Simone de Beauvoir, Alain Robbe-Grillet, Albert Memmi, Mohammed Dib, Assia Djebar, and others. In the context of a historical period marked by war—World War II, the Algerian War of Independence—we will discuss some of the debates that sparked among his contemporaries in France and North Africa, and examine the ways in which these debates continue to resonate among French intellectuals. Issues to be addressed will include the question of political commitment in literature; colonialism, racism, and their expression in literature; and problems of identity, existentialism, and audience.

**FRLIT 447 Medieval Literature #**

Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: French 221 or permission of the instructor. Conducted in French. A. Colby-Hall.

This course is designed to give students facility in reading Old French and an appreciation of two major genres of medieval French literature: the epic and the theater.

**FRLIT 454 Montaigne #**

Fall. 4 credits. Conducted in French. K. P. Long.

This course will examine Montaigne's Essais in the context of the Wars of Religion and the rise of skepticism, with particular attention to questions of epistemology (subjectivity and the self), ethics (personal and governmental responsibility in times of crisis), and historical and literary method. We will compare Essais to a number of texts by Cicero, Sextus Empiricus, and Ovid, among others.

**FRLIT 475 Eroticism & Eroticism:**

Figures of the Other in the French Enlightenment

Fall. 4 credits. Conducted in French. A. Berger.

"To study man, it is necessary to learn how to see into the distance; it is necessary to observe differences in order to discover common properties," (Rousseau, *Essai sur l'Origine des Langues*). Imagined or theorized, the exotic experiment helped shape modern and contemporary discourses on the cultural and political community, on universalism and particularism, on diversity and identity. Good savages or bad giants, oriental women or despots. Indians, Zoroastrians, Tahitians, Americans (etc.) through these figures of otherness thinkers and writers of the Enlightenment grasped at the foreign in the familiar, the same in the different, and the desirable in the estranged. For exoticism is always eroticized (or the erotic is orientalized). The other may be nearer or farther than one thinks. How can one be a Persian (wo)man? (Works studied include
Montesquieu, Rousseau, Diderot, and de Saint-Pierre).

FRLIT 482 Decadence, Degeneration, and the Nineteenth-Century Imaginary (also COM L 463)
Spring. 4 credits.

This course, through critical reading of French, British, and German prose fiction as well as examples of medical, anthropological, and philosophical thought, will examine the social significance of discourses of disease, decadence, and degeneration from the late-eighteenth century to the early twentieth. How are questions of bodily pathology related to the construction of "national" bodies? How does perversion emerge at the core of theories of beauty and normativity in Europe's colonial scenes? What is the relationship between symptoms and texts, between sickness and subversion, in the relationship between symptoms and texts, between sickness and subversion, in the relationship between symptoms and texts, between sickness and subversion, in the relationship between symptoms and texts, between sickness and subversion, in the relationship between symptoms and texts, between sickness and subversion, in the relationship between symptoms and texts.

FRLIT 486 Anthropology and Genealogy (also FRLIT 666)
Fall. 4 credits. T. McNulty.

This course will serve to provide an overview of twentieth-century French thought through the themes of anthropology and genealogy. We will begin by reading Lévi-Strauss and Mauss on the problems of gift, exchange, and sacrifice and then explore the influence of these anthropological topics on philosophy and cultural theory through the problems of the death drive, the anti-economies of expenditure and hospitality, nomad thought, violence, and the supplement. Nietzsche's Genealogy of Morals will then serve as a jumping off point for an exploration of one of the most interesting features of modern French thought, its fascination with genealogy: the invention of a genealogy for one's own thought, the primal scene of culture of the gap in genealogy, the genealogy of the simulacrum, the Freudian genealogy of the fantasy. We will explore the importance of counter-genealogy or "marginal" thought, examining the fascination of twentieth-century theory with the forgotten, the schizophrenics, simulacra, and the dismembered god. Dionysus. Readings will include works by Nietzsche, Freud, Lévi-Strauss, Mauss, Bataille, Lacan, Foucault, Deleuze, Derrida, and Durand. All texts will be available in English.

FRLIT 488 Baudelaire in Context (also FRLIT 665, COM L 480/680)
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: one 300-level course in French literature or permission of instructor. Conducted in French. J. Culler.

A study of Les Fleurs du mal in the context of various nineteenth and twentieth-century discourses. The Romantic lyric (Hugo, Lamartine, Desbordes-Valmore), Romantic Satanism, debates about prostitution, and twentieth-century accounts of Baudelaire as the founder of modern poetry or the poet of the city.

FRLIT 490 The Roots of Modernism
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: French 221. Conducted in French. R. Klein.

The Modernist era in art, which is associated with movements like Cubism, Surrealism, and Dada, has its roots in "the Banquet Years," the effervescence fin de siècle in Europe that lasted until 1913. In France, the period includes writers like Jarry, Apollinaire, Gide, Valéry, Cocteau, Tzara, and Proust. Composers such as Satie, Stravinsky, artists like Cézanne and Rousseau. In this course, individual works will be examined with an eye to their role as precursors of more familiar modern forms of artistic expression.

FRLIT 492 French Feminisms (also WOMNS 493)
Fall. 4 credits. Conducted in English. N. Furman.

This course will examine the political, theoretical, and literary concerns of contemporary French feminists. We will consider the most important figure in contemporary French letters, Simone de Beauvoir, as well as other women writers like Jarry, Apollinaire, Gide, Valéry, Cocteau, Tzara, and Proust. Composers such as Satie, Stravinsky, artists like Cézanne and Rousseau. In this course, individual works will be examined with an eye to their role as precursors of more familiar modern forms of artistic expression.

FRLIT 497 Jean Genet
Fall. 4 credits. R. Klein.

This course will focus on the work of a writer, homosexual, and thief that many distinguished critics and theorists consider the most important figure in contemporary French letters. His plays and novels will be read in conjunction with selected critical writings, in order to better appreciate the complexity and lyricism of his language and to gauge the owner of his corrosive imagination.

FRLIT 607-608 Proseminar
607, fall; 608, spring. 2-4 credits each term. M. Greenberg.

Meeting every two weeks, the pro-seminar will be the place for sustained exchanges among students. Guided independent study for graduate students.

FRLIT 632 Forget Paris, Forget the USA: Francophone Fictions of Decolonization in the 'New World'
Fall. 4 credits. J. Penney.

Francophone fiction written in the Americas since the end of the second World War has grappled with this fundamental problem: how does a distinct French-language literary culture emerge and survive in the context of the continued hegemony of France in the Francophone world, and the ever-increasing cultural and economic domination of the United States on the North American continent and across the globe? Given the collective memory of the historical traumas of the British conquest of northern North America and the slavery trade, language has been used strategically as a means of evoking the particular historical and psychical experiences of Francophone and Creoleophone constituencies in the Americas.

In this course we will read recent novels written in French that grapple with this problem of nation and culture building in spaces plagued by the forces of lingering and new colonialisms. After a brief historical introduction to the history of the French colonial presence in American space, we will begin our literary study with two cultural manifestoes—Aimé Césaire's Discourse on Colonialism and Paul-Emile Borduas' Refus global. Novels will be selected from the following authors: Bernette Junier, Hubert Aquin, Edouard Glissant, Nicole Brossard, Maryse Condé, Jacques Godbout, Marie-Claire Blais, Patrick Chamoiseau, and Dany Laferrière.

This course will be of interest to students in the following fields: postcolonial studies, critical race theory, gender studies, and queer theory.

FRLIT 634 Frantz Fanon, Postcolonial Psychoanalysis and the Promise of Revolution
Spring. 4 credits. J. Penney.

Few writers have had as significant an influence on the development of contemporary postcolonial theory as Frantz Fanon. Born in Martinique and trained as a psychiatrist, Fanon first rose to prominence as a theorist of the psychology of the colonial relation, subsequently moving on to a concern with the politics of anticolonial struggle and the relation between decolonization and the European and world economics. The object of this course will be to trace the movement in Fanon's thought from its original psychoanalytic interest in race relations in the French Antilles to its later materialist concern with the question of anticolonial struggle, in particular as it relates to the moment of Algerian independence. We will consider Fanon's oeuvre as a particular postcolonial articulation of the characteristicpost war theoretical project to hybridize the work of Marx and Freud—to delineate, in other words, the relations between unconscious desire and social struggle, more specifically in the historical context of the decline of the modern European imperial era.

In addition to the works of Fanon, we will also read other works on psychoanalysis and colonialism, including Octave Mannoni's Psychologie de la colonisation, Wulf Sachs' Black Hamlet, and Marie-Cécile and Edmond Ortuiges' Oedipe africain. We will also screen Isaac Julien's film on Fanon. This course will be of interest to students in the following fields: postcolonial theory, psychoanalytic theory, and Marxist approaches to culture.

FRLIT 637 Poetry and Rhetoric (also COM L 487/687, ENGL 493/683, and FRLIT 437)
Fall. 4 credits. C. Chase.

For description, see FRLIT 437.

FRLIT 639-640 Special Topics in French Literature
639, fall; 640, spring. 2-4 credits each term. C. Chase.

Guided independent study for graduate students.

FRLIT 682 French Literature after the Death of God: In and around the Collège de Sociologie
Spring. 4 credits. T. McNulty.

This course will examine novels by Georges Bataille, Pierre Klossowski, Michel Leiris, and Roger Caillois, against the background of the formation of the Collège de sociologie and publication of the journal Acéphale in the 1930s. Our particular focus will be the thesis that the death of God results in a dissolution of the "grammatical fiction of the I," with profound implications for literature and subjectivity alike.

FRLIT 684 The Novel as Masterwork (also FRLIT 466)
Spring. 4 credits. N. Furman.

For description, see French Literature 334.

FRLIT 686 Anthropology and Genealogy (also FRLIT 666)
Fall. 4 credits. T. McNulty.

For description, see French Literature 486.
ITALA 121-122 Elementary Italian
121, Fall; 122, spring. 4 credits each term. Prerequisite: for Italian 122, Italian 121 or equivalent. Intended for beginners or students placed by examination. At the end of Italian 122, students who score 56 or higher on the LPI attainment qualification and may enter the 200-level sequence; otherwise Italian 123 is required for qualification. Evening prelims. T. Alkire and staff.

ITALA 123 Continuing Italian
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Limited to students who have previously studied Italian and have an LPI score of 45-55 or an SAT II score of 460-580. Satisfactory completion of Italian 123 fulfills the qualification portion of the language requirement. K. Battig von Wittelsbach.

ITALA 120 Intermediate Composition and Conversation I
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Italian 121. Fall, F. Cervesi-McCobb or P. Swenson; spring, K. Battig von Wittelsbach.

ITALA 204 Intermediate Composition and Conversation II
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: Italian 203 or equivalent. S. Stewart-Steinberg.

ITALA 216-217 Introduction to Italian Literature
Fall. 216, spring. 217. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. ITALL 216 is not prerequisite to ITALL 217. Conducted in Italian. T. Campbell.

ITALA 313 Advanced Italian Language in Italian Culture
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Italian 204 or equivalent, or permission of instructor. P. Swenson.

ITALA 300 Directed Studies
Fall or spring. 1-4 credits variable. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Taught on a specialized basis to address particular student needs. Times will be arranged with instructor.

ITALA 305 Advanced Italian Literature
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor.
We will devote special attention to two A study of the discourses about reading and old French, and Latin sources? All readings sexual difference found in literary, historical, and philosophical material drawn from Italian, early nineteenth century through the rise of fascism. We will study the movement for national unification (the Risorgimento), the drive to “make Italians,” the rise and fall of liberalism, and the coming to power of the fascist dictatorship through a variety of cultural products, such as literature, opera, and film.

ITAL 300 Italian Practicum
Fall or spring. 1 credit. T. Campbell, M. Migiel, and S. Stewart-Steinberg. Students enrolled in an Italian literature or culture course that is conducted in English (e.g., ITALL 223, 369, 445, 450, 455, and 468) may opt to take this one-credit Practicum in Italian, provided that they have already attained proficiency in the language. Students in the Practicum will spend one class hour per week discussing selected issues or texts in Italian; they will also complete an appropriate amount of written work in Italian.

ITAL 369 History of Florence (also HIST 369)
Fall. 4 credits. J. Najemy. For description, see HIST 369.

ITAL 389 Modern Italian Novel (also ITALL 689)
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Conducted in Italian. M. Migiel. In this course, we will read novels by representative twentieth-century novelists such as Moravia, Vittorini, Calvino, and Morante, and in particular, we will consider how the modern novel explores the issues of moral truth, fiction-making, history, and ethical responsibility.

ITAL 419-420 Special Topics in Italian Literature
419, fall; 420, spring. 2–4 credits each term. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. T. Campbell and M. Migiel. Guided independent study of specific topics.

ITAL 429-430 Honors in Italian Literature
429, fall; 430, spring. 8 credits year-long course. R fall semester, letter grade for spring semester. Limited to seniors. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. M. Migiel.

ITAL 445 Boccaccio: Gender, Power, and the Medieval Text (also COM L 456, WOMNS 448, ITALL 464)
Spring. 4 credits. Conducted in English. M. Migiel. A study of the discourses about reading and sexual difference in Boccaccio’s Decameron. We will devote special attention to two questions: (1) What does it mean to carry out a feminist reading of a male-authored text? (2) How do the narrators of the Decameron network earlier discourses about reading and sexual difference found in literary, historical, and philosophical material drawn from Italian, Old French, and Latin sources? All readings will be done in English translation; students who command the pertinent foreign languages may read texts in the original language. An extra hour-long discussion section will be organized for students who read and speak Italian.

ITAL 450 Renaissance Poetry (also COM L 450/650, ENGL 422/622, and ITALL 650)

ITAL 455 Poetry in the Radio Age: Data Retrieval and Twentieth-Century Italian Lyric (also ITALL 655)
Fall. 4 credits. T. Campbell. Focusing on the modern Italian lyric, this seminar will consider the relation among transmission media in the first 30 years of the last century. The course will be divided into two parts. In the first, we will broadly conceive an archaeology of radio, paying particular attention to the media's mythic, prophetic, and feedback loops that link poets with typing hands, stenographers, and voice storage media. In the second, we will ask how modern Italian poetry registers the interplay of information and entropy. Texts include F. T. Marinetti’s futurist manifestos and various wireless messages from Campana (Orbic Songs), d’Annunzio (Nocturne), Palazzeschi (The Man of Smoke), Saba (The Dark of the Sun, Songbook), and Ungaretti (The Buried Harbour). Pound’s Guide to Kulchur and some German Dada will provide the necessary comparative approach. The class will be conducted in English, and all texts will be available in English translation.

ITAL 466 Representing War and Modernity
Spring. 4 credits. Conducted in Italian. T. Campbell. This course will examine a selection of modern Italian war narratives within the context of contemporary theorizations on trauma. We will begin with war in the trenches. In the second half, we will shift our attention to the war in Ethiopia, World War II. Questions to be addressed include: how literature approximates the trauma of war; the relation among media, subjectivity, and getting people to die for you; and how modern narratives measure and commemorate their distance from combat. Authors include Flaiano, Primo Levi, Revelli, Salsa, and Tobino.

ITAL 468 Love and Sex in the Italian Renaissance (also HIST 468)
Fall. 4 credits. J. Najemy. For description, see HIST 468.

ITAL 639-640 Special Topics in Italian Literature
639, fall; 640, spring. 4 credits each term. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. T. Campbell and M. Migiel.

ITAL 645 Boccaccio: Gender, Power, and the Medieval Text (also COM L 456, WOMNS 448, and ITALL 445)
Spring. 4 credits. M. Migiel. For description, see ITALL 445.

ITAL 650 Renaissance Poetry (also ITALL 450, COM L 450/650, and ENGL 422/622)
Spring. 4 credits. W. Kennedy. For description, see ITALL 450.

ITAL 655 Poetry in the Radio Age: Data Retrieval and Twentieth-Century Italian Lyric (also ITALL 455)
Fall. 4 credits. T. Campbell. For description, see ITALL 455.

ITAL 689 Modern Italian Novel (also ITALL 389)
Fall. 4 credits. M. Migiel. For description, see ITALL 389.

Portuguese
Faculty: J. Oliveira

PORT 121-122 Elementary Portuguese
121, fall; 122, spring. 4 credits each term. Intended for beginners. Students may attain qualification on completion of 122 by achieving a satisfactory score on a special examination. A thorough grounding is given in all the language skills: listening, speaking, reading, and writing.

PORT 203-204 Intermediate Composition and Conversation
203, fall; 204, spring. 3 credits each term. Prerequisites: for Portuguese 203, Portuguese 122 or permission of instructor; for Portuguese 204, Portuguese 203 or permission of instructor J. Oliveira. Conversational grammar review with special attention to pronunciation and the development of accurate and idiomatic oral expression. Includes readings in contemporary Portuguese and Brazilian prose and writing practice.

PORT 319 Readings in Luso-Brazilian Literature
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Portuguese 204 and permission of instructor. J. Oliveira. This course will take a broad approach to selective writings of representative Luso-Brazilian authors from the nineteenth century to the present: Machado de Assis, Eca de Queirzos, Aluisio de Azevedo, Graciliano Ramos, Fernando Pesoa, Jorge Amado, and others.

Quechua
Faculty: L. Morató-Peña

QUECH 131-132 Elementary Quechua
131, fall; 132, spring. 3 credits each term. Prerequisite: qualification in Spanish. This language series (131-132) cannot be used to satisfy the language requirement. L. Morató-Peña. A beginning conversation course in the Cuzco dialect of Quechua.

QUECH 133-134 Continuing Quechua
133, fall; 134, spring. 3 credits each term. Prerequisites: for Quechua 133, Quechua 131 or equivalent; for Quechua 134, Quechua 133 or equivalent. Satisfactory completion of Quechua 134 fulfills the qualification portion of the language requirement. L. Morató-Peña. An intermediate conversation and reading course. Study of the Huarochiri manuscript.

QUECH 136 Quechua Writing Lab
Spring. 1 credit. Prerequisite: concurrent enrollment in Quechua 132 or instructor’s approval. Letter grade only. L. Morató-Peña. Computer-assisted drill and writing instruction in elementary Quechua.

QUECH 300 Directed Studies
Fall or spring. 1-4 credits variable. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. L. Morató-Peña.
Taught on a specialized basis to address particular student needs. Times will be arranged with instructor.

Romance Studies

ROM S 321 History of the Romance Languages (also LING 321)  
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Linguistics 101 or equivalent and qualification in any Romance Language. C. Rosen.  

ROM S 322 History of the Romance Languages (also LING 322)  
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Linguistics 101 or equivalent and qualification in any Romance Language. C. Rosen.  
French, Italian, and Spanish from 850 to 1250 arranged with instructor. Times will be combined with another discipline may also allow a student to undertake preprofessional training for graduate school in law or medicine. Students interested in a Spanish major are encouraged to seek faculty advice as early as possible. For acceptance into the major, students should consult Prof. Debbie Castillo, dac9@cornell.edu, Director of Undergraduate Studies, who will admit them to the major, and choose an adviser from the Spanish faculty. Spanish majors will then work out a plan of study in consultation with their advisers. Previous training and interests as well as vocational goals will be taken into account when the student's program of courses is determined.

All tracks include the following core:

1. **SPANL 311 and 312.**
2. **SPANL 316, 318, and 319 (formerly 315)** (not necessarily in that order)

The Spanish literature option normally includes at least 20 credits of Spanish literature beyond the core courses. Literature majors are strongly urged to include in their programs courses in all the major periods of Hispanic literature.

**Spanish Language Option**  
A combination of literature and linguistics.

Area Studies Option (Spanish, Latin American, or U.S. Latino Studies):  
At least 20 credits of courses at the 300 level and above in any of these focus areas beyond the core, all courses to be approved through consultation with the major adviser. Courses should reflect interdisciplinary interests in the area and may include up to three other academic fields of interest. For example, a student interested in Latin American studies may want to include courses in such fields as Latin American history, government, rural sociology, and economics. Students who want to specialize in U.S. Latino issues may want to include such topics as sociology of Latinos, Latino history, and Latino medical issues in addition to further studies in literature. Students planning on spending a year or semester in Spain (but not exclusively such students) frequently plan their coursework to emphasize Spanish history, art, political economy, and other related fields, such as courses on Islam and Moorish Spain.

All students are encouraged to enrich the major program by including a variety of courses from related fields or by combining Spanish with related fields such as history, philosophy, sociology, anthropology, art, music, classics, English, comparative literature, and other foreign languages and literatures. The interdepartmental programs in Latin American Studies and Latino Studies sponsor relevant courses in a variety of areas.

The J. G. White Prize and Scholarships are available annually to students who achieve excellence in their studies.

**Study Abroad in Spanish.** Cornell, the University of Michigan, and the University of Pennsylvania cosponsor an academic year in Spain program. Students enrolled in this program spend the first month before the fall semester begins in an orientation session at the University of Seville, where they take coursework in Spanish language and culture and take advantage of special lectures and field trips in Andalucia. The College of Arts and Sciences awards three credits for orientation. Once the semester begins, students enroll in regular classes at the University of Seville and at the program's center facility. Center courses are designed for the program and include a seminar offered by the resident director from the faculty of either Cornell, Michigan, or Pennsylvania. Other center courses typically include history of art, history of the Mediterranean region, a literature course, and Spanish composition and syntax. In Seville, students live in private homes and a rich array of cultural activities and excursions are organized every semester. Applicants are expected to have completed at least SPANR 219 (formerly 204) prior to departure. Students are strongly encouraged to study abroad for the entire year rather than one semester. Students interested in the study abroad program should visit Cornell Abroad in 474 Uris (www.einaudi.cornell.edu/cuabroad).

**Study Abroad in Bolivia:** The Summer program in Cochabamba, Bolivia is sponsored by the Latin American Studies Program and accepts both undergraduate and graduate students. Students live with Bolivian families and normally take two courses with Cornell faculty who participate in this program. In addition to course work in Bolivian culture, politics, and social movements, the program features the opportunity to do intensive study in Quechua, the native language spoken by many Bolivians, as well as Spanish, and to participate in research and internships with grass-roots communities, government offices, and businesses.

Honors. Honors in Spanish may be achieved by superior students who want to undertake guided independent research and writing in an area of their choice. Students in the senior year select a member of the Spanish faculty to supervise their work and direct the writing of their honors essay (see Spanish 429–430).

**Language**  
All language courses are offered by the Department of Romance Studies, and Spanish linguistics courses are offered by the Department of Linguistics.

**SPANR 112 Elementary Spanish: Review and Continuation**  
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: LPS score 37–44. M. Rice.  
This course is designed for students who have taken Spanish and who have a placement score of 37–44 or SAT II 370–450. It provides a basic review and then moves on to cover new material for the remainder of the term. Students who have taken Spanish 121 may enroll for this course. As part of the final exam, students take the LPS and, according to their score, may place into Spanish 123 (score below 56) or receive qualification (56 or above), and placement into the 200-level courses.

**SPANR 121–122 Elementary Spanish**  
121, fall and summer; 122, spring. 4 credits each term. Prerequisite: for Spanish 122, Spanish 121. Z. Iguina and staff.  
This course is intended for students with no experience in Spanish. (Students who have previously studied two or more years of Spanish are not eligible for 121 unless they have an LPS score lower than 37 or SAT II lower than 370.) The course provides a thorough grounding in all language skills. Language practice in small groups. Lectures cover grammar, reading, and cultural information. Evening prelims.

**SPANR 123 Continuing Spanish**  
Fall, spring, or summer. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Spanish 112, Spanish 122, or an LPS score 45–55 or SAT II 460–580. M. Rice.  
An all-skills course which requires daily preparation before class and active student participation in class. Includes researching cultural topics of the student's choice, oral presentation, grammar review, audio tapes, video, journal and essay writing, speaking in small groups and authentic readings. Satisfactory completion of Spanish 123 fulfills
the qualification portion of the language requirement. After this course, the student may take 207 of 209.

SPANR 200 Spanish for English/ Spanish Bilinguals (also LSP 202)
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: LPS score 56 or higher, SAT II 590 or higher, CASE placement, or permission of instructor. N. Maldonado-Méndez. A course designed to expand bilingual students' knowledge of Spanish by providing them with ample opportunities to develop and improve each of the basic language skills. Not available to students who have taken Spanish 207 (formerly 213) or 209 (formerly 203).

SPANR 207 Intermediate Spanish for the Medical and Health Professions (formerly 212)
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: qualification in Spanish (Spanish 123, LPS score 56-64, or SAT II 590-680) or permission of instructor. Students who have taken Spanish 209 (formerly 203) or 200 should speak to the instructor. A. Stratakos-Tidó. Conversational grammar review, with dialogues, debates, compositions, and readings on health-related themes. Special attention is given to relevant cultural differences. Fulfills proficiency requirement.

SPANR 209 Intermediate Composition and Conversation I (formerly 203)
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: Spanish 123, LPS score 56-64, or SAT II 590-680. Not available to students who have taken Spanish 207 (formerly 213). Fall, J. Routier-Pucci and staff; spring, M. Rice and staff. Conversational grammar review with special attention to the development of accurate and idiomatic oral and written expression. Includes composition-writing, the reading of Spanish and Spanish American short stories and poetry, and the viewing of several films.

SPANR 218 Introduction to Hispanic Literature @
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: Spanish 200, 207 (formerly 213), or 209 (formerly 203), or CASE Q++ or permission of instructor. This course, or its equivalent, is required for admission to the Cornell Abroad program. E. Dozier and staff. An advanced-intermediate course designed for students who want to go beyond the basic language requirement and further broaden their knowledge of the language and related cultures, as well as improve their comprehension and communication skills. This course guides students to take greater command of their own language-learning process to optimize their continued progress. Includes a strategic focus on specific problems in listening and reading comprehension, and in accurate writing and speaking.

SPANL 218 Introduction to Hispanic Literature @
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: Spanish 200, 207 (formerly 213), or 209 (formerly 203) or CASE Q+. The course is divided into small sections and is taught mainly in Spanish. The literature course that normally follows SPANL 218 is either 316 or 318.) C. Lawless and staff. An intermediate course designed to improve reading, writing, speaking, and comprehension skills in Spanish through the reading and discussion of contemporary literary works of various genres (narrative prose, drama, poetry) from Spain and Spanish America. Emphasis is placed on the development of fluency in reading and of critical and analytical abilities. The cultural, sociological, and aesthetic implications of texts by authors such as Borges, Cortázar, Fuentes, García Márquez, García Lorca, and Cela are considered.

SPANL 239 Cultural History of the Jews of Spain (also NES 239)
Fall. 4 credits. E. Alfonso. For description see NES 239.
SPANL 318 Readings in Modern Spanish American Literature @ Fall or spring. 4 credits. Conducted in Spanish. Prerequisite: Spanish 218, 219 (formerly 204), or CASE Q++, or permission of instructor. Fall. R. Gallo, M. Stycos and E. Sanchez-Blate; spring, R. Gallo and J. Paz Soldán.

Readings and discussion of representative texts of the nineteenth and twentieth centuries from various regions of Spanish America. Among the authors to be considered are Dario, Borges, Garcia Marquez, Camus, the gendered violence of a male-dominated society, and contemporary challenges to this hegemonic structure. Although we will focus on novels, we will also see poems, essays, and short stories. Authors to be studied include: Matté, Alcides and José María Arguedas, Icaza, Vargas Llosa, Bayly. Study-trip to Puerto Rico (see SPANL 416) explore the emergence of modern indigenista cultural and political movements in rural or urban Andean settings. Students must complete one credit for research on a theme related to our study-trip. Early registration for the course and study-trip is recommended.

SPANL 373 Contemporary Spanish Theater @ Fall. 4 credits. Conducted in Spanish. C. Karageorgou-Bastea.

In this course we will approach the specific features of theatrical production during the late nineteenth- and twentieth-century Spain. Authors include: Echegaray, Galdós, Valle-Inclán, Benavente, Lorca, Alberti, and Fernandez-Gomez, among others, we will trace the relationship between discourse, dramatic space, and the audience, and history. We will analyze the specificity of the dramatic genre, the structure of its double textuality, and its implications for readers, spectators, and critics in different works of Spanish playwrights.

SPANL 403 The City as Text (also S HUM 403 and 407) @ Fall. 4 credits. J. Resina.

This seminar will discuss the concept and conventions of 'reading the city', especially in reference to one of the privileged literary
moments in the textual life of the city—modernism. In addition to primary literary texts, readings will deal with the concept of space and the constitution of urban spaces; the space of memory, spaces of contestation, modernity's space, as well as the rise of specifically urban perceptions and experiences.

SPANL 416 Study-Trip to Peru
Spring. 1 credit. Concurrent registration in SPANL 350/450 or SPANL 395 needed. M. A. Garcés and J. Paz Soldán.
A 10-day study-trip to Peru planned around the readings designed for SPANL 350/450 (Literatures of the Conquest) and/or SPANL 395 (Andean Literatures). The course will be team-taught by Professors María Antonia Garcés and José Eduardo Paz-Soldán. Students may choose to examine the vestiges of Inka culture in Cuzco and Machu Picchu, study the Conquest of Peru in situ, or explore the emergence of modern indigenista cultural and political movements in rural or urban Andean settings. Students taking both SPANL 350/450 and SPANL 395 may choose to do their field research for one of these courses only. Lodgings in Lima and Cuzco will be chosen from hotels and boarding houses with special group rates. Discount round-trip air-fares from New York City or Miami should be available for less than $1,000. Applications and information can be obtained from Latin American Studies Program, 190 Uris Hall, tel 255-3545; and from Professors María Antonia Garcés or José Eduardo Paz-Soldán, Department of Romance Studies, Cornell University, Morrill Hall, tel 5-4264, 5-1376 and 5-4766; e-mail: Garcés, mg443@cornell.edu; and Paz-Soldán, jep29@cornell.edu.

SPANL 419-420 Special Topics in Hispanic Literature
419, fall; 420, spring. 2-4 credits each term. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Staff. Guided independent study of specific topics. For undergraduates interested in special problems not covered in courses.

SPANL 424 Spain's Generation of 1927
Spring. 4 credits. C. Karageorgevic-Bastačević. In this course we will analyze the relations between two literary movements, Spain's Generation of 1927 and the Mexican Contemporaneidad. Working with pairs of poets (Rafael Alberti and Gilberto Owen, Jorge Guillén and José Gorostiza, Federico García Lorca and Xavier Villaurrutia) we will explore the different ways in which they conceive the lyric genre, avant-garde phenomena, and the historical and artistic processes of their societies. The course will start by establishing a historical frame for these two generations, in addition to their poetry.

SPANL 429-430 Honors Work in Hispanic Literature
429, fall; 430, spring. 8 credits. Year-long course, R grade fall semester, letter grade spring semester. Limited to seniors with a superior academic record. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. M. A. Garcés.

SPANL 450 Literature of Conquest
Spring. 4 credits. M. A. Garcés. For description, see SPANL 350.

SPANL 455 Cervantes: Don Quijote (also SPANL 355)
Fall. 4 credits. M. A. Garcés. For description, see SPANL 355.

SPANL 468 Poetry of the Golden Age #
Spring. 4 credits. Conducted in Spanish. C. Armengol. Readings from Garcilaso to Quevedo. Reflection on Petrarchism, Neo-Platonism, Canto, Conceptism, Classic stereotypes and originality. Poetry and poetic theory; the emergence of the professional writer in Europe.

SPANL 639-640 Special Topics in Hispanic Literature
639, fall; 640, spring. 2-4 credits each term. Staff.

SPANL 650 Modern Barcelona
Spring. 4 credits. J. R. Resina. Like other European cities, Barcelona expanded beyond its historical perimeter in the middle of the nineteenth century. Since that moment modernization as an ideology has accompanied the city's self-image until the present. Modernity, however, has been claimed by different social players in often agonistic forms. The seminar will review the origins of the literary awareness of modern Barcelona and trace a line of development in the formation of its urban images. Contextual detail will be supplied by inroads into concomitant areas, such as architecture, art history, sociology, and history.

SPANL 692 Borderwork (also COM L 691)
Fall. 4 credits. D. Castillo. This course looks at literary works that emphasize geographical, cultural, and linguistic borders between a Spanish-speaking and a non-Hispanic culture. Emphasis in the class will be on works written from the Spanish side of the divide: writers like René Marqués, Ana Lydia Vega, José Emilio Pacheco, and Mario Vargas Llosa may be included. We will, however, also look at books written in English, and may include works by writers such as Robert Heilman, Emiraldo Santiago, D. H. Lawrence, or José Antonio Burciaga who reflect on a border experience from different racial, geographical, social class, and linguistic backgrounds.

RUSSIAN
P. Carden, director of undergraduate studies [literature], 235 Goldwin Smith Hall, 255-8350; E. W. Browne, L. Paperno, S. Paperno, N. Pollak, S. Senderovich, G. Shapiro, V. Tsimberov.

The Russian Major
Russian majors study Russian language, literature, and linguistics, and emphasize their specific interests. It is desirable, although not necessary, for prospective majors to complete Russian 121-122; 201-202, and 203-204 as freshmen and sophomores, since these courses are prerequisites to most of the junior and senior courses that count toward the major. Students may be admitted to the major upon satisfactory completion of Russian 122 or the equivalent. Students who elect to major in Russian should consult Professor Carden as soon as possible. For a major in Russian, students will be required to complete (1) Russian 301-302 or 303-304 or the equivalent, and (2) 18 credits from 300- and 400-level literature and linguistics courses, of which 12 credits must be in literature in the original Russian.

Certain courses may, with the permission of the instructor, be taken for one additional hour's credit. Such courses will involve a one-hour section each week with work in the Russian language. These courses count one hour each of credit toward the 12 courses of Russian literature in the original language required for the major.

Study Abroad
Cornell is an affiliated institution with the Council on International Educational Exchange program for Russian language study at St. Petersburg State University. Cornell students also frequently attend the American Council of Teachers of Russian program in Moscow and other Russian language programs. Opportunities for study during the summer, a single semester, or the full year are available for students taking honors in Russian. Further information is available from W. Browne, in the Department of Linguistics.

Honors. Students taking honors in Russian undertake individual reading and research and write and honors essay.

Fees. Depending on the course, a small fee may be charged for photocopied texts for course work.

Freshman writing seminar requirement. The following course will satisfy the freshman writing seminar requirement: Russian 104.

Russian Language
For details on all Russian language courses, see: russian.dmll.cornell.edu.

RUSSA 103-104 Conversation Practice
103, fall, 104, spring. 2 credits each term. Must enroll in one section of 103 and one section of 121 in the fall; and one section of 104 and one section of 122 in the spring. L. Paperno.

RUSSA 121-122 Elementary Russian through Film
121, fall or summer; 122, spring or summer. 4 credits each term. May be taken alone and qualification will be achieved with satisfactory completion of 121-122; or may be taken concurrently with 103-104 and qualification will be achieved at completion of 122-104. L. Paperno, S. Paperno, V. Tsimberov, and staff.

A thorough grounding is given in all the language skills: listening, speaking, reading, and writing. Course materials include clips from original Russian films and TV programs.

RUSSA 123 Continuing Russian
Fall. 4 credits. Limited to students who have previously studied Russian or been placed by department. Satisfactory completion of Russian 123 fulfills the qualification portion of the language requirements. L. Paperno, S. Paperno, V. Tsimberov.

A course designed to prepare students for study at the 200 level. Authentic Russian materials are used: TV, books, etc.

RUSSA 203-204 Intermediate Composition and Conversation
203, fall or summer; 204, spring or summer. 3 credits each term. Prerequisites: for Russian 203, qualification in Russian (Russian 123 or placement by department); for Russian 204, Russian 203 or equivalent. Includes a guest lecture by Prof. Gabriell Shapiro. L. Paperno, S. Paperno, V. Tsimberov.
Guided conversation, composition, reading, pronunciation, and grammar review, emphasizing the development of accurate and idiomatic expression in the language. Course materials include video clips from an original Russian feature film and work with Russian web sites.

**RUSSA 205-206  Reading Russian Press**

205, fall; 206, spring. 2 credits each term.
Prerequisite: qualification in Russian (RUSSA 204 or placement by department).
Both semesters must be taken in order to satisfy the proficiency level for the language requirement. This course cannot be used to satisfy the humanities requirement.
L. Paperno, S. Paperno, V. Tsimberov.
Reading unabridged articles on a variety of topics from current Russian periodicals and web pages.

Note: Students placed in the 200-level courses also have the option of taking courses in traditional literary form (Russian 207-208) or separate courses under RUSSA 201 and 202 for descriptions of these courses, any of which may be taken concurrently with the 203-204 and 205-206 language courses described above.

**RUSSA 300 Directed Studies**

Fall or spring. 1-4 credits variable.
Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Staff. Thought on a specialized basis to address particular student needs including native speakers of Russian. Times will be arranged with instructor.

**RUSSA 303-304 Advanced Composition and Conversation**

303, fall; 304, spring. 4 credits each term.
Prerequisites: for Russian 303, Russian 204 or equivalent; for Russian 304, Russian 303 or equivalent L. Paperno, S. Paperno, V. Tsimberov.
Writing, reading, and conversation: viewing and reading authentic language materials; current Russian films (feature and documentary), newspapers, TV programs, Russian web sites, and other materials are used.

**RUSSA 305-306 Directed Individual Study**

305, fall; 306, spring. 2 credits each term.
Prerequisite: placement by the department.

This course is intended for students with special needs (e.g., children of Russian immigrants who speak Russian at home but have not learned to read or write Russian) that cannot be met by any other Russian course.

**RUSSA 309-310 Advanced Reading**

309, fall; 310, spring. 4 credits each term.
Prerequisites: Development of Russian 309, Russian 204; for Russian 310, Russian 309 or equivalent. L. Paperno.
The purpose of the course is to teach advanced reading skills. The weekly reading assignment is 20-40 pages of unabridged Russian prose, mostly non-fiction. The discussion of the reading is conducted entirely in Russian and is centered around the content of the assigned selection.

**RUSSA 401-402 History of the Russian Language (also LING 417-418)**

401, spring; 402, fall. 4 credits each term.
Prerequisites: for Russian 401, permission of instructor; for Russian 402, Russian 401 or equivalent. Offered alternate years. 402 not offered 2000-2001. W. Browne.
Phonological, morphological, and syntactic developments from Old Russian to modern Russian.

**RUSSA 403-404 Linguistic Structure of Russian (also LING 443-444)**

403, fall; 404, spring. 4 credits each term.
Prerequisites: for Russian 403, Linguistics 101 and permission of instructor, for Russian 404, Russian 403 or equivalent. Offered alternate years. 404 not offered 2000-2001. W. Browne.
A synchronic analysis of the structure of modern Russian. Russian 403 deals primarily with morphology and its relation to syntax and 404 with syntax and word order. Topics covered include case theory, the functions of word order, voice, agreement, impersonal constructions, negation, nonuniversal categories, and the relation between morphology and syntax.

**RUSSA 413-414 Advanced Conversation and Stylistics**

413, fall; 414, spring. 2 credits each term.
Prerequisites: for Russian 413, Russian 302-304 or the equivalent, for Russian 414, Russian 413 or equivalent. V. Tsimberov.
Discussion of authentic unabridged Russian texts and films (feature and documentary) in a variety of nonliterary styles and genres.

**RUSSA 415 Old Church Slavic**

Fall. 4 credits. This course is prerequisite to Russian 602. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000-2001. W. Browne.
Grammar and reading of basic texts.

**RUSSA 601 Old Russian Texts**

Grammatical analysis and close reading of Old Russian texts.

**RUSSA 602 Russian for Russian Specialists**

633, fall; 634, spring. 1-4 credits variable.
Prerequisite: 4 years of college Russian. For graduate and advanced undergraduate students. L. Paperno, S. Paperno.
The course is designed for students who specialize in an area of Russian studies requiring fine active control of the language. Fine points of syntax, usage, and style are discussed.

**RUSSA 651-652 Comparative Slavic Linguistics (also LING 671-672)**

651, fall; 652, spring. 2 credits each term.
Prerequisites: for Russian 651, Russian 601 taken previously or simultaneously or permission of instructor, for Russian 652, Russian 651 or permission of instructor. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000-2001. W. Browne.
Sounds and forms of the Slavic languages and of prehistoric common Slavic; main historical developments leading to the modern languages.

**RUSSA 700 Seminar in Slavic Linguistics**

Topics chosen according to the interests of staff and students.

**Russian Literature**

There are a variety of courses: some with readings in English translation, others in the original Russian, or both. The connection between Russian history, society, and literature is particularly close, so instruction and discussion in class often include a variety of topics, such as culture and intellectual history, as well as literature. Several courses are interdisciplinary, sponsored by the departments of History, Economics, Government, Comparative Literature, etc.

**RUSSL 103 Freshman Writing Seminar: Classics of Russian Thought and Literature**

Russian society has always seen its literature as having a mission important to the development of the nation. In this course we will examine Russian literature as it participates in the debate: Who is Russian? We will look in particular at the conflict between the Slavophiles, those who thought Russia had its own unique destiny, and the Westernizers, those who thought Russia should look to the West as a model for its development. We will be reading such Russian authors as Turgeniev, Dostoievsky, Herzen, and Solzhenitsyn in English translation. The course will examine the rhetorical means each author uses to make his argument. All reading is in English translation.

**RUSSL 104 Freshman Writing Seminar: Nineteenth-Century Russian Literary Masterpieces**

Fall. 3 credits. P. Carden.
This course will introduce students to a broad selection of the major short works of the Russian literary tradition. Our emphasis will be on what makes each work interesting as writing, what themes have been particularly interesting to Russians, and how we recognize the distinctive voice of each of the writers we are studying. Among the authors read are Pushkin, Gogol, Turgeniev, and Chekhov.
All reading is in English translation.

**RUSSL 105 Freshman Writing Seminar: Twentieth-Century Russian Literary Masterpieces**

Fall or spring. 3 credits. D. Galloway.
We will read and write about a selection of works from the major Russian literary movements of the twentieth century. The course will concentrate in part on important literary responses to the first Russian Revolution and the Russian Civil War. Authors to be read include Zamyatin, Olesha, Zoshchenko, and Vladimir. Readings in English translation.

**RUSSL 201-202 Readings in Russian Literature**

Fall or spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: qualification in Russian. Open to freshmen. Fall. 201, N. Pollak; spring. 202, G. Shapiro.
201 is prerequisite to 202. Open to freshmen. Separate sections for native and nonnative speakers of Russian, each co-taught by language and literature faculty. For the native speaker section, proficiency in Russian is required. Proficiency is achieved by completing RUSSLA 203 or passing a placement test that is always given a few days before the beginning of the semester and is usually announced on the web site.

**RUSSL 103 Freshman Writing Seminar: Classics of Russian Thought and Literature**

Russian society has always seen its literature as having a mission important to the development of the nation. In this course we will examine Russian literature as it participates in the debate: Who is Russian? We will look in particular at the conflict between the Slavophiles, those who thought Russia had its own unique destiny, and the Westernizers, those who thought Russia should look to the West as a model for its development. We will be reading such Russian authors as Turgeniev, Dostoievsky, Herzen, and Solzhenitsyn in English translation. The course will examine the rhetorical means each author uses to make his argument. All reading is in English translation.
Pushkin, Lermontov, Turgenev, Fet, Tolstoy, Chekhov, and others.

This course is based on lectures, discussions, and audiovisual presentations (slides, tapes, films). Included within its scope are various aspects of Russian culture such as literature, art, music, religion, philosophy, and social thought from its very beginning through the eighteenth century. The course is designed to give undergraduates a broad familiarity with the cultural traditions of the country that plays a major role in the world today. Russian culture will be presented as part of Western civilization with attention given to its distinctive character. The basic texts are literary works of moderate length in English translation.

[RUSSL 208 Themes from Russian Culture] Spring. 3 credits. G. Shapiro.
This course is based on lectures, discussions, and audiovisual presentations (slides, tapes, films). Included within its scope are various aspects of Russian culture such as literature, art, music, religion, philosophy, and social thought from its very beginning through the eighteenth century. The course is designed to give undergraduates a broad familiarity with the cultural traditions of the country that plays a major role in the world today. Russian culture will be presented as part of Western civilization with attention given to its distinctive character. The basic texts are literary works of moderate length in English translation.

[RUSSL 279 The Russian Connection, 1830-1867 (also COM L 279)] Fall. 3 credits. P. Carden.
As Russian prose began to find its voice, it responded with enthusiasm to the European prose tradition. One line of development in the Russian novel began with Rousseau’s division between the needs of individual growth, nourished by solitude and introspection, and the demands of society. Tolstoy’s War and Peace can be read as a summary and testing of the novelistic tradition that grew out of the work of Rousseau, in both European and Russian literature. We will follow the line that leads from Tolstoy’s multifaceted inquiry, beginning with two short novels that set the tone for the introspective novel in the two traditions, Constant’s Adolphe and Lermontov’s Hero of Our Time. Looking at relevant excerpts from a range of European prose writers Rousseau, Musset, Goethe, Stendhal, Thackeray among others, we will think about the possibilities and limitations of the introspective novel as a form, especially as manifested in one of the monuments of the genre, War and Peace.

[RUSSL 280 The Russian Connection, 1870-1960 (also COM L 280)] Spring. 3 credits. P. Carden.
The European novel of introspection developed a second line of inquiry, in some respects counter to the tradition that grew out of the writings of Rousseau. Diderot’s “Rameau’s Nephew” may be taken as emblematic of a novel that goes beyond the European novel of introspection of the writings of Rousseau. Diderot’s “Rameau’s Nephew” may be taken as a summary and testing of the novelistic tradition that grew out of the work of Rousseau, in both European and Russian literature. We will follow the line that leads from Tolstoy’s multifaceted inquiry, beginning with two short novels that set the tone for the introspective novel in the two traditions, Constant’s Adolphe and Lermontov’s Hero of Our Time. Looking at relevant excerpts from a range of European prose writers Rousseau, Musset, Goethe, Stendhal, Thackeray among others, we will think about the possibilities and limitations of the introspective novel as a form, especially as manifested in one of the monuments of the genre, War and Peace.

We will follow up the tradition as Dostoevsky’s influence returns the line to Europe in the works of writers like Camus and Sartre.

An interdisciplinary inquiry into Russian society and its history, designed as an introduction for students not majoring in Russian studies. This course also acts as a synthesis for those who are studying various aspects of Russia in separate disciplines, and is organized into a variety of approaches to Russian language, culture, history, and literature. It aims to teach both basic information and different ways of interpreting that information. Topics will include: the land and the people; doing business in Russia; literary traditions and revolts; Russian national identity; nationalism; persistent cultural traits; religion, history, politics and government; relations with other nations, inside Russia and outside; Jews and Russians, folklore; social matters, customs, values, position of women; education; music, architecture, agriculture and industry, Russian maximalism, regionalism, the ecology; film, TV, theatre, journalism.

[RUSSL 331 Introduction to Russian Poetry #] Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Russian 202 or equivalent and permission of instructor.
This course may be counted toward the 12 credits of Russian literature in the original language for the Russian major.

S. Senderovich.
A survey of Russian poetry with primary emphasis on the analysis of individual poems by major poets.

Selected topics. Discussion of a number of the most representative Russian plays of the nineteenth and twentieth centuries in chronology with the historical period, cultural atmosphere, literary trends, and crucial moments in the history of the Russian theater will be especially emphasized. Among the works we will be studying are Chekhov’s Inspector General, Ostrovsky’s The Storm, and Chekhov’s The Cherry Orchard. All readings will be in English translation. Additional assignments in critical literature will be made for graduate students.

Close readings of lyrics by major twentieth-century poets. All reading is in Russian. Geared towards undergraduates.

[RUSSL 334 The Russian Short Story] Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Russian 202 or equivalent and permission of instructor.
This course may be counted toward the 12 credits of Russian literature in the original language for the Russian major. Also open to graduate students. Not offered 2000–2001. N. Pollak.
A survey of two centuries of Russian story telling. Emphasis on the analysis of individual stories by major writers, on narrative structure, and on related landmarks of Russian literary criticism.

[RUSSL 335 Gogol] Fall. 4 credits. G. Shapiro.
Selected works of Gogol read closely and viewed in relation to his life and to the literature of his time. Readings in English translation.

War and Peace, and Dr. Zhivago are well-known American films relating to Russian literature of the nineteenth and twentieth centuries. Russian literature has been a matter of great interest both in the West and East. A clear cut practice of cultural translation is presented by film versions of Russian literary masterpieces. We will perform a comparative analysis of these films, which will provide an excellent opportunity for discussing problems of translation between various media and of cultural translation.

A major philosophical tradition has conceived of education as encompassing the whole of our lives. What we should do or be is seen as the result of every choice we make. The whole of our human context is understood as a school in which we form ourselves. This all-encompassing vision of education has been embodied in the works of the great philosopher-fantasts who use the forms of fiction to explore fundamental issues of education. In this course we will examine several key philosophical fantasies, among them Plato’s Republic, Rousseau’s Emile, and Tolstoy’s War and Peace. Our aim will be to understand how the discourse on education became a central part of our Western tradition.

[RUSSL 367 The Russian Novel (also COM L 367)] # Fall. 4 credits. Special discussion section section for students who read Russian. N. Poliak.
S. Senderovich.
Spring. 4 credits. Special discussion section section for students who read Russian. N. Poliak.
Spring. 4 credits. Special discussion section section for students who read Russian. N. Poliak.
Staff.

A major philosophical tradition has conceived of education as encompassing the whole of our lives. What we should do or be is seen as the result of every choice we make. The whole of our human context is understood as a school in which we form ourselves. This all-encompassing vision of education has been embodied in the works of the great philosopher-fantasts who use the forms of fiction to explore fundamental issues of education. In this course we will examine several key philosophical fantasies, among them Plato’s Republic, Rousseau’s Emile, and Tolstoy’s War and Peace. Our aim will be to understand how the discourse on education became a central part of our Western tradition.

[RUSSL 368 Russian Literature from 1917 to the Present] Spring. 4 credits. Also open to graduate students. No prerequisites. There will be a special section for students who read Russian. Not offered 2000–2001. Staff.
In translation. A survey of Russian literature focusing on the most important writers. Among the themes to be explored will be Russian Modernism, social command, socialist realism, the Thaw, dissident and emigre literature, post-modernism. Writers include Blok, Mayakovsky, Babel, Olesha, Platonov, Pasternak, Nabokov, Solzhenitsyn, the two Erofeevs, and contemporary women poets and short story writers.

S. Senderovich.
A major philosophical tradition has conceived of education as encompassing the whole of our lives. What we should do or be is seen as the result of every choice we make. The whole of our human context is understood as a school in which we form ourselves. This all-encompassing vision of education has been embodied in the works of the great philosopher-fantasts who use the forms of fiction to explore fundamental issues of education. In this course we will examine several key philosophical fantasies, among them Plato’s Republic, Rousseau’s Emile, and Tolstoy’s War and Peace. Our aim will be to understand how the discourse on education became a central part of our Western tradition.

S. Senderovich.
Reading and discussion of Anton Chekhov’s short stories in the context of the European art
of the short story and painting of that era. The course is designed for nonspecialists as well as literature majors. All reading is in English translation.

RUSSL 385 Reading Nabokov (also COM L 385 and ENGL 379)
Fall. 4 credits. G. Shapiro.
This course offers an exciting trip to the interior world of Nabokovian fiction. After establishing himself in Europe as a distinguished Russian writer, Nabokov, at the outbreak of the Second World War, fled to the United States where he reestablished himself, this time as an American writer of world renown. In our analysis of the Nabokovian artistic universe, we shall focus on two splendid achievements as a Russian writer, The Defense (1930) and Despair (1934) (both in their English form), and then examine the two widely read novels that he wrote in Ithaca while teaching literature at Cornell—Lolita (1955) and Pnin (1957).

RUSSL 393 Honors Essay Tutorial
Fall and spring. 8 credits. Most be taken in two consecutive semesters in senior year. Credit for the first semester will be awarded upon completion of second semester. For information, please see Director of Undergraduate Studies.

RUSSL 409 Russian Stylistics
Spring. 4 credits. Also open to graduate students. Prerequisite: 3 years of Russian. S. Senderovich.
A few steps beyond normative grammar. Introduction to the subtleties of idiomatic Russian on the levels of morphology, syntax, vocabulary, and phraseology. Introduction to the genres of live colloquial and written language. Development of writing skills through short assignments and their analyses. First notions of literary stylistics and their practical application.

RUSSL 415 Post-Symbolist Russian Poetry
We will examine works by three poets in the first quarter of the century: Innokentij Aizenstock, the Symbolist whom the Acmeists considered their mentor, Ossip Mandelstam, a founding Acmeist, and Boris Pasternak, associated, at least for a time, with the Futurists. Through close readings of their verse and also critical prose and manifestoes, we will attempt to determine some of the general features that link poets of such diverse orientations in the years following the crisis of Symbolism. We will also outline the features that distinguish them as representative of their respective movements.

RUSSL 425 Vladimir Nabokov vs. Jean-Paul Sartre (also COM L 445)
Jean-Paul Sartre reviewed Nabokov’s Despair in 1938. Ten years later Nabokov returned the favor in his review of the French translation of Sartre’s La Naiss. The apparent tension between the two celebrated men of European letters of the twentieth century allows us to look at the works of both through the eyes of the other. To go into the problems of Existentialist philosophy, into Nabokov’s brand of it, and into responses to Sartre in Nabokov’s works. The latter gives an excellent yet unexplored approach to the poetic world of Vladimir Nabokov. Nabokov’s major response to Sartre occurred in the novel Pnin written in Ithaca and largely about Cornell.

RUSSL 427 Russian Formalism (also COM L 427)
This is a course on Russian Formalism, a trend in literary interpretation that flourished in the 1910s and the first part of the 1920s. We will read the writings of such scholars as Tynjanov, El’kin, Scheklovsky, and Jakobson, as well as to works they studied. The course provides a historical examination of a school that gave rise to some of the most important movements in twentieth-century Western criticism—and in other disciplines, such as linguistics and anthropology. The course also provides both a look at classics of Russian prose and an approach to literature that has something to offer readers today. No knowledge of Russian is required.

RUSSL 430 Practice in Translation
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: proficiency in Russian on the levels of morphology, syntax, vocabulary, and phraseology. Translation of mostly from Russian to English, partly from English to Russian. Attention to problems and development of skills.

RUSSL 431 Contemporary Russian Prose
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Russian 301–302 or 303–304, and permission of instructor. The course counted towards the 12 credits of Russian literature in the original language for the Russian major. Graduate students may audit the course. Not offered 2000–2001. Staff.
This course is designed to acquaint students with the way Russian prose has developed during the past 40 years. Although the emphasis will be on comprehension of the text, we will also discuss literary structure, modern literary history, social and political problems, and the ways in which life in Russia is reflected in its literature. Authors to be read include Viktor Nekrasov, Yuri Kazakov, Alexander Solzhenitsyn, Varlam Shalamov, Aihmet Tursun, Svetlana Aksyonov, and Tatiana Tolstaya. This course is specifically intended for third- and fourth-year Russian majors.

RUSSL 432 Pushkin #
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: Russian 202 or equivalent, and permission of instructor. This course may be counted towards the 12 credits of Russian literature in the original language for the Russian major. Not offered 2000–2001. S. Senderovich.
Reading in the original language and discussion of selected works by Pushkin: lyrics, narrative poems, and Eugene Onegin.

RUSSL 441 Bakhtin as Reader (also RUSSL 641; COM L 641)
The course will investigate the literary and cultural theories of Mikhail Bakhtin, focusing in particular on his interpretations of literary texts. We will read a representative selection of works by Bakhtin covering the chronological development of his ideas. Each member of the class will select one or more of the literary texts commented on by Bakhtin as an occasion for independent work. A reading knowledge of Russian is not required although Russian readers may have alternate assignments in the language.

RUSSL 445 Batiashvishvili and Pasternak
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: at least one 300-level course in Russian literature in the original, or permission of the instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. N. Pollak.
A study of the works of Konstantin Batiashvishvili (b. 1787) and Boris Pasternak (b. 1890), two poets who have been described as innovators in Russian poetic language. We will examine the poetry (and prose) of these poets and some of their contemporaries, with a view to exploring their parallel roles in two ages of poetry a century apart.

RUSSL 460 Short Works of Tolstoy and Dostoevsky
Readings in Russian and in translation. Open to graduate students.

RUSSL 491 Reading Course: Russian Literature in the Original Language
Fall or spring. 1–4 credit each term. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Staff.
This course is to be taken in conjunction with any Russian literature course in English translation. Students will receive one credit for reading and discussing works in Russian in addition to their normal course work.

RUSSL 492 Supervised Reading in Russian Literature
Fall or spring. 1–4 credits each term. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Staff.

RUSSL 499 The Avant-Garde in Russian Literature and the Arts
Spring. 4 credits. Open to any student who has completed a second-year course in Russian, or who has equivalent reading skills in Russian. May be used in satisfaction of the 12 hours of reading required for the Russian major. P. Carden.
The first decades of the twentieth century was perhaps the richest period ever in Russian literature and the arts. It begins with the brilliant experimentation in poetry and prose of Andrei Bely, Blok, Remizov, and others. It continues with the breakthroughs in painting and sculpture of Malevich, Goncharova, Tatlin, etc. In the second decade the rambunctious Futurists take over in literature and establish a compact with theater and the visual arts in which all the art forms break down the barriers to produce a new kind of art. During this period Russian artists in every medium were on the cutting edge of the European art scene. After the Revolution Russian artists and writers of the avant-garde continued their dominance for a time, now including the developing medium of film.

In this course we will be open to representative Russian texts by the major authors of the period and we will also investigate developments in the theater and visual arts.

Graduate Seminars

RUSSL 640 Graduate Seminar: Neglected Masterpieces of Short Russian Prose
Nineteenth- and twentieth-century works chosen according to the needs of the students enrolled. Stress on skills useful in teaching Russian literature.

RUSSL 611 Supervised Reading and Research
Fall or spring. 2-4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of the department. Staff.

RUSSL 617-618 Russian Stylistics I and II

RUSSL 619 Seventeenth-Century Russian Literature
G. Shapiro.
Seventeenth-century Russian literature is often studied together with Medieval literature. Is such an arrangement justified, or does seventeenth-century literature have its own problematic that makes it worthy studying separately? In scholarship the seventeenth century is referred to as the Age of Baroque. Did Muscovite Russia experience its own Baroque, and, if so, what are its unique features? These and other important issues will be addressed in the seminar. In the course of the seminar a variety of texts, genres, and themes characteristic for the epoch will be discussed. We will read the works of such authors as Simeon Polotsky, Silvestre Medvedev, Karion Istromin, and the archpriest Avvakum.

RUSSL 620 Twentieth-Century Russian Poetry
An in-depth study of the writings of selected twentieth-century poets. Authors may include Blok, Mandelstam, Pasternak, Tsvetayeva, and Khlebnikov.

RUSSL 621 Old Russian Literature
S. Senderovich.
A survey.

RUSSL 622 Eighteenth-Century Literature
S. Senderovich.

RUSSL 624 Russian Romanticism
A survey of concepts, themes, genres, and main individual contributions in Russian literature of the Age of Romanticism. The Age of Romanticism encompasses the first four decades of the nineteenth century. Zhukovsky, Batiushkov, Pushkin, Baratynsky, Gogol, and Lermontov are the major representatives of this style and the most important period of Russian literature. The emphasis is on poetry, its historical and theoretical problems. It was, above all, the golden age of Russian poetry, which prepared and deeply influenced the following age of great Russian prose. Turgeney, Tolstoy, Dostoevsky, and Chekhov are full of allusions to the texts of the golden age and cannot be properly understood without it.

RUSSL 625 Russian Realism
P. Carden.
A study of the development of psychological realism in Russian prose of the nineteenth century, with some attention to the poetic tradition. In addition to reading representative works, we will pay attention to the historical background of the period. We will approach the works through the critical writings of several important theorists, in particular those of Lyudmila Ginzburg.

RUSSL 626 The Tradition of Russian Poetry
N. Pollak.
This course will examine a selection of poems that have been particularly important for the tradition of Russian literature in the nineteenth and twentieth centuries. Our focus will include critical and literary responses to these poems as well as close readings.

RUSSL 627 Russian Formalism (also COM L 627)
N. Pollak.
See RUSSL 427 for course description.

RUSSL 630 Gogol
G. Shapiro.
Gogol's artistic career from his "Ukrainian" cycles to Dead Souls. We will examine representative works from each of the major divisions of Gogol's early work, in particular from his cycles Evenings on a Farm near Dibanka and Mirgorod, and will trace the writer's development toward his magnum opus, Dead Souls. Although some of the readings will be done in English to enable the class to cover a significant amount of material, the class work will be focused on close analysis of the Russian text.

RUSSL 641 Bakhtin as Reader (also COM L 641)
P. Carden.

RUSSL 650 Russian Intellectual History
S. Senderovich.
Nineteenth- and twentieth-century selected topics. Taught mostly in English.

RUSSL 669 Dostoievsky
Study of representative works from various periods of Dostoievsky's life, including some articles, speeches, and parts of The Diary of a Writer, against the context of nineteenth-century Western European and Russian literature. A variety of critical and scholarly approaches (from Russian Formalists to recent Western scholars) will be sampled and evaluated.

RUSSL 671 Seminar in Nineteenth-Century Russian Literature
P. Carden.
Topic: War and Peace.

RUSSL 672 Seminar in Twentieth-Century Russian Literature
Staff.

RUSSL 673 The Russian Nabokov
Fall. 4 credits. Also open to advanced undergraduates. Not offered 2000-2001.
G. Shapiro.
Vladimir Nabokov wrote much verse, several plays, numerous short stories, and nine novels in Russian before switching to English. He is a major Russian writer of the twentieth century. This seminar will examine his work in the context of modern Russian literature, concentrating in particular on the novels. Knowledge of Russian is highly desirable, but all the works discussed also exist in English translation.

RUSSL 675 Russian Literature, 1917-1945
This semester will focus on the achievements of Russian prose between the two World Wars. Among the authors whose works will be closely read and discussed, there are Babel, Olesha, Zoshchenko, Ilf and Petrov, Bulgakov, and Nabokov.

RUSSL 676 Russian Literature, 1945-Present

RUSSL 698 Russian Symbolism
P. Carden.
Around 1886 the trends in French culture represented by Baudelaire and Mallarme crystallized into a new cultural movement, called in some of its aspects the Decadence and in others Symbolism. The new sentiments about the nature of art spread throughout Europe, drawing in England, the Scandinavian countries, Germany, and Russia. The first stirrings of Symbolism were in the ascendant in Russian cultural life and it remained the dominant force until 1910. Our task will be to study the phenomenon of Symbolism as it touched the arts in Russia, including not only literature, but dance, theater, and the visual arts. Because Symbolism was a movement that cut across national boundaries, we will study the seminal works of European art that created the climate in which Russian Symbolism was conceived and came to maturity.

RUSSL 699 Russian Modernism
P. Carden.
We will be investigating the rich and innovative period of the avant-garde in Russia from 1910 to 1925. In addition to examining outstanding works in a variety of forms, we will look at the movements, social context, and ties to the European avant-garde. Among the writers whose works we will examine are Blok, Bely, Mayakovsky, Khlebnikov, Pilnyak, and Babel. We will examine theater through the Futurist performance piece, "Victory Over the Sun," through Meyerhold's productions of Mayakovsky's plays and other experimental pieces, and through mass spectacles. We will discuss the film theories of Eisenstein and Dziga Vertov and see several of their films. In the visual arts we will be examining the experiments of Larionov and Goncharova, Malevich, Kandinsky, and Tatlin. We will also look at the photomontage of Rodchenko.
Related Languages

Czech

[CZECH 300 Directed Studies
Fall or spring. 1-4 credits variable. Preerequisite: permission of instructor. Taught on a specialized basis to address particular student needs. Times will be arranged with instructor.]

Hungarian

[HUNGR 300 Directed Studies
Fall or spring. 1-4 credits variable. Prequisite: permission of instructor. Taught on a specialized basis to address particular student needs. Times will be arranged with instructor.]

[SEBCR 427 Structure of Hungarian (also LING 427)
Fall. 4 credits. Prequisite: LING 101 or equivalent. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000-2001. W. Browne. For description, see Linguistics.]

Polish

[POLSH 131-132 Elementary Polish
131, fall; 132, spring. 3 credits each term. Prerequisite: for Polish 131, Polish 130 or equivalent. This language series (131-132) is not sufficient to satisfy the language requirement. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000-2001. W. Browne. Covers all language skills: speaking, listening, comprehension, reading, and writing.]

[SEBCR 133-134 Continuing Serbo-Croatian
133, fall; 134, spring. 3 credits each term. Prerequisite: for Serbo-Croatian 132. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000-2001. W. Browne. An intermediate conversation and reading course.]

[SEBCR 300 Directed Studies
Fall or spring. 1-4 credits variable. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Taught on a specialized basis to address particular student needs. Times will be arranged with instructor.]

[UKRAN 427-428 Elementary Ukrainian
Fall. 4 credits. Prequisite: LING 101 or equivalent. Offered alternate years. W. Browne.

Ukrainian

[UKRAN 300 Directed Studies
Fall or spring. 1-4 credits variable. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Taught on a specialized basis to address particular student needs. Times will be arranged with instructor.]

SANSKRIT

See Department of Russian.

SERBO-CROATIAN

See Department of Russian.

SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY STUDIES


The major in Science & Technology Studies offers students the opportunity to pursue careers in such fields as law, public policy, health care, journalism, or management. Students who select the major develop an appreciation of the place of science and technology in society. The curriculum provides a strong foundation in the historical, social, political, and ethical aspects of science and technology and prepares students to participate effectively in policy debates and decision making. Students are organized into three areas: history, philosophy, and social studies of science and technology.

Themes of the Major

Students in the S&TS major develop a program individually tailored to their particular interests. To give their coursework a coherent focus, students select a theme that draws together a group of related courses. Available themes include:

1. Science, Technology, and Public Policy

Many of the most important policy issues of our time involve science and technology. This theme offers students an opportunity to gain a deep appreciation of the problems this situation raises in democratic societies. Through courses that survey the place of science in American politics and through courses that focus on such substantive issues as national technology policy or the politics of genetic engineering, this theme explores the tensions between expertise and democracy, the uses of scientific knowledge in making and legitimating policy, social movements that question technology and science, and contemporary debates over economics, innovation, and technology policy.

2. Technology, Culture, and Society

Students interested in this theme may examine the connections between technology and society by studying the manifold ways in which social groups (scientists, engineers, inventors, corporations, government agencies, and consumers) interact to construct technological artifacts and systems, and how the use of these artifacts and systems is related to social and cultural change. Areas of particular interest are: computers and society, the military and technological change, gender and technology, biotechnology and society, and telecommunications policy.

3. Environment, Science, and Society

By focusing on the relationship between scientific knowledge and political power, this theme offers unique insights into the making and implementation of environmental policy. Courses are available on such topics as American environmental politics, international environmental policy, science and the law, the history of agricultural science, and environmental communication. Students explore the causes and consequences of environmental controversies, the nature of risk and uncertainty in environmental issues, the roles of experts and the public in environmental decisions, and the challenges of global environmental policy.

4. History and Philosophy of Science and Technology

This theme provides students with an appreciation of science and technology in historical perspective and with an understanding of the philosophical problems posed by scientific knowledge. Courses available range from broad surveys to intensive studies of focused subjects. Students in this theme...
address such topics as the emergence of modern science; gender and science; the goal of achieving valid knowledge and the philosophical and institutional problems that this entails; the issues for history and philosophy of science raised by the new sociology of scientific knowledge; the relationship between knowledge, technology, and ethics; and the impact of major institutions—such as religion, medicine, the military, and the modern consumer economy—on the development of the sciences.

Beyond the four themes described above, S&TS majors may also create their own themes, carefully tailored to their particular interests. Examples might include "Computers, Innovation, and Society" or "Science, Technology, and Globalization."

**Admission to the Major**

Students intending to major in Science & Technology Studies should submit an application during their sophomore year. Juniors are considered on a case-by-case basis. The application includes (1) a one-page statement explaining the student's intellectual interests and why the major is consistent with the student's academic interests and goals; (2) the theme the student wishes to pursue in the major; (3) a tentative plan of courses fulfilling S&TS requirements; and (4) an up-to-date transcript of work completed at Cornell University (and elsewhere, if applicable).

Acceptance into the major requires completion of the following prerequisites: (a) two introductory courses chosen from some combination of history, philosophy, sociology, or government; (b) the science requirement of the College of Arts and Sciences; and (c) mathematics or computer science courses in fulfillment of the Arts College Group Two distribution requirement. Sophomores in the process of completing these prerequisites may be admitted to the major on a provisional basis. Further information and application materials are available at 275 Clark Hall (255-6047).

**Requirements**

S&TS majors must complete the following requirements:

1. Core courses: Science & Technology Studies majors will be required to take:
   (a) one of the following: S&TS 233 (Agriculture, History, and Society), S&TS 250 (Technology in Society), S&TS 281 (Science in Western Civilization), S&TS 282 (Science in Western Civilization), or S&TS 283 (The Sciences in the Twentieth Century); and
   (b) S&TS 261 (Philosophy of Science: Knowledge and Objectivity), or S&TS 269 (Philosophy of Science: Evidence and Explanation), or S&TS 201 (What is Science? An Introduction to Social Studies of Science and Technology); and
   (c) S&TS 390 (Science in the American Past, 1800-1950), S&TS 391 (Science in the American Polity: 1950-Now), or S&TS 442 (Sociology of Science).

2. Additional Science and Technology Studies courses: Science and Technology Studies majors will be required to complete at least 21 credit hours of additional courses in Science and Technology Studies, subject to the following restrictions:
   (a) Breadth requirement: at least one course beyond the core courses in each of the three areas of concentration established by philosophy and social studies of science and technology;
   (b) Depth requirement: at least two courses in one area beyond the core courses and intended for advanced undergraduates or graduate students.

3. Science Requirement: in addition to the science requirement of the College of Arts and Sciences, Science and Technology Studies majors are required to take an additional two semesters of a natural science or engineering (including computer science). Mathematics sufficient to follow the additional science requirement should be completed before undertaking that requirement. Choice of these courses should be made in consultation with the student’s major adviser and should be related to the theme selected by the student.

**The Honors Program**

The honors program is designed to provide independent research opportunities for academically talented S&TS majors. Students who enroll in the honors program are expected to do independent study and research, with faculty guidance, on issues in science and technology studies. Students who participate in the program should find the experience stimulating and rewarding whether or not they intend to pursue a research career. S&TS majors are considered for entry into the honors program at the end of the second semester of the junior year. More information on the honors program is available from the S&TS undergraduate office at 275 Clark Hall (255-6047).

**The Biology & Society Major**

The Department of Science & Technology Studies also offers the Biology & Society major, which includes faculty from throughout the university. The Biology & Society major is designed for students who wish to combine the study of biology with exposure to perspectives from the social sciences and humanities. In addition to providing a foundation in biology, biology and society students obtain background in the social dimensions of modern biology and in the biological dimensions of contemporary social issues.

The Biology & Society major is offered to students enrolled in the College of Arts and Sciences, the College of Human Ecology, and the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences. The major is coordinated for students in all colleges through the Biology & Society Office. Students can get information, specific course requirements, and application procedures for the major from the office in 275 Clark Hall, 255-6047.

A full description of the Biology & Society major can be found in the Courses of Study section entitled Special Programs and Interdisciplinary Studies.
biles, outbreaks of rare diseases, and nuclear waste disposal.

**History**

[S&T 233 Agriculture, History, and Society: From Squanto to Biotechnology](Fall. 3 credits. M. W. Rossiter.)

This course will survey the major themes in the development of agriculture and agribusiness in the United States in the nineteenth and twentieth centuries. These include particular individuals (such as Liberty Hyde Bailey, Luther Burbank, G. W. Carver, Henry A. Wallace, and Norman Borlaug), the rise of government support and institutions (including U.S.D.A. and Cornell), transformative events (the Dust Bowl, World War II, and the environmental movement), and the achievements of the recent Green and “Gene” Revolutions.

[S&T 250 Technology in Society (also ELE E 250 and HIST 250)]


For description, see ENGRG 250.

[S&T 281 Science in Western Civilization (also HIST 261)]


For description, see HIST 281.

[S&T 282 Science in Western Civilization (also HIST 282)]

Fall. 4 credits. M. Dennis.

For description, see HIST 282.

[S&T 283 The Sciences in the Twentieth-Century (also HIST 280)]

Spring. 4 credits. M. Dennis.

Science emerged as a powerful source of social, economic, and political power during the twentieth century. Through an examination of the development of the sciences—physical and biomedical—during the twentieth century students will learn about the reciprocal relations between science and society. Topics covered may include: the rise and development of quantum mechanics; the emergence of Big Science; the history of the sciences in totalitarian nations, especially the former Soviet Union, Nazi Germany, and Communist China; the evolutionary synthesis; the rise and fall of molecular biology; the multiple forms of eugenics; the transformation of the social sciences; the role of new technologies in scientific change, especially computer and communication technology; the growth of science as a profession; and the development of science in non-western cultures.

[S&T 287 Evolution (also HIST 287)]

Fall. 4 credits. W. Provine.

For description, see BIO G 207.

[S&T 292 Inventing an Information Society (also ELE E 298 and ENGRG 298 and HIST 292)]


For description, see ENGRG 298.

[S&T 355 Computers: From Babbage to Gates]


Computers have not always been the ubiquitous beige boxes gracing our desktops: in Victorian London, Charles Babbage attempted to build his analytical engine using brass gears and steel rods, and during World War II the Allied governments used sophisticated electronic and electronic "brains" to break Axis codes. Machines that once occupied entire rooms now travel in knapsacks. How did this technology, once considered esoteric and useful to only technical specialists, colonize industry, academia, the military, the federal government, and the home? Using primary historical materials, including novels, films, archival documents, and other texts we will follow computers from Babbage's Victorian dream of an analytical engine to the visions of contemporary moguls like Bill Gates whose goal is "information at your fingertips." We will explore not only how computer technology affects society, but how culture and politics enable and sustain the development of the machine. This is a course in the history and sociology of computers, a background in computer science is not required. (No technical knowledge of computer use is presumed or required.)

[S&T 423 Technology, Colonialism, and Development #]

One time offering fall 2000. 4 credits. K. Oslund.

This seminar will explore the role of technology in the history of European colonialism. Many have argued that the technological advances made by Western Europeans during the Industrial Revolution paved the way for imperialism and colonialism overseas, as these developments assured the military superiority of Europeans over non-Europeans. Other scholars have found this argument overly deterministic, and stress the importance of nonmilitary technologies in the process of colonialism. We will examine an early-modern account of a European relationship with technology in a non-European setting, move on to examine various perspectives of historians of technology, and explore the connections between an earlier colonialism and the post-World War II discussion of development.

[S&T 424 A Natural History of the Ice, Polar Exploration from the Eighteenth to the Twentieth Century #]

One time offering spring 2001. 4 credits. K. Oslund.

This seminar will trace the history of polar exploration from the eighteenth-century Danish missionaries settling in Greenland, to the search for the Northwest Passage, the race for the North and South Poles, and the Cook- Peary dispute over the claim for the North Pole: What have been the motivations for polar exploration over the centuries? How were costly expeditions launched with the aim of finding something as economically "useless" as the North and South Poles justified? Were there "national" styles of polar exploration? How does the story of polar exploration illuminate issues of nationalism and national identity? These questions and others will be discussed.

[S&T 444 Historical Issues of Gender and Science (also WOMNS 444)]


One-semester survey of women's role in science and engineering from antiquity to the 1980s, with special emphasis on the United States in the twentieth century. Readings will include biographies and autobiographies of prominent women scientists, educational writings and other primary sources, and recent historical and sociological studies. By the end of the semester, we will have a broad view of the problems that have faced women entering science and those that still remain.

[S&T 447 Seminar in the History of Agriculture Sciences]

Fall. 4 credits. M. Rossiter.

This course is a one-semester survey of the general topic of the history of scientific agriculture, broadly defined, worldwide. It seeks to cover some of the best of the more recent literature on this topic. Depending on the interests of the students, topics may include Amish culture, the Hoover Dam, the Green Revolution, farm women and technology, particular scientists or crops, innovations, and epidemics.

[S&T 525 Seminar in the History of Technology (also HIST 525)]


Exploration of the history of technology in Europe and the United States from the eighteenth century to the present. Typical topics include the industrial revolution in Britain, the emergence of engineering as a profession, military support of technological change, labor and technology, the "incorporation" of science and engineering, technological utopias, cultural myths of engineers and inventors, social aspects of urbanization in the city and on the farm, post-war consumerism, and gender and technology. The interests of students and recent literature in the field will be considered in selecting the topics for the seminar.

[S&T 616 Enlightened Science (also HIST 616)]


For description, see HIST 616.

[S&T 644 Topics in the History of Women in Science (also WOMNS 644)]

Spring. 4 credits. M. W. Rossiter.

This is a one-semester graduate seminar on selected topics in the history of women and gender in science and technology, covering mostly the U.S. in the 20th century but broadly defined to include earlier periods and other countries. It seeks to acquaint advanced students with some of the best recent literature on this topic and to identify and explore possible new topics. Weekly readings and a research paper.
confirmation of Einstein’s theory of relativity, another week we may hear about crop circles and parapsychology.

Throughout, we will be looking at the changing nature of science and technology—"help that scientists, engineers, and their textbooks take for granted. No particular science or arts requirements are needed for this course. The materials are chosen so as to be understandable by all. We will use a variety of media, including still images, video, and computer simulations.

S&T 285 Communication in the Life Sciences (also COMM 285)
Spring. 3 credits. B. Lewenstein
For description, see COMM 285.

[S&T 311 Sociology of Medicine
Staff.
This course provides an introduction to the ways in which medical practice, biomedical technology, and the medical profession are embedded in society and shaped by social phenomena. Accountability to patients and the public, and struggles over the control of medical practice in a world where medicine is connected to gender, class, race, and personal autonomy are important overarching themes. We will examine the structure of the medical profession, medical training and professional socialization, the social organization of the hospital, and doctor-patient interactions. The course will also explore how biomedical knowledge and technology get produced, assessed, and introduced into clinical practice. Topics may include the intensive care unit, the training of surgeons, the regulation of pharmaceuticals, AIDS and breast cancer activism, genetic testing, and priority setting in biomedical science.

S&T 324 Environment and Society (also R SOC 324 and SOC 324)
Spring. 3 credits. L. Glenn
For description, see R SOC 324.

S&T 350 Atomic Consequences: The Incorporation of Nuclear Weapons in Postwar America (also GOVT 305, AM ST 350)
Spring. 4 credits. M. Dennis.
This course will explicate the development of atomic weapons from early twentieth-century ruminations about super bombs in science fiction through the Manhattan Project, the postwar development of thermonuclear weapons and civil defense, and more recent plans for strategic defense. Our focus will expand to cover the lives of researchers at such institutions as Los Alamos during and after World War II, and the problems posed by the classification of technical knowledge. We will seek to understand how the bomb became part of American culture through the use of literature and film, as well as readings in primary historical documents and secondary analyses. In addition to class meetings, there is also a required screening session on W 7–10 p.m. in Uris media room b. Films will generally last less than two hours, but some are longer. Viewing the movies is an essential part of the course.

Social Studies of Science

S&T 201 What is Science? An Introduction to the Social Studies of Science and Technology (also SOC 22 210)
Spring. 3 credits. J. Reppy.
This course is not a science or engineering course. It is not an introduction to science and technology. It is a course that allows both science and non-science majors to reflect a little on the nature of science and technology as activities. Why is science so successful? Has it always been that way? How different really is science from other activities? How does a new invention come about?
In order to understand better what science is we will also look at what it is not. We will look at episodes of mainstream science, along with science from the X-Files. One week students may study what went on in the
judgments in legal and legislative settings, intellectual property considerations in science and medicine, and legal and political oversight of scientific research. The final part of the course examines social processes and practices in legal institutions, and relates these to specific cases of scientific and technological controversy. Lectures and assignments are designed to acquaint students with relevant ideas about the relationship between legal, political, and scientific institutions, and to encourage independent thought and research about specific problems covered in the course.


In this seminar, we will treat music and sound and the ways they are produced and consumed as objects of historical and cultural study. We will be concerned to investigate specifically the way that music and sound are related to technology and how such technologies and sounds have been shaped by and have in turn shaped the wider society and culture of which they are a part. We will look at the history of sound technologies like the phonograph, the electronic music synthesizer, samplers, and the Sony walkman. Our perspective will be drawn from cultural studies of science and technology. Students will be encouraged to carry out a small original research project on their own favorite sound technology.


Should the human genome be treated as private property or a public resource? How should copyright be managed in the digital environment of the Internet? Is music "sampling" high-tech theft or artistic expression? Does bioprospecting represent an enlightened strategy for preserving biodiversity or a post-colonial means for transforming the wider societies from the developing world to the North? Debate about the nature and scope of intellectual property is an increasingly salient feature of contemporary politics. This course examines the ownership of knowledge and technology, exploring fundamental tensions that intellectual property systems express and incompletely reconcile. Perspectives from science and technology studies, sociology, law, and economics will inform the course. Case studies will explore the construction of property in contexts ranging from the early history of copyright to the ownership of life forms, airwaves, algorithms, artistic content, electronic databases, and the personal identities of celebrities.

[S&T 427 Politics of Environmental Protection in America (also GOVT 427)] Fall. 4 credits. Not offered 2000–2001. Staff.

An introduction to the distinctive feature of environmental politics in America, focusing particularly on the role of law, science, and citizen activism in public policymaking. Readings from law, political science, and policy analysis will examine the changing role of expert agencies, courts, public interest groups, Congress, and the states in environmental politics since the late 1960s. Case studies of specific environmental controversies (nuclear power, siting, pesticides, endangered species) will be used to explore dominant public conceptions of risk and safety, regulatory costs and benefits, and the goals and instruments of environmental policy.

[S&T 438 Minds, Machines, and Intelligence (also COGST 438)] Spring. 4 credits. H. Mialot.

Do machines think? Do they have minds? Are they intelligent? What can humans do that machines can't do and vice versa? How do humans use machines and how do machines use humans? In this course we will focus on how philosophers such as Turing, Searle, Dreyfus, etc. have dealt with these questions. At the same time, however, we will also be concerned with trying to rethnk the themes raised by these thinkers in light of social scientists who have studied how people and machines interact in specific (local) contexts, as for example, in a plane's cockpit or on the Internet. Topics may also include virtual surgery, speech recognition, and expert systems in medicine.

[S&T 442 The Sociology of Science (also CRP 442, B & SO 342, and SOC 342)] Fall. 4 credits. H. Mialot.

A view of science less as an autonomous activity than as a social institution. We will discuss such issues as controversies in science, analysis of scientific text, gender, and the social shaping of scientific knowledge.


Who are those who produce science? Rational, deliberative minds or brilliant, intuitive iconoclasts? Individuals or groups? Geniuses or ordinary practitioners? Human beings or assemblages of instruments? This course will explore the question of where scientific intelligence resides. The mythical figure of the lone genius stands in sharp contrast to recent work in the social history and sociology of science that analyzes how scientific knowledge is produced in collectivities that weave together humans and nonhumans. We will examine the process through which scientific competencies emerge from, and are incorporated into, "collective bodies" (e.g., Callon and Latour's "actor-networks," or Haraway's "cyborgs"). The tensions between the human and the nonhuman and the individual and the collective will run throughout the course and will inform our analysis of the place, the role, and the representation of the body—or bodies—of the scientists.

[S&T 466 Public Communication of Science and Technology] Fall. 4 credits. Limited to 15. B. Lewenstein.

For description, see COMM 466.

[S&T 467 Innovation: Theory and Policy] Fall. 4 credits. Open to upper-level undergraduates and interested graduate students. Prerequisite: Economics 102 or permission of the instructor. J. Reppy.

In this course we will study the innovation process (that is, the introduction of new technology into practice) through the critical analysis of selected theories of innovation and supporting empirical evidence. Economic theories will be contrasted to the insights to be found in science and technology studies. The focus will be on the context of interests and ideology in which the various theories have been framed and their differing implications for technology policy. Authors to be covered include Schumpeter, Solow, Scherer, Nelson and Winter, and Bijker and Pinch.


For description, see BIO G 469.


For description, see GOVT 483.


Recent scandals over scientific fraud, debates about financial conflicts of interest, disputes about the use of human and animal subjects, and tensions over ownership of data have raised concern about integrity in science. In addition, changes in the American research system—from the emergence of new university-industry relationships to the growth of electronic communication—pose new questions about who owns and controls research. The course addresses practices that present problems of integrity in research (e.g., fraud, secrecy, commercialization). It also examines how scientific practices affect the structural integrity of science as an institution. Through these complementary concepts of integrity, the course explores the connections between the conduct of science and its cultural authority.


This course will cover a variety of possible interactions between the disciplines of economics and science and technology studies. Economists (at least some economists) are interested in science and technology as important components in economic growth, while scholars in science studies often appeal to economic motives and institutions to explain behavior in the production of scientific and technological knowledge. We will explore ways in which economics can provide new questions and theoretical approaches for science and technology studies. From another perspective, economics, as the most "scientific" of the social sciences, is itself a subject for study. Internal critiques by economists will be compared to external analyses in the science studies literature. Readings will include works on the epistemology and use of rhetoric in economics and on the "new economics of science," and examples of the use of economic analysis in the science studies literature.
Rather than analyze the social impact of technology on society, in this course we will investigate how society gets inside technol-

gy. In this sense, visualization refers to the practices and technologies through which scientists and designers develop images, graphs, models, and other representations. Discourse refers, broadly, to practical uses of language. In this course, discourse and visualization will be treated as important aspects of the production of scientific data and technological artifacts. The course will focus mainly on historical and ethnographic studies that pay close attention to the material practices and linguistic repertoires through which scientific and technological innovations are made visible, palpable, and intersubjectively accountable.

**S&TS 625 Visualization and Discourse in Science**

Fall. 4 credits. M. Lynch.

This seminar covers two interrelated areas of science and technology studies: visualization and discourse. Visualization refers to the practices and technologies through which scientists and designers develop images, graphs, models, and other representations. Discourse refers, broadly, to practical uses of language. In this course, discourse and visualization will be treated as important aspects of the production of scientific data and technological artifacts. The course will focus mainly on historical and ethnographic studies that pay close attention to the material practices and linguistic repertoires through which scientific and technological innovations are made visible, palpable, and intersubjectively accountable.

**S&TS 631 Qualitative Research Methods for Studying Science (also SOC 631)**

Fall. 4 credits. T. J. Pinch.

This seminar covers two interrelated areas of science and technology studies: visualization and discourse. Visualization refers to the practices and technologies through which scientists and designers develop images, graphs, models, and other representations. Discourse refers, broadly, to practical uses of language. In this course, discourse and visualization will be treated as important aspects of the production of scientific data and technological artifacts. The course will focus mainly on historical and ethnographic studies that pay close attention to the material practices and linguistic repertoires through which scientific and technological innovations are made visible, palpable, and intersubjectively accountable.

**S&TS 645 Genetics: Politics & Society in Comparative Perspective (also GOVT 634)**


Hilgartner

Contemporary genetics and biotechnology are highly controversial, creating high hopes for some and deep anxieties for others. This course will trace the conflicts and power struggles over genetic engineering, using it as a case study to examine some crucial issues in the relationships among science, technology, and politics. In particular, the course will focus on three themes—the politics of property, the politics of identity, and the politics of risk—as they pertain to genetics. Topics may include the social shaping of biological research; eugenics and genetics; genetics and medicine; the regulation of risks; the growth of commercial biotechnology; university-industry relationships; Green parties and social movements; North-South issues and biotech-

**S&TS 664 Constructionism in Social Science**


M. Lynch.

Constructionist approaches have become commonplace in many fields of social and cultural study. The very words 'social construction' often provoke heated arguments, but exactly what these words mean or imply is seldom made clear. This course examines philosophical arguments, counterarguments, and empirical case studies associated with constructionism. The main focus will be on how and why scientific and technological knowledge is constructed to the material practices and linguistic repertoires through which scientific and technological innovations are made visible, palpable, and intersubjectively accountable.

**S&TS 700 Special Topic 1: Science Studies and the Politics of Science**

Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: S&TS 711 or permission of the instructor. Not offered 2000–2001.

Theoretical developments in science and technology studies have called attention to the contingent and socially embedded character of both knowledge claims and technological systems. Drawing on literature from several disciplines, this seminar explores the consequences of these findings for social and political studies of science. Issues and problems to be considered include trust and skepticism, political and legal agency, reflexive identity, and the sociology of science and technology, science and norms, and the co-production of knowledge and social order.

**S&TS 700 Special Topic 2: Technology Transfer Issues**


J. Reppy.

The goal of this course is to develop a coherent analytical framework for analyzing technology transfer, using insights from economics, sociology, history, and science and technology studies and to employ that framework to evaluate current policy issues. We will study technology transfer in different contexts, ranging from intra-firm and intra-industry to technology transfer between civil and military sectors and between industrialized countries and LDCs. The readings will include a mix of theoretical writings and case studies.

**S&TS 711 Introduction to Science and Technology Studies (also HIST 711)**

Fall. 4 credits. H. Milet.

This introductory course will provide students with a foundation in the field of science and technology studies. Using classic works as well as contemporary exemplars, seminar participants will chart the terrain of this new field. Topics for discussion include, but are not limited to: historiography of science and technology; and their relation to social studies of science and technology; laboratory studies; intellectual properties; science and the state; the role of instruments; fieldwork; politics and technical knowledge; philosophy of science; sociological approaches of science and technology; and popularization.

**Independent Study**

S&TS 399 Undergraduate Independent Study

Fall or spring. 1–4 credits.

Please apply in 275 Clark Hall.

S&TS 498–499 Honors Project I & II

Fall and spring. 3–5 credits each term.

Open only to Science & Technology Studies students in their senior year by permission of the department. Please apply in 275 Clark Hall.

Students who are admitted to the honors program are required to complete two semesters of honors project research and to write an honors thesis. The project must include substantial research and the completed work should be of wider scope and greater originality than is normal for an upper-level course.

Students may take three to five credits per semester up to a maximum of eight credits in S&TS 498 & 499, Honors Projects I & II.

Students should note that these courses are to be taken in addition to those courses that meet the regular major requirements. The student and the project supervisor must reach clear agreement at the outset as to what sort of work will need to be completed during the first semester. Minimally, an honors thesis outline and bibliography should be accomplished. At the end of S&TS 498, Honors Project I, a letter grade will be assigned and the advisers, in consultation with the Director of Undergraduate Studies, will evaluate whether or not the student should continue working on an honors project. S&T&S students who do continue in the honors program for the second semester will receive a letter grade at the end of their final term whether or not they complete a thesis and whether or not they are recommended for honors.

Applications and information are available in the Science & Technology Studies Office, 275 Clark Hall.

S&TS 699 Graduate Independent Study

Fall or spring. 2–4 credits.

Please apply in 275 Clark Hall.

S&TS 700 Special Topics

Spring. 3–4 credits.

**SINHALA (SINHALESE)**

See Department of Asian Studies.

**SOCIOLoGY**


The subject matter of sociology is human social organization and institutions. The Department of Sociology offers courses in social organization that include (among other issues) examination of inequality on the basis of race, ethnicity, income, and occupation; political behavior and public policy; social psychology and group processes; and contemporary social movements for change.
Courses that analyze institutions include the family, politics, and issues of public policy, the analysis of voluntary organizations, and the study of the networks of political and organizational action.

The Department of Sociology offers the opportunity to develop fundamental theoretical insight and advanced research skills appropriate for the study of social behavior and institutions. Graduates of the department take up careers in government, business and in law, management, architecture, and other professions seeking men and women who demonstrate a disciplined understanding of society and social issues.

Sociology Courses for Nonmajors
Sociology provides students with particularly effective ways to understand the complexities of modern life. For many students, the undergraduate years are a last opportunity to gain the insights these fields have to offer. The Department of Sociology is continuing to design an array of beginning and advanced courses that convey a broad understanding of the methods and insights of sociological analysis—courses that will be of particular interest to undergraduates who may not major in sociology. First- and second-year students should note that the introductory courses (101, 103, 105, 115, 150) provide substantial focus on the sociological analysis of major issues of public life. A wide selection of general education courses is available at the 200 level. Advanced undergraduates who are majors in other fields should also see, in particular, the descriptions of Sociology 303, 310, 354, 370, 380, for which there are no prerequisites other than junior or senior status.

Related Courses in Other Departments
Students interested in sociology should consult the course lists of the other social science departments in the College of Arts and Sciences (Anthropology, Economics, Government, and Psychology) and of these other departments: Organizational Behavior (College of Industrial and Labor Relations), Human Development and Family Studies (College of Agriculture), and Rural Sociology (College of Agriculture and Life Sciences).

The Major
Requirements for general sociology: (1) 101 and any other 100-level or 200-level course (excluding Freshman Writing Seminar) with a 2.5 minimum grade-point average; (2) no later than the junior year; the 301 and 303 methods courses; (3) one course in the department at the 400 level or higher (491 is recommended); and (4) 20 additional credits in sociology, of which six may be taken in related departments. Students are encouraged to take courses in the concentration. Honors students take Sociology 495–496 during their senior year. Graduation with honors requires a cumulative average of at least B+ in all sociology courses and the successful completion of an oral defense of the honors thesis. Interested students should consult the director of undergraduate studies no later than the second semester of their junior year.

Supervised research. Qualified sociology majors are invited to participate with faculty members in conducting research. Such projects are usually initiated in one of two ways: the student may offer to assist the faculty member in an ongoing project, or the student may request that the faculty member supervise the execution of a project conceived by the student. In either case the student should enroll in Sociology 491. Interested students may direct inquiries to any faculty member.

Business and Organizational Studies Concentration
Majors who wish to prepare for postgraduate study in professional schools (business, management, or law) or a career in business or nonprofit organizations may elect to acquire a concentration in Economic and Organizational Sociology. This program provides Cornell students with training in economic sociology and organizational stucture, and comparative societal analysis useful in a world increasingly shaped by economic and social forces of a truly global dimension. The required core courses in the concentration are: SOC 105, SOC 215, and a research-oriented honors seminar to be fulfilled as an independent study course (SOC 491) with faculty members affiliated with the concentration. Affiliated faculty include: P. Becker, M. C. Brionton, M. Clarkberg, M. M. Macy, V. Nee, P. Tolbert, R. Stern, and D. Strang. In addition to the required courses, students must take four elective courses from the following list: SOC 217, SOC 220, SOC 311, SOC 314/315, SOC 315, SOC 322, SOC 326/327, SOC 370/370, SOC 373, SOC 421, and SOC 427. Students completing the concentration receive a letter of recommendation from the chair based on the cumulative academic record in the concentration. Please contact Heather Gowe, Undergraduate Program Coordinator, or Szelenyi Szonja, DUS, for additional information on the Business and Organizational Studies concentration.

Introductory Courses

**SOC 101 Introduction to Sociology (also R SOC 101)**
Fall, spring, or summer. 3 credits. Fall, M. Macy; spring, S. Szelenyi.
This course provides an introduction to theory and research in sociology. It demonstrates how the insights, theories, and methods of sociological analysis can be brought to bear on major issues of social life. A primary goal is to convey a sense of the manner in which sociologists formulate theories and the collection and analysis of data are used to evaluate those theories. The course will provide "hands-on" experience in analyzing sociological issues. Students undertake guided research exercises that involve using computers to analyze actual data. No prior background is presumed; necessary skills are covered in class and section meetings.

**SOC 103 Self and Society (also R SOC 103)**
An introduction to microsociology, focusing on social processes within small groups, including the family. Emphasis is on leadership, conformity, social influence, cooperation and competition, distributive justice, and micro analyses of interaction.

**SOC 105 Introduction to Economic Sociology (also R SOC 105)**
Fall. 3 credits. C. Leuenberger.
Modern social thought arose out of attempts to explain the relationship between economic development and the social transformations that gave rise to the contemporary world. Classical theorists from Karl Marx and Max Weber to Karl Polanyi focused their writings on emergent capitalist economies and societies. Contemporary social theorists likewise have sought to understand the interaction between capitalism and the social forces reacting against and emerging from modern economic development. From exchange and rational choice theories to network analysis and institutional theory, a central theme in contemporary social thought has been the relationship between the economy and society, economic action and social structure, rationality and fundamental social processes. This course provides an introduction to social thought and research seeking to understand and explain the relationship between economy and society in the modern era.

**SOC 115 Utopia in Theory and Practice**
Becker, T. Strange.
People have always sought to imagine and realize a better sort of society, with both inspiring and disastrous results. In this course we discuss the literary utopias of More, Morris, and Bellamy, and also the dystopias of Huxley, Orwell, and Zamitain. We also examine real social experiments, including nineteenth-century intentional communities, twentieth-century socialism and religious cults, and modern ecological, political, and millenial movements. Throughout, the emphasis is on two sociological questions. What kinds of social relationships appear as ideal? How can we tell societies that might work from those that cannot?

**SOC 151 Families and the Life Course (also HD 151)**
Spring. 3 credits. T. Mitran. For description, see HD 151.

**General Education Courses**

**SOC 200 Social Problems (also R SOC 200)**
T. Hirsch.
For course description, see R SOC 200.

**SOC 201 Religion and Family in the U.S. (also R SOC 202 and RELST 203)**
P. Becker.
This course will examine how two fundamental social institutions—religion and the family—are interlinked in American society. As recently as the 1950s, religious institutions were organized around the needs of one dominant family form, the male-breadwinner family with a stay-at-home mother. But since the 1950s, that family form is no longer statistically dominant or culturally normative.
How have religious institutions adapted to new family forms? How do religious beliefs influence behavior within families? For example, the raising of children? How do religious groups foster ideals of family life or influence our beliefs about what are “good” families? How do people’s family experiences and family values influence their participation in organized religion? What models of family life are religious groups organized around? We will begin to answer these questions by drawing on readings that explore the religious—family link in a variety of religious, ethnic, and social class contexts within the contemporary United States.

SOC 202 Population Dynamics (also R SOC 201) Spring. 3 credits. L. Williams.
For course description, see R SOC 201.

W. Burkard.
Home and family life often is portrayed in the popular media as a haven away from the harsh realities of public life, suggesting that work and family constitute separate and distinct spheres. By contrast, many sociologists contend that there is a link between work and family, and that this link has different consequences for men and women. It will highlight the responses of individuals, employers and governments, both in the United States and internationally, to the dilemmas posed by the interface between work and family.

D. Heckathorn.
This course focuses on race and ethnic relations in contemporary perspective. It examines the social and behavioral implications of attributions of race and ethnicity in small group interaction, the world of work, and the larger society. Topics include social processes in income and employment, affirmative action, ethnic political mobilization, patterns of marriage, and family formation.

SOC 206 International Development (also R SOC 205) Spring. 3 credits. L. Michael.
For course description, see R SOC 205.

[SOC 207 Problems in Contemporary Society] Fall. 3 credits. D. Heckathorn.
This course examines contemporary social problems, with a focus on their sources in the organization of society. Modern societies are based on three fundamental types of institutions—social norms, hierarchies, and markets. Each is subject to distinctive types of failures resulting in problems that include poverty, prejudice and discrimination, intolerance and hate, alcohol and drug abuse, physical and mental illness, crime and delinquency, and urban problems. In analyzing these problems we emphasize the institution through which they are created and perpetuated, and the form of institutional change required to address them.

SOC 208 Social Inequality Spring. 3 credits. D. Grusky.
This course examines contemporary approaches to understanding the distribution of valued goods and the social processes by which such inequality comes to be seen as legitimate, natural, or desirable. We address questions of the following kind: What are the major forms of stratification in human history? Is inequality and poverty an inevitable feature of human life? How many social classes are there in advanced industrialism? Is there a “ruled class”? Are lifestyles, attitudes, and personalities shaped fundamentally by class membership? Can individuals born into poverty readily escape their class origins and move upward in the class structure? Is there much countervailing downward mobility? Are social contacts and “lucky” important forces in matching individuals to jobs and class positions? What types of social processes serve to maintain and alter racial, ethnic, and gender discrimination in labor markets? Is there an “underclass”? Will stratification systems take on new and distinctive forms in the future? These and other questions are addressed in light of classical and contemporary theory and research.

D. Heckathorn.
Course description is TBD.

This is an introductory course in the study of organizations. We will start by taking a look at various examples of organizing, including a street gang in a Boston neighborhood, a minority community, industrial corporations, modern universities, Silicon Valley and Route 128, and more, a sampler. These brief glimpses serve as exercises in looking behind and beyond diverse rhetoric for common patterns in organizational phenomena. The focus of the course is on research scholarship, not the training of managers. Nonetheless, the analytical skills you will acquire are applicable to work in firms, government agencies, and nonprofit organizations.

SOC 217 Embedded Markets Fall. 3 credits. S. Goell.
This is a course designed for a wide range of students who are generally interested in organization perspectives on markets and businesses. The primary focus of the course is on modes of organizing. In particular, we will look at the ways in which market-like actions are played out in social settings. Basic conceptual frameworks will be provided. Yet the course will extensively use, and ask you to come up with, contemporary and local problems to illustrate the core issues.

P. Becker.
How do the organizations we belong to shape us? What is organizational identity and how does it come about? How do cultural beliefs shape organizations? What kinds of organizations strike us as legitimate and effective, and why? Organizations may be goal-directed problem solvers, but they’re also locations for culture and they’re played out in social settings. Basic conceptual frameworks will be provided. Yet the course will extensively use, and ask you to come up with, contemporary and local problems to illustrate the core issues.

D. Heckathorn.
Introduces the development of three central kinds of social policy: those concerned with delivering medical care, schooling the young, and providing resources for the economically vulnerable. The course treats the historical development of large-scale public programs, regulatory systems, or attempts to provide action; political struggles over social rights and the allocation of resources; and the organizations that are constructed to carry out policy. The focus is on American policy, but with considerable comparative attention to the health, education, and welfare programs of other nations.

SOC 246 Drugs and Society Fall. 3 credits. D. Heckathorn.
The course focuses on drug use and abuse as a social—rather than as a medical or psychopathological—phenomenon. Specifically, the course deals with the history of drug use and regulatory attempts in the United States and around the world; the relationship between drug use and racism/class conflict; and the promotion and condemnation of drug activities in the mass media.

P. Becker.
This course explores how religion provides a basis for moral critique, political mobilization, and social identity in a modern society. The first part introduces basic issues—definitions of religion, the sociological approach to the study of religion, and religion and modernity. In the main body of the course, we will read studies of specific religious groups and organizations in the contemporary United States—examining such questions as: How do religious organizations provide a basis for gender, identity and gender norms? What religious groups and discourses contribute to public debate on issues ranging from economic justice to abortion? How do religious leaders mobilize citizens for social action in their communities?

SOC 265 Latinos in the U.S. (also LSP 201 and R SOC 265) Spring. 3 credits (4-credit option available).
H. Velez.
Exploration and analysis of the Hispanic experience in the United States. An examination of sociohistorical background and economic, psychological, and political factors that converge to shape a Latino group identity in the United States. Perspectives are suggested and developed for understanding Hispanic migrations, the plight of Latinos in urban and rural areas, and the unique problems faced by the diverse Latino groups. Groups studied include Mexican Americans, Dominicans, Cubans, and Puerto Ricans.
This course uses contemporary social issues to introduce students to sociological reasoning, explanation, and analysis. Topics include race, gender, and performance differences in face-to-face groups; gender and double standards; the question of government and inequality, and crime and deviance. Students will complete guided research problems that require the analysis of existing data. Classroom instruction will give students all the skills necessary to complete the research exercises.

The focus of this course is on the relationship between the individual and the social group. It will examine the way in which the individual shapes "society," and in turn, how society influences individual behavior. Topics include formation of self, influence and conformity, and the emergence of racial and gender differences in status and power.

### Methods and Statistics Courses

**SOC 293 Inequality, Diversity, and Justice (also CRP 293, GOVT 293, PHIL 193, SOC 293)**
Fall. 4 credits. No prerequisites. intended for freshmen and sophomores. R. Miller.
An interdisciplinary discussion of the nature and moral significance of social inequality, diversity, and poverty and of the search for just responses to them. How unequal are economic opportunities? What are the causes of poverty? To what extent is greater equality a demand of justice? Are traditional welfare programs an appropriate response to poverty? What special significance have race and gender as sources of inequality? Do they merit special remedies such as affirmative action? How should governments deal with religious diversity and other differences in ultimate values? For example, should abortion statutes have a duty to help the foreign poor? Moral argument, investigations of social causes, and legal reasoning interact in the search for answers to these questions. To provide these resources, the course will be taught by leading faculty researchers in philosophy, political theory, the social sciences, and law.

**SOC 301 Evaluating Statistical Evidence**
Fall. 3 credits. M. Clarkberg.
A first course in statistical evidence in the social sciences, with emphasis on statistical inference and multiple regression models. Theory is supplemented with numerous applications.

**SOC 303 Design and Measurement**
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: a course in sociology. S. Caldwell.
Foundations of sociological analysis; issues associated with using humans as data sources; the quality of our primary data; methods of its collection; research designs in wide use and their limitations; pragmatic considerations in doing research on humans, organizations, communities, and nations.

**SOC 304 Modeling Social Processes**
Fall. 3 credits. D. Strang.
How do groups self-segregate? What leads fashions to rise and fall? How do rumors spread? How do communities form and police themselves on the Internet? This course examines these kinds of issues through the study of face-to-face situations like fads, exchange, diffusion, and group formation. We focus on models that can be explored through computer simulation and improved through observation.

### Intermediate Courses

**SOC 309 The Sociology of Marriage (also SOC 508)**
Spring. 3 credits. M. Clarkberg.
Contemporary debate on the nature of the family in the United States often assumes a simplistic decay of the "traditional marriage." This course unpacks the myths and facts that undergird this model. We will overview the historical patterns of marriage in the United States, examine data on contemporary union formation and dissolution and their consequences, and explore various theoretical models of marriage and its decline.

**SOC 311 Group Solidarity**
Fall. 4 credits. M. Mary.
What is the most important group that you belong to? What makes it important? What holds the group together, and how might it fall apart? How does the group recruit new members? Select leaders? Make and enforce rules? Do some members end up doing most of the work while others get a free ride? We will explore these questions from an interdisciplinary perspective, drawing on sociological, economics, and social psychology, as we apply alternative theories of group solidarity to a series of case studies, such as urban gangs, spiritual communes, the civil rights movement, pro-life activists, athletic teams, work groups, and college fraternities.

**SOC 316 Gender Inequality**
Fall. 3 credits. D. Strang.
This course offers a comprehensive overview of historical and contemporary patterns of gender stratification. The first few weeks will be devoted to the examination of different ideas (biological, functionalist, feminist) about gender inequality, and the unique doctrine of Mao Tsetung. The course will involve both theoretical analyses and empirical investigations of four substantive areas: the historical development of gender stratification, the nature of gender inequality in contemporary cross-national comparison of gender inequality, and strategies for social change. Specific topics will include: division of labor between men and women; relationship between social class and gender; dynamics of gender segregation; gender differences in social mobility, masculinization, and sexualized attainment; and racial and cross-national variations in gender inequality. Each section will contain examination of key theoretical debates and a survey of recent feminist research that is relevant to those debates.

**SOC 322 Organizations and Social Inequality (also ILR 325)**
Spring. 3 credits. P. Tolbert.
For course description, see ILR 325.

**SOC 324 Environment and Society (also S&TS 324 and R SOC 324)**
Spring. 3 credits. M. Pfeiffer.
For course description, see R SOC 324.

**SOC 325 Socialist Societies**
Fall. 3 credits. S. Szelényi.
This course begins by surveying the idea of socialism from the Romantic tradition of William Morris to the scientific theory of Karl Marx and the unique doctrine of Mao Tsetung. These visions are contrasted to the realities of actually existing socialist societies—especially those of Eastern Europe. Some of the themes that will be examined include: the problems of centrally managed economies, the extent and dynamics of social inequalities, dissent and opposition under socialism, and strategies for economic reform. The course concludes by evaluating a number of alternative views on the nature of these societies and by discussing their post-communist transformation.

**SOC 326 Social Policy (also SOC 526)**
Fall. 4 credits. S. B. Caldwell.
The dramatic growth of the policy research sector as an institutional and intellectual force signals a changing relationship of social science to social policy in the United States. With an eye on that relationship, this course examines the development of social policy in selected areas, among them welfare, poverty, housing, crime, and health. The policy research sector itself—people, values, and institutions—is also surveyed.

**SOC 333 Primate Societies**
Fall. 3 credits. R. Grannis.
All primates (including humans) share a common social and cultural, as well as biological, heritage which was bequeathed to us by our common ancestors. This shared inheritance is even more pronounced between humans and their closest nonhuman relatives, chimpanzees and gorillas. This course will survey the social behaviors and cultural forms of our primate cousins with a special focus on baboons, chimpanzees, and gorillas. We will begin by reviewing the diversity of primates and then look at primate socioecology including demography,
hunting and gathering, and kinship. Next, we will examine the politics, economics, communication, and culture of some of our more closely related primate cousins. In addition to sharing a common past, all primates (except for some recent humans) are hunter-gatherers with similar ecological capacities and needs who have solved similar socioecological problems. We will end the course by considering the implications of these findings for our lives as human primates.

**SOC 336 Segregation**

Spring. 3 credits. R. Grannis.

Over seven decades ago, Robert Park noted that "physical distances frequently are the indices of social distances. As we near the beginning of a new millennium, very little has changed. Segregation may have disappeared from our public discourse, but it is a very present reality in our cities. This course will survey residential segregation by asking some very basic questions: What does it mean to be segregated? How has segregation been different in different times and places? What are the consequences of segregation? Why does segregation occur? How can illegal segregation persist? What can be done about segregation?"

**SOC 340 Health, Behavior, and Health Policy**

Spring. 3 credits. S. B. Caldwell.

This course examines the social contexts of physical and mental health, illness and medical care; its purpose is to explore the contributions of social science to health promotion and health policy. Topic areas include: social context of health, disease and illness; social organization of health services; use of health services; health and illness as a social phenomenon; health service use; health promotion and disease prevention; and national health care policies.

**SOC 341 Modern Euro Society and Politics (also GOVT 341)**

Fall. 3 credits. J. Pontusson and D. Schirmer.

For course description, see GOVT 341.

**SOC 346 Schooling and Society**

Spring. 3 credits. S. L. Morgan.

After reviewing alternative theories of the development and changing function of educational institutions in society, this course examines explanations for why individuals obtain educational training, how an individual's family background and race affect his or her trajectory through the educational system, and how and why society confers advantages on educated individuals. Following a review of recent empirical research on effective schools, the course concludes with an examination of current policy debates in the United States, focusing primarily on school choice, vouchers, and financial aid for a college education.

**SOC 350 Comparative Revolutions**


For description, see GOVT 350.

**SOC 355 Knowledge and Society**

Spring. 3 credits. C. Leuenberger.

This course will focus on the historical evolution of the sociology of knowledge as a theoretical paradigm and an empirical research field. We will examine the phenomenological origins of the sociology of knowledge and many of its central texts. We will study how it has been applied to such areas as personhood, interaction, religion, identity, and the emotions. We will also consider epistemological questions that arise and will cover various theoretical and empirical approaches that have been influenced by the sociology of knowledge such as ethnomethodology, conversation analysis, and the sociology of science and technology.

**SOC 354 Law and the Social Order**

Fall. 4 credits. W. Burkard.

In what ways, if any, do laws and legal institutions make a difference to people who have disputes? How did lawyering come to be a modern profession? How do business organizations deal with legal ambiguity in constructing symbols of compliance with laws? How do networks of interpreters constitute the authority of law? By exploring selected topics such as these, we seek to understand the distinctive contributions of sociology to the study of law and the social order.

**SOC 356 Law in Society (also SOC 556)**


The phrase "law and society" misleadingly suggests that we are speaking of two discrete entities: 'law' and 'society.' But law is itself part of society, its basic processes are social processes, and it contains within its own internal workings social dimensions worthy of study by the sociologist.

In this course we will examine law in society. The 'classical' sociological models of law—those of Marx, Weber, and Durkheim—are well-represented. The works of several significant American and European critical legal theorists—those of the American Legal Realists, the Frankfurt School, Michel Foucault, Roberto Unger, Duncan Kennedy, and Jurgen Habermas—are also well-represented, not only to facilitate an understanding of the bases for the attacks on the liberal Rule of Law, but also to facilitate an understanding of the relationship between law and politics and the potential for revitalizing the Rule of Law through democracy. The major themes in 'classical' and contemporary legal anthropology (e.g., hegemony v. resistance, rule-centered v. processual v. interpretive paradigms) are reviewed. We also consider the extent to which the various perspectives on law in society have been appropriated internationally.

**SOC 358 Modes of Institutional Analysis (also SOC 558)**


Much social theory treats individual behavior as occurring within and shaped by institutions. For example, discussions of American health care policy emphasize not only the preferences of physicians, businesses, and consumers, but also the institutional structure of American medicine. This course introduces the various perspectives on law and society that provide multiple veto points and makes broad cross-class coalitions difficult to build. This course will examine the main types of institutional analysis active in contemporary social science.

**SOC 370 Careers (also SOC 570)**

Fall. 4 credits. D. Schirmer.

By examining various career paths, we will consider the implications of career as a continuous process or as a sequence of positions. We will explore the differences and similarities among different career paths and lay out the patterns and structures of the career formation from a sociological point of view. We will also discuss the settings in which the career development takes place, giving some comparative attention to the ways of organizing careers in other societies.

**SOC 371 Comparative Social Stratification (also R SOC 370)**

Fall. 3 credits. S. Feldman.

For course description, see R SOC 370.

**SOC 373 Organizational Behavior Simulations**

Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: ILROB 170 and 171 or equivalent. Limited enrollment. R. Stern.

See ILROB 373 for course description.

**[SOC 375 Classical Theory**


Introduces students to major macro-sociological paradigms and encourages them to participate in "cross-paradigm" debates. The three main theorists of sociology (i.e., Marx, Durkheim, and Weber) are compared with respect to their approaches to the social sciences, their visions of human history, their conceptions of capitalist society, and their ideas on social change. The assigned reading focus on the original writings of these theorists, while the lectures provide the requisite socio-historical context.

**[SOC 380 Gender, Ideology, and Culture (also WOMNS 380)**


This course will explore representations of women in popular culture, including images, narratives, and religious practices. We will examine the relationship between popular culture and ideology, and look at how women "read" popular culture. The aim of the course is to enable students to think critically and analyze the effects of ideological representations of difference on personal identity construction, status, and power relationships. Readings are drawn mostly from sociology of culture and cultural studies; most texts deal with popular culture and gender in the nineteenth- and twentieth-century United States.

**SOC 393 Sociology of War & Peace**

Fall. 4 credits. R. M. Williams, Jr. and J. Reppy.

Every human group, community, or society presents many examples of altruism, helping, cooperation, agreement, and social harmony. Each grouping or society also manifests numerous examples of competition, rivalry, opposition, disagreement, conflict, and violence. Both conflict and cooperation are permanent and common aspects of the human condition. Collective conflicts, especially wars and revolutions, are frequent and dramatic events. "Peace" is equally an active social process, not passive happenings. This course describes various commonly accepted but erroneous notions of the causes and consequences of war and deterrence. It deals with the major themes concerning the sources of war in international and intranational social systems. The last half of the course analyzes the modes, techniques, and outcomes of efforts to restrict, regulate, and resolve international conflicts.

**Advanced Courses**

The following courses are intended for advanced undergraduates with substantial
SOC 402 Doctors and Lawyers
Spring. 4 credits. W. Burkard.
This seminar will examine sociological and historical materials on the education and training of physicians and attorneys and the practice of medicine and law. Students will use these materials to develop projects, e.g., the effects of managed care on medical practice, the role of clinical training in legal education, and will present their works-in-progress during the last half of the course. This course may interest upper-level students considering careers as physicians or attorneys, as well as potential sociologists of medicine, law, or the professions.

SOC 403 The Economic Sociology of Earnings
Spring. 3 credits. S. Morgan.
Framed by recent changes in earnings inequality in the United States and by theoretical literature on the equity and efficiency of meritocracy and exploitation, this course examines sociological and economic explanations for earnings differentials in the labor market. Teaching tasks, jobs, and professions as sometimes distinct structural positions in the economy, the course examines empirical research on the roles of skills, credentials, promotion opportunities, labor market institutions, and global economic trends as determinants of the level of earnings inequality within organizations, between organizations, and for society as a whole.

SOC 404 Economy and Family—
Interrelationships over the Life Course (also SOC 504)
M. Clarkberg.
While sociologists have often argued that the modern family has shed most of its "productive" functions, economic models have never been more central in the study of the family. This course covers the emerging dialogue between economists and family scholars along two related dimensions. First, we examine the reciprocal relationship between the structure of the economy (including income, careers, and workplace characteristics and policies) and family structure and outcomes. Second, we weigh the contribution of economic or "rational actor" models to the study of the family behaviors. These related economic processes will be used to examine marriage and divorce, time use and the division of labor within families, population growth, and the dynamics of health and aging.

SOC 408 Qualitative Methods (also SOC 508)
P. Becker.
This course is designed to introduce students to qualitative research. We will focus on interviewing, document review, and participant observation, although we will also talk about validity, reliability, ethics, and research involvement, issues that are applicable to qualitative research more broadly. Each student will design and carry out a semester-length research project, keep a field journal, and do a final research report.

SOC 421 Regulating the Corporation
(also ILROB 421)
Spring. 4 credits. R. Stern.
See ILROB 421 for course description.

SOC 427 The Professions: Organization and Control (also ILROB 427)
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of the instructor. P. Tolbert.
See ILROB 427 for course description.

SOC 429 Culture and Agency (also SOC 520)
P. Becker.
This course will look at the development of sociological theory on questions of culture and agency. Starting with various reflection or materialist approaches to culture that decenter the theoretical literature on the equity and efficiency of meritocracy and exploitation, this course will then follow the development of theories that explicitly link culture to actors and events in an attempt to account for both social reproduction and social change. The readings will cover a broad time span and a variety of intellectual approaches, including critical theory and cultural studies, but will center on the sociology of culture.

SOC 430 Social Organization of Economic Action (also SOC 530)
Spring. 4 credits. Staff.
See SOC 530 for course description.

SOC 437 Social Demography (also R SOC 438)
Fall. 3 credits. D. Gurak.
For course description, see R SOC 438.

SOC 438 Immigration and Ethnic Identity
V. G. Nee.
Immigration has been a central process in the peopling of American society. The early immigration to the United States involved primarily the migration and settlement of European national groups. Since 1965, the mix of immigration has shifted to include an increasing diversity of ethnic groups, especially from Latin America and Asia. As American society moves into an era of increasing ethnic diversity, the issue of ethnic boundaries and identity become increasingly complex and problematic. This course seeks to examine some of the causes of international migration, the dynamics of immigrant incorporation into American society, and the making of new ethnic groups and identities.

SOC 444 Contemporary Research in Social Stratification
R. L. Breiger.
Stratification and mobility as paired concepts, requiring mutual articulation. The interplay of structure (occupational groups, labor markets, organizational demographics, social classes) and process (tracking, career trajectories, socioeconomic attainment). Recently formulated log-linear models of mobility and structure provide a central focus of the course.

SOC 457 Health and Social Behavior
(also HD 457)
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: HD 150, HSS 201, SOC 101, or SOC 101 and one course in statistics. Letter grades only.
E. Wethington.
See HD 457 for course description.

SOC 480/580 Identity and Interest in Collective Action
M. Macy.
This seminar examines the problem of collective action from an alternative theoretical perspective, one centered on shared interests; the other on common identities. The former claims that groups are held together because the members are interdependent and thus benefit from cooperating in a common endeavor. Others argue that effective mobilization may depend on affective ties among participants who share a salient demarcation. We will explore this debate, and its possible resolution, through an examination of formal theoretical studies (especially computer simulation) as well as empirical research using experimentation and comparative case analysis. Key concepts addressed in the social dilemmas (and game-theoretic analysis), the free-rider problem, rational choice theory, formal and informal social control, social identity theory, and the role of networks and institutions as mechanisms for reconciling the tension between individual self-interest and collective obligations.

SOC 491 Independent Study
Fall or spring. 1–4 credits. For undergraduates who wish to obtain research experience or to do extensive reading on a special topic. Permission to enroll for independent study will be granted only to students who present an acceptable prospectus and secure agreement of a faculty member to serve as supervisor for the project throughout the term. Graduate students should enroll in 891–892.

SOC 495 Honors Research
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Limited to sociology majors in their senior year.
Prerequisite: permission of instructor.

SOC 496 Honors Thesis: Senior Year
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Sociology 495.

Graduate Core Courses

These courses are primarily for graduate students in sociology but may be taken by other graduate students with permission of the instructor. Graduate students in sociology will normally take each of the five courses listed below, but with the concurrence of their special committees other arrangements may be made.

SOC 501 Basic Problems in Sociology I
Fall. 4 credits. D. Strang.
Analysis of theory shaping current sociological research. Examination of several central problems in sociological inquiry provides an occasion for understanding tensions and continuities between classical and contemporary approaches, for indicating the prospects for unifying microsociological and macrosociological orientations, and for developing a critical appreciation of efforts to integrate theory and research.

SOC 502 Basic Problems in Sociology II
Spring. 4 credits. D. Heckathorn.
Continuation of Sociology 501. Emphasis is on the logical analysis of theoretical perspectives, theories, and theoretical research programs shaping current sociological research. The course includes an introduction to basic concepts used in the logical analysis of theories and examines their application to
specific theories and theoretical research programs. Strategies include functionalism, social exchange, and interactionism.

[SOC 504 Economy and Family (also SOC 404)]
For course description, see SOC 404.

[SOC 505 Research Methods I: Logic of Social Inference]
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: a first course in statistics and probability. M. Clarkberg.
This course is an introduction to techniques of social inference. We will cover research methods, sources of evidence, model design, and questions of empirical validity.

[SOC 506 Research Methods in Sociology II]
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Sociology 505 or equivalent. D. Grusky.
Introduction to the general linear model for discrete and continuous variables. Discussion of principles of estimation, model selection, coefficient interpretation, specification error, and fit assessment. The linear regression model is covered in depth and then generalized to the cases of logistic regression, probit, log-linear, log-multiplicative, latent class, and related models. Although the statistical theory underlying these models is reviewed, issues of interpretation and estimation typically take precedence. Emphasis is accordingly placed on the analytic and stylistic issues that arise in writing research papers based on the general linear model.

[SOC 507 Research Methods in Sociology III]
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Sociology 506. R. Granov
Models and methods for the quantitative and formal analysis of social dynamics. The course focuses on event history analysis in the case of discrete outcomes and pooled cross-sections, and in the formal analysis in the case of continuous outcomes.

Graduate Seminars

These seminars are primarily for graduate students but may be taken by qualified advanced undergraduates who have permission of the instructor. Which seminars are to be offered any term is determined in part by the interests of the students, but it is unlikely that any seminar will be offered more frequently than every other year. The list below indicates seminars that are likely to be offered, but others may be added and some may be deleted. Students should check with the department before each term.

[SOC 508 Qualitative Methods (also SOC 408)]
This course is designed to introduce students to qualitative research. We will focus on interviewing, document review, and participant observation, although we will also talk about validity, reliability, ethics, and research involvement, issues that are applicable to qualitative research more broadly. Each student will design and carry out a semester-length research project, keep a field journal, and do a final research report.

[SOC 509 The Sociology of Marriage (also SOC 309)]
Spring. 3 credits. M. Clarkberg.
For course description, see SOC 309.

[SOC 510 Seminar on Comparative Societal Analysis]
Fall and spring. 3 credits. Open to advanced graduate students throughout the social sciences, with permission of instructor. M. Brinot.
This seminar is intended for advanced graduate students interested in comparative methods and research in the social sciences. It is offered in conjunction with the Comparative Societal Analysis program in the Einaudi Center for International Studies. Students enrolled for credit write critiques of papers presented at the seminar by faculty members and other graduate students, and take responsibility for presenting their own ongoing research at one meeting per semester. Some weeks are devoted to collective reading and analysis of background work. Students may enroll for more than one semester.

[SOC 513 Social Networks and Social Structure (also SOC 313)]
Staff.

[SOC 526 Social Policy (also SOC 326)]
Fall. 4 credits. S. B. Caldwell.

[SOC 527 Artificial Social Life]
Spring. 4 credits. M. Macy.
An introduction to computer simulation seminar will survey the history of social simulation and introduce students to complexity theory, game theory, and evolutionary models of social change. The remainder of the course (nine weeks) will teach students to program in Delphi and give them simulation programs to modify as a class project.

[SOC 529 Culture and Agency (also SOC 429)]
For description, see SOC 429.

[SOC 530 Social Organization of Economic Action (also SOC 430)]
The issue of organizational boundary has been a central concern for both organizational sociology and economic sociology. The seminar approaches the issue, although it covers many other relevant literatures, mainly by playing two lines of argument against each other: transaction cost economics and transfer pricing problem. Meta-analytic techniques are also introduced, which are to be used for the final team project reviewing the empirical research on vertical integration.

[SOC 531 Group Conflict and the Nation-State]
Spring. 4 credits. D. Strange.
The growth of nationalism and conflict over what groups control the state form a central dynamic in the global political order. Such conflicts appear particularly virulent today, when internal aggression and ethnic cleansing are a larger threat than inter-state war. We will examine nationalism, group conflict, and the process of group formation. Questions include: Why and when do groups struggle for national independence? What leads some multiethnic societies to be stable and others not? How are high levels of conflict over ethnic/religious makeup of the state related to the expanding reach of the global market? In what ways are national issues comparable with group formation and other settings, like neighborhoods and academic disciplines?

[SOC 556 Law In Society (also SOC 356)]
For course description, see SOC 556.

[SOC 558 Modes of Institutional Analysis (also SOC 358)]

[SOC 575 Seminar in Institutions and Rationality]
This year-long seminar examines the theoretical logic and assumptions of the new institutionalism in sociology and other social sciences. Understanding the part played by informal constraints of social norms and networks and by formal institutional arrangements (i.e., contracts, property rights, laws, regulations, and the state) encompass the domain of study. The seminar will focus on comparative analysis and case studies illuminating and explaining the part played by institutions in structuring the economic and social transactions of society and specifying the causal mechanisms shaping path dependent institutional change.

[SOC 580 Simulating Social Dilemmas (also SOC 480)]

[SOC 583 Transitions to Market Economies in China and Eastern Europe]
This course examines the problems and prospects of transitions to markets in China and Eastern Europe. It introduces concepts for understanding the state socialist economy that is being transformed and analyzes important social and economic developments since 1988. Topics include privatization, joint ventures, new capital markets, entrepreneurship, and labor relations in these changing economies.

[SOC 591 Special Seminars in Sociology]
Fall and spring. 2–4 credits.
These graduate seminars will be offered irregularly. Topics, credit, and instructors will vary from semester to semester. Students should look at the sociology department bulletin board at the beginning of each semester for possible offerings.

[SOC 606–607 Sociology Colloquium]
Fall and spring. No credit. Required of all sociology graduate students.
A series of talks representative of current research interests in sociology, given by distinguished visitors and faculty members.

[SOC 608 Proseminar in Sociology]
Fall. 1 credit. Enrollment restricted to first-semester sociology graduate students.
Discussions on the current state of sociology and on the research interests of the members of the field, given by members of the field.

[SOC 660 Social Movements]
For description, see GOVT 660.
TAMIL
See Department of Asian Studies.

THAI
See Department of Asian Studies.

THEATRE, FILM & DANCE

D. Batrich, chair; R. Archer, S. Brookhouse, J. Chu, S. Cole, D. Feldshuh, A. Fogelsanger, (coordinator, dance program); D. Fredericksen, (director of film studies); J. E. Gainor, (director of graduate studies); K. Goetz, D. Hall, E. Inemiann, J. Johnson, J. Kovar, B. Levitt, P. Lillard, J. Morgenroth (on leave fall 2000), C. Orr Brookhouse, M. Rivchin, R. Schneider (on leave spring 2001); J. Self, B. Suber, A. Van Dyke, (director of undergraduate studies); A. Villarejo (on leave spring 2001)

Through its courses and production laboratories, the department provides students with a wide range of opportunities in theatre, film, and dance. It offers a theatre arts major with concentration in theatre or film and a major in dance. These majors educate students in accordance with the general liberal arts ethic of the college. The programs in dance and film and the advanced undergraduate theatre program give some measure of professional preparation in those arts as well. The department encourages academic and studio participation by students from all disciplines and also provides the Cornell community with an opportunity to take part in its productions on an extracurricular basis.

Theatre Arts Major

Theatre Concentration

The theatre concentration offers studies in the history of theatre, dramatic theory and criticism, playwriting, acting, directing, design/technology, and stage management. Students interested in the Theatre Arts major should consult with Alison Van Dyke (Director of Undergraduate Studies, Theatre, Film & Dance).

Course requirements for theatre concentration:

1) THETR 240 and THETR 241 (two-semester introduction to theatre) 8
THETR 250 Introduction to Theatre Design and Technology 4
THETR 280 Introduction to Acting 3

2) Four laboratory courses distributed as follows: Credits
THETR 151 Production Lab I 1–3
THETR 153, THETR 253, or THETR 353 Stage Management Lab I, II, or III 1–3
THETR 155 Rehearsal and Performance or THETR 151 in a different area 1–3
THETR 251 or THETR 351 Production Lab II or III 1–4

3) Four courses in the area of Theatre Studies (see Theatre Studies section of theatre courses) chosen in the following manner:

one course must be at 300 level
one course must be at 400 level
two additional courses at the 300 or above level
one of the four courses must be pre-twentieth century

4) Three courses (at least 9 credits) in other Theatre courses chosen in consultation with the faculty adviser. Course taken to qualify for admission to the Advanced Undergraduate Theatre Program (described below) may also be used to fulfill this requirement.

5) Courses in which a student receives a grade below "C" cannot be used to fulfill the requirements for a Theatre Arts major.

Honors

The Theatre Arts honors program is for majors who have demonstrated exceptional ability in the major and who wish to explore branches of their subject not represented in the regular curriculum or to gain experience in original research. To be part of the honors program the student must maintain a GPA of 3.5 in classes for the theatre major and an average of 3.0 in all courses. Students must consult with their advisers in the spring of their junior year in order to enroll in the honors programs.

The Advanced Undergraduate Theatre Program

The department offers advanced study in directing, playwriting, design/technology, and stage management to students who qualify on the basis of outstanding achievement in course work. Admission to the AUTP is by invitation of the area faculty supervisor and the completion of a recommended "track" of courses or equivalent experience. (For recommended courses of study please see listing of courses at end of departmental listings.) Approval process will include a portfolio review and/or interview. The program provides students with intensive study in theatre as well as the opportunity to collaborate with professional faculty and guest artists.

Film

The study of film began in this department in the 1930s and continues to be based here. In the interim years, however, it has also spread into a significant number of other departments in the college: Africana studies, anthropology, Asian studies, comparative literature, English, German studies, history, psychology, romance studies, and women's studies. This proliferation of courses has been accompanied by a comparable proliferation of perspectives and faculty concerns, e.g., the relationship of national cinemas to national literatures and specific cultures, film's relationships to myth and ideology, the use of film as historical evidence, film's efficacy as a rhetorical medium, and film's contribution to perennial issues in aesthetics, the history of the arts, and studies in cognition. In addition, courses in film production and the history and theory of film as an art are centered in this department.

This richness of courses and perspectives is matched by the ways in which students may make film the focus of their undergraduate studies. The four ways currently being used are as follows: (1) majoring in film within the...
Department of Theatre, Film & Dance; (2) constructing an individually tailored Independent Major in film (including the possibility of placing film in tandem with another medium or discipline); and (3) focusing on film as a College Scholar. Students interested in options 2 or 3 should consult Don Fredericksen (Director, Film & Dance) and Lynne Abel (Director, College Scholar and Independent Major programs). Students interested in the first option should consult Don Fredericksen (Director of the undergraduate program in Film). In addition, students should be aware that the college has just approved a five-course concentration in visual studies, which can be taken independently of, or in conjunction with, a major in film. Students interested in the visual studies concentration should contact David Bathrick, its acting director.

**Film Major Requirements**

The department's film major requires a total of 90 credits in film and related courses. Students should note that a number of film courses—including two required "core" courses: Theatre Arts 375 and 376—are offered in alternating years, during the fall semester. This means that students cannot fulfill the requirements for the major in less than two years; and that they should plan accordingly, in consultation with their major adviser. In particular, students must plan to be in residence at Cornell during both their junior and senior year fall semesters. Within the "core" required courses, Theatre Arts 274, Introduction to Film Analysis, should be taken during the sophomore year.

Majors wishing to use the production courses in a substantial manner must plan carefully and work within certain limits. These courses are: Theatre Arts 277, 377, 383, 413, 477, 478, 493 and 653. Enrollment in each of these courses is limited by the nature of the work and by facilities. Enrollment in Theatre Arts 477, 478, and 493 depends on the quality of previous work in Theatre Arts 277, 377, 383 and/or 413; enrollment is not guaranteed. Majors without a strong interest in production can complete the production requirement with one course: Theatre Arts 277. Majors with a strong interest in production should begin instead with Theatre Arts 377, after they have taken Theatre Arts 274 in their sophomore year. The total credits in production courses cannot exceed 20 hours; this limit is strictly enforced.

1. A core of **four** film courses:

   - **THETR 274** Introduction to Film Analysis (offered every fall semester)
   - **THETR 375** History and Theory of Commercial Narrative Film (offered alternate fall semesters; offered 2000–2001)
   - **THETR 376** History and Theory of Documentary and Experimental Film (offered alternate fall semesters; offered 2001–2002)
   - **THETR 277** Video Production I (offered alternate spring semesters, and some summers; offered spring 2001)
   - **OR**
   - **THETR 377** Fundamentals of 16mm Filmmaking (offered three semesters in every four; offered fall 2000 and 2001, and spring 2002)

2. One of the following theatre courses:

   - **THETR 250** Fundamentals of Theatre Design/Technology
   - **THETR 280** Introduction to Acting
   - **THETR 398** Directing I (prerequisite: permission)

3. **Four courses** (15–16 credits) in film offered by Theatre, Film & Dance as below, or by other departments (with consent of adviser):

   - **THETR 264** Interpreting Hitchcock (offered every fall semester)
   - **THETR 275** Introduction to Film Theory (offered occasionally; not offered 2000–2001)
   - **THETR 277** Video Production I (offered alternate spring semesters; offered spring 2001)
   - **THETR 291** Filming Other Cultures (offered spring 2000)
   - **THETR 369** Studies in Film Analysis (offered every spring semester; topics vary)
   - **THETR 378** Soviet Film of 20s and French Film of 60s (offered every fourth year; offered spring 2003)
   - **THETR 379** Modern Documentary Film (offered alternate spring semesters; offered spring 2002)
   - **THETR 383** Screenwriting (offered every spring semester)
   - **THETR 386** Third Cinema (offered alternate spring semesters; offered spring 2002)
   - **THETR 391** Media Arts Studio I (tentatively scheduled for fall semester 2000)
   - **THETR 392** Media Arts Studio II (tentatively scheduled for spring semester 2001)
   - **THETR 395** Video: Art, Theory, Politics (offered every fall semester)
   - **THETR 396** German Film (offered occasionally; not offered 2000–2001)
   - **THETR 413** Film and Performance (offered occasionally; not offered 2000–2001)
   - **AS&RC 435** African Cinema
   - **THETR 450** Rescreening the Holocaust (offered spring 2001)
   - **THETR 455** History of Post-WWII Polish Cinema (offered every fourth year; offered spring semester 2001)
   - **THETR 473** Film and Spiritual Questions (offered alternate spring semesters; offered spring 2001)
   - **THETR 474** Jung, Film, and the Process of Self-Knowledge (offered alternate spring semesters; offered spring 2002)

   **THETR 475** Seminar in the Cinema I (offered every fall semester; topic varies; may be repeated for credit; topic for fall 2000: cognitive film theory)

   - **THETR 476** Seminar in the Cinema II (offered occasionally; offered spring semester 2001)
   - **THETR 477** Intermediate Film and Video Projects I (offered fall semester 2000)
   - **THETR 478** Intermediate Film and Video Projects II (offered spring 2001)
   - **THETR 493** Advanced Film and Video Projects (not offered 2000–2001)
   - **THETR 653** Myth on Film

4. 15 credits of related coursework inside or outside of the Department of Theatre, Film & Dance (as approved by your major adviser). The courses chosen to fulfill this requirement should reinforce your particular interest in film, and will not necessarily be film courses per se. For example, a student interested in the psychology of film, or in ethnographic film, or in film vis-a-vis intellectual or social history, will be encouraged to choose "related course work" in those areas.

5. With a grade of less than C, a course cannot be used toward the concentration.

6. Course work in production cannot exceed 20 credit hours.

**Honors**

Students who have maintained a GPA of 3.5 in their film major courses, and an average of 3.0 in all courses, may elect to work for honors in film during their senior year. They must consult with their adviser in the spring of their junior year about the honors program in film. Honors projects are possible in filmmaking, screen writing, and film scholarship.

**The Advanced Undergraduate Filmmaking Program**

The department offers advanced study in filmmaking to students who qualify on the basis of outstanding achievement in film studies and film production courses. Acceptance to the AUPP and admission to the advanced film production course (THETR 493) will be determined by a committee of film faculty in December of each year, based on applications from students who have a proposal (script or treatment) for a film or video project. Up to four such students will also be selected to receive the Melville Shavelson Award to help fund their advanced film projects.

**Film Study Abroad**

The College of Arts and Sciences, through this department and in consort with a number of other American colleges and universities, offers up to a full year of study at the Paris Center for Critical Studies. The center's program is theoretical, critical, and historical. It is most useful to students whose major interest is in the academic study of film and serves as an intensive supplement to Cornell's film courses. Fluency in French is required. Theatre Arts 274 or 275 and 375 are prerequisites. Inquiries should be addressed to Professor Fredericksen, Cornell's liaison with the center.

Film majors may also complement their film studies with work in the Advanced Film and Television Program of the British American
The Dance Program

The dance program offers courses in dance technique, improvisation, composition, performance, anatomical analysis of movement, dance technology, and the history, theory, and criticism of dance. Technique courses include introductory dance technique, modern dance at three levels, and ballet at three levels. Other dance forms, such as Japanese Noh, Indian dance, and Javanese dance, are offered on a rotating basis. Courses in African and ballet dance, taken through the Physical Education program, supplement these offerings. Technique courses develop strength, flexibility, coordination, and the ability to perceive and reproduce phrases of dance movement with clarity of rhythm, body technique, one exercise. The more advanced courses require the ability to perform complex phrases in various styles. Students may earn up to eight academic credits (one each semester) in technique courses. Students may also satisfy the physical education requirement by taking dance technique courses in the dance program. Students taking technique for academic credit must also register through their own colleges. Students who wish to enroll in nonintroduction level dance technique courses must attend a placement class. Placement classes are offered in April and November for enrollment the following semester. The schedule for all dance technique courses and placement classes is available in the main office of the Center for Theatre Arts.

The faculty offer rehearsal and performance workshops in which they choreograph and rehearse original dances, performed in public concert. Admission to rehearsal and performance courses is by permission. Students may receive credit for these offerings. The more advanced courses require the ability to perform complex phrases in various styles. Students may earn up to eight academic credits (one each semester) in technique courses. Students may also satisfy the physical education requirement by taking dance technique courses in the dance program. Students taking technique for academic credit must also register through their own colleges. Students who wish to enroll in nonintroduction level dance technique courses must attend a placement class. Placement classes are offered in April and November for enrollment the following semester. The schedule for all dance technique courses and placement classes is available in the main office of the Center for Theatre Arts.

To be admitted to the major, students must have completed two technique courses in modern dance or ballet at level II or above. THETR 210 (Beginning Dance Composition and one semester of THETR 212 (Music Resources for Dance Composition), concurrently with THETR 210. It is recommended that THETR 201 (Dance Improvisation), THETR 250 (Fundamentals of Theatre Dance Design and Technology), and Music 105 (Introduction to Music Theory) be taken before the junior year. It is also strongly recommended, but not required, that dance majors take THETR 253 (Explorations in Movement and Performance). The following requirements are expected of the major.

Prerequisites for the Major:

THETR 210 Beginning Dance Composition and Music Resources

THETR 212 Music Resources for Dance Composition concurrently with THETR 210

Two technique courses in modern dance or ballet at level II or above

Requirements for the Major:

MUSIC 105 Introduction to Music Theory (or substitute at the appropriate level)

ONE course in a non-western form, folk dance, or ballet class 0-3

TWO semesters each of ballet and modern dance (in addition to the prerequisite) 4

THETR 155 Rehearsal and Performance 1

THETR 201 Dance Improvisation 3

THETR 212 Music Resources twice (in addition to prerequisite), concurrently with 310, 311 2

THETR 250 Fundamentals of Design and Technology 4

THETR 310-311 Intermediate Dance Composition 6

THETR 312 Physical Analysis of Movement 3

THETR 314-315 Western Dance History 8

THETR 418 Seminar in History of Dance (or other 400-level academic dance course) 4

THETR 491 Senior Project 6

Total 44-47

Students will be expected to perform in at least two concerts and to present at least two of their own dances, in addition to the senior project.

Honors

Students who have maintained a GPA of 3.5 in classes for the dance major and an average of 3.0 in all courses may elect to work for honors in dance during their senior year. They must consult with their adviser in the spring of their junior year about the honors program in dance.

Department Courses:

See individual sections for: Freshman Writing Seminars; General Survey Courses; Theatre Studies; Acting; Directing; Playwriting; Design; Technology; Stage Management; Independent Study; Internships and Honors; Film; Dance.

First-Year Writing Seminars

THETR 121 FWS: Theatre of the Absurd

Fall. 3 credits. M. Romanska.

Both the Theatre of the Absurd and Existentialism were born out of the post WWI atmosphere of disillusionment and skepticism. While Existentialism attempted to argue "about the absurdity of the human condition," the Theatre of the Absurd "merely presented it in its being." The purpose of the class will be to introduce students to major works of the Absurdist Theatre within the Existentialist context. We will read works by Beckett, Ionesco, and Genet, and selections from Nietzsche, Beauvoir, Sartre, and Camus. The class will be supplemented by viewing video productions of the plays. Students will be encouraged to write their own scenes, which will be read in the classroom.

THETR 131 FWS: The Suspense Film

Fall. 3 credits. H. Young. This course explores the striking, surprising, and incredibly popular resurrection of the suspense film in the 1990s. It uses films in conjunction with relevant theoretical texts to understand what gives the suspense film its distinctive pace, look, and feel. Specifically, this course studies the distinction between mystery and suspense, investigates the literary roots of the suspense film, and seeks to understand how and why the suspense film managed to become popular. Writing assignments will include examinations of these topics as well as film reviews. Representative film texts will include Basic Instinct, The Usual Suspects, The Game, and The Matrix. Weekly film screenings will be required.

THETR 181 FWS: Stages of Desiring

Spring. 3 credits. D. Matson.

Is gay theater its own art? Is theater a gay art? This course is a sampling of English and American drama dealing with or written by lesbians, gays, bisexuals, and transgendered persons, or more simply, queers. Using Oscar Wilde's The Importance of Being Earnest as our point of departure, we'll work our way to the present, visiting such playwrights as Tennessee Williams, Edward Albee, Carol Churchill, Holly Hughes, and Larry Kramer before finishing out the course with Tony Kushner's epic Angels in America. Through reaction papers, class discussion, and possibly even the writing of a one-act play, students will be expected to confront candidly questions of queerness and theater, need there be any distinction between queer theater and straight theater? and just what is it about the theater that offers queerness a sanctuary? These questions will inevitably lead us to issues of stereotyping, stigmatizing, performing, gender, and dressing in drag.

General Survey Courses

THETR 230 Creating Theatre

Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 25 students. D. Hall and faculty.

An introduction to theatrical production for the nonmajor. Students will develop a new critical perspective of the performing arts by examining the creation of theatre on stage and backstage through lectures, demonstrations, discussions with various faculty and staff at the Center for Theatre Arts, and by attending department productions. Some writing is required.

THETR 301 Mind and Memory: Explorations of Creativity in the Arts and Sciences (also ENGL 301 and MUSIC 372)

Spring. 4 credits. Limited to 40 students. For description, see English 301.

THETR 430 Introduction to Theatre Management

Fall. 4 credits. Limited to 15 students. J. E. Rainor.

This class is designed to introduce students to the profession of theatre management. The class will be a project-oriented study of components of the field, such as marketing, fundraising, contracts, organizational structures, personnel management, accounting, and box office.

Theatre Studies Courses

THETR 223 The Comic Theater (also COM L223 and CLASS 223) #

Spring. 3 credits. J. Rusten.

For description, see Classics 223.
A study of the roots of theatrical representation around the world from ritual practice to classical Greek and Roman theatre as well as Indian, Chinese, Japanese, African, and native performances. On the formation of major developments in the theatre—playwriting, acting, staging, architecture—through the seventeenth century.

**THETR 240 Introduction to World Theatre I**

Fall. 4 credits. R. Schneider.
A survey of the roots of theatrical representation around the world from ritual practice to classical Greek and Roman theatre as well as Indian, Chinese, Japanese, African, and native performances. On the formation of major developments in the theatre—playwriting, acting, staging, architecture—through the seventeenth century.

**THETR 241 Introduction to World Theatre II**

Spring. 4 credits. H. Young.
A survey of the major developments and innovations in world theatre since 1642, exploring the evolution of naturalism, the birth of the director, as well as the emergence of the avant-garde in the West and its supposed demise today. This course will examine the impact of colonialism on theatre practices around the world.

**THETR 320 Queer Theatre (also ENGL 352 and WOMNS 320)**

What is Queer Theatre and did it exist before the politicization of Queer Identity? Starting with the Renaissance in England, we will examine dramatic, critical, historical, and other writing as we pose questions about spectatorship, visibility and professionalism. Evening film screenings will be required.

**THETR 322 Russian Drama and Theatre (also RUSS L 332)**

See Russian Literature 322 for description.

**THETR 332 Medieval and Renaissance Theatre (also COM L 332)**

Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisites: THETR 240 or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000-2001. J. E. Gainor.
Besides the discussion of representative plays from these periods, this class may focus on questions such as the staging of medieval drama, the relations between the church and the community, and the ways in which historians and critics have interpreted the Renaissance, especially in light of class, race, and gender on stage as well as in the audience.

**THETR 333 European Drama 1600-1900: Molieres to Ibeau (also ENGL 335 and COM L 336)**

See English 335 for description.

**THETR 335 The Modern and Contemporary Theatre (also COM L 335)**

Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: THETR 240 or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000-2001. R. Schneider.
A study of the drama and its cultural contexts from the late nineteenth century to the present. This course will raise questions about modern as well as postmodern theories of performance and the role of theatre in society. It may also examine western style theatre in non-western settings.

**THETR 336 American Drama and Theatre (also ENGL 336)**

A survey of American theatre from 1900-1960. Emphasis will be placed on the relationship among theatre, culture, and history.

**THETR 339 Theories and Techniques of Twentieth-Century Western Theatre**

Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Limited to 15 students. Not offered 2000-2001. R. Schneider.
A look at Western performance across the twentieth century emphasizing theatre theory and directing technique rather than drama. Beginning with symbolism, naturalism, and the avant-garde we'll move on to explore Meyerhold, dada, Brecht, Artaud, Happenings and performance art, Boal, theatre images, feminist theatre, multicultural theatre, theatre of AIDS, and other theatre issues and innovations. Students will engage in performance projects.

**THETR 345 The Tragic Theater (also CLASS 345 and COM L 344)**

See Classics 345 for description.

**THETR 372 English Drama to 1700 (also ENGL 372)**

Fall. 4 credits. S. McMillin.
See English 372 for description.

**THETR 373 English Drama from 1700 to the Present (also ENGL 373)**

Spring. 4 credits. S. McMillin.
See English 373 for description.

**THETR 403 Ritual, Play, Spectacle, Act: Performing Culture (also THETR 403)**

Fall. 4 credits. R. Schneider.
Taking a broad spectrum approach to performance, this course will include anthropological texts on ritual and play, sociological texts on performances in everyday life, literary studies texts on "performatives" in speech and writing, folklore studies on parades and reenactments, psychological and philosophical studies on the role of performance in the formation of identity, as well as standard texts of the theater. We will consider the distinctions between play, ritual, spectacle, festival, theater, and the "visual" arts. We will explore the differences between spectating and witnessing and examine studies on audience behavior. At the base of our inquiry will be the broad issue of the role of representational practices within culture and among cultures.

**THETR 405 Operatic Contacts (also S HUM 405, GERST 404, COM L 408)**

Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Limited to 15 students. Not offered 2000-2001. A. Groos.
See Society for the Humanities for complete description.

**THETR 420 Brecht, Artaud, Mueller, Wilson (also GERST 430 and COM L 430)**

Fall. 4 credits. D. Bathrick.
See German Studies 430 for description.

**THETR 424 Elizabethan and Jacobean Drama (also ENGL 428)**

See English 425 for a complete description.

**THETR 425 Introduction to Dramaturgy and Dramatic Criticism**

Fall. 4 credits. J. E. Gainor.
This seminar will explore a number of artistic, political, and social movements emanating from Greenwich Village in the 'teens and 'twenties, and explore their impact on the evolution of American drama. The Provincetown Players, the theatre company that first showcased O'Neill, Glaspell, Millay, and other important American writers, will be the focus of our analysis. The seminar is designed as a case study in the critical practice of cultural studies.

**THETR 431 Theory of the Theatre and Drama (also COM L 433)**

Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: some theatre history and dramatic literature work at the 300 level or permission of instructor.
A survey of dramatic theory and theories of theatrical representation from Aristotle to the present.

**THETR 433 Dramaturgy: Play and Period (also ENGL 433)**


**THETR 435 Special Topics: The Victorian and Edwardian Theatre (also ENGL 422)**

Fall. 4 credits. Limited to 15 students. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered 2000-2001. J. E. Gainor.
An in-depth exploration of theatre and drama in England from the mid-nineteenth through early twentieth centuries. Topics will include melodrama, the social problem play, the popular stage, the conditions of theatrical production, and the impact of European theatre. Representative authors include Roberts, Pinero, Shaw, Wilde, Robins, Galsworthy, and St. John.
[THETR 438] East and West German Drama (also GERST 438 and THETR 648)
D. Bathrick.
Major historical and textual developments in German theatre from the end of World War II to the present. Leading dramatists from West and East Germany, Switzerland, and Austria (Brecht, Frisch, Durrenmatt, Weiss, Hochhuth, Müller, Benn, Kroep, Handke, and others) will be treated in the light of the political events and aesthetic-dramaturgical traditions from which they emerge and with which they are taking issue.

[THETR 439] Theatre of Commodities: Advertising, TV, and Performance (also ENGL 411)
R. Schneider and A. Villarejo.
This course will explore the employment of bodies and objects as representational emblems of value and desire in late capitalism. We will analyze the ways in which desire circulates through print advertising, television, and the avant-garde. We will examine socio-cultural constructions of the relationship between screen bodies and live bodies, especially as it involves advertising and audience. We will explore conceptual and culturally inscribed spaces between notions of desire, fulfillment, deferral, and value coding. Throughout, feminist analyses of gender construction and deployment in the realms of the market, popular culture, and "high" art will frame our inquiry. Finally we will ask questions about the problematic of interventionalist tactics in art and popular culture relative to world. Through intervention in various forms and objects of desire, we will explore the ways in which desire is constructed and conveyed through various media and objects.

[THETR 445] Text Analysis for Production: How to Get from the Text onto the Stage
Fall. 4 credits.
Prerequisite: THETR 240 or THETR 281 or THETR 250 or THETR 398, and permission of instructor. Limited to 15 students. B. Levitt.
This course examines the play as the central, essential source for production decisions made by the actor, the director, the designer, and the dramaturg. Students "present" their conclusions about the performance of studied texts through project work as either an actor, director, designer, or dramaturg, as well as through two or three papers.

[THETR 454] American Musical Theatre (also ENGL 454)
Spring. 4 credits.
Prerequisite: ENGL 272 or THETR 240 and 241 and ability to read music at the level of MUSIC 105. S. McMillin.
See English 454 for description.

[THETR 459] Contemporary British Drama (also ENGL 459)
See English 459 for a complete description.

[THETR 470] The Japanese Noh Theater and Modern Dramatists (also ASIAN 470 and COM L 470) @
For description, see Asian Studies 470.

[THETR 471] Japanese Theatre (also ASIAN 471) @
Fall. 4 credits. K. Brazell.
For description, see Asian Studies 471.

[THETR 483] Seminar in Comparative Twentieth-Century Anglophone Drama (also ENGL 483)
Fall. 4 credits. Some knowledge of classical and avant-garde theories of drama and theatre would be useful, but is not a prerequisite. T. 2:30–4:25. B. Jeyifo.
The course will explore twentieth-century Anglophone drama in diverse areas of the English-speaking world. The term "Anglophone" includes Irish, African, Caribbean, and U.S. playwrights such as Frail, Soyinka, Fugard, Walcott, and Shange. The seminar will be organized around two principal issues: the use of folk, ritual, vernacular, and carnivalesque performance idioms to transform the received genre of Western literary drama and themes of empire, colony, and postcoloniality in the making of the modern world.

[THETR 600] Proseminar in Theatre Studies
Spring. 4 credits. Limited to Theatre Arts graduate students. B. Levitt.
An introduction to the theory and methods involved in the study of the theatre. Attention will focus on pedagogy and the profession in Part I. Part II will explore current scholarly trends.

[THETR 637] Seminar in Dramatic Theory (also COM L 638)
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. R. Schneider.
Topic varies each semester.

[THETR 648] East and West German Drama: Post-1945 (also THETR 438 and GERST 438)
D. Bathrick.

[THETR 660] Visual Ideology (also COM L 660 and GERST 660)
G. Waite.
For description, see German Studies 660.

[THETR 679] Bertolt Brecht in Context (also GERST 679 and COM L 679)
See German Studies 679 for description.

[THETR 703] Theorizing Film (also ENGL 703 and FRLIT 695)
T. Murray.
See English 703 for description.

[THETR 155] Rehearsal and Performance
Fall or spring. 1–2 credits. 1 credit per production experience per semester up to 2 credits per semester. Students must register for the course in the term in which credit is earned; requests for retroactive credit will not be honored. Limited to students who are assigned roles after tryouts at the department's scheduled auditions. Students should add this course only after they have been assigned roles. S-U grades only.
The study, development, and performance of roles in departmental theatre or dance productions or the study and practice of directing as experienced in assisting faculty and guest directors.

[THETR 205] Rehearsal Workshop
Fall or spring. 2 credits. Limited to 30 students.
Prerequisites: participation in a particular department production; and by permission Staff.
This course will enable students participating in a particular production to gain expertise and/or knowledge to contribute to that production. The focus of the class will depend on the needs of a particular production (history, choreography, textwork, dramaturgy, etc).

[THETR 280] Introduction to Acting
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Each section is limited to 16 students.
Prerequisites: participation in a particular department production; and by permission Staff.
An introduction to the actor's technique and performance skills, exploring the elements necessary to begin training as an actor, i.e., observation, concentration, and imagination. Focus will be on physical and vocal exercises, improvisation, and text and character. There is required play reading, play attendance, and some scene study.

[THETR 281] Acting I
Fall or spring. 3 credits. Each section is limited to 14 students.
Prerequisites: THETR 280 and audition. Registration only through roster in the department office, Center for Theatre Arts Staff.
An introduction to the actor's craft through improvisation and exercises in physical and psychological action. Scene study using the plays of Williams, Inge, and Miller.

[THETR 282] Standard American Stage Speech
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: THETR 280 and permission of instructor. A. Van Dyke.
An introduction to Standard American Stage Speech. We will study various regional American accents and Standard American Stage Speech using the International Phonetic Alphabet (IPA) as a way to designate the vowel, diphthong, and consonant sounds of spoken English. The purpose of this course is to learn speech for use in performance.

[THETR 283] Voice and Speech for Performance
2 credits. Limited to 12 students. Primarily for department majors.
Registration only through department roster in the main office of the Center for Theatre Arts. Development of the speaking voice with additional emphasis on dramatic interpretation.

**THETR 284 Speech and Dialects for Performance**
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 12 students. Primarily for department majors or advance undergraduate training program candidates. Prerequisites: THETR 281 and permission of instructor. A. Van Dyke. Development of speech and dialects in dramatic text.

**THETR 287 Summer Acting Workshop**
Summer. 3 credits. Limited to 16 students in a section. B. Levitt and staff. An introduction to the processes of acting. Practice in training techniques, rehearsal procedures, and methodology.

**THETR 380 Acting II**
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: THETR 281 and audition. Limited to 12 students. S. Cole. A continuation of Acting I. Special consideration will be given to a physical approach to characterization using the plays of Chekhov and Ibsen.

**THETR 381 Acting III: Advanced Scene Study**
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: THETR 380 and audition. Limited to 10 students. B. Levitt. This course focuses on advanced problems in language and period style (movement, bows, curtsies, and period dances). Monologues and scenes will be drawn from these playwrights: Shakespeare and Moliere.

**THETR 385 Advanced Studies in Acting Techniques**
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: THETR 281, audition, and permission of instructor. Limited to 10 students. Topic varies each semester. May be repeated for credit. S. Cole.

**THETR 387 Movement for the Actor**
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: THETR 281 and permission of instructor. Limited to 10 students. Not offered 2000–2001. Staff. Physical skills for the actor will be developed through work with LeCoeq-based Neutral Mask corporeal mime, and physical acting techniques.

**THETR 415 The History of Acting**
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 10 students. Prerequisites: THETR 380 and permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. S. Cole. A study of the art of acting in its historical and cultural context from the Greeks to the early twentieth century, with an emphasis on an analytical understanding of acting methodology in relation to social context. Lectures and film showings, with student papers and presentations required.

**Design, Technology, and Stage Management**

**THETR 250 Fundamentals of Theatre Design and Technology**
Fall and spring. 4 credits. Not open to first-year freshmen. Limited to 12 students. Registration only through department roster in CTA 225. A minimum of one credit of Production Lab (THETR 151 or 251) is strongly recommended concurrently. K. Goetz, R. Katcher, J. Johnson, C. Hatcher, and E. Intemann. An introduction to design and technology in the theatre. Lectures, discussion, and project work introduce the principles of designing scenery, costumes, lighting and sound, and the technical process of realizing designs on stage. Students are required to purchase materials, which the instructors will specify (approximate cost, $40).

**THETR 263 CAD Studio for the Theatre**
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 8 students. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. K. Goetz and selected theatre production faculty and staff. Students will use commercially available 3-D modeling and rendering software to explore the process of designing scenery and lighting for the live theatre. Vectorworks and Photoshop will be the primary applications used. Former theatre experience is helpful but not essential.

**THETR 319 Music, Dance, and Light**
Fall. 3 credits. Attendance at dance concerts and music concerts is required E. Intemann and A. Fogelanger. Artistic values, parameters, and concerns of music (sound design), dance, and lighting design are compared and contrasted, and the combination of design elements is analyzed in contemporary dance: Includes writing in response to readings, audio and video recordings, and performances. Some classes devoted to creating sound, movement, and lighting.

**THETR 343 Costume History: From Fig Leaf to Vanity**
Fall. 3 credits. Attendance at dance concerts and music concerts is required. E. Intemann. Costume History will offer an overview of the history of clothing from the first signs of clothing to the early twentieth century. It will investigate personal, social, religious, political, and regional reasons for why and how clothing evolved.

**THETR 362 Lighting Design Studio I: Lighting in Performing Arts**
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: THETR 250 or permission of instructor. Limited to 6 students. E. Intemann. The theory and practice of lighting design as a medium for artistic expression. This course will explore the aesthetic and mechanical aspects of light and their application in the theatre. Artistic style and viewpoint will also be covered.

**THETR 364 Scenic Design Studio**
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to 10 students. Prerequisite: THETR 250 and 340 or permission of instructor. Students are required to purchase materials which the instructor will specify (approximate cost, $50.00). K. Goetz.
An exploration of the process of designing scenery for the live theatre. Projects will employ various media to explore dramatic use of architecture, the scenic space, and elements of interior design. Experience in theatre production and graphic skills is helpful but not essential.

**THTER 366 Costume Design Studio**
Spring. 3 credits. Students are required to purchase materials which the instructor will specify (approximate cost $50). Limited to 6 students. J. Johnson.

Design of costumes for the theatre, concentrating on script and character analysis, period research, design elements, figure drawing and rendering skills, and an understanding of production style. May be repeated for credit.

**THTER 368 Sound Design Studio**
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 6 students. Prerequisite: THTER 250 or 252 or permission of instructor. Students are required to purchase supplies (approximate cost $20). C. Hatcher.

The use of sound as a medium of design for the theatre; concentration on the creation of the theatrical sound score, digital recording and basic audio engineering techniques with projects in post production studio engineering and live recording. Emphasis is on producing viable sound designs for live theatre events.

**THTER 369 Digital Audio Studio**
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to 6 students. By permission of instructor only. C. Hatcher.

A project oriented course focusing on current techniques in digital audio recording, editing and processing for theatre, and video production. Students will explore Digidesign's Pro Tools multi-track environment, MOTU's Digital Performer including basic MIDI operation and methods of synthesizing audio to video. Some experience with audio recording, music, or video production is helpful but not necessary.

**THTER 462 Lighting Design Studio II**
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: THTER 362 or permission of instructor. Limited to 6 students. E. Intemann.

This course concentrates on designing lighting for different genres in various venues, developing the lighting designer as a versatile artist. Personal style and artistic commitment will be stressed.

**THTER 464 Scene Design Studio II**
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: THTER 364 or permission of instructor. Students are required to purchase materials which the instructor will specify (approximate cost $50). K. Goetz.

Projects and activities will be tailored to the creative and developmental needs of the individual student with emphasis on developing professional standards and practices that would prepare the student for a major design assignment.

**Technology**

**THTER 252 Technical Production Studio I**
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to 6 students. D. Hall and J. Zomow.

Stage Lighting and Sound Technology: the practical aspects of lighting and sound technology including equipment setup, engineering, organization, recording techniques, and production paperwork will be explored through projects, lectures, and class discussions. In addition to twice-weekly class meetings the course requires a laboratory commitment of 50 hours for the semester.

**THTER 256 Technical Production Studio II**
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 6 students. Students are required to purchase materials, which the instructor will specify (approximate cost $50). Prerequisite: THTER 250 or permission of instructor. Additional hands-on time in prop and paint shops required, to be discussed. T. Honesty and A. Mansfield.

**Scene Painting**
Introduction to the basic techniques of painting scenery, including but not limited to the layout and painting of bricks, marble, stone, and wood grain for the theatre. Individual projects in scene painting and participation on paint crew for productions are included. Stage Properties: introduction to the processes of propmaking, including furniture construction and upholstery techniques, use of shop tools and materials, period research, and painting and finishing.

**THTER 340 Theatrical Drafting and Technical Drawing Studio**
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to 6 students. Prerequisite: THTER 250 or permission of instructor. S. Brookhouse.

Implementation of the fundamentals of drafting and technical drawing. Introduction of the concept of an individual style in the approach to drafting for the theatre. A series of projects to familiarize students with the convention and process of visualization and drafting.

**THTER 352 Themed Entertainment: The Technical Perspective**
Fall. 3 credits. Limited to 12 students. R. Archer.

Exposition into the integration of art and science in today's theme parks and interactive entertainment attractions. Papers, projects, and discussions will deal with planning and development aspects of large-scale entertainment projects including architecture, engineering, construction, and attraction installation. Focus will be on the specialized entertainment technologies that make these attractions work: audio and lighting design, ride and show control systems, and special effects.

**THTER 354 Stagecraft Studio**
Fall. 3 credits. A minimum of 1 credit of production laboratory (THTER 151 or 251) is strongly recommended concurrently. Prerequisite: THTER 250 or permission of instructor. R. Archer.

An exploration of the techniques and practice of theatre operation, scenic construction, stage mechanics, rigging, painting, and model building.

**THTER 355 Costume Construction Studio**
Spring. 3 credits. A minimum of 1 credit of production laboratory (THTER 151 or 251) is strongly recommended concurrently. Prerequisite: THTER 250 or permission of instructor. Lab fee of $25 to be paid in class. C. Orr Brookhouse.

A project/lecture/discussion class in costume research, patterning, cutting, construction, and fitting.

**THTER 360 Costumes: Special Projects**
Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisite: THTER 250 and 280 or permission of instructor. C. Hall.

This course is designed for students who have completed a basic construction class (in THTER, TXA, or other) and are interested in acquiring skills beyond the basic techniques. The objectives are two-fold: (1) to introduce students to areas of costuming that are not taught presently, such as millinery, corsetry, wig-styling, and underpinning-skills, that will make a costume more marketable after graduation; and (2) to give students the opportunity (and satisfaction) of seeing their work on stage in an actual theatre production at Cornell. Areas of focus for each semester will be determined by the particular production needs. For example, if we would produce a Commedia play, students would explore masks (history and construction). Along with the pieces constructed, students will be asked to research and record their findings.

**Stage Management**

**THTER 153 Stage Management Production Laboratory**
Fall and spring. 1-2 credits. May be repeated for credit. Before registering, students must attend an orientation meeting in the Proscenium Theatre at the Center for Theatre Arts at 7:30 P.M. on the first Tuesday of classes. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. P. Lillard.

Practical experience in theatrical production as assistant stage manager for a dance theatre concert or as a stage manager for readings, Black Box lab productions, or S.L.T.C. under the supervision of the faculty production manager. THTER 370 complements this course.

**THTER 253 Stage Management Laboratory II**
Fall and spring. 1-4 credits. May be repeated for credit. Before registering, students must attend an orientation meeting in the Proscenium Theatre at the Center for Theatre Arts at 7:30 P.M. on the first Tuesday of classes. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. P. Lillard.

Practical experience in theatrical production as assistant stage manager for a season production under the supervision of the faculty production manager. THTER 370 complements this course.

**THTER 353 Stage Management Laboratory III**
Fall and spring. 1-4 credits. May be repeated for credit. Before registering, students must attend an orientation meeting in the Proscenium Theatre at the Center for Theatre Arts at 7:30 P.M. on the first Tuesday of classes. Prerequisite: permission of the instructor. P. Lillard.

Practical experience in theatrical production as stage manager for a dance theatre concert or an AUTP production under the supervision of the faculty production manager. THTER 370 complements this course.

**THTER 370 Stage Management Studio**
Fall. 2 credits. Prerequisite: THTER 250 or 280 or permission of instructor. P. Lillard.

Introduction to the concepts and techniques of stage management as they relate to specific areas of production. Development of relevant communication skills and an understanding of the production process as experienced by a working stage manager or assistant stage manager. THTER 153, 253, and 353 complement this course.
THETR 453 Stage Management Laboratory IV
Fall and spring. 1-5 credits. May be repeated for credit. Prerequisite: admission to Advanced Undergraduate Theatre Program. P. Lillard.

Practical experience in theatrical production as stage manager for a season production under the supervision of the faculty production manager.

Production Laboratories

THETR 151 Production Laboratory I
Fall and spring. 1-3 credits. May be repeated for credit. Orientation meeting on the first Tuesday of classes each semester at 7:30 p.m. in the CTA Proscenium Theatre. P. Lillard, S. Brookhouse, J. Zornow, C. Orr Brookhouse.

This course provides practical experiences in theatrical production. Students can work on scenery, costumes, properties, lighting, or stage crew. No prerequisites or experience required.

THETR 251 Production Laboratory II
Fall and spring. 1-3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. May be repeated for credit. Orientation meeting on the first Tuesday of classes each semester at 7:30 p.m. in the CTA Proscenium Theatre. P. Lillard, S. Brookhouse, D. Hall, C. Orr Brookhouse, J. Zornow.

Practical experience in theatrical production, as a light board operator, sound board operator, sound technician, head dresser or scenery/props special project.

THETR 351 Production Laboratory III
Fall and spring. 1-3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. P. Lillard, R. Archer, S. Brookhouse, K. Goetz, D. Hall, E. Intemann, J. Zornow, J. Johnson, C. Orr Brookhouse.

Practical experience in theatrical production as a master electrician, assistant technical director, assistant costume shop manager, or assistant to a faculty or guest director or designer.

THETR 451 Production Laboratory IV
Fall and spring. 1-4 credits. May be repeated for credit. Prerequisite: admission to Advanced Undergraduate Theatre Program. P. Lillard, R. Archer, S. Brookhouse, K. Goetz, D. Hall, J. Johnson, E. Intemann, C. Orr Brookhouse.

Practical experience in theatrical production, in the position of designer, shop manager, technical director or sound engineer.

Independent Study, Internships and Honors

THETR 300 Independent Study
Summer, fall, or spring. 1-4 credits. Independent Study in the theatre allows students the opportunity to pursue special interests not treated in regularly scheduled courses. A faculty member, who becomes the student's instructor for the course, must approve the student's program of study and agree to provide continuing supervision of the work. Students must prepare a proposal for independent study which is available in 225 CTA.

THETR 485 Undergraduate Internship
Fall, spring, or summer. 1-3 credits. To be eligible to enroll and receive credit for an internship, students must either be majors or be concentrators in the department. Students are responsible for arranging their own internships in consultation with the faculty in their area of choice prior to prerequisites for the semester in which the internship is planned to take place. To receive credit within this course, the internship must be unpaid. Students must follow the rules and procedures stated in the departmental internship form.

THETR 495 Honors Research Tutorial
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Limited to Honors students in Theatre, Film and Dance. This course is the second of a two-semester sequence (the first is THETR 496) for seniors engaged in an honors project.

THETR 496 Honors Research Tutorial
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Limited to Honors students in Theatre, Film and Dance. This course is the second of a two-semester sequence (the first is THETR 495) for students engaged in an honors project.

Film

THETR 264 Interpreting Hitchcock (also ENGL 263)
Fall. 4 credits. Limited to 75 students. L. Bogel.

See English 263 for complete description.

THETR 274 Introduction to Film Analysis: Meaning and Value
Fall. 4 credits. Limited to 40 students.
D. Fredericksen.

An intensive consideration of the ways films generate meaning and of the ways we attribute meaning and value to films. Discussion ranges over commercial narrative, documentary, and personal film modes. Prospective film majors should enroll in their sophomore year.

THETR 275 Introduction to Film Theory

This course provides an introduction to critical and theoretical approaches to film over the past century. It surveys questions of form, genre, aesthetics, narrative, spectatorship, industry, authorship, and apparatus through readings and weekly screenings of films key to these theoretical and critical formulations. The second half of the course will be devoted to the major theoretical trajectories of the past few decades in the humanities more generally and in their specific relations to cinema: structuralism and semiotics, Marxism, psychoanalysis, feminist theory, poststructuralism, postcolonial theory and queer theory.

THETR 277 Video Production I
Spring, alternate years and occasionally in summer. 3 credits. Limited to 12 students.

Permission of instructor. Open to sophomores, juniors, and seniors. M. Rivchin.

A hands-on, beginning video production course using Super-VHS cameras and editing equipment. Students will learn camera, lighting, sound recording, editing, and digital effects through a series of technical exercises. Students will develop two short, original video projects to be shown publicly at the end of the semester. A $100 equipment maintenance fee per student will be collected in class. Cost for videotape approximately $50-100.

THETR 291 Filming Other Cultures (also THETR 691 and ANTHR 291/691)
Spring. 4 credits. Limited to 20 students, with preference given to those who have taken either Anthropology 102 or Theatre Arts 274. Fee for screening and maintenance, $35. R. Ascher.

THETR 291 meets simultaneously with THETR 691/ANTHR 291/691. For topics and issues addressed, please see the description under Anthropology 291. Additionally, all graduate students review widely distributed films of general interest, for example, Werner Herzog's Where the Green Ants Dream, and, in consultation with the instructor, review films related to their special interests and major field of study.

THETR 329 Political Theory and Cinema (also GERST 330, COM L 330 and GOVT 370)

For description, see German Studies 330.

THETR 341 French Film (also FRLIT 336)
Spring. 4 credits. T. Murray.

A survey of major films, directors, and trends in French film. Beginning with classic French films by directors such as Bresson, Clair, Carné, Gance, Vigo, Ophuls, Cocteau, Duvivier, Jean Renoir, and Tati, we will consider the development of the New Wave (Truffaut, Godard, Rohmer, Rivette), the Left Bank ( Marker, Varda, Resnais) and trends in post-68 cinema from feminist ( Akerman, Duras), cinema of the look in the 80s (Beineix, Besson), and recent trends in cinema, video, and new media (Assayas, Oston, Djebar, Kuntzel). Discussions of films will be informed by consideration of the major critical and intellectual trends informing them, with particular emphasis on French film theory since the Cahiers du Cinéma. Weekly screenings will be in French with English subtitles; classes will be conducted in English; papers either in French or English. Requirements: midterm, two papers, final.

THETR 369 Studies in Film Analysis (also ENGL 369)
Spring. 4 credits. L. Bogel.


THETR 375 History and Theory of the Commercial Narrative Film
Fall. 4 credits. Fee for screening expenses, $10 (paid in class). Offered alternate years. Prerequisite for film majors THETR 274. A. Villarejo.

Consideration of the broad patterns of narration in the history of the commercial narrative film. Emphasizes placed on the early articulation of a cinematic means of narration, realism as an artistic style, the nature and functions of popular film, and the modes of modernist and post-modernist "art cinema" narration.

THETR 376 History and Theory of Documentary and Experimental Film
Fall. 4 credits. Fee for screening expenses, $10 (paid in class). Prerequisite: THETR 274 is strongly recommended, but not required. Not offered 2000-2001. A. Villarejo.
First, the history and theory of documentary film up to the end of World War II. Second, the history and theory of the experimental and personal film forms in Europe and the United States.

**THETR 377 Fundamentals of 16mm Filmmaking**

Fall. 4 credits. Limited to 12 students. Intended for juniors and seniors (who may need to sign up a year or more in advance) with priority given to film majors. Critical exploration of THETR 274 (or higher-level film studies course) and permission of instructor. Equipment fee, $100 (paid in class). The average cost to each student for materials and processing is $400.

A hands-on course in the basics of 16mm filmmaking techniques, requiring no prior production experience, emphasizing creative development of filmic ideas through critical discussion. Students may explore narrative, experimental, documentary, animation, and abstract genres, producing short exercises and a final sound film project (8-12 minutes) to be screened publicly.

**THETR 378 Soviet Film of the 1920s and French Film of the 1960s**

Spring. 4 credits. Fee for screening expenses, $50 (paid in class). Prerequisite: THETR 375 is strongly recommended, but not required. Offered every fourth year; offered 2003. D. Fredericksen.

An intensive treatment of two distinct periods of radical innovation in film theory and history. Emphasis on the animated relationship between theory and filmmaking during these two decades. Major figures include Eisenstein, Pudovkin, Vertov, Kuleshov, Dovzhenko, and Ross, in the Soviet 1920s; Godard, Truffaut, Resnais, Rohmer, Tati, Roux, Pras, and Bazin in the French 1960s.

**THETR 379 Modern Documentary Film**

Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: THETR 376 is strongly recommended but not required. Fee for screening expenses, $10 (paid in class). Offered alternate spring semesters; next offered spring 2002. D. Fredericksen.

An intensive consideration of canonical documentary films from 1945 to the present. Emphasizes on the documentary film as an artistic form with a distinct history and set of theoretical questions, as a sociopolitical force, as an ethnographic medium within and without a filmmaker’s culture, and as a televised medium of persuasion and expression.

**THETR 383 Screenwriting**

Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisites: THETR 274 and 377, and permission of instructor. Limited to 12 students. Off. Experiences in various genres of screenwriting will be explored: the commercial narrative, documentary, experimental, and abstract. Note: this class is an intensive writing experience that will demand a great deal of outside work.

**THETR 386 Third Cinema**

Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: previous course in film history or analysis, though not mandatory. Offered alternate years. Not offered 2000–2001. A. Villarejo.

This course explores postcolonial film and video through the medium of "third cinema." We will investigate the diverse historical, national, political, and global commitments of films from Africa, South Asia, Latin America, the United States and the United Kingdom (Sembene, Ray, Brocka, et al.). Readings in film and postcolonial theory will guide our critical analyses of the films.

**THETR 391 Media Arts Studio I (also ART 391, ARCH 391, MUSIC 391)**

Fall (tentative). 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor and junior-level standing required, minimum THETR 277 or 279, or dance studio courses. $50 equipment fee (to be paid in class).

A collaborative interdisciplinary studio course in a variety of digital and electronic media, including art, architecture, music, dance, film, and video. Group projects and discussions will also investigate the artistic and interactive potential of a high-speed internet connecting arts spaces on campus, including virtual and performative events.

**THETR 392 Media Arts Studio II (also ART 392, ARCH 392, MUSIC 392)**

Spring (tentative). 3 credits. Preference given to those who completed Media Arts Studio I. See THETR 391 for prerequisites. $50 equipment fee (paid in class).

A collaborative interdisciplinary studio course in a variety of digital and electronic media, including art, architecture, music, dance, film, and video. Group projects and discussions will also investigate the artistic and interactive potential of high-speed internet connecting arts spaces on campus, including virtual and performative events.

**THETR 395 Video: Art, Theory, Politics (also ENGL 395)**

Fall. 4 credits. T. Murray.

For description, see English 395.

**THETR 396 German Film (also COM L 396 and GERST 396)**


This course will explore German film from the Weimar and Nazi periods to the present in relation to the cultural and sociopolitical context of which it was a part. Readings and lectures will be devoted to formal and cultural developments historically as well as interpretive analysis of selected individual films.

**THETR 413 Film and Performance**

Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: at least one production course in 16mm film or video, and/or at least one 300-level course in acting or directing. Permission of the instructors. Limited to 12 students. $50 maintenance fee (paid in class).


**THETR 450 Rescreening the Holocaust (also COM L 453 and GERST 449)**

Spring. 4 credits. D. Batrick.

Rescreening the Holocaust will offer a survey of the major films dealing with the Holocaust beginning with Night and Fog (1955) and including such works as the TV film Holocaust, Schindler's List, Life Is Beautiful, Sophie's Choice, Jacob the Liar, The Diary of Anne Frank, Kapo, My Mothers Courage, and others. The course will focus on major issues of debate around the possibilities and limits of representing the Holocaust cinematically as well as questions critically concerning commercialization, fictionalization, trivialization, documentation, visualization, and narrativization in the making and distributing of films about this event. What are the concerns that rise over the years concerning the dangers of aestheticizing the Holocaust in works of literature and the visual arts? Is it possible to employ a comedic narrative to deal with such a topic, and, if so, what are the benefits and downsides of such an approach? Is the very treatment of such a topic within the framework of the Hollywood entertainment industry itself a violation of respect for those who perished? The title of the course suggests a methodological approach which emphasizes the notion that screenings of the Holocaust are at the same time often re-screenings, to the extent that they are built on, presuppose, or even explicitly cite or take issue with earlier cinematic renditions.

**THETR 455 History of Modern Polish Film**

Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: some previous film analysis coursework. Offered every fourth year; offered 2001. D. Fredericksen.

Analysis of Polish film from 1945 to the present, within the context of Poland's postwar history. Topics will include the period of socialist realism, the so-called "Polish School" (1956-1962), the cinema of moral anxiety, Solidarity cinema, and the Polish documentary tradition. Key directors to be considered include Wajda, Munk, Zarrussi, Polanski, Slominski, Kieslowski, and Lozinski. Some attention to the development of Polish film theory. The extra-filmic context will be set by such works as Norman Davies Heart of Europe, Czeslaw Milosz' The Captive Mind, and Eva Hoffman's Exit into History.

**THETR 473 Film and Spiritual Questions (also RELST 473 and College Scholar Seminar)**

Spring. 4 credits. Limited to 20 students. Offered alternate spring semesters; next offered fall 2002. D. Fredericksen.

The use of film as a medium for the expression of spiritual questions has a long and rich history, although little attention is given to this fact in contemporary film studies. This seminar will examine films and writings by filmmakers who are so inclined. Special attention will be given to the work of Andrey Tarkovsky, the Russian film director and theorist.

**THETR 474 Jung, Film, and the Process of Self-Knowledge (also College Scholar Seminar)**

Fall. 4 credits. Limited to 20 students. Offered alternate spring semesters; next offered 2001-2002. D. Fredericksen.

"Know thyself" is one of the oldest and most enduring imperatives of the human spirit, and a raison d''etre for liberal studies. This seminar will trace the Jungian approach to this imperative and test its critical capacities with respect to films by Fellini (8 ½, 12), Bergman (Persona), and Bergman (Wild Strawberries).

**THETR 475 Seminar in the Cinema I**

Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: some analytic film studies coursework for fall 2000. Cognitive film theory. An intensive study of Hugo Munsterberg's The Film: A Psychological Study (1916), Joseph
THETR 476 Seminar in the Cinema II
Spring. 4 credits. Limited to 20 students.
Permission of instructor and some analytic film studies. Y. Spielmann. (Society for Humanities Fellow).
Topical for spring 2000: Concepts of Visual Representation and Virtual Selves. Taking as a starting point the apparent modes of interchangeable selves and characters, figures and figurations in recent films (Terminator II and other films), the seminar explores how these are created through the use of multiple layers, morphing, and other digital devices of imaging, we may ask to what extent our understanding of visual orientation through established features of dimensional film—of cinematography, lighting, sync-sound exercise is in coordination with Directing II class; cinematography, lighting, sync-sound, and editing techniques; working with labs and sound booths, digital video camera; and nonlinear (AVID) editing.

THETR 478 Intermediate Film and Video Projects: Narrative Workshop
Spring. 4 credits. Limited to 8 students. Prerequisites: THETR 377 or 277 as minimum production; preference given to those who have taken THETR 376 (History and Theory of Documentary and Experimental Film), 379 (Modern Documentary Film), 386 (Third Cinema), or 291/691 (Filming Other Cultures); and permission of instructor based on project proposals. Equipment fee: $100 (paid in class). Film project costs: $500-1,000; video $100-200. M. Rivchin.

THETR 479 Advanced Film and Video Projects
Spring. 4 credits. Limited to 4-6 students, those selected to the Advanced Undergraduate Film Program by application in December. Prerequisite: THETR 377 or 277. Equipment fee: $100. Project costs: $500-2,000. Not offered 2000-2001. M. Rivchin.

THETR 483 Experimental Workshop
Spring. 4 credits. Limited to 8 students. Prerequisites: THETR 377 or 277 as minimum production; preference given to those who have taken THETR 376 (History and Theory of Documentary and Experimental Film), 379 (Modern Documentary Film), 386 (Third Cinema), or 291/691 (Filming Other Cultures); and permission of instructor based on project proposals. Equipment fee: $100 (paid in class). Film project costs: $500-1,000; video $100-200. M. Rivchin.

THETR 563 Myth onto Film
Spring. 4 credits. R. Ascher.

THETR 569 German Film Theory (also GERST 699, 700)

THETR 610 Sexuality and the Politics of Representation (also WOMNS 610)
Fall. 4 credits. A. Villarejo.

THETR 653 Feminism and Film (also ENGL 660 and COM L 662)

THETR 674 Introduction to Film Analysis: Meaning and Value
Fall. 4 credits. Limited to 10 graduate students. D. Fredericksen.

THETR 691 Filming Other Cultures (also ENGL 506)
Spring. 4 credits. Fee for film screening and maintenance. $35. R. Ascher.


THETR 476 Seminar in the Cinema II
Spring. 4 credits. Limited to 20 students.
Permission of instructor and some analytic film studies. Y. Spielmann. (Society for Humanities Fellow).
Topical for spring 2000: Concepts of Visual Representation and Virtual Selves. Taking as a starting point the apparent modes of interchangeable selves and characters, figures and figurations in recent films (Terminator II and other films), the seminar explores how these are created through the use of multiple layers, morphing, and other digital devices of imaging, we may ask to what extent our understanding of visual orientation through established features of dimensional film—of cinematography, lighting, sync-sound exercise is in coordination with Directing II class; cinematography, lighting, sync-sound, and editing techniques; working with labs and sound booths, digital video camera; and nonlinear (AVID) editing.

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THETR 691 meets simultaneously with THETR 291/ANTRO 291/691. For topics and issues addressed, please see the description under Anthropology 291. Additionally, all graduate students review widely varied films of general interest, for example, Werner Herzog's Where the Green Ants Dream, and, in consultation with the instructor, review films related to their special interests and major field of study.

THETR 699 German Film Theory (also GERST 699, 700)

THETR 674 Introduction to Film Analysis: Meaning and Value
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THETR 691 Filming Other Cultures (also ENGL 506)
Spring. 4 credits. Fee for film screening and maintenance. $35. R. Ascher.

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THETR 122 Dance Technique I (also PE 160)
Fall and spring. 0 to 1 credit. Satisfies the PE requirement if taken as PE. Attendance at dance concerts is required. Fall. J. Chu and B. Suber; spring. J. Chu and J. Kovar. Entry level class. The fundamentals of elementary dance training. Movement sequences focusing on rhythm, placement, and vitality of performance through an anatomically sound dance technique.

THETR 125 Introduction to Tap Dancing (also PE 170)
Fall. 0 to 1 credit. Satisfies the PE requirement if taken as PE. This introduction to tap dancing will be designed for beginners who have no previous experience with the genre. We will begin with basic heel, toe, and ball work before progressing logically to the shuffle, the flap, and their concomitant variations. As one of our goals in tap dancing will be to realize (just a few of the) body's percussive possibilities, uninhibited ankles and a sense of rhythm are strongly recommended.
THETR 231 Dance Technique II/Ballet (also PE 161)
Spring. 0 to 1 credit. By placement only; no pre-enrollment. Satisfies the PE requirement if taken as PE. Attendance at dance concerts is required. Not offered 2000–2001. Staff.
Beginning Ballet technique intended for students with some dance training. Includes all basic barre and center work focusing on presence and presentation.

THETR 232 Dance Technique II/Modern (also PE 162)
Fall and spring. 0 to 1 credit. By placement only; no pre-enrollment. Satisfies the PE requirement if taken as PE. Attendance at dance concerts is required. J. Kovar.
Beginning Modern technique intended for students with some dance training. Material covered includes specific spinal and center work with attention to rhythm, design, and movement expression.

THETR 303 Dance Technique Workshop (also PE 167)
Fall. 0 to 1 credit. By placement only: no pre-enrollment. Satisfies the PE requirement if taken as PE. Attendance at dance concerts is required. J. Self.
This class goes beyond the conventional modern dance class and looks into the very nature of technical training for dancers by studying and investigating a variety of movement forms including yoga, improvisation, classical, and modern western dance.

THETR 304 Dance Technique III/Ballet (also PE 163)
Spring. 0 to 1 credit. By placement only; no pre-enrollment. Satisfies the PE requirement if taken as PE. Attendance at dance concerts is required. B. Suber.
Intermediate Ballet technique. Work is done on strengthening the body through a movement technique emphasizing presence and musicality based on harmonic muscular control.

THETR 306 Dance Technique III/Modern (also PE 164)
Fall and spring. 0 to 1 credit. By placement only; no pre-enrollment. Satisfies the PE requirement if taken as PE. Attendance at dance concerts is required. Fall. B. Suber, spring. J. Chu.
Intermediate modern technique focusing on rhythm, placement, and phrasing for students who are prepared to refine the skills of dancing. Students will be challenged by complex phrases and musicality.

THETR 308 Dance Technique IV/Modern (also Physical Education 166)
Fall and spring. 0 to 1 credit. By placement only; no pre-enrollment. Satisfies the PE requirement if taken as PE. Attendance at dance concerts is required. Fall. J. Chu, spring. J. Self.
Advanced and pre-professional Modern technique. A continuation of and supplement to THETR 306.

THETR 309 Dance Technique IV/Ballet (also PE 165)
Fall and spring. 0 to 1 credit. By placement only; no pre-enrollment. Satisfies the PE requirement if taken as PE. Attendance at dance concerts is required. B. Suber.
Advanced and pre-professional Ballet technique. A continuation of and supplement to THETR 304.

THETR 155 Rehearsal and Performance
Fall and/or spring. 1-2 credits. 1 credit per production experience per semester up to 2 credits per semester. Students must register for the course in the term in which the credit is earned; requests for retroactive credit will not be honored. Limited to students who are assigned roles after tryouts at the dance program’s auditions. Students may add this course only after they have been assigned roles. 3-4 grades only.
The study, development, and performance of roles in departmental dance productions.

THETR 201 Dance Improvisation
Spring. 3 credits. Limited to 12 students. Concurrent enrollment in a dance technique class at the appropriate level is required. Attendance at dance concerts is required. J. Self.
When the body knows where, and how to move without prior direction, we call that improvisation. This course offers the possibility of "training" one’s movement instincts to respond with focus, humor, and spontaneity. Live musical accomp. Includes some dance history.

THETR 210 Beginning Dance Composition
Fall and spring. 3 credits. Concurrent enrollment in THETR 212 and a dance technique class at the appropriate level is required. Attendance at dance concerts is required. Fall. J. Self; spring. J. Chu.
Weekly assignments in basic elements of composition. Students compose and present short studies that are discussed and reworked. Problems are defined and explored through class improvisations. Informal showing at end of semester.

THETR 211 Dance Movement Workshop
Summer. 3 credits. Limited to 15 students. For students with varied levels of training, including those with no experience. J. Kovar.
Students explore new ways of moving and creating dances and prepare short studies each week based on material covered in class. Modern dance technique, improvisation, and composition are covered. Students observe and discuss the main concerns of contemporary performance from the artist's/performer's perspective. Viewings of films, videotapes, and live performances.

THETR 212 Music Resources for Dance Composition
Fall and spring. 1 credit. MUSIC 105 is recommended as a prerequisite but not required. Students may register in successive semesters, for a maximum of 4 credits. Attendance at dance concerts and music concerts is required. A. Fogelsanger.
Intended to expand choreographers’ music vocabulary and skills through a survey of contemporary music for dance, the study of music and dance relation, and rhythm studies. Includes discussing and writing about concerts, recordings, and videotapes. May include rehearsing and performing music or dance. Syllabus varies depending on the students’ experience.

THETR 233 Explorations in Movement and Performance (also PE 168)
Fall. 0 or 1 credit. Limited to 16 students. Satisfies PE requirement if taken as PE. Attendance at dance concerts is required. J. Self.
A physically demanding exploration into various movement realms. Specific subjects covered are gendered movement, erotic power, spiritual power, ritual, and performance. Techniques include extensive use of breath, animal movement, improvisation, and group games. This course requires an eagerness to investigate the nature of performance and explore unfamiliar territory in movement.

THETR 310 Intermediate Dance Composition I
Fall and spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: THETR 210. Concurrent enrollment in THETR 212 and a technique class at the appropriate level is required. Fall. J. Chu; spring. J. Morgenroth.
Intermediate choreographic projects will be critiqued in progress by faculty and peers. Consideration of design problems in costuming and lighting.

THETR 311 Intermediate Dance Composition II
Fall and spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: THETR 310. Attendance at dance concerts is required. Concurrent enrollment in THETR 212 and a technique class at the appropriate level is required. Fall. J. Chu; spring. J. Morgenroth.
A continuation of THETR 310.

THETR 410 Advanced Dance Composition I
Fall and spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: THETR 311. Concurrent enrollment in THETR 212 and in a technique class at the appropriate level is required. Fall. J. Chu; spring. J. Morgenroth.
Students work on advanced choreographic problems, to be presented in performance. Work in progress will be critiqued by faculty on a regular basis.

THETR 411 Advanced Dance Composition II
Fall and spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: THETR 410. Concurrent enrollment in THETR 212 and in a technique class at the appropriate level. Attendance at dance concerts is required. Fall. J. Chu; spring. J. Morgenroth.
A continuation of THETR 410.

THETR 491 Senior Project In Dance
Fall and spring. 3 credits per semester. Prerequisite: THETR 311. This course is limited to senior dance majors only. Students who take this course will create a project in choreography and performance, dance, film or video, dance pedagogy, or other appropriate area agreed on with a member of the dance faculty. In addition, there will be a 1- to 4-page paper which will expand their work in a theoretical or historical context.

History, Criticism, and Theory
THETR 307 Asian Dance and Dance Drama (also PE 427) @
This course is designed to give the student a practical working knowledge of Indian classical dance, specifically in the indigenous style of Odissi known as Odissi. The technique strengthens the body and develops grace, rhythmic expression, and dexterity that can benefit all forms of dance.

**THETR 312 Physical Analysis of Movement**


This course is an examination of human movement with particular attention to dance movement. Readings in texts on human anatomy, physiology, and kinesiology and in Sveggard’s *Human Movement Potential*. Guest lectures by experts in anatomy and health areas. Practical and laboratory work. Demonstration of dissection.

**THETR 314 Western Dance History I: Classical Ballet History as a Reflection of Western Ideology**

Fall. 4 credits. Attendance at dance concerts is required. Not offered 2000–2001. B. Saber.

A critical survey of the history of classical ballet defining elements of classicism and determining why ballet is defined as classical. Through texts, videotapes, and live performances the class will explore how ballet has perpetuated or confronted social issues of race, class, gender, sexuality, the body, and abuse.

**THETR 315 Western Dance History II: History of Modern Dance**


This class will study the course of modern dance in the twentieth-century United States. We will examine each generation of dancers, starting with Isadora Duncan and ending with performers emerging today. Issues of gender, cultural identity, elitism, and democracy will be discussed.

**THETR 317 Asian Dance II**

0, 1, or 3 credits. Prerequisite: THETR 307 or previous training in Odissi Classical Dance. Satisfies the PE requirement if taken as PE. Attendance at dance concerts is required. Not offered 2000–2001. The continuation of THETR 307, Odissi Classical Dance. Emphasis is mainly on choreography as well as continuing to refine and perfect the basic movements learned in the preliminary course. Meets twice weekly for movement classes; an extra class will be arranged to learn the art of makeup.

**THETR 319 Music, Dance, and Light**

Fall. 3 credits. Attendance at dance concerts and music concerts is required. E. Intemann, A. Fogelsanger.

Artistic values, parameters, and concerns of music (sound design), dance, and lighting design are compared and contrasted, and the combination of design elements is analyzed in contemporary dance. Includes writing in response to readings, audio and video recordings, and performances. Some classes devoted to creating sound, movement, and lighting.

**THETR 418 Seminar in History of Dance**

Spring. 4 credits. J. Self.

Topic for 2001: Ritual, Performance, and Dance. Through lectures, video tapes, films, readings, and live events students will be able to trace the histories and cultural impact of movement ritual from all parts of the world including our own backyard. Contemporary and traditional healing rituals, rites of passage, and other evolving forms will be explored.

**THETR 490 Senior Paper in Dance**

Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: THETR 418, senior standing. Attendance at dance concerts is required.

Under faculty direction, the student will write a senior paper in dance history, criticism, or theory.

**Tracks toward admission into the advanced undergraduate theatre program**

**Design, Technology, and Stage Management**

Recommended for individuals interested in a Design, Technology, or Stage Management track:

**THETR 250 Fundamentals of Theatre Design and Technology**

THETR 151 and 251 Production Lab I and II (at least one credit of each)

Recommended for Scenic Design emphasis:

**THETR 340 Theatrical Drafting and Technical Drawing Studio**

**THETR 351 Production Lab III (as Design Assistant)**

**THETR 354 Stagecraft Studio**

**THETR 364 Scene Design Studio**

Upon admission to the program: **THETR 451 Production Lab IV (at least 1 credit)**

Recommended for costume design or costume shop management emphasis:

**THETR 351 Production Lab III (as Design Assistant)**

**THETR 356 Costume Construction Studio**

**THETR 366 Costume Design Studio I**

Upon admission to the program: **THETR 451 Production Lab IV (at least 1 credit)**

Recommended for Lighting Design or costume shop management emphasis:

**THETR 252 Technical Production Studio I**

**THETR 351 Production Lab III (as Student Electrician)**

**THETR 351 Production Lab III (as Design Assistant)**

**THETR 362 Lighting Design Studio I**

Upon admission to the program: **THETR 451 Production Lab IV (at least 1 credit)**

Recommended for Sound Design emphasis:

**THETR 251 Production Lab II (as Student Sound Technician)**

**THETR 252 Technical Production Studio I**

**THETR 351 Production Lab III (as Design Assistant)**

**THETR 368 Sound Design Studio**

Upon admission to the program: **THETR 451 Production Lab IV (at least 1 credit)**

Recommended for Technical Direction emphasis:

**THETR 252 Technical Production Studio I**

**THETR 256 Technical Production Studio II**

**THETR 340 Theatrical Drafting and Technical Drawing Studio**

**THETR 351 Production Lab III (as Assistant Technical Director)**

**THETR 354 Stagecraft Studio**

Upon admission to the program: **THETR 451 Production Lab IV (at least 1 credit)**

Recommended for Stage Management emphasis:

**THETR 253 or 353 Stage Management Lab II or III—two assignments**

**THETR 280 Introduction to Acting**

**THETR 370 Stage Management Studio**

**THETR 398 Fundamentals of Directing I**

Upon admission to the program: **THETR 453 Stage Management Lab IV**

**Directing**

Recommended for individuals interested in a directing track:

**THETR 351 and THETR 251 Production Lab I and II (at least 2 combined credits)**

**THETR 240/THETR 241 Introduction to Western Theatre (1 Semester ONLY)**

**THETR 250 Fundamentals of Design and Technology**

**THETR 280 Introduction to Acting**

**THETR 348 Playwriting**

**THETR 349 Advanced Playwriting**

Students in the advanced undergraduate theatre program may also elect to take THETR 485 (Undergraduate Internship) in addition to or in place of one production assignment.

**UKRAINIAN**

See Department of Russian.

**URDU**

See Department of Asian Studies.

**VIETNAMESE**

See Department of Asian Studies.

**WELSH**

See Department of Linguistics.

**WOMEN'S STUDIES MAJOR**

See "Special Programs and Interdisciplinary Studies."

**WRITING PROGRAM**

See John S. Knight Writing Program in the section, "Special Programs and Interdisciplinary Studies."

**YIDDISH**

See Department of Near Eastern Studies.
Africana Studies and Research Center


The Africana Studies and Research Center is concerned with the examination of the history, culture, intellectual development, and social organization of Black people and cultures in the Americas, Africa, and the Caribbean. Its program is structured from an interdisciplinary and comparative perspective and presents a variety of subjects in focal areas of history, literature, social sciences, and African languages. African languages such as Swahili are consistently offered, while other languages, e.g., Mandarin and Yoruba are occasionally offered. African languages are also taught during summer/winter sessions.

The center offers a unique and specialized program of study that leads to an undergraduate degree through the College of Arts and Sciences and a graduate degree, the Master of Professional Studies (African and African-American), through the university’s Graduate School. A student may major in Africana studies, however, another attractive alternative is the center’s joint major program. This program enables the student to complete a major in any of the other disciplines represented in the college while at the same time fulfilling requirements for a major in Africana Studies. This requires only a few more credits than is usually the case when one completes a single major course of study. Courses offered by the center are open to both majors and nonmajors and may be used to meet a number of college distribution requirements, including historical/temporal breadth (@) and geographical breadth (@) requirements, such as freshman writing seminars, language (Swahili), expressive arts, humanities, social sciences, and history.

The center also brings distinguished visitors to the campus, sponsors a colloquium series, and houses its own library.

The Africana Major

The undergraduate major offers interdisciplinary study of the fundamental dimensions of the African-American and African experiences. Because of the comprehensive nature of the program, it is to the students’ advantage to declare themselves Africana majors as early as possible. The following are prerequisites for admission to the major:

Students should submit:
1) a statement of why they want to be an Africana studies major;
2) a tentative outline of the area of study they are considering (African or African-American) for the undergraduate concentration; and
3) a full transcript of courses taken and grades received.

The center’s undergraduate faculty representative will review the applications and notify students within two weeks of the status of their request.

After acceptance as a major in the Africana Center, a student must maintain a C+ cumulative average in the center’s courses while completing the major program. The Africana major must complete 36 credits in courses offered by the center, which include the following four core courses: AS&RC 205, 231, 290, and 422. Beyond the core courses, the student must take eight credits in center courses numbered 200 or above and 15 credits numbered 300 or above. The program of an undergraduate major may have a specifically Afro-American focus or a specifically African focus.

Joint Majors

The center encourages joint majors in the College of Arts and Sciences and in other colleges. Joint majors are individualized programs that must be worked out between the departments concerned. The center’s undergraduate faculty representative, Professor Bekerie, will assist students in the design and coordination of joint major programs. However, in any joint major program, the center will require at least 16 credits be taken in Africana studies courses, including AS&RC 290.

Double Majors

In the case of double majors (as distinct from joint majors) students undertake to carry the full load of stipulated requirements for a major in each of the two departments they have selected.

Certificate in African Studies

In conjunction with the Institute for African Development, the Africana Studies and Research Center administers an undergraduate Certificate in African Studies program. The certificate is offered as a minor concentration; and

Certificate in African Studies

Certificate program, the center will require at least 16 credit hours, including the core courses. Students interested in the certificate program should be filed with the student’s faculty adviser will be responsible for determining completion of the certificate requirements.

Honor’s.

The honors program offers students the opportunity to complete a library research thesis, a field project in conjunction with a report on the field experience, or a project or experiment designed by the student. The requirements for admission to the honors program for all students—regular majors, joint majors, and double majors—are a B-cumulative average in all courses and a B+ cumulative average in the center’s courses. Each student accepted into the honors program will have an honors faculty committee consisting of the student’s adviser and one additional faculty member, which is responsible for final evaluation of the student’s work. The honors committee must approve the thesis or project before May 1 of the student’s senior year. The completed thesis or project should be filed with the student’s faculty committee by May 10 of the senior year.

Language Requirement

Courses in Swahili may be used to satisfy the College of Arts and Sciences language requirement. In Swahili, successful completion of AS&RC 131, 132, 133, and 134 provides proficiency, and the addition of 202 provides proficiency. AS&RC majors are not required to take an African language, but the center recommends the study of Swahili to complete the language requirement.

AS&RC 131 Swahili

Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: AS&RC 131.

AS&RC 132 Swahili

Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: AS&RC 131.

AS&RC 134 Swahili

Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: AS&RC 133.

AS&RC 171 Black Families and the Socialization of Black Children

Fall. 3 credits. Faculty.

This course provides an examination of the evolution of the Black family from its roots in Africa, the evolution of family forms, the impact of social policy, and a consideration of the literature stressing family and child well-being. Among the major topics considered will be male/female relationships, childbearing and parental roles, the extended family, and economic and health issues. The component of the course focusing on youth will primarily cover child and adolescent development.

AS&RC 172 The Education of Black Americans: Historical and Contemporary Issues

Spring. 3 credits. Faculty.

This course will be devoted to the history of educating Black Americans. Considerable attention will be given to contemporary issues. The major topics of focus will include an examination of the debates concerning the
type of the education needed, public and private schooling efforts, the Africana Studies movement, race issues, busing, affirmative action, resegregation debates and new initiatives in education including vouchers, and charter schools.

AS&RC 191 Africa: The Continent and Its People
Fall. 3 credits. L. Edmondson.
An introductory interdisciplinary course focusing on Africa's geographical, ecological, and demographic characteristics; indigenous institutions and values; the triple cultural heritage of Africanity, Islam, and Western civilization; main historical developments and transitions; contemporary political, economic, social, and cultural change. Africa's ties with the United States (from trans-Atlantic slavery to the present), its impact on the emerging world order, and its contribution to world civilization will also be explored.

AS&RC 202 Swahili Literature
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Swahili 134. A. Nanyi.
Students gain mastery over spoken Swahili and are introduced to the predominant Swahili literary forms.

AS&RC 204 History and Politics of Racialization: A Comparative Study
Spring. 4 credits. A. Benerke.
The primary focus of this course will be on the historical and contemporary significance of racialization in the United States and South Africa with regard to societal development and inter-relations. It will include an analysis of the historical development of racialized barriers as an instrument of power and privilege. The ways with which racialization is used as an instrument of ideology to social status, cultural hierarchy and economic positions will also be examined. Particular emphasis will be given to the development and perpetuation of scientific racism in both places. The apparent success against Jim Crow form of racism in the United States and apartheid in South Africa appears to transform racism into a "scientific" sphere. This transformation and its continued impact in perpetuating social inequality will be further analyzed.

AS&RC 205 African Culture and Civilization
Spring. 3 credits. D. Ohadikhe.
This course is concerned with the peoples of Africa and the development of African cultures and civilizations from the earliest times to the present day. It focuses on the near modern civilizations of Africa south of the Sahara, and the ancient civilizations of Egypt and the Nile Valley, together with their contributions to the development of the major world civilizations. The course also deals with the socio-political organization of African societies, their kinship systems, cross-cutting ties, rites of passage, gender relations, arts (including music, dance, folklore, architecture, sculpture, painting, and body decoration).

AS&RC 210 Major Works of Black Writing
Fall. 3 credits. A. Adams.
This course surveys classic texts by African American, Caribbean, and African writers. The focus is on literary texts by authors such as Langston Hughes, Toni Morrison, James Baldwin, Maryse Conde, and Chinua Achebe, with a view toward analyzing common experiences, references, themes, and literary strategies across the Black world. The works of fiction, poetry, and drama that constitute the central material of the course are supplemented by essays and biographies from other authors who have influenced the creative vision and the movement of the peoples of Africa and the Diaspora, e.g., W.E.B. DuBois and Marcus Garvey, Nelson and Winnie Mandela.

AS&RC 231 African-American Social and Political Thought
Spring. 3 credits. J. Turner.
This is an introductory course that will review and analyze the major theoretical and ideological formulations developed and espoused by African-Americans in the struggle for liberation. This semester we will focus specifically on the political philosophy and historical significance of Malcolm X, and the work and movement of Marcus Garvey, as the prime movers of nationalism and pan-Africanism among Black people in this century. Such themes as slave resistance, nationalism, Pan-Africanism, emigration, anti-imperialism, socialism and internal colonialism, and the political and social views of Black women will be discussed. Black political thought will be viewed in its development as responses to concrete conditions of oppression and expression.

AS&RC 285 African American Literature in the Twentieth Century
Fall. 3 credits. Not offered 2000-2001. Faculty.
This course provides an overview to major works in African American literature from 1900 to the 1980s. Focusing on significant moments in the tradition, the readings highlight literary movements, their advocates, and their detractors. Divided into four units, the literary works come from the Post-Reconstruction period, Harlem Renaissance, Socialism, Realism, and Modernists of the 1950s and 1940s, the Black Arts Movement of the 1960s and 1970s, and the W 'I in this critiques from the mid 1970s through the 1980s. In addition to a range of periods and styles, this course includes a range of genres, such as the autobiography, poetry, essay, short story, drama, and novel.

AS&RC 271 Introduction to African Development (also CRP and GOVT 271)
For description, see CRP 271.

AS&RC 280 Race, Power, and Privilege in the United States (formerly Racialism in American Society)
Fall. 3 credits. D. Barr and J. Turner.
This course will be a topical treatment of the history and theory of racism in the United States. The course will begin with an examination of basic concepts and theories of racism. From there we will examine the history of racial thought in America—African Americans, Native Americans, Asian Americans, and the Hispanic groups. Particular attention will be paid to the political economy of racism and the sociological and psychological aspects of race relations in America, with specific reference to the differences and intersections of race, class, gender, and ethnicity.

AS&RC 283 History of Resistance Movements in Africa and the Diaspora
Fall. 3 credits. D. Ohadikhe.
This course deals with the history of resistance and liberation movements in Africa, Brazil, the Caribbean, and the United States. It is concerned with the dialectical relationships between European domination and Black resistance. It examines the methods, strength, and complexity of Black resistance and liberation, together with the rise of revolutionary classes in Africa and the Diaspora. It draws attention to the importance of unity and organization in resistance and shows similarities, connections, and continuities in Black resistance. Finally, it demonstrates that African background helped shape the nature of struggles for independence and civil liberties in the Caribbean, Brazil, and the United States.

AS&RC 290 The Sociology of the African-American Experience
Fall. 3 credits. J. Turner.
This is an introductory course to the field of Africana Studies. It examines sociological, historical, and anthropological approaches to the emergence and development of the African-American experience. The course surveys the African traditions of human kind and the classical role of Black people in world civilization and the making of early culture. The course treats the issues in the humanities, sociology, and political science. This course is required for all undergraduate students majoring at the Africana Center.

AS&RC 304 African American Art
Spring. 3 credits. S. Hassan.
This course investigates the different forms of African-American visual artistic traditions in relation to their historical origins and socio-cultural context from the early days of slavery to the present time. The course will start with an overview of African art and the experiences of the Middle Passage and slavery in relation to African-American traditions in the decorative arts including: pottery, architecture, ironwork, quilting, basketry. This is followed by a fine art survey starting with the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries, continuing through the early twentieth-century Harlem Renaissance up to the present. Certain issues related to African-American arts and creativity such as "improvisation," "Black Aesthetic," and "Pan Africanism" will also be explored. Slides, films, and film strips will be used extensively to illustrate the topics discussed. Visits to museums and relevant current exhibitions may be arranged.

AS&RC 310 Art in African Culture and Society
Fall. 3 credits. S. Hassan.
This course is a survey of the visual art and material cultural traditions of sub-Saharan Africa. It aims at investigating the different forms of visual artistic traditions in relation to their historical and sociocultural context. The symbolism and complexity of traditional African art will be explored through the analysis of myth, ritual, cosmology. In-depth analysis of particular African societies will be used to examine the relationship of the arts to indigenous concepts of time, space, color, form, and sociopolitical order. New and contemporary art forms associated with major socioeconomic changes and processes of assimilation and acculturation will also be explored. These include tourist art, popular art, and elite art.

AS&RC 311 Government and Politics in Africa
Fall. 3 credits. Not offered fall 2000. A. Mazrui.
Power and political participation in Africa. The colonial background and its political
forces and structured by differences in cultural tendency in African political culture. From the continent, the Caribbean, and Black America.

movements, past and present, in their international relations, this course will be informed by an exploration of the racial factor as observe, read, and write critical commentary on contemporary Black performance. Performance is broadly defined to include performance of the self in every day life as well as formally staged productions. Thus, students will have the opportunity to observe performance of identity in a range of Black social settings. Blending analysis and practice, we begin with everyday life performances and end with staged presentations of scenes from the African-American theatrical repertoire.

AS&RC 435 African Cinema (also S HUM 435)

Fall. 4 credits. S. Hassan.

This course offers an overview of African cinema and filmmaking. It surveys historically the evolution of African cinema from its early days to the present. Through screening of selected African films, different trends within African cinema will be explored, such as "Return to the Sources" and the rediscovery of the pre-colonial past, the "Social Realist" narrative and critique of post-independence Africa, reconstructing the story of colonialism from the perspective of the colonized; and the entertainment genre. Techniques, styles, and aesthetics of African cinema will also be discussed. The course offers an unique opportunity of looking at African culture and society, and at issues of social change, gender, class, tradition, and modernization through African eyes.

AS&RC 451 Politics and Social Change in the Caribbean

Fall. 4 credits. A. Adams.

A study of the historical, geostategic, political, economic, and social (including racial and cultural) forces affecting the domestic and international experiences of Caribbean societies. Special attention will be given to conflicting definitions and perceptions of the Caribbean; debating theories of Caribbean social structure and models of development; the continuing salience of struggles for change and transformation; processes of regional integration; and Caribbean challenges to the global system, especially with regard to the region's relations with the United States and the region's position in the Third World in the context of the North-South cleavage.

AS&RC 455 Caribbean Literature

Fall. 4 credits. A. Adams.

This course will examine the prose literature of the Caribbean islands. Through the reading of several novels and short stories from the various languages and cultural strains that comprise the Caribbean, students will study the points of commonality and the diversity within this body of literature. The recurrence of certain historical, social, and cultural issues that have formed the multi-ethnic Caribbean will be analyzed in their varying manifestations across the linguistic and other boundaries to uncover the underlying shared experience.

AS&RC 459 Education in Africa and the Diaspora

Fall. 4 credits. N. Assiê-Lumumba.

This course deals with educational innovations geared to promoting development based on gender, race, and class in Africa and the African diaspora. After an introduction on the concepts of education and innovations and
the states of innovation as planned change, the course will focus on concrete historical and contemporary cases of educational innovations. The case studies in the United States include the creation and expansion of historically black institutions such as Lincoln University, Spelman College, Tuskegee Institute (now Tuskegee University), and other schools in the South, and the Westside Preparatory School in Chicago. The African cases to be studied include African languages for instruction with a focus on a Nigerian case, Ujamaa and education for self-reliance in Tanzania, and the case of Cote d’Ivoire which adopted television as a medium of instruction.

AS&RC 468-469 Honors Thesis
Hours TBA. 468, fall; 469, spring. African center faculty.
For senior Africana Studies majors working on honors theses, with selected reading, research projects, etc., under the supervision of a member of the Africana Studies and Research Center faculty. Permission of the AS&RC director of undergraduate studies is required.

AS&RC 475 Black Leaders and Movements in African-American History
Fall. 4 credits. R. Harris. Analyzes the personalities, ideas, and activities of the African-American struggle for African-American liberation from the eighteenth century to the present. Examines theories of leadership and the structure of protest movements with the goal of understanding current leadership needs and trends among African Americans.

AS&RC 478 Family and Society in Africa
Fall. 4 credits. N. Assié-Lumumba. The family as a social institution is structured according to socio-economic, historical, political, and cultural specificities. This is the frame in which the family in Africa and the African diaspora must be analyzed. The topics to be discussed in this course include the concepts of nuclear and extended family, the place and role of different age groups and generations in the family, marriage and its related issues, parenthood, childrearing, gender roles, class differences, and “family planning.” This course also deals with the impact of westernization, urbanization, and modern economy on the structure of the family in Africa as well as the legacy of African family values in the African diaspora with a focus on the African-American case.

AS&RC 479 Women and Gender Issues in Africa
Spring. 4 credits. N. Assié-Lumumba. There are two contrasting views of the status and role of women in Africa. One view portrays Africa as a continent where dominated and exploited by men. According to another view, women have a favorable social position in Africa: indigenous ideologies consider women to be the foundation of society, they are economically self-sufficient and independent and they have an identity independent of men. In this seminar we will discuss the status and role of women in Africa historically as well as in the contemporary period. Among the topics to be covered are: women in non-westernized/pre-colonial societies; the impact of colonial policies on the status of women; gender and access to schooling, participation in the economy and politics; women and the law; women and gender issues in southern Africa; womanism and feminism; the United Nations Decade of Women; and the four World Conferences on Women (Mexico 1975, Copenhagen 1986, Nairobi 1985, and Beijing 1995).

AS&RC 483 History of African Political Thought
Fall. 4 credits. D. Ohadikhe. The purpose of this course is to provide students with a thorough knowledge of the history of African political thought and ideologies, from ancient times to the present. This course is divided into two broad sections. The first section looks at the history of African political thought and institutions in ancient and near modern times and explains the functioning of traditionalism. It then goes on to show how western political thought in the nineteenth and early twentieth centuries instigated the revival of such ideas as Uhuru, Negritude, and African Humanism.

The second section examines the history of anti-colonial political thought. It explains why the colonial intelligentsia and radical African nationalists developed such political ideologies as African socialism, Lumumbism, and Nkrumatism. The course also looks at socio-political thought in African literature, and explores the possibilities of African political thought (like Kimbanguism and Tokoism) to the development of African political culture. Among the works of the major African political thinkers to be studied are those of Casey Hayford, Leopold Sedar Senghor, Simon Kimbangu, Amilcar Cabral, Frantz Fanon, Kwame Nkrumah, Patrice Lumumba, Nnamdi Azikwe, Julius Nyerere, Jomo Kenyatta, Nelson Mandela, and Steve Biko.

AS&RC 484 Politics and Social Change in Southern Africa
Spring. 4 credits. L. Edmondson. This course focuses on the legacies of apartheid and the challenges of transformation toward a post-apartheid society in South Africa. Topical emphases include: the rise and decline of apartheid, the historical continuity of Black resistance and government, under, against, and after apartheid, South Africa’s relations with its neighbors: geopolitical, economic, and racial dimensions of the American connection; politics of negotiation and transition; prospects for stability, democracy, and equality; South Africa’s new role in the African continental and global arenas. Instructor’s lectures will be supplemented by films and class discussions.

AS&RC 498-499 Independent Study
498, fall; 499, spring. Hours TBA. Africana Center faculty. For students working on special topics, with selected reading, research projects, etc., under the supervision of a member of the Africana Studies and Research Center faculty.

AS&RC 501 Global Africa: Comparative Black Experience
Spring. 4 credits. A. Mazrui. This seminar will address two diasporas in the Black experience. The diaspora of enslavement concerns slaves and descendants of slaves in both the Western and Eastern Diaspora. The diaspora of colonization concerns those deportees disposed as a result of colonialism. The majority of African-Americans are part of the Diaspora of Enslavement. Recent African immigrants into France are part of the Diaspora of Colonization. Recent Jamaicans and Trinidadians in Britain are part of a double diaspora—products of both enslavement and colonialism. The course will address these areas of Black comparison: Comparative Slavery—A Triple Heritage: Race and Race Mixture in Four Traditions; Comparative Emancipation from Slavery; Comparative Liberation from Colonialism; Comparative Struggles for Rights. The Gender Question in Global Africa: Comparative Quest for Global Equality.

AS&RC 502 Education and Development in Africa
Spring. 4 credits. N. Assié-Lumumba. In the 1950s and 1960s, the human capital theory that emphasized the importance of formal education for achievement of full productive potential of individuals and countries enjoyed a renewed popularity. African countries promoted educational expansion with the expectation that it would lead to socio-economic development. The initial euphoria, however, was followed by skepticism and then disillusion. Education began to be perceived even as a hindrance to development. This course will address the relationship between formal education and individual and national development. In this seminar, different paradigms of development including modernization and dependency theories and Third World Forum are presented with an emphasis on the received and actual roles of education in individual and national development.

AS&RC 503 African Aesthetics
Fall. 4 credits. S. Hassan. The goal of this course is to investigate in depth the principles of aesthetics and philosophy of African visual arts. The course will offer a critical survey of the different writings and the growing body of research on this relatively new area of inquiry. The objectives of the course are to review how African aesthetics have been studied to date, to provide a critical analysis of the different approaches to the subject and related issues, and to suggest future directions of research. In-depth analysis of particular African societies will be used to examine the relationship of arts and aesthetics to indigenous concept of time, space, color, form, and sociopolitical order. In addition, issues related to African aesthetics and arts such as style, gender, class, and social change will also be explored.

AS&RC 504 Political Change in Africa
Fall. 4 credits. A. Mazrui. The study of Africa can be approached either dialectically (focusing on the tension between opposing forces) or thematically (focusing on themes as chapters of experience). This course will borrow from both those approaches. In their class assignments and examinations students are free to use either approach. The first approach will explore the dialectic between continuity and change; tradition and modernity; dependency and liberation; foreign and indigenous influences; anarchy and order; political decay and political development, democracy and authoritarianism; socialism and capitalism. The thematic approach will examine African Nationalism; race consciousness and Pan-Africanism; political parties and interest groups; executive power; ethnicity in politics; class-formation, social relations; economic and cultural dependency; sub-regional and continental Pan-Africanism; crisis of the African state; and Africa in World Politics.
ASARC 510 Historiography and Sources: The Development of African-American History
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: upperclass or graduate standing or permission of instructor. R. Harris.
Studies the way Black historians in particular have explained the African-American past. Examines the development of writing African-American history during the twentieth century. Seeks to determine the principles for interpreting African-American history. Acquaints participants with the methodologies and sources central to understanding the African-American experience.

ASARC 530 Womanist Writing in Africa and the Caribbean
Spring. 4 credits. A. Adams.
Theoretical essays on the nature, relevance, and articulation of feminist thought from African and Caribbean writers will complement literary texts. Gender issues, as manifested both at the level of the individual and in emergent situations abroad will be examined in texts by such writers as Sister-Sistren, Conde, Danquah, Bade, Aidoor, Warner-Veyya, Ba, Emecheta, Kincaid, and W. Mandela. (Francophone works may be read in the original by individuals who so desire.)

ASARC 598-599 Independent Study
598-fall; 599-spring. Variable credit. For all graduate students.

ASARC 601-602 Africana Studies Graduate Seminar
601, fall; 602, spring. 4 credits. Africana Studies faculty.
This course, which will be conducted as a seminar, is designed for first-year AS&R graduate students. It will be coordinated and supervised by one professor but team-taught by three or four faculty per semester. Each participating faculty will be responsible for a topographical segment of the course related to her/his areas of specialization or an area of interest pertaining to theory and methodology of Africana Studies.

ASARC 698-699 Thesis
698, fall; 699, spring. Limited to Africana Studies and Research Center graduate students.

Agriculture, Food, and Society Concentration
Agriculture, Food, and Society is an interdisciplinary concentration that is designed to introduce students to the study of agricultural and food issues from diverse perspectives within the liberal arts. The Agriculture, Food, and Society concentration seeks to make available to students a coherent program of study in which the role of agriculture in modern or prehistorical-historical and developed or developing societies can be understood in biological, social, scientific, and humanistic perspectives. The concentration draws on courses in several colleges—in particular, the Colleges of Arts and Sciences, Agriculture and Life Sciences, and Human Ecology.
The concentration is administered by a committee, the members of which are drawn from the faculty associated with the concentration. The members of this committee include faculty from each of the major colleges from which courses in the concentration are drawn. The work of the committee is supported administratively through the Biology and Society Major. The office of the Biology and Society Major (275 Clark Hall) also provides a central location for students to receive information about relevant course offerings, upcoming seminars and presentations, faculty interests, and so on.

Basic Requirements
The requirements for the Agriculture, Food, and Society concentration are designed to ensure a broad background in the biological, socioeconomic, and humanistic dimensions of agricultural and food issues. These requirements include 1) foundation courses in biology: the Senior Seminar B&SOC/BIO G/S&TS 469, Food, Agriculture, and Society; plus a minimum of five electives totaling 15 credits drawn from the courses offerings.

Students enrolling in the Agriculture, Food, and Society concentration should take the following foundation courses in biology to prepare themselves for course work in agricultural science: a two-semester introductory biology sequence selected from Biological Sciences 109/110, 105/106, or 101-104. (Agricultural Science 101, offered during the eight-week Cornell summer session, also satisfies the biological sciences requirement.) These courses may be used to meet group 1 (physical or biological sciences) distribution sequence requirements in the College of Arts and Sciences.

It is recommended (but not required) that students in the Agriculture, Food, and Society concentration elect one or more freshman writing seminars with agriculturally related content to meet the requirement for graduation. The electives for the concentration, from which a minimum of five courses and 15 credits must be taken, are organized into three groups: agricultural and nutritional science, humanities, and social science/humanities. Students must select one agricultural and nutritional science course, one humanities course, and three social science or history courses. A maximum of six of the 15 credits may be earned in 100-level courses.

In addition, students are required to take the senior seminar, B&SOC/BIO G/S&TS 469, Food, Agriculture and Society. Adjustments to these and other requirement of the concentration may be made with the approval of the Agriculture, Food, Society and Food faculty adviser.

American Studies

The Major
The major in American Studies, appropriate for a wide array of future professions, began as a program of coordinated study in the history, literature, and politics of the United States. These remain the core elements, but American Studies can be inclusive in its subject matter. Given the nation's diverse population and cultures, the program wants its majors to examine American experience in broad terms, drawing on the materials and methods of a variety of disciplines.
The prerequisites are two courses from the following: American Studies 101, American Studies 102, American Studies 109, American Studies 110, American Studies 240, English 262, English 265, English 275, English 268, Government 111, History 101, History 102, History 260, History 261. In addition, majors normally complete the prerequisite courses by the end of their sophomore year, but they may sign up for the major while enrolled in one of the courses. Students with a score of 5 on the AP exam in American history may use that credit to satisfy History 102.

Students who contemplate becoming an American Studies major are encouraged to speak with the program director as early as possible to arrange for a major adviser. In consultation with their advisers, American Studies majors elect, in addition to the prerequisites, nine courses chosen from the American Studies course list (these courses are usually crosslisted with another department). Their work must include courses in all of the three large periods into which the nation's development can be divided (colonial, nineteenth century, and twentieth century). Students must take no fewer than four courses before 1900. At least one of these courses must be in the period before 1800. Each student must also take one of American Studies 430 seminars or, with the approval of the adviser, an appropriate substitute seminar at the 400 level. (American Studies 500 taught in Washington, DC, does not fulfill the seminar requirement.) Students are given considerable freedom in creating a balanced program, but no more than five courses may be in any one department.

Beyond the basic core requirements for the major, two courses of work in the history or literature of a culture outside the United States are required. Students who study abroad for one semester usually satisfy this requirement.
Students may find courses relevant to American experience that they wish to take but that are not on the American Studies course list. With their adviser's approval, students may count two such courses towards fulfilling the major.

Honors
Candidates for honors must maintain an average of B+ in courses pertinent to the major. Normally, at the end of the junior year students who wish to write a senior honors essay must approach a member of the American Studies Program faculty and discuss their ideas for a project. With approval from...
the faculty member students may then register in the fall of their senior year for American Studies 493, the honors essay tutorial. At the end of the fall semester, honors candidates will meet with their adviser and a second member of the American Studies faculty to discuss their progress. If satisfactory, honors students will complete their honors essays in the spring by enrolling in American Studies 494.

Prerequisite Courses (see also under appropriate departments)

[AM ST 101] Introduction to American Studies: History and Literature, the Nineteenth Century 
G. Altschuler and D. McCall.

In this interdisciplinary course we will analyze American values and behavior as the intersection of culture, politics, literature, and society. We will do so by examining eight "great" or classic texts written between 1776–1900. The historical context of these texts will be explored in lecture and they will be treated as literature and historical-cultural documents. Texts include Common Sense by Thomas Paine; The Blithedale Romance by Nathaniel Hawthorne; The Lincoln-Douglas Debates; Henry James' The Bostonians; Mark Twain's Huckleberry Finn; and William Dean Howells' The Rise of Silas Lapham.

[AM ST 102] Introduction American Studies: History and Literature, the Twentieth Century 
G. Altschuler and D. McCall.

In this interdisciplinary course we will analyze American values and behavior as the intersection of culture, politics, literature, and society. We will do so by examining eight "great" or classic texts written between 1900 and the present. Texts include: Ernest Hemingway's A Farewell to Arms; F. Scott Fitzgerald's The Great Gatsby; William Faulkner's Sound and the Fury; Richard Wright's Black Boy; John Updike's Rabbit Run; and Philip Roth's American Pastoral.

American Studies 101 is not a prerequisite of American Studies 102.

[AM ST 109] Introduction to American Studies: Approaches to Understanding American Diversity, the Nineteenth Century 
J. Goldsby and N. Salvatore.

This course examines the first century-and-one-half of American national life and asks a series of interrelated questions about the changing meaning of national identity during this time. What did it mean to become an American, a process often urged on new immigrants, in light of the values and perceptions immigrants brought with them? What did democracy, a core element of becoming that American, mean if one were African or Native American? Irish or German? Jewish or Chinese? In what ways did racial and ethnic perceptions help structure political and cultural life during this period, and how does understanding the diverse historical reactions to these perceptions aid us in understanding the complexity of American life? This is a team-taught, interdisciplinary course in which students will analyze historical, literary, and cultural evidence in exploring these and other issues.

AM ST 110 Introduction to American Studies: New Approaches to Understanding American Diversity, the Twentieth Century 
Fall 4 credits. M. C. Garcia and S. Wong.
This course examines American national life in the twentieth century and asks questions about the changing meaning of national identity. What does it mean to be an American in the twentieth century? What does it mean to assimilate: Can one assimilate structurally and yet maintain a distinct cultural identity? In what ways do racial and ethnic perceptions structure political, economic, and cultural life? This is a team-taught interdisciplinary course in which students will analyze historical, literary, and cultural evidence in exploring these and other issues.

American Studies 430 Seminars

Section One: The Politics of the American Civil War (also GOVT 408)
Spring 4 credits. R. Bensel.
The Civil War, along with the founding of the nation in the late eighteen century, is one of the two most important influences on the course of American Political development. A serious of "great" or classic texts written between 1900 and the present. Texts include: Common Sense by Thomas Paine; The Blithedale Romance by Nathaniel Hawthorne; The Lincoln-Douglas Debates; Henry James' The Bostonians; Mark Twain's Huckleberry Finn; and William Dean Howells' The Rise of Silas Lapham.

Prerequisite Courses (see also under appropriate departments)

[AM ST 150] Introduction to American Religion (also SOC 150 and RELST 150) 
For description, see SOC 150.

[AM ST 203] Religion and Family in the U.S. (also SOC 201, R SOC 202, RELST 203) 
For description, see SOC 201.

[AM ST 221] Anthropological Representation: Ethnographies of Latino Culture (also ANTH 221 and LSP 221) 
Spring 3 credits. V. Santiago-Irizarry.
For description, see ANTHRO 221.

[AM ST 222] American Economic History (also ECON 323) 
Spring 4 credits. P. McClelland.
For description, see ECON 323.

[AM ST 277] The United States (also ANTHR 377 and LSP 377) 
For description, see ANTHRO 377.

[AM ST 380] Gender, Ideology, and Culture (also SOC 380 and WOMNS 380) 
For description, see SOC 380.

[AM ST 426] History of American Enterprise (also ECON 426) 
For description, see ECON 426.
Literature and Theatre Arts

AM ST 215 Comparative American Literature (also COM L 215)
Fall. 4 credits. B. Maxwell
For description, see COM L 215.

[AM ST 240 Survey in U.S. Latino Literature (also ENGL 240)]
M. P. Brady
For description, see ENGL 240.

AM ST 252 Twentieth-Century Women Novelists (also ENGL 251)
Spring. 4 credits. K. McCullough
For description, see ENGL 251.

[AMST 280 Introduction to American Indian Literature (also ENGL 260)]
R. Warrior
For description, see ENGL 260.

[AM ST 262 Asian American Literature (also ENGL 262, AAS 262)]
S. Wong
For description, see ENGL 262.

[AM ST 265 Introduction to African American Literature (also ENGL 265)]
J. Goldsby
For description, see ENGL 265.

[AM ST 267 American Literary Identities: Nineteenth Century (also ENGL 267)]

AM ST 268 The Culture of the 1960s (also ENGL 268)
Spring. 4 credits. P. Sawyer.
This course argues that the 1960s helps define the 1990s, but that as we look back, the 1990s helps define the 1960s. Were the sixties a time of dangerous experimentation with drugs, sex, and alternative lifestyles on the part of a pampered generation that gradually learned to straighten up and join the mainstream? Or was it a time of revolutionary hopefulness, when the civil rights movement and the Vietnam War stimulated an impassioned critique that changed American society? What can the experiences of young “boomers” contribute to a later generation, the last of the twentieth century? The course explores these and other questions by focusing on the topics of racial justice, war, the counterculture, the New Left, and the woman’s movement. Texts will include The Autobiography of Malcolm X, The Electric Kool-Aid Acid Test, Dispatches, the poems of Allen Ginsberg and Adrienne Rich, films, music, speeches, manifestoes, and memoirs. The term paper will explore students’ special interests.

AM ST 275 The American Literary Tradition (also ENGL 275)
Fall. 4 credits. J. Ashton.
The problem of an American national literature is explored through the reading, discussion, and close analysis of texts across the range of American literary history. Not a survey, this course focuses on the relations of the texts to each other, the shaping of national identities in those relationships, and the assumptions about history, language, and the self that underlie them.

[AM ST 276 Literature in the Cold War Culture (also ENGL 276)]
B. Maxwell
For description, see ENGL 276.

AM ST 291 American 1920s: Literature and Culture (also ENGL 291)
Fall. 4 credits. B. Maxwell
For description, see ENGL 291.

[AM ST 318 Queer Theatre (also THETR 320)]
E. Gainor
For description, see THETR 320.

[AM ST 334 American Drama and Theatre (also THETR 336 and ENGL 336)]
E. Gainor
For description, see THETR 336.

[AM ST 335 Contemporary American Theatre (also THETR 337 and ENGL 337)]
E. Gainor
For description, see THETR 337.

[AM ST 338 American Indians and Film (also THETR 338)]
L. Black
For description, see THETR 338.

AM ST 361 Early American Literature (also ENGL 361)
Fall. 4 credits. J. Porte.
For description, see ENGL 361.

[AM ST 362 The American Renaissance (also ENGL 362)]
J. Porte.
For description, see ENGL 362.

[AM ST 363 The Age of Realism and Naturalism (also ENGL 363)]
J. Goldsby.
For description, see ENGL 363.

[AM ST 364 American Literature between Wars (also ENGL 364)]
D. McClure.
For description, see ENGL 364.

[AM ST 365 American Literature Since 1945 (also ENGL 365)]
B. Maxwell.
For description, see ENGL 365.

AM ST 366 The Nineteenth-Century American Novel (also ENGL 366)
Spring. 4 credits. D. McClure.
For description, see ENGL 366.

[AM ST 367 The Modern American Novel (also ENGL 367)]

[AM ST 369 Survey of African American Literature to 1917 (also ENGL 375)]
J. Goldsby.
For description, see ENGL 375.

AM ST 370 Survey in African American Literature: 1918 to Present (also ENGL 376)
Spring. 4 credits. H. Spillers.
For description, see ENGL 376.

[AM ST 371 American Poetry to 1950 (also ENGL 371)]
R. Gilbert.
For description, see ENGL 371.

[AM ST 372 American Poetry Since 1950 (also ENGL 378)]
R. Gilbert.
For description, see ENGL 378.

[AM ST 374 Nineteenth-Century American Women Writers (also ENGL 374 and WOMNS 378)]
Staff.
For description, see ENGL 374.

[AM ST 394 Topics in American Indian Literature: Native Cultural Studies (also ENGL 394)]
For description, see ENGL 394.

AM ST 395 Policing and Prisons in American Culture (also ENGL 397)
Spring. 4 credits. B. Maxwell.
For description, see ENGL 397.

AM ST 403 Studies in American Poetry: Great Books, 1855-1926 (also ENGL 403)
Fall. 4 credits. R. Gilbert.
For description, see ENGL 403.

[AM ST 465 Proseminar in American Studies (also ENGL 465)]
J. Porte.
For description, see ENGL 465.

[AM ST 467 Studies in American Fiction: 1870-1915 (also ENGL 467)]

[AM ST 469 William Faulkner (also ENGL 469)]
H. Spillers.
For description, see ENGL 469.

[AM ST 470 Studies in the Novel: Hemingway, Fitzgerald, Faulkner (also ENGL 470)]
D. McClure.
For description, see ENGL 470.

[AM ST 471 American Indian Women's Literature (also ENGL 471)]
For description, see ENGL 471.

[AM ST 473 American Indian Autobiography (also ENGL 473)]
D. McClure.
For description, see ENGL 473.

[AM ST 474 Contemporary African American Poetry (also ENGL 474)]
K. McClure.
For description, see ENGL 474.

[AM ST 479 Jewish-American Writing (also ENGL 479 and JWST 478)]
J. Porte.
For description, see ENGL 479.

[AM ST 485 American Modernist Writing (also ENGL 485)]

Government and Public Policy

GOVT 111 Introduction to American Government and Politics
Fall. 3 credits. T. J. Lowi.
An introduction to government through the American experience. Concentration on analysis of the institutions of government and politics as mechanisms of social control.

588 ARTS AND SCIENCES - 2000-2001
[AM ST 302] Social Movement in American Politics (also GOVT 302)
Fall. 4 credits. M. E. Sanders.
For description, see GOVT 302.

[AM ST 305] Public Opinion and Political Participation (also GOVT 304)
Fall. 4 credits. J. Cowden.
For description, see GOVT 305.

[AM ST 306] Latino Politics in the United States (also GOVT 306)
For description, see GOVT 306.

[AM ST 310] Civil Liberties in the United States (also GOVT 337)
For description, see GOVT 327.

[AM ST 315] Prisons (also GOVT 314)
M. Katzenstein.
For description, see GOVT 314.

[AM ST 316] The American Presidency (also GOVT 316)
Fall. 4 credits. M. E. Sanders.
For description, see GOVT 316.

[AM ST 319] The American Congress (also GOVT 319)
Spring. 4 credits. M. Shefter.
For description, see GOVT 319.

[AM ST 328] Constitutional Politics: The United States Supreme Court (also GOVT 328)
For description, see GOVT 328.

[AM ST 350] Atomic Consequences: The Incorporation of Nuclear Weapons in Postwar America (also S&TS 350, GOVT 305)
Spring. 4 credits. M. Dennis.
For description, see S&TS 350.

[AM ST 353] Feminism Movements and the State (also GOVT 353, WOMNS 353)
M. Katzenstein.
For description, see GOVT 353.

[AM ST 376] American Political Thought from Madison to Malcolm X (also GOVT 366 and HIST 316)
Fall. 4 credits. I. Kramnick.
For description, see GOVT 366.

[AM ST 388] Science in the American Polity, 1800-1960 (also S&TS 390, GOVT 308)
Fall. 4 credits. M. Dennis.
For description, see S&TS 390.

[AM ST 389] Science in the American Polity, 1960-Now (also S&TS 391, GOVT 309)
M. Dennis.
For description, see S&TS 391.

[AM ST 409] Racial Prejudice and Political Intolerance (also GOVT 409)
J. Cowden.
For description, see GOVT 409.

[AM ST 418] The Politics of Scandal (also GOVT 418)
Spring. 4 credits. M. Shefter and J. Rabkin.
For description, see GOVT 419.

[AM ST 428] Government and Public Policy: An Introduction to Analysis and Criticism (also GOVT 428)
Fall. 4 credits. T. Lowi.
For description, see GOVT 428.

[AM ST 429] Government and Public Policy: An Introduction to Analysis and Criticism (also GOVT 429)
Spring. 4 credits. T. Lowi.
For description, see GOVT 429.

History

[AM ST 103] Introduction to American History (also HIST 101)
Fall. 4 credits. S. Blumin.
A survey of American history from the beginning through the Civil War. Topics include cultural encounters in the age of Columbus, European colonization, the American Revolution, the early republic, antebellum reform movements, and the coming of the Civil War.

[AM ST 104] Introduction to American History (also HIST 102)
Spring. 4 credits. T. Borstelmann.
An introductory survey of the development of the United States since the Civil War.

[AM ST 200] Popular Culture in the United States, 1900-1945
Fall. 4 credits. G. Altschuler.
American Studies 200 will deal with American popular culture in the period between 1900 and the end of World War II. As we examine best-sellers, films, sports and television, radio, ads, newspapers, magazines, and music, we will try to better understand the ways in which popular culture as "contested terrain," the place where social classes, racial and ethnic groups, women and men, the powerful and the less powerful, seek to "control" images and themes. Topics for 201 include: Advertising in an Age of Consumption; Gangsters and G-Men; Jackie Robinson and the American Dilemma.

[AM ST 202] Popular Culture in the United States, 1945-Present
Spring. 4 credits. G. Altschuler.
American Studies 202 will treat the period from 1945 to the present. As we examine best-sellers, films, sports and television, radio, ads, newspapers, magazines, and music, we will try to better understand the ways in which popular culture shapes and/or reflects American values. The course will also depict popular culture as "contested terrain," the place where social classes, racial and ethnic groups, women and men, the powerful and less powerful, seek to "control" images and themes. Topics for 202 include: The "Honeymothers" and 1950s Television, soap operas, "Gross-out" movies; Elvis; The Beatles, and Guns 'n Roses; Gothic Romances; People Magazine and USA Today.

[AM ST 204] Comparative Migration in the Americas (also HIST 204)
Spring. 4 credits. M. C. Garcia.
For description, see HIST 202.

[AM ST 206] Seminar: Eras-Franklin D. Roosevelt (also HIST 206)
R. Polesen.
For description, see History 208.

Fall. 4 credits. N. Salavatore.
In this seminar we will read a variety of texts that will underscore the fierce struggle to define the meaning of civil rights in American society during this era. We will explore from multiple perspectives through readings of historical, legal, political, theological, and literary readings.

[AM ST 211] African American Women: Twentieth Century (also HIST 212 and WOMNS 212)
For description, see HIST 212.

[AM ST 214] Seminar on American Foreign Policy (also HIST 214)
W. LaFeber.
For description, see HIST 214.

[AM ST 241] History of Childhood in the United States (also HD 241 and HIST 271)
Spring. 4 credits. J. Brumberg.
For description, see HD 241.

[AM ST 251] Black Religious Traditions from Slavery to Freedom (also HIST 251 and RELST 251)
Fall. 4 credits. M. Washington.
For description, see HIST 251.

[AM ST 258] Historical Development of Women as Professionals, 1800 to Present (also HD 258, HIST 230, WOMNS 238)
J. Brumberg.
For description, see HD 258.

[AM ST 259] Introduction to U.S. Latino History, Part I (also HIST 260, LSP 260)
M. C. Garcia.
For description, see HIST 260.

[AM ST 261] Introduction to U.S. Latino History, Part II (also HIST 261, LSP 261)
M. C. Garcia.
For description, see HIST 261.

[AM ST 272] American Indian History, 1500-1600 (also HIST 276)
Fall. 4 credits. D. Usner.
For description, see HIST 276.

[AM ST 273] Women in American Society, Past and Present (also HIST 273)
M. B. Norton.
For description, see HIST 273.

[AM ST 277] American Indian History Since 1830 (also HIST 277)
Spring. 4 credits. D. Usner.
For description, see HIST 277.

[AM ST 303] African American Women in Slavery and Freedom (also HIST 303)
For description, see HIST 303.

[AM ST 304] American Culture in Historical Perspective, 1880-1980 (also HIST 304)
Spring. 4 credits. M. Kammen.
For description, see HIST 304.
AM ST 311 Structure of American Political History (also HIST 311)  
Fall. 4 credits. J. Silbey.
For description, see HIST 311.

AM ST 312 Structure of American Political History (also HIST 312)  
Spring. 4 credits. J. Silbey.
For description, see HIST 312.

AM ST 314 History of American Foreign Policy, 1912 to the Present (also HIST 314)  
Spring. 4 credits. T. Borstelmann.
For description, see HIST 314.

AM ST 317 American Constitutional Development (also HIST 316)  
Fall. 4 credits. B. Polenberg.
For description, see HIST 318.

AM ST 320 Understanding Work in America, 1800-1990 (also HIST 315)  

N. Salvatore.
This course examines both the experience and the perception of work in American life in the century framed by two fundamental formations: the emergence of a system of industrial capitalism largely nationalistic in its orientation and the development of a more international economic system in more recent times. Among the topics considered will be the effects of technological change; its impact on the experience of work across numerous occupational categories, and the changing perceptions of work as reflected in contemporary cultural expression, literature, and commentary across the century.

AM ST 321 Colonial North America to 1763 (also HIST 321)  
M. B. Norton.
For description, see HIST 321.

AM ST 322 Age of the American Revolution, 1763-1815 (also HIST 325)  
M. B. Norton.
For description, see HIST 325.

AM ST 324 Varieties of American Dissent, 1880-1990 (also HIST 324)  
N. Salvatore.
The idea of dissent in American society raises a variety of images. Civil rights activists, striking workers, and student radicals of the 1960s are familiar enough symbols of dissent. But what might we understand a Pentecostal believer, filled with the spirit of his or her God in critiquing contemporary society, as an example of American dissent? This course will explore the varieties of economic, political, and cultural dissent in American between 1880 and 1990, and will examine how understanding dissent in its specific historical context illuminates major aspects of American life and culture.

AM ST 327 American Frontier History before 1850 (also HIST 327)  
D. Usner.
For description, see HIST 327.

AM ST 330 The Age of Jackson, 1813-1850 (also HIST 330)  
For description, see HIST 330.

AM ST 331 American Civil War and Reconstruction, 1850-1877 (also HIST 331)  
J. Silbey.
For description, see HIST 331.

AM ST 332 The Urbanization of American Society, 1600 to 1860 (also HIST 332)  
S. Blumin.
For description, see HIST 332.

AM ST 333 The Urbanization of American Society, 1860-2000 (also HIST 333)  
S. Blumin.
For description, see HIST 333.

AM ST 336 Capitalism and Society in Developing America, 1607-1877 (also HIST 336)  
S. Blumin.
For description, see HIST 336.

AM ST 337 Entrepreneurialism and Organization in the Age of the Corporation: Capitalism and Society in Modern America, 1840-2000 (also HIST 337)  
Spring. 4 credits. S. Blumin.
For description, see HIST 337.

AM ST 340 Recent American History, 1925-1960 (also HIST 340)  
Spring. 4 credits. R. Polenberg.
For description, see HIST 340.

AM ST 341 Recent American History, 1960-Present (also HIST 341)  
R. Polenberg.
For description, see HIST 341.

AM ST 345 Intellectual/Cultural Life of Nineteenth-Century Americans (also HIST 345 and RELST 345)  
Spring. 4 credits. R. L. Moore.
For description, see HIST 345.

AM ST 346 Modernization of the American Mind (also HIST 346)  
R. L. Moore.
For description, see HIST 346.

AM ST 359 American Families in Historical Perspective (also HD 359 and WOMNS 359)  
J. Brumberg.
For description, see HD 359.

AM ST 378 Topics in U.S. Women’s History (also HIST 378 and WOMNS 378)  
J. Brumberg.
For description, see HIST 378.

AM ST 406 The Immigrant City 1990-2000 (also S HUM 406, LSP 406, and HIST 412)  
Fall. 4 credits. M. C. Garcia.
For description, see S HUM 406.

AM ST 411 Seminar: American Political History (also HIST 411)  
Fall and spring. 4 credits. J. Silbey.
For description, see HIST 411.

AM ST 417 History of Female Adolescence (also HD 417, HIST 458, WOMNS 458)  
Spring. 4 credits. J. Brumberg.
For description, see HD 417.

AM ST 419 Seminar in American Social History (also HIST 419)  
Spring. 4 credits. Taught in Washington, D.C. by S. Blumin.
For description, see HIST 419.

AM ST 421 Undergraduate Seminar in American Cultural History (also HIST 421)  
M. Kammen.
For description, see HIST 421.

AM ST 440 Undergraduate Seminar in Recent American History (also HIST 440)  
Fall. 4 credits. R. Polenberg.
For description, see HIST 440.

AM ST 442 Religion and Politics in American History from J. Winthrop to R. Reed (also HIST 442 and RELST 442)  
R. L. Moore.
For description, see HIST 442.

AM ST 486 Seminar on the 1960s (also HIST 486)  
Fall. 4 credits. T. Borstelmann.
For description, see HIST 486.

AM ST 500 Research Seminar in American Studies (also HIST 500)  
Fall or spring. Offered in Cornell-in-Washington Program only. S. Blumin and others.
For description, see HIST 500.

Music and Visual Studies

AM ST 105 Popular Music in America: 1850-1985 (also MUSIC 101)  
Spring. 3 credits. S. Pond.
For description, see MUSIC 101.

AM ST 222 A Survey of Jazz (also MUSIC 222)  
Fall. 3 credits. S. Pond.
For description, see MUSIC 222.

AM ST 223 History of Rock Music (also MUSIC 221)  
Spring. 3 credits. J. Peraino.
For description, see MUSIC 221.

AM ST 243 Inside Out: The American Everyday Interior (also DEA 243, WOMNS 243)  
Spring. 3 credits. J. Jennings.
For description, see DEA 243.

AM ST 270 Mapping American (also ART H 270)  
Fall. 4 credits. L. L. Meixner.
For description, see ART H 270.

AM ST 282 The American Landscape (also LA 282)  
Fall. 3 credits. H. Gottfried.
For description, see LA 282.

AM ST 355 U.S. Art from FDR to Reagan (also HIST 355)  
L. L. Meixner.
For description, see ART H 355.

AM ST 360 Painting and Everyday Life in Nineteenth-Century America (also ART H 360)  
L. L. Meixner.
For description, see ART H 360.
SPECIAL PROGRAMS AND INTERDISCIPLINARY STUDIES

[AM ST 390 American Architecture and Building I (also ARCH 390)]
For description, see ARCH 390.

[AM ST 391 American Architecture and Building II (also ARCH 391)]

[AM ST 397 Special Topics in the History of Architecture and Urbanism (also ART H 397)]
For description, see ARCH 397.

[AM ST 462 Topics in Early Modernism (also ART H 462)]
For description, see ART H 462.

Honors
Please see description of major for information about registration in these courses.

AM ST 493-494 Honors Essay Tutorial
493, fall; 494, spring. Up to 4 credits each semester. See R. L. Moore for proper advice.

Center for Applied Mathematics

The Center for Applied Mathematics administers a broadly based interdepartmental graduate program that provides opportunities for study and research over a wide range of the mathematical sciences. This program is based on a solid foundation in analysis, algebra, and methods of applied mathematics. The remainder of the graduate student's program is designed by the student and his or her Special Committee. For detailed information on opportunities for graduate study in applied mathematics, students should contact the Director of Graduate Studies of the Center for Applied Mathematics, 657 Frank H. T. Rhodes Hall.

There is no special undergraduate degree program in applied mathematics. Undergraduate students interested in an application-oriented program in mathematics may select an appropriate program in the Department of Mathematics, the Department of Computer Science, or some department of the College of Engineering.

A listing of selected graduate courses in applied mathematics can be found in the description of the center in "Interdisciplinary Centers, Programs, and Studies."

Archaeology Program


Archaeology is an interdisciplinary field at Cornell, which is one of the few universities in the United States to offer a separate archaeology major. Program faculty members, affiliated with several departments, coordinate course offerings and help students identify opportunities for fieldwork, graduate study, and professional positions.

The Major
Prospective majors must complete Archaeology 100 or one of the basic courses as defined below before they will be admitted to the major. This initial course will not be counted toward the major requirements.

Because the major draws on the teaching and research interests of faculty from many departments to present a broad view of the archaeological process, interest students should discuss their course of study with a participating faculty member as early as possible. In some areas of specialization, intensive language training should be coordinated with other studies as early as the freshman year.

Once admitted to the major, students must take at least 32 additional credits from the courses listed below, or from related fields selected in consultation with a major adviser of their choosing. The courses chosen should provide exposure to a broad range of cultures known through archaeology and the methods of uncovering and interpreting them. Sixteen of the credit hours should be at the 300 level or above. At least two courses must be taken from each of the following categories: B. Anthropological Archaeology; C. Classical, Near Eastern, and Medieval Archaeology; and D. Methodology and Technology.

Either ARKEO 481 or ARKEO 482 (Honors Thesis, fall and spring) can count toward the major, but not both. In addition to ARKEO 481 or 482, only four credits of ARKEO 500 (Individual Study) or other supervised study can count towards the major.

Courses basic to the discipline of archaeology are marked with the word "Basic" after the number of credit hours. It is recommended that majors who are planning to pursue graduate studies in archaeology take at least two of the basic courses in each category. Further courses in languages and geology are also recommended.

Honors
Honors in archaeology are awarded on the basis of the quality of an honors essay and the student's overall academic record. Prospective honors students should have at least a 3.5 grade point average in the major and a 3.0 grade point overall. They should consult with the director of undergraduate studies before the beginning of the senior year. The honors essay is normally prepared over two semesters in consultation with a faculty adviser during the senior year; students may enroll in Archaeology 481 (fall) or Archaeology 482 (spring) for this purpose.

Fieldwork
Every student should gain some practical experience in archaeological fieldwork on a project authorized by his or her adviser. This requirement may be waived in exceptional circumstances. The Jacob and Hedwig Hirsch bequest provides support for a limited number of students to work at excavations sponsored by Cornell and other approved institutions.

The Concentration
Students in Cornell schools and colleges other than Arts and Sciences may elect a concentration in archaeology. To concentrate in archaeology, the student must complete five courses, all with a grade of C or better. The five courses must consist of either (1) Archaeology 100 and four other courses from categories B-D (described above), at least three of which must be basic courses, or (2) five courses from categories B-D, at least four of which must be basic courses. Concentrators are encouraged to gain some fieldwork experience. They are eligible for Hirsch Scholarships in support of fieldwork on the same basis as majors.

First-Year Writing Seminars
For course descriptions, see the first-year writing seminar brochure.

A. Introductory Courses and Independent Study Courses

ARKEO 100 Introduction to Archaeology (also ANTHR 100)
A broad introduction to archaeology—the study of material remains to answer questions about the human past. Case studies highlight the variability of ancient societies and illustrate the varied methods and interpretive frameworks in which archaeologists use to reconstruct them. This course can serve as a platform for both Archaeology and Anthropology undergraduate majors.

ARKEO 201 Lost Tribes and Sunken Continents (also ANTHR 201)
3 credits. Basic. D. Evett.
An examination of popular theories about past histories, differences among them, and the kinds of explanations offered by archaeologists. Emphasis is on the ways archaeologists interpret the past. Case studies include Atlantis, Stonehenge, Egyptian and Mexican pyramids, and the history of contacts between the Old World and the Americas.

ARKEO 300 Individual Study in Archaeology and Related Fields
Fall and spring. Credit THA. Prerequisite: Archaeology 100 or permission of instructor.
Students pursue topics of particular interest with the guidance of a faculty member.

ARKEO 481-482 Honors Thesis
481, fall; 482, spring. 4 (V) credits. S-U only. Prerequisite: admission to Honors Program.
The student, under faculty direction, will prepare a senior thesis.

ARKEO 600 Special Topics in Archaeology
Fall and spring. 4 (V) credits.
Students pursue advanced topics of particular interest under the guidance of a faculty member(s).

ARKEO 681-682 Master's Thesis
681, fall; 682, spring. 4 (V) credits. S-U only. Limited to students admitted to Master's Program in Archaeology.
Students, working individually with faculty member(s), prepare a Master's Thesis in Archaeology.
B. Anthropological Archaeology

[ARKEO 202 Interpretive Archaeology (also ANTHR 202)]
T. P. Volman.
For description, see ANTHR 202.

[ARKEO 203 Early People: The Archaeological and Fossil Record (also ARKEO 203)]

[ARKEO 204 Ancient Civilizations (also ANTHR 204)]

[ARKEO 215 Stone Age Art (also ANTHR 215)]
For description, see ANTHR 215.

ARKEO 255 Great Empires of the Andes (also ANTHR 255)
Summer only. 3 credits. M. Malpass.
The Andes region of South America, stretching from northern Colombia to Tierra del Fuego, saw the rise and fall of some of the world's most spectacular societies, from the Moche of the north Peruvian coast to the Incas. Not only were the cultures of this area highly developed, but many of the technologies—metallurgy, textiles, ceramics, and stonemasonry, to name just four—were unusually sophisticated. The Andean region saw the indigenous domestication of plants and animals as well as the rise of state-level societies. This course will introduce you to the cultural developments of this fascinating area, from the earliest times to the fall of the Incas in AD 1543.

[ARKEO 317 Stone Age Archaeology (also ANTHR 317)]
T. P. Volman.
For description, see ANTHR 317.

ARKEO 355 Ancient Mexico and Central America (also ANTHR 355)
Spring. 4 credits. Basic. J. Henderson.
For description, see ANTHR 355.

[ARKEO 409 Approaches to Archaeology (also ARKEO 409 and ANTHR 409/409)]
Fall. 4 credits. Basic. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered 2000-2001.
R. N. Russell.
For description, see ANTHR 409.

ARKEO 459 Archaeology of the Household (also ARKEO 459 and ANTHR 459/659)
Fall. 4 credits. J. Henderson and N. Russell.
For description, see ANTHR 459.

ARKEO 466 Humans and Animals (also ARKEO 466 and ANTHR 466/666)
Fall. 4 credits. N. Russell.
For description, see ANTHR 466.

[ARKEO 469 Gender and Age in Archaeology (also ARKEO 469 and ANTHR 469/669)]
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered 2000-2001.
N. Russell.
For description, see ANTHR 469.

[ARKEO 493 Seminar in Archaeology (also ANTHR 493)]

[ARKEO 494 Seminar in Archaeology: The Archaeology of Human Origins (also ANTHR 494)]
T. P. Volman.
For description, see ANTHR 494.

[ARKEO 609 Approaches to Archaeology (also ARKEO 609 and ANTHR 609/609)]
Fall. 4 credits. Basic. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered 2000-2001.
N. Russell.
For description, see ANTHR 609.

ARKEO 659 Archaeology of the Household (also ARKEO 459 and ANTHR 459/659)
Fall. 4 credits. J. Henderson and N. Russell.
For description, see ANTHR 459.

ARKEO 666 Humans and Animals (also ARKEO 466 and ANTHR 466/666)
Fall. 4 credits. N. Russell.
For description, see ANTHR 466.

[ARKEO 669 Gender and Age in Archaeology (also ARKEO 469 and ANTHR 469/669)]
N. Russell.
For description, see ANTHR 469.

[ANTHR 456 Mesoamerican Religion, Science, and History]

LA 260 Preindustrial Cities and Towns of North America (also CRP 260)
Fall. 5 credits. S. Baughan.
For description, see LA 260.

C. Classical, Near Eastern, and Medieval Archaeology

ARKEO 221 Minoan-Mycenaean Art and Archaeology (also CLASS 221 and ART H 221)
Fall. 3 credits. Basic. J. Coleman.
For description, see CLASS 221.

ARKEO 233 Archaeology in Action II (also ART H 225 and CLASS 233)
Spring. 3 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered 2000-2001.
P. I. Kuniholm.
For description, see ART H 225.

ARKEO 240 Old World Prehistory (also ANTHR 240)
N. Russell.
For description, see ANTHR 240.

ARKEO 263 Introduction to Biblical History and Archaeology (also NES 263, JWST 263, and RELST 264)
Spring. 3 credits. J. Zorn.
For description, see NES 263.

[ARKEO 275 Ancient Seafaring (also JWST 261 and NES 261)]
D. I. Owen.
For description, see NES 261.

[ARKEO 321 Mycenaean and Homer (also CLASS 321 and ART H 321)]
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: at least 1 previous course in Archaeology, Classics, or History of Art. Not offered 2000-2001.
J. Coleman.
Study of the relationship between the Mycenaean period of Greece (known primarily from archaeology) and the Homeric [Iliad] and Odyssey. Topics include Mycenaean architecture, burial customs, kinship, and military activities; the reasons for the collapse of the Bronze Age palatial economies; the archaeological evidence for society in the "Dark Ages" that followed; the writing systems of Mycenaean Greece (Linear B) and the Iron Age (the Semitic/Greek alphabet); the nature of the Homeric poems and their value as historical sources.

ARKEO 366 The History and Archaeology of the Ancient Near East (also JWST 366 and NES 366)
D. I. Owen.
For description, see NES 366.

ARKEO 380 Introduction to the Arts of China (also ART H 380)
Fall. 4 credits. A. Fan.
For description, see ART H 380.

ARKEO 417 Early Medieval Archaeology and Literature (also ARKEO 417, ENGL 417 and 617)
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Enrollment limited to 15 students. This course may be used as one of the three pre-1800 courses required of English majors. R. T. Farrell.
For description, see ENGL 417.

ARKEO 425 Seminar on the Bronze Age Architecture of Asia Minor (also ART H 425 and CLASS 430)
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. P. I. Kuniholm.

ARKEO 432 Sardis and the Cities of Asia Minor (ART H 424 and CLASS 432)
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered 2000-2001.
A. Ramage.

ARKEO 434 The Rise of Classical Greece (also ART H 434 and CLASS 434)
Fall. 4 credits. Recommended: Classics 220 or 221 or History of Art 220 or 221, or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000-2001. P. I. Kuniholm.
For description, see ART H 434.

ARKEO 435 Seminar on Roman Art and Archaeology (also CLASS 435 and ART H 427)
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered 2000-2001.
A. Ramage.
For description, see ART H 427.

ARKEO 520 Seminar in Classical Archaeology (also ART H 520 and CLASS 630)
Fall. 4 credits. J. E. Coleman.
For description, see CLASS 630.

ARKEO 617 Early Medieval Archaeology and Literature (also ARKEO 417, ENGL 417 and 617)
Fall. 4 credits. R. T. Farrell.
For description, see ENGL 417.

ARKEO 629 The Prehistoric Aegean (also CLASS 629)
4 credits. For graduate students and advanced undergraduates with permission of instructor. Not offered 2000-2001.
J. E. Coleman.
For description, see CLASS 629.
CLASS 220 Introduction to Art History: The Classical World (also ART H 220) Fall. 4 credits. J. Rife. For description, see CLASS 220.


CLASS 322 Greeks and Barbarians (also ART H 328) Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: Classics 220 or 221, or permission of instructor. J. Coleman. For description, see CLASS 322.


CLASS 333 Greek and Roman Mystery Cults and Early Christianity (also RELST 333) Fall. 4 credits. A previous course in Classics (civilization or language) or Religious Studies 101 is recommended. Not offered 2000–2001. K. Clinton. For description, see CLASS 333.

ART H 322 Arts of the Roman Empire (also CLASS 350) Fall. 4 credits. A. Ramage. For description, see ART H 322.

ART H 325 Greek Vase Painting (also CLASS 325) Fall. 4 credits. A. Ramage. For description, see ART H 325.

ART H 327 Greek and Roman Coins (also CLASS 327) Fall. 4 credits. Not offered 2000–2001. A. Ramage. For description, see ART H 327.

LA 292 Creating a Second Nature Fall. 3 credits. Prerequisites: none. Anthropology 100, Archaeology 100, or Classics/History of Art 220 recommended. K. Gleason. For description, see LA 292.

D. Methodology and Technology

ARKEO 256 Practical Archaeology (also CLASS 256) Spring. 3 credits. J. Coleman. For description, see Classics 256.

ARKEO 262 Laboratory in Landscape Archaeology (also LA 262) Spring. 3 credits. S. Baugher. For description, see LA 262.

ARKEO 285 Art, Archaeology, and Analysis (also ART H 372, ENGR 185, GEO 200, NS&E 285, ART H 200, NS&E 285, and PHYS 200) Spring. 3 credits. 3 lecs. Does not meet liberal studies distribution requirements. Staff. For description, see GEO 200.

ARKEO 299 Dendrochronology of the Aegean (also ART H 309 and CLASS 309) Fall and spring. 4 credits. Limited to 10 students. Prerequisite: permission of instructor P. I. Kuniholm. For description, see ART H 309.

ARKEO 300 Environmental Archaeology (also ARKEO 670 and ANTHR 370 and 670) Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: 2 previous courses in archaeology or permission of instructor. T. P. Volman. For description, see ANTHR 370.


ARKEO 323 Ceramics (also ART H 423 and CLASS 423) Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. A. Ramage. For description, see ART H 423.

ARKEO 325 Environmental Archaeology (also ARKEO 658 and ANTHR 458/658) Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: 1 course in archaeology or permission of instructor. Enrollment limited to 15 students. Not offered 2000–2001. J. S. Henderson. For description, see ANTHR 458.

ARKEO 393 Zooarchaeological Method (also ANTHR 463) Fall. 5 credits. Not offered 2000–2001. N. Russell. For description, see ANTHR 463.


ARKEO 601 Graduate Colloquium in Archaeology 4 credits. Open to graduate students and advanced undergraduates by permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. Staff. Faculty members of the Program in Archaeology and invited speakers will present summaries of the different aspects of archaeological analysis. Topics may include: lithics, ceramic typology, petrographic and neutron activation analysis, dendrochronology and other chronological techniques, settlement patterns, inscriptions, human and animal bones.


ARKEO 670 Environmental Archaeology (also ARKEO 370 and ANTHR 370 and 670) Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: 2 previous courses in archaeology or permission of instructor. T. P. Volman. For description, see ANTHR 370.

ANTHR 371 Human Paleontology (also BIOES 371) Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: 1 year of introductory biology, Anthropology 101, or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. K. A. R. Kennedy.

For description, see ANTHR 371.

[ANTHR 474 Laboratory and Field Methods in Human Biology (also BIOES 474) 5 credits. Prerequisite: 1 year of introductory biology, Anthropology 101, or permission of instructor. Not offered 2000–2001. K. A. R. Kennedy.]

BIO ES 671 Paleoanthropology of South Asia (also ANTHR 671 and ASIAN 620) Fall. 3 credits. K. A. R. Kennedy. For description, see BIO ES 671.

LA 261 Urban Archaeology (also CRP 261) Fall. 3 credits. S. Baugher. For description, see LA 261.

LA 569 Archaeology in Preservation Planning and Design (also CRP 569) Spring. 3 credits. S. Baugher. For description, see LA 569.

Asian American Studies Program

The Asian American Studies Program is a university-wide academic program housed administratively within the College of Arts and Sciences. Its aim is to promote teaching, research, and educational activities related to Asian Americans and to serve as a resource to the campus and regional communities. The program's undergraduate courses, offered within the program and cross-listed with departments in various colleges, meet distribution requirements and count toward a concentration in Asian American Studies. The program does not offer a graduate course of study, but students can undertake graduate work in Asian American Studies within selected disciplines of the university.

Undergraduate Concentration

The program's undergraduate concentration affords students an opportunity to develop a multidisciplinary approach to the study of Asians in America. The course of study stresses developments within the United States, but also underscores the transnational and comparative contexts of Asian America and the field's connections with African American, American Indian, Latino, and Women's Studies. Students must work with a faculty adviser from among the program's affiliated faculty and must complete at least 15 units of credits as follows: (a) AAS 110 and two additional courses in Asian American Studies; (b) one course in Africanana, American Indian, Latino Studies, or Women's Studies; and (c) one course in East Asian, South Asian, or Southeast Asian Studies. * These courses must be approved by the student's faculty adviser, and they should address issues of race, gender, or the histories and cultures of Asian peoples. Students must file an application for the concentration with the Asian American Studies Program.

Resource Center

The program's Asian American Studies Resource Center provides meeting space for the more than 35 undergraduate student organizations of the Cornell Asian Pacific Student Union and the graduate student Asian Pacific American Graduate Association. It also holds a modest print collection of books, periodicals, and newspapers; a current news...
Asian American experience.

Research

The program encourages faculty and student research on Asian Americans by sponsoring guest lectures, conferences, film festivals, readings, and exhibits. It also funds research projects and student travel to conferences and research sites. The Asian American Studies Workshop is the program’s principal research initiative, engaging Cornell’s faculty and students with invited faculty from other universities in a year-long intensive study of selected themes.

Affiliated Faculty

T. Chaloemtiarana (Southeast Asia Program), B. de Bary (Asian studies), P. Y. Kaayestha (Kroch Library), J. V. Koschmann (history), L. C. Lee (human development), V. Munasinghe (Caribbean Studies), V. Nee (sociology), R. E. Ripple (education), N. Sakai (Asian studies), A. Smith (government), K. W. Taylor (Asian studies), B. Tien (Gannett Health Center), S. Wong, director (English), D. Yeh (vice president student/academic services)

Courses

AAS 110 Introduction to Asian American Studies

Spring. 3 credits. This course can be used to satisfy either a social science or humanities distribution requirement. Interdisciplinary, cross-cultural introduction to Asian American Studies focusing on contemporary issues. Major themes include: identity and stereotypes, gender, family, community, education, migration and labor, and anti-Asianism. Coverage will be given to both Hawaii and the U.S. mainland, and to Asian Indians, Chinese, Filipinos, Hawaiians, Japanese, Koreans, and Southeast Asians.

AAS 213 Asian American History

Spring or fall. 4 credits. For description, see HIST 213.

AAS 302 Asians in the Americas: A Comparative Perspective (also ANTH 200-302)

Fall. 4 credits. The common perception of ethnicity is that this is a "natural" and an inevitable consequence of cultural difference. "Asians" overseas, in particular, have won repute as a people who cling tenaciously to their culture and refuse to assimilate into their host societies and cultures. But, who are the "Asians"? On what basis can we label Asians an ethnic group? Although there is a significant Asian presence in the Caribbean, the category "Asian" itself does not exist in the Caribbean. What does this say about the nature of categories that label and demarcate groups of people on the basis of alleged cultural and phenotypical characteristics? This course will examine the dynamics behind group identity, namely ethnicity, by comparing and contrasting the multicultural experiences of Asians in the Caribbean and the United States. Ethnographic case studies will focus on the East Indian and Chinese experiences in the Caribbean and the Chinese, Korean, Japanese, Filipino, and Indian experiences in the United States.

AAS 262 Asian American Literature

For description, see ENGL 262.

AAS 412 Undergraduate Seminar in Asian American History (also HIST 412)

Spring. 4 credits. For description, see HIST 412. A reading and research seminar that will cover various topics in Asian American history.

AAS 438 Immigration and Ethnic Identity


AAS 478 Self and Nation in Asian-American Literature (also English 478)

4 credits. A study of the ways in which Asian American writers have constructed discourses of self and nation. Topics will include nationalism, feminism, identity politics, and theories of minority discourse. In our reading of selected works of prose, poetry, and drama by Chinese American, Filipino American, Japanese American, and Korean American writers, we will be asking questions about the relation of these works to the moment of their production and reception, and the manner in which these textual representations engage with shifting cultural and political struggles. Writers under discussion may include: Carlos Bulosan, Vincent Y. Li, Frank Chin, Jessica Hagedorn, David Henry Hwang, Maxine Hong Kingston, Joy Kogawa, David Mura.

AAS 492 Twentieth-Century Women Writers of Color

Spring. 4 credits. This course will explore a range of writing—novels, stories, poems, essays—by American women writers of color in the twentieth century. We will look at how these writings articulate concerns with language, home, mobility, and memory, and at how the work is informed by the specificities of gender, race, region, and class. Readings may include works by Joy Harjo, Claudia Rankine, Sandra Silveira, Sandra Cisneros, Gloria Anzaldúa, Theresa Hak Kyung Cha, Sigrid Nunez, Jamaica Kincaid, Maxine Hong Kingston, and Gwendolyn Brooks.

AAS 495 Independent Study

Fall or spring. 1–4 credits. Topic and credit hours to be mutually arranged between faculty and student. Independent Study Forms must be approved by Asian American Studies Program Office.

Biology & Society Major


The Biology & Society major is suited for students who wish to combine training in biology with exposure to the social sciences and humanities on the social, political, and ethical aspects of modern biology. In addition to providing a foundation in biology, Biology & Society students obtain background in the social dimensions of modern biology and in the biological dimensions of contemporary social issues.

The Biology & Society major, which involves faculty from throughout the university, is offered by the Department of Science & Technology Studies. Students in the College of Biology & Society, the College of Human Ecology, and the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences are eligible for the major. The major is coordinated for students in all colleges through the Biology & Society Office. Students can get individual course requirements, and application procedures for the major from the Biology & Society office in 257 Clark Hall, 255–6047.

Because the major is multidisciplinary, students must attain a basic understanding of the several disciplines it comprises. The curriculum includes courses in ethics, mathematics, statistics, history, philosophy, and social and cultural studies of science and biology, and basic biology (e.g., genetics and development; biochemistry and molecular-cell biology; ecology; evolutionary biology), as well as introductory courses offered through Biology & Society. In addition, majors are required to take a core course and must develop a theme: an intellectually coherent grouping of courses representative of their special interest in biology and society. Recommended themes in the Biology & Society major include biology, behavior, and society; biology and human population; biology and public policy; environment and society; food agriculture and society; and health and society. Majors may also develop their own individually tailored themes (which in recent years have included topics such as biotechnology and society and agriculture, environment, and society). In consultation with their faculty advisor, students select courses that meet the foundation and core course requirements so as to build a coherent theme. Sample curricula for the recommended themes and for several student-developed themes are available in the Biology & Society Office.

There are student advisers and faculty available (according to posted office hours or by appointment) in the Biology & Society Offices, 275 Clark Hall or 278 Clark Hall, to answer questions and to provide assistance.

Admission to the Major

All students should have completed a year of college-level biology before submitting an application during their sophomore year. Juniors are considered on a case-by-case basis. Upper-division applicants should realize the difficulties of completing the major requirements in fewer than two years. Freshmen admitted to the Colleges of Agriculture and Life Sciences and Human Ecology as Biology & Society majors are considered to have been admitted to the major on a provisional basis, contingent on successful completion of the course sequence.
in introductory biology. The application includes (1) a one-page statement explaining the student's intellectual interests in the Biology & Society major and why the major is consistent with the student's academic goals and interests; (2) the theme the student wishes to pursue in the major; (3) a tentative plan of courses fulfilling Biology & Society requirements (including those the student plans to take); and (4) a transcript of work completed at Cornell University and elsewhere, if applicable, current as of the date of application.

Acceptance into the major requires completion of the course sequence in introductory biology. Sophomores in the process of completing this prerequisite may be admitted to the major on a provisional basis. It is the student's responsibility to assure that final acceptance is granted upon satisfactory completion of the introductory biology sequence. Although only introductory biological science is a prerequisite for acceptance, students will find it useful to have completed some of the other requirements (listed below) by the end of their sophomore year, preferably by the end of the first semester. Students who are considering the major may also find it beneficial to take "S&TS 201, What is Science?" in their freshman or sophomore year. Human Ecology students should also consult the current Human Ecology Guide and meet with the college advising coordinator, Nancy Breen, 287A Martha Van Rensselaer Hall, 255-1928.

Major Requirements

No single course may satisfy more than one major requirement.

1) Basic courses

A. Biological sciences 101–104 or 105–106 or 107–108 (prerequisite for admission to Biology and Society).

B. College calculus (one course):* Math 106, 111, 112 or any higher level calculus.

Recommended but not required:

- General chemistry (one year sequence) (prerequisite to biochemistry and other chemistry courses): Chemistry 103–104, 207–208, or 215–216.

2) Foundation Courses (should be completed by end of junior year).

These courses must be above the 100-level, at least three credit hours, and taken for a letter grade

A. Ethics: one course; B&SOC 205 (also S&TS 205) or B&SOC 206 (also S&TS 206).**

B. Social sciences/humanities foundation: two courses; one from any two of the following subject areas: History of Science; Philosophy of Science; Sociology of Science; Politics of Science; and Science Communication.**

C. Biology foundation (breadth requirements): one each from three of the following subject areas: Ecology (BIO ES 261); Evolutionary Biology (BIO ES 278); Biochemistry, Molecular and Cell Biology (BIO BM or NS 220, 330 or 331 or 333); Microbiology (BIO MJ 260); Genetics and Development (BIO GD 281 or 282 or Plant Breeding 225); Neurobiology and Behavior (BIO NB 221 or 222); Botany (BIO PL 241); and Anatomy and Physiology (BIO AP 311 or NS 341 but NOT BIO AP 212).**

D. Biology foundation (Depth requirement): one biology course for which one of the above (2C) is a prerequisite.

E. Statistics: one course selected from: MATH 171, IIR 210, BTRY 215; AG EC 310, EDUC 355, SOC 301, PSYCH 350, ECON 319, ORIE 370, BTRY 601, CRP 320.

3) Core Course*** (one course). Should be completed by end of junior year.

B&SOC 301 Biology and Society: The Social Construction of Life (also S&TS 401); or PHIL 286 Science and Human Nature (also S&TS 286).

4) Theme (five courses that correspond to the theme selected by the student). These courses must be above the 100-level, at least three credit hours, and taken for a letter grade. Choose these courses as follows:

A. Natural Science Issues/Biology Elective (two courses). Select from the list of B&SOC approved Natural Science Issues courses or choose course(s) with introductory biology as a prerequisite from: AIS, AN SC, BIOSCI, ENTRIO, FOOD, HD, NS, NTRES, PL BR, PL PA, PSYCH, VTEAM.

B. Humanities/social sciences electives** (two courses). Courses from the list of Senior Seminars may be used as theme electives if not used to meet another requirement.

C. Senior Seminar** (One course taken senior year). Courses change yearly.

- Students may petition to take a second statistics course (an advanced course, in sequence with the statistics course taken in the foundation) in place of the calculus requirement.

- Among the courses taken to meet the social sciences and humanities requirements (2.A, 2.B, 3, and 4.C), a minimum of two social science courses and two humanities courses must be chosen.

- History philosophy of science courses may be counted toward the humanities requirement for the major.

Independent Study

Projects under the direction of a Biology & Society faculty member are encouraged as part of the program of study in the student's theme area. Applications for research projects are accepted by individual faculty members. Students may enroll for 1–4 credits in Biology & Society 375 (Independent Study) with written permission of the faculty supervisor and may elect either the letter grade or the S-U option. Applications and information on faculty research, scholarly activities, and undergraduate research opportunities are available in the Biology & Society Office, 257 Clark Hall. Independent study credits may not be used in completion of the major requirements.

The Honors Program

The honors program is designed to provide independent research opportunities for academically talented undergraduate students whose major is Biology & Society (B&SOC). Students who enroll in the honors program are expected, with faculty guidance, to do independent study and research dealing with issues in biology and society. Participants in the program should find the experience intellectually stimulating and rewarding whether or not they intend to pursue a research career.

Biology & Society majors are considered for entry into the honors program at the end of the second semester of the junior year. Application forms for the honors program are available in the Biology & Society Office, 275 Clark Hall. The honors program is available to Biology & Society majors from the College of Arts and Sciences. Biology & Society majors in the Colleges of Human Ecology and Agriculture and Life Sciences must be selected by an honors committee within their college. To qualify for the Biology & Society honors program, students must have an overall Cornell cumulative grade-point average of at least 3.3, have formulated a research topic, and have found a project supervisor (with a Cornell appointment) and a Biology & Society faculty member willing to serve as their advisor. Applications for the honors program will be reviewed by a committee headed by the director of undergraduate studies, who will notify students directly of the outcome. Students will be permitted to register for the honors program only by permission of the department. Students must enroll for two semesters and may take three to five credits per semester up to a maximum of eight credits in B&SOC 498 and 499, Honors Project I and II. More information on the honors program is available in the Biology & Society Office, 275 Clark Hall (255-6047).

I. First-Year Writing Seminars

[B&SOC 103 In the Company of Animals Spring. 3 credits. Not offered 2000–2001.]


II. Foundation Courses

A. Ethics (one course)

B&SOC 205 Ethical Issues in Health and Medicine (also S&TS 205) Fall. 4 credits. Limited to 150 students. Open to sophomores, juniors, and seniors. Prerequisites: none. E. Toon.

In today's rapidly changing world of health and medicine, complex ethical issues arise in many contexts—from the private, interpersonal interactions between doctor and patient to the broad, mass-mediated controversies that make medicine into headline news. This course examines ethical problems and policy issues that arise in contemporary medicine, health care, and biomedical research. Tools for ethical analysis are applied to a variety of cases and fundamental questions in bioethics. Perspectives from social science, history, and law will also inform the course. We will explore ethical questions that arise in a number of substantive contexts, including the doctor-patient relationship, medical decision making near the end of life, human experimentation, genetics and reproduction, public health, and the allocation of scarce resources.

B&SOC 206 Ethics and the Environment (also S&TS 206) Spring. 4 credits. Limited to 60 students. Open to all undergraduates; permission of...
instructor required for freshmen. N. Sethi. We address how ethical analysis helps shape our responses to environmental problems. Case studies will help guide our assessments. You will be challenged to develop ethical solutions or approaches on your own and in groups. Major aims include: articulating the relationships between knowledge and values; exploring the ethical implications of different conceptions of "nature"; and distinguishing between ethics and economics, ecology, ideology, politics, and prudence or wisdom. A background in basic ecology OR environmental issues OR ethics is helpful.

B. Social Sciences/Humanities Foundation (two courses, one from any two areas)

1. History of Science

S&TS 287 Evolution (also BIOG 207 and HIST 287)
Fall or summer. 3 credits. May not be taken for credit after BIOES 278.
W. B. Provine.
For description, see BIOG 207.

S&TS 282 Science in Western Civilization (also HIST 282) #
Fall. 4 credits. M. Dennis.
For description, see HIST 282.

S&TS 233 Agriculture, History, and Society: From Squanto to Biotechnology
Fall. 5 credits. M. Rossiter.
For description, see S&TS 233.

S&TS 283 The Sciences in the Twentieth Century (also HIST 280)
Spring. 4 credits. M. Dennis.
For description, see S&TS 283.

[S&TS 355 Computers: From Babbage to Gates
M. Rossiter.
For description, see S&TS 355.]

S&TS 390 Science in the American Polity: 1800–1960 (also GOVT 308, AM ST 388)
Fall. 4 credits. M. Dennis.
For description, see S&TS 390.

[S&TS 433 Comparative History of Science
M. Rossiter.
For description, see S&TS 433.]

[S&TS 444 Historical Issues of Gender and Science (also WOMNS 444)
M. Rossiter.
For description, see S&TS 444.]

2. Philosophy of Science

S&TS 201 What is Science? An Introduction to the Social Studies of Science and Technology (also SOC 210)
Spring. 3 credits. J. Reppy.
For description, see S&TS 201.

S&TS 286 Science and Human Nature (also PHIL 286)
Spring. 4 credits. May be used to meet the philosophy of science requirement if not used to meet the core course requirement.
For description, see PHIL 286.

S&TS 381 Philosophy of Science: Knowledge and Objectivity (also PHIL 381)
Fall. 4 credits. R. B. Boyd.
For description, see PHIL 381.

3. Sociology of Science

B&SOC 301 Biology and Society: The Social Construction of Life (also S&TS 401)
Fall. 4 credits. May be used to meet the sociology of science requirement if not used to meet the core course requirement.
M. Lynch.
See Core Courses for description.

B&SOC 342 Sociology of Science (also S&TS 442, SOC 442, and CRP 442)
Fall. 4 credits. H. Mietel.
For description, see S&TS 442.

[PAM 201 Determinants of Behavior
For description, see PAM 201.]

[R SOC 208 Technology and Society
For description, see R SOC 208.]

S&TS 201 What Is Science? An Introduction to the Social Studies of Science and Technology (also SOC 210)
Spring. 3 credits. J. Reppy.
For description, see S&TS 201.

[S&TS 311 The Sociology of Medicine
Staff.
For description, see S&TS 311.]

4. Politics of Science

[B&SOC 406 Biotechnology and Law (also S&TS 406)
Staff.
For description, see S&TS 406.]

B&SOC 407 Law, Science, and Public Values (also GOVT 407 and S&TS 407)
Spring. 4 credits. M. Lynch.
For description, see S&TS 407.

[S&TS 391 Science in the American Polity: 1960–Now (also GOVT 309, AM ST 389)
M. Dennis.
For description, see S&TS 391.]

[S&TS 427 Politics of Environmental Protection in America (also GOVT 427)
For description, see S&TS 427.]

5. Science Communication

COMM 260 Scientific Writing for Public Information
Fall or spring. 3 credits. L. Cowdery.
For description, see COMM 260.

S&TS 285 Communication in the Life Sciences (also COMM 285)
Spring. 3 credits. B. Lewenstein.
For description, see COMM 285.

S&TS 352 Science Writing for the Mass Media (also COMM 352)
Fall. 3 credits. B. Lewenstein.
For description, see COMM 352.

COMM 421 Communication and the Environment
Spring. 3 credits. J. Shanahan.
For description, see COMM 421.

COMM 466 Communication of Science and Technology
Fall. 3 credits. B. Lewenstein.
For description, see COMM 466.

C. Biology foundation (breadth requirement): Three courses from three of the following subject areas.

1. Biochemistry, Molecular and Cell Biology

BIOBM 330 Principles of Biochemistry, Individual Instruction
Fall or spring. 4 credits.
For description, see BIOBM 330.

BIOBM 331 Principles of Biochemistry: Proteins and Metabolism
Fall. 3 credits. May not be taken for credit after BIOBM 350 or 355.
For description, see BIOBM 331.

NS 262 The Cell and the External World
Fall or spring. 4 credits.
For description, see NS 262.

NS 320 Introduction to Human Biochemistry
Fall. 4 credits. W. Arion and P. Stover.
For description, see NS 320.

2. Ecology

BIOES 261 Ecology and the Environment
Fall or summer. 4 credits.
For description, see BIOES 261.

3. Genetics and Development

BIOGD 261 Genetics
Fall, spring, or summer. 5 credits.
For description, see BIOGD 261.

BIOGD 282 Human Genetics
Spring. 2 or 3 credits. M. Goldberg.
For description, see BIOGD 282.

4. Evolutionary Biology

BIOES 278 Evolutionary Biology
Fall or spring. 3 or 4 credits.
For description, see BIOES 278.

5. Microbiology

BIOMI 290 General Microbiology
Lectures
Fall, spring, or summer. 2 or 3 credits.
For description, see BIOMI 290.

6. Neurobiology and Behavior

BIONB 221 Neurobiology and Behavior I: Introduction to Behavior
Fall. 3, 4, or 5 credits.
For description, see BIONB 221.

BIONB 222 Neurobiology and Behavior II: Introduction to Neurobiology
Spring. 3 or 4 credits.
For description, see BIONB 222.

7. Botany

BIOPL 241 Introductory Botany
Fall. 3 credits. K. J. Niklas.
For description, see BIOPL 241.

8. Physiology and Anatomy

BIOAP 311 Introductory Animal Physiology, Lectures (also VET MED 346)
Fall. 3 credits. E. Loew or staff.
For description, see BIOAP 311.

NS 341 Human Anatomy and Physiology
Spring. 4 credits.
For description, see NS 341.
D. Biology foundation (depth requirement): one course for which one of the above breadth requirement courses (2C) is a prerequisite.

E. Statistics (one course)

ARME 210 Introductory Statistics
Fall. 4 credits. C. VanEs.
For description, see ARME 210.

BTRY 261/601 Statistical Methods I
Fall. 4 credits.
For description, see BTRY 201/601.

CRP 223 Introduction to Statistical Reasoning for Urban and Regional Analysis
Fall. 3 credits.
For description, see CRP 223.

ECON 319 Introduction to Statistics and Probability
Fall. 4 credits. Y. Hong.
For description, see ECON 319.

ILRST 210 Statistics: Statistical Reasoning
Fall, spring, and summer. 3 credits.
For description, see ILRST 210.

MATH 171 Statistical Theory and Application in the Real World
Fall, spring. 4 credits.
For description, see MATH 171.

PSYCH 350 Statistics and Research Design
Fall. 4 credits.
For description, see PSYCH 350.

[SOC 301 Evaluating Statistical Evidence
For description, see SOC 301.

III. Core Courses

B&SOC 301 Biology and Society: The Social Construction of Life (also S&TS 401)
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: 2 semesters of social science or humanities and 1 year of introductory biology or permission of instructor. Limited to 75 students. M. Lynch.
Critical thinking about the diverse influences shaping the life sciences. Topics include evolution and natural selection, heredity and genetic determinism, biotechnology, and reproductive interventions. We interpret episodes, past and present, in biology in light of scientists' historical location, economic and political interests, use of language, and ideas about causality and responsibility. Readings, class activities, and written assignments are designed so that students develop interpretive skills and explore their own intellectual and practical responses to controversies in biology and society.

S&TS 286 Science and Human Nature (also PHIL 286)
Spring. 4 credits. R. Boyd.
For description, see PHIL 286.

B&SOC 214 Biological Basis of Sex Differences (also BIOAP 214 and WOMNS 214)
For description, see BIOAP 214.

BIOES 275 Human Biology and Evolution (also ANTHR 275 and NS 275)
For description, see BIOES 275.

BIOL 247 Ethnobiology
Fall. 3 credits. D. M. Bates.
For description, see BIOL 247.

HD 266 Emotional Functions of the Brain
Fall. 3 credits. R. Depue.
For description, see HD 266.

HD 344 Infant Behavior and Development
Fall. 3 credits. S. Robertson.
For description, see HD 344.

B&SOC 347 Human Growth and Development: Biological and Behavioral Interactions (also HD 347 and NS 347)
Spring. 3 credits.
For description, see HD 347.

HD 370 Experimental Psychopathology
Spring. 3 credits.
For description, see HD 370.

NS 222 Maternal and Child Nutrition
Spring. 3 credits.
For description, see NS 222.

NS 361 Biology of Normal and Abnormal Behavior (also PSYCH 361)
Fall. 3 credits.
For description, see NS 361.

NTRES 201 Environmental Conservation
Spring. 3 credits. T. Fahey.
For description, see NTRES 201.

PSYCH 326 Evolution of Human Behavior
Fall. 4 credits. R. Johnston.
For description, see PSYCH 326.

Examples of biology electives

AN SCI 300 Animal Reproduction and Development
Spring. 3 credits.
For description, see AN SCI 300.

HD 366 Psychobiology of Temperament and Personality
Spring. 3 credits.
For description, see HD 366.

NS 331 Physiological and Biochemical Bases of Human Nutrition
Spring. 4 credits.
For description, see NS 331.

B. Humanities/Social Science elective (two courses)
Courses listed earlier as social science/humanities foundation courses (2B) are particularly appropriate as social science/humanities electives. However, a single course cannot be used to meet both requirements. Additional courses that are recommended as social science or humanities electives are:

Examples of social science electives

ARME 464 Economics of Agricultural Development
Spring. 3 credits. R. Christy.
For description, see ARME 464.

ANTHRO 211 Nature and Culture
Spring. 3 credits.
For description, see ANTHR 211.

BIOES 673 Human Evolution: Concepts, History, and Theory (also ANTHR 673)
For description, see BIOES 673.

CRP 380 Environmental Politics
Fall. 4 credits. R. S. Booth.
For description, see CRP 380.

CRP 451/551 Environmental Law
Fall. 4 credits. R. S. Booth.
For description, see CRP 451/551.

HD 241 History of Childhood in the United States
Spring. 3 credits.
For description, see HD 241.

[HD 258 The Historical Development of Women as Professionals, 1800 to the Present (also WOMNS 238 and HIST 238)
For description, see HD 258.

PAM 303 Ecology and Epidemiology of Health
Fall. 3 credits. E. Rodriguez.
For description, see PAM 303.

PAM 350 Contemporary Issues in Women's Health
Fall. 3 credits. A. Parrot.
For description, see PAM 350.

PAM 380 Human Sexuality
Spring. 3 credits.
For description, see PAM 380.

PAM 381 Health Care Services and the Consumer
For description, see PAM 381.

PAM 435 U.S. Health Care System
Fall. 3 credits. R. Battistella.
For description, see PAM 435.

PAM 668 Long-Term Care and the Aged: Alternative Health and Social Service Delivery Systems
For description, see PAM 668.

NS 450 Public Health Nutrition
Spring. 3 credits.
For description, see NS 450.

NTRES 400 International Environmental Issues
Fall. 4 credits.
For description, see NTRES 400.

R SOC 201 Population Dynamics (also SOC 202)
Spring. 3 credits.
For description, see R SOC 201.

R SOC 205 Rural Sociology and International Development (also SOC 206)
Spring. 3 credits.
For description, see R SOC 205.

R SOC 220 Sociology of Health and Ethnic Minorities (also LSP 220)
Fall. 3 credits. P. Parra.
For description, see R SOC 220.

S&TS 324 Environment and Society (also R SOC 324 and SOC 324)
Spring. 3 credits. L. Glenna.
For description, see R SOC 324.
| ARTS AND SCIENCES - 2000-2001 |

- **[R SOC 490 Society and Survival](Fall. 3 credits. Not offered 2000-2001)**
  For description, see R SOC 490.

- **Examples of humanities electives**

- **NTRES 407 Religion, Ethics, and the Environment**
  Fall. 4 credits. R. Buer. For description, see NTRES 407.

- **PHIL 241 Ethics (by petition for breadth requirement)**
  Spring. 4 credits. For description, see PHIL 241.

- **PHIL 368 Global Climate and Global Justice (also GOVT 458)**
  Fall. 4 credits. Not offered 2000-2001. For description, see PHIL 368.

- **S&TS 681 Philosophy of Science (also PHIL 681)**
  Spring. 4 credits. R. Boyd. For description, see PHIL 681.

- **C. Senior Seminars**

  - **[B&SOC 404 Human Fertility in Developing Nations (also R SOC 408)](Spring. 3 credits. Not offered 2000-2001)**
    For description, see R SOC 408.

  - **[B&SOC 406 Biotechnology and the Law (also S&TS 408)](Fall. 4 credits. Not offered 2000-2001. Staff. For description, see S&TS 406.)**

  - **[B&SOC 427 Politics of Environmental Protection in America (also S&TS 427 and GOVT 427)](Fall. 4 credits. Not offered 2000-2001. S. Yearley. For description, see S&TS 427)**

  - **[B&SOC 447 Seminar in the History of Biology (also BIOG 467, HIST 415, and S&TS 447)](Summer (6-week session). 4 credits. W. Provine. For description, see BIO G 467)**

  - **[B&SOC 461 Environmental Policy (also BIOES 661 and ALS 661)](Fall or spring. 3 credits each term. D. Pimentel. For description, see BIOES 661)**

  - **[B&SOC 469 Food, Agriculture, and Society (also BIOG 469 and S&TS 469)](Spring. 3 credits. Not offered 2000-2001; next offered spring 2002. For description, see BIOG 469)**

  - **[HD 366 Psychobiology of Temperament and Personality](Fall. 3 credits. Not offered 2000-2001; next offered spring 2002. For description, see HD 366)**

  - **HD 418 Psychology of Aging**
    Spring. 3 credits. For description, see HD 418.

  - **HD 610 Processes in Human Development**
    Fall. 3 credits. Not offered 2000-2001. For description, see HD 610.

  - **HD 660 Social Development**
    Spring. 3 credits. Not offered 2000-2001. For description, see HD 660.

  - **PAM 575 Housing and Long Term Care for the Elderly**
    Fall. 3 credits. Not offered 2000-2001. For description, see PAM 575.

- **PAM 652 Health Care Services: Consumer and Ethical Perspectives**
  Fall. 3 credits. A. Parrott. If using this course as a senior seminar, B&SOC majors must take it for four credits by writing a major paper. For description, see PAM 652.

- **PAM 656 Managed Health Delivery Systems: Primary-Ambulatory Care**
  Spring. 3 credits. For description, see PAM 656.

- **[PHIL 368 Global Climate and Global Justice (also GOVT 458)](Fall. 4 credits. Not offered 2000-2001. For description, see PAM 656.)**

- **[R SOC 410 Population and Environment](Spring. 3 credits. Not offered 2000-2001. For description, see R SOC 410.)**

- **[R SOC 418 Population Policy (also B&SOC 414)](Spring. 3 credits. Not offered 2000-2001. For description, see R SOC 418.)**

- **[R SOC 495 Population, Development, and Environment in Sub-Saharan Africa](Fall. 4 credits. P. Eloundou-Enyegue. For description, see R SOC 495.)**

- **[S&TS 490 Integrity of Scientific Practice](Fall. 4 credits. S. Hilgarter. Not offered 2000-2001. For description, see S&TS 490.)**


- **V. Other Courses**

  - **[B&SOC 375 Independent Study](Fall or spring. 1-4 credits. Prerequisite: must have written permission of faculty supervisor and Biology & Society major projects under the direction of a Biology & Society faculty member are encouraged as part of the program of study within the student's concentration area. Applications for research projects are accepted by individual faculty members. Students may enroll for 1-4 credits in Biology & Society 375 (Independent Study) with written permission of the faculty supervisor and may elect either the letter grade or the S-U option. Students may elect to do an independent study project as an alternative to, or in advance of, an honors project. Applications and information on faculty research, scholarly activities, and undergraduate opportunities are available in the Biology & Society Office, 275 Clark Hall. Independent study credits may not be used in completion of the major requirements.)**

  - **[B&SOC 400 Undergraduate Seminar](Fall or spring. Variable credit. May be repeated for credit. From time to time different seminars on topics of interest to undergraduates are offered. Topics and instructors are listed in the Biology & Society supplement issued at the beginning of each semester.)**

  - **[B&SOC 498/499 Honors Project I & II](Fall and spring. 3-5 credits each term. Open only to Biology & Society students in their senior year by permission of the department. Please apply in 275 Clark Hall. Students who are admitted to the honors program are required to complete two semesters of honors project research and to write an honors thesis. The project must include substantial research and the completed work should be of wider scope and greater originality than is normal for an upper-level course. Students may take three to five credits per semester up to a maximum of eight credits in B&SOC 498 & 499. Honors Projects I & II. Students should note that these courses are to be taken in addition to those courses that meet the regular major requirements. The student and the project supervisor must reach clear agreement at the outset as to what sort of work will need to be completed during the first semester. Minimally, an honors thesis outline and bibliography should be accomplished. At the end of B&SOC 498, Honors Project I, a letter grade will be assigned and the advisers, in consultation with the Director of Undergraduate Studies, will evaluate whether or not the student should continue working on an honors project. Biology & Society students who do continue in the honors program for the second semester will receive a letter grade at the end of their final term whether or not they complete a thesis and whether or not they are recommended for honors. Applications and information are available in the Biology & Society Office, 275 Clark Hall.)**

- **Cognitive Studies Program**
and Education (College of Agriculture and Life Sciences), and the Johnson Graduate School of Management.

The issues addressed in cognitive studies arise at several levels. At the broadest level are problems of fundamental, basic principles that underlie the mind, such as the parts of the brain that mediate each kind of mental activity. At a more specific level are the processes that constitute these components. These processes concern the organization and behavior of the components and how they are biologically represented in the brain. At the most specific level are questions about the properties of the elementary computational structures and processes that constitute these components.

Important insights into issues of this kind have been achieved in recent years as a result of the various cognitive studies disciplines converging in their theoretical and methodological approaches. Such convergence, in fact, warrants grouping the disciplines together under the single term "cognitive studies." Even greater progress can be expected in the future as a consequence of increasing cooperation among the disciplines.

Undergraduate Concentration

An interdisciplinary undergraduate concentration in Cognitive Studies is available to Cornell University undergraduates in the College of Arts and Sciences. Students from other colleges who seek such a concentration should discuss such possibilities with the Cognitive Studies Office, which will provide information and contacts concerning such concentrations.

The undergraduate concentration in Cognitive Studies is designed to enable students to engage in a structured program directly related to the scientific study of cognition and the mind. The concentration provides a framework for the design of structured, supervised programs of study in this growing interdisciplinary field. Such programs of study serve as complements to coursework in a single discipline as represented by an individual department. It is considered crucial that students gain a strong background in their major, independent of their work in the concentration. Independent majors and college scholars may also apply. Colleges vary in their procedures for formal recognition of this concentration (contact the Cognitive Studies Office for details). The Cognitive Studies Program faculty have designed five structured "tracks" that offer students different ways of satisfying the concentration. In addition, students are always able to construct their own programs of study subject to approval by their concentration advisor. The courses listed under each track are program suggestions. The student should consult with his/her Cognitive Studies adviser to develop a more customized curriculum. In some cases, students may want to combine or cross tracks.

In general, it is expected that students in the concentration will take COGST 101, a lab course such as COGST 201, and three courses at the 300 or 400 level in at least two departments. Even though only five courses are required to complete the concentration, we expect that students interested in cognitive studies will often end up taking more, and we encourage them to do an independent research project (COGST 470) and a research workshop such as COGST 471.

The five typical tracks are as follows. The first track involves a particular approach to the study of cognition. The other four tracks are structured around specific content domains and consist of sets of suggested course clusters. Please note that many of these courses have substantial prerequisites.


Foundational issues in cognitive science are intimately relevant to real world settings. The Cognitive Studies in Context track offers students the opportunity to learn and independently explore how theory and research on the mind can help us better understand how we use information in much of our daily activities, whether it be the workplace, the classroom, or any other aspect of everyday life. Students will come to better understand the cognitive ergonomics of such diverse settings as an aircraft cockpit, a quality control station on an assembly line, or an anesthetia station in a surgical suite. They will come to better understand the perceptual constraints that help tailor the nature of visual communication systems, or the linguistic constraints that help tailor text-based communication. They will come to see how the functional architecture of human memory guides the presentation and use of information in a wide array of settings. They will also learn how design constraints on computer hardware and software interact with human capacities and biases.

COGST 101/COM S 101/LING 170/PHIL 191/PSYCH 102, Introduction to Cognitive Science

COGST 201/COM S 201/PSYCH 201, Cognitive Science in Context Laboratory

In addition, three more upper-level approved courses in Cognitive Studies areas will normally be expected.

2. Perception and Cognition

This track focuses on psychological, computational, and neurobiological approaches to the interface between perception and cognition. Students will develop a grasp of the continuum between sensory impressions and complex thought.

COGST 101/COM S 101/LING 170/PHIL 191/PSYCH 102, Introduction to Cognitive Science

COGST 201/COM S 201/PSYCH 201, Cognitive Science in Context Laboratory

COGST 450/HD 437/LING 450/PSYCH 437, Lab Course: Language Development

BIONB 326, The Visual System

PSYCH 305, Visual Perception

PSYCH 316, Auditory Perception


PSYCH 412, Laboratory in Cognition and Perception

PSYCH 416/COGST 416, Modeling Perception and Cognition

PSYCH 418, Psychology of Music

PSYCH 419, Neural Networks Laboratory

3. Language and Cognition

This track focuses on the representation, processing, and acquisition and learning of language, as well as its role in cognition and culture. Students will acquire skills and knowledge in formal and applied linguistic theory, psycholinguistic experimentation, and computational modeling techniques.

COGST 101/COM S 101/LING 170/PHIL 191/PSYCH 102, Introduction to Cognitive Science

COGST 201/COM S 201/PSYCH 201, Cognitive Science in Context Laboratory

COGST 450/HD 437/LING 450/PSYCH 437, Lab Course: Language Development

COM S 411, Programming Languages and Logic

LING 203, Introduction to Syntax and Semantics

LING/PHIL/COGST 270, Truth and Interpretation

LING 301–302, Phonology I & II

LING 303–304, Syntax I & II

LING 309, Morphology

LING 319–320, Phonetics I & II

LING 325, Pragmatics

LING 403, Introduction to Applied Linguistics

LING 421–422, Semantics I & II

PHIL 332, Philosophy of Language

PSYCH 215/LING 215, Psychology of Language

PSYCH 415, Concepts, Categories, and Word Meanings

PSYCH 416/COGST 416, Modeling Perception and Cognition

PSYCH 436/LING 436/HD 436/COGST 436, Language Development

4. Cognition and Information Processing

This track focuses on how the mind (or a computer) can encode, represent, and store information. Students will develop an understanding of concepts, categories, memory, and the nature of information itself.

COGST 101/COM S 101/LING 170/PHIL 191/PSYCH 102, Introduction to Cognitive Science

COGST 201/COM S 201/PSYCH 201, Cognitive Science in Context Laboratory

COGST 450/HD 437/LING 450/PSYCH 437, Lab Course: Language Development

COM S 211, Computers and Programming

COM S 212, Structure and Interpretation of Computer Programs

COM S 472, Foundations of Artificial Intelligence

COM S 573, Practicum in Artificial Intelligence

PHIL 262, Philosophy of Mind

PHIL 362, Philosophy of Mind

PSYCH 311, Introduction to Human Memory

PSYCH 412, Laboratory in Cognition and Perception

PSYCH 413, Information Processing: Conscious and Nonconscious

PSYCH 414/COGST 414, Comparative Cognition

PSYCH 415, Concepts, Categories, and Word Meanings

PSYCH 416/COGST 416, Modeling Perception and Cognition

5. Cognition in Complex Systems

This track focuses on the study of cognition in diverse contexts. Students will develop an understanding of the complex systems that underlie cognitive processing, including neural, social, and ecological contexts.

COGST 101/COM S 101/LING 170/PHIL 191/PSYCH 102, Introduction to Cognitive Science

COGST 201/COM S 201/PSYCH 201, Cognitive Science in Context Laboratory

COGST 450/HD 437/LING 450/PSYCH 437, Lab Course: Language Development

COM S 211, Computers and Programming

COM S 212, Structure and Interpretation of Computer Programs

COM S 472, Foundations of Artificial Intelligence

COM S 573, Practicum in Artificial Intelligence

PHIL 262, Philosophy of Mind

PHIL 362, Philosophy of Mind

PSYCH 311, Introduction to Human Memory

PSYCH 412, Laboratory in Cognition and Perception

PSYCH 413, Information Processing: Conscious and Nonconscious

PSYCH 414/COGST 414, Comparative Cognition

PSYCH 415, Concepts, Categories, and Word Meanings

PSYCH 416/COGST 416, Modeling Perception and Cognition

6. Cognition in Complex Systems

This track focuses on the study of cognition in diverse contexts. Students will develop an understanding of the complex systems that underlie cognitive processing, including neural, social, and ecological contexts.

COGST 101/COM S 101/LING 170/PHIL 191/PSYCH 102, Introduction to Cognitive Science

COGST 201/COM S 201/PSYCH 201, Cognitive Science in Context Laboratory

COGST 450/HD 437/LING 450/PSYCH 437, Lab Course: Language Development

COM S 211, Computers and Programming

COM S 212, Structure and Interpretation of Computer Programs

COM S 472, Foundations of Artificial Intelligence

COM S 573, Practicum in Artificial Intelligence

PHIL 262, Philosophy of Mind

PHIL 362, Philosophy of Mind

PSYCH 311, Introduction to Human Memory

PSYCH 412, Laboratory in Cognition and Perception

PSYCH 413, Information Processing: Conscious and Nonconscious

PSYCH 414/COGST 414, Comparative Cognition

PSYCH 415, Concepts, Categories, and Word Meanings

PSYCH 416/COGST 416, Modeling Perception and Cognition
PSYCH 417. The Origins of Thought and Knowledge

5. Cognitive Neuroscience

This track focuses on neurobiological and computational approaches to understanding how perception and cognition emerge in the human brain. Students will acquire knowledge of what neural structures subserve what perceptual/cognitive processes, and how they interact.

COGST 101/COM S 101/LING 170/PHIL 191/PSYCH 102, Introduction to Cognitive Science

COGST 201/COM S 201/PSYCH 201, Cognitive Science in Context Laboratory

COM S 401, Programming Languages and Software Engineering

PSYCH 352/BIONB 328, Biopsychology of Learning and Memory

PSYCH 396/BIONB 396, Introduction to Sensory Systems

PSYCH 416/COGST 416, Modeling Perception and Cognition

PSYCH 419, Neural Networks Laboratory

PSYCH 425/CSC 111, Cognitive Neuroscience

PSYCH 440, The Brain and Sleep

A Cognitive Studies undergraduate laboratory and computer facility is available for all students in a Cognitive Studies concentration. This facility will help link resources from different laboratories across the Cornell campus as well as providing a central location for developing and conducting experimental research in cognitive studies.

Students who complete the concentration requirements will have their concentration in Cognitive Studies officially represented on their transcript. In addition, students who have made very substantial progress towards completing the requirements for the concentration will be eligible for enrollment in the Graduate Proseminar in Cognitive Studies during their senior year (COGST 775-777).

Concentration Application Procedures.

Initial inquiries concerning the undergraduate concentration should be made to the Cognitive Studies Program coordinator, Linda LeVan, cogst@cornell.edu, 255-6431, who will provide application materials and set up a meeting with a relevant member of the Undergraduate Concentration Committee. This Committee will assist the student with selection of a concentration adviser with expertise in the student's main area of interest.

To formally initiate the concentration in Cognitive Studies, a student must gain approval for a selection of courses from a concentration adviser (one of the program faculty). The courses selected must form a coherent cluster that makes sense to both the adviser and the student. To be admitted to the concentration, the student must submit this plan of study to the Cognitive Studies undergraduate faculty committee for final approval.

In addition to assisting in and approving the student's selection of courses, the concentration adviser serves as a general source of information about the field of cognitive studies, relevant resources around the university, and job and graduate school opportunities. Often, the adviser can help the student develop independent research experience.

Independent Research. The concentration encourages each student to be involved in independent research that bears on research issues in cognitive studies, if possible. COGST 470 is available for this purpose. It is recommended that students report on their research activities in an annual undergraduate forum. The Undergraduate Concentration Committee is committed to helping students find an appropriate research placement when needed.

The Committee for Undergraduate Concentration in Cognitive Studies consists of: Bart Selman, computer science, 5-5643, 4144 Upson Hall, selman@cs.cornell.edu; Draga Zec, linguistics, 5-0728, 217 Morrill Hall, DZ278@cornell.edu; Zoltan Szabo, philosophy, 5-6824, 218 Goldwin Smith, ZS15@cornell.edu; Michael Owren, psychology, 5-3835, 224 Uris Hall, MJO9@cornell.edu. The current Director of Undergraduate Studies is Draga Zec.

Graduate Minor

For information, consult the program office (282 Uris Hall, 255-6431, cogst@cornell.edu) or the directors of graduate studies, Joe Halpern and Ron Hoy, 255-9562 or 254-4318; halpern@cs.cornell.edu or rhh3@cornell.edu.

Courses

Cognitive Studies

COGST 101 Introduction to Cognitive Science (also COM S 101, LING 170, PHIL 191, and PSYCH 102)

Fall. 3 or 4 credits (the 4-credit option involves a writing section instead of taking exams). M. Spivey.

This course surveys the study of how the mind/brain works. We will examine how intelligent information processing can arise from biological and artificial systems. The course draws primarily from five disciplines that make major contributions to cognitive science: philosophy, psychology, neuroscience, linguistics, and computer science.

The first part of the course will introduce the roles played by these disciplines in cognitive science. The second part of the course will focus on how each of these disciplines contributes to the study of five topics in cognitive science: language, vision, learning and memory, action, and artificial intelligence.

COGST 111 Brain, Mind, and Behavior (also BIONB 111 and PSYCH 111)

Spring. 3 credits. 2 lectures and 1 required discussion meeting each week. No prerequisites. Psychology and biology majors may not use the course for credit toward the major. E. Adkins Regan and R. Hoy.

Understanding how the brain creates complex human behavior and mental life is a great scientific frontier. This course will enable students with little scientific background from any college or major to appreciate this excitement. What are the interesting and important questions? How are researchers trying to answer them? What are they discovering? Why did the brain evolve to make people like you? What were the major events in the evolution of the brain?

COGST 201 Cognitive Science in Context Laboratory (also COM S 201 and PSYCH 201)

Fall or spring. 4 credits. Concurrent or prior registration recommended. Introduction to "Cognitive Science" PSYCH 102/COGST 101/COM S 101/LING 170/PHIL 191 is suggested but not required. Knowledge of programming languages is not assumed.

Limited to 24 students. Fall, B. Halpern and staff; spring, D. Field and staff.

A laboratory course that explores the theories of cognitive science and provides direct experience with the techniques of cognitive science, in relation to the full range of both present and anticipated future activities in the workplace, the classroom, and in everyday life. Discussions of laboratory exercise results, supplementation of laboratory topics, and analyses of challenging primary research literature are done in meetings of the entire class.

Laboratory exercises, which are done on an individual or small group basis, include both pre-planned investigations and student-developed experiments. Use of digital computers as well as the Internet, electronic mail, and web sites are integral components of the course.

Modern computing, display (visual, auditory, and other perceptual/sensory systems), digital communication, and simulation approaches are applied to the study of cognitive science and provide direct experience with the techniques of cognitive science. In relation to the full range of both present and anticipated future activities in the workplace, the classroom, and in everyday life.

Discussions of laboratory exercise results, supplementation of laboratory topics, and analyses of challenging primary research literature are done in meetings of the entire class. Laboratory exercises, which are done on an individual or small group basis, include both pre-planned investigations and student-developed experiments. Use of digital computers as well as the Internet, electronic mail, and web sites are integral components of the course.

Students are expected to come to each discussion meeting having read and thought about assigned materials, and to come to scheduled laboratory meetings fully prepared to perform the laboratory exercises. Laboratory facilities will be available to students at all times so that statistical analysis of data, preparation of laboratory reports, and collection of experimental data will be facilitated. URL for fall information: courseinfo.cit.cornell.edu/courses/csic 201.

COGST 214 Issues in Cognitive Psychology (also PSYCH 214 and 614)

Fall. 3 credits. S. Edelman.

Various approaches to the study of cognition will be discussed. Basic concepts in how humans process different kinds of information such as visual, auditory, and symbolic will be introduced. These concepts will then be used to explore topics such as attention and consciousness, concept formation and representation, memory processes and systems, imagery and cognitive maps, problem solving and reasoning, judgment and choice, language acquisition and comprehension, intelligence and creativity, and social cognition.

COGST 264 Language, Mind, and Brain (also LING 264)

Spring. 4 credits. J. Bowers.

An introductory course that emphasizes the formal structure of natural language in the Minimalist framework. The following topics are covered: the formalism of linguistic knowledge, principles, and parameters of Universal Grammar, the basic biology of language, mechanisms of linguistic performance, the modularity hypothesis, and language and cognitive science.

This course is especially suited for majors in fields such as psychology, philosophy, computer science,
and linguistics (and also for those enrolled in the Cornell's Cognitive Studies program, "Interdisciplinary Approaches to the Scientific Study of Language Knowledge and Acquisition." This project is intended to involve undergraduates in active research and to coordinate related subfields of several disciplines in a unified, laboratory-supported curriculum.

The course will include several structured modules dealing with topics covered in the survey course, COGST/HD/LING/PSYCH 436, Language Development. They will include training in how to study and analyze original child language data, including the use of selected portions of a large database of child language data from many languages in the Cornell Language Acquisition Lab (CLAL), and training necessary to the collection and analysis of new child language data. Emphasis will be placed on developing research methods to test hypotheses.

The lab course will meet once a week in group format. In addition, students will be given access to a research lab environment for independent work on assigned modules and independent research throughout the week and throughout the term.

**COGST 450 Lab Course: Language Development**

This laboratory course will provide undergraduates with an introduction to hands-on research experience in the Cognitive Studies Research Labs. This course is partially funded by a National Science Foundation grant to Cornell's Cognitive Studies program, "Interdisciplinary Approaches to the Scientific Study of Language Knowledge and Acquisition." This project is intended to involve undergraduates in active research and to coordinate related subfields of several disciplines in a unified, laboratory-supported curriculum.

The course will include several structured modules dealing with topics covered in the survey course, COGST/HD/LING/PSYCH 436, Language Development. They will include training in how to study and analyze original child language data, including the use of selected portions of a large database of child language data from many languages in the Cornell Language Acquisition Lab (CLAL), and training necessary to the collection and analysis of new child language data. Emphasis will be placed on developing research methods to test hypotheses.

The lab course will meet once a week in group format. In addition, students will be given access to a research lab environment for independent work on assigned modules and independent research throughout the week and throughout the term.

**COGST 470 Undergraduate Research in Cognitive Studies**

Fall or spring. 1–4 credits. S-U grades optional. Prerequisite: permission of major adviser; written permission of Cognitive Studies faculty member who will supervise the research and assign the grade. Hours TBA. Cognitive Studies faculty.

Experience in planning, conducting, and reporting independent laboratory, field, and/or library research in an interdisciplinary area relevant to cognitive studies.

**COGST 471 Cognitive Studies Research Workshop**

Fall or spring. Credits variable. Prerequisites: student must be enrolled in an independent research course (either in Cognitive Studies, e.g., COGST 470, or in a related department), or in honors thesis research in one of the departments relevant to Cognitive Studies. Staff. (Interdisciplinary faculty from Cognitive Studies Program).

This course will provide a research workshop in which undergraduate students who are engaged in research in a particular area relevant to cognitive science can meet across disciplines to learn and practice the essentials of research, using interdisciplinary approaches. In this workshop, students critique and discuss the existing literature in a field of inquiry, individual students present their research designs, methods, and results from their independent research studies, debate the interpretation of their research results, and participate in the generation of new research hypotheses and designs, in a peer group of other undergraduate students involved in related research.
HD 362 Human Bonding
Fall. 3 credits.

HD 347 Human Growth and Development
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Fall, B. Halpern and staff; spring, D. Field and staff.

HD 436 Language Development (also COGST 436, LING 436, and PSYCH 436)
Spring. 4 credits. B. Lust.

HD 437 Lab Course: Language Development (also COGST 450, LING 450, and PSYCH 437)
Spring. 2 credits. In conjunction with COGST/HD/LING/PSYCH 436, Language Development. B. Lust.

HD 438 Thinking and Reasoning
Fall. 3 credits. B. Koslowski.

HD 439 Cognitive Development: Infancy through Adolescence
Spring. 3 credits. B. Koslowski.

Linguistics

LING 101 Introduction to Linguistics
Fall or spring. 4 credits. Fall, W. Harbert; spring, M. Diesing.

LING 170 Introduction to Cognitive Science (also COGST 101, COM S 101, PHIL 191, and PSYCH 102)
Fall. 3 or 4 credits. M. Spivey.

LING 201 Introduction to Phonetics and Phonology
Spring. 4 credits.

LING 203 Introduction to Syntax and Semantics
Fall. 4 credits.

LING 206 Language, Mind, and Brain (also COGST 264)
Spring. 4 credits. J. Bowers.

LING 270 Truth and Interpretation (also COGST 270 and PHIL 270)

LING 301-302 Phonology I, II
Fall and spring. 4 credits each term. Fall, A. Cohn; spring, D. Zee.

LING 303-304 Syntax I, II
Fall and spring. 4 credits each term. Fall, J. Bowers; spring, M. Diesing.

LING 309 Morphology
Spring. 4 credits. D. Zec.

LING 319 Phonetics I
Fall. 4 credits.

LING 320 Phonetics II
Spring. 4 credits.

LING 325 Pragmatics
Fall. 4 credits. S. McConnell-Ginet.

LING 333 Problems in Semantics— Quantification in Natural Language (also COGST 333 and PHIL 333)
Spring. 4 credits. S. McConnell-Ginet and Z. Szabó.

LING 401 Language Typology
Spring. 4 credits. C. Rosen.

LING 414 Second Language Acquisition I (also ASIAN 414)

LING 421 Semantics I
Spring. 4 credits.

LING 422 Semantics II
Fall. 4 credits.

LING 425 Corpora and Applied Linguistics (also ASIAN 425)

LING 436 Language Development (also COGST 436, HD 436, and PSYCH 436)
Spring. 4 credits. B. Lust.

LING 450 Lab Course: Language Development (also COGST 450, HD 437, and PSYCH 437)
Spring. 2 credits. In conjunction with COGST/HD/LING/PSYCH 436, Language Development. B. Lust.

Mathematics

MATH 281 Deductive Logic (also PHIL 331)
Fall. 4 credits. H. Hodes.

MATH 384 Foundations of Mathematics (also PHIL 434)

MATH 481 Mathematical Logic (also PHIL 431)
Spring. 4 credits.

MATH 482 Topics in Logic (also PHIL 432)
Fall. 4 credits. H. Hodes.

MATH 483 Intensional Logic (also PHIL 436)
Spring. 4 credits.

MATH 486 Applied Logic (also COM S 486)
Spring. 4 credits.

Neurobiology and Behavior

BIONB 111 Brain, Mind, and Behavior (also COGST 111 and PSYCH 111)
Spring. 3 credits. No prerequisites. Psychology and biology majors may not use the course for credit toward the major. E. Adams, E. R. H. K. Hoy.

BIONB 221 Neurobiology and Behavior I: Introduction to Behavior
Fall. 3, 4, or 5 credits. H. K. Reeve.

BIONB 222 Neurobiology and Behavior II: Introduction to Neurobiology
Spring. 3 or 4 credits.

BIONB 326 The Visual System

BIONB 328 Biopsychology of Learning and Memory (also PSYCH 332)
Spring. 3 credits. T. DeVoogd.

BIONB 392 Drugs and the Brain
Spring. 4 credits. R. Harris-Warrick.

BIONB 396 Introduction to Sensory Systems (also PSYCH 396)

BIONB 421 Effects of Aging on Sensory and Perceptual Systems (also PSYCH 431 and 631)
Fall. 3 or 4 credits. B. Halpern.

BIONB 424 Neuroethology (also PSYCH 424)

BIONB 492 Sensory Function (also PSYCH 492)  Spring. 3 or 4 credits. B. Halpem and H. Howland.


Philosophy

PHIL 191 Introduction to Cognitive Science (also COGST 101, COM S 101, LING 170, and PSYCH 102)  Fall. 3 or 4 credits. M. Spivey.

PHIL 231 Introduction to Deductive Logic  Fall. 4 credits.

PHIL 286 Science and Human Nature (also S&T'S 286)  Spring. 4 credits. R. Boyd.


PHIL 332 Philosophy of Language  Fall. 4 credits.

PHIL 333 Problems in Semantics—Quantification in Natural Language (also COGST 333 and LING 333)  Spring. 4 credits. S. McConnell-Ginet and Z. Szabo.

PHIL 361 Metaphysics and Epistemology  Spring. 4 credits.

PHIL 362 Philosophy of Mind  Fall. 4 credits. S. Shoemaker.

PHIL 381 Philosophy of Science: Knowledge and Objectivity (also S&T'S 381)  Fall. 4 credits. R. Boyd.


PHIL 431 Mathematical Logic (also MATH 481)  Spring. 4 credits.

PHIL 432 Topics in Logic (also MATH 482)  Fall. 4 credits. H. Hodes.

PHIL 433 Philosophy of Logic  Spring. 4 credits.


PHIL 436 Intensional Logic (also MATH 483)  Spring. 4 credits.

PHIL 437 Problems in the Philosophy of Language  Spring. 4 credits.

PHIL 461 Metaphysics  Spring. 4 credits.

Psychology

PSYCH 111 Brain, Mind, and Behavior (also BIONB 111 and COGST 111)  Spring. 3 or 4 credits. No prerequisites. Psychology and biology majors may not use the course for credit toward the major. E. Adkins-Regan and R. Hoy.

PSYCH 201 Cognitive Science in Context Laboratory (also COGST 201 and COM S 201)  Fall or spring. 4 credits. Fall, B. Halpem and staff; spring, D. Field and staff.

PSYCH 205 Perception (also PSYCH 605)  Spring. 3 credits. J. Cutting.

PSYCH 209 Development (also PSYCH 709)  Spring. 4 credits. S. Johnson.

PSYCH 214 Issues in Cognitive Psychology (also COGST 214 and PSYCH 614)  Fall. 3 credits. S. Edelman.


PSYCH 223 Introduction to Biopsychology  Fall. 3 credits. M. Owren.


PSYCH 316 Auditory Perception (also PSYCH 716)  Fall. 3 or 4 credits. C. Krumhansl.

PSYCH 326 Evolution of Human Behavior (also PSYCH 626)  Fall. 4 credits. R. Johnston.

PSYCH 332 Biopsychology of Learning and Memory (also BIONB 328 and PSYCH 632)  Spring. 3 credits. T. DeVoogel.

PSYCH 342 Human Perception: Applications to Computer Graphics, Art, and Visual Display (also COGST 342 and PSYCH 642)  Fall. 3 or 4 credits. D. Field.

PSYCH 361 Biopsychology of Normal and Abnormal Behavior (also NS 361)  Fall. 3 credits. B. Strupp.


PSYCH 414 Comparative Cognition (also COGST 414 and PSYCH 714)  Spring. 3 credits. M. Owren.


PSYCH 416 Modeling Perception and Cognition (also COGST 416 and PSYCH 616)  Spring. 4 credits. M. Spivey.

PSYCH 417 The Origins of Thought and Knowledge (also PSYCH 717)  Fall. 4 credits. S. Johnson.

PSYCH 418 Psychology of Music (also PSYCH 618)  Spring. 3 or 4 credits. C. Krumhansl.


PSYCH 431 Effects of Aging on Sensory and Perceptual Systems (also BIONB 421 and PSYCH 631)  Fall. 3 or 4 credits. B. Halpem.

PSYCH 436 Language Development (also COGST 436, HD 436, and LING 436)  Spring. 4 credits. B. Lust.

PSYCH 437 Lab Course: Language Development (also COGST 450, HD 437, and LING 450)  Spring. 2 credits. In conjunction with COGST/HD/LING/PSYCH 436, Language Development. B. Lust.

PSYCH 492 Sensory Function (also BIONB 492 and PSYCH 692)  Spring. 4 credits. B. Halpem and H. Howland.

Sociology


Graduate Courses and Seminars

The following courses and seminars are generally for graduate students only. However, some may be appropriate for advanced undergraduates. The director of the concentration must approve an advanced undergraduate’s use of any of these for satisfying the concentration requirements.

COGST 530 Representation of Structure in Vision and Language (also LING 530 and PSYCH 530)  Spring. 4 credits. S. Edelman.

The seminar will concentrate on the nature of the representation of visual objects and scenes in the brain and compare it with the structural framework that serves as the main explanatory tool in current theories of language processing. Data and ideas will be drawn from visual psychophysics, neurophysiology, psycholinguistics, computational vision and linguistics, and philosophy. Students will present published research papers and preprints, which will then be discussed and critiqued.
COGST 773-774 Proseminar in Cognitive Studies I and II (also COM S 773/774, LING 773/774, PHIL 773/774, and PSYCH 773/774)
Fall: R grade; spring: S-U only. 4 credits. C. Cardie.
The Cognitive Studies Proseminar consists of two semesters of meetings with the graduate faculty in the field of Cognitive Studies. The proseminar will provide a general introduction to the field of Cognitive Studies including an introduction to each of the major disciplines that comprise the minor: i.e., computer science, linguistics, philosophy, and psychology. In each of these disciplines, faculty from the field will introduce theoretical and methodological issues that underlie the field and its relation to Cognitive Studies; in addition, they will introduce various labs in which active research is being conducted in their field at Cornell, and current issues of interdisciplinary interest.
The proseminar will include suggestions from faculty in each field for further advanced interdisciplinary research that can be pursued at Cornell during a Cognitive Studies minor. It will conclude (end of second term) with individual student presentations in which students initiate a critique of some interdisciplinary research after consultation with a faculty member of their choice.
Although suitable to entering graduate students, the proseminar is also open to graduate students beyond their first year. Advanced undergraduates with a Cognitive Studies concentration may also be admitted. This is a year-long lecture and discussion course. The year-long commitment is mandatory. An “R” grade will be assigned in the fall semester, and an S-U grade will only be assigned in the spring semester.
COM S 664 Machine Vision
Spring. 4 credits.
COM S 672 Advanced Artificial Intelligence
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: COM S 472 recommended.
COM S 674 Natural Language Processing
Spring. 4 credits. Prerequisite: COM S 472 recommended.
COM S 676 Reasoning about Knowledge
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: mathematical maturity and an acquaintance with propositional logic. Not offered every year. J. Y. Halpern.
COM S 677 Reasoning about Uncertainty
Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisites: mathematical maturity and an acquaintance with propositional logic. Not offered every year. J. Y. Halpern.
COM S 772 Seminar in Artificial Intelligence
Fall and spring. 2 credits.
COM S 775 Seminar in Natural Language Understanding
Fall and spring. 2 credits.
EDUC 611 Educational Psychology
Fall. 3 credits. Undergraduates admitted with permission from instructor. R. Ripple.
EDUC 614 Epistemological Development and Reflective Thought
Fall. 3 credits. D. Schrader.
EDUC 714 Moral Development and Education
Spring. 3 credits. D. Schrader.
HD 600/700 Graduate Seminars
LING 530 Representation of Structure in Vision and Language (also COGST 530 and PSYCH 530)
Spring. 4 credits. S. Edelman.
LING 700 Graduate Seminars
MATH 681 Logic
Spring. 4 credits.
MATH 781-782 Seminar in Logic
Fall and spring. 4 credits each.
MATH 788 Topics in Applied Logic
Fall. 4 credits.
PHIL 633 Philosophy of Language—Propositions and Events
Fall. 4 credits. Z. Szabó.
PHIL 662 Philosophy of Mind—Sense-Data Theories and Intentionalism Views on Perception
Fall. 4 credits.
PHIL 700 Graduate Seminars
PSYCH 530 Representation of Structure in Vision and Language (also COGST 530 and LING 530)
Spring. 4 credits. S. Edelman.
PSYCH 601 Computational Models of Language
PSYCH 614 Issues in Cognitive Psychology (also COGST 214 and PSYCH 214)
Fall. 3 credits. S. Edelman.
PSYCH 616 Modeling Perception and Cognition (also COGST 416 and PSYCH 416)
Spring. 4 credits. M. Spivey.
PSYCH 631 Effects of Aging on Sensory and Perceptual Systems (also BIONB 421 and PSYCH 431)
Fall. 3 or 4 credits. B. Halpern.
PSYCH 714 Comparative Cognition (also COGST 414 and PSYCH 414)
Spring. 3 credits. M. Owren.

College Scholar Program
L. Abel, director, 172 Goldwin Smith Hall, 255–3586.
The College Scholar Program is described in the introductory section of Arts and Sciences.
COLLS 397 Independent Study
Fall or spring. 1–4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of program office.
COLLS 499 Honors Research
Fall or spring. 1–8 credits; a maximum of 8 credits may be earned for honors research. Prerequisite: permission of program director. Each participant must submit a brief proposal approved by the honors committee.

East Asia Program
140 Uris Hall
The East Asia Program draws together faculty from departments and fields throughout the university who participate in a program of research and teaching on the civilizations and cultures of East Asia. Courses are offered through departments in the humanities and social sciences, as well as in the fields of business, city and regional planning, international and comparative labor relations, and rural sociology. The Department of Asian Studies offers language courses in Mandarin, Cantonese, Korean, and Japanese, in addition to the Full-year Asian Language Concentration (FALCON) in Japanese and Mandarin. Undergraduates major in the Department of Asian Studies and concentrate on the language and culture of one East Asian country, while graduate students may work toward an M.A. in East Asian studies, a dual M.B.A./M.A. degree, or an M.A./Ph.D. degree in a discipline such as agricultural economics, anthropology, city and regional planning, government, history, history of art, linguistics, literature, rural sociology, or sociology.
Graduate students concentrating on East Asia may apply for a variety of East Asian program fellowships and travel grants offered by the East Asia programs. The formal program of study is enriched by numerous events and extracurricular activities, including films, workshops, art exhibits, lectures, symposia, and cultural and artistic performances on East Asia. With a half million holdings in Chinese, Japanese, Korean, and western languages, the Wason Collection in Kroch Library is a major national resource for research on East Asia. A 5,000 piece collection representing the full range of Chinese, Japanese, and Korean art may be seen at the George and Mary Rockwell Galleries in the Herbert F. Johnson Museum of Art.

First-Year Writing Seminars
For information about the requirements for first-year writing seminars and descriptions of seminar offerings, see the John S. Knight Writing Program section, and consult the John S. Knight Writing Program brochure, available from college registrars in August for the fall term and in late October for the spring term.

Human Biology Program
J. Haas (nutritional sciences), director, 127 Savage Hall, 255–8001, B. Finlay (psychology), J. Fortune (physiology/women’s studies), E. Frongillo (nutritional sciences), R. Johnston (psychology), K. A. R. Kennedy (ecology and systematics/anthropology), D. Levitsky
Human biology integrates the methods and theories of many disciplines, such as biological anthropology, nutrition, neurobiology, physiology, psychology, demography, ecology, genetics, and paleontology into a comprehensive study of biological diversity in Homo sapiens. A central focus of this interdisciplinary approach to the study of the human organism is an understanding of evolutionary processes that explain our biological variation through space and time. The program of study seeks to educate future biological scientists to address the concerns of a society that is becoming more demanding of the scientific community to place its specialized biological knowledge in a broad context.

The human biology curriculum is of particular relevance to undergraduate students in premedical and preprofessional programs. It is a biological anthropology, nutrition, human development, ecology and systematics, psychology, physiology, genetics, and the health-related sciences. It serves to bring together students with a common interest in human biology, defined from these diverse fields and to provide a forum for student-faculty interaction on various topics relating to human evolution and biological diversity. Human biology is not a major but a curriculum of study that provides majors in various departments with a program for selecting elective courses that deal with the biology of the human species. Students in their junior year may develop a program of study in human biology while majoring in a number of different departmental fields.

### Basic Requirements

The requirements for a program of study in human biology are designed to ensure sufficient background in physical sciences and mathematics to enable the student to pursue a wide range of interests in the fields of modern biological sciences, anthropology, and fields related to the evolution and physical diversity of the human species. Adjustments may be made in these requirements, depending on the student's academic background and affiliation with colleges and schools within the university.

The basic requirements are one year of introductory biology (Biological Sciences 101–103 plus 102–104 or 105–106 or Biological Sciences 107–108 offered during the eight-week Cornell Summer Session); one year of general chemistry (Chemistry 207–208 or 215–216); one year of college mathematics (Mathematics 111–112 or 105–106 or 111–105); one course in genetics (Biological Sciences 281 or 282); one course in biochemistry (Biological Sciences 330, 331, 332, or 333 or Nutritional Sciences 320). It is recommended that students planning graduate study in biological anthropology, psychology, and related fields in the medical and nutritional sciences take a course in statistics. Students should consult their faculty adviser in human biology for help in selecting appropriate courses.

Elective courses should be taken that will enable the student to acquire breadth in the subject matter of human biology outside of their departmental major. Therefore only 6 of the 15 human biology elective credits may also fulfill requirements for the major. Courses should be selected that also provide sufficient exposure to the integration of basic anatomical and physiological sciences with the behavior of individuals and groups within the context of evolutionary theory and ecology. The courses listed below are representative of the offerings in human biology and are included to assist the student in organizing a curriculum of study. They are organized into three groups that reflect the three levels of integration noted above: (1) human anatomy and physiology, (2) human behavior, and (3) human evolution and ecology. Students should choose at least one course from each of these areas of integration. It is anticipated that the student will include in a program of study at least one of the laboratory courses offered. It is expected that a student will take a minimum of 15 credits from among these courses.

There is no foreign language requirement for human biology beyond what is dictated by specific departmental requirements and colleges. The requirements for the human biology curriculum are set alongside requirements of the undergraduate majors as these are defined by different departments. Students with independent majors may design their own program of study under the guidelines provided by their college. Although a student may indicate an interest in human biology in the freshman year and be able to obtain early guidance from a faculty adviser representing the curriculum of study, it is more usual for students to establish their course programs in the first semester of the junior year. The student may request one of the faculty advisers in his or her department who is listed as faculty in human biology to be their principal adviser, or he or she may have an adviser in the department of the major and seek the advice of a human biology faculty adviser in matters pertaining to satisfaction of the requirements. In certain cases a faculty adviser may represent both the major and the curriculum of study in human biology.

### Courses

#### Human Anatomy and Physiology

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Name</th>
<th>Credits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BIO AP 214</td>
<td>Biological Basis of Sex Differences (also B&amp;SOC 214 and WMNS 214)</td>
<td>Fall. 3</td>
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<tr>
<td>BIO AP 311</td>
<td>Introductory Animal Physiology, Lectures (also VET BMS 346)</td>
<td>Fall. 4</td>
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<tr>
<td>BIO AP 319</td>
<td>Animal Physiology Experimentation</td>
<td>Fall. 4</td>
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<tr>
<td>BIO AP 458</td>
<td>Mammalian Physiology</td>
<td>Spring. 3</td>
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<tr>
<td>BIO ES 274</td>
<td>The Vertebrates: Structure, Function, and Evolution</td>
<td>Spring. 4</td>
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<tr>
<td>BIO ES 474</td>
<td>Laboratory and Field Methods in Human Biology (also ANTHR 474)</td>
<td>Spring. 5</td>
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<tr>
<td>NS 115</td>
<td>Nutrition and Health: Concepts and Controversies</td>
<td>Fall. 3</td>
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<td>NS 222</td>
<td>Maternal and Child Nutrition</td>
<td>Spring. 3</td>
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<tr>
<td>NS 315</td>
<td>Obesity and the Regulation of Body Weight</td>
<td>Fall. 3</td>
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<tr>
<td>NS 331</td>
<td>Physiological and Biochemical Bases of Human Nutrition</td>
<td>Spring. 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NS 341</td>
<td>Human Anatomy and Physiology</td>
<td>Spring. 4</td>
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<tr>
<td>NS 361</td>
<td>Biology of Normal and Abnormal Behavior (also PSYCH 361)</td>
<td>Fall. 3</td>
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<tr>
<td>NS 441</td>
<td>Nutrition and Disease</td>
<td>Fall. 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PSYCH 322</td>
<td>Hormones and Behavior</td>
<td>Spring. 3 or 4</td>
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<tr>
<td>PSYCH 425</td>
<td>Cognitive Neuroscience</td>
<td>Fall. 3 or 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VET Ml 431</td>
<td>Medical Parasitology</td>
<td>Fall. 2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Human Behavior

- ANTHR 390 Primate Behavior and Ecology
- Spring. 4 credits.
- ANTHR 490 Primates and Evolution
- Spring. 4 credits.
- B&SOC 301 Biology and Society I: The Social Construction of Life (also S&TS 401)
- Fall. 4 credits.
- BIO NB 421 Effects of Aging on Sensory and Perceptual Systems (also PSYCH 431 and 631)
- Fall. 3 or 4 credits.
- BIO NB 427 Animal Social Behavior
- Fall. 4 credits.
- HD 344 Infant Behavior and Development
- Fall. 3 credits.
- PAM 380 Human Sexuality
- Spring. 3 credits.
- NS 245 Social Science Perspectives of Food and Nutrition
- Fall. 3 credits.
- NS 347 Human Growth and Development: Biological and Behavioral Interactions (also HD 347 and B&SOC 347)
- Spring. 3 credits.
- NS 361 Biology of Normal and Abnormal Behavior
- Spring. 3 credits.
- PSYCH 326 Evolution of Human Behavior
- Fall. 4 credits.
- PSYCH 425 Cognitive Neuroscience
- Fall. 3 or 4 credits.
- R SOC 408 Human Fertility in Developing Nations
- Spring. 3 credits.
- R SOC 438 Social Demography
- Fall. 3 credits.
Human Evolution and Ecology
ANTHR 101 Introduction to Anthropology: Biological Perspectives on the Evolution of Humankind
Fall. 3 credits.

ANTHR 203 Early People: The Archaeological and Fossil Record (also ARKEO 203)
Spring. 3 credits.

ANTHR 390 Primate Behavior and Ecology
Spring. 4 credits.

ANTHR 391 The Evolution of the Human Life Cycle
Spring. 3 credits.

ANTHR 490 Primates and Evolution
Spring. 4 credits.

BIO ES 261 Ecology and the Environment
Fall or summer. 4 credits.

BIO ES 272 Functional Ecology of Vertebrates
Spring. 4 credits.

BIO ES 275 Human Biology and Evolution (also ANTHR 275 and NS 275)
Fall. 3 credits.

BIO ES 278 Evolutionary Biology
Fall or spring. 3 or 4 credits.

BIO ES 371 Human Paleontology (also ANTHR 371)
Fall. 4 credits.

BIO ES 461 Population and Evolutionary Ecology
Spring. 4 credits.

BIO ES 464 Macroevolution
Spring. 4 credits.

BIO ES 471 Mammalogy
Fall. 4 credits.

BIO ES 673 Human Evolution: Concepts, History, and Theory (also ANTHR 673)
Fall. 3 credits.

BIO G 207 Evolution (also HIST 287, and S&T.ST 237)
Fall or summer. 3 credits.

BIO GD 481 Population Genetics
Fall. 4 credits.

BIO GD 482 Human Genetics and Society
Fall. 3 credits.

BIO GD 484 Molecular Evolution
Spring. 3 credits.

B&SOC 447 Seminar in the History of Biology (also HIST 415)
Fall. 4 credits.

NS 306 Nutritional Problems of Developing Nations
Fall. 3 credits.

NS 451 Epidemiology and Health of Human Communities
Fall. 3 credits.

PAM 303 Ecology and Epidemiology of Health
Spring. 3 credits.

PSYCH 326 Evolution of Human Behavior
Fall. 4 credits.

R SOC 201 Population Dynamics
Spring. 3 credits.

VET MI 431 Medical Parasitology
Fall. 2 credits.

VET PMP 664 Introduction to Epidemiology (enroll in VET CS 664)
Fall. 3 credits.

Independent Major Program
L. Abel, director, 172 Goldwin Smith Hall, 255-3386.

The Independent Major Program is described in the introductory section of Arts and Sciences.

IM 351 Independent Study
Fall or spring. 1–4 credits. Prerequisite: permission of the program office.

IM 499 Honors Research
Fall or spring. 1–8 credits; a maximum of 8 credits may be earned for honors research. Prerequisite: permission of program director. Each participant must submit a brief proposal approved by the honors committee.

International Relations Concentration
Matthew Evangelista, director (mae10@cornell.edu)

Integral to international relations is a focus on global issues and processes and an understanding of their impact on particular countries or geographic regions. Cornell's several undergraduate colleges and many departments offer courses that provide a strong grounding in the field as well as an opportunity to study more than 60 languages.

The concentration in international relations provides a curricular structure for undergraduate students with an interest in international law, economics, agriculture, trade, banking, organizations, and government service, and in cross-cultural affairs or education. Students can major in just about anything and in addition "concentrate" in international relations. They can major in a field that the concentration in international relations closely complements (for example, history, government, economics, or anthropology) or they can major in some very different subject, including the sciences, and use the concentration to develop a separate expertise.

Course Requirements:
These requirements are designed to expose students to a broad range of perspectives in international relations while allowing them to tailor their course selections to specific interests. Courses throughout the university are grouped into four subject areas: (1) International Economics and Development; (2) World Politics and Foreign Policy; (3) Transnational Processes and Policies; and (4) Cultural Studies. Within these four subject areas, courses are also identified as "core" or "elective." Students must complete eight courses selected from the four groups according to one of two strategies. Option A emphasizes the politics and economics of international relations. Option B puts greater stress on culture. In choosing either option, students should ensure that they acquire familiarity with more than one geographic region or country.

Option A:
- One core course from Groups 1, 2, 3, and 4
- One elective from Groups 1, 2, 3, and 4

Option B:
- One core course from Groups 1, 2, 3, and 4
- One elective from either Group 1 or Group 2
- One elective from Group 3 and Group 4, and one additional elective from either Group 3 or Group 4

Students should take note that some courses have prerequisites. The list of courses here (for fall 2000 only) is representative but not exhaustive. Many other courses throughout the university can qualify for the IR Concentration. For further information, contact the administrative coordinator or the director of the IRC (address below).

Course List Fall 2000
(For Course List Spring 2001, contact IRC program in fall of 2000)

Group 1: International Economics and Development
Core:
ECON 361 International Trade Theory (prerequisites: Econ 101–102–313)

Electives:
ECON 371 Economic Development
ECON 425 Economic History of Latin America
ECON 457/ WOMNS 446 Women in the Economy
ECON 460/ ECON 460 Economic Analysis of
IRLLE 642 Welfare State
ECON 471 Economy of Former USSR & Central Europe
ECON 472 Comparative Economic System: East & West
ECON 475 Economic Problems of India
GOVT 400 America and the World Economy
GOVT 433 Politics of Economic Liberalization in the Developing World
H ADM 524 International Financial Management
IRHR 401IHR 401 Human Resource Economics and Public Policy
IRHR 698 International Human Resource Policies and Institutions
IRLIC 335/ IRLIC 335 Western Europe, U.S., and Japan (open to juniors and seniors)
IRLIC 630/ GOVT 630 Labor, Free Trade, and Economic Integration in the Americas (open to juniors and seniors by permission only)
## Group 2: World Politics and Foreign Policy

**Core:**
- GOVT 181 Introduction to International Relations
- GOVT 385 American Foreign Policy

**Electives:**
- AS&RC 380 African History: Early Times to 1800
- AS&RC 451 Political and Social Change in Caribbean
- CRP 371 Cuba: The Search for Development Alternatives
- GOVT 332 Modern European Politics
- GOVT 336 Postcommunist Transitions
- GOVT 342 United Germany in New Europe
- GOVT 346 Modern Japanese Politics
- GOVT 347 Government and Politics of China
- GOVT 390 International Relations and Film Theory
- GOVT 391 Chinese Foreign Policy
- GOVT 400 European Nationalism
- GOVT 437 Contemporary Chinese Society and Politics
- GOVT 478 Decision Making
- GOVT 481 Democracies in the International System
- GOVT 486 Gender, Nationalism, and Conflict
- HIST 191 Introduction to Modern Asian History
- HIST 284 Southeast Asia and the World System
- HIST 295 Colonial Latin America
- HIST 305 Britain, 1660–1815
- HIST 313 U.S. Foreign Relations 1750–1912
- HIST 348 History of Brazil
- HIST 379 The First World War (open to first years with permission of instructor)
- HIST 395 Southeast Asia to the Eighteenth Century
- HIST 414 Motivations of U.S. Foreign Policy (permission of instructor, limited to 15 students)
- HIST 428 Comparative History of Colonial North America (permission of instructor, limited to 15 students)
- HIST 481 The English Revolution (limited to 15 students)
- HIST 489 Seminar in Modern Japanese History (permission of instructor or introductory Modern Japanese course)

## Group 3: Transnational Processes and Policies

**Core:** (no core course offered this semester)

**Electives:**
- ASIAN 407 Religion and Human Rights
- CRP 453 Environmental Aspects of International Planning (open to advanced undergraduates)
- COMM 424 Communication in the Developing Nations (open to juniors and seniors)
- COMM 466/S&TS 466 Public Communication of Science
- ELE E 298/S&TS 292/ENGRG 298 Society
- ENTON 370/TOX 370 Pesticides, the Environment, and Human Health (prerequisites: BIO G 101, 102, or equivalent)
- FOOD 447 International Postharvest Food Systems (prerequisite: freshman chemistry)
- ILRHR 469 Immigration and the American Labor Force
- INTAG 300 Perspectives in International Agricultural and Rural Development
- INTAG 402 Agriculture in Developing Nations I (open to upper class undergraduates)
- R SOC 261 Sociology of Sustainable Development
- SCAS 457 Atmospheric Air Pollution
- SOC 437/R SOC 438 Social Demography
- S&TS 411 Knowledge, Technology, and Property

## Group 4: Cultural Studies

**Core:**
- ANTHR 200 Cultural Diversity and Contemporary Issue
- ANTHR 321/WOMNS 321 Sex and Gender: Cross Disciplines
- ANTHR 621 Cultural Perspective
- ANTHR 324 Anthropology amongst Disciplines

**Electives:**
- ANTHR 337 Gender, Identity, and Exchange in Melanesia
- ANTHR 362 Democratizing Society
- ANTHR 422 Anthropology and the Environment (limited to 15 students)
- ARCH 342 Architecture as a Cultural System
- ASIAN 211 Introduction to Japan
- ASIAN 215 Introduction to South Asian Civilization
- ASIAN 482/ENGLISH 480 Seminar: Gender Adjudicated
- COM L 404/NAS/N 619 Nazism and the Literary Imagination
- COM L 474/ENGLISH 474 Topics in Modern European Intellectual and Cultural History
- FRLIT 224 The French Experience
- HIST 151 Introduction to Western Civilization
- HIST 259 The Crusades

## Language Requirement

IR Concentrators are expected to complete additional language study beyond the College of Arts and Sciences degree requirement. This study can be accomplished in one of two ways:

1. Two years of one foreign language (proficiency plus one course)
2. Two foreign languages at proficiency

## Study Abroad

IR Concentrators are strongly encouraged to study abroad to bring a practical dimension to their expertise in international issues. Those who choose this option will find the requirements for the concentration highly compatible with study abroad.

All courses used to fulfill the concentration requirements must be taken for a letter grade. Transcripts will reflect successful completion of the requirements for the concentration. In addition, students will receive a special certificate signed by both the director of the Mario Einaudi Center for International Studies and the director of the international relations concentration. To enroll and for further information, contact the administrative coordinator, IRC at the Mario Einaudi Center for International Studies, 156 Uris Hall, 254-5004, or contact the director, Prof. Mathew Evangelista (Government), (255-8672/mae10@cornell.edu).

## Center for International Studies

See Interdisciplinary Centers, Programs, and Studies.
Program of Jewish Studies

D. I. Owen, director (Ancient Near Eastern and Biblical History and Archaeology), L. Adelson (German-Jewish Literature and Culture), G. Altschuler (American-Jewish History and Culture), R. Brann (Judeo-Arabic Studies), S. Burstyn (Israelai Music), V. Caron (Modern French and European-Jewish History), M. Diesing (Yiddish Language and Linguistics), N. Furman (French Holocaust Literature), K. Haines-Eitzen (New Testament and Early Christianity), R. Hoffmann (Holocaust Studies), P. Hyams (Middle Eastern Jewish History), D. LaCapra (Holocaust Studies), M. Levine (Modern Middle Eastern History and Political Science), M. Migiel (Italian Literature), R. Polenberg (American-Jewish History), J. Porte (American-Jewish Writers), D. S. Powers (Arabic and Islamic Studies), G. Rendburg (Biblical and Semitic Studies), E. Rosenberg (Holocaust Studies), N. Scharf (Hebrew Language), D. Schwartz (Anglo-Jewish Literature), G. Shapiro (Russian-Jewish Literature), S. Shoer (Hebrew Language), M. Steinberg (German-Jewish History and Culture), Y. Szekely (Judaica Bibliography), J. Zorn (Biblical Archaeology)

The Program of Jewish Studies was founded as an extension of the Department of Semitic Languages and Literatures, now the Department of Near Eastern Studies, in 1973 and attained status as an intercollegiate program in 1976.

The program has grown out of the conviction that judaic civilization merits its own comprehensive and thorough treatment and that proper understanding of any culture is inconceivable without adequate knowledge of the language, literature, and history of the people that created it. Accordingly, the offerings in the areas of Jewish languages and literatures have been considerably expanded, and courses in ancient, medieval, and especially modern Jewish history and culture have been added to the program.

It is a broadly based, interdisciplinary program, bringing together faculty from various Cornell departments and colleges.

The Program of Jewish Studies supports teaching and research in the many areas of Jewish Studies. It is a secular, academic program, whose interests are diverse and cross-cultural. The program recognizes its special relationship to teaching and research in classical Judaica and Hebraica pursued by the members of the Department of Near Eastern Studies.

It presently enables students to obtain basic instruction and specialization in the fields of Semitic languages, the Hebrew Bible, medieval and modern Hebrew literature; ancient, medieval, and modern European and Middle Eastern Jewish history, and Holocaust studies. In some of these fields students may take courses on both graduate and undergraduate levels. Faculty throughout the university provide breadth to the program by offering courses in related areas of study.

Courses Offered

**JWST 101-102 Elementary Modern Hebrew I and II (also NES 101-102)**
105 fall; 100 spring. 6 credits. S. Shoer. For description, see NES 101-102.

**JWST 163 Things the Prophets Never Told You: Archaeology and the Religion of Ancient Israel (also NES 163)**
Fall. 3 credits. J. Zorn. For description, see NES 163.

**JWST 201-202 Intermediate Modern Hebrew I and II (also NES 201-202)**
201, fall; 202, spring. 4 credits. N. Scharf. For description, see NES 201-202.

**JWST 224 Introduction to the Bible II (also NES 224)**
Fall. 3 credits. G. Rendburg. For description, see NES 224.

**JWST 229 Introduction to the New Testament (also NES 229, RELST 229)**
Fall. 3 credits. K. Haines-Eitzen. For description, see NES 229.

**JWST 239 Cultural History of the Jews of Spain (also NES 239, COM L 239, RELST 239, SPAN L 239)**
Fall. 3 credits. E. Alfonso. For description, see NES 239.

**JWST 251 Judaism, Christianity, and Islam (also NES 251, RELST 251)**
Fall. 3 credits. R. Brann and K. Haines-Eitzen. For description, see NES 251.

**JWST 263 Introduction to Biblical History and Archaeology (also RELST 263, ARKEO 263, and NES 263)**
Spring. 3 credits. J. Zorn. For description, see NES 263.

**JWST 294 Modern History of the Near East: Changing Politics, Society, and Ideas (also NES 294, GOVT 358)**
Spring. 4 credits. M. Bloom. For description, see GOVT 358.

**JWST 295 Introduction to Christian History (also NES 295, RELST 295, HIST 295)**
Spring. 3 credits. K. Haines-Eitzen. For description, see NES 295.

**JWST 301-302 Advanced Modern Hebrew I and II (also NES 301-302)**
Fall and spring. 4 credits. N. Scharf. For description, see NES 301-302.

**JWST 320 Women in the Hebrew Bible (also NES 320, WOMNS 322)**
Spring. 3 credits. G. Rendburg. For description, see NES 320.

**JWST 323 Reinventing Biblical Narrative Apocrypha & Pseudepigrapha (also NES 323, RELST 323)**
Spring. 4 credits. K. Haines-Eitzen. For description, see NES 323.

**JWST 325 Introduction to the Bible—Seminar (also NES 325, RELST 318)**
Fall. 1 credit. G. Rendburg. For description, see NES 325.

**JWST 326 Women in the Hebrew Bible—Seminar (also NES 326, WOMNS 236)**
Spring. 1 credit. G. Rendburg. For description, see NES 326.

**JWST 329 Intro to the New Testament—Seminar (also NES 329, RELST 329)**
Fall. 1 credit. K. Haines-Eitzen. For description, see NES 329.

**JWST 371 A Mediterranean Society and its Culture: The Jews under Classical Islam (also NES 371, RELST 371, COM L 371)**
Spring. 4 credits. R. Brann. For description, see NES 371.

**JWST 397 Arab Israeli Conflict (also NES 397)**
Spring. 4 credits. M. Bloom. For description, see NES 397.

**JWST 400 Seminar in Advanced Hebrew (also NES 400)**
Fall. 4 credits. Enrollment limited to 15 students. N. Scharf. For description, see NES 400.

**JWST 414 History into Fiction: Nazis and the Literary Imagination (also ENGL 404, COM L 404, GERST 414)**
Fall. 4 credits. E. Rosenzweig. For description, see ENGL 404.

**JWST 420 Biblical Hebrew Prose (also NES 420, RELST 420)**
Fall. 4 credits. G. Rendburg. For description, see NES 420.

**JWST 435 Aramaic (also NES 435)**
Fall. 4 credits. G. Rendburg. For description, see NES 435.

**JWST 449 Rescreening the Holocaust (also GERST 449, COML 453, THETR 450)**
Spring. 4 credits. D. Bathrick. For description, see GERST 449.

**JWST 458 Imaging the Holocaust (also JWST 458, ENGL 458/658, GERST 457/857)**
Spring. 4 credits. D. Schwartz. For description, see ENGL 458.

**JWST 491-492 Independent Study—Undergraduate**
Fall and spring. Variable credit. Staff.

**JWST 499 Independent Study—Honors**
Fall and spring. Variable credit. Staff.

**JWST 658 Imaging the Holocaust (also JWST 458, ENGL 458/658)**
Spring. 4 credits. D. Schwartz. For description, see ENGL 458/658.

**JWST 694 Joyce's Ulysses (also ENGL 670)**
Fall. 4 credits. D. Schwartz. For description, see ENGL 670.


**JWST 197 Introduction to the Near Eastern Civilization (also NES 197 and RELST 197)**

**JWST 223 Introduction to the Bible (also NES 223 and RELST 223)**

**JWST 227 Introduction to the Prophets (also NES 227 and RELST 227)**

**JWST 236 Israeli Literature and Society (also NES 236)**

**JWST 244 Introduction to Ancient Judaism (also NES 244, RELST 244)**

**JWST 248 Introduction to Classical Jewish History (also RELST 248 and NES 248)**

**JWST 255 Modern European Jewish History, 1789–1948 (also HIST 291)**

**JWST 256 From Medievalism to Modernity: The History of Jews in Early Modern Europe, 1492–1789 (also NES 245, HIST 285)**
SPECIAL PROGRAMS AND INTERDISCIPLINARY STUDIES 609

M. Gilliland (writing workshop), K. Hjortshøj (writing workshop), B. LeGendre (writing workshop), J. Martin (writing workshop), J. Pierpoint (writing workshop), E. Shapiro, (writing workshop).

The John S. Knight Writing Program helps to coordinate the teaching of writing for undergraduates in six of the university's schools and colleges (the School of Industrial and Labor Relations and the colleges of Agriculture and Life Sciences, Architecture, Art, and Planning; Arts and Sciences; Engineering; and Human Ecology). The program administers writing seminars for first-year and upperclass students, tutorial writing classes, and seminars in the teaching of writing. More than thirty academic departments and programs participate in the program.

Advanced Writing Seminars

For upperclass students, the program collaborates with the Department of English in offering English 325, "Comparative Expository Writing." This course helps students write with more confidence and skill in all disciplines, while provoking inquiry into particular areas of study, forms or uses of writing, or topics intimately related to the written medium. Students may choose among a variety of sections focusing on such themes as "Writing about the Social World," "Writing in the Humanities," "Issues and Audiences," "Understanding the News," and "The Languages of Science."

First-Year Writing Seminars

For first-year students the program offers the first-year writing seminars—more than 125 different courses in the humanities, social sciences, expressive arts, and sciences. Through introductory work in a particular field of study, seminars help students write good English expository prose—prose that, at its best, is characterized by clarity, coherence, intellectual force, and stylistic control. All seminars pursue their common aim through small classes, with a maximum of 17 students, and adherence to a program-wide set of guidelines:

- Seminars require at least six— and at most 12—formal essays on new topics. (While these assignments should total about 30 pages, some of the 30-page total may include major drafts which receive commentary from the instructor and are later significantly revised.) Assignments form a logical sequence.
- At least three of the 6-12 required essays are developed through several stages of revise publish under the instructor’s guidance. Guidance may include, in addition to written commentary on drafts, individual conferences, in-class group work, peer commentary, reading responses, journals, and so on.
- Appropriate classroom time is spent on work directly related to writing.
- Reading assignments in the course subject are kept under 75 pages per week to permit regular, concentrated work on writing.
- All students meet in at least two individual conferences with the instructor. Offerings change from semester to semester. Each term’s first-year writing seminars are described in a brochure available from college registrars.

To ensure that students will enjoy the benefits of small writing classes, first-year writing seminars are limited to no more than 17 students. Instead of offering large lecture writing courses, students request placement in one of five writing seminars by filling out ballots available from their college registrars. Over 90 percent receive one of their top three choices. Students may take their writing seminars each semester at the First-Year Writing Seminar Exchange. Changes can also be made at special First-Year Writing Seminar add/drop sessions held during the first two weeks of each semester.

The colleges and the school served by the program accept first-year writing seminars in fulfillment of their individual graduation requirements in categories referred to variously as "first-year writing," "oral and written expression," and the like. The program does not decide whether students may graduate; it makes the credits available. Individual colleges and schools administer their own graduation requirements.

Currently, most undergraduate students are required to take two first-year writing seminars. Architecture majors, however, need only one. Hotel students fulfill their requirement through Hotel Administration 265, which should be taken with Hotel Administration 266 during the first two semesters at Cornell. Agriculture and Life Sciences students can take first-year writing seminars or choose from among a variety of other courses to fulfill their requirement.

All students who score "4" or "5" on the Princeton Advanced Placement Examination in English receive three credits. Such credits are awarded automatically; no application to the John S. Knight Writing Program or the Department of English is necessary. How these credits may be applied to first-year writing or other distribution requirements depends on the student’s college and score. All students who score "5," except Architecture majors, may apply their three credits towards the writing requirements of their college. Students who score "4," only Agriculture and Life Sciences students and Industrial and Labor Relations students may apply their three credits toward the writing requirements of their college. Of students who score "4," only Agriculture and Life Sciences students may apply their three credits toward the writing requirements of their college. Students should always consult their college registrars to be certain that they understand their writing requirements.

Students who have already taken a first-year writing seminar, or who score "4" or "5" on the Princeton AP exam, or "700" or better on the English Composition or CEEB tests, may enroll, space permitting, in the following upper-level first-year writing seminars: English 270, 271, or 272.

Although there are no exemptions from college writing requirements, some students may fulfill all or part of their college’s writing requirement through transfer credits or writing-course substitutions.

For work done at other institutions to be accepted as equivalent to first-year writing seminars, students should demonstrate that they have done a reasonably equivalent amount of writing in a formal course. (It is not sufficient to write, for example, one 30-page term paper.) Students in the College of Engineering and the College of Arts and
Teaching Writing

Each summer and fall, the program offers instruction in the teaching of writing to new staff members in the first-year writing seminars and other interested instructors. Teaching Writing, offered in the summer or fall, is primarily a course for graduate students. The program also sponsors a summer apprentice-ship program for a limited number of graduate students, and a summer seminar for faculty members interested in the teaching of writing.

WRIT 700 Teaching Writing

Summer and fall, 1 credit. S-U grade only. Teaching Writing introduces new instructors of Cornell's First-Year Writing Seminars to the challenges of teaching writing in courses that both introduce students to particular fields of study and develop the sophisticated writing skills students will need throughout their undergraduate careers and beyond. An overview of methodologies involved in the teaching of writing within a disciplinary context is provided by readings representing a range of pedagogical theories and practices, seminar discussions, and presentations of faculty, visiting scholars in the field, and experienced TAs. Participants in the course prepare written assignments designed to prepare them for the actual work of their First-Year Writing Seminars. In addition, written critiques and explanatory rationales of those assignments provide an opportunity for reflection on the methods chosen and on the principles underlying them.

Writing Workshop

The John S. Knight Writing Program offers "An Introduction to Writing in the University" for first-year students (or transfer students needing writing credit) through the Writing Workshop. This course is designed for students who have had little training in composition or who have serious difficulty with writing assignments.

Writing 137 and 138 are graded S-U only, and students receiving a grade of S are granted credit toward their college writing requirements. Students who think this course might be appropriate, including non-native speakers of English scoring less than 600 on the Test of English as a Foreign Language (TOEFL), should attend the assessment sessions offered by the Writing Workshop during orientation week each fall. The Workshop also offers a Walk-In Service (see below) to help students succeed in writing workshops. The director is Joe Martin, senior lecturer in the Writing Workshop. The Workshop offices are in 174 Rockefeller Hall, 255-6349.

The Walk-In Service

Through the Walk-In Service, the Writing Workshop offers tutoring assistance in writing to any student who needs help with a writing project. The Walk-In Service has tutors available during the academic year in 174 Rockefeller and north- and west-campus residential areas. The director is Mary Gilliland. For information contact the Writing Workshop, 174 Rockefeller Hall, 255-6349.

WRIT 137-138, 134 An Introduction to Writing in the University

137: fall, 138: spring, 134: summer. 3 credits each term. Each section limited to 12 students in the fall and spring, 6 students in the summer. S-U grades only. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. This writing seminar is designed for students who need more focused attention to master the expectations of academic writing. The course emphasizes the analytic and argumentative writing and critical reading essential for university-level work. With small classes and weekly student-led conferences, each section is shaped to respond to the needs of students in that particular class.

WRIT 139-239 Special Topics in Writing

Fall, spring, 139, undergraduate students only; 239, graduate students only. 3 credits. S-U grades only. Cannot fulfill any writing or distribution requirements. Prerequisite: permission of instructor. These courses allow students the opportunity to resolve significant writing challenges that have interfered with their academic progress. Students must have ongoing writing projects on which to work. Instruction is in weekly tutorials. Interested students should come to 174 Rockefeller for more information.

Latin American Studies


The Latin American Studies Program encourages and coordinates faculty and student interests in Latin America. A variety of special lectures, films, and seminars supplement the regular course offerings. Graduate students may pursue a minor in Latin American Studies, while majoring in the field of their choice.

Undergraduate Concentration

Undergraduate students may fulfill a Latin American Studies concentration by completing a minimum of 15 credits in Latin American Studies courses combined with language proficiency in Quechua, Spanish, or Portuguese. Latin American courses are offered in the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences, the College of Architecture, Art, and Planning; the College of Arts and Sciences, the College of Human Ecology, the School of Hotel Administration, and the School of Industrial and Labor Relations.

For further information and a current course listing, students should contact the program office at 255-3345, or visit 190 Uris Hall.

Latin American Studies Core Courses

It is strongly recommended that undergraduate concentrators take the interdisciplinary core course, SPAN 320/LASP 301 Perspectives on Latin America.

Particular attention is drawn to the following courses that students have taken in the past to complete requirements for the undergraduate concentration or the graduate minor. Other courses may be substituted with the approval of the adviser.

ANTHR

204 Ancient Civilizations
333 Ethnology of the Andean Region
355 Archaeology of Mexico and Central America
433 Andean Ethnology Thought and Culture
456 Mesoamerican Religion, Science, and History
485/485A Mothers, Priests, Rebels, and Indian Chiefs: New Social Movements in Latin America
487 Field Research Abroad—Cornell-Honduras Program
499 The Amazonian Imagination: Reflections on the Savage State
657 Social Movements, Human Rights, and Democracy in Latin America
656 Maya History

ARKEO

355 Archaeology of Mexico & Central America

AS&RC

451 Politics & Social Change in the Caribbean
455 Caribbean Literature
530 Womant Writing Africa & Caribbean

COM L

482 Latin American Woman Writers

CRP

371 Cuba: The Search Development Alternatives
453 Environmental Aspects of International Planning
495.3/670.3 Latin American Cities
616 Globalization and Development
670 Regional Planning and Development in Developing Nations
671 Seminar in International Studies and Planning

ECON

425 Economic History of Latin America
468 Economic Problems of Latin America
748 Issues in Latin American Development

ENGL

131 Human Rights in Latin America and Africa
243 Poetry & Politics in the Americas
676 Testimonio (Testimonial Narrative) in the Americas

GOVT
340 Latin American Politics
430 Democracy, Power, and Economic Reform: Cross-Regional Perspectives
631 Comparative Labor Movements in Latin America
638 Latin American Political Economy

H ADM
455 Ecotourism and Sustainable Development
496 Latin American Hotel Development Seminar

HIST
295 Colonial Latin America
296 Modern Latin America
323 Mexico: From Empire to Nation
347 Agrarian Societies in Latin American History
348 Contemporary Brazil
424 Art and Politics in Twentieth-Century Latin America
445 Prostitutes and Patriots: The Urban Race and Class in Latin American History
449 Race and Class in Latin American History
475 Bandits, Deviants, and Rebels

ILR
304 Comparative North American Labor History: Mexico, Canada, and the U.S. in the Twentieth Century
332 Labor in Developing Economies
339 The Political Economy of Mexico
631 Comparative Labor Movements Latin America
638 Labor, Free Trade, and Economic Integration in the Americas
739 Political Economy of Mexico

INTAG
402 Agriculture in Tropical America
403 Traditional Agriculture in Developing Nations

NBA
550 Business in Latin America

NS
612 Methods of Assessing Growth in Children

PORT
303- Advanced Portuguese Composition and Conversation

QUECH
300 Independent Quechua (Directed Studies)

SHUM
404 Trauma and Captivity from Cervantes to Gabriel García Márquez
419 The Trauma of Conquest

SPAN
213 Intermediate Spanish for the Medical and Health Professions
300 Directed Studies. Extra credit for ANTHR 333 and CRP 371
310 Advanced Spanish Conversation and Pronunciation
311/312 Advanced Composition and Conversation
366 Spanish in the United States
372 Nationalismos
405 Hispanic Dialectology
407 Applied Linguistics: Spanish
408 The Grammatical Structure of Spanish

SPECIAL PROGRAMS AND INTERDISCIPLINARY STUDIES 611

The Latino Studies Program is an interdisciplinary academic program that focuses on the contributions, concerns, and welfare of those persons of Latino origin who reside in the United States. It includes support for historical, linguistic, literary, social, economic, and political studies of this diverse group of Americans. To this end the program objectives are (1) to expand the available course curriculum by providing both undergraduate and graduate courses pertaining to Latino subject matters; (2) to enlarge the size of the Latino faculty at Cornell through permanent appointments and visiting appointments; and (3) to enhance the Latino academic environment on campus through support of such activities as lectures, conferences, seminars, exhibits, and research activities.

Undergraduate Concentration

The Latino Studies Program offers an undergraduate concentration in Latino Studies which consists of an interdisciplinary course of study primarily in history, sociology, anthropology, literature and language. To complete the concentration, students must take at least five courses (minimum total of 15 credits) in Latino Studies, including "Latinos in the United States" (LSP 201/SOC 265) offered each spring semester. Students are required to include at least two courses at the 300 or 400 levels. Students who are interested in the concentration must meet with the LSP adviser, senior lecturer Loretta Carrillo, and file an application with the Latino Studies Program office by the beginning of their junior year. A maximum of one independent study, which requires the approval of the LSP adviser, will be accepted to fulfill the requirements of the concentration. The FWS does not count towards fulfilling concentration requirements.

Library

The Latino Studies Program Resource Center in 432 Rockefeller Hall serves Cornell students, faculty, staff, and the wider local community. The Resource Center maintains print and media material pertinent to U.S. Latino issues and also provides a meeting space for more than 25 Latino student organizations.

Courses

LSP 100 Introduction to World Music: Africa and the Americas (also MUSIC 103)
3 credits. M W 10:10-11:00. 1 hour discussion to be arranged. S. Pond. Exploration of folk, popular, and traditional genres of the Western Hemisphere, particularly the African diaspora. The course examines both the elements of musical styles and the features of society that influence music. Listening assignments are major components of the course.

LSP 110 Introduction to American Studies: New Approaches to Understanding American Diversity: The Twentieth Century (also AM ST 110 And HIST 111)
Spring. 4 credits. Time TBA. M. C. Garcia and S. S. Wong. This course examines American national life in the twentieth century and asks questions about the changing meaning of national identity. What does it mean to be an American
in the twentieth century? What does it mean to assimilate? Can on assimilate structurally and yet maintain a distinct cultural identity? In what ways do racial and ethnic perceptions structure political, economic, and cultural life? This is a team-taught interdisciplinary course in which students will analyze historical, literary, and cultural evidence in exploring these and other issues.

LSP 201 Latinos in the United States (also SOC 265)  
Exploration and analysis of the Hispanic experience in the United States. An examination of sociopolitical background and economic, psychological, and political factors that converge to shape a Latino group identity in the United States. Perspectives are suggested and developed for understanding Hispanic migrations, the plight of Latinos in urban and rural areas, and the unique problems faced by the diverse Latino groups. Groups studied include Mexican Americans, Dominicans, Cubans, and Puerto Ricans.

LSP 202 Spanish for English/Spanish Bilinguals (also SPAND 200)  
Fall and spring. 3 credits. T-R 11:40-12:55. N. Maldonado-Mendez.  
A course designed to expand bilingual students' knowledge of Spanish providing them with ample opportunities to develop and improve each of the basic language skills.

LSP 203 Comparative Migration to the Americas (also HIST 202 and AM ST 204)  
This seminar examines migration both within and to the Americas in the nineteenth and twentieth centuries. Topics to be discussed are the reasons for population movements; immigration policies, social, economic, and political accommodation; nativist and restrictionist responses; women and migration, remittances and transnationalism. Among the immigrant-receiving nations studied are Argentina, Brazil, Canada, Cuba, Mexico, and the United States.

LSP 220 Sociology of Health and Ethnic Minorities (also SOC 220)  
Fall. 3 credits. T-R 10:10-11:25. P. Parra. Discusses the health status of minorities in the United States. Specifically, it will explore intragroup diversity such as migration, economic status, and the influence of culture and the environment on health status and access to health care. Although special attention is given to Latino populations, discussion encompasses other minorities who face similar problems.

LSP 221 Anthropological Representation: Ethnographies on Latino/a Cultures (also AM ST 221, ANTHRO 221)  
Fall. 3 credits. T-R 11:40-12:55. F. Santiago-Iñizarry.  
Representation has been central to anthropology. In translating cultures, anthropologists produce authoritative representations of and about other people's lives. In this course, we will examine with a critical eye, the production of research is a team-taught interdisciplinary course in which students will analyze historical, literary, and cultural evidence in exploring these and other issues.

LSP 240 Survey in U.S. Latino Literature (also ENGL 240)  
It is estimated that by the year 2000, the Latino/a population in the United States will be the largest "minority group" in the country. This course seeks to introduce students to the growing body of literature (both fiction and poetry) by the various U.S. Latino/a communities. We will consider cultural production that results from intercultural crossings between Mexico, Cuba, Guatemala, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, and Los Angeles, New York, and Miami. How do Latino/a literatures converge and diverge as they explore issues of "race," ethnicity, gender, sexuality, class, national identity, and diversity, at a time when the American profile is increasingly becoming "latinized." Authors examined may include Tomas Rivera, Cherrie Moraga, Jesus Colon, Miguel Pinero, Nicolasa Mohr, Cristina Garcia, Julia deVez, Juan Diaz, Loida Maritza Perez, Sandra Benitez, Martín Espada, Lorna Dee Cervantes, Frances Negron-Muntaner, Luz Maria Uppmire, and Hector Tohur.

LSP 246 Contemporary Narratives by Latina Writers (also SPANL 246, WO 246)  
Fall. 3 credits. T-Th 1:25-2:40. L. Carrillo.  
This course offers a survey of narratives by representative Latina writers of various Latino ethnic groups in the United States including Chicana, Cuban, Dominican, and Puerto Rican. We will investigate the parallel development of a Latina perspective on personal, social, and cultural issues alongside that of the U.S. ethnic liberation/revitalization movements of the 1960s through to contemporary feminist activism and women's color movements. We will investigate these works as artistic attempts to deal with such issues as culture, language and bilingualism, family, gender, sexuality, and domesticity. We will account for similarities and contributions. Readings will include works by Julia Alvarez, Gloria Anzaldua, Elena Castedo, Ana Cattillo, Denise Chavez, Sandra Cisneros, Judith Ortiz Cofer, Cristina Garcia, Nora Glickman, Mariela Mohr, Cherrie Moraga, Achy Obejas, Esmeralda Santiago, Ana Lydia Vega, and Helena Maria Virramontes.

LSP 250 Latino Politics in the United States (also GOVT 306)  
The opening section examines the evolution of Latino/a political identity and the ongoing debate on whether Latinos constitute a homogeneous ethnical/racial population with common political interests, values, and aspirations. We examine how Latinx engaged in electoral struggles to gain access to the political system and the national, state, and local levels. We will then analyze how "Latina/o" as a salient, ever-changing political, social, and cultural category is being constructed, and, thus, provides us a window onto the interplay between theory and history.

LSP 260 Introduction to U.S. Latino History, Part I (also HIST/AM ST 260)  
This course introduces students to the history of Latinos in the United States. We will focus specifically on the history of Chicanos (Mexican Americans) and Central Americans. Part II of this course LSP HIST/AM ST 261 focuses on the history of Puerto Ricans, Cubans, and Dominicans in the United States. Among the topics that will be addressed are: historical immigration patterns and the "push/pull" factors that compelled migration to the United States; the social and political events that shaped the evolution of these Latino communities; the role of cultural identity, race, class, and gender in shaping experience; the role of foreign policy in formulating immigration policy.
Borrowing, interference, and code switching. Syntactic, morphological, and phonological characteristics.

**[LSP 377 The United States (also ANTHR/AM ST 377)]**


V. Santiago-izrray.

The anthropological inquiry into one’s culture is never a neutral exercise. This course will explore issues in the cultural construction of the United States as a “pluralistic” society. We will look at the ideological context for the production of a cultural profile predicated upon ideas that are intrinsic to American images of identity such as individualism, freedom, and equality and the way these are applied in practice. The course readings will include historic documents and accounts, popular writings, and recent ethnographies on the United States.

**[LSP 396 Modern Latino Prose Fiction (also SPANL 396)]**


D. Castillo.

A detailed examination of representative twentieth-century fictional works (novels, short stories, plays) by Hispanic American authors. Discussion will be centered on such issues as the social and political concerns raised by the fiction and the authors’ needs to struggle with a dominant linguistic and cultural tradition. Authors include Nicholasa Mohr, Piri Thomas, Rolando Hinojosa-Smith, Alejandro Morales, Tomás Rivera, Ron Arias, Raymond Barrio, and Luis Valdez.

**[LSP 400 Border Cultures]**


This course will center “the border” as a physical, spatial, and cultural entity, taking as its starting point the belief that it is “not just a place on the map,” as Adrienne Rich has suggested, but also “a place in history.” In examining this “place,” we will focus on exploring the border as a site of transformative possibilities, one which opens up, complicates, and makes visible certain social tensions and intercultural exchanges.

Throughout the semester we will investigate several different aspects and moments of this exchange, beginning with a set of theoretical and conceptual readings that outline the themes guiding our approach to “the border.” Primary emphasis will be given to works that examine these issues in historical time and space.

**[LSP 420/421 Independent Study Fall and spring. 2–4 credits. Permission of instructor. Guided independent study. ]**

**[LSP 462 Between Aztlán and Queens: Latina Culture in the Making of Space (also ENGL 462)]**


How do cultural practices like music and film produce space? What do freeways, zoning laws, advertising codes, and hiking trails have to do with literature? How have changing urban demographic theories and immigration shaped, even “Latinoized,” cities, and how have these changes been reflected or restricted in Latino cultural production? How does paying attention to space change our reading practices? This interdisciplinary course will examine these questions and explore how place and space shape Latina cultures and how Latina cultures shape place and space. We will draw from scholarship in fields such as urban planning, law, architecture, geography, anthropology, literature, and history. Students should plan to do extensive reading, write two to three papers, and produce a longish research paper.

**[LSP 660 Latino Languages, Ideology, and Practice (also ANTHR 660)]**


Cultural identity and citizenship in the United States have often been organized around linguistic difference and the issues this raises in an English-dominant society. Drawing from anthropological theories on language, this course will look at the place of language as a signifying practice in the United States by focusing on the experience of Latino communities. Topics to be explored include linguistic diversity and change, accommodation and resistance, language maintenance and shift, linguistic ideologies, the production of language hierarchies, and institutional applications of language.

**Law and Society**

M. Fineman, co-director, 208 Myron Taylor Hall, 255–2622, fineman@law.mail.cornell.edu; Mary Katzenstein, co-director, M105 McGraw Hall, 255–8965, mk2@cornell.edu, R. Breiger (sociology), C. Carmichael (comparative literature), D. A. Dunning (psychology), G. Hay (economics), P. Hyams (history), R. Lieberwitz (ILR), R. Miller (philosophy), M. B. Norton (history), R. Poilenberg (history), D. Powers (Near Eastern studies), J. Rabkin (government), V. Santiago-Izrray (anthropology), H. Shue (ethics and public life)

The Law and Society Program offers an interdisciplinary concentration for undergraduates who are interested in the law from the perspectives of the social sciences and the humanities: anthropology, comparative literature, economics, government, history, philosophy, psychology, science and technology studies, and sociology. Students who wish to graduate with a concentration in law and society should consult the director of the program or one of the advisers listed above to plan a coherent program of study.

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**AM ST 336 Capitalism and Society in Developing American, 1607–1877 (also HIST 336)**

**ANTHR 328 Conflict, Dispute Resolution, and Law in Cultural Context**

**ARME 320 Business Law I**

**ASIAN 338 Democracy and War (also HIST 338)**

**AS&RC 280 Racialism in American Society (also HIST 280)**

**B&SOC 407 Law, Science, and Public Values (also GOVT 407 and S&T 407)**

**B&SOC 427 The Politics of Environmental Protection in American (also GOVT 427, S&T 427)**

**COM L 326 Christianity and Judaism (also RELST 326)**

**COM L 328 Literature of the Old Testament (also RELST 328)**

**CRP 380 Environmental Politics**

**CRP 451-551 Environmental Law**

**ECON 335 Public Finance and Resource Allocation**

**ECON 336 Public Finance: Resource Allocation and Fiscal Policy**

**ECON 404 Economics and the Law**

**GOVT 111 Introduction to American Government and Politics**

**GOVT 260 Social and Political Theory (also PHIL 260)**

**GOVT 294 Global Thinking (also PHIL 294)**

**GOVT 313 The Nature, Functions, and Limits of Law**

**GOVT 324 Legal Reasoning and Legal Adaptation**

**GOVT 327 Civil Liberties in the United States**

**GOVT 328 Constitutional Politics: The United States Supreme Court**

**GOVT 364 The Selfish Individual and the Modern World**

**GOVT 389 International Law**

**GOVT 407 Law, Science, and Public Values (also B&SOC 407 and S&T 407)**

**GOVT 410 Legislatures, Courts, and Public Policy**

**GOVT 428-429 Government and Public Policy: An Introduction to Analysis and Criticism**
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<th>Course Code</th>
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<tr>
<td>RELST 350</td>
<td>Introduction to Islamic Law</td>
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<tr>
<td>RELST 356</td>
<td>Islamic Law and Society</td>
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<tr>
<td>RELST 372/652</td>
<td>Introduction to Islamic Law (also RELST 350)</td>
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<td>RELST 385</td>
<td>Law and the Social Order</td>
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<td>RELST 466</td>
<td>Feminism and Gender Discrimination (also GOVT 466)</td>
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**Lesbian, Bisexual, and Gay Studies**

E. Hanson, director, undergraduate studies;
B. Martin, director, graduate studies;

The field of Lesbian, Bisexual, and Gay Studies is devoted to the interdisciplinary study of the social construction of sexuality. LBGS is founded on the premise that the social organization of sexuality is best studied from the perspectives offered by those positions that have been excluded from established cultural norms.

In addition to offering a graduate minor, the field of LBGS studies now offers an undergraduate program within the auspices of the Women's Studies Program and which consists of four courses from the list below. Although most of the courses in LBGS studies (including those on men) will probably fall under the aegis of the Women's Studies Program and hence be crosslisted with it, not all of the courses in LBGS studies are sufficiently focused on the social construction of sexuality to be part of the LBGS Studies concentration.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>WOMNS 318</td>
<td>Bodies Politic: Queer Theory and Literature of the Body (also WOMNS 318)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COM L 463</td>
<td>Decadence, Degeneration, and the Nineteenth-Century Imagery (also FRLIT 482)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ENGL 278</td>
<td>Queer Fiction (also WOMNS 278)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ENGL 327</td>
<td>Shakespeare: Gender and Society (also WOMNS 327) #</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ENGL 355</td>
<td>Decadence (also WOMNS 355)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ENGL 377</td>
<td>Gay Fiction (also WOMNS 376)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ENGL 395</td>
<td>Video: Art, Theory, Politics (also THETR 395)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ENGL 424</td>
<td>Studies in Renaissance Lyric</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ENGL 608</td>
<td>Seminar in Cultural Studies: Race, Drugs and Gender</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ENGL 654</td>
<td>Queer Theory (also WOMNS 654)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ENGL 655</td>
<td>Decadence (also WOMNS 656/COM L 655)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ENGL 660</td>
<td>Cinematic Desire (also COM L 662 and WOMNS 661)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ENGL 703</td>
<td>Theorizing Film: Race, Nation, and Psychoanalysis (also FRLIT 698)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FRLIT 493</td>
<td>French Feminism (also WOMNS 493)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FRLIT 693</td>
<td>Race, Drugs and Gender</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GERST 413</td>
<td>The Women around Freud (also WOMNS 413)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GERST 614</td>
<td>Gender at the Fin-de-siecle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GOVT 353</td>
<td>Feminist Movements and the State (also WOMNS 353)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GOVT 362</td>
<td>Politics of Sexuality (also WOMNS 262)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GOVT 415</td>
<td>Race, Gender, and Organization (also WOMNS 415)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GOVT 467</td>
<td>Radical Democratic Feminism (also WOMNS 468)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Histo**
GOVT 486 Gender, Nationalism, and Conflict (also WOMNS 487)
Fall. 4 credits. M. Katzenstein.
For description, see GOVT 486.

[HD 284] Introduction to Sexual Minorities (also WOMNS 285)

HD 464 Sexual Minorities and Human Development (also WOMNS 467)
Spring. 4 credits. R. Savin-Williams.
For description, see HD 464.

[HIST 377 Gender in Early Modern Europe (also WOMNS 277)

[HIST 378 Topics in U.S. Women's History (also WOMNS 378)

HIST 480 Gender Adjudicated (also ASIAN 488, WOMNS 480)
Fall. 4 credits. T. Loos.
For description, see HIST 480.

[HIST 626 American Women's History (also WOMNS 626)

LING 244 Language and Gender (also WOMNS 244)
Spring. 4 credits. S. McConnell-Ginet.
For description, see LING 244.

MUSIC 492 Music and Queer Identity (also WOMNS 494)
Spring. 4 credits. J. Peraino.
For description, see MUSIC 492.

PSYCH 277 Social Construction of Gender (also WOMNS 277)
Fall. 3 credits. S. Bem.
For description, see PSYCH 277.

[PSYCH 450/450] Lenses of Gender (also WOMNS 450/450)

[SPAN L 384 Literature and Revolution (also ENG L 384)

[SPAN L 400 Maríctorcicia/Queer Theory

[THETR 320 Queer Theatre

[THETR 336 American Drama and Theatre (also ENGL 336)

[THETR 339 Theories and Techniques of Twentieth-Century Western Theatre

THETR 436 The Female Dramatic Tradition (also WOMNS 433)
Spring. 4 credits. J. E. Gainor.
For description, see THETR 436.

[THETR 637 Seminar in Dramatic Theory

WOMNS 211 Introduction to Feminist Theory
Spring. 4 credits. K. McCullough.
For description, see WOMNS 211.

WOMNS 405/405 Domestic Television
Spring. 4 credits. A. Villarejo.
For description, see WOMNS 405/405.

[WOHNS 441/641 Theater of Commodities: Feminism, Advertising, TV, and Performance (also THETR 439)

[WOHNS 465 Feminist Theory/Lesbian Theory (also GERST 465 and COM L 465)

WOHNS 610 Sexuality and the Politics of Representation (also THETR 610)
Fall. 4 credits. A. Villarejo.
For description, see WOHS 610.

[WOHNS 621 Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual Studies (also GERST 621)

Medieval Studies
D. Shanzer, director; B. B. Adams, F. M. Abl.
C. M. Arroyo, R. Brann, K. W. Brazell.
W. E. Harbert, T. D. Hill, P. R. Hyams.
J. J. John, C. V. Kaske, W. J. Kennedy.
S. MacDonald, M. Migiel, J. M. Najemy.
J. A. Peraino, C. A. Peterson, J. R. Piggott.
D. S. Powers, S. Senderovich, W. Wetherbee.
(emerita: A. M. Colby-Hall)

Undergraduate Study in Medieval Studies
The "middle" in "Middle Ages" comes from its position between late antiquity and the early modern period, a conception created for European and Western conditions. Our concentration, however, is more properly inclusive and treats a time span from roughly the fifth century into the sixteenth and ranges from Western Europe and the Mediterranean to China and Japan. To discover the vibrant state of medieval studies today, one need only look at the extraordinary range of scholarly, but accessible, web sites that have sprung up all over the Internet. Cornell possesses a wealth of faculty and library resources to introduce students to every corner of the field.

While this concentration provides strong interdisciplinary breadth to majors in classics, any of the modern languages, history, music, philosophy, etc., and is excellent preparation for graduate study in a medieval field, it could complement a science major as well. Many students feel bound to choose their majors with an eye to future careers and earning potential. The program provides encouragement, guidance, and an avenue for intelligent enjoyment of an important part of our pasts.

This concentration offers something different from Western Europe and the Mediterranean conditions. Our students feel bound to choose their majors with an eye to future careers and earning potential. The program provides encouragement, guidance, and an avenue for intelligent enjoyment of an important part of our pasts.

SPECIAL PROGRAMS AND INTERDISCIPLINARY STUDIES 615

Medieval Languages
Medieval texts (like all others) become most lively and informative when read in the original, and Cornell fortunately offers many courses for students interested in acquiring the relevant skills: Classical Arabic, Medieval Hebrew, Medieval Latin, Classical Chinese, Historical Sino-Japanese (Kambun) 700–1300 and Historical Sino-Japanese 1300–1600, Old English, Middle English, Gothic, Old Saxon, Old High German, Middle High German, Old Norse-Icelandic, Old Irish, Middle Welsh, Old Occitan (Provençal), Old French, Medieval Spanish, Medieval Italian, Old Russian, and Old Church Slavonic.

Some medieval languages require study of a modern language (e.g., French for Old Occitan and Old French) or a classical language (Classical Latin for Medieval Latin) as background. Students interested in a concentration in Medieval Studies should begin the study of a medieval language as early as possible, so that they may be able to study texts in the original before they graduate. Students are advised to consult the sponsoring departments for information about the prerequisites for various medieval languages.

Graduate Study
The Medieval Studies Program offers both an interdisciplinary and a literary comparative Ph.D. in Medieval Studies. Disciplinary fields of concentration offered within the Field of Medieval Studies are: Medieval Archaeology, Medieval History, Medieval History of Art, Medieval Literature, Medieval Music, Medieval Philology and Linguistics, and Medieval Philosophy. Information about the graduate program in Medieval Studies is contained in the catalog of the Graduate School, in a brochure on Medieval Studies available from the field coordinator, and at "Cornucopia," the program's web site, www.arts.cornell.edu/medieval.
Medieval Studies Courses: Graduate and Undergraduate

Courses in various aspects of Medieval Studies are offered every year in several cooperating departments, including Asian Studies, Classics, Comparative Literature, English, German Studies, History, History of Art, Linguistics, Music, Near Eastern Studies, Philosophy, Romance Studies, Russian Literature, and by the Society for the Humanities. The current year’s offerings are:

*ART H 230 Monuments of Medieval Art (also RELST 230) # Spring. 4 credits. R. G. Calkins.

*ART H 330 Power, Piety, and Medieval Art (also NES 370) # Fall. 4 credits. L. Jones.

ART H 444 Early Medieval Jerusalem (also NES 444) Spring. 4 credits. L. Jones.

*ART H 531 Problems in Medieval Art and Architecture: Narrative in Medieval Illuminated Manuscripts (also RELST 531) Spring. 4 credits. R. G. Calkins.

ASIAN 471 Japanese Theatre (also ITHER 471) Fall. 4 credits. K. Brazell.

CHLIT 213 Classical Chinese # Fall. 5 credits. R. McNear.

CHLIT 300 Reading from the Early Masters Fall. 4 credits. R. McNear.


CLASS 331 Goths, Vandals, Franks, and Romans # Fall. 4 credits. D. R. Shanzer.

*CLASS 335 Byzantine Theocracy: Church and State from the Fourth to Eighth Centuries (also NES 340) # Fall. 5 credits. S. Wessel.

CLASS 363 Intensive Medieval Latin Summer. 4 credits. D. R. Shanzer.

CLASS 403 Independent Study—Sanskrit Fall. Variable credit. C. Minkowski.

CLASS 603 Later Latin Literature: Late Antique and Medieval Hagiography Spring. 4 credits. D. R. Shanzer.

ENGL 319 Chaucer # Fall. 4 credits. R. Farrell.

ENGL 321 Spenser and Malory # Spring. 4 credits. C. Kaske.

*ENGL 417/617 Early Medieval Archaeology and Literature Fall. 4 credits. R. Farrell.

ENGL 619 Chaucer Spring. 4 credits. W. Wetherbee.

FLRLIT 447 Medieval Literature # Spring. 4 credits. A. Colby-Hall.

*GERST 405-406 Introduction to Medieval German Literature # 405, fall; 406, spring. 4 credits each term. A. Groos.

HIST 190 Introduction to Asian Civilizations @ # Spring. 4 credits. J. Piggott and D. Wyatt.

*HIST 259 The Crusades @ # Fall. 4 credits. P. Hyams.

*HIST 297/497 Japan before 1600 @ # Fall. 4 credits. J. Piggott.

HIST 369 The History of Florence in the Time of the Republic, 1250-1530 (also ITALL 369) # Fall. 4 credits. J. Najemy.

*HIST 408 Secular Culture in Medieval France @ # Fall. 4 credits. P. Hyams.

HIST 420 Tale of Genji in Historical Perspective @ # Fall. 4 credits. J. Piggott.

*HIST 468 Love and Sex in the Italian Renaissance @ # Fall. 4 credits. J. Najemy.

HIST 492 Undergraduate Seminar: Medieval Chinese History @ # Fall. 4 credits. C. A. Peterson.

HIST 495 Kings and States: Asian Models @ # Spring. 4 credits. J. Piggott.

HIST 664-665 Seminar in Latin Paleography 664, fall; 665, spring. 4 credits each term. J. J. John.

ITAL 220 Medieval Italy Spring. 3 credits. W. J. Kennedy.


JPLIT 611 Seminar in Classical Japanese Literature Fall. 4 credits. K. Brazell.

LING 315-316 Old Norse 315, fall; 316, spring. 4 credits each term. E. Johannsson.

LING 625 Middle Welsh Fall. 4 credits. W. Harbert.

LING 646 Old High German/Old Saxon Fall. 4 credits. W. Harbert.

NES 133-134 Qur’anic and Classical Arabic 133: fall; 134, spring. 4 credits each term. Staff.

*NES 239 Cultural History of the Jews of Spain @ # Fall. 3 credits. E. Alfonso.

NES 251 Judaism, Christianity, and Islam @ # Fall. 3 credits. R. Brann and K. Haines-Eitzen.

NES 313 Classical Arabic Texts (also RELST 313) @ # Fall. 4 credits. D. Powers.

*NES 351 Law, Society, & Culture in the Middle East, 1200-1500 (also HIST 372, RELST 350) # Fall. 4 credits. D. Powers.


PHIL 410 Latin Philosophical Texts # Fall and spring. Variable credit. S. MacDonald.

PHIL 612 Seminar: Medieval Philosophy Spring. 4 credits. S. MacDonald.


RUSSA 651 Comparative Slavic Linguistics Spring. 4 credits. E. W. Browne.

SANSK 251 Intermediate Sanskrit (also CLASS 251-252, LING 251-252) @ # 251, fall; 252, spring. 3 credits each term. C. Minkowski.

S HUM 403 Urban Archaeology of the Manuscript (also ENGL 400/600) Spring. 4 credits. A. Galloway.

S HUM 409 Medieval Writers and the City (also ENGL 415/615) Fall. 4 credits. A. Galloway.

SNLIT 467 Readings in Sanskrit Literature @ # Fall. 3 credits. C. Minkowski.

Approved "core courses" for the undergraduate concentration are marked with an asterisk (*). Fuller descriptions of all courses are available in this catalog under the listings for the relevant departments. Even more detailed information can be found on the web at www.archives.cornell.edu/medieval/coursesdesc.html.

Modern European Studies Concentration

Susan Tarrow, coordinator

Students from any college may choose an undergraduate concentration in Modern European Studies to complement any major in any college. The purpose of the concentration is to provide a coherent structure for students with an interest in interdisciplinary study in the field of European studies.

The concentration has three tracks: European politics, economics, and society; modern European history; and European culture. The requirements for the concentration are:

1) Competence in at least one modern European language; Romance, Germanic, or Slavic (i.e., completion of a 300-level course or equivalent with a grade of at least B-, or demonstration of an advanced level of competence in an oral proficiency interview test where available).

2) Completion of two interdisciplinary core courses:


   Comparative Literature 311/Russian Literature 311/French Literature 315: Modern European Literature and Culture Fall 1999. 4 credits. G. Gibian.

   Under certain conditions, students may be permitted to substitute other courses for those listed above.

3) Completion of one course in modern (post-1789) European history.

4) Two additional courses in any of the three areas, which may include a senior seminar (400 level).
The Religious Studies Program is designed to meet the needs of three classes of students: (1) students planning to pursue advanced degrees in the academic study of religion or allied disciplines or subdisciplines; (2) students seeking courses in topics related to religion to fulfill distribution requirements; and (3) those students desiring a more systematic exposure to the academic study of religion as a significant component of their liberal arts education. To all students, our program offers an excellent opportunity to develop a deeper understanding and appreciation of the complex ways in which religious traditions, with their individual, communal, and doctrinal dimensions inform human thought and behavior. The courses offered through our program are built on the established scholarly tradition of the study of religion as an academic, as opposed to confessional, pursuit. Religious traditions are explored in all of their complexity through comparative, contextual (in specific historical or cultural contexts), and thematic studies. The program also hosts lecture series, conferences, symposia, and periodic social gatherings for faculty and students throughout the academic year to foster a sense of intellectual community among our students and faculty.

The Major in Religious Studies

Signing into the Major: To sign into the major in Religious Studies, a student must have completed at least one course in Religious Studies prior to scheduling an appointment with the program director. Here is the process:

1. Schedule an appointment with Professor Jane-Marie Law, Director of Religious Studies; please contact her by e-mail: jmll6@cornell.edu

2. In addition to a copy of your current Cornell transcript (the informal one you regularly receive is acceptable), please bring to your meeting with Professor Law all of these forms, which are available in the Religious Studies office:
   a) a completed Religious Studies Major Application Form (available in Rockefeller 182)
   b) a proposed "Course of Study," which will be used as a guide in your conversation with the director and revised for formal submission to the program upon your entrance as a major
   c) a College of Arts & Sciences Adviser/Major form which will be signed by your adviser.

Advising in the Religious Studies Program:

Upon entering the major in Religious Studies, a student is assigned a faculty adviser whose area of expertise most closely matches the proposed interest of the student. An up-to-date approved adviser list is available in the Religious Studies office. Working closely with one's advising courses is an important component of this program, enabling students to fulfill the requirements for the major while creating an integrated and coherent course of study out of our large number of multidisciplinary course offerings.

To graduate as a major in Religious Studies, a student must (1) complete with letter grades the program's three core courses, Religious Studies 250, Intro to Asian Religions, RELST 251, Intro to Judaism, Christianity, and Islam, and Religious Studies 449, History and Methods of the Academic Study of Religion. (These three core courses can not be waived; and (2) complete with letter grades seven additional courses approved for the major, at least four of them at the 300 level or above. The following specifications of this second requirement are designed to promote breadth (2a) and depth (2b) of study.

(2a) At least four of a major's seven additional courses are to be selected to ensure some familiarity with (or more in special cases) different religious traditions or phenomena. These courses may be at the introductory or advanced levels, though depth work at the 300 level is desired. For example, "Introduction to Asian Religions" (Religious Studies 250) might lead a student to take "Japanese Religions" (Religious Studies 355), and then combine these with two courses on Judaism, "Introduction to Ancient Judaism" (Religious Studies 244) and "Cultural History of Jews of Spain" (Religious Studies 239).

(2b) At least two of these seven additional courses are to be selected to ensure depth of coverage in one religion or one group of closely related religious traditions or phenomena. In the first illustrative case described above, the student might combine "Introduction to Asian Religions" with one or more courses dealing with Buddhism, such as "Chinese Buddhism" (Religious Studies 357) or "Indian Devotional Poetry" (Religious Studies 348) to acquire a measure of strength in the religions of India. Alternatively, the student might combine "Introduction to Asian Religions" with one or more courses dealing with Buddhism, such as "Chinese Buddhism" (Religious Studies 357) or "Indian Devotional Poetry" (Religious Studies 348) or "Tibetan Buddhism" (Religious Studies 400), to achieve appropriate depth along a different dimension. No more than one of the courses chosen to meet requirement (2a) may be used to satisfy requirement (2b). Routinely, survey courses (which in our program at the 200 level) should be combined with tradition on geographically specific offerings at the 300 and 400 level to satisfy this aspect of the requirements.

To engage in the kind of focused study envisioned under (2b), a student will be expected to attain proficiency in a language other than English to gain access to relevant sources, primary or secondary. For example, a knowledge of Greek or Latin may be required for the study of Christianity (as well as Greek or Roman religions), of Hebrew or Aramaic for Judaism; of Arabic for Islam, of Sanskrit or Hindi for Hinduism; or of Sanskrit, Pali, Chinese, or Japanese for Buddhism. In certain cases, nonclassical European languages can be used to fulfill this requirement. Religious phenomena like shamanism or totemism, though less firmly rooted in literary traditions, have generated substantial bodies of important scholarship in French and German, and an understanding of certain aspects of religious traditions in this area of Religious Studies should be equipped to make independent use of such material. Courses used to satisfy this foreign language proficiency requirement may not be applied to the course requirements described under (2a) and (2b). Choice of language to fulfill this requirement is determined by the student in consultation with
his or her adviser and is decided at the time the student enters the major.

Most courses approved for the major are offered by cooperating departments within the College of Arts and Sciences; a comprehensive up-to-date list of these courses is maintained at the office of the Religious Studies Program, 182 Rockefeller Hall.

**Graduating with Honors in Religious Studies:**

**GENERAL INFORMATION**

1. **Eligibility.** A 3.0 cumulative average and 3.5 average inside the major with no grade in the major below B-. Program Director notifies eligible candidates during the spring semester of the junior year, or prior to commencement of final year.

2. **Honors Courses.** Candidates must sign into RELST 495 (Senior Honors Essay) for up to eight credits (two courses) for two semesters. This two-semester sequence is required. After the first term, an R in the transcript indicates that this course (usually for 8 credits) is a yearlong course. When the project is completed at the end of the second semester, the grade recorded counts for all eight credits. (The eight-credit limit is the result of the conviction/belief that earning more than eight credits for a single "piece" of your undergraduate education is unwise.)

You submit your honors proposal (with and according to the program's instruction/cover sheet) to the Religious Studies administrator before the end of the spring term of your junior year, or not later than Sept. 15 of the final year. She/he then approves your signing into the honors courses.

3. **Honors Committee—three faculty members.** While you are required to have three faculty members on your committee at the time of the submission of the final draft, we only require that two of them be identified when you submit your proposal. The three members should be:
   a. The professor who has agreed to work closely with you over the year and to be the supervisor/grader of your project is chair of the committee.
   b. Another knowledgeable faculty member
   c. Your Religious Studies major adviser sometimes your adviser is the supervisor/grader. If that is the case, you need two additional knowledgeable professors for your committee of three.

**Courses Approved for the Major Sponsored by Religious Studies**

- [RELST 150] *Introduction to American Religion* (also SOC 150)
  - P. Becker.

- [RELST 197] *Introduction to Near Eastern Civilization* (also NES 197, JWST 197)
  - D. Owen.

- [RELST 201] *Issues in Catholic Thought* (also NES 298)

- [RELST 203] *Religion and Family in the U.S.* (also SOC 201, R SOC 202)
  - P. Becker.

- [RELST 223] *Introduction to the Hebrew Bible I* (also NES 223, JWST 223)
  - G. Rendsburg.

- [RELST 224] *Introduction to the Hebrew Bible II* (also NES 224, JWST 224)
  - Fall. 3 credits. G. Rendsburg.

- [RELST 229] *Introduction to the New Testament* (also NES 229, JWST 229)
  - Fall. 3 credits. K. Haines-Eitzen.

- [RELST 230] *Monuments of Medieval Art* (also ART H 230)
  - Spring. 4 credits. R. G. Calkins.

- [RELST 237] *Greek Religion and Mystery Cults* (also CLASS 237)
  - Spring. 3 credits. K. Clinton.

- [RELST 239] *Cultural History of Jews of Spain* (also NES 239, JWST 239, SPAN L 239)
  - Fall. 3 credits. E. Alfonso.

- [RELST 244] *Introduction to Ancient Judaism* (also NES 244, JWST 244)
  - G. Rendsburg.

- [RELST 250] *Introduction to Asian Religions* (also ASIAN 250)
  - Spring. 3 credits. D. Boucher.

- [RELST 251] *Judaism, Christianity, and Islam* (also JWST 251, NES 251)
  - Fall. 3 credits. R. Brann and K. Haines-Eitzen.

- [RELST 254] *Muhammad and Mysticism in the Literature of the Muslim World* (also NES 250)
  - Spring. 3 credits. S. Toorana.

- [RELST 255] *Introduction to Islamic Civilization* (also NES 255, HIST 255)
  - D. Powers.

- [RELST 262] *Religion and Reason* (also PHIL 263)
  - Spring. 4 credits. S. MacDonald.

- [RELST 263] *The Earlier Middle Ages* (also HIST 263)
  - J. J. John.

- [RELST 264] *Introduction to Biblical History and Archaeology* (also NES 263, JWST 263, ARKEO 263)
  - Spring. 3 credits. J. Zorn.

- [RELST 265] *The Middle Ages: An Introduction* (also HIST 262)
  - Spring. 4 credits. P. Hyams.

- [RELST 277] *Meditation in Indian Culture* (also ASIAN 277)
  - D. Gold.

- [RELST 290] *Buddhism: A Survey* (also ASIAN 299)
  - D. Boucher.

- [RELST 295] *Introduction to Christian History* (also NES 295, JWST 295, HIST 299)
  - Spring. 3 credits. K. Haines-Eitzen.

- [RELST 299] *The Hebrew Bible & the Arabic Qur'an in Comparative Perspective* (also NES 299, COM L 299, JWST 299)
  - R. Brann.

- [RELST 313] *Classical Arabic Texts* (also NES 313)
  - Fall. 4 credits. D. Powers.

- [RELST 315] *Medieval Philosophy* (also PHIL 315)
  - S. MacDonald.

- [RELST 318] *Introduction to the Hebrew Bible—Seminar* (also HIST 318)
  - Fall. 1 credit. G. Rendsburg.

- [RELST 319] *Sponsor and Malory* (also ENGL 321)
  - Fall. 4 credits. C. Kaske.

- [RELST 320] *Myth, Ritual, and Symbol* (also ANTHR 320)
  - Spring. 4 credits. D. Holmberg.

- [RELST 321] *Heresy and Orthodoxy in Early Christianity* (also NES 321)
  - K. Haines-Eitzen.

- [RELST 350] *Introduction to Islamic Civilization* (also NES 350, HIST 350)
  - D. Powers.

For description, see NES 255.

For description, see PHIL 263.

For description, see HIST 263.

For description, see ASIAN 277.

For description, see ASIAN 299.

For description, see ASIAN 295.

For description, see NES 295.

For description, see NES 313.

For description, see NES 315.

For description, see ENGL 321.

For description, see ANTHR 320.

For description, see ANTHR 320.
[RELST 322 Magic, Myth, Science, and Religion (also ANTHR 322) @ Fall. 4 credits. Not offered 2000–2001.

RELST 323 Reinventing Biblical Narrative Apocrypha and Pseudepigrapha (JWST 323, NES 323) Spring. 4 credits. K. Haines-Eitzen. For description, see NES 323.

RELST 326 Christianity and Judaism (also COM L 326) Spring. 4 credits. C. M. Carmichael. For description, see COM L 326.

RELST 328 Literature of the Old Testament (also COM L 328) @ Fall. 4 credits. Not offered 2000–2001. K. Haines-Eitzen. For description, see COM L 328.

RELST 329 Introduction to the New Testament Seminar (also NES 329, JWST 329) Fall. 1 credit. Prerequisite: concurrent enrollment in RELST 229 and one year of ancient Greek. K. Haines-Eitzen. For description, see NES 329.

RELST 330 Gnosticism and Early Christianity (also NES 328, JWST 328) @ Spring. 4 credits. Not offered 2000–2001. K. Haines-Eitzen. For description, see NES 328.


RELST 339 Power, Piety, and Medieval Art (also ART H 339) Fall. 4 credits. L. Jones. For description, see ART H 330.

RELST 340 Byzantine Theocracy: Fourth to Eighth Century (also CLASS 335) Fall. 3 credits. S. Wessel. For description, see Class 335.

RELST 345 Intellectual and Cultural Life of Nineteenth Century Americans (also HIST 345, AM ST 345) Spring. 4 credits. R. L. Moore. For description, see HIST 345.

RELST 347 Tantric Traditions (also ASIAN 347) @ Fall. 4 credits. D. Gold. For description, see ASIAN 347.


RELST 350 Law, Society, and Culture (also NES 351/651, HIST 372/672) Fall. 4 credits. D. Powers.


RELST 357 Chinese Buddhism (also ASIAN 356) Fall. 4 credits. D. Boucher. For description, see ASIAN 356.

RELST 359 Japanese Buddhism (also ASIAN 359) Spring. 4 credits. J. M. Law.


RELST 368 Marriage and Sexuality in Medieval Europe (also HIST 368, WOMNS 368) Spring. 4 credits. Not offered 2000–2001. P. Hyams. For description, see HIST 368.

RELST 371 A Mediterranean Society and Its Culture: The Jews under Classical Islam (also COM L 371, HIST 371, JWST 371) Spring. 4 credits. R. Brann. For description, see HIST 371.

RELST 395 Classical Indian Philosophical Systems (also ASIAN 395, CLASS 395) @ Fall. 4 credits. C. Minkowski.


RELST 397 The Bardo Thosig (also ASIAN 397, COM L 397) Fall. 4 credits. D. McKenzie. For description, see ASIAN 397.

RELST 398 Tibetan Buddhism (also ASIAN 400) @ Fall. 4 credits. Enrollment limited to 20 students and instructor consent. J. M. Law. For description, see ASIAN 400.


RELST 420 Readings in Biblical Hebrew Prose (also NES 420, JWST 420) Spring. 4 credits. G. Rendsburg. For description, see NES 420.

RELST 421 Readings in Biblical Hebrew Poetry (also NES 421, JWST 421) @ Fall. 4 credits. Prerequisite: one year of Biblical or Modern Hebrew. Not offered 2000–2001. G. Rendsburg. For description, see NES 421.

RELST 425 Buddhist Monasticism and Renunciant Traditions (also ASIAN 427) Fall. 4 credits. D. Boucher.

RELST 427 Biblical Seminar (also COM L 428) Fall. 4 credits. C. Carmichael. For description, see COM L 428.

RELST 441 Mahayana Buddhism (also ASIAN 441) Spring. 4 credits. D. Boucher.


RELST 443 Religion and Ritual in Chinese Society and Culture (also ANTHR 443, JOIN 443) @ Fall. 4 credits. Not offered 2000–2001. S. Sangren.

RELST 449 History and Methods of the Academic Study of Religion (also ASIAN 449) @ Spring. 4 credits. Required of Religious Studies majors. J. M. Law. For description, see ASIAN 449.


RELST 473 Film and Spiritual Questions (also THETR 473) Spring. 4 credits. D. Fredericksen.

RELST 490-491 Directed Study 490, 491, spring. 2–4 credits each term. For majors in Religious Studies, permission of director required. Staff.

RELST 494 Modern Medicine and the Catholic Tradition (also NES 494) Spring. 4 credits. D. McKenzie. For description, see NES 494.

RELST 495 Senior Honors Essay Fall and spring. 8 credits. Required for honors in Religious Studies. Staff.
RELST 497 Thomas Morten: Monk and Author (also NES 497)
Fall. 4 credits. D. McKenzie.
For description, see NES 497.
RELST 531 Problems in Medieval Art and Architecture (also ART H 531)
Spring. 4 credits. R. G. Calkins.
For description, see ART H 531.

Additional courses offered by cooperating departments may also be approved through petition for Religious Studies. For details see the program director, Jane Marie Law, 125 Rockefeller Hall or e-mail her at jm16@cornell.edu.

Science of Earth Systems
The full faculty of the Department of Earth and Atmospheric Sciences (see page 441)plus the following: W. Brutsaert (civil and environmental engineering); L. Hedin, R. Howarth (ecology and evolutionary biology); P. Gierasch (astronomy); M. Kelley (electrical engineering); J.-Y. Parlange (agricultural and biological engineering); J. Yavitt (natural resources).

The Science of Earth Systems (SES) is the study of the interactions among the atmosphere, oceans, biosphere, and solid Earth; these dynamic interactions control the global environment. The interdisciplinary, basic science approach of SES incorporates major components of geology, ocean and atmospheric sciences, terrestrial hydrology, biogeochemistry, and ecology into an integrated study of Earth as a complex system. Earth System science presents one of the outstanding intellectual challenges in modern science and is the primary foundation for the future management of our home planet.

The Major
The major in Science of Earth Systems emphasizes a rigorous, objective study of the Earth and its systems with broad preparation in basic sciences and mathematics, followed by the choice of an area of concentration for study in greater depth. The Science of Earth Systems program is designed to train students in a strong set of fundamental skills that will allow them to approach with quantitative rigor a wide range of questions about the Earth and its environment, and to adapt those skills rapidly to new areas of inquiry as they arise. The major in Science of Earth Systems is by nature interdisciplinary, and involves faculty from the College of Arts and Sciences, the College of Engineering, and the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences. In the College of Arts and Sciences, the program is administered by the Department of Earth and Atmospheric Sciences in collaboration with the Departments of Astronomy, and Ecology and Evolutionary Biology.

The SES curriculum begins with a series of courses designed to provide broad preparation in fundamental science and mathematics necessary for a rigorous study of Earth Systems. This preparation is followed by three SES core courses providing breadth and integration. An additional set of four intermediate to advanced courses is selected to provide depth and a degree of specialization. Students in the College of Arts and Sciences choosing to pursue the Science of Earth Systems major are required to take the following courses: PHYS 207–208 (or 112–213), CHEM 207–208, BIOSCI 101/102–104 (or 109–110), and MATH 111–112 (or 121–122, or 191–192). Three additional 3–4 credit hour courses in mathematics, physics, chemistry, or biology are required; these additional courses must be selected from four different areas of concentration. The full faculty of the SES is available to advise students choosing areas of specialization.

The three required SES core courses include the following:
- EAS 331/ASTRO 331 Climate Dynamics
- EAS 302 Evolution of the Earth System
- EAS 321/NATRES 321 Introduction to Biogeochemistry

Four additional 3–4 credit hours are required from 300–400 level courses, approved for an SES concentration, are required. These courses must be chosen from among the following:
- EAS 301 Introduction to the Earth System
- EAS 320 Evolution of the Earth System
- EAS 321/NATRES 321 Introduction to Biogeochemistry

Additional courses must require one or more of the basic courses listed above as a prerequisite. One of the courses must be either EAS 201 or BIOES 261. Both EAS 201 and BIOES 261 can be chosen. Mathematics at the level of MATH 221 or 293 is strongly recommended for all SES students, and those choosing areas of concentration in Atmospheric Sciences, Environmental Geophysics, or Hydrology should take MATH 222 or 224.

Society for the Humanities
Dominick LaCapra. Director
Fellows for 2000-2001
Priscilla Archibald (Northwestern University)
Theodore Bestor (Cornell University)
Andrew Galloway (Cornell University)
Maria Cristina Garcia (Cornell University)
Federic Gleach (Cornell University)
Nell Hertz (Johns Hopkins University)
Simon Jarvis (University of Cambridge)
Francois Jullien (Université de Paris VII)
Huda Mustafa (Harvard University)
Joan Ramon Resina (Cornell University)
Mary Roldan (Cornell University)
Paul Saint-Amour (Pomona College)
Gregory Shaya (University of Michigan)
Yvonne Spielmann (Universität von Siegen)
Barry Strauss (Cornell University)
Gordon Teskey (Cornell University)
Mary Woods (Cornell University)

The Society annually awards fellowships for research in the humanities. The Fellows offer, in line with their research, informal seminars intended to be exploratory or interdisciplinary. These seminars are open to graduate students, faculty members, undergraduates, and interested auditors. Students who want credit for a seminar should formally register in their own college. Persons other than those officially enrolled may attend as visitors with permission of the Fellow. The theme for 2000-2001 is Cities.

S HUM 401 Alternative Modernities: The Latin American City
Fall. 4 credits. Limited to 15 students. Permission of instructor. R. 12:20–2:15.
P. Archibald.

This course will focus on the evolution of the city throughout Latin American history. Covering the colonial, republican, and modern periods, we will examine historical, cultural, and literary texts devoted to the theme of cosmopolitanism. Though a great deal of the course will emphasize the Andes, material will not be restricted to this region. Different case studies will especially be introduced through student presentations.

We will discuss how the Latin American city compares, diverges, or deviates from various European models. Different nations have greatly influenced the form and very notion of what the city is in Latin America. Spanish influence was of course dominant in the
colonial period, and its viceregal air still persists in certain quarters; French and English influences were very dominant in the nineteenth century, and the cultural style of the United States has made an unmistakable imprint throughout the twentieth century. Each of these cultural styles corresponds to a larger socio-economic project. Rather than derivative, it might be more productive to characterize the colonial reality as essentially cosmopolitan—dismantling a eurocentric understanding of globalization.

Issues of ethnicity are central to the definition of cosmopolitanism in Latin America. The Indian has traditionally been regarded as a fundamentally rural subject. Indeed, once the Indian entered the city, he supposedly left his own identity and "authentic" culture behind. We will examine the spurious conqueror, new ingratified belief, what ideological purpose it has served, and will consider cultural examples which counter it. In particular, we will examine the figure of the mestizo, not as a romantic homogeneous subject nor as a suspicious anti-hero, but rather as a hybrid actor that questions many conceptual commonplaces—especially the "inauthenticity" of cosmopolitanism. One might regard the mestizo as the vanguard of a specifically Latin American modernity. It is, however, only too easy to entertain a wholly celebratory attitude toward hybridity, when this often entails not only creativity and self-invention, but poverty, loss, displacement. This course will aim for a theoretically balanced approach to the processes which have given shape to the modern Latin American city.

Ethnicity intersects in complex ways with gender in Latin America. While in the past investigations have emphasized factors such as the subjugation of indigenous women in rural areas by the Spanish conqueror, new attention is being directed toward the overlap of gender and ethnicity in urban centers. Feminist critics have shown how inter-racial concubinage and other extra-familiar relationships were at the core of and colonized by a newly emerging colonial urban society. Studies have also focused on the way that the transition from a provincial city to the modern liberal urban center displaced women from positions of power. The complexity of the colonial heritages of the cities in Latin America has had far-reaching consequences for the construction of New York City as a modern metropolis. This seminar focuses on the remarkable group of women photographers and filmmakers (Alice Austen, Frances Benjamin Johnston, Jessie Tarbox Beals, Margaret Bourke-White, Berenice Abbott, Helen Levitt, Lisette Model, Shirley Clarke, Louise Dahl-Wolfe, and Diane Arbus). While they depicted women in the modern metropolis through the new media of still and moving images, these artists also created a sense of place and identity for themselves before the rise of feminism and New York's decline in the 1970s. The problems of gender, sexuality, and the city will be examined. Readings from histories and theories of architecture, urbanism, and photography and writings by Edith Wharton, Marianne Moore, Dorothy Parker, and Dawn Powell. Screenings of popular and avant-garde films and field trips to the Johnson Museum, the George Eastman House, and New York City museums and galleries.

...
in phenomenology. The two authors will set forth other themes. Adorno's *Meditations on Metaphysics*, the final section of his Negative Dialectic, will be read over six sessions, paying attention above all to their significance in the context of Kantian and Hegelian idealism. Michel Henry's work will be introduced in the final four sessions. Although the course's focus is designedly particular, its argumentative range will be much wider: among other topics we shall be interested in deconstructive (de Man) and fundamental (Heidegger) engagements or failures of engagement with materialism; in the consequences of a rethought materialism for the notions of 'ideology' and 'ideology-critique'; in the difficulties presented by a rethought materialism to notions of 'cultural' and 'historical' materialism, together with a reassessment of the fate of the concept of nature; in a reinterpretation of supposed key points in the history of western metaphysics, especially the work of Descartes and Kant.

**S HUM 418 Dangers and Delights of the City**
Spring. 4 credits. Limited to 15 students. Permission of instructor. W 2:30-4:25.
G. Shaya.
This course explores dreams and nightmares of the modern European city in the great era of urbanization, from the 1830s to the 1930s. Topics include: the social geography of the city, contagion and hygiene, crime and the underworld, urban mass culture, and the city in film and literature.

**S HUM 419 Tourism in Cuba and Puerto Rico**
Spring. 4 credits. Limited to 15 students. Permission of instructor. W 2:30-4:25.
F. Gleach.
Tourism creates a space in which many representatives from at least two different cultures come together and participate in exchanges of ideas, experiences, commodities, and money. It is thus a productive context for the representation and reconstruction of identities, particularly in colonial contexts where it provided colonized people an opportunity to speak and perform directly to visitors from the colonizing culture. Because of the centrality of Havana and San Juan in the tourist experience of Cuba and Puerto Rico, much of this takes place in these urban centers, even while referencing traditional/rural themes.

This seminar will begin by examining the ways anthropologists and other scholars have characterized tourism, and the variety of forms it can take, with an emphasis on the development of ethnic tourism. What kinds of experiences do tourists desire, and how do they pursue them? How do local settings develop and market themselves to attract tourists? How do issues of identity-construction, representation, and maintenance articulate with tourism?

We will then consider the specific histories of U.S. relations with Cuba and Puerto Rico, and the development of the tourist industries there. These two nations were allowed to develop different political systems and ties to the United States, but certain kinds of control were maintained. What are the differences and similarities in their experiences of this developed form of colonialism? How might these differences differ from "classic" colonialism? What are the relationships between tourism and development in these cases? How do themes drawn from the traditional rural and agricultural life become transformed and represented in the urban environment?

Finally we will consider the situation today, with a developed tourist industry in Puerto Rico, and another in Cuba that is legally isolated from the United States. Historically Cuba has been seen as the more glamorous destination, and its isolation has contributed further to that. Several times a year one reads in travel magazines and newspaper columns of the exotic appeal of Cuba, of Americans who find their way there, of what awaits the opening of Cuba to U.S. trade. Both Cuba and Puerto Rico have been developing tourism as one of their main industries. What lies in store?

**S HUM 420 Visual Re-Presentation & Virtuosity (ART 476)**
Spring. 4 credits. Limited to 15 students. Permission of instructor. M 2:30-4:25.
Y. Spielmann.
Taking as a starting point the apparent modes of interchangeable selves and characters, figures and figurations in recent films (*Terminator II* and *Matrix*) as prominently exemplified through the use of multiple layers, horror, and further digital devices of imaging, we ask to what extent our understanding of visual orientation through established features of dimension and direction—in short: temporal-spatial coordinates—undergoes a severe shift. Where are the boundaries between the new media, such as the hybrid and further tools of paradoxical structure are inserted into the imagery, which for that particular reason can no longer be considered a frame, a moving or still image, but a hybrid, on what grounds can we speak of representation and topography? The seminar discusses examples in film and other media (depending on the materials available) that give insight into the interrelationship and convergence between older media, such as cinema, and new media, such as hypermedia forms of virtual reality.

**S HUM 421 War, Citizenship, and Identity in the Greco-Roman City-State (also HIST 422)**
Spring. 4 credits. Limited to 15 students. Permission of instructor. T 2:30-4:25.
F. Strausse.
The city-states of Greece and Rome are famous and infamous for their bellicosity. This seminar examines the influence of war on ancient citizenship and identity. We will focus on three sets of questions: (1) To what extent were such ancient ideal types as the citizen-soldier and farmer-soldier real, to what extent are they myths? (2) Did such military institutions as the phalanx, legion, and galley promote equality and egalitarianism? If so, did they also promote liberty, whether in democracies or oligarchic republics? Or did they promote tyranny and Caesarism? (3) To what extent did the military shape identity? What are we to make of myths such as the Amazonomachy? We will focus on the Greek city-states of Athens and Sparta but will cast an eye as well on the Roman republic and early empire, and will also look at modern use and abuse of the ancient city-state. Readings in political philosophy, history, and literary studies as well as history and classics.

**S HUM 422 Miami: New Deal to the Millennium (also ARCH 690)**
Spring. 4 credits. Limited to 15 students. Permission of instructor. F 10:10-12:05.
M. Woods.
Miami's modern design heritage is the focus for examining its paradoxical yet vibrant landscapes: the well known mecca for upper and middle class tourists, the more obscure New South agribusiness center for laborers of color, and now a transnational, multiracial, and multicultural gateway city. The origins of today's Miami are in the New Deal era when government programs resuscitated the industrial sector but also stimulated a post-industrial economy of leisure and tourism. While Art Deco hotels, restaurants, and racetracks along with New Deal projects like the Orange Bowl and Miami–Key West Highway are Miami's public face, migrant camps, juke joints, produce fields and factories, and racially segregated communities are less familiar but equally significant landscapes. After World War II, Morris Lapidus's "too much is never enough" aesthetic and Miami's sensated and violent paradise built on this legacy of the 1930s and 1940s. The seminar draws on the built
environment, historic preservation, public and private development, photography, film, and literature to explore Miami's many faces from the New Deal to the New Millennium.

**S HUM 423** Photography and the City

Spring. 4 credits. Limited to 15 students. Permission of instructor. W 2:30-4:25.

N. Hertz.

From the earliest daguerreotypes of Paris in the 1830s through contemporary urban stereoscopes, photography has been entwined with that of the modern city. This seminar will study some of these ways in which two histories have affected one another. Readings in urban history and theory, views of works by, among others, Marville, Atget, Brassai, Riis, Hine, Strand, Abbott, Evans, Levitt, Frank, Friedlander.

**S HUM 495** Democracy and the City: East and West, Old and New


F. Jullien.

Appraising the subject as a philosopher and a sinologist, I shall deal primarily with Greece and Ancient China. In adopting this dual approach, the seminar will illustrate the difference between the town and the city, and lead to an examination of what constitutes the essence of the city in the West and of the strong link between the city, the form of democracy, and the ideal of liberty. It will conclude with a consideration of the contemporary obliteration of the city—as instanced in today's East Asian megalopolises—and, in light of this, will pose the question of the future of democracy itself.

**Southeast Asia Program**


The Southeast Asia Program coordinates research, teaching, and special campus events relating to Bangladesh, India, Pakistan, Nepal, and Sri Lanka. The program faculty include members from a variety of disciplines, including agricultural economics, agricultural engineering, anthropology, architecture, art, city, and regional planning, comparative religion, ecology and systematics, economics, English, geology, government, history, history of art, human ecology, industrial and labor relations, international agriculture, linguistics, literature, and rural sociology. Undergraduates with a special interest in the region may major in Asian Studies with a Southeast Asia concentration, or complete a Southeast Asia concentration with any other major. Graduate students may pursue the M.A. degree in Southeast Asian studies with a concentration in South Asia

Languages offered are Bengali, Hindi, Nepali, Sinhala, and Sanskrit. Foreign Language and Area Studies scholarships are available to graduate students who are U.S. citizens or permanent residents. Cornell is a member of the American Institutes of Bangladesh, Indian, Pakistani, and Sin Lankan studies. For details on the major, see the Department of Asian Studies listing in this volume. For courses available in South Asian studies, or for further information on research opportunities, direct questions to the South Asia Program Office, 170 Uris Hall.

### Southeast Asia Program


Southeast Asia studies at Cornell is included within the framework of the Department of Asian Studies. Seventeen core faculty members in the colleges of Arts and Sciences, Business, and the Johnson Graduate School of Management, the School of Industrial and Labor Relations, and Agriculture and Life Sciences participate in an interdisciplinary program of teaching and research on the history, culture, and societies of the region stretching from Burma through the Philippines. Courses are offered in such fields as anthropology, Asian studies, economics, finance, government, history, history of art, labor relations, linguistics, music, and rural sociology. Instruction is also offered in a wide variety of Southeast Asian languages, Burmese, Cambodian (Khmer), Cebuano (Bisayan), Indonesian, Javanese, Tagalog, Thai, and Vietnamese, for which Foreign Language Area Studies Fellowships are available to U.S. citizens. In addition, faculty from other disciplines also provide area instruction on Southeast Asia. The formal program of study is enriched by a diverse range of extracurricular activities, including an informal weekly brown bag seminar, art exhibits at the Johnson Museum, and concerts of the Gamelan Ensemble. The George M. C. Kahin Center for Advanced Research on Southeast Asia is the site for public lectures as well as publication and outreach programs of the Center. The Kahin Center is also the site for public lectures as well as publication and outreach programs of the Center. The Kahin Center is also the site for public lectures as well as publication and outreach programs of the Center. The Kahin Center is also the site for public lectures as well as publication and outreach programs of the Center. The Kahin Center is also the site for public lectures as well as publication and outreach programs of the Center. The Kahin Center is also the site for public lectures as well as publication and outreach programs of the Center. The Kahin Center is also the site for public lectures as well as publication and outreach programs of the Center. The Kahin Center is also the site for public lectures as well as publication and outreach programs of the Center.

Undergraduates may major in Asian studies with a focus on Southeast Asia and its languages, or they may elect to take a concentration in Southeast Asian studies with any other major by completing 18 credits of coursework. Graduate students may work toward an M.A. degree in Southeast Asian studies or pursue a Master of Professional Studies in a related discipline. Streams of concentration in Southeast Asian studies. Ph.D. students specializing in Southeast Asia receive a doctorate in a discipline such as history, history of art, anthropology, government, music, economics, or city and regional planning.

For courses available in Southeast Asian studies and details on the major, see the Department of Asian Studies listing in this volume. Additional information is available on the Internet at: www.einaudi.cornell.edu/southeastasia. For further information should be directed to the program office, 180 Uris Hall, (607) 255-2578 or SEAP@cornell.edu.
The course will provide a broad introduction to illuminated books to digital art); and (4) the critical skills necessary to appreciate how and analytic vocabularies of the visual.

2. New Media

ANTHR 291/691 Filming Other Cultures
[also THETR 291/691]
Spring. R. Ascher.

[ASIAN 313] Japanese and Asian Film

[ASIAN 415] Virtual Orientalisms (also
[COM L 418])
Next offered spring 2002. B. de Bary.

AS&RC 435 African Cinema
Fall. S. Hassan.

[ENGL 660] Cinematic Desire (also
[THETR 661])

FRLIT 336 French Film
Spring. T. Murray.

[GERST 396] German Film

GERST 449 Re-Screening the Holocaust
[also THETR 450, COM L 453]
Spring. D. Bathrick.

[SPANL 399] Spanish Film

THETR 274 Introduction to Film Analysis: Meaning and Value
Fall. D. Fredericksen.

THETR 378 Soviet Film of the 1920s and
French Film of the 1960s
Spring. D. Fredericksen.

[THETR 376] History and Theory of Documentaries and Experimental Film

[THETR 366] Third Cinema

THETR 269 Interpreting Hitchcock (also
THETR 254)
Fall. L. Bogel.

[THETR 360] Studies in Film Analysis
[also WOMNS 369 and THETR 367]

THETR 395/ENGL 395 Video: Art, Theory, Politics
Fall. T. Murray.

[WOMNS 405] Domestic Television

3. Interdisciplinary, Intermedia Studies

AM ST/HIST/ART H 430 America in the
Camera's Eye
Fall. L. Moore.

[ART H 200] Art, Archaeology, and
Analysis (also GEOL 200, ARKEO
285, PHYS 200)
Spring. R. Kay.

[ART H 337] Medieval Illuminated Book

[ART H 531] Archaeology of the Book:
Narrative in Medieval Illustrated Books
Spring. R. Calkins.

[ART H 580] Problems in Asian Art: The
Subtle Body

[MUSIC 410] Music and Monstrous
Imagining

4. Perception, Cognitive Studies

[BIONB 396] Introduction to Sensory
Systems

[MATH 451] Geometry of Plane and
Sphere
Spring. D. Henderson.

[PSYCH 305] Visual Perception

PSYCH 342 Human Perception: Applications to Computer Graphics, Art, and Visual Display
Fall. D. Field.

[PSYCH 374] Psychology of Visual
Communications

PSYCH/BIONB 492 Sensory Function
Spring. B. Halpern.

THETR 475 Seminar in the Cinema:
Cognitive Film Theory
Fall. D. Fredericksen.

5. Theory and Visuality

[ANTHR 453] Visual Anthropology

ARCH 338/638 Postmodern Critical Texts
W. Goehner.

[ASIAN 388] Theorizing Race and Gender in East Asian Visual and Verbal Texts

AS&RC 503 African Aesthetics (also,
ART H 571)
Spring. S. Hassan.

[COM L 330] Political Theory and Cinema
[also GERST 330]

COM L 367 Visual Culture and Social
Theory (also, GOVT 376, ART H 370)
Fall. S. Buck-Morss.

[COM L 699] German Film Theory

[GERST 345/656] Aesthetic Theory: The
End of Art (also COM L 656)

[WOMNS 465] Feminist Theory/Lesbian
Theory (also, GERST 465)

6. Performance and Visuality

ASIAN 410 Chinese Performing Arts
Fall. E. Gunn.

ASIAN 471 Japanese Theater (also
THETR 471)
Fall. K. Brazell.

[AS&RC] African American Performance
Genres and Traditions

THETR 295 Ritual, Play, Spectacle, Act:
Performing Culture
Fall. B. Schneider.

THETR 319 Music, Dance, and Light
Fall. E. Intemann, A. Fogelsanger,
J. Morgenroth.

THETR 445 Text Analysis for Production:
How to Get From the Text onto the
Stage
Fall. B. Levine.

7. Visual Studies and Society

[ART H 362] Impressionism in Society
[also WOMNS 361]

ART H 385 Representation and Meaning
in Chinese Painting (also ASIAN 394)

ART H 395 The House and the World:
Architecture of Asia (also, ASIAN
394)
Spring. K. McGowan.

[ART H 450] Repetitions of Women
in the Italian Renaissance
[also WOMNS 451]

[ART H 451] Prints and Visual Culture in
Early Modern Europe

ART H 461 Landscapes and Ideologies
Spring. L. Meixner.

[ART H 462] Topics in Early Modernism

ART H 481 Art of the T’ang Dynasty (also
ASIAN 481)
Spring. A.-Y. Pan.
**Women’s Studies Program**


**Introduction to the Program**

Women's Studies is an interdisciplinary program that seeks to deepen understanding of women's lives, culture, and history, in all their complex multiplicities. Transformative as well as additive, women's studies challenges us to re-examine much of what we think we already know by providing an intellectual — and critical — feminist framework through which to view the many interconnections among gender, knowledge, and power. Thus, central to the curriculum in women's studies are such overarching notions as these:

(a) that definitions of gender — including those that privilege exclusive heterosexuality — are not natural or universal but are instead social constructions that vary across time and place, serve political ends, and have ideological underpinnings.

(b) that systems of gender inequality interact with other social inequalities, including those of class, race, ethnicity, sexual preference, and Western vs. non-Western cultures; and

(c) that even the most current knowledge derived from the humanities, social sciences, and natural sciences is not as impartial, objective, or neutral as has traditionally been thought but instead emerges out of particular historical and political contexts.

Although all Women's Studies courses except writing seminars count toward the major, they do not all satisfy distribution requirements or count toward the total hours required in Arts and Sciences; if a course is not cross-listed with another Arts and Sciences department, be sure to check with college offices about whether it will satisfy distribution or our requirements for Arts and Sciences.

**Program Offerings**

The Women's Studies Program offers an undergraduate major, an undergraduate concentration, and a graduate minor. Undergraduate students in the College of Arts and Sciences who want to major in women's studies can apply directly to the program. Undergraduate students in other colleges at Cornell will need to work out special arrangements and should speak to the Director of Undergraduate Studies (DUS) in Women's Studies.

**The Undergraduate Major**

The questions posed by feminist inquiry cannot be answered from within any single discipline or even from a simple combination of two or more disciplines. For that reason, the women's studies major provides students with a basic groundwork in the interdisciplinary field of women's studies and then requires each student to construct an advanced and individually tailored program of study on a topic, in a discipline, or in a combination of disciplines of special interest to the student alone.

Rather than specifying a particular sequence of required courses for each and every student, the women's studies major gives students a starting point in women's studies, an active advisory structure to help them shape a curriculum, and an ongoing impetus to reflection about their entire program of undergraduate study.

In designing their major, students should keep in mind that there are not many graduate programs offering a degree in women's studies itself. Accordingly, undergraduates wishing to major in women's studies should talk at length with a faculty member about how to design a program of study that will best qualify them for entry into either a job or a postgraduate degree program when they leave Cornell. To give one example of what needs to be considered in designing a major: Undergraduates who might want to do graduate study within a discipline will need to develop a certain level of disciplinary specialization at the undergraduate level. This can be done either by supplementing the women's studies major with a carefully selected cluster of courses in that discipline or by pursuing a double major.

**Requirements for a Women’s Studies Major**

1. **Prerequisite courses:** before applying to the major, the student must complete any two Women's Studies courses with a grade of B- or better. Some suggested entry-level courses for 2000-2001 include: 206, 211, 244, and 277. These courses would count both as prerequisites and as part of the women's studies major. First-Year writing seminars, in contrast, would count as prerequisite courses but not as part of the major.

2. **Required course work:**
   
   a. A minimum of 36 credits in women's studies is required for the major. No course in which the student has earned less than a C- can count toward these 36 credits. Although there is no single women's studies course that is required of all students, every major must complete a program of study that is both graduated in difficulty and interdisciplinary in scope, a program in other words, that reflects both the breadth and the depth of women's studies scholarship. This program of study must be developed in consultation with the director of undergraduate studies and must include advanced seminars at the 300 level or above.
   
   b. Students may count up to three courses outside women's studies toward the
The Women's Studies Concentration

Undergraduate students in any college at Cornell can concentrate in Women's Studies in conjunction with a major defined elsewhere in the university. The concentration consists of four courses in Women's Studies completed with a grade of C- or above, no more than two of which can come from a single discipline and none of which should overlap with the major. In rare cases, the DUS may allow one class from within a student's major to count toward the requirements for the concentration. Students should not assume the waiver will be granted, and they must petition the DUS with this request before the beginning of their junior year or very early in the fall semester of their senior year. For more information about the Honors Program, see WOMNS 400 and the "Guidelines For a Senior Honors Thesis" available in the Women's Studies Program office.

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Undergraduate students in any college at Cornell can concentrate in Women's Studies in conjunction with a major defined elsewhere in the university. The concentration consists of four courses in Women's Studies completed with a grade of C- or above, no more than two of which can come from a single discipline and none of which should overlap with the major. In rare cases, the DUS may allow one class from within a student's major to count toward the requirements for the concentration. Students should not assume the waiver will be granted, and they must petition the DUS with this request before the beginning of their junior year or very early in the fall semester of their senior year. For more information about the Honors Program, see WOMNS 400 and the "Guidelines For a Senior Honors Thesis" available in the Women's Studies Program office.

I. First-Year Writing Seminars

**WOMNS 109 FWS: Gendered Imaginations in African History and Literature (also HIST 108)**

**WOMNS 157 FWS: Close Encounters: Race and Sex in Anthropology and Science Fiction (also ANTHR 157)**

**WOMNS 178 FWS: Desire (also ENGL 178 and THETR 178)**
Spring. 3 credits. E. Hanson. For description, see ENGL 178.

II. Courses

**WOMNS 203 Work and Family (also SOC 206)**
Fall. 3 credits. W. Burkard. For description, see SOC 203.

**WOMNS 206 Gender and Society (also SOC 206)**
Spring. 3 credits. B. Wejnert.

**WOMNS 210 Introduction to Feminist Theory**

This course introduces students to critical approaches in feminist scholarship to the cultural, socioeconomic, and political situation(s) of women. Particular attention will be paid to the conceptual challenges and dangers posed by attempts to study women without taking account of relations between race, class, and gender in ideological and social formations. Readings will draw on work in various disciplines and will include literary texts and visual images.

**WOMNS 211 Introduction to Women's Studies**
Spring. 3 credits. K. McCullough.

Introduction to Women's Studies is a multidisciplinary approach to understanding the experiences, historical conditions, and concerns of women both in the present and the past. As the academic manifestation of feminism, women's studies offers a range of perspectives (from liberal to radical) but focuses, in general, on understanding the sources of women's oppression in order to eliminate these sources.

**WOMNS 212 African American Women: Twentieth Century (also HIST 212 and AM ST 212)**

For description, see HIST 212.

**WOMNS 214 Biological Basis of Sex Differences (also BIOAP 214 and B&SOC 214)**
Spring. 3 credits. J. Fortune.

For description, see BIOAP 214.

**WOMNS 234/434 Gender in Early Modern Europe (also HIST 234/434)**

**WOMNS 243 Inside-Out: The American Everyday Interior (also DEA 243)**
Spring. 3 credits. J. Jennings.

For description, see DEA 243.

**WOMNS 244 Language and Gender Relations (also LING 244)**
Spring. 4 credits. S. McConnell-Ginet.

For description, see LING 244.

**WOMNS 246 Contemporary Narratives by Latina Writers (also SPANL 246 and LSP 246)**
Fall. 3 credits. L. Carrillo.

For description, see SPANL 246.

**WOMNS 269 Introduction to Feminist Political Thought (also GOVT 369)**
Fall. 4 credits. N. Hirschmann.

For description, see GOVT 369.

**WOMNS 273 Women in American Society, Past and Present (also HIST 273)**

**WOMNS 277 Social Construction of Gender (also PSYCH 277)**
Fall. 3 credits. S. Bem.

For description, see PSYCH 277.

**WOMNS 279 Queer Fiction (also ENGL 279)**
Spring. 4 credits. E. Hanson.

For description, see ENGL 279.

**WOMNS 280 Lesbian Novel (also ENGL 279)**

**WOMNS 285 Introduction to Sexual Minorities (also HD 284)**

**WOMNS 300 Latina Activism and Feminist Theory (also LSP 300)**
Spring. 4 credits. D. Cohen.

For description see LSP 300.


For description, see HIST 303.

**WOMNS 309/509 The Sociology of Marriage (also SOC 309/509)**
Spring. 3 credits. M. Clarkberg.

For description, see SOC 309/509.

**WOMNS 314/514 Gender and Work (also SOC 314/514)**

**WOMNS 320 Queer Theater (also THETR 320)**
Fall. 4 credits. T. Hope.

For description, see COM L 318.

**WOMNS 320 Queer Theater (also THETR 320)**
[WOMNS 465] Feminist Theory/Lesbian Theory (also COM L 465 and GERST 465)
A. Villarejo.
This seminar will explore developments in feminist theory, primarily in the United States from the 1950s through the mid-1990s. We will also trace the changing status of "lesbianism" in feminist theories and examine its status in current constructions of "queer theory." What happens to the relationship between feminist theory and lesbian thought when "queer theory" emerges? The purpose of the course is to encourage critical, historically informed readings of what could be considered canonical texts and crucial junctures in Second Wave feminist thought, many of which remain unfamiliar even to Women's Studies students.

[WOMNS 466] Feminism and Gender Discrimination (also GOVT 466 and LAW 468)
K. Abrams.

[WOMNS 467] Sexual Minorities and Human Development (also HD 464)
Spring. 3 credits. R. Savin-Williams.
For description, see HD 464.

[WOMNS 468] Radical Democratic Feminisms (also GOVT 467)
A. M. Smith.

[WOMNS 476] Global Women's Literature: (En) Gendering Space (also ENGL 476)
Spring. 4 credits. E. Deloughrey.
For description, see ENGL 476.

[WOMNS 478] Family and Society in Africa (also AS&RC 478)
Fall. 4 credits. N. Assie-Lumumba.
For description, see AS&RC 478.

[WOMNS 479] Women and Gender Issues in Africa (also AS&RC 479)
Spring. 4 credits. N. Assie-Lumumba.
For description, see AS&RC 479.

[WOMNS 480] Gender Adjudicated (also HIST 480)
Fall. 4 credits. T. Loos.
For description, see HIST 480.

[WOMNS 481] Latin American Women Writers (also SPANL 492 and COM L 482)
Spring. 4 credits. D. Castillo.
For description, see SPANL 492.

[WOMNS 485] Encountering Women's Studies: Perspectives from the Disciplines
S. Samuels.
What impact has women's studies had on pre-existing ways of thinking and knowing in such disciplines as history, psychology, sociology, and linguistics? Readings and discussions will analyze the role of women's studies as it has challenged the disciplines and has in turn been challenged by scholars and nonscholars alike.

[WOMNS 487] Gender, Nationalism, and Conflict (also GOVT 486)
Fall. 4 credits. M. Katzenstein and M. Evangelista.
For description, see GOVT 486.

[WOMNS 488/489] Beliefs, Attitudes, and Ideologies (also PSYCH 488/489)
Fall. 4 credits. D. Bem.
For description, see PSYCH 489.

[WOMNS 491] Honors Seminar I: Experimental Novels by Women (also ENGL 491)
Fall. 4 credits. M. Hite.
For description, see ENGL 491.

[WOMNS 492] French Feminisms (also FRIT 493)
Fall. 4 credits. N. Furman.
For description, see FRIT 493.

[WOMNS 496] Women and Music (also MUSIC 493)
J. Peraino.

[WOMNS 499] Directed Study
Fall and spring. Variable credit. Prerequisites: 1 course in women's studies and permission of a faculty member of the Women's Studies Program Board. Staff.

[WOMNS 502] Education and Development in Africa (also AS&RC 502)
Spring. 4 credits. N. Assie-Lumumba.
For description, see AS&RC 502.

[WOMNS 530] Womanist Writing in Africa and the Caribbean (also AS&RC 530)
A. Adams.

[WOMNS 600] Special Topics in Feminist Theory: An Interdisciplinary Graduate Course in Women's Studies
Fall. 4 credits. This course is open to graduate students and undergraduate seniors who have obtained permission of instructor. Staff.
The purpose of this course is to expose graduate students to interdisciplinary approaches in Women's Studies and feminist theory to a variety of topics or questions. While many of our graduate courses train students in highly specialized areas of feminist theory, this course aims to teach students how to find common intellectual ground around a single topic from interdisciplinary perspectives without sacrificing the complexity of any disciplinary approach. The course is designed for graduate minors in Women's Studies and students with a specialized interest in feminist theory. Although it is not required, the course is strongly recommended for students obtaining a graduate minor in Women's Studies.

[WOMNS 608] African-American Women (also HIST 608)
M. Washington.

[WOMNS 610] Sexuality and the Politics of Representation
Fall. 4 credits. A. Villarejo.
The seminar will explore contexts for critical work on sexuality and film/video. Beginning with the texts of Foucault, Freud, Lacan, Jacqueline Rose, and Jeffrey Weeks, the course examines the uses and abuses of psychoanalytic theory, as well as the regulation of sexuality in the past century. "Sexuality" is not, however, a simple abstraction, and its coherence is put to the test through the dual lenses of Marxism and poststructuralism throughout the second half of the course, with readings from Gramsci, Deleuze and Guattari, Lyotard, and others. Films include Blonde Venus, Trash, The Night Porter, Ali: Fear Eats the Soul, Written on the Wind, and others.

[WOMNS 612] Population and Development in Asia (also R SOC 612)
L. Williams.

[WOMNS 614] Gender and International Development (also CRP 614)
L. Beneria.

[WOMNS 626] Graduate Seminar in the History of American Women (also HIST 626)
M. B. Norton.

[WOMNS 636] Comparative History of Women and Work (also ILRCB 636)
Spring. 4 credits. I. Devault.
For description, see ILRCB 636.

[WOMNS 644] Topics in the History of Women in Science (also S&T 644)
Spring. 4 credits. M. Rossiter.
For description, see S&T 644.

[WOMNS 654] Queer Theory (also ENGL 654 and COM L 654)
E. Hanson.

[WOMNS 655] Decadence (also ENGL 655 and COM L 655)
E. Hanson.

[WOMNS 661] Kinematic Desire (also ENGL 660 and AM ST 662)
E. Hanson.

[WOMNS 670] Feminist Political Theory (Graduate Seminar) (also GOVT 671)
N. Hirschmann.

[WOMNS 671] Feminist Methods (also R SOC 671)
S. Feldman.

[WOMNS 692] Hispanic Feminisms (also SPANL 690)
D. Castillo.

[WOMNS 699] Topics in Women's Studies
Fall and spring. Variable credits. Staff. Independent reading course for graduate students on topics not covered in regularly scheduled courses. Students develop a course of readings in consultation with a faculty member in the field of Women's Studies who has agreed to supervise the course work.

[WOMNS 733] Literary Anti-Feminism (also ENGL 733)
L. Brown.
FACULTY ROSTER
FOR ARTS AND SCIENCES BIOLOGY
FACULTY SEE UNDER "BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES"

Ashton, Jennifer, Ph.D., Johns Hopkins U.
Barbasch, Dan, Ph.D., U. of Illinois. Prof., English
Argyres, Philip C., Ph.D., Princeton U. Prof., Sociology
Archer, Richard J., M.A., U. of Missouri at Kansas City. Assoc. Prof., Theatre, Film and Television
Ashton, Mathew, Ph.D., U. of Texas at Austin. Prof., Classics/Comparative Literature
Albrecht, Andreas C., Ph.D., U. of Washington. Prof., Chemistry and Chemical Biology
Alexander, James P., Ph.D., U. Chicago. Prof., Physics/LNS
Almondinger, Richard W., Ph.D., Stanford U. Prof., Earth and Atmospheric Sciences/INSTOC#
Allmon, Warren D., Ph.D., Harvard U. Adjunct Assoc. Prof., Earth and Atmospheric Sciences
Altschuler, Glenn C., Ph.D., Cornell U. Prof., American Studies
Ambegaokar, Vinay, Ph.D., Carnegie Inst, of Technology. Prof., Physics/LASSP*
Ammons, Archie F., B.S. Wake Forest Coll. Goldwin Smith Professor of Poetry, Emeritus, English
Anderson, Benedict R., Ph.D., Cornell U. Prof., Anthropology
Archer, Richard J., M.A., U. of Missouri at Kansas City. Assoc. Prof., Theatre, Film and Television
Argyres, Philip C., Ph.D., Princeton U. Asst. Prof., Physics/LNS
Arias, Tomas A., Ph.D., Massachusetts Inst. of Technology. Prof., Chemistry/LASSP*
Ams, William, Ph.D., U. of Sussex. Prof., Computer Science
Arroyo, Cirilo M., Ph.D., U. of Munich (Germany). Emeritus, Chair; Mitchell Professor of Spanish Literature, Romance Studies/Comparative Literature
Ascher, Robert, Ph.D., U. of California at Los Angeles. Prof., Anthropology
Aschcroft, Neil W., Ph.D., Cambridge U. (England). Horace White Professor of Physics, Physics/LASSP*
Ashton, Jennifer, Ph.D., Johns Hopkins U. Prof., English
Assié-Lumumba, N'Dri, Ph.D., U. of Chicago. Assoc. Prof., Africana Studies
Baird, Barbara, Ph.D., Cornell U. Prof., Chemistry and Chemical Biology
Barzangi, Muawia, Ph.D., Columbia U. Prof., Earth and Atmospheric Sciences/INSTOC#
Barbach, Dan, Ph.D., U. of Illinois. Prof., Mathematics
Basset, William A., Ph.D., Columbia U. Prof., Emeritus, Earth and Atmospheric Sciences
Basu, Kaushik, Ph.D., London School of Economics (England). Carl Marks Prof. of International Studies
Bathrick, David, Ph.D., U. of Chicago. Prof., German Studies/Theatre, Film and Dance
Bauer, Simon H., Ph.D., U. of Chicago. Prof., Emeritus, Chemistry and Chemical Biology
Becker, Penny E., Ph.D., U. of Chicago. Asst. Prof., Sociology
Begley, Tadgh F., Ph.D., California Inst. of Technology. Prof., Chemistry and Chemical Biology
Beker, Ayelie, Ph.D., Temple U. Asst. Prof., Africana Studies and Research Center
Bell, James F., Ph.D., U. of Hawaii. Asst. Prof., Astronomy/INSTOC#
Bem, Daryl J., Ph.D., U. of Michigan. Prof., Psychology
Bem, Sandra L. Ph.D., U. of Michigan. Prof., Psychology and Women's Studies
Beneria, Lourdes, Ph.D., Columbia U. Prof., City and Regional Planning/Women's Studies
Bennett, Richard, Ph.D., Cornell U. Prof., Government
Béreaud, Jacques, Doctorat d'Univ., U. de 11le (France). Prof., Romance Studies
Berest, Yuri, Ph.D., Université de Montreal (Canada) Asst. Prof., Mathematics
Berger, Anne, Ph.D., Paris VII (France) Prof., Romance Studies
Berkelman, Karl, Ph.D., Cornell U. Goldwin Smith Professor of Physics, Physics/LNS
Bernstech, Judith, Ph.D., Columbia U. Assoc. Prof., History of Art
Bestor, Theodore C., Ph.D., Stanford U. Prof., Anthropology
Bezine, Hans, Ph.D., U. of Munich (Germany). John Wendell Anderson Professor of Physics Emeritus
Biggerstaff, Knight, Ph.D., Harvard U. Emeritus, Psychology
Billera, Louis J., Ph.D., City U. of New York. Prof., Mathematics
Bilson, Malcolm, D.M.A., U of Illinois. Frederick J. Winthrop Professor of Music
Bird, John M., Ph.D., Rensselaer Polytechnic Inst. Prof., Earth and Atmospheric Sciences
Birman, Kenneth P., Ph.D., U. of California at Berkeley. Prof., Computer Science
Bishop, Jonathan P., Ph.D., Harvard U. Emeritus, English
Blackall, Jean F., Ph.D., Harvard U. Emerita, English
Bloom, Arthur L., Ph.D., Yale U. Prof., Emeritus, Earth and Atmospheric Sciences/INSTOC#
Blume, Lawrence E., Ph.D., U. of California at Berkeley. Prof., Economics
Blum, Stuart M., Ph.D., U. of Pennsylvania. Prof., History
Bodenschatz, Eberhard, Ph.D., U. of Bayreuth (Germany). Assoc. Prof., Physics/LASSP*
Bogel, Fredric V., Ph.D., Yale U. Prof., English
Borneman, John W., Ph.D., Harvard U. Assoc. Prof., Anthropology
Bonstein, Thomas, Ph.D., Duke U. Assoc. Prof., History
Boucher, Daniel, Ph.D., U. of Pennsylvania. Asst. Prof., Asian Studies
Boxers, John S., Massachusetts Inst. of Technology. Prof., Linguistics
Boyde, Richard N., Massachusetts Inst. of Technology. Prof., Philosophy/Science and Technology
Bracken, William F., Ph.D., Harvard U. Asst. Prof., Philosophy
Brady, Mary Pat, Ph.D., U. of California at Los Angeles. Asst. Prof., English
Bramble, James H., Ph.D., U. of Maryland. Prof. Emeritus, Mathematics
Braun, Ross, Ph.D., New York U., Milton R. K. Porter Church Professor of Engineering, Astronomy/NAICJ
Bralitz, James, Ph.D., U. of Michigan. Emeritus, Mathematics
Brezil, Karen W., Ph.D., Columbia U. Prof., Japanese Literature, Asian Studies
Breiger, Ronald L., Ph.D., Harvard U. Goldwin Smith Professor of Sociology, Sociology
Brinton, Mary C., Ph.D., U. of Washington. Assoc. Prof., Sociology
Brouwer, Piet, Ph.D., Leiden U. Asst. Prof., Physics/LASSP*
Brown, Kenneth S., Ph.D., Massachusetts Inst. of Technology. Prof., Mathematics
Brown, Larry D., Ph.D., Cornell U. Prof., Earth and Atmospheric Sciences/INSTOC#
Brown, Laura Ph.D., U. of California at Berkeley. Prof., English
Brown, Theodore M., Ph.D., U. of Utrecht (Netherlands). Professor Emeritus, English
Brown, E. Wayles III, Ph.D., U. of Washington. Asst. Prof., Astronomy/CRSRJ
Browne, E. Wayles III, Ph.D., U. of Washington. Asst. Prof., Astronomy/CRSRJ
Buck-Morss, Susan F., Ph.D., Georgetown U. Prof., Government
Bullough, Robert P., Ph.D., U. of California at Berkeley. Asst. Prof., Government
Bunce, Valerie, Ph.D., U. of Michigan. Prof., Government
Burlitch, James M., Ph.D., Massachusetts Inst. of Technology. Prof., Chemistry and Chemical Biology
Burns, Joseph A., Ph.D., Cornell U. Irving Porter Chair Professor of Engineering, Astronomy/NAICJ
Calder, Caroline, Ph.D., U. of Virginia. Adjunct Assoc. Prof., Astronomy/NAICJ
Calder, Elizabeth, Ph.D., U. of Virginia. Asst. Prof., Linguistics
Calsbeek, Robert, Ph.D., Harvard U. Prof., History of Art
Campbell, Donald B., Ph.D., Cornell U. Prof., Astronomy/NAICJ
Campbell, Timothy, Ph.D., Columbia U. Asst. Prof., Romance Studies
Caputi, Anthony F., Ph.D., Cornell U. Emeritus, English/Comparative Literature
Carden, Patricia J., Ph.D., Columbia U. Prof., Russian Literature
Cardie, Claire, Ph.D., U. Mass. Asst. Prof., Computer Science
Carlson, Allen, Ph.D., Yale U. Asst. Prof., Government
Carmichael, Calum M., LL.D., Glasgow U. (Scotland). Prof., Comparative Literature/Biblical Studies
Caron, Vicki, Ph.D., Columbia U. Prof., Thomas Diann Mann Chair in Modern Jewish Studies, History/Jewish Studies Program
Carpenter, Barry K., Ph.D., U. College, London (England). Prof., Chemistry and Chemical Biology
Carroll, Noel, Ph.D. U. of Illinois. Assoc. Prof., Theatre Arts/Philosophy
Cassell, David G., Ph.D., Princeton U. Prof., Physics/LNS
Cortiz, Debra, Ph.D., U. of Wisconsin at Madison. Assoc. Prof., Africana Studies/Comparative Literature
Cathles, Lawrence M. III, Ph.D., Princeton U. Prof., Earth and Atmospheric Sciences
Certezone, Richard D., Rutgers U. Prof., Chemistry and Chemical Biology
Chalouemtiarana, Thak, Ph.D., Cornell U. Assoc. Prof., Asian Studies
Chase, Cynthia, Ph.D., Yale U. Prof., English/Comparative Literature
Chase, Stephen U., Ph.D. U. of Chicago. Prof., Mathematics
Chernoff, David F., Ph.D., U. of California at Berkeley. Prof., Astronomy/CRSRJ
Chester Geoffrey V., Ph.D. King's Coll London (England). Prof. Emeritus, Physics/LASSP*
Cisne, John L., Ph.D., U. of Chicago. Prof., Earth and Atmospheric Sciences/INSTOC#
Gross, Arthur, Ph.D., Cornell U. Prof., German Studies
Gross, Leonard, Ph.D., U. of Chicago. Prof., Mathematics
Grossvogel, Anita V., Ph.D., Cornell U. Assoc. Prof., English, Romance Studies
Grossvogel, David I., Ph.D., Columbia U. Prof. Emeritus, Goldwin Smith Professor of Comparative Literature and Romance Studies
Gruber, Sol M., Ph.D., Princeton U. Prof., Physics/LASSP*
Grusky, David, Ph.D., U. of Wisconsin. Prof., Sociology
Guckenheimer, John, Ph.D., U. of California at Berkeley. Prof., Mathematics
Gunn, Edward M., Jr., Ph.D., Columbia U. Prof., Asian Studies
Harfst, Sue H., Ph.D., U. of Oslo (Norway). Prof. Emeritus, Astronomy/Engineering/NAIC
Haines-Eitzen, Kinn, Ph.D., U. of North Carolina. Prof., Mathematics
Halfpence, Bruce P., Ph.D., Brown U. Susan Linn Sage Professor of Psychology, Psychology/Biological Sciences
Halpern, Joseph Y., Ph.D., Harvard U. Prof., Computer Science
Hammes, Gordon G., Ph.D., U. of Wisconsin. Honorary Emeritus Prof., Emeritus in Chemistry and Biochemistry
Han, Shin-Kap, Ph.D., Columbia U. Asst. Prof., Sociology
Handelman, N., Ph.D., Stanford U. Prof., Physics/LNS*
Hanson, Ellis D., Ph.D., Princeton U. Asst. Prof., Physics
Hansen, William P. E., Ph.D., U. of Illinois. Prof., Linguistics
Harris, Robert L., Ph.D., Northwestern U. Assoc. Prof., Africana Studies and Research Center
Harris-Warrick, Rebecca, D.M.A., Stanford U. Prof., Music
Hartill, Donald L., Ph.D., California Inst. of Technology. Prof., Physics/LNS*
Hartman, Paul L., Ph.D., Cornell U. Prof. Emeritus, Economics/Edward Cornell Prof. of Law
Hayes, Donald P., Ph.D., U. of Washington. Prof. Emeritus, Sociology
Hayes, Donald P., Ph.D., Indiana U. Prof., Sociology
Heckathorn, Douglas D., Ph.D., U. of Kansas. Prof., Sociology
Henderson, David W., Ph.D., U. of Wisconsin. Prof., Mathematics
Henderson, John S., Ph.D., Yale U. Prof., Anthropology
Henley, Christopher L., Ph.D., Harvard U. Prof., Physics/LASSP*
Herrin, W. Lamar, Ph.D., U. of Cincinnati. Prof., English
Herring, Ronald, Ph.D., U. of Wisconsin at Madison. Prof., Astronomy/CRSR
Hester, Karlton, Ph.D., City U. of New York. Asst. Prof. Emeritus, African Studies and Research Center
Hildebrand, George H., Ph.D., Cornell U. Maxwell D. Fairchild Professor of Economics and Industrial Relations Emeritus, Economics/Industrial and Labor Relations
Hilgartner, Stephen, Ph.D., Cornell U. Asst. Prof., Science and Technology Studies
Hill, Thomas D., Ph.D., Cornell U. Prof., English/Medieval Studies
Hines, Melissa A., Ph.D., Stanford U. Asst. Prof., Chemistry
Hirschmann, Nancy, Ph.D., Johns Hopkins U. Assoc. Prof., Government
Hite, Molly, Ph.D., U. of Washington. Prof., English
Ho, Wilson, Ph.D., U. of Pennsylvania. Prof., Physics/LASSP*
Hockett, Charles F., Ph.D., Yale U. Prof. Emeritus, Modern Languages and Linguistics/Antiquities/NASA/Physics
Hodes, Harold, Ph.D., Harvard U. Assoc. Prof., Philosophy
Hoffman, Roaki, Ph.D., Harvard U. Frank H. T. Rhodes Professor of Astronomy/Physics/CRSR
Holcomb, Donald F., Ph.D., U. of Illinois. Emeritus, Emeritus in Physics/LASSP*
Holt, Bruce, Ph.D., Yale U. Joseph J. Waller Professor of Physics and Astronomy/Physics/LNS*
Holmes, David H., Ph.D., Cornell U. Prof., Anthropology/Women's Studies
Holquist, Peter, Ph.D., Columbia U. Asst. Prof., History
Hong, Yongmiao, Ph.D., U. of California at San Diego. Assoc. Prof., Economics
Hornung, M., Ph.D., U. of California at Berkeley. Emeritus Professor of Economics
Hosek, John, D.M.A., Stanford U. Prof., Music
Houck, James R., Ph.D., Cornell U. Kenneth A. Blackwell, Jr. Professor of Economics
Houston, Paul L., Ph.D., Massachusetts Inst. of Technology. Emeritus in Economics
Hrub, James F., Ph.D., Cornell U. Prof., Economics
Hughes, Robert E., Ph.D., Cornell U. Emeritus, Chemistry and Chemical Biology
Hull, Isabelle, Ph.D., Yale U. Prof., History
Husia, Karel, Diploma, Paris Conservatory. Professor Emeritus in Music
Huttenlocher, Daniel P., Ph.D., Massachusetts Inst. of Technology. Assoc. Prof., Computer Science
Hwang, J. T., Gene, Ph.D., Purdue U. Prof., Mathematics
Irwin, Terence H., Ph.D., Princeton U. Susan Linn Sage Professor of Philosophy, Philosophy
Isacks, Bryan L., Ph.D., Columbia U. William and Katherine Snoe Professor of Earth and Atmospheric Sciences/INSTOC
Iser, Walter, Ph.D., Harvard U. Prof. Emeritus, Economics
Isern, Billie J., Ph.D., U. of Illinois. Assoc. Prof., Anthropology/NASA
Iverson, A. M., Ph.D., Stanford U. Prof., Johnson Graduate School of Management/Political Science
Jarow, Phyllis, M.A., U. of Massachusetts. Prof., English
Joye, Biodun, Ph.D. New York U. Prof., English
John, James J., Ph.D., U. of Notre Dame. Professor of Paleography and Medieval History, History
Johnson, Scott, Ph.D., Arizona State. Prof., Psychology
Johnson, Robert E. Ph.D., Rockefeller U. Prof., Psychology
Jones, Karen, Ph.D., Cornell U. Asst. Prof., Philosophy
Jones, Robert R., Jr., Ph.D., U. of California at Berkeley. Prof. Emeritus, Modern Languages and Linguistics
Jordan, Terry E., Ph.D., Stanford U. Prof., Earth and Atmospheric Sciences/INSTOC
Jorden, Elowen H., Ph.D., Yale U. Mary Donlon Alger Professor of Linguistics Emerita, Modern Languages and Linguistics
Kahn, Alfred E., Ph.D., Yale U. Robert Julius Thomson Professor of Political Economy Emeritus, Economics
Kahn, Peter J., Ph.D., Princeton U. Prof., Mathematics
Kaminsky, Michael G., Ph.D., Harvard U. Newton C. Farr Professor of American History and Culture, History
Kaplan, Steven L., Ph.D., Yale U. Goldwin Smith Professor of History
Kasig, Daniel E., Ph.D., U. of California at San Diego. Prof., Emeritus, Earth and Atmospheric Sciences
Kask, Carol V., Ph.D., Johns Hopkins U. Prof., English
Katzstein, Mary F., Ph.D., Massachusetts Inst of Technology. Prof., Government
Katzstein, Peter J., Ph.D., Harvard U. Walter S. Carpenter, Jr. Professor of International Studies, Government
Kay, Robert W., Ph.D., Columbia U. Prof., Earth and Atmospheric Sciences/INSTOC*
Kelley, E. Wood, Ph.D., Indiana U. Assoc. Prof., Government
Kellock, Judith M., M. Bost. Assoc. Prof., Music
Kenedy, William J., Ph.D., Yale U. Prof., Comparative Literature
Kesten, Harry, Ph.D., Cornell U. Prof., Mathematics
Kiefer, Nicholas M., Ph.D., Princeton U. Ta-Chung Liu Professor of Economics
Kinosita, Toicho, Ph.D., Tokyo U. (Japan). Golden Smith Professor of Psychology Emeritus/LNS*
Kirkwood, Gordon M., Ph.D., Johns Hopkins U. Frederick J. Whiston Professor of Classics Emeritus
Kirshner, Jonathan, Ph.D., Princeton U. Assoc. Prof., Government
Klein, Richard J., Ph.D., Yale U. Prof., Romance Studies
Kleinberg, Jonathan, Ph.D., Massachusetts Inst. of Technology. Asst. Prof., Computer Science
Klinsky, Richard, Ph.D., U. of Wisconsin. Assoc. Prof., Science and Technology Studies
Koschmieder, J. Victor, Ph.D., U. of Chicago. Prof., History
Koschmieder, Richard, Ph.D., Cornell U. Joseph N. Pew Professor of Engineering/Computer Science
Krumnick, Isaac, Ph.D., Harvard U. Richard J. Schwartz Professor of Government
Kronk, John W. Ph.D., U. of Wisconsin. Prof., Romance Studies
Krumhansl, Carol L., Ph.D., Stanford U. Prof., Psychology
Krumhansl, James A., Ph.D., Cornell U. Horace White Professor of Physics Emeritus/LASSP*
Kufner, Herbert L., Ph.D., Cornell U. Prof., Emeritus, Modern Languages and Linguistics
Taylor, Keith W., Ph.D., U. of Michigan. Prof.
Tao, Hongyin, Ph.D., U. of California at Santa
Tarrow, Sidney G., Ph.D., U. of California at
Thorne, Robert E., Ph.D., U. of Illinois. Assoc.
Stycos, Joseph M., Ph.D., Columbia U. Prof.,
Steinberg, Michael P., Ph.D., U. of Chicago.
Stein, Peter C., Ph.D., Massachusetts Inst, of
Szabo, Zoltan, Ph.D., Massachusetts Inst, of
Suner, Margarita A., Ph.D., Indiana U. Prof.,
Stanley, Jason, Ph.D., Indiana U. Asst. Prof.,
Stern, Robert, Ph.D., Vanderbilt U. Prof.,
Stern, Michael E., Ph.D., Harvard U. Assoc.
Stern, Robert, Ph.D., Vanderbilt U. Prof.,
Sociology/Industrial and Labor Relations
Stillman, Michael I., Ph.D., Harvard U. Assoc.
Stith, Marice W., M.A., Ohio State U. Prof.,
Strang, David, Ph.D., Stanford U. Assoc. Prof.,
Strauss, Barry S., Ph.D., Yale U. Prof., History/Classics
Strichartz, Robert S., Ph.D., Princeton U. Prof.,
Strout, S. Cushing, Jr., Ph.D., Harvard U.
Ernest I. White Professor of American Studies and Humanities Letters, Emeritus, Mathematics
Stucky, Steven, D.M.A., Cornell U. Prof., Music
Sturgeon, Nicholas L., Ph.D., Princeton U.
Prof., Philosophy
Stryer, Joseph F., Ph.D., Columbia U. Prof.
Rural Sociology/Sociology
Subramanian, Shankar, Ph.D., U. of California at Berkeley. Asst. Prof., Economics
Prof., Government
Suher, Margarita A., Ph.D., Indiana U. Prof.,
Sweeder, Moses E., Ph.D., Massachusetts Inst.
Technology, Prof Emeritus, Mathematics
Szabo, Zoltan, Ph.D., Massachusetts Inst. of Technology. Asst. Prof., Philosophy
Szelenyi, Szonja, Ph.D. of Wisconsin.
Takac, Harold, Ph.D., Indiana U. Prof.,
Taglialatello, Eric, Ph.D., Yale U. Asst. Prof.,
Talamo, Richard M., Ph.D., California Inst. of Technology. Prof., Physics/LNS^f
Tao, Hongyin, Ph.D., U. of California at Santa Barbara. Asst. Prof., Asian Studies
Tardos, Evi, Ph.D., Eotvos (Hungary). Prof., Computer Science
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Auditing classes, 9
Attendance, class, 11, 394
Independent Major Program, 389, 391
independent study, 392
internal transfer, 395
language:
course placement and credit, 387
requirement, 386
study, 392
Language House Program, 392
leaves of absence, 394
limits on courses and credits, 394
off-campus programs, 395
prelaw study, 27, 392
premedical study, 27, 393
program of study, 386
registration, 394
residence, 389
R grades, 396
special programs, 391, 582
student advisers, 394
study abroad, 393
S-U grades, 395
summer session credit, 391
Teacher Education in Agriculture,
Mathematics and Science (TEAMS), 392
transferring credit, 391
transfer within Cornell, 395
Undergraduate Research Program, 392
warning, 395
withdrawal, 395
Asian history, 480
Asian studies, 404
centers, 405
department of, 404
general education courses, 405
languages. See specific language
literature and religion, 406
related courses, 403
study abroad, 405
Asian American Studies Program, 593
Astronomy, 418
Athletics, 360
Atmospheric science, 40, 104
Atmospheric sciences, Earth and, 78, 441
Attendance, class, 11, 394. See also individual schools and colleges
Auditing classes, 9. See also individual schools and colleges
Beekeeping, 88
Behavior, organizational, 313, 344
Billing and payment information, 10
Biochemistry, 152
program in, 144
nutritional sciences, 348
Biological engineering, 39, 54, 185
Biological Sciences, Division of, 6, 143
advising, 147
course index, 147
curriculum committee, 147
distribution requirement, 143
faculty, 173
general courses, 148
honors program, 146
independent research, 146
major, 143
requirements, 144
sections
animal physiology, 150
biochemistry, molecular and cell biology, 152
ecology and evolutionary biology, 155
general courses, 148
genetics and development, 158
microbiology, 160
neurobiology and behavior, 162
plant biology, 160
Shoals Marine Laboratory, 38, 170
See also Animal science; Natural resources; Plant breeding; Plant pathology; Veterinary medicine
Biography and Society Major, 41, 594
Biometrics, 22, 44, 68
Bird conservation, 101
Botany, See Plant biology
Burmese, 410
Bursar information, 10
Business. See also Management
law, 59, 261, 339, 340
management, 59, 60, 251
preprofessional study in, 25
writing, 259, 340
Calculus, 504, 505
Calendar
arts and sciences, 396
Cornell academic, inside cover
Cambodian (Khmer), 415
Campus Code of Conduct, 5
Cattle production, 65, 66
cell biology, biochemistry and, 152
Celtic languages, 496, 500, 501
Center for Applied Mathematics (CAM), 14, 591
Center for the Environment, 15
Center for International Studies, the Mario Einaudi, 16
Certification, teacher, 46, 265
Chemical engineering, 188, 210
Chemistry and Chemical Biology
department of, 423
laboratory regulations, 423
program for science teachers, 423
Chinese
language, 411
literature, 412
City and regional planning
courses, 135
degree options, 134
degree requirements, 133
graduate program, 134
off-campus opportunities, 134
Program in Urban and Regional Studies, 133
Civil and environmental engineering, 189, 212
Class schedules, 11
Classics
deptartment of, 428
Code of Academic Integrity, 14, 33
Cognitive studies, 17, 598
Collective bargaining, 303
College Enrollment Examination Board
(CEEB), 5
College Placement Test (CPT), 7
College Scholar Program, 391, 604
Combined degree programs, 26
Communication
department of, 45, 70
electronic, 72
health, 72, 74
journalistic, 70, 71
law, 72
mass, 70
oral, 70, 71
public relations, 71
science, 71, 73
technologies, 72, 73, 74
television, 72, 73, 74
video, 71
Comparative and Environmental Toxicology, Program in, 24
Comparative Economic Development, Program on, 17
Comparative literature, 433
Computer graphics, 125, 176, 220
Computer science, 191, 219, 438
Concentrations. See individual schools and colleges, departments, and programs
Conservation, environmental, 101
Continuing education, 364
Continuing Education Information Center, 364
Cornell Abroad, 17, 39, 393
Cornell Adult University (CAU), 364
Cornell Advanced Standing Examination (CASE), 7, 386
Cornell Institute for Public Affairs, 20
Cornell in New York City, 268, 279
Cornell-in-Washington, 19, 38, 393
Cornell Medical College, 5, 27
Cornell Plantations, 21
Costume design, 576
Course(s). See also Registration; individual schools and colleges
add:drop/change period, 9
auditing, 9
enrollment, 9
extramural, 364
final examinations, 11
information, 5
numbering system, 5
Creative writing, 453
Credit
advanced placement, 5. See also individual schools and colleges
transfer of. See individual schools and colleges
Crop and soil sciences, 45, 75
Crop science, 45, 75
CUIINFO, 5
Curriculum. See individual schools and colleges
Czech language, 558
Dairy production, 65, 66, 67
Dance, 579
Debate, 70, 71
Degree programs. See individual schools and colleges
Demography, 111, 112
Design
apparel, 266, 296
architectural, 122
graphic, 280, 283
interior, 264, 281, 282
theater, 575
INDEX 637

Design and environmental analysis, 264, 280
Directing, 575
Distribution requirement. See individual schools and colleges
Drama. See Theater
Drawing, 93, 132
architectural, 124
Dropping courses, 9. See also individual schools and colleges
Dual degree programs, 121, 179, 392. See also individual schools and colleges
Dutch, 465

East Asia Program, 604
Earth and atmospheric sciences, 78, 441
Ecology and evolutionary biology, 155
Economics
agricultural and applied, 40, 59
department of, 446
labor, 300
Editing, 71
Education
adult, 45, 85, 364
department of, 45, 83
officer (ROTC), 354
physical, 13, 350
psychology of, 46, 83, 84, 86, 87
Einaudi, Mario, Center for International Studies, 16
Electrical engineering, 194, 226
Empire State students, 264
Engineering, College of, 176
academic standing, 183
advanced placement, 181
advising office, 179
bioengineering option, 180
career services, 185
College Program, 180
commom courses, 203
Communications Program, 180
Cooperative Program, 181
cooperative programs with Management, 181
degree programs, 176, 181
double major, 180
dual degree option, 179
facilities, 176
faculty, 245
field programs, 179
international programs, 180
leave of absence, 184
requirements for graduation, 177
residence requirements, 184
special programs, 176, 179
S-U grades, 184
transfer, 183
English
as a second language, 460
department of, 451
First-Year Writing Seminars, 451, 460, 496, 609
Intensive English Program, 460
language, 496
literature. See Literature, English
Enrollment. See also Registration, individual schools and colleges
course, 9
Entomology, 35, 46, 88
Environmental conservation, 101
Environmental engineering, 189

Environmental law, 102, 136, 324
Environment, Center for (CfE), 15
Ethics and Public Life, 21
European history
ancient, 483
modern, 484
European studies, concentration in, 616
Examinations
advanced placement, 5
College Entrance Examination Board (CEEB), 5
Cornell Advanced Standing Examination (CASE), 7, 386
departmental advanced standing, 6
evening, 12
Exchange programs. See individual schools and colleges
Extended Education Information Service, 364
Extension courses (ILR), 319
Extension education, 86, 87

Facilities. See individual schools and colleges
Facility planning and management, 264, 282
Faculty roster. See individual schools and colleges
FALCON (intensive language program), 392, 405, 414
Farm management and finance, 40, 60
Fees and expenses
to add/drop/change courses, 9
billing and payment, 10
late course enrollment, 9
refund policies, 10
tuition, 10

Field science, 266, 297
Field and international study (human ecology), 267
Fieldwork. See individual schools and colleges

Film studies, 577
Final examinations, 11
Financial aid, 10
Financial management, 40, 60, 253
First-Year Writing Seminars, 45, 460, 496, 609. See also individual schools and colleges
Fishery science, 103
Food and beverage management, 255
Food industry management, 40, 62
Food science, 90
Foreign language requirement, 386. See also individual schools and colleges, departments, and special programs
Foreign languages. See specific language
Forestry, 95
Forest ecology, 95
Forestry, 95, 101, 102
Freehand drawing, 93
French
language, 543, 544
linguistics, 543
literature, 543, 545
Freshman writing seminars. See individual schools and colleges. See also First-Year Writing Seminars
Fruit and vegetable science, 94

Gannett Health Center, 11
Gender and Global Change, 17
Genetics, 158
Geological sciences, 194, 223, 224, 225, 441
Geometry, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509
German studies
area studies major, 461
department of, 460
language, 461
linguistics, 496, 500, 501
literature, 461
Gerontology concentration, 267
Government, department of, 466
Grade(s), 12. See also individual schools and colleges
Graduate School, 248
Graduation, requirements for, 13. See also individual schools and colleges
Greek, 429, 431

Health services, 11
Hebrew, 516, 517, 521, 522, 523
Herpetology, 157
Hindi-Urdu, 412
Hispanic American Studies Program. See Latino Studies Program
Historical preservation, 138
History, department of, 474
History of art, department of, 490
Ho-Nun-De-Kah, 34
Honors. See individual schools and colleges, departments, and special programs
Horticulture sciences, 94
Hotel Administration, School of, 249
curriculum, 249
courses, 249
career services, 262
foreign languages, 260
grading system, 250
independent study, 250
management intern program, 250
practice requirement, 250
requirements for graduation, 249
study abroad, 250
Human Biology Program, 604
Human development, 265, 283
Human Ecology, College of, 263
advising, 269
course enrollment, 272
course loads, 273
degree programs, 263
double registration programs, 269
electives, 271
Empire State students, 264
facilities, 263
career services, 298
field study, 267
foreign language study and placement, 272
grades, 275
graduation requirements, 271
honors, 267, 278
in absentia study, 274
individual curriculum, 267
interdepartmental major, 267
international study, 267
leave of absence, 275
majors, 264
mature students, 263
NYS Assembly internships, 268
off-campus programs, 268
Irrigation design, 57
Islamic studies, 515
Italian
language, 548
linguistics, 498
literature, 548
Japanese
language, 413, 414
linguistics, 498, 499
literature, 414
Javanese, 415
Jewish studies, 507, 608
Johnson Graduate School of Management, 334
Journalism, 70
Khmer (Cambodian), 415
Knight (John S.) Writing Program, 609
Korean
language, 415
linguistics, 499
literature, 416
Labor
economics, 300
history, 303
law, 303
relations, 306
Laboratory course regulations, 423
Land reform, 113
Landscape architecture, 47, 98, 141
Language
course placement and credit (arts and sciences), 387
placement, 8, 387
requirement. See individual schools and colleges, departments, and programs
Language House Program, 392
Languages, 386 See also individual languages
Latin, 429, 431, 433
Latin American history, 480
Latin American literature, 454
Latin American studies, 610
Latino Studies Program, 611
Law
business, 59, 261, 339, 340
environmental, 102, 136, 324
labor, 303
Law and Society program, 613
Law School, 322
Leave of absence. See also individual schools and colleges
Lesbian, Bisexual, and Gay Studies, 614
Limnology, 156, 157
Linguistics, 495
Literature
African, 583, 584
African American, 456, 459, 583
Asian, 406
comparative, 433
English, 453
French, 543, 545
German, 461
Greek, 429, 431
Italian, 548
Latin, 431
Latin American, 454, 610
Russian, 554
Spanish, 551
Lithography, 130, 131
Livestock production, 66
Loans, 10
Management
accounting and financial, 40, 60, 253, 254, 334, 336, 337
business, 59, 60, 251
farm, 40, 60
food and beverage, 255
food industry, 40, 62
hotel, 249
human resources, 252
Johnson Graduate School of, 334
marketing, 59, 257
organization, 252, 253
properties, 258
Marine option (Navy ROTC), 356
Marine science, 169
Marketing, 40, 59, 60, 62, 257
food, 62
horticultural, 60
and tourism, 257
Materials science and engineering, 195, 231
Mathematics
Center for Applied, 14, 591
department of, 501
Mechanical and aerospace engineering, 198, 234
Mechanics, theoretical and applied, 202, 243
Medical College, 27
Medical insurance, 10
Medicine, veterinary, 568
Medieval studies, 615
Metal fabrication, 55
Meteorology, 70
Microbiology, 145, 160
Military science, 354
Modern European studies, 484, 487, 616
Museum of Art, Herbert F. Johnson, 118
Museums and galleries, 118
Music, department of, 509
Mythology, 430
Natural resources, 35, 48, 101
Naval science, 356
Navigation, 173
Navy ROTC program, 356
Near Eastern history, 483
Near Eastern studies, department of, 515
Nepali, 416
Neurobiology and behavior, 162
Newswriting, 71
New York State Assembly internships, 268
Nuclear science and engineering, 198, 239
Nutrition, food, and agriculture major, 48
Nutritional Sciences, Division of, 37, 347
career options, 347
courses, 348
faculty, 353
graduate programs, 348
honors program, 348
Oceanography, 173
Off-campus programs, 17, 19, 38, 39, 119, 128, 393
Pest management, 88
Pali, 416
Painting, 130
Paleobiology, 157
Operations research and industrial engineering, 199, 240
Orchard management, 95
Organizational behavior, 313
Ornithology, 101, 157, 171

Paleobotany, 157
Painting, 130
Pali, 416
Payment of bills, 10
Peace Studies Program, 17
Pest management, 88
Philosophy, department of, 523
Photography, 131
Physical education and athletics, 360

Registration, 9

Records, 13
Refund policies, 10
Registration, 9 See also individual schools and colleges

add/drop/change period, 9
course enrollment, 9
double, 392
fees, 10
physical education courses, 13, 360

Religious studies, 617
Remote sensing, 77, 215
Requirements for graduation, 13
Reserve Officer Training Corps (ROTC), 354
Residence life, 5
Residence requirements, 10. See individual schools and colleges

Romance languages. See individual languages

Romance linguistics, 498
Romance studies, department of, 199
Rome Program, 118, 119, 128, 132
ROTC (officer education), 354
Rural sociology, 50, 109
Russian
language, 553
linguistics, 499, 500, 501
literature, 554

Sanskrit, 416, 433
Science and technology studies, 558
Science of Earth Systems (SES), 22, 38, 620
Science writing, 71
Scientific illustration, 93
Screen printing, 131
Sculpture, 131
SEAS, 38, 173
SES (Science of Earth Systems), 22, 38, 620
Serbo-Croatian, 558
Sheep production, 66
Shoals Marine Laboratory, 38, 170
Sinhala (Sinhalese), 416
Social statistics, 317
Society for the Humanities, 620
Sociology, department of, 503
Sociology, rural, 50, 109
Soil science, 51, 77
Solid waste engineering, 57
South Asia Program, 623
Southeast Asia Program, 623
Spanish
language, 550
linguistics, 498
literature, 551
major, 550
special programs and interdisciplinary studies, 14, 582
Stage management, 576
Statistical Science, department of, 22
Statistics, 59, 507
business, 61
social, 317
Student information policy, 14
Student records policy, 13
Study abroad, 17 See also individual schools and colleges
S-U grades, 12
Sumerian, 517
Summer session, 364
Swahili, 582
Swedish, 466
Systems analysis. See Computer programming; Management; Public policy; Operations research and industrial engineering

Tagalog, 417
Teacher certification, 46, 265
Teacher Education in Agriculture, Mathematics and Science (TEAMS), 392

Test(s)
advanced placement, 5
language placement, 8, 387
Textiles and apparel, 260, 296
Thai, 417
Theatre, 570
dance program, 579
Theoretical and applied mechanics, 202, 243
Tourism, 257
Toxicology, 24
Transfer, internal, 9
Tuition billing and payment information, 10

Ugaritic, 517, 518
Ukrainian, 558
Undergraduate admissions, 5
Undergraduate Research Program, 392
Urban archaeology, 98
Urban design, 99, 122
Urban and regional studies, 133
Urban Semester Program, 268
Urdu, 412, 417
Vegetable crops, 50, 94
Veterinary Medicine, College of, 368
Vietnamese, 417
Visual studies, 623
Viticulture, 95

Walk-In Service, 610
Web documents, 219
Welsh language, 496, 501
Wetland resources, 103
White (Andrew D.) Professors-at-Large, 14
Withdrawal, 9 See also individual schools and colleges
Women's studies, 625
Writing
advanced, 609
business, 259, 340
creative, 453
Engineering Communications Program, 180
First-Year Writing Seminars, 45, 460, 496, 609
for magazines, 71
news, 71
Program, John S. Knight, 45, 460, 496, 609
scientific, 71
teaching, 610
technical, 177
Workshop, 610

Yiddish, 581
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